ACTS

OF THE

LEGISLATURE

0F

WEST VIRGINIA



Regular Session, 1989 Extraordinary Session, 1989 BJW Printers, Beckley, W. Va.



FOREWORD

This volume contains the Acts of the First Regular Session of the 69th Legislature and the Extraordinary Session held January 25—February 1, 1989.

First Regular Session, 1989

The First Regular Session of the 69th Legislature convened on January 11, 1989, and following election of officers of the two houses, the opening and publishing of the returns of the election of state officers at the general election held on the 8th day of November, 1988, all as prescribed by Section 18, Article VI of the Constitution of the State, the adoption of rules to govern the proceedings of the two houses and concurrently and separately acting on certain other matters incident to organization, took an adjournment until February 8, 1989, as provided by the aforesaid section of the Constitution. Reconvening, pursuant to the adjournment, the constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the session was midnight, April 8, 1989. The session was extended by Proclamation of the Governor, for the sole purpose of consideration of the Budget Bill, until April 12, 1989. The Legislature adjourned sine die on April 10, 1989.

Bills totaling 1,496 were introduced in the two houses during the session (868 House and 628 Senate). The Legislature passed 221 bills, 135 House and 86 Senate. Two bills (S. B. 388 and H. B. 2676) were found to be technically deficient and void after having been signed by the Governor. Four bills were vetoed by the Governor, 3 House and 1 Senate. Three bills became law without the Governor's signature, making a net total of 215 bills which became law.

There were 91 concurrent resolutions introduced during the session, 54 House and 37 Senate, of which 19 House and 7 Senate were adopted. Thirty-one House joint and 13 Senate joint resolutions were introduced, proposing amendments to the State Constitution. The Legislature adopted 1 Senate joint resolution and 2 House joint resolutions. The House had 24 house resolutions and the Senate had 39 senate resolutions, of which 10 House and 36 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 51 House bills passed by the House, and 86 Senate bills failed passage by the House. Six Senate bills died in conference.

The House of Delegates impeached the State Treasurer and censured the State Auditor, replicating an almost identical procedure as was conducted in 1875.

Extraordinary Session, 1989

The Proclamation calling the Legislature into Extraordinary Session at 12:30 P.M., January 25, 1989, contained five items for consideration.

The Legislature passed 4 bills, 2 House and 2 Senate, and adopted 1 concurrent resolution, providing for a joint assembly to hear the Governor's message.

The Legislature adjourned the Extraordinary Session sine die on February 1, 1989.

This was the first occasion of the Legislature having met in Extraordinary Session prior to the Regular Session after a new Legislature had been seated.

* * * * * * * * * * *

This volume will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased from the Department of Administration, Purchasing Section, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia, 25305.

DONALD L. KOPP, Clerk of the House and Keeper of the Rolls.

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MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

REGULAR SESSION, 1989

OFFICERS

Speaker—Robert C. Chambers, Huntington Speaker Pro Tem—Marjorie H. Burke, Sand Fork Clerk—Donald L. Kopp, Clarksburg Sergeant at Arms—Oce W. Smith, Jr., Fairmont Doorkeeper—Dannie Wingo, Yukon

District	Name	Address
First	Patricia Bradley (D)	Weirton
	Sam Love (D)	Weirton
Second	Roy E. Givens (D)	Wellsburg
	Bernard V. Kelly (D)	Follansbee
Third	Andy Katz (D) David B. McKinley (R)	Wheeling
	David B. McKinley (R)	Wheeling
	Paul J. Otte (R)	Wheeling
Fourth	Rodney T. Berry (D)	Moundsville
	A. E. Tribett (D)	McMechen
Fifth	Dave Pethtel (D)	
Sixth	James E. Willison (R)	Sistersville
	Otis A. Leggett (R)	
Eighth	Stenhen C. Rird (D)	Parkersburg
	Stephen C. Bird (D) Robert W. Burk, Jr. (R)	Parkersburg
	A. V. Criss. III (R)	Vienna
	J. Frank Deem (R) George E. Farley (D)	Vienna
	George E. Farley (D)	Parkersburg
Ninth	Mariorie H. Burke (D)	Sand Fork
	Marjorie H. Burke (D)Randy Schoonover (D)	Clay
Tenth	Bob Ashley (R)	Spencer
Eleventh	Virginia Jolliffe Starcher (D)	Ripley
Twelfth	Charley Damron (D)	Leon
	Lvdia D. Long (D)	Pt. Pleasant
	Deborah F. Phillips (D) Patricia Holmes White (D)	Scott Depot
Thirteenth	Robert C. Chambers (D)	Huntington
	Phyllis Given (D)	Huntington
	Rick Houvouras (D)	Huntington
	James Hanly Morgan (D) Evelyn E. Richards (R) Stephen T. Williams (D)	Huntington
	Evelyn E. Kichards (K)	nuntington
	Stephen I. Williams (D)	nuntingun
Fourteenth	Kenneth Adkins (D)	Huntington
	waiter Kollins (D)	
Fifteenth	Jim Reid (D)	Williamson
	Mike Whitt (D)	meador
Sixteenth	W. E. Anderson (D)	Logan
	Sammy D. Dalton (D)	Harts
	Joe C. Ferrell (D) *David E. Whitman (D)	Logan
. ,	David E. William (D)	Pidgaviaw
Seventeenth	Delores W. Cook (D)	
Eighteenth	Ernest C. Moore (D)Rick Murensky (D)	I norpe
	Rick Murensky (D)	weich
Nineteenth	Richard Browning (D)	Uceana
	W. Richard Staton (D)	Mullens

^{*} Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Robert L. McCormick.

The second of		
Twentieth	Terry W. Basham (D)	Rock
	Pichard D. Florina (D)	Princeton
	Richard N. Kephart (D)	Princeton
Twenty-first	Terry W. Basham (D)	Union
Twenty-second	Robert S. Kiss (D)	Prosperity
	Jack J. Roop (D)	Beckley
	Jack J. Roop (D) Arnold W. Ryan (D)	Hinton
	Tom Susman (D)	Sophia
Twenty-thind	Parana Cail Garage (D)	Beckley
1 wenty-third	Ramona Gail Cerra (D) David Grubb (D)	Charleston
	Barbara Burruss Hatfield (D)	South Charleston
	James F. Humphreys (D)	Charleston
	Danny Jones (R)	Charleston
	Margaret Miller (R)	Charleston
	Phyllis J. Rutledge (D)	Charleston
	Phyllis J. Rutledge (D) Lyle Sattes (D) Rudy Seacrist (D)	Charleston
	Rudy Seacrist (D)	Charleston
	Henry Shores (R)	Charleston
Twenty-fourth	Paul M. Plake In (D)	Envettaville
i wenty-lour til	I. Dale Clonch (D)	Favetteville
	Paul M. Blake, Jr. (D). L. Dale Clonch (D). John W. Hatcher, Jr. (D).	Fayetteville
Twenty-fifth	James J. Rowe (D)	Lewisburg
	Bill Wallace (R)	Clintonville
Twenty-sixth	C. Farrell Johnson (D)	Summersville
	Eugene T. Wilson (D)	Cowen
Twenty-seventh	Walt Helmick (D)	Marlinton
There are a to be about	Joe Martin (D)	Eikins
i wenty-eighth	Dale Riggs (R)	Bucknannon Philippi
Twenty-ninth	Robert J. Conley (R)	Weston
Thirtieth	Percy C. Ashcraft, II (D)	Clarkehura
A IIII CIECII	Joseph M. Minard (D)	Clarksburg
	Joseph M. Minard (D)	Clarksburg
	Barbara A. Warner (D)	Bridgeport
Thirty-first	Nick Fantasia (D)	Kingmont
	James L. Pitrolo, Jr. (D)	rairmont Fairmont
	Cody A. Starcher (D)	.Fairmont
Thirty-second	Michael A. Ruchanan (D)	Morgantown
•	Stephen L. Cook (D)	Morgantown
	Stephen L. Cook (D) Florence L. Merow (D) Twila S. Metheney (D)	Morgantown
Thints thind	Twild S. Metheney (D)	Murgantown
I mirty-tnira	David E. Miller (D)Fred C. Peddicord (D)	Kingwood
Thirty-fourth	Marc I. Harman (R)	Petershurg
1 mi cy loui ul	Marc L. Harman (R)Robert A. Schadler (R)	Keyser
Thirty-fifth	Harold K. Michael (D)	.Old Fields
	Jerry L. Mezzatesta (D)	
	Patrick H. Murphy (D)	
	Larry V. Faircloth (R)	
	John Overington (R)	
	Dale Manuel (D)	
	ncy created by the resignation of Howard L. Well	
Appointed to the the vaca	ncy created by the resignation of rioward L. Well	med.

(D)	Democrats	80
(R)	Republicans	20
	Total	100

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

REGULAR SESSION, 1989

OFFICERS

President—Larry A. Tucker, Summersville President Pro Tem—Tony Whitlow, Kellysville Clerk—Todd C. Willis, Logan Sergeant at Arms—Estil Bevins, Williamson Doorkeeper—Porter Cotton, Cabin Creek

District	Name	Address
First	Thais Blatnik (D)* *John G. Chernenko (D)	Wheeling Wellsburg
	*Thomas E. Loehr (D) Larry Wiedebusch (D)	Glen Dale
Third	Donna J. Boley (R)*Keith Burdette (D)	St. Marys Parkersburg
Fourth	*Oshel B. Craigo (D) Robert L. Dittmar (D)	Hurricane Ravenswood
	*Ned Jones (D)	Huntington
Sixth	*H. Truman Chafin (D) A. Keith Wagner (D)	Williamson Iaeger
	*Lloyd G. Jackson II (D) Earl Ray Tomblin (D)	Chapmanville
Eighth	*John Boettner, Jr. (D) Mark Anthony Manchin (D)	Charleston Charleston
Ninth	*Tracy W. Hylton (D) Juliet Walker-Rundle (D)	Beckley Pineville
Tenth	*Frederick L. Parker (D) Tony E. Whitlow (D)	Greenville Kellysville
	*J. D. Brackenrich (D) Robert K. Holliday (D)	Fayetteville
Twelfth	Jae Spears (D) *Larry A. Tucker (D)	Elkins Summersville
Thirteenth	Bill Sharpe (D) *M. Jay Wolfe (R)	
Fourteenth	Joe Manchin, III (D)* *George Warner (R)	Fairmont Morgantown
Fifteenth	*C. N. Harman (R)	Rowlesburg Grafton
Sixteenth	Thomas J. Hawse, III (D) *Sondra Moore Lucht (D)	Moorefield Martinsburg
Seventeenth	*Darrell E. Holmes (D) Charlotte Jean Pritt (D)	Charleston

[†] Appointed May 21, 1987, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Gerald W. Ash.

^{*} Elected in 1986. All others elected in 1988.

(D) (R)	DemocratsRepublicans	30 4
	Total	34

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Regular Session, 1989

STANDING

Agriculture and Natural Resources

Buchanan (Chairman of Agriculture), Peddicord (Vice Chairman of Agriculture), Love (Chairman of Natural Resources), Whitt (Vice Chairman of Natural Resources), Ashcraft, Burke, Clonch, Compton, Hatfield, Martin, McCormick, Michael, Murphy, Pethtel, Pitrolo, Schoonover, Staton, Tribett, Warner, Wilson, Leggett, Overington, Riggs, Stemple and Willison.

Banking and Insurance

Phillips (Chairman of Banking), Minard (Vice Chairman of Banking), Bradley (Chairman of Insurance), Berry (Vice Chairman of Insurance), Adkins, Cerra, Dalton, Fantasia, Flanigan, Grubb, Houvouras, Katz, Kephart, Metheney, Michael, Queen, Rutledge, Susman, White, Wooton, Ashley, Criss, McKinley, Riggs and Shores.

Constitutional Revision

Given (Chairman), Wooton (Vice Chairman), Basham, Blake, Browning, D. Cook, Grubb, Humphreys, Kelly, Kiss, Long, Louderback, Manuel, Martin, Murensky, Phillips, Prezioso, Rowe, Sattes, V. Starcher, Faircloth, Overington, Richards, Stemple and Wallace.

Education

Sattes (Chairman), Ashcraft (Vice Chairman), Basham, Bird, Blake, Cerra, Compton, D. Cook, Dalton, Fantasia, Long, Merow, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Pethtel, Queen, Spencer, Susman, Wellman, Williams, Leggett, Otte, Overington, Richards and Willison.

Finance

Farley (Chairman), Murphy (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Anderson, Browning, Burke, S. Cook, Hatfield, Helmick, Houvouras, Kiss, Minard, Phillips, Prezioso, Rutledge, Seacrist, V. Starcher, White, Whitt, Wooton, Burk, Conley, Faircloth, McKinley and Stemple.

Government Organization

Givens (Chairman), Flanigan (Vice Chairman), Clonch, Johnson, Kelly, Kephart, Louderback, Love, McCormick, Metheney, Mezzatesta, Michael, Morgan, Peddicord, Rollins, Ryan, Schoonover, C. Starcher, Tribett, Wooton, Criss, Riggs, Schadler, Shores and Wallace.

Health and Human Resources

Hatfield (Chairman), White (Vice Chairman), Berry, S. Cook, Browning, Fantasia, Flanigan, Katz, Louderback, Merow, Mezzatesta, D. Miller, Minard, Moore, Roop, Spencer, C. Starcher, Susman, Warner, Wilson, Ashley, Conley, Deem, Otte and Richards.

Industry and Labor

Moore (Chairman), Spencer (Vice Chairman), Adkins, Anderson, Bird, Clonch, Compton, S. Cook, Ferrell, Given, Long, McCormick, Metheney, D. Miller, Pethtel, Ryan, Schoonover, Wellman, Whitt, Williams, Deem, McKinley, P. Miller, Overington and Schadler.

Judiciary

Hatcher (Chairman), Humphreys (Vice Chairman), Berry, Bradley, Buchanan, Damron, Ferrell, Given, Grubb, Katz, Manuel, Martin, Moore, Pitrolo, Reid, Roop, Rowe, Staton, Warner, Wilson, Ashley, Deem, Harman, Jones and P. Miller.

Political Subdivisions

Roop (Chairman), Mezzatesta (Vice Chairman), Bradley, Damron, Helmick, Houvouras, Humphreys, Johnson, Kelly, Kiss, Manuel, Merow, Morgan, Murphy, Reid, Ryan, Seacrist, V. Starcher, Staton, Tribett, Harman, Jones, P. Miller, Shores and Willison.

Roads and Transportation

Anderson (Chairman), Pitrolo (Vice Chairman), Ashcraft, Basham, Blake, Buchanan, Burke, Cerra, D. Cook, Dalton, Ferrell, Johnson, Love, Morgan, Peddicord, Reid, Seacrist, C. Starcher, Wellman, Williams, Conley, Criss, Leggett, Schadler and Wallace.

Rules

Chambers (*Chairman*), Ashcraft, Burke, Farley, Givens, Hatcher, Murensky, Sattes, Seacrist, Wooton, Burk and Otte.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE

Corrections

Pitrolo (Chairman), Berry, Helmick, Martin, Minard, Murphy and Jones.

JOINT COMMITTEES

Enrolled Bills

Kelly (Chairman), Ryan (Vice Chairman), Sattes, Ashley and Jones.

Government and Finance

Chambers (CoChairman), Farley, Hatcher, Murensky, Sattes, Burk and Harman.

Joint Rules

Chambers (CoChairman), Murensky and Burk.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Humphreys (Chairman), Murphy, Roop, V. Starcher and Faircloth.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1989

STANDING

Agriculture

Parker (Chairman), Dittmar (Vice Chairman), Hawse, Holmes, Lucht, Rundle, Spears, Whitlow, Wiedebusch and Wolfe.

Banking and Insurance

J. Manchin (Chairman), Heck (Vice Chairman), Boettner, Craigo, Dittmar, Hawse, Jones, Loehr, Pritt, Rundle, Sharpe, Tomblin and Wolfe.

Confirmations

Whitlow (Chairman), Tomblin (Vice Chairman), Boettner, Burdette, Chafin, Jackson, Lucht, Parker and Harman.

Education

Lucht (Chairman), M. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Boettner, Brackenrich, Burdette, Felton, Hawse, Holliday, Jones, Parker, Wagner and Warner.

Energy, Industry and Mining

Sharpe (Chairman), Holmes (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Burdette, Chernenko, Felton, Hylton, Jackson, Loehr, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Wagner and Harman.

Finance

Tomblin (Chairman), Sharpe (Vice Chairman), Boettner, Brackenrich, Burdette, Chernenko, Craigo, Hawse, Holmes, Jones, Loehr, Lucht, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Parker, Spears, Wagner, Harman and Warner.

Government Organization

Spears (Chairman), Wiedebusch (Vice Chairman), Bracken-

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rich, Burdette, Chernenko, Craigo, Felton, Jackson, Jones, Loehr, Lucht, J. Manchin, Tomblin and Boley.

Health and Human Resources

Holliday (Chairman), Pritt (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chernenko, Craigo, Hawse, J. Manchin, Sharpe, Spears, Boley and Harman.

Interstate Cooperation

Chafin (Chairman), Hylton (Vice Chairman), Dittmar, Heck, Holliday, Holmes, M. Manchin, Pritt and Warner.

Judiciary

Jackson (Chairman), Chafin (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Dittmar, Felton, Heck, Holliday, Hylton, Pritt, Rundle, Whitlow, Wiedebusch, Boley and Wolfe.

Labor

Holmes (Chairman), Boettner (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chafin, Chernenko, Holliday, Hylton, Wagner, Wiedebusch and Boley.

Military

Felton (Chairman), Rundle (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Chafin, Chernenko, Dittmar, Heck, Spears and Boley.

Natural Resources

Brackenrich (Chairman), Hawse (Vice Chairman), Boettner, Chafin, Craigo, Holmes, Hylton, Loehr, Parker, Spears, Whitlow, Wiedebusch, Harman and Warner.

Rules

'Tucker (Chairman), Burdette, Craigo, Jackson, Loehr, Lucht, Spears, Tomblin, Whitlow and Harman.

Small Business

Jones (Chairman), Craigo (Vice Chairman), Blatnik, Holmes, Hylton, J. Manchin, M. Manchin, Pritt, Rundle, Tomblin, Warner and Wolfe.

Transportation

Craigo (Chairman), Wagner (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Heck, Parker, Sharpe, Tomblin, Wiedebusch and Wolfe.

Ways and Means

Loehr (Chairman), J. Manchin (Vice Chairman), Brackenrich, Burdette, Craigo, Jackson, Lucht, Sharpe, Tomblin and Harman.

SELECT COMMITTEES

Corrections

Holliday (Chairman), Blatnik, Craigo, Spears, Wiedebusch and Harman.

Teachers Retirement

Parker (Chairman), Burdette, Felton, Lucht and Warner.

Workers' Compensation

Sharpe (Chairman), Holmes and J. Manchin.

JOINT COMMITTEES

Enrolled Bills

Parker (Chairman), Blatnik (Vice Chairman), Chernenko, Dittmar, Heck and Wolfe.

Government and Finance

Tucker (CoChairman), Burdette, Craigo, Jackson, Sharpe, Tomblin and Harman.

Legislative Rule-Making Review

Loehr (Chairman), Holmes, Jackson, Tomblin, Harman and Warner.

Rules

Tucker (CoChairman), Burdette and Harman.

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, 1989

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 382—By Senator Chafin)

[Passed March 30, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections six and seven, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to wrongful death damage award distribution and the removal of the requirement that the decedent's personal representative obtain consent to compromise such damages from persons entitled to a part of any award.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six and seven, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

- §55-7-6. By whom action for wrongful death to be brought; amount and distribution of damages; period of limitation.
- §55-7-7. Compromise of claim for death by wrongful act.

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§55-7-6. By whom action for wrongful death to be brought; amount and distribution of damages; period of limitation.

- 1 (a) Every such action shall be brought by and in the 2 name of the personal representative of such deceased 3 person who has been duly appointed in this state, or in any other state, territory or district of the United States, 4 5 or in any foreign country, and the amount recovered in every such action shall be recovered by said personal 6 representative and be distributed in accordance here-7 8 with. If the personal representative was duly appointed 9 in another state, territory or district of the United States, or in any foreign country, such personal repre-10 sentative shall, at the time of filing of the complaint, 11 12 post bond with a corporate surety thereon authorized to 13 do business in this state, in the sum of one hundred 14 dollars, conditioned that such personal representative 15 shall pay all costs adjudged against him and that he shall comply with the provisions of this section. The 16 circuit court may increase or decrease the amount of 17 18 said bond, for good cause.
 - (b) In every such action for wrongful death the jury, or in a case tried without a jury, the court, may award such damages as to it may seem fair and just, and, after making provision for those expenditures, if any, specified in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section, shall direct that the remaining net damages be distributed in accordance with the decedent's will or, if there be no will, in accordance with the laws of descent and distribution as set forth in chapter forty-two of this code.
- (c) (1) The verdict of the jury shall include, but may 28 not be limited to, damages for the following: 29 (A) Sorrow, mental anguish, and solace which may 30 include society, companionship, comfort, guidance, 31 offices and advice of the 32 kindly (B) compensation for reasonably expected loss of (i) 33 income of the decedent, and (ii) services, protection, care 34 and assistance provided by the decedent; (C) expenses 35 for the care, treatment and hospitalization of the 36

- decedent incident to the injury resulting in death; and (D) reasonable funeral expenses.
- 39 (2) In its verdict the jury shall set forth separately the 40 amount of damages, if any, awarded by it for reasonable funeral, hospital, medical and said other expenses 41 42 incurred as a result of the wrongful act, neglect or 43 default of the defendant or defendants which resulted 44 in death, and any such amount recovered for such expenses shall be so expended by the personal 45 46 representative.
- (d) Every such action shall be commenced within two years after the death of such deceased person, subject to the provisions of section eighteen, article two, chapter fifty-five. The provisions of this section shall not apply to actions brought for the death of any person occurring prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two.

§55-7-7. Compromise of claim for death by wrongful act.

1 The personal representative of the deceased may 2 compromise any claim to damages arising under section 3 five of this article before or after action brought. What is received by the personal representative under the 4 compromise shall be treated as if recovered by him in 5 an action under the section last mentioned. When the 6 7 judge acts in vacation, he shall return all the papers in 8 the case, and orders made therein, to the clerk's office 9 of such court. The clerk shall file the papers in his office 10 as soon as received, and forthwith enter the order in the 11 order book on the law side of the court. Such orders, and 12 all the proceedings in vacation, shall have the same force 13 and effect as if made or had in term. Upon approval of 14 the compromise, the court shall apportion and distribute 15 such damages, or the compromise agreed upon, after 16 making provisions for those expenditures, if any, 17 specified in subdivision (2), subsection (c), section six of 18 this article, in the same manner as in the cases tried 19 without a jury.

CHAPTER 2

(S. B. 444-By Senator Chafin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to providing that a pending action based upon a personal injury does not abate or change in substance when the injured person dies as a result of such injury; and providing that another action may also be prosecuted for wrongful death.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article seven, chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-8. Personal injury action where injuries result in death.

Where an action is brought by a person injured for 1 2 damage caused by the wrongful act, neglect or default 3 of any person or corporation, and the person injured dies 4 as a result thereof, the action shall not abate by reason 5 of his or her death but, his or her death being suggested,

6 it may be revived in the name of his or her personal 7 representative, and the complaint shall be amended so

8 as to conform to an action under sections five and six 9 of this article, and the case proceeded with as if the

10 action had been brought under said sections.

11 Additionally a separate and distinct cause of action may

12 be brought, and if brought, shall be joined in the same

proceeding for damages incurred between the time of 13

injury and death where not otherwise provided for in 14

said sections five and six. In either case there shall be 15

but one recovery for each element of damages: Provided, 16

That nothing in this section shall be construed in 17

derogation of the provisions of section twelve of this 18

article. 19

CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2030—By Delegates Love and R. Burk)

[Passed March 21, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, relating to enacting the uniform enforcement of foreign judgments act; providing definitions; providing for procedures for filing of foreign judgment; providing for notice, execution and stay of proceedings; providing for determination of fees; and allowing alternative action.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter fifty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. UNIFORM ENFORCEMENT OF FOREIGN JUDG-MENTS ACT.

§55-14-1. Definitions.

§55-14-2. Filing and status of foreign judgments.

§55-14-3. Notice of filing.

§55-14-4. Stay.

§55-14-5. Fees.

§55-14-6. Optional procedure.

§55-14-7. Uniformity of interpretation.

§55-14-8. Short title.

§55-14-1. Definitions.

In this article "foreign judgment" means any judg-

2 ment, decree or order of a court of the United States

or of any other court which is entitled to full faith and

4 credit in this state.

§55-14-2. Filing and status of foreign judgments.

1 A copy of any foreign judgment authenticated in

accordance with an act of Congress or the statutes of this

3 state may be filed in the office of the clerk of any circuit

4 court of this state. The clerk shall treat the foreign

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- 5 judgment in the same manner as a judgment of any
- 6 circuit court of this state. A judgment so filed has the
- 7 same effect and is subject to the same procedures,
- 8 defenses and proceedings for reopening, vacating or
- 9 staying as a judgment of a circuit court of this state and
- 10 may be enforced or satisfied in like manner.

§55-14-3. Notice of filing.

- 1 (a) At the time of the filing of the foreign judgment, 2 the judgment creditor or his lawyer shall make and file 3 with the clerk of the circuit court an affidavit setting 4 forth the name and last known post-office address of the 5 judgment debtor and the judgment creditor.
 - (b) Promptly upon the filing of the foreign judgment and the affidavit, the clerk shall mail notice of the filing of the foreign judgment to the judgment debtor at the address given and shall make a note of the mailing in the docket. The notice shall include the name and post-office address of the judgment creditor and the judgment creditor's lawyer, if any, in this state. In addition, the judgment creditor may mail a notice of the filing of the judgment to the judgment debtor and may file proof of mailing with the clerk. Lack of mailing notice of filing by the clerk shall not affect the enforcement proceedings if proof of mailing by the judgment creditor has been filed.
- 19 (c) No execution or other process for enforcement of 20 a foreign judgment filed hereunder may issue until 21 thirty days after the date the judgment is filed.

§55-14-4. Stay.

- (a) If the judgment debtor shows the circuit court that 1 an appeal from the foreign judgment is pending or will 2 be taken, or that a stay of execution has been granted, 3 the court shall stay enforcement of the foreign judgment 4 until the appeal is concluded, the time for appeal expires 5 or the stay of execution expires or is vacated, upon proof 6 that the judgment debtor has furnished the security for 7 the satisfaction of the judgment required by the state 8 in which it was rendered. 9
- 10 (b) If the judgment debtor shows the circuit court any

- 11 ground upon which enforcement of a judgment of any
- 12 court of this state would be stayed, the court shall stay
- 13 enforcement of the foreign judgment for an appropriate
- 14 period, upon requiring the same security for satisfaction
- 15 of the judgment which is required in this state.

§55-14-5. Fees.

- 1 Fees for filing, docketing, transcription or other
- 2 enforcement proceedings shall be as provided for in
- 3 section eleven, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code.

§55-14-6. Optional procedure.

- 1 The right of a judgment creditor to bring an action
- 2 to enforce his judgment instead of proceeding under this
- 3 article remains unimpaired.

§55-14-7. Uniformity of interpretation.

- 1 This article shall be so interpreted and construed as
- 2 to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the
- 3 law of those states which enact it.

§55-14-8. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Uniform Enforce-
- 2 ment of Foreign Judgments Act."

CHAPTER 4

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2710—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, by Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article three of said chapter by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and one-b, relating to requiring rules related to the conduct of students at public schools or public educational institutions to follow the administrative procedures act; permitting agencies to file amendments to existing rules

and emergency amendments on a section by section basis and to allow the tax department to provide copies of tax rules, charge a fee and deposit such fees into the tax commissioner's office account.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article three of said chapter be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and one-b, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 29A. STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.

Article

- 1. Definitions and Application of Chapter.
- 3. Rule Making.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND APPLICATION OF CHAPTER.

§29A-1-3. Application of chapter; limitations.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in any
- 2 respect whatever to executive orders of the governor.
- 3 which orders to the extent otherwise lawful shall be
- 4 effective according to their terms: Provided. That the
- 5 executive orders shall be admitted to record in the state
- 6 register when and to the extent the governor deems
- 7 suitable and shall be included therein by the secretary
- of state when tendered by the governor. 8
- 9 (b) Except as to requirements for filing in the state 10 register, and with the Legislature or its rule-making
- review committee, provided in this chapter or other law, 11
- the provisions of this chapter do not apply in any respect 12 whatever to the West Virginia board of probation and 13
- parole, the public service commission, the board of 14
- public works sitting as such and the West Virginia 15
- board of regents: Provided. That rules of such agencies 16
- shall be filed in the state register in the form prescribed 17 by this chapter and be effective no sooner than sixty 18
- consecutive days after being so filed: Provided, however, 19
- That the rules promulgated by the state colleges and 20
- universities shall only be filed with the West Virginia 21
- board of regents: Provided further, That such agencies 22

- 23 may promulgate emergency rules in conformity with section fifteen, article three of this chapter.
- 25 (c) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to rules 26 relating to or contested cases involving the conduct of inmates or other persons admitted to public institutions. 27 28 the open seasons and the bag, creel, size, age, weight and 29 sex limits with respect to the wildlife in this state, the conduct of persons in military service or the receipt of 30 31 public assistance. Such rules shall be filed in the state 32 register in the form prescribed by this chapter and be 33 effective upon filing.
- 34 (d) Nothing herein shall be construed to affect, limit 35 or expand any express and specific exemption from this 36 chapter contained in any other statute relating to a 37 specific agency, but such exemptions shall be construed 38 and applied in accordance with the provisions of this 39 chapter to effectuate any limitations on such exemptions 40 contained in any such other statute.

ARTICLE 3. RULE MAKING.

§29A-3-1a. Filing proposed amendments to an existing rule.

§29A-3-1b. Rules of the tax department.

§29A-3-1a. Filing proposed amendments to an existing rule.

- (a) Rules promulgated to amend existing rules may be 1 filed on a section by section basis without having to 2 refile in the state register all of the other sections of an 3 existing series numbered rule: Provided, That such 4 filing shall list, by proper citation, those sections, not 5 amended, which are directly affected by those sections 6 amended: Provided, however, That amendments so filed 7 shall be accompanied by a note of explanation as to the 8 effect of such amendment and its relation to the existing 9 10 rules.
- 11 (b) Rules promulgated to amend existing rules and 12 filed as an emergency rule may be filed on a section by 13 section basis without having to refile in the state 14 register all of the other sections of an existing series 15 numbered rule: *Provided*, That such filing shall list, by

proper citation, those sections not amended, which are directly affected by those sections amended.

§29A-3-1b. Rules of the tax department.

1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section eight, 2 article two of this chapter, the tax commissioner may 3 reproduce the same in his state tax bulletin and may, 4 upon request, distribute copies of the proposed or 5 emergency rule after such proposed or emergency rule has been filed in the state register and may charge a 6 7 reasonable fee in an amount set to recover his cost of duplicating and mailing the same. The moneys so 8 received shall be deposited in the treasury to the credit 9 of the tax commissioner's account for printing, office 10 11 supplies or postage.

CHAPTER 5

(H. B. 2024—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to rural resource division continued.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article one, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

§19-1-3a. Rural resource division continued and reestablished.

After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the rural resource division of the depart-

6 ment of agriculture should be continued and reestab-

lished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the rural resource division of the department of agriculture shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 6

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 68—By Senators Parker, Chernenko, Brackenrich and Hawse)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, relating to ginseng; and providing criminal penalties for the illegal possession of uncertified green ginseng out of season.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. DIVISION OF FORESTRY.

§19-1A-3a. Providing criminal penalties for the illegal possession of uncertified ginseng.

1 (a) The division of forestry of the department of 2 commerce, labor and environmental resources shall have jurisdiction to regulate the digging, possession and 3 sale of native, wild or cultivated ginseng: Provided, That 4 the digging season for wild, native or cultivated ginseng 5 shall begin on the fifteenth day of August and end on 6 7 the thirtieth day of November of each year unless otherwise authorized by the director. Ginseng dealers 8 shall: (1) Obtain a ginseng dealer's permit from the 9 director; (2) keep on forms provided by the director 10

11 accurate records for all ginseng acquired showing the

12 year harvested, the date acquired by the dealer, county

- of origin, weight and whether wild or cultivated; and (3) have all records and all acquired ginseng inspected by the director at official ginseng inspection stations for the purpose of certifying the dealer's records and issuing a certificate documenting the inspection and the weight of the ginseng. All ginseng dug in West Virginia must be certified by the director before being transported or shipped out of the state. No person shall have in his possession uncertified green ginseng from the first day of April through the fourteenth day of August.
 - (b) A person convicted of possession of uncertified green ginseng from the first day of April through the fourteenth day of August shall be punished as follows:
 - (A) First offense conviction.—Upon a first offense conviction:
 - (i) When the value of the ginseng is two hundred dollars or less, the defendant is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than four hundred dollars.
 - (ii) When the value of the ginseng exceeds two hundred dollars, the defendant is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than four hundred dollars, nor more than six hundred dollars, and such fine may not be suspended; or the defendant shall be imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days; or both fined and imprisoned.
- 38 (B) Second offense conviction.—Upon a second offense 39 conviction:
 - (i) When the value of the ginseng is two hundred dollars or less, the defendant is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than six hundred dollars, and such fine may not be suspended; or the defendant shall be imprisoned in the county jail not more than sixty days; or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (ii) When the value of the ginseng exceeds two hundred dollars, the defendant shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not less than six hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than sixty

- days nor more than six months. At least thirty days shall be spent in confinement and not subject to probation.
- 54 (C) Third offense conviction.—Upon a third or subse-55 quent conviction, regardless of the value of the ginseng. the defendant shall be guilty of a felony and shall be 56 fined not less than six hundred dollars nor more than 57 58 six thousand dollars, and shall be imprisoned in the 59 penitentiary not less than one year nor more than two vears. or. be confined in the county jail not more than 60 61 one vear.

CHAPTER 7

(S. B. 567—By Senator Harman)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article sixteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to adding serrated tussock weed to the definition of noxious weed seeds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article sixteen, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. AGRICULTURAL AND FOREST SEEDS.

§19-16-1. Definitions.

- 1 When used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri-3 culture of the state of West Virginia or his duly
- 4 authorized representatives;
- 5 (b) The term "person" shall include any individual, 6 partnership, corporation, company, society or 7 association:
- 8 (c) The term "agricultural seeds" shall include the 9 seeds of grass, forage, cereal, tobacco and fiber crops

- and any other kinds of seeds commonly recognized within this state as agricultural or field seeds and mixtures of such seeds. Forest seeds shall include all deciduous and coniferous trees and shrubs and ornamentals;
- (d) The term "vegetable seeds" includes the seeds of
 those crops which are grown in gardens or on truck
 farms and are generally known and sold under the name
 of vegetable seeds in this state;
- 19 (e) The term "seed potato" shall refer to the Irish 20 potato (Solanum tuberosum);
 - (f) The term "weed seeds" shall include the seeds of all plants generally recognized as weeds within this state;
 - (g) Noxious weed seeds shall be divided into two classes, "prohibited weed seeds" and "noxious weed seeds," as defined in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection: *Provided*, That the commissioner of agriculture may, through promulgation of regulations, add to or subtract from the list of seeds included under either definition whenever he finds that such additions or subtractions are within the respective definitions:
 - (1) "Prohibited weed seeds" are the seeds of perennial weeds which reproduce by seed, or spread by underground roots or stems, and which when established are highly destructive and difficult to control in this state by ordinary cultural practice;

"Prohibited weed seeds" in this state are the seeds of dodder (Cuscuta spp.), quack grass (Agropyrons repens), Johnson grass (Sorghum halapense), Canada thistle (Carduus arvensis), perennial sow thistle (Sonchus arvensis), serrated tussock (Nassella trichotoma);

(2) "Noxious weed seeds" are the seeds of such weeds as are very objectionable in fields, lawns or gardens of this state, but can be controlled by good cultural practice. "Noxious weed seeds" in this state are the seeds of wild onion (Allium vineale), hawk weed (Hieracum spp.), buckhorn (Plantago lanceolata), English charlock or wild mustard (Brassica arvensis), corn cockle

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- 49 (Agrostemma gilthago), oxeye daisy (Chrysanthemum 50 leucanthemum), Indian mustard (Brassica juncea), star 51 thistle (Centurea solstitialis), wild carrot (Daucus 52 carota), horse nettle (Solanum carolinas), field pepper
- 53 grass (Lepidium compestre), wild morning glory
 54 (Inomes purpures) bindwood (Convolvable arronsis):
- 54 (Ipomea purpurea), bindweed (Convolvulus arvensis);
 - (h) The term "labeling" includes all labels and other written, printed or graphic representation, in any form whatsoever, accompanying and pertaining to any seed whether in bulk or in containers, and includes invoices;
 - (i) The term "advertisement" means all representation, other than those on the label, disseminated in any manner or by any means, relative to seed within the scope of this article.

CHAPTER 8

(H. B. 2026—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentyone-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of state soil conservation committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21A. SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.

§19-21A-4. State soil conservation committee.

- 1 (a) There is hereby established, to serve as an agency
- 2 of the state and to perform the functions conferred upon
- 3 it in this article, the state soil conservation committee.
- 4 The committee shall consist of seven members. The
- 5 following shall serve, ex officio, as members of the
- 6 committee: The director of the state cooperative exten-

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7 sion service; the director of the state agricultural 8 experiment station; the director of the department of 9 natural resources; and the state commissioner of 10 agriculture, who shall be chairman of the committee.

The governor shall appoint as additional members of the committee three representative citizens. The term of members thus appointed shall be four years, except that of the first members so appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of two years, one for a term of three years, and one for a term of four years. In the event of a vacancy, appointment shall be for the unexpired term.

The committee may invite the secretary of agriculture of the United States of America to appoint one person to serve with the committee as an advisory member.

The committee shall keep a record of its official actions, shall adopt a seal, which seal shall be judicially noticed, and may perform such acts, hold such public hearings and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the execution of its functions under this article.

(b) The state soil conservation committee may employ an administrative officer and such technical experts and such other agents and employees, permanent and temporary, as it may require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties and compensation. The committee may call upon the attorney general of the state for such legal services as it may require. It shall have authority to delegate to its chairman, to one or more of its members, or to one or more agents or employees. such powers and duties as it may deem proper. The committee is empowered to secure necessary and suitable office accommodations, and the necessary supplies and equipment. Upon request of the committee, for the purpose of carrying out any of its functions, the supervising officer of any state agency, or of any state institution of learning shall, insofar as may be possible, under available appropriations, and having due regard to the needs of the agency to which the request is directed. assign or detail to the committee, members of the staff or personnel of such agency or institution of learning,

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- and make such special reports, surveys or studies as the committee may request.
- 49 (c) A member of the committee shall hold office so 50 long as he shall retain the office by virtue of which he 51 shall be serving on the committee. A majority of the 52 committee shall constitute a quorum, and the concur-53 rence of a majority in any matter within their duties 54 shall be required for its determination. The chairman 55 and members of the committee shall receive no compen-56 sation for their services on the committee, but shall be 57 entitled to expenses, including traveling expenses, 58 necessarily incurred in the discharge of their duties on 59 the committee. The committee shall provide for the 60 execution of surety bonds for all employees and officers 61 who shall be entrusted with funds or property; shall 62 provide for the keeping of a full and accurate public 63 record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regula-64 tions and orders issued or adopted; and shall provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and 65 66 disbursements.
 - (d) In addition to the duties and powers hereinafter conferred upon the state soil conservation committee, it shall have the following duties and powers:
- 70 (1) To offer such assistance as may be appropriate to 71 the supervisors of soil conservation districts, organized 72 as provided hereinafter, in the carrying out of any of 73 their powers and programs;
 - (2) To keep the supervisors of each of the several districts, organized under the provisions of this article, informed of the activities and experience of all other districts organized hereunder, and to facilitate an interchange of advice and experience between such districts and cooperation between them;
- 80 (3) To coordinate the programs of the several soil 81 conservation districts organized hereunder so far as this 82 may be done by advice and consultation;
- (4) To secure the cooperation and assistance of the
 United States and any of its agencies, and of agencies

85 of this state, in the work of such districts;

- (5) To disseminate information throughout the state concerning the activities and programs of the soil conservation districts organized hereunder, and to encourage the formation of such districts in areas where their organization is desirable;
- (6) To accept and receive donations, gifts, contributions, grants and appropriations in money, services, materials or otherwise, from the United States or any of its agencies, from the state of West Virginia, or from other sources, and to use or expend such money, services, materials or other contributions in carrying out the policy and provisions of this article, including the right to allocate such money, services or materials in part to the various soil conservation districts created by this article in order to assist them in carrying on their operations;
- (7) To obtain options upon and to acquire by purchase. exchange, lease, gift, grant, bequest, devise or otherwise, any property, real or personal, or rights or interests therein; to maintain, administer, operate and improve any properties acquired, to receive and retain income from such property and to expend such income as required for operation, maintenance, administration or improvement of such properties or in otherwise carrying out the purposes and provisions of this article; and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of any of its property or interests therein in furtherance of the purposes and the provisions of this article. Money received from the sale of land acquired in the small watershed program shall be deposited in the special account of the state soil conservation committee and expended as herein provided.

After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the state soil conservation committee should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article

ten, chapter four of this code, the state soil conservation committee shall continue to exist until the first day of

127 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 9

(H. B. 2587—By Delegates M. Burke and Minard)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine, ten, thirteen and thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to pari-mutuel system of wagering; authorization of licensee to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools: retention of breakage: auditing; minors; providing for daily license tax; providing pari-mutuel pools tax; procedure for payment of tax; alternate tax; credits; disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets: publication of notice: irredeemable tickets: stake races; and establishment of a special revenue account, necessary costs of administration and promotion of the West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund being appropriated from said special revenue account, excess after appropriation being remitted to the West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine, ten, thirteen and thirteen-b, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.

§19-23-10. Daily license tax; pari-mutuel pools tax; how taxes paid; alternate tax; credits.

- §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.
- §19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; nonrestricted purse supplements.
 - PART VI. PARI-MUTUEL SYSTEM OF WAGERING AUTHORIZED; COMMISSIONS DEDUCTED FROM PARI-MUTUEL POOLS.
- §19-23-9. Pari-mutuel system of wagering authorized; licensee authorized to deduct commissions from pari-mutuel pools; retention of breakage; auditing; minors.
 - 1 (a) The pari-mutuel system of wagering upon the 2 results of any horse or dog race at any horse or dog race 3 meeting conducted or held by any licensee is hereby 4 authorized, if and only if such pari-mutuel wagering is 5 conducted by such licensee within the confines of such 6 licensee's horse racetrack or dog racetrack, and the 7 provisions of section one, article ten, chapter sixty-one 8 of this code, relating to gaming, shall not apply to the 9 pari-mutuel system of wagering in manner and form as 10 provided for in this article at any horse or dog race 11 meeting within this state where horse or dog racing 12 shall be permitted for any purse by any licensee. A 13 licensee shall permit or conduct only the pari-mutuel 14 system of wagering within the confines of such licensee's 15 racetrack at which any horse or dog race meeting is 16 conducted or held.
 - (b) A licensee is hereby expressly authorized to deduct a commission from the pari-mutuel pools, as follows:

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20 (1) The commission deducted by any licensee from the 21 pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing, except from thoroughbred horse racing pari-mutuel pools 22 23 involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are deter-24 mined by a combination of two or more winning horses, 25 26 shall not exceed seventeen and one-fourth percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of such 27 commission, as is mentioned in this subdivision, the 28 licensee (i) shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided 29 for in subsection (b), section ten of this article, (ii) shall 30

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make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during the months of January, February, March, October, November and December shall be seven and three hundred seventy-five one-thousandths percent of such pari-mutuel pools, and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during all other months, shall be six and eight hundred seventy-five one-thousandths percent of such pari-mutuel pools, which shall take effect beginning fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety. (iii) shall, after allowance for the exclusion given by subsection (b), section ten of this article, make a deposit into a special fund to be established by the racing commission and to be used for the payment of breeders. awards and capital improvements as authorized by section thirteen-b of this article, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be seven-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be one percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be one and one-half percent; and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereafter, be two percent of such pools, and (iv) shall pay one tenth of one percent of such pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to such municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.

The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred horse racing involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two winning horses shall not exceed nineteen percent and by a combination of three or more winning horses shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day. Out of such commission, as is mentioned in this paragraph, the

73 licensee (i) shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided 74 for in subsection (b), section ten of this article, (ii) shall 75 make a deposit into a special fund to be established by 76 the licensee and to be used for the payment of regular 77 purses offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee, 78 which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools for each day 79 during the months of January, February, March, 80 October, November and December for pools involving a 81 combination of two winning horses shall be eight and 82 twenty-five one-hundredths percent and out of pari-83 mutuel pools for each day during all other months shall 84 be seven and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of 85 such pari-mutuel pools: and involving a combination of 86 three or more winning horses for the months of January, February, March, October, November and December 87 the deposits out of such fund shall be eleven and twenty-88 89 five one-hundredths percent of such pari-mutuel pools; 90 and which, out of pari-mutuel pools for each day during 91 all other months, shall be ten and seventy-five one-92 hundredths percent of such pari-mutuel pools, (iii) shall, 93 after allowance for the exclusion given by subsection (b), 94 section ten of this article, make a deposit into a special 95 fund to be established by the racing commission and to 96 be used for the payment of breeders' awards and capital 97 improvements as authorized by section thirteen-b of this article, which deposits out of pari-mutuel pools shall 98 99 from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year 100 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be four-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 101 102 eighty-six, be seven-tenths percent; for fiscal year one 103 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be one percent; for 104 fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be 105 one and one-half percent; and for fiscal year one 106 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereafter, be two percent of such pools, and (iv) shall 107 pay one tenth of one percent of such pari-mutuel pools 108 into the general fund of the county commission of the 109 county in which the racetrack is located, except if within 110 a municipality, then to such municipal general fund. 111 The remainder of the commission shall be retained by

114 The deposits into special fund established by the

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the licensee.

racing commission to be used for payments of breeders' awards and other expenses authorized by section thirteen-b of this article shall be reduced by fifty percent in the event the average daily pari-mutuel pool for any calendar year is less than the average daily pari-mutuel pool for the calendar year ended the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, in amount equal to eleven percent of the average daily pari-mutuel pool for said calendar year ended the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three. Of the amounts so reduced, fifty percent shall be paid into the special purse fund established in section nine-b of this article.

The commission deducted by the licensee under subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section may be reduced only by mutual agreement between the licensee and a majority of the trainers and horse owners licensed by subsection (a), section two of this article or their designated representative. Such reduction in licensee commissions may be for a particular race, racing day or days or for a horse race meeting. Fifty percent of such reduction shall be retained by the licensee from the amounts required to be paid into the special fund established by the licensee under the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section. The racing commission shall promulgate such reasonable rules and regulations as are necessary to implement the foregoing provisions.

- (2) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on harness racing shall not exceed seventeen and one-half percent of the total of such parimutuel pools for the day. Out of such commission the licensee shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (c), section ten of this article, and shall pay one tenth of one percent into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to such municipal general fund. The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.
- (3) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing, except from dog racing

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pari-mutuel pools involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning pari-mutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two or more winning dogs, shall not exceed sixteen and thirty onehundredths percent of the total of all pari-mutuel pools for the day. The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing involving what is known as multiple betting in which the winning parimutuel ticket or tickets are determined by a combination of two winning dogs shall not exceed nineteen percent, by a combination of three winning dogs shall not exceed twenty percent, and by a combination of four or more winning dogs shall not exceed twenty-one percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day. The foregoing commissions shall be in effect for the fiscal years one thousand nine hundred ninety and one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Thereafter, the commission shall be at the percentages in effect prior to the effective date of this article unless the Legislature, after review, determines otherwise. Out of such commissions, the licensee shall pay the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in subsection (d), section ten of this article. and one tenth of one percent of such pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located. In addition, out of such commissions, if the racetrack is located within a municipality, then the licensee shall also pay three tenths of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the municipality; or, if the racetrack is located outside of a municipality, then the licensee shall also pay three tenths of one percent of the pari-mutuel pools into the state road fund for use by the department of highways in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision (3). The remainder of the commission shall be retained by the licensee.

For the purposes of this section, "municipality" shall mean and include any Class I, Class II and Class III city and any Class IV town or village, incorporated as a municipal corporation under the laws of this state prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

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Each dog racing licensee, when required by the provisions of this subdivision (3) to pay a percentage of its commissions to the state road fund for use by the department of highways, shall transmit the required funds, in such manner and at such times as the racing commission shall by procedural rule direct, to the state treasurer for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the department of highways state road fund. All funds collected and received in the state road fund pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision shall be used by the department of highways in accordance with the provisions of article seventeen-a, chapter seventeen of this code for the acquisition of right-of-way for, the construction of, the reconstruction of and the improvement or repair of any interstate or other highway, secondary road, bridge and toll road in the state. If on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, any area encompassing a dog racetrack has incorporated as a Class I, Class II or Class III city or as a Class IV town or village, whereas such city, town or village was not incorporated as such on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, then on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any balances in the state road fund existing as a result of payments made under the provisions of this subdivision may be used by the state road fund for any purpose for which other moneys in such fund may lawfully be used, and in lieu of further payments to the state road fund, the licensee of a racetrack which is located in such municipality shall thereafter pay three tenths of one percent of the parimutuel pools into the general fund of such municipality. If no such incorporation occurs before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, then payments to the state road fund shall thereafter continue as provided for under the provisions of this subdivision.

A dog racing licensee, before deducting the commissions authorized by this subdivision (3), shall give written notification to the racing commission not less than thirty days prior to any change in the percentage rates for such commissions. The racing commission shall

prescribe blank forms for filing such notification. Such notification shall disclose the following: (1) The revised commissions to be deducted from the pari-mutuel pools each day on win, place and show betting and on different forms of multiple bettings; (2) the dates to be included in such revised betting; (3) such other information as may be required by the racing commission.

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The licensee shall establish a special fund to be used only for capital improvements or long-term debt amortization or both: Provided. That any licensee, heretofore licensed for a period of eight years prior to the effective date of the amendment made to this section during the regular session of the Legislature held in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall establish such special fund to be used only for capital improvements or physical plant maintenance, or both, at such licensee's licensed facility or at such licensee's commonly owned racing facility located within this state. Deposits made into such funds shall be in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the increased rate total over and above the applicable rate in effect as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, of the pari-mutuel pools for the day. Any amount deposited into such funds must be expended or liability therefor incurred within a period of two years from the date of deposit. Any funds not so expended shall forthwith be transferred into the state general fund after expiration of the two-year period.

The licensee shall make a deposit into a special fund established by the licensee and used for payment of regular purses offered for dog racing, which deposits out of the licensee's commissions for each day shall be three and seventy-five one-hundredths percent (3.75%) of the pari-mutuel pools.

The licensee shall further establish a special fund to be used exclusively for marketing and promotion programs; such funds shall be in an amount equal to five percent over and above the applicable rates in effect as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, of the total pari-mutuel pools for the day.

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The racing commission shall prepare and transmit annually to the governor and the Legislature a report of the activities of the racing commission under this subdivision (3). The report shall include a statement of: The amount of commissions retained by licensees; the amount of taxes paid to the state; the amounts paid to municipalities, counties and the department of highways dog racing fund; the amounts deposited by licensees into special funds for capital improvements or long-term debt amortization, and a certified statement of the financial condition of any licensee depositing into such fund; the amounts paid by licensees into special funds and used for regular purses offered for dog racing; the amounts paid by licensees into special funds and used for marketing and promotion programs; and such other information as the racing commission may deem appropriate for review.

The racing commission shall report to the governor, president of the Senate, speaker of the House, and the Legislature, on or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, on the effects of the amendments to this article by the acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, on dog racing licensees and parimutuel taxation for use by the Legislature in review of such amendments.

- (c) In addition to any such commission, a licensee of horse race or dog race meetings shall also be entitled to retain the legitimate breakage, which shall be made and calculated to the dime, and from such breakage, the licensee of a horse race meeting (excluding dog race meetings), shall deposit daily fifty percent of the total of such breakage retained by the licensee into the special fund created pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section for the payment of regular purses.
- (d) The director of audit, and any other auditors employed by the racing commission who shall also be certified public accountants or experienced public accountants, shall have free access to the space or enclosure where the pari-mutuel system of wagering is

conducted or calculated at any horse or dog race meeting for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the licensee is deducting and retaining only a commission as provided in this section and is otherwise complying with the provisions of this section. They shall also, for the same purposes only, have full and free access to all records and papers pertaining to such parimutuel system of wagering, and shall report to the racing commission in writing, under oath, whether or not the licensee has deducted and retained any commission in excess of that permitted under the provisions of this section or has otherwise failed to comply with the provisions of this section.

- (e) No licensee shall permit or allow any individual under the age of eighteen years to wager at any horse or dog racetrack, knowing or having reason to believe that such individual is under the age of eighteen years.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (b) of this section, to the contrary, a thoroughbred licensee qualifying for and paying the alternate reduced tax on pari-mutuel pools provided in section ten of this article shall distribute the commission authorized to be deducted by subdivision (1). subsection (b), section nine of this article as follows: (i) The licensee shall pay the alternate reduced tax provided in section ten of this article: (ii) shall pay one tenth of one percent of such pari-mutuel pools into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to such municipal general fund; (iii) one half of the remainder of the commission shall be paid into the special fund established by the licensee and to be used for the payment of regular purses offered for thoroughbred racing by the licensee; and (iv) the amount remaining after the payments required above shall be retained by the licensee.
- (g) Each kennel which provides or races dogs owned or leased by others shall furnish to the commission a surety bond in an amount to be determined by the commission to secure the payment to the owners or lessees of such dogs the portion of any purse owed to

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361 such owner or lessee.

§19-23-10. Daily license tax; pari-mutuel pools tax; how taxes paid; alternate tax; credits.

- (a) Any racing association conducting thoroughbred racing at any horse racetrack in this state shall pay each day upon which horse races are run a daily license tax of two hundred fifty dollars. Any racing association conducting harness racing at any horse racetrack in this state shall pay each day upon which horse races are run a daily license tax of one hundred fifty dollars. Any racing association conducting dog races shall pay each day upon which dog races are run a daily license tax of one hundred fifty dollars. In the event thoroughbred racing, harness racing, dog racing, or any combination of the foregoing are conducted on the same day at the same racetrack by the same racing association, only one daily license tax in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars shall be paid for that day. Any such daily license tax shall not apply to any local, county or state fair, horse show or agricultural or livestock exposition at which horse racing is conducted for not more than six davs.
- (b) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct thoroughbred racing and permitting and conducting pari-mutuel wagering under the provisions of this article shall, in addition to the aforementioned daily license tax, pay to the racing commission, from the commission deducted each day by such licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on thoroughbred racing a tax calculated on the total daily contribution of all such pari-mutuel pools conducted or made at any and every thoroughbred race meeting of the licensee licensed under the provisions of this article. which tax, on the pari-mutuel pools conducted or made each day during the months of January. February. March, October, November and December shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be calculated at two and six-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be calculated at two and threetenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine

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hundred eighty-seven, be calculated at two percent of such pool; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be calculated at one and one-half percent: for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. be calculated at one percent of such pool; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, seven-tenths of one percent, and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and each fiscal year thereafter be calculated at four-tenths of one percent of such pool; and, on the pari-mutuel pools conducted or made each day during all other months, shall from the effective date of this section and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, be calculated at three and six-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, be calculated at three and three-tenths percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, be calculated at three percent of such pool; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be calculated at two and one-half percent; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, be calculated at two percent of such pool; for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, be calculated at one and seventenths percent of such pool; and for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and each fiscal year thereafter, be calculated at one and four-tenths percent of such pool: Provided, That out of the amount realized from the three-tenths of one percent decrease in such tax effective for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and thereafter, which decrease correspondingly increases the amount of commission retained by the licensee, the licensee shall annually expend or dedicate (i) one-half of such realized amount for capital improvements in its barn area at the track, subject to the racing commission's prior approval of the plans for such improvements, and (ii) the remaining one-half of such realized amount for capital improvements as the licensee may determine appropriate at the track. The term capital improvement shall be as defined by the Internal Revenue Code: Provided, however, That any such racing association operating a horse racetrack in this state having an average daily pari-mutuel pool on horse racing of two hundred eighty thousand dollars or

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less per day for the race meetings of the preceding calendar year shall, in lieu of payment of the parimutuel pool tax, calculated as hereinbefore in this subsection provided, be permitted to conduct parimutuel wagering at such horse racetrack on the basis of a daily pari-mutuel pool tax fixed as follows: On the daily pari-mutuel pool not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars the daily pari-mutuel pool tax shall be one thousand dollars plus the otherwise applicable percentage rate imposed by this subsection of the daily pari-mutuel pool, if any, in excess of three hundred thousand dollars: Provided further. That upon the effective date of the reduction of such daily pari-mutuel pool tax to one thousand dollars from the former two thousand dollars, the association or licensee shall daily deposit five hundred dollars into the special fund for regular purses established by subdivision one, subsection (b), section nine of this article: And provided further. That if an association or licensee qualifying for the foregoing alternate tax conducts more than one racing performance, each consisting of up to ten races in a calendar day, such association or licensee shall pay both the daily license tax imposed in subsection (a) and the foregoing alternate tax for each such performance: And provided further, That a licensee qualifying for the foregoing alternate tax is excluded from participation in the fund established by section thirteen-b of this article.

(c) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct harness racing and permitting and conducting pari-mutuel wagering under the provisions of this article shall, in addition to the aforementioned daily license tax, pay to the racing commission, from the commission deducted each day by the licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on harness racing, as a tax, three percent of the first one hundred thousand dollars wagered, or any part thereof; four percent of the next one hundred fifty thousand dollars; and five and three-fourths percent of all over that amount wagered each day in all such pari-mutuel pools conducted or made at any and every harness race meeting of the licensee licensed under the provisions of this article.

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(d) Any racing association licensed by the racing commission to conduct dog racing and permitting and conducting pari-mutuel wagering under the provisions of this article shall, in addition to the aforementioned daily license tax, pay to the racing commission, from the commission deducted each day by such licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing, as a tax, four percent of the first fifty thousand dollars or any part thereof of such pari-mutuel pools, five percent of the next fifty thousand dollars of such pari-mutuel pools, six percent of the next one hundred thousand dollars of such parimutuel pools, seven percent of the next one hundred fifty thousand dollars of such pari-mutuel pools, and eight percent of all over three hundred fifty thousand dollars wagered each day: Provided. That the licensee shall deduct daily from the pari-mutuel tax an amount equal to one-tenth of one percent of the daily pari-mutuel pools in dog racing in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety; fifteen hundreds of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: two-tenths of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninetytwo; one quarter of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-three; and three-tenths of one percent in fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four and every fiscal year thereafter. The amounts so deducted shall be paid to the racing commission to be deposited by the racing commission in a banking institution of its choice in a special account to be known as "West Virginia Racing Commission-Special Account-West Virginia Greyhound Breeding Development Fund." Such moneys shall be expended by the racing commission exclusively for purses for stake races involving West Virginia whelped dogs, under rules and regulations promulgated by the racing commission.

(e) All daily license and pari-mutuel pools tax payments required under the provisions of this section shall be made to the racing commission or its agent after the last race of each day of each horse or dog race meeting, and the pari-mutuel pools tax payments shall be made from all contributions to all pari-mutuel pools to each and every race of the day.

- 165 (f) Every association or licensee subject to the provisions of this article, including the changed provisions of 166 167 sections nine and ten hereof, shall annually submit to the 168 racing commission and the Legislature financial state-169 ments, including a balance sheet, income statement, 170 statement of change in financial position and an audit 171 of any electronic data system used for pari-mutuel 172 tickets and betting, prepared in accordance with 173 generally accepted auditing standards, as certified by 174 an experienced public accountant or a certified public 175 accountant.
- §19-23-13. Disposition of funds for payment of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets; publication of notice; irredeemable tickets; stake races for dog tracks.
 - 1 (a) All moneys held by any licensee for the payment 2 of outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not claimed within ninety days after the close of the 3 horse or dog race meeting in connection with which the 4 tickets were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee 5 to the racing commission within fifteen days after the 6 expiration of such ninety-day period, and the licensee 7 shall give such information as the racing commission 8 may require concerning such outstanding and unre-9 deemed tickets. All such moneys shall be deposited by 10 the racing commission in a banking institution of its 11 choice in a special account to be known as "West 12 13 Virginia Racing Commission Special Account—Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets." Notice of the amount, 14 date and place of such deposit shall be given by the 15 racing commission, in writing, to the state treasurer. 16 The racing commission shall then cause to be published 17 a notice to the holders of such outstanding and unre-18 deemed pari-mutuel tickets, notifying them to present 19 20 such tickets for payment at the principal office of the racing commission within ninety days from the date of 21 the publication of such notice. Such notice shall be 22 published within fifteen days following the receipt of 23 said moneys by the commission from the licensee as a 24 Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the 25 26 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code,

and the publication area for such publication shall be the county in which such horse or dog race meeting was held.

- (b) Any such pari-mutuel tickets that shall not be presented for payment within ninety days from the date of the publication of the notice shall thereafter be irredeemable, and the moneys theretofore held for the redemption of such pari-mutuel tickets shall become the property of the racing commission, and shall be expended as follows:
- (1) To the owner of the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee provided that the owner of such horse is at the time of such horse race a bona fide resident of this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by such horse. The commission may require proof that the owner was, at the time of the race, a bona fide resident of this state. Upon proof by the owner that he filed a personal income tax return in this state for the previous two years and that he owned real or personal property in this state and paid taxes in this state on said property for the two previous years, he shall be presumed to be a bona fide resident of this state; and
- (2) To the breeder (that is, the owner of the mare) of the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee provided that the mare foaled in this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by such horse; and
- (3) To the owner of the stallion which sired the winning horse in any horse race at a horse race meeting held or conducted by any licensee provided that the mare which foaled such winning horse was served by a stallion standing and registered in this state, a sum equal to ten percent of the purse won by such horse; and
- (4) When the moneys in the special account, known as the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account—Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets" will more than satisfy the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2) and (3), subsection (b) of this section, the West Virginia racing commission shall have the authority to expend

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67 the excess moneys from unredeemed horse racing pari-68 mutuel tickets as purse money in any race conditioned 69 exclusively for West Virginia bred or sired horses, and 70 to expend the excess moneys from unredeemed dog 71 racing pari-mutuel tickets in supplementing purses and 72 establishing stake races and dog racing handicaps at the 73 dog tracks: Provided, That beginning with the fiscal 74 year one thousand nine hundred ninety, and subject to 75 the availability of funds, the commission shall, after the 76 requirements of subdivisions (1), (2) and (3), subsection 77 (b) of this section have been satisfied, transfer annually 78 three hundred thousand dollars of such excess moneys 79 into a separate account to be used for promotional 80 activities and purses for stake races for the West 81 Virginia Thoroughbred Breeders Classic, which shall 82 give equal consideration to all horses qualifying under 83 the West Virginia breeders program for each stake race. 84 based solely on the horses' sex, age and earnings.

Beginning with the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the commission shall submit to the legislative auditor a quarterly report and accounting of the income, expenditures and unobligated balance in the special account created by this section known as the "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account—Unredeemed Pari-Mutuel Tickets."

- 93 (c) Nothing contained in this article shall prohibit one 94 person from qualifying for all or more than one of the 95 aforesaid awards, or for awards under section thirteen-96 b of this article.
- (d) The cost of publication of the notice provided for in this section shall be paid from the funds in the hands of the state treasurer collected from the pari-mutuel pools tax provided for in section ten of this article, when not otherwise provided in the budget; but no such costs shall be paid unless an itemized account thereof, under oath, be first filed with the state auditor.

§19-23-13b. West Virginia thoroughbred development fund; distribution; restricted races; non-restricted purse supplements.

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The racing commission shall deposit moneys required to be withheld by an association or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this article in a banking institution of its choice in a special account to be known as "West Virginia Racing Commission Special Account—West Virginia Thoroughbred Development Fund." Notice of the amount, date and place of such deposit shall be given by the racing commission, in writing, to the state treasurer. The purpose of the fund is to promote better breeding and racing of thoroughbred horses in the state through awards and purses for accredited breeders/raisers, sire owners and thoroughbred race horse owners. A further objective of the fund is to aid in the rejuvenation and development of the present horse tracks now operating in West Virginia for capital improvements, operations or increased purses between the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightyfour, and the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided. That five percent of the deposits required to be withheld by an association or licensee in subsection (b), section nine of this article shall be placed in a special revenue account hereby created in the state treasury called the "administration and promotion account." The racing commission is authorized to expend the moneys deposited in the administration and promotion account at such times and in such amounts as the commission determines to be necessary for purposes of administering and promoting the thoroughbred development program: Provided, however, That during any fiscal year in which the commission anticipates spending any money from such account, the commission shall submit to the executive department during the budget preparation period prior to the Legislature convening before that fiscal year for inclusion in the executive budget document and budget bill, the recommended expenditures, as well as requests of appropriations for the purpose of administration and promotion of the program. The commission shall make an annual report to the Legislature on the status of the administration and promotion account, including the previous year's expenditures and projected expenditures for the next year.

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- The fund shall be established forthwith and operate on an annual basis.
- 45 (a) Funds will be expended for awards and purses in the following manner:
 - (i) Fifteen percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five;
 - (ii) Fifty percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
 - (iii) Seventy-five percent of the fund shall be available for distribution for events taking place between the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven;
- 62 (iv) One hundred percent of the fund shall be avail-63 able thereafter.
 - (b) Awards and purses will be distributed as follows:
 - (i) The breeders/raisers of accredited thoroughbred horses that earn a purse at any West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers, which shall be sixty percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year. The total amount available for the breeders'/raisers' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio of purses earned by an accredited race horse to the total amount earned in such races by all accredited race horses for that year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to the breeders/raisers. However, no breeder/raiser may receive from the fund dedicated to breeders'/raisers' awards an amount in excess of the earnings of the accredited horse at West Virginia meets. In addition, should a horse's breeder and raiser qualify for the same award on the same horse, they will each be awarded one half of the

proceeds. Of the funds available for distribution in any one year to breeders/raisers, neither the breeders as a group nor the raisers as a group, shall, until January first, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, qualify for more than sixty and one-tenth percent of such funds.

- (ii) The owner of a West Virginia sire of an accredited thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at a West Virginia meet will receive a bonus award calculated at the end of the year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to sire owners, which shall be fifteen percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year. The total amount available for the sire owners' awards shall be distributed according to the ratio purses earned by the progeny of accredited West Virginia stallions in such races for a particular stallion to the total purses earned by the progeny of all accredited West Virginia stallions in such races. However, no sire owner may receive from the fund dedicated to sire owners an amount in excess of thirty percent of the accredited earnings for each sire.
- (iii) The owner of an accredited thoroughbred horse that earns a purse in any race at a West Virginia meet will receive a restricted purse supplement award calculated at the end of the year, which shall be twenty-five percent of the fund available for distribution in any one year, based on the ratio of the earnings in such races of a particular race horse to the total amount earned by all accredited race horses in such races during that year as a percentage of the fund dedicated to purse supplements. However, the owners may not receive from the fund dedicated to purse supplements an amount in excess of forty percent of the total accredited earnings for each accredited race horse.
- (iv) In no event shall purses earned at a meet held at a track which did not make a contribution to the thoroughbred development fund out of the daily pool on the day the meet was held qualify or count toward eligibility for an award under this section.
- 120 (v) Any balance in the breeders/raisers, sire owners 121 and purse supplement funds after yearly distributions

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- shall revert back into the general account of the fund for distribution in the next year.
- Distribution shall be made on the fifteenth of each February for the preceding year's achievements.
- 126 (c) The remainder, if any, of the fund that is not 127 available for distribution in the above program in any 128 one year is reserved for regular purses, marketing 129 expenses and for capital improvements in the amounts 130 and under the conditions provided hereinafter. Fifty 131 percent of such remainder shall be reserved for 132 payments into the regular purse fund established in 133 subsection (b), section nine of this article. Up to five 134 hundred thousand dollars per year shall be available for 135 (1) capital improvements at the eligible licensed horse 136 racing tracks in the state, and (2) marketing and 137 advertising programs above and beyond two hundred 138 fifty thousand dollars for the eligible licensed horse 139 racing tracks in the state: Provided, That moneys shall 140 be expended for capital improvements or marketing and 141 advertising purposes as described above only in accord 142 with a plan filed with and receiving the prior approval 143 of the racing commission, and on a basis of fifty percent 144 participation by the licensee and fifty percent partici-145 pation by moneys from fund, in the total cost of 146 approved projects: Provided, however, That funds 147 approved for one track may not be used at another track 148 unless the first track ceases to operate or is viewed by 149 the commission as unworthy of additional investment 150 due to financial or ethical reasons.
 - (d) Each pari-mutuel thoroughbred horse track shall provide at least the following restricted races in accordance with the following time schedules:
 - (i) July first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four—one restricted race per eight racing days;
- (ii) January first, one thousand nine hundred eightyfive, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five—one restricted race per seven racing days;

- (iii) January first, one thousand nine hundred eightysix, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six—one restricted race per six racing days;
- (iv) January first, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven—one restricted race per five racing days;
- (v) January first, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight—one restricted race per four racing days;
- 172 (vi) January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-173 nine, to December thirty-first, one thousand nine 174 hundred eighty-nine—one restricted race per three racing days; and thereafter. Restricted races shall be 175 176 funded by each racing association from moneys placed 177 in the general purse fund. The purses shall be twenty 178 percent larger than the purses for similar type races at 179 each track. The racing schedules, purse amounts and 180 types of races are subject to the approval of the West 181 Virginia racing commission.
- (e) No association or licensee qualifying for the alternate tax provision of subsection (b), section ten of this article shall be eligible for participation in any of the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 10

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2180—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk)

[Passed April 10, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

Title

- I. General provisions.
- II. Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expediture.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.
 - 1 Section 1. General policy.—The purpose of this bill
 - 2 is to appropriate money necessary for the economical
 - 3 and efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities
 - 4 of the state and its agencies during the fiscal year one
 - 5 thousand nine hundred ninety.
 - 1 Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:
 - 2 "Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of West Virginia.
 - 4 "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
 - 6 "Spending unit" shall mean the department, agency or institution to which an appropriation is made.
 - The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety"
 shall mean the period from July first, one thousand nine
 hundred eighty-nine, through June thirtieth, one
 thousand nine hundred ninety.
 - "From collections" shall mean that part of the total appropriation which must be collected by the spending
- unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount of collections is not collected, the total appropri-
- ation for the spending unit shall be reduced automat-
- ically by the amount of the deficiency in the collections.
- 18 If the amount collected exceeds the amount designated
- 19 "from collections," the excess shall be set aside in a
- 20 special surplus fund and may be expended for the
- 21 purpose of the spending unit as provided by article two,
- 22 chapter five-a of the code.
 - 1 Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An appropriation for:

 "Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary employees of the spending unit but shall not include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

From appropriations made to the spending units of state government, upon approval of the governor, there may be transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for personal services shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be transferred to "personal services" or other designated items only as required.

"Employee benefits" shall mean social security matching, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, pension and retirement contributions, public employees insurance matching or any other benefit normally paid by the employer as a direct cost of employment. Should the appropriation be insufficient to cover such costs, the remainder of such cost shall be paid by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized and required to make such payments.

"Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other than personal services and shall not include equipment, repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.

Each spending unit shall be responsible for all contributions, payments or other costs related to coverage and claims of its employees for unemployment compensation. Such expenditures shall be considered a current expense.

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Each spending unit shall be responsible for and charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the appropriate revolving fund monthly for all such amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered a current expense.

"Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess of one year.

"Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property which do not increase the capital assets.

"Buildings" shall include new construction and major alteration of existing structures and the improvement of lands and shall include shelter, support, storage, protection or the improvement of a natural condition.

"Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property or interest in real property.

"Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands or buildings and lands, with such category or item of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.

Appropriations classified in any of the above categories shall be expended only for the purposes as defined above and only for the spending units herein designated: Provided. That the secretary of each department shall have the authority to transfer within the department those funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department: Provided, however, That no more than twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated to any one agency or board may be transferred to other agencies or boards within the department: Provided, further. That no funds may be transferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of appropriations from the state road fund transferred to the office of the secretary of the department of transportation is not a use other than the

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80	purpose for which such funds were dedicated and is
81	permitted: And, provided, further, That if the Legisla-
82	ture by subsequent enactment consolidates agencies,
83	boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the
84	funds formerly appropriated to such agency, board or
85	function in order to implement such consideration

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications

- Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money appropriated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be appropriated and expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to any law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that article.
- Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or requirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropriations set out in this bill.

TITLE II-APPROPRIATIONS.

- §1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- §2. Appropriations of federal funds.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION	
Board of Risk and Insurance Management—Acct. No. 2250	. 60
Commission on Uniform State Laws—Acct. No. 2450	61
Department of Administration—Office of the Secretary—	
Acct. No. 2050	. 59
Division of Finance and Administration-Acct. No. 2100	
Division of Personnel of the Civil Service System and the	
Civil Service Commission—Acct. No. 5840	. 61
Education and State Employees Grievance Board-Acct. No. 6015	. 62
Ethics Commission—Acct. No. 6155	. 64
Public Employees Insurance Agency—Acct. No. 6150	. 68
Public Employees Retirement System-Acct. No. 6140	. 63
Public Legal Services Council—Acct. No. 5900	. 62
Teachers' Retirement System—Acct. No. 2980	. 61
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES	
Air Pollution Control Commission—Acct. No. 4760	. 67
Blennerhassett Historical Park Commission—Acct. No. 5660	. 69
DIVING HUMBERT COLORS CO.	

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	Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources— Office of the Secretary—Acct. No. 1205	
	Division of Commerce—Acct. No. 4625	
	Division of Energy—Acct. No. 4775	
	Division of Forestry—Acct. No. 5160	67
	Division of Labor—Acet. No. 4500	. 65
	Division of Natural Resources—Acct. No. 5650	
	Geological and Economic Survey-Acct. No. 5200	
	Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin-Acct. No. 4730	. 66
	Office of Community and Industrial Development-Acct. No. 1210	. 64
	Office of Community and Industrial Development—	
	Emergency Employment, Training and Education-Acct. No. 1220	. 64
	Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission—Acct. No. 4740	. 66
	Resource Recovery—Solid Waste Disposal Authority—Acct. No. 4020	. 65
	Water Development Authority—Acct. No. 5670	. 69
	Water Resources Board—Acct. No. 5640	. 68
ī	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
-	State Board of Education—Vocational Division—Acct. No. 2890	70
	State Board of Rehabilitation-	
	Division of Rehabilitation Services—Acct. No. 4405	72
	State Department of Education-Acct. No. 2860	69
	State Department of Education—	
	Aid for Exceptional Children—Acct. No. 2960	71
	State Department of Education—	
	School Lunch Program—Acct. No. 2870	70
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§ 8	** *
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Joh Offic Jus	Office of Community and Industrial Development— 107 Job Partnership Training Act—Acct. No. 8030 107 Office of Community and Industrial Development— Justice Assistance—Acct. No. 8032 107 State Department of Education—Education Grant—Acct. No. 8242 108				
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Gove	sion of Finance and Administration—Acct. No. 2100 109 rnor's Office—Debt Service—Acct. No. 1250 109 Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency—Acct. No. 6150 110				
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§14.	Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.				
§15 .	Sinking fund deficiencies.				
§16.	Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.				
§17.	Appropriations for local governments.				
§18.	Total appropriations.				
§19.	General school fund.				

- Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.—From the state fund, general revenue, there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter fivea of the code, the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety.
- Sec. 2. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety.

LEGISLATIVE

1—Senate

	General
Federal	Revenue
Funds	Fund
Fiscal	Fiscal
Year	Year
1989-90	1989-90

2	Compensation and Per		
3	Diem of Officers and		
4	Employees		1,044,759
5	Expenses of Members	_	215,000
6	Repairs and Alterations	_	30,000
7	Current Expenses and		
8	Contingent Fund	_	510,000
9	Computer Supplies	_	15,000
10	Computer Systems	_	85,000
11	Printing Blue Book	_	190,000
12	Total	\$ —	\$ 2,366,759

The appropriations for the senate for the fiscal year 1988-89 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1990. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1989-90 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the senate and not included in the appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the conduct of the business and after adjournment of any regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary operation of the senate offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ

such staff personnel between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legisla-ture, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor for the payment of all such staff personnel for such services, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

For duties imposed by law and the senate, the clerk of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in the senate resolution adopted February 1989 and payable out of the amount appropriated for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees.

The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five copies for each member of the Legislature and two copies for each classified and approved high and junior high school and one for each elementary school within the state.

2—House of Delegates

Acct. No. 1020

75,938
30,750
24,780
32,098
3

The appropriations for the house of delegates for the fiscal year 1988-89 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1990. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to the 1989-90 accounts.

Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between

items of that total appropriation in order to protect orincrease the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker, is authorized to draw his requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates' offices, the requisitions for the same to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to personnel designated in the house resolution, and the compensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, during and between sessions of the legislature, notwith-standing such house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such services, payable out of the appropriation for the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in the house resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, and payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

3—Joint Expenses

Acct. No. 1030

(WV Code Chapter 4)

1	Joint Committee on				
2	Government and Finance	3		\$	4,454,223
3	Legislative Printing				790,000
4	Legislative Rule-Making				
5	Review Committee		_		126,500
6	National Conference of				
7	State Legislatures		_		-0-
8	Education Commission				
9	of the States				-0-
10	National Association of				
11	State Auditors,				
12	Comptrollers				
13	and Treasurers		_		-0-
14	Governmental Accounting				
15	Standards Board		_		—0—
16	Council of State				
17	Governments				0_
18	Total \$	}		\$	5,370,723
19	The appropriation for Joint	Expe	nses	for	the fiscal
20	year 1988-89 is to remain in	full fo	rce a	nd e	effect and
21	is hereby reappropriated to Jun	ne 30,	1990.	Any	balances
22	so reappropriated may be transferred and credited to				
23	the 1989-90 accounts.				
24	Upon written request of the	clerk	of the	e ser	nate, with
25	the approval of the president of	the se	enate,	and	the clerk
26	of the house of delegates, with				
27	of the house of delegates, and	a cop	y to t	he l	egislative
28	auditor, the auditor shall tra	ansfer	amo	unts	between
29	items of the total appropriation	on in o	order	to	protect or
30	increase the efficiency of the se	rvice.			

JUDICIAL

4—Supreme Court—General Judicial

	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 19,074,003
2	Annual Increment	. —	160,000

54	Appropriations			[Ch. 10
3 4	Other Expenses			2,850,000
5 6 7	Judges' Retirement System Other Court Costs Judicial Training	_		1,174,400 2,200,000
8 9 10	Program			250,000 400,000 1,420,000
11 12 13	Public Employees Retirement Matching Public Employees			1,650,000
14 15 16	Health Insurance Board of Risk and	_		1,520,000
17	Insurance Management \$		\$:	30,698,403
18 19 20 21 22	Any unexpended balances remain ation at the close of the fiscal year reappropriated for expenditure du 1989-90. Any balances so reap transferred and credited to the 1989	r 1988- uring t propri 9-90 ac	89 a the f ated coun	re hereby iscal year leave be ts.
23 24 25 26 27	The appropriation shall be a administrative director of the supr who shall draw his requisitions for in the form of payrolls, making dec required by law for taxes and other	eme co warra luction	urt o nts in s the	of appeals, n payment
28 29 30 31 32	The appropriation for Judges' F to be transferred to the judges' accordance with the law relating t tion of the administrative director of appeals.	retire: thereto	ment , upo	fund, in on requisi-
	EXECUTIVE			
	5—Governor's Office	!		
	(WV Code Chapter 5)		
	Acet. No. 1200			
1 2	Salary of Governor \$ Unclassified \$ Total \$		\$ 	$72,000 \\ 1,280,696 \\ \hline 1,352,696$
3	Total\$		φ	1,002,000

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6—Governor's Office—Custodial Fund (WV Code Chapter 5) Acct. No. 1230 Unclassified-Total \$ \$ 339,739 To be used for current general expenses, including compensation of employees, household maintenance, cost of official functions and additional household expenses occasioned by such official functions. 7—Governor's Office— Civil Contingent Fund (WV Code Chapter 5) Acct. No. 1240 Humanities Foundation Grants..... \$ 200,000 Unclassified - \$ 712,500 Total \$ 912.500 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation (account no. 1240-06) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90. From this appropriation there may be expended, at the discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed \$1,000 as West Virginia's contribution to the Interstate Oil Compact Commission. 8—Governor's Office— Debt Service (WV Code Chapter 5) Acct. No. 1250 Pneumoconiosis Fund (Debt Service) \$ Loan Fund—(Debt Service) . . Total \$

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Acct. No. 1500

9-Auditor's Office-General Administration

Salary of Auditor \$ 1 46,800

56	Appropriations		[Ch. 10
2 3 4 5 6	Other Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$	\$	1,461,929 28,440 406,112 584,175 2,527,456
	10—Treasurer's Office		
	(WV Code Chapter 12)	٠.	
	Acct. No. 1600		
1 2 3 4 5	Salary of Treasurer \$ — Other Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Total \$ —	\$	50,400 496,510 7,128 144,465 202,130 900,633
U	11—Treasurer's Office— School Building Sinking Fund	φ	300,033
	(WV Code Chapter 12)		
•	Acct. No. 1650		
1	Total \$ -	\$:	13,346,500
2 3 4 5 6	Any unexpended balance remaining in ation for Treasurer's Office—School Bui Fund (account no. 1650-06) at the close of 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for during the fiscal year 1989-90.	ldin the	g Sinking fiscal year
	12—Attorney General		
	(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46 and 47	7)	
	Acct. No. 2400		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Salary of Attorney \$ — General	\$	50,400 1,831,360 15,480 423,351 360,000 417,603 3,098,194

····	10j HITKOTKIATIONS		0.
9 10 11 12 13	Any unexpended balance remaining in ation for Publication of Reports and Opno. 2400-05) at the close of the fiscal yhereby reappropriated for expenditure dayear 1989-90.	inioi ear	ns (account 1988-89 is
14 15 16 17	When legal counsel or secretarial help in the attorney general for any state spen- account shall be reimbursed from such riated account.	ding	unit, this
	13—Secretary of State		
	(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)		
	Acct. No. 2500		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Salary of Secretary \$ — Other Personal Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified — Special Election — Total \$ — 14—State Elections Commission (WV Code Chapter 3)	\$	43,200 441,526 4,248 140,552 149,828 1,184,994 1,964,348
	Acet. No. 2600		
1	Unclassified—Total \$	\$	11,400
	15—Department of Agriculture		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Acct. No. 5100		
1 2 3	Salary of Commissioner\$ Other Personal	\$	46,800
4 5 6	Services — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits		2,045,456 46,476 597,519
7	Unclassified 1,699,588	_	669,032

Total \$ 1,699,588 \$ 3,405,283

9 Out of the above general revenue funds a sum mediation be used to match federal funds for the eradication at control of pest and plant disease. 16—Farm Management Commission (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5110 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 592,9 2 Annual Increment - 16,8 3 Employee Benefits - 195,9 4 Unclassified - 901,3 5 Total \$ - \$ 1,707,1 17—Department of Agriculture— Soil Conservation Committee (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5120 1 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment - 4,4 3 Employee Benefits - 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance - 1,259,5 5 and Emergency Repairs - 1,259,5 6 Unclassified - 88,5 7 Total \$ - \$ 1,740,7	
(WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5110 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 592,9 2 Annual Increment - 16,8 3 Employee Benefits - 195,9 4 Unclassified - 901,3 5 Total \$ - \$ 1,707,1 17—Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5120 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment - 4,4 3 Employee Benefits - 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance - 1,259,9 5 and Emergency Repairs - 1,259,9 6 Unclassified - 88,5	
(WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5110 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 592,9 2 Annual Increment - 16,8 3 Employee Benefits - 195,9 4 Unclassified - 901,3 5 Total \$ - \$ 1,707,1 17—Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5120 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment - 4,4 3 Employee Benefits - 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance - 1,259,9 5 and Emergency Repairs - 1,259,9 6 Unclassified - 88,5	
Acct. No. 5110 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 592,9 2 Annual Increment 16,8 3 Employee Benefits 195,9 4 Unclassified \$ - \$ 1,707,1	
2 Annual Increment — 16,8 3 Employee Benefits — 195,9 4 Unclassified — 901,3 5 Total \$ — \$ 1,707,1 17—Department of Agriculture—Soil Conservation Committee (WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5120 1 Personal Services \$ — \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment — 4,4 3 Employee Benefits — 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance — 1,259,8 5 and Emergency Repairs — 1,259,8 6 Unclassified — 88,8	
(WV Code Chapter 19) Acct. No. 5120 1 Personal Services	48 54 73
Acct. No. 5120 1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment - 4,4 3 Employee Benefits - 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance - 1,259,5 5 and Emergency Repairs - 88,5 6 Unclassified - 88,5	
1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 304,7 2 Annual Increment - 4,4 3 Employee Benefits - 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance 5 and Emergency Repairs - 1,259,3 6 Unclassified - 88,3	
2 Annual Increment — 4,4 3 Employee Benefits — 83,2 4 Construction, Maintenance 5 and Emergency Repairs — 1,259,5 6 Unclassified — 88,5	
18—Department of Agriculture—	00 888 19 893
Division of Rural Resources (Matching Fund)	
(WV Code Chapter 19)	
Acct. No. 5130	
1 Personal Services \$ - \$ 449,\$ 2 Annual Increment - 11,\$ 3 Employee Benefits - 147,\$ 4 Unclassified - 226,\$	952 511

19—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

	Acct. No. 5140		
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 604,118 Total \$ 604,118	_	249,600 7,055 45,940 80,042 382,637
	•		
6 7 8 9	Any part or all of this appropriation fr revenue may be transferred to a specia for the purpose of matching federal fund- named program.	l rev	enue fund
	20—Department of Agriculture— Agricultural Awards		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Acet. No. 5150		
1 2	Agricultural Awards\$ — Fairs and Festivals	\$	66,500 186,627
3	Total \$ -	\$	253,127
	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRA	TIO	N
	21—Department of Administration Office of the Secretary	_	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)		
	Acet. No. 2050		
1	Unclassified—Total \$ -	\$	187,500
	22—Division of Finance and Administration		
	(WV Code Chapter 5A)		
	Acet. No. 2100		
1 2	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment	\$	1,923,766 40,000

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n	ŧ

3	Employee Benefits		576,986
4	Unclassified	2,410,451	1,728,713
5	Fire Service Fee	_	39,000
6	National Governors'		
7	Association	_	57,400
8	Southern States		
9	Energy Board	_	23,938
10	Total	\$ 2,410,451	\$ 4,389,803
11 12 13 14 15 16	Any unexpended balance ration (1) Retrofit Elevator in and (2) Retrofit Other Elevat (account no. 2100-28) at the c 89 is hereby reappropriated fiscal year 1989-90.	Attorney Ger fors in the Ca lose of the fis	neral's Section pitol Building cal year 1988-
17 18 19 20 21	There is hereby establish postage meter service requirements operating from the gespecial revenue funds or respostage from the federal government.	irements for eneral revent ceiving reiml	all spending ue fund, from
22 23 24	Each spending unit shall postage meter service and sh fund monthly for all such am	all reimburse	
25 26 27	The division of highways s 8148-42 for all actual expens provisions of section thirte	es incurred p	ursuant to the

23—Board of Risk and Insurance Management

28 seventeen of the code.

(WV Code Chapter 29)

1 2 3	Personal Services Employee Benefits Unclassified		<u>-</u>	\$ 	12,000 —0— 4,169,291
4	Total	\$	_	\$	4,181,291
5 6 7	The Unclassified item of cludes funding for the purpos insurance losses, loss adjustance	e of pay	ing pr	em	iums, self-

8 9 10 11 12 13	prevention engineering fees for property, casualty and fidelity insurance for the various state agencies, except those operating from special revenue funds, with such special revenue fund agencies to be billed by the state board of insurance and with such costs to be a proper charge against such spending units.					
14 15 16 17 18	These funds may be transferred to a special account for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees and may be transferred to a special account for disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance losses.					
	24—Commission on Uniform State Laws					
	(WV Code Chapter 29)					
	Acet. No. 2450					
1	Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ 15,000					
2 3	To pay expenses of members of the commission on uniform state laws.					
	25—Teachers' Retirement System					
	(WV Code Chapter 18)					
	Acet. No. 2980					
1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 11,849,969					
	26—Division of Personnel of the Civil Service System and the Civil Service Commission					
	(WV Code Chapter 29)					
	Acct. No. 5840					
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ - \$ 780,718 Annual Increment - 15,012 Employee Benefits - 224,895 Unclassified - 166,676					
5	Total \$ - \$ 1,187,301					

6 The director shall maintain accurate records reflect-7 ing the cost of administering the provisions of this 8 appropriation. At the close of each quarter-year period, 9 the director shall summarize the cost and shall bill each department, commission, board or agency which re-10 ceives support from any funds other than the general 11 12 revenue fund for a prorata share of the administrative cost based on the relationship between the quarterly 13 average number of employees in the service of such 14 department, commission, board or agency and the 15 quarterly average number of employees in the service 16 of all the departments, commissions, boards and 17 agencies of the state for the appropriate calendar 18 19 quarter.

This reimbursement is to be deposited in the general revenue fund.

27—Public Legal Services Council

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5900

. 1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	234,585
2	Annual Increment				2,556
3	Employee Benefits		_		54,130
4	Unclassified				6,170,267
5	Total	\$	_	\$	6,461,538
6	Any unexpended balances	rema	aining in	the	appropri-
7	ations for Appointed Counsel	Fee	s (accour	nt ne	o. 5900-11)
8	and Unclassified (account no.	590	0-18) at t	he o	close of the
9	fiscal year 1988-89 are he	reby	y reapp	rop	

28—Education and State Employees Grievance Board

(WV Code Chapter 18)

1	Personal Services	\$ -	_	\$ 337,417
	Annual Increment		_	2,196
3	Employee Benefits	-	_	73,902

Ch. 1	[10] Appropriations 63
4	Unclassified 128,990
5	Total \$ — \$ 542,505
	29—Public Employees Retirement System (WV Code Chapter 5)
	Acct. No. 6140
1 2	Supplemental Benefits for Annuitants—Total \$ - \$ 2,030,000
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, workers' compensation commissioner, public service commission and other departments or divisions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the retirement costs for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, such payments may be made from the balances in the various special revenue funds in excess of specific appropriations.
	30—Public Employees Insurance Agency
	(WV Code Chapter 5)
	Acet. No. 6150
1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ -0-
2 3 4	The above appropriation and any special revenue received are intended to cover employers' contribution as defined in article sixteen, chapter five of the code.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, workers' compensation commissioner, public service commission and other departments or divisions operating from special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the public employees health insurance cost for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, such payments may be made from the balances in the various special revenue funds in excess of specific appropriations.

64 Appropria

[Ch. 10

31—Ethics Commission

(WV Code Chapter 6B)

Acct. No. 6155

1 Unclassified—Total \$ -- \$ 400,000

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

32—Department of Commerce, Labor and Environmental Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 1205

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 187,500

33—Office of Community and Industrial Development

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 1210

1	Personal Services \$ -	\$	1,954,784
2	Annual Increment	•	23,565
3	Employee Benefits —		435,192
4	Unclassified 12,774,444		3,165,107
5	Total \$12,774,444	\$	5,578,648
1	Any unexpended balances remaining in	the	appropri-
2	ations for Partnership Grants (account no		
3	Flood (account no. 1210-19) at the close of	the	fiscal year
4	1988-89 are hereby reappropriated for	e e s	cpenditure
5	during the fiscal year 1989-90.		

34—Office of Community and Industrial Development—Emergency Employment, Training and Education

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 1220

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Emergency Jobs Program—Public Service

- Jobs (account no. 1220-05) at the close of the fiscal year 3
- 4 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
- 5 during the fiscal year 1989-90.

35—Resource Recovery— Solid Waste Disposal Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4020

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 71,124
2	Annual Increment	_	1,008
3	Employee Benefits	_	16,955
4	Unclassified	 	 26,449
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 115,536

36—Division of Labor

(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)

Acct. No. 4500

1	Personal Services\$	_	\$ 845,028
2	Annual Increment	_	10,008
3	Employee Benefits	_	282,235
4	^	298,836	158,857
5	Total \$	298.836	\$ 1.296.128

37—Division of Commerce

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Acct. No. 4625

1	Personal Services	\$	\$ 6,773,716
2	Annual Increment	_	201,404
3	Employee Benefits	_	2,366,094
4	Unclassified	400,000	 -0-
5	Total	\$ 400,000	\$ 9,341,214

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-6 ations for Cacapon State Park (account no. 4625-65) and 7 Capital Outlay (account no. 4625-10) at the close of the 8 fiscal year 1988-89 are hereby reappropriated for 9

10

expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

Any revenue derived from mineral extraction at any 11

12 13 14 15	state park shall be deposited in a sp account of the division of commerce, first payment purposes and with any remain park operation and improvement purposes	for b	ond debt
16 17 18	The Blennerhassett Historical State number 5660, funding is now included it 4, and 5.		
	38—Board of Coal Mine Health and Safety		
	(WV Code Chapter 22)		
	Acet. No. 4720		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services\$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified	\$	45,992 288 8,460 8,595
5	Total \$ —	\$	63,335
	39—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin (WV Code Chapter 29) Acct. No. 4730		
1 2 3 4 5 6	West Virginia's Contribution to the Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin— Total\$ 40—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission	\$	25,620
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 4740		
1 2 3 4 5	West Virginia's Contribution to the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission—	æ	0° 505
6	Total \$ —	\$	85,725

41—Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee

(WV Code Chapter 22)

(W V Code Chapter 22)							
	Acct. No. 4750						
1 2 3	Personal Services	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	7,680 1,312 63,307			
4	Total	\$ —	\$	72,299			
	42—Air Pollu Control Commi						
	(WV Code Chapt	ter 16)					
	Acct. No. 47	60					
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services	1,242,4		571,709 6,684 156,519 196,090 931,002			
Э			19 ф	901,002			
	43—Division of I						
	(WV Code Chap	ter 22)					
	Acct. No. 47	75					
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services	\$ 97,573,9 \$97,573,9		4,458,780 78,000 1,192,714 1,112,477 6,841,971			
	44—Division of F	orestry					
	(WV Code Chap	ter 19)					
	Acct. No.	. 5160					
1 2 3 4	Personal Services	\$	- \$ - - 510	1,993,795 42,768 363,933 526,759			

320,610

2,927,255

7

8

Out of the above general revenue

Out of the above general revenue funds, a sum may be used to match federal funds for cooperative studies or other funds for similar purposes.

45—Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 5200

1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ - \$ 1,186,339 Annual Increment - 19,404 Employee Benefits - 316,589 Unclassified 627,000 163,559
5	Total\$ 627,000 \$ 1,685,891
6 7 8 9	The Unclassified appropriation includes funding to secure federal and other contracts and may be transferred to a special revenue account for the purpose of providing advance funding for such contracts.
10 11 12 13 14	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation To Secure Federal and Other Contracts (account no. 5200-07) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

46-Water Resources Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 5640

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 62,012
2	Annual Increment	_	792
3	Employee Benefits	_	13,023
4	Unclassified	_	49,039
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 124,866

47—Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 2,834,016
2	Annual Increment	_	67,968
3		-	799,276
4	Black Fly Control		
5	Spraying Project	-	230,000

Ch. I	[0] Appropriations		69
6	Unclassified		777,788
7	Total	\$	
	$48-Blennerhassett\ Historical\ Park\ Commission$		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Acct. No. 5660		
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified —	\$	-0- -0- -0- -0-
5	Total\$ —	\$	-0-
6 7 8 9 10	Any unexpended balances remaining in ations for Blennerhassett Island (accoun and in the item in this account designate at the close of the fiscal year 1988-reappropriated for expenditure during t 1989-90.	t no d U: 89	n. 5660-07) nclassified is hereby
	49—Water Development Authority		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Acet. No. 5670		
1	Unclassified—Total \$18,919,200	\$	-0-
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Any unexpended balances remaining in ations for Phase III Hardship Grants (account no. 5670-08), Hardship Grants (account no. 5670-17) Outlay-Sewer (account no. 5670-20) at the fiscal year 1988-89 are hereby reappexpenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90	oun 10), an ne c rop	t no. 5670- Loan and d Capital lose of the
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIO	N	
	50—State Department of Education	\imath	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2860		
1	Personal Services \$ —	\$	2,654,931

70	Appropriations	[Ch. 10
2 3 4 5 6	Annual Increment	42,781 923,538 7,531,400
7	Juveniles	1,213,042
8	Total \$ 3,163,800	\$ 12,365,692
9 10	The above appropriation includes the seducation and their executive office.	state board of
	51—State Department of Education- School Lunch Program	_
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Acct. No. 2870	
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 51,029,681	\$ 156,684 3,708 59,954 1,722,724
5	Total \$51,029,681	\$ 1,943,070
	52—State Board of Education— Vocational Division	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Acct. No. 2890	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 10,344,779 Albert Yanni — Vocational Program — Total \$10,344,779	\$ 665,100 10,000 183,738 11,776,876 325,000 \$ 12,960,714
	53—State Department of Education- State Aid to Schools	_
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
	Acct. No. 2950	
1 2	Unclassified \$ — Professional Educators	\$ —0— 481,692,211

3	Salary Equity —		11,274,055
4	Service Personnel —	1	74,086,119
5	Fixed Charges —	2	40,400,000
6	Transportation —		23,734,641
7	Administration —		6,179,454
8	Other Current Expenses —		83,796,821
9	Improve Instructional		
10	Programs —		45,952,893
11	Rural Loss Assistance —		305,976
12	Basic Foundation		
13	Allowances —		67,422,170
14	Less Local Share —		43,314,077)
15	Total Basic State Aid —	9	24,108,093
16	Increased Enrollment —		400,000
17	Incentive for Administration		9,876
18	Total \$ -	\$9	24,517,969
	54—State Department of Education- Aid for Exceptional Children	-	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 2960		
1	Unclassified—Total \$24,133,000	\$	-0-
	55—West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind		
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 3330		
1	Personal Services \$ -	\$	3,914,782
2	Annual Increment	•	5,040
3	Employee Benefits		940,167
4	Unclassified		1,304,807
5	Total \$	\$	6,164,796
	56—State FFA-FHA Camp and Conference	e C	enter
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Acct. No. 3360		
1 2 3	Personal Services	\$	131,996 2,989 24,727

72	Appropriations		[Ch. 10	
4	Unclassified —		68,175	
5	Total \$ —	\$	227,887	
	57—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services			
	(WV Code Chapter 18)			
	Acct. No. 4405			
1	Personal Services \$ —	\$	4,413,458	
2	Annual Increment —	·	276,480	
3	Employee Benefits —		2,189,455	
4 5	Unclassified		3,851,979	
6	Rehabilitation Center	_	500,000	
7	Total \$26,911,000	\$	11,231,372	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS 58—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary				
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)			
	Acet. No. 2755			
1 2 3 4	Underwood-Smith Scholarship Program \$ — Market Pay Adjustment — Unclassified \$ —	\$	400,000 225,000 187,500	
5	Total	\$	812,500	
	59—Board of Directors of State College System			
	Control Account			
	(WV Code Chapter 18B)			
	Acct. No. 2785			
		æ	66,694,541	
1	Unclassified—Total	φ	00,034,341	
	(WV Code Chapter 18)			
	Acct. No. 2790			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	\$	0	

\$123,201,844

61—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

(Board of Regents)

Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2795

1 Unclassified—Total.....

62—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia Board of Directors of the State College System

(Board of Regents)

Consolidated Staff Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2800

1	Personal Services	e	_	\$	0_
1		Ф	_	Ф	_0
2	Annual Increment		-		0-
3	Employee Benefits				-0-
4	Unclassified				-0-
5	Unclassified (Central Office)		_		1,204,682
6	Higher Education Grant				
7	Program				3,595,000
8	Contract Tuition Program		_		681,000
9	Eminent Scholars Program		_		150,000
10	Total	\$		\$	5,630,682
11	Any unexpended balance i	emaini	ng in	the	appropri-
12	ation for Asbestos Litigation		-		
	_	•			,
13	close of the fiscal year 1988-8	9 is he	reby r	eapp	propriated
14	for expenditure during the fis	scal yea	r 1989	90.	ı
	01 1 10				

63—School of Osteopathic Medicine

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 2810

1 Unclassified—Total \$ — \$ —0—

64-Marshall University-Medical School

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 2840

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ -0-

65—West Virginia University— Schools of Health Sciences

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 2850

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ -0-

May be transferred to West Virginia University—
medical school fund upon requisition of the governor.

66—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia

(Board of Regents)

Medical Schools and Health Science Center Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 2855

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 46,977,475

67—Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Acct. No. 2910

_	Personal Services	\$		\$	84,867 648
2	Annual Increment				649,948
3	Employee Benefits		_		,
4	Unclassified		1,423,800		4,886,010
5	Total	\$	1,423,800	\$	5,621,473
6	The Unclassified appropri	ati	ion include	es fi	unding for
7	the construction and operat	io	n of regio	nal	ETV and
8	radio stations. These funds m	ау	be transfe	rrec	d to special
9	revenue accounts for matchin	ng	college, u	nive	ersity, city,

10 county, federal and/or other generated revenue.

68-Library Commission

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Acct. No. 3500					
1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	944,951
2	Annual Increment	·	_	·	22,536
3	Employee Benefits		_		257,861
4	Unclassified		1,137,593		6,570,574
5	Total	\$	1,137,593	\$	7,795,922
	69—Division of Cultur	re a	nd History	,	
	(WV Code Char	otei	29)		
	Acct. No. 3		-		
1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	1,107,990
2	Annual Increment				13,806
3	Project 2021		_		325,000
4	Employee Benefits		_		379,177
5	Unclassified		1,946,250		2,452,003
6	Total	\$	1,946,250	\$	4,277,976
7	The Unclassified appropri	atio	on include	s fu	unding for
7 8	the Arts Fund, Departme	nt	Programi	mir	g Funds,
9	Grants, Fairs and Festivals	s a	nd Washi	ngt	on Carver
10	Camp and shall be expended	on	ly upon au	tho	rization of
11	the division of culture and	his	tory and i	n a	accordance
12	with the provisions of chapt	er :	five-a and	art	icle three,
13	chapter twelve of the code.				
14 15 16 17 18 19	All federal moneys received division of culture and hist from the general revenue further the purposes as originally services, current expenses an	ory nd her ma	for mon- for the A eby reapp ide, include	eys rts rop	expended Fund and oriated for

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

70-Department of Health and Human Resources-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 3990

1 Unclassified-Total \$ 187,500

71—Division of Health— Central Office

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 4000

1 2 3 4 5 6	Personal Services	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$	5,130,530 25,000 100,000
7	Mortgage Finance			105,913
		_		•
8	Employee Benefits	_		1,648,770
9	Unclassified	_		4,511,924
10	Total	\$ —	\$	11,522,137
11	Any unexpended balances	remaining in	ı the	e appropri-
12	ations for Placement Program	ns for the De	evel	opmentally
13	Disabled (account no. 4000-1			
14	no. 4000-17) and Reimbursen			
15	Health and Mental Retards			
16	4201-18) at the close of th	e fiscal yea	r 1	988-89 are
17	hereby reappropriated for ex	penditure di	ırin	g the fiscal
18	year 1989-90.	•		-

72—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

1	Personal Services	\$		\$	787,169
2	Annual Increment		_		18,504
3	Employee Benefits				260,479
4	Unclassified		422,400	_	0
5	Total	\$	422,400	\$	1,066,152
6	Any unexpended balances	rer	naining in	the	appropri-
7	ations for Repairs and Altera	atic	ons (accour	ıt n	o. 4010-02)
8	and Equipment (account no.	4 0	10-03) at t	he o	close of the
9	fiscal year 1988-89 are he	ere	by reapp	rop	riated for
10	expenditure during the fiscal	ye	ar 1989-90		

73—Division of Veterans' Affairs

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

Acct. No. 4040

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 625,114
2	Annual Increment	_	13,104
3	Employee Benefits	_	206,958
	Unclassified		 92,029
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 937,205

74—Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Acct. No. 4050

1	Personal Services	e _	\$ 10,142,098
2	Annual Increment	Ψ <u> </u>	478,400
3	Employee Benefits		3,042,782
4	Medical Services		99,148,917
5	Unclassified	460,944,761	52,108,489
6	Total		\$164,920,686
7	Medical services line item	includes fund	ding for Title
8	XIX Waiver.		

75—Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

State Office Function			
Personal Services	\$ —	\$	114,222
Annual Increment			2,268
Employee Benefits	_		33,971
Unclassified	11,085,000		7,500
Area Agencies on Aging			
Administration	 -		706,032
Substate Ombudsman	_		262,908
Local Programs			
Service Delivery Costs	_		2,227,243
Attorney General	· —		14,000
Silver Haired Legislature			20,000
	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Area Agencies on Aging Administration Substate Ombudsman Local Programs Service Delivery Costs Attorney General	Personal Services \$ — Annual Increment — Employee Benefits — Unclassified 11,085,000 Area Agencies on Aging — Administration — Substate Ombudsman — Local Programs — Service Delivery Costs — Attorney General —	Personal Services \$ — \$ Annual Increment — — Employee Benefits — — Unclassified 11,085,000 — Area Agencies on Aging — — Administration — — Substate Ombudsman — — Local Programs — — Service Delivery Costs — — Attorney General — —

13	Golden Mountaineer	_	22,500
14	Total	\$11,085,000	\$ 3,410,644
15 16 17 18 19 20	Any unexpended balance reation for Senior Citizen Ce Construction Repairs and Alta 10) at the close of the fisca reappropriated for expenditure 1989-90.	emaining in nters—Land erations (acco l year 1988	the appropri- Acquisition, ount no. 4060- 89 is hereby
	76—Developmental Disabilitie	es Planning (Council
	Acct. No. 40	80	
1	Unclassified—Total	\$ 686.610	s —
-	77—Consolidated Medica	•	•
			nu
	Acct. No. 41	90	
1 2 3	Foster Grandparents Stipends/Travel Institutional Facilities	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 62,000
4	Operations	\$ —	\$ 47,068,946
5	Employee Benefits	·	15,034,308
6	Poision Control		
7	Hotline	_	250,000
8	ICF/MR Match	_	5,800,000
9	Special Olympics		28,000
10	State Aid to		a 5 00 000
11	Local Agencies		6,700,000
12	Maternal and Child		
13	Health Clinic,		
14	Clinicians & Medical		2,600,000
15	Contracts and Fees	_	850,000
16	Continuum of Care	_	890,000
17	Primary Care		
18	Contracts to Community	_	2,705,000
19	Health Centers	_	250,000
20 21	Epidemiology Research Grants to Counties	_	200,000
22	and EMS Entities		1,725,000
23	Behavioral Health		1,120,000
24	Program	_	28,027,000
25	Unclassified	24,182,962	-0-
26	Total		\$111,100,254

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Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Placement Programs for the Developmentally Disabled (account no. 4190-16) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

The director of health, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the above appropriation. He shall also, within fifteen days after the close of the six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized report of expenditures made during the preceding six-month period.

- 42 Includes funds for state match ICF-MR Group Homes.
- Additional funds have been appropriated in account no. 8500 for operation of the medical facilities.
- No funds from this account, or any other health department account shall be used to pay for the Court Monitor salaries or expenses.

78—Human Rights Commission

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Acct. No. 5980

1	Personal Services \$		\$ 378,376
2	Annual Increment		6,389
3	Employee Benefits	_	111,023
4	Unclassified	102,190	181,219
5	Total\$	102,190	\$ 677,007

79—Women's Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$ 50,893
2	Annual Increment		432

80	Appropriation	ons			[Ch. 10
3 4 5	Employee Benefits Unclassified			<u> </u>	8,956 10,424 70,705
0	DEPARTMENT OF PU		IC SARE		10,100
	80—Department of Pu Office of the Sec	blic	Safety—		
	(WV Code Chap		•		
	Acct. No. 12	255			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	187,500
8	1—Office of Emergency Services Division of Emergen			y Co	uncil—
	(WV Code Chap	ter	15)		
	Acct. No. 13	300			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified Integrated Flood Observance Warning System—Equipment		 805,527 273,000	\$	203,214 5,868 57,722 11,172
8	Total	•		\$	277,976
	82—Board of Probation			;	
	(WV Code Char		62)		
	Acct. No. 30	650			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Salaries of Members of Board of Probation and Parole Other Personal Services Annual Increment Employee Benefits Unclassified		_ _ _ _	\$	81,000 54,152 1,188 28,930 21,123
8	Total	\$		\$	186,393

83—Division of Corrections— Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

Acct. No. 3680

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 380,869
	Annual Increment		_	6,408
3	Employee Benefits			99,765
	Unclassified		_	164,290
5	Total	<u>\$</u>		\$ 651.332

84—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 29 and 62)

Acct. No. 3770

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 12,125,856
2	Annual Increment	_	182,818
3	Employee Benefits	_	3,726,355
4	Unclassified	_	8,017,158
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 24,052,187

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Capital Outlay (account no. 3770-04) and Pruntytown Facility—Unclassified (account no. 3770-07) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

The commissioner of corrections, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the above appropriation. He shall also, within fifteen days after the close of each six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the legislative auditor an itemized report of expenditures made during the preceeding six-month period. Such report shall include the total of expenditures made for personal services, annual increment, current expenses (inmate medical expenses and other), repairs and alterations and equipment.

85—Division of Public Safety

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 5700

	Acct. 140. 5700					
1 2 3	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment Employee Benefits	-	\$	15,797,532 91,944 3,928,188		
4	Unclassified	372,025		7,080,230		
5	Total \$		\$	26,897,894		
	86—Adjutant General—	State Militie	\boldsymbol{a}			
	(WV Code Chapt	er 15)				
	Acct. No. 580	00				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services	2,952,101	\$	256,723 5,652 430,779 3,413,666		
5	Total\$		\$	4,106,820		
	87—Fire Comm	ission				
	(WV Code Chapt	er 29)				
	Acct. No. 617	70				
1 2 3 4	Personal Services		\$	544,552 11,196 165,242 155,350		
5	Total	-	\$	876,340		

DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

88—Department of Tax and Revenue Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 1680

Unclassified—Total \$ 187,500

$89-Municipal\ Bond\ Commission$

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Acct. No. 1700

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 74,570
2	Annual Increment	_	1,044
3	Employee Benefits	_	20,702
	Unclassified		18,697
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 115,013

90-Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

Acct. No. 1800

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 8,838,180
2	Annual Increment	_	145,000
3	Employee Benefits	_	2,472,404
	Unclassified		4,212,756
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 15,668,340

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Other Expenses (account no. 1800-07) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated

for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

91—Division of Professional and Occupational Licenses— State Athletic Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 4790

1 Unclassified—Total	\$	-	\$	5,225
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92—Office of Nonintoxicating Beer Commissioner

(WV Code Chapter 11)

1	Personal Services	\$ 	\$ 313,581
2	Annual Increment	_	4,250
3	Employee Benefits	_	79,439
4	Unclassified	_	86,773
5	Total	\$ _	\$ 484,043

93-Racing Commission

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 4950

1	Personal Services	\$		\$ 1,027,293
2	Annual Increment	·	_	8,000
3	Employee Benefits		_	256,517
	Unclassified		_	90,000
5	Total	\$		\$ 1,381,810

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

94—Department of Transportation— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Acct. No. 4825

Civil Air Patrol

1	Olvii Ali I au ol	φ		Ψ	00,000
2	Unclassified				187,500
3	Total	\$	_	\$	272,500
4	Any unexpended balance i	rem	aining in	the	appropri-
5	ation for Aeronautics Comm	niss	ion—Airp	ort	Matching
6	(account no. 1210-23) at the c	lose	of the fis	scal y	ear 1988-
7	89 is hereby reappropriated	for	expenditu	ıre d	uring the
R	fiscal year 1989-90		_		

95—Railroad Maintenance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 29)

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	424,258
2	Annual Increment	_		5,364
3	Unclassified	450,000		386,561
4	Total\$	450,000	\$	816,183
1 2	Total Title II, Section 1— General Revenue		\$ 1,74	10,210,436
3 4 5 6	Sec. 3. Appropriations from the funds designated there are conditionally upon the fulfillment forth in article two, chapter	e hereby ent of the	app prov	ropriated visions set

- following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during 8 the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety.
- 9 Sec. 4. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accor-10 dance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from 11 federal funds there are hereby appropriated condition-12 ally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following 13
- amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal 14

15 year one thousand nine hundred ninety.

EXECUTIVE

96—Treasurer's Office— Abandoned and Unclaimed Property

(WV Code Chapters 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8000

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		F F	deral unds iscal 'ear 89-90	Other Funds Fiscal Year 1989-90
1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$ 122,259
2	Annual Increment		_	468
3	Employee Benefits			21,525
4	Unclassified			 34,238
5	Total	\$		\$ 178,490

97-Auditor's Office-Land Department Operating Fund

(WV Code Chapters 11A, 12 and 36)

Acct. No. 8120

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

- 1 Unclassified—Total \$ 11,400
- The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 2 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections 3 as provided by law.

98—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8180

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	209,201
2	Employee Benefits	_	•	37,614
3	Unclassified			487,663
4	Total $\$$	_	\$	734,478
5	The total amount of this app	propriation	shall	be paid
6	from a special revenue fund or	ut of collect	ions 1	nade by
7	the department of agriculture a			

99—General John McCausland Memorial Farm

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Acct. No. 8194

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 75,92
2	Funds for the above appropriation shall be expended in accordance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen
-	of the code.

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

100—Division of Finance and Administration— Revolving Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8140

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	700,509
2	Annual Increment	•	_		15,768
3	Employee Benefits				138,743
4	Unclassified				633,560
5	Total	\$		\$	1,488,580
6	The total amount of this a	ppi	ropriation	sha	ill be paid
7	from a special revenue fund	as]	provided b	уа	rticle two,

8 chapter five-a of the code.

- The above appropriation includes salaries and operat-9 10 ing expenses.
- 11 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in
- addition to the above appropriation, the necessary 12
- 13 amount for the purchase of supplies for resale.

101—Division of Finance and Administration— Information System Services Division Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Acct. No. 8151

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 2,969,343
2	Annual Increment		49,644
3	Employee Benefits	_	528,323
4	Unclassified		 968,840
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 4,516,150

- 6 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid 7 from a special revenue fund out of collections made by the division of finance and administration as provided 8
- 9 by law.
- 10 There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in
- 11 addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the procurement of data processing equip-12
- ment, telecommunications expenses and supplies for
- 13
- 14 resale.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, LABOR AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

102—Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

Acct. No. 8300

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ -	\$ 4,356,331
	Annual Increment	_	93,960
3	Employee Benefits	_	1,306,922
4	Unclassified		2,303,769

5 6 7	Land Purchase and 756,800 859,650 Total \$ 756,800 \$ 8,920,632
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Land Purchase and Buildings (account no. 8300-09) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90. Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Land Purchase and Building (account no. 8300-09) and Land Purchase and Building (account no. 8300-23) is reflected in the approved FY-88 Expenditure Schedule and the June 1989 Financial Statement of the Division of Natural Resources and available for capital improvement and land purchase purposes is hereby reappropriated for expenditure in the Fiscal Year 1989-90, all in accordance with Section Thirty-Four, Article Two, Chapter Twenty of the Code.
22 23 24 25 26	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the division of natural resources. Expenditures shall be limited to the amounts appropriated except for federal funds received and special funds collected.

103—Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 31A)

Acct. No. 8395

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ —	\$ 722,737
2	Annual Increment	-	5,580
3	Employee Benefits	_	127,350
4	Unclassified		 435,969
5	Total	\$ —	\$ 1,291,636

104—Geological and Economic Survey

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Acct. No. 8589

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 Unclassified—Total \$ - \$ 142,629

2	The above appropriation shall be used in accordance
3	with section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the
4	code.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

105—State Department of Education— Veterans' Education

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 7979

TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS

1	Unclassified—Total \$ 101,336 \$ —
2 3	Expenditures from this appropriation shall not exceed the amount to be reimbursed by the federal government.
4 5 6 7 8	Federal funds in excess of the amounts hereby appropriated may be made available by budget amendment upon request of the state supreintendent of schools and the approval of the governor for any emergency which might arise in the operation of this division during the fiscal year.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

106—Board of Regents— Special Capital Improvement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8830

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Debt Service—Total......\$ — \$ 476,000 The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created in section four, article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code.

107—Board of Regents—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8835

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 2	Debt Service	\$	_	\$	6,130,000
3	Capital Building Repairs & Alterations		_		4,500,000
4	(Supplements Operating			•	
5 6	Budgets of Colleges				
7	and Universities) Miscellaneous Projects				1,300,000
1	Wiscenaneous Projects			_	1,300,000
8	Total	\$	_	\$	11,930,000
9 10 11	Any unexpended balances and 1988-89 appropriations for expenditure during the fis	are her	eby re	eap	propriated
12 13 14 15 16	The total amount of this a from the special capital imp section four, article twenty-fo code. Projects are to be paid available from date of passag	oroveme our, cha on a ca	nt fur pter e	nd igh	created by teen of the

108—Board of Regents— State System Registration Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8845

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Capital Outlay\$	_	\$ -0-
2	Marshall University		
3	Science Building		
4	Renovation	_	2,000,000
5	Fairmont State College		
6	Academic Building	_	6,500,000
7	West Virginia		
8	University Facilities		
9	Renovation	_	6,500,000
10	West Virginia	·	
11	Institute of Technology		
12	Science Hall		
13	Renovation	_	2,000,000

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of passage.

14	West Virginia		
15	Northern Community		
16	College Building		
17	Renovation	_	1,000,000
18	Bluefield State		_,,,,,,,,,
19	College Dickason		
20	Hall Renovation		500,000
21	West Liberty		
22	State College Shaw		
23	Hall Renovation	_	500,000
24	Concord College		,
25	Administation Building/		,
26	Science Hall		
27	Renovation	_	700,000
28	West Virginia		
29	School of Osteopathic		
30	Medicine Building		
31	Renovation	·	2,500,000
32	West Virginia		, ,
33	State College		
34	Fleming Hall		
35	Renovation	_	500,000
36	State-Wide Computer		
37	System Upgrade	_	2,300,000
38	Total\$		\$ 25,000,000
39	The total amount of this app	propriation :	shall be paid
40	from the proceeds of revenue h		
41	section four, article twenty four		
42	code. Projects are to be made	·	_

Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years' and the 1988-89 appropriations are hereby reappropriated and reauthorized for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

109—Board of Regents—
State System Tuition Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and
Bond Retirement Fund)
(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8855

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1 2	Debt Service \$ Building and	_	\$ 11,150,000
3	Campus Renewal	_	7,000,000
4	Dental School	_	1,200,000
5	WVU Computer	_	1,000,000
6	West Virginia		
7	Northern Community		
8	College New		
9	Martinsville	-	1,900,000
10	Total \$		\$ 22,250,000
11 12 13	Any unexpended balances r and 1988-89 appropriations ar for expenditure during the fisc	e hereby re	appropriated
14 15 16 17 18	The total amount of this appropriate from the special capital impropriately article twelve-b, chapter eight are to be paid on a cash basis date of passage.	ovement fun een of the o	d created by code. Projects

The above appropriation is intended to include repairs and alterations for Jackson's Mill.

110—Board of Regents— State System Tuition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8860

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Any unexpended balances remaining in prior years' and 1988-89 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

> 111—West Virginia University— Schools of Health Sciences

> > (WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 9280

TO BE PAID FROM MEDICAL SCHOOL FUND

1 Unclassified—Total...... \$ - \$ 14,664,430

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Capital Outlay (account no. 9280-08) and in the 1988-89 appropriation for the West Virginia University—Medical Center at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

112-Board of Barbers and Beauticians

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

Acct. No. 8220

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ -	\$	126,327
2	Annual Increment	_		3,492
3	Employee Benefits	_		22,705
4	Unclassified			90,041
5	Total	\$ —	\$	242,565
6 7 8	The total amount of this ap from a special revenue fund the board of barbers and beau	out of collect	ions	s made by

113—Hospital Finance Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8330

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ -	\$	49,092
2	Annual Increment	· —	•	437
3	Employee Benefits			8,632
4	Unclassified			70,245
5	Total	\$ -	\$	128,406
6	The total amount of this a	ppropriation	shall	be paid

7 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections

- as provided by article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of 8 9 the code.
- 10 Special funds in excess of the amount herein approp-11 riated may be made available by budget amendment 12 upon request of the commissioner of finance and

administration and the approval of the governor. 13

> 114—State Board of Rehabilitation Division of Rehabilitation Services West Virginia Rehabilitation Center-Special Account

> > (WV Code Chapter 18)

Acct. No. 8137

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Certification of the			
2	Rehabilitation Center	\$ 	\$_	200,000
3	Total	\$ _	\$	200,000

115—Division of Health— Hospital Services Revenue Account (Special Fund)

(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operation)

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8500

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Unclassified	\$	_	\$	-0-
2	Debt Service		_		3,400,000
3	Institutional Facilities				
4	Operations				14,000,000
5	Medley Placement			_	4,600,000
6	Total	\$	_	\$	22,000,000
7	Any unexpended balance	emain	ing in	the	e appropri-
7 8	ation for hospital services re	venue	accour	nt a	at the close
9	of the fiscal year 1988-89 is	hereb	y reap	pro	priated for
10	expenditure during the fisca	ıl year	1989-	90,	except the
11	following account numbers:				
12	(Appropriation year '82):	8500-0	6, 850	0-0	7, 8500-08,
13	8500-10, 8500-11, 8500-12 ar	ıd 850	0-13. (Ap	propriation

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- 14 year '84): 8500-00, 8500-01, 8500-20, 8500-21, 8500-22,
- 15 8500-23, 8500-24, 8500-25, 8500-26, 8500-27, 8500-28,
- 16 8500-29, 8500-31, 8500-32, 8500-34 and 8500-35.
- 17 (Appropriation year '85): 8500-00, 8500-01, 8500-21,
- 18 8500-22, 8500-23, 8500-26, 8500-29, 8500-32, 8500-34,
- 8500-38, 8500-39, 8500-41 and 8500-42. (Appropriation 19
- 20 year '86): 8500-04, 8500-21, 8500-22, 8500-23, 8500-29,
- 21 8500-32, 8500-38, 8500-40, 8500-44, 8500-45 and 8500-46.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the hospital services revenue account special fund created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of the code, and shall be used only for operating expenses and for improvements in connection with existing facilities, Medley and bond payments.

Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of passage. Items and projects of this appropriation are to begin as funds become available in the special fund or from bond proceeds.

Necessary funds from the above appropriation may be used for medical facilities operations, either in connection with this account or in connection with the item designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the Consolidated Medical Services Fund (Account no. 4190).

116-Health Care Cost Review Authority

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Acct. No. 8564

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 548,081
2	Annual Increment	_	5,544
3	Employee Benefits	_	96,607
4	Unclassified	 	365,817
5	Total	\$ -	\$ 1,016,049

The above appropriation is to be expended in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code, and from the special revolving fund designated health care cost review fund.

10

${\it 117-Workers' Compensation Fund}$

(WV Code Chapter 23)

Acct. No. 9000

TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	_	\$	7,976,803
2	Annual Increment	•	_		126,700
3	Employee Benefits		_		1,463,337
4	Unclassified				6,409,050
5	Employers' Excess				
6	Liability Fund				126,740
7	Total	\$	_	\$	16,102,630
8	There is hereby authorized	to	be paid ou	ıt o	f the above
9	appropriation, the amount ne				
10	on bonds given by the treas				
11	the protection of the worker	s' c	ompensati	on	fund. This
12	sum shall be transferred to th	ie s	tate board	of	insurance.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

118-Regional Jail and Prison Authority

(WV Code Chapter 31)

Acct. No. 8051

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 329,625
2	Annual Increment	_	2,808
3	Employee Benefits	_	62,563
	Unclassified	_	194,864
5	Total	\$ 	\$ 589,860

119—Division of Public Safety— Inspection Fees

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Acct. No. 8350

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 468,226
_	Annual Increment	_	1,404

√n	APPROPRIATIONS			97
3 4	Employee Benefits Unclassified	<u></u>		114,535 152,510
5	Total	_	\$	736,675
6 7 8	The total amount of this appro- from the special revenue fund ou inspection stickers as provided by	t of fees		
	120—Division of Public S Drunk Driving Prevention			
	(WV Code Chapter 1	5)		
	Acct. No. 8355			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUE FUN	D	
1	Unclassified—Total\$		\$	642,000
2 3 4 5 6	The total amount of this approfrom the special revenue fund ou pursuant to sections nine-a and s chapter eleven of the code and paid account in the state treasury.	t of rece ixteen, a	eipts irticle	collected e fifteen,
	121—Crime Victims Compens	$ation\ Fr$	ind	
	(WV Code Chapter 1	.4)		
	Acet. No. 8412			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUE FUN	D	
1 2 3 4	Personal Services \$ Annual Increment	700,000	\$	105,719 468 18,368 43,125
5	Total	700,000	\$	167,680
6 7 8	These funds are intended to be costs and administrative costs are ment for compensation paid to crim	nd feder	al re	
	DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND	D REVE	NUI	E
	122—Agency of Insurance Con	mmission	ner	
	(WV Code Chapter 3	33)		
	Acct. No. 8016			
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVE	NUE FUN	D	
1	Personal Services \$	_	\$	925,412

98	Appropriations [Ch. 10
2 3 4 5	Annual Increment — 10,654 Employee Benefits — 235,550 Unclassified — 525,924 Total \$ — \$ 1,697,540
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of collections of fees and charges as provided by law.
	123—Racing Commission
	(WV Code Chapter 19)
	Acct. No. 8080
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
1	Medical Expenses—Total \$ — \$ 114,000
2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.
5 6 7	No expenditures shall be made from this account except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral expenses for persons contributing to this fund.
	124—Office of Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner
	(WV Code Chapter 60)
	Acct. No. 9270
	TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
1 2 3 4 5	Personal Services \$ - \$ 7,784,493 Annual Increment - 200,100 Employee Benefits - 1,485,134 Unclassified - 6,944,634 Total \$ - \$ 16,414,361
6 7	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of liquor revenues.

The above appropriation includes the salary of the

25

- 9 commissioner, salaries of store personnel and store
- 10 inspectors, store operating expenses and equipment, and
- 11 salaries, expenses and equipment of administration
- 12 offices.
- 13 There is hereby appropriated from liquor revenues, in
- 14 addition to the appropriation, the necessary amount for
- 15 the purchase of liquor as provided by law.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

125—Division of Highways

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

Acct. No. 6700

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Maintenance, Expressway,		
2	Trunkline and Feeder\$	_	\$ 61,500,000
3	Maintenance, State		
4	Local Services		84,500,000
5	Maintenance, Contract		
6	Paving and Secondary		
7	Road Maintenance		50,750,000
8	Bridge Repair and		
9	Replacement	_	25,000,000
10	Industrial Access Road	_	1,899,000
11	Inventory Revolving		1,500,000
12	Equipment Revolving		17,514,000
13	General Operations	-	29,104,000
14	Annual Increment		206,000
15	Debt Service		81,300,000
16	Interstate Construction	-0	50,000,000
17	Other Federal Aid Programs	0-	140,000,000
18	Appalachian Program	0	38,000,000
19	Nonfederal Aid Construction	_	10,611,000
20	Highway Litter		
21	Control		1,930,000
22	Total\$	-0-	\$593,814,000
23	The above appropriations ar	e to be	expended in

accordance with the provisions of chapters seventeen

and seventeen-c of the code.

 The commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.

There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appalachian Highway system at the earliest possible time. Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated be required for the purposes of Appalachian programs, funds in excess of the amount appropriated may be made available upon recommendation of the Commissioner and approval of the Governor. Further, for the purpose of Appalachian programs, funds appropriated to line items may be transferred to other line items upon recommendation of the Commissioner and approval of the Governor.

126—Division of Motor Vehicles

(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 20 and 24)

Acct. No. 6710

TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND

1	Personal Services \$	ß		\$ 2,371,460
2	Annual Increment		_	46,312
3	Employee Benefits		_	651,208
4	Unclassified		100,000	 3,462,613
5	Total	<u> </u>	100.000	\$ 6.531,593

127—Real Estate Commission

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Acct. No. 8010

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	- \$	125,968
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2	Annual Increment		2,016
3	Employee Benefits		22,422
4	Unclassified		103,193
5	Total	\$ -	\$ 253,599

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid out of collections of license fees as provided by law.

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

128—Public Service Commission

(WV Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8280

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services \$	— \$	3,907,451
	Annual Increment	_	41,000
3	Employee Benefits	_	618,138
4	Unclassified	93,700	1,769,848
5	Total\$	93,700 \$	6,336,437

Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Headquarters Building Development (account no. 8280-10) at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of collections for special license fees from public service corporations as provided by law.

129—Public Service Commission— Gas Pipeline Division

(WV Code Chapter 24B)

Acct. No. 8285

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 123,363
2	Annual Increment		1,296
3	Employee Benefits	_	21,764

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APPROPRIATIONS

[Ch. 10

4	Unclassified	119,600		75,01 <u>6</u>
5	Total \$	119,600	\$	221,439
6 7 8 9	The total amount of this appr from a special revenue fund out or by the public service commis the exercise of regulatory are companies as provided by law.	of receipt ssion pursu	s coll iant 1	ected for to and in

130—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division

(WV Code Chapter 24A)

Acct. No. 8290

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

1	Personal Services	\$	— \$	i	1,116,885
2	Annual Increment				15,915
3	Employee Benefits		_		197,106
4	Unclassified		468,800	_	430,523
5	Total	\$	468,800	\$	1,760,429
6	The total amount of this ag	ppi	ropriation	sha	all be paid
7	from a special revenue fund o	ut	of receipt	s co	ollected for
8	or by the public service comm	nis	sion purs	uan	t to and in
9	the exercise of regulatory aut	ho	rity over 1	not	or carriers
10	as provided by law.				

131—Public Service Commission— Consumer Advocate

(WV. Code Chapter 24)

Acct. No. 8295

TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

3	Personal Services		_ _ _	\$	308,195 1,260 53,814 269,242
5	Total			\$	632,511
6 7	The total amount of this a from a special revenue fund	pprop	riation collect	shall tions	be paid made by

the public service commission.

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1 Sec. 5. Awards for claims against the state.— 2 There are hereby appropriated, for the remainder of the 3 fiscal year 1988-89 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1990 from the funds as designated in the amount as 4 5 specified and for the claimant as named in enrolled 6 house bill no. 2408, acts, Legislature, regular session, 7 1989—crime victims compensation fund of \$166,000.00 8 for payment of claims against the state.

There are hereby appropriated, for the reminder of 10 the fiscal year 1988-89 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1990, from the funds as designated, in the amounts 12 as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled 13 senate bill no. 615, acts, Legislature, regular session, 1989—state road funds of \$738,133.83, special revenue 15 funds of \$784,608.24, federal funds of \$5,695.50 and 16 workers' compensation funds of \$2,709.30.

There is hereby appropriated, for the reminder of the 17 18 fiscal year 1988-89 and to remain in effect until June 30, 1990, from the fund as designated, in the amounts 19 20 as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled 21 senate bill no. 615 and in enrolled house bill no. 2426, 22 acts. Legislature, regular session, 1989—general re-23 venue funds of \$503,407.02.

Sec. 6. Supplemental and deficiency appropriations.—From the state fund, general revenue, except as otherwise provided, there are hereby appropriated the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine to supplement the 1988-89 appropriations, and to be available for expenditure upon date of passage.

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations at the close of the fiscal year 1988-89 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.

132—Governor's Office

Acct. No. 1200

1	Other Personal Services	\$ _	\$ 83,450
2	Current Expenses	-	77,500
3	Equipment		6,350
4	Total	\$ 	\$ 167,300

133—Governor's Office— Civil Contingent Fund

Acct. No. 1240

	Acct. No. 1240			
1 2	Unclassified		\$	750,000 1,789,922
3	Total \$	_	\$	2,539,922
	134—State Board of Risi Insurance Manageme			
	Acct. No. 2250			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	3,000,000
	135—West Virginia Board of Reg	gents (C	ontr	ol)
	Acct. No. 2790			
1	Unclassified—Total\$	_	\$	2,500,000
	136—West Virginia Board o	of Regen	ts	
	Acct. No. 2800			
1	Unclassified—Total\$	_	\$	165,000
	137—State Department of E	ducatio	n	
	Acct. No. 2860			
1	Tuition Waiver—Total \$	_	\$	13,079
	138—Teachers Retirement	System		
	Acct. No. 2980			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	-0-
	139—West Virginia Library (Commis	sion	
	Acct. No. 3500			
1	Unclassified—Total \$	_	\$	318,934
	140—Department of Human	ı Service	28	
	Acct. No. 4050			
1	Unclassified \$	_	\$	5,000,000
$\hat{2}$	Medical Services		_	25,851,083
3	Total \$	_	\$	30,851,083

141—Consolidated Medical Services Fund

Acct. No. 4190

	Acci. No. 4	190			
1 2	Institutional Facilities ICF/MR Match	\$		\$	4,000,000 4,000,000
3	Total	\$	_	\$	8,000,000
	142-Department	of Ener	gy		
	Acct. No. 4	775			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	135,000
	143—West Virgin Legal Services		lic		
	Acet. No. 5	900			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	1,800,000
	144—Human Rights	Commi	ssion		
	Acet. No. 5	980			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	74,850
	145—West Vi: Public Employees Reti		Systen	i	
	Acct. No. 6	140			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	-0-
	146—West Virgin Employees Insurat				
	Acct. No. 6	150			
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	_	\$	7,750,000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Sec. 7. Deposit of net profits of lottery. Net profits of the lottery, not to exceed eighteen million dollars, are to be deposited by the lottery director to the following accounts in the amounts indicated. The auditor shall prorate each deposit of net profits by the lottery director among the following accounts not to exceed the amounts indicated. Net profits in excess of eighteen million dollars are not subject to spending authorized by article two, chapter five-a of the code.				

147—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia Board of Directors of the State College System (Board of Regents)

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Acct. No. 8825

TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS Unclassified \$ 1 2,160,000 148—State Department of Education (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A) Acct. No. 8243 TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS Elementary Computer 1 Education \$ 7.020.000 149—Department of Health and Human Resources (WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49) Acct. No. 9132 TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS 1 Catastrophic Health Care for 2 Senior Citizens \$ \$ 1,800,000 150—Division of Commerce (WV Code Chapter 5B) Acct. No. 8546 TO BE PAID FROM LOTTERY NET PROFITS Unclassified \$ 1 7,020,000

Sec. 8. Appropriations and reappropriations— Revenue sharing trust fund.—Any unexpended balances to appropriations made by the 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, and 1988 budget acts and any supplementary transfers or redesignations made by the above-listed budget acts from the revenue

7	sharing trust fund at the close of the fiscal year 1988-				
8 9	89 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.				
	151—West Virginia Department of Highways				
	Acct. No. 9705				
1 2	Chief Mingo Recreation Park Capital Outlay \$ - \$ 50,000				
1 2 3 4	Sec. 9. Appropriations from federal block grants.—The following items are hereby appropriated from federal block grants to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90.				
	152—Office of Community and Industrial Development—Community Development				
	Acct. No. 8029				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 15,288,000				
	153—Office of Community and Industrial Development—Job Partnership Training Act				
	Acct. No. 8030				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 45,954,217				
	154—Office of Community and Industrial Development—Community Service				
	Acct. No. 8031				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 6,323,664				
	155—Office of Community and Industrial Development—Justice Assistance				
	Acct. No. 8032				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	To Local Entities—Total\$ 320,000				

	156—State Department of Education Education Grant	_	
	Acct. No. 8242		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	44,834,122
	157—Division of Health— Maternal and Child Health		
	Acct. No. 8502		
•	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	7,350,340
	158—Division of Health— Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Hea	lth	
	Acct. No. 8503		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	7,500,000
	159—Division of Health—Preventive H	ealt	h
	Acet. No. 8506		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	1,499,572
	160—Division of Health— Mental Health Services for the Homeless		
	Acet. No. 8508		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	400,000
	161—Division of Health— Alcohol and Drug Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation		
	Acct. No. 8510		
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS		

162-Division of Human Services-Energy Assistance

Aget No 0147

	ACCL. NO. 9147				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	Unclassified—Total \$ 13,851,068				
	163—Division of Human Services— Social Services				
	Acet. No. 9161				
	TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS				
1	Unclassified—Total				
1 2 3 4 5 6	Sec. 10. Appropriations from surplus revenue.— The following items are hereby appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, and are to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1989-90 out of surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.				
7 8 9	It is the intent and mandate of this Legislature that the following appropriations made by this section shall be payable only from the surplus accrued as of June 30, 1989.				
11 12 13 14 15	In the event that the surplus revenues as of June 30, 1989 are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriations made by this section, then the appropriations shall be available, only to the extent of the total actual surplus accrued as of June 30, 1989.				
	164—Division of Finance and Administration				
	Acet. No. 2100				
1 2	Urban Mass Transit Matching Funds \$ 1,000,000				
	165—Governor's Office-Debt Service				
	Acct. No. 1250				
1 2	Loan Payback to Consolidated Investment Fund \$ 8,000,000				

166—West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency

Acct. No. 6150

Sec. 11. Special revenue appropriations.—There are hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety appropriations made by general law from special revenue which are not paid into the state fund as general revenue under the provisions of section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code: *Provided*, That none of the money so appropriated by this section shall be available for expenditure except in compliance with and in conformity to the provisions of articles two and three, chapter twelve, and article two, chapter five-a of the code, unless the spending unit has filed with the director of the budget, the auditor and the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:

- 15 (a) An estimate of the amount and sources of all revenues accruing to such fund;
 - (b) A detailed expenditure schedule showing for what purposes the fund is to be expended.
 - Sec. 12. State improvement fund appropriations.—Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the governor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety, for the purpose of making studies and recommendations relative to improvements of the administration and management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a separate account therein designated state improvement fund.

There are hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety to be expended as authorized by the governor, for such studies and recommendations which may encompass any problems of organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending unit in

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- the executive branch, or the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health and general welfare of the state or its citizens.
 - Sec. 13. Specific funds and collection accounts.— A fund or collection account which by law is dedicated to a specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection account and shall be expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code.
 - Sec. 14. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.— Money that has been erroneously paid into the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

When the officer authorized by law to collect money for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he shall issue his requisition upon the auditor for the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was originally paid.

Sec. 15. Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount to meet any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia housing development fund which is under the supervision and control of the municipal bond commission as provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code, or in the funds of the municipal bond commission because of the failure of any state agency for either general obligations or revenue bonds or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized to transfer from time to time such amounts to the municipal bond commission as may be necessary for these purposes.

The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the state of West Virginia through the governor from the first remittance collected from the West Virginia

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- housing development fund or from any state agency or local taxing district for which the governor advanced funds, with interest at the rate carried by the bonds for security or payment of which the advance was made.
 - Sec. 16. Appropriations to pay costs of publication of delinquent corporations.—There is hereby appropriated out of the state fund, general revenue, out of funds not otherwise appropriated, to be paid upon requisition of the auditor and/or the governor, as the case may be, a sum sufficient to pay the cost of publication of delinquent corporations as provided by sections eighty-four and eighty-six, article twelve, chapter eleven of the code.
 - Sec. 17. Appropriations for local governments.—
 There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties, districts and municipal corporations such amounts as will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and municipal corporations and which have been paid into the treasury:
 - 7 (a) For redemption of lands;
 - 8 (b) By public service corporations;
 - 9 (c) For tax forfeitures.
 - Sec. 18. Total appropriations.—Where only a total sum is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum shall include personal services, annual increment, current expenses, repairs and alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not otherwise specifically provided and except as otherwise provided in TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec. 3.
 - Sec. 19. General school fund.—The balance of the proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the payment of the appropriations made by this act is appropriated for expenditure in accordance with section sixteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

TITLE III. ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Constitutionality.
 - 1 Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The ex-

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- penditure of the appropriations made by this act, except those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial branches of the state government, are conditioned upon the compliance by the spending unit with the requirements of article two, chapter five-a of the code.
 - Where spending units or parts of spending units have been absorbed by or combined with other spending units, it is the intent of this act that appropriations and reappropriations shall be to the succeeding or later spending unit created unless otherwise indicated.
 - Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, its decision shall not affect any portion of this act which remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full force and effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional had never been a part of the act.

CHAPTER 11

(H. B. 2586—By Delegates M. Burke and Murphy)

[Passed March 29, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending and transferring amounts between items of the existing appropriation of the West Virginia Racing Commission, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the Budget Bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That items of the total appropriation of Account No. 4950, chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, be supplemented, amended and transferred to read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Section 1. Appropriations From General Revenue.				
3	BUSINESS AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS				
4	61-West Virginia Racing Commission				
5	(WV Code Chapter 19)				
6	Account No. 4950				
7 8 9	1 Personal Services \$\$1,193,412 2 Annual Increment \$\$6,588 3 Unclassified \$\$100,000				
10	Total \$\$1,300,000				
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	is to supplement, amend and transfer certain moneys between items of the existing appropriation for the designated spending unit. The amounts as itemized for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine shall be made available for				

CHAPTER 12

(S. B. 449—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of all federal funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to the Geological and Economic Survey, Account No. 5200, supplementing chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor has established the receipt and availability of federal funds for the extension of a continuing program, now available for expenditure in the current fiscal

year of 1988-89, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That Account No. 5200, chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, be supplemented by adding the following sum to the designated line item:

	-				
1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Section 2. Appropriation of federal funds.				
3	CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT				
4	69—Geological and Economic Survey				
5	(WV Code Chapter 29)				
6	Account No. 5200				
7	3 Unclassified \$50,000				
8	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill				
9	is to supplement this account in the budget bill for fiscal				
10	year 1988-89 by adding to this existing line item an				
11	amount to be used for the continuation of the coal				
12	availability program in cooperation with the U.S.				
13	Department of the Interior.				

CHAPTER 13

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 368—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 17, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public money out of the treasury from the balance of all state road funds remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to the West Virginia Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, supplementing chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature the Executive Budget Document dated February 13, 1989, wherein on page XIV thereof are set forth the revenues and expenditures of the State Road Fund, including fiscal year 1988-1989; and

WHEREAS, It appears from such budget that there now remains unappropriated a balance in the state road fund available for further appropriation during the fiscal year 1988-1989, a part of which balance is hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriations from the state road fund to the West Virginia Department of Highways, Account No. 6700, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended and thereafter read as follows:

1	TITLE 2. APPROPRIATIONS.					
2	Section 3. Appropriations from other funds.					
3	Section 4. Appropriations of federal funds.					
4		86—West Virginia Department of Highways				
5	(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)					
6	Account No. 6700					
7	TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND					
8 9			Federal Funds		Other Funds	
10 11			Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	
12			1988-89		1988-89	
13 14	1	Maintenance, Expressway,				
15	2	Trunkline and Feeder	\$ —	\$	56,100,000	
16	3	Maintenance, State				
17	4	Local Services			79,080,000	
18	5	Maintenance, Contract	•			
19	6	Paving and				
20		Secondary Road				
21	7	Maintenance	_		41,268,000	

22	8	Bridge Repair				
23	9	and Replacement	_	15,500,000		
24	10	Inventory Revolving	_	1,500,000		
25	11	Equipment Revolving	_	15,750,000		
26	12	General Operations	_	28,125,000°		
27	13	Annual Increment	_	228,000		
28	14	Debt Service	_	120,800,000		
29	15	Interstate Construction	_	50,000,000		
30	16	Other Federal				
31	17	Aid Programs	_	145,000,000		
32	18	Appalachian Program	_	30,500,000		
33	19	Nonfederal Aid				
34	20	Construction	-	10,066,000		
35	21	Highway Litter				
36	22	Control	_	1,900,000		
37	23	Early Retirement				
38	24	Transfer of Funds		3,962,000		
39	26	TOTAL	\$ —	\$599,779,000		
40	*Includes salary of Commissioner at \$47,500 per					
41	annum.					
42	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill					
43	is to supplement and amend the existing items in the					
44	aforesaid account for expenditure in the fiscal year of					
45	1988-1989, and to reflect the new total spending					
46	authority of the spending unit for such fiscal year. Such					
47	increased amounts shall be available for expenditure					
48	upon the effective date of this bill.					

CHAPTER 14

(S. B. 627—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire a certain unexpended amount of Account No. 8016-99, Insurance Commissioner, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, and transferring such amount to the general revenue fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the sum of one million dollars of the balance in Account No. 8016-99, Insurance Commissioner, including balances carried forward on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, available for expenditure in the current fiscal year 1988-1989, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, be supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire, and that said sum be transferred to the state fund, general revenue, and be available for other and further appropriation upon the effective date of this bill.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation is to supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire out of the aforesaid account the sum of one million dollars; to transfer this sum into the general revenue fund, and to make such sum available for other and further appropriation and expenditure immediately upon the effective date of this bill.

CHAPTER 15

(H. B. 2869—By Delegates Farley and Murphy)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and causing to expire certain unexpended amounts of Account No. 8280-99, Public Service Commission; Account No. 8285-99, Public Service Commission-Gas Pipeline Division; and Account No. 8290-99, Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, and transferring such amount to the Account No. 9155-67, medical services program, Department of Human Services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- 1 That the sum of two hundred thirty-eight thousand
- 2 three hundred fourteen dollars of the balance in Account
- 3 No. 8280-99, Public Service Commission; the sum of
- 4 thirty thousand six hundred seventeen dollars of the

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5 balance in Account No. 8285-99, Public Service Commis-6 sion-Gas Pipeline Division; and the sum of two hundred 7 seventy-seven thousand seven hundred sixty-six dollars 8 of the balance in Account No. 8290-99. Public Service Commission-Motor Carrier Division, including balances 9 10 in each of these accounts carried forward on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, 11 12 available for expenditure in the current fiscal year 1988-1989, as appropriated by chapter two, acts of the 13 14 Legislature, second extraordinary session, one thousand 15 nine hundred eighty-eight, known as the budget bill, be 16 supplemented, amended, reduced and caused to expire, 17 and that said sums be transferred to Account No. 9155-18 67, medical services program, Department of Human Services and be available for expenditure for payment 19 20 of medical services upon the effective date of this bill.

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation is to supplement, amend, reduce and cause to expire out of the aforesaid accounts the total sum of five hundred forty-six thousand six hundred ninety-seven dollars to transfer this sum into the medical service program of the Department of Human Services and to make such sum available for expenditure immediately upon the effective date of this act.

CHAPTER 16

(S. B. 188—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 1, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to expiration of appropriations; and clarifying authority of the Legislature to expire appropriations prior to the end of a fiscal year.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES.

§12-3-12. Expiration of unexpended appropriations.

Every appropriation which is payable out of the 1 2 general revenue, or so much thereof as may remain 3 undrawn at the end of the year for which made, shall 4 be deemed to have expired at the end of the year for 5 which it is made, and no warrant shall thereafter be issued upon it: Provided. That warrants may be drawn 6 7 through the thirty-first day of July after the end of the 8 year for which the appropriation is made if the warrants 9 are in payment of bills for such year and have been 10 encumbered by the budget office prior to July first; but 11 appropriations for buildings and land or capital outlay 12 shall remain in effect, and shall not be deemed to have 13 expired until the end of three years after the passage 14 of the act by which such appropriations are made: 15 Provided, however, That if such thirty-first day of July 16 is on Saturday, then warrants may only be drawn 17 through the Friday immediately preceding such Satur-18 day, but if such thirty-first day of July is on Sunday, 19 the warrants may be drawn through the Monday 20 immediately following such Sunday.

The Legislature may expire or provide for the expiration of any appropriation prior to the end of the fiscal year for which it is made.

CHAPTER 17

(H. B. 2115—By Delegates Roop and Kiss)

[Passed March 21, 1989; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the selection of deputy assessors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section three, article two, chapter eleven of the code

of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. ASSESSORS.

§11-2-3. Selection of deputy assessors.

1 The deputy assessors, including the transfer and office 2 deputies, shall be residents and voters in the county: 3 Provided. That a deputy assessor whose primary 4 responsibility is that of updating the assessor's maps 5 may be a resident and voter of a contiguous county of this state. The deputy assessors shall be appointed by the 6 7 assessor with the advice and consent of the county commission, and may be removed at any time in the 8 9 discretion of the assessor. Vacancies occurring from any cause in the office of any deputy assessor shall be filled 10 11 by the assessors.

CHAPTER 18

(H. B. 2674—By Delegates Metheney and Criss)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eight-a, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section four, article eight-b of said chapter, all relating to permitting the acquiring of a state bank by an out-of-state holding company, and to allow the banking commissioner to evaluate and investigate a bank holding company so as to permit the holding company to perform financially related services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eight-a, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section four, article eight-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

Article

- 8A. Acquisition of Bank Shares.
- 8B. Community Reinvestment Act.

ARTICLE 8A. ACQUISITION OF BANK SHARES.

§31A-8A-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

- After a review of the structure of banking organizations in the state of West Virginia and after full consideration of the complex issues involved, the Legislature hereby finds and determines that:
 - (a) Well managed and financially sound banking institutions are essential to the financial well-being of the citizens, and the promotion of the future economic and industrial growth and development of this state;
 - (b) The formation of bank holding companies will strengthen and supplement traditional banking services and facilitate the development of the type of banking institutions that are necessary for the economic and industrial growth and development of this state;
 - (c) It is in the best interests of this state and its citizens for the board to have the power and authority to disapprove the acquisition of a bank by a bank holding company when the board determines that such acquisition would result in a monopoly, substantially lessen competition, or be contrary to the best interests of the shareholders or customers of the bank involved; and
 - (d) The deposits of the citizens of this state are a substantial and valuable resource which should serve the economic and industrial growth and development needs, and the consumer needs of the citizens of this state; and since the board could not effectively make a determination that the control of deposits of the citizens of this state by bank holding companies with any banking subsidiaries located outside this state would be used for the above enumerated local needs of this state's citizenry, a bank holding company with any bank subsidiary located outside this state shall be prohibited from acquiring, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of the interest in, or assets of, any bank or bank

- 35 holding company located in this state, unless acquired
- 36 pursuant to section seven of this article.

ARTICLE 8B. COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT.

§31A-8B-4. Assessment of the institution's reinvestment in the community.

- In connection with its examination or investigation of a banking institution or bank holding company, the commissioner or board shall:
- 4 (a) Assess the institution's record of meeting the 5 credit needs of its entire community, including low-and 6 moderate-income neighborhoods, consistent with the 7 safe and sound operation of such institution; and
- 8 (b) Take such record into account in its evaluation of 9 an application for a deposit facility or for permission to 10 engage in financially related services by such institu-11 tion.

CHAPTER 19

(H. B. 2015—By Delegate M. Burke)

[Passed February 27, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article two-f, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the West Virginia beef industry program; repealing the "Beef Check-off Act of 1983" which authorized the Beef Industry Self-Improvement Assessment Program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- §1. Repeal of article creating West Virginia beef industry self-improvement assessment program.
 - 1 That article two-f, chapter nineteen of the code of
 - 2 West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
 - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 20

(H. B. 2755—By Delegates Farley and R. Burk)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: and to amend and reenact sections one, two. three, four and five, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of said code, all relating to the Blennerhassett historical park commission; making Blennerhassett historical park a state park; creating the Blennerhassett historical state park commission as an advisory commission; transferring all employee positions, assets, real and personal property, debts, liabilities, powers and duties of the former Blennerhassett historical park commission to the division of commerce as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; and providing for civil service coverage for former commission employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six, seven, eight, nine and ten, article eight, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that sections one, two, three, four and five of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 8. BLENNERHASSETT HISTORICAL PARK COMMISSION.

§29-8-1. Legislative findings.

§29-8-2. Blennerhassett historical state park commission established; members; terms; meeting; quorum; compensation; expenses.

§29-8-3. General powers of division of commerce with respect to the Blennerhassett historical state park.

§29-8-4. Duties of division of commerce with respect to the development of Blennerhassett Island.

§29-8-5. Cooperation of state agencies and local government with Blennerhassett historical state park commission and division of commerce; powers of local government with respect to development.

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§29-8-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- 2 (1) Blennerhassett Island, situate in the Ohio River 3 near the city of Parkersburg, is a significant historical, 4 natural and archaeological resource of importance to
- 5 this state and the nation;
 - (2) A well-planned and executed program for the development of educational, cultural and recreational attractions related to events known and believed to have occurred on and near scenic Blennerhassett Island will be of great benefit to all the people of this state and constitutes a most worthy public undertaking; and
- 12 (3) The primary responsibility for the planning and 13 execution of such a program rests upon the state of West 14 Virginia, while the secondary responsibility for develop-15 ment rests upon private and other public resources.

§29-8-2. Blennerhassett historical state park commission established; members; terms; meeting; quorum; compensation; expenses.

1 As of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-nine, there is established within the division of 3 commerce the Blennerhassett historical state park 4 commission. As of said date, all assets, real and personal 5 property, debts, liabilities, duties, powers and authority of the Blennerhassett historical park commission are 6 7 hereby transferred to the division of commerce. The 8 Blennerhassett historical state park commission shall be 9 maintained as an advisory commission as hereinafter 10 provided. The commission shall be composed of ten 11 members who shall be citizens and residents of this state, appointed by the governor for terms of four years. 12 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: 13 14 Provided, That the terms of all members previously 15 appointed to the Blennerhassett historical park commis-16 sion prior to the amendment and reenactment of this section shall continue for the periods originally speci-17 18 fied, and no such member serving as of the effective date 19 of such amendment and reenactment need be reap-20 pointed.

Each member shall be qualified to carry out the functions of the commission under this article by reason of his special interest, training, education or experience.

No person shall be eligible to appointment as a member who is an officer or member of any political party executive committee; or the holder of any other public office or public employment under the United States government or the government of this state or a political subdivision of this state. Not more than six members shall belong to the same political party.

At its first meeting, which shall be held within fifty days after this section takes effect, the commission shall elect from among its members a chairman, who shall preside over its meetings until the second Monday in September of the next year. Thereafter, the commission shall elect a chairman from among its members on the second Monday in September of each year.

All members shall be eligible for reappointment once by the governor. A member shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until his term expires and his successor has been appointed and has qualified. A vacancy caused by the death, resignation or removal of a member prior to the expiration of his term shall be filled only for the remainder of such term.

For the purpose of carrying out its powers, duties and responsibilities under this article, six members of the commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Each member shall be entitled to one vote. The commission shall meet at a time and place designated by the chairman at least four times each fiscal year. Additional meetings may be held when called by the chairman or when requested by five members of the commission or by the governor. All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public. Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties under this article.

The commission shall advise the division of commerce

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in all matters relating to the development, establishment and maintenance of the Blennerhassett historical state park.

All employee positions in the former Blennerhassett historical park commission are hereby transferred to the division of commerce and shall be included in the classified service of the civil service system pursuant to article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Any person included in the classified service by the provisions of this section who is employed in any of such positions as of the effective date of this amendment and reenactment shall not be required to take and pass qualifying or competitive examinations upon or as a condition to being added to the classified service: Provided, That no person included in the classified service by the provisions of this section who is employed in any of such positions as of the effective date of this section, shall be thereafter severed, removed or terminated from such employment prior to his entry into the classified service except for cause as if such person had been in the classified service when severed, removed or terminated.

§29-8-3. General powers of division of commerce with respect to the Blennerhassett historical state park.

The administrator of the division of commerce, with respect to developing and maintaining Blennerhassett historical state park, may exercise all powers and duties granted to him and his predecessor in respect to the development and operation of other state parks, and in addition, is specifically authorized to:

- 7 (1) Establish and maintain an office in the county of Wood;
- 9 (2) Exercise his powers in the state of Ohio to the extent permitted by the laws of the state of Ohio;
- 11 (3) Enter into any agreement with the state of Ohio 12 or any person, firm or corporation therein for the 13 provision of electricity, water, sewer and such similar 14 services to Blennerhassett Island as are necessary;
- 15 (4) Own or operate, or both, individually or in

- conjunction with any other public agency or any private person, firm or corporation, such facilities and equip-ment as he considers necessary or convenient for the implementation of his duties under this article. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, such facilities and equipment may include boats, docks, an amphithea-tre, parking facilities, the reconstructed Blennerhassett mansion and other buildings; and
 - (5) Promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers and duties vested in him by the provisions of this article and take such other steps as may, in his discretion, be necessary or expedient for the proper and effective development of Blennerhassett Island and related locations in the county of Wood into a major educational, cultural and recreational attraction.

§29-8-4. Duties of division of commerce with respect to the development of Blennerhassett Island.

Within the limit of funds available from this state, the United States and any other source, whether public or private, the administrator shall:

- (1) Plan and execute a program for the development of educational, cultural and recreational attractions related to events known or believed to have occurred on and near Blennerhassett Island; and
- (2) Plan and execute a program for the development of Blennerhassett Island and related locations in the county of Wood so as to preserve and enhance the island and related locations as a significant historical, natural and archaeological resource of importance to this state and the nation.

In carrying out his duties under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this section, he shall, as near as practicable, adhere to the recommendations and plans for development contained in the documents prepared for the Blenner-hassett historical commission, submitted to the Blenner-hassett historical park commission on the eighteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred seventy-five,

- 21 and titled as follows: (a) Summary report for the
- 22 development of Blennerhassett Island, (b) physical
- 23 master plan, (c) interpretive master plan, (d) environ-
- 24 mental impact and (e) market and economic impact.
- §29-8-5. Cooperation of state agencies and local government with Blennerhassett historical state park commission and division of commerce; powers of local government with respect to development.
 - 1 (a) All other state and local governmental personnel
 2 and agencies shall cooperate to the fullest possible
 3 extent with the commission and the division to accomp4 lish the proper and effective development of Blennerhas5 sett Island and related locations in the county of Wood
 6 into a major educational, cultural and recreational
 7 attraction.
 - 8 (b) The county of Wood, the city of Parkersburg, any other municipality in the county and any board, 9 commission, authority, agency or other office created 10 under authority thereof may, in its discretion, engage in 11 any activity or undertaking designed to assist the 12 commission and the division in the proper and effective 13 development of Blennerhassett Island and related 14 locations in the county of Wood into a major educational. 15 cultural and recreational attraction. 16

CHAPTER 21

(H. B. 2700—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-one, article twoc, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the allocation of the state ceiling for private activity bonds; declaring public policy of the state to include the construction of facilities for the generation of power through the utilization of coal waste; clarifying that issuers of private activity bonds shall include the West Virginia public energy authority; facilitating the allocation of the state ceiling for certain projects producing energy from coal waste; and expanding the period for reservation of the state ceiling for certain projects producing energy from coal waste.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-one, article two-c, chapter thirteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT BOND ACT.

§13-2C-21. Ceiling on issuance of private activity bonds; establishing procedure for allocation and disbursements; reservation of funds; limitations; unused allocation; expirations and carryovers.

1 (a) Private activity bonds (as defined in section 2 141(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 3 1986, other than those described in section 146(g) of the 4 Internal Revenue Code) issued pursuant to this article, 5 including bonds issued by the West Virginia public 6 energy authority pursuant to subsection (8), section five. 7 article one, chapter five-d of this code, or under article 8 eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, during any calendar year shall not exceed the ceiling established by 9 section 146(d) of the United States Internal Revenue 10 Code. It is hereby determined and declared as a matter 11 12 of legislative finding (i) that the production of bituminous coal in this state has resulted in coal waste, which 13 coal waste is stored in areas generally referred to as gob 14 piles; (ii) that such gob piles are unsightly and have the 15 potential to pollute the environment in this state; 16 (iii) that the utilization of the materials in such gob piles 17 to produce alternative forms of energy needs to be 18 encouraged; (iv) that section 142(a)(6) of the United 19 States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 permits the 20 financing of solid waste disposal facilities through the 21 issuance of such private activity bonds; (v) that it is in 22 the best interest of this state and the citizens thereof to 23 facilitate the construction of facilities for the generation 24 of power through the utilization of coal waste by 25

- providing an orderly mechanism for the commitment of the annual ceiling for private activity bonds for such projects.
- (b) On or before the first day of each calendar year, the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development shall determine the state ceiling for such year based on the criteria of the United States Internal Revenue Code, which annual ceiling shall be allocated among the several issuers of bonds under this article or under article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, as follows:

- (1) Fifty million dollars shall be allocated to the West Virginia housing development fund for the purpose of issuing qualified mortgage bonds, qualified mortgage certificates or bonds for qualified residential rental projects.
- (2) One half the total state ceiling for each year remaining after the allocation to the West Virginia housing development fund described in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to the counties on a per capita basis and, unless the context in which used requires otherwise, shall be hereinafter in this section referred to as the "county allocation."
- (3) One half of the total state ceiling for each year remaining after the allocation to the West Virginia housing development fund described in subdivision (1) shall be retained by the state of West Virginia by the governor's office of community and industrial development and, unless the context in which used requires otherwise, shall be hereinafter in this section referred to as the "state allocation."
- (c) The director of the governor's office of community and industrial development shall notify each clerk of the county commission of that county's apportionment from the county allocation. All apportionments made to any county from the county allocation shall be for issues of the county commission of that county and for issues of all municipalities or other governmental bodies within that county.

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- (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the state allocation is fully distributed prior to the first day of July of each calendar year, the governor's office of community and industrial development may reallocate all or any portion of the then remaining county allocation to the state upon the director's notification of such action to the clerk of the several county commissions. Any reallocations of less than all of the then remaining county allocation shall be made proportionately from each county's apportionment then remaining.
- (e) Distribution of both the county and state allocations to lessees, purchasers or owners of proposed commercial or industrial projects shall be on a first come, first serve basis and shall not be distributed or allocated for any project until the governmental body. seeking the same shall submit an application for reservation of funds as provided in subsection (f) of this section. The governmental body must first adopt an inducement resolution approving the prospective issuance of bonds and setting forth the amount of bonds to be issued. Each governmental body, which includes the West Virginia public energy authority, seeking an allocation of the state ceiling following the adoption of such inducement resolution shall submit a notice of inducement signed by its clerk, secretary or recorder or other appropriate official to the governor's office of community and industrial development. Such notice shall include such information as may be required by the governor's office of community and industrial development by rule or regulation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, when an issuer described in this section proposes to issue bonds for the purpose of constructing an energy producing project which relies, in whole or in part, upon coal waste as fuel, to the extent such project qualifies as a solid waste facility under section 142(a)(6) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, such project may be given an allocation from the state ceiling available for any year subsequent to the year in which application is made (other than the amount to be allocated pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of this section), at the discretion of the director of the governor's office of community and

- 107 industrial development: Provided, That no such discre-
- 108 tionary allocation may be made to any single project in
- an amount in excess of forty percent of the state ceiling
- 110 available for such year subsequent to the year in which
- 111 the request is made (exclusive of the amount to be
- allocated pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of
- 113 this section for such year). A discretionary allocation of
- the state ceiling for a project described in the preceding
- 115 sentence shall not be granted by the director of the
- governor's office of community and industrial develop-
- ment unless the project for which the request is made
- has received a certification from the Federal Energy
- 119 Regulatory Commission as a qualifying facility or a
- 120 cogeneration project.
- 121 (f) Currently with or following the submission of its
- 122 notice of inducement, the governmental body at any
- 123 time deemed expedient by it may submit its notice of
- 124 reservation of funds which shall include the following
- 125 information:
- 126 (1) The date of the notice of reservation of funds;
- 127 (2) The identity of the governmental body issuing the bonds:
- 129 (3) The date of inducement and the prospective date 130 of issuance;
- 131 (4) The name of the entity for which the bonds are to 132 be issued:
- 133 (5) The amount of the bond issue, or, if the amount
- 134 of the bond issue for which a reservation of funds has
- 135 been made has been increased, the amount of the
- 136 increase;
- 137 (6) The type of issue; and
- 138 (7) A description of the project for which the bonds are to be issued.
- 140 (g) (1) Upon receipt of the notice of reservation of 141 funds by the governor's office of community and
- 142 industrial development, such office shall immediately
- 143 note upon the face of such notice the date and time the
- 144 same was so received and shall within ten days certify

to the governmental body submitting the same (A) that the statewide ceiling has not been exceeded, if such be the case, and (B) that the amount of the bond issue has been allocated and reserved in the name of such governmental body for the project for which the bonds are to be issued and, thereafter, the amount of such bond issue shall be so allocated and reserved.

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- (2) In the event the amount required in the notification of reservation of funds, as provided for in subdivision (1) of this subsection, exceeds the apportionment available to that county from the county allocation, the governor's office of community and industrial development shall immediately notify the governmental body proposing to issue such bonds of that fact and such body may apply to such office for an apportionment to the extent of such excess from the state allocation.
- (h) The governmental body shall submit a new notice of reservation of funds pursuant to subsections (f) and (g) above for any increase in the amount of a bond issue for which a reservation of funds has been made. Such notice shall be treated as a new request for a reservation of funds to the extent of such increase.
- 167 (i) If the bond issue for which a reservation has been 168 made has not been finally closed within one hundred 169 twenty days of the date of the certification of reservation 170 to be made by the governor's office of community and industrial development, as required by the provisions of 171 172 subsection (g) of this section, or the thirty-first day of 173 December following such date of certification if sooner 174 and a statement of bond closure which has been 175 executed by the clerk, secretary, recorder or other 176 appropriate official of the governmental body reserving the same has not been received by such office within 177 that time, then such reservation shall expire and be 178 deemed to have been forfeited and the funds so reserved 179 shall be released and revert to the county and/or state 180 allocation, as the case may be, from which the funds 181 were originally reserved and allocation will then be 182 made available for other qualified issues in accordance 183 with this section and the Internal Revenue Code: 184 Provided, That, as to any notice of reservation of funds 185

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received by the governor's office of community and industrial development during the month of December in any calendar year with respect to any project qualifying as an elective carry forward pursuant to section 146(f)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, such reservation of funds and the allocation to which the same relates shall not expire or be subject to forfeiture: Provided, however. That any unused state ceiling as of the thirty-first day of December in any year not otherwise subject to a carry forward pursuant to section 146(f) of the Internal Revenue Code shall be allocated to the West Virginia housing development fund, which shall be deemed to have elected to carry forward the unused state ceiling for the purpose of issuing qualified mortgage bonds, qualified mortgage credit certificates or bonds for qualified residential rental projects, each as defined in the Internal Revenue Code. All requests for subsequent reservation of funds and reallocation upon loss of a reservation pursuant to this section will be treated in the same manner as a new notice of reservation of funds in accordance with subsections (f) and (g) above.

- (j) Once a reservation of an allocation has been made to an energy producing project which relies, in whole or in part, upon coal waste as fuel and otherwise qualifies as a solid waste facility under section 142(a)(6) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, notwithstanding the language of subsection (i) of this section, such reservation shall remain fully available with respect to such project until the first day of October in the year from which the reservation of allocation was made at which time, if the bond issue has not been finally closed, the reservation shall expire and be deemed forfeited and the funds so reserved shall be released as provided in subsection (i) of this section.
- (k) Any amount of the county allocation remaining unreserved on the first day of October in any calendar year (which amount shall be determined by the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development) shall revert to the state allocation for the remainder of that year, and all notification of reserva-

- tion of funds by either the state or any county submitted on or after such date shall be treated on a first come, first serve basis.
- 230 (l) The amendments to this section adopted by the 231 Legislature at the regular session thereof, held in the 232 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall apply 233 and be effective with respect to such year and to all 234 subsequent years.

CHAPTER 22

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 572—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the exemption of certain charitable organizations from filing annual registration statements with the secretary of state provided that each such charitable organization does not employ professional solicitors or fund-raisers or does not intend to solicit and receive and does not actually raise or receive contributions in excess of ten thousand dollars; and changing the statement printed on solicitation materials relating to the source for documents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

§29-19-6. Certain persons and organizations exempt from registration.

- 1 (a) The following charitable organizations shall not be
- 2 required to file an annual registration statement with
- 3 the secretary of state:
- 4 (1) Educational institutions, the curriculums of which

- in whole or in part are registered or approved by the state board of education, either directly or by acceptance of accreditation by an accrediting body recognized by the state board of education; and any auxiliary associations, foundations and support groups which are directly responsible to any such educational institutions;
 - (2) Persons requesting contributions for the relief of any individual specified by name at the time of the solicitation when all of the contributions collected without any deductions whatsoever are turned over to the named beneficiary for his or her use;
 - (3) Hospitals which are nonprofit and charitable;
 - (4) Organizations which solicit only within the membership of the organization by the members thereof: *Provided*, That the term "membership" shall not include those persons who are granted a membership upon making a contribution as the result of solicitation. For the purpose of this section, "member" means a person having membership in a nonprofit corporation, or other organization, in accordance with the provisions of its articles of incorporation, bylaws or other instruments creating its form and organization; and, having bona fide rights and privileges in the organization, such as the right to vote, to elect officers, directors and issues, to hold office or otherwise as ordinarily conferred on members of such organizations;
 - (5) Religious organizations, churches or any group affiliated with and forming an integral part of these organizations of which no part of the net income inures to the direct benefits of any individual and which have received a declaration of current tax-exempt status from the government of the United States.
 - (b) The following charitable organizations are exempt from filing an annual registration statement with the secretary of state if they do not employ a professional solicitor or fund-raiser or do not intend to solicit and receive and do not actually raise or receive contributions from the public in excess of ten thousand dollars during a calendar year:

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- 44 (1) Local youth athletic organizations: *Provided*, That 45 such organizations may solicit and receive contributions 46 from the public in excess of ten thousand dollars during 47 a calendar year and still be exempt from filing an 48 annual registration statement;
- 49 (2) Community civic clubs:
- 50 (3) Community service clubs:
- 51 (4) Fraternal organizations;
- 52 (5) Labor unions;
 - (6) Local posts, camps, chapters or similarly designated elements or county units of such elements of bona fide veterans organizations or auxiliaries which issue charters to such local elements throughout the state;
- 57 (7) Bona fide organizations of volunteer firemen or auxiliaries;
 - (8) Bona fide ambulance associations or auxiliaries;
 - (9) Bona fide rescue squad associations or auxiliaries.

Charitable organizations which do not intend to solicit and receive in excess of ten thousand dollars, but do receive in excess of that amount from the public, shall file the annual registration statement within thirty days after contributions are in excess of ten thousand dollars.

(c) Every printed solicitation shall include the following statement: "West Virginia residents may obtain a summary of the registration and financial documents from the secretary of state, state capitol, Charleston, West Virginia 25305. Registration does not imply endorsement."

CHAPTER 23

(H. B. 2031—By Delegates Love and Leggett)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section,

designated section sixteen, relating to continuation of the commission on charitable organizations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 19. SOLICITATION OF CHARITABLE FUNDS ACT.

§29-19-16. Continuation of commission.

- 1 After having conducted a performance and fiscal
- 2 audit through its joint committee on government
- 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 5 declares that the commission on charitable organiza-
- 6 tions should be continued and reestablished. Accord-
- 7 ingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four,
- 8 article ten, chapter four of this code, the commission on
- 9 charitable organizations shall continue to exist until the
- 10 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.

CHAPTER 24

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 377—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to guidelines for child support awards generally; establishing a rebuttable presumption that the amount of a child support award resulting from the application of such child support guidelines is correct; describing the circumstances under which such guidelines should not be followed, with specific provision made for support agreements; and requiring a review of child support guidelines at least once every four years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD ADVOCATE OFFICE.

§48A-2-8. Guidelines for child support awards.

- 1 (a) The director of the child advocate office shall, by 2 legislative rule, establish guidelines for child support 3 award amounts so as to ensure greater uniformity by 4 those persons who make child support recommendations 5 and enter child support orders, and to increase predic-6 tability for parents, children and other persons who are 7 directly affected by child support orders. There shall be a rebuttable presumption, in any proceeding before a 8 family law master or circuit court judge for the award 9 10 of child support, that the amount of the award which 11 would result from the application of such guidelines is 12 the correct amount of child support to be awarded. A 13 written finding or specific finding on the record that the 14 application of the guidelines would be unjust or 15 inappropriate in a particular case shall be sufficient to rebut the presumption in that case. The guidelines shall 16 17 not be followed:
 - (1) When the child support award proposed to be made pursuant to the guidelines has been disclosed to the parties and each party has made a knowing and intelligent waiver of said amount, and the support obligors have entered into an agreement which provides for the custody and support of the child or children of the parties; or
 - (2) When the child support award proposed to be made pursuant to the guidelines would be contrary to the best interests of the child or children, or contrary to the best interests of the parties.
 - (b) The Legislature, by the enactment of this article, recognizes that children have a right to share in their natural parents' level of living. Accordingly, guidelines promulgated under the provisions of this section shall not be based upon any schedule of minimum costs for rearing children based upon subsistence level amounts set forth by various agencies of government. The

- Legislature recognizes that expenditures in families are not made in accordance with subsistence level standards, but are rather made in proportion to household income, and as parental incomes increase or decrease. the actual dollar expenditures for children also increase or decrease correspondingly. In order to ensure that children properly share in their parents' resources, regardless of family structure, the guidelines shall be structured so as to provide that after a consideration of respective parental incomes, that child support will be related, to the extent practicable, to the level of living which such children would enjoy if they were living in a household with both parents present.
 - (c) The guidelines promulgated under the provisions of this section shall take into consideration the financial contributions of both parents. The Legislature recognizes that expenditures in households are made in aggregate form and that total family income is pooled to determine the level at which the family can live. The guidelines shall provide for examining the financial contributions of both parents in relationship to total income, so as to establish and equitably apportion the child support obligation. Under the guidelines, the child support obligation of each parent will vary proportionately according to their individual incomes.
 - (d) The guidelines shall be structured so as to take into consideration any preexisting support orders which impose additional duties of support upon an obligor outside of the instant case, and shall provide direction in cases involving split or shared custody.
 - (e) The guidelines shall have application to cases of divorce, paternity, actions for support, and modifications thereof.
 - (f) In promulgating the legislative rule provided for under the provisions of this section, the director shall be directed by the following legislative findings:
 - (1) That amounts to be fixed as child support should not include awards for alimony, notwithstanding the fact that any amount fixed as child support will impact upon the living conditions of custodial parents;

- (2) That parental expenditures on children represent a relatively constant percentage of family consumption as family consumption increases, so that as family income increases, the family's level of consumption increases, and the children should share in and benefit from this increase;
 - (3) That parental expenditures on children represent a declining proportion of family income as the gross income of the family increases, so that while total dollar outlays for children have a positive relationship to the family's gross income, the proportion of gross family income allotted for the children has a negative relationship to gross income;
 - (4) That expenditures on children vary according to the number of children in the family, and as the number of children in the family increase, the expenditures for the children as a group increase, and the expenditures on each individual child decrease; so that due to increasing economies of scale and the increased sharing of resources among family members, spending will not increase in direct proportion to the number of children;
 - (5) That as children grow older, expenditures on children increase, particularly during the teenage years.
 - (g) The director of the child advocate office shall review the guidelines at least once every four years to ensure that their application results in the determination of appropriate child support awards. Such four-year period shall begin on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 25

(S. B. 380—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; and to amend and reenact sections twelve, eighteen, thirty-six and thirty-seven, article seven of said chapter, all relating to whom the children's advocate represents.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a; and that sections twelve, eighteen, thirty-six and thirty-seven, article seven of said chapter, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- 3. Children's Advocate.
- 7. Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

ARTICLE 3. CHILDREN'S ADVOCATE.

§48A-3-3a. Representation by the children's advocate.

- 1 Unless otherwise specifically provided, the children's
- 2 advocate shall represent only the child when participat-
- 3 ing in any civil action pursuant to the duties of the
- 4 children's advocate under the provisions of this chapter
- 5 or chapter forty-eight of this code. The pleadings shall
- 6 indicate that the children's advocate represents only the
- 7 child.

ARTICLE 7. REVISED UNIFORM RECIPROCAL ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT ACT.

- §48A-7-12. Children's advocate to represent child.
- §48A-7-18. Duty of court and officials of this state as responding state.
- §48A-7-36. Children's advocate to represent child.
- §48A-7-37. Registration procedure; notice; children's advocate to enforce order.

§48A-7-12. Children's advocate to represent child.

- 1 If this state is acting as an initiating state, the
- 2 children's advocate shall represent the child in any
- 3 proceedings under this article.

§48A-7-18. Duty of court and officials of this state as responding state.

1 (a) After a circuit court of this state, acting as the

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- responding court, receives copies of the petition or complaint, certificate and act from the initiating court of another state, the clerk of the circuit court shall docket the case and notify the children's advocate of such action.
- (b) The children's advocate shall prosecute the case diligently in the best interests of the child. He or she shall take all action necessary in accordance with the laws of this state to enable the court to obtain jurisdiction over the obligor or his property and shall request the court to set a time and place for a hearing and give notice thereof to the obligor in accordance with law.

§48A-7-36. Children's advocate to represent child.

If this state is acting either as a rendering or a registering state, the children's advocate shall represent the child in proceedings under sections thirty-three through thirty-eight of this article.

§48A-7-37. Registration procedure; notice; children's advocate to enforce order.

- 1 (a) An obligee seeking to register a foreign support 2 order in a circuit court of this state shall transmit to 3 the clerk of the court (1) three certified copies of the 4 order with all modifications thereof, (2) one copy of the 5 reciprocal enforcement of support law of the state in 6 which the order was made, and (3) a statement verified 7 and signed by the obligee, showing the post-office address of the obligee, the last known place of residence 8 and post-office address of the obligor, the amount of 9 support remaining unpaid, a description and the 10 location of any property of the obligor available upon 11 12 execution, and a list of the states in which the order is registered. Upon receipt of these documents the clerk of 13 the court, without payment of a filing fee or other cost 14 to the obligee, shall file them in the registry of foreign 15 support orders. The filing constitutes registration under 16 17 this article.
 - (b) Promptly upon registration the clerk of the court shall send by certified or registered mail to the obligor at the address given a notice of the registration with a

- 21 copy of the registered support order and the post-office
- 22 address of the obligee. He shall also docket the case and
- 23 notify the children's advocate of his action. The child-
- 24 ren's advocate shall proceed diligently to enforce the
- 25 order in the best interests of the child.

CHAPTER 26

(S. B. 310—By Senator Lucht)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine, ten, eleven and fourteen, article two-b, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen, all relating to the registration of family day care homes by the commissioner of human services; general requirements for registration; and penalties and injunctions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine, ten, eleven and fourteen, article two-b, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES FOR CHILD WELFARE.

§49-2B-1.	Policy and purpose; transfer of powers of child welfare licensing
	hoard

§49-2B-2. Definitions.

§49-2B-3. License, approval and registration requirements.

§49-2B-4. Rules.

§49-2B-5. Penalties; injunctions.

§49-2B-6. Conditions of licensure, approval and registration.

§49-2B-8. Application for license or approval.

§49-2B-9. Supervision and consultation required.

§49-2B-10. Investigating authority.

§49-2B-11. Revocation; provisional licenses and approval.

§49-2B-14. Annual reports; directory; licensing reports and recommendations.
§49-2B-16. Education of the public.

§49-2B-1. Policy and purpose; transfer of powers of child welfare licensing board.

1 It is the policy of the state to assist a child and the 2 child's family as the basic unit of society through efforts 3 to strengthen and preserve the family unit. In the event 4 of a temporary or permanent absence of parents or the separation of a child from the family unit for care or 5 6 treatment purposes, it is the policy of the state to assure 7 that a child receives care and nurturing as close as possible to society's expectations of a family's care and 8 nurturing of its child. The state has a duty to assure that 9 10 proper and appropriate care is given and maintained.

11 Through licensing, approving and registering child 12 care facilities and child welfare agencies, the state 13 exercises its benevolent police power to protect the user 14 of a service from risks against which he or she would 15 have little or no competence for self protection. 16 Licensing, approval and registration processes must 17 therefore continually balance the child's rights and need 18 for protection with the interests, rights and responsibil-19 ity of the service providers.

In order to carry out the above policy, the Legislature enacts this article to protect and prevent harm to children separated from their families and to enhance their continued growth and well-being while in care.

The purposes of this article are:

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(i) To protect the health, safety and well-being of children in substitute care by preventing improper and harmful care; (ii) to establish statewide rules for regulating programs as defined in this article; and (iii) to encourage and assist in the improvement of child care programs. In order to carry out these purposes, the powers of the child welfare licensing board created by chapter nineteen, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred forty-five, are hereby transferred to the commissioner of human services, along with the other powers granted by this article.

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§49-2B-2. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

"Approval" means a finding by the commissioner that a facility operated by the state has met the requirements set forth in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

"Certificate of approval" means a statement of the commissioner that a facility operated by the state has met the requirements set forth in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

"Certificate of license" means a statement issued by the commissioner authorizing an individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, municipality or county, or any agency thereof, to provide specified services for a limited period of time in accordance with the terms of the certificate.

"Certificate of registration" means a statement issued by the commissioner to a family day care home upon receipt of a self-certification statement of compliance with the rules promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this article.

"Child" means any person under eighteen years of age.

"Child care" means responsibilities assumed and services performed in relation to a child's physical, emotional, psychological, social and personal needs and the consideration of the child's rights and entitlements.

"Child placing agency" means a child welfare agency organized for the purpose of placing children in private family homes for foster care or for adoption. The function of a child placing agency may include the investigation and certification of foster family homes and foster family group homes as provided in this chapter. The function of a child placing agency may also include the supervision of children who are sixteen or seventeen years old and living in unlicensed residences.

"Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.

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"Day care center" means a facility operated by a child welfare agency for the care of seven or more children on a nonresidential basis.

"Department" means the state department of human services.

"Facility" means a place or residence, including personnel, structures, grounds and equipment used for the care of a child or children on a residential or other basis for any number of hours a day in any shelter or structure maintained for that purpose.

"Family day care" means nonresidential child care provided for compensation in a home other than the child's own home. The provider may care for four to six children, including children who are living in the household, who are under six years of age. No more than two of the total number of children may be under twenty-four months of age.

"Foster family group home" means a private residence which is used for the care on a residential basis of six, seven or eight children who are unrelated by blood, marriage, or adoption to any adult member of the household.

"Foster family home" means a private residence which is used for the care on a residential basis of no more than five children who are unrelated by blood, marriage, or adoption to any adult member of the household.

"Group home" means any facility, public or private, which is used to provide residential care for ten or fewer children.

"Group home facility" means any facility, public or private, which is used to provide residential care for eleven or more children.

"License" means the grant of official permission to a facility to engage in an activity which would otherwise be prohibited.

"Registration" means the process by which a family

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- day care home self-certifies compliance with the rules 75 76 promulgated pursuant to this article.
- 77 "Residential child care" or "child care on a residential 78 basis" means child care which includes the provision of 79 nighttime shelter and the personal discipline and supervision of a child by guardians, custodians or other 80 81 persons or entities on a continuing or temporary basis.
- 82 "Rule" means a statement issued by the commissioner 83 of the standard to be applied in the various areas of 84 child care.
- 85 "Variance" means a declaration that a rule may be 86 accomplished in a manner different from the manner set 87 forth in the rule.
- "Waiver" means a declaration that a certain rule is 88 inapplicable in a particular circumstance. 89

registration §49-2B-3. License, and approval requirements.

- (a) Any person, corporation, or child welfare agency 1 other than a state agency, which operates a residential 2 child care facility, a child placing agency or a day care 3 center shall have a license. 4
- (b) Any residential child care facility, day care center or any child placing agency operated by the state shall obtain approval of its operations from the commissioner. Such facilities and placing agencies shall maintain the same standards of care applicable to licensed facilities, centers or placing agencies of the same category. 10
- 11 (c) Every family day care home shall have a certificate of registration. Family day care homes approved 12 by the department of human services for receipt of 13 funding shall automatically receive a certificate of 14 15 registration.
- 16 (d) This section does not apply to:
- 17 (1) A kindergarten, preschool or school education program which is operated by a public school or which 18 19 is accredited by the state department of education, or any other kindergarten, preschool or school programs 20

- which operate with sessions not exceeding four hours per day for any child;
- 23 (2) An individual or facility which offers occasional 24 care of children for brief periods while parents are 25 shopping, engaging in recreational activities, attending 26 religious services or engaging in other business or 27 personal affairs:
- 28 (3) Summer recreation camps operated for children attending sessions for periods not exceeding thirty days;
- 30 (4) Hospitals or other medical facilities which are 31 primarily used for temporary residential care of 32 children for treatment, convalescence or testing; or
- 33 (5) Persons providing family day care solely for 34 children related to them.

§49-2B-4. Rules.

- 1 The commissioner shall promulgate rules for the 2 purpose of carrying out the provisions of this article, to 3 include the family day care registration program, within one hundred eighty days of the effective date 4 hereof pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-5 nine-a of this code: Provided, That any rule promulgated 6 as a result of the enactment of this section in the year 7 8 one thousand nine hundred eighty-one need not be 9 repromulgated.
- The commissioner shall review the rules promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this article at least once every five years, making revisions when necessary or convenient.

§49-2B-5. Penalties; injunctions.

- (a) Any individual or corporation which operates a child welfare agency, residential child care facility or day care center without a license when a license is required is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in jail not exceeding one year, or a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 8 (b) Where a violation of this article or a rule or

- 9 regulation promulgated by the commissioner may result
- 10 in serious harm to children under care, the commis-
- 11 sioner may seek injunctive relief against any person,
- 12 corporation, child welfare agency, child placing agency,
- 13 day care center, family day care home or governmental
- 14 official through proceedings instituted by the attorney
- 15 general, or the appropriate county prosecuting attorney,
- 16 in the circuit court of Kanawha County or in the circuit
- 17 court of any county where the children are residing or
- 18 may be found.

§49-2B-6. Conditions of licensure, approval and registration.

- 1 (a) A license or approval is effective for a period of 2 two years from the date of issuance, unless revoked or modified to provisional status based on evidence of a 3 failure to comply with the provisions of this article or 4 any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this 5 6 article. The license or approval shall be reinstated upon 7 application to the commissioner and a determination of 8 compliance.
- 9 A certificate of registration is effective for a period of two years from the date of issuance, unless revoked 10 based on evidence of a failure to comply with the 11 provisions of this article or any rules and regulations 12 13 promulgated pursuant to this article. The certificate of 14 registration shall be reinstated upon application to the commissioner, including a statement of assurance of 15 continued compliance with the rules and regulations 16 17 promulgated pursuant to this article.
- 18 The license, approval or registration issued under this article is not transferable and applies only to the facility 19 and its location stated in the application. The license or 20 21 approval shall be publicly displayed, except family day 22 care homes, foster family homes, foster family group 23 homes and group homes shall be required to display 24 licenses or registration certificates upon request rather 25 than by posting.
- 26 (b) A provisional license or approval may be issued as:
- 27 (i) An initial license or approval to a new facility

which has been unable to demonstrate full compliance because the facility is not fully operational; or

(ii) A temporary license or approval to an established licensed facility which is temporarily unable to conform to the provisions of this article or the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder.

A provisional license or approval shall expire six months from the date of issuance and may be reinstated no more than two times. The issuance of a provisional license or approval shall be contingent upon the submission to the commissioner of an acceptable plan to overcome identified deficiencies within the period of the provisional license or approval. Provisional certificates of registration shall be issued to family day care homes.

- (c) The commissioner, as a condition of issuing a license, registration or approval, may:
- 44 (i) Limit the age, sex or type of problems of children 45 allowed admission to a particular facility;
 - (ii) Prohibit intake of any children; or
- 47 (iii) Reduce the number of children which the agency 48 or facility operated by the agency is licensed, approved 49 or registered to receive.

§49-2B-8. Application for license or approval.

Any person or corporation, or any governmental agency intending to act as a child welfare agency shall apply for a license, approval or registration certificate to operate child care facilities regulated by this article. Applications for license, approval or registration shall be made separately for each child care facility to be licensed, approved or registered.

The commissioner may prescribe forms and reasonable application procedures.

(a) Before issuing a license or approval, the commissioner shall investigate the facility, program and persons responsible for the care of children. The investigation shall include, but not be limited to, review of resource need, reputation, character and purposes of applicants, a check of personnel criminal records, if any, and personnel medical records, the financial records of

- applicants, and consideration of the proposed plan for child care from intake to discharge.
- 19 (b) Before a family day care home registration is 20 granted, the commissioner shall make inquiry as to the 21 facility, program and persons responsible for the care 22 of children. The inquiry shall include self-certification 23 by the prospective family day care home of compliance 24 with standards including, but not limited to:
- 25 (i) Physical and mental health of persons present in 26 the home while children are in care;
- 27 (ii) Criminal and child abuse or neglect history of persons present in the home while children are in care;
- 29 (iii) Discipline;
- 30 (iv) Fire and environmental safety;
- 31 (v) Equipment and program for the children in care;
- 32 (vi) Health, sanitation and nutrition.
- Further inquiry and investigation may be made as the commissioner may direct.
- The commissioner shall make a decision on each application within sixty days of its receipt and shall provide to unsuccessful applicants written reasons for the decision.

§49-2B-9. Supervision and consultation required.

1 The commissioner shall provide supervision to ascer-2 tain compliance with the rules and regulations promul-3 gated pursuant to this article through regular monitor-4 ing, visits to facilities, documentation, evaluation and reporting. The commissioner shall be responsible for 5 training and education, within fiscal limitations, 6 7 specifically for the improvement of care in family day 8 care homes. The commissioner shall consult with applicants, the personnel of child welfare agencies, and 9 10 children under care to assure the highest quality child 11 care possible. The director of the department of health 12 and the state fire marshal shall cooperate with the 13 commissioner in the administration of the provisions of

- 14 this article by providing such reports and assistance as
- 15 may be requested by the commissioner.

§49-2B-10. Investigating authority.

1 The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of this 2 article. An on-site evaluation of every facility regulated 3 pursuant to this article, except registered family day 4 care homes, shall be conducted no less than once per 5 year by announced or unannounced visits. A random 6 sample of not less than five percent of registered family 7 day care homes shall be monitored annually through on-8 site evaluations. The commissioner shall have access to 9 the premises, personnel, children in care and records of 10 the facility, including, but not limited to, case records, corporate and financial records and board minutes. 11 12 Applicants for licenses, approvals and certificates of 13 registration shall consent to reasonable on-site administrative inspections, made with or without prior notice, 14 as a condition of licensing, approval or registration. 15 16 When a complaint is received by the commissioner 17 alleging violations of licensure, approval or registration 18 requirements, the commissioner shall investigate the 19 allegations. The commissioner may notify the facility's 20 director before or after a complaint is investigated and 21 shall cause a written report of the results of the 22 investigation to be made.

23 The commissioner may enter any unlicensed, or 24 unapproved child care facility or personal residence for which there is probable cause to believe that the facility 25 26 or residence is operating in violation of this article. Such 27 entries shall be made with a law-enforcement officer 28 present. The commissioner may enter upon the premises of any unregistered family day care facility after two 29 attempts by the commissioner to bring this facility into 30 31 compliance.

§49-2B-11. Revocation; provisional licenses and approvals.

1 (a) The commissioner may revoke or make provisional 2 the license of any facility or child welfare agency 3 regulated pursuant to this article, except family day 4 care homes, if a certificate holder materially violates

- 5 any provision of this article, or any terms or conditions 6 of the license or approval issued, or fails to maintain 7 established requirements of child care.
- 8 (b) The commissioner may revoke the certificate of registration of any family day care home if a certificate holder materially violates any provision of this article, or any terms or conditions of the registration certificate
- 12 issued, or fails to maintain established requirements of
- 13 child care.

§49-2B-14. Annual reports; directory; licensing reports and recommendations.

- 1 The commissioner shall submit on or before the first
- 2 day of January of each year a report to the governor,
- 3 and upon request to members of the Legislature,
- 4 concerning the regulation of child welfare agencies,
- 5 child placing agencies, day care centers, family day care
- 6 homes and child care facilities during the year. The
- 7 report shall include, but not be limited to, data on the
- 8 number of children and staff at each facility (except
- 9 family day care homes), applications received, types of
- 10 licenses, approvals and registrations granted, denied,
- 11 made provisional or revoked and any injunctions
- 12 obtained or facility closures ordered.
- The commissioner also shall compile annually a directory of licensed and approved child care providers
- 15 including a brief description of their program and
- facilities, the program's capacity and a general profile
- 17 of children served. A listing of family day care homes
- 18 shall also be compiled annually.
- 19 Licensing reports and recommendations for licensure
- 20 which are a part of the yearly review of each licensed
- 21 facility shall be sent to the facility director. Copies shall
- 22 be available to the public upon written request to the
- 23 commissioner.

§49-2B-16. Education of the public.

- 1 The commissioner shall provide ongoing education of
- 2 the public in regard to the requirements of this article
- 3 through the use of mass media and other methods as are
- 4 deemed appropriate.

CHAPTER 27

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2130-By Delegate Hatfield)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-d, relating to providing services to dysfunctional families in order to prevent outside placement of the children thereof; findings and purpose; definitions; requiring a judicial determination of whether or not reasonable efforts have been made before children may be placed outside the home; caseload limits; situational criteria requiring service; service delivery through purchase of service contracts; and provision of special services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-d, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. HOME-BASED FAMILY PRESERVATION ACT.

- §49-2D-1. Findings and purpose.
- §49-2D-2. Definitions.
- §49-2D-3. Hearing required to determine "reasonable efforts."
- §49-2D-4. When family preservation services required.
- §49-2D-5. Caseload limits for home-based preservation services.
- §49-2D-6. Situational criteria requiring service.
- \$49-2D-7. Service delivery through service contracts; accountability.
- §49-2D-8. Provision of special services.
- §49-2D-9. Development of home-based family preservation services.

§49-2D-1. Findings and purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds that there exists a need in this
- 2 state to assist dysfunctional families by providing
- 3 nurture and care to such families' children as an
- 4 alternative to removing children from such families.
- 5 The Legislature also finds that the family is the
- 6 primary social institution responsible for meeting the

- 7 needs of children and that the state has an obligation
- 8 to assist families in this regard.
- 9 The Legislature further finds that children have 10 significant emotional and social ties to the natural or
- 11 surrogate family beyond basic care and nurture for
- which the family is responsible.
- 13 The purpose of this article is to establish a pilot
- 14 program to evaluate the utility of providing intensive
- 15 intervention with the families of children that are at
- 16 risk of being removed from the home. For these limited
- 17 purposes, the department is authorized to use available
- 18 appropriate funds for such intervention service, but only
- 19 to the extent that such moneys would normally be
- 20 available for the removal and placement of the partic-
- 21 ular child at risk.

§49-2D-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, the following terms have the meanings indicated:
- 3 (a) "Dysfunctional family" means a parent or parents
- 4 or an adult or adults and a child or children living
- 5 together and functioning in an impaired or abnormal
- 6 manner so as to cause substantial physical or emotional
- 7 danger, injury or harm to one or more children thereof 8 regardless of whether such children are natural offsp-
- o regardless of whether such children are natural offsp-
- 9 ring, adopted children, step children or unrelated
- 10 children to such parents.
- 11 (b) "Home-based family preservation services" means
- 12 services dispensed by the department of human services
- or by another person, association or group who has contracted with the department of human services to
- contracted with the department of human services to dispense such services when such services are intended
- 16 dispense such services when such services are intended to stabilize and maintain the natural or surrogate family
- 17 in order to prevent the placement of children in
- 18 substitute care. There are two types of home-based
- 19 family preservation services and they are as follows:
- 20 (1) Intensive, short term intervention of four to six 21 weeks; and

- 22 (2) Home-based, longer term after care following 23 intensive intervention.
- §49-2D-3. Hearing required to determine "reasonable efforts."
 - 1 A hearing by a circuit court of competent jurisdiction
 - 2 is required to determine whether or not "reasonable
 - 3 efforts" have been made to stabilize and maintain the
 - 4 family situation before any child may be placed outside
 - 5 the home: Provided, That in the event any child appears
 - 6 in imminent danger of serious bodily or emotional injury
 - 7 or death in any home, a post-removal hearing shall be
 - 8 substituted for the pre-removal hearing.

§49-2D-4. When family preservation services required.

- 1 Home-based family preservation services are required
- 2 in all cases where the removal of a child or children is
- 3 seriously being considered, whether from a natural
- 4 home or a surrogate home, wherein a child or children
- 5 have lived for a substantial period of time: Provided,
- 6 That such services are not required when the child
- 7 appears in imminent danger of serious bodily or serious
- 8 emotional injury.

§49-2D-5. Caseload limits for home-based preservation services.

- 1 For purposes of this article, no contractor employee
- 2 of the department of human services may exceed three
- 3 families during any period of time when such contractor
- 4 employee is engaged in providing intensive, short term
- 5 home-based family preservation intervention. In addi-
- 6 tion, no caseload may exceed six families during any
- 7 period of time when home-based aftercare is provided
- 8 pursuant to this article.
- 9 When providing either type of home-based family
- preservation services to any family, the department of
- 11 human services or contractor shall provide trained
- 12 personnel who shall be available during nonworking
- hours to assist families on an emergency basis.

§49-2D-6. Situational criteria requiring service.

1 Services required by this article shall be made

- 2 available to any dysfunctional family in which there
- exists an imminent risk of placement of at least one 3 child outside the home as the result of abuse, neglect, 4
- 5 dependency or delinquency or any emotional and 6
- behavioral problems.
- 7 Payment for contractual services shall be on a cost per
- 8 family basis. Any renewal of any such contract shall be
- 9 based on performance.

§49-2D-7. Service delivery through service contracts; accountability.

Services required by this article which are not 1 2 practically deliverable directly from the department of 3 human services may be subcontracted to professionally qualified private individuals, associations, agencies, 4 corporations, partnerships or groups. The service 5 provider shall be required to submit monthly activity 6 7 reports as to any services rendered to the department 8 of human services. Such activity reports shall include project evaluation in relation to individual families 9 being served as well as statistical data concerning 10 families that are referred for services which are not 11 served due to unavailability of resources. Costs of 12 program evaluation are an allowable cost consideration 13 14 in any service contract negotiated in accordance with this article. The department shall conduct a thorough 15 investigation of the contractors utilized by the depart-16 ment pursuant to this article. The department shall 17 further include the results of this investigation in its 18 19 report to the Legislature required by section nine of this

§49-2D-8. Provision of special services.

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article.

1 Costs of providing special services to families receiving regular services in accordance with this article are 2 3 allowable to the extent such goods and services are justified pursuant to carrying out the purposes of this 4 article. Such special services may include, but are not 5 limited to, homemaker assistance, food, clothing, 6 7 educational materials, respite care and recreational or 8 social activities.

§49-2D-9. Development of home-based family preservation services.

The department is authorized to use appropriate state, 1 2 federal, and/or private funds within its budget for the 3 provision of family preservation and reunification 4 services. Appropriated state funding made available 5 through capture of additional federal funds shall be 6 utilized to provide family preservation and reunification 7 services as described in this article. Costs of providing home-based services described in this article shall not 8 9 exceed the costs of out-of-home care which would be incurred otherwise. Notwithstanding the other provi-10 11 sions of this article to the contrary, it is the intent of 12 this legislation to permit the department to establish a pilot program in FY90 to serve two hundred families. 13 The department is vested with discretion to select target 14 15 populations using geographical or other criteria it 16 deems appropriate.

The department shall report back to the Legislature by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, on the feasibility of using funds currently earmarked for the placement of children for the intervention and what additional amounts may be needed to fully implement this article.

CHAPTER 28

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 308—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 23, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section four, article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to an advisory board of physicians for the handicapped children's board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed as follows:

ARTICLE 4. HANDICAPPED CHILDREN.

§49-4-4. Repeal of section relating to an advisory board of physicians for the handicapped children's board.

- 1 Section four, article four, chapter forty-nine of the
- 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.

CHAPTER 29

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2665—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections four-a, thirteen, fifteen and eighteen, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section two, article two, chapter five-f; to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, seventeen-a, seventeen-b, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-three, article six, chapter twenty-nine; and to further amend article six by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections nine-a and twenty-five, all relating to the civil service system; modification of layoff and bumping rights of classified employees; definition of terms; classified service: classified-exempt service; exemptions; creation of division of personnel; sections; creation of personnel board: members: terms; quorum; vacancies; powers and duties: director of division of personnel appointed; qualifications: powers and duties; civil service commission abolished: transfer of duties and responsibilities; rule of construction; transfer of employees, equipment, and records; continuation of programs, protections and rules; state personnel advisory council; rules of division; eligible lists: duties of state officers and employees; legal proceedings: certification of payrolls; wrongfully withholding certification of payroll; repeal of archaic provisions and provisions relating to functions formerly transferred to the education and state employees grievance board; records of state personnel division; services to political subdivisions; apprenticeship program; advisory board for the apprenticeship program; favoritism or discrimination; acts prohibited; appropriations, cost of administering article; acceptance of grant or contribution; implementation; and report to governor and Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four-a, thirteen, fifteen and eighteen, article six, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section two, article two, chapter five-f be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fourteen, sixteen, seventeen, seventeen-a, seventeen-b, twenty, twenty-one and twenty-three, article six, chapter twenty-nine be amended and reenacted; and that article six be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections nine-a and twenty-five, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5F. Reorganization of the Executive Branch of State Government.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 5F. REORGANIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF STATE GOVERNMENT.

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

- §5F-2-2. Power and authority of secretary of each department.
 - 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 2 to the contrary, the secretary of each department shall 3 have plenary power and authority within and for the 4 department to:
 - 5 (1) Employ and discharge within the office of the 6 secretary such employees as may be necessary to carry 7 out the functions of the secretary, which employees shall 8 serve at the will and pleasure of the secretary;

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- 9 (2) Cause the various agencies and boards to be 10 operated effectively, efficiently and economically, and 11 develop goals, objectives, policies and plans that are 12 necessary or desirable for the effective, efficient and 13 economical operation of the department;
 - (3) Eliminate or consolidate positions, other than positions of administrators or positions of board members, and name a person to fill more than one position;
 - (4) Delegate, assign, transfer or combine responsibilities or duties to or among employees, other than administrators or board members:
 - (5) Reorganize internal functions or operations;
 - (6) Formulate comprehensive budgets for consideration by the governor, and transfer within the department funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department which are not expended due to cost savings resulting from the implementation of the provisions of this chapter: Provided, That no more than twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated to any one agency or board may be transferred to other agencies or boards within the department: Provided, however, That no funds may be transferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of appropriations from the state road fund transferred to the office of the secretary of the department of transportation is not a use other than the purpose for which such funds were dedicated and is permitted: Provided further. That if the Legislature by subsequent enactment consolidates agencies, boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly appropriated to such agency, board or function in order to implement such consolidation. The authority to transfer funds under this section shall expire on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;
 - (7) Enter into contracts or agreements requiring the expenditure of public funds, and authorize the expenditure or obligating of public funds as authorized by

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- law: Provided, That the powers granted to the secretary 49 50 to enter into contracts or agreements and to make 51 expenditures or obligations of public funds under this provision shall not exceed or be interpreted as authority 52 53 to exceed the powers heretofore granted by the Legis-54 lature to the various commissioners, directors or board 55 members of the various departments, agencies or boards that comprise and are incorporated into each secretary's 56 57 department under this chapter:
- 58 (8) Acquire by lease or purchase property of whatever 59 kind or character, and convey or dispose of any property 60 of whatever kind or character as authorized by law: 61 Provided. That the powers granted to the secretary to 62 lease, purchase, convey or dispose of such property shall 63 not exceed or be interpreted as authority to exceed the powers heretofore granted by the Legislature to the 64 various commissioners, directors or board members of 65 the various departments, agencies or boards that 66 67 comprise and are incorporated into each secretary's department under this chapter: 68
 - (9) Conduct internal audits:
 - (10) Supervise internal management;
 - (11) Promulgate rules, as defined in section two, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers, authority and duties granted and imposed by the provisions of this chapter, such promulgation to be in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
 - (12) Grant or withhold written consent to the proposal of any rule, as defined in section two, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, by any administrator, agency or board within the department, without which written consent no proposal of a rule shall have any force or effect;
 - (13) Delegate to administrators such duties of the secretary as the secretary may deem appropriate from time to time to facilitate execution of the powers, authority and duties delegated to the secretary; and
 - (14) Take any other action involving or relating to internal management not otherwise prohibited by law.

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- (b) The secretaries of the departments hereby created shall engage in a comprehensive review of the practices, policies and operations of the agencies and boards within their departments to determine the feasibility of cost reductions and increased efficiency which may be achieved therein, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 96 (1) The elimination, reduction and restrictions in the 97 use of the state's vehicle or other transportation fleet;
 - (2) The elimination, reduction and restrictions in the preparation of state government publications, including annual reports, informational materials and promotional materials;
 - (3) The termination or renegotiation of terms contained in lease agreements between the state and private sector for offices, equipment and services;
- 105 (4) The adoption of appropriate systems for account-106 ing, including consideration of an accrual basis financial 107 accounting and reporting system;
- 108 (5) The adoption of revised procurement practices to 109 facilitate cost effective purchasing procedures, includ-110 ing consideration of means by which domestic busi-111 nesses may be assisted to compete for state government 112 purchases; and
- 113 (6) The computerization of the functions of the state agencies and boards.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 115 (a) and (b) of this section, none of the powers granted 116 117 to the secretaries herein shall be exercised by the 118 secretary if to do so would violate or be inconsistent with 119 the provisions of any federal law or regulation, any federal-state program or federally delegated program or 120 jeopardize the approval, existence or funding of any 121 122 such program, and the powers granted to the secretary 123 shall be so construed.
- 124 (d) The layoff and recall rights of employees within 125 the classified service of the state as provided in 126 subsections five and six, section ten, article six, chapter

127 twenty-nine of this code shall be limited to the organ-128 izational unit within the agency or board and within the 129 occupational group established by the classification and 130 compensation plan for the classified service of the agency or board in which the employee was employed 131 132 prior to the agency or board's transfer or incorporation 133 into the department: Provided, That the employee shall 134 possess the qualifications established for the job class. The duration of recall rights provided in this subsection 135 136 shall be limited to two years or the length of tenure, 137 whichever is less. Except as provided in this subsection, 138 nothing contained in this section shall be construed to abridge the rights of employees within the classified 139 140 service of the state as provided in sections ten and ten-141 a, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code or the 142 right of classified employees of the board of regents to 143 the procedures and protections set forth in article 144 twenty-six-b, chapter eighteen of this code.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 6. CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM.

other jurisdictions.

§29-6-17.

§29-6-2.	Definition of terms.
§29-6-3.	Classified service.
§29-6-4.	Classified-exempt service; additions to classified service; exemptions.
§29-6-5 .	Creation of division of personnel; sections.
§29-6-6.	State personnel board created; members; term; quorum; vacancies; powers and duties.
§29-6-7.	Director of personnel; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.
§29-6-8.	Duties of board generally.
§29-6-9.	Civil service commission abolished; transfer of duties and responsibilities; rule of construction; transfer of employees, equipment and records; continuation of programs, protections and rules.
§29-6-9a.	State personnel advisory council.
§29-6-10.	Rules of division.
§29-6-11.	Duty to furnish facilities for division's use.
§29-6-12.	Duties of state officers and employees; legal proceedings to secure compliance with article and rules.
§ 29-6-14.	Certification of payrolls; wrongfully withholding certification of payroll.
§29-6-16 .	Records of division.

Services to political subdivisions; cooperation with agencies for

- §29-6-17a. Apprenticeship program.
- §29-6-17b. Advisory board for the apprenticeship program.
- §29-6-20. Favoritism or discrimination because of political or religious opinions, affiliations or race; political activities prohibited.
- §29-6-21. Acts prohibited.

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- §29-6-23. Appropriations; cost of administering article; acceptance of grants or contribution.
- §29-6-25. Implementation; report to governor and Legislature.

§29-6-2. Definition of terms.

- As used in this article, unless the context indicates otherwise, the term:
 - (a) "Administrator" means any person who fills a statutorily created position within or related to an agency or board (other than a board member) and who is designated by statute as commissioner, deputy commissioner, assistant commissioner, director, chancellor, chief, executive director, executive secretary, superintendent, deputy superintendent or other administrative title, however designated:
- 11 (b) "Agency" means any administrative unit of state 12 government, including any authority, board, bureau, 13 commission, committee, council, division, section or 14 office:
- 15 (c) "Appointing authority" means a person or group 16 of persons authorized by an agency to make appoint-17 ments to positions in the classified or classified-exempt 18 service:
- 19 (d) "Board" means the state personnel board created 20 by section six of this article;
- (e) "Class" or "class of positions" means a group of positions sufficiently similar in duties, training, experience and responsibilities, as determined by specifications, that the same qualifications, the same title and the same schedule of compensation and benefits may be equitably applied to each position in the group;
- 27 (f) "Classification plan" means the plan by which 28 positions in the classified service and classified-exempt 29 service have been allocated by class;

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- 30 (g) "Classified-exempt service" means an employee 31 whose position satisfies the definitions for "class" and 32 "classify" but who is not covered under the civil service 33 system or employed by the board of regents;
- 34 (h) "Classified service" means an employee whose job 35 satisfies the definitions for "class" and "classify" and 36 who is covered under the civil service system;
 - (i) "Classify" means to group all positions in classes and to allocate every position to the appropriate class in the classification plan;
- (j) "Director" means the head of the division of personnel as appointed by section seven of this article;
 - (k) "Council" means the state personnel advisory council created in section nine-a of this article;
- (l) "Division" means the division of personnel herein created;
 - (m) "Policymaking position" means a position in which the person occupying it (1) acts as an advisor to, or formulates plans for the implementation of broad goals for an administrator or the governor, (2) is in charge of major administrative component of the agency and (3) reports directly and is directly accountable to an administrator or the governor;
 - (n) "Position" means a particular job which has been classified based on specifications;
 - (o) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of administration created in section two, article one, chapter five-f of this code;
 - (p) "Specification" means a description of a class of position which defines the class, provides examples of work performed and the minimum qualifications required for employment;
 - (q) "Veteran" means any person who has served in the armed forces of the United States of America during World War I (April 6, 1917-November 11, 1918), World War II (December 7, 1941-December 31, 1946), the Korean Conflict (June 27, 1950-January 31, 1955), or the

- 67 Vietnam Conflict (August 5, 1964-May 7, 1975), and who
- 68 has received a discharge under honorable conditions
- 69 from such service.

§29-6-3. Classified service.

- 1 The classified service includes all positions covered by
- 2 the civil service system as of the effective date of this
- 3 article, except as otherwise provided in this article.
- 4 Positions may be added to the classified service as
- 5 provided in section four of this article.

§29-6-4. Classified-exempt service; additions to classified service; exemptions.

- 1 (a) The classified-exempt service includes all positions 2 included in the classified-exempt service on the effective
- 3 date of this article.
- 4 (b) Except for the period commencing on the first day
- of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and ending on the first Monday after the second Wednesday
- of the following January and except for the same periods
- 8 commencing in the year one thousand nine hundred
- 9 ninety-six, and in each fourth year thereafter, the
- 10 governor may, by executive order, with the written
- 11 consent of the state personnel board and the appointing
- 12 authority concerned, add to the list of positions in the
- 13 classified service, but such additions shall not include
- 14 any positions specifically exempted from coverage as
- 15 provided in this section.
- 16 (c) The following offices and positions are exempt
- 17 from coverage under the classified service:
- 18 (1) All judges, officers and employees of the judiciary;
- 19 (2) All members, officers and employees of the 20 Legislature:
- 20 Legislature;
- 21 (3) All officers elected by popular vote and employees 22 of the officer:
- 23 (4) All secretaries of departments and employees 24 within the office of a secretary:
- 25 (5) Members of boards and commissions and heads of 26 departments appointed by the governor or such heads

- of departments selected by commissions or boards when expressly exempt by law or board order;
- 29 (6) Excluding the policymaking positions in an 30 agency, one principal assistant or deputy and one 31 private secretary for each board or commission or head 32 of a department elected or appointed by the governor 33 or Legislature:
- 34 (7) All policymaking positions;

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- (8) Patients or inmates employed in state institutions;
- 36 (9) Persons employed in a professional or scientific 37 capacity to make or conduct a temporary and special 38 inquiry, investigation or examination on behalf of the 39 Legislature or a committee thereof, an executive 40 department or by authority of the governor;
- 41 (10) All employees of the office of the governor, 42 including all employees assigned to the executive 43 mansion;
- 44 (11) County road supervisors employed by the depart-45 ment of highways or their successors;
 - (12) Part-time professional personnel engaged in professional services without administrative duties and personnel employed for ninety days or less during a working year;
- 50 (13) Members and employees of the board of regents or its successor agencies;
 - (14) Uniformed personnel of the division of public safety; and
- 54 (15) Seasonal employees in the state forests, parks, 55 and recreational areas working less than 1040 hours per 56 calendar year.
- 57 (d) The Legislature finds that the holding of political 58 beliefs and party commitments consistent or compatible 59 with those of the governor contributes in an essential 60 way to the effective performance of and is an approp-61 riate requirement for occupying certain offices or 62 positions in state government, such as the secretaries of

63 departments and the employees within their offices, the 64 heads of agencies appointed by the governor and, for 65 each such head of agency, a private secretary and one 66 principal assistant or deputy, all employees of the office 67 of the governor including all employees assigned to the 68 executive mansion, as well as any persons appointed by 69 the governor to fill policymaking positions and county 70 road supervisors or their successors, in that such offices 71 or positions are confidential in character and/or require 72 their holders to act as advisors to the governor or his 73 appointees, to formulate and implement the policies and 74 goals of the governor of his appointees, or to help the 75 governor or his appointees communicate with and 76 explain their policies and views to the public, the 77 Legislature and the press.

§29-6-5. Creation of division of personnel; sections.

- 1 (a) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, there is hereby created a division 3 of personnel within the executive branch.
- 4 (b) The division of personnel shall consist of the following sections:
- 6 (1) Applicant services;
- 7 (2) Classification and compensation;
- 8 (3) Management development and training;
- 9 (4) Program evaluation and payroll;
- 10 (5) Employee services;
- 11 (6) Employee relations; and
- 12 (7) Administrative and staff services.
- Each section shall be under the control of a section chief to be appointed by the director who shall be
- 15 qualified by reason of exceptional training and expe-
- 16 rience in the field of activities of the respective section.
- 17 The director has authority to establish such additional
- 18 sections as may be determined necessary to carry out the
- 19 purpose of this article.

§29-6-6. State personnel board created; members; term; quorum; vacancies; powers and duties.

- (a) There is hereby created within the division a state personnel board which shall consist of five members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of four years and until the appointment of their successors: *Provided*, That of the members first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, one for two years, one for three years, and one for four years. No more than three members may be of the same political party. Three members of the board constitute a quorum.
- 11 (b) A member of the board may not be removed from
 12 office except for official misconduct, incompetence,
 13 neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance, and
 14 then only in the manner prescribed in article six,
 15 chapter six of this code for the removal by the governor
 16 of state elected officers.
 - (c) Citizen members of the board shall each be paid one hundred dollars for each day devoted to the work of the board. Each member shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of his duties, except that in the event the expenses are paid, or are to be paid, by a third party, the members shall not be reimbursed by the state.
 - (d) The board shall elect one of its members as chairperson and shall meet at such time and place as shall be specified by the call of the chairman. At least one meeting shall be held in each month. All meetings shall be open to the public. Notice of each meeting shall be given in writing to each member by the director at least three days in advance of the meeting period.
 - (e) In addition to other powers and duties invested in it by this article or by any other law, the board shall:
 - (1) Promulgate rules in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this article;

- 36 (2) Interpret the application of this article to any public body or entity;
- 38 (3) Authorize and conduct such studies, inquiries, 39 investigations or hearings in the operation of this article 40 as it deems necessary.
- 41 (f) The director or the board may subpoena and 42 require the attendance of witnesses in the production of 43 evidence or documents relevant to any proceeding under 44 this article.

§29-6-7. Director of personnel; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.

- 1 (a) The governor shall appoint, by and with the advice 2 and consent of the Senate, the director who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor and who shall 3 be paid an annual salary and be governed by the 4 5 provisions of section three, article two, chapter five-f of 6 this code. The director shall be a person knowledgeable of the application of the merit principles in public 7 8 employment as evidenced by the obtainment of a degree 9 in business administration, personnel administration, public administration or the equivalent and at least five 10 11 years of administrative experience in public personnel 12 administration.
 - (b) The director shall:

- 14 (1) Consistent with the provisions of this article 15 administer the operations of the division, allocating the 16 functions and activities of the division among sections 17 as the director may establish;
- 18 (2) Maintain a personnel management information 19 system necessary to carry out the provisions of this 20 article;
- 21 (3) Supervise payrolls and audit payrolls, reports or 22 transactions for conformity with the provisions of this 23 article;
- 24 (4) Plan, evaluate, administer and implement person-

25 nel programs and policies in state government and to 26 political subdivisions after agreement by the parties;

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- 27 (5) Supervise the employee selection process and 28 employ performance evaluation procedures;
- 29 (6) Develop programs to improve efficiency and 30 effectiveness of the public service, including, but not 31 limited to, employee training, development, assistance 32 and incentives:
- 33 (7) Establish pilot programs and other projects for a 34 maximum of one year outside of the provisions of this 35 article, subject to approval by the board, to be included 36 in the annual report;
- 37 (8) Establish and provide for a public employee 38 interchange program and may provide for a voluntary 39 employee interchange program between public and 40 private sector employees;
- 41 (9) Establish an internship program;
- 42 (10) Assist the governor and secretary of the depart-43 ment of administration in general work force planning 44 and other personnel matters;
- 45 (11) Make an annual report to the governor and 46 Legislature and all other special or periodic reports as 47 may be required;
- 48 (12) Assess cost for special or other services;
- 49 (13) Recommend rules to the board for implementa-50 tion of this article; and
- 51 (14) Conduct schools, seminars or classes regarding 52 handling of complaints, disciplinarial matters and 53 operation of the state personnel board for supervisory 54 employees of the state.

§29-6-8. Duties of board generally.

In addition to the duties expressly set forth elsewhere in this article, the board shall:

- 3 (1) Represent the public interest in the improvement 4 of personnel administration in the classified service.
- 5 (2) Advise the governor, the secretary, and the 6 director on problems concerning personnel 7 administration.
- 8 (3) Foster the interest of institutions of learning and of industrial, civic, professional and employee organizations in the improvement of personnel standards in the classified service.
- 12 (4) Make any investigation which it may consider 13 desirable concerning the administration of personnel in 14 the classified service and make recommendations to the 15 director with respect thereto.
- 16 (5) Approve the budget as prepared by the director 17 for administration of this article before submission to 18 the division of finance and administration.
- §29-6-9. Civil service commission abolished; transfer of duties and responsibilities; rule of construction; transfer of employees, equipment, and records; continuation of programs, protections and rules.
 - 1 (a) The civil service commission is hereby abolished. 2 All duties and responsibilities heretofore imposed upon 3 the civil service commission are hereby imposed upon the state personnel board, and all duties and reponsibil-4 ities heretofore imposed upon the director of the civil 5 6 service system are hereby imposed upon the director of 7 the division of personnel. Except as used in this section, the words "civil service commission" or "commission," 8 when used in this article, shall refer to and mean the 9 10 state personnel board. Whenever reference is made to 11 the director of the civil service commission, the power or duty prescribed shall apply to the director of the 12 13 division of personnel.
- 14 (b) Persons employed on the effective date of this 15 article by the civil service commission, the duties and 16 functions of which have been transferred to the division

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56 57 of personnel, are hereby assigned and transferred to the division of personnel. It is the intent of this article to consolidate into the division of personnel those agencies and employees performing personnel functions which will be facilitated by their consolidation, except as excluded in section four of this article. On the effective date of this article, all personnel payroll positions and employees occupying those positions necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article shall be transferred to the division of personnel: Provided. That in order to provide for a smooth transition, the governor may, by executive order, determine those positions and employees that shall be transferred and provide that the transfers provided for in this subsection take effect no later than the last day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

- (c) Upon the transfer, if any, of any personnel payroll positions as provided in subsection (b) of this section from the division of highways, the division of motor vehicles, the workers' compensation fund, the public service commission, or any other department or division operating from special revenue funds or federal funds. such department or division shall pay to the division of personnel the costs of personnel services, as determined by the secretary of the department of administration, provided to their respective divisions. When no specific appropriation is made for this purpose, such payments shall be made from personal services, annual increment, and employee benefit appropriations to the department or division. Upon the transfer of any personnel payroll positions to the division of personnel from any department or division funded from general revenues of the state, the governor is authorized and empowered to order the transfer of funds for those positions.
- (d) The abolishment of the civil service commission and the creation of the division of personnel shall in no way hinder any ongoing programs, benefits, litigation, or grievance procedures. Employees in the classified service who have gained permanent status as of the effective date of this article will not be subject to further qualifying examination by reason of any transfer

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- required by the provisions of this section, except when they wish to qualify for promotion. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to abridge the rights of employees within the classified service of the state to the procedures and protections set forth in sections ten and ten-a of this article, except as provided in subsection (d), section two, article two, chapter five-f of this code.
 - (e) On the effective date of this article, all equipment and records necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article shall be transferred to the division of personnel: Provided, That in order to provide for a smooth transition, the governor may, by executive order, determine the equipment and records to be transferred and provide that the transfers provided for in this subsection take effect no later than the last day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 74 (f) The rules of the civil service commission shall 75 remain in force and effect until promulgation of new or 76 additional rules by the state personnel board.
- 77 (g) Nothing contained in this article shall be 78 construed to preclude the reclassification or reallocation 79 of positions in accordance with procedures set forth in 80 section ten of this article.

§29-6-9a. State personnel advisory council.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the state personnel advisory council, which consists of eleven members 2 3 appointed by the governor. Six members shall be classified employees and two, classified-exempt em-4 5 ployees. Of the remaining three members, one shall be 6 appointed from a list of three persons recommended by 7 the American federation of state, county, and municipal 8 employees; one, from a list of three persons recom-9 mended by the communication workers of America; and one, from a list of three persons recommended by 10 11 district 1199, national union of hospital and health care employees. AFL-CIO. Members of the council shall 12 13 serve for a term concurrent with that of the governor.
- 14 (b) The state personnel advisory council shall:

- 15 (1) Advise the director and the board in the develop-16 ment of comprehensive policies and programs for the 17 improvement of personnel administration in the state:
- 18 (2) Assist in the formulation of rules and standards 19 relating to the state system of personnel administration;
- 20 (3) Assist in the promotion of public understanding of 21 the purposes, policies and practices of the state system 22 of personnel administration.
- 23 (c) Members of the council shall receive no compen-24 sation, but shall be reimbursed for their actual and 25 necessary expenses.

§29-6-10. Rules of division.

The board shall have the authority to promulgate, amend or repeal rules, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement the provisions of this article.

5 (1) For the preparation, maintenance and revision of 6 a position classification plan for all positions in the 7 classified service and a position classification plan for all positions in the classified-exempt service, based upon 8 9 similarity of duties performed and responsibilities 10 assumed, so that the same qualifications may reasonably 11 be required for and the same schedule of pay may be 12 equitably applied to all positions in the same class. The 13 position classification plan for classified-exempt service 14 shall become effective not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. Except 15 for persons employed by the board of regents, all 16 persons receiving compensation in the form of a wage 17 18 or salary, funded either in part or in whole by the state, shall be included in either the position classification 19 plan for classified service or classified-exempt service. 20 After each such classification plan has been approved 21 by the board, the director shall allocate the position of 22 every employee in the classified service to one of the 23 classes in the classified plan and the position of every 24 employee in the classified-exempt service to one of the 25 positions in the classified-exempt plan. Any employee 26

- affected by the allocation of a position to a class shall, after filing with the director of personnel a written request for reconsideration thereof in such manner and form as the director may prescribe, be given a reasonable opportunity to be heard thereon by the director. The interested appointing authority shall be given like opportunity to be heard.
 - (2) For a pay plan for all employees in the classified service, after consultation with appointing authorities and the state fiscal officers, and after a public hearing held by the board. Such pay plan shall become effective only after it has been approved by the governor after submission to him by the board. Amendments to the pay plan may be made in the same manner. Each employee shall be paid at one of the rates set forth in the pay plan for the class of position in which he is employed. The principle of equal pay for equal work in the several agencies of the state government shall be followed in the pay plan as established hereby.
 - (3) For open competitive examinations to test the relative fitness of applicants for the respective positions in the classified service. Such examinations need not be held until after the rules have been adopted, the service classified and a pay plan established, but shall be held not later than one year after this article takes effect. Such examinations shall be announced publicly at least fifteen days in advance of the date fixed for the filing of applications therefor, and may be advertised through the press, radio and other media. The director may, however, in his discretion, continue to receive applications and examine candidates long enough to assure a sufficient number of eligibles to meet the needs of the service; and may add the names of successful candidates to existing eligible lists in accordance with their respective ratings.

An additional five points shall be awarded to the score of any examination successfully completed by a veteran. A disabled veteran shall be entitled to an additional ten points, rather than five points as aforesaid, upon successful completion of any examination.

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- 67 (4) For promotions within the classified service which 68 shall give appropriate consideration to the applicant's 69 qualifications, record of performance and his score on 70 a written examination, when such examination is 71 practicable. In filling vacancies an effort should be 72 made to achieve a balance between promotion from 73 within the service and the introduction into the service 74 of qualified new employees. An advancement in rank or 75 grade or an increase in salary beyond the maximum 76 fixed for the class shall constitute a promotion.
 - (5) For layoffs by classification for reason of lack of funds or work, or abolition of a position, or material changes in duties or organization, or any loss of position because of the provisions of this subdivision and for recall of employees so laid off, consideration shall be given to an employee's seniority as measured by permanent employment in the classified service or a state agency. In the event that the agency wishes to lay off a more senior employee, the agency must demonstrate that the senior employee cannot perform any other job duties held by less senior employees within that agency in the job class, or any other equivalent or lower job class for which the senior employee is qualified: Provided, That if an employee refuses to accept a position in a lower job class, such employee shall retain all rights of recall as hereinafter provided.
 - (6) For recall of employees, recall shall be by reverse order of layoff to any job class that the employee has previously held or a lower class in the series within the agency as that job class becomes vacant. An employee will retain his place on the recall list for the same period of time as his seniority on the date of his layoff, or for a period of two years, whichever is less. No new employees shall be hired for any vacancy in his or her job class or in a lower job class in the series until all eligible employees on layoff are given the opportunity to refuse that job class. An employee shall be recalled onto jobs within the county wherein his last place of employment is located or within a county contiguous thereto. Any laid-off employee who is eligible for a vacant position shall be notified by certified mail of the

- vacancy. It shall be the responsibility of the employee to notify the agency of any change in his address.
 - (7) For the establishment of eligible lists for appointment and promotion within the classified service, upon which lists shall be placed the names of successful candidates in the order of their relative excellence in the respective examinations. Eligibility for appointment from any such list shall continue not longer than three years. An appointing authority shall make his selection from the top ten names on the appropriate lists of eligibles, or may choose any person scoring at or above the ninetieth percentile on the examination.
 - (8) For the rejection of candidates or eligibles within the classified service who fail to comply with reasonable requirements in regard to such factors as age, physical condition, character, training and experience, who are addicted to alcohol or narcotics, or who have attempted any deception or fraud in connection with an examination, or where in the judgment of the board there is reasonable doubt of the loyalty of the candidate or allegiance to the nation.
 - (9) For a period of probation not to exceed one year before appointment or promotion may be made complete within the classified service.
 - (10) For provisional employment without competitive examination within the classified service when there is no appropriate eligible list available. No such provisional employment may continue longer than six months, nor shall successive provisional appointments be allowed, except during the first year after the effective date of this article, in order to avoid stoppage of orderly conduct of the business of the state.
 - (11) For keeping records of performance of all employees in the classified service, which service records may be considered in determining salary increases and decreases provided in the pay plan; as a factor in promotion tests; as a factor in determining the order of layoffs because of lack of funds or work and in reinstatement; and as a factor in demotions, discharges and transfers.

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- 148 (12) For discharge or reduction in rank or grade only 149 for cause of employees in the classified service. Discharge or reduction of these employees shall take 150 151 place only after the person to be discharged or reduced 152 has been presented with the reasons for such discharge 153 or reduction stated in writing, and has been allowed a 154 reasonable time to reply thereto in writing, or upon request to appear personally and reply to the appointing 155 authority or his deputy. The statement of reasons and 156 157 the reply shall be filed as a public record with the 158 director. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of 159 this subdivision, no permanent employee shall be 160 discharged from the classified service for absenteeism 161 upon using all entitlement to annual leave and sick leave 162 when such use has been due to illness or injury as 163 verified by a physician's certification or for other extenuating circumstances beyond the employee's 164 165 control unless his disability is of such a nature as to 166 permanently incapacitate him from the performance of the duties of his position. Upon exhaustion of annual 167 leave and sick leave credits for the reasons specified 168 169 herein and with certification by a physician that the 170 employee is unable to perform his duties, a permanent 171 employee shall be granted a leave of absence without 172 pay for a period not to exceed six months if such 173 employee is not permanently unable to satisfactorily 174 perform the duties of his position.
- 175 (13) For such other rules and administrative regula-176 tions, not inconsistent with this article, as may be proper 177 and necessary for its enforcement.
 - (14) The board shall review and approve by rules and regulations the establishment of all classified-exempt positions to assure consistent interpretation of the provisions of this article.

The provisions of this section are subject to any modifications contained in chapter five-f of this code. The board may include in the rules provided for in this article such provisions as are necessary to conform to

- 186 regulations and standards of any federal agency
- 187 governing the receipt and use of federal grants-in-aid by
- any state agency, anything in this article to the contrary
- 189 notwithstanding. The board and the director shall see
- 190 that rules and practices meeting such standards are in
- 191 effect continuously after the effective date of this article.

§29-6-11. Duty to furnish facilities for division's use.

- 1 All officers and employees of the state and of munic-
- 2 ipalities and political subdivisions of the state shall
- 3 allow the division the reasonable use of public buildings
- 4 under their control, and furnish heat, light and furni-
- 5 ture, for any examination, hearing or investigation
- 6 authorized by this article. The division shall pay to a
- 7 municipality or political subdivision the reasonable cost
- 8 of any such facilities furnished by it.

§29-6-12. Duties of state officers and employees; legal proceedings to secure compliance with article and rules.

- 1 All officers and employees of the state shall comply
- 2 with and aid in all proper ways in carrying out the
- 3 provisions of this article and the rules and orders
- 4 thereunder. All officers and employees shall furnish any
- 5 records or information which the director may request
- 6 for any purpose of this article. The director may
- 7 institute and maintain any action or proceeding at law
- 8 or in equity that he considers necessary or appropriate
- 9 to secure compliance with this article and the rules and
- 10 orders thereunder.

§29-6-14. Certification of payrolls; wrongfully withholding certification of payroll.

- - 1 (a) No state disbursing or auditing officer shall make 2 or approve or take any part in making or approving any
 - 3 payment for personal service to any person holding a
- 4 position in the classified service unless the payroll
- 5 voucher or account of such pay bears the certification
- 6 of the director, or of his authorized agent, that the
- 7 persons named therein have been appointed and em-
- 8 ployed in accordance with the provisions of this article

- 9 and the rules, regulations and orders thereunder. The 10 director may for proper cause withhold certification 11 from an entire payroll or from any specific item or items thereon. The director may, however, provide that 12 13 certification of payrolls may be made once every six 14 months, and such certification shall remain in effect 15 except in the case of any officer or employee whose status has changed after the last certification of his 16 17 payroll. In the latter case no voucher for payment of 18 salary to such employee shall be issued or payment of 19 salary made without further certification by the 20 director.
- 21 (b) If the director wrongfully withholds certification 22 of the payroll voucher or account of any employee, such 23 employee may maintain a proceeding in the courts to 24 compel the director to certify such payroll voucher or 25 account.

§29-6-16. Records of division.

The records of the division, except such records as the rules may properly require to be held confidential for reasons of public policy, shall be public records and shall be open to public inspection, subject to reasonable regulations as to the time and manner of inspection which may be prescribed by the director.

§29-6-17. Services to political subdivisions; cooperation with agencies for other jurisdictions.

1 (a) Subject to the approval of the board the director 2 may enter into agreements with any municipality or 3 other political subdivision of the state to furnish services and facilities of the division to such municipality or 4 5 political subdivision in the administration of its person-6 nel on merit principles. Any such agreements shall provide for the reimbursement to the state of the 7 8 reasonable cost of the services and facilities furnished. as determined by the director. All municipalities and 9 political subdivisions of the state are hereby authorized 10 to enter into such agreements. Subject to the approval 11 of the board, the director may enter into an agreement 12 13 with the state department of health for the inclusion of

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- personnel of local health departments under the classified service system established by this article.
- 16 (b) The director may cooperate with governmental 17 agencies for other jurisdictions charged with personnel 18 administration in conducting joint tests and establishing 19 joint lists from which eligibles shall be certified for 20 appointment in accordance with the provisions of this 21 article.

§29-6-17a. Apprenticeship program.

- 1 (a) The division of personnel shall develop and 2 monitor apprenticeship programs for all state agencies 3 that have employees working in apprenticeable trades 4 which are, or may be recognized by, the United States 5 department of labor, bureau of apprenticeship and 6 training.
 - (b) These apprenticeship programs will be developed and conducted in a manner that will assure meeting the national minimum requirements of quality and be registered with the United States department of labor, bureau of apprenticeship and training.
 - (c) The director or his designee, in cooperation with the participating appointing authorities within each agency, shall develop and annually revise by the thirtyfirst day of December a list of employment classifications appropriate for apprenticeship training, which may include, but not be limited to, the following classifications: Computer service technicians; legal assistants; computer systems analysts; computer programmers; computer operators; office machine repairers; physical therapy assistants; electrical engineers; civil engineering technicians; peripheral edp equipment operators; insurance clerks, medical, electrical and electronic technicians; occupational therapists; surveyor helpers; credit clerks, banking and insurance; physical therapists; employment interviewers; mechanical engineers; mechanical engineering technicians; and compression and injection mold machine operators.
 - (d) The chief administrative officer of each agency in

- 30 cooperation with the director or his designee shall
- 31 establish procedures for the coordination of apprentice-
- 32 ship programs developed in accordance with this 33 section.
- 34 (e) Subject to the approval of the director and the 35 procedures established, each participating agency shall 36 determine the location and positions in which apprent-37 iceships are to be established.
- 38 (f) The director, or his designee, shall make an annual report to the Legislature and shall include in such report the following:
- 41 (1) A review of the development and operation of 42 apprenticeship programs;
- 43 (2) The current list of apprenticeable classifications;
- 44 (3) A summary of the agencies and types of positions involved:
- 46 (4) A summary of registered apprenticeships;

- 47 (5) The number of persons who applied for apprent-48 iceship positions under this section;
- 49 (6) The number of persons accepted into the apprent-50 iceship programs established in accordance with this 51 section;
- 52 (7) The number of persons who successfully completed 53 and received a certificate of completion from the United 54 States department of labor, bureau of apprenticeship 55 and training;
 - (8) The number of persons who failed to complete apprenticeships in accordance with this section;
- 58 (9) The number of persons who remain employed 59 after successfully completing apprenticeships; and
- 60 (10) A summary of characteristics of applicants and 61 participants in the program deemed pertinent to the 62 director.

- 63 (g) The recruitment, selection and training of ap-64 prentices during their apprenticeship shall be without 65 discrimination because of race, color, religion, national 66 origin or sex. The division will take affirmative action 67 to provide equal opportunity in apprenticeship pro-68 grams and will operate the program to assure equal 69 employment in apprenticeship.
- (h) No contract between the state and a vendor. whereby persons who have participated in the apprent-iceship program are to be hired, may be approved by the attorney general unless and until said contract contains a statement that the vendor will not discrim-inate in employment or public accommodation because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex. age, blindness or handicap of any individual.

§29-6-17b. Advisory board for the apprenticeship program.

In order to better accomplish the goals of this program the apprenticeship advisory board is continued and reestablished. Its members shall include the commissioner of labor or a designee, the commissioner of finance and administration or a designee, the state superintendent of the department of education or a designee, two employees of the state who are covered under the civil service system, and one private citizen, with the employee and citizen members to be appointed by the governor. The employees and the private citizen members shall serve without compensation for two years, after which they may be reappointed. The chairman of the board shall be elected by the board as a whole.

The apprenticeship advisory board shall meet at least semiannually, at the call of the chairman, for the purpose of receiving, reviewing and evaluating reports from the director on the achievements and deficiencies of the program. The apprenticeship advisory board may seek the advice and counsel from appropriate members of the United States department of labor who may be knowledgeable about such apprenticeship programs,

- 23 and may also prepare written recommendations to the
- 24 director, secretary, or governor on ways to improve the
- 25 apprenticeship program.

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§29-6-20. Favoritism or discrimination because of political or religious opinions, affiliations or race; political activities prohibited.

- 1 (a) No person shall be appointed or promoted to or 2 demoted or dismissed from any position in the classified 3 service or in any way favored or discriminated against 4 with respect to such employment because of his political or religious opinions or affiliations or race; but nothing 6 herein shall be construed as precluding the dismissal of
- 7 any employee who may be engaged in subversive activities or found disloyal to the nation.
- 9 (b) No person shall seek or attempt to use any political endorsement in connection with any appointment in the classified service.
- 12 (c) No person shall use or promise to use, directly or indirectly, any official authority or influence, whether 13 possessed or anticipated, to secure or attempt to secure 14 15 for any person an appointment or advantage in appoint-16 ment to a position in the classified service, or an increase 17 in pay or other advantage in employment in any such 18 position, for the purpose of influencing the vote or 19 political action of any person or for any consideration.
 - (d) No employee in the classified service or member of the board or the director shall, directly or indirectly, solicit or receive any assessment, subscription or contribution, or perform any service for any political party, committee or candidate for compensation, other than for expenses actually incurred, or in any manner take part in soliciting any such assessment, subscription, contribution or service of any employee in the classified service.
 - (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, no employee in the classified service shall:
- 31 (1) Use his official authority or influence for the

- 32 purpose of interfering with or affecting the result of an 33 election or a nomination for office:
- 34 (2) Directly or indirectly coerce, attempt to coerce. 35 command or advise a state or local officer or employee 36 to pay, lend or contribute anything of value to a party. 37 committee, organization, agency or person for political 38 purposes: or
- 39 (3) Be a candidate for any national or state paid 40 public office or court of record; or hold any paid public 41 office; or be a candidate or delegate to any state or 42 national political party convention, a member of any 43 national, state or local committee of a political party, or 44 a financial agent or treasurer within the meaning of the 45 provisions of section three, four or five-e, article eight. 46 chapter three of this code. Other types of partisan or 47 nonpartisan political campaigning and management not 48 inconsistent with the provisions of this subdivision and 49 with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall 50 be permitted.
- (f) Political participation pertaining to constitutional 52 amendments, referendums, approval of municipal 53 ordinances or activities shall not be deemed to be 54 prohibited by the foregoing provisions of this section.
- 55 (g) Any classified employee who becomes a candidate 56 for any paid public office as permitted by this section 57 shall be placed on a leave of absence without pay for the 58 period of such candidacy, commencing upon the filing 59 of the certificate of candidacy.

§29-6-21. Acts prohibited.

- 1 (a) No person shall make any false statement, certif-2 icate, mark, rating or report with regard to any test, 3 certification or appointment made under any provisions
- 4 of this article or in any manner commit or attempt to 5 commit any fraud preventing the impartial execution of
- 6 this article and the rules.
- (b) No person shall, directly or indirectly, give, 7 8 render, pay, offer, solicit or accept any money, or other

- 9 valuable consideration for or on account of any certifi-
- 10 cation, appointment, proposed appointment, promotion
- 11 or proposed promotion to, or any advantage in, a position
- 12 in the classified service.
- 13 (c) No employee of the division, examiner, or other
- 14 person shall defeat, deceive or obstruct any person in his
- 15 right to examination, eligibility, certification or appoint-
- 16 ment under this article, or furnish to any person any
- 17 special or secret information for the purpose of affecting
- 18 the rights or prospects of any person with respect to
- 19 employment in the classified service.

§29-6-23. Appropriations; cost of administering article; acceptance of grants or contribution.

- 1 (a) Appropriations shall be made from the general
- 2 fund to the division of personnel to meet the cost of
- 3 administering the provisions of this article.
- 4 (b) The director shall maintain accurate records
- 5 reflecting the cost of administering the provisions of this
- 6 article.
- 7 (c) The division is authorized and directed to accept
- 8 on behalf of the state any grant or contribution, federal
- 9 or otherwise, made to assist in meeting the cost of
- 10 carrying out the purposes of this article.

§29-6-25. Implementation; report to governor and Legislature.

- 1 (a) General implementation is to be completed no
- 2 later than twelve months following the effective date of
- 3 this article.
- 4 (b) There is hereby created an implementation task
- 5 force to assist in the general implementation of this
- 6 article and the establishment of the division. The task
- force shall consist of twelve members and the director
- 8 of personnel. Task force members shall be appointed by
- 9 the governor.
- 10 (c) The director shall provide a report to the secretary
- of the department of administration, who shall then,

- 12 within one year from the effective date of this article,
- 13 report to the governor and Legislature on the progress

14 of the implementation of this article.

CHAPTER 30

(S. B. 615—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

- **§1**. Finding and declaring certain claims against the alcohol beverage control commissioner; attorney general: nonintoxicating beer commission; department of corrections; department of culture and history: department of education; educational broadcasting authority; department of finance and administration; governor's office; department of health; department of health-office of the chief medical examiner; department of highways; human rights commission: department of human services: department of motor vehicles; department of natural resources; board of probation and parole: public employees insurance agency; department of public safety; public service commission; board of regents; state board of rehabilitation; secretary of state; state tax department; treasurer's office: water resources board; and workers' compensation fund, to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof; and finding and declaring a claim against the state for unjust arrest and imprisonment to be a moral obligation of the state and directing payment thereof.
 - 1 The Legislature has considered the findings of fact

2 3	and recommendations reported to it by the co claims concerning various claims against the sta	
4	agencies thereof, and in respect to each of the foll	
5	claims the Legislature adopts those findings of f	
6	its own, and in respect of certain claims herei	
7	Legislature has independently made findings of fa	ct and
8	determinations of award and hereby declares it to	
9	moral obligation of the state to pay each such cla	
10 11	the amount specified below, and directs the aud	
11 12	issue warrants for the payment thereof out of any appropriated and available for the purpose.	y Tuna
13	(a) Claims against the	
14	Alcohol Beverage Control Commissioner:	
15	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
16	(1) The City of Charleston \$	292.65
17	(2) Riley's Department Store, Inc \$	235.22
18	(b) Claims against the Attorney General:	
19	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
20	(1) Paul T. Camilletti \$ 5,	600.50
21	(2) Career Track, Inc\$	85.00
22	(3) West Publishing Company \$ 7,	282.69
23	(c) Claims against the	
24	Nonintoxicating Beer Commission:	
25	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
26	(1) AT & T Communications, Inc \$	3.22
27	(2) Atomic Distributing Company \$	53.46
28	(d) Claims against the	
29	Department of Corrections:	
30	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
31	(1) AT & T Communications, Inc \$	174.48
32	(=)	691.20
33	(3) Davis Memorial Hospital \$	560.48 298.00
34	(4) John XXIII, Pastoral Center \$ (5) Levin Auto Parts, Inc \$	752.79
35 36	(5) Levin Auto Parts, Inc \$ (6) National Laboratories \$	946.09
37	(7) Samuel K. Roberts\$	260.00
38	(8) Lee E. Smith, M.D. and	
30	Robert M. Jones, M.D., P.C \$ 2	.045.00

40 41 42 43 44 45 46	(9) Thoracic and Cardiovascular Surgery, Inc. \$ 764.79 (10) Tincher Dental Laboratory \$ 216.77 (11) Wheeling Clinic \$ 2,025.00 (12) Williams Generics, Inc. \$ 588.19 (13) Xerox Corporation \$ 699.35 (14) Youth Services System, Inc. \$ 290.22
47 48	(e) Claim against the Department of Culture and History:
49	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
50	(1) AT & T Communications, Inc \$ 324.06
51 52	(f) Claims against the Department of Education:
53	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
54 55 56 57 58 59	(1) Bell Atlanticom Systems, Inc. \$ 3,141.12 (2) Sherry Lynne Perkey \$ 199.00 (3) Mary Pheasant \$ 204.00 (4) Stephanie R. Short \$ 210.00 (5) Lucy Snyder \$ 2,032.00 (6) Rodney C. Stansberry \$ 504.00
60 61	(g) Claims against the Educational Broadcasting Authority:
62	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
63 64	(1) Myra Lowery
65 66	(h) Claim against the Department of Finance and Administration:
67	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
68	(1) Xerox Corporation
69	(i) Claims against the Governor's Office:
70	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
71 72 73 74	(1) John P. Bailey \$ 2,036.25 (2) Frederick E. Gardner \$ 1,532.50 (3) Robert W. Kagler \$ 5,615.00 (4) Michael E. Kelly \$ 7,599.50

194		CLAIMS		[Ch. 30
75 76 77 78	(5) (6) (7) (8)	Jeffrey V. Kessler J. Thomas Madden Michael W. McGuane Town of Harrisville	\$ \$ \$ \$	12,390.00 5,229.20 6,065.00 40,500.00
79 80	(j) Cle	aims against the Department of Health:		
81		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE)	FU	1D)
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19)	David M. Baker Patricia Butcher Walter Allen Clark, II Beulah Cohernour Donald Cohernour Gladys Sluss Cox Erma Hagerman Rebecca Hassan Wendell Hiett Joseph N. Hurley Lee A. Johnson Sadie Jones Steve Lambe Sharon Lansdale Manpower Temporary Services Sunil Mehta Chloie Lynn Osborne Otis Elevator Company Warren R. Pistey	*************************************	996.45 39.65 30.55 447.74 68.34 950.61 19.79 663.31 20.00 58.00 1,799.20 13.75 10.00 1,465.40 731.50 1,760.10 10.00 971.84 50.00
101 102	(19) (20)	Potomac Comprehensive Diagnostic and	\$	
103	(01)	Guidance Center, Inc.	\$	106,354.00
104	(21)	Alana Rose	\$ \$	1,455.49 217.96
105	(22) (23)	Marsha Runyon	φ \$	286.73
$\begin{array}{c} 106 \\ 107 \end{array}$	(23) (24)	Kellie Saunders	φ \$	86.95
108	(24) (25)	Mildred Sayre	ŝ	1,555.70
109	(26)	Stonewall Jackson	Ψ.	_,
110	(20)	Memorial Hospital	\$	3,334.58
111	(27)	Genevieve Taylor	\$	2,965.94
112	(28)	Timothy Tolliver	\$	180.95
113	(29)	Xerox Corporation		2,595.80

114 115 116	(k) <i>Ci</i>	aims against the Department of Health—Office of the Chief Medical Examiner:		
117		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE	FU	ND)
118 119 120 121 122	(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Joe Adams James C. Bosley, M.D. John J. Keefe, M.D. James M. Marsh, M.D. J. Keith Pickens, M.D.	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	50.00 150.00 150.00 150.00 250.00
123 124	(l) <i>Cle</i>	aims against the Department of Highways:		
125		(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUN	D)	
126 127	(1)	Aetna Casualty & Surety, subrogee of	ø	201.00
$\frac{128}{129}$	(9)	Dianna Rinehart Jones	\$	$301.20 \\ 90.00$
130	(2)	Carol J. Baker	\$ \$	136,426.00
131	(3) (4)	Alice Hope Bomboy and	Φ	130,420.00
132	(4)	m . 1 m . 1	\$	694.67
133	(5)	Barry M. Doss and Kathy L. Doss	φ \$	100.00
134	(6)	Diane Earliwine	\$	259.58
135	(7)	William Ray Fitzwater	\$	32,040.00
136	(8)	Helen Hanson and	Ψ	02,010.00
137	(0)	Howard Hanson	\$	2,500.00
138	(9)	Jo Ellen Lagowski	\$	275.00
139	(10)	The Lane Construction	•	
140	(-0)	Corporation	\$	517,478.00
141	(11)	Jarvey G. Marcum	\$	7,200.00
142	(12)	Roy Paul Messer	\$	10,000.00
143	(13)	Dave Minch and Barbara Minch	\$	100.96
144	(14)	John M. Pratt	\$	258.86
145	(15)	State Farm Mutual Automobile		
146		Insurance Company, as		
147		subrogee of Pamela Reid		
148		and Howard Reid	\$	350.30
149	(16)	Peggy Stover	\$	270.60
150	(17)	Jeanette E. Straw	\$	388.66
151	(18)	Lawrence Terrell	•	0.000.00
152	(10)	and Sarah Terrell	\$	9,000.00
153	(19)	Virgie Mae Varney	\$	15,000.00

196	CLAIMS [Ch. 30
154	(20) William Ernest Varney \$ 5,000.00
155 156	(m) Claims against the Human Rights Commission:
157	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
158 159 160 161 162	(1) AAA Court Reporting \$ 115.05 (2) Phyllis H. Edens, CCR, Inc. \$ 519.70 (3) Sheriff-Treasurer/Marion \$ 5.00 (4) Paul R. Stone \$ 1,306.23
163 164	(n) Claims against the Department of Human Services:
165	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
166 167	(1) Rolando Ugalde Layos \$ 32,000.00 (2) Olympic Center-Preston \$ 1,100.00
168 169	(o) Claim against the Department of Motor Vehicles:
170	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)
171	(1) Harold Casto \$ 400.00
172 173	(p) Claim against the Department of Natural Resources:
174	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
175	(1) Motorola C & E, Inc \$ 1,773.99
176 177	(q) Claim against the Board of Probation and Parole:
178	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
179	(1) AT & T Communications, Inc \$ 2.67
180 181	(r) Claim against the Public Employees Insurance Agency:
182	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
183 184	(1) West Virginia University Hospitals, Inc

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185 186	(s) Claims against the Department of Public Safety:
187	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
188 189 190 191 192	(1) Beaver Family Care Associates \$ 97.60 (2) Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of West Virginia \$ 200.00 (3) St. Francis Hospital \$ 227.20
193 194	(t) Claim against the Public Service Commission:
195	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
196	(1) R. L. Banks & Associates, Inc \$ 4,799.00
197 198	(u) Claims against the Board of Regents:
199	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
200 201 202 203	(1) Casto Technical Services, Inc. \$ 1,604.00 (2) Bernard Dickter \$ 92.74 (3) Cecil Watson \$ 1,205.55 (4) Xerox Corporation \$ 3,553.04
204	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
205	from Acet. No. 8855
$\begin{array}{c} 206 \\ 207 \end{array}$	 (1) Kirby Electric Company \$ 107,835.04 (2) Mellon-Stuart Company \$ 638,346.33
208 209	(v) Claims against the State Board of Rehabilitation:
210	(TO BE PAID FROM FEDERAL FUNDS)
211	from Acet. No. 7873
212 213 214	(1) C. Lee Dunnavant, Jr. \$ 2,180.00 (2) Michael P. King \$ 2,616.50 (3) Process-Strategies Institute \$ 899.00
215 216	(w) Claims against the Secretary of State:
217	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)

198	Claims [Ch. 30
218 219 220	(1) Moore Business Forms, Inc. & Systems Division \$ 1,290.20 (2) Xerox Corporation \$ 578.49
$\begin{array}{c} 221 \\ 222 \end{array}$	(x) Claims against the State Tax Department:
223	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
224 225 226 227	(1) Bell Atlanticom Systems, Inc \$ 1,022.94 (2) Joe L. Smith, Jr., Inc./BJW Printers Div \$ 6,880.00 (3) Pentree, Inc \$ 182,100.00
228	(y) Claim against the State Treasurer:
229	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
230	(1) H. John Rogers \$ 2,937.00
$\begin{array}{c} 231 \\ 232 \end{array}$	(z) Claim against the Water Resources Board:
233	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
234	(1) AT & T Communications, Inc \$ 5.20
235 236	(aa) Claims against the Workers' Compensation Fund:
237	(TO BE PAID FROM WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND)
238 239 240	(1) Executone/Mountain State Communications, Inc
241 242 243 244	The Legislature finds the following claim to be a moral obligation of the State of West Virginia for unjust arrest and imprisonment or conviction and imprisonment.
$\begin{array}{c} 245 \\ 246 \end{array}$	(bb) Claim against the State of West Virginia:
247	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
248	(1) William C. Edens, Jr \$ 20,000.00
249 250 251	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior

253 to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill. 254 the court of claims shall receive a release from said 255 claimant releasing any and all claims for moral 256 obligations arising from the matters considered by the 257 Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and 258 the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The 259 court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the department against which the claim 260 was allowed: Provided. That the claim of the Board of 261 262 Education of the County of McDowell against the West 263 Virginia State Board of Education for \$2,305,816.60 shall be recertified by the clerk of the court of claims 264 265 to the Legislature next year.

CHAPTER 31

(H. B. 2408—By Delegates Seacrist and Stemple)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for compensation of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for compensation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

1 The Legislature has duly considered the findings of fact and recommendations for awards reported to it by 2 3 the court of claims in respect to the following named claimants who were innocent victims of crime within 4 5 this state and entitled to compensation; and in respect to each of such named claimants the Legislature adopts 6 those findings of fact as its own, hereby declares it to 7 8 be the moral obligation of the state to pay each such 9 claimant in the amount specified below, and directs the

10 11	auditor to issue warrants for the payment of any fund appropriated and available for		
12	Claims for crime victims compensation awa	rds	:
13	(TO BE PAID FROM CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSAT	rion	FUND)
14	(1) Browning, Peggy Lynn	\$	15,000.00
15	(2) Carroll, Robert E., as guardian		
16	of Timothy E. Carroll		10,000.00
17	(3) Chapman, Karl Dean	\$	2,500.00
18	(4) Chapman, Sylvia,		
19	administratrix of the estate		
20	of Hinton Richmond	\$	5,000.00
21	(5) Duty, Steve A	\$	10,000.00
22	(6) Duty, Steve A., as guardian of		
23	Jared Duty	\$	5,000.00
24	(7) Ellis, Tammy, as guadian of		
25	Tabithe Graham	\$	10,000.00
26	(8) Gandy, Bonnie	\$	10,000.00
27	(9) Gandy, John E	\$	2,500.00
28	(10) Gandy, Keith Edward	\$	10,000.00
29	(11) Harris, Kenneth R., as guardian		
30	of Larry Ray Harris	\$	5,000.00
31	(12) Harris, Kenneth R., as guardian of		
32	Timothy M. Harris	\$	5,000.00
33	(13) Hemingway, Debra A.,		
34	as guardian of		
35	Shasta A. Hemingway	\$	5,000.00
36	(14) Pennington, Tammy M	\$	5,000.00
37	(15) Robinson, Brian K	\$	1,000.00
38	(16) Smith, Sandra, as guardian		
39	of Dawn Christine Smith	\$	10,000.00
40	(17) Smith, Sandra, as guardian		
41	of Richard Wayne Smith	\$	10,000.00
42	(18) Taylor, Marcella	\$	5,000.00
43	(19) Taylor, Marcella,		
44	as guardian of		
45	Eleesha K. Taylor	\$	5,000.00
46	(20) Taylor, Marcella, as guardian		
47	of Ellis Taylor, III	\$	5,000.00
48	(21) Thompson, Gregg	\$	
49	(22) Woods, Donald	\$	10,000.00

50	(23) Wright, Guadalupe, as guardian		
51	of April Ann Adkins	\$	5,000.00
52	(24) Wright, Guadalupe, as guardian		
53	of Harley Joe Adkins	\$	5,000.00
54	TOTAL	\$1	66,000.00
55	The Legislature finds that the above mora	al ok	oligations
56	and the appropriations made in satisfaction		
57	be the full compensation for all claimants he	ereii	n.

CHAPTER 32

(H. B. 2426—By Delegates Seacrist and Helmick)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring a certain claim against the state and its agency to be a moral obligation of the state and directing the auditor to issue a warrant for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CLAIM AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring a certain claim against the department of education to be a moral obligation of the state and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact 1 that the state has received the benefit of the services 2 3 rendered by a certain claimant herein and has considered this claim against the state agency thereof, which 4 has arisen due to an over-expenditure of the departmen-5 6 tal appropriations by officers of such state spending 7 unit, such claim having been previously considered by the court of claims which also found that the state has 8 9 received the benefit of the services rendered by the 10 claimant, but was denied by the court of claims on the purely statutory grounds that to allow such claim would 11 12 be condoning illegal acts contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature pursuant to its findings of fact 13 14 and also by the adoption of the findings of fact by

court of claims as its own, and, while not condoning such
illegal acts, hereby declares it to be the moral obligation
of the state to pay this claim in the amount specified
below, and directs the auditor to issue a warrant upon
receipt of a properly executed requisition supported by
an itemized invoice, statement or other satisfactory
document as required by section ten, article three,
chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one
thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the
payment thereof out of any fund appropriated and
available for the purpose.
Claim against the Department of Education:
(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
Lester R. Lucas, Jr \$ 4,911.47

CHAPTER 33

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 455—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to clarifying the term claimant when granting awards to minors; compensating West Virginia citizens who are victimized in states without compensation programs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two-a, chapter fourteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§14-2A-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the term:
- 2 (a) "Claimant" means any of the following persons,
- 3 whether residents or nonresidents of this state, who

4 claim an award of compensation under this article:

- (1) A victim: *Provided*, That the term victim does not include a nonresident of this state where the criminally injurious act did not occur in this state;
 - (2) A dependent, spouse or minor child of a deceased victim; or in the event that the deceased victim is a minor, the parents, legal guardians and siblings of the victim;
 - (3) A third person other than a collateral source who legally assumes or voluntarily pays the obligations of a victim, or of a dependent of a victim, which obligations are incurred as a result of the criminally injurious conduct that is the subject of the claim;
 - (4) A person who is authorized to act on behalf of a victim, dependent or a third person who is not a collateral source; and, in the event that the victim, dependent or third person who is not a collateral source is a minor or other legally incompetent person, the duly qualified fiduciary of such minor.
 - (b) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or advantages for economic loss otherwise compensable that the victim or claimant has received, or that is readily available to him, from any of the following sources:
 - (1) The offender, except any restitution received from the offender pursuant to an order by a court of law sentencing the offender or placing him on probation following a conviction in a criminal case arising from the criminally injurious act for which a claim for compensation is made;
- (2) The government of the United States or any of its agencies, a state or any of its political subdivisions, or an instrumentality of two or more states;
- (3) Social security, medicare and medicaid;
- 38 (4) State-required, temporary, nonoccupational dis-39 ability insurance; other disability insurance;
 - (5) Workers' compensation;

- 41 (6) Wage continuation programs of any employer;
- 42 (7) Proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the 43 victim or claimant for loss that was sustained because 44 of the criminally injurious conduct;
- 45 (8) A contract providing prepaid hospital and other 46 health care services or benefits for disability:

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- (9) That portion of the proceeds of all contracts of insurance payable to the claimant on account of the death of the victim which exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars.
- (c) "Criminally injurious conduct" means conduct that occurs or is attempted in this state or in any state not having a victim compensation program which by its nature poses a substantial threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable by fine or imprisonment or death, or would be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state. Criminally injurious conduct does not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle, except when the person engaging in the conduct intended to cause personal injury or death, or except when the person engaging in the conduct committed negligent homicide, driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or reckless driving.
 - (d) "Dependent" means an individual who received over half of his support from the victim. For the purpose of determining whether an individual received over half of his support from the victim, there shall be taken into account the amount of support received from the victim as compared to the entire amount of support which the individual received from all sources, including support which the individual himself supplied. The term "support" includes, but is not limited to, food, shelter, clothing, medical and dental care and education. The term "dependent" includes a child of the victim born after his death.
 - (e) "Economic loss" means economic detriment con-

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sisting only of allowable expense, work loss and replacement services loss. If criminally injurious conduct causes death, economic loss includes a dependent's economic loss and a dependent's replacement services loss. Noneconomic detriment is not economic loss; however, economic loss may be caused by pain and suffering or physical impairment.

(f) "Allowable expense" means reasonable charges incurred or to be incurred for reasonably needed products, services and accommodations, including those for medical care, prosthetic devices, eye glasses, dentures, rehabilitation and other remedial treatment and care.

Allowable expense includes a total charge not in excess of three thousand dollars for expenses in any way related to funeral, cremation and burial. It does not include that portion of a charge for a room in a hospital, clinic, convalescent home, nursing home or any other institution engaged in providing nursing care and related services in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semiprivate accommodations, unless accommodations other than semiprivate accommodations are medically required.

- (g) "Work loss" means loss of income from work that the injured person would have performed if he had not been injured and expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred by him to obtain services in lieu of those he would have performed for income, reduced by any income from substitute work actually performed or to be performed by him, or by income he would have earned in available appropriate substitute work that he was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake.
- (h) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably incurred or to be incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the injured person would have performed, not for income but for the benefit of himself or his family, if he had not been injured.
- (i) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after a

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victim's death of contributions or things of economic value to his dependents, not including services they would have received from the victim if he had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death.

- (j) "Dependent's replacement service loss" means loss reasonably incurred or to be incurred by dependents after a victim's death in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the victim would have performed for their benefit if he had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents avoided by reason of the victim's death and not subtracted in calculating dependent's economic loss.
- 133 (k) "Noneconomic detriment" means sorrow, mental 134 anguish, and solace which may include society, compan-135 ionship, comfort, guidance, kindly offices and advice.
- (1) "Victim" means a person who suffers personal 136 137 injury or death as a result of any one of the following: (1) Criminally injurious conduct; (2) the good faith effort 138 139 of the person to prevent criminally injurious conduct; or 140 (3) the good faith effort of the person to apprehend a 141 person that the injured person has observed engaging 142 in criminally injurious conduct, or who such injured 143 person has reasonable cause to believe has engaged in 144 such criminally injurious conduct immediately prior to 145 the attempted apprehension.
- 146 (m) "Contributory misconduct" means any conduct of 147 the claimant, or of the victim through whom the claimant claims an award, that is unlawful or intention-148 ally tortious and that, without regard to the conduct's 149 150 proximity in time or space to the criminally injurious 151 conduct has causal relationship to the criminally injurious conduct that is the basis of the claim and shall 152 also include the voluntary intoxication of the claimant, 153 154 either by the consumption of alcohol or the use of any controlled substance when such intoxication has a causal 155 156 connection or relationship to the injury sustained. The voluntary intoxication of a victim shall not be a defense 157 against the estate of a deceased victim. 158

CHAPTER 34

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2858—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to office of community and industrial development; low-interest loans to private companies processing West Virginia mined coal to coke: changing requirement for using West Virginia coal to not less than seventy-five percent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article two, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. OFFICE OF COMMUNITY AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

§5B-2-7. Authority of director to provide low-interest loans to private companies entering into the process of converting West Virginia coal to coke: funding.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 hundred eighty-seven, the director, with the approval of 2 the governor, is hereby empowered to provide reduced 3 rate loans to private companies for the building of coal 4 processing facilities for the making of coke for steel 5 production. Funds for such loans shall be provided from 6 moneys borrowed from any fund administered by the 7 state. The loans will be repaid through the governor's 8 office of community and industrial development to the 9 10 fund from which they were borrowed. The rate of interest charged shall be two percent below the current 11 prime lending rate for funds available from private 12 sources in projects of a similar nature. The state shall 13 fund no more than eighty percent of the total cost of the 14 project. The private company sponsoring the project 15 must provide the other twenty percent of the project's 16 17 funds from its own capital or from moneys borrowed

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from nonpublic sources. The moneys borrowed are to be used for the construction of coal coking facilities and related buildings and other structures: Provided. That not less than seventy-five percent of coal processed at this facility during the time when loan moneys are being utilized must be coal mined exclusively in West Virginia. For the five years following the repayment of the loan, not less than seventy-five percent of coal processed at this facility must also be coal mined exclusively in West Virginia, provided there is sufficient quantity of coal mined exclusively in West Virginia meeting environmental regulatory standards. A private company applying to the governor's office of community and industrial development for a loan pursuant to this section shall certify on its loan application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively for constructing coal coking facilities and that those facilities will be used for the process of converting West Virginia coal to coke.

The director is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this section to aid in administration of the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That the rules and regulations promulgated by the director shall contain equal requirements for the provision of low interest loans, for in-state and out-of-state private companies.

CHAPTER 35

(H. B. 2824—By Delegates Farmer and Johnson)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six-a, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, relating to consumer protection—new motor vehicle warranties; dealer's written disclosure of repairs to consumers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six-a, chapter forty-six-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6A. CONSUMER PROTECTION—NEW MOTOR VEHI-CLE WARRANTIES.

§46A-6A-3a. Dealer's duty to disclose repairs to consumer.

- 1 Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-nine, all authorized dealers of new
- 3 motor vehicles purchased in this state shall provide to
- 4 any consumer a written disclosure of any repairs to a
- 5 new motor vehicle which repairs have a retail value of
- 6 five hundred dollars or more and were performed after
- 7 shipment from the manufacturer to the dealer, includ-
- 8 ing damage to the new motor vehicle while in transit.
- 9 This disclosure requirement does not apply to identi-
- 10 cal replacement of stolen or damaged accessories or
- 11 their components, tires or antennae.
- For purposes of this section, a motor vehicle is not a
- 13 new motor vehicle when it has been previously titled or
- 14 the motor vehicle has been damaged in such a manner
- 15 that, were the damage not repaired, the value and
- 16 usability of the motor vehicle would be substantially
- 17 impaired.

CHAPTER 36

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2138—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Rollins)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fifty-three and fifty-four, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to corporations generally; abolishing the requirement that foreign corporations have to submit certified copies of their articles of incorporation and amendments as part of their application for a

certificate of authority; and abolishing the requirement that foreign corporations record copies of their articles of incorporation and amendments in county clerks' offices.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fifty-three and fifty-four, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. BUSINESS AND NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

- §31-1-53. Application for certificate of authority by foreign corporation; contents; churches or religious denominations in corporate capacity prohibited.
- §31-1-54. Application for certificate of authority; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; penalty for failure to record.
- §31-1-53. Application for certificate of authority by foreign corporation; contents; churches or religious denominations in corporate capacity prohibited.
 - 1 (a) A foreign corporation, in order to procure a 2 certificate of authority to conduct affairs, or do or 3 transact business in this state, shall make application 4 therefor to the secretary of state, which application shall 5 set forth:
 - 6 (1) The name of the corporation and the state or country under the laws of which it is incorporated.
 - 8 (2) If the name of the corporation does not contain the word "corporation," "company," "incorporated" or "limited," or does not contain an abbreviation of one of such words, then the name of the corporation with the word or abbreviation which it elects to add thereto for use in this state.
 - 14 (3) The date of incorporation and the period of duration of the corporation.
 - 16 (4) The address of the principal office of the corpora-17 tion.
 - 18 (5) The name and address of the person to whom shall be sent notice or process served upon, or service of which

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- 20 is accepted by, the secretary of state, if one has been designated.
- 22 (6) The purpose or purposes of the corporation which 23 it proposes to pursue in conducting its affairs or doing 24 or transacting its business in this state.
- 25 (7) The names and respective addresses of the directors and officers of the corporation.
 - (8) Such additional information as may be necessary or appropriate in order to enable the secretary of state to determine whether such corporation is entitled to a certificate of authority to conduct its affairs or do or transact business in this state and to determine and assess the fees payable as prescribed by law.
- 33 (9) The county wherein the corporation intends to record its certificate of authority.
 - (b) In the case of a business corporation, in addition to those matters required to be set forth under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, such application shall set forth:
 - (1) A statement of the aggregate number of shares which the corporation has authority to issue, itemized by classes, par value of shares, shares without par value, and series, if any, within a class.
- 43 (2) A statement of the aggregate number of issued 44 shares itemized by classes, par value of shares, shares 45 without par value, and series, if any, within a class.
 - (3) A statement, expressed in dollars, of the amount of stated capital of the corporation, as defined in this article.
 - (4) An estimate, expressed in dollars, of the value of all property to be owned by the corporation, for the following year, wherever located, and an estimate of the value of the property of the corporation to be located within this state during such year, and an estimate, expressed in dollars, of the gross amount of business which will be done or transacted by the corporation during such year, and an estimate of the gross amount thereof which will be done or transacted by the

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corporation at or from places of business in this state during such year.

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- (c) Such application shall be made on forms prescribed and furnished by the secretary of state and shall be executed in duplicate by the corporation by its president or vice president and by its secretary or an assistant secretary, and verified by one of the officers signing such application.
- (d) No church, religious sect or denomination incorporated by the laws of any other state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia or of any foreign country shall be qualified to conduct affairs or do or transact business in this state in a corporate capacity.

§31-1-54. Application for certificate of authority; filing; issuance of certificate; recordation; penalty for failure to record.

1 (a) Duplicate originals of the application of a foreign corporation for a certificate of authority shall be 2 delivered to the secretary of state together with a 3 4 statement or certificate from the proper officer of the state or country under the laws of which it is incorpo-5 6 rated that the corporation is in good standing with the 7 state or country under the laws of which it is 8 incorporated.

If the secretary of state finds that such application conforms to law, he shall, when all fees have been paid as prescribed by law, (i) endorse on each of such originals the word "Filed," and the month, day and year of the filing thereof; (ii) file one of such duplicate originals of the application and (iii) issue a certificate of authority to conduct affairs or to do or transact business in this state, to which he shall affix the other duplicate original application.

- (b) The certificate of authority, together with the duplicate original of the application affixed thereto by the secretary of state, shall be returned to the corporation or its representative.
- 22 (c) The certificate of authority, shall be recorded in the office of the county commission of the county where

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24 the principal office of the corporation in this state is 25 located. If such corporation does not maintain a principal office in this state, such recordation may be 26 completed in any county in which it is conducting its 27 28 affairs or doing or transacting business. A failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection within six 29 months from the date of issuance of a certificate of 30 31 authority shall subject such corporation to a fine of not 32 more than one thousand dollars.

CHAPTER 37

(H. B. 2258—By Delegates Warner and Jones)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventy-three, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating generally to actions by shareholders, members or directors of a corporation without a meeting; allowing same to conference by telephone or other electronic equipment; allowing action by electronic conference when action is later reduced to writing; and the manner of approval of such action.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventy-three, article one, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. BUSINESS AND NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS.

§31-1-73. Action by shareholders, members or directors without a meeting.

- (a) Whenever the vote of shareholders or members at a meeting thereof is required or permitted to be taken in connection with any corporate action, the meeting and vote of the shareholders or members may be dispensed with if all of the shareholders or members who would
- with if all of the shareholders or members who would have been entitled to vote upon the action agree in
- 7 writing to the corporate action being taken. The

agreement shall have like effect and validity as though the action were duly taken by the unanimous action of all shareholders or members entitled to vote at a meeting of the shareholders or members duly called and legally held.

- (b) Unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or the bylaws, whenever the vote of directors at a meeting thereof is required or permitted to be taken in connection with any corporate action, the meeting and vote of the directors may be dispensed with if all the directors agree in writing to the corporate action being taken. The agreement shall have like effect and validity as though the action were duly taken by the unanimous action of all directors at a meeting of the directors duly called and legally held.
- (c) If the articles of incorporation or the bylaws so provide, one or more directors or shareholders may participate in a meeting of the board, a committee of the board or of the shareholders by means of conference telephone or similar electronic communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other.

Whenever a vote of the shareholders or directors is required or permitted in connection with any corporate action this vote may be taken orally during this electronic conference. The agreement thus reached shall have like effect and validity as though the action were duly taken by the action of the shareholders or directors at a meeting of shareholders or directors if the agreement is reduced to writing and approved by the shareholders or directors at the next regular meeting of the shareholders or directors after the conference.

(d) In the event that the action which is agreed to, as provided for in subsection (a), (b) or (c) of this section, is an action which would have required the filing of any articles, documents or certificates with the secretary of state under any provision of this article if the action had been voted upon by the shareholders or members or by the directors at a meeting, the articles, documents or certificates so filed shall state that a written agreement

48 has been executed in lieu of stating that the shareholders, members or directors voted upon the corporate 49 50 action in question. The articles, documents or certifi-51 cates shall have the same force and effect under all 52 provisions of law as if the action had been taken by the 53 unanimous vote of all shareholders or members entitled 54 to vote, or of all the directors, at a meeting duly called 55 and legally held.

CHAPTER 38

(S. B. 439—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Jackson)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, six, twentya, twenty-one and twenty-four, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article eighteen by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-six and twentyseven, all relating to the West Virginia housing development fund: providing additional legislative findings; adding, amending and clarifying certain definitions; expanding and clarifying the powers of the fund; providing additional purposes for the fund; authorizing fund to finance or otherwise participate in certain nonresidential projects under certain conditions; adding certain provisions relating to conflict of interest involving officers or directors of the fund; prohibiting certain transactions involving such officers and directors except in certain circumstances; permitting annual audits to be performed by a nonresident as well as resident independent certified public accountant; declaring that projects shall not be deemed public improvements; and providing for confidentiality of documentary materials and other data received or made by fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, six, twenty-a, twenty-one and

twenty-four, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article eighteen be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-six and twenty-seven, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 18. WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND.

- §31-18-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §31-18-3. Definitions.
- §31-18-6. Corporate powers.
- §31-18-20a. Land development fund.
- §31-18-21. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to directors, officers or private persons; transactions between the housing development fund and directors or officers having certain interests in such transactions.
- §31-18-24. Annual audit; reports to joint committee on government and finance; information to joint committee or legislative auditor.
- §31-18-26. Projects not to be deemed public improvements.
- §31-18-27. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial, financial or personal information; confidentiality.

§31-18-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

- (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that as 1 2 a result of public actions involving highways, public 3 facilities, flood-control projects and urban renewal 4 activities, and as a result of the spread of slum 5 conditions and blight to formerly sound urban and rural 6 neighborhoods, there exists in the state of West Virginia 7 a serious shortage of sanitary, decent and safe residen-8 tial housing available at low prices or rentals to persons 9 and families of low and moderate income. This shortage is severe in certain urban areas of the state, is especially 10 11 critical in the rural areas of West Virginia, and is 12 inimical to the health, welfare and prosperity of all 13 residents of the state and to the sound growth of West 14 Virginia communities.
- 15 (b) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further 16 that private enterprise and investment have not been 17 able to produce, without assistance, the needed construc-18 tion of sanitary, decent and safe residential housing at 19 low prices or rentals which persons and families of low 20 and moderate income can afford, to provide sufficient 21 long-term mortgage financing for residential housing

for occupancy by persons and families of low and moderate income or to achieve the urgently needed rehabilitation of much of the present low and moderate income housing stock. It is imperative that the supply of residential housing for persons and families displaced by public actions or natural disaster be increased; that private enterprise and investment be encouraged both to sponsor land development for residential housing for such persons and families and to sponsor, build and rehabilitate residential housing for such persons and families; and that private financing be supplemented by financing as in this article provided, to help prevent the recurrence of slum conditions and blight and assist in their permanent elimination throughout West Virginia.

- (c) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that experience has demonstrated that concentration in residential housing developments, or residential housing areas, of only persons and families who, without some form of private or public assistance, do not have incomes sufficient to afford sanitary, decent and safe residential housing, frequently does not eliminate, or avoid, undesirable social conditions and frequently does not permanently eliminate, or avoid, slum conditions, and that in such instances occupancy of some of the residential housing units in such residential housing developments, or residential housing areas, by persons and families of higher income is desirable and beneficial in achieving the stated public purposes for enacting this legislation.
- (d) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that depressed economic conditions in this state and a related lack of employment and business opportunities caused thousands of people to leave this state to find employment elsewhere; that such depressed economic conditions and related exodus of population adversely affected the property tax base of this state, adversely affected the excise tax base of this state, diminished the manpower resources of this state necessary for modern mining, industrial and commercial operations and development in this state, caused the population of this state to include a disproportionately high number of

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elderly, disabled and economically disadvantaged persons, resulted in the spread of slum conditions and blight to formerly sound urban and rural neighborhoods, retarded, and continue to retard, the repair and improvement of existing residential housing and the construction of new residential housing, adversely affected, and continue to adversely affect, land development, including the extension and construction of water systems, nonpolluting sewer systems, other utility facilities and off-highway streets and roads essential to new industrial, commercial and residential housing development, critically restricted, and continue to critically restrict, the construction of public housing for occupancy by persons and families at the lowest level of the low and moderate income segment of the population of this state, critically restricted, and continue to critically restrict, the opportunities of persons and families at all levels of the low and moderate income segment of the population of this state for improved residential housing, either newly constructed or which would normally become available to them when vacated by persons and families of higher income occupying newly constructed residential housing, and critically restricted, and continue to critically restrict, the construction of new residential housing, including, but not limited to, nursing homes and intermediate care facilities, of design and location suitable for occupancy by disabled and by elderly persons; that as a result of public actions involving highways, public facilities, flood-control projects and urban-renewal activities undertaken as a part of the programs of this state to improve economic conditions and increase employment opportunities in this state with a view to improving the health, welfare and prosperity of residents of this state and reversing the outward movement of population in this state, extensive areas which are suitable for industrial, commercial and residential housing uses have been, or in the near future will be, opened up for development for such purposes but in many instances will be without the land development, including water and nonpolluting sewer systems, other utility facilities and off-highway street and road improvements essential

105 to use of the same for such purposes; that as a result 106 of the unique physical, economic, demographic and other characteristics of this state, including its rugged 107 108 mountainous terrain, scarcity of land at low or moderate 109 cost suitable for residential housing, low population 110 density and cultural preferences which are not suited 111 for the denser, larger-scale housing projects typical of 112 more urban areas and high costs of land development 113 and housing construction, the difficulties of providing 114 land development, including water and nonpolluting sewer systems, other utility facilities and off-highway 115 116 streets and roads, and of providing residential housing. 117 are unusually severe within this state and have res-118 tricted and continue to restrict, land development and 119 housing construction needed for the people of the state; 120 that as a direct consequence of the foregoing there exists 121 in this state a serious shortage of sanitary, decent and 122 safe residential housing available for occupancy by persons and families of all but the highest income levels 123 124 and there exists in this state a serious shortage of water and nonpolluting sewer systems, other utility facilities 125 and off-highway street and road developments essential 126 to utilization of land for industrial, commercial and 127 residential housing purposes which, due to public 128 actions involving highways, public facilities, flood-129 130 control projects and urban-renewal activities, is, or will 131 soon become, available for needed industrial, commer-132 cial and residential housing purposes; that these shortages are severe in certain urban areas of this state. 133 are especially critical in rural areas of this state and are 134 135 inimical to the present and future health, welfare and 136 prosperity of all residents of this state and to the sound 137 growth and development of communities in this state; 138 and that unless promptly remedied these shortages will 139 continue to seriously retard the sound economic growth 140 and development of this state, the related property tax and excise tax bases of this state and the availability in 141 this state of manpower resources essential to modern 142 mining, industrial and commercial operations and 143 development which are essential to the health, welfare 144 145 and prosperity of this state and its residents.

(e) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further

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147 that private enterprise and investment have not been 148 able to produce, or provide mortgage financing for. 149 sufficient new sanitary, decent and safe residential 150 housing at prices or rentals low enough to enable 151 sufficient persons and families having incomes at or immediately above the higher level of the low and 152 153 moderate income segment of the population of this state 154 to occupy the same and thereby provide opportunities 155 for persons and families of lesser income to occupy 156 existing sanitary, decent and safe residential housing 157 thereby vacated, have not been able to produce, or 158 provide mortgage financing for, sufficient new residen-159 tial housing essential to retain and attract qualified 160 manpower resources in and to many areas of this state 161 where such resources are, or shortly will be, critically 162 needed for existing, expanding and new mining, 163 industrial and commercial operations and development. 164 have not been able to produce, or provide mortgage 165 financing for, sufficient new residential housing, including, but not limited to, nursing homes and 166 167 intermediate care facilities, of design and location suitable for occupancy by elderly and by disabled 168 169 persons, have not been able to finance sufficient land 170 development, including extensions or construction of 171 water and nonpolluting sewer systems, other utility 172 facilities and off-highway streets and roads, essential to 173 utilization of undeveloped areas of this state for 174 industrial, commercial and residential housing pur-175 poses, and have not been able to achieve urgently needed rehabilitation of much of the present housing stock of 176 177 this state; that it is imperative that the supply of 178 residential housing necessary to retain and attract qualified manpower resources in and to many areas of 179 this state where such resources are, or shortly will be, 180 critically needed for existing, expanding and new 181 182 mining, industrial and commercial operations and developments be provided, that sufficient new residen-183 tial housing, including, without limitation, nursing 184 homes and intermediate care facilities, designed and 185 located so as to be suitable for occupancy by elderly 186 persons and by disabled persons be provided, that 187 needed public housing for occupancy by persons and 188

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families at the lowest level of the low and moderate income segment of the population of this state be provided, that land development, including water and nonpolluting sewer systems and other utilities and off-highway streets and roads in this state necessary or desirable for new commercial, industrial and residential housing uses be provided, and that the existing political subdivisions of this state, and private enterprise and investment resources in this state, be encouraged to sponsor and finance land development, including water and nonpolluting sewer systems, other utilities and off-highway streets and roads, and to finance, construct and rehabilitate such residential housing; and that it is necessary that such efforts be supplemented by this state as in this article provided.

(f) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that political subdivisions in West Virginia which are presently authorized and empowered by law to acquire. construct, operate and manage public housing projects have not been able to acquire and construct, even with available federal and state assistance, public housing projects sufficient to fulfill the needs for sanitary, decent and safe residential housing for occupancy by persons and families at the lowest level of the low and moderate income segment of the population of this state who have been entitled to occupy public housing in many smaller municipalities in West Virginia and especially in the rural areas of West Virginia; that the primary cause of such shortage of needed public housing projects is the inability of such political subdivisions to remedy such shortages because the number of units of public housing needed within its territorial jurisdiction is not sufficient to generate, and justify the expenditure of, adequate funds to provide the requisite arranging of financing for, and planning, development, acquisition, construction, operation and management of such public housing; and that the acquisition, construction, planning, development, financing and management of public housing projects in this state by a governmental instrumentality and public body corporate with statewide jurisdiction as authorized herein will permit or facilitate the arranging of financing for, and planning, development, acquisition,

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231 construction, operation or management of public 232 housing units, even though such units are included in 233 several projects each of which contains a relatively small 234 number of such units, sufficient in the aggregate to 235 generate, and justify the expenditure of, sufficient funds 236 to provide the requisite arranging of financing for, and 237 planning, development, acquisition, construction, operation and management of such public housing, thereby 238 239 providing the means to alleviate the existing shortages 240 of public housing in many municipalities in West 241 Virginia and in the rural areas of West Virginia.

(g) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that its intention by enacting this legislation is to provide for the continuation of the West Virginia housing development fund, the corporate purpose of which is to provide financing for development costs and land development to public and private sponsors of land development in this state; further to provide federally insured construction loans to public and private sponsors of land development or to public and private sponsors of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families; further to provide uninsured construction loans to public and private sponsors of land development or to public and private sponsors of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families or to eligible persons and families who may construct such housing; further to provide long term federally insured mortgage loans to public and private sponsors of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families and to eligible persons and families who may purchase or construct such housing; further to provide long-term uninsured mortgage loans to public and private sponsors of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families and to eligible persons and families who may purchase or construct such housing; further to provide technical, consultative and project assistance service to public and private sponsors of such land development or residential housing: further to increase the construction of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families through participating in the making of, or the making of, loans to mortgagees approved by the housing

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development fund, and taking as collateral security therefor, or purchasing, or investing in long-term federal mortgages or federally insured mortgages, or uninsured mortgages, on residential housing constructed in this state, thereby increasing the supply of funds for long-term mortgage financing of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families and freeing funds for use in short-term construction financing of residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families; further to plan, develop, finance, acquire, construct, mortgage or otherwise encumber, operate, manage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of public housing projects; and finally to assist in coordinating federal, state, regional and local public and private efforts and resources to otherwise increase the supply of such residential housing.

- (h) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that in accomplishing this purpose, the West Virginia housing development fund, heretofore created and established by this article, is acting in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state of West Virginia to serve a public purpose in improving and otherwise promoting their health, welfare and prosperity, and that the West Virginia housing development fund, heretofore created and established, is empowered, hereby, to act on behalf of the state of West Virginia and its people in serving this public purpose for the benefit of the general public.
- (i) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that during a period of national growth this state has experienced a lack of employment and business opportunities, which have caused a reduction in the tax base of the state, diminishing the resources available to this state to provide for the health, safety and welfare of its citizens; that there has been and continues to be a need for economic development and improvement and capital investment in this state, including, but not limited to, the real estate and construction industries, both residential and nonresidential; that there exists in this state a shortage of the capital needed to finance general economic development through investment in enter-

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prises which have the potential to create new employment opportunities in this state and that there also exists a shortage of construction and real estate development financing, underwriting and construction expertise, which shortage can be alleviated by utilizing the expertise of the housing development fund and its staff, which are hereby determined to be suited to facilitate, implement and undertake the general economic development and real estate construction and development projects, both residential and nonresidential, which are necessary to support the capital base and employment levels and remedy many of the underlying causes of the current economic difficulties existing in this state; that many other states have facilitated the development of capital and the growth of employment opportunities through state programs which provide combined technical and financial assistance for business and real estate development in such states; and the Legislature hereby finds and declares further in support of the foregoing that it shall be a corporate purpose of the housing development fund to provide assistance by loans, grants or otherwise for the costs, including development and direct and indirect costs, and financing for public and private sponsors of land development, residential housing and nonresidential projects in this state, and further to provide construction loans and mortgage loans (including privately insured and uninsured) to public and private sponsors of land development and residential housing and nonresidential projects in this state, to make grants and provide technical, consultative and project assistance services to public and private sponsors of land development and residential housing and nonresidential projects in this state, and to plan, develop, finance, acquire, construct, renovate, improve, mortgage or otherwise encumber, operate, manage, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of general economic development and land development projects and residential projects and nonresidential projects in this state.

(j) The Legislature hereby finds and declares further that the housing development fund and its staff have extensive expertise in real estate development financing,

underwriting and construction activities, and further that there is a need on behalf of public and educational bodies to facilitate the construction of new facilities or renovation of existing facilities, which need can best be met by making available to such public agencies and bodies the real estate and construction development services and consultative expertise of the housing development fund at such cost and fees as the housing development fund would normally impose, subject to the provisions of this article relating to the powers of the housing development fund.

§31-18-3. Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Annual sinking fund payment" means the amount of money specified in the resolution or resolutions authorizing term bonds as payable into a sinking fund during a particular calendar year for the retirement of term bonds at maturity after such calendar year, but shall not include any amount payable by reason only of the maturity of a bond.
- (2) "Development costs" means the costs approved by the housing development fund as appropriate expenditures by the housing development fund or by sponsors, for land development, residential housing, or nonresidential projects within this state, including, but not limited to:
- (a) Payments for options to purchase proposed sites, necessary easements and other related property rights, deposits on contracts of purchase, or, with prior approval of the housing development fund, payments for the purchase of such properties;
- (b) Legal and organizational expenses, including payments of attorneys' fees, utility and governmental application and filing fees and expenses, project manager and clerical staff salaries, office rent and other incidental expenses;
- (c) Payment of fees and expenses for preliminary feasibility studies and costs estimates and advances for planning, engineering and architectural work;

- 29 (d) Expenses for tenant surveys and market analyses; 30 and
 - (e) Necessary application, approval and other fees.
 - (3) "Eligible persons and families" means:
- (a) Persons and families of low and moderate income;
 or
 - (b) Persons or families of higher income to the extent the housing development fund shall find and determine, by resolution, that construction of new or rehabilitated residential housing for occupancy by them will cause to be vacated existing sanitary, decent and safe residential housing available at prices or rentals which persons and families of low and moderate income can afford; or
 - (c) Persons or families of higher income to the extent the housing development fund shall find and determine, by resolution, that construction of new or rehabilitated multi-family rental housing or new, rehabilitated or existing home ownership housing in the state for occupancy by them will further economic growth, increase the housing stock in the state by eliminating substandard or deteriorating housing conditions, or provide additional housing opportunities in the state; or
 - (d) Persons who because of age or physical disability are found and determined by the housing development fund, by resolution, to require residential housing of a special location or design in order to provide them with sanitary, decent and safe residential housing; or
 - (e) Persons and families for whom, as found and determined by the housing development fund by resolution, construction of new or rehabilitated residential housing in some designated area or areas of the state is necessary for the purpose of retaining in, or attracting to, such area or areas qualified manpower resources essential to modern mining, industrial and commercial operations and development in such area or areas.
 - (4) "Federally insured construction loan" means a construction loan for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects, which are either

- secured or guaranteed, in whole or in part, by a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, or which are insured or guaranteed, in whole or in part, by the United States or an instrumentality thereof, or a commitment by the United States or an instrumentality thereof to insure such loan;
 - (5) "Federally insured mortgage" means a mortgage loan for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects with a commitment by the United States or an instrumentality thereof to insure or guarantee such a mortgage.
 - (6) "Federal mortgage" means a mortgage loan for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects made by the United States or an instrumentality thereof, or a commitment by the United States or an instrumentality thereof to make such a mortgage loan.
 - (7) "Housing development fund" means the West Virginia housing development fund heretofore created and established by section four of this article.
 - (8) "Land development" means the process of acquiring land for residential housing construction or nonresidential projects or of making, installing or constructing improvements, including waterlines and water supply installations, sewer lines and sewage disposal installations, steam, gas, telephone and telecommunications and electric lines and installations, roads, railroad spurs, docking and shipping facilities, streets, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, drainage and flood control facilities, whether on or off the site, which the housing development fund deems necessary or desirable to prepare such land for construction within this state.
 - (9) "Land development fund" means the land development fund which may be created and established by the housing development fund in accordance with section twenty-a of this article.
 - (10) "Minimum bond insurance requirement" means, as of any particular date of computation, an amount of money equal to the greatest of the respective amounts, for the then current or any future calendar year, of

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106 annual debt service of the housing development fund on 107 all outstanding mortgage finance bonds, such annual 108 debt service for any calendar year being the amount of 109 money equal to the aggregate of (a) all interest payable 110 during such calendar year on such mortgage finance 111 bonds on said date of computation, plus (b) the principal 112 amount of such mortgage finance bonds outstanding which matures during such calendar year, other than 113 mortgage finance bonds for which annual sinking fund 114 115 payments have been or are to be made in accordance 116 with the resolution authorizing such bonds, plus (c) the 117 amount of all annual sinking fund payments payable 118 during such calendar year with respect to any such 119 mortgage finance bonds, all calculated on the assump-120 tion that bonds will after said date of computation cease 121 to be outstanding by reason, but only by reason, of the 122 payment of bonds when due, and the payment when due 123 and application in accordance with the resolution 124 authorizing such bonds of all such sinking fund pay-125 ments payable at or after said date of computation.

- (11) "Mortgage finance bonds" means bonds issued or to be issued by the housing development fund and secured by a pledge of amounts payable from the mortgage finance bond insurance fund in the manner and to the extent provided in section twenty-b of this article.
- 132 (12) "Mortgage finance bond insurance fund" means 133 the special trust fund created and established in the 134 state treasury in accordance with section twenty-b of 135 this article.
 - (13) "Nonresidential project" means a project in the state, whether or not directly related to the providing of residential housing, determined by the housing development fund as likely to foster and enhance economic growth and development in the area of the state in which such project is developed, for retail, commercial, industrial, community improvement or preservation or other proper purpose, including tourism and recreational housing, land, air or water transportation facilities, facilities for vocational or other training or to provide medical care and other special needs of

147 persons residing in the state, sports complexes and cultural, artistic and other exhibition centers, industrial 148 149 or commercial projects and facilities, mail order. 150 wholesale and retail sales facilities and other real or 151 personal properties including facilities which are owned 152 or leased by this state, any county or municipality or other public body within the state, and includes, without 153 154 limitation, the process of acquiring, holding, operating, planning, financing, demolition, construction, renova-155 156 tion, leasing or otherwise disposing of such project or 157 any part thereof or interest therein. Any such project 158 may include appurtenant machinery and equipment.

(14) "Operating loan fund" means the operating loan fund which may be created and established by the housing development fund in accordance with section nineteen of this article.

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(15) "Persons and families of low and moderate income" means persons and families, irrespective of race, creed, national origin or sex, determined by the housing development fund to require such assistance as is made available by this article on account of personal or family income not sufficient to afford sanitary, decent and safe housing, and to be eligible or potentially eligible to occupy residential housing constructed and financed, wholly or in part, with federally insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages, federal mortgages or with other public or private assistance, or with uninsured construction loans, or uninsured mortgage loans, and in making such determination the fund shall take into account the following: (a) The amount of the total income of such persons and families available for housing needs, (b) the size of the family, (c) the cost and condition of housing facilities available, (d) the eligibility of such persons and families for federal housing assistance of any type predicated upon low or moderate income basis, and (e) the ability of such persons and families to compete successfully in the normal housing market and to pay the amounts at which private enterprise is providing sanitary, decent and safe housing: Provided, That to the extent found and determined by the housing development fund, by

resolution, to be necessary or appropriate for the purposes of eliminating undesirable social conditions and permanently eliminating slum conditions, the income limitation requirements of this article may be waived as to any persons or families who are eligible to occupy residential housing constructed in whole, or in part, with federally insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages or federal mortgages under housing assistance or mortgage insurance programs of the United States, or an instrumentality thereof, predicated upon any low or moderate income basis.

- (16) "Residential housing" means a specific work or improvement within this state undertaken primarily to provide dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings and improvements thereto, for residential housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families, including, but not limited to, facilities for temporary housing and emergency housing, nursing homes and intermediate care facilities, and such other nonhousing facilities as may be incidental or appurtenant thereto.
- (17) "Special bond insurance commitment fee" means a fee in the amount of one per centum of the total principal amount of each loan which is to be temporarily or permanently financed from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construc-tion loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, or an amount equal to an equivalent discount on each loan purchased or invested in by the housing development fund from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construc-tion loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, and which may be payable from the proceeds of such bonds or any other source available to the housing development fund for such use: Provided, That if the period of time between the first disbursement of proceeds of such loan and the date upon which it is specified that the first repayment of principal of such a loan shall be payable exceeds twelve months, an additional amount computed on the basis of one twelfth of one per centum per month on the total principal

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amount of such loan over the number of months of such period of time in excess of twelve months shall be included in such fee.

- (18) "Special bond insurance premium" means (i) a fee at the rate of one half of one percent per annum on the outstanding principal balance which the housing development fund shall charge the borrower of a mortgage loan, or of a loan secured by a mortgage, financed from the proceeds of mortgage finance bonds, other than a federally insured construction loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, which shall accrue from a date which is one month prior to the date on which the first installment payment of principal of such a loan is payable and which shall be payable thereafter in monthly installments on the same day of each successive month that installment payments of principal of such a loan are payable, and (ii) with respect to any loan, other than a federally insured construction loan, a federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, purchased, or invested in with such proceeds, an equivalent amount which the housing development fund shall set aside from payments it receives on such loan or from any other source available to the housing development fund for such use.
- (19) "State sinking fund commission" means the commission known as such and continued in existence pursuant to article three, chapter thirteen of this code and any body, board, person or commission which shall, by law, hereafter succeed to the powers and duties of such commission.
- (20) "Temporary housing" means a specific work or improvement within this state undertaken primarily to provide dwelling accommodations, including the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of land, buildings and improvements thereto, for temporary residential housing, including, but not limited to, shelters for homeless people, housing for victims of floods and other disasters, shelters for abused or battered persons and their children, housing for families with hospitalized family members, housing for students and student families, and housing for the handicapped and such

- other nonhousing facilities as may be incidental or appurtenant thereto.
- 272 (21) "Uninsured construction loans" means a construc-273 tion loan for land development, residential housing or 274 nonresidential projects which is not secured by either a 275 federally insured mortgage or a federal mortgage, and 276 which is not insured by the United States or an 277 instrumentality thereof, and as to which there is no 278 commitment by the United States or an instrumentality 279 thereof to provide insurance.
- 280 (22) "Uninsured mortgage" and "uninsured mortgage 281 loan" means mortgage loans for land development, 282 residential housing or nonresidential projects which are 283 not insured or guaranteed by the United States or an 284 instrumentality thereof, and as to which there is no 285 commitment by the United States or an instrumentality 286 thereof to provide insurance.

§31-18-6. Corporate powers.

1 The housing development fund is hereby granted, has 2 and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate 3 to carry out and effectuate its corporate purpose, 4 including, but not limited to, the following, except that notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the 5 6 housing development fund shall not directly or indi-7 rectly make a loan for or otherwise finance or review 8 any nonresidential project unless (a) the governor's office of community and industrial development, in 9 10 writing, has referred the nonresidential project under 11 consideration to the housing development fund, and (b) 12 the board of directors of the housing development fund shall have by resolution first found and determined (i) 13 14 that such loan or other financing is not available upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions from 15 financial institutions, based upon, among other perti-16 nent factors, that at least three financial institutions 17 have had at least forty-five days to make a loan to or 18 otherwise finance such project, but have failed to act 19 upon or declined or refused opportunity within such 20 forty-five day period; and (ii) that such loan or other 21 financing is not available on reasonably equivalent 22

- terms and conditions from the United States, this state, any county or municipality in this state or any board, agency, department or commission of any thereof:
 - (1) To make or participate in the making of federally insured construction loans to sponsors of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that construction loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:
 - (2) To make temporary loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the housing development fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable, from the operating loan fund, if created, established, organized and operated in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen of this article, to defray development costs to sponsors of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects which are eligible or potentially eligible for federally insured construction loans, federally insured mortgages, federal mortgages, or uninsured construction loans or uninsured mortgage loans;
 - (3) To make or participate in the making of long-term federally insured mortgage loans to sponsors of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
 - (4) To establish residential housing and nonresidential and land development projects for counties declared to be in a disaster area by the Federal Emergency Management Agency or other agency or instrumentality of the United States or this state;
 - (5) To accept appropriations, gifts, grants, bequests and devises, and to utilize or dispose of the same to carry out its corporate purpose;

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- (6) To make and execute contracts, releases, compromises, compositions and other instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers, or to carry out its corporate purpose;
- (7) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidences of indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, consultative and project assistance services;
- (8) To invest any funds not required for immediate disbursement in any of the following securities:
- (i) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America or for the payment of the principal and interest on which the full faith and credit of the United States of America is pledged;
- 77 (ii) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of 78 indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: 79 Banks for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks: federal home loan bank system: Export-Import 80 81 Bank of the United States: federal land banks: Tennes-82 see Valley Authority; United States Postal Service; 83 Inter-American Development Bank: International Bank 84 for Reconstruction and Development: Small Business Administration; Washington Metropolitan Area Transit 85 86 Authority; General Services Administration; Federal Financing Bank; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corpo-87 88 ration; Student Loan Marketing Association; Farmer's 89 Home Administration: the Federal National Mortgage 90 Association or the Government National Mortgage Association: or any bond, debenture, note, participation 91 certificate or other similar obligation to the extent such 92 obligations are guaranteed by the Government National 93 Mortgage Association or Federal National Mortgage 94 Association or are issued by any other federal agency 95 and backed by the full faith and credit of the United 96 97 States of America:
 - (iii) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or

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- contracts with the United States of America; or temporary notes, preliminary loan notes, or project notes issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America;
 - (iv) Certificates of deposit, time deposits, investment agreements, repurchase agreements or similar banking arrangements with a member bank or banks of the federal reserve system or a bank the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or a savings and loan association or savings bank the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or its successor, or government bond dealers reporting to. trading with and recognized as primary dealers by a Federal Reserve Bank: Provided. That such investments shall only be made to the extent insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or to the extent that the principal amount thereof shall be fully collateralized by obligations which are authorized investments for the housing development fund pursuant to this section;
- 125 (v) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the state of West Virginia:
- (vi) Direct and general obligations of any other state, municipality or other political subdivision within the territorial United States: *Provided*, That at the time of their purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-rating agency;
- 133 (vii) Any bond, note, debenture or annuity issued by 134 any corporation organized and operating within the 135 United States: Provided, That such corporation shall 136 have a minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and 137 its securities or its parent corporation's securities are 138 listed on one or more of the national stock exchanges: 139 Provided, however, That (1) such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as 140 141 reflected in its statements, and (2) such corporation has

not defaulted in the payment of principal or interest on any of its outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten fiscal years, and (3) the bonds, notes or debentures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating services such as Standard and Poor's. Dun & Bradstreet. Best's or Moody's:

- (viii) If entered into solely for the purpose of reducing investment, interest rate, liquidity or other market risks in relation to obligations issued or to be issued or owned or to be owned by the housing development fund, options, futures contracts (including index futures but exclusive of commodities futures, options or other contracts), standby purchase agreements or similar hedging arrangements listed by a nationally recognized securities exchange or a corporation described in (vii) above;
- (ix) Certificates, shares or other interests in mutual funds, unit trusts or other entities registered under section eight of the United States investment company act of 1940, but only to the extent that the terms on which the underlying investments are to be made prevent any more than a minor portion of the pool which is being invested in to consist of obligations other than investments permitted pursuant to this section; and
- (x) To the extent not inconsistent with the express provisions of this section, obligations of the West Virginia state board of investments or any other obligation authorized as an investment for the West Virginia state board of investments under article six, chapter twelve of this code or for a public housing authority under article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this code:
- (9) To sue and be sued;

- 177 (10) To have a seal and alter the same at will;
- 178 (11) To make, and from time to time, amend and 179 repeal bylaws and rules and regulations not inconsistent 180 with the provisions of this article;

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- 181 (12) To appoint such officers, employees and consul-182 tants as it deems advisable and to fix their compensation 183 and prescribe their duties;
 - (13) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
 - (14) To enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal or state agency, any person and any domestic or foreign partnership, corporation, association or organization;
 - (15) To acquire real property, or an interest therein, in its own name, by purchase or foreclosure, where such acquisition is necessary or appropriate to protect any loan in which the housing development fund has an interest and to sell, transfer and convey any such property to a buyer and, in the event of such sale, transfer or conveyance cannot be effected with reasonable promptness or at a reasonable price, to lease such property to a tenant;
 - (16) To purchase or sell, at public or private sale, any mortgage or other negotiable instrument or obligation securing a construction, rehabilitation, improvement, land development, mortgage or temporary loan;
 - (17) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property in such amounts, and from such insurers, as may be necessary or desirable;
 - (18) To consent, whenever it deems it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of its corporate purpose, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment or any installment of principal or interest, or any other terms, of mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan, rehabilitation loan, improvement loan, temporary loan, contract or agreement of any kind to which the housing development fund is a party;
 - (19) To make and publish rules and regulations respecting its federally insured mortgage lending, uninsured mortgage lending, construction lending, rehabilitation lending, improvement lending and lending to defray development costs and any such other rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate its corporate purpose:

- (20) To borrow money to carry out and effectuate its corporate purpose and to issue its bonds or notes as evidence of any such borrowing in such principal amounts and upon such terms as shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving its corporate purpose, except that no notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance and no bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years from date of issuance:
 - (21) To issue renewal notes, to issue bonds to pay notes and, whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds shall be issued to mature more than fifty years from the date of issuance:
- (22) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes or bonds to be refunded;
 - (23) To make grants and provide technical services to assist in the purchase or other acquisition, planning, processing, design, construction, or rehabilitation, improvement or operation of residential housing, nonresidential projects or land development: *Provided*, That no such grant or other financial assistance shall be provided except upon a finding by the housing development fund that such assistance and the manner in which it will be provided will preserve and promote residential housing in this state or the interests of this state in maintaining or increasing employment or the tax base;
 - (24) To provide project assistance services for residential housing, nonresidential projects and land development, including, but not limited to, management, training and social and other services;
 - (25) To promote research and development in scientific methods of constructing low cost land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects of high

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259 durability including grants, loans or equity contributions for research and development purposes: Provided. 260 261 That no such grant or other financial assistance shall be 262 provided except upon a finding by the housing develop-263 ment fund that such assistance and the manner in which 264 it will be provided will preserve and promote residential 265 housing in this state or the interests of this state in 266 maintaining and increasing employment and the tax 267 base:

(26) With the proceeds from the issuance of notes or bonds of the housing development fund, including, but not limited to, mortgage finance bonds, or with other funds available to the housing development fund for such purpose, to participate in the making of or to make loans to mortgagees approved by the housing development fund and take such collateral security therefor as is approved by the housing development fund and to invest in purchase, acquire, sell or participate in the sale of, or take assignments of, notes and mortgages, evidencing loans for the construction, rehabilitation, improvement, purchase or refinancing of land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects in this state: Provided, That the housing development fund shall obtain such written assurances as shall be satisfactory to it that the proceeds of such loans, investments or purchases will be used, as nearly as practicable, for the making of or investment in longterm federally insured mortgage loans or federally insured construction loans, uninsured mortgage loans or uninsured construction loans, for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects or that other moneys in an amount approximately equal to such proceeds shall be committed and used for such purpose;

(27) To make or participate in the making of uninsured construction loans for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that construction loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions:

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- 300 (28) To make or participate in the making of long-301 term uninsured mortgage loans for land development, residential housing or nonresidential projects. Such 302 303 loans shall be made only upon determination by the 304 housing development fund that long-term mortgage loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from 305 306 private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and 307 conditions:
- 308 (29) To obtain options to acquire real property, or any 309 interest therein, in its own name, by purchase, or lease, 310 or otherwise, which is found by the housing development 311 fund to be suitable, or potentially suitable, as a site, or 312 as part of a site, for land development or the construc-313 tion of residential housing or nonresidential projects; to 314 hold such real property or to acquire by purchase or 315 otherwise and to transfer by sale or otherwise any 316 ownership or equity interests in any other legal entity 317 which holds such real property; to finance the perfor-318 mance of land development, residential housing or 319 nonresidential projects on or in connection with any such 320 real property or to perform land development, residen-321 tial housing or nonresidential projects on or in connec-322 tion with any such real property; to own, operate and 323 sponsor or participate in the sponsorship of land development, residential housing or nonresidential 324 325 projects; or to sell, transfer and convey, lease or 326 otherwise dispose of such real property, or lots, tracts 327 or parcels of such real property, for such prices, upon 328 such terms, conditions and limitations, and at such time 329 or times as the housing development fund shall 330 determine:
 - (30) To make loans, with or without interest, but with such security for repayment as the housing development fund determines reasonably necessary and practicable from the land development fund, if created, established, organized and operated in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-a of this article, to sponsors of land development, to defray development costs and other costs of land development;
- 339 (31) To exercise all of the rights, powers and author-340 ities of a public housing authority as set forth and

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- provided in article fifteen, chapter sixteen of this code, in any area or areas of the state which the housing development fund shall determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;
 - (32) To provide assistance to urban renewal projects in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-eight, article eighteen, chapter sixteen of this code and in so doing to exercise all of the rights, powers and authorities granted in this article or in article eighteen, chapter sixteen of this code, in and for any communities of the state which the housing development fund shall determine by resolution to be necessary or appropriate;
 - (33) To make or participate in the making of loans for the purpose of rehabilitating or improving existing residential and temporary housing or nonresidential projects, or to owners of existing residential or temporary housing for occupancy by eligible persons and families for the purpose of rehabilitating or improving such residential or temporary housing or nonresidential projects and, in connection therewith, to refinance existing loans involving the same property. Such loans shall be made only upon determination by the housing development fund that rehabilitation or improvement loans are not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
 - (34) Whenever the housing development fund deems it necessary in order to exercise any of its powers set forth in subdivision (28) of this section, and upon being unable to agree with the owner or owners of real property or interest therein sought to be acquired by the fund upon a price for acquisition of private property not being used or operated by the owner in the production of agricultural products, to exercise the powers of eminent domain in the acquisition of such real property or interest therein in the manner provided under chapter fifty-four of this code, and the purposes set forth in subdivision (28) of this section are hereby declared to be public purposes for which private property may be taken. For the purposes of this section, the determination of "use or operation by the owner in the production

of agricultural products" means that the principal use of such real estate is for the production of food and fiber by agricultural production other than forestry, and the fund shall not initiate or exercise any powers of eminent domain without first receiving an opinion in writing from both the governor and the commissioner of 388 agriculture of this state that at the time the fund had 389 first attempted to acquire such real estate or interest 390 therein, such real estate or interest therein was not in fact being used or operated by the owner in the 391 392 production of agricultural products; and

(35) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold. transfer, sell, assign, pool or syndicate, or participate in the syndication of, any loans, notes, mortgages, securities or debt instruments collateralized by mortgages or interests in mortgages or other instruments evidencing loans or equity interests in or for the construction. rehabilitation, improvement, renovation, purchase or refinancing of land development, residential housing and nonresidential projects in this state.

§31-18-20a. Land development fund.

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- (a) The board of directors of the housing development fund may create and establish a special revolving fund of moneys made available by appropriation, grant, contribution or loan, to be known as the land development fund and to be governed, administered and accounted for by the directors, officers and managerial staff of the housing development fund as a special. purpose account separate and distinct from any other moneys, fund or funds owned and managed by the housing development fund.
- (b) The purpose of the land development fund shall be to provide a source from which the housing development fund may finance development costs and land development in this state by making loans or grants therefrom. such loans to be with or without interest and with such security for repayment as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary and practicable, or by expending moneys therefrom, for development costs and land development in this state.

- 20 (c) The housing development fund may invest and 21 reinvest all moneys in the land development fund in any 22 investments authorized under section six of this article, 23 pending the disbursement thereof in connection with the 24 financing of development costs and land development in 25 this state.
 - (d) No loans shall be made by the housing development fund from the land development fund except in accordance with a written loan agreement which shall include, but not be limited to, the following terms and conditions:
 - (1) The proceeds of all such loans shall be used only for development costs and land development;
 - (2) All such loans shall be repaid in full, with or without interest, as provided in the agreement;
 - (3) All repayments shall be made concurrent with receipt by the borrower of the proceeds of a construction loan or mortgage, as the case may be, or at such other times as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary or practicable; and
 - (4) Specification of such security for repayments upon such terms and conditions as the housing development fund deems reasonably necessary or practicable.
 - (e) No grants shall be made by the housing development fund from the land development fund except in accordance with a written grant agreement which shall require that the proceeds of all such grants shall be used only for development costs or land development and containing such other terms and provisions as the housing development fund may require to ensure that the public purposes of this article are furthered by such grant.
 - (f) The housing development fund may expend any income from the financing of development costs and land development with moneys in the land development fund, and from investment of such moneys, in payment, or reimbursement, of all expenses of the housing development fund which, as determined in accordance with procedures approved by the board of directors of

- 59 the housing development fund, are fairly allocable to
- 60 such financing or its land-development activities:
- 61 Provided, That no funds from the land development
- 62 fund shall be used to carry on propaganda, or otherwise
- 63 attempt to influence legislation.
- §31-18-21. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to directors, officers or private persons; transactions between the housing development fund and directors or officers having certain interests in such transactions.
 - (a) No part of the funds of the housing development fund, or of the operating loan fund, or of the land development fund, shall inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its directors or officers or other private persons except that the housing development fund shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation, other than to the directors, including the chairman, vice chairman and treasurer of the board of directors and the secretary of the board of directors, for services rendered and to make loans and exercise its other powers as previously specified in furtherance of its corporate purpose: *Provided*, That no such loans shall be made, and no property shall be purchased or leased from, or sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, to any director or officer of the housing development fund.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any provision contained in paragraph (a) of this section, no loans shall be made by the housing development fund to, and no property shall be purchased or leased from, or sold, leased or otherwise disposed of to, any corporation or other entity in which any officer or director is a stockholder or is otherwise financially interested, unless:
 - (1) The interest of such director or officer in such transaction is specifically and fully disclosed to the board of directors of the housing development fund at the time it authorizes, approves or ratifies such transaction and the fact and nature of such interest are stated in the minutes of each meeting of the board of directors at which such transaction is considered;

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- 30 (2) Such transaction is fair and reasonable to the 31 housing development fund; and
- (3) In the case of a director, such director abstains $\frac{32}{33}$ from voting or written consent as to the authorization. 34 approval or ratification of such transaction by the board 35 of directors of the housing development fund.

§31-18-24. Annual audit; reports to joint committee on government and finance: information to joint committee or legislative auditor.

1 The housing development fund shall cause an annual 2 audit to be made by an independent certified public accountant of its books, accounts and records, with 3 4 respect to its receipts, disbursements, contracts, mort-5 gages, leases, assignments, loans and all other matters 6 relating to its financial operations, including those of the 7 operating loan fund, the land development fund, and the 8 mortgage finance bond insurance fund. The person 9 performing such audit shall furnish copies of the audit 10 report to the commissioner of finance and administra-11 tion, where they shall be placed on file and made 12 available for inspection by the general public. The person performing such audit shall also furnish copies 13 of the audit report to the speaker of the House of 14 Delegates, the president of the Senate and the majority 15 16 and minority leaders of both houses.

In addition to the foregoing annual audit report, the housing development fund shall also render every six months to the joint committee on government and 19 20 finance a report setting forth in detail a complete analysis of the activities, indebtedness, receipts and financial affairs of such fund and the operating loan fund, the land development fund, and the mortgage finance bond insurance fund. Upon demand, the housing development fund shall also submit to the joint committee on government and finance or the legislative auditor any other information requested by such committee or the legislative auditor.

§31-18-26. Projects not to be deemed public improvements.

1 No project or business facility acquired, constructed.

- 2 maintained, or financed in whole or in part by the
- 3 housing development fund shall be deemed to be a
- 4 "public improvement" within the meaning of the
- 5 provisions of article five-a, chapter twenty-one of this
- code, as a result of such financing.

§31-18-27. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial, financial, or personal information; confidentiality.

1 Any documentary material or data made or received by the housing development fund for the purpose of 2 furnishing assistance, to the extent that such material 3 or data consists of trade secrets, commercial, financial 4 or personal information regarding the financial position 5 or business operation of such business or person, shall 6 7 not be considered public records and shall be exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of chapter 8 twenty-nine-b of this code. Any discussion or consider-9 ation of such trade secrets, commercial, financial or 10 personal information may be held by the housing 11 12 development fund in executive session closed to the public, notwithstanding the provisions of article nine-a, 13 chapter six of this code: Provided, That the housing 14 development fund shall make publicly available the 15 16 following information regarding executed loans: (1) the 17 name of the debtor, (2) location(s) of the project, (3) amount of the loan or financial assistance provided by 18 the fund, (4) the purpose of the loan or financial 19 assistance, (5) the term, rate, and interest of the loan, 20 and (6) the fixed assets which serve as security for the 21 22 loan.

CHAPTER 39

(H. B. 2046—By Delegate Faircloth)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to county

commissions generally; construction of waterworks; sewers and sewage disposal plants; improvements of streets, alleys and sidewalks; and providing for the assessment of cost of sanitary sewers, and maintenance of roads not in the state road system.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3a. Construction of waterworks; sewers and sewage disposal plants; improvements of streets, alleys and sidewalks; assessment of cost of sanitary sewers, improved streets and maintenance of roads not in the state road system.

In addition to all other powers and duties now 1 2 conferred by law upon county commissions, such commissions are hereby authorized and empowered to 3 install, construct, repair, maintain and operate water-4 5 works, water mains, sewer lines and sewage disposal plants in connection therewith within their respective 6 counties: Provided. That the county commission of 7 Webster County is authorized to expend county funds in 8 the opening of, and upkeep of a sulphur well now situate 9 on county property: Provided, however. That such 10 authority and power herein conferred upon county 11 commissions shall not extend into the territory within 12 any municipal corporation: Provided further, That any 13 county commission is hereby authorized to enter into 14 contracts or agreements with any municipality within 15 the county, or with a municipality in an adjoining 16 county, with reference to the exercise of the powers 17 18 vested in such commissions by this section.

In addition to the foregoing, the county commission shall have the power to improve streets, sidewalks and alleys and lay sewers and enter into contracts for maintenance of county roads and subdivision roads used by the public but not in the state road system as follows: Upon petition in writing duly verified, of the persons,

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firms or corporations owning not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of any street or alley, between any two cross-streets, or between a cross-street and an alley in any unincorporated community, requesting the county commission so to do according to plans and specifications submitted with such petition and offering to have their property so abutting assessed not only with their portion of the cost of such improvement abutting upon their respective properties, but also offering to have their said properties proportionately assessed with the total cost of paying. grading and curbing the intersections of such streets and alleys, or the total cost of maintenance of county roads or subdivision roads used by the public but not in the state road system, the county commission may cause any such street or alley to be improved or paved or repayed substantially with the materials and according to such plans and specifications as hereinafter provided: Provided. That the county commission is further authorized, if the said county commission so determines by a unanimous vote of its constituted membership, that two or more intersecting streets, sidewalks, alleys and sewers, should be improved as one project, in order to satisfy peculiar problems resulting from access as well as drainage problems, then, in that event, the said county commission may order such improvements as one single unit and project, upon petition in writing duly verified of the persons, firms or corporations owning not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of all streets or alleys, or portions thereof included by said county commission in said unit and project.

The total cost including labor and materials, engineering, and legal service of grading and paving, curbing, improving any such road, street or alley (including the cost of the intersections) and assessing the cost thereof shall be borne by the owners of the land abutting upon such road, street or alley when the work is completed and accepted according to the following plan, that is to say, payment is to be made by all landowners on either side of such road, street or alley so paved or improved in such proportion of the total cost as the frontage in

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feet of each owner's land so abutting bears to the total frontage of all the land so abutting on such road, street or alley, so paved or improved as aforesaid, which computation shall be made by the county engineer or surveyor and certified by him to the clerk of said commission.

Upon petition in writing duly verified, of the persons. firms or corporations owning not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on one side of any county or subdivision road or roads between any two cross-roads, all used by the public but not in the state road system or street between any two cross-streets or between a cross-street and an alley in any unincorporated community requesting the county commission so to do according to plans and specifications submitted with such petition and offering to have their property so abutting assessed with the total cost thereof, the county commission may cause any sidewalk to be improved, or paved, or repaved, substantially with such materials according to such plans and specifications and the total cost including labor and materials, engineering and legal service of improving, grading, paving or repaying such sidewalk and assessing the cost thereof shall, when the work is completed and accepted, be assessed against the owners of the lots or fractional part of lots abutting on such sidewalk, in such portion of the total cost as the frontage in feet of each owner's land so abutting bears to the total frontage of all lots so abutting on such sidewalk so paved or improved, as aforesaid, which computation shall be made by the county engineer or surveyor and certified by him to the clerk of said commission.

Upon petition in writing duly verified, of the persons, firms or corporations owning not less than sixty percent of the frontage of the lots abutting on both sides of any street or alley, in any unincorporated community requesting the county commission so to do according to plans and specifications submitted with such petition and offering to have their property so abutting assessed with the cost, as hereinafter provided, the county commission may lay and construct sanitary sewers in

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any street or alley with such materials and substantially according to such plans and specifications and when such sewer is completed and accepted, the county engineer or surveyor shall report to the county commission, in writing, the total cost of such sewer and a description of the lots and lands, as to the location, frontage, depth and ownership liable for such sewer assessment, so far as the same may be ascertained. together with the amount chargeable against each lot and owner, calculated in the following manner: The total cost of constructing and laying the sewer including labor, materials, legal and engineering services shall be borne by the owners of the land abutting upon the streets and alleys, in which the sewer is laid according to the following plan: Payment is to be made by each landowner on either side of such portion of a street or alley in which such sewer is laid, in such proportions as the frontage of his land upon said street or alley bears to the total frontage of all lots so abutting on such street or alley. In case of a corner lot, frontage is to be measured along the longest dimensions thereof abutting on such street or alley in which such sewer is laid. Any lot having a depth of two hundred feet or more, and fronting on two streets or alleys, one in the front and one in the rear of said lot, shall be assessed on both of said streets or alleys if a sewer is laid in both such streets and alleys. Where a corner lot has been assessed on the end it shall not be assessed on the side for the same sewer and where it has been assessed on the side it shall not be assessed on the end for the same sewer.

If the petitioners request the improvement of any such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk in a manner which does not require the permanent paving or repaving thereof, the county commission shall likewise have authority to improve such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk, substantially as requested in such petition, and the total cost thereof including labor, materials, engineering and legal services shall be assessed against the abutting owners in the proportion which the frontage of their lots abutting upon such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk bears to the total frontage of

all lots abutting upon such street, alley or sidewalk so improved.

Upon the filing of such petition and before work is begun, or let to contract, the county commission shall fix a time and place for hearing protests and shall require the petitioners to post notice of such hearing in at least two conspicuous places on the county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk affected, and to give notice thereof by publication of such notice as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the county in which the improvement is to be made. The hearing shall be held not less than ten nor more than thirty days after the filing of such petition.

At the time and place set for hearing protests the county commission may examine witnesses and consider other evidence to show that said petition was filed in good faith; that the signatures thereto are genuine; and that the proposed improvement, paving, repaving or sewering will result in special benefits to all owners of property abutting on said county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk in an amount at least equal in value to the cost thereof. The commission shall within ten days thereafter enter a formal order stating its decision and if the petition be granted shall proceed after due advertisement, reserving the right to reject any or all bids, to let a contract for such work and materials to the lowest responsible bidder.

Any owner of property abutting upon said county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk aggrieved by such order shall have the right to review the same on the record made before the county commission by filing within ten days after the entry of such order a petition with the clerk of the circuit court assigning errors and giving bond in a penalty to be fixed by the circuit court to pay any costs or expenses incurred upon such appeal should the order of the county commission be affirmed. The circuit court shall proceed to review the matter as in other cases of appeal from the county commission.

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All assessments made under this section shall be certified to the county clerk and recorded in a proper trust deed book and indexed in the name of the owner of any lot or fractional part of a lot so assessed. The assessment so made shall be a lien on the property liable therefor, and shall have priority over all other liens except those for taxes, and may be enforced by a civil action in the name of the contractor performing the work in the same manner as provided for other liens for permanent improvements. Such assessment shall be paid in not more than ten equal annual installments. bearing interest at a rate not to exceed twelve percent per annum, as follows: The first installment, together with interest on the whole assessment, shall be paid not later than one year from the date of such assessment. and a like installment with interest on the whole amount remaining unpaid each year thereafter until the principal and all interest shall have been paid in full.

The county commission may issue coupon-bearing certificates payable in not more than ten equal annual installments for the amount of such assessment and the interest thereon, to be paid by the owner of any lot or fractional part thereof, fronting on such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk which has been improved, paved, or repaved or in which a sewer has been laid, as aforesaid, and the holder of said certificate shall have a lien having priority over all other liens except those for taxes upon the lot or part of lot fronting on such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk, and such certificate shall likewise draw interest from the date of assessment at a rate not to exceed twelve percent per annum, and payment thereof may be enforced in the name of the holder of said certificate by proper civil action in any court having jurisdiction to enforce such lien.

Certificates authorized under this section may be issued, sold or negotiated to the contractor doing the work, or to his assignee, or to any person, firm or corporation: *Provided*, That the county commission in issuing such certificates shall not be held as a guarantor, or in any way liable for the payment thereof.

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Certificates so issued shall contain a provision to the effect that in the event of default in the payment of any one or more of said installments, when due, said default continuing for a period of sixty days, all unpaid installments shall thereupon become due and payable. and the owner of said certificates may proceed to collect the unpaid balance thereof in the manner hereinbefore provided.

In all cases where petitioners request paving or repaving, or the laying of sewers under the provisions of this section, the county commission shall let the work of grading, paving, curbing or sewering to contract to the lowest responsible bidder. In each such case the county commission shall require a bond in the penalty of the contract price guaranteeing the faithful performance of the work and each such contract shall require the contractor to repair any defects due to defective workmanship or materials discovered within one year after the completion of the work.

Upon presentation to the clerk of the county commission of the certificates evidencing the lien, duly canceled and marked paid by the holder thereof, or evidence of payment of the assessment if no certificates have been issued, said clerk shall execute and acknowledge a release of the lien which release may be recorded, as other releases in the office of the clerk of the county commission.

The owner of any lot or fractional part of a lot abutting upon such county road or subdivision road, street, alley or sidewalk so improved, paved, repaved, or sewered shall have the right to anticipate the payment of any such assessment or certificate by paying the principal amount due, with interest accrued thereon to date of payment, and also to pay the entire amount, without interest at any time, within thirty days following the date of the assessment.

Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to authorize the county commissions of the various counties to acquire any road construction, ditching or paving equipment. The county commissions are hereby

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authorized to rent from the state road commissioner or 273 any other person, firm or corporation such equipment as may be necessary from time to time, to improve any county road or subdivision road used by the public but not in the state road system, street or sidewalk which petitioners do not desire to have paved in a permanent manner, and for such purpose to employ such labor as 278 may be necessary but no expense connected therewith 279 280 shall be charged to any county funds.

> No county commission shall be under any duty after the paving, repaving or improvement of any county road or subdivision road used by the public but not in the state road system, street, alley or sidewalk or the laying of any sanitary sewer under the provisions of this section, to maintain or repair the same, but any such commission shall have authority upon petition duly verified, signed by at least sixty percent of the owners of property abutting upon any improvement made under this section, to maintain or repair such improvement or sewer and to assess the cost thereof against the owners of such abutting property in the same manner as the cost of the original improvement.

CHAPTER 40

(S. B. 151-By Senators Hawse and J. Manchin)

[Passed March 14, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-ee: to amend article thirteen, chapter eight of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-a: and to amend article one, chapter eleven-a of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, all relating to authorizing county commissions, sheriffs and municipalities to enter into contracts with banking institutions to receive payment of service fees, assessments, fines, property taxes and other taxes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-ee; that article thirteen, chapter eight of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-a; and that article one, chapter eleven-a of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- County Commissions and Officers. 7.
- Municipal Corporations.
- 11A. Collection and Enforcement of Property Taxes.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

§7-1-3ee. Providing for payment of service fees at banking institutions.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of this code the 1
- 2 county commission may enter into a contract with one or more banking institutions, as defined in section two,
- 3 article one, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, doing
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- business in the county for the purpose of receiving 5 payment of any service fee authorized in this article or 6
- elsewhere in this code. 7
- 8 Any such contract shall specify the manner in which
- the fees received shall be paid over to the county and 9
- a method for verification by the county commission of 10
- all amounts received pursuant to the contract. The 11
- contract may provide for the payment of a reasonable 12
- fee for the provision of such services by the banking 13
- 14 institution.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

§8-13-15a. Providing for payment at banking institutions.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of this code the 1
- 2 treasurer of the municipality, or other individual who

- 3 may be designated by general law, by charter provision or by the governing body, to collect and promptly pay 4 into the municipal treasury all taxes, fines, special 5 assessments and other moneys due the municipality, 6 may enter into a contract with one or more banking 7 institutions, as defined in section two, article one, 8 chapter thirty-one-a of this code, doing business in the 9 municipality for the purpose of receiving payment of 10 11 municipal taxes, fines, assessments and other moneys.
- Any such contract shall specify the manner in which 12 the taxes, fines, assessments and other moneys received 13 14 shall be paid over to the municipality and a method for verification by the treasurer of the municipality of all 15 amounts received pursuant to the contract. The contract 16 may provide for the payment of a reasonable fee for the 17 provision of such services by the banking institutions. 18

CHAPTER 11A. COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF PROPERTY TAXES.

ARTICLE 1. ACCRUAL AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

§11A-1-8a. Providing for payment at banking institutions.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of this code the 1 sheriff, with the consent of the county commission, may 2
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- enter into a contract with one or more banking institu-
- tions, as defined in section two, article one, chapter 4
- thirty-one-a of this code, doing business in the county for 5
- the purpose of receiving payment of property taxes. 6
- 7 Any such contract shall specify the manner in which all taxes received shall be paid to the sheriff and a 8 method for verification by the sheriff and the county 9 commission of all amounts received pursuant to the 10 contract. The contract may provide for the payment of 11 a reasonable fee for the provision of such services by the
- 12
- 13 banking institution.
- Nothing herein may be construed to affect the amount 14 of the commission due the sheriff provided for in section 15
- seventeen of this article. 16

CHAPTER 41

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 222—By Senators Jackson, Tomblin and Jones)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-ff; and to amend and reenact section five, article twelve, chapter eight of said code, all relating to county commissions' and county health officers' duties to require clearance of refuse and debris on private lands; notice of demand and the contents thereof to be sent to private landowners requiring them to clear their lands of refuse and debris; the proper procedure to contest a demand to clear private land; and municipalities' authorization to require the clearance of private land of refuse and debris.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-ff; and that section five, article twelve, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

- §7-1-3ff. Duty to require clearance of refuse and debris from private lands; notice of demand thereof; procedure to contest demand.
 - 1 In addition to all other powers and duties conferred
 - 2 by law upon county commissions, as set forth in this
 - 3 article, and county health officers, as set forth in section
 - 4 two, article two, chapter sixteen of this code, such
 - 5 commissions and health officers are hereby authorized

and obliged to require clearance of any refuse or debris consisting of remnants or remains of any unused or unoccupied dwelling, nonfarm building, structure or manmade appurtenance on all private lands within their respective scopes of authority by the owners thereof that has accumulated as the result of any natural or manmade force or effect which presents a safety or health hazard or which has deteriorated to such a degree as to be unsightly, visually offensive and be depressive of the value of the adjacent properties or uses of such properties.

Upon a determination by a county commission or county health officer that substantial accumulations of refuse or the presence of debris, as described above, exist on any such private lands, notice shall be forwarded to the owner thereof informing the landowner of the following:

- (a) Of the commission's or health officer's demand to remove all refuse and debris within ninety days of the receipt of such notice unless an extension be granted by said commission or health officer:
- (b) Of the landowner's right to contest such demand and of the proper procedure in which to do so;
- (c) That if the landowner fails to both properly contest and comply with the commission's or health officer's demand, that removal will be achieved otherwise and that the reasonable costs incurred thereto will become a civil debt owed by the landowner to the county:
- (d) That if the county incurs costs of removal and the landowner fails to pay such costs within two months of such removal that a judgment lien on the subject property will be filed in the county clerk's office wherein the subject property exists.

The commission or health officer shall send notice as described herein by certified mail. If, for any reason, such certified mail is returned without evidence of proper receipt thereof, then in such event, a Class III-0 legal advertisement shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county wherein such land

- 45 is situated, in order to render proper notice in accor-
- dance with this section: Provided. That if the commis-46
- sion or health officer determines, after notice and 47
- inquiry as provided herein, that such refuse or debris 48
- 49 was created by someone other than the present lan-
- downer, without such landowner's expressed or implied 50
- permission, the commission or health officer shall 51
- 52 remove any such refuse or debris and shall apply to and
- 53 be eligible to receive from the solid waste reclamation
- and environmental response fund created under section 54
- five-a, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code for 55
- reimbursement for all reasonable costs incurred for 56
- 57 such removal.
- 58 In the event any landowner desires to contest any
- demand brought forth pursuant to this section, the 59
- landowner shall do so in accordance with article three. 60
- chapter fifty-eight of this code. 61

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFIC-ERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.

PART III. GENERAL POWERS OF MUNICIPALITIES AND GOVERNING BODIES.

§8-12-5. General powers of every municipality and the governing body thereof.

- In addition to the powers and authority granted by (i) 1
- the constitution of this state. (ii) other provisions of this 2
- 3 chapter, (iii) other general law, and (iv) any charter, and
- 4 to the extent not inconsistent or in conflict with any of
- 5 the foregoing except special legislative charters, every
- municipality and the governing body thereof shall have 6
- plenary power and authority therein by ordinance or 7
- resolution, as the case may require, and by appropriate 8
- action based thereon: 9
- 10 (1) To lay off, establish, construct, open, alter, curb,
- recurb, pave or repave and keep in good repair, or 11
- vacate, discontinue and close, streets, avenues, roads, 12

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13 alleys, ways, sidewalks, drains and gutters, for the use of the public, and to improve and light the same, and 14 15 have them kept free from obstructions on or over them 16 which have not been authorized pursuant to the succeeding provisions of this subdivision (1); and, subject 17 18 to such terms and conditions as the governing body shall 19 prescribe, to permit, without in any way limiting the power and authority granted by the provisions of article 20 21 sixteen of this chapter, any person to construct and 22 maintain a passageway, building or other structure 23 overhanging or crossing the airspace above a public 24 street, avenue, road, alley, way, sidewalk or crosswalk, but before any such permission for any person to 25 26 construct and maintain a passageway, building or other 27 structure overhanging or crossing any such airspace is 28 granted, a public hearing thereon shall be held by the 29 governing body after publication of a notice of the date. time, place and purpose of such public hearing has been 30 31 published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of 32 33 this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the municipality: Provided, That any such 34 35 permit so granted shall automatically cease and termi-36 nate in the event of abandonment and nonuse thereof for 37 the purposes intended for a period of ninety days, and 38 all rights therein or thereto shall revert to such 39 municipality for its use and benefit;

- (2) To provide for the opening and excavation of streets, avenues, roads, alleys, ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and public places belonging to the municipality and regulate the conditions under which any such opening may be made;
- (3) To prevent by proper penalties the throwing, depositing or permitting to remain on any street, avenue, road, alley, way, sidewalk, square or other public place any glass, scrap iron, nails, tacks, wire, other litter, or any offensive matter or anything likely to injure the feet of individuals or animals or the tires of vehicles;
- (4) To regulate the use of streets, avenues, roads,

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- alleys, ways, sidewalks, crosswalks and public places belonging to the municipality;
- 55 (5) To regulate the width of streets, avenues and roads, and, subject to the provisions of article eighteen of this chapter, to order the sidewalks, footways and crosswalks to be paved, repaved, curbed or recurbed and kept in good order, free and clean, by the owners or occupants thereof or of the real property next adjacent thereto;
- 62 (6) To establish, construct, alter, operate and main-63 tain, or discontinue, bridges, tunnels and ferries and 64 approaches thereto;
- 65 (7) To provide for the construction and maintenance 66 of water drains, the drainage of swamps or marshlands 67 and drainage systems;
- 68 (8) To provide for the construction, maintenance and covering over of watercourses;
 - (9) To control and administer the waterfront and waterways of the municipality, and to acquire, establish, construct, operate and maintain and regulate flood control works, wharves and public landings, warehouses and all adjuncts and facilities for navigation and commerce and the utilization of the waterfront and waterways and adjacent property;
 - (10) To prohibit the accumulation and require the disposal of garbage, refuse, debris, wastes, ashes, trash and other similar accumulations whether on private or public property;
- 81 (11) To construct, establish, acquire, equip, maintain 82 and operate incinerator plants and equipment and all 83 other facilities for the efficient removal and destruction 84 of garbage, refuse, wastes, ashes, trash and other 85 similar matters;
- 86 (12) To regulate or prohibit the purchase or sale of 87 articles intended for human use or consumption which 88 are unfit for such use or consumption, or which may be 89 contaminated or otherwise unsanitary;

- 90 (13) To prevent injury or annoyance to the public or 91 individuals from anything dangerous, offensive or 92 unwholesome:
- 93 (14) To regulate the keeping of gunpowder and other 94 combustibles:
- 95 (15) To make regulations guarding against danger or 96 damage by fire;
- 97 (16) To arrest, convict and punish any individual for 98 carrying about his person any revolver or other pistol, 99 dirk, bowie knife, razor, slungshot, billy, metallic or 100 other false knuckles, or any other dangerous or other 101 deadly weapon of like kind or character;
- 102 (17) To arrest, convict and punish any person for 103 importing, printing, publishing, selling or distributing 104 any pornographic publications;
- 105 (18) To arrest, convict and punish any person for 106 keeping a house of ill fame, or for letting to another person any house or other building for the purpose of 107 108 being used or kept as a house of ill fame, or for 109 knowingly permitting any house owned by him or under 110 his control to be kept or used as a house of ill fame, or 111 for loafing, boarding or loitering in a house of ill fame, 112 or frequenting same:
- 113 (19) To prevent and suppress conduct and practices 114 which are immoral, disorderly, lewd, obscene and 115 indecent;
- 116 (20) To prevent the illegal sale of intoxicating liquors, 117 drinks, mixtures and preparations;
- 118 (21) To arrest, convict and punish any individual for 119 driving or operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated 120 or under the influence of liquor, drugs or narcotics;
- (22) To arrest, convict and punish any person for gambling or keeping any gaming tables, commonly called "A, B, C," or "E, O," table or faro bank or keno table, or table of like kind, under any denomination, whether the gaming table be played with cards, dice or otherwise, or any person who shall be a partner or concerned in interest, in keeping or exhibiting such

- table or bank, or keeping or maintaining any gaming house or place, or betting or gambling for money or anything of value;
- 131 (23) To provide for the elimination of hazards to 132 public health and safety and to abate or cause to be 133 abated anything which in the opinion of a majority of 134 the governing body is a public nuisance;
- 135 (24) To license, or for good cause to refuse to license 136 in a particular case, or in its discretion to prohibit in 137 all cases, the operation of pool and billiard rooms and the maintaining for hire of pool and billiard tables 138 139 notwithstanding the general law as to state licenses for 140 any such business and the provisions of section four. 141 article thirteen of this chapter; and when the municipality, in the exercise of its discretion, shall have refused 142 143 to grant a license to operate a pool or billiard room, 144 mandamus shall not lie to compel such municipality to grant such license unless it shall clearly appear that the 145 refusal of the municipality to grant such license is 146 discriminatory or arbitrary; and in the event that the 147 municipality determines to license any such business. 148 the municipality shall have plenary power and author-149 ity, and it shall be the duty of its governing body to 150 151 make and enforce reasonable ordinances regulating the licensing and operation of such businesses: 152
- 153 (25) To protect places of divine worship and to 154 preserve peace and order in and about the premises 155 where held;
- 156 (26) To regulate or prohibit the keeping of animals or 157 fowls and to provide for the impounding, sale or 158 destruction of animals or fowls kept contrary to law or 159 found running at large;
- 160 (27) To arrest, convict and punish any person for 161 cruelly, unnecessarily or needlessly beating, torturing, 162 mutilating, killing or overloading or overdriving, or 163 willfully depriving of necessary sustenance, any domes-164 tic animal;
- 165 (28) To provide for the regular building of houses or other structures, for the making of division fences by the

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owners of adjacent premises and for the drainage of lots by proper drains and ditches;

- 169 (29) To provide for the protection and conservation of 170 shade or ornamental trees, whether on public or private 171 property, and for the removal of trees or limbs of trees 172 in a dangerous condition;
- 173 (30) To prohibit with or without zoning the location 174 of occupied house trailers or mobile homes in certain 175 residential areas;
 - (31) To regulate the location and placing of signs, billboards, posters, and similar advertising;
- 178 (32) To erect, establish, construct, acquire, improve, 179 maintain and operate a gas system, a waterworks 180 system, an electric system, or sewer system and sewage 181 treatment and disposal system, or any combination of the foregoing (subject to all of the pertinent provisions 182 183 of articles nineteen and twenty of this chapter and 184 particularly to the limitations or qualifications on the right of eminent domain set forth in said articles 185 nineteen and twenty), within or without the corporate 186 limits of the municipality, except that the municipality 187 shall not erect any such system partly without the 188 189 corporate limits of the municipality to serve persons 190 already obtaining service from an existing system of the character proposed, and where such system is by the 191 municipality erected, or has heretofore been so erected, 192 partly within and partly without the corporate limits of 193 the municipality, the municipality shall have the right 194 to lav and collect charges for service rendered to those 195 served within and those served without the corporate 196 limits of the municipality, and to prevent injury to such 197 system or the pollution of the water thereof and its 198 maintenance in a healthful condition for public use 199 within the corporate limits of the municipality; 200
 - (33) To acquire watersheds, water and riparian rights, plant sites, rights-of-way and any and all other property and appurtenances necessary, appropriate, useful, convenient or incidental to any such system, waterworks or sewage treatment and disposal works, as

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- aforesaid, subject to all of the pertinent provisions of articles nineteen and twenty of this chapter:
- 208 (34) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and operate and regulate markets, and prescribe the time of holding the same;
- 211 (35) To regulate and provide for the weighing of 212 articles sold or for sale;
- 213 (36) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and 214 operate public buildings, municipal buildings or city 215 halls, auditoriums, arenas, jails, juvenile detention 216 centers or homes, motor vehicle parking lots, or any 217 other public works:
- 218 (37) To establish, construct, acquire, provide, equip, 219 maintain and operate recreational parks, playgrounds 220 and other recreational facilities for public use, and in 221 this connection also to proceed in accordance with the 222 provisions of article two, chapter ten of this code;
- 223 (38) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and operate a public library or museum or both for public 225 use;
- 226 (39) To provide for the appointment and financial 227 support of a library board in accordance with the 228 provisions of article one, chapter ten of this code;
- 229 (40) To establish and maintain a public health unit in 230 accordance with the provisions of section two, article 231 two, chapter sixteen of this code, which unit shall 232 exercise its powers and perform its duties subject to the 233 supervision and control of the West Virginia board of 234 health and state department of health;
 - (41) To establish, construct, acquire, maintain and operate hospitals, sanitaria and dispensaries;
 - (42) To acquire, by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, land within or near the corporate limits of the municipality for providing and maintaining proper places for the burial of the dead and to maintain and operate the same and regulate interments therein upon such terms and conditions as to price and otherwise as may be determined by the governing body, and, in order

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- to carry into effect such authority the governing body may acquire any cemetery or cemeteries already established;
- 247 (43) To exercise general police jurisdiction over any 248 territory without the corporate limits owned by the 249 municipality or over which it has a right-of-way;
- 250 (44) To protect and promote the public morals, safety, 251 health, welfare and good order;
- 252 (45) To adopt rules for the transaction of business and 253 the government and regulation of its governing body;
 - (46) Except as otherwise provided, to require and take such bonds from such officers, when deemed necessary, payable to the municipality, in its corporate name, with such sureties and in such penalty as the governing body may see fit, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of their duties;
- 260 (47) To require and take from such employees and 261 contractors such bonds in such penalty, with such 262 sureties and with such conditions, as the governing body 263 may see fit:
 - (48) To investigate and inquire into all matters of concern to the municipality or its inhabitants;
 - (49) To establish, construct, require, maintain and operate such instrumentalities, other than free public schools, for the instruction, enlightenment, improvement, entertainment, recreation and welfare of the municipality's inhabitants as the governing body may deem necessary or appropriate for the public interest;
 - (50) To create, maintain and operate a system for the enumeration, identification and registration, or either, of the inhabitants of the municipality and visitors thereto, or such classes thereof as may be deemed advisable;
- 277 (51) To appropriate and expend not exceeding twenty-278 five cents per capita per annum for advertising the 279 municipality and the entertainment of visitors;
- 280 (52) To conduct programs to improve community

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- relations and public relations generally and to expend municipal revenue for such purposes;
- 283 (53) To reimburse applicants for employment by the 284 municipality for travel and other reasonable and 285 necessary expenses actually incurred by such applicants 286 in traveling to and from such municipality to be 287 interviewed:
- 288 (54) To provide revenue for the municipality and appropriate the same to its expenses;
- (55) To create and maintain an employee benefits fund, which shall not exceed one tenth of one percent of the annual payroll budget for general employee benefits and which shall be set up for the purpose of stimulating and encouraging employees to develop and implement cost-saving ideas and programs, and to expend moneys from such fund for such purposes;
- 297 (56) To enter into reciprocal agreements with govern-298 mental subdivisions or agencies of any state sharing a 299 common border for the protection of people and 300 property from fire and for emergency medical services 301 and for the reciprocal use of equipment and personnel 302 for such purposes; and
 - (57) To provide penalties for the offenses and violations of law mentioned in this section, subject to the provisions of section one, article eleven of this chapter, and such penalties shall not exceed any penalties provided in this chapter and chapter sixty-one of this code for like offenses and violations.

CHAPTER 42

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 1—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Hawse)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article three, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to including volunteer fire departments and volunteer

ambulance services as eligible to receive county or district property.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article three, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. COUNTY PROPERTY.

§7-3-3. Sale of county or district property.

In all instances where the county commission of a 1 2 county is authorized by law to sell or dispose of any property, either real or personal, belonging to the county 3 or held by it for the use of any district thereof, the same 4 5 shall be sold at public auction, at the front door of the 6 courthouse of the county, and such sale shall be 7 conducted by the president of the county commission, but before making any such sale, notice of the time, 8 terms and place of sale, together with a brief description 9 of the property to be sold, shall be published as a Class 10 11 II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 12 publication area for such publication shall be the county: 13 Provided, That this section shall not apply to the sale 14 of any one item of property of less value than one 15 thousand dollars: Provided, however, That the provisions 16 of this section concerning sale at public auction shall not 17 apply to a county commission selling or disposing of its 18 property for a public use to the United States of 19 America, its instrumentalities, agencies or political 20 subdivisions or to the state of West Virginia, or its 21 political subdivisions, including county boards of 22 education, volunteer fire departments and volunteer 23 ambulance services, for an adequate consideration 24 without considering alone the present commercial or 25 market value of the property: Provided further, That all 26 real property conveyed or sold by a county commission 27 to a volunteer fire department or volunteer ambulance 28 service under this provision shall revert back to the 29 county commission if the volunteer fire department or 30 volunteer ambulance service ceases to use it for the 31 purpose for which the real property was conveyed or 32 33 sold.

CHAPTER 43

(H. B. 2043—By Delegates Phillips and Damron)

[Passed March 22, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; and to amend article thirteen, chapter eight of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two-b, all relating to authorizing county and municipal treasurers to make direct deposits of salaries of employees to banks or other financial institutions when so authorized by the employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; and that article thirteen, chapter eight of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two-b, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 5. FISCAL AFFAIRS.

- §7-5-23. Voluntary direct deposits by county treasurer of salaries of employees to banks or other financial institutions.
 - 1 Any officer or employee of a county of West Virginia
 - 2 may authorize that his net wages be deposited directly
 - 3 to his account in any bank or other financial institution
 - 4 within this state. The direct deposits may be authorized
 - 5 on a form provided by the county. Upon execution of
 - 6 such authorization and its receipt by the county
 - 7 treasurer, the direct deposits shall be made in the

- 8 manner specified on the form and remitted to the
- 9 designated bank or other financial institution on or
- 10 before the day or days the officer or employee is due his
- 11 net wages. Direct deposit authorizations may be revoked
- 12 at any time thirty days prior to the date on which the
- 13 direct deposit is regularly made and on a form to be
- 14 provided by the county treasurer.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 13. TAXATION AND FINANCE.

§8-13-22b. Voluntary direct deposits by municipal treasurer of salaries of employees to banks or other financial institutions.

- 1 Any officer or employee of a municipality of West
- 2 Virginia may authorize that his net wages be deposited
- 3 directly to his account in any bank or other financial
- 4 institution within this state. The direct deposits may be
- 5 authorized on a form provided by the municipality.
- 6 Upon execution of such authorization and its receipt by
- 7 the municipal treasurer, the direct deposits shall be
- 8 made in the manner specified on the form and remitted
- 9 to the designated bank or other financial institution on
- 10 or before the day or days the officer or employee is due
- 11 his net wages. Direct deposit authorizations may be
- 12 revoked at any time thirty days prior to the date on
- 13 which the direct deposit is regularly made and on a
- 14 form to be provided by the municipal treasurer.

CHAPTER 44

(H. B. 2287—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the appointment of deputy sheriffs or dog wardens as humane officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article ten, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

§7-10-1. Deputy sheriffs as humane officers.

1 The sheriff of each county of this state shall annually 2 designate, by a record made in the office of the clerk 3 of the county commission, one of his deputies to act as humane officer of such county: Provided, That, if 4 the county commission and sheriff agree, they may in 5 6 the alternative designate the county dog warden to act 7 as the humane officer; and it shall be the duty of the person so designated to act as humane officer as well 8 as all peace officers as designated by law, to investigate 9 all complaints made to him of cruel or inhuman 10 treatment of animals within his county, and to person-11 ally see that the law relating to the prevention of cruelty 12 to animals is enforced; and failure to investigate any 13 complaint made to him and to take proper measures in 14 such case or to perform his duty in any other respect 15 16 shall constitute good cause for removal from office.

CHAPTER 45

(H. B. 2432—By Delegates Seacrist and Ashcraft)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to hotel occupancy tax; proceeds of tax, application of proceeds; and making historic sites an eligible purpose for expenditures.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article eighteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 18. HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX.

§7-18-14. Proceeds of tax; application of proceeds.

- (a) Application of proceeds.—The net proceeds of the tax collected and remitted to the taxing authority pursuant to this article shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of such municipality or county commission, and after appropriation thereof shall be expended only as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
 - (b) Required expenditures.—At least fifty percent of the net revenue receivable during the fiscal year by a county, or a municipality, pursuant to this article shall be expended in the following manner for the promotion of conventions and tourism:
- (1) Municipalities.—If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within the municipality, the governing body of such municipality shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within the municipality, but such a bureau is located within the county in which the municipality is located, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated to such convention and visitor's bureau located within such county. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located within such county, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such municipality may apply to such municipality for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such municipality, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such municipality shall require the

- submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
- 41 (ii) The balance of net revenue required to be ex-42 pended by subsection (b) of this section shall be 43 appropriated to the regional travel council serving the 44 area in which the municipality is located.
 - (2) Counties.—If a convention and visitor's bureau is located within a county, the county commission shall appropriate the percentage required by this subsection (b) to that convention and visitor's bureau. If a convention and visitor's bureau is not located with in such county, then the percentage appropriation required by this subsection (b) shall be appropriated as follows:
 - (i) Any hotel located within such county may apply to such county for an appropriation to such hotel of a portion of the tax authorized by this article and collected by such hotel and remitted to such county, for uses directly related to the promotion of tourism and travel, including advertising, salaries, travel, office expenses, publications and similar expenses. The portion of such tax allocable to such hotel shall not exceed seventy-five percent of that portion of such tax collected and remitted by such hotel which is required to be expended pursuant to subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That prior to appropriating any moneys to such hotel such county shall require the submission of, and give approval to, a budget setting forth the proposed uses of such moneys.
 - (ii) The balance of net revenue required to be expended by subsection (b) of this section shall be appropriated to the regional travel council serving the area in which the county is located.
 - (3) Legislative finding.—The Legislature hereby finds that the support of convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils is a public purpose for which funds may be expended. Local convention and visitor's bureaus, hotels and regional travel councils receiving funds under this subsection (b) may expend such funds for the payment of administrative expenses, and for the direct or indirect promotion of conventions

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- 79 and tourism, and for any other uses and purposes 80 authorized by subdivisions one and two of this subsec-81 tion (b).
 - (c) Permissible expenditures.—After making the appropriation required by subsection (b) of this section, the remaining portion of the net revenues receivable during the fiscal year by such county or municipality, pursuant to this article, may be expended for one or more of the purposes set forth in this subsection, but for no other purpose. The purposes for which expenditures may be made pursuant to this subsection are as follows:
 - (1) The planning, construction, reconstruction, establishment, acquisition, improvement, renovation, extension, enlargement, equipment, maintenance, repair and operation of publicly owned convention facilities including, but not limited to, arenas, auditoriums, civic centers and convention centers;
- 96 (2) The payment of principal or interest or both on 97 revenue bonds issued to finance such convention 98 facilities;
- 99 (3) The promotion of conventions;
- 100 (4) The construction or maintenance of public parks, 101 tourist information centers and recreation facilities 102 (including land acquisition);
- 103 (5) The promotion of the arts; or
- 104 (6) Historic sites.
- 105 (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section, the 106 following terms are defined:
 - (1) Convention and visitor's bureau and visitor's and convention bureau.—"Convention and visitor's bureau" and "visitor's and convention bureau" are interchangeable, and either shall mean a nonstock, nonprofit corporation with a full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences and visitors to the municipality or county in which such convention and visitor's bureau or visitor's and convention bureau is leasted.

115 tion bureau is located.

- (2) Convention center.—"Convention center" means a convention facility owned by the state, a county, a municipality or other public entity or instrumentality and shall include all facilities, including armories. commercial, office, community service and parking facilities, and publicly owned facilities constructed or used for the accommodation and entertainment of tourist and visitors, constructed in conjunction with the convention center and forming reasonable appurtenan-ces thereto.
 - (3) Fiscal year.—"Fiscal year" means the year beginning July first and ending June thirtieth of the next calendar year.
 - (4) Net proceeds.—"Net proceeds" means the gross amount of tax collections less the amount of tax lawfully refunded.
 - (5) Promotion of the arts.—"Promotion of the arts" means activity to promote public appreciation and interest in one or more of the arts. It includes the promotion of music for all types, the dramatic arts, dancing, painting and the creative arts through shows, exhibits, festivals, concerts, musicals and plays.
 - (6) Recreational facilities.—"Recreational facilities" means and includes any public park, parkway, playground, public recreation center, athletic field, sports arena, stadium, skating rink or arena, golf course, tennis courts and other park and recreation facilities, whether of a like or different nature, that are owned by a county or municipality.
 - (7) Regional travel council.—"Regional travel council" means a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, with a full-time staff working exclusively to promote tourism and to attract conventions, conferences and visitors to the region of this state served by the regional travel council.
 - (8) Historic site.—"Historic site" means any site listed on the United States national register of historic places, or listed by a local historical landmarks commission, established under state law, when such sites are owned by a city, a county or a nonprofit historical association, and are open from time to time to accommodate visitors.

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CHAPTER 46

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2089—By Delegates Manuel and Murphy)

[Passed March 20, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four hundred six, article four, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing mandatory period of incarceration prior to parole eligibility for distribution of certain controlled substances to persons under the age of eighteen by persons over the age of twenty-one and increasing mandatory period of incarceration prior to parole eligibility for distribution of certain controlled substances by persons eighteen or older in or on, or within one thousand feet of, the real property comprising an educational facility.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four hundred six, article four, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.

- §60A-4-406. Distribution to persons under the age of eighteen by persons over the age of twenty-one; distribution by persons eighteen or over in or on, or within one thousand feet of, school or college; increasing mandatory period of incarceration prior to parole eligibility.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this code, a person convicted of a felony violation of the provisions of section four hundred one of this article for distribution of a controlled substance who:
 - (1) Is twenty-one years of age or older at the time of the distribution upon which the conviction is based, and the person to whom the controlled substance was distributed was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the distribution; or

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- 10 (2) Is eighteen years of age or older and the distribu-11 tion upon which the conviction is based occurred in or 12 on, or within one thousand feet of, the real property 13 comprising a public or private elementary, vocational or secondary school or a public or private college, junior 14 college or university in this state, shall, if sentenced to 15 the custody of the commissioner of corrections for 16 service of a sentence of incarceration, be ineligible for 17 18 parole for a period of two years.
 - (b) The existence of any fact which would make any person subject to the provisions of this section shall not be considered unless such fact is clearly stated and included in the indictment or presentment by which such person is charged and is either:
 - (1) Found by the court upon a plea of guilty or nolo contendere;
 - (2) Found by the jury, if the matter be tried before a jury, upon submission to the jury of a special interrogatory for such purpose; or
 - (3) Found by the court, if the matter be tried by the court without a jury.
 - (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the sentencing alternatives made available to circuit court judges under other provisions of this code.

CHAPTER 47

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 92—By Senators Warner, Boettner and J. Manchin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-c, relating to computer crimes; defining offenses generally; penalties; venue; civil cause of action established; and general provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-c, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3C. WEST VIRGINIA COMPUTER CRIME AND ABUSE ACT.

§61-3C-1.	Short title.
§61-3C-2.	Legislative findings.
§61-3C-3.	Definitions.
§61-3C-4.	Computer fraud; penalties.
§61-3C-5.	Unauthorized access to computer services.
§61-3C-6.	Unauthorized possession of computer data or programs.
§61-3C-7.	Alteration, destruction, etc., of computer equipment.
§61-3C-8.	Disruption of computer services.
§61-3C-9.	Unauthorized possession of computer information, etc.
§61-3C-10.	Disclosure of computer security information.
§61-3C-11.	Obtaining confidential public information.
§61-3C-12.	Computer invasion of privacy.
§61-3C-13.	Fraud and related activity in connection with access devices.
§61-3C-14.	Endangering public safety.
§61-3C-15.	Computer as instrument of forgery.
§61-3C-16.	Civil relief; damages.
§61-3C-17.	Defenses to criminal prosecution.
§61-3C-18.	Venue.
§61-3C-19.	Prosecution under other criminal statutes not prohibited.
§61-3C-20.	Personal jurisdiction.
§61-3C -2 1.	Severability.

§§61-3C-1. Short title.

- 1 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Computer Crime and Abuse Act."

§61-3C-2. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (a) The computer and related industries play an 3 essential role in the commerce and welfare of this state.
- 4 (b) Computer-related crime is a growing problem in business and government.
- 6 (c) Computer-related crime has a direct effect on state 7 commerce and can result in serious economic and, in 8 some cases, physical harm to the public.
- 9 (d) Because of the pervasiveness of computers in today's society, opportunities are great for computer

- 11 related crimes through the introduction of false records
- 12 into a computer or computer system, the unauthorized
- 13 use of computers and computer facilities, the alteration
- 14 and destruction of computers, computer programs and
- 15 computer data, and the theft of computer resources,
- 16 computer software and computer data.
- 17 (e) Because computers have now become an integral 18 part of society, the Legislature recognizes the need to 19 protect the rights of owners and legitimate users of 20 computers and computer systems, as well as the privacy 21 interest of the general public, from those who abuse 22 computers and computer systems.
- (f) While various forms of computer crime or abuse might possibly be the subject of criminal charges or civil suit based on other provisions of law, it is appropriate and desirable that a supplemental and additional statute be provided which specifically proscribes various forms of computer crime and abuse and provides criminal penalties and civil remedies therefor.

§61-3C-3. Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (a) "Access" means to instruct, communicate with, store data in, retrieve data from, intercept data from, or otherwise make use of any computer, computer network, computer program, computer software, computer data or other computer resources.
- (b) "Authorization" means the express or implied consent given by a person to another to access or use said person's computer, computer network, computer program, computer software, computer system, password, identifying code or personal identification number.
- (c) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other high speed data processing device performing logical, arithmetic, or storage functions, and includes any data storage facility or communication facility directly related to or operating in conjunction with such device. The term "computer" includes any connected or directly related device,

- equipment or facility which enables the computer to store, retrieve or communicate computer programs, computer data or the results of computer operations to or from a person, another computer or another device, but such term does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable hand-held calculator or other similar device.
- (d) "Computer data" means any representation of knowledge, facts, concepts, instruction, or other information computed, classified, processed, transmitted, received, retrieved, originated, stored, manifested, measured, detected, recorded, reproduced, handled or utilized by a computer, computer network, computer program or computer software, and may be in any medium, including, but not limited to, computer printouts, microfilm, microfiche, magnetic storage media, optical storage media, punch paper tape or punch cards, or it may be stored internally in read-only memory or random access memory of a computer or any other peripheral device.
- (e) "Computer network" means a set of connected devices and communication facilities, including more than one computer, with the capability to transmit computer data among them through such communication facilities.
- (f) "Computer operations" means arithmetic, logical, storage, display, monitoring or retrieval functions or any combination thereof, and includes, but is not limited to, communication with, storage of data in or to, or retrieval of data from any device and the human manual manipulation of electronic magnetic impulses. A "computer operation" for a particular computer shall also mean any function for which that computer was designed.
- (g) "Computer program" means an ordered set of computer data representing instructions or statements, in a form readable by a computer, which controls, directs, or otherwise influences the functioning of a computer or computer network.
 - (h) "Computer software" means a set of computer

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- programs, procedures and associated documentation concerned with computer data or with the operation of a computer, computer program, or computer network.
- 63 (i) "Computer services" means computer access time, 64 computer data processing, or computer data storage, 65 and the computer data processed or stored in connection 66 therewith.
 - (j) "Computer supplies" means punchcards, paper tape, magnetic tape, magnetic disks or diskettes, optical disks or diskettes, disk or diskette packs, paper, microfilm, and any other tangible input, output or storage medium used in connection with a computer, computer network, computer data, computer software or computer program.
 - (k) "Computer resources" includes, but is not limited to, information retrieval; computer data processing, transmission and storage; and any other functions performed, in whole or in part, by the use of a computer, computer network, computer software, or computer program.
 - (1) "Owner" means any person who owns or leases or is a licensee of a computer, computer network, computer data, computer program, computer software, computer resources or computer supplies.
 - (m) "Person" means any natural person, general partnership, limited partnership, trust, association, corporation, joint venture, or any state, county or municipal government and any subdivision, branch, department or agency thereof.
- 89 (n) "Property" includes:
- 90 (1) Real property;
- 91 (2) Computers and computer networks;
- 92 (3) Financial instruments, computer data, computer 93 programs, computer software and all other personal 94 property regardless of whether they are:
- 95 (i) Tangible or intangible;
- 96 (ii) In a format readable by humans or by a computer;

- 97 (iii) In transit between computers or within a compu-98 ter network or between any devices which comprise a 99 computer; or
- 100 (iv) Located on any paper or in any device on which 101 it is stored by a computer or by a human; and
- 102 (4) Computer services.
- 103 (o) "Value" means having any potential to provide any 104 direct or indirect gain or advantage to any person.
- 105 (p) "Financial instrument" includes, but is not limited 106 to, any check, draft, warrant, money order, note, 107 certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, 108 credit or debit card, transaction authorization mecha-109 nism, marketable security or any computerized repres-110 entation thereof.
- (q) "Value of property or computer services" shall be 111 (1) the market value of the property or computer 112 113 services at the time of a violation of this article; or (2) if the property or computer services are unrecoverable. 114 damaged, or destroyed as a result of a violation of 115 section three or four of this article, the cost of reproduc-116 ing or replacing the property or computer services at 117 the time of the violation. 118

§61-3C-4. Computer fraud; penalties.

1 Any person who, knowingly and willfully, directly or 2 indirectly, accesses or causes to be accessed any 3 computer, computer services or computer network for the purpose of (1) executing any scheme or artifice to 4 5 defraud or (2) obtaining money, property or services by 6 means of fraudulent pretenses, representations or 7 promises shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction 8 thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary for not more 9 10 than ten years, or both.

§61-3C-5. Unauthorized access to computer services.

Any person who knowingly, willfully and without authorization, directly or indirectly, accesses or causes to be accessed a computer or computer network with the intent to obtain computer services shall be guilty of a

- 5 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 6 fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than
- 7 one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail not
- 8 more than one year, or both.

§61-3C-6. Unauthorized possession of computer data or programs.

- 1 (a) Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization possesses any computer data or computer
- 3 program belonging to another and having a value of five
- 4 thousand dollars or more shall be guilty of a felony, and,
- 5 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than ten
- 6 thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary for
- 7 not more than ten years, or both.
- 8 (b) Any person who knowingly, willfully and without authorization possesses any computer data or computer
- 10 program belonging to another and having a value of less
- 11 than five thousand dollars shall be guilty of a misdemea-
- 12 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not
- 13 more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county
- 14 jail for not more than one year, or both.

§61-3C-7. Alteration, destruction, etc., of computer equipment.

- 1 Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization, directly or indirectly, tampers with,
- 3 deletes, alters, damages or destroys or attempts to
- 4 tamper with, delete, alter, damage or destroy any
- 5 computer, computer network, computer software,
- 6 computer resources, computer program or computer
- 7 data shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction
- 8 thereof, shall be fined not more than ten thousand
- 9 dollars or confined in the penitentiary not more than ten
- 10 years, or both, or, in the discretion of the court, be fined
- 11 not less than two hundred nor more than one thousand
- 12 dollars and confined in the county jail not more than one
- 13 year.

§61-3C-8. Disruption of computer services.

- 1 Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization, directly or indirectly, disrupts or de-
- 3 grades or causes the disruption or degradation of

- 4 computer services or denies or causes the denial of
- 5 computer services to an authorized recipient or user of
- 6 such computer services, shall be guilty of a misdemea-
- 7 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
- 8 than two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars
- 9 or confined in the county jail not more than one year,
- 10 or both.

§61-3C-9. Unauthorized possession of computer information, etc.

- 1 Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization possesses any computer data, computer
- 3 software, computer supplies or a computer program
- 4 which he knows or reasonably should know was obtained
- 5 in violation of any section of this article shall be guilty
- 6 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 7 fined not less than two hundred nor more than one
- 8 thousand dollars or confined in the county jail for not
- 9 more than one year, or both.

§61-3C-10. Disclosure of computer security information.

- 1 Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization discloses a password, identifying code,
- 3 personal identification number or other confidential
- 4 information about a computer security system to
- 5 another person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
- 6 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
- 7 five hundred dollars or confined in the county jail for
- 8 not more than six months, or both.

§61-3C-11. Obtaining confidential public information.

- 1 Any person who knowingly, willfully and without
- 2 authorization accesses or causes to be accessed any
- 3 computer or computer network and thereby obtains
- 4 information filed by any person with the state or any
- 5 county or municipality which is required by law to be
- 6 kept confidential shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and,
- 7 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
- 8 five hundred dollars or confined in the county jail not
- 9 more than six months, or both.

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§61-3C-12. Computer invasion of privacy.

Any person who knowingly, willfully and without 1 2 authorization accesses a computer or computer network 3 and examines any employment, salary, credit or any 4 other financial or personal information relating to any 5 other person, after the time at which the offender knows 6 or reasonably should know that he is without authori-7 zation to view the information displayed, shall be guilty 8 of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars or confined in 9 the county jail for not more than six months, or both. 10

§61-3C-13. Fraud and related activity in connection with access devices.

- 1 (a) As used in this section, the following terms shall 2 have the following meanings:
 - (1) "Access device" means any card, plate, code, account number, or other means of account access that can be used, alone or in conjunction with another access device, to obtain money, goods, services, or any other thing of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of funds (other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument);
- 10 (2) "Counterfeit access device" means any access 11 device that is counterfeit, fictitious, altered, or forged, 12 or an identifiable component of an access device or a 13 counterfeit access device;
- 14 (3) "Unauthorized access device" means any access 15 device that is lost, stolen, expired, revoked, canceled, or 16 obtained without authority;
- 17 (4) "Produce" includes design, alter, authenticate, duplicate, or assemble;
 - (5) "Traffic" means transfer, or otherwise dispose of, to another, or obtain control of with intent to transfer or dispose of.
 - (b) Any person who knowingly and willfully possesses any counterfeit or unauthorized access device shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or

- 26 confined in the county jail for not more than six months,27 or both.
- 28 (c) Any person who knowingly, willfully and with 29 intent to defraud possesses a counterfeit or unauthorized 30 access device or who knowingly, willfully and with 31 intent to defraud, uses, produces or traffics in any 32 counterfeit or unauthorized access device shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 33 34 not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned in the 35 penitentiary not more than ten years, or both.
- 36 (d) This section shall not prohibit any lawfully 37 authorized investigative or protective activity of any 38 state, county or municipal law-enforcement agency.

§61-3C-14. Endangering public safety.

Any person who accesses a computer or computer 1 2 network and knowingly, willfully and without authori-3 zation (a) interrupts or impairs the providing of services by any private or public utility; (b) interrupts or impairs 4 5 the providing of any medical services; (c) interrupts or 6 impairs the providing of services by any state, county or local government agency, public carrier or public 7 8 communication service; or otherwise endangers public safety shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction 9 thereof, shall be fined not more than fifty thousand 10 11 dollars or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or 12 both.

§61-3C-15. Computer as instrument of forgery.

The creation, alteration or deletion of any computer 1 data contained in any computer or computer network, 2 3 which if done on a tangible document or instrument would constitute forgery under section five, article four, 4 chapter sixty-one of this code will also be deemed to be 5 forgery. The absence of a tangible writing directly 6 created or altered by the offender shall not be a defense 7 to any crime set forth in section five, article four, 8 chapter sixty-one if a creation, alteration or deletion of 9 computer data was involved in lieu of a tangible 10 document or instrument. 11

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§61-3C-16. Civil relief; damages.

- 1 (a) Any person whose property or person is injured by 2 reason of a violation of any provision of this article may 3 sue therefor in circuit court and may be entitled to 4 recover for each violation:
 - (1) Compensatory damages;
- 6 (2) Punitive damages; and
- 7 (3) Such other relief, including injunctive relief, as the court may deem appropriate.
- 9 Without limiting the generality of the term, "dam-10 ages" shall include loss of profits.
 - (b) At the request of any party to an action brought pursuant to this section, the court may, in its discretion, conduct all legal proceedings in such a manner as to protect the secrecy and security of the computer network, computer data, computer program or computer software involved in order to prevent any possible recurrence of the same or a similar act by another person or to protect any trade secret or confidential information of any person. For the purposes of this section "trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of any scientific or technological information, design, process, procedure or formula or improvement which is secret and of value. A trade secret shall be presumed to be secret when the owner thereof takes measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those authorized by the owner to have access thereto for a limited purpose.
 - (c) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to limit any person's right to pursue any additional civil remedy otherwise allowed by law.
 - (d) A civil action under this section must be commenced before the earlier of: (1) five years after the last act in the course of conduct constituting a violation of this article; or (2) two years after the plaintiff discovers or reasonably should have discovered the last act in the course of conduct constituting a violation of this article.

§61-3C-17. Defenses to criminal prosecution.

- (a) In any criminal prosecution under this article, it 1 2 shall be a defense that:
- (1) The defendant had reasonable grounds to believe 3 that he had authority to access or could not have 4 5 reasonably known he did not have authority to access the 6 computer, computer network, computer data, computer 7 program or computer software in question; or,
- 8 (2) The defendant had reasonable grounds to believe 9 that he had the right to alter or destroy the computer data, computer software or computer program in 10 11 question; or.
- 12 (3) The defendant had reasonable grounds to believe 13 that he had the right to copy, reproduce, duplicate or 14 disclose the computer data, computer program, computer security system information or computer software in 15 16 question.
- 17 (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any defense available to a person charged with a 18 violation of this article. 19

§61-3C-18. Venue.

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- For the purpose of criminal and civil venue under this 1 article, any violation of this article shall be considered 2 3 to have been committed:
- 4 (1) In any county in which any act was performed in furtherance of any course of conduct which violates this 5 6 article:
 - (2) In the county of the principal place of business in this state of the aggrieved owner of the computer, computer data, computer program, computer software or computer network, or any part thereof;
- (3) In any county in which any violator had control or 11 possession of any proceeds of the violation or any books. 12 records, documentation, property, financial instrument, 13 computer data, computer software, computer program, 14 or other material or objects which were used in 15

furtherance of or obtained as a result of the violation: 16

- 17 (4) In any county from which, to which, or through
 18 which any access to a computer or computer network
 19 was made, whether by wires, electromagnetic waves,
 20 microwaves or any other means of communication; and
- 21 (5) In the county in which the aggrieved owner or the defendant resides or either of them maintains a place of business.

§61-3C-19. Prosecution under other criminal statutes not prohibited.

1 Criminal prosecution pursuant to this article shall not 2 prevent prosecution pursuant to any other provision of law.

§61-3C-20. Personal jurisdiction.

1 Any person who violates any provision of this article 2 and, in doing so, accesses, permits access to, causes 3 access to or attempts to access a computer, computer 4 network, computer data, computer resources, computer software or computer program which is located, in 5 6 whole or in part, within this state, or passes through this 7 state in transit, shall be subject to criminal prosecution 8 and punishment in this state and to the civil jurisdiction 9 of the courts of this state.

§61-3C-21. Severability.

If any provision of this article or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any other provisions or applications of this article which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end the provisions of this article are declared to be severable.

CHAPTER 48

(S. B. 624—Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article seven, chapter sixty-

one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to deadly weapons generally, defining certain terms; carrying deadly weapon without license or other authorization. penalties; license to carry deadly weapons, how obtained: revocation of license: exceptions as to prohibitions against carrying concealed deadly weapons: persons prohibited from possession of deadly weapons. penalties: possession of deadly weapons by minors. minor may be adjudged delinquent; possession of machine guns or automatic weapons, penalties; display of deadly weapons for sale or hire, sale to prohibited persons, penalties; brandishing or exposing deadly weapons, threatening or causing breach of the peace, penalties: exposing or brandishing firearm or deadly weapon on premises of school or court of law, penalties; negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting, penalties; shooting across road or near building or crowd, penalties; right of certain persons to limit possession of firearms on premises; refusing to temporarily relinquish firearm or deadly weapon or to leave premises, penalties; and prohibition on possessing or carrying firearm or other deadly weapon on school premises.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

- §61-7-1. Legislative findings.
- §61-7-2. Definitions.
- §61-7-3. Carrying deadly weapon without license or other authorization; penalties.
- §61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.
- §61-7-5. Revocation of license.
- §61-7-6. Exceptions as to prohibitions against carrying concealed deadly weapons.
- §61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possession of deadly weapons.
- §61-7-8. Possession of deadly weapons by minors; prohibition.
- §61-7-9. Possession of machine guns, penalties.
- §61-7-10. Display of deadly weapons for sale or hire; sale to prohibited persons; penalties.

- §61-7-11. Brandishing deadly weapons; threatening or causing breach of the peace: brandishing deadly weapons on premises of educational facility or court: penalties.
- §61-7-12. Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting; penalty.
- §61-7-13. Shooting across road or near building or crowd; penalty.
- §61-7-14. Right of certain persons to limit possession of firearms on premises.

§61-7-1. Legislative findings.

- The Legislature finds that the overwhelming support 1 of the citizens of West Virginia for article three, section 2 3
 - twenty-two of the constitution of this state, commonly
- known as the "Right to Keep and Bear Arms Amend-4
- ment", combined with the obligation of the state to 5
- 6 reasonably regulate the right of persons to keep and
- bear arms for self-defense requires the reenactment of 7
- 8 this article.

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§61-7-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 1 2 requires:
 - (1) "Blackjack" means a short bludgeon consisting, at the striking end, of an encased piece of lead or some other heavy substance and, at the handle end, a strap or springy shaft which increases the force of impact when a person or object is struck. The term "blackjack" shall include, but not be limited to, a billy, billy club, sand club, sandbag or slapjack.
 - (2) "Gravity knife" means any knife that has a blade released from the handle by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force, and when so released is locked in place by means of a button, spring, lever, or other locking or catching device.
 - (3) "Knife" means an instrument, intended to be used or readily adaptable to be used as a weapon, consisting of a sharp-edged or sharp-pointed blade, usually made of steel, attached to a handle, which is capable of inflicting cutting, stabbing or tearing wounds. The term "knife" shall include, but not be limited to, any dagger, dirk, poniard or stiletto with a blade over three and onehalf inches in length, any switchblade knife or gravity knife, and any other instrument capable of inflicting cutting, stabbing, or tearing wounds. A pocket knife

- with a blade three and one-half inches or less in length, a hunting or fishing knife carried for hunting, fishing, sports or other recreational uses, or a knife designed for use as a tool or household implement shall not be included within the term "knife" as defined herein, unless such knife is knowingly used or intended to be used to produce serious bodily injury or death.
 - (4) "Switchblade knife" means any knife having a spring-operated blade which opens automatically upon pressure being applied to a button, catch or other releasing device in its handle.
 - (5) "Nunchuka" means a flailing instrument consisting of two or more rigid parts, connected by a chain, cable, rope or other nonrigid, flexible or springy material, constructed in such a manner as to allow the rigid parts to swing freely, so that one rigid part may be used as a handle and the other rigid part may be used as the striking end.
 - (6) "Metallic or false knuckles" means a set of finger rings attached to a transverse piece, to be worn over the front of the hand for use as a weapon, and constructed in such a manner that, when striking another person with the fist or closed hand, considerable physical damage may be inflicted upon the person struck. The terms "metallic or false knuckles" shall include any such instrument, without reference to the metal or other substance or substances from which the metallic or false knuckles are made.
 - (7) "Pistol" means a short firearm having a chamber which is integral with the barrel, designed to be aimed and fired by the use of a single hand.
 - (8) "Revolver" means a short firearm having a cylinder of several chambers that are brought successively into line with the barrel to be discharged, designed to be aimed and fired by the use of a single hand.
 - (9) "Deadly weapon" means an instrument which is designed to be used to produce serious bodily injury or death, or is readily adaptable to such use. The term

- "deadly weapon" shall include, but not be limited to, the instruments defined in subdivisions (1) through (8) of this section, or other deadly weapons of like kind or character which may be easily concealed on or about the person.
- 69 (10) "Concealed" means hidden from ordinary obser-70 vation so as to prevent disclosure or recognition. A 71 deadly weapon is concealed when it is carried on or 72 about the person in such a manner that another person 73 in the ordinary course of events would not be placed on 74 notice that the deadly weapon was being carried.
- 75 (11) "Firearm" means any weapon which will expel a projectile by action of an explosion.
- 77 (12) "Controlled substance" shall have the same 78 meaning as is ascribed to that term in subsection (d), 79 section one hundred one, article one, chapter sixty-a of 80 this code.
- 81 (13) "Drug" shall have the same meaning as is 82 ascribed to that term in subsection (1), section one 83 hundred one, article one, chapter sixty-a of this code.

§61-7-3. Carrying deadly weapon without license or other authorization; penalties.

- (a) Any person who carries a concealed deadly 1 weapon, without a state license or other lawful author-2 ization established under the provisions of this code, 3 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 4 thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 5 nor more than one thousand dollars and may be 6 imprisoned in the county jail for not more than twelve 7 months for the first offense; but upon conviction of a 8 second or subsequent offense, he or she shall be guilty 9 of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 10 11 imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor 12 more than five years and fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. 13
- (b) It shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney in all cases to ascertain whether or not the charge made by the grand jury is a first offense or is a second or subsequent offense and, if it shall be a second or

- 18 subsequent offense, it shall be so stated in the indict-
- 19 ment returned, and the prosecuting attorney shall
- 20 introduce the record evidence before the trial court of
- 21 such second or subsequent offense and shall not be
- 22 permitted to use discretion in introducing evidence to
- 23 prove the same on the trial.

§61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

- (a) Any person desiring to obtain a state license to 1
- 2 carry a concealed deadly weapon shall apply to the circuit court of his or her county for such license, and 3
- shall pay to the clerk of the circuit court, at the time 4
- of application, a filing fee of twenty dollars. The 5
- applicant shall file with the clerk of the circuit court an 6
- application in writing, duly verified, which sets forth 7
- 8 the following:
- 9 (1) That the applicant is a citizen of the United States 10 of America or lawfully resides in the United States of
- 11 America:
- 12 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the
- 13 applicant is a bona fide resident of this state and of the
- county in which the application is made; 14
- 15 (3) That the applicant is eighteen years of age or 16 older:
- 17 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a
- controlled substance or a drug, and is not an unlawful 18
- user thereof: 19
- 20 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a
- felony or of an act of violence involving the misuse of 21
- such deadly weapon; 22
- (6) That the applicant desires to carry such deadly 23
- weapon for the defense of self, family, home or state, or 24
- 25 other lawful purpose;
- (7) That the applicant is physically and mentally 26 competent to carry such weapon; 27
- (8) That, in the case of a person applying for a license 28
- to carry a concealed pistol or revolver, the applicant has 29
- qualified under minimum requirements for handling 30

- and firing such firearms. These minimum requirements are those promulgated by the department of natural resources and attained under the auspices of the department of natural resources: Provided. That the court shall waive this requirement in the case of a renewal applicant who has previously qualified: Pro-vided, however, That the following may be substituted for those minimum requirements promulgated by the department of natural resources:
 - (A) Successful completion of any official national rifle association firearms safety or training course;
 - (B) Successful completion of any firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by an official law-enforcement organization, community college, junior college, college, or private or public institution or organization or firearms training school, utilizing instructors currently certified by the national rifle association:
 - (C) Successful completion of any firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a firearms instructor certified as such by the state or by the national rifle association.

A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes or an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught said course or class attesting to the successful completion of the course or class by the applicant or a copy of any document which shows successful completion of the course or class, shall constitute evidence of qualification under this section.

(b) The court shall issue or deny such license within thirty days after the application is filed with the circuit clerk. The court shall, if necessary, hear evidence upon all matters stated in such application and upon any other matter related to the eligibility of the applicant under subsection (a) of this section. If from such application or the proof it appears that the purpose for such person to carry such weapon is defense of self, family, home or state, or other lawful purpose, and all other conditions in subsection (a) are complied with, the

71 court, or the judge thereof in vacation, shall grant such 72 license.

- (c) In the event an application is denied, the specific reasons for the denial shall be stated in the order of the court denying the application. Upon denial of an application and at the request of the applicant made within ten days of such denial, the court shall schedule the matter for a hearing. The applicant may be represented by counsel, but in no case shall the court be required to appoint counsel for an applicant. The final order of the court shall include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- (d) If an application is approved, the court shall require in its order granting the license that before any license shall be issued or become effective, the applicant shall pay to the sheriff a license fee in the amount of fifty dollars. Any such license shall be valid for five years, unless sooner revoked.
- (e) All license fees collected hereunder shall be paid by the sheriff and accounted for to the auditor as other license taxes are collected and paid, and the state tax commissioner shall prepare all suitable forms for licenses and certificates showing that such license has been granted and shall do any other act required to be done to protect the state and see to the enforcement of this section.
- (f) The clerk of the circuit court shall, immediately after the license is granted as aforesaid, furnish the superintendent of the department of public safety a certified copy of the order of the court granting such license, for which service the clerk shall be paid a fee of two dollars which shall be taxed as costs in the proceeding. It shall be the duty of the clerk of each circuit court to furnish to the superintendent of the department of public safety, at any time so requested, a certified list of all such licenses issued in the county.
- (g) No person who is engaged in the receipt, review, or in the issuance of such license shall incur any civil liability as the result of the lawful performance of his or her duties under this article.

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§61-7-5. Revocation of license.

A license to carry a deadly weapon shall be deemed revoked at such time as the person licensed becomes unable to meet the criteria for initial licensure set forth in section four of this article. Any person licensed under the provisions of this article shall immediately surrender his or her license to the circuit court upon becoming ineligible for continued licensure.

§61-7-6. Exceptions as to prohibitions against carrying concealed deadly weapons.

The licensure provisions set forth in this article shall not apply to:

- (1) Any person carrying a deadly weapon upon his 3 4 own premises; nor shall anything herein prevent a 5 person from carrying any firearm, unloaded, from the 6 place of purchase to his or her home, residence or place 7 of business or to a place of repair and back to his or her home, residence or place of business, nor shall 8 anything herein prohibit a person from possessing a 9 10 firearm while hunting in a lawful manner or while 11 traveling from his or her home, residence or place of 12 business to a hunting site, and returning to his or her 13 home, residence or place of business;
 - (2) Any person who is a member of a properly organized target-shooting club authorized by law to obtain firearms by purchase or requisition from this state, or from the United States for the purpose of target practice, from carrying any pistol, as defined in this article, unloaded, from his home, residence or place of business to a place of target practice, and from any such place of target practice back to his home, residence or place of business, for using any such weapon at such place of target practice in training and improving his skill in the use of such weapons;
 - (3) Any law-enforcement officer or law-enforcement official as such are defined in section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code;
- 28 (4) Any employee of the West Virginia department of corrections duly appointed pursuant to the provisions of

- section five, article five, chapter twenty-eight of this code while such employee is on duty;
- 32 (5) Any member of the armed forces of the United 33 States or the militia of this state while such member is 34 on duty;
- 35 (6) Any circuit judge, prosecuting attorney, assistant 36 prosecuting attorney or a duly appointed investigator 37 employed by a prosecuting attorney.

§61-7-7. Persons prohibited from possession of deadly weapons.

Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the 1 2 contrary, no person who: (1) Has been convicted of a 3 felony in this state or in any other jurisdiction: (2) has been discharged under less than honorable conditions 4 5 from the armed forces of the United States: (3) has been 6 adjudicated as a mental incompetent or has been 7 committed involuntarily to a mental institution; (4) is an 8 alien illegally or unlawfully in the United States; or (5) 9 is addicted to alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug, or is an unlawful user thereof shall have in his or her 10 possession any firearm or other deadly weapon: 11 12 Provided, That any person prohibited from possessing a 13 firearm or other deadly weapon by the provisions of this 14 section may petition the circuit court of the county in 15 which he or she resides and if the court finds by clear 16 and convincing evidence that such person is competent 17 and capable of exercising the responsibility concomitant 18 with the possession of a firearm or other deadly weapon 19 the court may enter an order allowing such person to 20 possess such weapon if such would not violate any 21 federal statute.

Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail for not less than ninety days nor more than one year, or both.

§61-7-8. Possession of deadly weapons by minors; prohibitions.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to

2 the contrary, a person under the age of eighteen years 3 who is not married or otherwise emancipated shall not 4 possess or carry concealed or openly any deadly weapon: 5 Provided, That a minor may possess a firearm upon 6 premises owned by said minor or his family or on the 7 premises of another with the permission of his or her 8 parent or guardian and in the case of property other 9 than his or her own or that of his family, with the 10 permission of the owner or lessee of such property: 11 Provided, however. That nothing in this section shall 12 prohibit a minor from possessing a firearm while 13 hunting in a lawful manner or while traveling from a place where he or she may lawfully possess a deadly 14 15 weapon, to a hunting site, and returning to a place 16 where he or she may lawfully possess such weapon.

A violation of this section by a person under the age of eighteen years shall subject the child to the jurisdiction of the circuit court under the provisions of article five, chapter forty-nine of this code, and such minor may be proceeded against in the same manner as if he or she had committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a crime, and may be adjudicated delinquent.

§61-7-9. Possession of machine guns; penalties.

It shall be unlawful for any person to carry, transport, or have in his possession, any machine gun, submachine gun, or any other fully automatic weapon unless he or she has fully complied with applicable federal statutes and all applicable rules and regulations of the secretary of the treasury of the United States relating to such firearms.

Any person who violates the provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, or shall be confined in the county jail for not less than ninety days, nor more than one year, or both.

§61-7-10. Display of deadly weapons for sale or hire; sale to prohibited persons; penalties.

1 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to publicly

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- 2 display and offer for rent or sale, to passersby on any 3 street, road or alley, any deadly weapon, machine gun, submachine gun or other fully automatic weapon, any 4 5 rifle, shotgun or ammunition for same.
- 6 (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sell, rent, give or lend any of the arms mentioned in this 7 article to a person prohibited from possessing same by 8 9 any provision of this article.
- (c) Any person, partnership, corporation or firm 10 violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of 11 a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 12 fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 13 five thousand dollars or shall be confined in the county 14 15 iail for not more than one year, or both.

§61-7-11. Brandishing deadly weapons; threatening or causing breach of the peace; brandishing deadly weapons on premises of educational facility or court; penalties.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person armed with a firearm or other deadly weapon, whether licensed to carry the same or not, to carry, brandish, or use such 3 weapon in a way or manner to cause, or threaten, a breach of the peace. Any person violating this subsection 5 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 7 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or shall be confined in the county 8 jail not less than ninety days nor more than one year, 9 10 or both.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person armed with a 11 firearm or deadly weapon, except for law-enforcement 12 officers on duty, to expose, brandish, unholster or hold 13 such firearm in his or her hand or expose, brandish or 14 hold such deadly weapon in his or her hand (1) on the 15 premises of any primary or secondary educational 16 facility in this state, except for valid educational 17 purposes by faculty or by individuals invited by faculty; 18 or (2) on any premises housing a court of law. Any 19 person violating this subsection shall be guilty of a 20 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 21 fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than 22

one thousand dollars, or confined in the county jail not less than six months nor more than one year, or both.

§61-7-12. Negligent shooting, wounding or killing of human being or livestock while hunting; penalty.

1 It shall be unlawful for any person, while engaged in hunting or pursuing game animals, game birds or game 2 3 fowl, carelessly or negligently to shoot, wound or kill any human being, or any livestock, or destroy or injure any 4 5 other chattels or property, and any person violating this 6 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 7 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one 8 thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or 9 shall be confined in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year, or both. 10

§61-7-13. Shooting across road or near building or crowd; penalty.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or 1 2 discharge any firearm across or in any public road in this state, at any time, or within four hundred feet of 3 any schoolhouse or church, or within five hundred feet 4 of any dwelling house by any person other than the 5 owner and his or her family or guests, or on or near any 6 park or other place where persons gather for purposes 7 of pleasure, and any person violating this section shall 8 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 9 thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 10 nor more than five hundred dollars, or shall be impri-11 soned in the county jail not more than one hundred days. 12
- 13 (b) Any person operating a gun repair shop, licensed 14 to do business in the state of West Virginia and duly 15 licensed under applicable federal statutes, is exempt 16 from the prohibition established by this section and 17 section fifty-eight, article two, chapter twenty of this 18 code for the purpose of test-firing firearms.

§61-7-14. Right of certain persons to limit possession of firearms on premises.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this article, any owner, lessee or other person charged with the care,

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custody and control of real property may prohibit the carrying openly or concealed of any firearm or deadly weapon on property under his or her domain: Provided, That for purposes of this section "person" means an individual or any entity which may acquire title to real property.

Any person carrying or possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon on the property of another who refuses to temporarily relinquish possession of such firearm or other deadly weapon, upon being requested to do so, or 12 to leave such premises, while in possession of such 13 firearm or other deadly weapon, shall be guilty of a 14 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 15 16 fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail not more than six months, or both: 17 18 Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to those persons set forth in subsections (3) 19 through (6), section six of this code while such persons 20 21 are acting in an official capacity: Provided, however, 22 That under no circumstances may any person possess or 23 carry or cause the possession or carrying of any firearm or other deadly weapon on the premises of any primary 24 or secondary educational facility in this state unless such 25 26 person is a law-enforcement officer or he or she has the 27 express written permission of the county school super-28 intendent.

CHAPTER 49

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2010—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Hatcher)

[Passed March 2, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen-a, article onec, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing the court to make conditions of bond concerning contact with the victim as necessary to protect the victim.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen-a, article one-c, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 1C. BAIL.

§62-1C-17a. Bail in situations of alleged child abuse and alleged sexual offenses.

1 When the offense charged is an assault or other 2 offense against a child who is defined in chapter forty-3 nine of this code, it may be a condition of bond that the 4 defendant shall not live in the same residence as the victim of the alleged offense, and the court may make 5 such other conditions of bond with respect to contact 6 7 with the victim as it deems necessary under the 8 circumstances to protect the child.

In cases where the charge is a sexual offense, as defined in chapter sixty-one of this code, against any person, the court, upon a showing of cause, may make such conditions of bond on the defendant or on any witness bond issued under section fifteen of this article as it deems necessary with respect to contact with the victim.

CHAPTER 50

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2036-By Delegates Farley and Murensky)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, relating to criminal penalties for failing to return to confinement in jails while on release for work or other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eleven-a, chapter sixty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11A. RELEASE FOR WORK AND OTHER PURPOSES.

§62-11A-4. Violations; penalties.

1 (a) Any person lawfully confined in jail on conviction

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2 of one or more felonies, or on conviction of one or more 3 felonies and one or more misdemeanors, who has been 4 granted release for work or other purposes under section one-a of this article, and who fails to return to jail at 5 6 the times designated in the release order with the intent to evade lawful detention, shall be guilty of an additional 8 felony, and, upon conviction, may be confined in the 9 penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five 10 vears.

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(b) Any person lawfully confined in jail on conviction of one or more misdemeanors, who has been granted 13 release for work or other purposes under section one-a of this article, and who fails to return to jail at the times 14 15 designated in the release order with the intent to evade lawful detention, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, 16 upon conviction, may be confined in jail for up to one 17 18 vear.

CHAPTER 51

(S. B. 564—By Senator Lucht)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; to amend and reenact section five, article ten, chapter seven of said code; and to amend and reenact section nineteen-a, article eight, chapter sixtyone of said code, all relating to removal of dog or cat from owner charged with cruelty: relating to the sale of impounded dogs or cats only for adoption as pets; sale or transfer of dogs or cats prohibited to any person or entity for use in education or scientific activities; humane disposition of dogs and cats; and effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated

section twenty-three; that section five, article ten, chapter seven of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section nineteen-a, article eight, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 19. Agriculture.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 10. HUMANE OFFICERS.

§7-10-5. Destruction of animals.

- 1 Any such officer may lawfully destroy or cause to be
- 2 destroyed any animal in his charge, when in the
- 3 judgment of such humane officer, and by the written
- 4 certificate of a regularly licensed veterinary surgeon,
- 5 such animal appears to be injured, disabled, diseased
- 6 past recovery, or the animal is unclaimed.

CHAPTER 19. AGRICULTURE.

ARTICLE 20. DOGS AND CATS.

§19-20-23. Prohibition of the use of impounded dogs and cats.

- 1 On and after the first day of September, one thousand
- 2 nine hundred eighty-nine, any dog or cat impounded
- 3 under the provisions of this article may not be sold,
- 4 given, transferred or otherwise made available directly
- 5 or indirectly to any person, institution, corporation or
- 6 other entity for use in educational or scientific research
- 7 or related activities. Disposition of impounded dogs or
- 8 cats may only be by adoption as pets or humanely
- 9 destroyed. Any person who violates the provisions of this
- 10 section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
- 11 thereof, shall be fined not less than four hundred fifty
- 12 dollars nor more than two thousand dollars.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 8. CRIMES AGAINST CHASTITY, MORALITY AND DECENCY.

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§61-8-19a. Cruelty to dogs and cats prohibited; putting such animals in fights against each other prohibited: penalties.

If any person shall cruelly, or needlessly beat, torture, torment, mutilate, kill or willfully deprive necessary sustenance, to any dog or cat, irrespective of whether 4 any such dog or cat be his or her own or that of another person, or if any such person shall impound or confine 5 any such dog or cat in any place unprotected from the 6 elements or fail to supply the same with a sufficient 7 quantity of food and water, or shall abandon to die any 8 9 maimed, sick, or diseased dog or cat or shall be engaged in or employed at dogfighting, or putting one dog or cat 10 to fight against another dog or cat or any similar cruelty 11 to any dog or cat, or shall receive money for the 12 admission of any person, or shall use, train or possess 13 a dog or cat for the purpose of seizing, detaining or 14 maltreating any other dog or cat, he or she shall be 15 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be 16 17 fined not less than one hundred nor more than one 18 thousand dollars, and in addition thereto, in the discretion of the court or magistrate, may be imprisoned 19 in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, and the 20 county humane officer may remove the dog or cat 21 involved and place said animal in the county pound, and 22 said dog or cat shall not be returned to owner (or 23 perpetrator of act of cruelty) but shall be put up for 24 adoption to desirable home or given over into the care 25 of a humane society, or upon the recommendation of a 26 licensed veterinarian shall be humanely destroyed. 27

CHAPTER 52

(H. B. 2791—By Delegates Ashley and Rowe)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to restoring a former name of a party upon divorce.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-three, article two, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTENANCE.

§48-2-23. Former name of party; restoration.

- 1 The court upon granting an annulment or divorce,
- 2 shall, if requested to do so by either party, allow such
- 3 party to resume the name used prior to his or her first
- 4 marriage. The court shall, if requested to do so by either
- 5 party, allow such party to resume the name of a former
- 6 spouse if such party has any living child or children by
- 7 marriage to such former spouse.

CHAPTER 53

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2103-By Delegate Hatfield)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article two-c, chapter fortyeight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine
hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the domestic violence act; licensure and funding of domestic
violence shelters; definitions; establishing a family
protection services board; duties; closure of shelters;
provisional license waivers; establishing additional fee
for filing of divorce actions to be collected by circuit
clerk; funding application requirements; award provisions; referral to shelters; licenses; waiver; rules; and
termination of board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-c, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2C. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACT.

- §48-2C-1. Title. §48-2C-2. Definitions.
- §48-2C-3. Family protection services board.
- §48-2C-4. Duties of board.
- §48-2C-5. Closure of shelters; provisional licensee waivers.
- §48-2C-6. Additional fee to be collected for divorce filing.
- §48-2C-7. Funding application requirements.
- §48-2C-8. Award provisions.
- §48-2C-9. Annual reports of shelter and programs.
- §48-2C-10. Referral to shelters.
- §48-2C-11. Licenses.
- §48-2C-12. Waiver.
- §48-2C-13. Rules and regulations.
- §48-2C-14. Termination of board.

§48-2C-1. Title.

- 1 This article shall be known as the Domestic Violence
- 2 Act of 1989.

§48-2C-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly
- 2 requires otherwise:
- 3 (a) "Board" means the family protection services 4 board created pursuant to section three of this article;
- 5 (b) "Department" means the department of human
- services or any successor agency however so named;
 (c) "Shelter" or "Family Protection Shelter" means a
- 8 family shelter created for the purpose of receiving, on
- 9 a temporary basis, persons who are victims of domestic
- 10 violence, abuse or rape as well as the children of such
- 11 victims:
- 12 (d) "Commissioner" shall mean the commissioner of
- 13 the department of human services; and
- 14 (e) "Family protection program" or "program" means
- 15 a program offered by a locally controlled organization
- 16 primarily for the purpose of providing services to
- 17 victims of domestic violence or abuse and their children.

§48-2C-3. Family protection services board.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created a family protection
- 2 services board. The board shall consist of five persons.
- 3 The governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate,

- 4 shall appoint three members of the board. One such 5 member shall be a director of a shelter. One member 6 shall be a member of a major trade association which represents shelters across the state. The final guberna-7 8 torial appointee shall be a member of the public. The other two members shall be the commissioner of the 9 10 department of human services, or his or her designee, 11 and the chairman of the governor's committee on crime, 12 delinquency and correction.
- 13 (b) The terms of the three members appointed by the 14 governor shall be staggered terms of three years. In the 15 case of the initial appointments, the director of the 16 shelter shall serve a one-year term and the representa-17 tive of the trade association shall serve a two-year term.
- 18 (c) In the event that a member of the board shall cease 19 to be qualified for appointment, then such appointment 20 shall terminate.

§48-2C-4. Duties of board.

- 1 It is the duty of the board to:
- 2 (a) Regulate its procedural practice;
- 3 (b) Receive and consider applications for the development of shelters;
- 5 (c) Facilitate the formation and operation of shelters;
- 6 (d) Promulgate rules and regulations to implement 7 the provisions of this article and any applicable federal 8 guidelines;
- 9 (e) Advise the commissioner on matters of concern 10 relative to his or her responsibilities under this article;
- 11 (f) Study issues pertinent to family protection shel-12 ters, programs for domestic violence victims, and report 13 the results to the governor and the Legislature;
- 14 (g) Conduct hearings as necessary under this article;
- 15 (h) Delegate to the commissioner such powers and 16 duties of the board as the board may deem appropriate 17 to delegate, including, but not limited to, the authority 18 to approve, disapprove, revoke or suspend licenses;

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- 19 (i) Deliver funds to shelters within forty-five days of 20 the approval of a proposal for such shelters;
 - (j) Establish a system of peer review which will ensure the safety, well being and health of the clients of all shelters operating in the state;
 - (k) Evaluate annually each funded shelter to determine its compliance with the goals and objectives set out in its original application for funding or subsequent revisions:
- (l) To award to shelters, for each fiscal year, ninetyfive percent of the total funds collected and paid over during the fiscal year to the special revenue account established pursuant to section twenty-four, article one of this chapter and to expend, during said period a sum not in excess of five percent of said funds for cost of administering provisions of this article;
- 35 (m) Establish and enforce system of standards for 36 annual licensure for all shelters and programs in the 37 state;
- 38 (n) Enforce standards; and
- 39 (o) Review its rules and regulations biannually.

§48-2C-5. Closure of shelters; provisional licensee waivers.

- 1 (a) The board may close any shelter which violates the
 2 standards established under this article and which
 3 threatens the health, well being and safety of its clients:
 4 Provided, That the board shall establish a plan to place
 5 such clients in other shelters and to develop a method
 6 to continue serving the areas served by the shelter to be
 7 closed.
- 8 (b) The board may place a shelter, which violates standards established under this article and which threatens the health, well being and safety of its clients, under receivership and operate said shelter. The board shall have access and may use all assets of the shelter.
- (c) In order to close or place a shelter in receivership,
 the board shall hold a public hearing within the confines

- 15 of municipality or county in which the shelter is located.
- 16 The board, by the first day of September, one thousand
- 17 nine hundred eighty-nine, shall establish rules and
- 18 regulations to govern the conduct of such hearings:
- 19 Provided, That four members of the board must vote in
- 20 the affirmative before a shelter is closed or placed in
- 21 receivership.
- 22 (d) If a shelter disagrees with the findings of the
- 23 board, the shelter may appeal such ruling to the circuit
- 24 court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of the
- 25 county where the shelter is located pursuant to the
- 26 provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-
- 27 nine-a of this code.

§48-2C-6. Additional fee to be collected for divorce filing.

- 1 In addition to any fee heretofore established for the
- 2 filing of a divorce action, the clerk of the circuit court
- 3 shall collect an additional fee of thirty dollars. The fee
- 4 shall be deposited in the special revenue fund estab-
- 5 lished pursuant to section twenty-four, article one,
- 6 chapter forty-eight of this code: Provided, That such
- 7 additional fee shall not be collected by the clerk from
- 8 persons complying with the provisions of section one,
- 9 article two, chapter fifty-nine of this code pertaining to
- 10 suits filed by poor persons.

§48-2C-7. Funding application requirements.

- 1 (a) A shelter or program may apply to the board for
- 2 a grant of funds as provided by this article. The
- 3 application shall include, but not be limited to, the
- 4 following:
- 5 (1) Evidence that the organization submitting the application is incorporated in this state as a nonprofit
- 7 corporation.
- 8 (2) A list of the incorporators of the corporation and 9 a list of the officers and the board of directors;
- 10 (3) The proposed budget of the shelter or program for the following fiscal year;
- 12 (4) A summary of the services proposed to be offered in the following fiscal year by the shelter or program;

- 14 (5) An evaluation of local needs for a shelter or 15 program;
- 16 (6) An estimate of the number of people to be served 17 by the shelter or program during the following fiscal 18 year; and,
- 19 (7) Any other information the board may feel is 20 necessary.
 - (b) In order to qualify for a grant of funds under this article, each family protection shelter or program shall:
 - (1) Provide or propose to provide a facility which will serve as temporary shelter to receive, care and provide services for persons who are victims of domestic violence or abuse and their children;
 - (2) Be incorporated in this state as a nonprofit corporation;
 - (3) Have a board of directors which represents a broad spectrum of the community to be served, including at least one person who is or has been a victim of domestic violence or abuse;
 - (4) Receive at least fifty-five percent of its funds from sources other than funds distributed under this article. These sources may be public or private and may include contributions of goods or services; and
 - (5) Require persons employed by or volunteering services to the shelter or program to maintain the confidentiality of any information which may identify individuals served by it.
 - (c) A family protection shelter or program may not be funded initially if it is shown that it discriminates in its services on the basis of race, religion, age, sex, marital status, national origin or ancestry. If such discrimination occurs after initial funding, the shelter or program may not be refunded until the discrimination ceases.
 - (d) A family protection shelter program may not be refunded if its original application projected the provision of residential services and such services were not provided in the first six months following disburse-

- 51 ment of the original funds under this article: Provided,
- 52 That upon a subsequent showing that the funds were
- used in the manner proposed in the original application,
- 54 the shelter or program is not barred from subsequent
- 55 funding. A revision of the original application may be
- 56 filed with the board.

§48-2C-8. Award provisions.

- Grants made pursuant to this article shall be awarded on the basis of the following criteria:
- 3 (a) Demonstration of local need for proposed services;
- 4 (b) Merit of project as proposed;
- 5 (c) Demonstration of local control of the shelter or 6 program;
- 7 (d) Administrative design and efficiency of the 8 project; and
- 9 (e) The Board shall develop a formula for equal 10 distribution of fifty percent of any money it awards.

§48-2C-9. Annual reports of shelter and programs.

- 1 A shelter or program receiving funds pursuant to this
- 2 article shall file an annual report with the board by the 3 thirty-first day of each October for the prior fiscal year.
- 4 The report shall include statistics on the number of
- 5 persons served, the relationship of the victim to the
- 6 abuser, services provided to the abuser, the number of
- 7 referrals made for medical, psychological, financial,
- 8 educational, vocational, child care or legal services and
- 9 the results of an independent audit. No information
- 10 contained in the report may identify any person served
- 11 by the shelter or enable any person to determine the
- 12 identity of any such person.

$\S48-2C-10$. Referral to shelters.

- 1 Where shelters are available, any law-enforcement
- 2 officer or any public authority investigating an alleged
- 3 incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of
- 4 such abuse of the availability of the family protection
- 5 shelter to which such person may be admitted.

§48-2C-11. Licenses.

- (a) The board shall establish an application for 1 licensure for all shelters and programs. 2
- 3 (b) Licenses may be renewed on an annual basis with 4 all such licenses having a term of one year commencing 5 on the first day of July and terminating on the thirtieth 6 day of June on the next year.
- (c) The board shall grant or deny any license within forty-five days of the receipt of the application. 8
- 9 (d) The license granted by the board shall be conspicuously displayed by the licensees. 10

§48-2C-12. Waiver.

- The board may grant a provisional license or grant 1
- 2 a waiver of licensure if the board deems such waiver or
- 3 provisional license necessary for the shelter or program.
- All such waivers or provisional licenses shall be 4
- reviewed semiannually.

§48-2C-13. Rules and regulations.

- The board shall promulgate rules and regulations to 1 2
 - effectuate the provisions of this article. The rules and
- regulations shall not take effect until the first set of
 - rules and regulations are approved by the Legislature.

§48-2C-14. Termination of board.

- The family protection services board shall be termi-1
- nated pursuant to the provisions of article ten, chapter 2
- four of this code, on the first day of July, one thousand
- nine hundred ninety-two, unless sooner terminated or 4
- unless sooner continued or reestablished pursuant to 5
- that article.

CHAPTER 54

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 575-By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article one, chapter five-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal article sixteen, chapter thirty-one of

said code; and to amend and reenact article fifteen. chapter thirty-one of said code, relating to the West Virginia Economic Development Authority Act: making certain legislative findings as to general economic condition of West Virginia and identifying segments of state economy requiring promotion and development and further identifying financing methods necessary to finance and promote economic and industrial development within state; recognizing that availability of financial assistance through creation of insurance fund will promote economic development of state: further recognizing public interest in establishing state instrumentality with powers to address economic development needs of the state including, but not limited to, furnishing money and credit to approved industrial development agencies and enterprises, promoting establishment of new commercial and industrial projects and retaining existing projects; setting forth and identifying purposes of act including, but not limited to, creation of economic development authority to develop and advance business prosperity and economic welfare of state, to borrow money and issue bonds, notes, commercial paper and other debt instruments, to furnish money and credit or credit enhancement to industrial development agencies and enterprises for the promotion of new commercial and industrial projects and to retain existing projects, to insure the financing of working capital or the refinancing of existing debt of an enterprise, and creation of an insurance fund for credit enhancement purposes, and declaring that all such purposes are public purposes; abolishing West Virginia industry and jobs development corporation and designating economic development authority as its successor; defining certain key terms; establishing composition of authority and setting forth appointment and terms of members thereof and voting by such members; stating general powers of authority, including, but not limited to, the issuance of bonds and notes, borrowing money, financing projects, insuring bonds and notes issued by the authority and others, and insuring loans made to various parties by financial institutions, and to apply for, develop, maintain and

operate foreign trade zones in accordance with applicable federal law; providing for loans to industrial development agencies and enterprises for certain projects; creating, as a credit enhancement vehicle, an insurance fund which may be used, among other purposes, to insure payment or repayment of all or any part of bonds and notes issued by the authority as well as by certain other public bodies, to insure payment or repayment of instruments executed, obtained or delivered in connection with issuance and sale of such bonds and notes, and to insure payment or repayment of other types of debt instruments entered into by an enterprise or a state public body or authority with a financial institution, and enabling authority to apply for, develop. maintain and operate foreign trade zones in accordance with applicable federal law; authorizing authority to issue bonds and notes and providing that such bonds and notes are special obligations of the authority, and specifying form of such bonds and notes; setting forth procedure for approval of projects, issuance of bonds and notes and other matters concerning authority: providing that bonds or notes may be secured by trust agreement and that trustee may be any bank or trust company located within or outside state, and providing for pledge or assignment of revenues; setting forth permitted uses of funds acquired by authority and restrictions thereon; providing for refunding bonds and notes; establishing that bonds and notes issued and other obligations undertaken by authority are not debts of state or any political subdivision thereof; providing that bonds and notes are negotiable instruments and constitute legal investments; exempting authority from payment of taxes or assessments upon any property acquired or used by authority or upon income therefrom: shielding various parties from personal liability with respect to bonds or notes issued by authority; declaring that powers granted under act cumulative; setting forth authority of board of investments; providing for loan and insurance application requirements; providing for confidentiality of certain documentary materials or data made or received by authority; establishing economic development fund and setting

forth uses thereof; authorizing governor to transfer state property to authority; providing for validity of certain pledges, mortgages and other security instruments; providing for collection of money accruing to authority and deposit thereof into state treasury; providing conflicts of interest clause; providing for agreements with federal agencies; requiring annual audits; enabling public corporations to apply for foreign trade zone status in accordance with applicable federal law; providing severability and construction clauses; and declaring that projects shall not be deemed public improvements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-c, and article sixteen, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

- §31-15-1. Short title.
- §31-15-2. Legislative findings.
- §31-15-3. Purposes of article.
- §31-15-3a. West Virginia Industry and Jobs Development Corporation abolished; establishment of economic development authority as successor to corporation.
- §31-15-4. Definitions.
- §31-15-5. West Virginia economic development authority; composition; appointment; terms; delegation of authority by chairman; voting; compensation and expenses.
- §31-15-6. General powers of authority.
- §31-15-7. Loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises for projects.
- §31-15-8. Insurance fund.
- §31-15-9. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.
- §31-15-10. Approval by authority.
- §31-15-11. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; pledge or assignment of revenues.
- §31-15-12. Use of funds by authority; restrictions thereon relating to projects.
- §31-15-13. Refunding bonds or notes.
- §31-15-14. Obligations of authority undertaken pursuant to this article not debt of state, county, municipality or any political subdivision.
- §31-15-15. Negotiability of bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.
- §31-15-16. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article; legal investments.
- §31-15-17. Exemption from taxation.

- §31-15-18. Personal liability; persons executing bonds or notes issued pursuant to this article.
- §31-15-19. Cumulative authority as to powers conferred; applicability of other statutes and charters; bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.
- §31-15-20. Aurhority of the board of investments.
- §31-15-21. Loans and insurance application requirements.
- §31-15-22. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial or financial information; or confidentiality.
- §31-15-23. Economic development fund.
- §31-15-24. Transfer of state property to the authority.
- §31-15-25. Validity of any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument.
- §31-15-26. Money of the authority.
- §31-15-27. Conflict of interest; when contracts void.
- §31-15-28. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.
- §31-15-29. Audits.

- §31-15-30. Projects not to be considered public improvements.
- §31-15-31. Foreign trade zones; authority approval.
- §31-15-32. Severability.
- §31-15-33. Construction.

§31-15-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as "The
- 2 West Virginia Economic Development Authority Act."

§31-15-2. Legislative findings.

1 It is hereby determined and declared as a matter of legislative finding: (a) That unemployment exists in 2 many areas of the state and may well come about, from 3 time to time, in other areas of the state; (b) that in some 4 5 areas of the state, unemployment is a serious problem and has been for so long a period of time that, without 6 remedial measures, it may become so in other areas of 7 the state: (c) that economic insecurity due to unemploy-8 9 ment is a serious menace to the health, safety, morals and general welfare of the people of the entire state; (d) 10 that widespread industry unemployment produces 11 indigency which falls with crushing force upon all 12 unemployed workers and ultimately upon the state in 13 the form of welfare and unemployment compensation; 14 (e) that the absence of employment and business 15 opportunities for youth is a serious threat to the strength 16 and permanence of their faith in our American political 17 and economic institutions and the philosophy of freedom 18

on which those institutions are based; (f) that lack of

20 employment and business opportunities has resulted in 21 thousands of workers and their families leaving the state 22 to find such opportunities elsewhere, and that this 23 exodus has adversely affected the tax base of counties 24 and municipalities resulting in an impairment of their 25 financial ability to support education and other local 26 government services; (g) that security against unemploy-27 ment and the spread of indigency and economic stagna-28 tion can best be provided by the promotion, attraction. 29 stimulation, rehabilitation and revitalization of commerce, tourism, industry and manufacturing; (h) that 30 the present and future health, safety, morals, right to 31 32 gainful employment and general welfare of the people 33 of the state require as a public purpose the promotion 34 and development of new and expanded coal and other 35 energy production, industrial, commercial, tourist and 36 manufacturing enterprises within this state: (i) that the 37 means and measures being authorized for the financing 38 of projects, including the insuring of loans or other debt 39 issued for working capital or the refinancing of existing 40 debt of an enterprise, are, as a matter of public policy, 41 for the public purposes of the several counties, munic-42 ipalities and the state; (j) that the device under which 43 private community industrial development organiza-44 tions in the state acquire or build industrial buildings 45 or sites and equip the same with funds raised through 46 popular subscription, loans or otherwise for lease and 47 sale to new or expanding industries has proven effective 48 in creating new employment and business opportunities 49 locally, is in accord with the American tradition of 50 community initiative and enterprise, and requires and deserves encouragement and support from the state. as 51 52 a means toward alleviation of unemployment and 53 economic distress; (k) that community industrial development corporations in the state have invested 54 55 substantial funds in successful coal production, indus-56 trial projects and are experiencing difficulty in under-57 taking additional projects by reason of the partial 58 inadequacy of their own funds potentially available from local subscription sources and by reason of limitations 59 of local financial institutions in providing additional and 60 61 sufficiently sizable first deed of trust or mortgage loans 62 or letters of credit and other forms of credit enhance-63 ment; (1) that an urgent need exists to stimulate a larger 64 flow of private investment funds from banks, investment 65 houses, insurance companies and other financial institu-66 tions into projects; (m) that by increasing the number 67 of projects presenting attractive opportunities for 68 private investment, a larger portion of the private 69 capital available in this state for investment can be put 70 to use for the general economic development of the state: (n) that the availability of financial assistance through 71 72 the creation of an insurance fund will promote the 73 economic development of the state; and that it is in the 74 public interest, in order to address the needs aforesaid, 75 that a state instrumentality be created as a public body corporate with full powers to accept grants, gifts and 76 77 appropriations, to generate revenues, to borrow money 78 and issue its bonds, notes, commercial paper, other debt 79 instruments and security interests to the end that funds 80 obtained thereby may be used to furnish money and 81 credit to approved industrial development agencies or 82 enterprises or to promote the establishment of new 83 projects or to retain existing projects.

§31-15-3. Purposes of article.

1 The purposes of this article shall be to provide for the 2 formation of a public economic development authority 3 to promote, assist, encourage and, in conjunction with 4 such banking corporations or institutions, trust compan-5 ies, savings banks, building and loan associations, 6 insurance companies or related corporations, partnerships, foundations or other institutions, to develop and 7 8 advance the business prosperity and economic welfare of the state of West Virginia; to encourage and assist in 9 10 the location of new business and industry; to stimulate and assist in the expansion of all kinds of business 11 activity which will tend to promote the business 12 development and maintain the economic stability of this 13 state, provide maximum opportunities for employment, 14 encourage thrift and improve the standard of living of 15 the citizens of this state; to cooperate and act in 16 conjunction with other organizations, public or private, 17 the objects of which are the promotion and advancement 18

of industrial, commercial, tourist or manufacturing developments in this state: to borrow moneys and to issue its bonds, notes, commercial paper, other debt instruments and security interests as well as creating an insurance fund for credit enhancement purposes; to furnish money and credit or credit enhancement to approved industrial development agencies or enterprises in this state or for the promotion of new projects or to retain existing projects or to financially assist projects by insuring bonds, notes, loans and other instruments, including, but not limited to, the insuring of financing of working capital or the refinancing of existing debt of an enterprise, thereby establishing a source of credit and credit enhancement not otherwise available there-for. Such purposes are hereby declared to be public purposes for which public money may be spent and are purposes which will promote the health, safety, morals, right to gainful employment, business opportunities and general welfare of the inhabitants of the state.

§31-15-3a. West Virginia industry and jobs development corporation abolished; establishment of economic development authority as successor to corporation.

The authority shall be the corporate successor to the West Virginia industry and jobs development corporation and is hereby vested with all right, title and interest of such corporation in and to all property, rights and choses in action heretofore owned by or vested in such corporation, including, but not limited to, its loan portfolio, and shall assume all debts, liabilities and other obligations, if any, of such corporation. As of the effective date of this legislation, such corporation shall cease to exist and all rights and interests heretofore vested in such corporation shall be vested in the authority.

The unexpended balance of funds authorized under section seventeen, article one, chapter five-c of this code available for use of the West Virginia industry and jobs development corporation as of the effective date of this legislation is hereby transferred to the authority.

§31-15-4. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Authority" means the West Virginia economic4 development authority.
- 5 (b) "Board" means the governing body of the authority.
- 7 (c) "Board of investments" means the board of 8 investments established by article six, chapter twelve of this code.
 - (d) "Bonds" means bonds or other debt instruments of the authority issued under this article, whether the interest thereon is taxable or tax-exempt for federal income tax purposes.
 - (e) "Business plan" means a document detailing the sales, production and distribution plans of an enterprise, together with the expenditures necessary to carry out those plans (including budget and cash flow projections) on an annual basis, and an employment plan setting forth steps to be taken by the enterprise to retain jobs or reduce unemployment in this state.
 - (f) "Cost of establishing a project" means the cost of acquiring existing facilities, cost of machinery, cost of equipment and fixtures, cost of construction, including, without limitation, cost of improvements, repairs and renovations, cost of all lands, water areas, property rights and easements, financing charges and interest prior to and during construction, cost of architectural, engineering, legal and financial or other consulting services, plans, specifications and surveys, estimates of costs and any other expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of any project, together with such other costs and expenses as may be necessary or incidental to the financing and the construction or acquisition of the project and the placing of the same in operation.
 - (g) "County" means any county of this state.
 - (h) "Enterprise" means an entity which is or proposes

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- 38 to be engaged in this state in any business activity for
- 39 profit. The entity may be owned, operated, controlled, 40
- or under the management of a person, partnership.
- corporation, trust, community-based development 41
- 42 organization or council, local commerce group, employee
- 43 stock ownership plan, pension or profit-sharing plan,
- 44 trust, a group of participating employees who desire to
- 45 own an entity which does not presently exist, or any
- 46 similar entity or organization.
- (i) "Federal agency" means the United States of 47 America and any department, corporation, agency or 48 49 instrumentality created, designated or established by
- 50 the United States of America.
- (j) "Financing plan" means a plan designed to meet 51 52 the financing needs of an enterprise as reflected in the 53 business plan.
- 54 (k) "Fund" means the economic development fund 55 provided for in section twenty-three of this article.
 - (1) "Government" means state and federal government, and any political subdivision, agency or instrumentality thereof, corporate or otherwise.
- (m) "Industrial development agency" means any 59 60 incorporated organization, foundation, association or agency to whose members or shareholders no profit 61 inures, which has as its primary function the promotion, 62 encouragement and development of industrial, commer-63 cial, manufacturing and tourist enterprises or projects 64 65 in this state.
- (n) "Insurance fund" means the insurance fund 66 67 created by this article.
- 68 (o) "Loan" means any extension of financing by the authority to an industrial development agency or an 69 enterprise, including, but not limited to, a loan, a lease 70 or an installment sale. 71
- (p) "Municipality" means any city or town in this 72 73 state.
- (q) "Notes" means any notes, including commercial 74 paper, of the authority issued under this article whether 75

the interest thereon is taxable or tax-exempt for federal income tax purposes.

- (r) "Project" means a commercial or industrial undertaking and all of the assets reasonably and necessarily required therefor, all as determined by the authority, which determination shall be conclusive, and shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, industrial projects and commercial projects as presently defined in section three, article two-c, chapter thirteen of this code.
- (s) "Revenues" means all fees, premiums, charges, moneys, profits, payments of principal of, or interest on, loans and other investments, gifts, grants, appropriations, contributions and all other income derived or to be derived by the authority under this article.
- 91 (t) "Security interest" means an interest in the loan 92 portfolio of the authority which interest is secured by 93 an underlying loan or loans and is evidenced by a note 94 issued by the authority.

§31-15-5. West Virginia economic development authority; composition; appointment; terms; delegation of authority by chairman; voting; compensation and expenses.

The West Virginia economic development authority heretofore created is hereby continued as a body corporate and politic, constituting a public corporation and government instrumentality.

The authority shall be composed of a board of members consisting of a chairman, who shall be the governor, or his designated representative, the tax commissioner and seven members who shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall be broadly representative of the geographic regions of the state. The board shall direct the exercise of all the powers given to the authority in this article. The governor shall also be the chief executive officer of the authority, and shall designate the treasurer and the secretary of the board.

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Upon the effective date of this legislation, the governor shall forthwith appoint seven members of the board for staggered terms. The terms of the board members first taking office on or after the effective date of this legislation shall expire as designated by the governor at the time of the nomination, two at the end of the first year, two at the end of the second year, two at the end of the third year, and one at the end of the fourth year, after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. As these original appointments expire, each subsequent appointment shall be for a full four-year term. Any member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any member shall be eligible for reappointment. The term of any person serving as a member of the board immediately preceding the effective date of this legislation shall cease and otherwise expire upon such effective date: Provided. That any such member shall be eligible for reappointment.

The governor may, by written notice filed with the secretary of the authority, from time to time, delegate to any subordinate the power to represent him at any meeting of the authority. In such case, the subordinate shall have the same power and privileges as the governor and may vote on any question.

Members of the authority shall not be entitled to compensation for services performed as members, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting business. Except in the case of a loan or insurance application or unless the bylaws require a larger number, action may be taken by majority vote of the members present. Approval or rejection of a loan or insurance application shall be made by majority vote of the full membership of the board.

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The board shall manage the property and business of the authority and may prescribe, amend, adopt and repeal bylaws and rules and regulations governing the manner in which the business of the authority is conducted.

62 The board shall, without regard to the provisions of civil service laws applicable to officers and employees 63 of the state of West Virginia, appoint such managers. 64 assistant managers, officers, employees, attorneys and 65 agents as are necessary for the transaction of its 66 67 business, fix their compensation, define their duties and 68 provide a system of organization to fix responsibility 69 and promote efficiency. Any appointee of the board may 70 be removed at the discretion of the board. The authority 71 may reimburse any state spending unit for any special 72 expense actually incurred in providing any service or 73 the use of any facility to the authority.

In cases of any vacancy in the office of a member, such vacancy shall be filled by the governor. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy in the board occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term.

The governor may remove a member in the case of incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office, and may declare such member's office vacant and appoint a person for such vacancy as provided in other cases of vacancy.

The secretary of the board shall keep a record of the proceedings of the board and perform such other duties as may be determined appropriate by the board. The treasurer shall be custodian of all funds of the authority and shall be bonded in such amount as other members of the board may designate.

§31-15-6. General powers of authority.

- 1 The authority, as a public corporation and governmen-
- 2 tal instrumentality exercising public powers of the state,
- 3 shall have and may exercise all powers necessary or

- 4 appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article, 5 including the power:
 - (a) To cooperate with industrial development agencies in efforts to promote the expansion of industrial, commercial, manufacturing and tourist activity in this state.
 - (b) To determine, upon the proper application of an industrial development agency or an enterprise, whether the declared public purposes of this article have been or will be accomplished by the establishment by such agency or enterprise of a project in this state.
 - (c) To conduct examinations and investigations and to hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirmation, at public or private hearings, on any matter relevant to this article and necessary for information on the establishment of any project.
 - (d) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant to any hearing before such authority or one or more members appointed by it to conduct any hearing.
 - (e) To apply to the circuit court having venue of such offense to have punished for contempt any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena, to be sworn or affirmed or to testify or who commits any contempt after being summoned to appear.
 - (f) To authorize any member of the authority to conduct hearings, administer oaths, take affidavits and issue subpoenas.
 - (g) To financially assist projects by insuring obligations in the manner provided in this article through the use of the insurance fund.
 - (h) To finance any projects by making loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises upon such terms as the authority shall deem appropriate: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this subsection (h) or under any other provision in this article shall be construed as permitting the authority to make loans for working capital: *Provided*, however, That nothing

- contained in this article shall be construed as prohibit-ing the authority from insuring loans for working capital made to industrial development agencies or to enterprises by financial institutions: Provided further, That nothing contained in this subsection or any other provision of this article shall be construed as permitting the authority to refinance existing debt except when such refinancing will result in the expansion of the enterprise whose debt is to be refinanced or in the creation of new jobs.
 - (i) To issue revenue bonds or notes to fulfill the purposes of this article, and to secure the payment of such bonds or notes, all as hereinafter provided.
 - (j) To issue and deliver revenue bonds or notes in exchange for a project.
 - (k) To borrow money for its purposes and issue bonds or notes for the money and provide for the rights of the holders of the bonds or notes or other negotiable instruments, to secure the bonds or notes by a deed of trust on, or an assignment or pledge of, any or all of its property and property of the project, including any part of the security for loans, and the authority may issue and sell its bonds and notes, by public or private sale, in such principal amounts as it shall deem necessary to provide funds for any purposes under this article, including the making of loans for the purposes set forth in this article.
 - (l) To maintain such sinking funds and reserves as the board shall determine appropriate for the purposes of meeting future monetary obligations and needs of the authority.
- 72 (m) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, 73 and complain and defend in any court.
 - (n) To adopt, use and alter at will a corporate seal.
 - (o) To make, amend, repeal and adopt both bylaws and rules and regulations for the management and regulation of its affairs.
 - (p) To appoint officers, agents and employees and to contract for and engage the services of consultants.

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- 80 (q) To make contracts of every kind and nature to 81 execute all instruments necessary or convenient for 82 carrying on its business.
 - (r) To accept grants and loans from and enter into contracts and other transactions with any federal agency.
 - (s) To take title by conveyance or foreclosure to any project where acquisition is necessary to protect any loan previously made by the authority and to sell, by public or private sale, transfer, lease or convey such project to any enterprise.
- 91 (t) To participate in any reorganization proceeding pending pursuant to the United States Code (being the 93 act of Congress establishing a uniform system of 94 bankruptcy throughout the United States, as amended) 95 or in any receivership proceeding in a state or federal 96 court for the reorganization or liquidation of an enterprise. The authority may file its claim against any 98 such enterprise in any of the foregoing proceedings, vote 99 upon any questions pending therein which requires the approval of the creditors participating in any reorgan-100 101 ization proceeding or receivership, exchange any evidence of such indebtedness for any property, security or evidence of indebtedness offered as a part of the 103 104 reorganization of such enterprise or of any other entity formed to acquire the assets thereof and may compromise or reduce the amount of any indebtedness owing to 107 it as a part of any such reorganization.
 - (u) To acquire, construct, maintain, improve, repair, replace and operate projects within this state, as well as streets, roads, alleys, sidewalks, crosswalks and other means of ingress and egress to and from projects located within this state.
- 113 (v) To acquire, construct, maintain, improve, repair 114 and replace and operate pipelines, electric transmission 115 lines, waterlines, sewer lines, electric power substations. 116 waterworks systems, sewage treatment and disposal 117 facilities and any combinations thereof for the use and 118 benefit of any enterprise located within this state.

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- (w) To acquire watersheds, water and riparian rights. rights-of-way, easements, licenses and any and all other property, property rights and appurtenances for the use and benefit of any enterprise located within this state.
 - (x) To acquire, by purchase, lease, donation or eminent domain, any real or personal property, or any right or interest therein, as may be necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of the authority. Title to all property, property rights and interests acquired by the authority shall be taken in the name of the authority.
 - (y) To issue renewal notes, or security interests, to issue bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it deems refunding expedient, to refund any bonds or notes by the issuance of new bonds or notes. whether the bonds or notes to be refunded have or have not matured and whether or not the authority originally issued the bonds or notes to be refunded.
 - (z) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, security interests or refunding bonds or notes to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes, security interests or bonds or notes to be refunded.
 - (aa) To accept gifts or grants of property, funds, security interests, money, materials, labor, supplies or services from the United States of America or from any governmental unit or any person, firm or corporation, and to carry out the terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things necessary, useful. desirable or convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of gifts or grants.
 - (bb) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the holders of bonds, security interests or notes of the authority, to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, security or any other term of any bond, security interests, note or contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.
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- 157 (cc) To sell loans, security interests or other obliga-

- 158 tions in the loan portfolio of the authority. Such security 159 interests shall be evidenced by instruments issued by the 160 authority. Proceeds from the sale of loans, security 161 interests, or other obligations may be used in the same 162 manner and for the same purposes as bond and note
- 163 revenues
- 164 (dd) To procure insurance against any losses in 165 connection with its property, operations or assets in such 166 amounts and from such insurers as the authority deems 167 desirable.
- 168 (ee) To sell, license, lease, mortgage, assign, pledge or 169 donate its property, both real and personal, or any right 170 or interest therein to another or authorize the possession. 171 occupancy or use of such property or any right or 172 interest therein by another, in such manner and upon 173 such terms as it deems appropriate.
- 174 (ff) To participate with the state and federal agencies 175 in efforts to promote the expansion of commercial and 176 industrial development in this state.
- 177 (gg) To finance, organize, conduct, sponsor, participate and assist in the conduct of special institutes. 178 conferences, demonstrations and studies relating to the 179 180 stimulation and formation of business, industry and 181 trade endeavors.
- 182 (hh) To conduct, finance and participate in technological, business, financial and other studies related to 183 184 business and economic development.
- (ii) To conduct, sponsor, finance, participate and 185 assist in the preparation of business plans, financing 186 plans and other proposals of new or established busi-187 188 nesses suitable for support by the authority.
- 189 (ii) To prepare, publish and distribute, with or 190 without charge as the authority may determine, such technical studies, reports, bulletins and other materials 191 as it deems appropriate, subject only to the maintenance 192 193 and respect for confidentiality of client proprietary
- 194 information.
- 195 (kk) To exercise such other and additional powers as

- may be necessary or appropriate for the exercise of the powers herein conferred.
- (11) To exercise all of the powers which a corporation may lawfully exercise under the laws of this state.
- 200 (mm) To contract for the provision of legal services by 201 private counsel, and notwithstanding the provisions of 202 article three, chapter five, such counsel may, but is not 203 limited to, represent the authority in court, negotiate 204 contracts and other agreements on behalf of the authority, render advice to the authority on any matter 205 206 relating thereto, prepare contracts and other agree-207 ments, and provide such other legal services as may be 208 requested by the authority.
- 209 (nn) To develop, maintain, operate and apply for the 210 establishment of foreign trade zones pursuant to and in 211 accordance with all applicable provisions of federal law.

§31-15-7. Loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises for projects.

- 1 (a) When it has determined upon application of an 2 industrial development agency or an enterprise that the establishment or acquisition of a particular project has 3 4 accomplished or will accomplish the public purposes of 5 this article, the authority may contract to loan such 6 agency or enterprise up to one hundred percent of the estimated cost of such project from any or all of the 7 8 following sources:
- 9 (1) The proceeds of bonds or notes issued by the authority pursuant to this article;
- 11 (2) Moneys in the fund available to make loans; or
- 12 (3) The investment in such loans by the board of investments through the consolidated fund of the state as provided in this article.
- 15 (b) Loans made under subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to the following conditions:
- 17 (1) If the authority is providing less than one hundred 18 percent financing for the project, the authority shall 19 determine that other sources of funds will be available 20 to complete the project;

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- 21 (2) The loan shall contain such terms and conditions 22 as the authority deems appropriate, which terms and 23 conditions shall be set forth in a resolution adopted by 24 the board in accordance with the provisions of section 25 ten of this article:
 - (3) The authority may, in its discretion, include within the terms of a loan minimum project operating periods, liquidated damage provisions for cessation of operations prior to the end of the loan period, loan acceleration provisions, project equipment purchase options in the event of early closure and other provisions to protect the jobs intended to be created by the project;
 - (4) The industrial development agency or enterprise shall pay such loan fees as may be prescribed by the authority from time to time pursuant to the provisions of this article.

37 Money loaned by the authority to an industrial 38 development agency or enterprise pursuant to subdivisions (2) and (3), subsection (a) of this section seven shall 39 40 be withdrawn from the fund and paid over to the agency 41 or enterprise in such manner as shall be determined by 42 the authority, and the authority shall deposit all 43 payments of interest on such loans and the principal 44 thereof in the fund.

§31-15-8. Insurance fund.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created an insurance fund which 2 shall be a continuing, nonlapsing, revolving fund that 3 consists of:
- 4 (1) Moneys appropriated by the state to the insurance 5 fund;
- 6 (2) Premiums, fees, and any other amounts received 7 by the authority with respect to financial assistance 8 provided by the authority from the insurance fund;
- 9 (3) Upon the satisfaction of any indebtedness or other obligation owed on any property held or acquired by the authority, such proceeds as designated by the authority from the sale, lease, or other disposition of such property;

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- 14 (4) Income from investments made from moneys in 15 the insurance fund; and
- 16 (5) Any other moneys transferred to the insurance 17 fund or made available to it for the purposes described 18 under this section, under this article or pursuant to any 19 other provisions of this code.

20 Subject to the provisions of any outstanding insurance 21 agreements entered into by the authority under this section, the authority may enter into covenants or 22 23 agreements with respect to the insurance fund, and 24 establish accounts within the insurance fund which may 25 be used to implement the purposes of this article. If the authority elects to establish separate accounts within the 26 27 insurance fund, the authority may allocate its revenues 28 and receipts among the respective accounts in any 29 manner the authority considers appropriate.

If the authority at any time finds that more money is needed to keep the reserves of the insurance fund at an adequate level, the authority, with the consent of the chairman, shall send a written request to the Legislature for additional funds.

- (b) The insurance fund shall be used for the following purposes by the authority to financially assist projects so long as such financial assistance will, as determined by the authority, fulfill the public purposes of this article:
- (1) To insure the payment or repayment of all or any part of the principal of, redemption or prepayment premiums or penalties on, and interest on bonds or notes whether issued under the provisions of this article or under the Industrial Development and Commercial Development Bond Act, the West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority Act or, with respect to health care facilities only, article thirty-three, chapter eight of this code;
 - (2) To insure the payment or repayment of all or any part of the principal of, redemption or prepayment premiums or penalties on, and interest on any instrument executed, obtained, or delivered in connection with

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- the issuance and sale of bonds or notes whether under the provisions of this article or under the Industrial Development and Commercial Development Bond Act, the West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority Act or, with respect to health care facilities only, article thirtythree, chapter eight of this code:
 - (3) To insure the payment or repayment of all or any part of the principal of, prepayment premiums or penalties on, and interest on any form of debt instrument entered into by an enterprise, public body or authority of the state with a financial institution, including, but not limited to, banks, insurance companies and other institutions in the business of lending money, which debt instruments shall include, but not be limited to, instruments relating to loans for working capital and to the refinancing of existing debt: Provided. That nothing contained in this subsection or any other provision of this article shall be construed as permitting the authority to insure the refinancing of existing debt except when such insurance will result in the expansion of the enterprise whose debt is to be refinanced or in the creation of new jobs:
 - (4) To pay or insure the payment of any fees or premiums necessary to obtain insurance, guarantees, letters of credit or other credit support from any person or financial institution in connection with financial assistance provided by the authority under this section; and
 - (5) To pay any and all expenses of the authority, including, but not limited to:
- 83 (i) Any and all expenses for administrative, legal, actuarial, and other services related to the operation of the insurance fund; and
 - (ii) All costs, charges, fees, and expenses of the authority related to the authorizing, preparing, printing, selling, issuing, and insuring of bonds or notes (including, by way of example, bonds or notes, the proceeds of which are used to refund outstanding bonds or notes) and the funding of reserves.

- (c) The total aggregate amount of insurance from the insurance fund with respect to the insured portions of principal of bonds or notes or other instruments may not exceed at any time an amount equal to five times the balance in the insurance fund.
 - (d) The authority may, in its sole and absolute discretion, set the premiums and fees to be paid to it for providing financial assistance under this section. The premiums and fees set by the authority shall be payable in the amounts, at the time, and in the manner that the authority, in its sole and absolute discretion, requires. The premiums and fees need not be uniform among transactions, and may vary in amount: (1) among transactions, and (2) at different stages during the terms of transactions.
- 107 (e) The authority may, in its sole and absolute discretion, require the security it believes sufficient in 109 connection with its insuring of the payment or repayment of any bonds, notes, debt or other instruments 111 described in subdivisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection 112 (b) of this section.
 - (f) The authority may itself approve the form of any insurance agreement entered into under this section or may authorize the chairman or his designee to approve the form of any such agreement. Any payment by the authority under an agreement entered into by the authority under this section shall be made at the time and in the manner that the authority, in its sole and absolute discretion, determines.
 - (g) The obligations of the authority under any insurance agreement entered into pursuant to this article shall not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing powers of this state or of any county, municipality or any political subdivision of this state for the payment of any amount due thereunder or pursuant thereto, but the obligations evidenced by such insurance agreement shall be payable solely from the funds pledged for their payment. All such insurance agreements shall contain on the face thereof a statement to the effect that such agreements and the obligations

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evidenced thereby are not debts of the state or any county, municipality or political subdivision thereof but are payable solely from funds pledged for their pay-

135 ment.

§31-15-9. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.

- (a) The authority may issue its bonds or notes to fulfill the purposes set forth in this article.
 - (b) The authority may issue renewal notes to pay notes and, if it considers refunding expedient, may refund or refund in advance, bonds or notes, whether or not originally issued by the authority, by the issuance of new bonds or notes.
 - (c) Except as may otherwise be expressly provided by the authority, every issue of its notes or bonds shall be special obligations of the authority, payable solely from the property, revenues or other sources of or available to the authority pledged therefor.
 - (d) The bonds and the notes shall be authorized by the authority pursuant to section ten of this article, and shall be secured, be in such denominations, may bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such registration privileges. be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places and such time or times and be subject to such terms of redemption as the authority may authorize. The bonds and notes of the authority may be sold by the authority, at public or private sale, at or not less than the price the authority determines. The bonds and notes shall be executed by manual or facsimile signature by the chairman of the board, and the official seal of the authority or a facsimile thereof shall be affixed to or printed on each bond and note and attested. manually or by facsimile signature, by the secretary of the board, and any coupons attached to any bond or note shall bear the manual or facsimile signature of the chairman of the board. In case any officer whose signature, or a facsimile of whose signature, appears on any bonds, notes or coupons ceases to be such officer before delivery of such bonds or notes, such signature or facsimile is nevertheless sufficient for all purposes

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- 36 the same as if he had remained in office until such
- 37 delivery; and, in case the seal of the authority has been
- 38 changed after a facsimile has been imprinted on such
- 39 bonds or notes, such facsimile seal will continue to be
- 40 sufficient for all purposes.

§31-15-10. Approval by authority.

- 1 (a) To implement the powers and authority conferred 2 upon it by this article, the board of the authority may 3 adopt a resolution pursuant to which it shall:
 - (1) Specify and describe the project;
- 5 (2) Generally describe the public purpose to be served 6 and the financing transaction to be accomplished under 7 this article:
- 8 (3) Specify the maximum principal amount of any 9 bonds or notes to be issued by the authority, the 10 maximum principal amount of the loan, and the amount of insurance, if any, to be provided by the authority; and
- 12 (4) Impose any terms or conditions on the issuance of 13 notes or bonds, the making of a loan or the provision of 14 insurance that the authority deems appropriate.
 - (b) The board of the authority may, by resolution, or may delegate to the chairman or other designee the authority to, specify, prescribe, determine, provide for and approve such matters, details, forms, documents or procedures as the authority deems appropriate to the making of a loan, the authorization, sale, issuance, security, delivery, or payment of or for bonds or notes, or the authority's insurance of bonds, notes, loans or other instruments, including, without limitation, the rate or rates of interest and any security for the loan or insurance.
 - (c) The resolution adopted pursuant to this section is administrative in nature, is not subject to procedures required for legislative acts, and is not subject to referendum.
- 30 (d) In any suit, action, or proceeding involving the 31 validity or enforceability of any bonds or notes issued, 32 loan made, or insurance extended by the authority

- under this article or any security therefor, any finding by the authority as to the public purpose of any actions taken under this article and the appropriateness of those actions to serve the public purpose shall be conclusive.
- 37 (e) Any resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds 38 or notes shall provide that such bonds or notes shall 39 contain a recital that they are issued pursuant to this 40 article, which recital shall be conclusive evidence of 41 their validity and of the regularity of their issuance.

§31-15-11. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; pledge or assignment of revenues.

1 For bonds or notes issued pursuant to the provisions 2 of this article, in the discretion of the authority, any 3 bonds or notes, including refunding bonds or notes issued by the authority, may be secured by a trust 4 agreement between the authority and a corporate 5 6 trustee, which trustee may be any bank or trust 7 company within or without the state. Any such trust 8 agreement may contain such binding covenants with the 9 holders of such bonds or notes as to any matter or 10 provisions as are deemed necessary or advisable to the 11 authority to enhance the marketability and security of 12 such bonds or notes and may also contain such other 13 provisions with respect thereto as the authority may 14 authorize and approve. Any resolution adopted by the 15 authority or any trust agreement may contain a pledge 16 or assignment of revenues to be received in connection 17 with the financing.

§31-15-12. Use of funds by authority; restrictions thereon relating to projects.

1 All moneys, properties and assets acquired by the 2 authority, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds 3 or notes or as revenues or otherwise, shall be held by it in trust for the purposes of carrying out its powers 4 5 and duties and shall be used and reused in accordance with the purposes and provisions of this article. Such 6 7 moneys shall at no time be commingled with other 8 public funds. Such moneys, except as otherwise pro-9 vided in any resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds

- 10 or notes or in any trust agreement securing the same.
- 11 or except when invested pursuant to this article, shall
- 12 be kept in appropriate depositories and secured as
- 13 provided and required by law. The resolution authoriz-
- ing the issuance of such bonds or notes of any issue or 14
- the trust agreement securing such bonds or notes shall 15
- provide that any officer to whom, or any banking 16
- institution or trust company to which, such moneys are 17 18
- paid, shall act as trustee of such moneys and hold and
- apply them for the purposes hereof, subject to the 19
- conditions this article and such resolution or trust 20
- 21 agreement provide.

§31-15-13. Refunding bonds or notes.

1 Any bonds or notes issued by the authority or any 2 other public body or authority of the state pursuant to the provisions of this article or any other provision of 4 this code and at any time outstanding may at any time 5 and from time to time be refunded by the authority by 6 the issuance of its refunding bonds or notes in such 7 amount as it may deem necessary to refund the principal of the bonds or notes so to be refunded, 8 together with any unpaid interest thereon; to provide 9 additional funds for the purposes of the authority; and 10 11 to pay any premiums and commissions necessary to be paid in connection therewith. Any such refunding may 12 13 be effected whether the bonds or notes to be refunded 14 shall have then matured or shall thereafter mature. either by sale of the refunding bonds or notes and the 15 16 application of the proceeds thereof for the redemption 17 of the bonds or notes to be refunded thereby or by exchange of the refunding bonds or notes for the bonds 18 or notes to be refunded thereby. Such refunding bonds 19 20 or notes shall be issued in conformance with the 21 provisions of sections nine and ten of this article.

§31-15-14. Obligations of authority undertaken pursuant to this article not debt of state, county, municipality or any political subdivision.

- Bonds and notes, including refunding bonds and notes, 1
- issued under the authority of this article and any 2
- coupons in connection therewith, and any other obliga-3

tions undertaken by the authority pursuant to this 4 5 article, shall not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith 6 and credit or taxing power of this state or of any county. 7 municipality or any other political subdivision of this 8 state, and the holders and owners thereof shall have no 9 right to have taxes levied by the Legislature or the 10 taxing authority of any county, municipality or any 11 other political subdivision of this state for the payment 12 of the principal thereof or interest thereon, but such 13 bonds, notes and other obligations shall be payable solely 14 from revenues and funds pledged for their payment as authorized by this article unless the notes are issued in 15 anticipation of the issuance of bonds or the notes are 16 17 refunded by refunding bonds issued under the authority of this article, which bonds or refunding bonds shall be 18 payable solely from revenues and funds pledged for 19 20 their payment as authorized by this article. All such 21 bonds and notes, and all documents evidencing any other 22 obligation, shall contain on the face thereof a statement 23 to the effect that the bonds, notes or such other 24 obligation as to both principal and interest, are not debts of the state or any county, municipality or political 25 subdivision thereof, but are payable solely from re-26 27 venues and funds pledged for their payment.

§31-15-15. Negotiability of bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.

1 Whether or not the bonds or notes issued pursuant to

2 this article are of such form or character as to be

3 negotiable instruments under the Uniform Commercial 4

Code, such bonds or notes are negotiable instruments

within the meaning of and for all the purposes of the 5

6 Uniform Commercial Code, subject only to the provi-7

sions of the bonds or notes for registration.

§31-15-16. Bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article; legal investments.

1 The provisions of sections nine and ten, article six,

2 chapter twelve of this code to the contrary notwithstand-

3 ing, the bonds and notes issued pursuant to the provi-

sions of this article are securities in which all public 4

5 officers and bodies of this state, including the West

- 6 Virginia state board of investments, all municipalities 7
- and other political subdivisions of this state, all
- 8 insurance companies and associations and other persons
- 9 carrying on an insurance business, including domestic
- for life and domestic not for life insurance companies, 10
- 11 all banks, trust companies, societies for savings,
- 12 building and loan associations, savings and loan associ-
- 13 ations, deposit guarantee associations and investment
- 14 companies, all administrators, guardians, executors.
- 15 trustees and other fiduciaries and all other persons
- 16 whatsoever who are authorized to invest in bonds or
- 17 other obligations of the state may properly and legally
- invest funds, including capital, in their control or 18
- 19 belonging to them.

§31-15-17. Exemption from taxation.

- 1 The exercise of the powers granted to the authority
- 2 by this article will be in all respects for the benefit of
- 3 the people of the state for the improvement of their
- health, safety, convenience and welfare and is a public 4
- 5 purpose. As the operation and maintenance of projects
- 6 financed under this article will constitute the perfor-
- 7 mance of essential governmental functions, the authority 8 shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments
- 9 upon any property acquired or used by the authority or
- 10 upon the income therefrom. All bonds and notes of the
- 11 authority, and all interest and income thereon, shall be
- 12 exempt from all taxation by this state and any county,
- 13 municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof,
- 14 except inheritance taxes.

§31-15-18. Personal liability; persons executing bonds or notes issued pursuant to this article.

- Neither the members or officers of the authority or 1
- of any authority, agency or office, nor any person 2
- executing the bonds or notes issued pursuant to the 3
- provisions of this article, shall be liable personally on 4
- such bonds or notes or be subject to any personal 5
- liability or accountability by reason of the issuance 6
- 7 thereof.

§31-15-19. Cumulative authority as to powers conferred; applicability of other statutes and charters; bonds and notes issued pursuant to this article.

1 The provisions of this article relating to the making 2 of loans and to the issuance of bonds and notes shall be 3 construed as granting cumulative authority for the exercise of the various powers herein conferred, and 4 5 neither the powers nor any bonds or notes issued 6 hereunder shall be affected or limited by any other 7 statutory or charter provision now or hereafter in force. 8 other than as may be provided in this article, it being 9 the purpose and intention of this article to create full. 10 separate and complete additional powers. The various powers conferred herein may be exercised independ-11 12 ently and notwithstanding that no bonds or notes are 13 issued hereunder.

§31-15-20. Authority of the board of investments.

1 The board of investments shall, under the provisions 2 of this article, invest moneys, securities and other assets 3 of the special account for the common investment of 4 state funds designated as the state account within the 5 special investment fund designated as the consolidated 6 fund established under the provisions of subsection (b), 7 section eight, article six, chapter twelve of this code as 8 a revolving loan fund with the authority, to enable the authority to make loans approved by the authority and 9 10 to be funded from such consolidated fund in an amount 11 which shall not at anytime exceed one hundred fifty million dollars in the aggregate principal amount 12 outstanding. With respect to loans funded under this 13 article through the consolidated fund of the state, such 14 loans shall be made in the name of the consolidated fund 15 16 by the authority.

§31-15-21. Loan and insurance application requirements.

Prior to the loaning of any funds to an industrial development agency or an enterprise for a project or the insuring of any bonds, notes, loans or other instruments pursuant to section eight of this article, the authority shall receive from such agency or enterprise an appli-

- 6 cation in such form as adopted by the authority for either the loan or the insurance.
- §31-15-22. Documentary materials concerning trade secrets; commercial or financial information; or confidentiality.

1 Any documentary material or data made or received by the authority for the purpose of furnishing assistance 2 3 to a business, to the extent that such material or data consists of trade secrets or commercial or financial 4 information regarding the financial position or business 5 operation of such business, shall not be considered 6 7 public records and shall be exempt from disclosure 8 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of 9 this code. Any discussion or consideration of such trade 10 secrets or commercial or financial information may be held by the authority in executive session closed to the 11 public, notwithstanding the provisions of article nine-a. 12 13 chapter six of this code: Provided. That the authority shall make publicly available the following information 14 regarding executed loans or its provision of insurance: 15 (1) The name of the debtor, (2) location(s) of the project, 16 (3) amount of the authority loan or financial assistance 17 provided by the insurance fund, (4) the purpose of the 18 loan or financial assistance, (5) the term, rate and 19 20 interest of the loan, and (6) the fixed assets which serve 21 as security for the loan or insurance provided.

§31-15-23. Economic development fund.

The economic development fund, to which shall be 1 2 credited any appropriation made by the Legislature to 3 the authority, any funds which the authority is autho-4 rized to receive under any provision of this code, other funds which the board directs to be deposited into the 5 fund, and such other deposits as are provided for in this 6 section, is hereby continued in the state treasury as a 7 8 special account.

The authority may requisition from the fund such amounts as are necessary to provide for the payment of the administrative expenses of this article.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, whenever the authority determines it to be necessary to

purchase at a foreclosure sale any project pursuant to subdivision (t), section six of this article, it may requisition from the fund such amount as is necessary to pay the purchase price thereof.

The authority shall requisition from the fund such amounts as are allocated and appropriated for loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises for projects. As loans to industrial development agencies or enterprises are repaid to the authority pursuant to the terms of mortgages and other agreements, the authority shall pay such amounts into the fund, consistent with the intent of this article that the fund shall operate as a revolving fund whereby all appropriations and payments made thereto may be applied and reapplied for the purposes of this article. Revenues deposited into the fund may be used to make payments of interest and principal and may be pledged as security for bonds, security interests or notes issued by the authority pursuant to this article.

Whenever the authority determines that the balance in the fund is in excess of the immediate requirements for loans, it may request that such excess be invested until needed for loan purposes, in which case such excess shall be invested in a manner consistent with the investment of other temporary state funds. Interest earned on any money invested pursuant to this section shall be credited to the fund.

If the authority determines that funds held in the fund are in excess of the amount needed to carry out the purposes of this article, it may take such action as is necessary to release such excess and transfer it to the general fund of the state treasury.

§31-15-24. Transfer of state property to the authority.

The governor is authorized to provide for the transfer to the authority of the use, possession and control of such real or personal property of the state as he may from time to time deem useful to the authority in the conduct of its activities as authorized by this article.

§31-15-25. Validity of any pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or security instrument.

- 1 It is the intention hereof that any pledge, mortgage,
- 2 deed of trust or security instrument made by or for the
- 3 benefit of the authority shall be valid and binding
- 4 between the parties from the time the pledge, mortgage,
- 5 deed of trust or security instrument is made; and that
- 6 the moneys or property so pledged, encumbered,
- 7 mortgaged or entrusted shall immediately be subject to
- 8 the lien of such pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or
- 9 security instrument without any physical delivery
- 10 thereof or further act.

§31-15-26. Money of the authority.

- 1 All money accruing to the authority from whatever
 - source derived, except legislative appropriations, shall
- 3 be collected and received by the treasurer of the
- 4 authority, who shall pay it into the state treasury in the
- 5 manner required by section two, article two, chapter
- 6 twelve of this code, which shall be credited to the
- 7 appropriate fund of the authority.

§31-15-27. Conflict of interest; when contracts void.

- 1 No member, officer or employee of the authority shall
- 2 either directly or indirectly be a party to or interested
- 3 in any manner in any contract or agreement with the
- 4 authority whereby liability or indebtedness against or to
- 5 the authority is in any manner created. Any contract or
- 6 agreement made in violation of the provisions of this
- 7 section shall be void and no action thereon shall be
- 8 maintained against the authority.

§31-15-28. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.

- 1 The state hereby pledges to and agrees with each
- 2 federal agency that, if such agency constructs or loans
- 3 or contributes any funds for any project, the state will
- 4 not alter or limit the rights and powers of the authority
- 5 in any manner which would be inconsistent with the due
- 6 performance of any agreement between the authority
- 7 and such federal agency and that the authority shall
- 8 continue to have and exercise all powers granted for

9 carrying out the purposes of this article for so long as 10 necessary.

§31-15-29. Audits.

- 1 As soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year,
- 2 the authority shall make an annual report of its
- 3 activities for the preceding fiscal year to the governor
- 4 and the Legislature. Each such report shall set forth a
- 5 complete operating and financial statement covering the
- 6 authority's operations during the preceding fiscal year.
- 7 The authority shall cause an audit of its books and
- 8 accounts to be made at least once each fiscal year by
- 9 certified public accountants and the cost thereof may be
- 10 treated as a part of the cost of construction or of
- 11 operations of its projects.

§31-15-30. Projects not to be considered public improvements.

- 1 No project, enterprise or business facility which
- 2 conducts as its primary activity a manufacturing
- 3 process or other nongovernmental or nonpublic activity
- 4 may be deemed to be a "public improvement" within the
- 5 meaning of the provisions of article five-a, chapter
 - twenty-one of this code.

§31-15-31. Foreign trade zones; authority approval.

- 1 Any public corporation located in the state is hereby
- 2 authorized to apply for, develop, maintain and operate
- 3 a foreign trade zone in the state pursuant to and in
- 4 accordance with all applicable provisions of federal law:
- 5 Provided, That any public corporation desiring to apply
- 6 for or develop a foreign trade zone must first receive the
- 7 approval of the authority.

§31-15-32. Severability.

- 1 If any section, subsection, subdivision, subparagraph,
- 2 sentence or clause of this article is adjudged to be
- 3 unconstitutional or invalid, such adjudication shall not
- 4 affect the validity of the remaining portions of this
- 5 article, and, to this end, the provisions of this article are
- 6 hereby declared to be severable.

§31-15-33. Construction.

- 1 The provisions of this article are remedial and shall
- 2 be liberally construed and applied so as to promote the
- 3 purposes set out in section three of this article.

CHAPTER 55

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2326—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections six, twenty-six and twenty-nine, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty; to amend and reenact section two, article two-e of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections three-a, three-b and seven; to amend and reenact sections four, eighteena and eighteen-c, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, four, five-a, six-a, seven, eight, nine, ten, thirteen-b and twenty-two, article nine-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article twenty of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; to amend and reenact sections one, two, five-a, five-b, five-c and eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-d, all relating to the curriculum and instructional improvement; providing for the granting of certificates of proficiency to eligible high school graduates; providing for regional educational service agencies to conduct a study for performing certain services and functions for public schools and school districts in the region and protecting certain employees; requiring each regional educational service agency to evaluate school services in its region and requiring each school to evaluate its regional educational service agency services; providing

for awarding competitive grants to schools to implement exemplary and innovative programs to improve instruction; providing for establishment of a statewide curriculum technology resource center to facilitate access to and expedite acquisition of materials; providing for regional educational service agencies to serve as depository and distribution centers for curriculum technology resource materials; clarifying intent of readiness evaluations; providing criteria for use in the development of an evaluation model; requiring a criterion referenced test to be given to first and second graders in reading and math with third and fourth graders being tested in reading, composition and math: providing for honors and advanced placement courses in grades nine through twelve by school year one thousand nine hundred ninety--ninety-one; defining honors and advanced placement: establishing curriculum offered in honors and advanced placement and providing for the instruction thereof; providing for the phase-in of honors and advanced placement; providing that certain students in grades nine through twelve may be served in honors and advanced placement; requiring state board of education to designate an employee who is an expert in financial assistance to inform students of the availability of financial assistance to attend college; providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in the public schools; changing the time requirement for when a county board must hold a public hearing concerning the preliminary operating budget: providing for additional compensation for elementary teachers whose number of pupils have exceeded the maximum class size; creating the early childhood program to replace the transitional or developmental kindergarten program; revising the definitions of professional instructional personnel, adjusted enrollment and basic resources per pupil; providing that attrition, early retirement and other methods shall be utilized before implementing reduction in force procedures: permitting waiver of ratio of foundation allowance for professional educators and service personnel to net enrollment for a limited period; changing the gradual phase-in of the teachers retirement factor schedule from three and one half percent to the full fifteen percent; increasing school bus replacement cycle to ten years; increasing the foundation allowance for administrative cost to provide additional funding for regional educational service agencies; increasing the allowance for current expense; resetting base in foundation allowance to improve instructional programs; increasing the minimum amount of funds allocated to each county on the basis of adjusted enrollment from one hundred thousand to one hundred fifty thousand; changing the distribution of funds recaptured due to adjusted enrollment in allowances for remedial and accelerated education programs and salary equity; eliminating certain standards for education quality; revising exceptional children program and defining exceptional gifted; requiring caseload review of various programs in certain grades; establishing requirements for in-field master's degrees earned after a certain date; increasing by five percent the state minimum salary schedule for teachers effective the second half of the employment term and establishing infield master's salary schedule; removing the limits placed on benefits that counties may provide for teachers and service personnel; requiring certain study relating to service personnel salaries; increasing the service personnel state minimum pay scale to reflect an approximate aggregate five percent increase effective the second half of the employment term; and providing for consolidation of services and seniority rights for administrative personnel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six, twenty-six and twenty-nine, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty; that section two, article two-e of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections three-a, three-b and seven; that sections four, eighteen-a and eighteen-c, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two,

four, five-a, six-a, seven, eight, nine, ten, thirteen-b and twenty-two, article nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article twenty of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; that sections one, two, five-a, five-b, five-c and eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-d, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

- 2. State Board of Education.
- 2E. High Quality Education Programs.
- County Board of Education.
- 9A. Public School Support.
- Education of Exceptional Children.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-6. Training of teachers: accreditation, classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diploma.
- Establishment of multicounty regional educational service §18-2-26. agencies; purposes; authority to implement regional services.
- §18-2-29. Competitive grant program for selected schools and school districts. Statewide curriculum technology resource center established; §18-2-30. distribution of materials by regional educational service agencies.

§18-2-6. Training of teachers; accreditation, classification and standardization of schools: standards for degrees and diploma.

- (a) The education of teachers in the state shall be 1 under the general direction and control of the state 2
- board of education after consultation with the board of 3
- regents, which shall, through the state superintendent 4
- 5 of schools, exercise supervisory control over teacher 6
- preparation including (1) those programs in all institu-
- tions of higher education, including student teaching in 7 the public schools; and (2) any alternative training 8
- programs leading to licensure, in accordance with 9

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standards for program approval stated in writing by the board. Such standards shall include a provision for the study of multicultural education.

As used in this section, multicultural education means the study of the pluralistic nature of American society including its values, institutions, organizations, groups, status positions and social roles.

(b) To give prospective teachers the teaching experience needed to demonstrate competence, as a prerequisite to licensure, the state board of education may enter into an agreement with county boards of education for the use of the public schools. Such agreement shall recognize student teaching as a joint responsibility of the teacher preparation institution and the cooperating public schools and shall include (1) the minimum qualifications for the employment of public school teachers selected as supervising teachers: (2) the remuneration to be paid public school teachers by the state board, in addition to their contractual salaries, for supervising student teachers; and (3) minimum standards to guarantee adequacy of facilities and program of the public school selected for student teaching. The student teacher, under the direction and supervision of the supervising teacher, shall exercise the authority of a substitute teacher.

Institutions of higher education approved for teacher preparation may cooperate with each other and with one or more county boards of education in the organization and operation of centers to provide selected phases of the teacher preparation program such as student teaching or internship programs, instruction in methodology, seminar programs for college students, first year teachers and supervising teachers.

Such institutions of higher education and participating county boards of education may budget and expend funds for the operation of such centers through payments to the appropriate fiscal office of the county designated by mutual agreement of participating county school boards and higher education institutions to serve as the administering agency of the center.

 The provisions of this section shall not be construed to require the discontinuation of an existing student teacher training center or school which meets the standards of the state board of education.

All institutions of higher education approved for teacher preparation in the school year of one thousand nine hundred sixty-two—sixty-three shall continue to hold that distinction so long as they meet the minimum standards for teacher preparation. Nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights granted to any institution by charter given according to law previous to the adoption of this code.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, the state board of education is authorized to develop alternative training programs leading to licensure in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the state board of education after consultation with the board of regents: *Provided*, That no teacher shall be permanently certified who has not completed a core curriculum, as determined by the state board after consultation with the board of regents, in an approved teacher preparation or improvement program of an accredited institution of higher education.

The state board shall also develop and implement a beginning teacher internship program by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

(d) The state board shall make rules for the accreditation, classification and standardization of all schools in the state, except institutions of higher education, and shall determine the minimum standards for the granting of diplomas and certificates of proficiency by those schools. Not later than the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, certificates of proficiency including specific information regarding the graduate's skills, competence, and readiness for employment or honors and advanced education shall be granted, along with the diploma, to every eligible high school graduate. No institution of less than collegiate or university status may grant any diploma or certificate of proficiency on

any basis of work or merit below the minimum standards prescribed by the state board.

No charter or other instrument containing the right to issue diplomas or certificates of proficiency shall be granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution or other associations or organizations of less than collegiate or university status within the state until the condition of granting or issuing such diplomas or other certificates of proficiency has first been approved in writing by the state board.

§18-2-26. Establishment of multicounty regional educational service agencies; purposes; authority to implement regional services.

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- (a) In order to consolidate and administer more effectively existing educational programs and services so individual districts will have more discretionary moneys for educational improvement and in order to equalize and extend educational opportunities, the state board of education shall establish multicounty regional educational service agencies for the purpose of providing high quality, cost effective educational programs and services to the county school systems, and shall make such rules as may be necessary for the effective administration and operation of such agencies.
- (b) In furtherance of these purposes, it is the duty of the board of directors of each regional educational service agency to continually explore possibilities for the delivery of services on a regional basis which will facilitate equality in the educational offerings among counties in its service area, permit the delivery of high quality educational programs at a lower per student cost, strengthen the cost effectiveness of education funding resources, reduce administrative and/or operational costs, including the consolidation of administrative, coordinating and other county level functions into region level functions, and promote the efficient administration and operation of the public school systems generally.

Technical, operational, programmatic or professional services would be among the types of services appropriate for delivery on a regional basis.

(c) In addition to performing the services and functions required by the provisions of this or any other section of this code, a regional educational service agency may implement regional programs and services by a majority vote of its board of directors. When said vote is not unanimous, the board of directors shall file a plan for the service or program delivery with the state board describing the program or service, the manner of delivery and the projected savings and/or the improved quality of the program or service. The state board shall promulgate rules requiring a county board that declines to participate in such programs or services to show just cause for not participating and the estimated savings accruing to the county therefrom. If a county board fails to show that savings will accrue to the county or that the quality of the program will be significantly and positively affected as a result of its decision not to participate, the state board shall withhold from the county's foundation allowance for administrative cost the lesser of the amount of the estimated savings or the allocation for the county's foundation allowance for administrative cost.

- (d) The state board, in conjunction with the various regional educational service agencies, shall develop an effective model for the regional delivery of instruction in subjects where there exists low student enrollment or a shortage of certified teachers or where such delivery method substantially improves the quality of an instructional program. Such model shall incorporate an interactive electronic classroom approach to instruction. To the extent funds are appropriated or otherwise available, county boards or regional educational service agencies may adopt and utilize the model for the delivery of such instruction.
- (e) Each regional educational service agency shall conduct a study setting forth how the following services and functions may be performed by the agency for public schools and school districts within the region without terminating the employment of personnel employed by school districts prior to the effective date of this subsection: Accounting, purchasing, food service,

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98 99 transportation, delivery of high cost services to low incidence student populations, audiovisual material distribution, facilities planning, federal program coordination, personnel recruiting and an integrated regional computer information system. On or before the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, each regional educational service agency shall submit the study to the state board, to the standing committees on education and finance of the West Virginia Senate and House of Delegates, and to the secretary of education and the arts: *Provided*, That in the event such study is implemented those individuals employed prior to the effective date thereof shall not have their employment terminated as a result of the study.

- (f) Each regional educational service agency shall submit a report and evaluation of the services provided and utilized by the schools within each respective region. Furthermore, each school shall submit an evaluation of the services provided by the regional educational service agency, which shall include an evaluation of the regional educational service agency program, suggestions as to how to improve utilization and the individual school's plan as to development of new programs and enhancement of existing programs. The reports shall be due by the first day of January of each year commencing with the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one and shall be made available to the state board of education, standing committees on education of the West Virginia Senate and House of Delegates and to the secretary of education and the arts.
- 100 (g) A regional board shall be empowered to receive 101 and disburse funds from the state and federal govern-102 ments, member counties, gifts and grants.

§18-2-29. Competitive grant program for selected schools and school districts.

The state board shall establish no later than the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, a competitive grant program whereby schools may be awarded grants to implement exemplary and innovative programs designed to improve instruction.

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6 Applications for awarding competitive grants which 7 include one or more of the following considerations shall 8 be given priority: (a) Whether local community resources have been committed to work in partnership with 9 10 the school to implement the program. (b) whether the program involves extending the school year, (c) whether 11 12 the program is for remediation, (d) whether the proposal will implement an early childhood program pursuant to 13 14 section eighteen-c, article five of this chapter. (e) 15 whether the proposal will implement a beginning 16 teacher assistance program, (f) whether the school has 17 probationary or nonapproval accreditation status, and, 18 (g) how the program will be evaluated based on 19 measurable performance criteria such as: Student 20 achievement gain; student attendance; teacher attend-21 ance; parent participation; reduction in the amount of 22 paperwork required of teachers; and any other factor 23 promoting the attainment of full accreditation for the 24 school or the school district.

The state board shall promulgate rules which ensure that the school or school district utilizes these funds appropriately. The state board shall encourage the donation of funds from private and other sources to augment state funding for the program.

§18-2-30. Statewide curriculum technology resource center established; distribution of materials by regional educational service agencies.

There shall be established a statewide curriculum 1 2 technology resource center to facilitate access to, and 3 expedite the acquisition of, audiovisual materials to 4 assist in the continued enrichment of the school curriculum. The state board shall designate the statewide 5 6 center. The legislative intent is that appropriations for 7 the said resource center be designated primarily for 8 supportive materials to be made available for use by 9 teachers: Provided. That no more than five percent of 10 the moneys allocated for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety be used for capital outlay 11 12 and improvements on any structure used to house said resource center. The center shall develop a program of 13 services for public school teachers in the fields of 14

15 curricular development, instructional resources and 16 technology. The center shall also undertake projects to describe systematically and evaluate curriculum mate-17 18 rials and instruction resources, provide for dissemina-19 tion of software and programs to teachers, provide 20 leadership in the areas of instructional resources and 21 provide training to increase skills in the use of technol-22 ogy and other instructional resources.

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The center shall be a centralized purchasing agent for audiovisual materials requested for use in the public schools. The center shall utilize curriculum teams of classroom teachers and other professional educators representing all regional educational service agency regions to assist in the materials selection process. The center may obtain authorization to duplicate such materials and may duplicate such materials when duplication is justified by cost and need and when appropriate authorization has been obtained. The center shall maintain a central library of all original materials duplicated and shall compile no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, a statewide catalog of all audiovisual materials available. The center shall make the statewide catalog accessible to teachers through electronic or other means.

Each regional educational service agency shall serve as a depository and distribution center for the audiovisual materials available to the public schools in its region. Each regional educational service agency shall survey audiovisual material currently held in the public schools in its region and submit the list to the statewide center for possible inclusion in the statewide catalog: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to change ownership by any county board of any materials which are included in the catalog. Whenever the regional educational service agency receives a request for material not listed in the statewide catalog, the agency shall submit a request to the statewide center for review by one of the curriculum teams and, if appropriate, purchase and distribute the material.

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ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

- §18-2E-2. Statewide testing of educational progress program (WV-STEP); purposes, development and implementation of program.
- §18-2E-3a. Honors and advanced placement programs.
- §18-2E-3b. Placement advisory committee established.
- §18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.

§18-2E-2. Statewide testing of educational progress program (WV-STEP); purposes, development and implementation of program.

- 1 (a) The state board shall establish a program for the
- 2 statewide testing of the educational progress of public
- 3 school students in attaining a high quality education,
- 4 hereinafter referred to as the WV-STEP program.
- 5 The WV-STEP program shall provide information to:
- 6 (1) Assess the overall academic progress of students,
- 7 including (i) identifying individual students' academic
- 8 weaknesses and readiness, and (ii) identifying students
- 9 who may need remediation;
- 10 (2) Assist the teacher in determining student 11 promotion:
- 12 (3) Compare achievement of students in West Virgi-13 nia to achievement of students on a national basis;
- 14 (4) Assess the strengths and weaknesses of school 15 performance:
- 16 (5) Assess the effects of state and local educational programs;
 - (6) Make decisions at the state and local level with regard to educational matters, including (i) the need for new or revised educational programs and the need to
- terminate existing educational programs, (ii) overall curriculum development and revision activities, and (iii)
- 23 teacher training and staff development activities; and
- 24 (7) Inform the public of the overall quality of educa-25 tion in individual schools and school districts.
- 26 (b) The state board shall prepare detailed design specifications for the WV-STEP program which accomplish the following:

29 (1) Take into account the state learning outcome 30 statements in the basic skill areas of reading, composi-31 tion, mathematics and other subject areas as determined 32 by the state board; and

 (2) Include testing of students' higher level cognitive thinking in each subject area tested.

"Learning outcome statements" means statements developed and adopted by the state board which for the purposes of this article have been fully and properly field tested to ensure their reliability and validity in indicating the knowledge base and skills expected of students for particular subject areas and which may be used to measure indicators of statewide standards for student progress in attaining a high quality education.

- (c) The state board shall implement the WV-STEP program as follows:
- (1) Beginning in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, and continuing thereafter:
- (i) An evaluation designed to measure student readiness to begin the formal school curriculum shall be administered to all kindergarten public school students. Such evaluation shall be used solely to assist in making policy decisions at the state and local levels with regard to educational matters as outlined in subdivision six, subsection (a) of this section, and shall not be used for individual diagnostic or placement purposes.
- (ii) An evaluation model for children in kindergarten, first and second grades shall be developed by a committee of teachers, parents and principals selected by each regional educational service agency board within each regional educational service agency. The evaluation model shall be developed using the following criteria:
- (A) The model shall be based on the fact that kindergarten through second grade is educationally continuous;
- (B) The model shall allow for variability in the achievement of children in kindergarten through second grade;

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- 68 (C) The model shall be applied continuously to reflect assessment as a teaching tool;
- 70 (D) Information gathered by the evaluation model 71 shall be used to adapt curriculum and to provide 72 feedback to parents;
- 73 (E) The model shall include a measure of achievement of the state learning outcomes.

The evaluation model, as developed by each regional educational service agency committee, shall be made available to the state board and to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety; and

- 81 (iii) A criterion referenced test measuring competen-82 cies based on the learning outcome statements shall be 83 administered to all public school students in grades one 84 and two to measure their academic progress in reading 85 and mathematics; and
 - (iv) A criterion referenced test measuring competencies based on the learning outcome statements shall be administered to all public school students in grades three and four to measure their academic progress in reading, composition and mathematics.
 - The results of the tests shall be used to identify each student's deficiencies, aid in determining instruction needed by the student in achieving the statewide standards established for the respective grade and assist the teacher in determining student promotion.
 - (2) Beginning in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one—ninety-two, and continuing thereafter:
- (i) A criterion referenced test measuring competencies based on the learning outcome statements for reading, composition and mathematics in grade five shall be administered to all public school students in grade five. Each year thereafter, a criterion referenced test for these subject areas shall be administered to

students in the next higher grade through grade eight; and

- (ii) Criterion referenced testing measuring competencies based on the learning outcome statements in additional subject areas shall be implemented as funds are available on a schedule determined by the board.
- 111 (3) Beginning in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, and continuing thereafter, 113 National Assessment of Educational Progress Program 114 tests shall be administered in academic areas at the various grades designated by the National Assessment of Educational Progress officials to provide comparisons of West Virginia students to a national sample.
 - (d) The state board shall revise and update the learning outcome statements as necessary and shall determine a schedule for the annual administration of the WV-STEP program tests. The state superintendent is responsible for the overall development, implementation and monitoring of the program. The state board may establish a pilot program to implement the WV-STEP program prior to the required implementation dates under subsection (c) of this section.
 - (e) Any student who is unable to take any of the tests prescribed in this section because of absence from school and provides school authorities with a valid reason for such absence shall be given the missed test as soon as possible following the student's return to school. An exceptional child is subject to testing under the WV-STEP program only to the extent specified in that child's individualized education program (IEP).
- (f) The parent or guardian of each student tested under the WV-STEP program shall be notified in writing of the students test score, along with the average test score of all other students in the same grade at the school. The state board shall promulgate rules for the compilation of aggregate test scores by grade in such manner as to permit the comparison of student perfor-mance at different schools within and among the various school districts. The test scores of all students taking the test at each school shall be compiled by the district

- 145 pursuant to such rules, shall be made available for
- 146 public inspection and shall be included in the school and
- 147 county report cards under section four of this article.
- 148 However, no individual student's WV-STEP scores may
- 149 be disclosed to the public.

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150 (g) The department of education shall take necessary 151 administrative action under section five of this article 152 to monitor and evaluate the curriculum and instruction 153 methods in each school district to ensure compliance 154 with the standards and purposes of this article.

§18-2E-3a. Honors and advanced placement programs.

1 (a) The purpose of this section is to provide honors and 2 advanced placement programs to meet the needs of 3 students who have the potential and desire to complete 4 curriculum more demanding than that offered in the 5 regular classroom for their current grade level. Honors 6 programs are those programs offering courses to expand 7 the academic content in a given program of study and 8 may include, but shall not be limited to, research and 9 in-depth studies, mentorships, content-focused seminars. 10 and extended learning outcomes instruction in the 11 content area. Advanced placement programs are those 12 programs offering classes which are advanced in terms 13 of content and performance expectations of those 14 normally available for the age/grade level of the student 15 and providing credit toward graduation and possible 16 college credit. Advanced placement classes also include those recognized or offered by the college board. 17 18 postsecondary institutions and other recognized founda-19 tions, corporations or institutions.

Curriculum approved under this section shall be designed to advance the achievement of students in the subject area or areas in which the student has achieved at least two of the following three criteria: (a) Demonstrated exceptional ability and interest through past performance, (b) obtained the prerequisite knowledge and skills to perform honors or advanced placement work, and (c) recommended by the student's former or present teachers. Honors and advanced placement curriculum may include advanced placement courses

30 offered through the college board or other public or 31 private foundations, corporations, institutions, or 32 businesses whose courses are generally accepted as 33 leading to advanced placement or standing in a postse-34 condary institution, accelerated instructional courses 35 offered via satellite and other courses and arrange-36 ments, approved by the state board, which provide 37 students an opportunity to advance their learning above 38 that offered through the regular curriculum. To the 39 maximum extent possible, honors and advanced place-40 ment courses shall be taught by a regular classroom 41 teacher. Such classroom teacher shall have adequate 42 knowledge in the subject area for the instruction of such 43 course. If a teacher, licensed by the state board, with 44 adequate knowledge in the advanced subject area is not 45 available, an adjunct teacher or other qualified person may be employed, contracted for, or shared between 46 47 schools to instruct such course: Provided, That the 48 position shall be posted annually prior to the beginning 49 of the school year immediately following the school year in which the adjunct teacher or other qualified person 50 51 is employed. The state board may grant waivers to 52 existing certification requirements for an adjunct 53 teacher or other qualified person who has an earned bachelors degree and has demonstrated competence in 54 55 the subject to be taught.

(b) The honors and advanced placement curriculum shall be phased-in in accordance with the following schedule:

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- (1) Prior to the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the state board shall establish a program coordinated through the colleges and universities or some other entity, to provide training to teachers in the instruction of honors and advanced placement courses: *Provided*, That the state board shall not establish an additional certification area for the teaching of honors or advanced placement courses;
- (2) To assist in the implementation of teacher training for honors and advanced placement instruction, there shall be an appropriation to the state board;

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- 70 (3) On or before the first day of June, one thousand 71 nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereafter. 72 teachers shall be selected to teach honors and advanced 73 placement courses based upon the teacher's qualifica-74 tions and academic interests and the needs of the 75 students. The county boards of education shall, if 76 necessary, make arrangements for the teachers to attend 77 a training program;
 - (4) Beginning in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, each county board shall provide in grades nine through twelve honors and advanced placement courses as provided under subsection (a) of this section.
 - (c) The state board shall designate one employee who is an expert in the area of higher education financial aid, including, but not limited to, loans, grants and work studies, to work on a full-time continuous basis with high school counselors to ensure that all high school students are informed of the availability of financial assistance to attend college.

§18-2E-3b. Placement advisory committee established.

Gifted students in grades nine through twelve may be 1 2 served in honors and advanced placement programs as 3 described in section three of this article, pursuant to the student's individualized education program and set 4 5 forth in the student's four year education plan. Prior to 6 the end of grade eight, a placement advisory committee 7 shall convene for the purpose of determining whether a 8 student should be placed in an honors or advanced 9 placement program pursuant to the placement criteria 10 set forth in section three-a of this article. Upon a 11 determination that placement in one of the programs 12 would be appropriate, the placement advisory commit-13 tee shall write a four year education plan which will 14 designate honors or advanced placement courses and/or 15 offerings appropriate and agreed to by the school, parent and student. 16

The four year education plan must be reviewed annually and approved by the parent, student and school. Schools shall be required to deliver the individ-

20 ualized education program as stated in the four year 21 education plan.

§18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.

1 The Legislature finds that teachers must be provided 2 the support, assistance and teaching tools necessary to 3 meet individual student instructional needs on a daily basis in a classroom of students who differ in learning 4 styles, learning rates and in motivation to learn. The 5 Legislature further finds that attaining a solid founda-6 tion in the basic skills of reading, composition and 7 arithmetic is essential for advancement in higher 8 education, occupational and avocational pursuits and 9 that computers are an effective tool for the teacher in 10 11 corrective, remedial and enrichment activities. 12 Therefore, the state board shall develop a plan which specifies the resources to be used to provide services to 13 students in the earliest grade level and moving upward 14 as resources become available based on a plan developed 15 16 by each individual school team.

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This plan must provide for standardization of computer hardware and software for the purposes of achieving economies of scale, facilitating teacher training, permitting the comparison of achievement of students in schools and counties utilizing the hardware and software, and facilitating the repair of equipment, and ensuring appropriate utilization of the hardware and software purchased for remediation and basic skills development.

The state board shall determine the computer hardware and software specifications after input from practicing teachers at the appropriate grade levels and with the assistance of educational computer experts and the curriculum technology resource center.

Computer hardware and software shall be purchased either directly or through a lease purchase arrangement pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter fivea of this code in the amount equal to anticipated revenues being appropriated.

- 36 The state board shall develop and provide through the
- 37 state curriculum technology resource center a program
- 38 to ensure adequate teacher training, continuous teacher
- 39 support and updates.

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-5-4. Meetings; employment and assignment of teachers; budget hearing; compensation of members; affiliation with state and national associations.
- §18-5-18a. Maximum teacher-pupil ratio.
- §18-5-18c. Early childhood programs; eligibility and standards for placement; guidelines and criteria.
- §18-5-4. Meetings; employment and assignment of teachers; budget hearing; compensation of members; affiliation with state and national associations.

The board shall meet on the first Monday of January, 1 2 except that in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and every year thereafter, the board shall 3 4 meet on the first Monday of July, and upon the dates provided by law for the laying of levies, and at such 5 6 other times as the board may fix upon its records. At any meeting as authorized above and in compliance with 7 8 the provisions of article four of this chapter, the board may employ such qualified teachers, or those who will 9 qualify by the time of entering upon their duties, 10 necessary to fill existing or anticipated vacancies for the 11 current or next ensuing school year. At a meeting of the 12 board, on or before the first Monday of May, the 13 superintendent shall furnish in writing to the board a 14 15 list of those teachers to be considered for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing school year; 16 all other teachers not so listed shall be considered as 17 reassigned to the positions held at the time of this 18 meeting. Such list of those recommended for transfer 19 shall be included in the minute record and the teachers 20 21 so listed shall be notified in writing, which notice shall be delivered in writing, by certified mail, return receipt 22 requested, to such teachers' last-known addresses within 23 ten days following said board meeting, of their having 24 been so recommended for transfer and subsequent 25 26 assignment.

Special meetings may be called by the president or any three members, but no business shall be transacted other than that designated in the call.

In addition, a public hearing shall be held concerning the preliminary operating budget for the next fiscal year not less than ten days after such budget has received tentative approval by the West Virginia board of education and at such hearing reasonable time shall be granted to any person or persons who wish to speak regarding parts or all of such budget. Notice of such hearing shall be published as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code.

A majority of the members shall constitute the quorum necessary for the transaction of official business.

Board members may receive compensation at a rate not to exceed eighty dollars per meeting attended. But they shall not receive pay for more than fifty-two meetings in any one fiscal year.

Members shall also be paid, upon the presentation of an itemized sworn statement, for all necessary traveling expenses, including all authorized meetings, incurred on official business, at the order of the board.

When, by a majority vote of its members, a county board of education deems it a matter of public interest, such board may join the West Virginia school board association and the national school board association, and may pay such dues as may be prescribed by said associations and approved by action of the respective county boards. Membership dues and actual traveling expenses of board members for attending meetings of the West Virginia school board association may be paid by their respective county boards of education out of funds available to meet actual expenses of the members, but no allowance shall be made except upon sworn itemized statements.

§18-5-18a. Maximum teacher-pupil ratio.

1 County boards of education shall provide, by the

 school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-three—eighty-four, and thereafter, sufficient personnel, equipment and facilities as will ensure that each first and second grade classroom, or classrooms having two or more grades that include either the first or second grades shall not have more than twenty-five pupils for each teacher of the grade or grades and shall not have more than twenty pupils for each kindergarten teacher per session, unless the state superintendent has excepted a specific classroom upon application therefor by a county board.

County boards shall provide by the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four—eighty-five, and continue thereafter, sufficient personnel, equipment and facilities as will ensure that each third, fourth, fifth and sixth grade classroom, or classrooms having two or more grades that include one or more of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth grades, shall not have more than twenty-five pupils for each teacher of the grade or grades.

Beginning with the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-six—eighty-seven, and thereafter, no county shall maintain a greater number of classrooms having two or more grades that include one or more of the grade levels referred to in this section than were in existence in said county as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three: *Provided*, That for the prior school years, and only if there is insufficient classroom space available in the school or county, a county may maintain one hundred ten percent of such number of classrooms.

During the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four—eighty-five, and thereafter, the state superintendent is authorized, consistent with sound educational policy, (a) to permit on a statewide basis, in grades four through six, more than twenty-five pupils per teacher in a classroom for the purposes of instruction in physical education, and (b) to permit more than twenty pupils per teacher in a specific kindergarten classroom and twenty-five pupils per teacher in a specific classroom in grades one through six during a school year in the event of extraordinary circumstances

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as determined by the state superintendent after application by a county board of education.

The state board shall establish guidelines for the exceptions authorized in this section, but in no event shall the superintendent except classrooms having more than three pupils above the pupil-teacher ratio as set forth in this section.

The requirement for approval of an exception to exceed the twenty pupils per kindergarten teacher per session limit or the twenty-five pupils per teacher limit in grades one through six is waived in schools where the schoolwide pupil-teacher ratio is twenty-five or less in grades one through six: Provided. That a teacher shall not have more than three pupils above the teacher/pupil ratio as set forth in this section. Any kindergarten teacher who has more than twenty pupils per session and any classroom teacher of grades one through six who has more than twenty-five pupils shall be paid additional compensation based on the affected classroom teacher's average daily salary divided by twenty for kindergarten teachers or twenty-five for teachers of grades one through six for every day times the number of additional pupils enrolled up to the maximum pupils permitted in the teacher's classroom. All such additional compensation shall be paid from county funds exclusively.

No provision of this section is intended to limit the number of pupils per teacher in a classroom for the purpose of instruction in choral, band or orchestra music.

Each school principal shall assign students equitably among the classroom teachers, taking into consideration reasonable differences due to subject areas and/or grade levels.

The state board shall collect from each county board of education information on class size and the number of pupils per teacher for all classes in grades seven through twelve. The state board shall report such information to the legislative oversight commission on

- education accountability before the first day of Januaryof each year.
- §18-5-18c. Early childhood programs; eligibility and standards for placement; guidelines and criteria.
 - County boards shall provide by the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, and continuing thereafter, programs and instructional procedures that recognize the variability in achievement, development, and background experience of the early childhood years.
 - Such programs and instructional procedures may include, but shall not be limited to, developmental kindergarten, developmental first grade, early first grade, transitional first grade, and/or developmental second grade.
- 12 Placement of children in any of the aforementioned 13 early childhood programs shall be based on the judg-14 ment of the teacher and other professional personnel 15 after consultation with the parent or guardian and in 16 accordance with the evaluation model for children as set 17 forth in section two, article two-e of this chapter. 18 Counties may designate one or more classes or schools 19 for such early childhood programs and may transport 20 children to these schools.
- Provisions shall be made for early childhood teachers to communicate on a regular basis with other teachers, professional personnel and representatives of other appropriate agencies.
- The state board shall establish and prescribe guidelines and criteria relating to the establishment, operation and successful completion of early childhood programs in accordance with the other provisions of this section and high quality educational programs.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

- §18-9A-2. Definitions.
- §18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.
- §18-9A-5a. Ratio of foundation allowances for professional educators and service personnel to net enrollment.
- §18-9A-6a. Teachers retirement fund allowance.

- §18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost.
- §18-9A-8. Foundation allowance for administrative cost.
- §18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense and substitute employees.
- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.
- §18-9A-13b. Allowances for remedial and accelerated education programs and salary equity.
- §18-9A-22. Standards for educational quality.

§18-9A-2. Definitions.

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- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 "State board" means the West Virginia board of education.
- 4 "County board" or "board" means a county board of education.
- 6 "Professional salaries" means the state legally man-7 dated salaries of the professional educators as provided 8 in article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
 - "Professional educator" shall be synonymous with and shall have the same meaning as "teacher" as defined in section one, article one, chapter eighteen of this code.
- 12 "Professional instructional personnel" means a professional educator whose regular duty is as that of a 13 classroom teacher, librarian, counselor, attendance 14 15 director, school psychologist or school nurse with a bachelors degree and who is licensed by the West 16 17 Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses. A professional educator having both instruc-18 tional and administrative or other duties shall be 19 20 included as professional instructional personnel for that 21 ratio of the school day for which he is assigned and 22 serves on a regular full-time basis in appropriate instruction, library, counseling, attendance, psychologist 23 24 or nursing duties.
 - "Service personnel salaries" shall mean the state legally mandated salaries for service personnel as provided in section eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.
- 29 "Service personnel" shall mean all personnel as 30 provided for in section eight, article four, chapter

eighteen-a of this code. For the purpose of computations under this article of ratios of service personnel to adjusted enrollment, a service employee shall be counted as that number found by dividing his number of employment days in a fiscal year by two hundred: *Provided*, That the computation for any such person employed for three and one-half hours or less per day as provided in section eight-a, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code shall be calculated as one half an employment day.

"Net enrollment" means the number of pupils enrolled in special education programs, kindergarten programs and grades one to twelve, inclusive, of the public schools of the county. Commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, net enrollment further shall include adults enrolled in regular secondary vocational programs existing as of the effective date of this section: Provided. That net enrollment shall include no more than one thousand such adults counted on the basis of full-time equivalency and apportioned annually to each county in proportion to the adults participating in regular secondary vocational programs in the prior year counted on the basis of full-time equivalency: Provided, however, That no tuition or special fees beyond that required of the regular secondary vocational student is charged for such adult students.

"Adjusted enrollment" means the net enrollment plus twice the number of pupils enrolled for special education. Commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, adjusted enrollment means the net enrollment plus twice the number of pupils enrolled for special education, including exceptional gifted, plus the number of pupils in grades nine through twelve enrolled for honors and advanced placement programs, plus the number of pupils enrolled on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in the gifted program in grades nine through twelve: *Provided*, That commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, no more than

72 four percent of net enrollment of grades one through 73 eight may be counted as enrolled in gifted education and 74 no more than six percent of net enrollment of grades 75 nine through twelve may be counted as enrolled in 76 gifted education, exceptional gifted education (subject to 77 the limitation set forth in section one, article twenty of 78 this chapter) and honors and advanced placement 79 programs for the purpose of determining adjusted 80 enrollment within a county: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to limit the number 81 82 of students who may actually enroll in gifted, honors or 83 advanced placement education programs in any county: Provided further, That until the school year beginning 84 on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 85 ninety-two, the preceding percentage limitations shall 86 not restrict the adjusted enrollment definition for a 87 88 county to the extent that those limitations are exceeded by students enrolled in gifted education programs on the 89 90 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: And provided further, That no pupil may be counted 91 92 more than three times for the purpose of determining 93 adjusted enrollment. Such enrollment shall be adjusted to the equivalent of the instructional term and in 94 95 accordance with such eligibility requirements and rules 96 as established by the state board. No pupil shall be 97 counted more than once by reason of transfer within the 98 county or from another county within the state, and no 99 pupil shall be counted who attends school in this state from another state. 100

> "Levies for general current expense purposes" means on each hundred dollars of valuation, twenty-two and five tenths cents on Class I property, forty-five cents on Class II property, and ninety cents on Classes III and IV property.

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"Basic resources per pupil" for the state and the several counties means the total of (a) property tax revenues computed at the maximum regular levy rates as provided by section six-c, article eight, chapter eleven of this code, at a uniform rate of ninety-five percent, but excluding revenues from increased levies as provided in section ten, article X of the Constitution of West

113 Virginia, and (b) basic state aid as provided in sections 114 twelve and thirteen of this article, but excluding the 115 foundation allowance to improve instructional programs 116 as provided in section ten of this article, and excluding 117 any funds appropriated for the purpose of achieving 118 salary equity among county board employees, this total 119 divided by the number of students in adjusted enrol-120 lment: Provided, That beginning with the school year 121 commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine 122 hundred ninety-one, and thereafter, the foundation 123 allowance for transportation cost as provided in section 124 seven of this article shall also be excluded and the total 125 shall be divided by the number of students in net 126 enrollment: Provided, however, That any year's alloca-127 tions to the counties of the eighty percent portion of the 128 foundation allowance to improve instructional pro-129 grams, as provided in section ten of this article, shall 130 be determined on the basis of the immediately preceding 131 school year's basic resources per pupil.

§18-9A-4. Foundation allowance for professional educators.

The basic foundation allowance to the county for 1 2 professional educators shall be the amount of money 3 required to pay the state minimum salaries, in accordance with provisions of article four, chapter eighteen-4 a of the code, to such personnel employed: Provided, 5 6 That in making this computation no county shall receive an allowance for such personnel which number is in 7 8 excess of fifty-five professional educators to each one thousand students in adjusted enrollment: Provided, 9 however, That any county not qualifying under the 10 11 provision of section fourteen of this article shall be 12 eligible for a growth rate in professional personnel in 13 any one year not to exceed twenty percent of its total 14 potential increase under this provision, except that in no 15 case shall such limit be fewer than five professionals: 16 Provided further, That the number of and the allowance for personnel paid in part by state and county funds 17 18 shall be prorated: And provided further. That where two 19 or more counties join together in support of a vocational or comprehensive high school or any other program or 20

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service, the professional educators for such school or program may be prorated among the participating counties on the basis of each one's enrollment therein and that such personnel shall be considered within the above-stated limit: And provided further, That in the school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and the succeeding school year, each county board shall establish and maintain a minimum ratio of fifty professional instructional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment, and in the school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and for each succeeding school year, each county board shall establish and maintain a minimum ratio of fifty-one professional instructional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment. Any county board which does not establish and maintain this minimum ratio shall suffer a pro rata reduction in the allowance for professional educators under this section, and, further, any county board which does not establish and maintain this minimum ratio shall utilize any and all allocations to it by provision of section fourteen of this article solely to employ professional instructional personnel until the minimum ratio is attained: And provided further. That for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, only, the foundation allowance for professional educators for a county board of education shall be equal to the amount allowable based upon the actual ratio of professional educators per one thousand students in net enrollment for which the county board of education received state reimbursement during the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seveneighty-eight, except that this provision shall not apply to those counties whose percent rate of special education enrollment to net enrollment is less than sixteen and two tenths percent. No person employed prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight. shall have their employment terminated because of a reduction in force resulting from the provisions of this section. Every county shall utilize methods other than reductions in force, such as attrition and early retire-

63 ment, before implementing their reductions in force 64 policy to comply with the limitations of this section.

§18-9A-5a. Ratio of foundation allowances for professional educators and service personnel to net enrollment.

- (a) The purpose of this section is to establish maximum ratios between the numbers of professional educators and service personnel in the counties which are funded through the public school support plan and the net enrollment in the counties, such ratios are in addition to the ratios provided for in sections four and five of this article. It is the intent of the Legislature to adjust these ratios pursuant to legislative act as may be appropriate when additional personnel are needed to perform additional duties.
- (b) Commencing with the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, and each year thereafter, in computing the basic foundation allowance to a county for professional educators and the basic foundation allowance to a county for service personnel under sections four and five of this article, a county shall not receive an allowance for such personnel which number per one thousand students in net enrollment is in excess of the number of professional educators and the number of service personnel in the county computed as follows:

22 23 24 25	For the school year	Maximum professional educators per 1000 net enrollment the preceding year	Maximum service personnel per 1000 net enrollment the preceding year
26	1989-90	76.5	45.5
27	1990-91	76.0	45.0
28	1991-92	75.5	44.5
29	1992-93	75.0	44.0
30	1993-94	74.5	43.75
31	1994-95 and	74.0	43.5
32	thereafter		

(c) No person employed prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, will be laid off because of a reduction in force resulting from the

provisions of this section. Every county shall utilize methods other than reductions in force, such as attrition and early retirement, before implementing their reductions in force policy to comply with the limitations of this section.

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(d) For the school years one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety and one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one only, if a school district loses more than six percent of the number chargeable for the previous school year for professional educator positions or service personnel positions, due to the maximum ratios established in subsection (b) of this section, it may apply to the state board for a waiver of said ratios to the extent that the loss exceeds either six percent of its professional educators or service personnel: Provided, That the county board of education establishes and maintains a minimum ratio of fifty professional instructional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment for the school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and fifty-one professional instructional personnel per one thousand students in adjusted enrollment for the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-ninety-one as required in section four of this article. Waivers shall be determined on a case by case basis according to rules adopted by the state board and granted to the extent funds are appropriated by the Legislature for this purpose. Prior to the adoption of such rules, the state board shall conduct a thorough review of the staffing patterns in each county. Any personnel positions funded as a result of a waiver granted under the provisions of this subsection shall not be included in the computations set forth in sections four and five of this article.

§18-9A-6a. Teachers retirement fund allowance.

The total teachers retirement fund allowance shall be the sum of the basic foundation allowance for professional educators and the basic foundation allowance for service personnel, as provided in sections four and five of this article; all salary equity appropriations authorized in section five, article four of chapter eighteen-a; and such amounts as are to be paid by the counties

- pursuant to sections five-a and five-b of said article to the extent such county salary supplements are equal to the amount distributed for salary equity among the counties, multiplied by fifteen percent.
- 12 The teachers retirement fund allowance amounts shall 13 be accumulated in the employers accumulation fund of 14 the state teachers retirement system pursuant to section 15 eighteen, article seven-a of this chapter, and shall be in 16 lieu of the contribution required of employers pursuant 17 to subsection (b) of said section eighteen as to all 18 personnel included in the allowance for state aid in 19 accordance with sections four and five of this article.

§18-9A-7. Foundation allowance for transportation cost.

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- The allowance in the foundation school program for each county for transportation shall be the sum of the following computations:
 - (1) Eighty percent of the transportation cost within each county for maintenance, operation and related costs, exclusive of all salaries;
 - (2) The total cost, within each county, of insurance premiums on buses, buildings and equipment used in transportation: *Provided*, That such premiums were procured through competitive bidding;
 - (3) For the school year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and thereafter, an amount equal to ten percent of the current replacement value of the bus fleet within each county as determined by the state board, such amount to be used only for the replacement of buses;
 - (4) Eighty percent of the cost of contracted transportation services and public utility transportation with each county; and
 - (5) Aid in lieu of transportation equal to the state average amount per pupil for each pupil receiving such aid within each county.

The total state share for this purpose shall be the sum of the county shares: *Provided*, That no county shall receive an allowance which is greater than one third

above the computed state average allowance per mile multiplied by the total mileage in the county.

18-9A-8. Foundation allowance for administrative cost.

- The allowance for administrative cost shall be equal to one and twenty-five one hundredths percent of the allocation for professional educators, as determined in section four of this article.
- Distribution of the computed allowance shall be made as follows:
- 7 (1) Fifty-six percent of the allowance shall be distrib-8 uted to the counties in equal amounts; and
- 9 (2) Forty-four percent of the allowance shall be distributed to the regional educational service agencies in accordance with rules adopted by the state board. The allowance for regional educational service agencies shall be excluded from the computation of total basic state aid as provided for in section twelve of this article.

§18-9A-9. Foundation allowance for other current expense and substitute employees.

The total allowance for other current expense and substitute employees shall be the sum of the following:

- 3 (1) For current expense, for the year one thousand 4 nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety only, ten percent of 5 the sum of the computed state allocation for professional 6 educators and service personnel as determined in 7 sections four and five of this article, and thereafter the 8 rate shall be ten and six-tenths percent. Distribution to 9 the counties shall be made proportional to the average 10 of each county's average daily attendance for the 11 preceding year and the county's second month net 12 enrollment; plus
- 13 (2) For professional educator substitutes or current 14 expense, two and five-tenths percent of the computed 15 state allocation for professional educators as determined 16 in section four of this article. Distribution to the counties 17 shall be made proportional to the total county allocation 18 for professional educators; plus
- 19 (3) For service personnel substitutes or current 20 expense, two and five-tenths percent of the computed

- 21 state allocation for service personnel as determined in
- 22 section five of this article. Distribution to the counties
- 23 shall be made proportional to the total county allocation
- 24 for service personnel.

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§18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

- 1 (a) Commencing with the school year beginning on
- 2 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 nine, and thereafter, twenty-eight million eight hundred
- 4 thousand dollars, in addition to funds which accrue from
- 5 allocations due to increase in total local share above that
- 6 computed for the school year beginning on the first day
- 7 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, from
- 8 balances in the general school fund, or from appropri-
- 9 ations for such purpose shall be allocated to increase
- 10 state support of counties as follows:
- 11 (1) Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated 12 to the counties proportional to adjusted enrollment; and
 - (2) Each county whose allocation in subsection (1) is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal year shall then receive an amount which equals the difference between such amount received and one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
 - (b) The remainder of these funds shall be allocated according to the following plan for progress toward basic resources per pupil equity:

Beginning with the county which has the lowest basic resources per pupil and progressing through the counties successively to and beyond the county with the highest basic resources per pupil, the funds available shall be allocated in amounts necessary to increase moneys available to the county or counties to the basic resources per pupil level, as nearly as is possible, of the county having the next higher basic resources per pupil: Provided, That to be eligible for its allocation under this section, a county board shall lay the maximum regular tax rates set out in section six-c, article eight, chapter eleven of this code: Provided, however, That moneys allocated by provision of this section shall be used to

improve instructional programs according to a plan for instructional improvement which the affected county board shall file with the state board by the first day of August of each year, to be approved by the state board by the first day of September of that year if such plan substantially complies with standards to be adopted by the state board: *Provided further*, That no part of this allocation may be used to employ professional educators in counties until and unless all applicable provisions of sections four and fourteen of this article have been fully utilized. Such instructional improvement plan shall be made available for distribution to the public at the office of each affected county board.

- (c) Commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and thereafter, fifty percent of the funds which accrue due to an increase in local share above that computed for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, shall be paid into the school building capital improvements fund created by section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used solely for the purposes of said article nine-d.
- (d) There shall be appropriated seven million four hundred ten thousand six hundred sixty-eight dollars for aid to counties which may be expended by the county boards for the initiation, and/or improvements of special education programs including employment of new special education professional personnel solely serving exceptional children; instructional programs which utilize state of the art technology; training of educational personnel to work with exceptional children; and supportive costs such as materials, transportation, contracted services, minor renovations and other costs directly related to the special education delivery process prescribed by the state board. The appropriation may also be used for nonpersonnel costs associated with the maintenance of special education programs in accordance with such rules as established by the state board. The appropriation includes out-of-state instruction and may be expended to provide instruction, care and

75 maintenance for educable persons who are severely 76 handicapped and for whom the state provides no 77 facilities.

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(e) There shall be appropriated two million one thousand seven hundred thirty-two dollars to be used by the state department of education which may be expended for the purposes of paying staff and operating costs of both administrative/program personnel and instructional personnel delivering education to handicapped children in facilities operated by the state department of health; paying state department of education staff, current expenses and equipment; supporting a gifted summer camp; and supporting special state projects including, but not limited to, (1) an instructional materials center for visually handicapped children at the West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, (2) the state special olympics program, (3) the West Virginia advisory council for the education of exceptional children at the West Virginia College of Graduate Studies, (4) statewide training activities or other programs benefiting exceptional children, and (5) the state very special arts program.

§18-9A-13b. Allowances for remedial and accelerated education programs and salary equity.

For the fiscal years commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight and eighty-nine, only, the total state appropriation for the basic foundation program shall be no less than the state appropriation for the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

For the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, funds which accrue from allocations due to changes in adjusted enrollment above that computed for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, or from appropriations for such purpose, shall be allocated to increase state support for salary equity and to develop

- and implement remedial and accelerated programs in 17 18 the following manner:
- 19 Sixty percent of these funds shall be allocated for the 20 purpose of attaining salary equity among the counties 21 pursuant to section five, article four, chapter eighteen-22 a: and

23 Forty percent of these funds shall be allocated to 24 implement remedial and accelerated programs as 25 developed under guidelines of the state board: Provided. 26 That for the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety, only, funds which accrue from 27 28 allocations due to changes in adjusted enrollment above 29 that computed for the school year beginning on the first 30 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven. 31 shall be distributed for the purpose of achieving equity within the state basic foundation program. 32

33 Commencing with the school year beginning on the 34 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and 35 thereafter, funds which accrue from allocations due to 36 changes in adjusted enrollment above that computed for 37 the school year beginning on the first day of July, one 38 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, or from appropri-39 ations for such purpose, shall be allocated to increase 40 state support for salary equity and to develop and implement remedial and accelerated programs in the 42 following manner:

Eighty percent of these funds shall be allocated for the purpose of attaining salary equity among the counties pursuant to section five, article four, chapter eighteena: and

47 Twenty percent of these funds shall be allocated to implement remedial and accelerated programs as 48 developed under guidelines of the state board. 49

§18-9A-22. Standards for educational quality.

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> (a) The purpose of this section is to declare the intent 1 of the Legislature to provide a thorough and efficient 2 system of education for West Virginia public school 3 students. High quality educational standards shall be 4 provided all public school students on an equal educa-5

tional opportunity basis. A system for the review of county educational plans and the on-site reviews of county educational programs shall provide assurances that the high quality standards, established pursuant to this section, are being met.

On or before January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, the state board of education shall establish and adopt high quality educational standards and shall provide each county board of education a copy thereof.

On or before July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and each July one thereafter, each county board of education shall file an annual specific program plan with the state department of education. The program plan shall, at a minimum, meet the statewide high quality educational standards as established by the state board of education.

The purpose of the program plan is to allow county boards of education flexibility in developing school improvement programs structured around locally identified needs, but in compliance with the high quality standards adopted by the state board of education. High quality standards must be met in curriculum, finance, transportation, special education, facilities, textbooks, personnel qualifications and other such areas as determined by the state board of education.

The state department of education shall review the plans annually and conduct an on-site review of each county's educational program every fourth year. The state board of education shall have authority to issue four types of recognition status: (1) Full approval, (2) substantial approval, (3) probationary and (4) nonapproval.

Full approval status may be granted to a county board of education whose educational program has undergone an on-site evaluation by representatives of the state department of education and has met the high quality standards adopted by the state board of education. Full approval status shall be for a period not to exceed four years.

45 Substantial approval status may be granted to a county board of education whose educational program 46 has satisfied all conditions identified under full approval 47 48 status, with the exception of an on-site review, or all conditions identified under full approval have been 49 50 satisfied except that one or more of the high quality 51 standards have not been met but will be attained within 52 one year, as described in an acceptable plan of action.

Probationary status is given to a county board of education whose educational program has not met the high quality standards. Probationary status is a warning that the county board of education must make specified improvements. If progress is not made toward meeting the high quality standards during the succeeding year, the county board of education is automatically placed on nonapproval status.

Nonapproval status is given to a county board of education which fails to submit an annual program plan, fails to give evidence of meeting the high quality standards or has not demonstrated a reasonable effort to meet such standards.

66 (b) After the thirty-first day of December, one 67 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, the approval of 68 educational programs based on high quality educational 69 standards established by the state board shall be in 70 accordance with the provisions of article two-e of this 71 chapter and the provisions of this section shall expire.

ARTICLE 20. EDUCATION OF EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

§18-20-1. Establishment of special programs and teaching services for exceptional children.

§18-20-9. Gifted education caseload review.

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§18-20-1. Establishment of special programs and teaching services for exceptional children.

In accordance with the following provisions, county boards of education throughout the state shall establish

3 and maintain for all exceptional children between five

4 and twenty-three years of age special educational

5 programs, including, but not limited to, special schools,

6 classes, regular classroom programs, home-teaching or

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visiting-teacher services for any type or classification as the state board shall approve. Provisions shall be made for educating exceptional children (including the handicapped and the gifted) who differ from the average or normal in physical, mental or emotional characteristics, or in communicative or intellectual deviation characteristics, or in both communicative and intellectual deviation characteristics, to the extent that they cannot be educated safely or profitably in the regular classes of the public schools or to the extent that they need special educational provisions within the regular classroom in order to educate them in accordance with their capacities, limitations and needs: Provided, That commencing with the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, provisions shall be made for educating exceptional children, including the handicapped, the gifted in grades one through eight, the pupils enrolled on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in the gifted program in grades nine through twelve and the exceptional gifted in grades nine through twelve. The term "exceptional gifted" means those students in grades nine through twelve identified as gifted and at least one of the following: Behavior disorder, specific learning disabilities, psychological adjustment disorder, underachieving, or economically disadvantaged. Exceptional gifted children shall be referred for identification pursuant to recommendation by a school psychologist, school counselor, principal, teacher, parent or by self-referral, at which time the placement process, including development of an individualized education program, and attendant due process rights, shall commence. Exceptional gifted children, for purposes of calculating adjusted enrollment pursuant to section two, article nine-a of this chapter, shall not exceed one percent of net enrollment in grades nine through twelve. Nothing herein shall be construed to limit the number of students identified as exceptional gifted and who receive appropriate services. Each county board of education is mandated to provide gifted education to its students according to guidelines promulgated by the state board and consistent with the

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84 85 provisions of this chapter. Upon the recommendation of a principal, counselor, teacher and parent, a student who does not meet the gifted eligibility criteria may participate in any school program deemed appropriate for the student provided that classroom space is available. In addition, county boards of education may establish and maintain other educational services for exceptional children as the state superintendent of schools may approve.

By the school year beginning on the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, county boards of education shall establish and maintain these special educational programs, including, but not limited to. special schools, classes, regular class programs, hometeaching and visiting-teacher services. After the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, the special education programs shall include home-teaching or visiting-teacher services for children who are homebound due to injury or who for any other reason as certified by a licensed physician are homebound for a period that has lasted or will last more than three weeks: Provided, That pupils receiving such homebound or visiting-teacher services shall not be included when computing adjusted enrollment as defined in section two, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code. The state board shall adopt rules and regulations to advance and accomplish this program and to assure that all exceptional children in the state, including children in mental health facilities, residential institutions and private schools, will receive an education in accordance with the mandates of state and federal laws.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent county boards of education from providing special educational programs, including, but not limited to, special schools, classes, regular class programs, hometeaching or visiting-teacher services for such exceptional children who are three years of age or older.

§18-20-9. Gifted education caseload review.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the teacher-student ratio for gifted, honors,

- 3 and advanced placement education in grades nine
- 4 through twelve shall be the same as regular classroom
- 5 education and not as required for special education of
- 6 exceptional children: Provided, That this shall not apply
- 7 to education of exceptional gifted, as defined in section
- 8 one, article twenty of this chapter. The state board shall
- 9 review class sizes and enrollment percentages of
- 10 students in gifted, exceptional gifted, honors, and
- 11 advanced placement programs in grades nine through
- 12 twelve and report its findings to the standing education
- 13 committees of the Senate and House of Delegates by the
- 14 tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 15 one.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES, AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-1. Definitions.
- §18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.
- §18A-4-5a. County salary supplements for teachers.
- §18A-4-5b. County salary supplements for school service personnel.
- §18A-4-5c. Equity appropriation from surplus revenues.
- §18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.
- §18A-4-8d. Consolidation of services and seniority rights for administrative personnel.

§18A-4-1. Definitions.

- For the purpose of this section, salaries shall be defined as: (a) "Basic salaries" which shall mean the
- 3 salaries paid to teachers with zero years of experience
- 4 and in accordance with the classification of certification
- 5 and of training of said teachers; and (b) "advanced
- 6 salaries" which shall mean the basic salary plus an
- 7 experience increment based on the allowable years of
- 8 experience of the respective teachers in accordance with
- 9 the schedule established herein for the applicable
- 10 classification of certification and of training of said
- 11 teachers.
- "Classification of certification" means the class or type
- 13 of certificate issued by the state superintendent of
- 14 schools under the statutory provisions of this chapter.
- 15 "Classification of training" means the number of
- 16 collegiate or graduate hours necessary to meet the

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requirements stipulated in the definitions set forth in the next paragraph in items (2) to (10), inclusive.

The column heads of the state minimum salary schedule set forth in section two of this article are defined as follows:

- (1) "Years of experience" means the number of years the teacher has been employed in the teaching profession, including active work in educational positions other than the public schools, and service in the armed forces of the United States if the teacher were under contract to teach at the time of induction. For a registered professional nurse employed by a county board of education, "years of experience" means the number of years the nurse has been employed as a public school health nurse, including active work in a nursing position related to education, and service in the armed forces if the nurse was under contract with the county board at the time of induction. For the purpose of section two of this article, the experience of a teacher or a nurse shall be limited to that allowed under their training classification as found in the minimum salary schedule.
- (2) "Fourth class" means all certificates previously identified as (a) "certificates secured by examination," and (b) "other first grade certificates."
- (3) "Third class" means all certificates previously identified as (a) "standard normal certificates" and (b) "third class temporary (sixty-four semester hours) certificates."
- (4) "Second class" means all certificates previously identified as "second class temporary certificates based upon the required ninety-six hours of college work."
- (5) "A.B." means a bachelor's degree, from an accredited institution of higher education, which has been issued to, or for which the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent. A registered professional nurse with a bachelor's degree, who is licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for

- registered professional nurses and employed by a county board of education, shall be within this classification for payment in accordance with sections two and two-a of this article.
 - (6) "A.B. plus 15" means a bachelor's degree as defined above plus fifteen hours of graduate work, from an accredited institution of higher education certified to do graduate work, in an approved planned program at the graduate level which requirements have been met by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (7) "M. A." means a master's degree, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, which has been issued to, or the requirements for such have been met by, a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (8) "M. A. plus 15" means the above-defined master's degree plus fifteen hours of graduate work, earned in an institution of higher education approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (9) "M. A. plus 30" means the above-defined master's degree plus thirty graduate hours, earned in an institution approved to do graduate work, if the person is qualified for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.
 - (10) "Doctorate" means a doctor's degree, earned from a university qualified and approved to confer such a degree, which has been issued to or the requirements for such have been met by a person who qualifies for or holds a professional certificate or its equivalent.

Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in subdivisions (6), (8) and (9) of this section relating to hours of graduate work at an institution certified to do such work, fifteen undergraduate credit hours from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, earned after the effective date of this section, may be utilized for advanced salary classification if such hours are in accordance with (a) the teacher's current

classification of certification and of training, (b) a designated instructional shortage area documented by the employing county superintendent, or (c) an identified teaching deficiency documented through the state approved county personnel evaluation system.

100 Any professional educator earning a master's degree 101 shall be entitled to any "MA" classifications of training 102 for purposes of compensation pursuant to the provisions of the in-field master's salary schedule set forth in 103 section two of this article only if a minimum of two-104 105 thirds of the course work for such degree is in the field in which the professional educator holds certification 106 and is employed: Provided, That the classroom teacher 107 who holds multiple certifications or a certification in 108 109 elementary education and has obtained an in-field 110 master's in one of those certification areas shall be compensated at the level commensurate with the in-field 111 112 provisions.

113 Upon request for a specific master's degree program, the appropriate governing board of higher education 114 115 shall provide all of the course work needed to obtain a 116 master's degree in the requested program. The course 117 work for such program shall be initiated no later than 118 two years from the date requested and shall be provided in its entirety within each regional educational service 119 agency area in which the request has been made as 120 121 follows: (1) Via satellite instruction; (2) via public television home instruction; or (3) in a manner pres-122 cribed by such governing board. If a governing board 123 124 fails to initiate the course work within the above time 125 period, an individual shall be compensated at the 126 appropriate level of years of experience on the in-field 127 master's salary schedule whenever the individual has obtained any master's degree related to the public school 128 129 program.

The governing boards of higher education shall develop a plan to provide "MA" classification programs to professional educators throughout this state by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, with the objective being to provide course work

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enabling professional educators to achieve an "MA" degree classification in their teaching field.

§18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.

31011 ·	1 2. Du	ace mini	muni sa	ilai ies i	oi teaci	ici s.	
1	ST	ATE MI	NIMUM	I SALA	RY SCH	EDUL	ΞI
2	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
3	Years	4th	3rd	2nd	. ,	A.B.	
4	Exp.	Class	Class	Class	A.B.	+15	M.A.
5	.0	11,253	11,860	12,103	13,255	13,955	14,655
6	1	11,459	12,066	12,309	13,636	14,336	15,036
7	2	11,665	12,272	12,515	14,017	14,717	15,417
8	3	11,871	12,478	12,721	14,398	15,098	15,798
9	4	12,302	12,909	13,152	15,004	15,704	16,404
10	5	12,508	13,115	13,358	15,385	16,085	16,785
11	6	12,714	13,321	13,564	15,766	16,466	17,166
12	7		13,527	13,770	16,147	16,847	17,547
13	8		13,733	13,976	16,528	17,228	17,928
14	9			14,182	16,909	17,609	18,309
15	10			14,388	17,290	17,990	18,690
16	11				17,671	18,371	19,071
17	12				18,052	18,752	19,452
18	13				18,433	19,133	19,833
19	14						20,214
20	15						20,595
21	16						20,976
22	17						
23	18						
24	19						
25					(8)	(9)	(10)
26	Years				M.A.	M.A.	Doc-
27	Exp.				+15	+30	torate
28	0				15,355	16,055	16,755
29	1				15,736	16,436	17,136
30	2				16,117	16,817	17,517
31	3				16,498	17,198	17,898
32	4				17,104	17,804	18,504
33	5				17,485	18,185	18,885
34	6				17,866	18,566	19,266
35	7				18,247	18,947	19,647
36	8				18,628	19,328	20,028
37	9				19,009	19,709	20,409

394	Education [Ch										
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19				19,390 19,771 20,152 20,533 20,914 21,295 21,676	20,090 20,471 20,852 21,233 21,614 21,995 22,376 22,757 23,138 23,519	20,790 21,171 21,552 21,933 22,314 22,695 23,076 23,457 23,838 24,219				
48 49	48 STATE MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE II										
50 51	(1) Years Exp.	(2) 4th Class	(3) 3rd Class	(4) 2nd Class	(5) A.B.	(6) A.B. +15	(7) M.A.				
52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	11,816 12,032 12,248 12,465 12,917 13,133 13,350	12,453 12,669 12,886 13,102 13,554 13,771 13,987 14,203 14,420	12,708 12,924 13,141 13,357 13,810 14,026 14,242 14,459 14,675 14,891 15,107	13,918 14,318 14,718 15,118 15,754 16,154 16,554 17,354 17,754 18,155 18,555 18,955 19,355	14,653 15,053 15,453 15,853 16,489 16,889 17,289 17,689 18,089 18,489 18,489 19,290 19,690 20,090	15,388 15,788 16,188 16,588 17,224 17,624 18,024 18,424 18,824 19,625 20,025 20,425 20,425 20,825 21,225 21,625 22,025				
71 72 73 74	19 Years Exp.				(8) M.A. +15	(9) M.A. +30	(10) Doc- torate				
75 76 77	0 1 2				16,123 16,523 16,923	16,858 17,258 17,658	17,593 17,993 18,393				

Ch.	55]		Educ	CATION			395
78	3				17,323	18,058	18,793
79	4				17,959	18,694	19,429
80	5				18,359	19,094	
81	6				18,759	19,494	
82	7				19,159	19,894	
83	8				19,559	20,294	21,029
84	9				19,959	20,694	21,429
85	10				20,360	21,095	21,830
86	11				20,760	21,495	22,230
87	12				21,160	21,895	22,630
88	13				21,560	22,295	23,030
89	14				21,960	22,695	23,430
90	15				22,360	23,095	23,830
91	16				22,760	23,495	24,230
92	17					23,895	24,630
93	18					24,295	25,030
94	19					24,695	25,430
95	STATE	IN-FIE	LD MAS	STER'S	SALAR	Y SCH	EDULE
96	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
97	Years		M.A.	M.A.			
98	of Exp.	M.A.	+15	+30			
99	0	16,388	17,123	17,858		۵	
100	1	16,788	17,523	18,258		-	
101	2	17,188	17,923	18,658			
102	3	17,588	18,323	19,058			
103	4	18,224	18,959	19,694			
104	5	18,624	19,359	20,094			
105	6	19,024	19,759	20,494			
106	7	19,424 19,824	20,159 20,559	20,894 21,294			
107 108	8 9	20,224	20,959	21,294			
109	10	20,224	21,360	22,095			
110	11	21,025	21,760	22,495			
111	12	21,425	22,160	22,895			
112	13	21,825	22,560	23,295			
113	14	22,225	22,960	23,695			
114	15	22,625	23,360	24,095			
115	16	23,025	23,760	24,495			
116	17	,	,	24,895			
117	18			25,295			
118	19			25,695			

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, each teacher who has met the infield master's requirements set forth in section one of this article shall receive the amount prescribed in the "state in-field master's salary schedule" in lieu of the "state minimum salary schedule II" and any other compensation otherwise provided for in this section.

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On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, each teacher shall receive the amount prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule I" as set forth in this section, specific additional amounts prescribed in this section or article, and any county supplement in effect in a county pursuant to section five-a of this article during the contract year: Provided. That on and after the first day of the second half of the teacher's employment term in the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety, each teacher shall receive the amount prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule II" as set forth in this section. specific additional amounts prescribed in this section or article, and any county supplement in effect in a county pursuant to section five-a of this article during the contract year.

Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to each classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of teaching experience. Such payments shall be in addition to any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum salary schedule," shall be paid in equal monthly installments, and shall be deemed a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.

§18A-4-5a. County salary supplements for teachers.

County boards of education in fixing the salaries of 1 teachers shall use at least the state minimum salaries 2 established under the provisions of this article. The 3 board may establish salary schedules which shall be in 4 excess of the state minimums fixed by this article, such 5 county schedules to be uniform throughout the county 6 as to the above stipulated training classifications, 7 experience, responsibility and other requirements, 8 except that no such county schedule may exceed one 9

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49 50 hundred two and one-half percent of a schedule which incorporates the state minimum salary for teachers in effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and adopts a supplement which equals the highest supplement provided by a county on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, so as to assist the state in meeting its objective of salary equity among the counties: Provided. That all teachers in the state shall be entitled to any increases in the minimum salary schedules established under the provisions of this article, and when a county schedule changes due to said increase in the state minimum salary taking effect after the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, it shall not be deemed to exceed the maximum salary schedule prescribed herein.

Counties may fix higher salaries for teachers placed in special instructional assignments, for those assigned to or employed for duties other than regular instructional duties, and for teachers of one-teacher schools. and they may provide additional compensation for any teacher assigned duties in addition to the teacher's regular instructional duties wherein such noninstructional duties are not a part of the scheduled hours of the regular school day. Uniformity also shall apply to such additional salary increments or compensation for all persons performing like assignments and duties within the county: Provided, That in establishing such local salary schedules, no county shall reduce local funds allocated for salaries in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and used in supplementing the state minimum salaries as provided for in this article, unless forced to do so by defeat of a special levy, or a loss in assessed values or events over which it has no control and for which the county board has received approval from the state board prior to making such reduction.

Counties may provide, in a uniform manner, benefits for teachers which require an appropriation from local funds including, but not limited to, dental, optical, health and income protection insurance, vacation time and retirement plans excluding the state teachers retirement system. Nothing herein shall prohibit the maintenance nor result in the reduction of any benefits in effect on January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, by any county board of education.

56 To further assist the state in meeting such objective, 57 each county board of education shall provide to the state board of education on or before the first day of 58 59 November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such 60 information as the state board directs to assist the state superintendent of schools in preparing a report to be 61 submitted to the Legislature on the first day of the 62 regular session thereof in the year one thousand nine 63 hundred ninety. Such report shall include findings, 64 65 conclusions and recommendations with respect to 66 benefits provided and meeting the objective of benefit 67 equity among the counties.

§18A-4-5b. County salary supplements for school service personnel.

1 The county board of education may establish salary 2 schedules which shall be in excess of the state min-3 imums fixed by this article, except that no such schedule may exceed one hundred two and one-half percent of a 4 5 schedule which incorporates the state minimum salary 6 for school service personnel in effect on the first day of 7 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and adopts 8 a monthly supplement of two hundred and five dollars for zero years of experience for all pay grades and which 9 increases said monthly supplement by two dollars for 10 each year of experience codified for school service 11 12 personnel in this article, so as to assist the state in 13 meeting its objective of salary equity among the counties: Provided. That all school service personnel in 14 the state shall be entitled to any increases in the 15 minimum salary for school service personnel established 16 under the provisions of this article, and when a county 17 schedule changes due to said increase in the state 18 minimum salary taking effect after the first day of July, 19 one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, it shall not be 20 deemed to exceed the maximum salary schedule pres-21 cribed herein. Any county supplement for any position 22

 which, on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, extends the schedule beyond the maximum prescribed herein for such position shall be exempt from the maximums stated herein, subject to the approval of the state board, but no such supplement shall be increased beyond the amount received on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four.

These county schedules shall be uniform throughout the county with regard to any training classification. experience, years of employment, responsibility, duties, pupil participation, pupil enrollment, size of buildings, operation of equipment or other requirements. Further, uniformity shall apply to all salaries, rates of pay, benefits, increments or compensation for all persons regularly employed and performing like assignments and duties within the county: Provided. That in establishing such local salary schedules, no county shall reduce local funds allocated for salaries in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eightyfour, and used in supplementing the state minimum salaries as provided for in this article, unless forced to do so by defeat of a special levy, or a loss in assessed values or events over which it has no control and for which the county board has received approval from the state board prior to making such reduction.

Counties may provide, in a uniform manner, benefits for service personnel which require an appropriation from local funds including, but not limited to, dental, optical, health and income protection insurance, vacation time and retirement plans excluding the state teachers retirement system. Nothing herein shall prohibit the maintenance nor result in the reduction of any benefits in effect on January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, by any county board of education.

To further assist the state in meeting such objective, each county board of education shall provide to the state board of education on or before the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such information as the state board directs to assist the state superintendent of schools in preparing a report to be

submitted to the Legislature on the first day of the regular session thereof in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety. Such report shall include findings, conclusions, and recommendations with respect to benefits provided and meeting the objective of benefit equity among the counties.

§18A-4-5c. Equity appropriation from surplus revenues.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section five of this 1 2 article, any moneys appropriated and expended for equity that are in addition to such amounts as were 3 expended for such purpose prior to the effective date of 4 5 this section shall be apportioned between teachers and 6 school service personnel in such proportion as necessary 7 to align more closely teachers and school service 8 personnel with their counterparts in the contiguous 9 states: Provided. That an adequate amount of such funds 10 shall be reserved to finance the appropriate foundation 11 allowances and staffing incentives provided for in 12 article nine-a of chapter eighteen.

The state board shall collect information annually from contiguous states for the purpose of making a thorough and comprehensive comparison of West Virginia school service personnel salaries to those in surrounding states, which shall be used as a guide to align more closely teachers and school service personnel with their counterparts in the contiguous states.

§18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

20 STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE I

21 22 23	Years of Employ- ment	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
24	0	822	842	882	932	982	1,042	1,072	1,142
25	1	842	862	902	952	1,002	1,062	1,092	1,162
26	2	862	882	922	972	1,022	1,082	1,112	1,182
27	3	882	902	942	992	1,042	1,102	1,132	1,202
28	4	902	922	962	1,012	1,062	1,122	1,152	1,222
29	5	922	942	982	1,032	1,082	1,142	1,172	1,242
30	6	942	962	1,002	1,052	1,102	1,162	1,192	1,262
31	7	962	982	1,022	1,072	1,122	1,182	1,212	1,282
32	8	982	1,002	1,042	1,092	1,142	1,202	1,232	1,302

33	9	1,002	1,022	1,062	1,112	1,162	1,222	1,252	1,322
34	10	1,022	1,042	1,082	1,132	1,182	1,242	1,272	1,342
35	11	1,042	1,062	1,102	1,152	1,202	1,262	1,292	1,362
36	12	1,062	1,082	1,122	1,172	1,222	1,282	1,312	1,382
37	13	1,082	1,102	1,142	1,192	1,242	1,302	1,332	1,402
38	14	1,102	1,122	1,162	1,212	1,262	1,322	1,352	1,422
39	15	1,122	1,142	1,182	1,232	1,282	1,342	1,372	1,442
40	16	1,142	1,162	1,202	1,252	1,302	1,362	1,392	1,462
41	17	1,162	1,182	1,222	1,272	1,322	1,382	1,412	1,482
42	18	1,182	1,202	1,242	1,292	1,342	1,402	1,432	1,502
43	19	1,202	1,222	1,262	1,312	1,362	1,422	1,452	1,522
44	20	1,222	1,242	1,282	1,332	1,382	1,442	1,472	1,542
4 5	21	1,242	1,262	1,302	1,352	1,402	1,462	1,492	1,562
46	22	1,262	1,282	1,322	1,372	1,422	1,482	1,512	1,582
47	23	1,282	1,302	1,342	1,392	1,442	1,502	1,532	1,602
48	24	1,302	1,322	1,362	1,412	1,462	1,522	1,552	1,622
49	25	1,322	1,342	1,382	1,432	1,482	1,542	1,572	1,642

50 STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE II

51	Years of								
52	Employ-							_	
53	ment	A	В	\mathbf{c}	\mathbf{D}	\mathbf{E}	${f F}$	G	H
54	0	849	869	909	959	1,009	1,069	1,099	1,169
55	1	871	891	931	981	1,031	1,091	1,121	1,191
56	2	893	913	953	1,003	1,053	1,113	1,143	1,213
57	3	915	935	975	1,025	1,075	1,135	1,165	1,235
58	4	937	957	997	1,047	1,097	1,157	1,187	1,257
59	5	959	979	1,019	1,069	1,119	1,179	1,209	1,279
60	6	981	1,001	1,041	1,091	1,141	1,201	1,231	1,301
61	7	1,003	1,023	1,063	1,113	1,163	1,223	1,253	1,323
62	8	1,025	1,045	1,085	1,135	1,185	1,245	1,275	1,345
63	9	1,047	1,067	1,107	1,157	1,207	1,267	1,297	1,367
64	10	1,069	1,089	1,129	1,179	1,229	1,289	1,319	1,389
65	11	1,091	1,111	1,151	1,201	1,251	1,311	1,341	1,411
66	12	1,113	1,133	1,173	1,223	1,273	1,333	1,363	1,433
67	13	1,135	1,155	1,195	1,245	1,295	1,355	1,385	1,455
68	14	1,157	1,177	1,217	1,267	1,317	1,377	1,407	1,477
69	15	1,179	1,199	1,239	1,289	1,339	1,399	1,429	1,499
70	16	1,201	1,221	1,261	1,311	1,361	1,421	1,451	1,521
71	17	1,223	1,243	1,283	1,333	1,383	1,443	1,473	1,543
72	18	1,245	1,265	1,305	1,355	1,405	1,465	1,495	1,565
73	19	1,267	1,287	1,327	1,377	1,427	1,487	1,517	1,587
74	20	1,289	1,309	1,349	1,399	1,449	1,509	1,539	1,609

DraftsmanD

Electrician I.....F

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117	Electrician II	.G
118	Electronic Technician I	.F
119	Electronic Technician II	.G
120	Executive Secretary	
121	Food Services Supervisor	G
122	Foreman	
123	General Maintenance	
124	Glazier	
125	Graphic Artist	
126	Groundsman	
127	Handyman	
128	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic I	
129	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic II	
130	Heavy Equipment Operator	
131	Inventory Supervisor	
132	Key Punch Operator	
133	Locksmith	
134	Lubrication Man	
135	Machinist	
136	Mail Clerk	
137	Maintenance Clerk	
138	Mason	
139	Mechanic	.F
140	Mechanic Assistant	.E
141	Office Equipment Repairman I	
142	Office Equipment Repairman II	.G
143	Painter	
144	Plumber I	.E
145	Plumber II	
146	Printing Operator	.B
147	Printing Supervisor	.D
148	Programmer	.H
149	Roofing/Sheet Metal Mechanic	
150	Sanitation Plant Operator	.F
151	School Bus Supervisor	$.\mathbf{E}$
152	Secretary I	.D
153	Secretary II	.Ε
154	Secretary III	
155	Supervisor of Maintenance	
156	Supervisor of Transportation	
157	Switchboard Operator-Receptionist	
158	Truck Driver	

On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is for a period of more than three and one-half hours a day shall be at least the amounts indicated in the "state minimum pay scale pay grade I" as set forth in this section, and the minimum monthly pay for each service employee whose employment is for a period of three and one-half hours or less a day shall be at least one half the amount indicated in the "state minimum pay scale pay grade I" set forth in this section: Provided, That beginning on the first day of the second half of the employment term in the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety, and thereafter, "state minimum pay scale pay grade II" shall replace "state minimum pay scale pay grade I", and an additional ten dollars per month shall be added to the minimum monthly pay if the service employee holds a high school diploma or its equivalent.

Any service employee required to work on any legal school holiday shall be paid at a rate one and one-half times such employee's usual hourly rate.

Any full-time service personnel required to work in excess of their normal working day during any week which contains a school holiday for which they are paid shall be paid for such additional hours or fraction thereof at a rate of one and one-half times their usual hourly rate and paid entirely from county board of education funds.

No service employee shall have his or her daily work schedule changed during the school year without such employee's written consent, and such employee's required daily work hours shall not be changed to prevent the payment of time and one-half wages or the employment of another employee.

The minimum pay for extra-duty assignments as defined in section eight-b of this article shall be no less than one-seventh of the employee's daily total salary for

199 each hour the employee is involved in performing the 200 assignment and paid entirely from local funds. The 201 salary for any fraction of an hour the employee is 202 involved in performing the assignment shall be pro-203 rated accordingly. When performing extra-duty assign-204 ments, employees who are regularly employed on a one-205 half day salary basis shall receive the same hourly 206 extra-duty assignment pay computed as though such an 207 employee were employed on a full-day salary basis.

§18A-4-8d. Consolidation of services and seniority rights for administrative personnel.

1 Where two or more counties join together to share the 2 services of central office administrative personnel, any 3 employee whose services are no longer needed by virtue 4 of such sharing may have his or her contract terminated for lack of need, as provided in sections two and six, 5 6 article two of this chapter, notwithstanding any provi-7 sion of this code to the contrary. Any employee whose 8 contract is so terminated shall be afforded all rights pursuant to section eight-b of this article.

CHAPTER 56

(H. B. 2280—By Delegates Sattes and Farmer)

[Passed March 23, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, relating to providing option to requirement of mailing school report cards.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

§18-2E-4a. Exception to requirement of mailing school report cards.

- Notwithstanding the provisions of section four of this article requiring school report cards to be mailed
- 3 directly to the parent or parents of each child enrolled
- 4 in the school, such report cards may, at the option of the
- 5 county board of education, be mailed as provided in said
- 6 section four or be given to each child for delivery to his
- 7 or her parent, parents, custodian or legal guardian:
- 8 Provided, That if the school report card is delivered by
- 9 the child, written verification must be received by the
- 10 school indicating the parent, parents, custodian or legal
- 11 guardian has received the school report card.

CHAPTER 57

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 478—By Senators Tomblin, M. Manchin and Blatnik, By Request)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to county superintendents of schools; and providing a delayed effective date of current requirements for the appointment of a new superintendent.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4. COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

§18-4-4. Compensation generally; master's degree or equivalent required for new appointee.

- 1 On or before the first day of May of the year in which
- 2 the superintendent is appointed, the board shall fix the
- 3 annual salary of the superintendent for the period of

appointment for the term beginning on the first day of 4 July following. The board shall pay the salary from the 5 6 general current expense fund of the district: Provided. 7 That the superintendent shall hold at least a master's 8 degree or its equivalent related to public school 9 education earned at an institution of higher education approved to offer graduate work: Provided, however, 10 11 That commencing with the first day of July, one 12 thousand nine hundred ninety-three, any newly ap-13 pointed superintendent employed as a superintendent 14 after the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-eight, shall meet the requirements set 16 forth in section two of this article and at a minimum 17 shall qualify for an initial license as a superintendent. 18 hold at least a master's degree or its equivalent related 19 to public school education plus twenty-four semester 20 hours related to public school education earned at an 21 institution of higher education approved to offer 22 graduate work, and shall qualify for a superintendent's 23 certificate within three years of being employed as a 24 superintendent: Provided further. That any assistant 25 superintendent or educational administrator employed 26 in such capacity in this state prior to the twenty-seventh 27 day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, 28 who was employed as a county superintendent in this 29 state shall not be required to meet the requirements of 30 the superintendent's initial licensure, certificate and 31 said twenty-four semester hours beyond a master's 32 degree.

CHAPTER 58

(S. B. 127—By Senators Holmes, Craigo, Blatnik, Dittmar, Warner, Felton and Chernenko)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-b, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to term of office for county board members; and reducing the terms from six years to four years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-b, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-1b. Election; terms of office.

- As the terms of county school board members who presently hold office expire, members shall be elected for four-year terms at the time of each regular primary election commencing with the year one thousand nine hundred ninety. The terms of such members shall begin on the first day of July next following the primary election at which they were elected.
- The term of office of any member of any county board of education shall immediately cease, and a vacancy shall exist, upon occurrence of ineligibility as prescribed in section one-a of this article.
- This section shall in no manner be construed so as to affect the unexpired terms of county school board members who hold office or were elected under prior existing law.

CHAPTER 59

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2165—By Delegates Murphy and Sattes)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to school terms; employment terms for teachers; providing that one of the seven days outside the school environment coincide with the federal holiday honoring the birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr.; and providing that no more than eight noninstructional days, except holidays, be scheduled before the first day of January in a school term.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-15. School term; exception; levies; ages of persons to whom schools are open.

(a) The board shall provide a school term for its schools which shall be comprised of (a) an employment term for teachers, and (b) an instructional term for pupils. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the establishment of year-round schools in accordance with rules to be established by the state board.

The employment term for teachers shall be no less than ten months, a month to be defined as twenty employment days exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays: Provided, That the board may contract with all or part of the personnel for a longer term. The employment term shall be fixed within such beginning and closing dates as established by the state board: Provided, however, That the time between the beginning and closing dates does not exceed forty-three weeks.

Within the employment term there shall be an instructional term for pupils of not less than one hundred eighty nor more than one hundred eighty-five instructional days: Provided, That the minimum instructional term may be decreased, by order of the state superintendent of schools, in any West Virginia county declared to be a federal disaster area by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Instructional and noninstructional activities may be scheduled during the same employment day. Noninstructional interruptions to the instructional day shall be minimized to allow the classroom teacher to teach. The instructional term shall commence no earlier than the first day of September and shall terminate no later than the eighth day of June.

Noninstructional days in the employment term may be used for making up canceled instructional days, curriculum development, preparation for opening and closing of the instructional term, in-service and profes-sional training of teachers, teacher-pupil-parent confer-ences, professional meetings and other related activities. In addition, each board shall designate and schedule for teachers and service personnel seven days to be used by the employee outside the school environment one of which days shall coincide with the federal holiday honoring the birthday of Martin Luther King, Jr. However, no more than eight noninstructional days, except holidays, may be scheduled prior to the first day of January in a school term.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, if the board has canceled instructional days equal to the difference between the total instructional days scheduled and one hundred seventy-eight, each succeeding instructional day canceled shall be rescheduled, utilizing only the remaining noninstructional days, except holidays, following such cancellation, which are available prior to the second day before the end of the employment term established by such county board.

Where the employment term overlaps a teacher's or service personnel's participation in a summer institute or institution of higher education for the purpose of advancement or professional growth, the teacher or service personnel may substitute, with the approval of the county superintendent, such participation for not more than five of the noninstructional days of the employment term.

The board may extend the instructional term beyond one hundred eighty-five instructional days provided the employment term is extended an equal number of days. If the state revenues and regular levies, as provided by law, are insufficient to enable the board of education to provide for the school term, the board may at any general or special election, if petitioned by at least five percent of the qualified voters in the district, submit the question of additional levies to the voters. If at the election a majority of the qualified voters cast their ballots in favor of the additional levy, the board shall fix the term and lay a levy necessary to pay the cost of the additional term. The additional levy fixed by the

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election shall not continue longer than five years without submission to the voters. The additional rate shall not exceed by more than one hundred percent the maximum school rate prescribed by article eight, chapter eleven of the code, as amended.

- (b) The Legislature finds and declares that excess levies as they currently exist create unequal educational opportunities from county to county based on the difference in the will of the voters and also based on the differences in property wealth among the counties: that prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the Legislature shall proceed to equalize educational opportunities over and above the opportunities afforded by each county's property values by considering the existence or nonexistence of excess levies as a factor in the distribution of equity moneys: and that on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the Legislature shall implement a plan for the equitable distribution of funds so as to eliminate the inequities resulting from county excess levies.
- (c) The public schools shall be open for the full instructional term to all persons who have attained the entrance age as stated in section five, article two and section eighteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code: Provided, That persons over the age of twenty-one may enter only those programs or classes authorized by the state board of education and deemed appropriate by the county board of education conducting any such program or class: Provided, however, That authorization for such programs or classes shall in no way serve to affect or eliminate programs or classes offered by county boards of education at the adult level for which fees are charged to support such programs or classes.

CHAPTER 60

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2557—By Delegates Basham and Flanigan)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to "specialized health procedures" in the public schools; defining "specialized health procedures"; providing for emergency assistance; specifying school employees who shall be authorized and trained to perform "specialized health procedures": creating a council of school nurses: and granting authority to the department of health to establish standards relating to "specialized health procedures."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

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§18-5-22. Medical and dental inspection; school nurses; specialized health procedures; establishment of council of school nurses.

County boards of education shall provide proper medical and dental inspections for all pupils attending 2 3 the schools of their county and shall further have the authority to take any other action necessary to protect the pupils from infectious diseases, including the authority to require from all school personnel employed in their county, certificates of good health and of physical fitness.

9 Each county board of education shall employ full time 10 at least one school nurse for every one thousand five hundred kindergarten through seventh grade pupils in 11 net enrollment or major fraction thereof: Provided, That 12 each county shall employ full time at least one school 13 nurse: Provided, however, That a county board may 14 contract with a public health department for services 15 deemed equivalent to those required by this section in 16 accordance with a plan to be approved by the state 17 board: Provided further, That the state board shall 18 promulgate rules and regulations requiring the employ-19 ment of school nurses in excess of the number required 20 by this section to ensure adequate provision of services 21 to severely handicapped pupils. 22

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Any person employed as a school nurse shall be a registered professional nurse properly licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses in accordance with article seven, chapter thirty of this code.

Beginning with the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, specialized health procedures that require the skill, knowledge and judgment of a licensed health professional, shall be performed only by school nurses, other licensed school health care providers as provided for in this section, or school employees who have been trained and retrained every two years and subject to the supervision and approval by school nurses. After assessing the health status of the individual student, a school nurse, in collaboration with the student's physician, parents and in some instances an individualized education program team, may delegate certain health care procedures to a school employee who shall be trained pursuant to this section, deemed competent, have consultation with, and be monitored or supervised by the school nurse: Provided, That nothing herein shall prohibit any school employee from providing specialized health procedures or any other prudent action to aid any person who is in acute physical distress or requires emergency assistance. For the purposes of this section "specialized health procedures" means, but is not limited to, catheterization, suctioning of tracheostomy, naso-gastric tube feeding or gastrostomy tube feeding; and "school employee" means teachers as defined in section one, article one of this chapter and aides as defined in section eight, article four-a, chapter eighteen-a of this code.

Any school employee who elects to undergo training or retraining to provide, in the manner specified herein, such specialized health care procedures and for whom such selection has been approved by both the principal and the county board, may receive additional pay at the discretion of the county board: *Provided*, That any training may be considered in lieu of required in-service training of such school employee and a school employee

cannot be required to elect to undergo the training or retraining: Provided, however, That commencing with the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, any newly employed school employee in the field of special education shall be required to undergo the training and retraining as provided for in this section.

Each county school nurse, as designated and defined by this section, shall perform a needs assessment. These nurses shall meet on the basis of the area served by their regional educational service agency, prepare recommendations and elect a representative to serve on the council of school nurses.

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There shall be established a council of school nurses which shall be convened by the state board of education. This council shall prepare a procedural manual and shall provide recommendations regarding a training course to the director of the state department of health who shall consult with the state department of education. The state department of health shall then have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations to implement the training and to create standards used by those performing specialized health procedures. The council shall meet every two years to review the certification and training program regarding school employees.

The state board of education shall work in conjunction with county boards to provide training and retraining every two years as recommended by the council of school nurses and implemented by the state department of health.

CHAPTER 61

(S. B. 159—Originating in the Committee on Education)

[Passed February 28, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-five-b, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: and to amend and reenact sections two, six and seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to requiring members of state teachers retirement system to provide written notification of decision not to retire; extending time for terminating continuing contracts of teachers and service personnel; and extending time for notifying school personnel of possible transfer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-five-b, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections two, six and seven, article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

§18-7A-35b. Temporary early retirement incentives program; legislative declaration and finding of compelling state interest and public purpose; specifying eligible and ineligible members for incentives program; options, conditions, and exceptions; certain positions abolished; special rule of eighty; effective, termination, and notice dates.

The Legislature hereby finds and declares that a 1 compelling state interest exists in providing a tempor-2 ary, early retirement incentives program for encourag-3 ing the early, voluntary retirement of those public 4 employees who were current, active, contributing 5 members of this retirement system on the first day of 6 April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, in the 7 reduction of the number of such employees and in 8 reduction of governmental costs therefor; that such 9 program constitutes a public purpose; and that the 10 special classifications and differentiations provided in 11 respect of such program are reasonable and equitable 12

ones for the accomplishment of such purpose and program as enacted in Enrolled Committee Substitute for H. B. No. 4672, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and as clarified and supplemented herein, retroactive to such beginning date, aforesaid.

- (a) Beginning on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and continuing through the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, (or as extended by contract or by eligibility qualification requirement, as hereinafter specified) eligible members, being those active, contributing members actually and currently employed on such beginning date, retiring pursuant to this section (except disability retirees, but including those so employed on said beginning date and leaving the system during the incentive period and who are eligible for deferred benefits), may elect to participate in this incentives program and may elect any one of the three following incentive options:
 - (1) Retirement incentive option one:

For the purpose of computing the member's annuity, the normal final average salary shall be computed and one-eighth thereof shall be added thereto in arriving at the true final average salary for use in actual computation of retirement benefit.

(2) Retirement incentive option two:

A member may elect a lump sum payment, in addition to his regular retirement annuity, equal to ten percent of his final average salary not to exceed five thousand dollars, and in the case of a deferred retirement electing this option, such lump sum payment shall be receivable and deferred to the time of receipt of such deferred retirement annuity.

(3) Retirement incentive option three:

A person shall be credited with an additional two years of contributing service and an additional two years of age. The years credited under this option shall in no way add to a member's final average salary factor of computation.

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(b) Eligible, active, contributing members, aforesaid, employed under contract and rendering services during school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight—eighty-nine shall, if retiring pursuant to the provisions of this section and the early retirement incentive program set forth herein, make application for retirement, including choice of their respective option, and give notice to their respective county boards of education by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, but shall be permitted to postpone actual retirement until immediately after the close of such contract period and said school year; with proper credit to be granted for such extended period.

Also, eligible, active, contributing members employed. not under contract, who desire to retire under this section but who are unable to retire by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eightyeight, because an element of eligibility for retirement, such as age or other element, will not be met until a date after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be permitted to postpone actual retirement until the date of fulfilling such element of eligibility and shall retire on such date, before the temporary retirement incentive program ends on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; with proper credit to be granted for such extended period: Provided, That members eligible under the preceding paragraph and this paragraph shall have made application for retirement, including choice of their respective option, and given notice to their respective employer by the thirtyfirst day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, although postponing actual retirement, as aforesaid: Provided, however, That an application for retirement under the provisions of the preceding paragraph and this paragraph shall be binding upon a member unless the member provides the retirement system and the local board of education or other educational agency with written notification of his or her decision not to retire by the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided further.

That an eligible member under this paragraph or the preceding paragraph who has a grievance filed on or before the twenty-second day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, or court proceeding which is pending as of the twenty-second day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be required to give final notice of decision not to retire by the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: And provided further. That the state teachers retirement board on or before the seventeenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall provide calculations of anticipated retirement benefits to those members who intend to retire pursuant to the provisions of this section.

Eligible members other than those covered under the provisions of the two preceding paragraphs, desiring to retire under this incentive program shall make their option election prior to and take their respective retirement by the close of the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

Any eligible member who retires hereunder during the school year (after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and on any date prior to the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine) shall have included such months of such school year and the salary in respect thereof, if ones of higher salary, in place of and for any like number of months in his or her five-year period for computation of annuities as provided for in section twenty-six of this article.

(c) Any member participating in this retirement incentive program is not eligible to accept further employment from the state or any of its political subdivisions: *Provided*, That a person may retire under this section and thereafter serve in an elective office: *Provided*, however, That he shall not receive an incentive annuity under this section during the term of service in said office, but shall receive his or her annuity calculated on regular basis, as if originally taken not under this section but on such regular basis. At the end of such term and cessation of service in such office, such

incentive annuity shall resume. In respect of an appointive office, as distinguished from an elective office, any person retiring under this section and thereafter serving in such appointive office shall not receive an incentive annuity under this section during the term of service in said office, but the same shall be suspended during such period: Provided further. That at the end of such term and cessation of service in such appointive office the incentive annuity provided for under this section shall be resumed.

 In any event, an eligible member may retire under this section and thereafter continue to receive his incentive annuity and be employed as a substitute teacher or as adjunct faculty, or as a school service personnel substitute.

Any such incentive retirants, under this section, may not thereafter receive such annuity and enter or reenter any governmental retirement system established or authorized to be established by the state, notwithstanding any provision of the code to the contrary, unless required by constitutional provision.

The additional annuity allowed for temporary early retirement under these options is intended to be paid from the retirement incentive account hereby created as a special account in the state treasury and from the funds therein established with moneys required to be applied or transferred by heads of spending units from the unused portion of salary and fringe benefits in their budgets accruing in respect to such positions vacated and subsequently canceled under this temporary early retirement program. Salary and fringe benefit moneys actually saved in a particular fiscal year shall constitute the fund source. No such additional annuity shall be disallowed even though initial receipts may not be sufficient, with funds of the system to be applied for such purpose, as for the base annuity.

(d) The executive secretary of the retirement system shall provide forms for applicants. Such forms shall include a detailed description of the incentive plan options.

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The executive secretary of the retirement system shall file a report to the Legislature no later than the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and quarterly thereafter, detailing the number of retirees who have elected to accept early retirement incentive options, the dollar cost to date by option selected, and the projected annual cost through the year two thousand.

(e) Within every spending unit, department, board. corporation, commission, or any other agency or entity wherein two or multiples of two members elect to retire either under the temporary early retirement incentives set forth above, or under regular, voluntary retirement, and countable on an agency-wide or entity-wide basis. no more than one of such vacated positions may be filled, with the second position being abolished upon the effective day of the member's retirement: Provided. That county boards of education in replacing employees leaving under this temporary early retirement incentive program shall be eligible to replace in that number as authorized by the basic school aid formula and pursuant to those guidelines in respect of number of positions lost or projected to be lost due to declining enrollment. changes in statutes, changes in state appropriations and the other guidelines set forth and contained within said basic school aid formula. The vacant position abolishment requirement shall not apply to elective positions or appointed public officers whose positions are established by state constitutional or statutory provision. The retirant's employing entity shall decide as to which of the vacated positions made available through special early retirement or through regular, voluntary retirement are to be abolished and the head of such spending unit shall immediately notify the state auditor, the legislative auditor, and the commissioner of the department of finance and administration of the decisions and shall then apply and/or transfer, as aforesaid, the remaining salary and fringe benefit appropriations: Provided, however. That this vacant position abolishment provision shall not apply to any county position, other than those under the authority of county boards of education, nor to any position or positions, whether

- 218 designated by spending unit, department, agency. 219
- commission, entity or otherwise, which the governor 220 may exempt or amend under such abolishment provision
- upon his recommendation that such exemption or 221
- 222 amendment is necessary to preserve the health, welfare
- 223 or safety of the people of West Virginia, and with the
- 224 prior concurrence of the joint committee on government
- 225 and finance in such recommendation, after the chairmen
- 226 thereof shall cause such committee to meet.
- 227 (f) Special rule of eighty. — Any active, contributing 228 member of the retirement system as of the first day of 229 April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, who 230 selects one of the incentive options in this section, may 231 retire under the special early retirement provisions with 232 full pension rights, without reduction of benefits if the 233 sum of such member's age plus years of contributing service equals or exceeds eighty: Provided, That such 234 235 person has at least twenty years of contributing service, 236 up to two years of which may be military service, or prior service, or already paid and credited out-of-state 237 238 service (if so paid and credited by the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight) or any combi-239 nation thereof not exceeding an aggregate of two years. 240
- (g) Termination of temporary retirement incentives 241 program. — The right to elect, choose, select or use any 242 of the options, special rule of eighty, or other benefits 243 set forth in this section shall terminate on the thirtieth 244 245 day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

- §18A-2-2. Employment of teachers; contracts; continuing contract status; how terminated; dismissal for lack of need; released time; failure of teacher to perform contract or violation thereof.
- §18A-2-6. Continuing contract status for service personnel; termination.
- §18A-2-7. Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension and recommendation of dismissal of school personnel by superintendent; preliminary notice of transfer; hearing on the transfer; proof required.

§18A-2-2. Employment of teachers; contracts; continuing contract status; how terminated; dismissal for lack of need; released time; failure of teacher to perform contract or violation thereof.

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Before entering upon their duties, all teachers shall execute a contract with their boards of education, which contract shall state the salary to be paid and shall be in the form prescribed by the state superintendent of schools. Every such contract shall be signed by the teacher and by the president and secretary of the board of education, and when so signed shall be filed, together with the certificate of the teacher, by the secretary of the office of the board.

10 A teacher's contract, under this section, shall be for a term of not less than one nor more than three years; 11 12 and if, after three years of such employment, the teacher who holds a professional certificate, based on at least a 13 bachelor's degree, has met the qualifications for the 14 same, and the board of education enter into a new 15 contract of employment, it shall be a continuing 16 contract: Provided, That any teacher holding a valid 17 certificate with less than a bachelor's degree who is 18 employed in a county beyond the said three-year 19 20 probationary period shall upon qualifying for said professional certificate based upon a bachelor's degree, 21 22 if reemployed, be granted continuing contract status: Provided, however, That a teacher holding continuing 23 contract status with one county shall be granted 24 25 continuing contract status with any other county upon completion of one year of acceptable employment if such 26 employment is during the next succeeding school year 27 or immediately following an approved leave of absence 28 29 extending no more than one year.

The continuing contract of any teacher shall remain in full force and effect except as modified by mutual consent of the school board and the teacher, unless and until terminated (1) by a majority vote of the full membership of the board before April first of the then current year, after written notice, served upon the

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36 teacher, return receipt requested, stating cause or 37 causes, and an opportunity to be heard at a meeting of 38 the board prior to the board's action thereon, or (2) by 39 written resignation of the teacher before that date. 40 except that for the school year one thousand nine 41 hundred eighty-eight—eighty-nine only, the board shall 42 have until the fourth Monday of April, one thousand 43 nine hundred eighty-nine, to initiate termination of a 44 continuing contract. Such termination shall take effect 45 at the close of the school year in which the contract is 46 so terminated: Provided, That the contract may be 47 terminated at any time by mutual consent of the school 48 board and the teacher, and that this section shall not 49 affect the powers of the school board to suspend or 50 dismiss a principal or teacher pursuant to section eight 51 of this article: Provided, however, That a continuing 52 contract for any teacher holding a certificate valid for 53 more than one year and in full force and effect during 54 the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, 55 and one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall remain 56 in full force and effect: Provided further, That a 57 continuing contract shall not operate to prevent a 58 teacher's dismissal based upon the lack of need for the 59 teacher's services pursuant to the provisions of law 60 relating to the allocation to teachers and pupil-teacher 61 ratios. But in case of such dismissal, the teachers so 62 dismissed shall be placed upon a preferred list in the 63 order of their length of service with that board, and no teacher shall be employed by the board until each 64 65 qualified teacher upon the preferred list, in order, shall 66 have been offered the opportunity for reemployment: 67 And provided further, That he has not accepted a 68 teaching position elsewhere. Such reemployment shall 69 be upon a teacher's preexisting continuing contract and 70 shall have the same effect as though the contract had 71 been suspended during the time the teacher was not 72 employed.

In the assignment of position or duties of a teacher under said continuing contract, the board shall have authority to provide for released time of a teacher for any special professional or governmental assignment without jeopardizing the contractual rights of such teacher or any other rights, privileges or benefits under the provisions of this chapter.

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Any teacher who fails to fulfill his contract with the board, unless prevented from so doing by personal illness or other just cause, or unless released from such contract by the board, or who violates any lawful provision thereof, shall be disqualified to teach in any other public school in the state for a period of the next ensuing school year, and the state department of education or board may hold all papers and credentials of such teacher on file for a period of one year for such violation: *Provided*, That marriage of a teacher shall not be considered a failure to fulfill, or violation of, the contract.

92 Any classroom teacher, as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, who desires to resign 93 94 employment with a board of education or request a leave 95 of absence, such resignation or leave of absence to 96 become effective on or before the fifteenth day of July 97 of the same year and after completion of the employ-98 ment term, may do so at any time during the school year 99 by written notification thereof, and any such notification 100 received by a board of education shall automatically extend such teacher's public employee insurance 101 coverage until the thirty-first day of August of the same 102 103 year.

§18A-2-6. Continuing contract status for service personnel; termination.

1 After three years of acceptable employment, each 2 service personnel employee who enters into a new 3 contract of employment with the board shall be granted continuing contract status: Provided. That a service 4 personnel employee holding continuing contract status 5 with one county shall be granted continuing contract 6 status with any other county upon completion of one 7 8 year of acceptable employment if such employment is during the next succeeding school year or immediately 9 following an approved leave of absence extending no 10 more than one year. The continuing contract of any such 11

12 employee shall remain in full force and effect except as 13 modified by mutual consent of the school board and the 14 employee, unless and until terminated with written 15 notice, stating cause or causes, to the employee, by a 16 majority vote of the full membership of the board before 17 the first day of April of the then current year, or by 18 written resignation of the employee before that date. 19 except that for the school year one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-eight—eighty-nine only, the board shall 21 have until the fourth Monday of April, one thousand 22 nine hundred eighty-nine, to initiate termination of a 23 continuing contract. The affected employee shall have 24 the right of a hearing before the board, if requested, 25 before final action is taken by the board upon the 26 termination of such employment.

Those employees who have completed three years of acceptable employment as of the effective date of this legislation shall be granted continuing contract status.

§18A-2-7. Assignment, transfer, promotion, demotion, suspension and recommendation of dismissal of school personnel by superintendent; preliminary notice of transfer; hearing on the transfer; proof required.

1 The superintendent, subject only to approval of the 2 board, shall have authority to assign, transfer, promote, 3 demote or suspend school personnel and to recommend their dismissal pursuant to provisions of this chapter. 4 5 However, an employee shall be notified in writing by the superintendent on or before the first Monday in April 6 7 if he is being considered for transfer or to be trans-8 ferred, except that for the school year one thousand nine 9 hundred eighty-eight-eighty-nine only, the superintendent shall have until the fourth Monday of April to 10 provide an employee with such written notice. Any 11 12 teacher or employee who desires to protest such 13 proposed transfer may request in writing a statement 14 of the reasons for the proposed transfer. Such statement 15 of reasons shall be delivered to the teacher or employee 16 within ten days of the receipt of the request. Within ten days of the receipt of the statement of the reasons, the 17

18 teacher or employee may make written demand upon 19 the superintendent for a hearing on the proposed transfer before the county board of education. The 20 21 hearing on the proposed transfer shall be held on or 22 before the first Monday in May, except that for the 23 school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eighteighty-nine only, the hearing shall be held on or before 24 the fourth Monday in May, one thousand nine hundred 25 26 eighty-nine. At the hearing, the reasons for the proposed 27 transfer must be shown.

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The superintendent at a meeting of the board on or before the first Monday in May shall furnish in writing to the board a list of teachers and other employees to be considered for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing school year, except that for the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight-eighty-nine only, the superintendent shall have until the fourth Monday in May to provide the board with such written list. All other teachers and employees not so listed shall be considered as reassigned to the positions or jobs held at the time of this meeting. The list of those recommended for transfer shall be included in the minute record of such meeting and all those so listed shall be notified in writing, which notice shall be delivered in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to such persons' last known addresses within ten days following said board meeting, of their having been so recommended for transfer and subsequent assignment and the reasons therefor. The superintendent's authority to suspend school personnel shall be temporary only pending a hearing upon charges filed by the superintendent with the board of education and such period of suspension shall not exceed thirty days unless extended by order of the board.

The provisions of this section respecting hearing upon notice of transfer shall not be applicable in emergency situations where the school building becomes damaged or destroyed through an unforeseeable act and which act necessitates a transfer of such school personnel because of the aforementioned condition of the building.

CHAPTER 62

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2325—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section twenty-one, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, six and eight, article nined of said chapter; and to further amend said article nined by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen and sixteen, all relating to school facilities generally: reconstituting the school building authority and providing generally therefor; defining certain terms; authorizing authority to contract for professional services: changing manner in which counties are allocated facilities moneys; deleting requirement of legislative appropriation; modifying content of bond resolution; providing for distribution of certain bond revenues on basis of net enrollment and need; allowing percentage of available funds to be used by state board; providing for forfeiture of allocations unexpended by a county after three years; requiring guidelines for certain matters; requiring approved regional facilities plans prior to distribution of moneys; providing generally for submission of facilities plans; outlining certain matters to be included in such plans: and allowing authority to require changes or additions in approved plans.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-one, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; that sections one, two, three, four, six and eight, article nine-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article nine-d be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fifteen and sixteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9D. SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY.

- §18-9D-1. School building authority; powers.
- §18-9D-2. Definitions.
- §18-9D-3. Powers of authority.
- §18-9D-4. School building authority authorized to issue revenue bonds for school building capital improvement projects; refunding bonds authorized.
- §18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special fund; authority to pledge such collections as security for revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.
- §18-9D-8. Issuance of revenue bonds; use of proceeds; bonds exempt from taxation.
- §18-9D-15. Legislative intent; distribution of money.
- §18-9D-16. Facilities plans generally; need-based eligibility.

§18-9D-1. School building authority; powers.

- 1 The school building authority shall consist of eight
- 2 persons, of whom one shall be the state superintendent
- 3 of schools, ex officio; three shall be members of the state
- 4 board of education, elected by the state board; and four
- 5 shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor,
- 6 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who
- 7 are knowledgeable in matters relevant to the issues
- 8 addressed by the authority.
- The citizen appointments shall be made as soon as possible after the effective date of this section, and no
- two citizen appointees shall be residents within the same
- 12 region. Two of the initial appointments shall be for two-
- 13 year terms, and two shall be for four-year terms, with
- 14 all successive appointments being for four-year terms.
- 15 Until such appointments take effect, the state board as
- 16 constituted under the provisions of section one, article
- 17 two of this chapter may act as the authority with such
- 18 power as was granted them under the prior enactment
- 19 of this section.

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The school building authority shall meet at least quarterly, and the citizen members shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such purposes upon submission of an itemized statement therefor. The state superintendent of schools shall serve as president of the authority.

The acts performed by the members of the state board of education in their capacity as members of the school

30 building authority are solely the acts of the authority.

§18-9D-2. Definitions.

The following terms, wherever used or referred to in this article, shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

- (1) "Authority" means the school building authority of West Virginia or, if said authority shall be abolished, any board or officer succeeding to the principal functions thereof, or to whom the powers given to said authority shall be given by law;
- 9 (2) "Bonds" means bonds issued by the authority pursuant to this article;
 - (3) "Project" or "capital improvement project" means the new construction, major renovation, repair and safety upgrading of facilities, buildings and structures for school purposes including the acquisition of land for current or future use in connection therewith, equipment, machinery, furnishings, installation of utilities and other similar items convenient in connection with placing the foregoing into operation, but may not include such items as books, fuel, supplies and other items which are customarily deemed to result in a current operating charge;
 - (4) "Cost of project" means the cost of construction, renovation, repair and safety upgrading of facilities, buildings and structures for school purposes; the cost of land, equipment, machinery, furnishings, installation of utilities and other similar items convenient in connection with placing the foregoing into operation; and the cost of financing, interest during construction, professional service fees and all other charges or expenses necessary, appurtenant or incidental to the foregoing, including the cost of administration of this article;
 - (5) "Revenue" or "revenues" mean moneys deposited in the school building capital improvements fund pursuant to the operation of section ten, article nine-a of this chapter; any moneys received, directly or

- indirectly, from any source for the use of all or any part of any project completed pursuant to this article; and any other moneys received by the authority for the purposes of this article;
- 40 (6) "Facilities plan" means the regional plan for 41 school facilities required prior to the distribution of 42 state funds to any county board pursuant to section 43 fifteen; and
- 44 (7) "Region" means the area encompassed within and 45 serviced by a regional educational service agency 46 established pursuant to section twenty-six, article two of 47 this chapter.

§18-9D-3. Powers of authority.

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- 1 The school building authority has the power:
- 2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded;
- 3 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name of the authority by purchase, lease-purchase, or otherwise, real property or rights or easements necessary or convenient for its corporate purposes and to exercise the power of eminent domain to accomplish such purposes:
- 9 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property for its corporate purposes;
- 11 (5) To make bylaws for the management and rule of 12 its affairs;
- 13 (6) With the consent of the attorney general of the 14 state of West Virginia, to use the facilities, office, 15 assistants and employees of the attorney general in all 16 legal matters relating to or pertaining to the authority;
- 17 (7) To appoint officers, agents and employees and fix their compensation;
 - (8) To make contracts and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient to effectuate the intent of, and to exercise the powers granted to it by, this article;
- 22 (9) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it 23 whenever, due to a change in situation, it appears to the 24 authority that its interests will be best served;

- 25 (10) To acquire by purchase, eminent domain or 26 otherwise all real property or interests therein necessary 27 or convenient to accomplish the purposes of this article;
- 28 (11) To require proper maintenance and insurance of any project authorized hereunder;
 - (12) To charge rent for the use of all or any part of a project or buildings at any time financed, constructed, acquired or improved in whole or in part with the revenues of the authority;
 - (13) To acquire land, buildings and capital improvements to existing school buildings and property, by lease from a private or public lessor for a term not to exceed twenty-five years, with or without an option to purchase pursuant to an investment contract with said lessor, for use as public school facilities on such terms and conditions as may be determined to be in the best interests of the authority and consistent with the purposes of this article;
 - (14) To accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution, bequest or endowment of money to, or for the benefit of, the authority, from the state of West Virginia or any other source for any or all of the purposes specified in this article or for any one or more of such purposes as may be specified in connection with such gift, grant, contribution, bequest or endowment;
 - (15) To enter on any lands and premises for the purpose of making surveys, soundings and examinations;
 - (16) To contract for architectural, engineering or other professional services deemed necessary or economical by the authority to provide consultative or other services to any regional educational service agency or county board requesting professional services offered by the authority, to evaluate any facilities plan or any project encompassed therein, to inspect existing facilities or any project that has received or may receive funding from the authority, or to perform any other service deemed by the authority to be necessary or economical. Assistance to the region or district may

- 64 include the development of preapproved systems, plans.
- 65 designs, models or documents; advice or oversight on
- 66 any plan or project; or any other service that may be 67
- efficiently provided to regional educational service
- 68 agencies or county boards by the authority; and
- 69 (17) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry 70 out the powers given in this article.

§18-9D-4. School building authority authorized to issue revenue bonds for school building capital improvement projects; refunding bonds authorized.

The school building authority may by resolution, in 1 accordance with the provisions of this article, issue 2 3 revenue bonds of the authority from time to time, either to finance the cost of school building capital improve-4 5 ment projects for public schools in this state, or to 6 refund, at the discretion of the authority, bonds issued 7 and outstanding under and pursuant to the provisions of this article. The principal of, interest and redemption 8 premium, if any, on such bonds shall be payable solely 9 10 from the special fund herein provided for such payment.

§18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special fund; authority to pledge such collections as security for revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.

There is created in the state treasury a school building 1 capital improvements fund to be expended by the 2 3 authority for the purposes of this article.

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The school building authority shall have authority to pledge all or such part of the revenues paid into the school building capital improvements fund as may be needed to meet the requirements of any revenue bond issue or issues authorized by this article, including the payment of principal of, interest and redemption premium, if any, on such revenue bonds and the establishing and maintaining of a reserve fund or funds for the payment of the principal of, interest and redemption premium, if any, on such revenue bond issue

14 or issues when other moneys pledged may be insufficient 15 therefor, including such additional protective pledge of 16 revenues as the authority in its discretion may provide 17 by resolution authorizing the issue of such bonds and in 18 any trust agreement made in connection therewith. The 19 authority may further provide in such resolution and in 20 such trust agreement for such priorities on the revenues 21 paid into such school building capital improvements 22 fund as may be necessary for the protection of the prior 23 rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times 24 under the provisions of this article.

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Any balance remaining in the school building capital improvements fund after the authority has issued bonds authorized by this article, and after the requirements of all funds including reserve funds established in connection with the bonds issued pursuant to this article have been satisfied, may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds issued hereunder which by their terms are then redeemable, or for the purchase of such bonds at the market price, but not exceeding the price, if any, at which such bonds shall in the same year be redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall forthwith be canceled and shall not again be issued.

38 The school building authority, in its discretion, may 39 use the moneys in the school building capital improve-40 ments fund to finance the cost of projects on a cash basis. 41 Any pledge of moneys in such fund for revenue bonds 42 shall be a prior and superior charge on such fund over 43 the use of any of the moneys in such fund to pay for the cost of any project on a cash basis: Provided, That any 44 45 expenditures from such fund, other than for the 46 retirement of revenue bonds, may only be made by the 47 authority in accordance with the provisions of this 48 article.

§18-9D-8. Issuance of revenue bonds; use of proceeds; bonds exempt from taxation.

The issuance of revenue bonds under the provisions of this article shall be authorized from time to time by resolution or resolutions of the school building authority,

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which shall set forth the proposed projects and provide for the issuance of bonds in amounts sufficient, when sold as hereinafter provided, to provide moneys deemed by the authority sufficient to pay such costs, less the amounts of any other funds available for said costs or from any appropriation, grant or gift therefor: Provided, That bond revenues which are to be distributed in accordance with section fifteen of this article shall not be required to set forth the proposed projects in the resolution. Such resolution shall prescribe the rights and duties of the bondholders and the school building authority, and for such purpose may prescribe the form of the trust agreement hereinafter referred to. The bonds may be issued from time to time, in such amounts, shall be of such series, bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their respective dates, bear interest at such rate or rates: be in such denominations; be in such form, either coupon or registered, carrying such registration, exchangeability and interchangeability privileges; be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places within or without the state; be subject to such terms of redemption at such prices not exceeding one hundred five percent of the principal amount thereof; and be entitled to such priorities on the revenues paid into the school building authority capital improvements fund as may be provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in any trust agreement made in connection therewith. The bonds shall be signed by the governor, and by the president or vice president of the authority, under the great seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the president or vice president of the authority. In case any of the officers whose signatures appear on the bonds or coupons cease to be such officers before the delivery of such bonds, such signatures shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if such officers had remained in office until such delivery. Such revenue bonds shall be sold in such manner as the authority may determine to be for the best interests of the state.

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Any pledge of revenues for such revenue bonds made by the school building authority shall be valid and binding between the parties from the time the pledge is made; and the revenues so pledged shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without any further physical delivery thereof or further act. The lien of such pledge shall be valid and binding against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise, irrespective of whether such parties have notice of the lien of such pledge, and such pledge shall be a prior and superior charge over any other use of such revenues so pledged.

The proceeds of such bonds shall be used solely for the purpose or purposes as may be generally or specifically set forth in the resolution authorizing those bonds and shall be deposited in the state treasury in a special fund to be disbursed as provided by law for the disbursement of any other state funds. If the proceeds of such bonds. by error in calculations or otherwise, shall be less than the cost of any projects specifically set forth in the resolution, additional bonds may in like manner be issued to provide the amount of the deficiency; and unless otherwise provided for in the resolution or trust agreement hereinafter mentioned, such additional bonds shall be deemed to be of the same issue, and shall be entitled to payment from the same fund, without preference or priority, as the bonds before issued for such projects. If the proceeds of bonds issued for such projects exceed the cost thereof, the surplus may be used for such other projects as the school building authority may determine or in such other manner as the resolution authorizing such bonds may provide. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the authority may, under like restrictions, issue temporary bonds with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issuance of such definitive bonds.

After the issuance of any of such revenue bonds, the revenues pledged therefor shall not be reduced as long as any of such revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except under such terms, provisions and conditions as shall be contained in the resolution, trust

agreement or other proceedings under which such revenue bonds were issued.

Such revenue bonds and the revenue refunding bonds, and bonds issued for combined purposes shall, together with the interest thereon, be exempt from all taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, school district, municipality or political subdivision thereof.

§18-9D-15. Legislative intent; distribution of money.

- (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to empower the school building authority to facilitate and provide state funds for the construction and maintenance of school facilities so as to meet the educational needs of the people of this state in an efficient and economical manner. The authority shall make funding determinations in accordance with the provisions of this article and shall assess existing school facilities and each facilities plan in relation to the needs of the individual student, the general school population, the communities served by the facilities, and facility needs statewide.
 - (b) An amount that is no more than three percent of the sum of moneys that are determined by the authority to be available for distribution during the then current fiscal year from (1) the increase in local share paid into the school building capital improvements fund pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this chapter, (2) the issuance of revenue bonds for which such increase in local share is pledged as security, and (3) any other moneys received by the authority may be allocated and may be expended by the authority for projects that service the educational community statewide or, upon application by the state board, for educational programs that are under the jurisdiction of the state board.

Fifty percent of the remaining available funds shall be allocated and distributed to each county board on the basis of its net enrollment as defined in section two, article nine-a of this chapter: *Provided*, That such moneys shall not be distributed to any county board whose region does not have an approved facilities plan or to any county board that is not prepared to commence expenditures of such funds during the fiscal year in

which the moneys are distributed: Provided, however. That any moneys allocated to a county board and not distributed to that county board shall be redistributed on the basis of net enrollment to those county boards then eligible for the receipt of net enrollment distribu-tions in that fiscal year. Prior to any allocation and distribution of the fifty percent based on net enrollment in a subsequent fiscal year, the authority shall deduct from the fifty percent determination any moneys allocated and not distributed to a county board during the preceding three fiscal years upon written notice from any county board that such county board is prepared to expend such amount in the then current fiscal year and shall distribute such moneys accordingly. The balance shall then be allocated and distributed among all the eligible counties.

The remaining fifty percent of moneys available for distribution shall be allocated and expended on the basis of need and efficient use of resources, such basis to be determined by the authority in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article.

No local matching funds shall be required under the provisions of this subsection, and any county board may use the state moneys provided herein in conjunction with local funds derived from bonding or other source. Any county board may dedicate any allocations of state moneys pursuant to this subsection to the payment of local bonds used for purposes encompassed in an approved facilities plan or for the payment of bonds that are issued by the authority for the benefit of that county that are in addition to the bond moneys distributed in accordance with this subsection.

Moneys made available pursuant to this subsection that shall be expended on projects that benefit more than one district shall be apportioned among the districts in accordance with the formula encompassed in that portion of the facilities plan that addresses the project designed to benefit more than one district.

(c) To encourage regional educational service agencies and county boards to proceed promptly with facilities

- planning and to prepare for the expenditure of any state moneys derived from the sources described in subsection (b) of this section, any county board failing to expend money within three years of the allocation thereto shall forfeit such allocation and thereafter shall be ineligible for further net enrollment or other allocations pursuant to subsection (b) until the county board is ready to expend funds in accordance with an approved facilities plan. Any amount so forfeited shall be added to the total funds available for allocation and distribution in the next ensuing fiscal year.
- (d) Distribution to the county boards may be in a
 lump sum or in accordance with a schedule of payments
 adopted by the authority pursuant to such guidelines as
 it shall adopt.

§18-9D-16. Facilities plans generally; need-based eligibility.

- (a) To facilitate the goals as stated in section fifteen of this article and to assure the prudent and resourceful expenditure of state funds, each regional educational service agency created pursuant to section twenty-six, article two of this chapter shall submit a region-wide facilities plan that addresses the facilities needs of each district within the region pursuant to such guidelines as shall be adopted by the authority in accordance with this section. Any project receiving funding shall be in furtherance of such approved facilities plan.
 - (b) To assure efficiency and productivity in the project approval process, the facilities plan shall be submitted only after a preliminary plan, a plan outline or a proposal for a plan has been submitted to the authority. Selected members of the authority, which selection shall include citizen members, shall then meet promptly with those persons designated by the regional educational service agency, including one person from each county within the region, to attend the facilities plan consultation. The purpose of the consultation is to assure understanding of the general goals of the school building authority and the specific goals encompassed

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in the following criteria and to discuss ways the plan may be structured to meet those goals.

(c) The guidelines for the development of a facilities plan shall state the manner, timeline and process for submission of any plan to the authority; such project specifications as may be deemed appropriate by the authority; and those matters which are deemed by the authority to be important reflections of how the project will further the overall goals of the authority.

The guidelines regarding submission of the plans shall include requirements for public hearings, comments or other means of providing broad-based input within a reasonable time period as the authority may deem appropriate. The submission of each facilities plan shall be accompanied by a synopsis of all comments received and a formal comment by each county board included in the region. The guidelines regarding project specifications may include such matters as energy efficiency, preferred siting, construction materials, maintenance plans or any other matter related to how the capital improvement project is to proceed. The guidelines pertaining to quality education shall require that a facilities plan address how the current facilities do not meet and the proposed plan and any project thereunder does meet the following goals:

- (1) Student health and safety;
- 49 (2) Economies of scale, including compatibility with 50 similar schools that have achieved the most economical 51 organization, facility utilization and pupil-teacher 52 ratios:
 - (3) Reasonable travel time and practical means of addressing other demographic considerations;
- 55 (4) Multicounty and regional planning to achieve the 56 most effective and efficient instructional delivery 57 system;
 - (5) Curricular improvement and diversification, including computerization and technology and advanced senior courses in science, mathematics, language arts and social studies:

- 62 (6) Innovations in education such as year-round 63 schools and community-based programs; and
- 64 (7) Adequate space for projected student enrollments.

If the project is to benefit more than one county in the region, the facilities plan shall state the manner in which the cost and funding of the project shall be apportioned among the counties.

- (d) Each plan shall prioritize all the projects both within a county and among the counties, which priority list shall be the basis for determining how available funds shall be expended.
- (e) Each plan shall include the objective means to be utilized in evaluating implementation of the overall plan and each project included therein. Such evaluation shall measure each project's furtherance of each goal stated in this section and any guidelines adopted hereunder, as well as the overall success of any project as it relates to the facilities plan of its region and the overall goals of the authority.
- (f) The authority may adopt guidelines for requiring that a regional educational service agency modify, update, supplement or otherwise submit changes or additions to an approved plan and shall provide reasonable notification and sufficient time for such change or addition.

CHAPTER 63

(H. B. 2029-By Delegates Love and Ashley)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article ten-c, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to membership in the southern regional education compact continued.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article ten-c, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10C. THE SOUTHERN REGIONAL EDUCATION COMPACT.

§18-10C-3. Membership in compact continued; findings.

- 1 After having conducted a performance and fiscal
- 2 audit through its joint committee on government
- 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 5 declares that West Virginia should remain a member of
- 6 the compact. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provi-
- 7 sions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this
- 8 code, West Virginia shall continue to be a member of
- 9 this compact until the first day of July, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred ninety-four.

CHAPTER 64

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 420—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal articles twenty-two, twenty-four, twentysix, twenty-six-b, twenty-six-c and twenty-six-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section ten, article two, chapter two of said code; to amend and reenact section eleven, article one, chapter nine-a of said code: to amend and reenact section two, article five, chapter ten of said code: to amend and reenact sections one, three and ten, article two, chapter eighteen of said code; to amend and reenact sections two. three, four and five, article two-b of said chapter; to further amend said chapter eighteen by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-h; to amend and reenact sections one, two, three and six, article twentysix-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section five, article twenty-nine of said chapter; to amend and

reenact sections five and thirteen, article thirty of said chapter; to further amend said code by adding thereto two new chapters, designated chapters eighteen-b and eighteen-c; and to amend and reenact section four. article three-b, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to the reorganization of higher education; clarifying the meaning of board of regents in rules for construction of statutes; changing membership on the advisory council to the department of veterans' affairs, the educational broadcasting authority and the state board of education; authorizing the state board of education to promulgate rules for granting certificates and awards with respect to certain vocational-technicaloccupational programs: abolishing the state board of vocational education effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; establishing the joint commission on vocational-technical-occupational education effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; providing that the joint commission shall be the sole agency for administering vocational-technical-occupational education; establishing implementation team to review the work of the joint commission and requiring certain reports; establishing area vocational education program funds for secondary vocational education and post-secondary vocational education; authorizing certain boards to expend funds; vesting title to property in certain boards effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; creating the Albert Yanni programs of excellence in vocational-technical education; establishing an academy for talented vocational-technical education students and administrators; establishing a scholarship program for secondary vocational-technical education graduates and educators for enumerated purposes; establishing an interdisciplinary doctoral program for vocationaltechnical education; establishing an effective schools program in vocational-technical education; establishing a unified technology transfer program; placing state autism training center under jurisdiction of board of trustees; providing that same hearing examiner may not hear grievance brought before education employees grievance board by former grievant; changing compo-

sition and quorum of board of directors of the West Virginia higher education tuition trust; changing conditions precedent to administration of trust; creating the University of West Virginia board of trustees and the board of directors of the state college system: providing definitions and assigning the state institutions of higher education to the state university system or the state college system and providing for the governance of each system by separate governing boards: transferring the powers, duties, authorities, orders, resolutions, rules, titles to property, valid agreements and obligations, and statutory powers and duties of the board of regents to the appropriate governing boards and abolishing the board of regents; placing board of trustees and board of directors under the jurisdiction of the department of education and the arts: providing for coordination of policies and purposes of state university system and state college system by secretary of education and the arts; requiring study of certain institutions of higher education for the purpose of determining their role and mission within the reorganized system of higher education; providing for review of rules promulgated by board of trustees and board of directors; transferring supervision of state institutions of higher education from board of regents to appropriate governing board: requiring each governing board to develop a system of comparison information and allocation decisions for implementation; providing powers and duties of governing boards and institutional presidents; establishing a task force on faculty salaries and resource allocation; providing for composition, appointment, terms and qualifications of members of University of West Virginia board of trustees; providing for meetings and compensation; providing additional duties of board of trustees: changing name of college of graduate studies to University of West Virginia college of graduate studies and transferring operation of the institution to the board of trustees; transferring operation of West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine to board of trustees; providing for composition, appointment, terms and qualifications of members of board of directors of the state college system; providing

for meetings and compensation; providing additional duties of board of directors; providing for the continuance and establishment of community colleges, technical courses and job training and establishing eight community college service areas; establishing a separate division of community colleges within the state college system and creating position of vice chancellor for community colleges; moving the authority to adopt rules for accreditation of private proprietary institutions awarding specialized associate degrees from the state board of education to the board of directors of state college system and providing penalties for violations; providing definition for proprietary schools that award specialized associate degrees; providing remedies for students under consumer laws: establishing the West Virginia joint commission for vocational-technicaloccupational education subject to the jurisdiction of the department of education and the arts; providing definitions; providing for composition, terms and qualifications of members of joint commission; providing for meetings, compensation and duties and responsibilities of members of the joint commission; providing for general administration of board of trustees and board of directors: providing for employment of chancellors, senior administrator and staff for the boards; appointing director of state department of health as vice chancellor for health affairs and requiring study of role and mission of state medical schools for governor and Legislature: enumerating powers and duties of senior administrator; authorizing board of trustees and board of directors to participate in reciprocal regional and interstate higher educational agreements; authorizing board of trustees and board of directors to apply for. accept, administer and expend funds from federal and private grants, appropriations, allocations and programs for higher education and establishing related powers and duties: authorizing board of trustees and board of directors to appoint and compensate security officers; granting powers, authority and responsibilities of law-enforcement officers to security officers and establishing eligibility for law-enforcement training at an approved academy: authorizing the acquisition,

operation and regulation of parking areas, roads and facilities at state institutions of higher education and providing civil and criminal penalties for violations: providing for accreditation of institutions of higher education and standards for degrees: providing three areas for budget appropriations within the system of higher education; providing for allocation and disposition of appropriated funds; authorizing the board of trustees and the board of directors to contract for programs, services and facilities; providing for purchase or acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment and printing through the senior administrator; permitting private institutions of higher education to join as purchasers and to be responsible for payment of purchases: eliminating reference to board of regents in various code provisions and replacing it with reference to governing boards: providing that members of advisory councils of faculty may be elected by ballot process: providing for proportional representation on advisory councils of students; increasing membership on advisory councils of classified employees; increasing membership on advisory council on federal resources and increasing mileage allowance; eliminating reference to West Virginia Anatomical Board and replacing it with reference to the University of West Virginia Anatomical Board: seniority for full-time classified personnel: seniority to be observed in reducing work force; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to granting sabbatical leaves, effect of leave of absence on academic tenure and rank, notice to probationary faculty members of retention or nonretention and hearing procedures, and faculty and classified employee continuing education and development program; defining Marshall University as a doctoral institution and placing it on the minimum salary schedule for full-time faculty at doctoral institutions; providing a five percent salary increase for faculty beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and providing for the distribution of such salary increase; providing for the employment of

faculty after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and assigning them to the appropriate salary schedule; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to appropriate governing board in code provisions relating to merit increases and salary adjustment, additional employment by mutual agreement and classified employee salary schedule and classification system; changing definition of classified employee and adding new definition for job and grade classification; redesignating chapter number for higher education classified employee monthly salary schedule; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to establishment of personnel classification system, assignment to classification and to salary schedule and classified employee salary; requiring governing boards to establish by rule an equitable system of job classifications for review by secretary of education and the arts and for implementation by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; requiring governing boards to notify employees of assignment to classification, job title, pay grade and providing for appeal procedures: eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to classified employees salary. annual review of classifications and classification system, conferences regarding personnel classification, hirings after effective date and additional employment by mutual agreement; establishing effective date of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for classified employee salary and experience increment; providing five percent salary increase and method of distributing such increase for classified staff beginning on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to fees and other money collected at state institutions of higher education, enrollment, tuition and other fees at educational institutions, refund of fees, higher education resource fee, faculty improvement fee and medical education fee; establishing a health

professions education fee: eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to fee waivers undergraduate schools, fee waivers-professional and graduate schools and tuition and fee waivers for children and spouses of officers and firefighters killed in the line of duty; providing that additional registration fees collected from students shall be paid into special capital improvements fund which shall be expended jointly by the governing boards; redesignating chapter reference in code provision relating to authority to excuse students in certain educational programs from payment of enrollment fees; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to disposition and use of student union fees, issuance of revenue bonds, fees and money derived from athletic contests. fees from operation of dormitories, faculty homes, dining halls and cafeterias, bookstores, changing disposition of end of year bookstore moneys, authority of educational institutions to provide special services and programs, collection and disposition of fees; providing that funds collected from certain sources and interest revenue generated by special student fee account shall be expended only at or for the institution where such funds or fee was collected; creating a center for regional progress and providing for a director, powers and mission and purpose: redesignating chapter reference for code provisions relating to institute for public affairs and institute for international trade development: providing for private nonprofit research and development corporations under agreements with state institutions of higher education; research and development agreements for state institutions of higher education; creating a "High-Tech 2000" program and foundation for science and technology to assist business and industry in adopting new technology; redesignating chapter reference in code provisions relating to authorization to sell West Virginia University poultry farm properties located in Morgantown and authorization to sell West Virginia University vacant lot located in Morgantown and biological research station located in Terra Alta; providing that senior administrator shall administer programs for student financial assistance, guaranteed student loans and medical student loans; authorizing board of trustees to contract for training of students in optometry; eliminating reference to board of regents and replacing it with reference to governing boards in code provisions relating to trespass on student residence premises or student facility premises of an institution of higher education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That articles twenty-two, twenty-four, twenty-six, twentysix-b, twenty-six-c and twenty-six-d, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be repealed; that section ten, article two, chapter two of said code be amended and reenacted; that section eleven, article one, chapter nine-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section two, article five, chapter ten of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, three and ten, article two, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, four and five, article twob of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said chapter eighteen be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-h; that sections one, two, three and six, article twenty-six-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section five, article twenty-nine of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections five and thirteen, article thirty of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said code be further amended by adding thereto two new chapters, designated chapters eighteen-b and eighteen-c; and that section four, article three-b, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 2. Common Law, Statutes, Legal Holidays, Definitions and Legal Capacity.
- 9A. Veterans' Affairs.
- 10. Public Libraries; Public Recreation; Athletic Establishments; Monuments and Memorials; Roster of Servicemen; Educational Broadcasting Authority.
- 18. Education.
- 18B. Higher Education.
- 18C. Student Loans; Scholarships and State Aid.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

CHAPTER 2. COMMON LAW, STATUTES, LEGAL HOLIDAYS, DEFINITIONS AND LEGAL CAPACITY.

ARTICLE 2. LEGAL HOLIDAYS; SPECIAL MEMORIAL DAYS; CONSTRUCTION OF STATUTES: DEFINITIONS.

§2-2-10. Rules for construction of statutes.

- The following rules shall be observed in the construction of statutes, unless a different intent on the part of the Legislature be apparent from the context:
- 4 (a) A word importing the singular number only may 5 be applied to several persons or things, as well as to one 6 person or thing; a word importing the plural number 7 only may be applied to one person or thing as well as 8 to several; and a word importing the masculine gender 9 only may be applied to females as well as males;
- 10 (b) Words purporting to give a joint authority to three 11 or more persons confer such authority upon a majority 12 of them, and not upon any less number;
- 13 (c) The words "written" or "in writing" include any 14 representation of words, letters or figures, whether by 15 printing, engraving, writing or otherwise. But when the 16 signature of any person is required, it must be in his 17 or her own proper handwriting, or his or her mark, 18 attested, proved or acknowledged;
- 19 (d) The words "preceding," "succeeding" or "follow20 ing" used in reference to any section or sections of a
 21 chapter or statute, mean next preceding, next succeed22 ing or next following that in which such reference is
 23 made, unless a different interpretation be required by
 24 the context;

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- (e) An officer shall be deemed to have qualified when he or she has done all that is required by law to be done before proceeding to exercise the authority and discharge the duties of his or her office;
- 29 (f) The words "the governor" are equivalent to "the 30 executive of the state" or "the person having the 31 executive power";

- (g) "Justice" or "justices" as used in article one, chapter fifty-one of this code and in other references to a member or members of the supreme court of appeals shall mean and apply to a judge or the judges of said court as provided for in the constitution of the state. The word "justice" in any other context is equivalent to the words "justice of the peace," and the word "notary" is equivalent to "notary public";
- (h) The word "state," when applied to a part of the United States and not restricted by the context, includes the District of Columbia and the several territories, and the words "United States" also include the said district and territories;
- (i) The word "person" or "whoever" shall include corporations, societies, associations and partnerships, if not restricted by the context;
- (j) The words "personal representative" include the executor of a will, the administrator of the estate of a deceased person, the administrator of such estate with the will annexed, the administrator de bonis non of such estate, whether there be a will or not, the sheriff or other officer lawfully charged with the administration of the estate of a deceased person, and every other curator or committee of a decedent's estate for or against whom suits may be brought for causes of action which accrued to or against such decedent;
- (k) The word "will" embraces a testament, a codicil, an appointment by will or writing in the nature of a will in exercise of a power, also any other testamentary disposition;
- (1) The word "judgment" includes decrees and orders for the payment of money or the conveyance or delivery of land or personal property, or some interest therein, or any undertaking, bond or recognizance which has the legal effect of a judgment;
- (m) The words "under disability" include persons under the age of eighteen years, insane persons, and convicts while confined in the penitentiary;
 - (n) The words "insane person" include everyone who

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- has mental illness as defined in section two, article one, chapter twenty-seven of this code:
- 73 (o) The word "convict" means a person confined in the 74 penitentiary of this or any other state, or of the United 75 States;
- 76 (p) The word "land" or "lands" and the words "real 77 estate" or "real property" include lands, tenements and 78 hereditaments, all rights thereto and interests therein 79 except chattel interests;
- 80 (q) The words "personal estate" or "personal property" 81 include goods, chattels, real and personal, money, 82 credits, investments and the evidences thereof;
- (r) The word "property" or "estate" embraces both real and personal estate;
 - (s) The word "offense" includes every act or omission for which a fine, forfeiture or punishment is imposed by law;
 - (t) The expression "laws of the state" includes the constitution of the state and the constitution of the United States, and treaties and laws made in pursuance thereof:
 - (u) The word "town" includes a city, village or town, and the word "council," any body or board, whether composed of one or more branches, who are authorized to make ordinances for the government of a city, town or village;
 - (v) When a council of a town, city or village, or any board, number of persons or corporations, are authorized to make ordinances, bylaws, rules, regulations or orders, it shall be understood that the same must be consistent with the laws of this state:
 - (w) The words "county court" include any existing tribunal created in lieu of a county court; the words "commissioner of the county court" and "county commissioner" mean, and have reference to, the commissioners, or one of them, composing the county court, in pursuance of section twenty-two, article eight of the constitu-

- 108 tion, as amended, or any existing tribunal created in lieu 109 of a county court:
- (x) The word "horse" embraces a stallion, a mare and 110 111 a gelding:
- (y) The words "railroad" and "railway" shall be 112 113 construed by the courts of this state to mean the same 114 thing in law; and, in any proceeding wherein a railroad 115 company or a railway company is a party, it shall not 116 be deemed error to call a railroad company a railway 117 company or vice versa; nor shall any demurrer, plea or 118 any other defense be set up to a motion, pleading or 119 indictment in consequence of such misdescription:

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- 120 (z) The sectional headings or headlines of the several sections of this code printed in black-faced type are intended as mere catchwords to indicate the contents of the section and shall not be deemed or taken to be titles of such sections, or as any part of the statute, and, unless expressly so provided, they shall not be so deemed when any of such sections, including the headlines, are amended or reenacted:
- 128 (aa) The words "infant" and "minor" mean persons 129 under the age of eighteen years as such words are used 130 in this code or in rules and regulations promulgated by 131 the supreme court of appeals:
 - (bb) A statute is presumed to be prospective in its operation unless expressly made retrospective:
- 134 (cc) Unless there is a provision in a section, article or 135 chapter of this code specifying that the provisions 136 thereof shall not be severable, the provisions of every 137 section, article or chapter of this code, whether enacted 138 before or subsequent to the effective date of this subdivision, shall be severable so that if any provision 139 of any such section, article or chapter is held to be 140 141 unconstitutional or void, the remaining provisions of 142 such section, article or chapter shall remain valid, unless the court finds the valid provisions are so 143 144 essentially and inseparably connected with, and so dependent upon, the unconstitutional or void provision 145 146 that the court cannot presume the Legislature would 147 have enacted the remaining valid provisions without the

148 unconstitutional or void one, or unless the court finds the 149 remaining valid provisions, standing alone, are incom-150 plete and are incapable of being executed in accordance 151 with the legislative intent: Provided. That if any such 152 section, article or chapter of this code has its own 153 severability clause: then such severability clause shall 154 govern and control with respect to such section, article 155 or chapter in lieu of the provisions of this subdivision. 156 The provisions of this subdivision shall be fully appli-157 cable to all future amendments or additions to this code. 158 with like effect as if the provisions of this subdivision 159 were set forth in extenso in every such amendment or 160 addition and were reenacted as a part thereof, unless 161 such amendment or addition contains its own severabil-162 ity clause:

- 163 (dd) A reference to any section, article or chapter of 164 this code applies to all reenactments, revisions or 165 amendments thereof;
- 166 (ee) If a statute refers to a series of numbers or 167 letters, the first and the last numbers or letters in the 168 series are deemed to be included:
- 169 (ff) The words "board of regents," wherever they appear in the code, means the board of trustees created 170 171 by section one, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this 172 code and the board of directors created by section one. article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code unless the 173 term is used in relation to activities conducted solely by 174 an institution or institutions governed by article two, 175 chapter eighteen-b of this code in which case it only 176 177 means the board of trustees, or where the term is used 178 in relation to activities conducted solely by an institution or institutions governed by article three, chapter 179 eighteen-b of the code in which case it only means the 180 181 board of directors.

CHAPTER 9A. VETERANS' AFFAIRS.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' AFFAIRS.

§9A-1-11: Advisory council.

- 1 There is hereby established an advisory council to the
- 2 West Virginia department of veterans' affairs, which

3 shall meet on the call of the chairman of the veterans' council with the veterans' council at any of its regular 4 or special meetings, in connection with the establish-5 ment of rules of the department to effectuate the 6 7 purposes of this article and promote the efficient 8 operation of the department, but the advisory council shall have no vote. The director, in carrying out his 9 powers and duties, shall have the right to call on the 10 11 individual members of the advisory council, and through 12 them or their department, agency or organization, and 13 also to call on such other departments or agencies of the state, as may be necessary, for advice, aid and assist-14 ance. The members of the advisory council shall be the 15 16 state superintendent of free schools, commissioner of agriculture, adjutant general, state banking commis-17 sioner, state director of health, secretary of education 18 and the arts, commissioner of corrections, commissioner 19 20 of the department of highways and the commissioner of 21 the department of human services, or their duly authorized and accredited representatives. 22

CHAPTER 10. PUBLIC LIBRARIES; PUBLIC RE-CREATION; ATHLETIC ESTABLISHMENTS; MONU-MENTS AND MEMORIALS; ROSTER OF SERVICEMEN; EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY.

ARTICLE 5. EDUCATIONAL BROADCASTING AUTHORITY.

§10-5-2. West Virginia educational broadcasting authority; members; organization; officers; employees; meetings; expenses.

1 The West Virginia educational broadcasting authority, heretofore created, is hereby continued as a public 2 benefit corporation. It shall consist of eleven voting 3 members, who shall be residents of the state, of whom 4 one shall be the state superintendent of schools, one shall 5 be a member of the West Virginia board of education 6 to be selected by it annually, one shall be a member of 7 the university of West Virginia board of trustees to be 8 selected by it annually, and one shall be a member of 9 the board of directors of the state college system to be 10 selected by it annually. The other seven members shall 11

12 be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and 13 consent of the Senate for overlapping terms of seven 14 years, one term expiring each year, except that the 15 appointment to fill the membership position for the term 16 expiring in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-17 three, shall be for a term of six years. Not less than one 18 appointive member shall come from each congressional 19 district. Employees of noncommercial broadcasting 20 stations in West Virginia are not eligible for appoint-21 ment to the authority. The present members of the 22 authority shall continue to serve out the terms to which they were appointed. Any vacancy among the appointive 23 24 members shall be filled by the governor by appointment 25 for the unexpired term.

26 The chairperson and vice chairperson of the authority 27 as of the effective date of this section shall continue in 28 their respective offices until their successors are elected. 29 Thereafter, at its annual meeting in each year the 30 authority shall elect one of its members as chairperson 31 and one as vice chairperson. The authority is authorized 32 to select an executive director and such other personnel 33 as may be necessary to perform its duties and to fix the 34 compensation of such personnel to be paid out of moneys appropriated for this purpose. The executive director 35 36 shall keep a record of the proceedings of the authority 37 and shall perform such other duties as it may prescribe. The authority is authorized to establish such office or 38 39 offices as may be necessary for the proper performance 40 of its duties.

The authority shall hold an annual meeting and may 41 meet at such other times and places as may be neces-42 43 sarv, such meetings to be held upon its own resolution or at the call of the chairperson of the authority. The 44 45 members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for actual expenses incident to the perfor-46 mance of their duties upon presentation to the chairper-47 48 son of an itemized sworn statement thereof.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article.

- 2. State Board of Education.
- 2B. Area Vocational Program.

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- 10H. Albert Yanni Programs of Excellence in Vocational—Technical Education.
- 26A. State Austism Training Center.
- 29. Grievance Procedure.
- 30. West Virginia Higher Education Tuition Trust Act.

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-1. Creation; composition; appointment, qualifications, terms and removal of members; offices.
- §18-2-3. Meetings; compensation and expenses of members.
- §18-2-10. Certificates and awards.

§18-2-1. Creation; composition; appointment, qualifications, terms and removal of members; offices.

1 There shall be a state board of education, to be known 2 as the West Virginia board of education, which shall be 3 a corporation and as such may contract and be contracted with, plead and be impleaded, sue and be sued, 4 5 and have and use a common seal. The state board shall consist of twelve members, of whom one shall be the 6 7 state superintendent of schools, ex officio; one of whom 8 shall be the chancellor of the board of trustees, ex 9 officio; and one of whom shall be the chancellor of the 10 board of directors, ex officio, none of whom shall be 11 entitled to vote. The other nine members shall be 12 citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for overlap-13 14 ping terms of nine years, except that the original appointments shall be for terms of one, two, three, four, 15 16 five, six, seven, eight and nine years, respectively. Terms of office shall begin on the fifth day of November 17 of the appropriate year and end on the fourth day of 18 19 November of the appropriate year. At least two but not 20 more than three members shall be appointed from each 21 congressional district.

No more than five of the appointive members shall belong to the same political party, and no person shall be eligible for appointment to membership on the state board who is a member of any political party executive committee or holds any other public office or public employment under the federal government or under the government of this state or any of its political subdivisions, or who is an appointee or employee of the board.
Members shall be eligible for reappointment. Any
vacancy on the board shall be filled by the governor by
appointment for the unexpired term.

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Notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article six, chapter six of this code, no member of the state board may be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, or gross immorality and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of state elective officers.

Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a member of the state board, each member shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia, the certificate whereof shall be filed with the secretary of state. A suitable office in the state department of education at the state capitol shall be provided for the use of the state board.

§18-2-3. Meetings; compensation and expenses of members.

1 The state board shall hold at least six meetings in 2 every year at such times and places as it may prescribe. 3 It may meet at such other times as may be necessary. 4 such meetings to be held upon its own resolution or at the call of the president of the state board. The members 5 6 of the state board, other than the ex officio members of 7 the board, shall be paid one hundred dollars per diem 8 each day or any part thereof spent in the performance 9 of their duties under this article, and shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses 10 actually incurred incident to the performance of their 11 12 duties. The state superintendent of schools, the chancel-13 lor of the board of trustees and the chancellor of the 14 board of directors shall be reimbursed for such expenses, but shall not receive a per diem allowance. Upon 15 presentation of itemized sworn statements, the per diem 16 17 and reimbursement payments shall be made from

18 appropriations made by the Legislature to the state board.

§18-2-10. Certificates and awards.

- 1 The state board of education shall make rules and
- 2 regulations and shall determine the minimum standards
- 3 for the granting of certificates and awards for secondary
- 4 vocational education, adult basic education, adult
- 5 occupational education and adult technical preparatory
- 6 education, subject to the provisions of section two, article
- 7 two-b of this chapter and article three-a of chapter
- 8 eighteen-b of this code.

ARTICLE 2B. AREA VOCATIONAL PROGRAM.

- §18-2B-2. State board of vocational education; authority to establish programs, etc., until July 1, 1990; Joint Commission for Vocational-Technical-Occupational Education; state board of education and board of directors; authority to establish programs, etc.; division of vocational education established; rules and regulations; director.
- §18-2B-3. Area vocational education program funds.
- §18-2B-4. Expenditure of funds.
- §18-2B-5. Title to property.
- §18-2B-2. State board of vocational education; authority to establish programs, etc., until July 1, 1990; Joint Commission for Vocational-Technical-Occupational Education; state board of education and board of directors; authority to establish programs, etc.; division of vocational education established; rules and regulations; director.
- 1 (a) For the purpose of this article, the state board of 2 education is designated as the state board of vocational education serving and meeting as the sole agency 3 responsible for the administration of vocational educa-4 5 tion and for supervision of the administration thereof by 6 local educational agencies and is hereby authorized and 7 empowered to establish, operate and maintain area vocational educational programs including the acquisi-8 tion by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise of necessary 9 lands and the construction, expansion, remodeling, 10 alteration and equipping of necessary buildings for the 11 purpose of operating and conducting educational 12 training centers. The state board of vocational education 13

14 may delegate for such period of time as it may deter-15 mine its operational authority for multi-county voca-16 tional centers to an administrative council composed of equal representation from each of the participating 17 18 county boards of education, the superintendent of 19 schools from each participating county, and the state 20 director of vocational education or his representative. To 21 this end, there is hereby expressly established in the 22 state board of education a division of vocational 23 education which shall establish the area or areas in 24 which the programs are to be conducted and shall have 25 authority to promulgate, pursuant to the provisions of 26 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, rules and regulations 27 necessary to carry out the provisions of this article. The 28 administration and supervision of the area vocational 29 educational programs shall be administered by the 30 director of the division of vocational education.

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(b) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the West Virginia Joint Commission for Vocational-Technical-Occupational Education, hereinafter referred to as "joint commission," established pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter eighteen-b of this code, is designated as the sole agency responsible for the administration of vocational-technical-occupational education in the state. The joint commission is designated thereafter to receive federal money for vocational-technical-occupational education in the state as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety. Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the joint commission shall determine which adult occupational education programs and which adult technical preparatory educational programs as defined in section one-b, article three-a, chapter eighteen-b of this code, shall be under the jurisdiction of the state board of education and which said programs shall be under the jurisdiction of the board of directors. Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, any proposed new program by the state board of education or the board of directors in the areas of adult occupational education or adult technical preparatory education as defined in section one-b, article three-a, chapter

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eighteen-b of this code shall be filed with the joint commission with notice of intent to plan, which such new program shall require approval by the joint commission prior to institution of such new program. The secondary and post-secondary vocational education programs of the state existing as of the effective date of this article shall remain in place until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, during which time the joint commission shall conduct a study of secondary and post-secondary vocational education in the state including definitions of same, and shall make recommendations to the Legislature respecting secondary and post-secondary vocational education in the state, including recommendations as to the definitions of same, on or before the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. As of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the joint commission is authorized to implement policies to supervise and coordinate the secondary and post- $75 \cdot$ secondary vocational education programs in the state. The joint commission is hereby empowered as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, to determine the standards for the certification and awards of vocational programs in the state or to delegate said authority, based on the joint commission's aforesaid study of the secondary and post-secondary vocational education in the state. The state board of education shall be responsible for the administration of secondary vocational education programs, as determined by the joint commission, and for supervision of the administration thereof by local educational agencies and is hereby authorized and empowered to establish, operate and maintain area vocational educational programs including the acquisition by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise of necessary lands and the construction, expansion, remodeling, alteration and equipping of necessary buildings for the purpose of operating and conducting secondary educational training centers. The state board of education may delegate for such period of time as it may determine its operational authority for multicounty vocational centers to an administrative council composed of equal representation from each of the

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participating county boards of education, the superintendent of schools from each participating county, and the state director of vocational education or his representative. To this end, there is hereby expressly established in the state board of education a division of secondary vocational education which shall establish the area or areas in which the programs are to be conducted and shall have authority to promulgate, pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this article. The administration and supervision of the area vocational educational programs shall be administered by the director of the division of vocational education. The state board of vocational education. previously established under this article, is abolished effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

The board of directors shall be responsible for the administration of all post-secondary vocational education in the state, as determined by the joint commission, which shall be administered as a part of the state college system as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code. In the development of the postsecondary education portion of any and all state plans or amendments thereto as may be required for participation in the Vocational Education Act of 1963, as amended, or as may be required for state participation in any federally funded post-secondary vocationaltechnical or occupational education programs, the board of directors shall solicit recommendations from the state board of education and the director of the division of vocational education for the post-secondary education provisions to be included in all such plans.

The joint commission shall, in any and all plans submitted for federal vocational education funds in support of vocational-technical or occupational education, provide that:

(a) The secondary vocational-technical-occupational education programs administered by the state board of education shall be eligible to receive vocational-techni-

cal-occupational education funds in accordance with federal guidelines;

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- (b) The comprehensive community college education service regions as established by the board of directors shall be eligible to receive post-secondary vocational-technical-occupational funds in accordance with federal guidelines;
- (c) Services, programs, equipment and facilities may be contracted between comprehensive community colleges, area vocational technical schools and county boards of education as a means of preventing unnecessary duplication;
- (d) Federal funds provided to the state in support of vocational-technical-occupational education shall be allocated to the state board of education and to the board of directors for use in the state system of comprehensive vocational-technical-occupational education in an amount in direct proportion as the respective vocational-technical-occupational enrollments of each program is to the total vocational-technical-occupational enrollment of the state.
- (e) There shall be established an implementation team to review the work of the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education and to file a report with the governor and the Legislature by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety. and shall also file a report with the legislative oversight commission on education accountability no later than the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The implementation team shall be composed of one representative of the state department of education, one representative of the community colleges. three members of the senate education committee and three members of the house education committee, all to be appointed by the governor. The secretary of education and the arts shall be responsible for staffing the implementation team utilizing existing personnel, equipment and offices of the board of directors of the state college system and the state board of education.

§18-2B-3. Area vocational education program funds.

1 There is hereby established a fund to be known as "the 2 area vocational education program fund for secondary 3 education." There is hereby established a separate fund to be known as "the area vocational education program 4 5 fund for post-secondary vocational education." All 6 moneys appropriated for such purpose by the Legisla-7 ture as well as any gifts or grants made to the appropriate fund by any governmental subdivision of 8 9 the state or by the United States government or by any individual, firm or corporation, to carry out the 10 provisions of this article shall be expended by the state 11 12 board of education or the board of directors, as the case 13 may be.

§18-2B-4. Expenditure of funds.

The state board of education and the board of 1 2 directors, as the case may be, are authorized and 3 empowered to expend the area vocational education 4 program funds for salaries, teachers' retirement contri-5 butions, and necessary travelling expenses of teachers, and other necessary employees, including, but not 6 7 limited to, vocational guidance counselors, for purchase, rental, maintenance and repair of instructional equip-8 9 ment, buildings and supplies, and for the necessary costs 10 of transportation of certified students.

§18-2B-5. Title to property.

1 Title to any property, equipment, tools, furniture or 2 instructional materials purchased prior to the effective date of this section out of the fund provided for area 3 vocational education program funds previously estab-4 5 lished and existing immediately prior to the effective date of this article shall be transferred to and vested in 6 the West Virginia board of education. After the effective 7 date of this article, purchases from funds established in 8 9 section four shall be vested in the state board of education or the board of directors as the case may be. 10

ARTICLE 10H. ALBERT YANNI PROGRAMS OF EXCELLENCE IN VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

- §18-10H-1. Purpose; legislative intent.
- §18-10H-2. Academy for talented vocational-technical education students.
- §18-10H-3. Scholarship fund for vocational-technical education students and educators.

- §18-10H-4. Interdisciplinary doctoral program in vocational-technical education.
- §18-10H-5. Vocational-technical education administrator's academy.
- §18-10H-6. Effective schools program in vocational-technical education.
- §18-10H-7. Unified technology transfer program.

§18-10H-1. Purpose; legislative intent.

1 Rapid technological advances, the advent of a global 2 economy, changing demographics and restructuring of 3 the traditional workplace have dictated changes in 4 educational programs designed to prepare work force entrants and incumbents. More emphasis must be 5 placed on the transfer of technology, via the educational 6 7 system, to the workplace resulting in an academically 8 and technically literate work force. A structure must be 9 established to provide incentives, high expectations and encouragement for talented vocational-technical stu-10 11 dents to pursue advanced education and training related 12 to their technical disciplines, as well as provide a 13 mechanism for the technical updating of vocational-14 technical teachers and administrators, including oppor-15 tunities for the attainment of advanced degrees.

16 The economic future of the state of West Virginia will 17 be greatly influenced by the ability of the educational 18 system to prepare competent individuals for a highly 19 competitive and technological workplace. Excellence in 20 terms of faculty, programs and educational opportuni-21 ties for all West Virginians will greatly affect the 22 degree of future economic prosperity within the state. With the enactment of this article, the Legislature 23 24 intends to address a major void in the current system 25 of vocational-technical education in West Virginia through the creation of a comprehensive program of 26 27 educational incentives for talented students, teachers 28 and administrators. The results of the programs and initiatives proposed by this article can have a significant 29 30 impact toward achieving excellence in vocationaltechnical education within West Virginia and revitaliz-31 ing the state's economy. 32

§18-10H-2. Academy for talented vocational-technical education students.

1 The West Virginia board of education shall establish

2 by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 3 ninety, an annual academy for talented vocational-4 technical education students, including a foundation for 5 receiving private financial support. The purposes of the 6 academy are to stimulate and reward student commit-7 ment to excellence in secondary vocational-technical 8 education; to stimulate growth in the critical and 9 creative thinking abilities of vocational-technical 10 students; to assist exceptionally talented secondary 11 vocational-technical education students to achieve their 12 individual potentials; to bridge the gap between 13 educational practice and the technological workplace; and to provide a medium for interaction between 14 15 talented vocational-technical students and innovative 16 leaders of business and industry and labor.

The state board of education may establish a coordinating committee to set operating guidelines for the academy and supporting foundation, including, but not limited to, selection of participants, promotion, program development, location, facilities and staffing.

The nonprofit academy foundation shall exist to solicit private funds and resources to enhance the operation of the academy.

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§18-10H-3. Scholarship fund for vocational-technical education students and educators.

1 Beginning with the school year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-ninety, the state board of educa-2 3 tion shall establish a scholarship program for outstanding secondary vocational-technical education graduates 4 to pursue additional post-secondary college work in a 5 related career or technical field. The board may award 6 7 twenty annual scholarships, not to exceed two thousand dollars each, based on criteria to be established by the 8 board. Additionally, the board may award fifteen 9 annual scholarships, not to exceed one thousand dollars 10 each, to outstanding vocational-technical teachers for 11 the purpose of pursing advanced degrees or technical 12 13 updating of their professional competencies. The criteria 14 for awarding the educator scholarships shall be promulgated by the board. The foundation provided for in 15

- 16 section two of this article shall solicit private sector
- 17 funds for these scholarships.

§18-10H-4. Interdisciplinary doctoral program in vocational-technical education.

- 1 The West Virginia board of regents shall establish by
- 2 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 3 one. a plan for a coordinate interdisciplinary doctoral
- 4 program in vo-tech education utilizing existing facilities
- 5 and personnel of state universities, colleges, the state
- department of education vocational-technical staff and
- board of regents members. 7

§18-10H-5. Vocational-technical education administrator's academy.

- The West Virginia board of education shall maintain 1
- and expand an annual vocational-technical education 2
- 3 administrator's academy. The purposes of this academy
- 4 are to stimulate excellence in vocational-technical
- 5 education programming statewide through the develop-
- ment of progressive instructional leadership, planning 6
- 7
- and program development competencies of vocational-
- 8 technical education administrators.
- 9 The board may establish a coordinating committee
- made up of the department of education staff, local 10
- vocational administrators and representatives of the 11
- vocational-technical education department at Marshall 12
- University to plan and administer this program. The 13
- nonprofit academy foundation established in section two 14
- of this article shall exist to solicit private funds and 15
- resources to enhance the operation of the academy. 16

§18-10H-6. Effective schools program in vocationaltechnical education.

- The state board of education shall establish and 1
- operate an effective schools program for vocational-2
- technical education. The purpose of the program is to 3 provide vocational-technical education personnel with
- 4 resources and staff development for school program
- 5 improvement based on application of the effective 6
- schools research, including components such as instruc-7
- tional leadership, school climate, high student expecta-8

9 tions, emphasis on academic and occupational achieve-10 ment, and community and parental involvement. The 11 program shall be coordinated by the bureau of voca-12 tional, technical and adult education with the advise-13 ment from a committee composed of two vocational 14 administrators, two vocational teachers, one vocational guidance counselor, one educator of vocational teachers, 15 16 one county school superintendent, one comprehensive 17 high school principal, one academic teacher, two 18 business/industry representatives, one labor representa-19 tive, and one vocational education program completer.

§18-10H-7. Unified technology transfer program.

1 The state board of education shall establish a unified 2 technology transfer program for vocational-technical 3 educators, beginning the first day of July, one thousand 4 nine hundred ninety. This program shall emphasize 5 initiatives designed to improve the transfer of technol-6 ogy through the vocational-technical education curricu-7 lum. Such initiatives must impact on improved staff 8 development, curricula and instructional methods 9 reflecting work applications of the new and emerging technologies. The vocational-technical education system-10 must be a catalyst in bridging the gap between high 11 12 technology and the workplace. Workers for the twentyfirst century must know how to install, operate and 13 14 maintain high technology equipment, systems and 15 processes.

The unified technology transfer program shall provide innovative staff development opportunities through the following initiatives:

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- (a) A technical update program for vocationaltechnical education teachers to learn high technology skills needed to teach the operation, maintenance, or repair of high technology equipment, through placement in industry, formal technical coursework, seminars, teleconferences and other staff development functions;
- (b) A "Teachers-Teach-Teachers" program to allow the most effective teachers in the state to instruct fellow teachers on how to effectively teach and incorporate high technology skills in the classroom and laboratory;

- 29 (c) An "Academy Chair" program to allow education 30 or business-industry persons to serve as a resident 31 expert in the transfer of technology, including conduct-32 ing seminars in educational institutions, teleconferences 33 and in the workplace;
 - (d) A business and education exchange program to allow vocational-technical education teachers to work in a company or business, while the business person teaches in the vocational-technical education program;
- 38 (e) A beginning teacher internship program to allow 39 new vocational-technical teachers to receive guidance 40 from a mentor teacher in teaching high technology 41 skills, including acquisition of such skills; and
- 42 (f) A vocational-technical completer capstone expe-43 rience program that allows talented students an 44 opportunity to learn high technology skills appropriate 45 for their occupational area of study through internship 46 placement in an appropriate business or industry 47 setting.
- The state board of education may formulate policies and procedures designed to implement this section.
- The foundation provided for in section two of this article shall solicit private sector funds and encourage partnerships to implement this program.

ARTICLE 26A. STATE AUTISM TRAINING CENTER.

§18-26A-1. Purpose.

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§18-26A-2. Definitions.

§18-26A-3. Powers and duties of board of trustees and state autism center.

§18-26A-6. Advisory board.

§18-26A-1. Purpose.

The purpose of the Legislature in the enactment of 1 2 this article is to establish and develop an autism training center in the state of West Virginia with a 3 highly skilled, interdisciplinary, appropriately expe-4 rienced staff which will train teachers, parents, 5 guardians and others important to the autistic person's 6 education and training. The center shall be established 7 and operated by the West Virginia board of trustees or 8 its designees.

§18-26A-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- 2 "Board" means the West Virginia board of trustees:
- 3 "Center" means the autism training center;
- 4 "Client" means a person with the primary diagnosis
- 5 of autism or autistic-like behavior; and
- 6 "Expenses" means those reasonable and customary
- 7 expenditures related to training and treatment of
- 8 eligible clients as defined in the rules and regulations
- 9 promulgated by the center.

§18-26A-3. Powers and duties of board of trustees and state autism center.

- 1 The board of trustees is authorized to operate a state
- 2 autism training center, including either the acquisition
- 3 by purchase, lease, gift or otherwise, of necessary lands,
- 4 and the construction of necessary buildings; the expan-
- 5 sion, remodeling, altering or equipping of necessary
- 6 buildings; and the making of contracts by the board of
- 7 trustees with any state, county or municipal agency, or
- 8 nonprofit institution, providing for the equipment,
- 9 expenses, compensation of personnel, operation and
- 10 maintenance of any facility of such agency or institution
- 11 utilized for the purposes of this article. The board or its
- designees may make and enter into all contracts and
- 13 agreements necessary and incidental to the performance
- 14 of its powers and duties under this section, and may
- 15 cooperate with other agencies of the state, county and
- 16 federal governments.

§18-26A-6. Advisory board.

- 1 The board of trustees shall appoint a board of West
- 2 Virginia citizens to advise the center director on matters
- 3 of policy. The advisory board shall be composed of fifty
- 4 percent parents or guardians of clients eligible for the
- 5 center's program; forty percent persons from profes-
- 6 sional fields related to autism, such as special education,
- 7 psychology, hearing and speech, neurology and pedi-

- 8 atrics; and ten percent knowledgeable lay citizens such
- 9 as legislators or other lay community leaders. The
- 10 director of the center shall be an ex officio nonvoting
- 11 member of the advisory board.

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ARTICLE 29. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE.

§18-29-5. Education employees grievance board; hearing examiners.

1 (a) There is hereby created and shall be an education employees grievance board which shall consist of three 2 3 members who shall be citizens of the state appointed by 4 the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate for overlapping terms of three years, except that 5 the original appointments shall be for a period of one. 6 7 two and three years, respectively, commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. 8 No two members shall be from the same congressional 9 district, and no more than two of the appointed 10 members shall be from the same political party. No 11 12 person shall be appointed to membership on the board who is a member of any political party executive 13 committee or holds any other public office or public 14 15 employment under the federal government or under the 16 government of this state. Members shall be eligible for reappointment, and any vacancy on the board shall be 17 18 filled within thirty days of the vacancy by the governor 19 by appointment for the unexpired term.

A member of the board may not be removed from office except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance, and then only in the manner prescribed in article six, chapter six of this code for the removal by the governor of the state elected officers.

The board shall hold at least two meetings yearly at such times and places as it may prescribe and may meet at such other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be agreed to in writing by at least two of the members. Members of the board shall each be paid seventy-five dollars for each calendar day devoted to the work of the board, but not more than seven hundred and fifty dollars during any one fiscal year. Each member

shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of board duties, but shall submit a request therefor upon sworn itemized statement.

The board is hereby authorized and required to administer the grievance procedure at level four as provided for in section four of this article and shall employ at least two full-time hearing examiners on an annual basis and such clerical help as is necessary to implement the legislative intent expressed in section one of this article.

The board shall hire hearing examiners who reside in different regional educational service agency areas unless and until the number of hearing examiners exceeds the number of such areas, at which time two hearing examiners may be from the same such area. If a grievant previously before a hearing examiner again brings a grievance, a different hearing examiner shall be required to hear the grievance upon written request therefor by any party to the grievance. These hearing examiners shall serve at the will and pleasure of the board.

The board shall submit a yearly budget and shall report annually to the governor and Legislature regarding receipts and expenditures, number of level four hearings conducted, synopses of hearing outcomes and such other information as the board may deem appropriate. The board shall further evaluate on an annual basis the level four grievance process and the performance of all hearing examiners and include such evaluation in the annual report to the governor and Legislature. In making such evaluation, the board shall notify all institutions, employee organizations and all grievants participating in level four grievances in the year for which evaluation is being made and shall provide for the submission of written comment and/or the hearing of testimony regarding the grievance process. The board shall provide suitable office space for all hearing examiners in space other than that utilized by any institution as defined in section two of this article

- 74 and shall ensure that reference materials are generally
 75 available.
- The board is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this article, such rules and regulations to be adopted in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 80 (b) Hearing examiners are hereby authorized and shall have the power to consolidate grievances, allocate 81 82 costs among the parties in accordance with section eight 83 of this article, subpoena witnesses and documents in accordance with the provisions of section one, article 84 five. chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, provide such 85 86 relief as is deemed fair and equitable in accordance with 87 the provisions of this article, and such other powers as 88 will provide for the effective resolution of grievances not 89 inconsistent with any rules or regulations of the board 90 or the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE 30. WEST VIRGINIA HIGHER EDUCATION TUITION TRUST ACT.

- §18-30-5. Appointment of board of directors; terms; compensation; proceedings generally.
- §18-30-13. Conditions precedent to administration of trust; disclaimer; enforcement.

§18-30-5. Appointment of board of directors; terms; compensation; proceedings generally.

1 (a) The board of directors shall consist of the secre-2 tary of education and the arts, who shall be the 3 chairman of the board, the state treasurer, and the state 4 superintendent of schools, who shall serve as ex officio 5 voting members of the board, and six other members 6 with knowledge, skill and experience in an academic. business or financial field, who shall be residents of the 7 state appointed by the governor, by and with the advice 8 9 and consent of the Senate. Of the six appointed 10 members, four shall be appointed from nominations as follows: One shall be a private citizen not employed by 11 or an officer of the state or any political subdivision 12 thereof appointed from one or more nominees of the 13

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Speaker of the House of Delegates; one shall be a private citizen not employed by or an officer of the state or any political subdivision thereof appointed from one or more nominees of the President of the Senate: one shall be a president of a state institution of higher education who shall be appointed from one or more nominees of the council of presidents of state colleges and universities; and one shall represent the interests of private institutions of higher education located in this state who shall be appointed from one or more nominees of the West Virginia association of private colleges. Of these six members first appointed, two shall be appointed for terms that expire on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, two shall be appointed for terms that expire on the thirtyfirst day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and two shall be appointed for a term that expires on the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. Following the expiration of these fixed terms, a member shall be appointed for a term of three years. A member shall serve until a successor is appointed, and a vacancy shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. The chancellor, treasurer, state superintendent or president of a state institution of higher education may appoint a designee to serve as a voting member of the board in such person's absence.

- (b) Members of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall receive reimbursement for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties as board members unless such member is otherwise reimbursed as an employee of the state.
- (c) A majority of the voting members appointed to the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at a meeting of the board, or the exercise of a power or function of the trust, notwithstanding the existence of one or more vacancies. Voting upon action taken by the board shall be conducted by majority vote of the members present in person at a meeting of the

- board, and, if authorized by the bylaws of the board and when a quorum is present in person at the meeting, by use of amplified telephonic equipment. The board shall meet at the call of the chairman and as may be provided in its bylaws. Meetings of the board may be held anywhere within the state.
- 61 (d) The board is subject to the open governmental 62 proceedings and freedom of information provisions of 63 article nine-a, chapter six, and chapter twenty-nine-b, 64 respectively, of this code.

§18-30-13. Conditions precedent to administration of trust; disclaimer; enforcement.

1 (a) Before the trust can enter into a tuition prepay-2 ment contract or tuition trust account contract with 3 purchasers, it shall provide the Legislature with a 4 report outlining any ruling or opinion rendered by the 5 Internal Revenue Service regarding the federal tax 6 consequences of any benefits or refunds received from 7 the trust under the applicable contract. This ruling or 8 opinion rendered by the Internal Revenue Service may 9 be a ruling or opinion sought by the trust or a ruling 10 or opinion that relates to similar contracts in another 11 state.

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- (b) Before entering into a tuition prepayment contract or tuition trust account contract with purchasers, the state shall solicit answers to appropriate ruling requests from the federal Securities and Exchange Commission regarding the application of federal security laws to the trust. No contracts may be entered without the trust making known to the Legislature the status of the request.
- (c) Nothing in this article or in a contract entered into pursuant to this article may be construed as a promise or guarantee by the trust or the state that a person will be admitted to a particular institution of higher education, will be allowed to continue to attend an institution of higher education after having been admitted or will be graduated from an institution of higher education.

- 28 (d) The board, state institutions of higher education.
- 29 purchasers and qualified beneficiaries may enforce this
- 30 article and any contract entered into pursuant to this
- 31 article in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

Article

- 1. Governance.
- 2. University of West Virginia Board of Trustees.
- 3. Board of Directors of the State College System.
- 3A. West Virginia Joint Commission for Vocational-Technical-Occupational Education.
- 4. General Administration.
- 5. Higher Education Budgets and Expenditures.
- 6. Other Boards and Advisory Councils.
- 7. Personnel Generally.
- 8. Higher Education Full-Time Faculty Salaries.
- 9. Classified Employee Salary Schedule and Classification System.
- 10. Fees and Other Money Collected at State Institutions of Higher Education.
- 11. Miscellaneous Institutes and Centers.
- 12. Research and Development Agreements for State Institutions of Higher Education.
- 13. Higher Education-Industry Partnerships.
- 14. Miscellaneous.

ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

- §18B-1-1. Legislative purpose: creation of governing boards.
- §18B-1-2. Definitions.
- §18B-1-3. Transfer of powers, duties, property, obligations, etc., of prior governing boards to the board of trustees and board of directors.
- §18B-1-4. Prior transfer of powers, etc., to board of regents; board of regents abolished.
- §18B-1-5. Board of trustees and board of directors under department of education and the arts.
- §18B-1-6. Rule making.
- §18B-1-7. Supervision by governing boards; delegation to president.
- §18B-1-8. Powers and duties of governing boards generally.
- §18B-1-9. Powers and duties of institutional presidents.
- §18B-1-10. Task force on faculty salaries and resource allocation.

§18B-1-1. Legislative purpose; creation of governing boards.

- 1 The purpose of the Legislature in the enactment of
- 2 this article is to establish a governance structure for the
- 3 state institutions of higher education consisting of a
- 4 board to govern the University of West Virginia system,

- 5 designated the "University of West Virginia Board of
- 6 Trustees," and a board to govern the state college
- 7 system, designated the "Board of Directors of The State
- 8 College System."
- 9 In furtherance of this purpose, there are hereby
- 10 created two governing boards to be known as the
- 11 university of West Virginia board of trustees, and the
- 12 board of directors of the state college system, which
- 13 shall be corporations and as such may contract and be
- 14 contracted with, plead and be impleaded, sue and be
- 15 sued, and have and use common seals.

§18B-1-2. Definitions.

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- The following words when used in this chapter and chapter eighteen-c of this code shall have the meaning hereafter ascribed to them unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- 5 (a) "Governing board" or "board" means the univer6 sity of West Virginia board of trustees or the board of
 7 directors of the state college system, whichever is
 8 applicable within the context of the institution or
 9 institutions referred to in this chapter or in other
 10 provisions of law:
- 11 (b) "Governing boards" or "boards" means both the board of trustees and the board of directors;
 - (c) "Community colleges" means Southern West Virginia Community College, West Virginia Northern Community College, and any institution of higher education which has been designated as a community college by the board of directors under the provisions of section four, article three of this chapter;
- 19 (d) "Directors" or "board of directors" mean the board 20 of directors of the state college system created pursuant 21 to article three of this chapter or the members thereof;
 - (e) "Higher educational institution" means any institution as defined by sections 401(f), (g), (h) of the federal higher education facilities act of 1963, as amended;
- 25 (f) "Post-secondary vocational education programs" 26 means any college-level course or program beyond the

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- 27 high school level provided through an institution of higher education which results in or may result in the 28 29 awarding of a two-year associate degree, under the 30 jurisdiction of the board of directors:
- 31 (g) "Rule" or "rules" mean a regulation, standard. policy or interpretation of general application and 32 33 future effect:
 - (h) "Senior administrator" means the person hired by the governing boards in accordance with section one. article four of this chapter, with such powers and duties as may be provided for in section two of said article four:
- 38 (i) "State college" means Bluefield State College, 39 Concord College, Fairmont State College, Glenville 40 State College, Shepherd College, West Liberty State College, West Virginia Institute of Technology, or West 41 42 Virginia State College:
- 43 (j) "State college system" means the state colleges and 44 community colleges, and also shall include post-secon-45 dary vocational education programs in the state, as those 46 terms are defined in this section:
 - (k) "State institution of higher education" means any university, college or community college in the state university system or the state college system as those terms are defined in this section:
- 51 (1) "Trustees" and "board of trustees" mean the 52 university of West Virginia board of trustees created 53 pursuant to article two of this chapter or the members 54 thereof:
- (m) "University of West Virginia" and "state university system" means the multi-campus, integrated university of the state, consisting of West Virginia University including West Virginia University at Parkersburg, Potomac State College of West Virginia University and the West Virginia University School of Medicine: Marshall University including the Marshall University School of Medicine; the University of West 63 Virginia College of Graduate Studies; and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine; and

65 (n) "University" means the multi-campus, integrated university of the state, consisting of West Virginia 66 University including West Virginia University at 67 68 Parkersburg, Potomac State College of West Virginia University and the West Virginia University School of 69 Medicine: Marshall University including the Marshall 70 University School of Medicine; the University of West 71 Virginia College of Graduate Studies; or the West 72 73 Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.

§18B-1-3. Transfer of powers, duties, property, obligations, etc., of prior governing boards to the board of trustees and board of directors.

(a) All powers, duties and authorities transferred to 1 the board of regents pursuant to former provisions of 2 chapter eighteen of this code are hereby transferred to 3 4 the governing boards created in this chapter and shall be exercised and performed by the governing boards as 5 such powers, duties and authorities may apply to each 6 governing board and to institutions under its 7 8 iurisdiction.

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- (b) Title to all property previously transferred to or vested in the board of regents formerly existing under the provisions of chapter eighteen of this code are hereby transferred to such governing board as those titles may apply to property which is appropriately under the jurisdiction of that governing board. Property transferred to or vested in the board of regents shall include (1) all property vested in the board of governors of West Virginia University and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia board of regents; (2) all property acquired in the name of the state board of control or the West Virginia board of education and used by or for the state colleges and universities and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia board of regents; and (3) all property acquired in the name of the state commission on higher education and transferred to and vested in the West Virginia board of regents.
- (c) Each valid agreement and obligation previously transferred to or vested in the board of regents formerly existing under the provisions of chapter eighteen of this

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code is hereby transferred to the governing boards as those agreements and obligations may apply to each governing board and to institutions under its jurisdiction. Valid agreements and obligations transferred to the board of regents shall include (1) each valid agreement and obligation of the board of governors of West Virginia University transferred to and deemed the agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents; (2) each valid agreement and obligation of the state board of education with respect to the state colleges and universities transferred to and deemed the agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents; and (3) each valid agreement and obligation of the state commission on higher education transferred to and deemed the agreement and obligation of the West Virginia board of regents.

(d) All orders, resolutions and rules adopted or promulgated by the board of regents and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, are hereby transferred to the governing boards as those orders, resolutions and rules may apply to each governing board and to institutions under its iurisdiction and shall continue in effect and shall be deemed the orders, resolutions and rules of the respecting governing boards until rescinded, revised. altered or amended by the appropriate governing board in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law. Such orders, resolutions and rules shall include (1) those adopted or promulgated by the board of governors of West Virginia University and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board of regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law; (2) those respecting state colleges and universities adopted or promulgated by the West Virginia board of education and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board of regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law: and (3) those adopted or promulgated by the state commission

- on higher education and in effect immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixtynine, unless and until rescinded, revised, altered or amended by the board of regents in the manner and to the extent authorized and permitted by law.
- (e) As to any title, agreement, obligation, order, resolution, rule or any other matter about which there is some uncertainty, misunderstanding or question regarding the applicability to one or both of the governing boards, the matter shall be summarized in writing and sent to the secretary of education and the arts, who shall make a determination regarding such matter within thirty days of receipt thereof.
- (f) Rules or provisions of law which refer to other provisions of law which were repealed, rendered inoperative, or superseded by the provisions of this section shall remain in full force and effect to such extent as may still be applicable to higher education and may be so interpreted. Such references include, but are not limited to, references to sections and prior enactments of article twenty-six, chapter eighteen of this code and code provisions relating to retirement, health insurance, grievance procedures, purchasing, student loans and savings plans. Any determination which needs to be made regarding applicability of any provision of law shall first be made by the secretary of education and the arts.

§18B-1-4. Prior transfer of powers, etc., to board of regents; board of regents abolished.

(a) All the powers, duties and authorities which the board of governors of West Virginia University, previously established by article eleven of chapter eighteen of the code or by any other provisions of law, may have had immediately prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, shall be the powers, duties and authorities of the West Virginia board of regents until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. Until such date, all of the policies and affairs of West Virginia University shall be determined, controlled, supervised and managed by the

West Virginia board of regents, who shall exercise and perform all such powers, duties and authorities.

14 All powers, duties and authorities which the West 15 Virginia board of education may have had with respect 16 to state colleges and universities immediately prior to 17 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-18 nine, shall be the powers, duties and authorities of the 19 West Virginia board of regents until the first day of 20 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. Until such 21 date, all of the policies and affairs of the state colleges 22 and universities shall be determined, controlled, super-23 vised and managed by the West Virginia board of 24 regents, who shall exercise and perform all such powers. duties and authorities: Provided. That the standards for 25 26 education of teachers and teacher preparation programs 27 at the state colleges and universities shall continue to be 28 under the general direction and control of the West 29 Virginia board of education, and the West Virginia 30 board of education shall have sole authority to continue, 31 as authorized by section six, article two, chapter 32 eighteen of this code, to enter into agreements with 33 county boards of education for the use of the public 34 schools to give prospective teachers teaching experience.

All powers, duties and authorities vested in the state commission on higher education by previous provisions of chapter eighteen of this code or by any other provisions of law shall be the powers, duties and authorities of the West Virginia board of regents until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightynine. Until such date, all of the powers, duties, and authorities of the state commission on higher education shall be exercised and performed by the West Virginia board of regents.

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(b) The board of regents shall be abolished on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§18B-1-5. Board of trustees and board of directors under department of education and the arts.

1 (a) The university of West Virginia board of trustees 2 and the board of directors of the state college system, 3 created in articles two and three of this chapter, are under the jurisdiction of the department of education and the arts created in article one, chapter five-f of this code, and are subject to the supervision of the secretary of education and the arts. Rules adopted by the governing boards shall be subject to approval by the secretary of education and the arts. The budget submitted by each board pursuant to the provisions of section eight of this article shall be subject to approval of the secretary of the department of education and the arts, all pursuant to the provisions of article two, chapter five-f of this code.

- (b) The secretary of education and the arts is responsible for the coordination of policies and purposes of the state university system and the state college system and shall provide for and facilitate sufficient interaction between the governing boards, and between the governing boards and the state board of education, to assure appropriate mission and program coordination and cooperation among (1) the state university system, (2) the state college system, exclusive of the community colleges, (3) the community colleges and community college components of four-year institutions, if any, and (4) the vocational-technical centers in the state, recognizing the inherent differences in the missions and capabilities of these four categories of institutions.
- (c) The secretary of education and the arts shall conduct a special study of the West Virginia University at Parkersburg, Potomac State College of West Virginia University and the University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies to determine the role and mission of said institutions in the reorganized system of higher education in the state and shall submit a report on the study to the Legislature on or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

§18B-1-6. Rule making.

The university of West Virginia board of trustees and the board of directors of the state college system are hereby empowered to promulgate, adopt, amend or repeal rules, subject to the approval of the secretary of education and the arts, in accordance with the provi-

- 6 sions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, as they may deem necessary and convenient to 7 8 ensure the full implementation of their powers and 9 duties. Each governing board shall file a copy of any 10 rule it proposes to promulgate, adopt, amend or repeal
- 11 under the authority of this article with the legislative
- 12 oversight commission on education accountability
- created in said article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of 13
- 14 this code
- 15 Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to 16 any rule promulgated or adopted by a state institution
- 17 of higher education.

§18B-1-7. Supervision by governing boards: delegation to president.

1 On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, the governing boards shall deter-3 mine, control, supervise and manage all of the policies and affairs of the state institutions of higher education 4 5 under their jurisdiction and shall exercise and perform 6 all such powers, duties and authorities respecting those 7 institutions as were previously exercised and performed 8 by the West Virginia board of regents.

9 The governing boards have the general determination, control, supervision and management of the financial, 10 11 business, and educational policies and affairs of all state 12 institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction. 13 The board of trustees and the board of directors shall seek the approval of the West Virginia Legislature 14

before either governing board takes action that would 15 16 result in the creation or closing of a state institution of

17 higher education.

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Except as otherwise provided by law, each board's responsibilities shall include, but shall not be limited to, the making of studies and recommendations respecting higher education in West Virginia; allocating among the state institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction specific functions and responsibilities; submitting budget requests for such institutions; and equitably allocating available state appropriated funds among such institutions.

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56 57 Each board shall delegate, as far as is lawful, efficient and fiscally responsible and within prescribed standards and limitations, such part of its power and control over financial, educational and administrative affairs of each state institution of higher education to the president or other administrative head of those institutions. This shall not be interpreted to include the classification of employees, lawful appeals made by students in accordance with board policy, lawful appeals made by faculty or staff, or final review of new or established academic or other programs.

To promote the missions and achieve the goals and objectives of the institutions and systems under their jurisdiction and to provide information and guidance for the allocation of funding among institutions in the separate systems in an equitable manner in relation to their missions, goals and objectives, the board of trustees and the board of directors shall each develop comparison information including such factors as peer institution information, enrollment information, data on institutional program scope and diversity, and measures of institutional quality and performance, and shall annually present such information to the secretary of education and the arts and the Legislature along with the resulting allocation decisions made by the respective governing boards. This system shall be implemented by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninetyone. Until the new system is implemented, the current resource allocation model, updated for enrollment and in accordance with other provisions of this code, shall be in effect.

§18B-1-8. Powers and duties of governing boards generally.

- 1 (a) Each governing board shall separately have the 2 power and duty to:
- 3 (1) Determine, control, supervise and manage the 4 financial, business and educational policies and affairs 5 of the state institutions of higher education under its 6 jurisdiction;
- 7 (2) Prepare a master plan for the state institutions of

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8 higher education under its jurisdiction, setting forth the 9 goals, missions, degree offerings, resource requirements, 10 physical plant needs, state personnel needs, enrollment levels and other planning determinates and projections 11 12 necessary in such a plan: Provided. That the master plan 13 for post-secondary vocational education is subject to 14 approval by the joint commission for post-secondary 15 occupational education. The plan shall also address the 16 roles and missions of private post-secondary education 17 providers in the state. Each board shall involve the 18 executive and legislative branches of state government 19 and the general public in the development of all 20 segments of the plan for post-secondary education in the 21 state. The plan shall be established for periods of not less 22 than five nor more than ten years and shall be period-23 ically revised as necessary, including the addition or 24 deletion of degree programs as in the discretion of the 25 boards may be necessary. Whenever a state institution 26 of higher education desires to establish a new degree 27 program, such program proposal shall not be imple-28 mented until the same is filed with both governing 29 boards. Upon objection thereto within sixty days by 30 either governing board, such program proposal shall be 31 filed with the secretary of education and the arts, who 32 shall approve or disapprove such proposal within one 33 year of the filing of said program proposal;

- (3) Prescribe and allocate among the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction, in accordance with its master plan, specific functions and responsibilities to meet the higher education needs of the state and to avoid unnecessary duplication;
- (4) Consult with the executive branch and the Legislature in the establishment of funding parameters, priorities and goals;
- (5) Establish guidelines for and direct the preparation of budget requests for each of the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction, such requests to relate directly to missions, goals and projections in its state master plan;
 - (6) Consider, revise and submit to the appropriate

agencies of the executive and legislative branches of state government separate budget requests on behalf of the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction or a single budget for the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction: Provided. That when a single budget is submitted, that budget shall be accompanied by a tentative schedule of pro-posed allocations of funds to the separate state institu-tions of higher education under its jurisdiction;

- (7) Prepare and submit to the Speaker of the House of Delegates and the President of the Senate, no later than the first day of each regular session of the Legislature, and to any member of the Legislature upon request, an analysis of the budget request submitted under subdivision (6) of this subsection. The analysis shall summarize all amounts and sources of funds outside of the general revenue fund anticipated to be received by each state institution of higher education under its jurisdiction and the effect of such funds on the budget request:
- (8) Prepare and submit to the legislative auditor, no later than the first day of July of each year, the approved operating budgets of each state institution of higher education under its jurisdiction for the fiscal year beginning on that date and, no later than the first day of August, a summary of federal and other external funds received at each such institution during the previous fiscal year;
- (9) Establish a system of information and data management that can be effectively utilized in the development and management of higher education policy, mission and goals;
- (10) Review, at least every five years, all academic programs offered at the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction. The review shall address the viability, adequacy and necessity of the programs in relation to its master plan;
- (11) Utilize faculty, students, and classified staff in institutional level planning and decision-making when those groups are affected;

- 88 (12) Administer a uniform system of personnel 89 classification and compensation for all employees other 90 than faculty and policy level administrators;
 - (13) Establish a uniform system for the hearing of employee grievances and appeals therefrom, so that aggrieved parties may be assured of timely and objective review;
 - (14) Solicit and utilize or expend voluntary support, including financial contributions and support services, for the state institutions of higher education;
 - (15) Appoint a president or other administrative head for each institution of higher education from candidates submitted by the search and screening committees of the institutional boards of advisors pursuant to section one, article six of this chapter;
 - (16) Conduct performance evaluations of each institution's president in every fourth year of employment as president, recognizing unique characteristics of the institution and utilizing institutional personnel, institutional boards of advisors, staff of the appropriate governing board and persons knowledgeable in higher education matters who are not otherwise employed by a governing board;
 - (17) Submit to the joint committee on government and finance, no later than the first day of December of each year, an annual report of the performance of the system of higher education under its jurisdiction during the previous fiscal year as compared to stated goals in its master plan and budget appropriations for that fiscal year.
 - (b) The power herein given to each governing board to prescribe and allocate among the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction specific functions and responsibilities to meet the higher educational needs of the state and avoid unnecessary duplication shall not be restricted by any provision of law assigning specified functions and responsibilities to designated state institutions of higher education, and such power shall supersede any such provision of law: *Provided*, That

127 each governing board may delegate, with prescribed 128 standards and limitations, such part of its power and 129 control over the business affairs of a particular state 130 institution of higher education to the president or other 131 administrative head of such state institution of higher 132 education in any case where it deems such delegation 133 necessary and prudent in order to enable such institu-134 tion to function in a proper and expeditious manner: 135 Provided, however. That such delegation shall not be 136 interpreted to include classification of employees, lawful 137 appeals made by students in accordance with the 138 appropriate governing board's policy, lawful appeals 139 made by faculty or staff, or final review of new or established academic or other programs. Any such 140 141 delegation of power and control may be rescinded by the 142 appropriate governing board at any time, in whole or 143 in part.

§18B-1-9. Powers and duties of institutional presidents.

1 Except as is otherwise provided by law or rule, the 2 president or other administrative head of each state 3 institution of higher education shall exercise all the duties and powers conferred by law in the government 4 5 of the institution under such person's management and 6 control and, subject to review by the appropriate 7 governing board, shall have the authority and respon-8 sibility for overseeing the routine matters of the 9 institution, which include, but are not limited to, travel approval, sabbaticals, budget oversight and special 10 student fees. The president or other administrative head 11 12 shall assist the chancellors in developing or evaluating 13 policy options for the governing boards, but not both developing and evaluating for the same policy, and may 14 propose policy options for consideration by their 15 governing board. The president or other administrative 16 head of each state institution of higher education shall 17 also be responsible for seeking community advice on 18 19 academic or other programs.

§18B-1-10. Task force on faculty salaries and resource allocation.

Not later than the first day of July, one thousand nine

hundred eighty-nine, there shall be established a task force on faculty salaries and resource allocation which shall meet, study and make recommendations as herein provided.

The task force shall be composed of two members of the Senate appointed by the president, two members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker, one member of the faculty advisory council to the board of trustees chosen by said council, one member of the faculty advisory council to the board of directors chosen by said council, one member of the board of trustees chosen by said board, one member of the board of directors chosen by said board, one institutional president chosen by the presidents under the board of trustees, one institutional president chosen by the presidents under the board of supervisors and three members appointed by the governor to represent the public interest.

The task force shall conduct studies on faculty salaries, faculty salary schedules, faculty compensation and specifically on resource allocation models. The task force shall develop a faculty salary program with the overall goal that compares average faculty salaries with similar groups of disciplines at comparable peer institutions. The task force shall make such recommendations as it deems appropriate to address needs identified in the studies and shall specifically make recommendations on the resource allocation model and the faculty salary schedules to the board of trustees and the board of supervisors.

Additionally, the task force shall file a report with the Legislature and the governor on or before the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

The secretary of the department of education and the arts shall be responsible for staffing the task force utilizing existing personnel, equipment and offices of the board of trustees and the board of directors.

In the case of the board of trustees, the task force shall recommend that the board adopt a faculty salary schedule with an overall goal that compares average

- 42 faculty salaries with similar groups of disciplines at
- 43 comparable peer institutions (Doctoral I at West
- 44 Virginia University; Doctoral III at Marshall Univer-
- 45 sity; and appropriate and comparable levels at the
- 46 University of West Virginia College of Graduate
- 47 Studies, and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic
- 48 Medicine, Potomac State College of West Virginia
- 49 University and West Virginia University at
- 50 Parkersburg).
- 51 The salary program shall incorporate a minimum
- 52 salary schedule, approved by the Legislature, for West 53 Virginia University, Marshall University, the Univer-
- 54 sity of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies and
- 54 sity of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies and
- 55 the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine and
- 56 a minimum salary schedule for Potomac State College
- 57 of West Virginia University and West Virginia Univer-
- 58 sity at Parkersburg. It shall be the goal that these
- 59 minimum salary schedules shall be fully in effect within
- 60 three years after the effective implementation of those
- 61 schedules.
- Salary funds shall be distributed to all of the respective institutions based upon legislative intent to
- 64 achieve basic improvements in compensation for all
- 65 employees with any additional funds being distributed
- 66 to the respective institutions based on the proportion
- 67 needed to move to parity in relation to the overall goal
- 68 described above. If needed, no less than fifty percent of
- 69 new salary funds at each institution shall be used to
- new salary lunds at each institution shall be used to
- assure that the appropriate minimum schedule is so
- 71 implemented.

ARTICLE 2. UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

- §18B-2-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.
- §18B-2-2. Meetings and compensation.
- §18B-2-3. Additional duties of board of trustees.
- §18B-2-4. Establishment and operation of graduate college; transfer of programs, etc., of Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University.

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- §18B-2-5. Establishment and operation of a state school of osteopathic medicine; authority and duty to purchase property, expend appropriations and conduct programs of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.
- §18B-2-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.
 - 1 (a) The board of trustees shall consist of seventeen 2 persons, of whom one shall be the chancellor of the 3 board of directors of the state college system, ex officio. 4 who shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the state superintendent of schools, ex officio, who shall not be 5 6 entitled to vote; one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of students. ex officio, who shall be 7 8 entitled to vote: one shall be the chairman of the 9 advisory council of faculty, ex officio, who shall be 10 entitled to vote; and one shall be the chairman of the 11 advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote. The other twelve trustees shall 12 13 be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by 14 and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Each of the trustees appointed to the board by the governor shall represent the public interest and shall be especially qualified in the field of higher education by virtue of the person's knowledge, learning, experience or interest in the field.

20 Except for the ex officio trustees, no person shall be eligible for appointment to membership on the board of 21 trustees who is an officer, employee or member of an 22 advisory board of any state college or university, an 23 officer or member of any political party executive 24 committee, the holder of any other public office or 25 public employment under the federal government or 26 27 under the government of this state or any of its political 28 subdivisions, or an appointee or employee of the board of trustees or the board of directors. Of the twelve 29 30 trustees appointed by the governor from the public at 31 large, not more than six thereof shall belong to the same political party and at least two trustees shall be 32 33 appointed from each congressional district.

Except as provided in this section, no other person may be appointed to the board.

(b) The governor shall appoint twelve trustees as soon after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, as is practicable, and the original terms of all trustees shall commence on that date.

The terms of the trustees appointed by the governor shall be for overlapping terms of six years, except, of the original appointments, four shall be appointed to terms of two years, four shall be appointed to terms of four years, and four shall be appointed to terms of six years. Each subsequent appointment which is not for the purpose of filling a vacancy in an unexpired term shall be for a term of six years.

The governor shall appoint a trustee to fill any vacancy among the twelve trustees appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which trustee appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating trustee. The governor shall fill the vacancy within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

All trustees appointed by the governor shall be eligible for reappointment: *Provided*, That a person who has served as a trustee or director during all or any part of two consecutive terms shall be ineligible to serve as a trustee or director for a period of three years immediately following the second of the two consecutive terms.

The chairman of the advisory council of students, ex officio; the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio; and the chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, shall serve the terms for which they were elected by their respective advisory councils. These members shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

(c) Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a trustee, each trustee shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution of West

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- Virginia, and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary of state.
- (d) No trustee appointed by the governor shall be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality, and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal of the state elective officers by the governor.

§18B-2-2. Meetings and compensation.

- 1 (a) The board of trustees shall hold at least ten 2 meetings in every fiscal year, including an annual 3 meeting each June: Provided, That an annual meeting 4 for the purpose of selecting the first chairman shall be 5 held during July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-6 nine. Except for the annual meeting, which may be held 7 at a location anywhere in the state, the said meetings 8 shall be held on different campuses of institutions in the 9 university system on a rotating basis or at the central 10 office. The board of trustees may set aside time at the meetings at the campuses to afford administrators, 11 12 faculty, students and classified staff at the institution an 13 opportunity to discuss issues affecting these groups. The 14 board of trustees shall hold at least one meeting each year with the advisory council of faculty, the advisory 15 16 council of students, and the advisory council of classified 17 employees, each of these bodies to be met with separ-18 ately. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 19 meetings shall be held on such dates and at such places as the trustees may prescribe. In addition to the 20 21 statutorily required meetings, the trustees may meet at 22 such other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be held upon its own resolution or at the written request 23 24 of at least three appointed trustees.
 - Of the fifteen voting members of the board of trustees, eight shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum shall be necessary to pass upon matters before the trustees.
- (b) The trustees shall be reimbursed for actual and
 necessary expenses incident to the performance of such
 duties upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement

- 32 thereof. The foregoing reimbursement for actual and
- necessary expenses shall be paid from appropriations 33
- 34 made by the Legislature to the trustees.

Additional duties of board of trustees. §18B-2-3.

- (a) The trustees shall govern the University of West 1
- 2 Virginia. The trustees shall develop a master educa-
- 3 tional plan for the university system in the state. 4 establish research policies for the several institutions
- 5 within the university system and shall oversee graduate.
- 6 professional and medical education at the appropriate
- 7 institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction
- 8 to the end of avoiding duplication in advanced study.
- 9 specialty institutes and research.
- 10 (b) The board of trustees shall adopt a faculty salary 11 program with an overall goal that compares average
- 12 faculty salaries with similar groups of disciplines at
- 13 comparable peer institutions (Doctoral I at West
- 14 Virginia University; Doctoral III at Marshall Univer-
- 15 sity: and appropriate levels at the University of West
- Virginia College of Graduate Studies, Potomac State 16
- College of West Virginia University, West Virginia 17
- 18 University at Parkersburg and the School of Osteopa-
- 19 thic Medicine as determined by the Board of Trustees).
- 20 Salary funds shall be distributed to the respective
- 21 institutions based on the proportion needed to move to
- 22 parity in relation to the overall goal described above.
- 23 The salary program shall incorporate a minimum salary
- 24 schedule which shall be fully in effect within three years
- 25 after the effective date of this section. If needed, up to
- 26 fifty percent of new salary funds at each institution shall
- 27 be used to assure that the minimum schedule is so
- 28 implemented. The existing minimum salary schedule as
- set forth within the provisions of article eight of this 29
- chapter shall remain in effect until the board of trustees 30
- 31 adopts the salary program mandated herein and is then
- 32 repealed.

§18B-2-4. Establishment and operation of graduate college: transfer of programs, etc., of Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University.

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The power of the board of regents, effective July one. one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, to establish. name, maintain and operate a graduate college whose major administrative offices are located in Kanawha county shall be transferred to the board of trustees effective July one, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and shall be known as the "University of West Virginia College of Graduate Studies". The board of trustees shall employ a president and such staff and faculty as determined appropriate for the school. appoint an advisory board consistent with section one, article six of this chapter and shall exercise general determination, control, supervision and management of the financial, business and educational policies and affairs of the graduate college. The college shall be authorized to offer, in their entirety or in cooperation with other institutions, such curricula, programs, courses and services and confer such graduate degrees as may be approved by the board of trustees. The trustees shall fix tuition and establish and set other fees to be charged students as it deems appropriate, including the establishment of special fees for specific purposes. Special fees shall be paid into special funds and used only for the purposes for which collected. The board of trustees may allocate from the appropriations for the state university system for the operation and capital improvement of the graduate college.

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All programs, activities, operations, accounts, and resources of the Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University which were transferred to the graduate college, and the title to all property of the Kanawha Valley Graduate Center of West Virginia University which was transferred to or later vested in the graduate college, shall be transferred to and remain vested in the trustees. The trustees are authorized to enter into contracts on behalf of the graduate college with public and private educational institutions, agencies and boards; with governmental agencies; and with corporations, partnerships and individuals for the use of physical facilities, equipment and for the performance of instructional or other services.

§18B-2-5. Establishment and operation of a state school of osteopathic medicine; authority and duty to purchase property, expend appropriations and conduct programs of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.

The board of trustees shall operate and maintain the state school of osteopathy, known as the "West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine" and located in Lewis-burg, Greenbrier County, as previously established by the board of regents, as a part of the University of West Virginia as defined in section two, article one of this chapter. The title to all the real property and all facilities and equipment of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine and the previously existing Greenbrier College of Osteopathic Medicine, located at Lewisburg, Greenbrier County, shall be and remain vested in the board of trustees. The title to any such property originally acquired by or vested in the name of the board of regents is hereby transferred to and shall remain vested in the board of trustees.

The board of trustees shall employ a president and such staff and faculty as determined appropriate for the school, appoint an advisory board consistent with section one, article six of this chapter and exercise general determination, control, supervision and management of the financial, business and educational policies and affairs of the school of osteopathic medicine.

The school shall be authorized to offer such curricula, programs, courses and services and confer such degrees as may be approved by the board of trustees. The board of trustees shall fix tuition and establish and set other fees to be charged students as it deems appropriate, including the establishment of special fees for specific purposes. Special fees shall be paid into special funds and be used only for the purposes for which said fees were collected.

The board of trustees shall expend from the appropriations allocated for the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine such funds as are necessary for the operation and conduct of programs, the acquisition of clear title to the property of the Greenbrier College of

- 37 Osteopathic Medicine, and for necessary capital im-38 provements. The title to all property purchased for the 39 use of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine 40 shall be vested in the board of trustees.
- 41 The board of trustees is authorized to enter into 42 contracts on behalf of the West Virginia School of 43 Osteopathic Medicine with public and private educa-44 tional institutions, agencies and boards, with govern-45 mental agencies and with corporations, partnerships. and individuals for the performance of instructional or 46

47 other services.

- 48 The board of trustees is hereby specifically authorized to contract with the West Virginia anatomical board 49 50 and the West Virginia anatomical board is hereby 51 specifically authorized to contract with the board of trustees on behalf of the West Virginia School of 52 53 Osteopathic Medicine for the requisition, use, disposition 54 and control of any body as may come under the 55 authority of the anatomical board: Provided. That such 56 body be used exclusively for educational purposes of the 57 West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine.
- 58 The board of trustees is further authorized to contract with any other person, corporation or entity for the 59 purchase of cadavers for educational purposes at the 60 West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine, notwith-61 62 standing any provision of law to the contrary.

ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STATE COLLEGE SYSTEM.

- §18B-3-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.
- §18B-3-2. Meetings and compensation.
- §18B-3-3. Additional duties of board of directors.
- §18B-3-4. Community colleges.
- §18B-3-5. Permits required for correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools; surety bonds and fees; issuance, renewal and revocation of permit; reports; rules and regulations; penalty and enforcement.
- Composition of board; terms and qualifications §18B-3-1. of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.

(a) The board of directors of the state college system shall consist of seventeen persons, of whom one shall be the chancellor of the university of West Virginia, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the state superintendent of schools, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of students, ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote; one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote; and one shall be the chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote. The other twelve directors shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Each of the directors appointed to the board by the governor shall represent the public interest and shall be especially qualified in the field of higher education by virtue of the person's knowledge, learning, experience or interest in the field.

Except for the ex officio directors, no person shall be eligible for appointment to membership on the board of directors who is an officer, employee or member of an advisory board of any state college or university, an officer or member of any political party executive committee, the holder of any other public office or public employment under the federal government or under the government of this state or any of its political subdivisions, or an appointee or employee of the board of trustees or board of directors. Of the twelve directors appointed by the governor from the public at large, not more than six thereof shall belong to the same political party and at least two directors of the board shall be appointed from each congressional district.

Except as provided in this section, no other person may be appointed to the board.

(b) The governor shall appoint twelve directors as soon after July one, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, as is practicable, and the original terms of all directors shall commence on that date. The terms of the directors appointed by the governor shall be for

overlapping terms of six years, except, of the original appointments, four shall be appointed to terms of two years, four shall be appointed to terms of four years, and four shall be appointed to terms of six years. Each subsequent appointment which is not for the purpose of filling a vacancy in an unexpired term shall be appointed to a term of six years.

 The governor shall appoint a director to fill any vacancy among the twelve directors appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which director appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating director. The governor shall fill the vacancy within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

All directors appointed by the governor shall be eligible for reappointment: *Provided*, That a person who has served as a director or trustee during all or any part of two consecutive terms shall be ineligible to serve as a director for a period of three years immediately following the second of the two consecutive terms.

The chairman of the advisory council of students, ex officio; the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio; and the chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, shall serve the terms for which they were elected by their respective advisory councils. These members shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

- (c) Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a director, each director shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia, and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary of state.
- (d) No director appointed by the governor shall be removed from office by the governor except for official misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross immorality, and then only in the manner prescribed by law for the removal by the governor of the state elective officers.

§18B-3-2. Meetings and compensation.

1 (a) The board of directors shall hold at least ten meetings in every fiscal year, including an annual 2 3 meeting each June: Provided. That an annual meeting for the purpose of selecting the first chairman shall be 4 held during July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-5 6 nine. Except for the annual meeting, which may be held 7 at a location anywhere in the state, the said meetings 8 shall be held on different campuses of institutions in the state college system on a rotating basis or at the central 9 10 office. The directors may set aside time at these meetings held at the campuses to afford administrators, 11 faculty, students and classified staff at these institutions 12 an opportunity to discuss issues affecting these groups. 13 14 The directors shall hold at least one meeting each year 15 with the advisory council of faculty, the advisory council of students and the advisory council of classified 16 17 employees, each of these bodies to be met with separately. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 18 19 meetings shall be held on such dates and at such places 20 as the directors may prescribe. In addition to the 21 statutorily required meetings, the directors may meet at 22 such other times as may be necessary, such meetings to be held upon its own resolution or at the written request 23 24 of at least five appointed directors.

Of the fifteen voting members of the board of directors, eight shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum shall be necessary to pass upon matters before the directors.

(b) The directors shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incident to the performance of such duties, upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement thereof. The foregoing reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses shall be paid from appropriations made by the Legislature to the directors.

§18B-3-3. Additional duties of board of directors.

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1 (a) The board of directors shall determine programs 2 to be offered by state institutions of higher education 3 under its jurisdiction.

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- 4 (b) The directors shall govern community colleges and shall organize eight community college service areas in accordance with section four of this article.
- 7 (c) The board of directors of the state college system 8 shall govern the state college system. The directors shall 9 develop by the first day of January, one thousand nine 10 hundred ninety, a proposed classification plan and 11 salary plan for full-time faculty based upon the level of 12 program being taught by said full-time faculty member. 13 whether baccalaureate programs or associate level 14 programs. The classification plan and salary plan shall 15 be submitted to the secretary of education and the arts

§18B-3-4. Community colleges.

for approval.

- 1 (a) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, the following institutions are 3 hereby established or continued as freestanding com-4 munity colleges: Southern West Virginia Community 5 College and West Virginia Northern Community 6 College. On or before the first day of July, one thousand 7 nine hundred ninety, the board of directors may designate other facilities, centers, locations and schools 8 as freestanding community colleges. Such freestanding 9 10 community colleges shall not be operated as branches or 11 off-campus locations of any other state institution of 12 higher education.
 - (b) The directors, in accordance with article two-b, chapter eighteen of this code, shall cooperate with the state board of vocational education, the state council of vocational-technical education, and the joint commission for post-secondary occupational education to develop a network of post-secondary vocational, job training and other educational centers, utilizing existing community colleges and programs, other existing facilities, and existing training needs within the service area. The community colleges shall be organized into eight community college service areas which shall have the same boundaries as the regional educational service agencies established by the state board of education

pursuant to section twenty-six, article two, chapter eighteen of this code: *Provided*, That any community college and the branches thereof existing on the effective date of this section may be located in more than one community college service area created pursuant to this section and shall not be affected by such service area boundary.

(c) A separate division of community colleges shall be established under the board of directors and supervised by the vice chancellor for community colleges. The community colleges shall be responsible directly to and subject to the governance of the vice chancellor for community colleges, who shall regularly convene the presidents or other administrative heads of the community colleges as a community college council.

The vice chancellor for community colleges shall consider (1) existing branch colleges, community college components, off-campus locations, and, through agreements with the state board of vocational education, vocational technical centers included within the boundaries of the eight community college service areas and (2) the needs of each such region in determining the enrollment, programs and functions of all community colleges, and the names and locations of newly designated community colleges: *Provided*, That programs at community colleges shall be two years or less in duration.

(d) The board of directors may fix tuition and establish and set such other fees to be charged students as it deems appropriate, and shall pay such tuition and fees collected into a revolving fund for the partial or full support, including the making of capital improvements, of any community college established, continued or designated hereunder. Funds collected at any such community college may be used only for the benefit of that community college. The board of directors may also establish special fees for such purposes as, including, but not limited to, health services, student activities, student recreation, athletics or any other extracurricular purposes. Such special fees shall be paid into special funds and used only for the purposes for which collected.

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- Moneys collected at a branch college or off-campus location of a state institution of higher education which is subsequently designated as a community college shall be transferred to and vested in the successor community college.
 - (e) The board of directors may allocate funds from the appropriations for the state college system for the operation and capital improvement of any community college continued, established or designated under authority of this section and may accept federal grants and funds from county boards of education, other local governmental bodies, corporations or persons. The directors may enter into memoranda of agreements with such governmental bodies, corporations or persons for the use or acceptance of local facilities and/or the acceptance of grants or contributions toward the cost of the acquisition or construction of such facilities. Such local governmental bodies may convey capital improvements, or lease the same without monetary consideration, to the board of directors for the use by the community college, and the board of directors may accept such facilities, or the use or lease thereof, and grants or contributions for such purposes from such governmental bodies, the federal government or any corporation or person.

§18B-3-5. Permits required for correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools; surety bonds and fees; issuance, renewal and revocation of permit; reports; rules and regulations; penalty and enforcement.

It shall be unlawful for any person representing a correspondence, business, occupational or trade school inside or outside this state to solicit, sell or offer to sell courses of instruction to any resident of this state for consideration or remuneration unless the school first obtains a permit from the West Virginia board of directors in the manner and on the terms herein prescribed.

The application for a permit shall be made on forms to be furnished by the board, and a ten dollar fee shall

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50 51 be required. The application shall be accompanied by a surety bond in the penal sum of thirty-five thousand dollars for any school which has its physical facilities located in this state and which has operated in this state for at least ten years. For any other school a surety bond in the penal sum of not less than thirty-five thousand dollars, but not more than one hundred thousand dollars, shall be required, such amount to be determined in accordance with the rules of the board of directors. Schools with more than one campus within the state shall be required to provide a bond for each of its campuses in an amount equal to the bond required for its oldest established campus in this state. The bond may be continuous and shall be conditioned to provide indemnification to any student suffering loss as a result of any fraud or misrepresentation used in procuring the student's enrollment or failure of the school to meet contractual obligations. The bond shall be given by the school itself as a blanket bond covering all of its representatives. The surety on any such bond may cancel the same upon giving thirty days' notice in writing to the principal on said bond and to the state board of directors and thereafter shall be relieved of liability for any breach of condition occurring after the effective date of said cancellation. The ten dollar fee will entitle a school to register up to two individual solicitors. Additional solicitors may be registered by paying a five dollar fee for each registration submitted.

A permit shall be valid for one year corresponding to the effective date of the bond and, upon application, accompanied by the required fee and the surety bond as herein required, may be renewed. All fees collected for the issuance or renewal of such permit shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the board of directors.

The board may refuse a permit to any school if the board finds that the school engages in practices which are inconsistent with this section or with rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto. A permit issued hereunder, upon fifteen days' notice and after a hearing, if a hearing is requested by the school, may be sus-

pended or revoked by the board of directors for fraud or misrepresentation in soliciting or enrolling students, for failure of the school to fulfill its contract with one or more students who are residents of West Virginia, or for violation of or failure to comply with any provision of this section or with any regulation of the state board of directors pertinent thereto. Prior to the board taking any adverse action, including refusal, suspension or revocation of a permit, the school shall be given reasonable opportunity to take corrective measures. Any refusal, suspension or revocation of a permit, or any other adverse action against a school, shall comply with all constitutional provisions, including due process, relating to the protection of property rights.

All correspondence, business, occupational or trade schools which have been issued a permit shall make annual reports to the board of directors on forms furnished by the board and shall provide such appropriate information as the board reasonably may require. All correspondence, business, occupational or trade schools which have been issued a permit shall furnish to the board of directors a list of its official representatives. Each school shall be issued a certificate of identification by the board of directors for each of its official representatives.

The issuance of a permit pursuant to this section does not constitute approval or accreditation of any course or school. No school nor any representative of a school shall make any representation stating, asserting or implying that a permit issued pursuant to this section constitutes approval or accreditation by the state of West Virginia, state board of directors or any other department or agency of the state.

The board of directors is hereby authorized to adopt rules and conduct on-site reviews to evaluate academic standards maintained by schools for the awarding of certificates, diplomas and specialized associate degrees, which standards may include curriculum, personnel, facilities, materials and equipment: *Provided*, That in the case of accredited correspondence, business, occupational and trade schools under permit on the effective

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date of this section, having their physical facilities located in this state, and which are accredited by the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association approved by the United States department of education, the accrediting agency's standards, procedures and criteria shall be accepted as meeting applicable laws, standards, rules and regulations of the board of directors: *Provided*, however, That the board of directors may authorize an investigation of written student complaints alleging a violation of this section, or board's rules or accreditation standards and may take appropriate action based on the findings of such an investigation.

The board of directors is hereby authorized to adopt rules for the awarding of any specialized associate degree by accredited proprietary institutions: Provided, That nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights of accredited West Virginia proprietary schools operating in West Virginia to confer specialized associate degrees, diplomas or certificates based on credit or clock hours in accordance with standards of the appropriate nationally recognized accrediting agency or association that is approved by the United States department of education. For the purposes of this section, proprietary schools that award specialized associate degrees shall be defined as institutions of higher education, and specialized associate degrees shall mean degrees awarded by such institutions pursuant to a program of not less than two academic years: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to qualify the said proprietary schools for additional state moneys not otherwise qualified for under other provisions of the code.

In regard to private, proprietary educational institutions operating under this section of the code, accredited by a national or regional accrediting agency or association recognized by the United States Department of Education and which provide training at a campus located in this state:

(a) Any rule or standard which is authorized by this or any section of the code or other law, and which is now

in effect or promulgated hereafter by the board of directors (or other agency with jurisdiction) shall be clearly, specifically, and expressly authorized by narrowly construed enabling law and shall be unenforceable and without legal effect unless authorized by an act of the Legislature under the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code;

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- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other law to the contrary, the institution's accrediting agency standards, procedures, and criteria shall be accepted as the standards and rules of the board of directors (or other agency with jurisdiction), and as meeting other law or legal requirements relating to the operation of proprietary institutions which such board or other agency has the legal authority to enforce under any section of the code or other law: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to deny students the use of remedies that would otherwise be available under state or federal consumer laws or federal law relating to federal college financial assistance programs.
- (c) Accredited institutions operating hereunder are hereby recognized as post-secondary. Academic progress shall be measured and reported in credit hours and all reports/documents filed on a credit hour basis.

A representative of any school violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars per day of violation, not to exceed a maximum of two thousand dollars per violation, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than sixty days, or both fined and imprisoned. No correspondence, business, occupational or trade school shall maintain an action in any court of this state to recover for services rendered pursuant to a contract solicited by the school if the school did not hold a valid permit at the time the contract was signed by any of the parties thereto. The attorney general or any county prosecuting attorney, at the request of the board of directors or upon his or her own motion, may bring any appropriate action or proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of this section relating to permits, bonds and sureties.

ARTICLE 3A. WEST VIRGINIA JOINT COMMISSION FOR VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL-OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION.

§18B-3A-1. Commission established.

§18B-3A-1a. Department of education and the arts.

§18B-3A-1b. Definitions.

§18B-3A-2. Composition of commission; terms of members; qualifications of members.

§18B-3A-3. Meeting; compensation of members.

§18B-3A-4. Duties and responsibilities.

§18B-3A-1. Commission established.

1 The West Virginia Joint Commission for Vocational-

2 Technical-Occupational Education, hereinafter referred

3 to in this article as the joint commission, is hereby

4 created, consisting of thirteen members appointed by

the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate,

6 who shall be individuals broadly representative of

7 citizens and organizations within the state having an

8 interest in vocational education.

§18B-3A-1a. Department of education and the arts.

- 1 The joint commission herein established shall be
- 2 subject to the jurisdiction of the department of education
- 3 and the arts pursuant to the provisions of article one,
- 4 chapter five-f of this code, and the commission shall be
- 5 subject to the supervision of the secretary of the
- department of education and the arts.

§18B-3A-1b. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Secondary vocational education" shall mean any
- 3 high school level course or program which results or
- 4 may result in a high school diploma or its equivalent,
- 5 under the jurisdiction of the state board of education.
- 6 (b) "Post-secondary vocational education" shall mean 7 any college-level course or program beyond the high
- 8 school level provided through an institution of higher
- 9 education which results in or may result in the award-
- 10 ing of a two-year associate degree, under the jurisdiction
- 11 of the board of directors.

- 12 (c) "Adult basic education" shall mean adult basic skills education designed to satisfy the basic literacy needs of adults; to improve and/or upgrade information processing skills, communication skills, and computational skills leading to a high school equivalency diploma, under the jurisdiction of the state board of education.
 - (d) "Adult occupational education" shall mean adult skill training beyond the high school level not leading to a certificate or college credit, under the jurisdiction of the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education.
- (e) "Adult technical preparatory education" shall mean adult skill training beyond the high school level, but less than the associate degree, leading to a certificate and/or articulated with post-secondary vocational education, under the jurisdiction of the joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational education.

§18B-3A-2. Composition of commission; terms of members; qualifications of members.

The members appointed by the governor shall include all of the following:

- (a) Seven individuals who shall be representatives from business, industry, and agriculture, including one member representing small business concerns, one member of whom shall represent the governor's office of community and industrial development, one member of whom shall represent proprietary schools and one member of whom shall represent labor organizations. In selecting private sector individuals under this subdivision, the governor shall give due consideration to the appointment of individuals who serve on a private industry council or other appropriate state agencies.
- (b) Six individuals, three of whom shall be representatives of secondary vocational education appointed by the state superintendent of schools and three of whom shall be representatives of post-secondary vocational education appointed by the chancellor of the board of directors.

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In addition to the members appointed by the governor the state superintendent of schools and the vice chancel-22 lor of the board of directors shall serve as ex officio 23 members.

Members of the commission shall serve for overlapping terms of four years, except that the original appointments to the commission shall be for staggered terms allocated in the following manner: One member appointed by the chancellor, one member appointed by 29 the state superintendent of schools and two members 30 appointed by the governor for terms of two years; one 31 member appointed by the chancellor, one member 32 appointed by the state superintendent of schools and two 33 members appointed by the governor for terms of three 34 years; and one member appointed by the state superintendent of schools, one member appointed by the 35 chancellor and three members appointed by the gover-36 37 nor for terms of four years.

§18B-3A-3. Meeting; compensation of members.

1 The joint commission shall meet quarterly and may 2 meet at the request of the president, a majority of the 3 board or at the call of the secretary of education and the arts. One such meeting of the joint commission shall 4 5 be a public forum for the discussion of the goals and 6 standards for vocational education in the state. The members shall elect a president who shall serve a term 7 8 of one year.

9 Members of the council shall serve without compen-10 sation. Members of the council appointed by the governor shall receive their actual necessary expenses 11 12 incurred in the performance of their duties.

§18B-3A-4. Duties and responsibilities.

- The joint commission shall have the duties and 1 responsibilities set forth in the provisions of section two, 2 article two-b, chapter eighteen of this code, and in 3 addition shall: 4
- (a) Meet with the state board of education and the 5

- board of directors, or their representatives, to advise
 them on state plans for vocational education; and
 - (b) Advise the state board of education and the board of directors, and report to the Legislature by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and annually thereafter regarding all of the following:
 - (1) Policies the state should pursue to strengthen vocational education with special emphasis on programs for the handicapped.
 - (2) Programs and methods through which the private sector could undertake to assist in the modernization of vocational education programs.
 - (c) Effective July one, one thousand nine hundred ninety, supervise the governance of all secondary and post-secondary vocational education programs in the state, including the programs assisted under the federal Vocational Education Act and the Job Training Partnership Act, and shall implement policies to both coordinate programs of the state board of education and the board of directors and to eliminate duplicative programs of same.
 - (d) Coordinate the delivery of vocational-technicaloccupational education in a manner designed to provide the greatest yet most reasonable level of accessibility to students in consideration of the most efficient use of available public funds.
 - (e) Encourage through articulation the most efficient utilization of available resources, both public and private, to meet the needs of vocational-technical-occupational education students.
 - (f) Analyze and report to the governor and the Legislature on the distribution of spending for vocational education in the state and on the availability of vocational education activities and services within the state.
 - (g) Consult with the state board of education and the board of directors on evaluation criteria for vocational education programs in the state.

- (h) Recommend to the state board of education and the board of directors on the delivery of vocational education programs in the state which emphasize the involvement of business and labor organizations.
- (i) Assess and report to the governor and Legislature on the distribution of federal vocational education funding provided under Public Law 98-524, with an emphasis on the distribution of financial assistance among secondary and post-secondary vocational education programs.
- (j) Recommend procedures to the state board of education and the board of directors to ensure and enhance public participation in the provision of vocational education at the local level, with an emphasis on programs which involve the participation of local employers and labor organizations.
- (k) Report to the state board of education, the board of directors, and the Legislature on the extent to which equal access to quality vocational education programs is provided to handicapped and disadvantaged individuals, adults who are in need of training and retraining, individuals who are single parents or homemakers, individuals participating in programs designed to eliminate sexual bias and stereotyping in vocational education, and criminal offenders serving in correctional institutions.
- (1) Evaluate at least once every two years:
- (1) The adequacy and effectiveness of the vocational educational systems assisted under the federal Vocational Education Act and the Job Training Partnership Act in achieving the objectives defined in those acts.
- (2) Develop uniform guidelines for the transferability of credits among institutions in the state and transferability of credits between and among the systems of higher education and the state board of education.
- (m) Designate lead institutions and do a region by region study of existing programs, define peculiar needs

- 82 of each region and devise a statewide plan for secondary 83 and post-secondary vocational education.
- 84 (n) The secretary of the department of education and 85 the arts shall be responsible for staffing the joint
- 86 commission, utilizing existing personnel, equipment and
- 87 offices of the state board of education and the board of
- 88 directors.

ARTICLE 4. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

- §18B-4-1. Officers of governing boards; employment of chancellors and senior administrator; offices.
- \$18B-4-2. Senior administrator's powers and duties generally.
- §18B-4-3. Authority to participate in reciprocal regional and interstate higher educational agreements.
- §18B-4-4. State agency for participation in federal and private grants to higher education; related powers and duties.
- §18B-4-5. Security officers; appointment; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal.
- §18B-4-6. Acquisition, operation and regulation of parking areas and facilities at state institutions of higher education; regulation of parking, speed and flow of traffic on campus roads and driveways; civil and criminal penalties; disposition of revenue.
- §18B-4-7. Accreditation of institutions of higher education; standards for degrees.

§18B-4-1. Officers of governing boards; employment of chancellors and senior administrator; offices.

- (a) At its annual meeting in June of each year, each 1 2 governing board shall elect from its members appointed by the governor a president and such other officers as 3 it may deem necessary or desirable: Provided, That the 4 initial annual meeting shall be held during July, one 5 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The president and 6 such other officers shall be elected for a one-year term 7 commencing on the first day of July following the 8 annual meeting and ending on the thirtieth day of June 9 of the following year. The president of the board shall 10 11 serve no more than two consecutive terms.
- 12 (b) Each governing board shall employ a chancellor 13 who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the employing 14 board and shall assist the governing board in the 15 performance of its duties and responsibilities. No 16 chancellor may hold or retain any other administrative

17 position within the system of higher education while 18 employed as chancellor. Each chancellor is responsible 19 for carrying out the directives of the governing board 20 by which employed and shall work with such board in 21 developing policy options. For the purpose of developing 22 or evaluating policy options, the chancellors may request 23 the assistance of the presidents of the institutions under 24 their jurisdiction and their staffs. The respective chancellors shall jointly agree to, and shall hire, one 25 senior administrator who shall serve at their will and 26 pleasure in accordance with section two of this article. 27

- 28 (c) The director of health shall serve as the vice chancellor for health affairs, who shall coordinate the 29 West Virginia University School of Medicine. the 30 Marshall University School of Medicine, and the West 31 Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine. The vice 32 chancellor for health affairs shall conduct a special 33 study of the West Virginia University School of 34 35 Medicine, the Marshall University School of Medicine and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine 36 37 to determine the role and mission of said institutions in the reorganized system of higher education in the state. 38 39 The special study shall include, but is not limited to. 40 coordinating medical education, training and delivery of 41 health services in the state: preparing nurse midwives. 42 nurse practitioners, medical technologists and other members of the allied health professions; and providing 43 44 for rural health care. The vice chancellor shall submit 45 a report on said study to the governor and to the 46 Legislature by the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. 47
- 48 (d) The board of directors of the state college system 49 shall employ a vice chancellor for community colleges 50 to coordinate the community colleges.
- 51 (e) Suitable offices for the senior administrator and 52 other staff shall be provided in Charleston.

§18B-4-2. Senior administrator's powers and duties generally.

1 (a) The senior administrator has a ministerial duty, in consultation with and under direction of the chancellors,

- to perform such functions, tasks and duties as may be necessary to carry out the policy directives of the governing boards and such other duties as may be prescribed by law.
 - (b) The senior administrator may employ and discharge, and shall supervise, such professional, administrative, clerical and other employees as may be necessary to these duties and shall delineate staff responsibilities as deemed desirable and appropriate. The senior administrator shall fix the compensation and emoluments of such employees: *Provided*, That effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, those employees whose job duties meet criteria listed in the system of job classifications as stated in article nine of this chapter shall be accorded the job title, compensation and rights established in said article as well as all other rights and privileges accorded classified employees by the provisions of this code.
- 21 (c) The senior administrator shall follow state and 22 national educational trends and gather data on higher 23 educational needs.
 - (d) The senior administrator, in accordance with established guidelines and in consultation with and under the direction of the chancellors, shall administer, oversee or monitor all state and federal student assistance and support programs administered on the state level, including those provided for in chapter eighteenc of this code.
 - (e) The senior administrator has a fiduciary responsibility to administer the tuition and registration fee capital improvement revenue bond accounts of the governing boards.
- 35 (f) The senior administrator shall administer the 36 purchasing system or systems of the governing boards.
 - (g) The senior administrator shall be responsible for the management of the West Virginia network for educational telecomputing (WVNET). The senior administrator shall establish a computer policy board, which shall be representative of both the university

- 42 system and the college system. It shall be the respon-43 sibility of the computer policy board to recommend to
- 44 the secretary of the department of education and the
- 45 arts policies for a statewide shared computer system.
- 46 (h) Any program or service currently administered by 47 the board of regents and not specifically assigned to the 48 board of trustees or the board of directors may be 49 administered by the senior administrator. Such pro-50 gram or service may include, but shall not be limited 51 to, telecommunications activities and other programs
- 52 and services provided for under grants and contracts
- 53 from federal and other external funding sources.

§18B-4-3. Authority to participate in reciprocal regional interstate higher educational and agreements.

1 In order to provide higher educational opportunities 2 at minimum cost to students and the state, the governing boards, on behalf of the state of West Virginia, are 3 4 authorized and empowered to participate in the South-5 ern Regional Education Board interstate agreement, 6 namely the Academic Common Market, and in such other regional and interstate agreements determined to 7 8 be mutually beneficial to the citizens of the participat-9 ing states and which provide an opportunity for qualified nonresident students to enroll in selected 10 programs and curricula on a resident tuition and fee 11 12 charge basis. Each governing board is specifically 13 authorized to waive the collection of nonresident tuition 14 and fee charges for students from other states enrolled in programs and curricula under the jurisdiction of and 15 approved by the governing board as a part of a regional 16 17 or interstate agreement.

State agency for participation in federal and §18B-4-4. private grants to higher education; related powers and duties.

- 1 The governing boards, on behalf of the state of West
- 2 Virginia, are authorized and empowered to apply for,
- to accept and administer and expend for the purpose or 3
- purposes designated, any funds which now are, or may 4
- be made, available to the governing boards or to any 5

- 6 institution under their jurisdiction from federal or 7 private grants, appropriations, allocations and 8 programs.
- 9 The governing boards have the power:
 - (1) To receive and disburse funds appropriated by the federal government for the construction, equipment, and improvement of academic facilities of institutions of higher education as required by the federal Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, and any and all subsequent acts of Congress relating to the same subject;
 - (2) To apply for, receive, and administer, subject to any applicable regulations or laws of the federal government or any agency thereof, any federal grants, appropriations, allocations, and programs for the development of academic facilities on behalf of the state of West Virginia, or any institution of higher education, public or private, within the state;
 - (3) To develop, alter, amend, and submit to the federal government state plans for participation in federal grants, appropriations, allocations, and programs for the development of academic facilities and to formulate rules, criteria, methods, forms, procedures, and to do all other things which may be necessary to make possible the participation of the state in such federal grants, appropriations, allocations, and programs for the development of academic facilities;
 - (4) To hold hearings, and render decisions as to the priority assigned to any project, or as to any other matter or determination affecting any applicant for federal grants, appropriations, allocations and programs for the development of academic facilities;
- 37 (5) To hire personnel, purchase materials, make 38 studies and reports, enter into contracts, and do all other 39 things necessary to accomplish the duties as set forth in 40 this section within the limits of the funds available.

§18B-4-5. Security officers; appointment; qualifications; authority; compensation and removal.

1 The governing boards are hereby authorized to

2 appoint bona fide residents of this state to act as security 3 officers upon any premises owned or leased by the state of West Virginia and under the jurisdiction of the 4 5 governing boards, subject to the conditions and restric-6 tions hereinafter imposed. Before performing duties as 7 a security officer in any county, each person so appointed shall qualify therefor in the same manner as is 8 9 required of county officers by the taking and filing an oath of office as required by article one, chapter six of 10 this code and by posting an official bond as required by 11 article two, chapter six of this code. No security officer 12 13 shall have authority to carry a gun or any other dangerous weapon until a license therefor has been 14 15 obtained in the manner prescribed by section two. 16 article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code.

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It shall be the duty of any person so appointed and qualified to preserve law and order on any premises 19 under the jurisdiction of the governing boards and on any other street, road or thoroughfare, except controlled access and open country highways, adjacent to or passing through such premises, to which the person may be assigned by the president or other administrative head of the state institution of higher education. For this purpose the security officer shall, as to offenses committed within any area so assigned, have and may exercise all the powers and authority and shall be subject to all the responsibilities of a law-enforcement officer as defined in section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code and shall be eligible for lawenforcement training at an approved academy under said article, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary therein. The assignment of security officers to the duties authorized by this section shall not be deemed to supersede in any way the authority or duty of other peace officers to preserve law and order on such premises. In addition, the security officers appointed under provisions of this section shall have authority to assist local peace officers on public highways in the control of traffic in and around premises owned by the state of West Virginia whenever such traffic is generated as a result of athletic or other activities conducted or sponsored by a state institution of higher education 44 and when such assistance has been requested by the local peace officers.

46 The salary of all such security officers shall be paid 47 by the appropriate governing board. Each state institu-48 tion may furnish each such security officer with an 49 official uniform to be worn while on duty and shall 50 furnish and require each such officer while on duty to 51 wear a shield with an appropriate inscription and to 52 carry credentials certifying to the person's identity and 53 authority as a security officer.

54 The governing boards may at their pleasure revoke 55 the authority of any security officer. The president or 56 other administrative head of the state institution of 57 higher education shall report the termination of 58 employment of a security officer by filing a notice to 59 that effect in the office of the clerk of each county in 60 which the security officer's oath of office was filed, and 61 in the case of a security officer licensed to carry a gun 62 or other dangerous weapon, by notifying the clerk of the 63 circuit court of the county in which the license therefor 64 was granted.

- §18B-4-6. Acquisition, operation and regulation of parking areas and facilities at state institutions of higher education; regulation of parking, speed and flow of traffic on campus roads and driveways; civil and criminal penalties; disposition of revenue.
- 1 (a) The governing boards are hereby authorized to 2 construct, maintain and operate automobile parking 3 facilities or areas upon any premises owned or leased at 4 any state institution of higher education under their jurisdiction for use by students, faculty, staff and 5 visitors. The governing boards may charge fees for use 6 of the parking facilities or areas under their control. All 7 moneys collected for the use of the parking facilities or 8 areas shall be paid to the credit of the state institution 9 of higher education at which the fees were charged into 10 a special fund which is hereby created in the state 11 treasury. The moneys in the fund shall be used first to 12 pay the cost of maintaining and operating the parking 13

facilities or areas, but any excess not needed for this purpose may be used for the acquisition of property by lease or purchase and the construction thereon of additional parking facilities or areas. Any money in the fund not needed immediately for the acquisition, construction, maintenance or operation of the parking facilities or areas may be temporarily invested by the governing boards with the state board of investments to the credit of the state institution of higher education at which the fees were charged.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other motor vehicle or traffic law or regulation to the contrary, the governing boards are hereby authorized to regulate and control at any state institution of higher education under their jurisdiction the speed, flow and parking of vehicles on campus roads, driveways and parking facilities or areas. Rules for this purpose shall be promulgated by the governing boards in the manner prescribed in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and when so promulgated shall have the force and effect of law. In each parking facility or area a summary of the rules governing the use of the facility or area including, but not limited to. the availability of temporary parking permits and where same may be obtained, and of the penalties which may be imposed for violations of the rules shall be conspicuously posted. Along each campus road and driveway, notice signs pertaining to the speed of vehicles, spaces available for parking, directional flow of traffic and penalties which may be imposed for violations of the rules shall be conspicuously posted.
- (c) Any person parking any vehicle or operating any vehicle in violation of the rules shall be issued a citation describing the offense charged and ordering an appearance within ten days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays observed by the college or university, before a designated official of the state institution of higher education and, if the person cited fails to appear within said ten days, ordering an appearance before a magistrate located in the county in which the state institution of higher education is located or before the judge of the municipal court, if the state institution of higher

education is located within a municipality having such an official.

The designated official of the state institution of higher education shall have exclusive jurisdiction of the offense during the ten-day period. Any person so cited may plead no contest to the offense and, by so pleading, shall be subject to a civil penalty to be determined uniformly by the designated official and commensurate with the severity of the offense in an amount not more than ten dollars for each offense as partial reimbursement to the state institution of higher education for the cost of regulating traffic and parking. Moneys derived from civil penalties imposed herein shall be deposited in the special fund in the state treasury created by this section and credited to the state institution of higher education at which the penalty was paid.

Upon the expiration of the ten days, or upon a pleading of not guilty before the designated official of the state institution of higher education within the ten days, the magistrate or judge of the municipal court shall have jurisdiction of the offense, and any person cited under the provisions of this section, upon a finding of guilty by the magistrate or municipal judge, shall be subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty dollars for each offense, the amount to be commensurate with the severity of the offense.

Each designated official of the state institution of higher education presiding over a case under the provisions of this section shall keep or cause to be kept a record of every citation which alleges a violation of such provisions, or the rules promulgated in accordance therewith, and shall keep a record of every official action in reference thereto including, but not limited to, a record of every plea of no contest, conviction or acquittal of the offense charged and the amount of the fine or of the civil penalty resulting from each citation.

(d) Whenever a vehicle is parked on any state institution of higher education campus road, driveway or parking facility or area in a manner which violates posted rules and substantially impedes the flow of

96 tion may, in addition to the issuing of a citation and 97 subsequent procedures set forth herein, remove the 98 vehicle, by towing or otherwise, to an area owned by the 99 institution or areas designated for this purpose. The 100 vehicle, having been towed to the designated area or 101 areas, may be rendered immovable by use of locking 102 wheel blocks or other device not damaging to the vehicle. The state institution of higher education shall 103 104 maintain any vehicle so towed in the same condition as 105 it was immediately prior to being towed, but shall not 106 be liable for any damage to a vehicle towed to, or kept 107 in, a designated area pursuant to the provisions of this 108 section. The state institution of higher education shall 109 pay for the cost of removing the vehicle and shall have 110 a right to reimbursement from the owner for this cost 111 and for the reasonable cost of keeping the vehicle in the designated area. Until payment of these costs, the state 112 113 institution of higher education may retain possession of 114 the vehicle, and the institution shall have a lien on the 115 vehicle for the amount due. The state institution of 116 higher education may enforce this lien in the manner 117 provided in section fourteen, article eleven, chapter thirty-eight of this code for the enforcement of other 118 119 liens.

§18B-4-7. Accreditation of institutions of higher education; standards for degrees.

1 The appropriate governing board shall make rules for 2 the accreditation of institutions of higher education in 3 this state under its jurisdiction and shall determine the 4 minimum standards for the conferring of degrees. No 5 institution of higher education may confer any degree 6 on any basis of work or merit below the minimum standards prescribed by the appropriate governing 7 8 board. Nothing contained herein shall infringe upon the rights, including rights to award degrees, granted to 9 any institution by charter given according to law, or by 10 actions of the governing boards or their predecessors, 11 12 prior to the adoption of this section.

No charter or other instrument containing the right to confer degrees of higher educational status shall be granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution,

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- 16 association or organization within the state, nor shall
- 17 any such degree be awarded, until the condition of
- 18 conferring such degree has first been approved in
- 19 writing by the appropriate governing board.

ARTICLE 5. HIGHER EDUCATION BUDGETS AND EXPENDITURES.

- §18B-5-1. Budget appropriations.
- §18B-5-2. Allocation of appropriations.
- §18B-5-3. Authority to contract for programs, services and facilities.
- §18B-5-4. Purchase or acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment and printing.
- §18B-5-5. Prequalification disclosure by vendors; register of vendors; exceptions; suspension of vendors.
- §18B-5-6. Other code provisions relating to purchasing not controlling; exceptions; criminal provisions and penalties; financial interest of governing boards, etc.; receiving anything of value from interested party and penalties therefor; application of bribery statute.
- §18B-5-7. Disposition of obsolete and unusable equipment, surplus supplies and other unneeded materials: inventories.

§18B-5-1. Budget appropriations.

- 1 The budget appropriations for the state system of
- 2 higher education under this chapter and other provi-
- 3 sions of law shall consist of three major areas of
- 4 appropriation consisting of (1) an appropriation for the 5
- higher education governing boards which shall be for
- 6 the operation of the governing boards, the central office, 7 the senior administrator and the staff of the senior
- 8 administrator, (2) separate control accounts or institu-
- 9 tional control accounts, or some combination of such
- accounts, for appropriations to the board of trustees to 10
- 11 be allocated to the institutions under the state university
- 12 system and to the board of directors to be allocated to
- 13 the state college system, and (3) such special tuition and
- 14 registration fee special capital improvement funds and
- revenue bond funds as may be necessary for the 15
- disposition of tuition and registration fee collections to 16
- protect the interests of all holders of obligations for 17
- 18 which such fees were pledged by the board of regents
- 19 and shall remain pledged under the governing boards.
- 20 The appropriations for the state university system and
- the state college system until the first day of July. one 21

- 22 thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be in the same
- 23 percentages of the total of the appropriations to such
- 24 accounts as the percentages of the combined institutions
- 25 under such systems received in allocations in the fiscal
- 26 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight-eighty-
- 27 nine.

§18B-5-2. Allocation of appropriations.

From appropriations for the higher education governing boards, the governing boards shall jointly allocate funds for the operation of the central office under the senior administrator and shall share equally the cost of suitable offices for the senior administrator and other staff in Charleston.

7 Any tuition and registration fee collections paid into 8 tuition and registration fee special capital improvement 9 funds and special revenue bond funds which accrue in 10 excess of the amounts necessary to protect the interests 11 of all holders of obligations for which such fees were 12 pledged by the board of regents and shall remain 13 pledged under the governing boards, shall be allocated 14 to each governing board in proportion to the amounts 15 of such fees collected through the institutions under its 16 jurisdiction and shall be deposited in special capital 17 improvement funds in the state treasury under the name 18 of the governing board for expenditure for capital 19 improvements at the institutions under the appropriate 20 board's jurisdiction.

§18B-5-3. Authority to contract for programs, services and facilities.

1 The governing boards are authorized and empowered 2 to enter into contracts and expend funds for programs. 3 services and facilities provided by public and private 4 educational institutions, associations, boards, agencies, 5 consortia, corporations, partnerships, individuals and 6 local, state and federal governmental bodies within and 7 outside of West Virginia in order that maximum higher 8 educational opportunities of high quality may be 9 provided to the citizens of the state in the most 10 economical manner: Provided. That in no event shall a contract for such services and facilities be entered into 11

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unless the governing boards have determined that such services and facilities are necessary and that such services and facilities would be at a savings to the state.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, nothing herein contained shall supersede the responsibility and respective duties of the commissioner of finance and administration, the director of the purchasing division of such department and the attorney general for the execution and approval of the contracts entered into under this article and such contracts shall be in complete conformity with the provisions of articles three and five, chapter five-a of this code.

§18B-5-4. Purchase or acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment and printing.

1 (a) Each governing board, through the senior admin-2 istrator, shall purchase or acquire all materials. 3 supplies, equipment and printing required for that 4 board, and the state institutions of higher education 5 under its jurisdiction. The governing boards shall adopt 6 rules governing and controlling acquisitions and 7 purchases in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such rules shall assure that the governing 8 9 board: (1) Shall not preclude any person from partici-10 pating and making sales thereof to the board except as 11 otherwise provided in section five of this article; (2) shall 12 establish and prescribe specifications, in all proper cases. for materials, supplies, equipment and printing to 13 14 be purchased; (3) shall adopt and prescribe such 15 purchase order, requisition or other forms as may be 16 required: (4) shall negotiate for and make purchases and 17 acquisitions in such quantities, at such times and under 18 contract, in the open market or through other accepted 19 methods of governmental purchasing as may be prac-20 ticable in accordance with general law; (5) shall 21 advertise for bids on all purchases exceeding five 22 thousand dollars, to purchase by means of sealed bids and competitive bidding or to effect advantageous 23 24 purchases through other accepted governmental me-25 thods and practices; and (6) shall post in a public place 26 in the central office of the governing boards, in the 27 purchasing office of the specific institution involved in

the purchase and in the office of the department of purchases, available to the public during all business hours, notices of all acquisitions and purchases for which competitive bids are being solicited, at least two weeks prior to making such purchases.

The governing boards shall further adopt rules relating to purchasing in the open market pursuant to section thirteen, article three, chapter five-a of this code, and shall further make provision for vendor notification of bid solicitation and emergency purchasing.

Any or all bids may be rejected. However, all purchases based on advertised bid requests shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder taking into consideration the qualities of the articles to be supplied, their conformity with specifications, their suitability to the requirements of the governing boards and delivery terms: *Provided*, That the preference for resident vendors as provided in section forty-four, article three of said chapter five-a shall apply to the competitive bids made pursuant to this section.

The governing boards shall maintain a purchase file, which shall be a public record and open for public inspection. After the award of the order or contract, the governing boards shall indicate upon the successful bid that it was the successful bid, and shall further indicate why bids are rejected and, if the mathematical low vendor is not awarded the order or contract, the reason therefor. No records in the purchase file shall be destroyed without the written consent of the legislative auditor.

(b) The governing boards shall also adopt rules to prescribe qualifications to be met by any person who, on and after the effective date of this section, is to be employed as a buyer pursuant to this section. Such rules shall provide that no person shall be employed as a buyer unless such person, at the time of employment, either is (1) a graduate of an accredited college or university or (2) has at least four years' experience in purchasing for any unit of government or for any business, commercial or industrial enterprise. Any

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person making purchases and acquisitions pursuant to this section shall execute a bond in the penalty of fifty thousand dollars, payable to the state of West Virginia, with a corporate bonding or surety company authorized to do business in this state as surety thereon, in form prescribed by the attorney general and conditioned upon the faithful performance of all duties in accordance with sections four through seven of this article and the rules of the governing boards. In lieu of separate bonds for such buyers, a blanket surety bond may be obtained. Any such bond or bonds shall be filed with the secretary of state. The cost of any such bond or bonds shall be paid from funds appropriated to the applicable governing board.

(c) All purchases and acquisitions shall be made in consideration and within limits of available appropriations and funds and in accordance with applicable provisions of article two, chapter five-a of this code, relating to expenditure schedules and quarterly allotments of funds and in accordance with section sixteen, article three of said chapter.

The governing boards may make requisitions upon the auditor for a sum to be known as an advance allowance account, in no case to exceed five percent of the total of the appropriations for the board, and the auditor shall draw a warrant upon the treasurer for such accounts; and all such advance allowance accounts shall be accounted for by the applicable governing board once every thirty days or more often if required by the state auditor. Such authority shall not be delegated to any state institution under the control and supervision of the board.

Contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be signed by the applicable governing board in the name of the state and shall be approved as to form by the attorney general. A contract that requires more than six months for its fulfullment shall be filed with the state auditor. The governing board shall prescribe the amount of deposit or bond to be submitted with a bid or contract, if any, and the amount of deposit or bond to be given for the faithful performance of a contract.

109 If the governing board purchases or contracts for 110 materials, supplies, equipment and printing contrary to 111 the provisions of sections four through seven of this 112 article or the rules pursuant thereto, such purchase or 113 contract shall be void and of no effect.

Either governing board may request the director of purchases to make available, from time to time, the facilities and services of that department to the board in the purchase and acquisition of materials, supplies, equipment and printing, and the director of purchases shall cooperate with that governing board in all such purchases and acquisitions upon such request.

Each governing board shall permit private institutions of higher education to join as purchasers on purchase contracts for materials, supplies and equipment entered into by that governing board. Any private school desiring to join as purchasers on such purchase contracts shall file with that governing board an affidavit signed by the president of the institution of higher education or a designee requesting that it be authorized to join as purchaser on purchase contracts of that governing board and agreeing that it will be bound by such terms and conditions as that governing board may prescribe, and that it will be responsible for payment directly to the vendor under each purchase contract.

§18B-5-5. Prequalification disclosure by vendors; register of vendors; exceptions; suspension of vendors.

(a) Every person, firm or corporation selling or offering to sell to the governing boards, upon compet-itive bids or otherwise, any materials, equipment, supplies or printing shall comply with all of the provisions of section fourteen-a, article three, chapter five-a of this code and shall file with the director of the purchasing division of the state of West Virginia the affidavit required herein: Provided, That every such person, firm or corporation who is presently in compliance with said section shall not be required to requalify thereunder to be able to transact business with the governing boards.

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13 (b) Any person, firm or corporation failing or refusing 14 to comply with said statute as herein required shall be ineligible to sell or offer to sell commodities or printing 15 to the governing boards as hereinafter set forth: 16 17 Provided, That any person suspended under the provi-18 sions of section thirty-nine of said article three shall not 19 be eligible to sell or offer to sell commodities or printing 20 to the governing boards: Provided, however, That the 21 governing boards shall have the power and authority to suspend, for a period not to exceed one year, the right 22 23 and privilege of a person to bid on purchases of the 24 governing boards when there is reason to believe that 25 such person has violated any of the provisions in sections 26 four through seven of this article or the rules of the 27 governing boards pursuant thereto. Every person whose 28 right to bid has been so suspended shall be notified 29 thereof by a letter posted by registered mail containing the reason for such suspension and shall have the right 30 31 to have the appropriate governing board's action 32 reviewed in accordance with section forty, article three, 33 chapter five-a of this code.

§18B-5-6. Other code provisions relating to purchasing not controlling; exceptions; criminal provisions and penalties; financial interest of governing boards, etc.; receiving anything of value from interested party and penalties therefor; application of bribery statute.

The provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code shall not control or govern the purchase, acquisition or other disposition of any equipment, materials, supplies or printing by the governing boards, except as provided in sections four through seven of this article: *Provided*, That sections thirty-six, thirty-seven and thirty-eight, article three of said chapter five-a shall apply to all purchasing activities of the governing boards.

Neither the governing boards, nor any employee of the governing boards, shall be financially interested, or have any beneficial personal interest, directly or indirectly, in the purchase of any equipment, materials, 14 supplies or printing, nor in any firm, partnership. 15 corporation or association furnishing them. Neither the 16 governing boards nor any employee of said boards shall 17 accept or receive directly or indirectly from any person. 18 firm or corporation, known by the governing boards or 19 such employee to be interested in any bid, contract or 20 purchase, by rebate, gift or otherwise, any money or 21 other thing of value whatsoever, or any promise, 22 obligation or contract for future reward, or 23 compensation.

24 A person who violates any of the provisions of this 25 section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 26 conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in jail not less 27 than three months nor more than one year, or fined not 28 less than fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, or 29 both imprisoned and fined, in the discretion of the court: 30 Provided, That any person who violates any of such 31 provisions by receiving money or other thing of value 32 under circumstances constituting the crime of bribery under the provisions of section three, article five-a, 33 chapter sixty-one of this code, shall, upon conviction of 34 bribery, be punished as provided in section nine of said 35 36 article five-a.

§18B-5-7. Disposition of obsolete and unusable equipment, surplus supplies and other unneeded materials; inventories.

1 The governing boards shall dispose of obsolete and 2 unusable equipment, surplus supplies and other un-3 needed materials, either by transfer to other govern-4 mental agencies or institutions, by exchange or trade. or by sale as junk or otherwise. The governing boards 5 6 shall adopt rules governing and controlling the disposi-7 tion of all such equipment, supplies and materials. At 8 least ten days prior to the disposition, the governing boards shall advertise, by newspaper publication as a 9 10 Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the 11 provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, in the county in which the equipment, supplies and 12 materials are located the availability or sales of such 13 14 disposable equipment, supplies and materials and may 15 sell same, in whole or in part, at public auction, or may

16 transfer, exchange or trade same to other governmental 17 agencies or institutions (if by exchange or trade, then 18 without advertising), in whole or in part, as sound 19 business practices may warrant under existing circum-20 stances and conditions. The governing boards shall 21 inventory all such disposable equipment, supplies and 22 materials from time to time as quantity and stocks may 23 warrant, and shall make a complete annual inventory 24 thereof as of the thirty-first day of March of each year. 25 The governing boards may report such inventories to the 26 director of purchases whose services and facilities shall 27 be available to the governing boards in making advan-28 tageous disposition of any part or all of such disposable 29 equipment, supplies and materials. Such inventories 30 shall briefly describe the disposable items, the date of purchase thereof, the vendor to the applicable governing 31 32 board, the purchase price paid therefor and the 33 governing board's order number authorizing disposition 34 thereof and shall indicate briefly the reason said items 35 are no longer needed or can no longer be used by the 36 governing board. All such inventories shall be kept as 37 public records open to public inspection at one or more of the institutions under the jurisdiction of the govern-38 39 ing boards for a period of five years and may thereafter be destroyed: Provided. That under no circumstances 40 41 shall any of the property described in this section be 42 sold, transferred or conveyed to any private person, firm or corporation other than by public auction or as 43 44 provided in article eight, chapter five-a of this code.

ARTICLE 6. OTHER BOARDS AND ADVISORY COUNCILS.

- §18B-6-1. Institutional boards of advisors.
- §18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.
- §18B-6-3. Advisory councils of students.
- §18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.
- §18B-6-5. Creation of advisory council on federal resources; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; compensation and expenses; meetings; quorum.
- §18B-6-6. Powers and duties relating to anatomical gifts; requisition of bodies; autopsies; transportation of bodies; expenses of preservation; bond required; offenses and penalties.

§18B-6-1. Institutional boards of advisors.

1 (a) There shall be established at each state institution

of higher education, hereinafter referred to as the "institution," excluding centers and branches thereof, an institutional board of advisors. The board of advisors shall consist of eleven members, including an adminis-trative officer of the institution appointed by the president of the institution; a full-time member of the faculty with the rank of instructor or above duly elected by the faculty; a member of the student body in good academic standing, enrolled for college credit work and duly elected by the student body; a member of the institutional classified staff duly elected by the classified staff; and, appointed by the appropriate governing board, seven lay citizens of the state who have demon-strated a sincere interest in and concern for the welfare of that institution and who are representative of its population and fields of study, including at least two alumni of the institution. Of the seven lay citizen members, no more than four may be of the same political party.

The administrative officer, faculty member, student member and classified staff member shall serve for a term of one year, and the seven lay citizen members shall serve terms of four years each. All members shall be eligible to succeed themselves for no more than one additional term. A vacancy in an unexpired term of a member shall be filled within sixty days of the occurrence thereof in the same manner as the original appointment or election. Except in the case of a vacancy, all elections shall be held and all appointments shall be made no later than the thirtieth day of April preceding the commencement of the term.

Each board of advisors shall hold a regular meeting at least quarterly, commencing in July of each year. Additional meetings may be held upon the call of the chairman, president of the institution, or upon the written request of at least four members. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for conducting the business of the board of advisors.

(b) One of the seven lay citizen members shall be elected as chairman by the board of advisors in July of

each year: *Provided*, That no member shall serve as chairman for more than two consecutive years at a time.

The president of the institution shall make available resources of the institution for conducting the business of the board of advisors. The members of the board of advisors shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties under this section upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement thereof. All expenses incurred by the board of advisors and the institution under this section shall be paid from funds allocated to the institution for such purpose.

- (c) The board of advisors shall review, prior to the submission by the president to its governing board, all proposals of the institution in the areas of mission. academic programs, budget, capital facilities and such other matters as requested by the president of the institution or its governing board or otherwise assigned to it by law. The board of advisors shall comment on each such proposal in writing, with such recommendations for concurrence therein or revision or rejection thereof as it deems proper. Such written comments and recommendations shall accompany the proposal to the governing board, and the governing board shall include such comments and recommendations in its consideration of and action on the proposal. The governing board shall promptly acknowledge receipt of the comments and recommendations and shall notify the board of advisors in writing of any action taken thereon.
- (d) Upon request therefor in writing by the president of the institution, the board of advisors may authorize transfers between items of allocation or appropriation in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen-a, article two, chapter five-a of this code.
- (e) The board of advisors shall review, prior to their implementation by the president, all proposals regarding institution-wide personnel policies. The board of advisors may comment on such proposals in writing.
- (f) Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of president of the institution, the board of advisors shall

82 serve as a search and screening committee for candi-83 dates to fill the vacancy under guidelines established by its governing board. When serving as a search and 84 screening committee, the board of advisors and its 85 86 governing board are each authorized to appoint up to 87 three additional persons to serve on the committee as 88 long as the search and screening process is in effect. The three additional appointees of the board of advisors shall 89 90 be faculty members of the institution. Only for the 91 purposes of the search and screening process, such 92 additional members shall possess the same powers and 93 rights as the regular members of the board of advisors. 94 including reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred. Following the search 95 96 and screening process, the committee shall submit the names of at least three candidates to the governing 97 98 board for consideration and appointment. If the govern-99 ing board rejects all candidates so submitted, the 100 committee shall submit the names of at least three 101 additional candidates, and this process shall be repeated 102 until the governing board appoints one of the candidates 103 so submitted. The governing board shall provide all 104 necessary staff assistance to the board of advisors in its 105 role as a search and screening committee.

§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.

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Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of faculty.

4 During the month of April of each year, each pres-5 ident or other administrative head of a state institution 6 of higher education, including Potomac State College of 7 West Virginia University and West Virginia University 8 at Parkersburg, at the direction of the councils and in 9 accordance with procedures established by the councils, shall convene a meeting or otherwise institute a 10 11 balloting process to elect one faculty to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of 12 13 faculty, which shall consist of one faculty, so elected, from each such institution under the appropriate 14 15 governing board. Terms of the members of each council shall be for one year and shall begin on the first day 16

of May of each year, and members of each advisory council shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

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The advisory councils of faculty shall meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of June, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman. a member of that council to preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following such vacancy.

Each advisory council of faculty, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the faculty members may have an interest.

Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of faculty, and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any faculty member of a state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory council of faculty serving the other governing board.

§18B-6-3. Advisory councils of students.

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hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be
assisted by an advisory council of students.

The student government organization at each state institution of higher education shall elect a student, who may be the elected head or president of such organization, to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of students, which are hereby created, consisting of the elected representatives of each institution under the appropriate governing board: Provided. That the student government organization at each institution in the university system, including Potomac State College of West Virginia University and West Virginia University at Parkersburg, shall elect one student per three thousand students enrolled at each institution with a minimum of one representative from each institution. The student government of each institution shall determine how its representatives shall be elected. Terms of the members of such council shall be for one year and shall begin on the first day of May of each year, and members of the advisory councils shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

Each institution shall have only one vote in all matters. The advisory councils of students shall meet at least once each quarter, and shall meet during each month of June, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who prior to such elections must be entitled to vote in the state of West Virginia. By virtue of the office, the chairman shall be a voting member of the appropriate governing board. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman, a member of that council to preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following such vacancy.

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Each advisory council of students, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the students may have an interest.

Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of students, and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any student of a state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory council of students serving the other governing board.

§18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of classified employees.

4 During the month of April of each year, each pres-5 ident or other administrative head of a state institution 6 of higher education, including Potomac State College of 7 West Virginia University and West Virginia University 8 at Parkersburg, at the direction of the councils and in 9 accordance with procedures established by the councils. 10 shall convene a meeting or otherwise institute a 11 balloting process to elect one classified employee to serve 12 on the appropriate governing board's advisory council of 13 classified employees, which shall consist of one classified 14 employee, so elected, from each such institution under the appropriate governing board. Terms of the members 15 of such councils shall be for one year and shall begin 16 on the first day of May of each year, and members of 17 the advisory councils shall be eligible to succeed 18 19 themselves. For the purpose of this section the term 20 "institution of higher education" includes the facilities 21 and staff supervised by the senior administrator employed by the governing boards, who shall be deemed 22 a part of the state college system, and the West Virginia 23

network for telecomputing, who shall be deemed a part of the state university system.

26 Each advisory council of classified employees shall 27 meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly 28 meetings shall be during the month of June, at which 29 meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall 30 be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board: Provided. That the board 31 32 of directors' advisory council for classified employees' 33 chairman shall not be a member of the staff supervised 34 by the central administrative official. No member may 35 vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in 36 the last vote taken for such election, a member autho-37 rized by the council shall select the chairman by lot 38 from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall 39 40 elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the 41 election of a chairman, a member of the council to 42 preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's 43 absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the 44 council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the 45 unexpired term within thirty days following such 46 vacancy.

Each advisory council of classified employees, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the classified employees may have an interest.

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Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of classified employees, and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any classified employee of a state institution of higher education represented on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the advisory

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64 council of classified employees serving the other 65 governing board.

§18B-6-5. Creation of advisory council on federal resources; appointment, terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; compensation and expenses; meetings; quorum.

1 There is hereby created an advisory council to be 2 known as the higher education advisory council on 3 federal resources. The council shall review the state plan 4 for administration of the federal Higher Education 5 Facilities Act of 1963 and Titles I and VI of the federal 6 Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. The council 7 shall also evaluate proposals pertaining to the aforemen-8 tioned federal acts and shall submit such recommenda-9 tions as it deems appropriate to the secretary of 10 education and the arts. The council shall be involved in 11 every significant function of the office of the secretary. 12 including governing boards under the jurisdiction of the 13 secretary, pertaining to said federal acts.

The advisory council shall consist of twelve members to be appointed as follows: One member of the board of trustees appointed by the president of the board of trustees, one member of the board of directors appointed by the president of the board of directors, two members appointed by the board of trustees to represent the public at large, two members appointed by the board of directors to represent the public at large, two members appointed by each governing board to represent the state institutions of higher education under its control, and one member appointed by each governing board to represent private institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction: Provided, That the two members representing private institutions of higher education shall be presidents of a private institution, and, of the four members representing public institutions of higher education, one appointed by each governing board shall be a president of a state institution of higher education. The secretary of education and the arts shall appoint a chairman of the advisory council who shall be selected from the representatives of the public at large.

The members shall serve for a term of six years, except that the original appointments shall be as follows: Four members to serve two years, four members to serve four years, and four members to serve six years. Such appointments shall be made no later than the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The secretary of education and the arts shall appoint a member to fill any vacancy, which member shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating member. All shall be eligible for reappointment.

The members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties not to exceed twenty-five dollars per day plus an allowance of twenty cents per mile actually traveled to and from such meetings.

A meeting of the advisory council shall be held on or before the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and thereafter the advisory council shall meet at least annually and at such other times as necessary upon the call of the chairman. Five members of the advisory council shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum shall be necessary to pass upon matters before the council.

§18B-6-6. Powers and duties relating to anatomical gifts; requisition of bodies; autopsies; transportation of bodies; expenses of preservation; bond required; offenses and penalties.

(a) The board of trustees may appoint one dean of a school of medicine, one dean of a school of dentistry and two chairmen of departments of anatomy of schools of medicine, all of whom shall constitute a board for the purpose of performing the duties of the board, which is hereby abolished, formerly known as the "West Virginia Anatomical Board." This new board shall be known as the "University of West Virginia Anatomical Board," and shall hereinafter be referred to as the "board" for the purposes of this section. No more than one member of this board shall be from the same school.

12 The board shall have authority to appoint such

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13 officers, employees and agents as may be necessary to 14 carry out the purposes for which the board is organized. 15 It shall keep a full and complete record of its transac-16 tions, showing, among other things, every dead human 17 body coming under its authority, giving name, sex, age, 18 date of death, place from which received, and when and 19 from whom received, which record shall be open at all 20 times to the inspection of the attorney general and any 21 prosecuting attorney in the state.

If the board of trustees does not appoint a "university of West Virginia anatomical board" as herein authorized, then the board of trustees itself shall perform the duties of the anatomical board as set forth herein.

- (b) The board shall be responsible for making requisition for, receiving, and making disposition of the dead human bodies for the scientific uses and purposes of reputable educational institutions, within the state and elsewhere, having medical, osteopathy, dentistry or nursing schools. The board shall have full power to establish rules for its own government and for the requisition, use, disposition and control of such bodies as may come under its authority by way of gift, pursuant to this section or pursuant to section four, article nineteen, chapter sixteen of this code.
- (c) All dead human bodies which may come under the charge or control of any mortician, any officer or agent of the department of welfare or of any county commission or municipality, or any superintendent, officer or agent having the supervision of any prison, morgue, hospital, or other public institution in this state, and which may be required to be buried at public expense. shall be subject to the requisition of the board as provided in this section. No such body shall be delivered to the board if any person related to the deceased by blood or marriage shall make a statement in writing to that effect, and shall claim such body for burial, or shall make affidavit that the relative is unable to bear the expense of burial and desires that the deceased be buried at public expense. This statement and affidavit may be filed by any such relative with the person having

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charge and control of the body of the person so claimed, either before or after the death of such person.

No autopsy shall be performed on any unclaimed body without the written permission of the board, except upon the proper order of a duly authorized lawenforcement officer.

- (d) It shall be the duty of any person who has charge or control of any unclaimed body, subject to requisition by the board, to give notice to the board of that fact by telephone or telegraph within twenty-four hours after such body comes under that person's control. Thereafter. such person shall hold the body subject to the order of the board for at least twenty-four hours after the sending of such notice. If the board makes requisition for the body within the twenty-four hour period, it shall be delivered, pursuant to the order of the board, to the board or its authorized agent for transportation to any educational institution which the board deems to be in bona fide need thereof and able to adequately control, use and dispose of the body. The board shall make suitable arrangements for the transportation of any body, or part or parts thereof, which may come under its authority to such educational institution. All expenses incurred in connection with the preservation. delivery and transportation of any such body delivered pursuant to the order of the board shall be paid by the educational institution receiving the body.
- (e) No dead body shall be received or requisitioned by the board until the members of the board have filed a bond with the clerk of the circuit court of Kanawha County in a penalty of one thousand dollars, with good security, signed by a responsible person or persons, or by some surety company authorized to do business in this state, or have proved to such clerk that they are covered by a suitable bond in at least that amount, conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties.
- (f) Any person who shall neglect, refuse or fail to perform any duty required by this section relating to the board shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not

- 93 more than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in
- 94 the county jail for not more than ten days, or by both
- 95 such fine and imprisonment. Any person who fails to
- 96 give the required notice that that person has charge of
- 97 an unclaimed body subject to requisition by the board
- 98 shall also be personally liable for all burial expenses, if
- 99 such body was buried at public expense, to the public
- 100 agency that paid for the burial.

ARTICLE 7. PERSONNEL GENERALLY.

- §18B-7-1. Seniority for full-time classified personnel; seniority to be observed in reducing work force; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies.
- §18B-7-2. Authority to grant sabbatical leaves.
- §18B-7-3. Effect of leave of absence on academic tenure, rank, etc.
- §18B-7-4. Notice to probationary faculty members of retention or nonretention; hearing.
- §18B-7-5. Faculty and classified employee continuing education and development program.
- §18B-7-1. Seniority for full-time classified personnel; seniority to be observed in reducing work force; preferred recall list; renewal of listing; notice of vacancies.
 - (a) All decisions by the appropriate governing board 1 2 or their agents at state institutions of higher education concerning reductions in work force of full-time 3 classified personnel, whether by temporary furlough or 4 permanent termination, shall be made in accordance 5 with this section. Definitions for terms used in this 6 section shall be in accordance with those provided in 7 section two, article nine of this chapter except that the 8 provisions of this section shall apply only to classified 9 employees whose employment, if continued, shall 10 11 accumulate to a minimum total of one thousand forty hours during a calendar year and extend over at least 12 nine months of a calendar year. 13
 - 14 (b) For layoffs by classification for reason of lack of 15 funds or work, or abolition of position or material 16 changes in duties or organization and for recall of 17 employees so laid off, consideration shall be given to an 18 employee's seniority as measured by permanent employ-19 ment in the service of the state system of higher

20 education. In the event that the institution wishes to lav 21 off a more senior employee, the institution must 22 demonstrate that the senior employee cannot perform 23 any other job duties held by less senior employees of that 24 institution in the same job class, or any other equivalent 25 or lower job class for which the senior employee is 26 qualified: Provided, That if an employee refuses to 27 accept a position in a lower job class, such employee 28 shall retain all rights of recall hereinafter provided. If 29 two or more employees accumulate identical seniority. the priority shall be determined by a random selection 30 31 system established by the employees and approved by 32 the institution.

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(c) Any employee laid off during a furlough or reduction in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list and shall be recalled to employment by the institution on the basis of seniority. An employee's listing with an institution shall remain active for a period of one calendar year from the date of termination or furlough, or from the date of the most recent renewal. If an employee fails to renew the listing with the institution, the employee's name may be removed from the list. An employee placed upon the preferred list shall be recalled to any position opening by the institution within the classification(s) in which the employee had previously been employed or to any lateral position for which the employee is qualified. An employee on the preferred recall list shall not forfeit the right to recall by the institution if compelling reasons require such employee to refuse an offer of reemployment by the institution.

The institution shall be required to notify all employees maintaining active listings on the preferred recall list of all position openings that from time to time exist. Such notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee. It shall be the duty of each employee listed to notify the institution of any change in address and to timely renew the listing with the institution. No position openings shall be filled by the institution, whether temporary or permanent, until all employees on the preferred recall list have been

properly notified of existing vacancies and have been given an opportunity to accept reemployment.

§18B-7-2. Authority to grant sabbatical leaves.

1 The appropriate governing board shall have authority 2 to grant sabbatical leaves to faculty members at state 3 institutions of higher education for the purpose of 4 permitting them to engage in graduate study, research 5 or other activities calculated to improve their teaching 6 ability. Such leaves shall be granted only in accordance 7 with a uniform plan adopted by each governing board 8 and shall be subject to such reasonable rules as each 9 governing board may prescribe. Any plan adopted by a 10 governing board shall not provide for the granting of 11 sabbatical leave to any faculty member who has served 12 fewer than six years at the institution where presently 13 employed, nor shall such leave be for more than one half 14 the contract period at full pay or a full contract period 15 at half pay. Any faculty member receiving a sabbatical leave shall be required to return and serve for at least 16 17 one year at the institution from which the leave was 18 granted or to repay to the institution the compensation 19 received during such leave. Any faculty member 20 returning from leave shall be reinstated at the academic 21 rank held prior to such sabbatical unless promoted to 22 a higher rank and shall be entitled to such salary and 23 any increases thereto appropriate to the rank and years 24 of experience of such faculty member. Compensation to 25 a faculty member on sabbatical leave shall be paid from 26 the regular personal services appropriations of the 27 institution where employed.

§18B-7-3. Effect of leave of absence on academic tenure, rank, etc.

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7 8 Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding any tenured professional at any state institution of higher education who shall, with the consent of the president or other administrative head of the state institution by which the professional is employed, be absent from duties at such institution to accept employment in any nonelected governmental capacity shall be afforded such benefits of academic tenure, rank and

position as if such person had remained continuously in the position retained and held at such institutions of higher education immediately preceding any such absence: Provided. That such leave of absence shall not exceed two years: Provided, however. That tenure and rank may be retained during an absence of more than two years if the president of the institution from which such person is on leave of absence submits in writing during each of such years a request for such retention to the appropriate governing board, and such board approves the request for each such year: Provided further. That any individual who remains in governmental employment with leave granted in accordance with this section shall forfeit all rights to academic tenure. rank and position formerly held at such institution after the eighth year of such employment.

§18B-7-4. Notice to probationary faculty members of retention or nonretention; hearing.

- (a) The president or other administrative head of each state institution of higher education shall give written notice to probationary faculty members concerning their retention or nonretention for the ensuing academic year (1) not later than the first day of March for those probationary faculty members who are in their first academic year of service; (2) not later than the fifteenth day of December for those probationary faculty members who are in their second academic year of service; and (3) at least one year before the expiration of an appointment for those probationary faculty members who have been employed two or more years with the institution. Such notice to those probationary faculty members not being retained shall be by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (b) Upon request of the probationary faculty member not retained, the president or other administrative head of the institution shall within ten days, and by certified mail, inform the probationary faculty member of the reasons for nonretention. Any probationary faculty member who desires to appeal the decision may request a hearing from the appropriate governing board within ten days after receiving the statement of reasons. The

appropriate governing board shall publish appropriate rules to govern the conduct of the appeal herein allowed. Such board shall, by its rules, prescribe either an unbiased committee of that board or appoint a hearing examiner to hear such appeals. Such hearing shall be held at the employing institution and within thirty days of the request. The rules of evidence shall not strictly apply. The faculty member shall be accorded substan-tive and procedural due process, including the right to produce evidence and witnesses and to cross-examine witnesses, and to be represented by counsel or other representative of that faculty member's choice. If the committee of the board or the hearing examiner shall conclude that the reasons for nonretention are arbitrary or capricious or without a factual basis, the faculty member shall be retained for the ensuing academic year. The decision shall be rendered within thirty days after conclusion of the hearing.

(c) The term "probationary faculty member" shall be defined according to rules promulgated by the governing boards. The rights herein provided to probationary faculty members are in addition to, and not in lieu of, other rights afforded them by other rules and other provisions of law.

§18B-7-5. Faculty and classified employee continuing education and development program.

Each state institution of higher education shall have the authority to establish and operate a faculty and classified employee continuing education and development program under rules adopted by the appropriate governing board. Funds allocated or made available may be used to compensate and pay expenses for faculty or classified employees who are pursuing additional academic study or training to better equip themselves for their duties at the state institutions of higher education.

Rules for this activity may include reasonable provisions for the continuation or return of any faculty or classified employee receiving the benefits of such education or training, or for reimbursement by the state

for expenditures incurred on behalf of such faculty or classified employee.

ARTICLE 8. HIGHER EDUCATION FULL-TIME FACULTY SALARIES.

- §18B-8-1. Definitions.
- §18B-8-2. Higher education minimum salary schedule.
- §18B-8-3. Assignment to salary schedule; actual salary.
- §18B-8-4. Hirings after July 1, 1989.
- §18B-8-5. Merit increases and salary adjustment.
- §18B-8-6. Additional employment by mutual agreement.

§18B-8-1. Definitions.

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- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of 3 minimum salary figures listed in section two of this 4 article:
 - (b) "Academic rank" means the position held by a faculty member as determined by the president, consistent with policy established by the governing board, and includes the positions of professor, associate professor, assistant professor and instructor; all other ranks are excluded from the provisions of this article;
- 11 (c) "Years of experience" means the actual number of 12 years a person has been a full-time faculty member at 13 an institution of higher education within this state. 14 Employment for nine months shall equal one year of experience, but no faculty member may accrue more 15 16 than one year of experience during any given academic 17 year. Employment for less than full time, or less than nine months during any fiscal year, shall be prorated. 18 In accordance with rules established by the governing 19 20 boards, a faculty member may be granted additional 21 vears of experience for actual years of work or teaching experience at institutions other than institutions of 22 higher education within this state; 23
- 24 (d) "Doctoral institutions" means West Virginia 25 University and Marshall University at Huntington. 26 Doctoral programs at Marshall University shall be 27 selective and nonduplicative of West Virginia Univer-28 sity unless an exception is recommended by both

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- 29 institutions and approved by the board of trustees. 30 "Master's II institutions" means West Virginia School of 31 Osteopathic Medicine and the University of West 32 Virginia College of Graduate Studies: "baccalaureate 33 and two-year institutions" means Bluefield State 34 College, Concord College, Fairmont State College, Glenville State College, Shepherd College, West Liberty 35 36 State College, West Virginia Institute of Technology, 37 West Virginia State College, West Virginia University 38 at Parkersburg, Southern West Virginia Community 39 College, West Virginia Northern Community College and Potomac State College of West Virginia University 40 41 and such other institutions as are designated community 42 colleges by the board of directors:
- 43 (e) "Salary" means the total nine-month or ten-month 44 salary paid from state funds to a full-time faculty 45 member, or if other than nine or ten months, adjusted 46 to a nine-month base salary;
 - (f) "Full-time faculty" means any faculty member designated as such by the president, consistent with approved policy of the appropriate governing board, and those persons with faculty rank who have research or administrative responsibilities;
- 52 (g) "Fiscal year" means twelve calendar months and 53 begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth 54 day of June; and
- 55 (h) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means 56 the amount of additional salary increase allowed on a 57 merit basis or to rectify salary inequities or accommo-58 date competitive market conditions, in accordance with 59 policy established by the appropriate governing board.

§18B-8-2. Higher education minimum salary schedule.

There is hereby established a state minimum salary schedule for full-time faculty employed by a governing board consisting of a minimum salary for each academic rank in accordance with years of experience: *Provided*, That it is the intention of the Legislature to create a schedule of minimum salary goals in higher education subject to the availability of funds; and with the

- 8 exception of the placement of all full-time faculty
- 9 members included under the provisions of this article on
- the schedule at zero years of experience, nothing in this
- 11 article shall be construed to guarantee payment to any
- 12 faculty member of the salary indicated on the approp-
- 13 riate schedule at the actual years of experience.

MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE FOR FULL-TIME FACULTY AT BACCALAUREATE AND TWO-YEAR INSTITUTIONS

	Years of		Assistant	Associate	
	Experience	Instructor	Professor	Professor	Professor
14	0	14,719	18,042	20,416	24,310
15	1	15,087	18,493	20,926	24,918
16	2	15,464	18,955	21,449	25,541
17	3	15,851	19,429	21,985	26,180
18	4	16,247	19,915	22,535	26,835
19	5	16,653	20,413	23,098	27,506
20	6	17,069	20,923	23,675	28,194
21	7	17,496	21,446	24,267	28,899
22	8	17,933	21,982	24,874	29,621
23	9	18,381	22,532	25,496	30,362
24	10	18,841	23,095	26,133	31,121
25	11		23,672	26,786	31,899
26	12		24,264	27,456	32,696
27	13		24,871	28,142	33,513
28	14		25,493	28,846	34,351
29	15		26,130	29,567	35,210
30	16			30,306	36,090
31	17			31,064	36,992
32	18			31,841	37,917
33	19			32,637	38,865
34	20			33,453	39,837

MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE FOR FULL-TIME FACULTY AT MASTER'S II INSTITUTIONS (WEST VIRGINIA SCHOOL OF OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE AND THE WEST VIRGINIA COLLEGE OF GRADUATE STUDIES)

	Years of		Assistant	Associate		
	Experience	Instructor	Professor	Professor	Professor	
35	0	14,719	18,517	23,815	26,203	

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36	1	15,087	18,980	24,410	26,858
37	2	15,464	19,455	25,020	27,529
38	3	15,851	19,941	25,646	28,217
39	4	16,247	20,440	26,287	28,922
40	5	16,653	20,951	26,944	29,645
41	6	17,069	21,475	27,618	30,386
42	7	17,496	22,012	28,308	31,146
43	8	17,933	22,562	29,016	31,925
44	9	18,381	23,126	29,741	32,723
45	10	18,841	23,704	30,485	33,541
46	11		24,297	31,247	34,380
47	12		24,904	32,028	35,240
48	13		25,527	32,829	36,121
49	14		26,165	33,650	37,024
50	15		26,819	34,491	37,950
51	16			35,353	38,899
52	17			36,237	39,871
5 3	18			37,143	40,868
54	19			38,072	41,890
55	20			39,024	42,937

MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE FOR FULL-TIME FACULTY AT DOCTORAL INSTITUTIONS (WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY AND MARSHALL UNIVERSITY)

	Years of		Assistant	Associate	
	Experience	Instructor	Professor	Professor	Professor
56	0	17,092	19,466	25,458	28,285
57	1	17,519	19,953	26,094	28,992
58	2	17,957	20,452	26,746	29,717
59	3	18,406	20,963	27,415	30,460
60	4	18,866	21,487	28,100	31,222
61	5	19,338	22,024	28,803	32,003
62	6	19,821	22,575	29,523	32,803
63	7	20,317	23,139	30,261	33,623
64	8	20,825	23,717	31,018	34,464
65	9	21,346	24,310	31,793	35,326
66	10	21,880	24,918	32,588	36,209
67	11		25,541	33,403	37,114
68	12		26,180	34,238	38,042
69	13		26,835	35,094	38,993

552	Education			[Ch. 64
70	14	27,506	35,971	39,968
71	15	28,194	36,870	40,967
72	16		37,792	41,991
73	17		38,737	43,041
74	18		39,705	44,117
75	19		40,698	45,220
76	20		41.715	46.351

§18B-8-3. Assignment to salary schedule; actual salary.

- (a) On or before the first day of July of each year, each faculty member then employed shall be given notice by the appropriate governing board of the placement on the minimum salary schedule which is appropriate to such faculty member's years of experience and to which such individual has been assigned, notwithstanding the actual salary paid under the provisions of this article.
- (b) Each full-time faculty member employed as of the effective date of this section shall receive for full-time employment at the same academic rank during the academic year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, and thereafter, a salary which is no less than the salary being paid such faculty member for the academic year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight—eighty-nine. No full-time faculty member shall receive a salary which is less than the salary for zero years of experience for the appropriate academic rank as set forth in section two of this article.
- (c) Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, an amount equal to five percent of one-half the amount appropriated and distributed in the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for salaries for fulltime faculty members shall be distributed in the following manner: Such amount as may be necessary shall be distributed to each faculty member who is employed on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, so that each such employee shall receive for the same employment at the same academic rank a salary which is at least equal to the salary being paid such faculty member during the fiscal year one thou-sand nine hundred eighty-eight-eighty-nine, and a

33 salary increase equal to two and one-half percent of such 34 salary. The Legislature may by general appropriation, 35 or the secretary of the department of education and the 36 arts may allocate through authority set forth under the 37 provisions of chapter five-f of this code, funds to be 38 distributed for the purpose of accommodating market 39 and equity conditions within the system. Any remaining funds shall be applied in accordance with the provisions 40 of subsection (d) of this section. 41

- (d) Funds remaining after meeting the salary of each full-time faculty member in accordance with subsections (b) and (c) of this section shall be used to pay that amount that is the difference between such salary and the appropriate salary for each full-time faculty member's appropriate placement on the schedule: *Provided*, That such amount may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds available for such purpose: Provided, however, That in the case of Marshall University, the difference between the salary paid a fulltime faculty member and the appropriate salary for the faculty member's appropriate placement on the salary schedule shall, for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine—ninety, be calculated using the minimum salary schedule for full-time faculty at master's II institutions set forth in section two of this article.
- 58 (e) The salary of any full-time faculty member shall not be reduced by the provisions of this article.
 - (f) Upon promotion in rank, placement on the minimum salary schedule shall be such as to provide a salary increase of at least ten percent, and shall be at least the amount prescribed for the appropriate academic rank to which promoted at zero years of experience.

§18B-8-4. Hirings after July 1, 1989.

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Any person hired as a full-time faculty member after the effective date of this section shall be assigned a placement on the minimum salary schedule which is appropriate to such person's academic rank and years of experience, and such person shall have a salary of at lease zero years of experience at the appropriate

- 7 academic rank, and such proportionate increases as are
- 8 or may be made from funds available for such purpose
- 9 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

§18B-8-5. Merit increases and salary adjustment.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit
- 2 merit increases or salary adjustments that rectify
- 3 inequities or accommodate competitive market condi-
- 4 tions in specific areas of specialty, including inequities
- 5 within the rank of full professors at doctoral and
- 6 master's level institutions: *Provided*. That funds for such
- 7 increases and/or adjustments shall be distributed in
- increases and/or adjustments shall be distributed in
- 8 accordance with rules of the appropriate governing
- 9 board and shall be available to all state institutions of
- 10 higher education on an equitable basis.

§18B-8-6. Additional employment by mutual agreement.

- 1 Any employment for greater than a nine-month
- 2 period, or any responsibilities in excess of full-time
- 3 duties, shall be only by mutual agreement of the
- 4 employee and the institutional president or other
- 5 administrative head, or the designated representative,
- 6 in accordance with rules of the appropriate governing
- 7 board. The terms and conditions of any such agreement
- 8 shall be in writing, signed by both parties, and shall
- 9 state the maximum number of additional employment
- 10 days or credit hours or their equivalent to be worked
- 11 and the amount of compensation to be paid.

ARTICLE 9. CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE SALARY SCHEDULE AND CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.

- §18B-9-1. Legislative purpose.
- §18B-9-2. Definitions.
- §18B-9-3. Higher education classified employee monthly salary schedule.
- §18B-9-4. Establishment of personnel classification system; assignment to classification and to salary schedule.
- §18B-9-5. Classified employee salary.
- §18B-9-6. Annual review of classifications and classification system; notice and reports required.
- §18B-9-7. Conferences regarding personnel classification.
- §18B-9-8. Hirings after effective date.
- §18B-9-9. Additional employment by mutual agreement; provision for governing board approval.

§18B-9-1. Legislative purpose.

- 1 The purpose of the Legislature in the enactment of
- 2 this article is to require the governing boards to

- 3 establish, control, supervise and manage a complete,
- 4 uniform system of personnel classification in accordance
- 5 with the provisions of this article for all employees other
- 6 than faculty and nonclassified employees at state
- 7 institutions of higher education.

§18B-9-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Classified employee or employee" means any 3 regular full-time or regular part-time employee of a governing board, including all employees of the West 4 5 Virginia network for educational telecomputing and 6 beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, includes employees at the central office 7 8 of the governing boards, who hold a position that is 9 assigned a particular job title and pay grade in 10 accordance with the personnel classification system established by the appropriate governing board and 11 12 shall include all employees of the West Virginia network 13 for educational telecomputing:
- 14 (b) "Nonclassified employee" means an individual who 15 is responsible for policy formation at the institutional 16 level or reports directly to the president: Provided, That 17 the percentage of personnel placed in the category of 18 "nonclassified" at any given institution shall not exceed 19 four percent of the total number of employees of that 20 institution who are eligible for membership in any state 21 retirement system of the state of West Virginia or other 22 retirement plan authorized by the state. Final approval 23 of such placement shall be with the appropriate 24 governing board:
- 25 (c) "Job description" means the specific listing of 26 duties and responsibilities as determined by the approp-27 riate governing board and associated with a particular 28 job title;
- 29 (d) "Job title" means the name of the position or job as defined by the appropriate governing board;
- 31 (e) "Job classification" means a grouping of job titles 32 with the same name without regard to their numerical

designations, or any job title for which there is no related title of the same name;

- (f) "Grade of classification" means a job title or position with its numerical designation which distinguishes it from other titles in the same classification;
- (g) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means the amount of additional salary increase allowed on a merit basis or to rectify salary inequities or accommodate competitive market conditions in accordance with rules established by the appropriate governing board;
- (h) "Pay grade" means the letter grade assigned by the appropriate governing board to a particular job title and refers to the horizontal column heading of the salary schedule established in section three of this article;
- (i) "Personnel classification system" means the process of job categorization adopted by the appropriate governing board by which job title, job description, pay grade and placement on the salary schedule are determined;
- (j) "Salary" means the amount of compensation paid through the state treasury per month to a classified employee;
- (k) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of monthly salary figures established in section three of this article: and
- (1) "Years of experience" means the number of years a person has been an employee of the state of West Virginia and refers to the vertical column heading of the salary schedule established in section three of this article. For the purpose of placement on the salary schedule pursuant to said section three, employment for nine months or more shall equal one year of experience, but no classified employee may accrue more than one year of experience during any given fiscal year. Employment for less than full time or less than nine months during any fiscal year shall be prorated. For the purpose of determining the amount of annual salary increase pursuant to subsection (b) of section five of this article, employment for less than twelve months during any fiscal year shall be prorated. In accordance with

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- 73 rules established by the appropriate governing board, a
- 74 classified employee may be granted additional years of 75 experience not to exceed the actual number of years of
- prior, relevant work or experience at accredited 76
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- institutions of higher education other than state institu-
- 78 tions of higher education.

§18B-9-3. Higher education classified employee monthly salary schedule.

1 There is hereby established a state monthly salary 2 schedule for classified employees consisting of a minimum monthly salary for each pay grade in accordance with years of experience: Provided, That payment 5 of the minimum salary shall be subject to the availabil-6 ity of funds, and nothing in this article shall be construed to guarantee payment to any classified 7 employee of the salary indicated on the schedule at the 8 actual years of experience. The minimum salary herein 9 indicated shall be prorated for regular part-time 10 11 classified employees.

HIGHER EDUCATION CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE MONTHLY SALARY SCHEDULE PAY GRADE

	Years									
	of									
	Experi-									
	ence	Α	\mathbf{B}	\mathbf{c}	\mathbf{D}	${f E}$	F	\mathbf{G}	H	I
12	0	861	921	985	1,054	1,127	1,206	1,294	1.393	1,504
13	1	881	941	1,005	1,074	1,147	1,226	1,334	1,433	1,544
14	2	901	961	1,025	1,094	1,167	1,246	1,374	1,473	1,584
15	3	921	981	1,045	1,114	1,187	1,266	1,414	1,513	1,624
16	4	941	1,001	1,065	1,134	1,207	1,286	1,454	1,553	1,664
17	5	961	1,021	1,085	1,154	1,227	1.306	1,494	1,593	1,704
18	6	981	1,041	1,105	1,174	1,247	1,326	1,534	1,633	1,744
19	7	1,001	1,061	1,125	1,194	1,267	1.346	1,574	1,673	1,784
20	8	1,021	1,081	1,145	1,214	1,287	1,366	1,614	1,713	1,824
21	9	1,041	1,101	1,165	1,234	1,307	1,386	1,654	1,753	1,864
22	10	1,066	1,126	1,190	1,259	1,332	1,411	1,704	1.803	1,914
23	11	1,091	1,151	1,215	1,284	1,357	1,436	1,754	1,853	1,964
24	12	1,116	1,176	1,240	1,309	1,382	1,461	1,804	1,903	2,014
25	13	1,141	1,201	1,265	1,334	1,407	1,486	1,854	1,953	2,064
26	14	1,166	1,226	1,290	1,359	1,432	1,511	1,904	2,003	2,114
27	15	1,191	1,251	1,315	1,384	1,457	1,536	1,954	2,053	2,164
28	16	1,216	1,276	1,340	1,409	1,482	1,561	2,004	2,103	2,214
29	17	1,241	1,301	1,365	1,434	1,507	1,586	2,054	2,153	2,264

30	18	1,266	1,326	1,390	1,459	1,532	1,611	2,104	2,203	2,314
31	19	1,291	1,351	1,415	1,484	1,557	1,636	2,154	2,253	2,364
32	20	1,316	1,376	1,440	1,509	1,582	1,661	2,204	2,303	2,414

HIGHER EDUCATION CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEE MONTHLY SALARY SCHEDULE PAY GRADE

	Years									
	of .									
	Experi-			_			_	_	_	_
00	ence	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	\mathbf{Q}	R
33	0	1,629	1,770	1,929	2,109	2,312	2,543	2,805	3,103	3,443
34	1	1,669	1,810	1,969	2,169	2,372	2,603	2,865	3,163	3,503
35	2	1,709	1,850	2,009	2,229	2,432	2,663	2,925	3,223	3,563
36	3	1,749	1,890	2,049	2,289	2,492	2,723	2,985	3,283	3,623
37	4	1,789	1,930	2,089	2,349	2,552	2,783	3,045	3,343	3,683
38	5	1,829	1,970	2,129	2,409	2,612	2,843	3,105	3,403	3,743
39	6	1,869	2,010	2,169	2,469	2,672	2,903	3,165	3.463	3,803
4 0	7	1,909	2,050	2,209	2,529	2,732	2,963	3,225	3.523	3,863
41	8	1,949	2,090	2,249	2,589	2,792	3,023	3,285	3,583	3,923
42	9	1,989	2,130	2,289	2,649	2,852	3,083	3,345	3,643	3,983
43	10	2,039	2,180	2,339	2,724	2,927	3,158	3,420	3,718	4,058
44	11	2,089	2,230	2,389	2,799	3,002	3,233	3,495	3,793	4,133
45	12	2,139	2,280	2,439	2,874	3,077	3,308	3,570	3.868	4,208
46	13	2,189	2,330	2,489	2,949	3,152	3,383	3,645	3,943	4,283
47	14	2,239	2,380	2,539	3,024	3,227	3,458	3,720	4,018	4,358
48	15	2,289	2,430	2,589	3,099	3,302	3,533	3,795	4,093	4,433
49	16	2,339	2,480	2,639	3,174	3,377	3,608	3,870	4,168	4,508
50	17	2,389	2,530	2,689	3,249	3,452	3,683	3,945	4,243	4,583
51	18	2,439	2,580	2,739	3,324	3,527	3,758	4,020	4,318	4,658
52	19	2,489	2,630	2,789	3,399	3,602	3,833	4,095	4,393	4,733
53	20	2,539	2,680	2,839	3,474	3,677	3,908	4,170	4,468	4,808

§18B-9-4. Establishment of personnel classification system; assignment to classification and to salary schedule.

Before the first day of July, one thousand nine 1 hundred ninety, the governing boards shall establish by 2 3 rule and implement an equitable system of job classifications, each classification to consist of related job 4 5 titles and corresponding job descriptions for each position within a classification, together with the 6 7 designation of an appropriate pay grade for each job title, which system shall be the same for corresponding 8 positions in institutions under both boards. The system 9 of job classifications shall be submitted to the secretary 10

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of education and the arts for review and approval prior to implementation on said date.

13 By such date and with consideration to recommenda-14 tions of the institutions, the appropriate governing 15 board shall furnish each classified employee written 16 confirmation of the assignment to the appropriate 17 classification, job title and pay grade and of the proper 18 placement on the salary schedule pursuant to section 19 three of this article notwithstanding the actual salary paid. Such assignment may be appealed in accordance 20 21 with article twenty-nine of chapter eighteen of this code: 22 Provided, That nothing herein shall nullify or void any 23 personnel classification system in effect immediately 24 prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 25 eighty-nine.

§18B-9-5. Classified employee salary.

- (a) Each classified employee who is employed by a governing board on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall receive for the same employment at the same pay grade during the fiscal year commencing on such date and thereafter, a monthly salary which is at least equal to the final monthly salary paid such classified employee for the fiscal year commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to be paid in equal installments within the regular pay periods.
- 11 (b) Commencing with the fiscal year beginning on the 12 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. 13 and each fiscal year thereafter, each classified employee 14 with three or more years of experience shall receive an 15 annual salary increase equal to thirty-six dollars times the employee's years of experience, less any incremental 16 salary increase granted in a prior fiscal year and 17 18 actually incorporated into and becoming an integral 19 part of base salary prior to fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety: Provided, That such annual salary 20 21 increase shall not exceed the amount granted for the maximum of twenty years of experience. These incre-22 23 mental increases shall be in lieu of any salary increase 24 received pursuant to section two, article five, chapter

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five of this code; shall be in addition to any across-theboard, cost-of-living or percentage salary increases which may be granted in any fiscal year by the Legislature; and shall be paid in equal installments 28 29 within the regular pay periods.

- (c) Each classified employee whose monthly salary under subsections (a) and (b) of this section is less than the minimum monthly salary for zero years of experience for the appropriate pay grade as set forth in section three of this article shall receive additional compensation such that the monthly salary is at least the minimum amount prescribed for the appropriate pay grade at zero years of experience: Provided, That such amounts may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds available for such purpose.
- (d) Any funds remaining after increasing the monthly salary of each classified employee to at least the minimum amount prescribed for the appropriate pay grade at zero years of experience shall be used to place classified employees on the salary schedule at their appropriate years of experience: Provided, That such amount may be reduced proportionately based upon the amount of funds available for such purpose.
- (e) Any classified employee may receive merit increases and/or salary adjustments in accordance with policies established by the board: Provided. That funds for such increases and/or adjustments shall be distributed in accordance with rules of the appropriate governing board and shall be available to all state institutions of higher education on an equitable basis.
- (f) The current monthly salary of any classified employee may not be reduced by the provisions of this article nor by any other action inconsistent with the provisions of this article, and nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit promotion of any classified employee to a job title carrying a higher pay grade if such promotion is in accordance with the provisions of this article and the personnel classification system established by the appropriate governing board.
 - (g) Effective the first day of January, one thousand

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65 nine hundred ninety, an amount equal to five percent 66 of one half the amount appropriated and distributed in 67 the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one 68 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for salaries for full-69 time classified employees shall be distributed in the 70 following manner: Such amount as may be necessary 71 shall be distributed to each classified employee who is 72 employed on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, so that each such employee shall receive 73 74 for the same employment at the same pay grade a 75 monthly salary which is at least equal to the final 76 monthly salary paid such classified employee for the last 77 month of such employee's employment during the fiscal 78 year one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight-eighty-79 nine, and a salary increase equal to two and one-half 80 percent of such final monthly salary. Any remaining 81 funds shall be applied in accordance with the provisions 82 of this section.

§18B-9-6. Annual review of classifications and classification system; notice and reports required.

1 Each institution shall review annually each job 2 description in relationship to the assigned duties and 3 responsibilities, current job title and pay grade of each 4 classified employee of that institution. Based upon the 5 data collected through such review, each institution 6 shall determine which, if any, of its classified employees 7 should be recommended for a change in job title in order 8 to conform to the personnel classification system of its 9 governing board: Provided, That any classified employee 10 filling a position or carrying out the duties and 11 responsibilities of a position normally assigned a higher 12 pay grade in accordance with the personnel classifica-13 tion system established by the appropriate governing 14 board shall be recommended for a change in job title 15 or shall be returned immediately to the duties and responsibilities outlined in the appropriate job 16 17 description.

Each institution shall submit to the appropriate governing board by the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and each year thereafter, a report which shall include the steps being

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38 39 taken to ensure proper employee classification in accordance with the appropriate job titles and pay grades as established by its governing board, any recommended changes in job title, the justification for such recommendations, the effect of such changes on existing personnel, and the fiscal impact thereof.

Each institution also may submit, as a part of its annual report to its governing board, recommendation for alterations in job descriptions or classifications, changes in corresponding pay grades, or creation of new job titles or classifications. Such changes, if approved by its governing board, shall be made a part of the personnel classification system of the governing board and shall be applied uniformly at all institutions: *Provided*, That, when necessary, the governing board may order changes in classifications or changes in job titles upon its own authority and shall notify the institutions of such changes within thirty days.

40 Each governing board, upon receipt and review of the 41 annual report submitted by each institution under its 42 control, shall notify the reporting institution by the first 43 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and each year thereafter, of any action taken in 44 response to recommendations made by the institution. 45 46 Immediately upon receipt of notification of any changes 47 in the personnel classification system by its governing board, the institution shall post copies of such notice in 48 49 prominent campus locations. Changes in classification or 50 changes in job title, as approved by the appropriate 51 governing board, shall be effective no later than the first day of July of each year. When such changes affect 52 currently employed personnel, each classified employee 53 so affected shall be notified in writing regarding such 54 55 change and the effect thereof.

§18B-9-7. Conferences regarding personnel classifica-

1 (a) The president of the institution or the designees 2 charged with responsibility to develop any personnel 3 recommendations for inclusion in the institution's 4 annual report to its governing board shall meet and

- confer during development of the recommendations with 5
- 6 any classified employee who (1) may be affected by
- 7 proposed recommendations to its governing board; or (2)
- 8 has requested a change in job title.
- 9 (b) In accordance with the provisions of article twenty-10 nine, chapter eighteen of this code relating to employee
- 11 grievance procedures, a classified employee may appeal
- 12 the initial assignment, any change in the assigned
- 13 classification or job title, or any change in the system
- 14
- of classification, whether such change is the result of
- 15 action taken by the appropriate governing board upon
- 16 its own authority or upon the recommendations of the
- 17 institutions.

§18B-9-8. Hirings after effective date.

- 1 Any individual hired as a full-time classified employee
- 2 after the effective date of this section shall be assigned
- 3 by the appropriate governing board, with consideration
- to any recommendations of the institution, to a place-4
- 5 ment on the salary schedule which is appropriate to such
- 6 individual's classification, job title, pay grade and years
- 7 of experience: Provided, That nothing in this section
- 8 shall be construed to guarantee to a newly hired
- 9 classified employee payment of the salary prescribed in
- 10 section three of this article.

§18B-9-9. Additional employment by mutual agreement; provision for governing board approval.

- In accordance with rules established by its governing 1
- 2 board and by mutual agreement, the president of an
- 3 institution, or a designated representative, and a
- 4 classified employee at such institution may agree on
- duties to be performed by such employee in addition to 5
- those duties listed in the job description. The terms and 6
- conditions of any such agreement shall be in writing, 7
- signed by both parties, and shall describe the additional 8 duties to be performed, the length of time such agree-9
- ment shall be in force and the additional compensation 10
- to be paid. Such agreement shall be submitted to the 11
- appropriate governing board and shall be in effect 12
- unless and until the institution receives notice of 13

- nonapproval within ten working days following the 14
- submission thereof. 15

ARTICLE 10. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

- §18B-10-1. Enrollment, tuition and other fees at educational institutions: refund of fees.
- §18B-10-2. Higher education resource fee.
- Faculty improvement fee. §18B-10-3.
- Medical education fee. §18B-10-4.
- §18B-10-4a. Health professions education fee.
- Fee waivers-Undergraduate schools. §18B-10-5.
- §18B-10-6. Same—Professional and graduate schools.
- Tuition and fee waivers for children and spouses of officers and §18B-10-7. firefighters killed in the line of duty.
- Collection: disposition and use of additional registration fee; §18B-10-8. creation of special capital improvements funds; revenue bonds.
- §18B-10-9. Authority to excuse students in certain educational programs from payment of enrollment fees.
- §18B-10-10. Disposition and use of student union fees; issuance of revenue bonds.
- §18B-10-11. Fees and money derived from athletic contests.
- §18B-10-12. Student activity fees.
- §18B-10-13. Fees from operation of dormitories, faculty homes, dining halls and cafeterias.
- §18B-10-14. Bookstores.
- §18B-10-15. Authority of educational institutions to provide special services and programs; collection and disposition of fees therefor.
- §18B-10-16. Disposition of funds in state treasury.

§18B-10-1. Enrollment, tuition and other fees at educational institutions: refund of fees.

- (a) Each governing board shall fix tuition and other 1 fees for each school term for the different classes or 2 categories of students enrolling at each state institution 3 of higher education under its jurisdiction and may 4 5 include among such fees any one or more of the following: (1) Health service fees, (2) infirmary fees, (3) 6 7 student activities, recreational, athletic and extracurric-8 ular fees, which said fees may be used to finance a student's attorney to perform legal services for students 9 in civil matters at such institutions: Provided, That such 10 legal services shall be limited to only those types of 11 cases, programs or services approved by the administra-12
- tive head of such institution where such legal services 13
- are to be performed; and (4) graduate center fees and 14

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branch college fees, or either, if the establishment and operations of graduate centers or branch colleges are otherwise authorized by law. All fees collected at any graduate center or at any branch college shall be paid into special funds and shall be used solely for the maintenance and operation of the graduate center or branch college at which they were collected: *Provided*. however. That the maximum fees to be collected under this section for resident students shall not exceed five hundred dollars per semester, and for nonresident students, one thousand dollars per semester. The schedule of all fees, and any changes therein, shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting of the appropriate governing board, and the board shall file with the legislative auditor a certified copy of such schedule and changes.

- (b) In addition to the fees mentioned in the preceding paragraph, each governing board may impose and collect a student union building fee. All such building fees collected at an institution shall be paid into a special student union building fund for such institution, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and shall be used only for the construction, operation and maintenance of a student union building or a combination student union and dining hall building or for the payment of the principal of and interest on any bond issued to finance part or all of the construction of a student union building or a combination student union and dining hall building or the renovation of an existing structure for use as a student union building or a combination student union and dining hall building, all as more fully provided in section ten of this article. Any moneys in such funds not immediately needed for such purposes may be invested in any such bonds or other securities as are now or hereafter authorized as proper investments for state funds.
- (c) Refund, as an erroneous payment, may be made of any such fees upon the voluntary or involuntary withdrawal from classes of any student until eight weeks of the school semester or term have expired, but no refund may be made thereafter.

§18B-10-2. Higher education resource fee.

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In addition to the fees specifically provided for in 1 2 section one of this article, all students enrolled for credit at a state institution of higher education shall pay a 3 4 higher education resource fee. Each governing board 5 shall fix the fee rates for the various institutions and classes of students under its jurisdiction and may from 6 7 time to time change these rates. The amount of the fee 8 charged at each institution shall be prorated for parttime students. The fee imposed by this section is in 9 addition to the maximum fees allowed to be collected 10 under the provision of section one of this article and is 11 not limited thereby. Refunds of such fee may be made 12 13 in the same manner as any other fee collected at state 14 institutions of higher education.

Eighty percent of the total fees collected at each institution pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special fund in the state treasury for the institution at which the fees are collected and may be used by the institution for libraries and library supplies, including books, periodicals, subscriptions and audiovisual materials, instructional equipment and materials; and for the improvement in quality and scope of student services. The remaining twenty percent of fee collections shall be deposited in a special fund and expended or allocated by the appropriate governing board to meet general operating expenses, excluding personal services, of the state university system or state college system from which the fees were collected: Provided. That the board shall, to the maximum extent practicable, offset the impact, if any, on financially needy students of any potential fee increases under this section by allocating an appropriate amount of such fee revenue to the state scholarship program to be expended in accordance with the provisions of article twenty-two-b of chapter eighteen of this code.

Each governing board shall, on or before the first day of July of each year, provide the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee collections for the board and each of its institutions and the expenditures proposed for such fee.

§18B-10-3. Faculty improvement fee.

1 In addition to the fees specifically provided for in 2 sections one and two of this article, all students enrolled 3 for credit at a state institution of higher education shall 4 pay a faculty improvement fee. Each governing board 5 shall fix the fee rates for the various institutions and 6 classes of students under its jurisdiction and may from 7 time to time change these rates: Provided. That the fee 8 for each class of students shall be uniform throughout 9 the state and shall be no less than fifteen dollars per 10 semester for residents and no less than fifty dollars per 11 semester for out-of-state students. The amount of the fee 12 charged at each institution shall be prorated for part-13 time students. The fee imposed by this section is in 14 addition to the maximum fees allowed to be collected 15 under the provisions of section one of this article and is 16 not limited thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in 17 the same manner as any other fee collected at state 18 institutions of higher education.

All faculty improvement fees collected shall be deposited in a special fund in the state treasury. Each governing board shall use such fees, including any fees on deposit as of the effective date of this section, to the extent available to implement article eight of this chapter.

Each governing board shall, before the first day of July of each year, provide the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee collections for each of its institutions.

§18B-10-4. Medical education fee.

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1 In addition to the fees specifically provided for in sections one, two and three of this article, all medical 2 3 students enrolled for credit at the West Virginia 4 University school of medicine, Marshall University 5 school of medicine and the West Virginia school of 6 osteopathic medicine shall pay a medical education fee. The board of trustees shall fix the fee rates for students 7 8 at each institution and may from time to time change 9 these rates. The fee imposed by this section is in addition 10 to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under the

provisions of section one of this article and is not limited 11 12 thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same 13 manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of higher education. Medical education fees collected 14 15 shall be deposited in a special revenue account which is 16 hereby created in the state treasury for the school at 17 which the fees are collected and shall be used by the school to offset general operating costs: Provided. That 18 19 the board of trustees may deposit a portion of the total fees collected therein into the medical student loan fund 20 21 account in accordance with the provisions of article two, 22 chapter eighteen of this code. Before the first day of July 23 of each year, the board of trustees shall provide the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee 24 25 collections for each of the schools of medicine.

*§18B-10-4a. Health professions education fee.

In addition to the fees specifically provided for in 1 2 sections one, two, three and four of this article, all students enrolled for credit at the West Virginia 3 University health sciences center, Marshall University 4 5 school of medicine and the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine, shall pay a health professions 6 7 education fee. The board of trustees shall fix the amount of the fee and may from time to time change that 8 9 amount. The fee imposed by this section is in addition to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under the 10 provisions of section one of this article and is not limited 11 12 thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same manner as any other fee collected at state institutions 13 of higher education. All moneys collected from the 14 15 health professions education fees shall be deposited in a special revenue account for the respective school from 16 which collection is made, said accounts shall be hereby 17 created in the state treasury for the West Virginia 18 health sciences center. Marshall University school of 19 medicine, and the West Virginia school of osteopathic 20 medicine. The moneys in such fund shall be used to 21 offset general operating costs for health sciences 22 education in this state. Before the first day of July 23

^{*}Clerk's Note: Similar provisions of this section also appear in H. B. 2866, §18-24-11, which passed prior to this act.

- 24 of each year, the board of trustees shall provide the
- 25 legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee
- collections during the next fiscal year and a report of fee expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.

§18B-10-5. Fee waivers — Undergraduate schools.

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Each governing board may establish, from time to time, fee waivers for students in undergraduate studies at institutions under its jurisdiction entitling recipients to waiver of enrollment, tuition, registration, higher education resource and other fees subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) No state educational institution may have in effect at any time undergraduate fee waivers in a number which exceeds five percent of the number of full-time equivalent undergraduate students registered during the fall semester of the immediately preceding academic year.
- (2) Each undergraduate fee waiver shall entitle the recipient thereof to attend a designated state educational institution without payment of the enrollment, tuition, registration, higher education resource and other fees as may be prescribed by the governing board and be for a period of time not to exceed eight semesters of undergraduate study.
- (3) The governing board shall make rules governing the award of undergraduate fee waivers, the issuance and cancellation of certificates entitling the recipients to the benefits thereof, the use of the fee waivers by the recipients and the rights and duties of the recipients in respect to the fee waivers. These rules may not be inconsistent with the provisions of this section.
- (4) The awarding of undergraduate fee waivers shall be entered in the minutes of the meetings of the governing board, and each board shall file with the legislative auditor a copy of the rules governing the award of the fee waivers and a list of the names of the recipients thereof.

§18B-10-6. Same — Professional and graduate schools.

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In addition to the fee waivers heretofore authorized for undergraduate study by the provisions of section five of this article, each governing board may establish from time to time fee waivers for study in graduate and professional schools under their jurisdiction, including medicine and dentistry, entitling the recipients to waiver of enrollment, tuition, registration, higher 8 education resource and other fees, subject to the 9 following conditions and limitations:

- (1) West Virginia University may not have in effect at any time graduate and professional school fee waivers in a number which exceeds ten percent of the number of full-time equivalent graduate and professional students registered during the corresponding fall semester, spring semester and summer term of the immediately preceding academic year. In addition to the above ten percent, all graduate assistants employed by West Virginia University shall be granted a fee waiver. All other institutions of higher education may not have in effect at any time graduate and professional school fee waivers in a number which exceeds five percent of the number of full-time equivalent graduate and professional students registered during the corresponding fall semester, spring semester and summer term of the immediately preceding academic year. In addition to the above five percent, all graduate assistants employed by the other institutions shall be granted a fee waiver.
- (2) Each graduate or professional school fee waiver shall entitle the recipient to waiver of the enrollment, tuition, registration, higher education resource and other fees as may be prescribed by the governing boards and be for a period of time not to exceed the number of semesters normally required in the recipient's academic discipline.
- (3) The governing boards shall make rules governing the award of graduate and professional school fee waivers, the issuance and cancellation of certificates entitling the recipients to the benefits thereof, the use of the fee waivers by the recipients and the rights and

- 41 duties of the recipients in respect to the fee waivers.
- 42 These rules may not be inconsistent with the provisions
- 43 of this section.

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- 44 (4) The awarding of graduate and professional school
- 45 fee waivers shall be entered in the minutes of the
- 46 meeting of each governing board, and each board shall
- 47 file with the legislative auditor a copy of the rules
- 48 governing the award of the fee waiver and a list of the
- 49 names of the recipients thereof.

§18B-10-7. Tuition and fee waivers for children and spouses of officers and firefighters killed in the line of duty.

1 Each state institution of higher education shall permit any person to attend its undergraduate courses and 2 classes if classroom space is available without charging 3 such person any tuition or any fees, including those 4 provided in sections two and three of this article, if such 5 6 person is the child or spouse of a law-enforcement officer 7 as defined in section one, article twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code, a correctional officer at a state penal 8 institution, a conservation officer, or a registered 9 firefighter, and such officer or firefighter was killed in 10 the line of duty while employed by the state or any 11 political subdivision thereof, or such firefighter was a 12 member of a volunteer fire department serving a 13 political subdivision of this state: Provided. That the 14 state institution of higher education may require such 15 16 person to pay special fees, including any laboratory fees, if such fees are required of all other students taking a 17 single or the particular course and may also require 18 such person to pay for parking. The governing boards 19 may promulgate rules for determining the availability 20 of classroom space and other rules as it considers 21 necessary to implement this section, including rules 22 regarding qualifications for attendance, which shall not 23 exceed the qualifications required of other persons. 24

The governing boards may also extend to persons attending courses and classes under this section any rights, privileges or benefits extended to other students which it considers appropriate.

§18B-10-8. Collection; disposition and use of additional registration fee; creation of special capital improvements funds; revenue bonds.

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 (a) In addition to all other fees imposed by the governing boards, there is hereby imposed and the governing boards are hereby directed to provide for the collection of an additional registration fee from all students enrolled in any state institution of higher education under its jurisdiction in the amounts hereinafter provided.

For full-time students at each state institution of higher education, the additional registration fee shall be fifty dollars per semester. The governing boards shall have authority to increase such additional registration fee at institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction for students who are nonresidents of this state. For all part-time students and for all summer school students, the governing boards shall impose and collect such fee in proportion to, but not exceeding, that paid by full-time students.

The fee imposed by this section shall be in addition to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under the provision of section one of this article and shall not be limited thereby. Refunds of such fee may be made in the same manner as any other fee collected at state institutions of higher education.

(b) There is created in the state treasury a state system special capital improvements fund into which shall be paid all proceeds of the additional registration fees collected from students at all state institutions of higher education pursuant to this section to be expended jointly by the governing boards for the payment of the principal of or interest on any revenue bonds issued by the board of regents for which such registration fees were pledged prior to the enactment of this section.

At such time as the commingling of such registration fees shall no longer be required, all proceeds shall be paid into the appropriate special capital improvements fund for each governing board for the benefit of any and all state institutions of higher education under the jurisdiction of that governing board.

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(c) The governing boards may make expenditures from any of the special capital improvements funds established in this section to finance, in whole or in part, together with any federal, state or other grants or contributions, any one or more of the following projects: (1) The acquisition of land or any rights or interest therein, (2) the construction or acquisition of new buildings, (3) the renovation or construction of additions to existing buildings, (4) the acquisition of furnishings and equipment for any such buildings, and (5) the construction or acquisition of any other capital improvements or capital educational facilities at such state institutions of higher education, including any roads, utilities or other properties, real or personal, or for other purposes necessary, appurtenant or incidental to the construction, acquisition, financing and placing in operation of such buildings, capital improvements or capital educational facilities.

Each governing board, in its discretion, may use the moneys in such special capital improvements funds to finance the costs of the above purposes on a cash basis. or may from time to time issue revenue bonds of the state as provided in this section to finance all or part of such purposes and pledge all or any part of the moneys in such special funds for the payment of the principal of and interest on such revenue bonds, and for reserves therefor. Any pledge of such special funds for such revenue bonds shall be a prior and superior charge on such special funds over the use of any of the moneys in such funds to pay for the cost of any of such purposes on a cash basis: Provided, That any expenditures from such special funds, other than for the retirement of revenue bonds, may only be made by the governing board to meet the cost of a predetermined capital improvements program for one or more of the state institutions of higher education, in such order of priority as shall have been agreed upon by the governing board and presented to the governor for inclusion in the annual budget bill, and only with the approval of the Legislature as indicated by direct appropriation for the purpose.

Such revenue bonds may be authorized and issued

from time to time by the governing board to finance in whole or in part the purposes provided in this section in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount which the governing board shall determine can be paid as to both principal and interest and reasonable margins for a reserve therefor from the moneys in such special funds.

The issuance of such revenue bonds shall be authorized by a resolution adopted by the governing board. and such revenue bonds shall bear such date or dates. mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their respective dates; be in such form either coupon or registered, with such exchangeability and interchangeability privileges; be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places, within or without the state; be subject to such terms of prior redemption at such prices not exceeding one hundred five per centum of the principal amount thereof; and shall have such other terms and provisions as the governing board shall determine. Such revenue bonds shall be signed by the governor and by the president of the governing board authorizing the issuance thereof. under the great seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the president of the governing board. Such revenue bonds shall be sold in such manner as the governing board may determine to be for the best interests of the state.

The governing board may enter into trust agreements with banks or trust companies, within or without the state, and in such trust agreements or the resolutions authorizing the issuance of such bonds may enter into valid and legally binding covenants with the holders of such revenue bonds as to the custody, safeguarding and disposition of the proceeds of such revenue bonds, the moneys in such special funds, sinking funds, reserve funds, or any other moneys or funds; as to the rank and priority, if any, of different issues of revenue bonds by the governing board under the provisions of this section; as to the maintenance or revision of the amounts of such additional registration fees, and the terms and conditions, if any, under which such additional registration

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fees may be reduced; and as to any other matters or provisions which are deemed necessary and advisable by the governing board in the best interests of the state and to enhance the marketability of such revenue bonds.

After the issuance of any of such revenue bonds, the additional registration fees at the state institutions of higher education shall not be reduced as long as any of such revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except under such terms, provisions and conditions as shall be contained in the resolution, trust agreement or other proceedings under which such revenue bonds were issued.

135 Such revenue bonds shall be and constitute negotiable 136 instruments under the Uniform Commercial Code of 137 this state; shall, together with the interest thereon, be 138 exempt from all taxation by the state of West Virginia. 139 or by any county, school district, municipality or political subdivision thereof: and such revenue bonds 140 141 shall not be deemed to be obligations or debts of the 142 state, and the credit or taxing power of the state shall 143 not be pledged therefor, but such revenue bonds shall 144 be payable only from the revenue pledged therefor as 145 provided in this section.

§18B-10-9. Authority to excuse students in certain educational programs from payment of enrollment fees.

Whenever the cost of any institute, workshop, special 1 2 course, or other educational program is wholly financed by a grant from any federal agency or from any 3 foundation, corporation, or other association or person. 4 except for indirect costs of administration and other 5 overhead expenses, such as the cost of providing 6 classrooms and other facilities, the governing board of 7 the state educational institution administering such 8 program shall have the authority to excuse all students 9 enrolled in such program from the payment of tuition. 10 11 registration and other enrollment fees.

§18B-10-10. Disposition and use of student union fees; issuance of revenue bonds.

1 Whenever the term "student union building" is used

in this section, the same shall mean a student union building or a combination student union building and dining hall building; and wherever the term "building fund" is used in this section the same shall mean the respective special student union building funds created as provided in section one of this article for each state educational institution which has imposed student union fees pursuant to section one of this article, to be expended by the appropriate governing board for the benefit of the state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction.

Each governing board may make expenditures from such building funds at the various state institutions of higher education under its jurisdiction to finance in whole or in part together with any federal, state or other grants or contributions, any one or more of the following purposes:

- (1) The construction and acquisition of new student union buildings;
- (2) The acquisition, renovation and improvement of existing buildings to be used as student union buildings;
- (3) The construction of additions, extensions and improvements to existing student union buildings;
- (4) The acquisition of furnishings and equipment for any existing student union buildings or student union buildings to be constructed or acquired, or the construction of any roads, utilities or other properties, real or personal, or for any other purposes necessary, appurtenant or incidental to the construction, acquisition, financing and placing in operation of such student union buildings; and
- (5) The payment of the cost of operation and maintenance of such student union buildings, subject however to any covenants or agreements made with the holders of revenue bonds heretofore and hereafter issued pursuant to this section or pursuant to section one of this article.

Each governing board, at its discretion, may use the moneys in such building funds to finance the costs of the above purposes on a cash basis, or may from time to

time issue revenue bonds of the state as provided in this section to finance all or part of such purposes and pledge all or any part of the moneys in such building funds for the payment of the principal of and interest on such revenue bonds, and for reserves therefor. Any pledge of such building funds for such revenue bonds shall be a prior and superior charge on such special funds over the use of any of the moneys in such funds to pay for the cost of any of such purposes on a cash basis, or for the payment of the cost of operation and maintenance, or any part thereof, of such student union buildings, under such terms and conditions as shall be provided in the proceedings which authorized the issuance of such revenue bonds.

Such revenue bonds may be authorized and issued from time to time by a governing board to finance in whole or in part the projects at any state institution of higher education under its jurisdiction provided for in this section in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding the amount which the board shall determine can be paid as to both principal and interest and reasonable margins for a reserve therefor from the moneys in such building funds.

The issuance of such revenue bonds shall be authorized by a resolution adopted by the governing board, and such revenue bonds shall bear such date or dates: mature at such time or times not exceeding forty years from their respective dates; bear interest at such rate or rates, not exceeding twelve per centum per annum; be in such form either coupon or registered, with such exchangeability and interchangeability privileges; be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places, within or without the state; be subject to such terms of prior redemption at such prices not exceeding one hundred five per centum of the principal amount thereof: and shall have such other terms and provisions as the board shall determine. Such revenue bonds shall be signed by the governor and by the president of the governing board, under the great seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the coupons attached thereto shall bear the facsimile signature of the president of the governing board. Such revenue bonds

shall be sold in such manner as the governing board may determine to be for the best interests of the state.

The governing board may enter into trust agreements with banks or trust companies, within or without the state, and in such trust agreements or the resolutions authorizing the issuance of such bonds may enter into valid and legally binding covenants with the holders of such revenue bonds as to the custody, safeguarding and disposition of the proceeds of such revenue bonds, the moneys in such building funds, sinking funds, reserve funds, or any other moneys or funds: as to the rank and priority, if any, of different issues of revenue bonds issued by the governing board for the same educational institution under the provisions of this section; as to the maintenance or revision of the amounts of such student union fees, and the terms and conditions, if any, under which any of such student union fees may be reduced; and as to any other matters or provisions which are deemed necessary and advisable by the governing board in the best interests of the state and to enhance the marketability of such revenue bonds.

Any revenues or income derived from the operation of such student union buildings may, in the discretion of the governing board, be used to pay the cost of the operation and maintenance of such student union buildings, or for the debt service on any bonds issued pursuant to this section or pursuant to any other law.

After the issuance of any of such revenue bonds, the student union fees at the state institution of higher education for which such revenue bonds were issued shall not be reduced as long as any of such revenue bonds are outstanding and unpaid except under such terms, provisions and conditions as shall be contained in the resolution, trust agreement or other proceedings under which such revenue bonds were issued.

Such revenue bonds shall be and constitute negotiable instruments under the Uniform Commercial Code of the state and shall, together with the interest thereon, be exempt from all taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, school district, municipality or political subdivision thereof; and such revenue bonds

shall not be deemed to be obligations or debts of the state, and the credit or taxing power of the state shall not be pledged therefor, but such revenue bonds shall be payable only from the student union fees pledged therefor as provided in this section.

The provisions of this section shall constitute an additional, alternative and complete authority for the exercise of the powers and the issuance of the bonds provided for in this section, but shall not prevent the governing boards from exercising similar or related powers or issuing bonds therefor under any other law or laws, but the governing board, in exercising the powers and issuing the bonds provided for in this section, shall only be required to comply with the provisions of this section and shall not be required to comply with or be subject to the provisions of any other law or laws.

§18B-10-11. Fees and money derived from athletic contests.

The directors of athletics at state institutions of higher education may fix and charge admission fees to athletic contests at state institutions of higher education and may enter into contracts and spend and receive money under such contracts for the student athletic teams of state institutions of higher education to contest with other athletic teams inside or outside the state. All money received from such fees and contracts shall be deposited into the athletic accounts of the state institutions of higher education.

All money derived from such fees and under such contracts shall be used to defray the cost of maintaining the athletic department and athletic program of such institutions. The operation of training camps and training tables and providing room accommodations for participants in the athletic program of such institutions shall be recognized and considered as a proper part of such maintenance, but the specific mention of training camps and training tables and providing room accommodations shall not be construed or understood to limit in any way the general power and authority otherwise granted and conferred by this section: *Provided*, That

23 (1) one percent of the total gross receipts deposited into the athletic accounts and (2) not less than twenty-five 24 percent of the net receipts from televised athletic events. 25 26 bowl games and post-season tournaments deposited into 27 the athletic accounts shall be transferred into a separate 28 and distinct special revenue account for each individual 29 state institution of higher education, which special revenue account shall be designated "athletic facilities 30 31 construction, repair or replacement reserve account." in 32 the state treasury. Such revenues shall be used only for 33 construction, repair or replacement of athletic facilities 34 at the same individual state institution of higher education to which such special revenue account is 35 36 credited. Notwithstanding any other provision in this 37 section to the contrary, in the year in which they are 38 received, no more than twenty-five percent of the net 39 receipts from televised athletic events, bowl games and 40 post-season tournaments deposited into athletic accounts 41 may be transferred into other accounts of the same state 42 institution of higher education having such receipts for 43 the support of academic programs to meet an occasional 44 rather than recurrent need or expense, and in accord with legislative rules promulgated by the appropriate 45 46 governing board in accordance with chapter twenty-47 nine-a of this code, notwithstanding any other provision 48 of this code to the contrary.

§18B-10-12. Student activity fees.

1 The president or other administrative head of any 2 state institution of higher education may authorize the 3 collection of fees from students for the support of 4 extracurricular activities of the students, and after 5 authorizing the collection of such fees, the president or 6 other administrative head shall file with the state 7 auditor and state budget director a certified detailed 8 statement of the fees authorized to be collected and the purpose for which they are to be spent.

§18B-10-13. Fees from operation of dormitories, faculty homes, dining halls and cafeterias.

1 The appropriate governing board of each state institution of higher education shall fix the fees to be 2 3

charged students and faculty members for rooms, board

4 and meals at the dormitories, faculty homes, dining 5 halls and cafeterias operated by such board at the 6 institution. Such fees shall be commensurate with the complete cost of such services.

All fees collected for such services shall be used first to pay the operating and maintenance costs of the dormitories, faculty homes, dining halls and cafeterias and to meet interest, principal and sinking fund requirements due on any outstanding revenue bonds for which such receipts may have been pledged as security. Any such receipts not needed for these purposes may be expended by the appropriate governing board to defray the costs in whole or in part for the construction of any such facility.

§18B-10-14. Bookstores.

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The appropriate governing board of each state 1 2 institution of higher education shall have the authority 3 to establish and operate a bookstore at the institution. 4 The bookstore shall be operated for the use of the 5 institution itself, including each of its schools and 6 departments, in making purchases of books, stationery 7 and other school and office supplies generally carried in 8 college stores, and for the benefit of students and faculty 9 members in purchasing such products for their own use, 10 but no sales shall be made to the general public. The prices to be charged the institution, the students and the 11 12 faculty for such products shall be fixed by the governing 13 board, shall not be less than the prices fixed by any fair trade agreements, and shall in all cases include in 14 addition to the purchase price paid by the bookstore a 15 sufficient handling charge to cover all expenses in-16 curred for personal and other services, supplies and 17 equipment, storage, and other operating expenses, to the 18 19 end that the prices charged shall be commensurate with the total cost to the state of operating the bookstore. 20

All moneys derived from the operation of the store shall be paid into a special revenue fund as provided in section two, article two, chapter twelve of this code. Each governing board shall, subject to the approval of the governor, fix and from time to time change the amount of the revolving fund necessary for the proper and efficient operation of each bookstore.

28 Moneys derived from the operation of the bookstore 29 shall be used first to replenish the stock of goods and to pay the costs of operating and maintaining the store. 30 From any balance in the Marshall University bookstore 31 32 fund not needed for operation and maintenance and replenishing the stock of goods, the governing board of 33 34 that institution shall have authority to expend a sum not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars for the construc-35 36 tion of quarters to house the bookstore in the university 37 center at Marshall University. Until such quarters for 38 housing the bookstore are completed, the governing board of Marshall University and the governor shall 39 take this authorization into account in fixing the amount 40 of the revolving fund for the Marshall University 41 42 bookstore.

§18B-10-15. Authority of educational institutions to provide special services and programs; collection and disposition of fees therefor.

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The appropriate governing board of each state institution of higher education shall have authority to provide special services and special programs at such institutions and may fix and collect special fees or charges therefor. Such special services and special programs may include any one or more of the following:

- (1) The conduct of music camps and band, orchestra, or voice clinics for secondary school students or other youth groups, summer tutoring programs for primary and secondary school students, speech therapy clinics and services, educational and psychological testing programs, student guidance programs, and statistical studies and calculations by an electronic computer service.
- 15 (2) Rental of lockers or other storage facilities and the 16 maintenance and operation of parking facilities for use 17 by students, faculty, staff, and visitors.
- 18 (3) Rental of musical recordings, educational films, slides, and other audiovisual aids.
 - (4) Microfilming or other mechanical reproduction of records and noncopyrighted library reference materials.

- 22 (5) Institutes, conferences, workshops, postgraduate 23 and refresher noncredit courses, and any other special 24 program or special service customarily provided by 25 institutions of higher education.
- 26 (6) Motor pools, consisting of motor vehicles for the use of their employees when carrying on the business and affairs of the institutions.

All fees or charges collected for any such special services or programs shall be paid into a special fund and shall be expended solely for the maintenance, operation and support of such services and programs.

33 Whenever any such special service is provided by one 34 school, division or department of a state institution of 35 higher education for the benefit of any other school. 36 division or department in the same institution, the cost 37 shall be paid by the school, division or department 38 requesting the service and shall be deposited and 39 expended as provided above. Whenever a motor pool is 40 provided by the governing board of a state institution 41 of higher education, such board may charge any school, 42 college, department or division of such institution for 43 which a vehicle is used a reasonable amount for such 44 use, which amount shall be paid by such school, college, 45 department or division and shall be deposited and 46 expended as above provided.

§18B-10-16. Disposition of funds in state treasury.

- 1 Except as may be provided for in any bond resolution
- 2 in effect, funds in the state treasury heretofore collected
- 3 from any of the sources defined in the foregoing sections
- 4 shall remain in the state treasury for use by the
- 5 institution where collected. Any interest revenue
- 6 generated by a special student fee account shall only be
- 7 expended at or for the institution where such fee was
- 8 collected.

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ARTICLE 11. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTES AND CENTERS.

- §18B-11-1. Center for regional progress created; director powers; mission and purpose.
- §18B-11-2. Institute for public affairs; creation and purposes.
- §18B-11-3. Institute for international trade development; creation and purpose.

§18B-11-1. Center for regional progress created; director powers; mission and purpose.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created an economic development 2 entity known as the "center for regional progress" at 3 Marshall University. The center shall be under the 4 control and supervision of a director, which position is 5 to be filled by an individual qualified by experience and 6 education. The director shall be appointed by the 7 president of Marshall University. The director may 8 employ such staff as is necessary to accomplish the center's mission and purpose. The director shall have 9 administrative control and supervision of the center. 10 The center shall emphasize the creation of new jobs and 11 12 the retention of existing jobs as the foundation necessary 13 for the economic development of West Virginia. The 14 center shall provide basic and applied research and technical assistance; counseling and referral service; 15 16 graduate research and cooperative education programs; management and marketing assistance; continuing 17 18 education, seminars, workshops; courses to meet both employer and employee educational needs; and such 19 other activities as are necessary to carry out the 20 provisions of this article. The center shall provide 21 research and technical assistance to meet the economic 22 23 and community development needs of local, municipal, 24 county and state governments.
 - (b) The center shall upon request respond to public policy needs of the Legislature and the executive; and apply for and obtain grants or funds from all available sources, private and public, state, federal, and otherwise. The center shall maintain a roster of faculty and staff at Marshall University and other institutions of higher education from which specific expertise may be drawn.

§18B-11-2. Institute for public affairs; creation and purposes.

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1 (a) There is hereby created as an independent entity
2 the institute for public affairs, to be located and
3 operated at West Virginia University. The institute
4 shall be under the control and supervision of a director,
5 which position is to be filled by an individual whose

- 6 credentials include accomplishments in the interdiscipli-7 nary academic fields and government. The director shall 8 be appointed by the president of West Virginia Univer-9 sity. The institute shall engage faculty from institutions of higher education throughout the state and shall 10 11 cooperatively develop a program with other such 12 institutions. The terms of such participation may be by 13 contract, loan, part-time basis or other such 14 arrangement.
- 15 (b) The institute is directed to conduct independent 16 research and propose strategies and options on public 17 issues and policies upon its own initiative or as may be 18 requested by the executive or the Legislature.
- (c) The institute is directed to seek all other funds, grants, and other sources of assistance from other agencies of government as well as the private sector.
- (d) The director shall have administrative control and
 supervision of the institute.

§18B-11-3. Institute for international trade development; creation and purpose.

1 There is hereby created as an independent entity the 2 institute for international trade development, to be 3 located and operated at Marshall University. The 4 institute is established to facilitate faculty involvement 5 in the formation and continuation of international 6 market entry and development strategy, to provide 7 assistance to state businesses in exporting and attract-8 ing foreign investment, and to engage in other activities 9 designed to promote, develop and stimulate export expansion and foreign direct investment. The institute 10 11 shall be under the control and supervision of a director, 12 who shall be appointed from among the faculty by the president of Marshall University. The institute shall 13 engage faculty from institutions of higher education 14 throughout the state and shall cooperatively develop an 15 16 export program with the other such institutions. The 17 terms of such participation may be by contract, loan, 18 part-time basis, or other such arrangement. The institute shall develop with the board of trustees and the 19 20 governor a program of student internships in international business to place qualified students for academic 21

- 22 credit with businesses in West Virginia to help develop
- 23 export awareness and potential. The institute shall
- 24 further provide research and analysis on matters of
- 25 international trade upon request of the executive or the
- 26 Legislature; initiate partnership grants, and proposals
- 27 in the area of international trade in accordance with the
- 28 provisions of article two-a, chapter five-b of this code;
- 29 and apply for and obtain grants or funds from all
- 30 available sources, private and public.

ARTICLE 12. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

- §18B-12-1. Definitions.
- §18B-12-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §18B-12-3. Boards authorized to contract with corporations; characteristics of corporations.
- §18B-12-4. Agreement: required provisions.
- §18B-12-5. Audit.
- §18B-12-6. Conflicts of interest.
- §18B-12-7. No waiver of sovereign immunity.
- §18B-12-8. Not obligation of the state.
- §18B-12-9. Sections and provisions severable.

§18B-12-1. Definitions.

- The following words used in this article shall, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning, be
- 3 construed as follows:
- 4 (a) "Agreement" means any agreement being entered 5 into between a governing board and a corporation 6 pursuant to section four of this article.
- 7 (b) "Corporation" means a nonstock, not-for-profit 8 corporation established under the general corporation 9 laws of the state which meets the description presented
- 10 by section three of this article.
- 11 (c) "Corporate directors" means the board of directors 12 of a corporation.

§18B-12-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds and determines that the
- future economic development in the state will depend in part upon research developed at the state institutions of
- 4 higher education, and enhanced research opportunities
- 5 for state institutions of higher education will promote

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- 6 the general economic welfare of the citizens of the state. 7 In order to enhance the competitive position of state 8 institutions of higher education in the current environ-9 ment for research and development, expenditures for 10 equipment and material for research projects must be 11 handled in an expeditious fashion, and the acquisition 12 and utilization of research grants can be simplified and 13 expedited through the utilization of corporations.
 - (b) The interest of the citizens of the state will be best met by agreements entered into and carried out by the governing boards and corporations to provide research assistance for state institutions of higher education. Therefore, in order to facilitate research and development grants and opportunities for state institutions of higher education, it is appropriate to authorize the governing boards to contract with corporations organized for the purpose of providing such services to state institutions of higher education.

§18B-12-3. Boards authorized to contract with corporations; characteristics of corporations.

Each governing board for a state institution of higher education is hereby authorized to enter into agreements and any other contractual relationships with one or more corporations formed with respect to such state institution of higher education, but only if each such corporation meets the following descriptions:

- (1) The president and the president's appointees from the institution shall constitute a majority of the voting corporate directors.
- 10 (2) The corporation must be organized as a nonprofit, 11 nonstock corporation under the general corporation laws of the state exclusively for charitable, educational 12 13 or scientific purposes within the meaning of section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 14 15 amended, to foster and support research at the respective state institution of higher education and to provide 16 evaluation, development, patenting, management and 17 marketing services for inventions of the faculty, staff 18 and students of such state institution of higher educa-19 20 tion.

- (3) The meetings of the corporate directors shall be subject to the provisions of section three, article ninea, chapter six of this code.
- 24 (4) Upon dissolution of the corporation, the assets of 25 the corporation shall be transferred to such entity as the 26 appropriate governing board shall designate for the 27 benefit of the state institution of higher education: 28 Provided. That such recipient shall be an organization 29 operated exclusively for charitable, educational or scientific purposes as shall at such time qualify as an 30 31 exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. 32

§18B-12-4. Agreement; required provisions.

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- (a) Notwithstanding section ten, article three, chapter 2 twelve of this code or any other provision of law to the 3 contrary, each governing board is hereby authorized to 4 enter into an agreement with a corporation, which 5 agreement shall be for the benefit of such state 6 institution of higher education and contain the following provisions, subject to further specification as shall be 8 mutually agreed upon by the appropriate governing 9 board and the corporation:
 - (1) On the effective date of the agreement, the corporation shall be charged with the responsibility of serving as fiscal agent for sponsored projects conducted by the faculty, staff and students of the state institution of higher education, and grants shall be accepted by the corporation on behalf of the institution and assigned to the corporation for fiscal management.
 - (2) The corporation shall provide evaluation, development, patenting, licensing, management and marketing services for inventions, processes, trademarks, copyrights or any other intellectual property developed by faculty, staff and students of any state institution of higher education.
 - (3) The corporation shall have the right to determine the application of the proceeds from any invention, process, trademark, copyright or any other intellectual property developed by the faculty, staff or students of a state institution of higher education among the

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- 28 corporation, the inventor or developer, and the 29 institution.
 - (4) The corporation shall have such additional responsibilities related to the administration of research and development at the state institution of higher education as are necessary or desirable to facilitate the development of research at the institution.
 - (b) Upon termination of the agreement, the funds or grants paid or held by the corporation shall be paid to the state institution of higher education or its designee as the appropriate governing board shall direct.
- 39 (c) A corporation may utilize both corporation em-40 ployees and personnel of the state institution of higher 41 education, provided, however, that the corporation may 42 pay the costs incurred by the state institution of higher 43 education including personnel funded on grants and 44 contracts, fringe benefits of personnel funded on grants 45 and contracts, administrative support costs and other 46 costs which may require reimbursement and may 47 include as costs any applicable overhead and fringe 48 benefit assessments necessary to recover the costs 49 expended by the state institution of higher education 50 pursuant to the terms of the agreement, it being the 51 intention that a board may be reimbursed for expenses 52 incurred by it pursuant to the agreement.

§18B-12-5. Audit.

The operations of the corporation shall be subject to an audit by an independent auditor.

§18B-12-6. Conflicts of interest.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 1 2 the contrary, officers and employees of a governing board and the affected state institution of higher 3 education may hold appointments to offices of the 4 5 corporation and be corporate directors or officers or employees of other entities contracting with either the 6 corporation or a governing board of a state institution 7 of higher education. The executive director of the 8 corporation shall have dual appointment with the state 9 institution of higher education. The governing board of 10 a state institution of higher education and the corporate 11

- 12 directors must be informed of such appointments
- 13 annually.

§18B-12-7. No waiver of sovereign immunity.

- 1 Nothing contained in this article shall be deemed or
- 2 construed to waive or abrogate in any way the sovereign
- 3 immunity of the state or to deprive a governing board
- 4 of a state institution of higher education, a state
- 5 institution of higher education or any officer or em-
- 6 ployee thereof of sovereign immunity.

§18B-12-8. Not obligation of the state.

- Obligations of a corporation shall not constitute debts
- 2 or obligations of a state institution of higher education,
- 3 the governing board thereof or the state.

§18B-12-9. Sections and provisions severable.

- 1 The sections of this article, and the provisions and
- 2 parts of said sections, are severable, and it is the
- 3 intention to enact the whole or any part of the powers
- 4 provided for in this article, and, if any of said sections,
- 5 or the provisions or parts of any said sections, or the
- 6 application thereof to any person or circumstance, are
- 7 for any reason held unconstitutional or invalid, it is the
- 8 intention that the remaining sections of this article, and
- 9 the remaining provisions or parts of any said sections,
- 10 shall remain in full force and effect.

ARTICLE 13. HIGHER EDUCATION-INDUSTRY PARTNERSHIPS.

- §18B-13-1. Legislative purpose.
- §18B-13-2. The West Virginia foundation for science and technology.
- §18B-13-3. Higher education-industry collaboration and technical assistance.
- §18B-13-4. High-Tech 2000 program for research and technical assistance.
- §18B-13-5. Special High-Tech 2000 Fund.
- §18B-13-6. High-Tech 2000 board; grants; authority.
- §18B-13-7. Powers and duties.
- §18B-13-8. Appointment of the director.
- §18B-13-9. Annual reports.
- §18B-13-10. High-Tech 2000 research zones and parks.
- §18B-13-11. Research park or zone tax exemptions.
- §18B-13-12. Use of state property and equipment; faculty.

§18B-13-1. Legislative purpose.

- 1 A pressing need exists for collaborative research and
- 2 development between institutions of higher education

3 and industry. This need also extends to assisting 4 companies to develop and adapt to new technology. A 5 commitment by the state to support cooperative univer-6 sity-industry partnerships will preserve existing jobs 7 and create new jobs; promote development of business 8 enterprises and help them become competitive; and 9 enable West Virginia to achieve the goals of economic growth and full employment by revitalizing and 10 11 diversifying the West Virginia economy. Focused 12 research and technical assistance efforts related to West 13 Virginia industry will speed such development, improve 14 technology transfer, assist companies in becoming 15 growth leaders and link basic research and technolog-16 ical developments to economic advancement.

It is the purpose of the Legislature to establish the 17 West Virginia foundation for science and technology to 18 have as its goals the movement of the state of West 19 20 Virginia into the forefront of science and technology by 21 the year two thousand: the attraction of business, federal 22 contracts and industry; and the creation of jobs for the people of this state, through applied science and 23 technology and partnership programs as set forth in this 24 25 article.

§18B-13-2. The West Virginia foundation for science and technology.

1 There is hereby created the West Virginia foundation for science and technology for the purpose of developing 2 and implementing the High-Tech 2000 fund as set forth 3 in this article, and for the awarding of grants and other 4 assistance as provided herein. Grants shall concentrate 5 on targeted job-creating industries, processes and 6 research as determined by the High-Tech 2000 board of 7 trustees according to the strategic comprehensive plan 8 and grant program required in this article, but shall 9 include immediate priority for the topics of computer 10 software, federal contract procurement, flexible manu-11 facturing, materials handling and distribution, and 12 13 hardwood manufacturing.

§18B-13-3. Higher education-industry collaboration and technical assistance.

1 Institutions of higher education shall develop a plan

to engage in collaborative projects designed to assist business to adapt or develop new technology under this article and shall be eligible to receive financial support through the matching grant programs defined in this article.

The foundation is authorized and empowered to solicit 7 8 and accept financial support from sources, including federal funds, other than the state. Any institution of 9 higher education making application for financial 10 support from the foundation may deposit all or any part 11 of funds received from the special High-Tech 2000 fund 12 into a special revenue account in the state treasury 13 which may be established. 14

§18B-13-4. High-Tech 2000 program for research and technical assistance.

The High-Tech 2000 board shall have the authority to allocate any funds available to higher education-industry projects operating under the provisions of this article. The amount of the grant may not exceed the level of contribution from all other sources combined.

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The High-Tech 2000 board shall negotiate a contract for all grants, the terms of which should, if practicable, provide for payment of negotiated royalties, royalty sharing arrangements, loans, hybrid-debt equity arrangements, stock purchase arrangements or other payments to the fund, established in section five of this article.

The grant program shall bring together, through challenge or matching grants, partners from the business, industry, public and educational sectors to develop and apply technologies which will strengthen existing business and stimulate the formation of new firms and products including:

- (1) Joint partnership research and development projects.—Such projects shall require a joint effort of a West Virginia business or businesses and an institution of higher education in this state with the purpose of preserving or creating jobs in this state;
- (2) Education and training projects.—Such projects shall include employment training or retraining, labor

- 26 market and occupational analysis, new courses, sharing 27 of costly equipment, and educational or technical 28 assistance with small business innovation centers; and
- 29 (3) Entrepreneurial development projects.—Such pro-30 jects shall include technical assistance, development of 31 business plans, management counseling, technology 32 transfer, and venture capital assistance, with emphasis 33 on establishing new projects, processes or services.

§18B-13-5. Special High-Tech 2000 Fund.

1 There is hereby established a special High-Tech 2000

2 Fund to which shall be credited any state appropria-3

tions, gifts, grants or other moneys available to the fund.

High-Tech 2000 board; grants; authority. §18B-13-6.

There is hereby created a High-Tech 2000 board 1 2 consisting of the governor or a designee, the president 3 of West Virginia University or a designee, the president 4 of Marshall University or a designee, the president of 5 West Virginia Institute of Technology or a designee, the 6 president of Shepherd College or a designee, the director 7 of the governor's office of economic and community 8 development, or a designee, and four persons from the private sector who are representative of each of the 9 10 congressional districts of the state, and which such 11 private sector members shall be appointed to staggered 12 four-year terms by the governor with the advice and 13 consent of the Senate.

The High-Tech 2000 board shall have the authority to review and approve all applications for grants or funds from the special High-Tech 2000 fund established pursuant to section five of this article and to establish rules for the administration of the fund.

Board members representing the private sector shall 19 20 be reimbursed for all necessary expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as 21 22 members.

§18B-13-7. Powers and duties.

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The High-Tech 2000 board is hereby authorized and 1 directed to develop a strategic comprehensive plan and 2

grant program to attract new science and high technol-3

4 ogy industries, to retain and expand current state 5 industries through technology and other processes, and to increase research grants, contracts, matching funds 6 7 and procurement arrangements from the federal 8 government, private industry and other agencies. Such 9 initial, and annually updated, strategic comprehensive plan shall be developed and annually filed with the 10 governor and Legislature. The High-Tech 2000 board 11 12 shall consult with business, labor and other agencies of 13 government, including institutions of higher education. for the purpose of determining such initial, and annually 14 15 updated, strategic comprehensive plan.

The High-Tech 2000 board shall establish a grant program, to be known as the High-Tech 2000 program, to implement the strategic comprehensive plan.

The High-Tech 2000 board shall establish criteria for the grant program, and applications provided for herein, together with contractual provisions to protect the state's interest and financial commitment to such grant program.

The High-Tech 2000 board shall review the work and projects undertaken by the center of regional progress, the center for economic research, the institute for international trade development and the West Virginia foundation for science and technology.

§18B-13-8. Appointment of the director.

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1 The director of the foundation shall be appointed by 2 the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, 3 from a list of three persons submitted by the High-Tech 4 2000 board. The High-Tech 2000 board shall appoint a search committee of representatives of the educational, 5 government, business and labor sectors to solicit and 6 interview candidates for the position of director, who 7 shall be qualified by knowledge and experience in the 8 field of business and industry. The search committee 9 shall present a list of three nominations to the governor. 10 The director of the governor's office of community and 11 industrial development shall act as director of the 12 13 foundation until the governor shall appoint a director.

14 The High-Tech 2000 board shall establish a salary for

the director at a level sufficient to attract and retain an individual of knowledge and experience in the field.

§18B-13-9. Annual reports.

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On the first day of January of each year, the director shall submit a report on the operation of the foundation, including expenditures from the special High-Tech 2000 Fund, to the governor and to the Legislature. Such report shall include a summary of the expenditures from the subject fund and a complete statement of grants made hereunder.

§18B-13-10. High-Tech 2000 research zones and parks.

- (a) The governor's office of community and industrial development shall work with the county commissions, the municipalities and local development authorities where state colleges and universities are located, and shall develop a plan and program for the establishment and operation of qualifying High-Tech 2000 research zones, parks and technology centers on or near the campuses of selected universities and colleges to attract local business and industry engaged in science and technology related research.
- 11 (b) The governor's office of community and industrial 12 development shall coordinate the development of such 13 plan and program, which shall include qualifications for 14 eligible High-Tech 2000 research zones, parks and research centers and which qualifications shall require 15 16 a minimum partnership commitment from the private 17 sector either in the construction, operation or location of the research parks or zones or technology centers; and 18 the West Virginia economic development authority shall 19 20 have authority to enter into agreements with state institutions of higher education, private developers or 21 22 other interested businesses or persons to acquire, finance, construct, operate, own, lease or otherwise 23 manage any research park or zone and to collect rentals 24 or other forms of payment for the operation of the 25 26 research parks or zones or technology centers. Ownership of the research park or zone shall be in the 27 state of West Virginia, the West Virginia industry and 28 29 jobs development corporation or a governing board.

The West Virginia economic development authority is hereby authorized either singularly or in conjunction with any county commission, municipality or local development authority, to issue special High-Tech 2000 bonds for the purpose of this section, including, but not limited to, special project revenue bonds and special user bonds limited to the actual cost of construction and start-up of any qualifying and approved research park or zone or technology centers, and improvements necessary thereto, pursuant to article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of this code.

§18B-13-11. Research park or zone tax exemptions.

 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary relating to any other exemptions or credits to which any business may be entitled under this code, the following exemptions shall apply to any qualified, approved High-Tech 2000 research park or zone or technology center:

- (a) The enterprise zone tax exemptions as provided in section five, article two-b, chapter five-b of this code;
- (b) A tax credit for qualified business, in the amount of the workers' compensation premium paid in accordance with article two, chapter twenty-three of this code, which credit shall be credited against any corporate net income tax or personal income tax of the qualified business or liability of the owners of the qualified business which is a proprietorship or a partnership;
- (c) The deferral for qualified business of all state corporate net income tax, business and occupation tax, telecommunications tax, severance tax, business franchise tax, or other state income tax liability for the start-up period of the business not to exceed three years, and qualified business shall be entitled to an exemption from any such deferred tax if such business both employs at least seven persons on a full-time basis as of the due date of the deferred tax liability, and the qualified business maintains an average employment of at least seven full-time employees over the last two years of the three year start-up period.

§18B-13-12. Use of state property and equipment; faculty.

- (a) The governing boards are authorized to provide for the low cost and economical use and sharing of state property and equipment, including computers, research labs and other scientific and necessary equipment to assist any qualified business within an approved research park or zone or technology center. The governing boards shall approve a schedule of nominal or reduced cost reimbursements to the state for such use.
- 10 (b) The governing boards shall develop and provide 11 for a program of release time, sabbaticals or other forms 12 of faculty involvement or participation with any 13 qualifying business.
- 14 (c) The Legislature finds that cooperation, commun-15 ication and coordination are integral components of 16 higher education's involvement in economic develop-17 ment. In order to proceed in a manner that is cost 18 effective and time efficient, it shall be the duty of the 19 governing boards to review and coordinate such aspects 20 of the programs administered by the governing boards. 21 Such review and coordination shall not operate so as to 22 adversely affect sources of funding nor shall it affect any statutory characterization of any program as an 23 24 independent entity. The governing boards shall report 25 on an annual basis to the Legislature and the governor. The report shall contain the following information: 26
 - (1) The number of seminars and workshops conducted;
- 29 (2) The subject matter addressed in each seminar and workshop;
- 31 (3) The number of feasibility studies conducted and 32 the subject matter contained in each study; and
- 33 (4) An accounting of the cost of all travel expenses, seminars, workshops and feasibility studies.

ARTICLE 14. MISCELLANEOUS.

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§18B-14-1. Authorization to sell West Virginia University poultry farm properties located in Morgantown.

§18B-14-2. Authorization to sell West Virginia University vacant lot located in Morgantown and biological research station located in Terra Alta.

§18B-14-1. Authorization to sell West Virginia University poultry farm properties located in Morgantown.

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(a) The board of trustees is hereby authorized and empowered to sell those parcels of land situate on the Van Voorhis Road in Monongalia County, West Virginia, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a post standing south of the center line of the said Van Voorhis Road, in the line of property now or formerly of Vandervort, 170.0 feet, thence from said post, S. 75 degrees 34' E. 1190.6 feet to a white oak stump, corner to land now or formerly of Gorman, Goodwin, Baker and Hawkins: thence with a line of the said corner to land of J. D. Harless, and with his said 12 line, N. 58 degrees 18' W. 279.7 feet to a point in the center line of said Van Voorhis Road: thence with the 13 center line of said road, S. 56 degrees 25' W. 946.1 feet 14 15 to a point in the center of said road; thence S. 10 degrees 16 34' E. 170.0 feet to the place of beginning, containing 17 15.71 acres, as surveyed and platted by B. W. Reynolds, 18 Surveyor, October 28, 1946.

And, beginning at a stake in a line of Charles Baker and 27.96 feet from the corner of Charles Baker and D. L. Hartman: thence N. 26 degrees 26' E. 150 feet to a stake: thence S. 63 degrees 34' E. 70 feet to a stake; thence S. 26 degrees 26' thence N. 36 degrees 58' W. 7.29 feet to the place of beginning, containing .28 acres, more or less. And, beginning at a stake in a line of Charles Baker and on a corner of land of Virginia May Burruss and A. J. W. Headlee: thence N. 26 degrees 26' E. 160 feet to a stake; thence S. 63 degrees 34' E. 70 feet to a stake: thence S. 26 degrees 26' W. 160 feet to a stake on a corner of land of Virginia May Burruss and A. J. W. Headlee: thence N. 63 degrees 34' W. 75 feet to the place of beginning, containing .257 acres, more or less.

And, beginning at a stone corner of the lands of W. W. McClure and L. O. Starkey, and running Southwest a distance of 660 feet (40 poles) to a point or corner of lands of L. O. Starkey and Emma Hill; thence westward a distance of 587.4 feet (35.35 poles) to a white oak tree, corner to lands of the said Emma Hill and Charles M. Baker: thence northwest a distance of 610.5 (37 poles) to a walnut tree, corner to lands of Charles M. Baker and Martin L. Goodwin; thence in an easterly directiona distance of 990 feet (60 poles) to the cornerstone hereinbefore mentioned as the place of beginning, containing 12 3/4 acres, more or less.

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And, beginning at a point in the line of property formerly belonging to James Gorman, being the property formerly occupied by S. S. Ivill, which said beginning point is N. 9 1/2 degrees W. 739 feet from the center of Chestnut Ridge Road; thence with the line of property formerly belonging to Coleman Vandervort and now belonging to Headlee, and thence with a line of Headlee, S. 80 degrees E. 535 feet, more or less, to the corner of Baker; and thence with Baker two lines in a Southerly direction with the line of Baker, 645 feet to a point and 576 feet to a point in the line of Baker. which said last mentioned point is 754 feet in a northerly direction from the center of said Chestnut Ridge Road: and thence with an arbitrary line through the property formerly belonging to Adam W. Thompson in a Westerly direction 570 feet to the place of beginning. containing 16 acres, more or less; and being the same real estate conveyed to the grantor. Lee Moore, by deed from Benjamin G. Reeder and Marie F. Reeder, his wife, dated February 28, 1956, and recorded in the office of the clerk of the County of Monongalia, West Virginia, at a public auction: Provided, That prior to such action the board of trustees shall have the property appraised by two licensed appraisers and shall not sell the property for less than the average of the two appraisals.

(b) The proceeds from the sale of the property referred to shall be deposited in a special revenue account from which the board of trustees is hereby authorized to expend funds to relocate the West Virginia University poultry facility with such surplus as may be left being used for improvements to the college of agriculture and forestry facilities or deposited in a special medical school fund heretofore created in the state treasury under the provisions of section two, article nineteen, chapter eleven of this code, for educationally related projects.

§18B-14-2. Authorization to sell West Virginia University vacant lot located in Morgantown and biological research station located in Terra Alta.

- 1 (a) The board of trustees is hereby authorized and 2 empowered to sell those parcels of land situate on the 3 Chestnut Ridge Road in Monongalia County, West 4 Virginia, bounded and described as follows:
- 5 Beginning at a hub in the edge of the Chestnut Ridge 6 Road along the boundary formerly belonging to Sam 7 Ivill; thence with Ivill, N 10 degrees 01' W 260.04 feet 8 to a hub. corner to the lands of Blanche Sayre found in Deed Book No. 481, at Page 95; thence with Sayre, S 9 89 degrees 36' E 295.45 feet to a hub, corner to W. V. 10 Board of Regents in Deed Book No. 584, at Page 1; 11 12 thence with W. V. Board of Regents S O degrees 55' W 13 255.82 feet to a hub at the northern edge of the Chestnut 14 Ridge Road; thence along the northern edge of the 15 Chestnut Ridge Road, N 89 degrees 36' W 254.00 feet to the place of beginning, containing 1.61 acres, more 16 or less, as surveyed by Triad Engineering Consultants 17 18 on 6/27/79.
 - (b) The board of trustees is hereby further authorized and empowered to sell those parcels of land situate in Terra Alta, Preston County, West Virginia, bounded and described as follows:

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- Those lots or parcels of real estate situated in Portland District, Preston County, West Virginia, containing 48.28 acres recorded under Book 283, Page 217.
 - (c) Such sale shall be by public auction: *Provided*, That prior to such action the board of trustees shall have the property appraised by two licensed appraisers and shall not sell the property for less than the average of the appraisals.
 - (d) The proceeds from the sale of the property referred to shall be deposited in a special revenue account from which the board of trustees is hereby authorized to expend the funds therefrom for development of the Downtown Campus, at West Virginia University, in Morgantown.

CHAPTER 18C. STUDENT LOANS; SCHOLARSHIPS AND STATE AID.

Article

- 1. Financial Assistance Generally.
- 2. Guaranteed Student Loan Program.
- 3. Health Professionals Student Loan Programs.

ARTICLE 1. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GENERALLY.

- §18C-1-1. Administration generally.
- §18C-1-2. Definitions.
- §18C-1-3. Transfer of obligations.

§18C-1-1. Administration generally.

The senior administrator jointly employed by the 1 2 chancellors of the board of trustees and the board of 3 directors shall, as provided in section two, article four. 4 chapter eighteen-b of this code, have a ministerial duty 5 to administer, oversee or monitor all state and federal 6 student loan, scholarship and state aid programs which 7 are administered at the state level in accordance with 8 established guidelines, in consultation with and under 9 the direction of the governing boards.

10 Such programs include, but are not limited to: The 11 guaranteed student loan program under this article, 12 which may be administered by a private nonprofit 13 agency; the medical student loan program under article 14 three of this chapter; the Underwood-Smith teacher 15 scholarship program under article twenty-one, chapter 16 eighteen of this code; the state scholarship program. 17 commonly known as the West Virginia higher education grant program, under article twenty-two-b, chapter 18 19 eighteen of this code: the higher education student 20 assistance loan program under article twenty-two-d, 21 chapter eighteen of this code; the West Virginia higher 22 education tuition trust act under article thirty, chapter 23 eighteen of this code, which shall be administered by the state treasurer as provided in said article; the state aid 24 25 programs for students of optometry, under article three 26 of this chapter; the state aid programs for students of 27 veterinary medicine under section six-a, article eleven, 28 chapter eighteen of this code; any reciprocal program and contract program for student aid under sections 29 three and four, article four of chapter eighteen-b of this 30 code; any other state level student aid program under 31

- 32 this code; and any federal grant or contract student
- 33 assistance or support programs administered at the
- 34 state level.

§18C-1-2. Definitions.

- 1 The definitions used in this chapter, unless the context
- 2 clearly indicates otherwise, shall be the definitions
- 3 provided in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b
- 4 of this code.
- 5 The term "board" or "governing board" in the singular
- 6 or plural as used in this chapter shall be deemed to
- 7 mean the senior administrator employed by the govern-
- 8 ing boards when a power or duty assigned to a govern-
- 9 ing board is delegated by it to the senior administrator.

§18C-1-3. Transfer of obligations.

- 1 As of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 2 eighty-nine, any obligations of the board of regents
- 3 pertaining to student loans, scholarships or state aid
- 4 shall be transferred and deemed the obligations of the
- 5 governing boards.

ARTICLE 2. GUARANTEED STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM.

- §18C-2-1. Purpose of provisions of article relating to guaranteed student loan program; loan program to be administered by senior administrator of governing boards.
- §18C-2-2. "Act," "undertaking" and "obligations" defined.
- §18C-2-3. Authority to buy and sell certain student obligations; undertakings not to constitute state debt; undertakings limited to available funds.
- §18C-2-4. Powers and duties of senior administrator regarding loan program.
- §18C-2-5. Title to property.
- §18C-2-6. Acquisition of contingent interests in obligations from lending institutions; collection of delinquent obligations.
- §18C-2-7. Terms of acquisitions.
- §18C-2-8. Trust fund established; limitations on use of fund; duties of treasurer in connection therewith; special account created.
- §18C-2-9. Construction of provisions of article relating to loan program.
- §18C-2-1. Purpose of provisions of article relating to guaranteed student loan program; loan program to be administered by senior administrator of governing boards.
 - The Legislature enacts the provisions of this article which relate to the establishment of the guaranteed

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3 student loan program to continue and encourage 4 education of citizens of this state who are in need of 5 financial assistance, such assistance and education being 6 for the welfare of this state, and the Legislature hereby 7 declares such to be a public purpose.

The guaranteed student loan program established and authorized by this article shall be administered by the senior administrator of the board of trustees and board of directors acting under their direction.

§18C-2-2. "Act," "undertaking" and "obligations" defined.

As used in this article, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context shall indicate another or different meaning or intent:

- (a) The words "act" or "undertaking" shall mean the official act of the governing boards, or senior administrator acting under the direction of the boards, in connection with the acquisition or disposition of all or any part of obligations or interest therein which the governing boards are authorized to buy or sell hereunder.
- 11 (b) The word "obligations" shall mean those evidences 12 of debt which the governing boards may buy, sell, 13 endorse, or guarantee under the provisions of this 14 article.

§18C-2-3. Authority to buy and sell certain student obligations; undertakings not to constitute state debt; undertakings limited to available funds.

In order to facilitate the education of residents in this state and promote the industrial and economic development of the state, the governing boards are hereby authorized and empowered to buy and sell obligations of students who are residents of West Virginia, and who have been residents of this state for at least one year and are students or have been accepted as students at state supported or private institutions of higher education, or vocational schools accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or by a state agency designated by the governor and representing loans made to such students who have met the requirement of financial need as determined by the governing boards, such loans having been made for the purpose of an education.

15 No act or undertaking of the governing boards shall 16 be deemed to constitute a debt of the state or of any 17 political subdivision thereof or a pledge of the faith and 18 credit of the state or of any such political subdivision, 19 and shall be payable solely from the funds of the 20 governing boards specifically appropriated for the 21 guaranteed student loan program. All such acts and 22 undertakings shall contain on the face thereof a 23 statement to the effect that neither the state nor the 24 governing boards shall be obligated to pay the same or the interest thereon except from revenues of the 25 26 governing boards and that neither the faith and credit 27 nor the taxing power of the state or of any political 28 subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the 29 principal of or the interest on such acts and 30 undertakings.

31 All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions 32 of this article dealing with the guaranteed student loan 33 program shall be payable solely from funds provided for 34 the purpose and no liability or obligation shall be 35 incurred by the governing boards hereunder beyond the 36 extent to which money shall have been provided under 37 the applicable provisions of this article for the guaran-38 teed student loan program.

§18C-2-4. Powers and duties of senior administrator regarding loan program.

- The senior administrator acting under direction of the governing boards is hereby authorized and empowered:
- 3 (1) To fix and revise from time to time and charge and collect fees for its acts and undertakings:

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- (2) To establish rules concerning the acts and undertakings:
- 7 (3) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property 8 in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its 9 duties;
- 10 (4) To make and enter into all contracts and agree-11 ments necessary or incidental to the performance of its 12 duties and the execution of its powers under this article;
- 13 (5) To employ in its discretion such employees as it 14 may deem necessary to carry out its powers and duties 15 as enumerated in this article:

- 16 (6) To receive and accept from any federal or private 17 agency, corporation, association or person, grants to be 18 expended in accomplishing the objectives of this article 19 and to receive and accept from the state, from any municipality, county or other political subdivision 20 21 thereof and from any other source, aid or contributions of either money, property, or other things of value to be 22 23 held, used and applied only for the purposes for which 24 such grants and contributions may be made:
- 25 (7) To sue and be sued as provided by law:
- 26 (8) To do all other acts and things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers expressly granted by the provisions of this article which relate to the guaranteed student loan program. Nothing in this article shall be construed to empower the governing boards to engage in the business of banking or insurance.

§18C-2-5. Title to property.

Title to any property acquired by the governing boards under the provisions of this article which relate to the guaranteed student loan program shall be taken and held in the name of the governing boards.

§18C-2-6. Acquisition of contingent interests in obligations from lending institutions; collection of delinquent obligations.

1 With funds available to the governing boards for pur-2 poses other than the payment of compensation to per-3 sonnel and the lease or rental of offices or equipment, the 4 governing boards may acquire from any bank or other 5 lending institution of this state a contingent interest in 6 student obligations. The total contingent interest of the 7 governing boards on all such obligations shall not exceed 8 at any one time a sum of twelve and one-half times the 9 total funds which the governing boards can employ to 10 acquire such contingent interests. When a governing 11 board acquires any such contingent interest, it may 12 require the payment to it of a portion of the interest 13 payable upon any such obligation. In each such acqui-14 sition, the governing board shall provide that at such 15 time as the obligation becomes delinquent, the bank or 16 other lending institution shall notify the governing 17 board forthwith and shall transfer forthwith to the

governing board, by assignment or otherwise, an 18 interest in such obligation equal to the contingent 19 20 interest of the governing board therein. The bank or 21 other lending institution and the governing board shall 22 forthwith take such steps as may be necessary to recover 23 the balance due upon any such obligation, and such recovery shall be apportioned between the governing 24 25 board and the bank or other lending institution as their 26 respective interests may appear.

§18C-2-7. Terms of acquisitions.

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Each governing board shall prescribe the terms, 2 conditions and limitations upon which it will acquire a 3 contingent or direct interest in any obligation and such 4 terms, conditions and limitations shall include, but 5 without limiting the generality thereof, the terms for 6 payment of principal and interest, applicable life or 7 other insurance which may be required in connection with any such obligation and who shall pay the premi-8 ums thereon, the safekeeping of assets pledged to secure 9 10 any such undertaking, and any and all matters in connection with the foregoing as will protect the assets 11 12 of the governing board.

§18C-2-8. Trust fund established; limitations on use of fund; duties of treasurer in connection therewith; special account created.

The appropriation made to the governing boards under the provisions of this article which relate to the guaranteed student loan program shall be used exclusively for the purpose of acquiring contingent or vested rights in obligations which it may acquire under this article, and such appropriation, payments, revenue and interest, as well as other income received in connection with such obligations, is hereby established as a trust fund. Such fund shall be used for the purposes of the governing boards other than for maintenance and operation.

The maintenance and operating expenses of the governing board shall be paid from funds specifically appropriated for such purposes. No part of the trust fund established under this section shall be expended for such purposes.

The governing board shall be the trustee of the trust

- 18 fund hereby created, and all investments to be made
- 19 from the assets of such trust shall be made by the state
- 20 treasurer in the manner provided by law. For the
- 21 purposes of this article, there is hereby created in the
- 22 treasury of this state a special revolving account for
- 23 deposits and withdrawals as herein provided. The state
- 24 treasurer shall be the custodian of the assets of the
- 25 board. All payments from the accounts thereof shall be
- 26 made by the treasurer upon warrants issued by the
- 27 auditor and upon vouchers signed by such persons as are
- 28 designated by the governing board. A duly attested copy
- 29 of a resolution of the governing board designating such
- 30 persons shall be filed with the state treasurer as the
- 31 authority for issuing warrants upon such vouchers.

§18C-2-9. Construction of provisions of article relating to loan program.

- 1 The provisions of this article which relate to the
- 2 guaranteed student loan program shall be liberally
- 3 construed to the end that its beneficial purposes may be
- 4 effectuated.

ARTICLE 3. HEALTH PROFESSIONALS STUDENT LOAN PROGRAMS.

- §18C-3-1. Medical student loan program; establishment; administration; eligibility; loan forgiveness.
- §18C-3-2. State aid for students of optometry.

§18C-3-1. Medical student loan program; establishment; administration; eligibility; loan forgiveness.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created a medical student loan
- 2 program to be administered by the senior administrator.
- 3 The purpose of this program is to provide loans to state
- 4 residents who demonstrate financial need, meet aca-
- 5 demic standards and are enrolled or accepted for
- 6 enrollment at the West Virginia University school of
- 7 medicine, Marshall University school of medicine or the
- 8 West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine.
- 9 (b) There is hereby established a special revolving 10 fund account under the board of trustees in the state
- treasury to be known as the medical student loan fund
- which shall be used to carry out the purposes of this
- 13 section. The fund shall consist of: (1) Amounts allocated
- by the board of trustees from the medical education fee
- 15 as established by section four, article ten of chapter

eighteen-b of this code: Provided, That the board of trustees may transfer to this fund for student loans an amount not to exceed thirty-three percent of the total collections from the medical education fee in any one year; (2) appropriations provided by the Legislature; (3) principal and interest repaid by medical student loan recipients; and (4) other amounts which may be available from external sources. Balances remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall not expire or revert. All costs associated with the administration of this section shall be paid from the medical student loan fund.

- (c) The board shall promulgate rules for the administration of the medical student loan program. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to, the areas of academic standards, financial need loan amounts, residency requirements, loan repayment requirements, loan forgiveness provisions, interest rates, collection procedures and financial management. Loans shall be awarded at the institutional level in a manner consistent with rules promulgated by the board of trustees.
- (d) An individual shall be eligible for loan consideration if the individual is a resident of this state as defined by the trustees, demonstrates financial need, meets established academic standards and is enrolled or accepted for enrollment at one of the aforementioned schools of medicine in a program leading to the degree of medical doctor (M. D.) or doctor of osteopathy (D. O.): *Provided*, That the individual has not yet received one of these degrees and is not in default of any previous student loan.
- (e) The board, in conjunction with the state department of health, shall determine qualifying medically underserved areas and medical specialties in which there is a shortage of physicians.

At the end of each fiscal year, any individual who has received a medical student loan and who has actually rendered services as a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathy in this state in a designated medically underserved area or in a designated medical specialty in which there is a shortage of physicians, may submit to the trustees a statement of service on a form provided for that purpose. Upon receipt of such statement in

- 59 proper form, the trustees shall cancel appropriate 60 portions of the outstanding loan or loans in accordance
- 61 with rules promulgated by the trustees.

§18C-3-2. State aid for students of optometry.

The board of trustees is hereby authorized to enter 1 2 into a contract with an educational institution or 3 institutions outside the state that offer training in 4 optometry, by the terms of which the board of trustees may obligate itself to pay such institution, within the 5 limits of any appropriation made for the purpose, a 6

7 stated amount per year for each West Virginia student

the institution will agree to accept for training in 8 9

optometry.

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The board of trustees shall each year send to any institution with which such contract is made a certified list of all persons applying to the trustees for training in optometry who are bona fide citizens and residents of this state prior to the filing of their applications, and who have completed either within or without the state the course of study required by such institution as a prerequisite to the study of optometry.

18 Any person who receives state aid under this section shall, upon graduation from an educational institution 19 for study of optometry, be required to practice optome-20 21 try for a period of two years in this state, or in lieu thereof shall, within sixty days from the date of 22 graduation, reimburse the board of trustees for any 23 24 tuition advanced to such person by the trustees.

CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

ARTICLE 3B. TRESPASS.

- §61-3B-4. Trespass on student residence premises or student facility premises of an institution of higher education.
 - 1 (a) For the purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Residence hall" means housing or a unit of 2 housing provided primarily for students as a temporary 3 or permanent dwelling place or abode and owned, 4
 - operated or controlled by an institution of higher 5
 - education.

- (2) "Student facility" means a facility owned, operated or controlled by an institution of higher education at which alcoholic liquor or nonintoxicating beer is purchased, sold or served to students enrolled at such institution, but shall not include facilities at which athletic events are regularly scheduled and an admission fee is generally charged.
- (3) "Institution of higher education" means any state university, state college or state community college under the control, supervision and management of the West Virginia board of trustees or West Virginia board of directors, or any other university, college or institution of higher education in the state subject to rules for accreditation under the provisions of section seven, article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code.
- 22 (4) "Person authorized to have access to a residence 23 hall or student facility" means:
 - (A) A student who resides or dwells in the residence hall; or
 - (B) An invited guest of a student who resides or dwells in the residence hall; or
 - (C) A parent, guardian or person who has legal custody of a student who resides or dwells in the residence hall; or
 - (D) An employee of the institution of higher education who is required by such employment by such institution to be in the residence hall or student facility and who is acting within the scope of his or her employment; or
 - (E) A delivery person, repair person or other such person who is not an employee of the institution of higher education but who nonetheless has a legitimate commercial reason to be in the residence hall or student facility and who is acting pursuant to such legitimate commercial reason.
 - (b) If a person authorized to have access to a residence hall or a student facility enters such residence hall or student facility and by such presence or acts interferes with the peaceful or orderly operation of such residence hall or student facility, such person may be asked to leave such residence hall or student facility. If a person

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47 not authorized to have access to a residence hall or student facility enters such a residence hall or student 48 facility, that person may be asked to leave such 49 50 residence hall or student facility notwithstanding the 51 fact that he or she has not interfered with the peaceful 52 or orderly operation of such residence hall or student 53 facility or otherwise committed a breach of the peace or 54 violated any statute or ordinance. Such request to leave 55 may be made by the president or other administrative 56 head of the institution of higher education, an employee designated by the president to maintain order in the 57 58 residence hall or student facility, a security officer 59 appointed pursuant to the provisions of section five, 60 article four, chapter eighteen-b of this code, or a 61 municipal police officer, a sheriff or deputy sheriff, or 62 a member of the department of public safety.

- (c) It shall be unlawful for a person to remain in a residence hall or student facility after being asked to leave as provided for in subsection (b) of this section.
- (d) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (c) of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined fifteen dollars. For any second or subsequent conviction for a violation occurring within one year after a previous violation for similar conduct, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars.
- (e) This section shall not be construed to be in derogation of the common law, nor shall the provisions of this section contravene or infringe upon existing statutes related to the same subject.

CHAPTER 65

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2697—By Delegates Kiss and Basham)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article twenty-twoa, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend chapter eighteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-e, all relating to higher education; providing for investment by colleges and universities which receive moneys from the eminent scholars endowment fund; providing legislative findings with respect to establishment of distinguished professors trust fund; providing definitions; establishing the distinguished professors endowment trust fund and board of directors; providing corporate powers and duties of board of regents; providing for fund administration and the creation of distinguished professorships; requiring board of regents to establish criteria for selection of distinguished professorships; authorizing solicitation of private funds; and requiring annual reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article twenty-two-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that chapter eighteen of said code be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-e, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

Article

22A. Eminent Scholars Endowment Trust Fund Act.

22E. Distinguished Professors Endowment Trust Fund Act.

ARTICLE 22A. EMINENT SCHOLARS ENDOWMENT TRUST FUND ACT.

§18-22A-6. Administration of fund.

- 1 (a) The board shall use any state moneys appropriated 2 to the fund solely for the purpose of establishing 3 endowed chairs at state colleges and universities.
- The board may allocate state appropriations to an account only when private moneys have also been allocated to that account. The board shall endeavor, whenever possible, to allocate one dollar of state appropriations for every two dollars of private moneys
- appropriations for every two dollars of private moneys
- 9 allocated. The board may also allocate only private
- 10 moneys to an account.

Unless otherwise directed by executive order, the payment of state appropriations to the fund shall be made in twelve equal monthly installments, beginning on the last day of the first month of the fiscal year.

- (b) The board may, for purposes of investment, commingle any moneys constituting principal received from whatever source to the extent allowed under the terms of the granting of such moneys and shall endeavor to obtain the highest possible rate of return consistent with the preservation of the principal. Consistent with the terms of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest, and the provisions of this section, the board may use any income, principal or combination of income and principal as it may deem prudent to finance the establishment of each endowed chair. However, the board shall notify the recipient college or university of any money received for donations to such institution.
- (c) The board shall designate endowed chairs at the various colleges and universities as it may deem appropriate. For each chair so established it shall designate a separate account administered by the board to which moneys from the fund shall be deposited. Such moneys may continue to be deemed principal for purposes of investment and commingling pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and any income, loss or gain, or increase or decrease in value may be allocated by the board on such reasonable basis as is prescribed by the board.
- (d) For the purpose of encouraging the donation of private moneys to the fund, the board may designate specific chairs or specific areas of academic study as subjects of challenge grants. A specific chair, or a chair in a designated academic area, shall be established whenever the total amount of principal and interest dedicated to it reaches one hundred fifty thousand dollars, with at least one half of the principal being from private sources. On demand of the college or university where such chair shall be established, the board shall return to it the private funds in the chair's account to be held in an account established in a federally insured depository by such college or university. The private

funds heretofore deposited in accounts in the treasury shall be returned to such college or university: Provided, That regardless whether such moneys are held in the fund established in section three of this article or in accounts established by a college or university pursuant to this subsection, the matching provisions in this article shall apply: Provided, however. That these funds may only be expended in accordance with this article.

 When one hundred fifty thousand dollars has accumulated in the account dedicated to any one chair, the board shall notify the president of the appropriate college or university that an appointment to that chair shall be made.

- (e) The president of the college or university shall use at least two thirds of the income from moneys allocated to an account to supplement the salary of the person appointed to the endowed chair created by such account. The sum paid from the fund to the person so appointed shall be in addition to the contract salary except as otherwise provided in this section. Such president may allocate one third or any part thereof to provide or assist in providing secretarial or other support services for the endowed chair or may return one third or any part thereof to the board with the direction that such amount be added to the principal amount in the account of the endowed chair from which such income was derived to protect its future yield.
- (f) Whenever the endowed chair's salary supplement received pursuant to this subsection equals fifty percent of the contract salary, the president of the college or university may return all or a portion of the excess amount to the fund, and the board shall designate a new account for the purpose of establishing another chair at the same institution or an existing account at the same institution for receipt of the moneys so returned: *Provided*, That when the principal amount of any chair reaches the sum of one million dollars or more, no state salary may be paid to the holder of the chair, but such person's entire salary shall be paid from the interest income.

- 92 (g) When the total allocations designated for a chair 93 from both public and private sources do not equal or 94 exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars within five 95 years from the date of the establishment of the account. 96 the board may designate a new or existing chair as the 97 recipient of the moneys, regardless of the terms of the 98 appropriation, grant, gift or bequest, except where 99 return of the moneys is required by the terms of the 100 grant, gift or bequest.
- 101 (h) The governing body of the institution shall promulgate rules and regulations to insure that any 102 103 money deposited in any federally insured depository 104 shall be backed by federally guaranteed securities to the 105 extent that the balance in any account in said depository 106 exceeds the amounts guaranteed by the Federal Depos-107 itory Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and 108 Loan Insurance Corporation.

ARTICLE 22E. DISTINGUISHED PROFESSORS ENDOWMENT TRUST FUND ACT.

§18-22E-1. Legislative findings.

§18-22E-2. Definitions.

§18-22E-3. Establishment of fund; corporation to administer; board of directors.

§18-22E-4. Corporate powers.

§18-22E-5. Duties of board of regents.

\$18-22E-6. Administration of fund.

§18-22E-7. Selection of distinguished professors.

§18-22E-8. Authorization to solicit private moneys; terms of grants; reports to board of directors; handling of moneys.

§18-22E-9. Annual reports.

§18-22E-1. Legislative findings.

The Legislature hereby finds that the essence of 1 excellence in higher education is the attraction and 2 retention of outstanding faculty: that however necessary 3 4 modern facilities and efficient and effective administration may be, the faculty provides the catalyst by which 5 6 all the elements of higher education combine to offer a quality education. The Legislature further finds that the 7 attraction and retention of outstanding faculty at all 8 state colleges and universities, particularly those who 9 have attained distinction as scholars and teachers,

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requires a long-term and permanent commitment from 11

- 12 both public and private sources, that private support
- 13 will help strengthen the commitment of citizens and
- 14 organizations to the promotion of excellence in higher
- 15 education and will provide moneys for salaries compet-
- 16 itive with those paid to scholars of similar distinction
- 17 working for this country's leading colleges and
- 18 universities.
- The Legislature further finds that the appropriation of public moneys to attract and retain outstanding
- 21 faculty and to encourage the commitment of private
- 22 moneys with a view toward the accumulation of such
- 23 moneys in a trust fund for such purposes is a proper
- 24 annual expense of the state, and that the establishment
- 25 of a distinguished professors trust fund is a proper
- 25 of a distinguished professors trust fund is a proper
- 26 means of providing for the advancement of public 27 higher education in this state.

§18-22E-2. Definitions.

- Whenever the following terms are used in this article, they have the meanings described below:
- 3 (a) "Board of directors" or "board" means the 4 members of the board of directors of the distinguished 5 professors endowment trust fund:
- 6 (b) "Contract salary" means that portion of the 7 distinguished professor's financial compensation paid 8 from state moneys but does not include moneys from the 9 distinguished professors endowment trust fund;
- 10 (c) "Distinguished professorship" means the position 11 created pursuant to section six of this article to which 12 a professor is appointed; and
- 13 (d) "Fund" means the distinguished professors endow-14 ment trust fund.

§18-22E-3. Establishment of fund; corporation to administer; board of directors.

- 1 There is hereby established the distinguished profes-
- 2 sors endowment trust fund, a public corporation, for the
- 3 purpose of administering the fund described in this
- 4 article. The board of directors of this corporation are
- 5 those persons appointed and serving as members of the
- 6 board of regents.

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§18-22E-4. Corporate powers.

- 1 (a) The officers of the corporation are the officers of 2 the board of regents. The procedural rules of the board 3 of regents shall be used in conducting meetings.
- (b) The corporation is hereby expressly authorized to receive appropriations of public moneys and private or public grants, gifts or bequests. It may hold, invest or reinvest such moneys and expend the income therefrom as hereinafter provided. The board may determine which of the properties and moneys received by it, other than public appropriations, grants, bequests and specific gifts, are income and which are additions to principal.
 - (c) The board is exempt from liability for any loss or decrease in value of the assets or income of the fund, except as such losses or decreases in value are shown to be the result of bad faith, gross negligence or intentional misconduct.

For the purpose of valuing assets, the board may use any commonly accepted techniques of appraisal or commonly accepted principles of accounting. No agency of government nor any person, natural or corporate, may receive any part of the principal or income from any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest as a fee for the acquisition or administration of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest.

- (d) The board shall adhere at all times to the terms and limitations of any appropriation, grant, gift or bequest received. However, the board may refuse to receive any grant, gift or bequest which incorporates terms and limitations which they deem to be unacceptable.
- (e) The board may in its sole discretion borrow money when necessary in order to avoid the untimely sale of assets. At no time, however, may the board incur any debt obligation for such purposes which exceeds twelve months in duration.

§18-22E-5. Duties of board of regents.

- 1 The board of regents shall provide to the fund all
- 2 necessary secretarial services, office space, staff and
- 3 other assistance required without charge or appropria-
- 4 tion therefor.

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§18-22E-6. Administration of fund.

- (a) Moneys from the general revenue of the state shall 1 2 be appropriated by separate line item in the budget for 3 faculty endowments to be used solely for the purposes 4 of this article and of article twenty-two-a of this chapter. 5 The board shall allocate the appropriation in accordance 6 with policies which shall be adopted for this purpose, 7 and any funds allocated and not utilized to establish 8 distinguished professorships at state colleges and 9 universities under this article may be reallocated in 10 accordance with such board policies for the sole purpose 11 of establishing endowed chairs for eminent scholars at 12 state colleges and universities pursuant to article
 - The board may allocate state appropriations to an account only when private moneys have also been allocated to that account and shall require a minimum of one private dollar for each dollar of allocation from state appropriation. The board shall endeavor, whenever possible, to allocate one dollar of state appropriations for every two dollars of private moneys allocated. The board may also allocate only private moneys to an account.

Unless otherwise directed by executive order, the payment of state appropriations to the fund shall be made in twelve equal monthly installments, beginning on the last day of the first month of the fiscal year.

(b) The board may, for purposes of investment, commingle any moneys constituting principal received from whatever source to the extent allowed under the terms of the granting of such moneys and shall endeavor to obtain the highest possible rate of return consistent with the preservation of the principal. Consistent with the terms of the appropriation, grant, gift or bequest, and the provisions of this section, the board may use any

income, principal or combination of income and principal as it may deem prudent to finance the establishment of each distinguished professorship.

- (c) The board shall designate distinguished professorships at the various colleges and universities as it considers appropriate. For each professorship so established it shall designate a separate account administered by the board to which moneys from the fund shall be deposited. Such moneys may continue to be considered principal for purposes of investment and commingling pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and any income, loss or gain, or increase or decrease in value may be allocated by the board on such reasonable basis as is prescribed by the board.
- (d) For the purpose of encouraging the donation of private moneys to the fund, the board may designate or specify areas as subjects of challenge grants. A specific professorship in a designated academic area shall be established whenever the total amount of principal and interest dedicated to it reaches thirty thousand dollars, with at least one half of the principal being from private sources.

When thirty thousand dollars has accumulated in the account dedicated to any one professorship, the board shall notify the president of the appropriate college or university that an appointment to that professorship may be made.

(e) The president of the college or university may use the income and up to ten percent of that portion of the principal of moneys allocated to an account that is in excess of the amount that is the sum of the total state appropriation to that account plus an equal amount contributed from private sources. The president of the college or university may use such moneys to supplement the salary of the person appointed to the distinguished professorship created by such account. The sum paid from the fund to the person so appointed shall be in addition to the contract salary except as otherwise provided in this section. Such president may allocate an additional ten percent or any part thereof of such excess

- 74 principal to provide or assist in providing secretarial or 75 other support services for the distinguished 76 professorship.
- 77 (f) Whenever the account for a distinguished profes-78 sorship equals one hundred fifty thousand dollars, the 79 board, on recommendation of the president of the college or university, may convert the account to an eminent 80 81 scholars account pursuant to the provisions of article 82 twenty-two-a of this chapter: Provided. That when the principal amount of any account reaches the sum of one 83 84 million dollars or more, no state salary may be paid to 85 the holder of the professorship, but such person's entire 86 salary shall be paid from the interest income.
- 87 (g) When the total allocations designated for a 88 distinguished professorship from both public and 89 private sources do not equal or exceed thirty thousand 90 dollars within five years from the date of the establish-91 ment of the account, the board may designate a new or 92 existing professorship at the institution wherein the fund was established as the recipient of the moneys, 93 94 regardless of the terms of the appropriation, grant, gift 95 or bequest, except where return of the moneys is 96 required by the terms of the grant, gift or bequest.

§18-22E-7. Selection of distinguished professors.

1 The board of regents shall establish criteria for the 2 selection of persons to be appointed as distinguished 3 professors established pursuant to this article. Such 4 professorships may be filled from either within or outside the faculty of the college or university, and 5 outstanding teaching ability shall be part of the criteria 6 7 for appointment. The board may establish criteria which exceeds the provisions of this section. 8

§18-22E-8. Authorization to solicit private moneys; terms of grants; reports to board of directors; handling of moneys.

Each college and university, and each dean and department chair within each college or university, is hereby authorized to solicit moneys for distinguished professorshipspursuanttothisarticle. Inorderto

- maximize the effective use of moneys raised, persons or
- 6 institutions soliciting moneys shall endeavor, insofar as
- 7 is possible, to secure private grants, gifts or bequests
- 8 which are unlimited as to their use. All persons and
- 9 institutions engaged in soliciting moneys shall apprise
- 10 the board of their actions and provide periodic reports.
- 11 at least once each fiscal year, regarding the amounts
- 12 secured and, upon receipt of any moneys, shall forward
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- them forthwith to the board for deposit in accordance
- 14 with section six of this article.

§18-22E-9. Annual reports.

- 1 The board shall make an annual report to the joint
- 2 committee on government and finance of the West Virginia
- 3 Legislature no later than the first day of December of each
- 4 year setting forth with specificity the sources of all moneys.
- 5 the allocations of all moneys and such other information
- 6 as the joint committee may require.

CHAPTER 66

(H. B. 2866—By Delegates Farley and Houvouras)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven, relating to fees and other money collected at state institutions of higher education; providing for an additional fee to be imposed upon health sciences students at West Virginia University, Marshall University School of Medicine and West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine for offsetting the cost of health sciences education at these schools of medicine; and providing for special accounts in the state treasury and appropriations by the Legislature.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-four, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. FEES AND OTHER MONEY COLLECTED AT STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

*§18-24-11. Health professions education fee.

1 In addition to the fees specifically provided for in 2 sections one, one-a, one-b and one-c of this article, all 3 students enrolled for credit at the West Virginia 4 University health sciences center, Marshall University School of Medicine and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine, shall pay a health professions 6 7 education fee. The board of trustees shall fix the amount 8 of the fee and may from time to time change that amount. The fee imposed by this section is in addition 9 to the maximum fees allowed to be collected under the 10 provisions of section one of this article and is not limited 11 thereby. Refunds of the fee may be made in the same 12 13 manner as any other fee collected at state institutions 14 of higher education. All moneys collected from the 15 health professions education fees shall be deposited in a special revenue account for the respective school from 16 17 which collection is made, said accounts shall be hereby created in the state treasury for the West Virginia 18 health sciences center, Marshall University School of 19 20 Medicine, and the West Virginia School of Osteopathic Medicine. The moneys in such fund shall be used to 21 offset general operating costs for health sciences 22 education in this state. Before the first day of July of 23 24 each year, the board of trustees shall provide the legislative auditor with a report of the projected fee 25 collections during the next fiscal year and a report of 26 27 fee expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.

CHAPTER 67

(H. B. 2293—By Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twentyeight, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one

^{*}Clerk's Note: Similar provisions of this section also appear in S.B. 420, §18B-10-4a, which passed subsequent to this act.

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thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to standardized testing requirements of nonpublic schools.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twenty-eight, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 28. PRIVATE, PAROCHIAL OR CHURCH SCHOOLS, OR SCHOOLS OF A RELIGIOUS ORDER.

§18-28-3. Standardized testing requirements.

1 Each private, parochial or church school or school of 2 a religious order or other nonpublic school electing to 3 operate under this statute in lieu of the approval 4 requirements set forth as part of section one, article 5 eight, chapter eighteen, exemption A shall administer 6 on an annual basis during each school year to every 7 child enrolled therein between the ages of seven and 8 sixteen years either the comprehensive test of basic 9 skills, the California achievement test, the Stanford 10 achievement test or the Iowa tests of basic skills/tests 11 of achievement and proficiency, which test will be 12 selected by the chief administrative officer of each 13 school in the subjects of English, grammar, reading, social studies, science and mathematics; and shall be 14 15 administered under standardized conditions as set forth 16 by the published instructions of the selected test.

Each child's testing results and the school composite test results shall be made available to such child's parents or legal guardians. Upon request of a duly authorized representative of the West Virginia department of education, the school composite test results shall be furnished by the school or by a parents organization composed of the parents or guardians of children enrolled in said school to the state superintendent of schools.

Each school to which this article applies shall:

27 (a) Establish curriculum objectives, the attainment of 28 which will enable students to develop the potential for 29 becoming literate citizens.

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(b) Provide an instructional program that will make possible the acquisition of competencies necessary to become a literate citizen.

If such school composite test results for any single year for English, grammar, reading, social studies, science and mathematics fall below the fortieth percentile on the selected tests, the school as herein described shall initiate a remedial program to foster achievement above that level. If after two consecutive calendar years school composite test results are not above the fortieth percentile level, attendance at the school may no longer satisfy the compulsory school attendance requirement exemption of exemption K, section one, article eight, chapter eighteen, until such time as the percentile standards herein set forth are met.

CHAPTER 68

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 553—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, J. Manchin and Warner)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-one, relating to the governing boards of state institutions of higher education; authorizing the boards to enter into contracts and agreements with corporations created to facilitate research and development activities for such state institutions of higher education; setting forth the terms and conditions of such contracts and agreements; and providing for audits of such corporations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-one, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 31. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

§18-31-1. Definitions.

§18-31-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

§18-31-3. Boards authorized to contract with corporations; characteristics of corporations.

§18-31-4. Agreement; required provisions.

§18-31-5. Audit.

§18-31-6. Conflicts of interest.

§18-31-7. No waiver of sovereign immunity.

§18-31-8. Not obligation of the state.

§18-31-9. Sections and provisions severable.

§18-31-1. Definitions.

The following words used in this article shall, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as follows:

- (a) "Agreement" means any agreement being entered into between a governing board and a corporation pursuant to section four of this article.
- (b) "Corporation" means a nonstock, not-for-profit corporation established under the general corporation laws of the state which meets the description presented by section three of this article.
- (c) "Corporate directors" means the board of directors of a corporation.

§18-31-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds and determines that the
- future economic development in the state will depend in part upon research developed at the state institutions of
- part upon research developed at the state institutions of higher education, and enhanced research opportunities
- 5 for state institutions of higher education will promote
- 6 the general economic welfare of the citizens of the state.
- 7 In order to enhance the competitive position of state
- 8 institutions of higher education in the current environ-
- 9 ment for research and development, expenditures for
- 10 equipment and material for research projects must be
- 11 handled in an expeditious fashion, and the acquisition
- 12 and utilization of research grants can be simplified and
- 13 expedited through the utilization of corporations.

(b) The interest of the citizens of the state will be best met by agreements entered into and carried out by the governing boards and corporations to provide research assistance for state institutions of higher education. Therefore, in order to facilitate research and develop-ment grants and opportunities for state institutions of higher education, it is appropriate to authorize the governing boards to contract with corporations organized for the purpose of providing such services to state institutions of higher education.

§18-31-3. Boards authorized to contract with corporations; characteristics of corporations.

Each governing board for a state institution of higher education is hereby authorized to enter into agreements and any other contractual relationships with one or more corporations formed with respect to such state institution of higher education, but only if each such corporation meets the following descriptions:

- (a) The president and the president's appointees from the institution shall constitute a majority of the voting corporate directors.
- (b) The corporation must be organized as a nonprofit, nonstock corporation under the general corporation laws of the state exclusively for charitable, educational or scientific purposes within the meaning of section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to foster and support research at the respective state institution of higher education and to provide evaluation, development, patenting, management and marketing services for inventions of the faculty, staff and students of such state institution of higher education.
- (c) The meetings of the corporate directors shall be subject to the provisions of section three, article ninea, chapter six of this code.
- (d) Upon dissolution of the corporation, the assets of the corporation shall be transferred to such entity as the appropriate governing board shall designate for the benefit of the state institution of higher education:

- 28 Provided, That such recipient shall be an organization operated exclusively for charitable educational or
- operated exclusively for charitable, educational or scientific purposes as shall at such time qualify as an
- 31 exempt organization under section 501(c)(3) of the
- 32 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

§18-31-4. Agreement; required provisions.

- (a) Notwithstanding section ten, article three, chapter twelve of this code or any other provision of law to the contrary, each governing board is hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with a corporation, which agreement shall be for the benefit of such state institution of higher education and contain the following provisions, subject to further specification as shall be mutually agreed upon by the appropriate governing board and the corporation:
- (1) On the effective date of the agreement, the corporation shall be charged with the responsibility of serving as fiscal agent for sponsored projects conducted by the faculty, staff and students of the state institution of higher education, and grants shall be accepted by the corporation on behalf of the institution and assigned to the corporation for fiscal management.
- (2) The corporation shall provide evaluation, development, patenting, licensing, management and marketing services for inventions, processes, trademarks, copyrights or any other intellectual property developed by faculty, staff and students of any state institution of higher education.
- (3) The corporation shall have the right to determine the application of the proceeds from any invention, process, trademark, copyright or any other intellectual property developed by the faculty, staff or students of a state institution of higher education among the corporation, the inventor or developer, and the institution.
- (4) The corporation shall have such additional responsibilities related to the administration of research and development at the state institution of higher education as are necessary or desirable to facilitate the development of research at the institution.

- 35 (b) Upon termination of the agreement, the funds or 36 grants paid or held by the corporation shall be paid to 37 the state institution of higher education or its designee 38 as the appropriate governing board shall direct.
- 39 (c) A corporation may utilize both corporation em-40 ployees and personnel of the state institution of higher 41 education: Provided. That the corporation may pay the 42 costs incurred by the state institution of higher educa-43 tion including personnel funded on grants and contracts. fringe benefits of personnel funded on grants and 44 45 contracts, administrative support costs and other costs 46 which may require reimbursement and may include as 47 costs any applicable overhead and fringe benefit 48 assessments necessary to recover the costs expended by 49 the state institution of higher education pursuant to the 50 terms of the agreement, it being the intention that a 51 board may be reimbursed for expenses incurred by it 52 pursuant to the agreement.

§18-31-5. Audit.

The operations of the corporation shall be subject to an audit by an independent auditor.

§18-31-6. Conflicts of interest.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 2 the contrary, officers and employees of a governing 3 board and the affected state institution of higher 4 education may hold appointments to offices of the 5 corporation and be corporate directors or officers or 6 employees of other entities contracting with either the 7 corporation or a governing board of a state institution 8 of higher education. The executive director of the 9 corporation shall have dual appointment with the state institution of higher education. The governing board of 10 11 a state institution of higher education and the corporate 12 directors must be informed of such appointments 13 annually.

§18-31-7. No waiver of sovereign immunity.

Nothing contained in this article shall be deemed or construed to waive or abrogate in any way the sovereign

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- 3 immunity of the state or to deprive a governing board
- 4 of a state institution of higher education, a state
- 5 institution of higher education or any officer or em-
- 6 ployee thereof of sovereign immunity.

§18-31-8. Not obligation of the state.

- 1 Obligations of a corporation shall not constitute debts
- 2 or obligations of a state institution of higher education.
- 3 the governing board thereof or the state.

§18-31-9. Sections and provisions severable.

- 1 The sections of this article, and the provisions and
- 2 parts of said sections, are severable, and it is the
- 3 intention to enact the whole or any part of the powers
- 4 provided for in this article, and, if any of said sections,
- 5 or the provisions or parts of any said sections, or the
- 6 application thereof to any person or circumstance, are
- 7 for any reason held unconstitutional or invalid, it is the
- 8 intention that the remaining sections of this article, and
- 9 the remaining provisions or parts of any said sections,
- 10 shall remain in full force and effect.

CHAPTER 69

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2616—By Delegates Whitt and Reid)

[Passed April 8, 1989: in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to school principals; providing for the assignment of principals to each school; and restricting the assignment of teaching duties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article two, chapter eighteen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

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§18A-2-9. Duties and responsibilities of school principals; assistant principals.

Upon the recommendation of the county superintendent of schools, the county board of education shall employ and assign, through written contract, public school principals who shall supervise the management and the operation of the school or schools to which they are assigned. Such principals shall hold valid administrative certificates appropriate for their assignments.

Under the supervision of the superintendent and in accordance with the rules and regulations of the county board of education, the principal shall assume administrative and instructional supervisory responsibility for the planning, management, operation and evaluation of the total educational program of the school or schools to which he is assigned.

The principal may submit recommendations to the superintendent regarding the appointment, assignment, promotion, transfer and dismissal of all personnel assigned to the school or schools under said principal's control. Such recommendation shall be submitted in writing as prescribed by the superintendent.

The principal shall perform such other duties as may be assigned by the superintendent pursuant to the rules and regulations of the county board of education.

Upon recommendation of the county superintendent of schools, the county board of education shall, when needed, employ and assign, through written contract, assistant principals who shall work under the direction of the school principal. Such assistant principals shall hold valid administrative certificates appropriate for their assignments.

On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine and continuing thereafter, each county board of education shall assign a certificated principal to each school and no principal may be assigned more than two schools: *Provided*, That where

enrollment exceeds four hundred students there will be no additional schools assigned to that principal.

No principal assigned to more than one school may be assigned any teaching duties except on a temporary emergency basis. No county shall have more teaching principalships or multi-school principalships than was present on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three and continuing thereafter, each county board of education shall employ a full-time supervising principal at each school whose net enrollment equals or exceeds one hundred seventy students. A principal assigned to a school with a net enrollment equal to or greater than one hundred seventy students may not be assigned any teaching duties except on a temporary emergency basis. When a principal is assigned on a full-time basis to a school whose net enrollment is more than seventy-five students but less than one hundred seventy students, such principal shall have a minimum of twenty hours per week for nonteaching duties. A principal assigned on a full-time basis to a school with seventy-five students or less shall have a minimum of ten hours per week for nonteaching duties: Provided. That nothing in this section prohibits a county board of education from assigning a full-time supervising principal to a school with a net enrollment of less than one hundred seventy students.

Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to reduce or limit the rights and privileges of principals and assistant principals as teachers under the provisions of section one, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia as amended; section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a; and other provisions of this code: *Provided*, That on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, the state board of education shall not deny a county board of education the right to place a principal in a school with less than one hundred seventy students.

CHAPTER 70

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 183-By Senators Whitlow and M. Manchin)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, ten, eleven, twenty-two and thirty, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the registration of voters; changing the date by which the county clerk must commence the cancellation of registrations; setting forth the basis for cancellation of registrations; restating the misdemeanor crime for the failure of election officials to perform duties and incorporating the penalty therefor by reference; changing the hours of registration within the county clerk's office; authorizing the county commission to appoint registrars for purposes other than biennial checkups; setting forth the minimum amount of hours in which temporary registration offices must remain open; authorizing the county commission to establish additional temporary registration offices: and expanding the time in which incomplete postcard registrations may be corrected.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, ten, eleven, twenty-two and thirty, article two, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

- §3-2-3. Registration, cancellation and reinstatement; and criminal penalty.
- §3-2-10. County commission's duties and powers; hours during registration period.
- §3-2-11. Appointment of registrars; qualifications and duties.
- §3-2-22. Registration in clerk's office; cancellation of registrations of deceased persons; termporary registration offices.
- §3-2-30. Time of registration prior to election; changes.
- §3-2-3. Registration, cancellation and reinstatement; and criminal penalty.
 - 1 A permanent registration system shall hereby be

established which shall be uniform throughout the state and all of its subdivisions. No voter so registered shall be required to register again for any election while he continues to reside at the same address, or, having moved from such address, is properly transferred according to the provisions of section twenty-seven or forty-one of this article, unless his registration is canceled as provided in this article.

Within one hundred and twenty days following any election, the clerk of the county commission shall, as evidenced by the presence or absence of signatures on the pollbooks for such election, correct any errors or omissions on the voter registration records pertaining to the election resulting from the poll clerks erroneously checking or failing to check the registration records as required by the provisions of section thirty-four, article one of this chapter.

Within one hundred twenty days following the general election, the clerk shall cancel the registration of each person who has failed to vote at least once in any statewide, special or municipal election held after the statewide general election held four years previously as indicated by his or her registration record. Any clerk failing to perform such duty is guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in section thirty-six of this article. The clerk of the county commission shall notify by mail each person whose registration is canceled for failure to vote. The notice shall inform the voter that:

- (a) In order to be reinstated he or she must:
- (1) Register again, either in person at the county clerk's office or by mail, according to the provisions of section three or forty-one of this article; or
- (2) Execute and file an affidavit of reinstatement of registration at the same residence address not later than thirty days before the next primary or general election, except that reinstatement by affidavit shall not be permitted if the voter registration in question was canceled because the voter failed to make his first vote in person as required by the provisions of subsection (e), section forty-one of this article; and

- 42 (b) That the last day to register to vote in any election 43 is thirty days before that election.
- A blank copy of the affidavit form shall be included with the notice to the voter.
- The clerk shall replace the registration card of any voter who files a completed affidavit of reinstatement in
- 48 the registration records.

§3-2-10. County commission's duties and powers; hours during registration period.

- 1 Subject to the authority of the secretary of state, the
- county commission shall be chief registration authority
 in each respective county and all subdivisions therein.
- 3 in each respective county and all subdivisions therein,
- 4 and shall supervise the county clerk and registrars in
- 5 the performance of their respective duties.
- 6 The county commission shall have power on its own
- 7 motion to summon and to interrogate any person
- 8 concerning the registration of voters, to investigate any
- 9 irregularities in registration, to summon and examine
- 10 witnesses, to require the production of any relevant
- books and papers, and to conduct hearings on any
- matters relating to registration of voters.
- Notwithstanding any provision of any other section of
- this code, the office of the clerk of the county commission
- shall remain open from 9:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m. on the
- 16 Friday and Monday, and from 9:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m.
- 17 on the Saturday prior to the close of the registration
- 18 periods for statewide primary and general elections.

§3-2-11. Appointment of registrars; qualifications and duties.

- 1 The county commission of each county may appoint
- 2 registrars to make a biennial checkup or to conduct
- 3 other authorized registration activities allowed by this
- 4 article. Two persons of opposite political parties shall
- 5 together serve as registrars for from one to ten
- 6 precincts.
- No person is eligible to be appointed a registrar, or in any way act as such, if he or she has been convicted
- 9 of a felony; or if he or she holds, or is a candidate for,

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10 any elective or appointive office; or is a public employee. 11 under the laws of this state or of the United States; or 12 cannot read or write the English language. If any 13 registrar fails or refuses to serve or is properly 14 dismissed, the vacancy shall be filled either by the 15 county commission or by the clerk thereof in vacation. 16 in the manner provided for the appointment of regis-17 trars. Each registrar, before entering upon the dis-18 charge of his or her duties, shall take an oath that he 19 or she will perform the duties of the office to the best 20 of his or her ability, which oath shall be filed in the 21 office of the clerk of the county commission.

An equal number of such registrars shall be selected from the two major political parties. The county commission shall, at least four weeks prior to making such appointment, request the county executive committee of each of the two political parties to submit a list of names, equal to one half of the total number to be appointed, of persons qualified to act as registrars; and the county commission shall, if such lists are submitted. appoint the qualified persons recommended and shall notify each registrar of his or her appointment. Every list so presented shall be filed and preserved for one year by the clerk of the county commission. Any and every act performed by any registrar under the provisions of this article is void unless performed in conjunction with a registrar of the opposite political party at the same time and place.

Before acting, all such registrars shall attend a session, or sessions, of instruction by the clerk of the county commission, or some person designated by him or her, concerning the performance of their duties.

Immediately following such instruction the clerk of the county commission shall give to the registrars a copy of the laws and regulations relating to registration of voters, written instructions for performing their duties, and all necessary forms and other supplies, including maps with municipal precincts superimposed over county precincts in cases where boundaries differ, and a certified list of all registered voters within the precinct or precincts for which such registrars were 51 appointed, upon such form as may be prescribed by the secretary of state. Registrars appointed for the purpose 52 of conducting a biennial checkup shall proceed together 53 54 to make a house-to-house canvass in their precincts as 55 allowed by section twenty-one of this article. Each 56 biennial checkup shall be completed at least sixty days before the statewide primary election following the 57 appointment of the registrars. In making the checkup 58 59 the registrars shall not reregister any person who is 60 already registered in such precinct, but shall determine whether or not such person is duly registered and 61 qualified to vote therein. Registrars may be appointed 62 63 under the provisions of this article to conduct registra-64 tion at temporary registration offices established 65 throughout the county.

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The registrars shall require valid identification and proof of age of each registrant, and shall inquire and attempt to establish whether the registrant resides within a municipality. The registrars shall have the registrant complete the voter registration form for county-state permanent registration and if the person resides within the limits of a municipality for which a separate registration file is kept, the registrars shall also have the registrant complete the form for municipal registration.

§3-2-22. Registration in clerk's office; cancellation of registrations of deceased persons; temporary registration offices.

1 The clerk or any deputy clerk of the county commis-2 sion may register any qualified person as a voter. The clerk or deputy shall first require valid identification 3 4 and proof of age, and inquire and attempt to establish 5 whether the voter resides within the limits of a municipality using the map provided by the municipal-6 ity in accordance with section five, article one of this 7 chapter. The clerk or deputy clerk shall have the person 8 registering fill in and complete the prescribed voter 9 registration form for county-state permanent registra-10 tion. If the person resides within the limits of a 11 municipality for which a separate registration file is 12 kept, the clerk or deputy shall also have the person 13

complete the form for municipal registration. The registrant shall sign the form or forms under oath or affirmation. The clerk, upon proper proof, may alter, amend, correct or cancel the registration record of any voter. Such registration or alteration, amendment, correction or cancellation of registration records shall be carried on throughout the year.

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During the biennial checkup period of every evennumbered year, the clerk or deputy clerk shall visit every public or private institution, excluding hospitals, in which reside aged, infirm, disabled or chronically ill persons, and every high school to register qualified voters. The clerk shall establish at least one temporary registration office per magisterial or tax district, whichever is more numerous, to register qualified persons or to alter, amend, correct or cancel such registration records. Temporary registration offices shall be open a minimum of four hours each day on at least three days, including one Saturday and one evening, not more than sixty days nor less than thirty days prior to each primary and each general election. The hours shall be posted and advertised as a Class III-O legal advertisement with the publication area being the magisterial district. Additional temporary offices may be established throughout the county for the public convenience. The clerk of the county commission shall also solicit public service advertising of such registration offices and times on radio, television and newspapers serving that county.

Within fifteen days following receipt of a death certificate from the state or local registrar of vital statistics or the publication in a newspaper of the county an obituary clearly identifying a deceased person by name, residence and age, the clerk of the county commission shall cancel the voter registration, if any, of the person shown to be deceased by such certificate or obituary.

Sixty days prior to a general election, the clerk of the county commission shall review each death certificate received by him and shall cancel the voter registration, if any, of each deceased person whose voter registration has not previously been canceled. By the forty-fifth day prior to a general election each clerk of a county commission shall certify to the secretary of state that he has performed the duty required by this paragraph.

If found necessary, the county commission may order and direct the clerk of the county commission to maintain additional office hours in the evening or at other proper times and places for accommodation of voter registration.

§3-2-30. Time of registration prior to election; changes.

1 No person may vote in an election when he has 2 registered or his voter registration has been altered. 3 amended or corrected within a period of thirty days next preceding such election: Provided, That postcard 4 5 registrations containing incomplete information which 6 are received by the county clerk no later than the close 7 of registration may be corrected within four days after 8 the close of registration if such information is available. This inhibition shall not prevent, during such period of 9 10 thirty days, additional registrations and changes in 11 voter registrations with reference to future elections. If. during such period of thirty days preceding an election, 12 13 a voter is registered or his voter registration is altered. 14 amended or corrected, he shall not be permitted or 15 qualified to vote at such election.

CHAPTER 71

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 186—By Senator Chafin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, five-c and ten, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to voting by absentees; necessity for physician's and chiropractor's statements deleted in certain cases; more than four consecutive absentee ballots voted by mail as a result of being out of the county to be challenged; exceptions; authorizing county commissions

to adopt a policy extending emergency absentee voting to health care facilities within an adjacent county or within thirty-five miles of the county seat; extending the time in which persons admitted to health care facilities may apply to vote an emergency absent voter's ballot; changing the method by which emergency absent voter's ballots may be applied for and voted; and updating certain terminology.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, five-c and ten, article three, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. VOTING BY ABSENTEES.

- §3-3-5. Voting an absent voter's ballot by mail; federal postcard application.
- §3-3-5c. Procedures for voting an emergency absent voter's ballot by qualified voters.
- §3-3-10. Challenging of absent voters' ballots.

§3-3-5. Voting an absent voter's ballot by mail; federal postcard application.

A person desiring to vote an absent voter's ballot by 1 2 mail may, on or after the first day of January prior to 3 the date of any primary, general or special election in the case of any person outside the continental limits of 4 the United States and not more than eighty-four days 5 6 prior to the date of any primary, general or special 7 election in the case of any other person, make application by mail to the clerk of the circuit court of the county 8 9 in which he is registered to vote for an official absent voter's hallot or hallots to be voted at such election. The 10 clerk of the circuit court shall not honor any such 11 12 application for an absent voter's ballot received by him 13 after the fourth day next preceding the date of the 14 election. In computing the fourth day, the day of conducting the election shall be excluded. 15

When a clerk receives a completed application to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail in more than one election in an election year from an applicant eligible 19 to vote absentee under subdivision (2), section one of this article, the clerk shall, if all legal requirements are met, 20 forward to the applicant the appropriate ballot or 21 ballots for each election held within that jurisdiction. 22 The application to be used by persons who wish to vote 23 an absent voter's ballot by mail shall be prescribed by 24 the secretary of state and shall be in substantially the 25 26 following form:

"APPLICATION FOR VOTING AN ARSENT

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28	VOTER'S BALLOT BY MAIL
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	KNOWING THAT I CAN BE FINED NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR IMPRISONED IN THE COUNTY JAIL FOR A PERIOD OF NOT MORE THAN ONE YEAR OR BOTH SUCH FINE AND IMPRISONMENT FOR KNOWINGLY MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESENTATION HEREIN, I,, hereby declare that I am now, or will have been, a resident of the state of West Virginia for twelve months, and of the county of, for thirty days,
39 40	next preceding the date of the ensuing election to be
41	held on the day of, 19; that I now reside at
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	in the magisterial district of, in said county; that I am a duly qualified voter entitled to vote in such election; that I am registered in the precinct of my residence as provided by law; that I am registered as a; (state political party if ballot is for primary election) and that (strike out the numbered paragraphs not applicable and complete the numbered paragraph which is applicable):
51 52 53	(1) I will be unable to vote in person at the polls on election day because of, (state particulars of physical disability, illness or injury).
54 55 56 57	(2) I anticipate commitment to a hospital, institution or other confinement on or about the day of, 19, for the following medical reasons, as evidenced below

by the statement of a duly licensed physician or

59 60	chiropractor, and by reason thereof will not be able to vote in person at the polls in such election.				
61 62 63 64	(3) I expect to be absent from the aforementioned county in which I am registered to vote during the entire time the polls are open in such election, and I am (check one applicable):				
65	☐ A member of the armed forces in the active service				
66 67	\Box A spouse or dependent of a member of the armed forces in active service.				
68 69	\square A member of the merchant marine of the United States.				
70 71	$\hfill\Box$ A spouse or dependent of a member of the merchant marine of the United States.				
72 73 74	☐ A citizen of the United States temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of the United States and the District of Columbia.				
75 76 77 78	☐ A spouse or dependent residing with or accompanying a citizen of the United States temporarily residing outside the territorial limits of the United States and the District of Columbia.				
79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88	(4) I am required to be absent from the aforementioned county in which I am registered during the entire time the polls are open in such election for the reason or reasons hereafter stated; I am not in any of the categories referred to in paragraph (3) above; I am required to be absent from said county during regular business hours of the clerk of the circuit court of said county throughout the period or throughout the remainder of the period of voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance at said office.				
90 91 92	(state reason or reasons for required absence from county on election.)				
93	(5) I have been appointed				
)4)5	(state whether an election commissioner or poll clerk)				

96	in precinct No in said election, which				
97 98	precinct is not the precinct in which I am registered to vote.				
99 100 101 102 103	(6) I will be incarcerated in the county or city jail other detention facility located in this county on election day but am not under sentence of treason, bribery or felony, as evidenced below by the statement of the county sheriff, chief of police or authorized deputy.				
104 105 106 107 108 109	In consideration of the foregoing qualifications, I hereby make application for an official absent voter's ballot (or ballots if more than one are to be used) to be voted by me at such election, and request that such ballot or ballots be mailed to me at the following address:				
110	(give full address for mailing purposes)				
111 112	(Complete the following paragraph only if assistance will be needed in voting absent voter's ballot):				
If further declare that I will need assistance in vot an absent voter's ballot for the following reasons:					
116 117 118	(specify illiteracy or exact nature of physical disability, illness or injury)				
119 120 121 122 123 124 125	I hereby declare under the penalties for false swearing as provided in section three, article nine, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, that the statements and declarations contained in this application are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.				
126	Signature of Applicant				
127 128 129 130	(or in case the applicant is illiterate he shall make his mark and have it witnessed on the following lines):				
132 133	Mark of Applicant				
134	Signature of Witness"				

136 137 138 139	mail be unable to sign his application because of illiteracy, he shall make his mark on the signature line above provided for an illiterate applicant which mark shall be witnessed.			
140 141 142 143 144	The following declaration must be completed and signed if the reason specified in the above application for being unable to vote in person at such election is anticipated confinement in a hospital, institution or other place for medical reasons.			
145	"STATEMENT OF PHYSICIAN (CHIROPRACTOR)			
146 147 148 149 150 151	I,, hereby declare that I am a physician (chiropractor) duly licensed to practice in the state of; that I last examined, the applicant whose signature appears on the application above on the day of, 19; and that in my opinion:			
152 153	The applicant will, because of			
154 155	(state for what medical reasons) be confined in			
156 157 158	(specify hospital, institution or other place) on or about the day of, 19,			
159 160 161	and will because of such reasons not be able to go to the polls on the day of, 19, the date of the election.			
$\frac{162}{163}$	Signature of Physician (Chiropractor)"			
164 165 166 167 168	The following declaration must be completed and signed if the reason specified in the above application for being unable to vote in person at the election is incarceration in a facility within the county for other than conviction of treason, bribery or a felony:			
$\frac{169}{170}$	"STATEMENT OF SHERIFF, CHIEF OF POLICE OR AUTHORIZED DEPUTY			
171 172	I,, hereby declare that the applicant whose signature appears on the application above will			

173 174	be confined in the county or city jail or other detention facility on the day of, 19
175 176	, the date of the election, and is not under conviction of treason, bribery or a felony.
177 178	SIGNATURE
179 180	TITLE
181 182	COUNTY"

 $\begin{array}{c} 207 \\ 208 \end{array}$

In lieu of the application for an absent voter's ballot provided above, those persons specified in subdivision (2), section one of this article may use the federal postcard application for absent voter's ballot form issued under authority of the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act of 1986, as amended (Public Law 99-410, 42 U.S.C. 1973, et seq.). Any such federal postcard application does not have to be executed pursuant to oath or attestation. Upon receipt of a properly completed copy of such form, the clerk of the circuit court shall process it the same as any other application for an absent voter's ballot by mail. Any such properly completed copy may be returned only to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which the applicant is a registered voter.

Immediately upon receipt of a completed application for voting an absent voter's ballot by mail, the clerk of the circuit court shall determine (1) whether the application for voting such ballot has been completed as required by law; (2) whether he has evidence that any of the statements contained in the application are not true; (3) whether the applicant is in fact duly registered in the precinct of his residence as provided by law and insofar as registration is concerned would be permitted to vote at the polls in such election; and (4) whether the applicant has voted absentee by mail as a result of being out of the county more than four consecutive times: *Provided*, That the determination as to whether the applicant has voted more than four consecutive times shall not apply if the applicant is a citizen residing out

of the United States; or a member, spouse or dependent of a member serving in the uniformed services: or a college student living outside his or her home county. If the determination of the clerk of the circuit court as to (1) or (3) is in the negative or as to (2) or (4) is in the affirmative, the clerk shall notify the applicant at the time he mails the absent voter's ballot to him that he will challenge the applicant's privilege to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail for reasons which he shall indicate and, upon receipt of the applicant's absent voter's ballot. the clerk shall challenge such ballot. If the challenge is made under subdivision (4) above, such a challenge shall be removed upon submission of proof of residence before the board of canvassers.

Upon determination by the clerk of the circuit court that the applicant is entitled to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail or that the applicant will be permitted to vote an absent voter's ballot by mail with such ballot to be challenged by the clerk, the clerk shall between the forty-second day and the fourth day next prior to the election in which the absent voter's ballot is to be used, mail to the applicant the following absentee voting supplies: *Provided*, That the clerk shall mail such voting supplies to an applicant whose address is shown to be outside the continental limits of the United States by priority airmail on the same day the application is received in the clerk's office or on the next day thereafter that he has both an application and a ballot:

- (a) One official absent voter's ballot (or ballots if more than one are to be used) which has been prepared in accordance with law for use in such election; such ballot in the case of a primary election shall be of the party of the applicant's affiliation as indicated on his registration card or, in the case the applicant is not found to be registered by the clerk but votes a ballot challenged by the clerk, the clerk shall send to the applicant an absent voter's ballot of the party designated by the applicant in his application;
- 251 (b) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, un-252 sealed, which shall have no writing thereon except the 253 designation "Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1";

- 254 (c) One Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2, 255 unsealed;
- 256 (d) Notice that an absent voter's ballot returned from outside the continental limits of the United States must be mailed priority airmail; and
- 259 (e) Notice that absent voters' ballots must be received 260 in the office of the clerk not later than the time of closing of the polls.

 Upon receipt of an absent voter's ballot by mail, the voter shall mark the ballot and the voter may have assistance in voting his absent voter's ballot in accordance with the provisions of section six of this article.

After the voter has voted his absent voter's ballot, he shall (1) enclose the same in Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1, and seal that envelope, (2) enclose sealed Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 1 in Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 and seal that envelope, (3) complete and sign the forms, if any, on Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 according to the instructions thereon, and (4) mail, postage prepaid and, if from outside the continental limits of the United States, by priority airmail, the sealed Absent Voter's Ballot Envelope No. 2 to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in which he is registered to vote.

Upon receipt of such sealed envelope, the clerk shall (1) enter onto the envelope such information as may be required of him according to the instructions thereon; (2) enter his challenge, if any, to the absent voter's ballot; (3) enter the required information into a record of persons making application for and voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance or by mail or otherwise (the form of which record and the information to be entered therein shall be prescribed by the secretary of state); and (4) place such sealed envelope in a secure location in his office, there to remain until delivered to the polling place in accordance with the provisions of this article or, in case of a challenged ballot, to the county commission sitting as a body of canvassers.

§3-3-5c. Procedures for voting an emergency absent voter's ballot by qualified voters.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a person qualified to vote an absent voter's ballot, as defined in subdivision (1), section one of this article, who is admitted, on or after the seventh day next preceding the election, to a hospital or other duly licensed health care facility within the county of their residence for emergency medical treatment, and who remains confined and is unable to vote at the polls on election day, may vote an emergency absent voter's ballot under the procedures established in this section. The county commission may adopt a policy extending the emergency absentee voting procedures to hospitals or other duly licensed health care facilities within an adjacent county or within thirty-five miles of the county seat: Provided, That the policy shall be adopted by the county commission at least ninety days prior to the election that will be affected and a copy of such policy shall be filed with the secretary of state.
 - (b) On or before the first Monday of the month next preceding the date on which any election is to be held the circuit clerk of each county shall notify the county commission of the number of sets of emergency absent voter ballot commissioners which he or she deems necessary to perform the duties and functions hereinafter set forth.
 - (c) A set of emergency absent voter ballot commissioners at-large shall consist of two persons, appointed by the county commission in accordance with the procedure prescribed for the appointment of election commissioners under the provisions of section twenty-eight, article one of this chapter but without regard to magisterial district or precinct. Emergency absent voter ballot commissioners shall have the same qualifications and rights and take the same oath required under the provisions of this chapter for commissioners of elections. Such commissioners shall be compensated for services and expenses in the same manner as commissioners of election obtaining and delivering election supplies under

the provisions of section forty-four, article one of this chapter.

(d) Upon request of the voter or a member of the voter's immediate family, the circuit clerk, upon receiving a proper request for voting an emergency absent voter's ballot no earlier than the seventh day next preceding the election and no later than noon of election day, shall supply to the emergency absent voter's ballot commissioners the application for voting an emergency absent voter's ballot and the balloting materials. The emergency absent voter ballot application shall be prescribed by the secretary of state and shall be in substantially the following form:

"APPLICATION FOR VOTING AN EMERGENCY ABSENT VOTER'S BALLOT

KNOWING THAT I CAN BE FINED NOT MORE
THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND IMPRI
SONED IN THE COUNTY JAIL FOR A PERIOD OF
NOT MORE THAN ONE YEAR FOR KNOWINGLY
MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT OR REPRESEN
TATION HEREIN, I,, hereby
declare that I am now, or will have been, a resident o
the state of West Virginia for twelve months, and of the
county of, for thirty days next preced
ing the date of the ensuing election to be held on the
day of, 19; that I now
reside at
(' 6 11 11)
(give full address)
in the magisterial district of, in said
county; that I am a duly qualified voter entitled to vot
in such election; that I am registered in the precinct o
my residence as provided by law; that I am registered
as a
(1) I will be unable to vote in person at the polls of
election day because I have been confined in
-

(State name and location of facility)

78	since			
79	(State date of confinement commenced)			
80 81	(State particulars of illness or injury)			
82	(2) My treating physician is			
83 84 85 86 87 88	I hereby declare under the penalties for false swearing as provided in section three, article nine, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, that the statements and declarations contained in this application are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.			
89 90	Signature of Applicant			
91 92 93 94	(or in case the applicant is illiterate he shall make his mark and have it witnessed on the following lines):			
95 96	Mark of Applicant			
97 98	Signature of Witness"			
99 100 101 102 103	If the person applying for an emergency absent voter's ballot be unable to sign his application because of illiteracy, he shall make his mark on the signature line above provided for an illiterate applicant which mark shall be witnessed.			
104 105 106	The following declaration is to be completed and signed by each of the emergency absent voter's ballot commissioners:			
107 108	"STATEMENT OF EMERGENCY ABSENT VOTER'S BALLOT COMMISSIONERS			
109 110 111 112 113	We, and, hereby declare that we are the duly appointed emergency absent voter's ballot commissioners and have met the applicant, whose name appears on the application above at his or her place of confinement on the day of			

114	19; and that in our opinion, the applicant will,			
115	because of an emergency medical confinement which			
116 commenced at least seven days prior to the elec-				
117	unable to go	o to the polls on theday of		
118		, 19, the date of the election.		
119 120	o. 1 ·	determined that the applicant has been		
121 122 123	since	tate name and location of facility)		
124	(State date confinement commenced)			
125	because of \perp			
$\begin{array}{c} 126 \\ 127 \end{array}$		(State particulars of illness or injury)		
128	(Date)	(Signature of Emergency Absent Voter's		
129	` ,	Ballot Commissioner)		
130				
131	(Date)	(Signature of Emergency Absent Voter's		
132	,	Ballot Commissioner)"		

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- (e) At least one of the emergency absent voter ballot commissioners receiving the balloting materials shall sign a receipt which shall be attached to the application form. Each of the emergency absent voter ballot commissioners shall deliver the materials to the absent voter, await his or her completion of the application and then the ballot, and return the same to the circuit clerk, and upon delivering the application and the voted ballot to the circuit clerk, sign an oath that no person other than the absent voter voted the ballot. The application and the voted ballot shall be returned to the circuit clerk prior to the close of the polls on election day. Any ballots received by the clerk after the time that delivery may reasonably be made but before the closing of the polls shall be treated as challenged absent voters' ballots in accordance with the provisions of section ten of this article and in addition to those absent voters' ballots subject to challenge as enumerated therein.
- (f) Upon receiving the application and emergency absent voter's ballot, the clerk of the circuit court shall ascertain whether the application is complete and the

- 154 voter is properly registered to vote with the office of the 155 clerk of the county commission. If the voter is found to 156 be properly registered in the precinct shown on the 157 application, the ballot shall be delivered to the precinct 158 election commissioner pursuant to section seven of this 159 article. If the voter is found not to be registered, then 160 the ballot shall be challenged for that reason or any 161 other provided for in section ten of this article.
- 162 (g) If either or both of the emergency absent voter 163 ballot commissioners should refuse to sign any applica-164 tion for voting an emergency absent voter's ballot, then 165 the voter shall be permitted to vote as an emergency absent voter and any such ballot shall be treated as a 166 167 challenged absent voter's ballot in accordance with the 168 provisions of section ten of this article and in addition 169 to those absent voters' ballots subject to challenge as 170 enumerated therein.
- (h) Any voter who receives assistance in voting an emergency absent voter's ballot shall comply with the provisions of section six of this article. Any other provisions of this chapter relating to absent voter's ballots not altered by the provisions of this section shall govern the treatment of emergency absent voter's ballots.

§3-3-10. Challenging of absent voters' ballots.

The clerk of the circuit court may challenge an absent 1 voter's ballot on any of the following grounds: (1) That 2 the application for an absent voter's ballot has not been 3 completed as required by law; (2) that any statement or 4 declaration contained in the application for an absent 5 voter's ballot is not true; (3) that the applicant for an 6 absent voter's ballot is not registered to vote in the 7 precinct of his residence as provided by law; (4) that the 8 person voting an absent voter's ballot by personal 9 appearance in his office had assistance in voting such 10 ballot when the person was not qualified for such voting 11 assistance because (a) the affidavit of the person who 12 received such assistance does not indicate a legally 13 sufficient reason for such assistance, or (b) the person 14 who received such assistance did not make an affidavit 15

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as required by this article, or (c) the person who received such assistance is not so illiterate as to have been unable to read the names on the ballot or that he is not so physically disabled as to have been unable to see or mark the absent voter's ballot; (5) that the person who voted an absent voter's ballot by mail and received assistance in voting such ballot was not qualified under the provisions of this article for such assistance; and (6) that the person has voted absentee by mail as a result of being out of the county more than four consecutive times: Provided. That the determination as to whether the person has voted more than four consecutive times shall not apply if the person is a citizen residing out of the United States; or a member, spouse or dependent of a member serving in the uniformed services; or a college student living outside of his or her home county.

Any one or more of the election commissioners or poll clerks in a precinct may challenge an absent voter's ballot on any of the following grounds: (1) That the application for an absent voter's ballot was not completed as required by law; (2) that any statement or declaration contained in the application for an absent voter's ballot is not true; (3) that the person voting an absent voter's ballot is not registered to vote in the precinct of his residence as provided by law: (4) that the signatures of the person voting an absent voter's ballot as they appear on his registration record, his application for an absent voter's ballot, and the absent voter's ballot envelope are not in the same handwriting; (5) that the absent voter's ballot does not have thereon the official seal of the clerk of the circuit court and all signatures of members of the board of ballot commissioners; (6) that the person voting an absent voter's ballot by personal appearance in the office of the clerk of the circuit court had assistance in voting such ballot when the person was not qualified for such assistance because (a) the affidavit of the person who received such assistance does not indicate a legally sufficient reason for such assistance, or (b) the person who received such assistance did not make an affidavit as required by this article, or (c) the person who received such assistance is not so illiterate as to have been unable to read the

names on the ballot or that he was not so physically disabled as to have been unable to see or mark the absent voter's ballot; (7) that the person voted an absent voter's ballot by mail and received assistance in voting such ballot when not qualified under the provisions of this article for such assistance: (8) that the person who voted the absent voter's ballot voted in person at the polls on election day: (9) that the person voted an absent voter's ballot under authority of subdivision (3) of section one of this article and is or was present in the county in which he is registered to vote between the opening and closing of the polls on election day: (10) that the person who voted an absent voter's ballot had died before election day; (11) that the person voted an absent voter's ballot under authority of subdivision (1) of section one of this article and was able to vote at the polls on election day; and (12) on any other ground or for any reason on which or for which the ballot of a voter voting in person at the polls on election day may be challenged.

Any registered voter in the county may challenge an absent voter's ballot voted under authority of subdivision (3) of section one of this article on the ground that the voter of such ballot is or was in the county in which he is registered to vote between the opening and closing of the polls on election day and may challenge an absent voter's ballot voted under authority of subdivision (1) of section one of this article on the ground that the voter of such ballot was able to vote at the polls on election day.

Forms for, and the manner of, challenging an absent voter's ballot under the provisions of this article shall be prescribed by the secretary of state.

Absent voters' ballots challenged by the clerk of the circuit court under the provisions of this article shall be transmitted by the clerk directly to the county commission sitting as a board of canvassers; and the absent voters' ballots challenged by the election commissioners, poll clerks and registered voters of the county under the provisions of this article shall not be counted by the election officials but shall be transmitted by them to the county commission sitting as a board of canvassers.

- Action by the board of canvassers on such challenged 99 absent voters' ballots shall be governed by the provisions 100
- 101 of section forty-one, article one of this chapter.

CHAPTER 72

(H. B. 2235—By Delegates Berry and Tribett)

f Passed March 20, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article eight, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the filing of written statements with the secretary of state designating the treasurer of a political committee or the financial agent of a candidate; enlarging the time period for filing such statement from sixty days prior to an election to twenty-eight days prior to an election; designating the specific time of receipt or postmark requirements: and defining the terms "person" and "financial agent".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article eight, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. REGULATION AND CONTROL OF ELECTIONS.

- §3-8-4. Treasurers and financial agents; written designation requirements: "person" and "financial agent" defined.
 - (a) No person shall act as the treasurer of any political committee, or as financial agent for any candidate for 3 nomination or election to any office to be filled by the voters of the entire state, or candidates for nomination 4 or election for any office, encompassing an election 5 district larger than a county, or any person or organ-6 ization advocating or opposing the nomination, election 7 or defeat of any candidate, or the passage or defeat of 8 any issue, thing or item to be voted upon, encompassing 9 an election district larger than a county, unless a 10

- written statement designating him as such treasurer or financial agent shall be filed with the secretary of state, at least twenty-eight days before the election at which he is to act, and must be received before midnight, eastern standard time, of that day, or if mailed, shall be postmarked before that hour.
 - (b) No person shall act as treasurer of any such committee or as financial agent for any candidate to be nominated or elected by the voters of a county or a district therein, or as the treasurer or financial agent for a candidate for the nomination or election to any other office, or for the passage or defeat of any issue, thing or item to be voted upon not herein mentioned, unless a written statement designating him as such treasurer or financial agent shall be filed with the clerk of the county commission at least twenty-eight days before the election at which he is to act, and must be received before midnight, eastern standard time, of that day, or if mailed, shall be postmarked before that hour.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, a filing designating a treasurer or financial agent for a state or county political executive committee may be made anytime before the committee either accepts or spends funds on behalf of the committee. Once a designation is made by a state or county political executive committee, no additional designations shall be required under this section until a successor treasurer or financial agent is designated. A state or county political executive committee may terminate a designation made pursuant to this section by making a written request to terminate the designation and by stating in the request that the committee has no funds remaining in the committee's account. This written request shall be made with either the secretary of state or the clerk of the county commission as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

(d) As used in this article:

The term "person" shall include an individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, and any other organization or group of persons; and

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57 58 The term "financial agent" shall include any person acting for and by himself, or any two or more natural persons acting together or cooperating in a financial way to aid or take part in the nomination or election of any candidate for public office, or to aid or promote the success or defeat of any political party or principle at any election, or any proposition submitted to a vote at a public election.

CHAPTER 73

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2028—By Delegates Love and Ashley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three, five, eight, fourteen and twenty-two, article four-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, all relating to definitions; emergency medical services advisory council, duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses, and continuation of the council; standards for emergency medical service personnel, adding class of emergency medical services personnel; services that may be performed by emergency medical services personnel, adding class of emergency medical services personnel; transportation of unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three, five, eight, fourteen and twenty-two, article four-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4C. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT.

§16-4C-3. Definitions.

- §16-4C-5. Emergency medical services advisory council; duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses.
- \$16-4C-8. Standards for emergency medical service personnel,
- §16-4C-14. Services that may be performed by emergency medical services personnel.
- §16-4C-22. Transportation of unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients.
- §16-4C-23. Authority of the director to make regulations.

§16-4C-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly
- 2 requires a different meaning:
- 3 "Ambulance" means any privately or publicly owned 4 vehicle or aircraft which is designed, constructed or
- 5 modified; equipped or maintained; and operated for the
- 6 transportation of patients.
- 7 "Ambulance service" means the transportation, and
- 8 treatment at the site of pickup and en route, of a patient
- 9 to or from a place where medical, hospital or clinical
- service is normally available. 10
- "Council" means the emergency medical service 11
- 12 advisory council created pursuant to section five of this
- 13 article.
- "Director" means the director of health. 14
- "Emergency medical services" means all services 15
- which are set forth in P.L. 93-154 "The Emergency 16
- Medical Services Act of 1973" and those included in and 17
- made a part of the emergency medical services plan of 18
- the department of health inclusive of, but not limited to, 19
- caring for and giving life-saving or life-preserving 20
- 21 treatment to a patient.
- "Emergency medical service personnel" means any 22 person certified by the director to provide emergency 23 medical services as set out in section eight of this article
- 24 and includes, but is not limited to, emergency medical 25
- service attendants, emergency medical technicians, 26 emergency medical technicians-ambulance, emergency 27
- medical technicians-intermediate, mobile intensive care 28
- paramedics, emergency medical technician-paramedics, 29
- 30 physicians, osteopathic physicians, persons certified to
- provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation, registered 31

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nurses and licensed practical nurses who have been trained in first aid, or other licensed or certified health providers who meet the standards and training requirements as determined by the director.

"Emergency medical service attendant" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical service attendant in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical technician" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical technician in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical technician-ambulance" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical technician-ambulance in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical technician-intermediate" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical technician-intermediate in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical technician-critical care" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical technician-critical care in section eight of this article.

"Mobile intensive care paramedic" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such mobile intensive care paramedic in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical technician-paramedic" means a person certified by the director to render such emergency medical services as are authorized for such emergency medical technician-paramedic in section eight of this article.

"Emergency medical service provider" means any

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authority, person, corporation, partnership or other entity, public or private, which owns or operates an ambulance which provides emergency medical service in this state.

"Governing body" has the meanings ascribed to it as applied to a municipality in subdivision (1), subsection (b), section two, article one, chapter eight of this code.

"Line officer" means the emergency medical service personnel, present at the scene of an accident, injury or illness, who has taken the responsibility for patient care.

"Medical command" means the issuing of orders by a physician or osteopathic physician from a medical facility to emergency medical service personnel for the purpose of providing appropriate patient care.

"Municipality" has the meaning ascribed to it in subdivision (1), subsection (a), section two, article one, chapter eight of this code.

"Patient" means any sick, injured, wounded or otherwise incapacitated or helpless person, or an expectant mother who needs medical, hospital or clinical service under an existing or imminent emergency situation.

"Service reciprocity" means the provision of emergency medical services to citizens of this state by emergency medical service personnel certified to render such services by a neighboring state.

"Small emergency medical service provider" means any emergency medical service provider which is made up of less than twenty emergency medical service personnel.

§16-4C-5. Emergency medical services advisory council; duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses.

The emergency medical service advisory council, heretofore created and established by former section seven of this article, shall be continued for the purpose of developing, with the director, standards for emergency medical service personnel and for the purpose of

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providing advice to the office of emergency medical services and the director thereof, as established by section four of this article with respect to reviewing and making recommendations for and providing assistance to the establishment and maintenance of adequate emergency medical services for all portions of this state.

The council shall have the duty to advise the director in all matters pertaining to his duties and functions in relation to carrying out the purposes of this article.

The council shall be composed of thirteen members appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The mountain state emergency medical services association shall submit to the governor a list of six names of representatives from their association and a list of three names shall be submitted to the governor of representatives of their respective organizations by the West Virginia association of county officials. West Virginia state firemen's association, West Virginia hospital association, West Virginia state medical association, West Virginia chapter of the American college of emergency physicians, West Virginia emergency medical services administrators association and the state department of education. The governor shall appoint from the respective lists submitted two persons who represent the mountain state emergency medical services association, one of whom shall be a paramedic and one of whom shall be an emergency medical technician, and one person from the West Virginia association of county officials, West Virginia state firemen's association, West Virginia hospital association, West Virginia state medical association, West Virginia chapter of the American college of emergency physicians, West Virginia emergency medical services administrators association and the state department of education. The governor shall in addition appoint one person to represent emergency medical service providers operating within the state, one person to represent small emergency medical service providers operating within this state and two persons to represent the general public. Not more than four of the members shall be appointed from any one congressional

- district. No member shall serve more than four consecutive terms.
- The council shall choose its own chairman and meet at the call of the director at least twice a year.
- The members of such council may be reimbursed for any and all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

54 After having conducted a performance and fiscal 55 audit through its joint committee on government 56 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter 57 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 58 declares that the emergency medical services advisory 59 council should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four. 60 article ten, chapter four of this code, the emergency 61 62 medical services advisory council shall continue to exist 63 until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 64 ninety-five.

§16-4C-8. Standards for emergency medical service personnel.

- (1) After the first day of January, one thousand nine 1 2 hundred eighty-five, every ambulance which provides ambulance service or emergency medical services shall 4 carry two persons who are certified as emergency medical service personnel, one of which personnel shall 5 6 be in the patient compartment at all times when a 7 patient is being transported by such ambulance. As a 8 minimum, of the personnel carried by any ambulance 9 operated by any emergency medical service provider, one shall be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation 10 11 and one shall be certified as an emergency medical 12 service attendant.
- 13 (2) After the first day of July, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-six, at least one of the emergency 15 medical services personnel referred to in the imme-16 diately preceding subsection shall be minimally certi-17 fied as an emergency medical technician-ambulance on 18 any emergency call and such person shall be in

- the patient compartment at all times a patient is being transported.
- As a minimum, the training for each class of emergency medical service personnel shall include:
 - (a) Emergency medical service attendant: Shall have earned and possess valid certificates from the department or by authorities recognized and approved by the director in advanced first aid or equivalent training and cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
 - (b) Emergency medical technician: Shall have successfully completed the course on emergency care of the sick and injured established by the director or by authorities recognized and approved by the director.
 - (c) Emergency medical technician-ambulance: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as an emergency medical technician-ambulance as established by the director or authorities recognized and approved by the director.
 - (d) Emergency medical technician-intermediate: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as an emergency medical technician-ambulance and such other course of study and certification as may be established by the director.
 - (e) Emergency medical technician-critical care: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as an emergency medical technician-critical care and such other course of study and certification as may be established by the director.
 - (f) Mobile intensive care paramedic: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as a mobile intensive care paramedic and such other course of study and certification as may be established by the director.
 - (g) Emergency medical technician-paramedic: Shall have completed the course for certification as an emergency medical technician-paramedic and such other course of study and certification as may be established by the director.

The foregoing shall not be considered to limit the power of the director to prescribe training, certification and recertification standards.

State and county continuing education and recertification programs for all levels of emergency medical service providers shall be available to emergency medical service providers at a convenient site within the county in which the emergency medical service provider operates, or in an adjacent county within thirty minutes travel time of the provider's primary place of operation. Such continuing education program shall be provided free of charge by the department of health to all nonprofit emergency medical service providers.

- (3) Any person desiring emergency medical services personnel certification shall apply to the director using forms and procedures prescribed by the director. Upon receipt of such application, the director shall determine if the applicant meets the requirements for certification and examine the applicant, as in his discretion, is necessary to make such a determination. If it is determined that the applicant meets all of the requirements, the director shall issue an appropriate emergency medical service personnel certificate to the applicant. Emergency medical service personnel certificates issued by the director shall be valid for a period not to exceed three years from the date of their issuance unless sooner suspended or revoked by the director. Certificates may be renewed for additional periods not to exceed three years after review and determination by the director that such holder meets the requirements established for emergency medical service personnel.
- (4) The director may issue a temporary emergency medical service personnel certificate to an applicant, with or without examination of the applicant, when he finds such issuance to be in the public interest. Unless sooner suspended or revoked a temporary certificate shall be valid initially for a period not exceeding one hundred twenty days and it shall not be renewed thereafter unless the director finds such renewal to be in the public interest: *Provided*, That the expiration date of any such temporary certificate issued shall be

extended until the holder of such certificate is afforded at least one opportunity to take an emergency medical services personnel training course within the general area where he serves as an emergency medical service personnel, but the expiration date shall not be extended for any longer period of time or for any other reason.

The director may, on petition from an emergency medical service provider, squad, ambulance authority or county commission, grant an extension for compliance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section where circumstances prevent such emergency medical service provider, squad, ambulance authority or county commission from meeting the time frames indicated. Such extension shall be for no longer than twelve calendar months from the date of the request and the request for extension must include such information as may be required by the director to determine if all reasonable efforts have been made to comply with this section. No petitioner shall be granted more than one extension under this section.

§16-4C-14. Services that may be performed by emergency medical services personnel.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency medical service personnel, by each class, may provide the following care:

- (1) Emergency medical services attendant—Render basic first-aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other services as are established by the director.
- (2) Emergency medical technician—Render care which may be performed by an emergency medical services attendant and other services as are established by the director.
 - (3) Emergency medical technician-ambulance—Render the care permitted which may be performed by an emergency medical service attendant and by an emergency medical technician; and, in addition, other services as are established by the director.
- 16 (4) Emergency medical technician-intermediate— 17 Render the care permitted which may be performed by

- an emergency medical service attendant, emergency medical technician and emergency medical technicianambulance; and, in addition, upon the order of a medical command physician or surgeon, perform any other services as are established by the director.
 - (5) Emergency medical technician-critical—Render the care permitted which may be performed by an emergency medical service attendant, an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-ambulance, emergency medical technician-intermediate; and, in addition, upon order of a medical command physician or surgeon, perform any other services as are established by the director.
 - (6) Mobile intensive care paramedic—Render care which may be performed by an emergency medical service attendant, an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician-ambulance, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-critical care; and, in addition, upon order of a medical command physician or surgeon, perform any other services as are established by the director.
- (7) Emergency medical technician-paramedic-Render care which may be performed by an emergency medical service attendant, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician-ambu-lance, emergency medical technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician-critical care, mobile intensive care paramedic; and, in addition, upon order of a medical command physician or surgeon, perform any other services as are established by the director.

§16-4C-22. Transportation of unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients.

- (a) Emergency medical service personnel shall transport critically ill or injured, unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients to the medical facility designated by the medical command physician.
- (b) No person shall have the right to direct emergency
 medical service personnel to transport a patient to a
 specific medical facility unless such person is the legal

8 guardian, parent of a minor or has power of attorney 9 for the critically injured or ill patient.

§16-4C-23. Authority of the director to make regulations.

- The director is hereby authorized and empowered to make regulations pursuant to the procedures established
- 3 in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the purpose of
- 4 carrying out the purposes of this article.

CHAPTER 74

(H. B. 2162—By Delegates Bradley and Buchanan)

[Passed March 15, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-eight, article eleven, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter forty-four of said code, all relating to the administration of estates; providing for the apportionment of West Virginia estate taxes: including a reference to the apportionment provision governing estates administered under authority of a fiduciary supervisor within the said estate tax provision; prohibiting certain nonresidents from serving as fiduciaries; setting forth exceptions; permitting nonresidents to serve as administrators of resident decedents' assets; requiring nonresident fiduciaries to give bond and setting forth the minimum amounts thereof; exceptions; appointment of clerk of the county commission as attorney-in-fact for purpose of receiving notice or process; proscribing the procedure by which notice or process may be perfected; prohibiting the removal from this state of estate assets until certain conditions are satisfied; making it a misdemeanor offense to remove estate assets from this state without complying with the appropriate laws; setting forth penalties; and providing for the removal of nonresident fiduciaries.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-eight, article eleven, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article five, chapter forty-four of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 44. Administration of Estates and Trusts.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 11. ESTATE TAXES.

§11-11-28. Apportionment of West Virginia estate taxes; deduction of taxes by the fiduciary from shares of beneficiaries.

- 1 Whenever there is an estate tax levied or assessed
- 2 under the provisions of any estate tax law of this state
- 3 heretofore or hereafter enacted, the amount of the tax
- 4 so paid shall be prorated among the persons interested
- 5 in the estate to whom such property is or may be
- 6 transferred or to whom any benefit accrues in confor-
- 7 mity with the provisions of section sixteen-a, article two,
- 8 and section eighteen, article three-a, chapter forty-four
- 9 of this code.

CHAPTER 44. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

§44-5-3. Appointment of nonresident; bond; service of notice and process; fees; penalty.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
- 2 individual who is a nonresident of this state nor any
- 3 nonresident banking institution nor any corporation
- 4 having its principal office or place of business outside
- 5 this state may be appointed or act as executor, admin-
- 6 istrator, curator, guardian or committee in this state,
- 7 except that:
- 8 (1) An individual who is a nonresident of this state
- 9 may be appointed ancillary administrator of a nonres-
- 10 ident decedent's assets situate in this state if such

nonresident individual is lawfully acting as executor in said decedent's state of domicile and submits letters of probate authenticated by the probate authorities of the decedent's state of domicile to the clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein ancillary administration is sought;

- (2) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed ancillary administrator of a nonresident decedent's assets situate in this state if such nonresident individual is acting as administrator in said decedent's state of domicile and submits letters of administration authenticated by the probate authorities of the decedent's state of domicile to the clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein ancillary administration is sought;
- (3) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed and act as testamentary guardian of a nonresident infant and thereby exercise dominion and control over such nonresident infant's assets situate in this state upon submission of authenticated documentation that such nonresident testamentary guardian was so appointed at the place of domicile of the nonresident infant. Such authenticated documentation shall be submitted to the clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein assets belonging to such nonresident infant are situate;
- (4) An individual who is a nonresident of this state and who is named executor by a resident decedent may qualify and act as executor in this state;
- (5) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed and act as administrator of a resident decedent's assets in this state if appointed in accordance with the provisions of section four, article one of this chapter;
- (6) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed as the testamentary guardian of a resident infant if appointed in accordance with the provisions of section one, article ten of this chapter;
 - (7) An individual who is a nonresident of this state

- may be appointed as committee of a resident incompetent: *Provided*, That such appointment is made in accordance with the provisions of section one, article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of this code and if such nonresident individual may otherwise qualify as committee.
 - (b) Nonresident individuals enumerated in subsection (a) of this section shall give bond with corporate surety thereon, qualified to do business in this state, and the amount of such bond shall not be less than double the value of the personal assets and double the value of any real property authorized to be sold or double the value of any rents and profits from any real property which the nonresident individual is authorized to receive, except that:
 - (1) Any nonresident individual enumerated in subsection (a) of this section who is the spouse, parent, sibling, lineal descendant or sole beneficiary of a resident or nonresident decedent shall give bond with corporate surety thereon qualified to do business in this state, with such penalty as may be fixed pursuant to the provisions of section seven, article one of this chapter, as approved by the clerk of the county commission;
 - (2) Where the terms of a decedent's will direct that a nonresident individual enumerated in subdivisions (1), (3), (4) and (6) of subsection (a) of this section named in a decedent's will shall not give bond or give bond at a specified amount, it shall not be required or shall be required only to the extent required under the terms of the will, unless at the time the will is admitted to record or at any time subsequently, on the application of any person interested, or from the knowledge of the commission or clerk admitting the will to record, it is deemed proper that greater bond be given.
 - (c) When a nonresident individual is appointed as executor, administrator, testamentary guardian or committee pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, said individual thereby constitutes the clerk of the county commission wherein such appointment was made as his true and lawful attorney-in-fact

90 upon whom may be served all notices and process in any 91 action or proceeding against him as executor, adminis-92 trator, testamentary guardian or committee or with 93 respect to such estate, and such qualification shall be a 94 manifestation of said nonresident individual's agreement that any notice or process, which is served in the 95 96 manner hereinafter provided in this subsection, shall be 97 of the same legal force and validity as though such 98 nonresident was personally served with notice and 99 process within this state. Service shall be made by 100 leaving the original and two copies of any notice or 101 process, together with a fee of five dollars, with the clerk 102 of such county commission. The fee of five dollars shall be deposited with the county treasurer. Such clerk shall 103 104 thereupon endorse upon one copy thereof the day and 105 hour of service and shall file such copy in his office and 106 such service shall constitute personal service upon such 107 nonresident: Provided, That the other copy of such notice or process shall be forthwith sent by registered or 108 certified mail, return receipt requested, deliver to 109 110 addressee only, by said clerk to such nonresident at the 111 address last furnished by him to said clerk and either: 112 (1) Such nonresident's return receipt signed by him or 113 (2) the registered or certified mail bearing thereon the 114 stamp of the post office department showing that 115 delivery therefor was refused by such nonresident is 116 appended to the original notice or process filed therewith in the office of the clerk of the county commission 117 118 from which such notice or process was issued. No notice 119 or process may be served on such clerk of the county 120 commission or accepted by him less than thirty days 121 before the return day thereof. The clerk of such county 122 commission shall keep a record in his office of all such 123 notices and processes and the day and hour of service 124 thereof. The provision for service of notice or process 125 herein provided is cumulative and nothing herein 126 contained shall be construed as a bar to service by 127 publication where proper or the service of notice or process in any other lawful mode or manner. 128

> (d) The personal estate of a resident decedent, infant or incompetent may not be removed from this state until the inventory or appraisement of that resident dece-

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- dent's, infant's or incompetent's assets has been filed and any new or additional bond required to satisfy the penalties specified in subsection (b) of this section has been furnished. The liability of a nonresident executor, administrator, testamentary guardian or committee and of any such surety shall be joint and several and a civil action on any such bond may be instituted and main-tained against the surety, notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, even though no civil action has been instituted against such nonresident.
 - (e) Any such nonresident who removes from this state assets administered in and situate in this state without complying with the provisions of this section, the provisions of article eleven, chapter forty-four of this code or any other requirement pertaining to fiduciaries generally, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county jail for not more than one year, or, in the discretion of the court, by both such fine and imprisonment.
 - (f) If a nonresident appointed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section fails or refuses to file an accounting required by this chapter, and the failure continues for two months after the due date, he may, upon notice and hearing, be removed or subjected to any other appropriate order by the county commission, and if his failure or refusal to account continues for six months, he shall be removed by the county commission.

CHAPTER 75

(H. B. 2111-By Delegates Murphy and Shores)

[Passed March 27, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article twelve-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting the director of the farm management commission the discretion to give surplus foods to

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nonprofit charitable organizations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article twelve-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12A. FARM MANAGEMENT COMMISSION.

§19-12A-6. Appointment of farm management director; qualifications; powers and duties.

- The commission shall appoint a farm management 1 director who, in addition to qualifications established by 2 the commission, shall have owned, operated or managed 3 a farm for at least five years within ten years imme-4 diately prior to his appointment. The farm management 5 director is the chief executive officer of the commission 6 and is responsible for conducting the operations of the 7 farms. He shall prepare an annual report of the farming 8 operations, including a listing of all receipts and 9 expenditures and shall present it to the commission and 10 the Legislature at the end of each fiscal year. 11
- As authorized or directed by the commission, he shall also:
 - (1) Prepare the annual budget request for the operation of the farm management commission and submit it to the commission for approval and submission to the commissioner of finance and administration.
- 18 (2) Receive and approve all requisitions for farm 19 supplies and equipment.
- 20 (3) Supervise the operation of all canneries and determine what foods are to be canned.
- 22 (4) Recruit and approve assistant farm managers to supervise each farm.
- 24 (5) Implement all orders of the commission.
- 25 (6) Supervise all other employees of the commission.
- 26 (7) Transfer farm supplies, farm equipment, farm facilities, food stuffs and produce from one farm to

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28 another to promote efficiency and improve farm 29 management.

With the approval of the commission, the farm management director may rent or lease additional land for farm use.

From the total amount of food, milk and other commodities produced by the farm management commission, the farm management director shall provide each of the institutions under the control of the department of health and the state commissioner of corrections, at no cost, a proportionate amount of these products based on the population and dietary needs of each institution and each of these institutions shall use the food, milk and commodities provided by the farm management director for their annual food requirements. By the thirtieth day of September each year, each institution shall present to the farm management director a requisition request for the food, milk and other commodities the institution will need during the next fiscal year.

If, during the year, an institution finds that it needs other or additional food, milk or commodities not included in the requisition request for the year, the institutional superintendent shall forward a supplemental request for the additional or other food, milk or commodities to the farm management director at least thirty days before the farm management director is to deliver such other or additional food, milk or commodities to the institution. An institution may purchase food, milk or commodities from other sources if the farm management director certifies in writing that he will be unable to supply the needed food, milk or commodities at the time such food, milk or commodities will be needed by the institution. If the farm management commission produces more food, milk and other commodities than can be consumed by the institutions, the farm management director first shall sell this surplus to other state agencies which request it at the wholesale fair market price for the products. If any surplus remains after sales to other state agencies, the director may give such surplus foods to any nonprofit, religious 69 or charitable organizations which are exempt from

70 taxation under 26 U.S.C. §501(c)(3) or (4), or the director

71 may sell the surplus on the open market. All revenues

72 derived from the sale of any farm product shall be

73 deposited by the farm management director in the

74 general revenue fund of the state.

CHAPTER 76

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2037—By Delegates Farley and Murensky)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections ten and eleven, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section three, article one and section three, article two of said chapter, all relating to the submission of a tentative budget; allowing the second quarterly meeting between the joint committee on government and finance and the council of finance and administration to be held in any month during the second quarter of the fiscal year and changing the time for submission of requests for appropriations from August fifteenth to September first.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections ten and eleven, article two, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; that section three, article one of said chapter be amended and reenacted and that section three, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

Article

- 1. Department of Finance and Administration.
- 2. Budget Division.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.

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*§5A-1-3. Council of finance and administration.

1 The council of finance and administration is hereby 2 created and shall be composed of ten members, four of 3 whom shall serve ex officio and six of whom shall be 4 appointed as herein provided. The ex officio members 5 shall be the commissioner of the department of finance 6 and administration, the attorney general or his designee. 7 the state treasurer or his designee and the state auditor 8 or his designee; such designees are authorized to vote. 9 From the membership of the Legislature, the president 10 of the Senate shall appoint three senators as members 11 of the council, not more than two of whom shall be 12 members of the same political party, and the speaker 13 of the House shall appoint three delegates as members 14 of the council, not more than two of whom shall be 15 members of the same political party. Members of the 16 council appointed by the president of the Senate and the 17 speaker of the House shall serve at the will and pleasure 18 of the officer making their appointment. The commis-19 sioner of finance and administration shall serve as 20 chairman of the council. Meetings of the council shall be upon call of the chairman or a majority of the 21 22 members thereof. It shall be the duty of the chairman 23 to call at least four meetings in each fiscal year, one in 24 each quarter, or more often as necessary, and all meetings shall be open to the public: Provided, That the 25 second quarterly meeting in each fiscal year shall be a 26 27 joint meeting with the joint committee on government and finance of the Legislature called jointly by the 28 29 president of the Senate, speaker of the House and commissioner of finance and administration and shall be 30 held in November or some other month during the 31 32 second quarter as mutually agreed upon.

All meetings of the council shall be held at the capitol building in a suitable committee room which shall be made available by the Legislature for such purposes.

The council shall serve the department of finance and administration in an advisory capacity for purposes of reviewing the performance of the administrative and

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2860, which passed subsequent to this act.

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- fiscal procedures of the state, including the oversight of all federal funds, and shall have the following duties:
- 41 (1) To advise with the commissioner in respect to 42 matters of budgetary intent and efficiency, including 43 budget bill and budget document detail and format;
 - (2) To advise with the commissioner concerning such studies of government and administration concerning fiscal policy as it may consider appropriate;
 - (3) To advise with the commissioner in the preparation of studies designed to provide long-term capital planning and finance for state institutions and agencies; and
- 50 (4) To advise with the commissioner in respect to the 51 application for, and receipt and expenditure of, antic-52 ipated or unanticipated federal funds.

The appointed, non-ex officio members of the council shall be entitled to receive such compensation and reimbursement for expenses in connection with performance of their duties, during interim periods, if not otherwise receiving the same for such identical periods, as is authorized by the applicable sections of article two-a, chapter four of the code in respect to performance of duties either within the state or, if deemed necessary, out of state. Such compensation and expenses shall be incurred and paid only after approval by the joint committee on government and finance.

ARTICLE 2. BUDGET DIVISION.

§5A-2-3. Requests for appropriations; copies to legislative auditor.

1 The spending officer of each spending unit, other than 2 the Legislature and the judicial branch of state govern-3 ment, shall on or before the first day of September of each year, submit to the commissioner a request for 4 5 appropriations for the fiscal year next ensuing. On or before the same date, the spending officer shall also 6 transmit two copies of such request to the legislative 7 auditor for the use of the finance committees of the 8 Legislature. 9

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\mathbf{r}_{0}	If the spending officer of any spending unit fails to
11	transmit to the legislative auditor two copies of the
12	request for appropriations within the time specified in
13	this section, the legislative auditor shall notify the
14	commissioner, auditor and treasurer of such failure, and
15	thereafter no funds appropriated to such spending unit
16	shall be encumbered or expended until the spending
17	officer thereof has transmitted such copies to the
18	legislative auditor.

If a spending officer submits to the commissioner an amendment to the request for appropriations, two copies of such amendment shall forthwith be transmitted to the legislative auditor.

CHAPTER 77

(H. B. 2300—By Delegates Love and Martin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to allowing volunteer fire departments the privilege of purchasing on statewide contracts.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article three, chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. PURCHASING DIVISION.

§5A-3-9. Facilities of department available to local governmental bodies.

The director shall make available the facilities and services of his department to counties; county schools; municipalities; urban mass transportation authorities created pursuant to article twenty-seven, chapter eight of this code; mass transportation divisions of county and municipal governments; volunteer fire departments; and

- 7 other local governmental bodies within this state. The
- 8 actual expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the
- 9 local governmental body.

CHAPTER 78

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 273-By Senators Blatnik, et al)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, relating to the designation of a central nonprofit agency to coordinate sales to the state under the provisions of section twelve, article three of said chapter and setting forth its purpose; the creation of a committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped and setting forth its purpose; the establishment of rule promulgation authority of the committee; and providing exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3A. CENTRAL NONPROFIT COORDINATING AGENCY AND COMMITTEE FOR THE PURCHASE OF COMMODITIES AND SERVICES FROM THE HANDICAPPED.

- §5A-3A-1. Purpose.
- §5A-3A-2. Central nonprofit agency.
- §5A-3A-3. Committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.
- §5A-3A-4. Responsibilities of the committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.
- §5A-3A-5. Rules.
- §5A-3A-6. Exceptions.

§5A-3A-1. Purpose.

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1 The purpose of this article is to further the state's 2 policy of encouraging disabled persons to achieve maximum personal independence by engaging in 3 4 productive activities and in addition to provide state agencies, institutions, and political subdivisions with a 6 method for achieving conformity with purchasing 7 procedures and requirements of nondiscrimination, 8 affirmative action, in employment matters related to disabled persons. 9

§5A-3A-2. Central nonprofit agency.

A central nonprofit agency approved by the director of the division of rehabilitation services is established for the purpose of coordinating purchases under the provisions of section twelve, article three of this chapter, between various "spending units" of the state and "nonprofit workshops." This agency shall have the following responsibilities:

- (a) Represent qualified nonprofit workshops in dealing with state purchasing agents and the other bodies charged with purchasing responsibilities;
- 11 (b) Evaluating the qualifications and capabilities of 12 workshops and entering, as necessary, into contracts 13 with government procuring entities for the furnishing 14 of the commodities or services provided by the 15 workshops;
- 16 (c) Overseeing workshops to ensure compliance with 17 contract performance and quality standards; list the 18 commodities and services of participating workshops, 19 research and assist the workshops in developing new 20 products and upgrading existing ones, and shall survey 21 applicable private industry to provide input on fair 22 market prices; and
- 23 (d) Present an annual report for each fiscal year 24 concerning the operations of its nonprofit workshops to 25 the director of the division of rehabilitation services.

§5A-3A-3. Committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.

1 (a) The committee for the purchase of commodities

- and services from the handicapped is hereby created 2 and shall be composed of the following six members who 3 are to be appointed by the governor with the advice and 4 5 consent of the Senate: A private citizen who is conver-6 sant with the problems incidental to the employment of 7 handicapped persons; a representative of a producing 8 nonprofit workshop; a representative of the division of 9 rehabilitation services; a representative of the depart-10 ment of finance and administration; a representative of 11 private business who is knowledgeable in the activities 12 involved in the sale of commodities or services to 13 governmental entities; and a representative of organized 14 labor who is knowledgeable in matters relating to employment of the disabled. The governor shall appoint 15 16 one member to serve as chairperson.
- 17 (b) Members of the committee are appointed to serve 18 two-year terms expiring on the thirty-first day of 19 January of odd-numbered years. Members may not 20 receive compensation for their service on the committee 21 or reimbursement by the state for expenses incurred in 22 performing their duties as members.
- (c) The committee shall have as an executive secretary the person charged with program management in section twelve, article three of this chapter. The secretary shall be responsible for the day-to-day management of the committee and shall coordinate with the central nonprofit agency to perform the duties outlined in section twelve, article three of this chapter.

§5A-3A-4. Responsibilities of the committee for the purchase of commodities and services from the handicapped.

The committee shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

(a) Determining the fair market price of all commodities, printing and services produced by nonprofit workshops and offered for sale by the central nonprofit agency to the various departments and political subdivisions of the state. Prices shall be revised periodically to reflect changing market conditions.

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- 9 (b) Monitoring the activities of the central nonprofit 10 agency to assure that the interests of the state's 11 handicapped citizens are advanced by the agency. The 12 committee shall make rules necessary to monitor the 13 agency as well as matters related to the state's use of 14 the products and services produced by the handicapped. 15 Except as stated in section twelve, article three of this 16 chapter, rules shall reflect agreement with the policies 17 and procedures established by the state's purchasing 18 units.
 - (c) Monitoring the performance of the central non-profit agency to see that the commodities and services produced meet state specifications (or in the absence of specifications meet standards in use by the federal government or industry) as to quality and delivery. The committee shall provide procedures for formal and informal resolution of provider and consumer grievances or complaints.
- 27 (d) Maintaining records pertaining to its activities 28 under the act including records of sales, formal 29 grievances, number of handicapped workers employed, 30 a summary of disabilities for workers providing 31 services, a list of workshop products and services, and the geographic distribution of provider workshops. On 32 33 or before the first day of January of each year the 34 committee shall file with the governor and the presiding 35 officer of each house of the Legislature a written report summarizing the above records and giving a detailed 36 accounting for all funds received and disbursed by the 37 38 committee during the preceding year.

§5A-3A-5. Rules.

- 1 The committee may adopt rules for the implementa-
- 2 tion, extension, administration, or improvement of the
- 3 program authorized by this article.

§5A-3A-6. Exceptions.

- 1 Exceptions from the operation of the mandatory
- 2 provisions of section twelve, article three of this code
- 3 may be made in any case where the commodity or
- 4 service so produced or provided does not meet the

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reasonable requirements of the purchasing unit or cannot be reasonably provided by a nonprofit workshop in the opinion of the committee or the central nonprofit agency. No spending unit may evade the intent of this section when required goods or services are reasonably 10 available from nonprofit workshops.

CHAPTER 79

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2101—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section fourteen-a, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article three, chapter twenty-nine of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b; to amend and reenact section twenty-four of said article three; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all relating to inspection fee collections by the state fire marshal and payment of the same into special fund for the state fire commission; authorizing and setting caps on such inspection fees; providing for legislative appropriation of such fees; prohibiting the sale, possession or use of fireworks without a permit; authorizing the state fire marshal to adopt rules; fees; bond; proof of financial responsibility; providing for the licensure of electricians; providing a declaration of purpose; providing definitions: exemptions; establishing classes of licenses; setting forth minimum standards to qualify for licenses; licenses and renewal thereof; providing for applications; setting fees; providing for examinations; licensure without examination; denial, suspension or revocation of licenses; providing that noncompliance is a misdemeanor offense; providing penalties; providing the state fire marshal with certain powers; providing for the nonapplicability of local ordinances in certain cases; and providing for the disposition of fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen-a, article twelve, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that article three, chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b; that section twenty-four of said article three be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter twenty-nine be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-b, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

Article

- 3. Fire Prevention and Control Act.
- 3B. Supervision of Electricians.

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-12b. Fees.

§29-3-24. Unlawful sale, possession or use of fireworks; permit for public display.

§29-3-12b. Fees.

- 1 (a) The state fire marshal may establish fees in accordance with the following:
- 3 (1) For blasting.—Any person storing, selling or using 4 explosives shall first obtain a permit from the state fire 5 marshal. Such permit shall be valid from the first day
- of July through the thirtieth day of June of the succeeding year beginning on the first day of July, one
- 8 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The state fire
- 9 marshal may charge a fee not to exceed fifty dollars for
- 10 such permit.
- 11 (2) For inspections of schools or day care facilities.—
- 12 The state fire marshal may charge a fee of up to twenty-
- 13 five dollars per annual inspection for inspection of
- 14 schools or day care facilities: Provided, That only one
- 15 such fee may be charged per year for any building in
- which a school and a day care facility are co-located:
- 17 Provided, however, That any school or day care facility
- 18 may not be charged for an inspection more than one
- 19 time per twelve-month period.
- 20 (3) For inspections of hospitals or nursing homes.—
- 21 The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee of

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up to one hundred dollars per annual inspection of hospitals or nursing homes: *Provided*, That any hospital or nursing home may not be charged for an inspection more than one time per twelve-month period.

- (4) For inspections of personal care homes or board and care facilities.—The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee of up to fifty dollars per annual inspection for inspections of personal care homes or board and care facilities: *Provided*, That any personal care home or board and care facility may not be charged for an inspection more than one time per twelve-month period.
- (5) For inspections of residential occupancies.—The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee of up to one hundred dollars for each inspection of a residential occupancy. For purposes of this subdivision, "residential occupancies" are those buildings in which sleeping accommodations are provided for normal residential purposes.
- (6) For inspections of mercantile occupancies.—The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee of up to one hundred dollars for inspections of mercantile occupancies: Provided, That if such inspection is in response to a complaint made by a member of the public, the state fire marshal shall obtain from the complainant an advance inspection fee of twenty-five dollars. This fee shall be returned to the complainant if. after the state fire marshal has made the inspection, he finds that the complaint was accurate and justified, and he shall thereafter collect an inspection fee of up to one hundred dollars from the mercantile occupancy. If, after the inspection has been performed, it appears to the state fire marshal that such complaint was not accurate or justified, the state fire marshal shall keep the twentyfive dollar advance inspection fee obtained from the complainant and may not collect any fees from the mercantile occupant. For purposes of this section, "mercantile occupancy" includes stores, markets and other rooms, buildings or structures for the display and sale of merchandise.

- (7) For business occupancies.—The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee of up to one hundred dollars for inspections of business occupancies: *Provided*. That the provisions in subdivision (6) of this section shall apply regarding complaints by members of the public. For purposes of this section, "business occupancies" are those buildings used for the transaction of business. other than mercantile occupancies, for the keeping of accounts and records, and similar purposes.
 - (8) For inspections of assembly occupancies.—The state fire marshal may charge an inspection fee not more than one time per twelve-month period for the inspection of assembly occupancies. The inspection fee shall be assessed as follows: For class C assembly facilities, an inspection fee not to exceed fifty dollars; for class B assembly facilities, an inspection fee not to exceed seventy-five dollars; and for class A facilities, an inspection fee not to exceed one hundred dollars.

For purposes of this subdivision, an "assembly occupancy" includes, but is not limited to, all buildings or portions of buildings used for gathering together fifty or more persons for such purposes as deliberation, worship, entertainment, eating, drinking, amusement, or awaiting transportation. For purposes of this section, a "class C assembly facility" is one that accommodates fifty to three hundred persons; a "class B facility" is one which accommodates more than three hundred persons but less than one thousand persons; and a "class A facility" is one which accommodates more than one thousand persons.

(b) The state fire marshal shall have the authority to establish a fee schedule for the fire safety review of plans and specifications for new and existing construction as set forth in this article. Such fee shall be paid by such party or parties receiving the review.

The fee schedule shall be based upon existing and projected workloads as advanced by the state fire marshal and the schedule shall be clearly set forth by rules and regulations promulgated by the state fire commission. In no event may this fee exceed ten dollars.

- 102 (c) All fees authorized and collected pursuant to this 103 article and article three-b of this chapter shall be paid 104 to the state fire marshal and thereafter deposited into 105 a special account for the operation of the state fire 106 commission in administering this article and article three-b of this chapter: Provided, That for the fiscal year 107 one thousand nine hundred ninety, expenditures from 108 109 said account shall be made upon authorization by the 110 governor after submission of an expenditure schedule by 111 the state fire commission. For fiscal years thereafter, the Legislature shall appropriate the moneys in said 112 account by a specific numbered account in the budget 113 114 bill. Any amounts not expended from such account at 115 the end of a fiscal year shall expire and be transferred 116 to the general fund, unless sooner reappropriated by the 117 Legislature.
- 118 (d) If the owner or occupant of any occupancy 119 arranges a time and place for an inspection with the 120 state fire marshal and is not ready for the occupancy to be inspected at the appointed time and place, the 121 122 owner or occupant thereof shall be charged the inspec-123 tion fee provided in this section unless at least forty-124 eight hours prior to the scheduled inspection the owner 125 or occupant requests the state fire marshal to reschedule 126 such inspection. In the event a second inspection is 127 required by the state fire marshal as a result of the 128 owner or occupant failing to be ready for the inspection 129 when the state fire marshal arrives, the state fire marshal shall charge the owner or occupant of such 130 131 occupancy the inspection fees set forth above for each 132 inspection trip required.

§29-3-24. Unlawful sale, possession or use of fireworks; permit for public display.

Except as hereinafter provided, no person, firm, co-1 2 partnership or corporation shall offer for sale, possess, expose for sale, sell at retail, keep with intent to sell at 3 retail, or use or explode any fireworks: Provided, That 4 the state fire marshal may adopt reasonable rules and 5 regulations for the granting of permits for the super-6 vised displays of fireworks by municipalities, fair 7 8 associations, amusement parks, and other organizations

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9 or groups of individuals. The state fire marshal shall 10 have the authority to charge a fee of ten dollars to each 11 applicant requesting a license to be a pyrotechnic 12 operator as set forth in this article. The state fire 13 marshal shall charge a scaled fee for all applications 14 requesting permits to establish a pyrotechnics display as 15 provided in this section. All fees required to be paid by 16 the provisions of this section shall be paid to the state 17 fire marshal and thereafter deposited by him into a 18 special account for the operation of the state fire 19 commission. Such permits may be granted upon appli-20 cation to said state fire marshal and after approval of 21 the local police and fire authorities of the community 22 wherein the display is proposed to be held as provided herein and the filing of a bond by the applicant as 2324 provided hereinafter. Every such display shall be 25 handled by a competent operator licensed or certified as 26 to competency by the state fire marshal and shall be of 27 such composition, character, and so located, discharged or fired as in the opinion of the chief of the fire 28 29 department, after proper inspection, and of the chief of police as to not be hazardous to property or endanger 30 any person or persons. After such privilege shall have 31 32 been granted, the sale, possession, use and distribution 33 of fireworks for such display shall be lawful for that 34 purpose only. No permit granted hereunder shall be 35 transferable.

The governing body or chief executive authority of the municipality shall require a bond from the licensee in a sum not less than one thousand dollars conditioned on compliance with the provisions of this article and the regulations of the state fire commission: *Provided*, That no municipality shall be required to file such bond.

Before any permit for a pyrotechnic display shall be issued, the person, firm or corporation making application therefor shall furnish proof of financial responsibility to satisfy claims for damages to property or personal injuries arising out of any act or omission on the part of such person, firm or corporation or any agent or employee thereof, in such amount, character and form

- 49 as the state fire marshal determines to be necessary for
- 50 the protection of the public.

ARTICLE 3B. SUPERVISION OF ELECTRICIANS.

- §29-3B-1. Declaration of purpose.
- §29-3B-2. Necessity of license; definitions.
- §29-3B-3. Exemptions; nonapplicability of license requirements.
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- §29-3B-5. Rules; applications and examinations; fees.
- §29-3B-6. License without examination; fees.
- §29-3B-7. Denial of license; suspension and revocation of license.
- §29-3B-8. Effect of noncompliance with article; failure to obtain license.
- §29-3B-9. Nonapplicability of local ordinances; exclusive license.
- §29-3B-10. Disposition of fees, fines and other receipts.

§29-3B-1. Declaration of purpose.

- 1 This article is enacted to protect the health, safety and
- 2 welfare of the public as well as public and private
- 3 property by assuring the competence of those who
- 4 perform electrical work through licensure by the state
- 5 fire marshal of the state fire commission.

§29-3B-2. Necessity of license; definitions.

- 1 After the effective date of this article, no electrical
 - 2 work may be performed, offered or engaged in for
 - 3 compensation or hire within the state of West Virginia
 - 4 by any person, firm or corporation unless such person,
 - 5 firm or corporation possesses a license and a certificate
 - 6 therefor issued by the state fire marshal in accordance
 - 7 with this article, and a copy of such license is posted on
 - any job in which electrical work is being performed for
 - 9 hire.

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10 As used in this article:

- 11 (a) "Apprentice electrician" means a person with
- 12 interest in and an aptitude for performing electrical
- 13 work but who alone is not capable of installing wires,
- 14 conduits, apparatus, equipment, fixtures and other
- 15 appliances.
- 16 (b) "Electrical contractor" means a person, firm or
- 17 corporation who engages in the business of electrical
- 18 work or employs master electricians, electricians,

- apprentice electricians or helpers for the construction, alteration or repair of any electrical wiring, equipment or systems for the purposes of furnishing heat, light or
- 22 power.
- 23 (c) "Electrical work" means the installation of wires, 24 conduits, apparatus, fixtures, other appliances, equip-25 ment or systems for transmitting, carrying or using 26 electricity for light, heat or power purposes.
- 27 (d) "Journeyman electrician" means a person qualified 28 by at least two years of electrical work experience to do 29 any work installing wires, conduits, apparatus, equip-30 ment, fixtures and other appliances subject to supervi-31 sion by a master electrician.
- 32 (e) "License" means a valid and current certificate of competency issued by the state fire marshal.
- 34 (f) "Master electrician" means a person with at least 35 five years of electrical work experience, including 36 experience in all phases of electrical wiring and 37 installation, who is competent to instruct and supervise 38 the electrical work of journeyman electricians and 39 apprentice electricians.

§29-3B-3. Exemptions; nonapplicability of license requirements.

This article does not apply to and no license may be 1 2 required for (a) a person who performs electrical work 3 with respect to any property owned or leased by such person; (b) a person who performs electrical work at any 4 5 manufacturing plant or other industrial establishment 6 as an employee of the person, firm or corporation 7 operating such plant or establishment; (c) a person who 8 performs electrical work while employed by an emplover who engages in the business of selling appliances 9 at retail, so long as such electrical work is performed 10 incident to the installation or repair of appliances sold 11 by the employer; (d) a person who, while employed by 12 a public utility or its affiliate, performs electrical work 13 in connection with the furnishing of public utility 14 service: or (e) any government employee. 15

- §29-3B-4. Licenses; classes of licenses; issuance of licenses by commissioner; qualifications required for license; nontransferability and nonassignability of licenses; expiration of license; renewal.
 - 1 (a) The following three classes of license may be issued 2 by the state fire marshal: "Master electrician license," 3 "journeyman electrician's license" and "apprentice 4 electrician license."
 - 5 (b) The state fire marshal shall issue the appropriate class of license to a person, firm or corporation upon a finding that such person, firm or corporation possesses the qualifications for the class of license to be issued.
 - 9 (c) The qualifications for each class of license to be issued are as follows:
 - (1) For a "master electrician license" a person must have five years of experience in electrical work of such breadth, independence and quality that such work indicates that the applicant is competent to perform all types of electrical work and can direct and instruct journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians in the performance of electrical work. Such applicant, or a member of a firm or an officer of a corporation if the applicant be a firm or corporation, must also pass the master electrician examination given by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better;
 - (2) For a "journeyman electrician's license," a person must have at least two years of experience in performing electrical work under the direction or instruction of a master electrician or must have completed a formal apprentice program providing actual electrical work experience and training conducted by one or more master electricians. Such applicant must also pass the journeyman electrician's examination given by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better;
 - (3) For an "apprentice electrician license," a person must pass the apprentice electrician's examination given

by the state fire marshal with a grade of eighty percent correct or better.

- (d) (1) Certificates of license for a master electrician's license issued by the state fire marshal shall specify the name of the person, firm or corporation so qualifying and the name of the person, who in the case of a firm shall be one of its members and in the case of a corporation shall be one of its officers, passing the master electrician examination.
- (2) Licenses issued to journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians shall specify the name of the person who is thereby authorized to perform electrical work or, in the case of apprentice electricians, to work with other classes of electricians to perform electrical work.
- (e) No license issued under this article is assignable or transferable.
- (f) All licenses issued by the state fire marshal shall expire on the thirtieth day of June following the year of issue or renewal.
- (g) (1) Each expiring license may be renewed without need for examination and without limit as to the number of times renewed, for the same class of license previously issued and for the same person, firm or corporation to whom it was originally issued upon payment to the state fire marshal of a renewal fee of fifty dollars if such application for renewal and payment of such fee is made before the date of expiration of the license.
- (2) In the case of a failure to renew a license on or before the thirtieth day of June the person named in the license may, upon payment of the renewal fee and an additional fee of fifteen dollars, receive from the state fire marshal a deferred renewal of such license which shall expire on the thirtieth day of June in the ensuing year. No person, firm or corporation may perform electrical work upon expiration of such person's, firm's or corporation's license until a deferred renewal for such license is issued by the state fire marshal even if such person, firm or corporation has applied for the deferred renewal of such license.

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§29-3B-5. Rules; applications and examinations; fees.

- (a) The state fire marshal shall promulgate necessary rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the provisions of this article. Rules adopted by the state fire marshal and presently in effect shall remain in effect until and unless the state fire marshal adopts new rules, and the state fire marshal may adopt any or all of the rules presently in effect.
- (b) The state fire marshal shall prepare and arrange for the receipt of applications from those who intend to perform electrical work in the state of West Virginia. Such application shall be sufficiently detailed to enable the state fire marshal to determine the presence or absence of an applicant's qualifications for a license of a particular class. The state fire marshal may, if he considers it necessary, require applicants to supply affidavits or other documents attesting to the applicant's qualifications from past employers, other electricians. engineers and others with knowledge of the applicant's qualifications. The state fire marshal may make such other inquiries as he considers necessary to determine the qualifications of the applicant. An applicant expressly consents to such inquiries by the state fire marshal by his application.
- (c) The state fire marshal shall prepare and arrange for the giving of examinations to all applicants for licensure as master electricians, journeyman electricians and apprentice electricians. There shall be a separate and different examination for each class of license, appropriate in subject matter, difficulty and depth of understanding for each class. All examinations shall be based on and derived from the national electric code as promulgated from time to time by the national fire protection association. A minimum grade of eighty percent correct for all examinations is necessary for licensure by the state fire marshal. The examinations shall be given at least four times each year. The places, dates and times of such examinations shall be made known by public notice issued by the state fire marshal. The state fire marshal may contract with the bureau of

- vocational, technical and adult education, state department of education, to perform such examinations.
- 43 (d) Each person desiring to take an examination shall 44 make written application therefor at the time desig-45 nated by and on forms prescribed by the state fire marshal. The applicant shall specify the class of license 46 47 for which he seeks licensure. The application shall be 48 accompanied by an examination fee of twenty-five 49 dollars for licenses for master electrician or journeyman 50 electrician, or by an examination fee of ten dollars for 51 an apprentice electrician license applicant. The fee is 52 not returnable.
- 53 (e) An applicant who fails to make the required 54 passing score on any examination or who lacks qualifi-55 cations for the class of license desired may retake the 56 examination or change his application to request a 57 license of a lesser class upon the payment to the state 58 fire marshal of a fee of ten dollars together with a new 59 application. Any reexamination may be taken or new 60 application may be submitted as many times as the 61 applicant desires, but each such examination or appli-62 cation requires the payment of the additional fee of ten 63 dollars and the making of a new application to the state 64 fire marshal. When the examination is successfully 65 passed and the requisite qualifications are established 66 by the applicant, the state fire marshal shall issue the 67 appropriate license as provided above.

§29-3B-6. License without examination; fees.

1 (a) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this 2 article, any applicant for a certificate of license who 3 within ninety days following the effective date of this article furnishes the state fire marshal with satisfactory 4 5 evidence showing that such applicant is working as a 6 journeyman electrician or master electrician in this 7 state as of the effective date of this article and that he 8 has been working for a period of one year immediately 9 prior to the effective date of this article, or any applicant 10 who gives conclusive evidence of possession of a 11 certificate of competency issued by the state fire 12 marshal prior to the effective date of this article is not

- 13 required to take the examination described in section
- 14 five of this article. Such applicant shall be issued a
- 15 license for the class of license the applicant's qualifica-
- 16 tions establish.
- 17 (b) Such applicant who is exempt from testing is
- 18 nevertheless required to submit a complete application
- 19 on forms prescribed by the state fire marshal accompan-
- 20 ied by a license fee of twenty-five dollars.
- 21 (c) Such license issued by the state fire marshal upon
- 22 application without examination expires and is eligible
- 23 for renewal as provided in section four of this article.

§29-3B-7. Denial of license; suspension and revocation of license.

- 1 (a) The state fire marshal shall deny a license to any
- 2 applicant who fails to make a passing grade on the 3 examination or who fails to establish or who lacks the
- 5 examination of who fails to establish of who facks the
- 4 necessary qualifications for a license for the class of license desired.
- 6 (b) The state fire marshal may upon complaint or his
- own inquiry, after notice and hearing as provided by article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, suspend
- 9 or revoke the license of any person who holds a license
- 10 if:
- 11 (1) The license was granted upon an application or
- 12 documents supporting such application which mate-
- 13 rially misstated the terms of the applicant's qualifica-
- 14 tions or experience;
- 15 (2) Such person subscribed or vouched for such
- 16 misstatement by an applicant;
- 17 (3) Such person incompetently or unsafely performs
- 18 electrical work;
- 19 (4) Such person violated any statute of the state of
- 20 West Virginia, any rule lawfully promulgated by an
- 21 agency of the state of West Virginia or any ordinance
- 22 of any municipality or county of the state of West
- 23 Virginia which protects the consumer or public against
- 24 unfair, unsafe, unlawful or improper business practices;
 - 25 or

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- 26 (5) Such person fails to comply with any rule of the 27 state fire marshal promulgated to fulfill his responsibil-28 ities under this article.
- (c) Any person aggrieved by an order or decision of the state fire marshal under this article is entitled to judicial review as provided by section eighteen, article three of this chapter and by chapter twenty-nine-a of

33 this code.

§29-3B-8. Effect of noncompliance with article; failure to obtain license.

1 Any person, firm, corporation or employee thereof, or 2 any representative, member or officer of such firm or 3 corporation, individually, entering upon or engaging in the business of performing any electrical work as 4 5 defined in this article, without obtaining the required 6 license or otherwise complying with this article, is for 7 the first offense guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 8 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars. For a second and each subsequent 9 offense, the penalty and punishment is a fine of not less 10 than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred 11 12 dollars.

Each day during which such electrical work is performed without the required license or while in noncompliance with any of the provisions of this article, after official notice that such work is unlawful, is a separate offense.

18 Any electrical work performed by a person, firm or 19 corporation which is determined by the state fire marshal to constitute a safety or health hazard to 20 members of the public or any electrical work of an 21 extensive nature being performed by any person without 22 the required license or otherwise in noncompliance with 23 the requirements of this article or contrary to an order 24 or rule promulgated lawfully by the state fire marshal, 25 is subject to a civil action in the name of the state in 26 the circuit court of the county where such work is being 27 performed for an injunction against such person, firm 28 or corporation, enjoining such work or violation. A 29 circuit court by mandatory or prohibitory injunction 30

- 31 may compel compliance with the provisions of this
- 32 article, with the lawful orders of the state fire marshal
- 33 and with any final decision of the state fire marshal or
- 34 state fire commission. The state fire marshal shall be
- 35 represented in all such proceedings by the attorney
- 36 general or his assistants.

§29-3B-9. Nonapplicability of local ordinances; exclusive license.

- 1 After the effective date of this article no municipality,
- 2 local government or county may require any license or
- other evidence of competence as an electrician from any
- 4 person, firm or corporation who or which holds a valid
- 5 and current license issued pursuant to this article, as a
- 6 condition precedent to permission for the performance
- 7 of electrical work in such municipality, local govern-
- 8 ment jurisdiction or county.

§29-3B-10. Disposition of fees, fines and other receipts.

- 1 All fees or other moneys received as a result of actions
- 2 under this article shall be paid to the state fire marshal.
- 3 Such receipts shall be deposited by him in a special
- 4 account with the state treasurer for the use of the state
- 5 fire marshal in administering this article as provided in
- 6 subsection (c), section twelve-b, article three of this
- 7 chapter.

CHAPTER 80

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2333—By Delegates Otte and Givens)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen-a, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the fire prevention and control act; smoke detectors in one and two-family dwellings; requiring operational smoke detectors in all new one and two-family dwellings completed after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; deleting certain provisions with respect

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to mobile homes and exempting "manufactured homes" from the provisions thereof; and continuing and increasing the penalties for violations of this section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen-a, article three, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

§29-3-16a. Smoke detectors in one and two-family dwellings; penalty.

- 1 (a) Within all one and two-family dwellings which are 2 not occupied by the owner thereof, and within all one 3 and two-family dwellings completed after the first day 4 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, an opera-5 tional smoke detector shall be installed outside of each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of the 6 7 sleeping area: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to any "manufactured home" as 8 that term is defined in subsection (j), section two, article 9 nine, chapter twenty-one of this code. Such smoke 10 detector shall be capable of sensing visible or invisible 11 particles of combustion and shall meet the specifications 12 and be installed as provided for in the National Fire 13 Protection Association Standard 74, "Standard for the 14 Installation, Maintenance and Use of Household Fire 15 Warning Equipment," 1984 edition, and in the manufac-16 turer's specifications. When activated, the smoke 17 detector shall provide an alarm suitable to warn the 18 occupants of the danger of fire. 19
 - (b) The owner of each dwelling described in subsection (a) of this section shall provide, install and replace the operational smoke detectors required by this section. So as to assure that the smoke detector continues to be operational, in each dwelling described in subsection (a) which is not occupied by the owner thereof, the tenant in any such dwelling shall perform routine maintenance on the smoke detectors within such dwelling.
- 28 (c) Where a dwelling is not occupied by the owner and 29 is occupied by an individual who is deaf or hearing

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- impaired, the owner shall, upon written request by or on behalf of such individual, provide and install a smoke detector with a light signal sufficient to warn the deaf or hearing-impaired individual of the danger of fire.
 - (d) An automatic fire sprinkler system installed in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association Standard 13D, "Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential Occupancies," 1983 edition, may be provided in lieu of smoke detectors.
 - (e) After investigating a fire in any dwelling described in subsection (a) of this section, the local investigating authority shall issue to the owner a smoke detector installation order in the absence of the required smoke detectors.
 - 44 (f) Any person who violates any provision of this 45 section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction 46 thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor 47 more than one hundred dollars.
 - (g) A violation of this section shall not be deemed by virtue of such violation to constitute evidence of negligence or contributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or proceeding for damages.
 - (h) A violation of this section shall not constitute a defense in any civil action or proceeding involving any insurance policy.
 - (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the rights of any political subdivision in this state to enact laws imposing upon owners of any dwelling described in subsection (a) of this section a greater duty with regard to the installation, repair and replacement of the smoke detectors than is required by this section.
 - (j) Owners of dwellings described in subsection (a) shall comply with the provisions of this section no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, except as may be otherwise specified in said subsection (a).

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CHAPTER 81

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 3-By Senator Hylton)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b, relating to enabling the conveyance of Grandview State Park to the National Park Service of the government of the United States of America.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.

§5B-1-12b. Conveyance of Grandview State Park to the National Park Service; governor, director of the department of natural resources and director of the department of commerce.

The governor and the director of the department of 1 natural resources may convey, within one year of the 2 effective date of this section, the lands and property of 3 Grandview State Park to the National Park Service of 4 the government of the United States of America: 5 Provided, That the National Park Service agrees to 6 accept the conveyance: Provided, however, That the 7 department of natural resources shall hold public 8 hearings prior to making said conveyance. At least one 9 public hearing shall be held in the county where the 10 park is located. 11

The commissioner of the department of commerce shall cooperate with and aid the department of natural resources in the conveyance. The conveyance is subject to the provisions of article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

CHAPTER 82

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2612—By Delegates M. Burke and White)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, relating to conversion of hospital acute beds to skilled nursing beds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

§16-2D-4a. Conversion of hospital acute beds to skilled nursing beds.

1 (a) Legislative findings and purpose.—The Legislature hereby finds and declares that a need exists for 2 skilled nursing health care beds in this state due to a shortage of existing facilities with adequate bed 4 capacity and lack of willingness to provide such services; 5 that patients in need of skilled nursing services have 6 7 sometimes been retained in an inappropriate level of care facility: that such practices have resulted in 8 9 malutilization of health care facilities and resources; that there currently exists a surplus of acute care beds 10 in hospitals, particularly those in rural areas within this 11 state; that the surplus of acute care beds is, for the 12 foreseeable future, permanent in nature; that the same 13 excess capacity of acute care beds promotes economic 14 inefficiencies in operation while failing to meet com-15 16 munity needs: that nursing homes are unable under subsection (h), section five of this article, to add 17 intermediate or dually certified beds to skilled nursing 18 beds at the present time in numbers in excess of ten 19 percent or not more than ten beds, whichever is less: and 20 that remedial action by the Legislature is necessary to 21

effectuate relief of these problems to promote the health and welfare of the citizens of the state by allowing, in certain instances, for the conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing beds by hospitals, but with no increase in overall hospital bed capacity.

- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (h), section five of this article, and, further, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), section three of this article, the state agency shall adopt rules pursuant to section eight of this article, to exempt from review the conversion of acute care beds to skilled nursing care beds by a licensed hospital by the state department of health if the hospital meets the following conditions:
- (1) It is located in a nonmetropolitan statistical area as defined by the bureau of census of the federal government;
- (2) It has experienced an average occupancy rate of less than fifty percent for the twelve months preceding the date of request for this exemption; and
- (3) The nursing home service area within which the hospital is located is under the bed ceiling as calculated by the thirty beds per thousand population formula as set forth in the long-term care chapter of the state health plan, except for the purposes of this article existing nursing home beds shall be used in the calculation.
- (c) The state agency shall include in its rules requirements that:
- (1) In converting beds, the hospital must change one acute care bed into one skilled nursing care bed;
- (2) All acute care beds converted shall be permanently deleted from the hospital's acute care bed complement and the hospital may not thereafter add, by conversion or otherwise, acute care beds to its bed complement without satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), section three of this article, for which purposes such an addition, whether by conversion or otherwise, such be considered a substantial change to the bed capacity of the hospital notwithstanding the

61 definition of that term found in subsection (ee), section 62 two of this article;

- (3) The hospital shall meet all applicable federal and state licensing requirements for the provisions of skilled nursing services including a requirement that all skilled care beds created under this exemption shall be located in distinct-part, long-term care units;
- (4) No hospital is permitted to convert more than twenty-five percent of its licensed bed capacity in any twenty-four month period pursuant to this exemption; however, in the event that subsection (h), section five of this article, is repealed and to the extent that other methods of converting acute care beds are available under this article, the hospital may request certificate of need approval of such conversions;
- (5) The hospital shall undergo substantial compliance review of a conversion under this exemption under such terms and at such a time as set by the state agency in its rules.
- (d) Nothing in this section negatively affects the rights of inspection and certification which are elsewhere required by federal law or regulations or by this code or duly adopted regulation of an authorized state entity.

CHAPTER 83

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2510—By Delegates Riggs and Minard)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g, relating to federal "WIC" program; requiring banks in the state to accept WIC vouchers or coupons from vendors; requiring state health director to deposit WIC funds in state bank and providing for method of selection of bank; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-g, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2G. SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY FOOD PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS AND CHILDREN (WIC).

§16-2G-1. Voucher or coupon redemption and payment.

1 With respect to the vouchers or coupons authorized by 2 the department of health in the administration of the 3 special supplementary food program for women, infants 4 and children, commonly known as the WIC program, 5 under the auspices and guidelines of the United States 6 department of agriculture, such vouchers or coupons. when received by a vendor from a holder thereof in 7 8 exchange for food, food stuffs, or authorized goods or 9 services, may be deposited by the said vendor in any 10 federally insured bank in this state for collection and payment thereof, and such bank shall accept the same 11 12 as equivalent to a negotiable instrument from a holder 13 in due course pursuant to chapter forty-six of this code, and shall collect the funds for such vouchers or coupons 14 so received. 15

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All moneys received from the United States department of agriculture under said program, except for moneys to be used for administration, shall be deposited by the state health director in a special account in a federally insured bank in this state. The director shall select the bank by competitive bidding in the same manner as the state treasurer selects depository banks for state funds, subject to applicable federal laws or regulations governing such selection.

The provisions of this section shall take effect on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety, except that the director shall commence procedures for the selection of the bank and for implementation of the other provisions of this section upon the passage hereof.

Nothing in this section shall make such vouchers or

- 31 coupons negotiable instruments for any purpose other
- 32 than expressly set forth herein or as permitted by

33 applicable federal laws or regulations.

CHAPTER 84

(H. B. 2760—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections six, ten and eleven. article five-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact sections two, three, five and twenty, article twenty-nine-a of said chapter, relating to nursing home, personal care home and residential board and care home licensure; application; fees; duration; renewal; certified beds; reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of funds derived therefrom; license limitation; suspension; revocation; continuation of disciplinary proceedings; closure; transfer of patients; appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest, collection thereof: promulgation of regulations to conform to federal requirements; hearings; powers of the West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority; definitions of hospitals; and certificates of need.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections six, ten and eleven, article five-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that sections two, three, five and twenty, article twenty-nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

Article

- 5C. Nursing and Personal Care Homes and Residential Board and Care Homes.
- 29A. West Virginia Hospital Finance Authority Act.

ARTICLE 5C. NURSING AND PERSONAL CARE HOMES AND RESIDENTIAL BOARD AND CARE HOMES.

§16-5C-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.

§16-5C-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of funds derived therefrom; hearings.

§16-5C-11. License limitation, suspension, revocation; continuation of disciplinary proceedings; closure, transfer of patients. appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest; collection of assessments; promulgation of regulations to conform with federal requirements; hearings.

§16-5C-6. License required; application; fees; duration; renewal.

- Subject to the provisions of section seventeen of this article, no person may establish, operate, maintain, offer or advertise a nursing home, personal care home, or
- 4 residential board and care home within this state unless
- 5 and until he obtains a valid license therefor as hereinaf-
- 6 ter provided, which license remains unsuspended,
- 7 unrevoked and unexpired. No public official or em-
- 8 ployee may place any person in, or recommend that any
- 9 person be placed in, or directly or indirectly cause any
- 10 person to be placed in, any facility, as defined in section
- 11 two of this article, which is being operated without a
- 12 valid license from the director. The procedure for
- 13 obtaining a license shall be as follows:

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- 14 (a) The applicant shall submit an application to the 15 director on a form to be prescribed by the director, 16 containing such information as may be necessary to 17 show that the applicant is in compliance with the 18 standards for nursing homes, personal care homes, or 19 residential board and care homes as established by this 20 article and the rules and regulations lawfully promulgated by the board of health hereunder. The application 21 22 and any exhibits thereto shall provide the following 23 information:
 - (1) The name and address of the applicant;
 - (2) The name, address and principal occupation (i) of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of ten percent or more in the applicant, (ii) of each officer and director of a corporate applicant, (iii) of each trustee and beneficiary of an

applicant which is a trust, and (iv) where a corporation has a proprietary interest of fifty percent or more in an applicant, the name, address and principal occupation of each officer and director of such corporation;

- (3) The name and address of the owner of the premises of the facility or proposed facility, if he is a different person from the applicant, and in such case, the name and address (i) of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest of ten percent or more in such owner, (ii) of each officer and director of a corporate applicant, (iii) of each trustee and beneficiary of such owner if he is a trust, and (iv) where a corporation has a proprietary interest of fifty percent or more in such owner, the name and address of each officer and director of such corporation;
- 45 (4) Where the applicant is the lessee or the assignee 46 of the facility or the premises of the proposed facility, 47 a signed copy of the lease and any assignment thereof;
- 48 (5) The name and address of the facility or the premises of the proposed facility;
 - (6) The type of institution to be operated;
 - (7) The proposed bed quota of the facility and the proposed bed quota of each unit thereof;
 - (8) (i) An organizational plan for the facility indicating the number of persons employed or to be employed, the positions and duties of all employees, (ii) the name and address of the individual who is to serve as administrator, and (iii) such evidence of compliance with applicable laws and regulations governing zoning, buildings, safety, fire prevention and sanitation as the director may require;
- 61 (9) Such additional information as the director may 62 require; and
 - (10) Assurances that the nursing home was reviewed and found to be needed under the provisions of article two-d of this chapter.
 - (b) Upon receipt and review of an application for license made pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section,

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and inspection of the applicant facility pursuant to section ten of this article, the director shall issue a license if he finds:

- 71 (1) That an individual applicant, and every partner, 72 trustee, officer, director and controlling person of an 73 applicant which is not an individual, be a person 74 responsible and suitable to operate or to direct or participate in the operation of a facility by virtue of 75 76 financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of compliance with lawful orders 77 78 of the department (if any) and lack of revocation of a 79 license during the previous five years:
 - (2) That the facility be under the supervision of an administrator who is qualified by training and experience: *Provided*, That every facility classified as a nursing home shall have an administrator licensed pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-five, chapter thirty of this code; and
 - (3) That the facility is in substantial compliance with standards established pursuant to section five of this article, and such other requirements for a license as the board of health may establish by regulation under this article.

Any license granted by the director shall state the maximum bed capacity for which it is granted, the date the license was issued, the expiration date, and the rating assigned to the facility pursuant to section five of this article. Such licenses shall be issued for a period not to exceed fifteen months for nursing homes and for a period of not to exceed one year for personal care homes and residential board and care homes: Provided, That any such license in effect for which timely application for renewal, together with payment of the proper fee has been made to the state department of health in conformance with the provisions of this article and the rules and regulations issued thereunder, and prior to the expiration date of such license, shall continue in effect until (a) one year following the expiration date of such license, or (b) the date of the revocation or suspension of such license pursuant to the

provisions of this article, or (c) the date of issuance of a new license, whichever date first occurs. Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application and shall not be transferable or assignable: *Provided*, *however*, That in the case of the transfer of ownership of a facility with an unexpired license, the application of the new owner for a license shall have the effect of a license for a period of three months when filed with the director. Every license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility for which it is issued so as to be accessible to and in plain view of all patients and visitors of the facility.

- (c) An original license shall be renewable, conditioned upon the licensee filing timely application for the extension of the term of the license accompanied by the fee, and contingent upon evidence of compliance with the provisions of this article and regulations promulgated by the board of health hereunder: Provided. That notwithstanding the requirements of other sections of this article, the director may deem as evidence of compliance with such provisions and regulations the certification of nursing home beds under the medicare or medicaid requirements of titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social Security Act, Title 42, United States Code, sections 1395 and 1396, et seq. Any such application for renewal of a license shall include a report by the licensee in such form and containing such information as shall be prescribed by the director, including the following:
- (1) A balance sheet of the facility as of the end of its fiscal year, setting forth assets and liabilities at such date, including all capital, surplus, reserve, depreciation and similar accounts;
- (2) A statement of operations of the facility as of the end of its fiscal year, setting forth all revenues, expenses, taxes, extraordinary items and other credits or charges; and
 - (3) A statement of any changes in the name, address, management or ownership information on file with the director. All holders of facility licenses as of the effective date of this article shall include, in the first application for renewal filed thereafter, such information as is

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- required for initial applicants under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.
- 151 (d) In the case of an application for a renewal license. 152 if all requirements of section five of this article are not 153 met, the director may in his discretion issue a provi-154 sional license, provided that care given in the facility is 155 adequate for patient needs and the facility has demon-156 strated improvement and evidences potential for 157 substantial compliance within the term of said license: 158 Provided, That a provisional renewal may not be issued 159 for a period greater than one year, shall not be renewed. 160 and that no such license shall be issued to any facility 161 with uncorrected violations of any Class I standard, as 162 defined in subsection (c), section five of this article.
 - (e) A nonrefundable application fee in the amount of one hundred dollars for an original nursing home license or fifty dollars for an original personal care facility or residential board and care home license shall be paid at the time application is made for such license. Direct costs of initial licensure inspections or inspections for changes in licensed bed capacity shall be borne by the applicant and shall be received by the director prior to the issuance of an initial or amended license. The license fee for renewal of a license shall be at the rate of eight dollars per bed per year for nursing homes, and four dollars per bed per year for personal care homes, and two dollars per bed per year for residential board and care homes, except the annual rate per bed may be assessed for licenses issued for less than one year. The director may annually adjust the licensure fees for inflation based upon the consumer price index. The bed capacity for the holder of each license shall be determined by the director. All such license fees shall be due and payable to the director, annually, and in such manner set forth in the rules and regulations promulgated by the board of health. Such fee and application shall be submitted to the director who shall retain both the application and fee pending final action on the application. All fees received by the director under the provisions of this article shall be deposited in accordance with section thirteen, article one of this chapter.

§16-5C-10. Reports of inspections; plans of correction; assessment of penalties and use of funds derived therefrom; hearings.

(a) Reports of all inspections made pursuant to section nine of this article shall be in writing and filed with the director, and shall list all deficiencies in the facility's compliance with the provisions of this article and the regulations adopted by the board of health hereunder. The director shall send a copy of such report to the facility and shall specify a time within which the facility shall submit a plan for correction of such deficiencies. which plan shall be approved, rejected or modified by the director. The surveyors shall allow audio taping of the exit conference for both licensure and certification inspections with all costs directly associated with such taping to be paid by the facility.

- (b) With regard to a facility with deficiencies which is not certified under titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social Security Act and upon such facility's failure to submit a plan of correction which is approved by the director, or to correct any deficiency within the time specified in an approved plan of correction, the director may assess civil penalties as hereinafter provided or may initiate any other legal or disciplinary action as provided by this article.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the director from enforcing a regulation, administratively or in court, without first affording formal opportunity to make correction under this section, where, in the opinion of the director, the violation of such regulation jeopardizes the health or safety of patients or where the violation of such regulation is the second or subsequent such violation occurring during a period of twelve full months.
- (d) Civil penalties assessed against facilities not certified under titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social Security Act shall be classified according to the nature of the violation as defined in subsection (c), section five of this article and regulations promulgated thereunder by the board of health, as follows: For each violation of a Class I standard, a civil penalty of not less than one

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39 hundred nor more than one thousand dollars shall be 40 imposed: for each violation of a Class II standard, a civil 41 penalty of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred 42 dollars shall be imposed; for each violation of a Class III 43 standard, a civil penalty of not less than twenty-five nor 44 more than fifty dollars shall be imposed. Each day a 45 violation continues, after the date by which correction was required under an approved plan of correction or. 46 47 if an approved plan of correction is not submitted, the 48 date on which such plan was due, shall constitute a 49 separate violation.

(e) Within thirty days after the completion of an inspection for a facility certified under titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social Security Act, the director may assess civil money penalties against such facility when the facility is not in compliance with federal regulatory level A or B certification requirements as contained in Title 42. Code of Federal Regulations, part 483. In determining whether to assess a penalty, and the amount of penalty to be assessed, the director shall consider how serious the noncompliance with such level A or B requirement is in relation to direct patient care and safety, the number of patients such a noncompliance is likely to affect, whether such a noncompliance was a noncompliance during the previous inspection, the opportunity that the facility has had to correct the noncompliance, and any additional factors that may be relevant. For each day in which a facility is, or was, out of compliance with such level A or B requirements, penalties shall not exceed one hundred dollars for each such level B requirement and shall not exceed five hundred dollars for each such level A requirement. If a facility is out of compliance on two successive inspections with such a level A or B requirement, the director may, and in the case of immediate jeopardy to the health, safety, welfare or rights of patients the director shall, for each day of noncompliance, assess a civil penalty: Not to exceed two hundred dollars for each such level B requirement which is, or was, out of compliance: and, not to exceed one thousand dollars for each such level A requirement which is, or was, out of compliance. If a facility is out of compliance on three

or more successive inspections with such a level A or B requirement, the director shall for each day of noncompliance assess a civil penalty: Not to exceed six hundred dollars for each such level B requirement which is, or was, out of compliance; and, not to exceed three thousand dollars for each such level A requirement which is, or was, out of compliance.

If the director and the United States secretary of health and human services determines that a facility's failure to meet federal medicaid certification requirements under title nineteen of the Social Security Act does not jeopardize the health or safety of its patients and if such secretary establishes one or more remedies which are additional or alternative to the remedy of terminating the facility's participation under the state medicaid plan, any civil money penalty assessed under this subsection shall be withdrawn.

- (f) The director shall impose a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars against an individual who willfully and knowingly certifies under section 1919(b)(3)(B)(i) of title nineteen of the Social Security Act, or under section 1819(b)(3)(B)(i) of title eighteen of such Act, a material and false statement in a patient assessment. Such penalty shall be imposed with respect to each such patient assessment. The director shall impose a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars against an individual who willfully and knowingly causes another individual to certify under either such section of the Social Security Act a material and false statement in a patient assessment. Such penalty shall be imposed with respect to each such patient assessment.
- (g) The director shall assess a civil penalty not to exceed two thousand dollars against any individual who notifies, or causes to be notified, a facility of the time or date on which an inspection is scheduled to be conducted under this article or under titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social Security Act.
- (h) If the director assesses a penalty under this section, the director shall cause delivery of notice of such penalty by personal service or by certified mail. Said

notice shall state the amount of the penalty, the action or circumstance for which the penalty is assessed, the requirement that the action or circumstance violates, and the basis upon which the director assessed the penalty and selected the amount of the penalty.

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- (i) The director shall, in a civil judicial proceeding. recover any unpaid assessment which has not been contested under section twelve of this article within thirty days of receipt of notice of such assessment, or which has been affirmed under the provisions of that section and not appealed within thirty days of receipt of the director's final order, or which has been affirmed on judicial review, as provided in section thirteen of this article. All money collected by assessments of civil penalties or interest shall be paid into a special patient benefit account and shall be applied by the director only for the protection of the health or property of patients of facilities operated within the state that the director or the United States secretary of health and human services find to be deficient, including payment for the costs of relocation of patients to other facilities, operation of a facility pending correction of deficiencies or closure, and reimbursement of patients for personal funds lost.
- 146 (j) The opportunity for a hearing on an action taken 147 under this section shall be as provided in section twelve 148 of this article. In addition to any other rights of appeal 149 conferred upon a facility pursuant to this section, a 150 facility shall have the right to request a hearing and 151 seek judicial review pursuant to sections twelve and 152 thirteen of this article to contest the citing by the 153 director of a deficiency on an inspection report. 154 irrespective of whether the deficiency results in the 155 imposition of a civil penalty.
- §16-5C-11. License limitation, suspension, revocation; continuation of disciplinary proceedings; closure, transfer of patients, appointment of temporary management; assessment of interest; collection of assessments; promulgation of regulations to conform with federal requirements; hearings.

- (a) The director shall by order reclassify a facility, or reduce the bed quota of the facility, or both, where he finds upon inspection of the facility that the licensee is not providing adequate care under the facility's existing classification or quota, and that reclassification, reduction in quota or both would place the licensee in a position to render adequate care. Any notice to a licensee of reclassification, reduction in quota or both shall include the terms of such order, the reasons therefor, and the date set for compliance.
- (b) The director may suspend or revoke a license issued under this article if he finds upon inspection that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this article or the standards or regulations promulgated pursuant hereto.
- (c) Whenever a license is limited, suspended or revoked pursuant to this section, the director shall file a complaint stating facts constituting a ground or grounds for such limitation, suspension or revocation. Upon the filing of the complaint, the director shall notify the licensee in writing of the filing of the complaint, enclosing a copy of the complaint, and shall advise the licensee of the availability of a hearing pursuant to section twelve of this article. Such notice and copy of the complaint shall be served on such licensee by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- (d) The suspension, expiration, forfeiture or cancellation by operation of law or order of the director of a license issued by the director, or the withdrawal of an application for a license after it has been filed with the director, may not deprive the director of the director's authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding, or a proceeding for the denial of a license application, against the licensee or applicant upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order denying the license application or suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action on any such ground.
- (e) In addition to other remedies provided in this article, upon petition from the director, a circuit court may determine that a facility's deficiencies under this

- 41 article, or under titles eighteen or nineteen of the Social 42 Security Act, if applicable, constitute an emergency 43 immediately jeopardizing the health, safety, welfare, or 44 rights of its patients, and issue an order to:
- 45 (1) Close the facility;
- 46 (2) Transfer patients in the facility to other facilities; 47 or
- 48 (3) Appoint temporary management to oversee the 49 operation of the facility and to assure the health, safety, 50 welfare and rights of the facility's patients, where there 51 is a need for temporary management while:
- 52 (A) There is an orderly closure of the facility, or
- 53 (B) Improvements are made in order to bring the 54 facility into compliance with all the applicable require-55 ments of this article and, if applicable, titles eighteen 56 and nineteen of the Social Security Act.

If the director petitions a circuit court for the closure of a facility, the transfer of patients, or the appointment of a temporary management, the circuit court shall hold a hearing no later than seven days thereafter, at which time the director and the licensee or operator of the facility may participate and present evidence.

63 A circuit court may divest the licensee or operator of 64 possession and control of a facility in favor of a temporary management. The temporary management 65 shall be responsible to the court and shall have such 66 powers and duties as the court may grant to direct all 67 68 acts necessary or appropriate to conserve the property 69 and promote the health, safety, welfare and rights of the 70 patients of the facility, including, but not limited to, the replacement of management and staff, the hiring of 71 consultants, the making of any necessary expenditures 72 to close the facility or to repair or improve the facility 73 so as to return it to compliance with applicable 74 75 requirements, and the power to receive, conserve and expend funds, including medicare, medicaid and other 76 payments on behalf of the licensee or operator of the 77 facility. Priority shall be given to expenditures for 78 current direct patient care or the transfer of patients. 79

The person charged with temporary management shall be an officer of the court, shall not be liable for conditions at the facility which existed or originated prior to his appointment and shall not be personally liable, except for his own gross negligence and intentional acts which result in injuries to persons or damage to property at the facility during his temporary management.

To administer a nursing home, the temporary management shall employ a person licensed as a nursing home administrator in West Virginia.

No person shall impede the operation of a temporary management. There shall be an automatic stay for a ninety-day period subsequent to the establishment of a temporary management of any action that would interfere with the functioning of the facility, including, but not limited to, cancellation of insurance policies, termination of utility services, attachments to working capital accounts, foreclosures, evictions and repossessions of equipment used in the facility.

A temporary management established for the purpose of making improvements in order to bring a facility into compliance with applicable requirements shall not be terminated until the court has determined that the facility has the management capability to ensure continued compliance with all applicable requirements. except if the court has not made such determination within six months of the establishment of the temporary management, the temporary management terminates by operation of law at that time, and the facility shall be closed. After the termination of the temporary management, the person who was responsible for the temporary management shall make an accounting to the court, and after deducting from receipts the costs of the temporary management, expenditures and civil penalties and interest no longer subject to appeal, in that order, any excess shall be paid to the licensee or operator of the facility.

(f) The assessments for penalties and for costs of actions taken under this article shall have interest

- 120 assessed at two percent on the last day of each month
- after the month in which occurs the thirtieth day after 121
- 122 receipt of notice of such assessment or after the month
- 123 in which occurs the thirtieth day after receipt of the
- 124 director's final order following a hearing, whichever is 125
- later. All such assessments against a facility that are 126
- unpaid shall be added to the facility's licensure fee and 127
- may be filed as a lien against the property of the licensee 128
- or operator of the facility. Funds received from such
- assessments shall be deposited as funds received in 129 130
- section ten of this article.
- 131 (g) The board of health shall have the power to
- 132 promulgate emergency regulations that expand the 133
- power of the director in excess of that provided in this 134
- article to the extent required to comply with federal
- 135 requirements, but any such regulations shall expand the 136 power of the director to the minimum extent required
- 137 by federal requirements. Such regulations are subject to
- 138 the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of
- 139 this code.
- 140 (h) The opportunity for a hearing on an action by the
- 141 director taken under this section shall be as provided in
- section twelve of this article. 142

ARTICLE 29A. WEST VIRGINIA HOSPITAL FINANCE AUTHOR-ITY ACT.

§16-29A-2. Declaration of policy and responsibility; purpose and intent of article; findings.

§16-29A-3. Definitions.

§16-29A-5. Powers of authority.

§16-29A-20. Certificate of need.

Declaration of policy and responsibility; §16-29A-2. purpose and intent of article; findings.

- It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the 1
- 2 state of West Virginia and a responsibility of the state
- 3 of West Virginia, for the benefit of the people of the
- state and the improvement of their health, welfare and 4
- living conditions, to provide hospitals with appropriate 5
- means at reasonable cost to maintain, expand, enlarge 6
- and establish health care, hospital and other related 7
- facilities and to provide hospitals with the ability to 8

- 9 refinance indebtedness. This article shall provide a 10 method to enable hospitals to provide or maintain at
- 11 reasonable cost pursuant to reasonable terms the
- 12 facilities, structures and services needed to accomplish
- the purposes of this article, all to the public benefit and
- 14 good, to the extent and in the manner provided in this
- 15 article.
- 16 The Legislature finds and hereby declares that the
- 17 responsibility of the state as outlined above cannot be
- 18 effectively met without the hospital loan program as
- 19 provided for in this article.

§16-29A-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly requires a different meaning:
- 3 (1) "Authority" means the West Virginia hospital 4 finance authority created by section four of this article, 5 the duties, powers, responsibilities and functions of 6 which are specified in this article;
- 7 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia hospital finance 8 board created by section four of this article, which shall 9 manage and control the authority;
- 10 (3) "Bond" means a revenue bond issued by the authority to effect the purposes of this article;
- 12 (4) "Construction" means and includes reconstruction, 13 enlargement, improvement and providing furnishings 14 or equipment;
- 15 (5) "Direct provider of health care" means a person or 16 organization whose primary current activity is the 17 provision of health care to individuals and includes a 18 licensed or certified physician, osteopath, dentist, nurse, 19 podiatrist or physician's assistant or an organization 20 comprised of these health professionals or employing 21 these health professionals;
- 22 (6) "Hospital" means a corporation, association, 23 institution or establishment for the care of those who 24 require medical treatment, which may be a public or 25 private corporation or association, or state owned or 26 operated establishment and specifically includes nurs-

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ing homes which are licensed under chapter sixteen of this code or those facilities certified under the Social Security Act as intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded;

- (7) "Hospital facilities" means any real or personal property suitable and intended for, or incidental or ancillary to, use by a hospital and includes: Outpatient clinics; laboratories; laundries; nurses, doctors or interns residences; administration buildings; facilities for research directly involved with hospital care; maintenance, storage or utility facilities; parking lots and garages; and all necessary, useful or related equipment, furnishings and appurtenances and all lands necessary or convenient as a site for the foregoing and specifically includes any capital improvements to any of the foregoing, "Hospital facilities" specifically includes office facilities not less than eighty percent of which are intended for lease to direct providers of health care and which are geographically or functionally related to one or more other hospital facilities, if the authority determines that the financing of the office facilities is necessary to accomplish the purposes of this article;
- (8) "Hospital loan" means a loan made by the authority to a hospital and specifically includes financings by the authority for hospital facilities pursuant to lease-purchase agreements, installment sale or other similar agreements;
- (9) "Note" means a short-term promise to pay a specified amount of money, payable and secured as provided pursuant to this article and issued by the authority to effect the purposes of this article;
- (10) "Project costs" means the total of the reasonable or necessary costs incurred for carrying out the works and undertakings for the acquisition or construction of hospital facilities under this article. "Project costs" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following costs: The costs of acquisition or construction of the hospital facilities; studies and surveys; plans, specifications, architectural and engineering services; legal, organization, marketing or other special services; financing, acquisition, demolition, construction, equipping and site

68 development of new and rehabilitated buildings; rehabilitation, reconstruction, repair or remodeling of 69 existing buildings; interest and carrying charges during 70 71 construction and before full earnings are achieved and 72 operating expenses before full earnings are achieved or 73 a period of one year following the completion of 74 construction, whichever occurs first, and a reasonable 75 reserve for payment of principal of and interest on bonds or notes of the authority. "Project costs" shall also 76 77 include reimbursement of a hospital for the foregoing 78 costs expended by a hospital from its own funds or from 79 money borrowed by the hospital for such purposes 80 before issuance and delivery of bonds or notes by the 81 authority for the purpose of providing funds to pay the 82 project costs. "Project costs" also specifically includes 83 the refinancing of any existing debt of a hospital 84 necessary in order to permit the hospital to borrow from 85 the authority and give adequate security for the hospital 86 loan. The determination of the authority with respect to 87 the necessity of refinancing and adequate security for 88 a hospital loan is conclusive:

89 (11) "Revenue" means any money or thing of value 90 collected by, or paid to, the authority as principal of or 91 interest, charges or other fees on hospital loans, or any 92 other collections on hospital loans made by the authority to hospitals to finance in whole or in part the acquisition 93 94 or construction of any hospital facilities, or other money or property which is received and may be expended for 95 96 or pledged as revenues pursuant to this article.

§16-29A-5. Powers of authority.

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The authority is hereby granted, has and may exercise all the powers necessary or appropriate to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this article, including the following:

(a) To sue and be sued in its own name and plead and be impleaded in its own name; to have a seal and alter the same at its pleasure; to make, execute and deliver contracts, indentures, agreements, conveyances and other instruments necessary or convenient to the exercise of its powers; to adopt and, from time to time, 10

11 amend and repeal bylaws necessary and proper for the 12 legislation of its business and rules and regulations to implement and make effective its powers and duties, 13 such rules and regulations to be promulgated in 14 15 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code; and to maintain a principal office. Any 16 17 actions against the authority shall be brought in the 18 circuit court of Kanawha County, in which the principal 19 office of the authority shall be located. When the cost 20 under any contract or agreement to be entered by the authority, other than compensation for personal servi-21 22 ces, involves an expenditure of more than three thou-23 sand dollars, the authority shall make a written contract with the lowest responsible bidder after public notice 24 25 published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-26 27 nine of this code, the publication area for such publica-28 tion to be the county wherein the work is to be 29 performed or which is affected by the contract, which 30 notice shall state the general character of the work and 31 the general character of the materials to be furnished, 32 the place where plans and specifications therefor may 33 be examined and the time and place of receiving bids: 34 Provided, That a contract, indenture or agreement for 35 a hospital loan is not subject to the foregoing require-36 ments, and the authority may enter into such contract. 37 indenture or agreement pursuant to negotiation and 38 upon such terms and conditions and for such period as 39 it finds to be reasonable and proper under the circum-40 stances and as necessary to best effectuate the purposes 41 of this article: Provided, however. That a contract or 42 agreement entered into by a hospital to which any 43 hospital loan is made is not subject to the foregoing 44 requirements. The authority may reject any and all bids. 45 A bond with good and sufficient surety, approved by the 46 authority, shall be required of all contractors in an 47 amount equal to at least fifty percent of the contract 48 price, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the 49 contract.

(b) To solicit and accept gifts, grants, loans and other aids from any person, corporation or governmental agency.

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(c) To make hospital loans, to participate in the making of hospital loans, to undertake commitments, to execute and be the beneficiary under deeds of trust, to enter into security agreements, to sell hospital loans and the security therefor at public or private sale, to modify or alter hospital loans and security therefor, to discharge hospital loans and security therefor, to order a trustee's sale under a deed of trust or commence an action to protect or enforce a right conferred upon it by a law, deed of trust, hospital loan, contract, indenture or other agreement and to bid for and purchase property which was the subject of a deed of trust at a trustee's sale or at any other sale and to acquire or take possession of that property and in that event complete, administer, pay the principal of and interest on any obligations incurred in connection with such property, dispose of and otherwise deal with the property in a manner necessary or desirable to protect the interest of the authority in the property. The hospital loans made by the authority may be secured by deeds of trust or security agreements, as applicable, or not, as the authority determines.

- (d) To lend money to hospitals for the purpose of refinancing any outstanding indebtedness of a hospital if the authority determines the refinancing is necessary to realize the purposes of this article. A hospital loan made pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed the amount of the principal of and interest and redemption premium, if any, on the indebtedness to be refinanced which has not been repaid, plus the marketing, financing, legal and other costs incurred in connection with the refinancing and the issuance of bonds or notes of the authority issued in whole or in part to provide funds to make the hospital loan described in this subdivision, including the costs of funding a bond reserve and paying capitalized interest on the bonds or notes for a period not to exceed one year after the issuance of such bonds or notes. The determination of the authority under this subsection shall be conclusive.
- (e) To charge, impose and collect fees and charges in connection with its hospital loans, commitments and

94 servicing, including reimbursement of the costs of 95 financing by the authority, service charges, insurance 96 premiums and an allocable share of the operating 97 expenses of the authority and to make provision for 98 increasing the same, if necessary, as the authority 99 determines is reasonable and approved by the board.

- 100 (f) To acquire, hold and dispose of real or personal 101 property necessary or appropriate for the accomplish-102 ment of the purposes of this article.
- (g) To procure insurance against a loss in connection 104 with its property, assets or activities.

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- 105 (h) To borrow money for its purpose, including its initial operating expense and issue its bonds or notes for 106 107 the money and provide for the rights of the holders of 108 the bonds or notes and to secure the bonds or notes by a deed of trust on or an assignment or pledge of any or 109 all of its properties, including any part of the security 110 for its hospital loans. The state shall not be liable on any 111 112 bonds or notes of the authority; the bonds or notes shall not be a debt of the state; and each bond or note shall 113 114 contain on its face a statement to that effect.
 - (i) To invest any funds not required for immediate use or disbursement, at its discretion, in any of the following:
 - (1) Direct obligations of, or obligations the timely payment of the principal of and interest on which is guaranteed by, the United States of America;
 - (2) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal home loan bank system; Export-Import Bank of the United States; federal farm credit banks; federal land banks; federal financing banks; the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Government National Mortgage Association;
 - (3) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract or

- contracts with the United States of America; or temporary notes issued by public agencies or municipalities or preliminary loan notes issued by public agencies or municipalities, in each case fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of America:
- (4) Certificates of deposit secured by obligations of the
 type specified in subparagraph (1);

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- (5) Direct obligations of, or obligations the timely payment of the principal of and interest on which is guaranteed by, the state of West Virginia;
- (6) Direct and general obligations of any other state within the territorial United States, to the payment of the principal of and interest on which the full faith and credit of such state is pledged: *Provided*, That at the time of their purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-rating agency:
- (7) Any fixed interest bond, note or debenture of any corporation organized and operating within the United States: Provided. That such corporation has a minimum net worth of fifteen million dollars and its securities or its parent corporation's securities are listed on one or more of the national stock exchanges: Provided, however, That (i) such corporation has earned a profit in eight of the preceding ten fiscal years as reflected in its statements, (ii) such corporation has not defaulted in the payment of principal of or interest on any of its outstanding funded indebtedness during its preceding ten fiscal years, and (iii) the bonds, notes or debentures of such corporation to be purchased are rated "AA" or the equivalent thereof or better than "AA" or the equivalent thereof by at least two or more nationally recognized rating services such as Standard and Poor's, Dun & Bradstreet or Moody's:
- 169 (8) Fully collateralized or insured bankers acceptan-170 ces or time deposits drawn on and accepted by commer-171 cial banks; and

- 172 (9) Repurchase agreements of commercial banks or 173 trust companies fully secured by obligations of the type 174 specified in subparagraph (1) and having on the date of 175 such agreement a fair market value equal to at least one 176 hundred percent of the principal amount of such 177 repurchase agreement.
- 178 (j) To engage necessary personnel and to engage the 179 services of private consultants for rendering profes-180 sional and technical assistance and advice.
- 181 (k) To establish or increase reserves from moneys 182 received or to be received by the authority to secure or 183 to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by 184 the authority pursuant to this article.
- (l) To lease, or lease with an option to purchase, to others its real or personal property, including hospitals and hospital facilities, for such rentals and upon such terms and conditions as the authority may deem advisable.
- (m) To do all acts necessary and proper to carry out the powers expressly granted to the authority in this article.

§16-29A-20. Certificate of need.

1 Before the authority makes a hospital loan to any 2 hospital, and as a condition precedent to the authority's 3 making any such hospital loan, a certificate of need shall 4 be obtained pursuant to article two-d of this chapter, or 5 a determination shall be secured from the agency 6 issuing the certificate of need that a certificate is not 7 necessary for the hospital facilities with respect to which 8 the hospital loan is proposed to be made: Provided, That 9 if a certificate of need is not necessary for a specific 10 project or projects, then the health care cost review 11 authority created by section five, article twenty-nine-b 12 of this chapter must be consulted by the authority 13 concerning the availability of financial resources to both 14 repay the loan and to fund the ongoing operations of the 15 project or projects. The opinion of the health care cost review authority, while not determinative on the 16 17 question of the issuance of the hospital loan, shall be

entitled to substantial weight before the authority and shall be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary. This section shall not apply to refinancing of present indebtedness or to refunding or advance refunding of bonds, notes, or for reimbursement of projects costs.

CHAPTER 85

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2253—By Delegates Pitrolo and Mezzatesta)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-i, relating to public health; regulation and licensing of clinical laboratories and laboratory technicians and technologists; providing legislative findings; defining phrase "clinical laboratory"; requiring state health director to promulgate rules; providing for certain exemptions: enumerating powers and duties of such director with respect to licensure and inspection; creating an advisory board and providing for appointment, membership and terms of office; providing for hearings and appeals from director's decisions; creating misdemeanor offense relating to certain solicitation, receipt, delivery or transmission of human material for or to unlicensed laboratories; exceptions thereto: providing a severability clause; providing for licensure and certification of laboratory technicians and technologists and rules and regulations pertaining thereto; exempting technicians and technologists so employed on effective date of act from such requirements; and providing that certain technicians and technologists shall be deemed certified.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-j, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5J. CLINICAL LABORATORIES QUALITY ASSURANCE ACT.

§16-5J-1. Legislative findings.

§16-5J-2. Definition.

§16-5J-3. Rules; recognized external standards.

§16-5J-4. Powers and duties.

§16-5J-5. Advisory board.

§16-5J-6. Hearing and judicial review.

§16-5J-7. Exemptions.

§16-5J-8. Unlawful conduct; penalties.

§16-5J-9. Interpretation of article; severability.

§16-5J-10. Licensure of technicians; fee; rules and regulations.

§16-5J-1. Legislative findings.

The Legislature finds that the diagnosis and treat-1

2 ment of human affliction is or may be largely deter-

3 mined by the results of laboratory testing and that

4 inaccurate laboratory test results endanger the health

5 and lives of the citizens of West Virginia. A due respect 6

for the citizenry of the state requires that all such

7 testing be done under the supervision of qualified and

8 competent persons having sufficient expertise and

9 experience to assure the quality and accuracy of clinical

10 laboratory testing. Further, it is imperative that

11 laboratories be regulated and licensed to ensure that the

12 intent of this article be met.

§16-5J-2. Definition.

The term "clinical laboratory" means any facility or 1

place, however named, for the biological, microbiolog-

ical, serological, chemical, immuno-hematological,

hematological, biophysical, crytological, pathological, or

5 other examination of materials derived from the human

body for the purpose of providing information for the

diagnosis, prevention or treatment of any disease or 7

impairment of, or the assessment of the health of human 8

9 beings.

§16-5J-3. Rules; recognized external standards.

1 The director of the department of health shall

2 promulgate, pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, rules required to implement this article, and such

3 rules shall specifically address, among other things, 4

training, education and experience requirements. The 5

standards to be adopted by the department of health 6 7 shall be equal to or higher than such standards 8 currently applicable and as established by the college of 9 American pathologists, the center for disease control, American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, American 10 11 Osteopathic Hospital Association, the medicare program 12 or the joint commission for the accreditation of hospitals: 13 Provided, That any laboratory in this state accredited by or certified by one of these organizations or the 14 15 medicare program shall be exempt from the require-16 ments of licensure with no further inquiry by the 17 department of health, and any such accredited or certified laboratory shall be exempt from the provisions 18 19 of this article as long as such laboratories remain so 20 accredited or certified: Provided, however, That all 21 laboratories shall have five years from the effective date 22 of this article to come into compliance.

§16-5J-4. Powers and duties.

- In addition to promulgating rules specified in section three of this article, the director of the department of health, with the advice of the advisory board created in section five of this article, has the power to:
- 5 (a) Adopt rules for clinical laboratory licensure;
- 6 (b) Establish rules for continued evaluation of labor-7 atory testing, such rules and evaluations being at least 8 equivalent to the appropriate section of the "Clinical 9 Laboratory Improvement Act of 1967";
- 10 (c) Institute and administer a program of inspection 11 to ensure compliance with standards established in this 12 article and rules established pursuant to this article;
- (d) Issue a license to those clinical laboratories which
 meet requirements for licensure under this article;
- 15 (e) Set a reasonable fee for application and licensure;
- 16 (f) Withhold, revoke or suspend or restrict the license 17 of any clinical laboratory which fails to meet require-18 ments for licensure or relicensure.
- 19 The cost of the initial inspection of any new laboratory

- 20 constructed after July one, one thousand nine hundred
- 21 ninety, shall be the responsibility of the prospective
- 22 licensee.
- 23 Within the limit of available funds, the department of
- 24 health shall inspect clinical laboratories on a periodic
- 25 basis to ensure compliance with standards and regula-
- 26 tions.

§16-5J-5. Advisory board.

- There is hereby created an advisory board which shall be composed of the following persons:
- 3 (a) Two board certified pathologists licensed and 4 currently practicing in this state;
- 5 (b) A board certified physician or doctor of osteo-6 pathy, licensed and currently practicing in this state in 7 a specialty other than pathology;
- 8 (c) Two clinical laboratory practitioners who hold 9 professional certification from an agency acceptable to 10 the department of health. These two must have had a 11 minimum of three years experience in a clinical 12 laboratory setting during the five years preceding 13 appointment. One of the two must hold a minimum of 14 a baccalaureate degree;
- 15 (d) One lay person to represent the interests of the people of this state.

17 The advisory board shall be appointed by the gover-18 nor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. Appointments of professional members shall be made 19 20 from lists of candidates submitted from among their 21 peers. These lists may be solicited from the West 22 Virginia association of pathology, the West Virginia 23 state society for medical technology, the West Virginia state medical association, the West Virginia society of 24 state American medical technologists and other similar 25 professional organizations. The lists submitted shall 26 27 contain at least one name in excess of the number of 28 appointments to be made. Appointments shall be for a term of three years beginning the first day of July of 29 the year of appointment, except for the first board 30 31 appointed, whose terms shall be as follows:

- 32 (a) The pathologists and one baccalaureate clinical 33 practitioner shall serve a one-year term;
- 34 (b) The nonpathologist physician or doctor of osteo-35 pathy, and the other clinical practitioner shall serve for 36 a two-year term;
- 37 (c) The lay person shall serve for a three-year term.

38 Successors to those first board members will serve three-year terms. Board members may succeed them-39 selves once, but may not serve for a total period in excess 40 41 of six years. In the event of a vacancy on the advisory 42 board the governor shall appoint a successor in the same manner as the original appointment was made. The 43 successor will serve for the unexpired term and may be 44 eligible for reappointment: Provided, That any member 45 shall serve until such time as his or her successor is 46 47 appointed.

§16-5J-6. Hearing and judicial review.

1 If a license is withheld, suspended or revoked, the laboratory is entitled to a hearing before representatives 2 3 of the department of health within sixty days of the withholding, suspension or revocation decision. Such 4 laboratory may be represented at the hearing by counsel 5 6 and may present evidence in its defense. The final order 7 of the director will be based on a record of the hearing and shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law. 8 The laboratory may appeal an adverse order to the 9 circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit court of 10 the county in which the laboratory is located to 11 12 determine whether the director abused his discretion or 13 exceeded his jurisdiction. The department of health has the power to obtain an injunction during the time 14 preceding the hearing against any laboratory which 15 fails to meet licensure requirements and whose con-16 tinued operation poses a significant threat to the public 17 18 health.

§16-5J-7. Exemptions.

This article does not include or apply to any laboratory or laboratories maintained and operated by the dederal government or to any laboratory or laboratories

- 4 maintained and operated purely for research or teach-
- 5 ing purposes nor to any laboratory operated by a
- 6 primary health care center having tax exempt status
- 7 and receiving contributions which are deductible to the
- 8 contributor under provisions of federal law. All county
- 9 health departments shall be exempt from this article.

§16-5J-8. Unlawful conduct; penalties.

1 It is a misdemeanor for any person to solicit, receive,

2 accept, deliver or transmit, by mail or otherwise,

3 material originating from the human body on behalf of

4 any person operating a laboratory not in possession of

5 a license under this article regardless of whether such

6 laboratory is located in this state and, upon conviction

7 thereof, such person shall be fined not less than five

8 hundred dollars. The provisions of this section do not

9 apply to transactions with any person operating a

10 laboratory located in another state, which laboratory has

10 laboratory located in another state, which laboratory has

been issued a license or permit in conformity with the

12 "Clinical Laboratories Improvement Act of 1967," and

13 related statutes. Neither does this section apply to

14 transactions with laboratories operated in this state

15 which are exempt from the license requirements of this

16 article.

§16-5J-9. Interpretation of article; severability.

1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any

2 of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional, the

3 decision of the court shall not affect or impair any of

4 the remaining provisions of this article. It is hereby

5 declared to be the legislative intent that this article

6 would have been adopted had such unconstitutional

provisions not been included herein.

§16-5J-10. Licensure of technicians; fee; rules and regulations.

1 (a) The director of the department of health shall promulgate rules and regulations for the licensure and

3 certification of lab technicians and lab technologists. All

4 such persons being so employed on the effective date of

5 this article shall be automatically certified and exempt

6 from this requirement: Provided, That any technologist

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- and technician who is certified by the American medical technologists or the American society of clinical pathologists or the national certification agency for medical laboratory personnel or any federal certification 10 program shall be considered certified. 11
 - (b) All laboratory technicians or technologists shall pay an annual license fee of twenty-five dollars to the director of the department of health to cover the costs of licensure
 - (c) All rules and regulations required under this section or other provisions of this article may not be filed as emergency rules until after the set of rules is approved by the Legislature.
- 20 (d) All fees and interest earned or collected by the 21 department under this article shall be used to pay for the implementation of this article. 22

CHAPTER 86

(S. B. 388-By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

Clerk's Note: It has been determined that S. B. 388. originally styled as Chapter 86, was incorrectly enrolled and signed by the Governor in an incorrect form.

Therefore, the Governor not having received and signed a true and correct copy of the bill as passed by both houses, S. B. 388 did not become law.

The text formerly occupied pages 733 and 734, which have been omitted.

CHAPTER 87

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 576—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section four, article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section twenty of said article; to further amend chapter sixteen of said code by adding thereto a new article. designated article twenty-nine-d; to amend and reenact section three, article four, chapter twenty-three of said code; and to amend article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-c, all relating to the health care cost review authority: repealing a freeze on rates: repealing certain expedited rate review processes: authorizing the creation of other expedited rate review processes; relating to rate determinations; approval of rate increases for hospitals: providing for regulations regarding reporting requirements: providing legislative findings and legislative purposes; providing definitions for certain articles: providing that pharmacies and pharmacists not be considered health care providers under certain circumstances: providing for cooperation among agencies; providing for the development of plans concerning health care by specified departments or divisions of state government: providing for reports to the Legislature: prohibitions on balance billing and exceptions and termination thereof: providing exceptions for certain health care providers; providing criteria for an acceptable preferred provider contract; providing for rates of reimbursement and exceptions thereto; exemption from and application of antitrust laws; providing civil penalties for violations of the article and provisions for removal as a provider; providing a severability clause for certain articles; authorizing promulgation of rules by certain departments; providing schedules for maximum disbursements for medical, surgical and hospital treatment for workers' compensation; providing for submission of the rate schedule to the Legislature: requiring verification for workers' compensation payments: prohibiting charges in excess of scheduled amounts: providing for employer participation in preferred provider organizations, programs or cost containment relationships; and penalties for violations of article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be repealed; that section twenty of said article be amended and reenacted; that said chapter sixteen be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-nine-d; that section three, article four, chapter twenty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; and that article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-c, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 16. Public health.
- 23. Workers' Compensation.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

Article

- 29B. West Virginia Health Care Cost Review Authority.
- 29D. State Health Care.

ARTICLE 29B. WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH CARE COST REVIEW AUTHORITY.

§16-29B-20. Rate determination.

- 1 (a) Upon commencement of review activities, no rates 2 may be approved by the board nor payment be made
- 3 for services provided by hospitals under the jurisdiction
- 4 of the board by any purchaser or third-party payor to
- 5 or on behalf of any purchaser or class of purchasers
- 6 unless:
- 7 (1) The costs of the hospital's services are reasonably 8 related to the services provided and the rates are 9 reasonably related to the costs;
- 10 (2) The rates are equitably established among all 11 purchasers or classes of purchasers within a hospital without discrimination unless federal or state statutes or 12 regulations conflict with this requirement. Equity 13 among classes of purchasers may be achieved by 14 15 considering demonstrated differences in the financial requirements of hospitals resulting from service, 16 coverage and payment characteristics of a class of 17 18 purchasers. The provision for differentials in rates among classes of purchasers should be carried out in the 19 context of each hospital's total financial requirements 20

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for the efficient provision of necessary services. The board shall institute a study of objective methods of computing the percentage differential to be utilized for all hospitals in determining appropriate projected gross revenues under subsection (b) of this section. Such study shall include a review and determination of the relevant and justifiable economic factors which can be considered in setting such differential. The differential shall be allowed for only those activities and programs which result in quantifiable savings to the hospital with respect to patient care costs, bad debts, free care or working capital, or reductions in the payments of other payors. Each component utilized in determining the differential shall be individually quantified so that the differential shall equal the value assigned to each component. The board shall consider such matters as coverage to individual subscribers, the elderly and small groups, payment practices, savings in hospital administrative costs, cost containment programs and working capital. The study shall also provide for a method of annual recomputation of the differential and triennial recomputation of all other components. The board may contract with any person or entity to assist the board in the discharge of its duties as herein stated. Whoever obstructs any person or entity conducting a study authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deemed to be in violation of this article and shall be subject to any appropriate actions, including injunctive relief, as may be necessary for the enforcement of this section:

- (3) The rates of payment for medicaid are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated hospitals subject to the provisions of this article. The rates shall take into account the situation of hospitals which serve disproportionate numbers of low income patients and assure that individuals eligible for medicaid have reasonable access, taking into account geographic location and reasonable travel time, to inpatient hospital services of adequate quality;
 - (4) The rates are equitable in comparison to prevail-

62 ing rates for similar services in similar hospitals as 63 determined by the board;

- (5) In no event shall a hospital's receipt of emergency disaster funds from the federal government be included in such hospital's gross revenues for either rate-setting or assessment purposes.
 - (b) In the interest of promoting efficient and appropriate utilization of hospital services the board shall review and make findings on the appropriateness of projected gross revenues for a hospital as such revenues relate to charges for services and anticipated incidence of service. The board shall further render a decision as to the amount of net revenue over expenditures that is appropriate for the effective operation of the hospital.
 - (c) When applying the criteria set forth above, the board shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the following: The economic factors in the hospital's area: the hospital's efforts to share services: the hospital's efforts to employ less costly alternatives for delivering substantially similar services or producing substantially similar or better results in terms of the health status of those served; the efficiency of the hospital as to cost and delivery of health care; the quality of care; occupancy level; a fair return on invested capital, not otherwise compensated for; whether the hospital is operated for profit or not for profit; costs of education; and, income from any investments and assets not associated with patient care, including, but not limited to, parking garages, residences, office buildings, and income from foundations and restricted funds whether or not so associated.
 - (d) Wages, salaries and benefits paid to or on behalf of nonsupervisory employees of hospitals subject to this article shall not be subject to review unless the board first determines that such wages, salaries and benefits may be unreasonably or uncustomarily high or low. Said exemption does not apply to accounting and reporting requirements contained in this article, nor to any that may be established by the board. "Nonsupervisory personnel," for the purposes of this section, means, but

is not limited to, employees of hospitals subject to the provisions of this article who are paid on an hourly basis.

- (e) Reimbursement of capital and operating costs for new services and capital projects subject to article two-d of this chapter shall not be allowed by the board if such costs were incurred subsequent to the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, unless they were exempt from review or approved by the state health planning and development agency prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, pursuant to the provisions of article two-d of this chapter.
- (f) The board shall consult with relevant licensing agencies and may require them to provide written findings with regard to their statutory functions and information obtained by them in the pursuit of those functions. Any licensing agency empowered to suggest or mandate changes in buildings or operations of hospitals shall give notice to the board together with any findings.
- (g) Rates shall be set by the board in advance of the year during which they apply except for the procedure set forth in subsection (c), section twenty-one of this article and shall not be adjusted for costs actually incurred.
- (h) All determinations, orders and decisions of the board with respect to rates and revenues shall be prospective in nature.
- (i) No hospital may charge for services at rates in excess of those established in accordance with the requirements of and procedures set forth in this article.
- (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the board shall approve all requests for rate increases by hospitals which are licensed for one hundred beds or less and which are not located in a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area where the rate of increase in the hospital's gross inpatient revenues per discharge for nonmedicare and nonmedicaid payors is equal to or less than the rate of inflation for the hospital industry

- 142 nationally as measured by the most recent hospital
- 143 market basket component of the consumer price index
- 144 as reported by the United States Bureau of Labor
- 145 Statistics applicable to the hospital's fiscal year. The
- 146 board may, by regulation, impose reporting require-
- ments to ensure that a hospital does not exceed the rate
- 148 of increases permitted herein.
- (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 150 article, the board shall develop an expedited review
- process applicable to all hospitals licensed for more than
- 152 one hundred beds or that are located in a Standard
- 153 Metropolitan Statistical Area for rate increase requests
- 154 which may be based upon a recognized inflation index
- 155 for the national or regional hospital industry. The board
- 156 shall adopt emergency regulations implementing this
- 157 subsection within ninety days after the effective date of
- 158 this subsection and shall thereafter submit a proposed
- 159 legislative rule to the Legislature for consideration at its
- 160 regular session in the year one thousand nine hundred
- 161 ninety.

ARTICLE 29D. STATE HEALTH CARE.

- §16-29D-1. Legislative findings; legislative purpose.
- §16-29D-2. Definitions.
- §16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.
- §16-29D-4. Prohibition on balance billing; exceptions and termination of exceptions.
- §16-29D-5. Coordination of benefits.
- §16-29D-6. Exemption from and application of antitrust laws.
- §16-29D-7. Rules.
- §16-29D-8. Civil penalties; removal as provider.
- §16-29D-9. Severability; supersedes other provisions.

§16-29D-1. Legislative findings; legislative purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds as follows:
- 2 (1) That a significant and ever-increasing amount of
- 3 the state's financial resources are required to assure that
- 4 the citizens of the state who are reliant on the state for
- 5 the provision of health care services and payment
- 6 thereof receive such, whether through the public
- 7 employees insurance agency, the state medicaid pro-

- 8 gram, the workers' compensation fund, the division of rehabilitation services or otherwise;
- 10 (2) That the state has been unable to timely pay for such health care services;
 - (3) That the public employees insurance agency and the state medicaid program face serious financial difficulties in terms of decreasing amounts of available federal or state dollars by which to fund their respective programs and in paying debts presently owed;
 - (4) That, in order to alleviate such situation and to assure such health care services, in addition to adequate funding of such programs, the state must effect cost savings in the provision of such health care;
 - (5) That it is in the best interest of the state and the citizens thereof that the various state departments and divisions involved in such provision of health care and the payment thereof cooperate in the effecting of cost savings; and
 - (6) That the health and well-being of all state citizens, and particularly those whose health care is provided or paid for by the public employees insurance agency, the state medicaid program, the workers' compensation fund and the division of rehabilitation services, are of primary concern to the state.
 - (b) This article is enacted to provide a framework within which the departments and divisions of state government can cooperate to effect cost savings for the provision of health care services and the payment thereof. It is the purpose of the Legislature to encourage the long-term, well-planned development of fair, equitable and cost-effective systems for all health care providers paid or reimbursed by the public employees insurance agency, the state medicaid program, the workers' compensation fund or the division of rehabilitation services.

§16-29D-2. Definitions.

> 1 (a) "Coordination of benefits" means a provision 2 establishing an order in which two or more insurance

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contracts, plans or programs covering the same beneficiary pay their claims, with the effect that there is no duplication of benefits.

- (b) The term "health care" or "health care services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment, or rehabilitative services whether provided in the home, office, hospital, clinic or any other suitable place either inside or outside the state of West Virginia provided or prescribed by any health care provider or providers. Such services include, among others, medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, preventive, diagnostic, therapeutic and rehabilitative services, hospital care, nursing home and convalescent care, medical physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians, and such other surgical including inpatient oral surgery, nursing, and podiatric services and supplies as may be prescribed by such health care providers but not other dental services.
- 21 (c) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed. 22 certified or authorized by law to provide professional 23 24 health care services in or outside this state to an 25 individual during this individual's medical care, treatment or confinement. For the sole purpose of this 26 article, pharmacists and pharmacies shall not be 27 28 considered health care providers.

§16-29D-3. Agencies to cooperate and to provide plan; contents of plan; reports to Legislature; late payments by state agencies and interest thereon.

(a) All departments and divisions of the state. includ-1 ing, but not limited to, the division of employment 2 security, the division of health, the division of human 3 4 services, and the division of workers' compensation within the department of health and human resources; 5 the public employees insurance agency within the 6 department of administration; the division of rehabili-7 8 tation services or such other department or division as shall supervise or provide rehabilitation; and the West 9 Virginia board of regents or such other department or 10 division as shall govern the state medical schools, are 11

authorized and directed to cooperate in order, among other things, to ensure the quality of the health care services delivered to the beneficiaries of such departments and divisions and to ensure the containment of costs in the payment for such services.

- (b) It is expressly recognized that no other entity may interfere with the discretion and judgment given to the single state agency which administers the state's medicaid program. Thus, it is the intention of the Legislature that nothing contained in this article shall be interpreted, construed, or applied to interfere with the powers and actions of the single state agency which, in keeping with applicable federal law, shall administer the state's medicaid program as it perceives to be in the best interest of that program and its beneficiaries.
- (c) Such departments and divisions shall develop a plan or plans to ensure that a reasonable and appropriate level of health care is provided to the beneficiaries of the various programs including the public employees insurance agency and the workers' compensation fund, the division of rehabilitation services and, to the extent permissible, the state medicaid program. The plan or plans may include, among other things, and the departments and divisions are hereby authorized to enter into:
- (1) Utilization review and quality assurance programs;
 - (2) The establishment of a schedule or schedules of the maximum reasonable amounts to be paid to health care providers for the delivery of health care services covered by the plan or plans. Such a schedule or schedules may be either prospective in nature or cost reimbursement in nature, or a mixture of both: *Provided*, That any payment methods or schedules for institutions which provide inpatient care shall be institution-specific and shall, at a minimum, take into account a disproportionate share of medicaid, charity care and medical education: *Provided*, *however*, That in no event may any rate set in this article for an institutional health care provider be greater than such institution's current rate established

and approved by the health care cost review authority pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter;

- (3) Provisions for making payments in advance of the receipt of health care services by a beneficiary, or in advance of the receipt of specific charges for such services, or both:
- (4) Provisions for the receipt or payment of charges by electronic transfers;
- 60 (5) Arrangements, including contracts, with pre-61 ferred provider organizations; and
 - (6) Arrangements, including contracts, with particular health care providers to deliver health care services to the beneficiaries of the programs of the departments and divisions at agreed upon rates in exchange for controlled access to the beneficiary populations.
 - (d) The director of the public employees insurance agency shall contract with an independent actuarial company for a review every four years of the claims experience of all governmental entities whose employees participate in the public employees insurance agency program, including, but not limited to, all branches of state government, all state departments or agencies (including those receiving funds from the federal government or a federal agency), all county and municipal governments, or any other similar entities for the purpose of determining the cost of providing coverage under the program, including administrative cost, to each such governmental entity.
 - (e) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this section, any health care provider who agrees to deliver health care services to any beneficiary of a health care program of a department or division of the state, including the public employees insurance agency, the state medicaid program, the workers' compensation fund and the division of rehabilitation services, the charges for which shall be paid by or reimbursed by any department or division which participates in a plan or plans as described in this section, shall be deemed to have agreed to provide health care services to the

91 beneficiaries of health care programs of all of the other 92 departments and divisions participating in a plan or 93 plans: Provided. That a health care provider shall be in 94 compliance with this subsection if the health care 95 provider actually delivers health care services to all 96 such patients who request such services or if the health 97 care provider actually delivers health care services to at 98 least a sufficient number of patients who are beneficiar-99 ies under the state's medicaid program to equate to at 100 least fifteen percent of the health care provider's total 101 patient population: Provided, however. That the delivery 102 of health care services immediately needed to resolve an 103 imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emer-104 gency shall not be deemed to be an agreement under this 105 subsection: Provided further, That nothing contained in 106 this article may be deemed to, or purport to imply, any 107 consent by any physician on the staff of any hospital or 108 other health care institution to accepting or agreeing to 109 deliver health care services to any beneficiary of a 110 health care program of a division or department of this 111 state in any such physician's private office or practice 112 by virtue of the fact that such physician saw such 113 patient in connection with such physician's duties as an 114 on-call staff physician.

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(f) The administrators of the division of health, human services, workers' compensation, and the public employees insurance agency shall report to the Legislature no later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature of the year one thousand nine hundred ninety concerning the plan or plans developed: *Provided*, That the plan or plans may be implemented prior to the delivery of such report.

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- 123 (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to give 124 or reserve to the Legislature any further or greater 125 power or jurisdiction over the operations or programs 126 of the various departments and divisions affected by this 127 article than that already possessed by the Legislature in 128 the absence of this article.
- 129 (h) A health care provider who provides health care 130 services to any beneficiary of a health care program of 131 a department or division of the state pursuant to the

132 plan or plans developed in accordance with this article 133 may withdraw from participation in said plan or plans: Provided. That the health care provider shall provide 134 135 written notice of withdrawal from participation in said 136 plan or plans to the administrator of the public employees insurance agency: Provided, however, That a 137 provider who has withdrawn from further participation 138 139 is not required to render services to any beneficiaries 140 under the plan or plans who are not his or her patients 141 at the time the notice of withdrawal is provided and the provider may continue to provide services to his or her 142 preexisting patients for not more than forty-five days 143 144 after tendering the notice of withdrawal without obligating his or herself to treat such other 145 146 beneficiaries.

147 (i) For the purchase of health care or health care services by a health care provider participating in a 148 149 plan under this section or in a contract under subsection 150 (d) or (e) of section four of this article on or after the 151 first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, by the public employees insurance agency, 152 153 the division of rehabilitation services and the division of 154 workers' compensation, a state check shall be issued in payment thereof within sixty-five days after a legitimate 155 156 uncontested invoice is actually received by such division 157 or agency. Any state check issued after sixty-five days 158 shall include interest at the current rate, as determined 159 by the state tax commissioner under the provisions of 160 section seventeen-a, article ten, chapter eleven of this 161 code, which interest shall be calculated from the sixty-162 sixth day after such invoice was actually received by the 163 division or agency until the date on which the state 164 check is mailed to the vendor.

§16-29D-4. Prohibition on balance billing; exceptions and termination of exceptions.

1 (a) Except in instances involving the delivery of 2 health care services immediately needed to resolve an 3 imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emer-4 gency, the agreement by a health care provider to 5 deliver services to a beneficiary of any department or 6 division of the state which participates in a plan or plans developed under section three of this article shall be
deemed to also include an agreement by that health care
provider:

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- (1) To accept the assignment by the beneficiary of any rights the beneficiary may have to bill such division or department for, and to receive payment under such plan or plans on account of, such services; and
- (2) To accept as payment in full for the delivery of such services the amount specified in plan or plans or as determined by the plan or plans. In such instances, the health care provider shall bill the division or department, or such other person specified in the plan or plans, directly for the services. The health care provider shall not bill the beneficiary or any other person on behalf of the beneficiary and, except for deductibles or other payments specified in the applicable plan or plans, the beneficiary shall not be personally liable for any of the charges, including any balance claimed by the provider to be owed as being the difference between that provider's charge or charges and the amount payable by the applicable department or divisions. The plan or plans may specify what sums are deductibles, copayments or are otherwise payable by the beneficiary and the sums for which the health care provider may bill the beneficiary: In addition, any health care service which is not subject to payment by the plan or plans shall be the responsibility of the beneficiary and for those health care services which are not covered by the plans, there shall be no prohibition against billing the beneficiary directly.
- (b) The prohibitions and limitations stated in subsection (a) of this section do not apply to the delivery of health care services immediately needed to resolve an imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emergency. However, once the patient is stabilized, then the delivery of any further health care services shall be subject to subsection (a) of this section for those latter services only.
- 45 (c) The exceptions provided in this section for the 46 delivery of health care services immediately needed to

resolve an imminent life-threatening medical or surgical emergency shall not apply to health care providers under contract with a department or division plan or plans.

- (d) Subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section shall not be applicable to those health care providers who are allopathic physicians, osteopathic physicians, or podiatrists and who enter into acceptable preferred provider contracts with the public employees insurance agency insofar as this section would apply to beneficiaries of that agency. The limitations in this subsection do not apply to the beneficiaries of any other program of any other department or division of the state or to any other type of health care provider. An acceptable preferred provider contract for the purpose of this subsection shall be one which meets each and every one of the following factors in addition to the other elements required by a preferred provider arrangement:
- (1) The contract shall set the rates of reimbursement for health care services at the eightieth percentile of the public employees insurance agency's 1988 calendar year experience in paying claims unless, after the thirty first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, the director of the public employees insurance agency determines that continuing to make payments at the eightieth percentile shall not be consistent with the budgetary restrictions imposed by the Legislature upon the public employees insurance agency. In this later event, the director, after consultation with the advisory committee created under section seven of this article, may cause the rate of reimbursement to be set below the aforesaid eightieth percentile but in no event may those rates be set below the seventy-fifth percentile. In determining whether continued rates of payment of the eightieth percentile shall be consistent or inconsistent with the aforesaid budgetary restrictions, the director shall take into consideration only the current claims experience of the health care providers covered by this subsection and shall not consider the effects of the other demands upon the public employees insurance agency's resources. If a reduction in rates is necessary during a

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fiscal year, at the start of the following fiscal year and for the first six months thereafter, the rates of reimbursement shall revert to the aforesaid eightieth percentile;

- 91 (2) The contract applies to at least seventy percent, by 92 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-93 nine, and eighty percent by the first day of September, 94 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, of the members of recognized specialties of these health care providers 95 96 in the applicable region as defined by the eleven 97 planning and development council regions authorized by 98 section five-a, article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code 99 as those regions exist on the effective date of this article: 100 Provided, That in determining the percentages stated 101 above in this subsection, the total number of health care 102 providers in a given region and specialty shall not include those providers who are hospital based and who 103 104 do not themselves bill or receive a fee for services 105 delivered by them nor shall the total number include 106 those providers who decline to deliver health care 107 services to all beneficiaries of a health care program of 108 all departments or divisions of the state: Provided, 109 however, That the director of the public employees 110 insurance agency may waive this factor for any individ-111 ual or group of health care providers if the director 112 ascertains that a sufficient number of providers or 113 recognized specialists in a given region are willing to 114 enter into or to continue with a contract to assure access 115 to that type of health care service to the local public 116 employees insurance agency beneficiaries;
 - (3) The contract provides for a utilization review and quality assurance program which is satisfactory to the public employees insurance agency;
 - (4) The contract provides that the beneficiaries of the public employees insurance agency shall be individually responsible for payments only as provided for by the agency's benefit plan or plans and shall bear no personal liability for payment for health care services except as provided for by the plan or plans;
- 126 (5) The contract is entered into by the first day of 127 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;

- 128 (6) The contract shall include incentives to public 129 employees insurance agency beneficiaries to utilize 130 subscriber health care providers and shall also include 131 incentives to health care providers to subscribe to a 132 contract; and
- (7) The contract shall provide that, if after the 133 134 contract is entered into, later developments reveal that one or more of subdivisions (2), (3), (4) or (6) of this 135 subsection are no longer satisfied, then the director of 136 137 the public employees insurance agency, after approval by the governor, may renegotiate or terminate the 138 contract upon giving notice of no less than thirty days 139 140 nor more than forty-five days: Provided. That any 141 nonparticipating providers during the continuance of 142 this section shall be permitted to set his or her rates for 143 reimbursement at no greater than one hundred and ten percent of the rates of reimbursement set by the director 144 145 at the aforesaid eightieth percentile and may make 146 claim against the beneficiary for the balance between 147 the amount paid by the public employees insurance 148 agency and the rate set by the provider as described 149 above: Provided, however, That any nonparticipating 150 provider shall be subject to the provisions of subsections 151 (a), (b) and (c) of this section if the director of the public 152 employees insurance agency determines in any case that 153 a beneficiary of the public employees insurance agency 154 does not have access to a provider who is participating 155 in a preferred provider contract.
 - (e) This section shall not be applicable to hospitals which enter into prospective contracts with the public employees insurance agency for each state fiscal year insofar as this section would apply to beneficiaries of that agency. The limitations in this subsection do not apply to the beneficiaries of any other program of any other department or division of the state or to any other type of health care provider. Such contracts shall include, in addition to the other elements required by such a contract, the following factors:

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(1) The contract provides for a utilization review and quality assurance program which is satisfactory to the public employees insurance agency;

- (2) For the first year of the contract, the rates for health care services are determined prospectively based upon the public employees insurance agency's one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine fiscal year expe-rience in paying the charges of each individual hospital, but taking into consideration also any adjustments to that experience that may be necessary to provide for the special concerns and needs of the state's small and rural hospitals; for each succeeding year of the contract, the rates shall be set at no less than that of the first year but may be negotiated for a greater level:
 - (3) The contract provides that the beneficiaries of the public employees insurance agency shall be individually responsible for payments only as provided for by the agency's benefit plan or plans and shall bear no personal liability for payment for health care services except as provided for by the plan or plans;
 - (4) The contract is entered into by the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, unless the director of the public employees insurance agency extends this time limit for good cause;
 - (5) The contract shall provide by its terms that, if after the contract is entered into, later developments reveal that any one or more of the first four factors set forth in this subsection are no longer satisfied, then the director of the public employees insurance agency, after approval of the governor, may renegotiate or terminate that contract upon reasonable notice which shall not be less than thirty days nor more than forty-five days: *Provided*, That any hospital which elects not to enter into a contract shall be subject to the provisions of subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section.
 - (f) This section shall terminate without any further action by the Legislature on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, the advisory committee created under section seven of this article and the director of the public employees insurance agency shall report to the governor and the Legislature upon the impact of the effects of the

209 prohibition upon balance billing in this section upon the

210 health care provider community, upon the public

211 employees, and upon the public employees insurance

212 agency.

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§16-29D-5. Coordination of benefits.

Coordination of benefits is permitted between two or 1 2 more insurance contracts or employee benefit plans and shall be included for benefits from the public employees insurance agency and, as appropriate, from the state 4 medicaid program, the workers' compensation fund and 5 the division of rehabilitation services. Notwithstanding 6 the foregoing, the workers' compensation fund shall be 7 8 considered the primary payor for health care services 9 related to work-related injuries and diseases ruled 10 compensable as provided in article four, chapter twentythree of this code. In no event shall the state medicaid 11 program be considered a primary insurance contract. 12

§16-29D-6. Exemption from and application of antitrust laws.

- (a) Actions of the departments and divisions of the state, or by officers, administrators, employees, or other agents thereof, shall be exempt from antitrust action as provided in section five, article eighteen, chapter forty-seven of this code. Any actions of health care providers when made in compliance with orders, directives, rules, or regulations issued or promulgated by a department or division which participates in a plan or plans developed under section three of this article shall likewise be exempt.
- (b) It is the express intention of the Legislature that the actions specified in subsection (a) of this section by either state-related persons or entities or by health care providers should also be deemed to be state actions for purposes of obtaining exemptions from federal antitrust laws.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b) of this section, any agreement by two or more persons, partnerships, corporations, facilities or institutions licensed, certified or authorized by law to provide professional

21 health care services in this state to an individual during 22 this individual's medical care, treatment or confinement. unless any of the foregoing are practicing as a 23 24 partnership or are otherwise associated as a joint 25 venture, to refrain from delivering health care services 26 to any person or persons, which delivery would be 27 subject to the provisions of this article, for the purpose 28 or with the effect of fixing, controlling, or maintaining 29 their charges for the delivery of health care services or 30 for the purpose or with the effect of defeating the 31 purposes of this article shall be deemed to be unlawful 32 under the provision of subsection (a), section three. 33 article eighteen, chapter forty-seven of this code and 34 shall be subject to the remedies and relief provided for in that article and chapter: Provided. That nothing 35 36 contained in this subsection may prevent any physician 37 on staff of any hospital or other health care institution 38 from discussing with such hospital or health care 39 institution the fact that such physician only consents to 40 see the patient in connection with his or her duties as 41 a staff on-call physician.

§16-29D-7. Rules.

The secretary of the department of health and human 1 2 resources shall promulgate rules to carry out the 3 provisions of this article. The governor shall establish an 4 advisory committee consisting of at least five individuals representing: An administrator of a small rural hospi-5 6 tal: an administrator of a hospital having a dispropor-7 tionate share of medicaid or charity care: a registered 8 professional nurse: a physician licensed in this state; and 9 beneficiaries of the plan or plans. The majority of this advisory committee shall consist of health care provid-10 ers. The purpose of the advisory committee is to advise 11 and assist in the establishment of reasonable payment 12 13 methods, schedule or schedules and rates. The advisory committee shall serve without compensation; however, 14 the members thereof are entitled to reimbursement of 15 their expenses. The policies and procedures of the rate 16 schedule process setting forth the methodology for 17 determination of rates, payments and schedules are 18 subject to the legislative rule-making procedures of 19

- 20 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided, That
- 21 emergency rules may be utilized: Provided, however,
- 22 That the actual rates, payments and schedules them-
- 23 selves shall not be subject to chapter twenty-nine-a of
- 24 this code.

§16-29D-8. Civil penalties; removal as provider.

1 The secretary of the department of health and human 2 resources may assess a civil penalty for violation of this 3 article. In addition to the assessments the secretary may remove the health care provider from any list of 4 5 providers for whose services a department or division may pay. Upon the secretary determining there is 6 7 probable cause to believe that a health care provider is knowingly violating any portion of this article, or any 8 9 plan, order, directive, rule or regulation issued pursuant 10 to this article, the secretary shall provide such health 11 care provider with written notice which shall state the 12 nature of the alleged violation and the time and place 13 at which such health care provider shall appear to show 14 cause why a civil penalty or removal from any list of 15 providers should not be imposed, at which time and place such health care provider shall be afforded an 16 17 opportunity to cross-examine the secretary's witnesses 18 and afforded the opportunity to present testimony and 19 enter evidence in support of its position. The hearing 20 shall be conducted in accordance with the administrative hearings provisions of section four, article five, 21 22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The hearing may be 23 conducted by the secretary or a hearing officer appointed by the secretary. The secretary or hearing 24 officer shall have the power to subpoena witnesses, 25 26 papers, records, documents, and other data in connec-27 tion with the alleged violations and to administer oaths or affirmations in any such hearing. If, after reviewing 28 the record of such hearing, the secretary determines 29 30 that such health care provider is in violation of this 31 article or any plan, order, directive, rule, or regulation 32 issued pursuant to this article, the secretary may assess 33 a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty-five thousand dollars, and may 34 remove the health care provider. Any health care 35

36 provider assessed or removed shall be notified of the 37 assessment or removal in writing and the notice shall 38 specify the reasons for the assessment and its amount 39 or the reasons for removal. In any appeal by the health 40 care provider in the circuit court, the scope of the court's 41 review. which shall include a review of the amount of 42 the assessment and any removal as a provider, shall be 43 as provided in section four, article five, chapter twenty-44 nine-a of this code for the judicial review of contested 45 administrative cases. The provider may be removed 46 from any list of providers, based upon the final orders 47 of the secretary, pending final disposition of any appeal. 48 Such removal order or penalty assessment may be 49 stayed by the circuit court after hearing, but may not 50 be stayed in any ex parte proceeding. If the health care 51 provider assessed or removed has not appealed such 52 assessments or removal and fails to pay the amount of 53 the assessment to the secretary within thirty days, the 54 attorney general may institute a civil action in the circuit court of Kanawha County to recover the amount 55 56 of the assessment. Civil action under this section shall 57 be handled in an expedited manner by the circuit court 58 and shall be assigned for hearing at the earliest possible 59 date. The remedies set forth in this section are intended 60 only for violations of this article and shall not affect any 61 other contractual relationship between any department 62 or division and a health care provider.

§16-29D-9. Severability; supersedes other provisions.

If, for any reason, any part of this article or the 1 2 application thereof to any person or circumstances is 3 held unconstitutional or invalid, such unconstitutionality 4 or invalidity shall not affect the remaining parts or their 5 application to any other person or circumstance, and to this end, each and every part of this article is hereby 6 7 declared to be severable. In the event of any inconsis-8 tency between the provisions of this article and any 9 other provisions of this code, the provisions of this article 10 shall prevail.

CHAPTER 23. WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

§23-4-3. Schedule of maximum disbursements for medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment; legislative approval; charges in excess of scheduled amounts not to be made; contract by employer with hospital, physician, etc., prohibited; penalties for violation.

The commissioner shall establish and alter from time to time as he may determine to be appropriate a schedule of the maximum reasonable amounts to be paid to chiropractic physicians, medical physicians, osteopa-thic physicians, podiatrists, optometrists, vocational rehabilitation specialists, pharmacists, ophthalmolo-gists, and others practicing medicine and surgery. surgeons, hospitals or other persons, firms or corpora-tions for the rendering of treatment to injured em-ployees under this chapter. The commissioner also, on the first day of each regular session, and also from time to time, as the commissioner may consider appropriate, shall submit the schedule, with any changes thereto, to the Legislature. The promulgation of the schedule is not subject to the legislative rule-making review procedures established in sections eleven through fifteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

The commissioner shall disburse and pay from the fund for such personal injuries to such employees as may be entitled thereto hereunder as follows:

- (a) Such sums for medicines, medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment, crutches, artificial limbs and such other and additional approved mechanical appliances and devices as may be reasonably required.
- (b) Payment for such medicine, medical, surgical, dental and hospital treatment, crutches, artificial limbs and such other and additional approved mechanical appliances and devices authorized under subdivision (a) hereof may be made to the injured employee, or to the person, firm or corporation who or which has rendered such treatment or furnished any of the items specified above, or who has advanced payment for same, as the commissioner may deem proper, but no such payments or disbursements shall be made or awarded

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by him unless duly verified statements on forms prescribed by the commissioner shall be filed with the commissioner within two years after the cessation of such treatment or the delivery of such appliances: Provided, That no payment hereunder shall be made unless such verified statement shows no charge for or with respect to such treatment or for or with respect to any of the items specified above has been or will be made against the injured employee or any other person. firm or corporation, and when an employee covered under the provisions of this chapter is injured in the course of and as a result of his employment and is accepted for medical, surgical, dental or hospital treatment, the person, firm or corporation rendering such treatment is hereby prohibited from making any charge or charges therefor or with respect thereto against the injured employee or any other person, firm or corporation which would result in a total charge for the treatment rendered in excess of the maximum amount set forth therefor in the commissioner's schedule established as aforesaid.

(c) No employer shall enter into any contracts with any hospital, its physicians, officers, agents or employees to render medical, dental or hospital service or to give medical or surgical attention therein to any employee for injury compensable within the purview of this chapter, and no employer shall permit or require any employee to contribute, directly or indirectly, to any fund for the payment of such medical, surgical, dental or hospital service within such hospital for such compensable injury. Any employer violating this section shall be liable in damages to his employees as provided in section eight, article two of this chapter, and any employer or hospital or agent or employee thereof violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both: Provided, That the foregoing provisions of this subdivision (c) shall not be deemed to prohibit an employer from participating in a preferred provider organization or program or a health

- 77 maintenance organization or other medical cost contain-78 ment relationship with the providers of medical. 79 hospital or other health care: Provided, however, That 80 nothing in this section shall be deemed to restrict the right of a claimant to select a health care provider for 81 82 treatment of a compensable injury or disease.
 - (d) When an injury has been reported to the commissioner by the employer without protest, the commissioner may pay, or order an employer who or which made the election and who or which received the permission mentioned in section nine, article two of this chapter to pay, within the maximum amount provided by schedule established by the commissioner as aforesaid, bills for medical or hospital services without requiring the injured employee to file an application for benefits.
- (e) The commissioner shall provide for the replacement of artificial limbs, crutches, hearing aids, eyeglasses and all other mechanical appliances provided in accordance with this section which later wear out, or which later need to be refitted because of the progression of the injury which caused the same to be originally furnished, or which are broken in the course of and as a result of the employee's employment. The fund or selfinsured employer shall pay for these devices, when needed, notwithstanding any time limits provided by 103 law.
- 104 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the commissioner may 105 establish fee schedules, make payments and take other actions required or allowed pursuant to article twenty-106 107 nine-d, chapter sixteen of this code.

CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 12. STATE INSURANCE.

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§29-12-5c. Insurance for damages allegedly resulting from obstetric treatment of medicaid patients.

1 In accordance with the provisions of this article, the 2 state board of risk and insurance management shall provide

3 appropriate professional or other liability insurance for all medical practitioners who provide obstetric treat-4 5 ment to patients which is reimbursed or reimbursable by state medicaid funds. Said insurance shall cover any 6 7 claim, demand, action, suit or judgment by reason of 8 alleged negligence or other act in the course of provid-9 ing such obstetric treatment which results in illness. 10 injury or other compensable damages, if, at the time of 11 the alleged negligence or other act, the practitioner 12 knew or believed that the services which he or she was 13 providing were reimbursable or would be reimbursed 14 by state medicaid funds. Such insurance coverage shall be in an amount to be determined by the state board 15 16 of risk and insurance management, but in no event less 17 than one million dollars for each occurrence.

The insurance policy shall include a provision for the payment of the cost of attorney's fees in connection with any claim, demand, action, suit or judgment arising from such alleged negligence or other act resulting in illness, injury or other compensable damages under the conditions specified in this section.

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The insurance coverage specified in this section shall not apply to any hospital which is the site of the obstetric treatment or to any employee of said hospital, except that a practitioner providing the obstetric treatment who is also an employee of the hospital which is the site of the treatment shall be included in the insurance coverage required by this section.

CHAPTER 88

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2636—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate White)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, article sixteen-a, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated

sections ten and eleven, all relating to creating the West Virginia health care insurance plan; legislative findings; purpose; planning; development and implementation; West Virginia health care insurance fund; administrative support; rules and regulations; contents; legislative report; availability of data of department of employment security; termination of health care insurance plan; exemption from state antitrust laws and insurance laws; misrepresentation by employee or provider; penalty; and exception.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine, article sixteen-a, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections ten and eleven, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 16A. THE WEST VIRGINIA HEALTH CARE INSURANCE ACT.

- §5-16A-1. Short title.
- §5-16A-2. Legislative findings.
- §5-16A-3. Insurance plan; purpose; planning; development and implementation.
- §5-16A-4. West Virginia health care insurance fund; administrative support.
- §5-16A-5. Rules; contents.
- §5-16A-6. Legislative report.
- \$5-16A-7. Availability of data of department of employment security.
- §5-16A-8. Exemption from state antitrust laws and insurance laws.
- §5-16A-9. Termination of health care insurance plan.
- §5-16A-10. Misrepresentation by employee or provider; penalty.
- §5-16A-11. Exceptions.

§5-16A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as "The West Virginia
- 2 Health Care Insurance Plan Act."

§5-16A-2. Legislative findings.

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- The Legislature hereby finds and declares as follows:
- (a) That in excess of three hundred thousand, or nearly sixteen percent, of West Virginians are without health insurance and are not covered by federal or state health care assistance and eighty percent of these persons have incomes below two hundred percent of the federal poverty level and are thus medically indigent;
- 8 (b) That this problem is exacerbating as the number 9 of persons so uninsured has increased by thirty thousand, or eleven percent, since the year one thousand nine hundred eighty;
 - (c) Approximately seventy-six thousand of these uninsured are employed by small businesses. Taking into account dependents, this group accounts for approximately one half of West Virginia's uninsured population;
 - (d) No relief appears available for the uninsured working citizens of this state in the form of adequate health insurance or access to funds to pay therefor and the health and welfare of these uninsured working citizens and their dependents is increasingly threatened;
 - (e) Studies show that the numbers of such uninsured persons are rising as a result of changing patterns of employment in which jobs are available in ever enlarging numbers in industries involving service and trade and that these are among the least likely industries to provide health insurance for employees;
 - (f) The system of cost shifting by providers of uncompensated health care to paying health care consumers creates increasing numbers of persons unable to afford health insurance and has resulted in a climate where the financial stability of health care providers is increasingly threatened; West Virginia taxpayers and private insurance companies provided one hundred thirty million dollars of uncompensated health care in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, which represents eight and three tenths percent of gross patient revenue, a rate that is twenty-five percent greater than the national average;

- 40 (g) Thousands of uninsured working citizens are 41 employed in small businesses many of which do not have 42 available to them affordable group health insurance 43 plans for their employees;
- (h) Many small businesses, with only one employee
 who is considered to be a high risk for medical reasons,
 are unable to obtain group health insurance for any of
 their employees;

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- (i) That the Family Support Act of 1988 provides the state of West Virginia with an opportunity to provide basic health care coverage to families earning below one hundred and eighty-five percent of the federal poverty level; thereby taking full advantage of available federal funds:
- (j) That families and individuals without health
 insurance delay seeking health care which often results
 in more expensive intensive care at a later date;
 - (k) That the state of West Virginia presently does not have a "high risk pool" which would provide health insurance to persons not able to purchase health insurance due to medical reasons;
 - (l) The severity of these problems demands a solution, and projects have been developed in other states which do provide affordable, necessary health insurance coverage through the combining of small employee groups into a larger insurance pool;
- 66 (m) To address these problems, the public employees 67 insurance agency created by article sixteen of this 68 chapter is the appropriate logical entity to implement 69 a health care insurance plan to target West Virginians 70 and their dependents without health insurance, and to 71 assist those unable to purchase health insurance with 72 the cooperation and assistance of the legislative task 73 force on uncompensated health care and medicaid 74 expenditures created by article twenty-nine-c, chapter 75 sixteen of this code.

§5-16A-3. Insurance plan; purpose; planning; development and implementation.

1 On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 2 eighty-nine, a health care insurance plan in the state 3 shall be commenced and administered by the public 4 employees insurance agency and the resources available to it solely through the West Virginia health care 5 6 insurance fund, with the advice and assistance of the 7 legislative task force on uncompensated health care and 8 medicaid expenditures. The purpose of the plan shall be to make available affordable health insurance by 9 pooling in a group for health insurance purposes groups 10 11 of small businesses to provide for acute and primary 12 health care services to working citizens of the state and 13 their dependents who are without health insurance benefits offered in connection with their employment as 14 15 well as to any citizen who is unable to obtain health insurance coverage. The public employees insurance 16 agency shall be responsible for the development and 17 18 implementation of the plan. In so doing, the agency may 19 seek the advice and assistance of the legislative task 20 force on uncompensated health care and medicaid 21 expenditures.

§5-16A-4. West Virginia health care insurance fund; administrative support.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury the 2 West Virginia health care insurance fund. The fund 3 shall operate as a revolving fund whereby all appropri-4 ations, other payments and interest earned thereon shall be applied and reapplied for the purposes of this article. 5 Any premiums, grants, gifts, legislative appropriations 6 7 or other income from any source shall be deposited into 8 this fund.
 - (b) The fund shall be used to provide the subsidization provided in subsections (e) and (g), section five of this article as well as to pay the administrative costs and all other proper costs incurred in implementing the provisions of this article.

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14 (c) The public employees insurance agency is autho-15 rized to utilize its administrative staff and resources in 16 administering this article. In no event, however, may 17 any benefit or program entitlement offered to those eligible under the provisions of article sixteen be affected by the plan established in this article.

§5-16A-5. Rules; contents.

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- 1 (a) The public employees insurance agency shall 2 develop and implement the plan through rules promul-3 gated in accordance with the provisions of chapter 4 twenty-nine-a of this code. The legislative task force on 5 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures 6 shall share with the public employees insurance agency 7 any and all pertinent data, studies, reports, analyses, 8 research, summaries, information collected, filed or 9 developed now or in the future in order to effect the development and implementation of the plan contem-10 11 plated herein. Upon request, in the planning, develop-12 ment and implementation of the plan the insurance 13 commissioner and the commissioner of human services 14 shall cooperate with advice and assistance.
 - (b) The rules shall provide for the establishment of an insurance pool for the provision of basic acute and primary health care insurance coverage with measurable cost containment provisions to employers and employees of small businesses and individuals in this state and their respective dependents; shall develop a definition for "small business" which definition shall include nonprofit organizations and nonprofit corporations having nineteen or fewer employees; shall permit bids from qualified and licensed insurance companies or carriers, who may wish to offer plans or reinsurance for the insurance coverage desired; shall address incentives for small business participation in the plan, and a variety of effective cost controls; shall provide for an appropriate application form for participation and procedures for application; shall ensure accurate and appropriate marketing of the health insurance coverage to small businesses throughout the state; and shall establish criteria for monitoring the effectiveness of the insurance pool.
 - (c) The rules shall provide that the plan will be available to small business employers with nineteen employees or less and to individuals who can demon-

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38 strate that they have been without health insurance 39 coverage for a period of at least six months prior to 40 enrollment, except that persons who are not eligible for 41 the COBRA provisions for the unemployed and who can 42 demonstrate that their lack of health insurance is due 43 to a reduction in workforce will be eligible. Beginning on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 44 ninety, families that no longer qualify for AFDC but do 45 46 qualify for Medicaid under the Family Support Act of 47 1988 will be eligible to participate in the program, and 48 the plan may include a premium for those families.

- (d) The rules shall provide that health care provided pursuant to the plan be through an exclusive provider organization consisting of acute care hospitals, primary care centers, clinics, physician groups and physicians. Inpatient care shall be provided by hospitals at a discounted rate which will be at or below cost. Primary care and outpatient services shall be provided on a per capita basis to be negotiated with providers or provider groups and such payment may be made in advance of services rendered. A formulary prescription drug program shall also be included on a near cost basis. Health care provided outside the exclusive provider organization will generally not be covered by the plan. Outpatient services shall include a quality assurance component to ensure that the level of care is adequate and appropriate. Appropriate provisions may be included to ensure that health care providers participating in the plan do not realize a financial windfall from such participation and that subsequent charges reflect the income received therefrom.
- (e) The rules shall provide that benefit design and premium structures be developed with recommendations from the legislative task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures. The plan shall provide for differing premium and benefit structures based upon the enrollee's level of income. To the extent feasible, the plan will limit enrollment to those individuals who have incomes at or below two hundred percent of the federal poverty level. Premium structures may include cost sharing methods including employer and

79 employee sharing of cost and a sliding scale based on ability to pay. Provisions shall be included for a 80 81 minimum two hundred fifty dollar annual deductible for 82 inpatient acute care and a lifetime cap of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, per individual, for all benefits 83 84 provided under the plan. The plan may provide for the 85 subsidization of premiums for employees and individu-86 als whose income is below the federal poverty rate but above medicaid payment standards. The plan may 87 88 include such provisions as are necessary to allow full 89 advantage to be taken of the provisions of the Family 90 Support Act of 1988.

- (f) The plan shall begin with a three-year pilot program which shall include, at a minimum, two thousand subscribers. The program will be established in two pilot areas in the state. One pilot area will be located in an urban area defined as a metropolitan statistical area and one in a rural area, defined as a nonmetropolitan statistical area. The plan authorized pursuant to this section is a pilot plan only, and may be discontinued or terminated at the end thereof without further liability on behalf of the State of West Virginia or any small businesses that are participating.
- 102 (g) The rules may provide that medical underwriting 103 will take place after, rather than prior, to enrollment 104 in the plan, although all participants will be required 105 to complete a medical screen. Those who do not pass the 106 medical screen may be able to participate. Premiums 107 for such individuals may be at a rate higher than those 108 established for other participants. The cost of the high 109 risk participants' health care insurance premiums may 110 be partially subsidized by the health care insurance fund. The rules shall provide for a schedule of the 111 112 subsidization, which shall be based on need, cost and 113 funds available.
- 114 (h) The rules shall contain provisions that limit any 115 assistance provided pursuant to the plan to that which 116 can be provided within the funds available.

§5-16A-6. Legislative report.

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1 The public employees insurance agency, with the

2 advice and assistance of the legislative task force on 3 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures, 4 shall cooperate to prepare and submit reports to the 5 Legislature before it convenes in the years, one thousand 6 nine hundred ninety, one thousand nine hundred ninety-7 one and one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, with 8 studies, findings, conclusions and recommendations. 9 including any recommendations for legislation, all 10 relating to the purpose and effect of the health care 11 insurance plan created herein. Said report shall be in 12 addition to any report prepared by the legislative task 13 force on uncompensated health care and medicaid 14 expenditures pursuant to the provisions of article 15 twenty-nine-c, chapter sixteen of this code.

§5-16A-7. Availability of data of department of employment security.

In furtherance of the purposes of this article, the 1 2 department of employment security shall, notwithstand-3 ing the provisions of section eleven, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of this code, cooperate to make available 4 5 to the public employees insurance agency and the 6 legislative task force on uncompensated health care and 7 medicaid expenditures such information as they may 8 request for purposes consistent with this article to 9 identify and facilitate contact with small business employers who may be eligible for participation in the 10 plan. The provisions of this section shall be liberally 11 construed by the department of employment security in 12 13 order to effectuate the development of the health care 14 insurance plan.

Information thus obtained by the public employees 15 insurance agency and the legislative task force on 16 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures 17 shall be maintained as strictly confidential and shall be 18 19 exempt from disclosure to the public.

§5-16A-8. Exemption from state antitrust laws and insurance laws.

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The health care insurance plan and those responsible for developing and implementing it under the provisions 3 of this article are exempted from the provisions of

- 4 section five, article eighteen, chapter forty-seven of this
- 5 code and any otherwise applicable provisions of chapter
- 6 thirty-three of this code.

§5-16A-9. Termination of health care insurance plan.

- 1 The health care insurance plan shall be terminated
- 2 pursuant to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of
- 3 this code on the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 4 hundred ninety-two, unless continued or reestablished
- 5 pursuant to the provisions of that article.

§5-16A-10. Misrepresentation by employee or provider; penalty.

1 Any person who knowingly secures or attempts to 2 secure benefits payable under this article to which the person is not entitled, or willfully misrepresents any 3 material fact relating to any other information re-4 5 quested by the public employees insurance agency or 6 who willfully overcharges for services provided, or who 7 willfully misrepresents the diagnosis or nature of the service provided, may be found to be overpaid and shall 8 9 be civilly liable for any overpayment. In addition to the 10 civil remedy provided herein, the public employees 11 insurance agency shall withhold payment of any benefits 12 due to that person until any overpayment has been 13 recovered or may directly set off, after holding internal 14 administrative proceedings to assure due process, any 15 such overcharges or improperly derived payment against benefits due such person hereunder. Nothing in 16

§5-16A-11. Exceptions.

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Even though a state agency or various state agencies may implement this insurance program, the employers and individuals provided insurance coverage by this article are not entitled to access to health care providers as presently mandated in article twenty-nine-d, chapter sixteen of this code.

this section shall be construed to limit any other remedy

or civil or criminal penalty provided by law.

Health care providers may be given the right to treat individuals under this plan but shall not be required to provide health care service to any firm or individual under the insurance plan provided in this article.

CHAPTER 89

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2144—By Delegates Spencer and Mezzatesta)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, relating to creation of a commission for the hearing-impaired, statement of legislative findings, definitions, membership requirements for the commission, terms of office for commission members, goals of the commission, provisions for seminars and training sessions in deaf education, requirement for assistance from other state agencies, duties of the executive director, and provision for payment of expenses of certain members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 14. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSION FOR THE HEAR-ING-IMPAIRED.

§5-14-2.	Definitions.
§5-14-3.	Establishment of commission; membership.
§5-14-4.	Terms of office; quorum.
§5-14-5.	Powers and duties of the commission; register of hearing-impaired duty to report to the commission; census; information clearing house; coordination of interpreters; outreach programs; seminars and training sessions.
§5-14-6.	Seminars and training sessions.
§5-14-7.	Assistance of other agencies.
§5-14-8.	Executive director; staff.
§5-14-9.	Reports and recommendations.

§5-14-11. Reimbursement for expenses. §5-14-1. Legislative findings.

§5-14-10. Grants and gifts; contracts.

\$5-14-1. Legislative findings.

1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:

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- (a) There is a need for West Virginia to adequately identify the hearing-impaired population and provide efficient and effective services to such population;
- (b) Hearing-impaired people need to be more involved in the decisions and programs that affect their lives by soliciting and seriously considering their collective opinion on appropriate matters;
- 9 (c) Cooperation among state and local agencies must 10 be facilitated in an effort to ensure that adequate and 11 appropriate services are available and provided;
 - (d) In order to further the aforementioned goals it is necessary to determine what services exist and what services can be developed in order to match services to individual needs;
- (e) A rubella epidemic from one thousand nine 16 17 hundred sixty-three to one thousand nine hundred sixty-18 five caused a number of infants in West Virginia to be 19 born hearing-impaired. These individuals are approach-20 ing the ages where they will no longer be eligible for 21 educational services, thus requiring services as young 22 adults. The Legislature, therefore, declares that there is 23 an unprecedented and imperative need to plan and 24 prepare for the multiplicity of services required in order to ensure a life-long continuum of services to this 25 26 particular population;
 - (f) There must be more emphasis on the use of interpreters for deaf and hard-of-hearing people and on the quality control of such services;
 - (g) There must be more emphasis on the use of telecommunication devices for the deaf (tdds) and means to provide them for hearing-impaired people;
- 33 (h) Through the implementation of the provisions of 34 this article, the deaf and hard-of-hearing population of 35 West Virginia will be aided in their efforts to live 36 independent and productive lives.

§5-14-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article:

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2 "Deaf" means severe to profound impairment of the 3 sense of hearing whereby the understanding of speech 4 is unattainable through the ear alone with or without 5 amplification, and visual communication is used as the 6 primary mode of communication.

7 "Hard-of-hearing" means significant impairment to 8 the sense of hearing, but not to the extent that the 9 person must rely primarily on visual communication.

"Hearing-impaired" means persons who are either deaf or hard-of-hearing.

§5-14-3. Establishment of commission; membership.

1 There is hereby established within the executive 2 department a commission to be known as the "West 3 Virginia Commission for the Hearing-Impaired" consist-4 ing of fifteen persons, eight of whom shall serve ex 5 officio, to be appointed by the governor within sixty days 6 after the effective date of this article by and with the 7 advice and consent of the Senate. The commission shall meet no less than four times annually. All meetings and 8 9 activities held by the commission shall be attended by at least two qualified interpreters who shall be hired at 10 the commission's expense or provided free of charge by 11 12 agencies, organizations or individuals willing to volunteer qualified interpreters. The members are: 13

- (a) The commissioner, or his or her designee, of the department of human services; the commissioner, or his or her designee, of the department of labor; the director, or his or her designee, of the department of health; the state superintendent of schools, or his or her designee, of the state board of education; the director, or his or designee, of the division of rehabilitation; the director, or his or her designee, of the division of handicapped children's services in the department of human services; the chairman, or his or her designee, of the advisory council for the education of exceptional children; and the superintendent, or his or her designee, of the West Virginia School for the deaf, all of whom shall serve exofficio;
 - (b) Seven persons appointed by the governor, at least

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- 29 three of whom are deaf or hard-of-hearing, one of whom
- 30 is the parent of a deaf child, one of whom is a certified
- 31 teacher of the hearing-impaired, one audiologist and one
- 32 otolarngologist. Of the three deaf people, at least two
- 33 shall be selected from a list of four people recommended
- 34 by the board of the West Virginia association of the deaf.

§5-14-4. Terms of office; quorum.

- Members of the commission who do not serve ex officio shall be appointed for the following terms: Three
- officio shall be appointed for the following terms: Three members shall be appointed for a term of three years;
- 4 three for a term of two years and one for a term of one
- 5 year. When a vacancy occurs, an appointment shall be
- 6 made for the unexpired term. The members shall
- 7 annually elect a chairman. A majority of the members
- 8 constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.

§5-14-5. Powers and duties of the commission; register of hearing-impaired; duty to report to the commission; census; information clearinghouse; coordination of interpreters; outreach programs; seminars and training sessions.

1 The commission shall maintain a complete register of 2 persons who are deaf or hard-of-hearing in the state. For 3 each hearing-impaired person, the register shall describe the condition and cause of the hearing problem, 4 the person's capacity for education and industrial 5 6 training and any other facts the commission considers valuable. Identifying information contained in the 7 register is confidential: Provided, That information 8 9 collected and maintained in the register will be 10 available upon request to other government agencies in 11 order to facilitate services to their hearing-impaired clients. Every health, educational and social agency, and 12 physician or other medical professional serving hearing-13 impaired individuals shall report to the commission, in 14 15 writing, the name, age and residence of persons who are 16 deaf or hard-of-hearing.

In addition to the register, the commission is responsible for conducting and maintaining a census of both

the deaf and hard-of-hearing populations in West Virginia. Such census shall contain state, county and

21 city figures.

The commission shall maintain a clearinghouse of information, the purpose of which is to aid hearing-impaired persons and others in obtaining appropriate services or information about such services including, but not limited to, education, communication (including interpreters), group home facilities, independent living skills, recreational facilities, employment, vocational training, health and mental health services, substance abuse and other services necessary to assure their ability to function in society. The commission shall consult existing public and private agencies and organizations in compiling and maintaining the clearinghouse.

The commission shall establish, maintain and coordinate a statewide service to provide courts, state and local legislative bodies and others with a list of qualified and certified interpreters for the deaf and a list of qualified and certified teachers of American sign language. To establish and maintain these lists the commission may accept the certification of the National Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf and/or the state established quality assurance evaluation.

The commission shall develop an outreach program to familiarize the public with the rights and needs of hearing-impaired people and of available services.

The commission shall investigate the condition of the hearing-impaired in this state with particular attention to those who are aged, homeless, needy, victims of rubella and victims of abuse or neglect. It shall determine the means the state possesses for establishing group homes for its hearing-impaired citizens and the need for additional facilities. The commission shall also determine the advisability and necessity of providing services to the multihandicapped hearing-impaired.

§5-14-6. Seminars and training sessions.

The commission may establish one or more training sessions or workshops for the teaching of interpretive skills, in-service training and counseling for the deaf and hard-of-hearing. Seminars and training sessions

- 5 may be conducted and are encouraged to work with the
- 6 existing facilities and organizations established to
- 7 accomplish the same goals.

Assistance of other agencies. **§5-14-7**.

- 1 To effectuate the purposes of this article, the commis-
- 2 sion may request from any department, board, bureau,
- 3 commission or other agency of the state, and the same
- are authorized to provide such assistance, services and 4
- data as will enable the commission to properly carry out 5
- its powers and duties hereunder.

§5-14-8. Executive director: staff.

- There shall be within the commission an executive 1
- 2 director who shall be appointed by the commission and
- 3 whose compensation shall be fixed by the commission
- 4 within the budgetary appropriation thereof. The exec-
- 5 utive director shall be in the exempt class of civil service
- 6 and may not be a member of the commission. The 7
- executive director may attend all meetings of the
- 8 commission, as well as its committees, but has no vote
- 9 on decisions or actions of the commission or its commit-
- 10 tees. The executive director shall carry out the decisions
- 11 and actions of the commission, hire all staff, administer
- 12 all affairs of the commission in accordance with its
- 13 policies and discharge such other duties as the commis-
- sion shall from time to time determine. The commission 14
- 15 may employ such other officers, employees and clerical
- 16 assistants as it considers necessary and may fix their
- 17 compensation within the amounts made available by
- 18 appropriation. To the extent possible, the executive
- 19 director shall be hearing-impaired and shall be profi-
- 20 cient in communicating with hearing-impaired individ-
- uals using varying communication modes. 21

§5-14-9. Reports and recommendations.

- 1 The commission shall make an annual report to the
- 2 governor and the Legislature which shall include its
- recommendations and programs.

§5-14-10. Grants and gifts; contracts.

The commission, with the approval of the governor, 1

- 2 may agree to accept and contract as agent of the state
- 3 any gift, grant, devise or bequest, including federal
- 4 grants, for any of the purposes of this article. Any
- 5 moneys so received may be expended by the commission
- 6 to effectuate any purpose of this article, subject to the
- 7 same limitations as to approval of expenditures and
- 8 audit as are prescribed for state moneys appropriated
- 9 for the purposes of this article.
- 10 The commission may enter into contracts with any
- 11 person, firm, corporation, municipality or governmental
- 12 agency to effectuate the purposes of this article.

§5-14-11. Reimbursement for expenses.

- 1 The members of the commission, other than its ex
- 2 officio members, are entitled to reimbursement for their
- 3 actual and necessary expenses incurred in the perfor-
- 4 mance of official duties.

CHAPTER 90

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2395—By Delegates Pitrolo and Bradley)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight-a, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to horse and dog racing; applications for Sunday racing; local option election procedures; protest procedures against approval; petition calling for a local option election for Sunday racing, and an alternative method for approval or rejection of Sunday racing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight-a, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

PART V-A. SUNDAY RACING.

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§19-23-8a. Applications for Sunday racing; local option election procedures; protest procedures against approval.

(a) A racing association licensed under the provisions of section one of this article and operating a horse or dog racetrack in a county may make application for permission to conduct horse or dog racing on Sunday, between the hours of one p.m. and six p.m., local time.

Such application shall be filed with the racing commission. The racing commission shall prescribe blank forms to be used in making such application.

9 The racing commission, if it finds such application to 10 be in order, may grant tentative approval of such application and, if it grants tentative approval of the 11 12 application, shall prepare and publish a notice to the 13 public that the racing commission has granted tentative 14 approval of the application, that the racing commission 15 solicits public comment from the citizens of the county 16 and will hold a public hearing in the county on a date specified in the notice in the county wherein the horse 17 18 racing track or dog racing track is located, that the 19 racing commission shall take such comment into 20 consideration in deciding whether or not to grant or 21 deny final approval, and that the racing commission will 22 make final approval of such application at the expira-23 tion of sixty days from the date of the first publication 24 of such notice, which date shall be specified in said 25 notice, unless within that time in accordance with 26 subsection (c) of this section, the county commission of 27 the county in which such racetrack is located shall order an election. Such notice shall be published as a Class II 28 29 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of 30 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the 31 publication area for such publication shall be the county in which the racetrack is located: Provided, That prior 32 to granting final approval hereunder, the racing 33 commission shall solicit public comment from the 34 citizens of the county, and hold a public hearing in the 35 36 county on a date specified in the hearing notice specified 37 above, in the county wherein the horse racing track or 38 dog racing track is located and shall take such comment

- into consideration in deciding whether or not to grant final tentative approval. If no such election is ordered, the racing commission shall proceed to consider final approval of the application.
 - (b) The county commission shall, upon the written petition of qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least fifteen percent of the number of persons who voted in that county in the next preceding general election, received within the period specified in subsection (a) of this section, which petition may be in any number of counterparts, order an election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county that racing be permitted on Sundays in said county, which election shall be held at the next primary or general election held in such county. The racing commission shall permit such racing pending certification of the results of the election.
 - (c) If such election is ordered, the county commission shall give notice of such election by publication of such notice as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. Such notice shall be published within twenty-one consecutive days next preceding the date of said election.
 - (d) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following:

"Shall the West Virginia Racing Commission be authorized to approve horse racing on Sundays between the hours of one p.m. and six p.m. in ______ County, West Virginia?

70 □ Yes □ No

(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)"

In a county in which dog racing is conducted, the term "dog racing" shall be substituted for "horse racing" on the ballot or ballot label.

(e) Each individual qualified to vote in said county

shall be qualified to vote at such election. The votes in said election shall be counted and returns made by the election officers and the results certified by the commissioners of election to said county commission, which shall canvass the ballots, all in accordance with the laws of this state relating to general elections insofar as the same are applicable. The county commission shall, without delay, canvass the votes cast at such election and certify the results thereof to the racing commission, and shall transmit a certified copy of said results to the secretary of state.

- (f) After the certification of the results of such election, the racing commission shall: (1) grant final approval of an application for a license which contains racing dates which fall on Sunday if a majority of the voters voting at such election vote yes, and on such racing dates all racing and other activities authorized by this article shall be lawful, any other provisions of this code to the contrary notwithstanding; or (2) deny final approval of an application for a license which contains racing dates which fall on Sunday if less than a majority of the voters voting at such election vote yes.
- (g) After an election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county that racing be permitted on Sundays in said county, another election on such issue shall not be held for a period of five years.
- (h) After five years from such final approval, it shall be the duty of the county commission upon a petition in writing of qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least fifteen percent of the number of persons who voted in that county in the next preceding general election, which petition may be in any number of counterparts, to order an election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county that racing on Sundays be discontinued in said county. The provisions of subsections (c) and (e) of this section shall govern said election. The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following:

116 117	"Shall racing of horses on Sunday in County, West Virginia, be discontinued?
118	□ Yes □ No
119 120	(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)"
121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129	In a county in which dog racing is conducted, the word "dogs" shall be substituted for "horses" on the ballot or ballot label. If it be the will of a majority of the voters of said county that Sunday racing be discontinued in said county, it shall be the duty of the racing commission thereafter, for a period of at least five years and until a subsequent election shall otherwise direct, to deny applications to race on Sundays in said county.
130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137	(i) Upon the written petition of qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least thirty percent of the number of persons who voted in that county in the next preceding general election, which petition may be in any number of counterparts, presented to the racing commission within sixty days after the expiration of such publication protesting against such tentative approval, the approval may not become effective and another petition may not be filed for a

CHAPTER 91

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 6-By Senators Chernenko and Blatnik)

[Passed March 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve-a, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting racetrack wagering on property controlled by the racing association that is contiguous to a racetrack, subject to certain requirements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

139 period of five years.

That section twelve-a, article twenty-three, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. HORSE AND DOG RACING.

§19-23-12a. Pari-mutuel wagering on interstate and intrastate horse and dog racing.

- 1 (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, a racing association licensed in this state to conduct race 2 3 meetings may, with the consent of the racing commis-4 sion and the written approval of the authorized repre-5 sentative of a majority of the owners and trainers who 6 hold the permit required by section two of this article 7 at the horse racetrack, contract with any legal wagering 8 entity in this or any other state to accept wagers on any 9 race or races conducted by such legal wagering entity. Unless the wager becomes part of the host licensee's 10 11 pari-mutuel pool, such wagering shall be conducted 12 within the confines of such licensee's racetrack or at a 13 hotel as defined in section three, article six, chapter 14 sixteen of this code, controlled by such licensee and contiguous to the licensee's property, subject to the 15 16 following requirements:
- 17 (a) That such hotel contain at least one hundred rooms and be in existence on the effective date of this section;
- 19 (b) That the licensee shall have invested at least one 20 million dollars in the hotel; and
- 21 (c) That such hotel is within one-half mile of the 22 licensee's racetrack surface.
- 23 (2) Such horse association shall retain a basic commis-24 sion not to exceed seventeen and twenty-five one-25 hundredths percent of all money wagered, plus an 26 additional amount equal to one and seventy-five one-27 hundredths percent of the amount wagered each day on all multiple wagers determined by a combination of two 28 winning horses, including, but not limited to, the daily 29 double, quinella and perfecta or plus an additional 30 31 amount equal to seven and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the amount wagered each day on all trifecta 32

- wagers or any other multiple wager which involves a single betting interest on three or more horses. Breakage shall be calculated and distributed in the manner provided by subsection (c), section nine of this article.
 - (3) The commission deducted by any licensee from the pari-mutuel pools on dog racing shall not exceed sixteen and one-fourth percent of the total of such pari-mutuel pools for the day.
 - (4) Out of the commission retained or deducted by a licensee under the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the licensee shall pay one tenth of one percent into the general fund of the county commission of the county in which the racetrack is located, except if within a municipality, then to such municipality's general fund.
 - (5) The association shall pay each day a pari-mutuel pools tax calculated under the provisions of section ten of this article.
 - (6) After deducting the county or municipal share provided for in subsection (4) of this section and the pari-mutuel pools tax required by subsection (5) of this section, and the amount required to be paid under the terms of the contract with the legal wagering entity of this or another state and the cost of transmission, the horse racing association shall make a deposit equal to fifty percent of the remainder into the purse fund established under the provisions of subdivision (b), subsection (1), section nine of this article.
 - (7) All of the provisions of the "Federal Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978," also known as Public Law 95-515, section 3001-3007 of title 15, U.S. Code, shall be instructive as the intent of this section.
 - (8) For the purposes of this section the words "legal wagering entity" shall be limited to any person engaged in horse racing or dog racing pursuant to a license or other permission granted by the state in which such person's racetrack is situated and conducting race meetings, with a pari-mutuel wagering system permitted under that state's laws and in which the participants are wagering with each other and not the operator.

CHAPTER 92

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2516—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, eight, nine and eleven, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the human rights commission; policy; powers; objects; functions; services; definitions; adding discrimination on the grounds of familial status as an unlawful discriminatory practice; exemptions; complaints; subpoenae and subpoenae duces tecum; hearings; delegation of authority to hearing examiners; commission review of hearing examiner's final decision; conciliation agreements; unlawful discriminatory practices generally; and appeal and enforcement of commission orders.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, eight, nine and eleven, article eleven, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION.

- §5-11-2. Declaration of policy.
- §5-11-3. Definitions.
- §5-11-4. Human rights commission continued; status, powers and objects.
- §5-11-8. Commission powers; functions; services.
- §5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.
- §5-11-11. Appeal and enforcement of commission orders.

§5-11-2. Declaration of policy.

- 1 It is the public policy of the state of West Virginia to
- 2 provide all of its citizens equal opportunity for employ-
- 3 ment, equal access to places of public accommodations,
- 4 and equal opportunity in the sale, purchase, lease, rental
- 5 and financing of housing accommodations or real
- 6 property. Equal opportunity in the areas of employment
- 7 and public accommodations is hereby declared to be a

- 8 human right or civil right of all persons without regard
- 9 to race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex,
- 10 age, blindness or handicap. Equal opportunity in
- 11 housing accommodations or real property is hereby
- declared to be a human right or civil right of all persons
- 13 without regard to race, religion, color, national origin.
- 14 ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status.
- 15 The denial of these rights to properly qualified
- 16 persons by reason of race, religion, color, national origin,
- 17 ancestry, sex, age, blindness, handicap, or familial
- 18 status is contrary to the principles of freedom and
- 19 equality of opportunity and is destructive to a free and
- 20 democratic society.

§5-11-3. Definitions.

- 1 When used in this article:
- 2 (a) The term "person" means one or more individuals,
- 3 partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations,
- 4 labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives,
- 5 trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers and other
- 6 organized groups of persons;
- 7 (b) The term "commission" means the West Virginia human rights commission;
- 9 (c) The term "director" means the executive director of the commission:
- 11 (d) The term "employer" means the state, or any political subdivision thereof, and any person employing
- political subdivision thereof, and any person employing twelve or more persons within the state: *Provided*, That
- 14 such terms shall not be taken, understood or construed
- 14 such terms shall not be taken, understood or constructual 15 to include a private club;
- 16 (e) The term "employee" shall not include any individ-17 ual employed by his parents, spouse or child, or in the
- 18 domestic service of any person;
- 19 (f) The term "labor organization" includes any
- organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, for collective bargaining or for dealing with
- 22 employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of
- 23 employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in
- 24 relation to employment;

- (g) The term "employment agency" includes any person undertaking with or without compensation to procure, recruit, refer or place employees. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be an employment agency;
 - (h) The term "discriminate" or "discrimination" means to exclude from, or fail or refuse to extend to, a person equal opportunities because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, handicap, or familial status and includes to separate or segregate;
- (i) The term "unlawful discriminatory practices" includes only those practices specified in section nine of this article:
- (j) The term "place of public accommodations" means any establishment or person, as defined herein, including the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, which offers its services, goods, facilities or accommodations to the general public, but shall not include any accommodations which are in their nature private;
- (k) The term "housing accommodations" means any building or portion thereof, which is used or intended for use as the residence or sleeping place of one or more persons. Nothing contained in this definition or this article shall apply to the rental of a room or rooms in a rooming house occupied by the owner as a place of residence and containing no more than four rented rooms, or rooms to be rented:
- (l) The term "real property" includes real estate, lands, leaseholds, commercial or industrial buildings and any vacant land offered for sale or rent on which the construction of a housing accommodation, commercial or industrial building is intended, and any land operated as a trailer camp or rented or leased for the use, parking or storage of mobile homes or house trailers;
- (m) The term "real estate broker" includes any person, firm or corporation who, for a fee, commission

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or other valuable consideration, or by reason of a promise or reasonable expectation thereof, lists for sale. sells, exchanges, buys or rents, or offers or attempts to negotiate a sale, exchange, purchase, or rental of real estate or an interest therein, or collects or offers or attempts to collect rent for the use of real estate or solicits for a prospective purchaser or assists or directs in the procuring of prospects or the negotiation or closing of any transaction which does or is contemplated to result in the sale, exchange, leasing, renting or auctioning of any real estate or negotiates, offers or attempts or agrees to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by mortgage or other encumbrance upon transfer of any real estate for others, or any person who. for pecuniary gain or expectation of pecuniary gain. conducts a public or private competitive sale of lands or any interest in lands. In the sale of lots, the term "real estate broker" shall also include any person, partnership, association or corporation employed by or on behalf of the owner or owners of lots or other parcels of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a commission, or upon a salary and commission, or otherwise to sell such real estate, or any parts thereof, in lots or other parcels, and who shall sell or exchange, or offer or attempt or agree to negotiate the sale or exchange, of any such lot or parcel of real estate. A newspaper engaged in the activity of advertising in the normal course of its business shall not be deemed to be a real estate broker:

(n) The term "real estate salesman" includes any person who, for compensation, valuable consideration or commission, or other thing of value, or by reason of a promise or reasonable expectation thereof, is employed by and operates under the supervision of a real estate broker to sell, buy or offer to buy or negotiate the purchase, sale or exchange of real estate, offers or attempts to negotiate a loan secured or to be secured by a mortgage or other encumbrance upon or transfer of real estate for others, or to collect rents for the use of real estate, or to solicit for prospective purchasers or lessees of real estate, or who is employed by a licensed real estate broker to sell or offer to sell lots or other parcels of real estate, at a stated salary, or upon a

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- 106 commission, or upon a salary and commission, or 107 otherwise to sell real estate, or any parts thereof, in lots 108 or other parcels;
- 109 (o) The term "purchaser" includes any occupant, 110 prospective occupant, lessee, prospective lessee, renter, 111 prospective renter, buyer or prospective buyer;
- 112 (p) The term "owner" shall include the owner, lessee, 113 sublessee, assignee, manager, agents, or other person, 114 firm or corporation having the right to sell, rent or lease 115 any housing accommodation or real property within the 116 state of West Virginia or any agent of any of these;
 - (q) The term "age" means the age of forty or above;
- (r) The term "rooming house" means a house or building where there are one or more bedrooms which the proprietor can spare for the purpose of giving lodgings to such persons as he chooses to receive;
- 122 (s) For the purpose of this article, a person shall be 123 considered to be blind only if his central visual acuity 124 does not exceed twenty/two hundred in the better eye 125 with correcting lenses, or if his visual acuity is greater than twenty/two hundred but is occasioned by a 126 limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest 127 diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater 128 129 than twenty degrees:
 - (t) The term "handicap" means a person who:
 - (1) Has a mental or physical impairment which substantially limits one or more of such person's major life activities; the term "major life activities" includes functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working;
 - (2) Has a record of such impairment; or
 - (3) Is regarded as having such an impairment.

For the purposes of this article, this term does not include persons whose current use of or addiction to alcohol or drugs prevents such individual from performing the duties of the job in question or whose employ-

- 143 ment, by reason of such current alcohol or drug abuse.
- 144 would constitute a direct threat to property or the safety
- 145 of others.
- (u) The term "familial status" means one or more 146
- 147 individuals (who have not attained the age of eighteen
- 148 years) being domiciled with:
- 149 (1) A parent or another person having legal custody
- 150 of such individual or individuals; or
- 151 (2) The designee of such parent or other person
- 152 having such custody, with the written permission of
- 153 such parent or other person. The protections afforded
- 154 against discrimination on the basis of familial status
- 155 shall apply to any person who is pregnant or is in the
- 156 process of securing legal custody of any individual who
- 157 has not attained the age of eighteen years. Nothing in
- 158 this definition restricts advertisements of dwellings
- 159 which are intended and operated for occupancy by older
- 160 persons and which constitute housing for older persons.

Human rights commission continued; status, **§5-11-4**. powers and objects.

- The West Virginia human rights commission, hereto-1
- fore created, is hereby continued. The commission shall 2
- 3 have the power and authority and shall perform the
- 4 functions and services as in this article prescribed and
- 5 as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall
- 6 encourage and endeavor to bring about mutual under-
- standing and respect among all racial, religious and 7
- ethnic groups within the state and shall strive to
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- 9 eliminate all discrimination in employment and places
- of public accommodations by virtue of race, religion, 10
- color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or 11
- handicap and shall strive to eliminate all discrimination 12
- 13 in the sale, purchase, lease, rental or financing of
- housing and other real property by virtue of race, 14
- religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, 15
- handicap, or familial status. 16

Commission powers; functions; services. §5-11-8.

The commission is hereby authorized and empowered: 1

- (a) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local government officers, units, activities and agencies in the promotion and attainment of more harmonious understanding and greater equality of rights between and among all racial, religious and ethnic groups in this state:
- (b) To enlist the cooperation of racial, religious and ethnic units, community and civic organizations, industrial and labor organizations and other identifiable groups of the state in programs and campaigns devoted to the advancement of tolerance, understanding and the equal protection of the laws of all groups and peoples;
- (c) To receive, investigate and pass upon complaints alleging discrimination in employment or places of public accommodations, because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap, and complaints alleging discrimination in the sale, purchase, lease, rental and financing of housing accommodations or real property because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status, and to initiate its own consideration of any situations, circumstances or problems, including therein any racial, religious or ethnic group tensions, prejudice, disorder or discrimination reported or existing within the state relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations and real property;
- (d) To hold and conduct public and private hearings in the county where the respondent resides or transacts business or where agreed to by the parties or where the acts complained of occurred, on complaints, matters and questions before the commission and, in connection therewith, relating to discrimination in employment, or places of public accommodations, housing accommodations or real property and during the investigation of any formal complaint before the commission relating to employment, places of public accommodations, housing accommodations or real property to:
- (1) Issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum upon the approval of the executive director or the chairperson

- of the commission; administer oaths; take the testimony of any person under oath; and make reimbursement for travel and other reasonable and necessary expenses in connection with such attendance:
 - (2) Furnish copies of public hearing records to parties involved therein upon their payment of the reasonable costs thereof to the commission;
 - (3) Delegate to a hearing examiner who shall be an attorney, duly licensed to practice law in West Virginia, the power and authority to hold and conduct hearings, as herein provided, to determine all questions of fact and law presented during the hearing and to render a final decision on the merits of the complaint, subject to the review of the commission as hereinafter set forth.

Any respondent or complainant who shall feel aggrieved at any final action of a hearing examiner shall file a written notice of appeal with the commission by serving such notice on the executive director and upon all other parties within thirty days after receipt of the hearing examiner's decision. The commission shall limit its review upon such appeals to whether the hearing examiner's decision is:

- 64 (a) In conformity with the constitution and the laws 65 of the state and the United States;
 - (b) Within the commission's statutory jurisdiction or authority;
 - (c) Made in accordance with procedures required by law or established by appropriate rules or regulations of the commission;
- 71 (d) Supported by substantial evidence on the whole 72 record; or
 - (e) Not arbitrary, capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion.
- 76 (4) To enter into conciliation agreements and consent orders.
- 78 Each conciliation agreement shall include provisions

requiring the respondent to refrain from the commission of unlawful discriminatory practices in the future and shall contain such further provisions as may be agreed upon by the commission and the respondent.

If the respondent and the commission agree upon conciliation terms, the commission shall serve upon the complainant a copy of the proposed conciliation agreement. If the complainant agrees to the terms of the agreement or fails to object to such terms within fifteen days after its service upon him, the commission shall issue an order embodying such conciliation agreement. If the complainant objects to the agreement, he shall serve a specification of his objections upon the commission within such period. Unless such objections are met or withdrawn within ten days after service thereof, the commission shall notice the complaint for hearing.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the commission may, where it finds the terms of the conciliation agreement to be in the public interest, execute such agreement, and limit the hearing to the objections of the complainant.

If a conciliation agreement is entered into, the commission shall serve a copy of the order embodying such agreement upon all parties to the proceeding.

Not later than one year from the date of a conciliation agreement, the commission shall investigate whether the respondent is complying with the terms of such agreement. Upon a finding of noncompliance, the commission shall take appropriate action to assure compliance;

- (5) To apply to the circuit court of the county where the respondent resides or transacts business for enforcement of any conciliation agreement or consent order by seeking specific performance of such agreement or consent order;
- 114 (6) To issue cease and desist orders against any person 115 found, after a public hearing, to have violated the 116 provisions of this article or the rules and regulations of 117 the commission;

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- 118 (7) To apply to the circuit court of the county where 119 the respondent resides or transacts business for an order 120 enforcing any lawful cease and desist order issued by 121 the commission:
- (e) To recommend to the governor and Legislature 123 policies, procedures, practices and legislation in matters and questions affecting human rights:
 - (f) To delegate to its executive director such powers. duties and functions as may be necessary and expedient in carrying out the objectives and purposes of this article:
 - (g) To prepare a written report on its work, functions and services for each year ending on the thirtieth day of June and to deliver copies thereof to the governor on or before the first day of December next thereafter:
 - (h) To do all other acts and deeds necessary and proper to carry out and accomplish effectively the objects, functions and services contemplated by the provisions of this article, including the promulgation of legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. implementing the powers and authority hereby vested in the commission:
 - (i) To create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local, regional or statewide, as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this article, to study the problems of discrimination in all or specific fields or instances of discrimination because of race. religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness, handicap, or familial status; to foster, through community effort or otherwise, goodwill, cooperation and conciliation among the groups and elements of the population of this state, and to make recommendations to the commission for the development of policies and procedures, and for programs of formal and informal education, which the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency. Such advisory agencies and conciliation councils shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay. The commission may itself make the studies and perform the acts authorized by

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- this subdivision. It may, by voluntary conferences with parties in interest, endeavor by conciliation and persuasion to eliminate discrimination in all the stated fields and to foster goodwill and cooperation among all elements of the population of the state:
- (j) To accept contributions from any person to assist in the effectuation of the purposes of this section and to seek and enlist the cooperation of private, charitable, religious, labor, civic and benevolent organizations for the purposes of this section;
- 168 (k) To issue such publications and such results of 169 investigation and research as in its judgment will tend 170 to promote goodwill and minimize or eliminate discrimination: *Provided*, That the identity of the parties 172 involved shall not be disclosed.

§5-11-9. Unlawful discriminatory practices.

- (a) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or except where based upon applicable security regulations established by the United States or the state of West Virginia or its agencies or political subdivisions:
- 6 (1) For any employer to discriminate against an 7 individual with respect to compensation, hire, tenure, 8 terms, conditions or privileges of employment if the 9 individual is able and competent to perform the services 10 required even if such individual is blind or handicapped: 11 Provided, That it shall not be unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to observe the provisions of any 12 13 bona fide pension, retirement, group or employee insurance, or welfare benefit plan or system not adopted 14 15 as a subterfuge to evade the provisions of this 16 subdivision:
 - (2) For any employer, employment agency or labor organization, prior to the employment or admission to membership, to (A) elicit any information or make or keep a record of or use any form of application or application blank containing questions or entries concerning the race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age of any applicant for employment or

- membership; (B) print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership indicating any preference, limitation, specifications or discrimination based upon race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age: or (C) deny or limit, through a quota system, employment or membership because of race, religion. color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap:
 - (3) For any labor organization because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap of any individual to deny full and equal membership rights to any individual or otherwise to discriminate against such individual with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any other matter, directly or indirectly, related to employment:
 - (4) For an employer, labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor-management committee controlling apprentice training programs to:
 - (A) Select individuals for an apprentice training program registered with the state of West Virginia on any basis other than their qualifications as determined by objective criteria which permit review;
 - (B) Discriminate against any individual with respect to his right to be admitted to or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job training program, or other occupational training or retraining program;
 - (C) Discriminate against any individual in his pursuit of such programs or to discriminate against such a person in the terms, conditions or privileges of such programs;
 - (D) Print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of application for such programs or to make any inquiry in connection with such program which expresses, directly or indirectly, discrimination or any intent to discriminate, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification;

- (5) For any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly, refer for employment or otherwise to discriminate against any individual because of his race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap;
 - (6) For any person being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or employee of any place of public accommodations to:
 - (A) Refuse, withhold from or deny to any individual because of his race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap, either directly or indirectly, any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of such place of public accommodations:
 - (B) Publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, either directly or indirectly, any written or printed communication, notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, privileges or services of any such place shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any individual on account of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, blindness or handicap, or that the patronage or custom thereat of any individual, belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex or age or who is blind or handicapped, is unwelcome, objectionable, not acceptable, undesired or not solicited;
 - (7) For the owner, lessee, sublessee, assignee or managing agent of, or other person having the right of ownership or possession of or the right to sell, rent, lease, assign or sublease any housing accommodations or real property or part or portion thereof, or any agent, or employee of any of them; or for any real estate broker, real estate salesman, or employee or agent thereof:
 - (A) To refuse to sell, rent, lease, assign or sublease or otherwise to deny to or withhold from any person or group of persons any housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap or familial status of such person or group of persons: *Provided*, That this provision shall not require

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- any person named herein to rent, lease, assign or sublease any housing accommodations or real property, or any portion thereof to both sexes where the facilities of such housing accommodations or real property, or any portion thereof, are suitable for only one sex;
 - (B) To discriminate against any person or group of persons because of the race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status of such person or group of persons in the terms, conditions or privileges of the sale, rental or lease of any housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
 - (C) To print, publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail, or cause to be printed, published, circulated. issued, displayed, posted or mailed any statement. advertisement, publication, or sign or to use any form of application for the purchase, rental, lease, assignment or sublease of any housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, or to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, rental, lease, assignment or sublease of any housing accommodations or real property or part or portion thereof, which expresses, directly or indirectly, any discrimination as to race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status or any intent to make any such discrimination and the production of any statement, advertisement, publicity, sign, form of application, record or inquiry purporting to be made by any such person shall be prima facie evidence in any action that the same was authorized by such person: Provided, That with respect to sex discrimination, this provision shall not apply to any person named herein whose housing accommodations or real property, or any portion thereof, have facilities which are suitable for only one sex;
 - (8) For any person or financial institution or lender to whom application is made for financial assistance for the purchase, acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair or maintenance of any housing accommodations

or real property, or part or portion thereof, or any agent or employee thereof to:

- (A) Discriminate against any person or group of persons because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status of such person or group of persons or of the prospective occupants or tenants of such housing accommodations or real property, or part or portion thereof, in the granting, withholding, extending, modifying or renewing, or in the fixing of the rates, terms, conditions or provisions of any such financial assistance or in the extension of services in connection therewith:
- (B) Use any form of application for such financial assistance or to make any record of inquiry in connection with applications for such financial assistance which expresses, directly or indirectly, any discrimination as to race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, blindness, handicap, or familial status or any intent to make any such discrimination;
- (9) For any person, employer, employment agency, labor organization, owner, real estate broker, real estate salesman or financial institution to:
- (A) Engage in any form of threats or reprisal, or to engage in, or hire, or conspire with others to commit acts or activities of any nature, the purpose of which is to harass, degrade, embarrass, or cause physical harm or economic loss or to aid, abet, incite, compel or coerce any person to engage in any of the unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this section;
- (B) Willfully obstruct or prevent any person from complying with the provisions of this article, or to resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the commission or any of its members or representatives in the performance of duty under this article;
- (C) Engage in any form of reprisal or otherwise discriminate against any person because he has opposed any practices or acts forbidden under this article or because he has filed a complaint, testified or assisted in any proceeding under this article;
- (D) Induce or attempt to induce for profit any person to sell or rent or to not sell or rent any housing

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186 accommodations or real property by representations 187 regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons who are blind or 188 handicapped or who are of a particular race, religion, 189 190 color, national origin, ancestry or sex, or a person or 191 persons against whom discrimination on the basis of 192 familial status is prohibited by this article: Provided. 193 That for the purposes of this article it shall not be an 194 unlawful discriminatory practice for any person. 195 employer or owner to refuse to make any unreasonable 196 capital expenditure to accommodate the physical or 197 mental impairment of any handicapped person.

- (b) Solely for purposes of familial status, nothing in subdivision (7) of subsection (a) (other than subsection (c)) of this section shall apply to:
- (1) Any single-family house sold or rented by an owner: Provided. That such private individual owner does not own more than three such single-family houses at any one time: Provided, however, That in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, the exemption granted by this subsection shall apply only with respect to one such sale within any twenty-four month period: Provided further. That such bona fide private individual owner does not own any interest in, nor is there owned or reserved on his behalf, under any express or voluntary agreement, title to or any right to all or a portion of the proceeds from the sale or rental of, more than three such single-family houses at any one time: And provided further. That the sale or rental of any such single-family house shall be excepted from the application of this subchapter only if such house is sold or rented (A) without the use in any manner of the sales or rental facilities or the sales or rental services of any real estate broker, agent, or salesman, or of such facilities or services of any person in the business of selling or renting dwellings, or of any employee or agent of any such broker, agent, salesman, or person and (B) without the publication, posting or mailing, after notice of any advertisement or written notice in violation of para-

- graph (C), subdivision (7), subsection (a) of this section; but nothing in this proviso shall prohibit the use of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies, and other such professional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title, or
 - (2) Rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner actually maintains and occupies one of such living quarters as his residence.
 - (c) For the purposes of subsection (b) of this section, a person shall be deemed to be in the business of selling or renting dwellings if:
 - (1) He has, within the preceding twelve months, participated as principal in three or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein, or
 - (2) He has, within the preceding twelve months, participated as agent, other than in the sale of his own personal residence in providing sales or rental facilities or sales or rental services in two or more transactions involving the sale or rental of any dwelling or any interest therein, or
- 251 (3) He is the owner of any dwelling designed or 252 intended for occupancy by, or occupied by, five or more 253 families.
 - (d) (1) Nothing in this article limits the applicability of any reasonable local, state, or federal restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling. Nor does any provision in this article regarding familial status apply with respect to housing for older persons.
 - (2) As used in this section "housing for older persons" means housing:
 - (A) Provided under any state or federal program that is specifically designed and operated to assist elderly persons (as defined in the state or federal program); or
 - (B) Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons sixty-two years of age or older; or

- 267 (C) Intended and operated for occupancy by at least 268 one person fifty-five years of age or older per unit. In 269 determining whether housing qualifies as housing for 270 older persons under this subsection, the commission 271 shall develop regulations which require at least the 272 following factors:
- 273 (i) The existence of significant facilities and services 274 specifically designed to meet the physical or social needs 275 of older persons, or if the provision of such facilities and 276 services is not practicable, that such housing is neces-277 sary to provide important housing opportunities for 278 older persons; and
- 279 (ii) That at least eighty percent of the units are 280 occupied by at least one person fifty-five years of age 281 or older per unit; and
- (iii) The publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures which demonstrate an intent by the owner or manager to provide housing for persons fifty-five years of age or older.
- 286 (3) Housing shall not fail to meet the requirements for housing for older persons by reason of:
- (A) Persons residing in such housing as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, who do not meet the age requirements of paragraphs (B) or (C), subdivision (2) of this subsection: *Provided*, That new occupants of such housing meet the age requirements of paragraphs (B) or (C), subdivision (2) of this subsection; or
- 295 (B) Unoccupied units: *Provided*, That such units are reserved for occupancy by persons who meet the age requirements of paragraphs (B) or (C), subdivision 298 (2) of this subsection.

§5-11-11. Appeal and enforcement of commission orders.

1 (a) From any final order of the commission, an application for review may be prosecuted by either 3 party to the supreme court of appeals within thirty days 4 from the receipt thereof by the filing of a petition 5 therefor to such court against the commission and the adverse party as respondents, and the clerk of such court shall notify each of the respondents and the

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County may seek review thereof by appeal to the supreme court of appeals pursuant to section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code filed within thirty days of entry of the final order of the circuit court.

The appeal procedure contained in this subsection shall be the exclusive means of review, notwithstanding the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That such exclusive means of review shall not apply to any case wherein an appeal or a petition for enforcement of a cease and desist order has been filed with a circuit court of this state prior to the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

(b) In the event that any person shall fail to obey a final order of the commission within thirty days after receipt of the same, or, if applicable, within thirty days after a final order of the circuit court or the supreme court of appeals, a party or the commission may seek an order from the circuit court for its enforcement. Such proceedings shall be initiated by filing of a petition in said court, and served upon the respondent in the manner provided by law for the service of summons in civil actions; a hearing shall be held on such petition within sixty days of the date of service. The court may grant appropriate temporary relief, and shall make and enter upon the pleadings, testimony and proceedings such order as is necessary to enforce the order of the commission or supreme court of appeals.

CHAPTER 93

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2167—By Delegates Flanigan and White)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight, all relating to establishment of a charity food bank

advisory committee and assistance fund; requiring local human services offices and the department of human services to provide information and referral service; giving exemption from civil and criminal liability; directing diversion of state surplus food to food banks; establishing collection and distribution centers; setting minimum standards for food banks; directing use of state surplus buildings and equipment for food banks; providing that nonprofit organizations and food stamp programs not be affected; establishing food bank advisory committee and setting method of appointment and terms of members; setting duties of committee; and establishing food bank assistance fund.

TCh. 93

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eight, all to read as follows:

Article

- Department of Human Services and Office of Commissioner of Human Services; Powers, Duties and Responsibilities Generally.
- 8. Charity Food Banks.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES AND OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES GENERALLY.

§9-2-8. Information and referral services.

- 1 (a) Each local human services office shall compile,
- 2 maintain and post a current list of charity food banks
- 3 and other emergency food providers in the area served
- 4 by the local food stamp office and refer individuals who
- 5 need food to local programs that may be able to provide
- 6 assistance.

- 7 (b) The department shall utilize its existing statewide
 - toll free telephone number to provide emergency food
- 9 information and to refer needy individuals to local
- 10 programs that may be able to provide assistance. The
- 11 department shall publish the telephone number for

- 12 referrals in the emergency telephone numbers section of
- 13 local telephone books. The department shall display this
- 14 telephone number in all its offices that issue food
- 15 stamps.

ARTICLE 8. CHARITY FOOD BANKS.

- §9-8-1. Purpose.
- §9-8-2. Donation of food items; exemption from civil and criminal liability.
- §9-8-3. Definitions.
- §9-8-4. Authorization of donations; diversion of products by directors to organizations.
- §9-8-5. Surplus food collection and distribution centers.
- §9-8-6. Minimum standards for food banks.
- §9-8-7. State surplus buildings and equipment; availability to charity food banks.
- §9-8-8. Effect of article on other nonprofit organizations.
- §9-8-9. Application of article to food stamp act.
- §9-8-10. Charity food bank advisory committee; terms; compensation; officers; duties.
- §9-8-11. Charity food bank assistance fund; restriction.

§9-8-1. Purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to address the wide-
- 2 spread and growing problem of hunger in this state by
- 3 improving the distribution of food to the hungry,
- 4 providing a means of funding agencies which distribute
- 5 food on an emergency basis, gathering and disseminat-
- 6 ing information related to the problem of hunger,
- 7 assuring that distribution activities are responsive to the
- 8 needs of local charity food banks, facilitating the
- 9 creation of charity food banks and ensuring maximum
- 10 access to food banks.

§9-8-2. Donation of food items; exemption from civil and criminal liability.

- 1 Any person who makes a good faith donation of
- 2 prepared or perishable food which appears to be fit for
- 3 human consumption at the time it is donated to a
- 4 charitable or nonprofit organization is not liable for
- 5 damages in any civil action or subject to criminal
- 6 prosecution for any injury or death due to the condition
- 7 of such food unless the injury or death is a direct result
- 8 of the gross negligence, recklessness or intentional
- 9 misconduct of the donor.

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- 10 A charitable or nonprofit organization or an officer. 11 employee or volunteer of such an organization that in 12 good faith receives and distributes, without charge, food 13 which appears to be fit for human consumption at the time it is distributed is not liable for damages in any 14 15 civil action or subject to criminal prosecution for any 16 injury or death due to the condition of such food unless 17 the injury or death is a direct result of the gross 18 negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of the organization or its officers, employees or volunteer 19 20 workers.
 - This section applies to all good faith donations of perishable food which is not readily marketable due to appearance, freshness, grade, surplus supply or other conditions.

§9-8-3. Definitions.

- In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 2 "Agricultural product" means any fowl, animal, 3 vegetable or other item, product or article which is 4 customary food or which is proper food for human 5 consumption.
- "Charity food bank" means a nonprofit organization that solicits, stores, or redistributes food products to charitable organizations and individuals for the purpose of feeding needy families and individuals.
- "Nonprofit charitable organization" means an organization which is organized and operates for a charitable purpose.

§9-8-4. Authorization of donations; diversion of products by directors to organizations.

- A person engaged in the business of processing, distributing or selling any agricultural product may donate, free of charge, any agricultural product to a charity food bank.
- To assist in accomplishing the purposes of this section, the director of each department of state government shall divert, whenever possible, surplus agricultural products to organizations operating pursuant to this article.

§9-8-5. Surplus food collection and distribution centers.

- 1 The department of agriculture shall establish and
- 2 publicize the services of an information and food
- 3 collection center for receiving and transmitting infor-
- 4 mation concerning available agricultural products; or
- 5 what organization desires or needs donated agricultural
- 6 products to be donated; and for collecting, receiving,
- 7 handling, storing and distributing donated agricultural
- 8 products. A nonprofit charitable organization which
- 9 regularly needs agricultural products may be listed
- with a food collection center to be notified if agricultural
- 11 products are available.

§9-8-6. Minimum standards for food banks.

- In order to qualify as a charity food bank, an organization shall meet all of the following minimum
- 3 standards:
- 4 (a) Have access to storage facilities and refrigeration
- 5 equipment for the purpose of collecting, receiving,
- 6 handling, storing and distributing donated agricultural
- 7 products:
- 8 (b) Be incorporated as a nonprofit tax exempt organ-
- 9 ization and eligible as a charitable organization under
- 10 the Internal Revenue Code (26 United States code
- 11 section 501 (c) (3)) or affiliated with a qualified
- 12 organization:
- 13 (c) Maintain records for the proper control of
- 14 inventory:
- 15 (d) Demonstrate the availability of adequate liability
- 16 insurance to cover the activities conducted pursuant to
- 17 this article; and
- 18 (e) Show local support through funding sources,
- 19 letters of endorsement and a board of directors which
- 20 reflects the community and population to be served.

§9-8-7. State surplus buildings and equipment; availability to charity food banks.

- 1 The commissioner of the department of finance and
- 2 administration shall assist a food bank by locating and

- 3 providing available state surplus buildings or equip-
- 4 ment necessary for the operation of a charity food bank
- 5 for use without charge.

§9-8-8. Effect of article on other nonprofit organizations.

- 1 Nothing in this article may restrict or limit the
- 2 operation of any other nonprofit organization which is
- engaged in the distribution of agricultural products to
- 4 nonprofit charitable organizations.

§9-8-9. Application of article to food stamp act.

- 1 Consonant with 7 C.F.R. 273.9(c)(1), programs oper-
- 2 ated in accordance with this article shall complement
- 3 and not in any way lessen assistance to families and
- 4 individuals pursuant to the Food Stamp Act of 1977 as
- 5 amended, (7 U.S.C. 2011 through 7 U.S.C. 2026).

§9-8-10. Charity food bank advisory committee; terms; compensation; officers; duties.

- 1 A charity food bank advisory committee is estab-
- 2 lished. The members shall be appointed by the governor
- 3 with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commit-
- 4 tee shall consist of five members who shall serve
- 5 staggered three year terms. Vacancies occurring shall
- 6 be filled in the same manner for the balance of the
- 7 unexpired term.
- 8 The committee shall consist of three members who
- 9 have been active members of a food bank, one food
- 10 industry representative and one member who is actively
- 11 engaged in agriculture. The committee shall select a
- 12 chairman and vice chairman. The committee shall meet
- 13 at the call of the chairman, but at least four times a
- 14 year. The initial meeting shall be called by the governor
- 15 within sixty days after the committee has been
- 16 appointed.
- 17 The committee shall:
- 18 (a) Provide information to the citizens of this state 19 regarding food bank programs;
- 20 (b) Review procedures that assure that storage, 21 transportation and distribution activities conducted

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- under the authority of this article are efficiently carried out and are responsive to the needs of local food banks and community organizations involved in food distribution:
 - (c) Review procedures that assure maximum access for food banks and community organizations involved in food distribution to all available federal, state, county and city surplus food, supplies and equipment and to all potential private contributions:
 - (d) Review procedures that assure that necessary technical assistance is available to facilitate the creation of food banks in areas of this state in which they are needed and to facilitate food banks and community organizations in obtaining and effectively utilizing surplus agricultural commodities; and
- 37 (e) Submit an annual report to the governor, speaker 38 of the House of Delegates and president of the Senate 39 on or before the first day of January of each year.

§9-8-11. Charity food bank assistance fund; restriction.

- A charity food bank assistance fund is established which shall consist of moneys provided by appropriation. A charity food bank which meets the minimum standards for food banks may qualify, subject to available moneys, for assistance from this fund for any of its operations.
- Assistance granted pursuant to this article shall be administered by the commissioner of the department of human services. No more than five percent of the assistance granted to a charity food bank pursuant to this article may be used for administrative purposes.

CHAPTER 94

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 367—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated

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section sixteen-a, relating to the department of human services and medicaid-certified nursing homes; requiring screening of persons applying for admission to or residing in such nursing homes to determine if they have mental illness or mental retardation; and providing for reimbursement of hospitals for certain days required for such screening.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §9-5-16a. Medicaid-certified nursing homes; screening of applicants and residents for mental illness; reimbursement of hospitals.
 - (a) The department of human services and department of health shall cause individuals applying for admission to or residing in a medicaid-certified nursing home to be screened as required by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1987.
 - (b) Effective the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, hospitals shall receive administrative day payment at a rate set by the medicaid agency to reimburse the hospitals for days required for the screening of medicaid eligible patients required by subsection (a) of this section.
 - (c) The secretary of the department of health and human resources is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations to fully implement this section.

CHAPTER 95

(H. B. 2571—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Martin)

[Passed March 15, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article one, chapter five-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to provide that business facilities and projects acquired, constructed or financed, in whole or in part, by the West Virginia industry and jobs development corporation shall not be included in any definition in the code of the term "public improvement."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article one, chapter five-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. WEST VIRGINIA INDUSTRY AND JOBS DEVELOP-MENT CORPORATION.

§5C-1-22. Projects not to be considered public improvements.

- 1 No project, enterprise or business facility which
- 2 conducts as its primary activity a manufacturing
- 3 process or other nongovernmental or nonpublic activity
- 4 may be deemed to be a "public improvement" within the
- 5 meaning of the provisions of article five-a, chapter
- 6 twenty-one of this code.

CHAPTER 96

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2417—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section four, article twenty of said chapter; to amend and reenact section six, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section eight, article twenty-five of said chapter; and to amend section eight, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, all relating to extending of the rate and form filings review period on all rate and form filings involving insurance to sixty days; and notice of rate increase requests.

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established pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (c), section three of this article, rules and rates, every rating plan and every modification of any of the foregoing which it proposes to use for casualty insurance to which this article applies.

- (2) Every insurer shall file with the commissioner, except as to inland marine risks which by general custom of the business are not written according to manual rates or rating plans, every manual, minimum, class rate, rating schedule or rating plan and every other rating rule and every modification of any of the foregoing which it proposes to use for fire and marine insurance to which this article applies. Specific inland marine rates on risks specially rated, made by a rating organization, shall be filed with the commissioner.
- (b) Every such filing shall state the proposed effective date thereof and shall indicate the character and extent of the coverage contemplated. When a filing is not accompanied by the information upon which the insurer supports such filing, and the commissioner does not have sufficient information to determine whether such filing meets the requirements of this article, he shall require such insurer to furnish the information upon which it supports such filing and in such event the waiting period shall commence as of the date such information is furnished. The information furnished in support of a filing may include (1) the experience or judgment of the insurer or rating organization making the filing, (2) the experience or judgment of the insurer or rating organization in the territorial rate areas established by subdivision (2), subsection (c), section three of this article. (3) its interpretation of any statistical data it relies upon, (4) the experience of other insurers or rating organizations or (5) any other relevant factors. A filing and any supporting information shall be open to public inspection as soon as the filing is received by the commissioner. Any interested party may file a brief with the commissioner supporting his position concerning the filing. Any person or organization may file with the commissioner a signed statement declaring and

- supporting his or its position concerning the filing. Upon receipt of such statement prior to the effective date of the filing, the commissioner shall mail or deliver a copy of such statement to the filer, which may file such reply as it may desire to make. This section shall not be applicable to any memorandum or statement of any kind by any employee of the commissioner.
 - (c) An insurer may satisfy its obligation to make such filing by becoming a member of, or a subscriber to, a licensed rating organization which makes such filings, and by authorizing the commissioner to accept such filings on its behalf: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this article shall be construed as requiring any insurer to become a member of or a subscriber to any rating organization.
 - (d) The commissioner shall review filings as soon as reasonably possible after they have been made in order to determine whether they meet the requirements of this article.
 - (e) Subject to the exceptions specified in subsections (f) and (g) of this section, each filing shall be on file for a waiting period of sixty days before it becomes effective. Upon written application by such insurer or rating organization, the commissioner may authorize a filing which he has reviewed to become effective before the expiration of the waiting period. A filing shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this article unless disapproved by the commissioner within the waiting period.
 - (f) Any special filing with respect to a surety bond required by law or by court or executive order or by order, rule or regulation of a public body, not covered by a previous filing, shall become effective when filed and shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this article until such time as the commissioner reviews the filing and so long thereafter as the filing remains in effect.
 - (g) Specific inland marine rates on risks specially rated by a rating organization shall become effective

 when filed and shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this article until such time as the commissioner reviews the filing and so long thereafter as the filing remains in effect.

- (h) Under such rules and regulations as he shall adopt the commissioner may, by written order, suspend or modify the requirement of filing as to any kind of insurance, subdivision or combination thereof, or as to classes of risks, the rates for which cannot practicably be filed before they are used. Such orders, rules and regulations shall be made known to insurers and rating organizations affected thereby. The commissioner may make such examination as he may deem advisable to ascertain whether any rates affected by such order meet the standards set forth in subsection (b), section three of this article.
- (i) Upon the written application of the insured, stating his reasons therefor, filed with and approved by the commissioner, a rate in excess of that provided by a filing otherwise applicable may be used on any specific risks.
- (j) No insurer shall make or issue a contract or policy except in accordance with the filings which are in effect for said insurer as provided in this article or in accordance with subsection (h) or (i) of this section. This subsection shall not apply to contracts or policies for inland marine risks as to which filings are not required.
- (k) In instances when an insurer files a request for an increase of automobile liability insurance rates in the amount of fifteen percent or more, the insurance commissioner shall provide notice of such increase with the office of the secretary of state to be filed in the state register and shall provide interested persons the opportunity to comment on such request up to the time the commissioner approves or disapproves such rate increase.

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-6. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms, rates and fees.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to enforce the provisions of this article.
- 3 (b) No such corporation shall deliver or issue for 4 delivery any subscriber's contract, changes in the terms 5 of such contract, application, rider or endorsement, until a copy thereof and the rates pertaining thereto have 6 7 been filed with and approved by the commissioner. All 8 such forms filed with the commissioner shall be deemed 9 approved after the expiration of sixty days from the date 10 of such filing unless the commissioner shall have 11 disapproved the same, stating his reasons for such 12 disapproval in writing. Such forms may be used prior 13 to the expiration of such periods if written approval thereof has been received from the commissioner. 14
- 15 (c) No rates to be charged subscribers shall be used 16 or established by any such corporation unless and until the same have been filed with the commissioner and 17 approved by him. The procedure for such filing and 18 approval shall be the same as that prescribed in 19 20 subsection (b) of this section for the approval of forms. 21 The commissioner shall approve all such rates which are 22 not excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.
- (d) The commissioner shall pass upon the actuarial
 soundness of the schedule of fees to be paid hospitals,
 physicians, dentists and other health agencies.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-25-8. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms and rates; reserve fund; membership fee.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to enforce 2 the provisions of this article.
- 3 (b) No such corporation shall deliver or issue for 4 delivery any subscriber's contract, changes in the terms 5 of such contract, application, rider or endorsement until

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2588, which passed subsequent to this act.

a copy thereof and the rates pertaining thereto have been filed with and approved by the commissioner. All such forms filed with the commissioner shall be deemed approved after the expiration of sixty days from the date of such filing unless the commissioner shall have disapproved the same, stating his reasons for such disapproval in writing. Such forms may be used prior to the expiration of such periods if written approval thereof has been received from the commissioner.

- (c) No rates to be charged subscribers shall be used or established by any such corporation unless and until the same have been filed with the commissioner and approved by him. The procedure for such filing and approval shall be the same as that prescribed in subsection (b) of this section for the approval of forms. The commissioner shall approve all such rates which are not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.
- (d) The commissioner shall pass upon the actuarial soundness of all direct health care services plans.
- (e) The corporation shall accumulate a fund to be derived from a minimum of two percent of every subscriber's monthly premium which shall be known as a contingency and liability reserve fund except that the same shall not exceed an amount equal to three months' average obligation of said corporation, nor shall it fall below a minimum of one month's average obligation of said corporation. Said fund shall be expended by the corporation according to rules and regulations to be promulgated by the commissioner.

In addition to the above requirements, every subscriber shall pay into the corporation a membership fee equal to one monthly premium. The membership fee shall be collected in full by said corporation within ninety days of said subscriber's application for membership.

(f) Each such rate filing and each such form filing made with the commissioner pursuant to this section is subject to the filing fee of section thirty-four, article six of this chapter.

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ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

- §33-25A-8. Evidence of coverage; charges for health care services; cancellation of contract by enrollee.
 - (1) (a) Every enrollee is entitled to evidence of coverage in accordance with this section. The health maintenance organization or its designated representative shall issue the evidence of coverage.
 - (b) No evidence of coverage, or amendment thereto, shall be issued or delivered to any person in this state until a copy of the form of the evidence of coverage, or amendment thereto, has been filed with and approved by the commissioner.
 - (c) An evidence of coverage shall contain a clear. concise and complete statement of (i) the health care services and the insurance or other benefits, if any, to which the enrollee is entitled; (ii) any exclusions or limitations on the services, kind of services, benefits, or kind of benefits, to be provided, including any copayments; (iii) where and in what manner information is available as to how services, including emergency and out-of-area services, may be obtained; (iv) the total amount of payment and copayment, if any, for health care services and the indemnity or service benefits, if any, which the enrollee is obligated to pay with respect to individual contracts, or an indication whether the plan is contributory or noncontributory with respect to group certificates; and (v) a description of the health maintenance organization's method for resolving enrollee complaints.
 - (d) Any subsequent approved change in an evidence of coverage shall be issued to each enrollee.
 - (e) A copy of the form of the evidence of coverage to be used in this state, and any amendment thereto, shall be subject to the filing and approval requirements of subdivision (b), subsection (1) of this section, unless the commissioner promulgates a regulation dispensing with this requirement or unless it is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner under the laws governing health

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insurance or, hospital or medical service corporations, in which event the filing and approval provisions of such laws shall apply. To the extent, however, that such provisions do not apply, the requirements in subdivision (c), subsection (1) of this section shall be applicable.

- (2) Such charges may be established in accordance with actuarial principles: Provided. That premiums shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. A certification by a qualified actuary, to the appropriateness of the charges based on reasonable assumptions shall accompany the filing along with adequate supporting information. In determining whether such charges are reasonable, the commissioner shall consider whether such health maintenance organization has (a) made a vigorous, good faith effort to control rates paid to health care providers: (b) established a premium schedule, including copayments, if any, which encourages enrollees to seek out preventive health care services; and (c) has made a good faith effort to secure arrangements whereby basic services can be obtained by subscribers from all local providers to the extent that such providers offer such services.
- (3) The commissioner shall within a reasonable period approve any form if the requirements of subsection (1) are met and any schedule of charges if the requirements of subsection (2) are met. It shall be unlawful to issue such form or to use such schedule of charges until approved. If the commissioner disapproves of such filing, he shall notify the filer promptly. In the notice, the commissioner shall specify the reasons for his disapproval and the findings of fact and conclusions which support his reasons. A hearing will be granted by the commissioner within fifteen days after a request in writing, by the person filing, has been received by the commission. If the commissioner does not disapprove any form or schedule of charges within sixty days of the filing of such forms or charges, they shall be deemed approved.
- (4) The commissioner may require the submission of whatever relevant information in addition to the schedule of charges which he deems necessary in

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- determining whether to approve or disapprove a filing made pursuant to this section.
 - (5) An enrollee shall be allowed to cancel a contract with a health maintenance organization at any time for any reason provided that a health maintenance organization may require that he or she give sixty days notice of disenrollment to such organization.

CHAPTER 97

(H. B. 2588—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-four, article six; sections two and sixteen, article twenty-two; section two. article twenty-three; section four, article twenty-four; section eight, article twenty-five; section twenty-two. article twenty-five-a; section six, article thirty-one; and section three, article thirty-two, all of chapter thirtythree of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article twenty-five by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen; to further amend said article twenty-five-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; and to further amend said chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-three, all relating to domestic insurers, and requiring annual examinations by independent certified public accountants; increasing fees on rate and form filings; requiring farmers mutual fire insurance companies to pay form filing fees with annual reports; and subjecting certain other corporations and organizations to the rate and form filing fees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-four, article six; sections two and sixteen, article twenty-two; section two, article twenty-three; section four, article twenty-four; section eight, article twenty-five; section twenty-two, article twenty-five-a; section six, article

thirty-one; and section three, article thirty-two, all of chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article twenty-five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen; that said article twenty-five-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; and that said chapter thirty-three be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-three, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 6. The Insurance Policy.
- 22. Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Companies.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.
- 31. Captive Insurance.
- 32. Risk Retention Act.
- 33. Annual Audited Financial Report.

ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

§33-6-34. Fee for form and rate filing.

A fee of twenty-five dollars for every form filing and 1 2 twenty-five dollars for every rate filing shall be submitted with each filing. If a form filing or rate filing 3 is made on behalf of more than one insurer, other than 4 5 a filing made by a rating organization licensed by the commissioner pursuant to section six, article twenty of 6 7 this chapter, the fee shall be submitted as if the filing were made by each individual insurer. Fees submitted 8 pursuant to this section shall not be refunded if the form 9 · 10 filing or rate filing, for which the fee was submitted, is disapproved in whole or in part by the commissioner. 11 The refiling of a form filing or rate filing previously 12 disapproved by the commissioner shall be considered a 13 new filing for the purposes of the filing fee: Provided, 14 That any request by the commissioner for additional 15 information pertaining to a form filing shall not be 16 considered a new filing for purposes of the filing fee. All 17 fees collected pursuant to this section shall be used by 18

the commissioner for the operation of the department of insurance.

ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

§33-22-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable. §33-22-16. Fees.

§33-22-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable.

1 Each such company to the same extent such provisions 2 are applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be governed by and be subject to the following articles of 3 4 this chapter: Article one (definitions), article two 5 (insurance commissioner), article four (general provi-6 sions) except that section sixteen of article four shall not 7 be applicable thereto, article ten (rehabilitation and 8 liquidation) except that under the provisions of section 9 thirty-two of said article ten no assessment shall be 10 levied against any former member of a farmers' mutual 11 fire insurance company who is no longer a member of 12 the company at the time the order to show cause was issued. article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), 13 article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except 14 15 that the agents' license fee shall be five dollars, article 16 twenty-six (West Virginia Insurance Guaranty Associ-17 ation Act), article thirty (mine subsidence insu-18 rance) except that under the provisions of section six, article thirty, a farmers' mutual insurance company 19 20 shall have the option of offering mine subsidence 21 coverage to all of its policyholders but shall not be 22 required to do so, and article thirty-three (annual audited financial report); but only to the extent these 23 provisions are not inconsistent with the provisions of this 24 25 article.

§33-22-16. Fees.

Such company at the time of making its annual report shall pay to the commissioner a filing fee of twenty-five dollars, all fees so collected to be used for the purposes specified in section thirteen, article three of this chapter. No other fees or taxes shall be levied against such companies except the agent's license fee, the form filing fee required by the provisions of section thirty-four,

- 8 article six of this chapter and the expenses of examina-
- 9 tion thereof by the commissioner.

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

*§33-23-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable.

1 Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following 4 articles of this chapter: Article one (definitions), article two (insurance commissioner), article four (general 5 provisions), article six, section thirty (fee for form and 6 rate filing), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), 7 8 article eleven (unfair trade practices), article twelve (agents, brokers, solicitors and excess lines), article 9 thirteen (life insurance), article fifteen-a (long-term care 10 insurance), and article thirty-three (annual audited 11 12 financial report).

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

**§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of other laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such 3 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are 4 5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed by and be subject to the 7 8 provisions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following 9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commissioner) except that under section nine of article two 10 examinations shall be conducted at least once every four 11 years, article four (general provisions) except that 12 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 13 thereto, article six, section thirty-four (fee for form and 14 rate filing), article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation), 15

^{*}Clerk's Notes: This section was also amended by H. B. 2526 and H. B. 2286, which passed prior to this act.

^{**}This section was also amended by S. B. 252 and H. B. 2526, which passed prior to this act.

16 article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article 17 twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that the 18 agent's license fee shall be five dollars, article fifteen-19 a (long-term care insurance), section three-c, article 20 sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance), section 21 three-d, article sixteen (medicare supplement), section 22 three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular 23 joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder), article 24 twenty-eight (individual accident and sickness insurance 25 minimum standards) and article thirty-three (annual 26 audited financial report); and no other provision of this 27 chapter shall apply to such corporations unless specif-28 ically made applicable by the provisions of this article. 29 If, however, any such corporation shall be converted into 30 a corporation organized for a pecuniary profit, or if it 31 shall transact business without having obtained a license 32 as required by section five of this article, it shall 33 thereupon forfeit its right to these exemptions.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

§33-25-8. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms and rates; reserve fund; membership fee.

§33-25-18. Annual audited financial report.

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*§33-25-8. Commissioner to enforce article; approval of contracts, forms and rates; reserve fund; membership fee.

- 1 (a) It shall be the duty of the commissioner to enforce the provisions of this article.
 - (b) No such corporation shall deliver or issue for delivery any subscriber's contract, changes in the terms of such contract, application, rider or endorsement until a copy thereof and the rates pertaining thereto have been filed with and approved by the commissioner. All such forms filed with the commissioner shall be deemed approved after the expiration of thirty days from the date of such filing unless the commissioner shall have disapproved the same, stating his reasons for such disapproval in writing, except that such period may be extended for an additional period not to exceed fifteen days upon written notice thereof from the commissioner to the applicant. Such forms may be used prior to the

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2417, which passed prior to this act.

- expiration of such periods if written approval thereof has been received from the commissioner.
- 18 (c) No rates to be charged subscribers shall be used 19 or established by any such corporation unless and until 20 the same have been filed with the commissioner and 21 approved by him. The procedure for such filing and approval shall be the same as that prescribed in 22 23 subsection (b) of this section for the approval of forms. 24 The commissioner shall approve all such rates which are 25 not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.
 - (d) The commissioner shall pass upon the actuarial soundness of all direct health care services plans.
 - (e) The corporation shall accumulate a fund to be derived from a minimum of two percent of every subscriber's monthly premium which shall be known as a contingency and liability reserve fund except that the same shall not exceed an amount equal to three months' average obligation of said corporation, nor shall it fall below a minimum of one month's average obligation of said corporation. Said fund shall be expended by the corporation according to rules and regulations to be promulgated by the commissioner.

In addition to the above requirements, every subscriber shall pay into the corporation a membership fee equal to one monthly premium. The membership fee shall be collected in full by said corporation within ninety days of said subscriber's application for membership.

43 (f) Each such rate filing and each such form filing 44 made with the commissioner pursuant to this section is 45 subject to the filing fee of section thirty-four, article six 46 of this chapter.

§33-25-18. Annual audited financial report.

- 1 Every health care organization organized under the
- 2 laws of this state is subject to the provisions of article
- 3 thirty-three of this chapter.

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§33-25A-22. Fees.

§33-25A-29. Annual audited financial report.

§33-25A-22. Fees.

- 1 Every health maintenance organization subject to this 2 article shall pay to the commissioner the following fees:
- 3 For filing an application for a certificate of authority
- or amendment thereto, two hundred dollars; for each 4
- 5 form filing and for each rate filing, the fee as provided
- in section thirty-four, article six of this chapter; and for 7
- filing each annual report, twenty-five dollars. Fees 8
- charged under this section shall be for the purposes set
- forth in section thirteen, article three of this chapter.

§33-25A-29. Annual audited financial report.

- Every health maintenance organization organized 1
- 2 under the laws of this state is subject to the provisions
- of article thirty-three of this chapter.

ARTICLE 31. CAPTIVE INSURANCE.

§33-31-6. Formation of captive insurance companies in this state.

- 1 (a) A pure captive insurance company shall be incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided 2
- 3 into shares and held by the stockholders.
- 4 (b) An association captive insurance company or an 5 industrial insured captive insurance company may be 6 incorporated:
- (1) As a stock insurer with its capital divided into 7 shares and held by the stockholders; or 8
- 9 (2) As a mutual insurer without capital stock, the governing body of which is elected by the member 10 11 organizations of its association.
- (c) A captive insurance company shall have at least 12 one incorporator who shall be a resident of this state. 13
- (d) Before the articles of association are transmitted 14 15 to the secretary of state, the incorporators shall petition
- the commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth his 16
- 17 finding that the establishment and maintenance of the
- proposed corporation will promote the general good of 18

- the state. In arriving at such finding the commissioner shall consider:
- 21 (1) The character, reputation, financial standing and 22 purpose of the incorporators;
- 23 (2) The character, reputation, financial responsibility, 24 insurance experience and business qualifications of the 25 officers and directors; and
- 26 (3) Such other aspects as the commissioner shall deem 27 advisable.
 - (e) The articles of association, such certificate and the organization fee shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, who shall thereupon record both the articles of incorporation and the certificate.
- 32 (f) The capital stock of a captive insurance company 33 incorporated as a stock insurer shall be issued at not less 34 than par value.
- 35 (g) At least one of the members of the board of 36 directors of a captive insurance company incorporated 37 in this state shall be a resident of this state.
- 38 (h) Captive insurance companies formed under the provisions of this chapter shall have the privileges and 39 be subject to the provisions of the general corporation 40 law as well as the applicable provisions contained in this 41 42 chapter. Captive insurance companies are subject to the provisions of article thirty-three of this chapter. In the 43 44 event of conflict between the provisions of said general 45 corporation law and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control. 46

ARTICLE 32. RISK RETENTION ACT.

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§33-32-3. Risk retention groups chartered in this state.

A risk retention group seeking to be chartered in this state must be chartered and licensed as a liability insurance company authorized by the insurance laws of this state and, except as provided elsewhere in this article, must comply with all of the laws, rules, regulations and requirements applicable to such insurers chartered and licensed in this state and with section

- 8 four of this article to the extent such requirements are
- 9 not a limitation on laws, rules, regulations or require-
- 10 ments of this state. Risk retention groups are subject to
- 11 the provisions of article thirty-three of this chapter.
- 12 Before it may offer insurance in any state, each risk
- 13 retention group shall also submit for approval to the
- 14 insurance commissioner of this state a plan of operation
- or a feasibility study and revisions of such plan or study
- 16 if the group intends to offer any additional lines of
- 17 liability insurance.

ARTICLE 33. ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT.

- §33-33-1. Declaration of policy and purpose.
- §33-33-2. Definitions.
- §33-33-3. Filing and extensions for filing of annual audited financial reports.
- §33-33-4. Contents of annual audited financial report.
- §33-33-5. Designation of independent certified public accountant.
- §33-33-6. Qualifications of independent certified public accountant.
- §33-33-7. Consolidated or combined audits.
- §33-33-8. Scope of examination and report of independent certified public accountant.
- §33-33-9. Notification of adverse financial conditions.
- §33-33-10. Evaluation of accounting procedures and system of internal control.
- §33-33-11. Definition, availability and maintenance of certified public accountant (CPA) workpapers.
- §33-33-12. Examinations.
- §33-33-13. Exemptions from compliance.

§33-33-1. Declaration of policy and purpose.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to improve the insurance
- 2 commissioner's surveillance of the financial condition of
- 3 domestic insurers by requiring an annual examination
- 4 by independent certified public accountants of the
- 5 financial statements reporting the financial condition
- 6 and the results of operations of insurers.
- 7 This article shall not prohibit or preclude or in any
- 8 way limit the commissioner from performing examina-
- 9 tions of insurers as specified in section nine, article two
- 10 of this chapter or such other examinations as the
- 11 commissioner may be authorized to perform by this
- 12 chapter.

§33-33-2. Definitions.

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- (a) "Accountant," "certified public accountant (CPA)" and "independent public accountant" means an independent certified public accountant or accounting firm who has a license to practice issued by the state in which he resides or has his principal place of business.
- (b) "Annual statement" means the annual financial statement required to be filed by insurers with the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 9 (c) "Audited financial report" means and includes 10 those items specified in section four of this article.
- 11 (d) "Insurer" for purposes of this article means any 12 domestic insurer as defined in section six, article one of this chapter, and includes any domestic stock insurance 13 company, mutual insurance company, reciprocal insu-14 rance company, farmers' mutual fire insurance com-15 pany, fraternal benefit society, hospital service corpora-16 17 tion, medical service corporation, health care corpora-18 tion, health maintenance organization, captive insurance 19 company or risk retention group.

§33-33-3. Filing and extensions for filing of annual audited financial reports.

- 1 (a) Annual audited financial reports must be filed by 2 all insurers with the commissioner on or before the first 3 day of June for the year ending the thirty-first day of 4 December immediately preceding.
- 5 (b) Extensions of the filing date on the first day of 6 June may be granted by the commissioner for thirty-day 7 periods upon showing by the insurer and its independent certified public accountant the reasons for requesting 8 9 such extension and determination by the commissioner of good cause for an extension. A request for extension 10 must be submitted in writing not less than ten days 11 12 prior to the due date in sufficient detail to permit the 13 commissioner to make an informed decision with respect 14 to the requested extension.

§33-33-4. Contents of annual audited financial report.

1 (a) The annual audited financial report shall report 2 the financial condition of the insurer as of the end of the

- 3 most recent calendar year and the results of its 4 operations, changes in financial position and changes in 5 capital and surplus for the year then ended in confor-6 mity with statutory accounting practices for preparation 7 of the annual statement or as otherwise permitted by the 8 commissioner.
- 9 (b) The annual audited financial report shall include 10 the following:
 - (1) Report of independent certified public accountant:
- 12 (2) Balance sheet reporting admitted assets, liabili-13 ties, capital and surplus:
- 14 (3) Statement of gain or loss from operations or 15 statement of revenue and expenses;
- (4) Statement of changes in financial position or cash 17 flow statement:
 - (5) Statement of changes in capital and surplus;
 - (6) Notes to financial statements. These notes shall be those required by generally accepted accounting principles and shall include a reconciliation of differences, if any, between the audited statutory financial statements and the annual statement with a written description of the nature of these differences:
 - (7) The financial statements included in the audited financial report shall be prepared in a form and using language and groupings substantially the same as the relevant sections of the annual statement of the insurer filed with the commissioner; and:
- 30 (A) The financial statement shall be comparative, presenting the amounts as of the thirty-first day of 31 December of the current year and the amounts as of the 32 immediately preceding thirty-first day of December. 33 (However, in the first year in which an insurer is 34 required to file an audited financial report, the compar-35 ative data may be omitted):
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- (B) Amounts may be rounded to the nearest thousand 37 dollars: 38
- (8) Supplementary data and information. This shall 39

40 include any additional clarifying information or data 41 which the commissioner may require to be disclosed.

§33-33-5. Designation of independent certified public accountant.

- 1 (a) Each insurer required by this article to file an 2 annual audited financial report must, within sixty days 3 after becoming subject to such requirements, register with the commissioner in writing the name and address 4 5 of the certified public accountant or accounting firm 6 (generally referred to in this article as the "accoun-7 tant") retained to conduct the annual audit set forth in 8 this article.
- 9 (b) The insurer shall obtain a letter from such accountant, and file a copy with the commissioner 10 11 stating that the accountant is aware of the provisions of 12 this code and rules that relate to accounting and 13 financial matters and affirming that he will express his 14 opinion on the financial statements in terms of their 15 conformity to the statutory accounting practices prescribed or otherwise permitted by the commissioner 16 specifying such exceptions as he may believe 17 18 appropriate.

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19 (c) If an accountant who was not the accountant for 20 the immediately preceding filed audited financial report is engaged to audit the insurer's financial statements, 22 the insurer shall within thirty days of the date the 23 accountant is engaged notify the commissioner of this event. The insurer shall also furnish the commissioner with a separate letter stating whether in the twenty-four months preceding such engagement there were any disagreements with the former accountant on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to the satisfaction of the former accountant, would have caused him to make reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with his opinion. The insurer shall also in writing request such former accountant to furnish it a letter addressed to the insurer stating whether the accountant agrees with the statements

- 37 contained in the insurer's letter and, if not, stating the
- 38 reasons for which he does not agree; and the insurer
- 39 shall furnish such responsive letter from the former
- 40 accountant to the commissioner together with its own.

§33-33-6. Qualifications of independent certified public accountant.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall not recognize any person 2 as an independent certified public accountant who does 3 not meet the requirements for the definition of "accountant" under section two of this article.
- 5 (b) The commissioner may hold a hearing to deter-6 mine whether a certified public accountant is independ-7 ent and considering the evidence presented, may rule that the accountant is not independent for purposes of 8 9 expressing his opinion on the financial statements in the 10 audited financial report made pursuant to this article 11 and require the insurer to replace the accountant with another whose relationship with the insurer is independ-12

§33-33-7. Consolidated or combined audits.

ent within the meaning of this article.

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- 1 (a) The commissioner may, upon written application, 2 permit any insurer that is a member of an insurance 3 holding company system to file audited, consolidated or 4 combined financial statements in lieu of separate annual 5 audited financial statements if the commissioner, in his 6 discretion, deems such method of filing reasonable and 7 appropriate. Consolidated or combined filings will be 8 considered reasonable and appropriate if the commis-9 sioner determines that the audit work performed under a consolidated filing is adequate to ascertain the 10 11 financial condition of the insurer. If such approval is 12 granted, a columnar consolidating or combining work-13 sheet shall be filed with the report incorporating the 14 following:
- 15 (1) Amounts shown on the consolidated or combined 16 audited financial report shall be shown on the 17 worksheet;
- 18 (2) Amounts for each insurer subject to this section shall be stated separately;

- 20 (3) Noninsurance operations may be shown on the 21 worksheet on a combined or individual basis;
- 22 (4) Explanations of consolidating and eliminating 23 entries shall be included; and
- 24 (5) A reconciliation shall be included of any differen-25 ces between the amounts shown in the individual insurer 26 columns of the worksheet and comparable amounts 27 shown on the annual statements of the insurers.
- 28 (b) The commissioner shall require any insurer to file 29 separate annual audited financial statements although 30 permission had previously been given to file on a 31 consolidated basis or combined basis if the commissioner 32 determines the reasons or circumstances given for 33 approval of the consolidated audit, pursuant to subsec-34 tion (a) of this section, no longer exist.

§33-33-8. Scope of examination and report of independent certified public accountant.

The examination of the insurer's financial statements 1 2 by the independent certified public accountant shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted 3 4 auditing standards and such other procedures illus-5 trated in the examiners' handbook promulgated by the 6 national association of insurance commissioners as the independent certified public accountant deems neces-7 sary. The commissioner may from time to time pres-8 cribe that additional auditing procedures be observed by 9 the accountant in the examination of the financial 10 statements of insurers pursuant to this article. 11

§33-33-9. Notification of adverse financial conditions.

The independent certified public accountant shall 1 2 immediately notify, in writing, an officer or director of 3 the insurer and the commissioner of any determination 4 by the independent certified public accountant that the 5 insurer has materially misstated its financial condition as reported to the commissioner as of the thirty-first day 6 of December immediately preceding, or of any determi-7 nation that the insurer does not meet the applicable 8 minimum capital and surplus requirement of this 9 chapter or in the case of an insurer not subject to capital 10 and surplus requirement, that the surplus of the insurer 11

- 12 is less than one hundred thousand dollars as of the
- 13 thirty-first day of December immediately preceding.
- 14 For purposes of this article, material misstatement shall
- 15 mean a misstatement that overstates the surplus as
- 16 regards policyholders in single financial statement
- 17 items by five percent or more, or when taken together
- 18 with all financial statement items, the surplus as
- 19 regards policyholders is overstated by ten percent or
- 20 more.

§33-33-10. Evaluation of accounting procedures and system of internal control.

- 1 (a) In addition to the annual audited financial reports, 2 each insurer shall furnish the commissioner with a
- 3 report of evaluation performed by the accountant, in
- 4 connection with his examination, of the accounting
- 5 procedures of the insurer and its system of internal
- 6 control.
- 7 (b) A report of the evaluation by the accountant of the accounting procedures of the insurer and its system of
- 9 internal control, including any remedial action taken or
- proposed, shall be filed annually by the insurer with the
- 11 commissioner at the time of filing of the annual audited
- 12 financial report.
- 13 (c) This report shall follow generally the form for reports on internal control based on audits as prescribed
- 15 in the then current volume of the professional standards
- 16 of the American institute of certified public accountants.

§33-33-11. Definition, availability and maintenance of certified public accountant (CPA) workpapers.

- 1 (a) Workpapers shall be kept by the independent 2 certified public accountant of the procedures followed.
- 3 the tests performed, the information obtained and the
- 4 conclusions reached pertinent to this examination of the
- 5 financial statements of an insurer. Workpapers shall
- 6 include work programs, analyses, memoranda, letters of
- 7 conformation and representation, abstracts of company
- 8 documents and schedules or commentaries prepared or
- 9 obtained by the independent certified public accountant
- 10 in the course of his examination of the financial

- statements of an insurer and which support his opinion thereon.
 - (b) Every insurer required to file an audited financial report pursuant to this article shall require the accountant to make available for review by the commissioner the workpapers prepared in the conduct of his examination. The insurer shall require that the accountant retain the audit workpapers for a period of not less than five years after the period reported thereon.
- 20 (c) In the conduct of the aforementioned periodic 21 review by the commissioner, it shall be agreed that 22 photocopies of pertinent audit workpapers may be made 23 and retained by the commissioner.

§33-33-12. Examinations.

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Examinations of insurers conducted by the commissioner pursuant to section nine, article two of this chapter may, at the discretion of the commissioner, include and be supplemented by audit procedures performed by an independent certified public accountant as herein provided.

§33-33-13. Exemptions from compliance.

1 Upon written application by an insurer, the commis-2 sioner may grant an exemption from compliance with 3 this article if the commissioner finds, upon review of the 4 application, that compliance with this article would constitute a financial or organizational hardship upon 5 the insurer. An exemption may be granted at any time 7 and from time to time for a specified period or periods. 8. Within ten days of a denial of an insurer's written 9 request for an exemption from this article, such insurer may request in writing a hearing on its application for 10 11 an exemption.

CHAPTER 98

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 264—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-b, relating to providing a mechanism to regulate the declination of automobile liability policies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6B. DECLINATION OF AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE.

§33-6B-1. Purpose of article.

§33-6B-2. Definitions.

§33-6B-3. Declinations: prohibited reasons.

§33-6B-4. Notification.

§33-6B-5. Hearings and administrative procedure.

§33-6B-6. Sanctions.

§33-6B-7. Severability.

§33-6B-1. Purpose of article.

- 1 The purpose of this article is to regulate the declina-
- tion of automobile liability policies.

§33-6B-2. Definitions.

- "Declination" means either the refusal of an insurer 1
- 2 to issue an automobile liability insurance policy upon
- receipt of a written nonbinding application or written 3 4 request for coverage from its agent or an applicant. For
- the purposes of this article, the offering of insurance 5
- coverage with a company within an insurance group 6
- which is different from the company requested on the 7
- nonbinding application or written request for coverage, 8 or the offering of policy coverage or rates substantially 9
- less favorable than requested in the nonbinding appli-
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- cation or written request for coverage, shall not be 11
- considered a declination. Further, for the purposes of 12
- this article "declination" shall include the cancellation 13
- of an automobile liability policy which has been in effect 14
- less than sixty days and the nonrenewal of an automo-15
- bile liability policy which has been in effect less than 16
- 17 two years.

§33-6B-3. Declinations; prohibited reasons.

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- The declination of an application for a policy of automobile liability insurance by an insurer, agent or broker is prohibited if the declination is:
- 4 (a) Based upon the race, religion, nationality, or ethnic group, of the applicant or named insured;
- 6 (b) Based solely upon the lawful occupation or 7 profession of the applicant or named insured, unless 8 such decision is for a business purpose which is not a 9 mere pretext for unfair discrimination: Provided. That this provision shall not apply to any insurer, agent or 10 11 broker which limits its market to one lawful occupation 12 or profession or to several related lawful occupations or 13 professions:
 - (c) Based upon the principal location of the insured motor vehicle unless such decision is for a business purpose which is not a mere pretext for unfair discrimination;
- 18 (d) Based solely upon the age, sex or marital status 19 of an applicant or an insured, except that this subsection 20 shall not prohibit rating differentials based on age, sex 21 or marital status;
- 22 (e) Based upon the fact that the applicant has 23 previously obtained insurance coverage with a substand-24 ard insurance carrier:
- 25 (f) Based upon the fact that the applicant has not previously been insured;
- 27 (g) Based upon the fact that the applicant did not 28 have insurance coverage for a period of time prior to the 29 application;
 - (h) Based upon the fact that the applicant or named insured previously obtained insurance coverage through a residual market insurance mechanism;
 - (i) Based upon the fact that another insurer previously declined to insure the applicant or terminated an existing policy in which the applicant was the named insured.

- 37 Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohib-
- 38 iting an insurer, agent, or broker from using legitimate.
- documented, underwriting data in making their own 39
- independent risk assessment of an applicant for insu-40
- 41 rance.

§33-6B-4. Notification.

- 1 In the event of a declination, the insurer shall, within
- thirty days of the receipt of the written nonbinding
- application or written request for coverage, provide the
- applicant reasons for such declination.

§33-6B-5. Hearings and administrative procedure.

- 1 Hearings for the violation of any provision of this
- article, and the administrative procedure prior to, 2
- 3 during, and following these hearings, shall be conducted
- 4 in accordance with the provisions of article two of this
- 5 chapter.

§33-6B-6. Sanctions.

- 1 If the commissioner determines in a final order that:
- 2 (a) An insurer has violated section three or four of this
- 3 article, he may require the insurer to:
- 4 (1) Accept the application or written request for
- insurance coverage at a rate and on the same terms and 5
- conditions as are available to its other risks with similar 6 7
 - characteristics: or
- (2) Reinstate insurance coverage to the end of the 8 9 policy period; or
- 10 (3) Continue insurance coverage at a rate and on the
- same terms and conditions as are available to its other 11
- risks with similar characteristics. 12
- (b) Any person has violated any provision of this 13 14 article, he may:
- (1) Issue a cease and desist order to restrain the 15
- person from engaging in practices which violate this 16
- 17 article:
- (2) Assess a penalty against the person of up to five 18

- thousand dollars for each willful and knowing violation of this article.
- §33-6B-7. Severability.
 - 1 If any provision of this article or the application
 - 2 thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason
 - 3 held to be invalid, the remainder of the article and the
 - 4 application of such provision to other persons or
 - 5 circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

CHAPTER 99

(S. B. 440—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-five, article twelve, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article twelve by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-five-a, all relating to insurance; agents, brokers, solicitors and excess line; revocation, suspension or refusal to renew license; civil penalty; and notice of termination to represent insurer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-five, article twelve, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-five-a, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. AGENTS, BROKERS, SOLICITORS AND EXCESS LINE.

§33-12-25. Revocation, suspension or refusal to renew license; penalty in lieu thereof.

§33-12-25a. Termination of authority to represent insurer.

§33-12-25. Revocation, suspension or refusal to renew license; penalty in lieu thereof.

1 (a) The commissioner may revoke or suspend the

- 2 license of any agent, solicitor, broker or excess line 3 broker if, after notice to the licensed person and 4 hearing, the commissioner determines such person has:
- 5 (1) Violated any insurance law or any lawful rule, regulation, or order of the commissioner;
- 7 (2) Improperly withheld, misappropriated, or con-8 verted to his own use any money received in the course 9 of business and belonging to policyholders, insurers, 10 beneficiaries, or others;
- 11 (3) Misrepresented the terms of any existing or 12 proposed insurance contract to the detriment of the 13 applicant or insured;
- 14 (4) Engaged in any pattern of unfair method of 15 competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices in 16 the business of insurance as defined in article eleven of 17 this chapter;

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- (5) Forged another person's name to an application for insurance or to any other document or fraudulently procured a forged signature to an insurance application or any other document, knowing such signature to be forged;
- 23 (6) Knowingly and willfully made or permitted a false 24 or fraudulent statement or misrepresentation in or 25 relative to an application for a policy of insurance;
- 26 (7) Been convicted of or pleaded nolo contendre to any felony;
 - (8) Been convicted of or pleaded nolo contendre to a misdemeanor in connection with his activities as an agent, solicitor, broker or excess line broker;
 - (9) Obtained the license for the purpose of writing controlled business, as described in subsection (d), section two, article twelve of this chapter;
 - (10) Had an agent's or broker's license suspended or revoked in any other state, district, or territory of the United States or any province of Canada;
- 37 (11) Not demonstrated trustworthiness and compet-

- 38 ency in his activities as an agent, solicitor, broker or 39 excess line broker; or
- 40 (12) Obtained the license through misrepresentation, 41 fraud, or any other act for which issuance of the license 42 could have been refused had it been known to the 43 commissioner at the time of issuance.
- 44 (b) In lieu of revoking or suspending such license, the commissioner may in his discretion order such licensee 45 46 to pay to the state of West Virginia a penalty in a sum not to exceed one thousand dollars and upon the failure 47 of such licensee to pay such penalty by delivery of such 48 sum to the commissioner within thirty days of notice 49 thereof, the commissioner shall revoke or suspend such 50 51 license.

§33-12-25a. Termination of authority to represent insurer.

- 1 (a) An insurer shall give to the commissioner and the 2 agent, on a form prescribed by the commissioner, 3 written notice of the termination of an agent's authority 4 to represent the insurer within five working days of the 5 termination. The notice of termination shall state the 6 cause and circumstances of such termination.
- 7 (b) In the absence of fraud or bad faith, there shall 8 be no liability on the part of, and a cause of action of 9 any nature shall not arise against the commissioner or 10 his employees, or an insurer or its employees for any information furnished pursuant to this section.

CHAPTER 100

(S. B. 523—By Senators Spears, Rundle, Blatnik, Pritt, Lucht and Boley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-c; to amend article sixteen, chapter thirty-three of said code by adding thereto a

new section, designated section three-g; to amend article twenty-four of said chapter thirty-three by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-b; to amend article twenty-five of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; and to amend article twenty-five-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, all relating to insurance; and requiring third party reimbursement for mammography and pap smear testing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-c; that article sixteen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-g; that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-b; that article twenty-five of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; and that article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article

- 15. Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance
- 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
 Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-15-4c. Third party reimbursement for mammography or pap smear testing.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-
- 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article
- 3 applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for
- 4 laboratory or X-ray services are covered, reimburse-
- 5 ment or indemnification shall not be denied for mam-
- 6 mograms or pap smears when performed for cancer

7 screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the 8 board of medicine: (1) A baseline mammogram for 9 women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive; (2) a 10 11 mammogram for women age forty to forty-nine, inclusive, every two years or more frequently based on the 12 13 woman's physician's recommendation: (3) a mammo-14 gram every year for women age fifty and over: (4) a pap smear annually or more frequently based on the 15 woman's physician's recommendation for women age 16 eighteen or over. A policy, provision, contract, plan or 17 agreement may apply to mammograms or pap smears, 18 19 the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations 20 as apply to other covered services.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-3g. Third party reimbursement for mammography or pap smear testing.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provision, contract, plan or agreement to which this article 2 3 applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for 4 laboratory or X-ray services are covered, reimburse-5 ment or indemnification shall not be denied for mam-6 mograms or pap smears when performed for cancer 7 screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a 8 person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the board of medicine: (1) A baseline mammogram for 9 10 women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive; (2) a 11 mammogram for women age forty to forty-nine, inclu-12 sive, every two years or more frequently based on the 13 woman's physician's recommendation; (3) a mammo-14 gram every year for women age fifty and over; (4) a pap smear annually or more frequently based on the 15 16 woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen or over. A policy, provision, contract, plan or 17 agreement may apply to mammograms or pap smears, 18 19 the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other covered services. 20

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

§33-24-7b. Third party reimbursement for mammography or pap smear testing.

Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-1 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article 3 applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for 4 laboratory or X-ray services are covered, reimburse-5 ment or indemnification shall not be denied for mam-6 mograms or pap smears when performed for cancer 7 screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a 8 person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the 9 board of medicine: (1) A baseline mammogram for women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive: (2) a 10 mammogram for women age forty to forty-nine, inclu-11 12 sive, every two years or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation; (3) a mammo-13 gram every year for women age fifty and over; (4) a pap 14 15 smear annually or more frequently based on the 16 woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen or over. A policy, provision, contract, plan or 17 agreement may apply to mammograms or pap smears. 18 19 the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations 20 as apply to other covered services.

ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

§33-25-8a. Third party reimbursement for mammography or pap smear testing.

Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-1 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article 2 applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for 3 laboratory or X-ray services are covered, reimburse-4 ment or indemnification shall not be denied for mam-5 mograms or pap smears when performed for cancer 6 7 screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the 8 board of medicine: (1) A baseline mammogram for 9 women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive; (2) a 10 mammogram for women age forty to forty-nine, inclu-11 sive, every two years or more frequently based on the 12 woman's physician's recommendation; (3) a mammo-13 gram every year for women age fifty and over; (4) a pap 14 15 smear annually or more frequently based on the

- 16 woman's physician's recommendation for women age
- 17 eighteen or over. A policy, provision, contract, plan or
- 18 agreement may apply to mammograms or pap smears,
- 19 the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations
- 20 as apply to other covered services.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

§33-25A-8a. Third party reimbursement for mammography and pap smear testing.

Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-1 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article applies, whenever reimbursement or indemnity for 3 laboratory or X-ray services are covered, reimburse-4 5 ment or indemnification shall not be denied for mammograms or pap smears when performed for cancer 6 7 screening or diagnostic purposes, at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the 8 board of medicine: (1) A baseline mammogram for 9 women age thirty-five to thirty-nine, inclusive; (2) a 10 mammogram for women age forty to forty-nine, inclu-11 12 sive, every two years or more frequently based on the woman's physician's recommendation; (3) a mammo-13 gram every year for women age fifty and over; (4) a pap 14 smear annually or more frequently based on the 15 16 woman's physician's recommendation for women age eighteen or over. A policy, provision, contract, plan or 17 agreement may apply to mammograms or pap smears, 18 the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations 19 as apply to other covered services. 20

CHAPTER 101

(H. B. 2526—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twentythree, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-four of said chapter; to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-a; and to amend and reenact section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, all relating to the West Virginia long-term care insurance act; short title; declaration of policy and purpose; applicability; definitions; extraterritorial jurisdiction; group long-term care insurance; disclosure and performance standards for long-term care insurance; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article twenty-three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section four, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-a; and that section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

Article.

- 15A. West Virginia Long-Term Care Insurance Act.
- 23. Fraternal Benefit Societies.
- Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 15A. WEST VIRGINIA LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE ACT.

§33-15A-1. Short title.

§33-15A-2. Declaration of policy and purpose.

§33-15A-3. Applicability.

§33-15A-4. Definitions.

§33-15A-5. Extraterritorial jurisdiction—Group long-term care insurance.

§33-15A-6. Disclosure and performance standards for long-term care insurance.

§33-15A-7. Severability.

§33-15A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be known and cited as the West
- 2 Virginia Long-Term Care Insurance Act.

§33-15A-2. Declaration of policy and purpose.

1 The purpose of this act is to promote the public

2 interest, to promote the availability of long-term care 3 insurance policies, to protect applicants for long-term 4 care insurance, as defined, from unfair or deceptive sales or enrollment practices, to establish standards for 5 long-term care insurance, to facilitate public under-6 7 standing and comparison of long-term care insurance 8 policies, and to facilitate flexibility and innovation in the development of long-term care insurance coverage. 9

§33-15A-3. Applicability.

The requirements of this act shall apply to policies 1 2 delivered or issued for delivery in this state on or after 3 the effective date of this act. This act is not intended to supersede the obligations of entities subject to this act 4 5 to comply with the substance of other applicable insurance laws insofar as they do not conflict with this 6 7 act, except that laws and regulations designed and intended to apply to medicare supplement insurance 8 9 policies shall not be applied to long-term care insurance.

§33-15A-4. Definitions.

(a) "Long-term care insurance" means any insurance 1 2 policy or rider advertised, marketed, offered or designed 3 to provide benefits for not less than twenty-four consecutive months for each covered person on an 4 expense incurred, indemnity, prepaid or other basis; for 5 6 one or more necessary or medically necessary diagnos-7 tic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative, maintenance or personal care services, provided in a setting other 8 9 than an acute care unit of a hospital. Such term includes 10 group and individual policies or riders whether issued by insurers; fraternal benefit societies; nonprofit health, 11 12 hospital, and medical service corporations; prepaid health plans; health maintenance organizations or any 13 similar organization. Any insurance policy which is 14 15 offered primarily to provide basic medicare supplement 16 coverage, basic hospital expense coverage, basic medical-surgical expense coverage, hospital confinement 17 indemnity coverage, major medical expense coverage, 18 19 disability income protection coverage, accident only coverage, specified disease or specified accident cover-20 age, or limited benefit health coverage which also 21

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- contains long-term care insurance benefits for at least six months shall comply with the provisions of this act.
 - (b) "Applicant" means:
- 25 (1) In the case of an individual long-term care insurance policy, the person who seeks to contract for benefits, and
 - (2) In the case of a group long-term care insurance policy, the proposed certificate holder.
 - (c) "Certificate" means, for the purposes of this act, any certificate issued under a group long-term care insurance policy, which policy has been delivered or issued for delivery in this state.
 - (d) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of this state.
 - (e) "Group long-term care insurance" means a longterm care insurance policy which is delivered or issued for delivery in this state and issued to:
 - (1) One or more employers or labor organizations, or to a trust or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers or labor organizations, or a combination thereof, for employees or former employees or a combination thereof or for members or former members or a combination thereof, of the labor organizations; or
- 45 (2) Any professional, trade or occupational association 46 for its members or former or retired members, or 47 combination thereof, if such association:
 - (A) Is composed of individuals all of whom are or were actively engaged in the same profession, trade or occupation; and
 - (B) Has been maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance; or
 - (3) An association or a trust or the trustee(s) of a fund established, created or maintained for the benefit of members of one or more associations. Prior to advertising, marketing or offering such policy within this state, the association or associations, or the insurer of the association or associations, shall file evidence with the

59 commissioner that the association or associations have at 60 the outset a minimum of one hundred persons and have 61 been organized and maintained in good faith for the 62 purposes other than that of obtaining insurance; have 63 been in active existence for at least one year; and have 64 a constitution and by-laws which provide that:

(A) The association or associations hold regular meetings not less than annually to further purposes of the members;

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- (B) Except for credit unions, the association or associations collect dues or solicit contributions from members; and
- (C) The members have voting privileges and representation on the governing board and committees.

Thirty days after such filing the association or associations will be deemed to satisfy such organizational requirements, unless the commissioner makes a finding that the association or associations do not satisfy those organizational requirements.

- 78 (4) A group other than as described in subdivisions 79 (1), (2) and (3), subsection (e) of this section, subject to 80 a finding by the commissioner that:
- 81 (A) The issuance of the group policy is not contrary 82 to the best interest of the public;
 - (B) The issuance of the group policy would result in economies of acquisition or administration;
 - (C) The benefits are reasonable in relation to the premiums charged.
 - (f) "Policy" means, for the purposes of this act, any policy, contract, subscriber agreement, rider or endorsement delivered or issued for delivery in this state by an insurer; fraternal benefit society; nonprofit health, hospital, or medical service corporation; prepaid health plan; health maintenance organization or any similar organization.

§33-15A-5. Extraterritorial jurisdiction—Group longterm care insurance.

1 (a) No group long-term care insurance coverage may

- 2 be offered to a resident of this state under a group policy
- issued in another state to a group described in subdi-3
- 4 vision (4), subsection (e), section four of this article
- 5 unless this state or another state having statutory and
- 6 regulatory long-term care insurance requirements
- 7 substantially similar to those adopted in this state has
- made a determination that such requirements have been 8
- 9 met.
- 10 (b) Any such group policy form and any group 11
- certification form issued under the group, shall be filed 12
- with the commissioner for informational purposes with
- 13 evidence of the determination required by subsection (a)
- 14 of this section.

§33-15A-6. Disclosure and performance standards for long-term care insurance.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may adopt rules and regula-
- 2 tions that include standards for full and fair disclosure 3 setting forth the manner, content and required disclo-
- 4 sures for the sale of long-term care insurance policies,
- terms of renewability, initial and subsequent conditions 5
- of eligibility, nonduplication of coverage provisions, 6
- 7 coverage of dependents, preexisting conditions, termina-
- 8 tion of insurance, continuation or conversion, probation-
- 9 ary periods, limitations, exceptions, reductions, elimina-
- tion periods, requirements for replacement, recurrent 10
- 11 conditions and definitions of terms.
- 12 (b) No long-term care insurance policy may:
- (1) Be canceled, nonrenewed or otherwise terminated 13
- 14 on the grounds of the age or the deterioration of the
- mental or physical health of the insured individual or 15
- 16 certificate holder: or
- 17 (2) Contain a provision establishing a new waiting
- period in the event existing coverage is converted to or 18
- replaced by a new or other form within the same 19
- 20 company, except with respect to an increase in benefits
- voluntarily selected by the insured individual or group 21
- 22 policyholder: or

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- (3) Provide coverage for skilled nursing care only or provide significantly more coverage for skilled care in
- a facility than coverage for lower levels of care. 25

(c) Preexisting condition:

- (1) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate other than a policy or certificate thereunder issued to a group as defined in subdivision (1), subsection (e), section four of this article shall use a definition of "preexisting condition" which is more restrictive than the following: Preexisting condition means a condition for which medical advice or treatment was recommended by, or received from a provider of health care services, within six months preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person.
- (2) No long-term care insurance policy or certificate other than a policy or certificate thereunder issued to a group as defined in subdivision (1), subsection (e), section four of this article may exclude coverage for a loss or confinement which is the result of a preexisting condition unless such loss or confinement begins within six months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person.
- (3) The commissioner may extend the limitation periods set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (c) of this section as to specific age group categories in specific policy forms upon findings that the extension is in the best interest of the public.
- (4) The definition of "preexisting condition" does not prohibit an insurer from using an application form designed to elicit a complete health history of an applicant, and, on the basis of the answers on that application, from underwriting in accordance with that insurer's established underwriting standards. Unless otherwise provided in the policy or certificate, a preexisting condition, regardless of whether it is disclosed on the application, need not be covered until the waiting period described in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section expires. No long-term care insurance policy or certificate may exclude or use waivers or riders of any kind to exclude, limit or reduce coverage or benefits for specifically named or described preexisting diseases or physical conditions beyond the waiting period described in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section.

- 67 (d) Prior hospitalization/institutionalization:
- 68 (1) Effective July 1, 1990, no long-term care insurance 69 policy may be delivered or issued for delivery in this 70 state if such policy:
- 71 (A) Conditions eligibility for any benefits on a prior 72 hospitalization requirement; or
 - (B) Conditions eligibility for benefits provided in an institutional care setting on the receipt of a higher level of institutional care.
 - (2) Effective July 1, 1990, a long-term care insurance policy containing any limitations or conditions for eligibility other than those prohibited above in paragraph (1) shall clearly label in a separate paragraph of the policy or certificate entitled "Limitations or Conditions on Eligibility for Benefits" such limitations or conditions, including any required number of days of confinement.
 - (A) A long-term care insurance policy containing a benefit advertised, marketed or offered as a home health care or home care benefit may not condition receipt of benefits on a prior institutionalization requirement.
 - (B) A long-term care insurance policy which conditions eligibility of noninstitutional benefits on the prior receipt of institutional care shall not require a prior institutional stay of more than thirty (30) days for which benefits are paid.
 - (3) No long-term care insurance policy which provides benefits only following institutionalization shall condition such benefits upon admission to a facility for the same or related conditions within a period of less than thirty days after discharge from the institution.
 - (e) The commissioner may adopt regulations establishing loss ratio standards for long-term care insurance policies provided that a specific reference to long-term care insurance policies is contained in the regulation.
- 102 (f) Right to return-free look:
- 103 (1) Individual long-term care insurance policyholders

shall have the right to return the policy within ten days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy, the policyholder is not satisfied for any reason. Individual long-term care insurance policies shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or attached thereto stating in substance that the policyholder shall have the right to return the policy within ten days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination 113 of the policy, the policyholder is not satisfied for any 114 reason.

- (2) A person insured under a long-term care insurance policy issued pursuant to a direct response solicitation shall have the right to return the policy within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination, the insured person is not satisfied for any reason. Long-term care insurance policies issued pursuant to a direct response solicitation shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached thereto stating in substance that the insured person shall have the right to return the policy within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if after examination the insured person is not satisfied for any reason.
- (g) Outline of coverage:

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- (1) An outline of coverage shall be delivered to a prospective applicant for long-term care insurance at the time of initial solicitation through means which prominently direct the attention of the recipient to the document and its purpose.
- (A) The commissioner shall prescribe a standard format, including style, arrangement and overall appearance, and the content of an outline of coverage.
- (B) In the case of agent solicitations, an agent must deliver the outline of coverage prior to the presentation of an application or enrollment form.
- (C) In the case of direct response solicitations, the outline of coverage must be presented in conjunction with any application or enrollment form.

- 143 (2) The outline of coverage shall include:
- (A) A description of the principal benefits and coverage provided in the policy:
- 146 (B) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions, and limitations contained in the policy;
- 148 (C) A statement of the terms under which the policy 149 or certificate, or both, may be continued in force or 150 discontinued, including any reservation in the policy of 151 a right to change premium. Continuation or conversion 152 provisions of group coverage shall be specifically 153 described;
- 154 (D) A statement that the outline of coverage is a 155 summary only, not a contract of insurance, and that the 156 policy or group master policy contain governing 157 contractual provisions;
- 158 (E) A description of the terms under which the policy 159 or certificate may be returned and premium refunded; 160 and
- (F) A brief description of the relationship of cost of care and benefits.
- (h) A certificate issued pursuant to a group long-term care insurance policy which policy is delivered or issued for delivery in this state shall include:
- 166 (1) A description of the principal benefits and cover-167 age provided in the policy;
- 168 (2) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions 169 and limitations contained in the policy; and
- 170 (3) A statement that the group master policy deter-171 mines governing contractual provisions.
- 172 (i) Any policy advertising, marketing or offering long-173 term care or nursing home insurance benefits shall 174 comply with the provisions of this act.

§33-15A-7. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this act or the application thereof
- to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to
 be invalid, the remainder of the act and application of

- such provision to other persons or circumstances shall 4
- 5 not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

*§33-23-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable.

- Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and 1
- 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers
- 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following
- 4 articles of this chapter:
- 5 Article one [33-1-1 et seq.] (definitions), article two
- [33-2-1 et seq.] (insurance commissioner), article four 6
- [33-4-1 et seq.] (general provisions), article ten [33-10-1 7
- et seg.] (rehabilitation and liquidation), article eleven 8
- [33-11-1 et seq.] (unfair trade practices) article thirteen 9
- [33-13-1 et seq.] (life insurance) and article fifteen-a [33-10
- 15A-1 et seq.] (long-term care insurance). 11

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS. MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

**§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of other laws.

- Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1
- 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from
- the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such
- corporation, to the same extent such provisions are 4
- applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 5
- insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this 6
- article, shall be governed by and be subject to the 7
- provisions, as hereinbelow indicated, of the following
- 8 articles of this chapter: Article two [33-2-1 et seq.] 9
- (insurance commissioner) except that under section nine 10
- [33-2-9] of article two examinations shall be conducted 11
- at least once every four years, article four [33-4-1 et seq.] 12
- (general provisions) except that section sixteen [33-4-16] 13
- 14 of article four shall not be applicable thereto, article ten

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2286 and H. B. 2588, which passed prior to this act.

^{**} Clerk's Note: This section (§33-24-4) was also amended by S. B. 252 and H. B. 2588, which passed subsequent to this act.

15 [33-10-1 et seq.] (rehabilitation and liquidation), article 16 eleven [33-11-1 et seq.] (unfair practices and frauds), 17 article twelve [33-12-1 et seq.] (agents, brokers and 18 solicitors) except that the agent's license fee shall be five 19 dollars, article fifteen-a [33-15A-1 et seq.] (long-term 20 care insurance), section three-c [33-16-3c], article sixteen 21 (group accident and sickness insurance), section three-22 d [33-16-3d], article sixteen (medicare supplement) and 23 article twenty-eight [33-28-1 et seq.] (individual accident 24 and sickness insurance minimum standards); and no 25 other provision of this chapter shall apply to such 26 corporations unless specifically made applicable by the 27 provisions of this article. If, however, any such corpo-28 ration shall be converted into a corporation organized 29 for a pecuniary profit, or if it shall transact business 30 without having obtained a license as required by section 31 five [33-24-5] of this article, it shall thereupon forfeit its 32 right to these exemptions.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

- 1 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, 2 provisions of the insurance law and provisions of 3 hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be 4 applicable to any health maintenance organization 5 granted a certificate of authority under this article. This 6 provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or 7 medical service corporation licensed and regulated 8 pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or 9 medical service corporation laws of this state except 10 with respect to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this 11 12 article.
- 13 (2) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation 14 regarding the range of services provided, the premiums 15 and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours 16 of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional 17 aspects of its operation by a health maintenance 18 organization granted a certificate of authority, or its

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 252, which passed subsequent to this act.

19 representative shall not be construed to violate any 20 provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by 21 health professions: Provided, That nothing contained 22 herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation 23 or advertising which identifies or refers to any individ-24 ual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment 25 concerning any provider.

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- (3) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing 28 medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of 29 chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of 30 medicine.
- 31 (4) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or 32 issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance 33 organization shall comply with the provisions of article 34 fifteen-a of this chapter.

CHAPTER 102

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 252—By Senators Jackson, Tomblin, Jones and Lucht)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article twentyfour, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section twenty-four, article twentyfive-a of said chapter; and to amend article sixteen of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-f, all relating to insurance policies; hospital service corporations, medical service corporations and dental service corporations; exemptions; health maintenance organizations; and requiring the insurance commissioner to promulgate rules and regulations for the treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article twenty-four, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-f, all to read as follows:

Article

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16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.

24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations,
 Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

§33-16-3f. Required policy provisions—Treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds that there is a need 2 to provide guidelines regarding the coverage of tempo-3 romandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular 4 disorder in policies issued pursuant to this article and 5 article fifteen of this chapter, in order to provide for the 6 health of our citizens. The purpose of this section is to 7 require the insurance commissioner to develop stand-8 ards regarding temporomandibular joint disorder and 9 craniomandibular disorder and to require that all 10 insurers writing accident and sickness policies which are covered by this article or article fifteen of this 11 12 chapter, and the public employees insurance agency as 13 set forth in article sixteen of chapter five make available 14 this coverage to the policyholder or sponsor of each such policy. For purposes of this section, the public employees 15 16 insurance agency is the policyholder.
 - (b) The insurance commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding the diagnosis and treatment for temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder coverage in accident and sickness policies covered by this article and article fifteen of this chapter. Such regulations shall prescribe the manner by which such coverage shall be offered to the policyholder or sponsor; that benefits shall apply whether administered by a physician or dentist, and findings regarding the projected actuarial costs of implementing said regulations.

- 28 (c) The regulations shall be developed by the insu-29 rance commissioner with the advice of a six-member 30 panel to be appointed by the commissioner. Such panel 31 shall consist of a general practicing dentist who shall be 32 recommended by the West Virginia Dental Association, 33 an oral and maxillofacial surgeon who shall be recommended by the West Virginia Society for Oral and 34 35 Maxillofacial Dentists, a physician who shall be recommended by the West Virginia State Medical Association, 36 37 a member from a Health Services Corporation who shall 38 be recommended by the Health Services Corporation in 39 this state, a member representing commercial health 40 insurers who shall be recommended by the association representing accident and sickness insurance, and a 41 42 representative of the Public Employees Insurance 43 Association.
- The insurance commissioner shall make his appointments to the panel based solely upon said recommendations thirty days after this section takes effect.
- 47 (d) This section shall only apply to policies of insu-48 rance which provide hospital, surgical or major medical 49 expense insurance or any combination of these cover-50 ages.

ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

*§33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of other laws.

Every such corporation is hereby declared to be a 1 2 scientific, nonprofit institution and as such exempt from 3 the payment of all property and other taxes. Every such 4 corporation, to the same extent such provisions are 5 applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of 6 insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this article, shall be governed by and be subject to the 7 8 provisions, as hereinbelow indicated, of the following 9 articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commissioner) except that under section nine of article two 10

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2526, which passed April 4, 1989, and H. B. 2588, which passed subsequent to this act.

11 examinations shall be conducted at least once every four 12 years, article four (general provisions) except that 13 section sixteen of article four shall not be applicable 14 thereto, article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation). 15 article eleven (unfair practices and frauds), article 16 twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that the 17 agent's license fee shall be five dollars, section three-c. 18 article sixteen (group accident and sickness insurance). 19 section three-d, article sixteen (medicare supplement). 20 article sixteen, section three-f, (treatment of temporo-21 mandibular joint disorder and cranjomandibular dis-22 order), and article twenty-eight (individual accident and 23 sickness insurance minimum standards); and no other 24 provision of this chapter shall apply to such corporations 25 unless specifically made applicable by the provisions of 26 this article. If, however, any such corporation shall be 27 converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary 28 profit, or if it shall transact business without having 29 obtained a license as required by section five of this 30 article, it shall thereupon forfeit its right to these 31 exemptions.

ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT.

*§33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

- 1 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, 2 provisions of the insurance law and provisions of 3 hospital or medical service corporation laws shall not be 4 applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. This 5 provision shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or 6 7 medical service corporation licensed and regulated 8 pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation laws of this state except 9 10 with respect to its health maintenance corporation 11 activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this 12 article.
- 13 (2) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation 14 regarding the range of services provided, the premiums

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2526, which passed prior to this act.

15 and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours 16 of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a health maintenance 17 organization granted a certificate of authority, or its 18 19 representative shall not be construed to violate any 20 provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by 21 health professions: Provided, That nothing contained 22 herein shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation 23 or advertising which identifies or refers to any individ-24 ual provider, or makes any qualitative judgment 25 concerning any provider.

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- (3) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
- (4) The provisions of section three-f of article sixteen of this chapter concerning treatment of temporomandibular disorder and craniomandibular disorder shall be applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article.

CHAPTER 103

(H. B. 2391—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-b, relating to providing for a mechanism for approval or disapproval of premium rate charges for accident and sickness insurance policies; exceptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-b, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16B. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS RATES.

- §33-16B-1. Filing and approval of accident and sickness rates.
- §33-16B-2. Ratemaking standards.
- §33-16B-3. Exceptions.

§33-16B-1. Filing and approval of accident and sickness rates.

- 1 Premium rate charges for any individual accident and
- 2 sickness insurance policy or for any group accident and
- 3 sickness insurance policy issued pursuant to this chapter
- 4 shall be filed with the commissioner for a waiting period
- 5 of sixty days before such charges become effective. At
- 6 the expiration of such sixty days the premium rate 7
- charges so filed shall be deemed approved unless prior
- 8 thereto the charges have been affirmatively approved or
- disapproved by the commissioner. 9
- 10 The commissioner shall disapprove accident and
- 11 health insurance premium rates which are not in 12
- compliance with the requirements of this chapter or any 13 rule promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to
- section two of this article. The commissioner shall send 14
- 15 written notice of such disapproval to the insurer. The
- 16 commissioner may approve the premium rates before
- 17 the sixty-day period expires by giving written notice of
- 18 approval.

§33-16B-2. Ratemaking standards.

- Premium rates charged for any individual accident 1
- 2 and health insurance policy or for any group accident
- 3 and health insurance policy issued pursuant to this
- 4 chapter shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits
- 5 available under the policy. The commissioner shall
- 6 promulgate rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a to
- 7 establish minimum ratemaking standards in accordance
- 8 with accepted actuarial principles and practices.

§33-16B-3. Exceptions.

1 This article shall not apply to group accident and

- 2 health insurance plans upon which premiums are
- 3 negotiated with the individual policyholder and are
- 4 based on the historic and projected loss experience of the
- 5 group to be insured.

CHAPTER 104

(S. B. 296—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article twenty-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to providing that insurers and not insureds be charged with a deficit incurred by the West Virginia essential insurance association as the result of loss due to any rate plan pursuant to the plan of operation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article twenty-a, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20A. WEST VIRGINIA ESSENTIAL INSURANCE COVERAGE ACT.

§33-20A-5. General powers.

- 1 (a) The association has, for purposes of this article and
- 2 to the extent approved by the commissioner, the general
- 3 powers and authority granted under the laws of this
- 4 state to insurers licensed to transact the kinds of
- 5 insurance as defined in chapter thirty-three, article one
- 6 of this code.
- 7 (b) The association may take any necessary action to 8 make available necessary insurance including, but not
- 9 limited to, the following:
- 10 (1) Assess participating insurers amounts necessary
- 11 to pay the obligations of the association, administration
- 12 expenses, the cost of examinations and other expenses
- 13 authorized under this article. The assessment of each
- 14 member insurer for the kind or kinds of insurance

designated in the plan shall be in the proportion that the net direct written premiums of the member insurer for the preceding calendar year bear to the net direct written premiums of all members for the preceding calendar year. A member insurer may not be assessed in any year an amount greater than five percent of his net direct written premiums for the preceding calendar year. Each member insurer shall be allowed a premium tax credit at the rate of twenty percent per year for five successive years following termination of the association. Each member insurer shall be allowed a premium tax credit at the rate of twenty percent per year for five successive years following payment of the assessment by the member insurer for any deficit in the plan.

- (2) Enter into such contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of the provisions of this article.
- (3) Sue or be sued, including taking legal action necessary to recover any assessments for, on behalf of, or against participant insurers.
- (4) Investigate claims brought against the fund and adjust, compromise, settle, and pay covered claims to the extent of the association's obligation and deny all other claims. Claims may be processed through the association's employees or through one or more member insurers or other persons designated as servicing facilities. Designation of a service facility is subject to the approval of the commissioner, but such designation may be declined by a member insurer.
 - (5) Classify risks as may be applicable and equitable.
- (6) Establish appropriate rates, rate classifications and rating adjustments, and file such rates with the commissioner as may be required. Rates, rating plans and any provision for recoupment shall be based upon the association's loss and expense experience and investment income from unearned premium and loss reserves. Premium rates, including initial premiums, shall be on an actuarially sound basis and shall be calculated to be self-supporting.
 - (7) Administer any type of reinsurance program for

- or on behalf of the association or any participating carriers.
- 57 (8) Pool risks among participating carriers.

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- 58 (9) Issue and market through agents, policies of insurance providing coverage required by this article in its own name or on behalf of participating carriers.
- 61 (10) Administer separate pools, separate accounts, or 62 other plans as may be deemed appropriate for separate 63 carriers or groups of carriers.
 - (11) Invest, reinvest and administer all funds and moneys held by the association.
 - (12) Borrow funds needed by the association to effect the purposes of this section.
 - (13) Develop, effectuate and promulgate any loss prevention programs aimed at the best interests of the association and the insured public.
 - (14) Operate and administer any combination of plans, pools, reinsurance arrangements or other mechanisms as deemed appropriate to best accomplish the fair and equitable operation of the association for the purposes of making available essential insurance coverage.
 - (15) Provide for the method of recoupment of deficits that may be incurred by any plan pursuant to the plan of operation. In no event shall a deficit incurred by the association be charged directly or indirectly to any person other than insurers under its fire and extended coverage or essential insurance policy. The provisions of article seventeen, section nine of this chapter shall not apply to this article.

CHAPTER 105

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2286—By Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and thirty-three, article twenty-three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, relating to requiring fraternal benefit societies to adhere to the provisions of article twelve of chapter thirty-three which deals with agents, brokers, solicitors and excess lines; and to requiring agents of such societies to be licensed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and thirty-three, article twenty-three, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES.

§33-23-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable. §33-23-33. Agents.

*§33-23-2. Other provisions of chapter applicable.

- 1 Every fraternal benefit society shall be governed and
 - 2 be subject, to the same extent as other insurers
 - 3 transacting like kinds of insurance, to the following
 - 4 articles of this chapter: Article one (definitions); article
 - 5 two (insurance commissioner); article four (general
 - 6 provisions); article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation);
 - 7 article eleven (unfair trade practices); article twelve
 - 8 (agents, brokers, solicitors and excess lines); and article
 - 9 thirteen (life insurance).

§33-23-33. Agents.

- 1 Commencing on the first day of June, one thousand
- 2 nine hundred eighty-nine, agents for fraternal benefit
- 3 societies shall be required to be licensed pursuant to
- 4 chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one
- 5 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended:
- 6 Provided, That any person who was acting as or serving
- 7 in the role of an agent for a fraternal benefit society on
- 8 or before the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 9 hundred eighty-nine, shall be exempt from the exami-
- 10 nation requirement of subsection (e), section two, article
- 11 twelve of this chapter: Provided, however, That any
- 12 person who is a salaried officer, employee or member
- 13 of a fraternal benefit society and who as an occasional

^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2526 which passed prior to this act and by H. B. 2588, which passed subsequent to it.

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29 30 and incidental duty of such position may solicit a fraternal insurance contract from a member of such fraternal benefit society such person shall be exempt from the continuing education requirements otherwise made subject to insurance agents by this chapter and the examination requirements of subsection (e), section two, article twelve of this chapter if such person receives no commission or other compensation based directly on such solicitation of fraternal insurance contracts and if such person makes no solicitation of insurance of any kind to or from persons who are not members of such fraternal benefit society. For the purpose of this article the solicitation of a fraternal insurance contract by such salaried officer, employee, or member from a new member of such society simultaneously with such new member's joining such society shall be deemed the solicitation of a member.

CHAPTER 106

(S. B. 621—Originating in the Committee on Small Business)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, five and seven, article one-a, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact sections three, four, six, ten and fifteen, article six of said chapter twelve; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-c; and to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-two-d, chapter eighteen of said code, all relating to the linked deposit program and to the West Virginia state board of investments; providing definition of director; recognizing importance of involving state treasurer and director of governor's office of community and industrial development in linked deposit program to maximize impact of program: requiring director's approval of all linked deposit loan packages; providing that state, state treasurer and director not liable to any lending institution for payment of principal and interest on loans: expanding the membership of the West Virginia state board of investments: providing for appointment of members to the board by the governor; the qualifications for appointed members; the term of office for appointed members; providing for a support staff for the board; the compensation for said staff; the creation of a special revenue account; allowing the board to make a charge against the earnings of the funds managed by the board; providing for yearly appropriations by the Legislature, and yearly reports to the Legislature by the board with respect to the status of the special revenue account; providing that any excess in the special revenue account after appropriations be disbursed to fund participants on a pro-rata basis; to authorize the participation of various entities in an investment company or investment trust registered under 15 U.S.C. §80a: providing for semiannual internal audits and annual external audits: and to limit linked deposits as provided for in section four, article twenty-two-d. chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, to two million dollars annually and in an aggregate amount of twenty million dollars.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, five and seven, article one-a, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, six, ten and fifteen, article six of said chapter twelve be amended and reenacted; that said article six be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-c; and that section four, article twenty-two-d, chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.
- 18. Education.

CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

Article

- 1A. Linked Deposit Program.
- 6. West Virginia State Board of Investments.

ARTICLE 1A. LINKED DEPOSIT PROGRAM.

- §12-1A-1. Definitions.
- §12-1A-2. Legislative findings.
- §12-1A-5. Acceptance or rejection of loan package; deposit agreement.
- §12-1A-7. Liability of state, state treasurer and director.

§12-1A-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Director" means the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development.
- 3 (b) "Eligible small business" means any business 4 which employs two hundred or less employees or has 5 gross annual receipts of four million dollars or less.
- 6 (c) "Eligible lending institution" means a financial 7 institution that is eligible to make commercial loans, is 8 a public depository of state funds and agrees to 9 participate in the linked deposit program.
- 10 (d) "Linked deposit" means a certificate of deposit placed by the state treasurer with an eligible lending 11 12 institution at up to three percent below current market rates, as determined and calculated by the state 13 14 treasurer, provided the institution agrees to lend the 15 value of such deposit, according to the deposit agree-16 ment provided for by this article, to eligible small 17 businesses at three percent below the present borrowing 18 rate applicable to each specific business at the time of 19 the deposit of state funds in the institution.

§12-1A-2. Legislative findings.

1 The Legislature finds that many small businesses 2 throughout the state are experiencing economic stagna-3 tion or decline, that high interest rates have caused 4 small businesses in this state to suffer disproportionately in profitability and competition and that such high 5 6 interest rates have fostered a serious increase in unemployment. The linked deposit program provided 7 8 for by this article is intended to provide a statewide availability of lower cost funds for lending purposes that 9 10 will materially contribute to the economic revitalization of this state. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public 11 12 policy of the state through the linked deposit program to create an availability of lower-cost funds to inject 13

- 14 needed capital into the business community, sustain or
- 15 improve business profitability, protect the jobs of
- 16 citizens of this state and assist businesses located in any
- 17 county declared to be a federal disaster area by the
- 18 Federal Emergency Management Agency. The Legisla-
- 19 ture further finds that the involvement of both the state
- treasurer and the director in determining which 20
- 21 businesses will receive the benefits of the linked deposit
- 22 program is necessary in order for state funds to be used
- in the most effective manner possible in assisting small 23
- 24 businesses throughout the state and thereby maximizing
- 25 the impact of the program.

§12-1A-5. Acceptance or rejection of loan package: deposit agreement.

- 1 (a) The state treasurer may accept or reject a linked
- 2 deposit loan package or any portion thereof, based on the
 - ratio of state funds to be deposited to jobs sustained or
- created: Provided. That notwithstanding any provision 4
- of this article to the contrary, the state treasurer may 5
- 6 not accept any linked deposit loan package or any
- portion thereof unless the same has been reviewed and 7
- approved by the director in his sole discretion. 8
- (b) The state treasurer shall reject any linked deposit 9
- loan package if the small business requesting such loan 10
- is not in good standing with the state tax department, 11
- department of employment security and the workers' 12
- compensation fund, and these agencies shall provide the 13
- state treasurer with such information as to the standing 14
- of each small business loan applicant, notwithstanding 15
- any provision of this code to the contrary. 16
- 17 (c) Any linked deposit loan package that is being made
- to refinance an existing debt, or any portion thereof, 18
- must meet one of the following criteria: 19
- 20 (1) The small business can demonstrate in good faith
- that it is experiencing a substantial loss in its current 21 22 (fiscal or calendar) tax year period;
- (2) The small business recently experienced a natural 23 disaster and suffered unreimbursable casualty losses: 24
- (3) The small business has filed to recover under the 25

- 26 Federal Bankruptcy Act and meets the criteria in (1) 27 above; or
- 28 (4) The small business can provide compelling infor-29 mation to the state treasurer that jobs will be saved 30 and/or created as a result of loan refinancing.
- 31 (d) Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package or any portion thereof by the state treasurer 32 33 and the director, the state treasurer may place certif-34 icates of deposit with the eligible lending institution at three percent below current market rates, as deter-35 mined and calculated by the state treasurer. Upon 36 37 acceptance of the linked deposit loan package for flood victims or any portion thereof, the state treasurer may 38 39 place certificates of deposit with the eligible lending 40 institution at five percent below current market rates. 41 as determined and calculated by the state treasurer. 42 When necessary, the treasurer may place certificates of 43 deposit prior to acceptance of a linked deposit loan 44 package.
- 45 (e) The eligible lending institution shall enter into a deposit agreement with the state treasurer, which shall 46 47 include requirements necessary to carry out the pur-48 poses of this article. Such requirements shall reflect the 49 market conditions prevailing in the eligible lending institution's lending area. The agreement may include 50 51 a specification of the period of time in which the lending 52 institution is to lend funds upon the placement of a linked deposit and shall include provisions for the 53 certificates of deposit to be placed for up to two-year 54 maturities that may be renewed for up to an additional 55 56 two years. Interest shall be paid at the times determined 57 by the state treasurer.

§12-1A-7. Liability of state, state treasurer and director.

The state, the state treasurer and the director are not liable to any eligible lending institution in any manner for payment of the principal or interest on the loan to an eligible small business. Any delay in payment or default on the part of an eligible small business does not in any manner affect the deposit agreement between the eligible lending institution and the state treasurer.

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENTS.

- §12-6-3. State board of investments continued; body corporate; members; appointment of certain members; qualifications and term of office.
- §12-6-4. Officers; organization; surety bonds for members and employees.
- §12-6-6. Costs and expenses; fees for services.
- §12-6-9c. Authorization of additional investments.
- §12-6-10. Restrictions on investments.
- §12-6-15. Audits.

§12-6-3. State board of investments continued; body corporate; members; appointment of certain members; qualifications and term of office.

- 1 (a) The state board of investments is hereby continued 2 as a body corporate of the state authorized to exercise
- 2 as a body corporate of the state authorized to exercise 3 all of the powers and functions granted to it pursuant
- 4 to this article. There shall be seven members of the state
- 5 board of investments. The governor, or his designee.
- 6 state treasurer and state auditor shall be the members
- of the board. There shall be four members appointed by
- 8 the governor: Provided, That no more than three such
- 9 appointed members may belong to the same political
- 10 party.

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- 11 (b) The members appointed by the governor shall be 12 appointed from a list of twelve persons submitted jointly
- 13 by the governor, the state treasurer, and the state
- auditor. No more than two names submitted by the
- 15 governor may be appointed as members to the board.
- 16 Of the members appointed by the governor, two shall
- be members of the financial community, one shall be a
- 18 certified public accountant, and one shall be an attorney
- 19 with experience in finance and investment matters.
- 20 Appointments shall be made by the governor with the
- 21 advice and consent of the Senate.
 - (c) Appointed members shall serve for a term of six years and may be reappointed at the expiration of their terms. In the event of a vacancy among appointed members, an appointment shall be made to fill the unexpired term.
 - (d) Appointed members of the board shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to their reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in discharging their duties under this article.

§12-6-4. Officers; organization; surety bonds for members and employees.

- 1 (a) The governor shall be the chairman and the custodian of all funds, securities and assets held by the board and the board shall elect an executive secretary to serve for a term of six years, such election to be held 4 5 at the board's first meeting after the effective date of 6 this article. The office of the state treasurer shall act as a depository for all funds that may, from time to time, 7 8 from whatever source, be made available to the board 9 for investment. The office of the state treasurer shall act as staff agency for the board. 10
 - (b) The board shall meet quarterly and may include in its bylaws procedures for the calling and holding of additional meetings.

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(c) Each member of the board shall give a separate 14 15 and additional fidelity bond from a surety company 16 qualified to do business within this state in a penalty 17 amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars for the 18 faithful performance of his duties as a member of the 19 board. In addition, the board will purchase a blanket 20 bond for the faithful performance of its duties in the 21 amount of five million dollars in excess of the two 22 hundred fifty thousand dollar individual bond required of each member by the provisions of this section. The 23 24 board may require a fidelity bond from a surety 25 company qualified to do business in this state for any 26 person who has charge of, or access to, any securities, 27 funds or other moneys held by the board, and the 28 amount of such fidelity bond shall be fixed by the board. The premiums payable on all fidelity bonds shall be an 29 30 expense of the board.

§12-6-6. Costs and expenses; fees for services.

1 (a) The board shall make a charge against the
2 earnings of the various funds managed by the board for
3 all necessary expenses of the board. Such charge shall
4 be on a pro-rata basis of actual earnings of the various
5 funds managed by the board. Such charge shall be
6 payable into a special revenue account hereby created
7 in the state treasury and named the "board management

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- 8 account." The board is authorized to expend the moneys 9 deposited in this account for all costs and expenses of the board, including fees of professional consultants, 10 11 advisors and auditors, brokerage commissions, and all 12 other necessary expenses of the board incurred in the 13 performance of its functions: Provided, That during any fiscal year in which the board anticipates spending any 14 15 money from the special account, it shall submit to the 16 executive department during the budget preparation 17 period prior to the Legislature convening, before that 18 fiscal year for inclusion in the executive budget 19 document and budget bill, the request for appropria-20 tions: Provided, however, That no funds may be expended from this account unless appropriated by the 21 22 Legislature.
 - (b) The board shall make an annual report to the Legislature on the status of the board management account, including the previous year's expenditures and projected expenditures for the next year. Any amounts remaining in the special account after yearly appropriations by the Legislature shall be distributed on a prorata basis, taking into account average daily balances, to the participants of the various funds managed by the board.

Authorization of additional investments. §12-6-9c.

1 Notwithstanding the restrictions which may otherwise 2 be provided by law with respect to the investment of 3 funds, each board, commission, department, official or agency charged with the administration of state funds, 4 5 all administrators, custodians or trustees of pension 6 funds, each political subdivision of this state and each 7 county board of education is authorized to invest funds 8 in the securities of or any other interest in any investment company or investment trust registered 9 10 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. 11 \$80a, the portfolio of which is limited to direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed as to the payment of 12 13 both principal and interest by the United States of America and to repurchase agreements fully collateral-14 ized by United States Government obligations: Provided, 15 That the investment company or investment trust takes

delivery of the collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian.

§12-6-10. Restrictions on investments.

- Moneys on deposit in the consolidated fund and the consolidated pension fund shall be invested as permitted by section nine of this article subject to the restrictions and conditions contained in this section:
- 5 (1) At no time shall more than seventy-five percent of 6 the portfolio of either fund be invested in securities 7 described in subdivision (g) of said section nine;
- 8 (2) At no time shall more than twenty percent of the 9 portfolio of either fund be invested in securities 10 described in said subdivision (g) which mature within 11 one year from the date of issuance thereof;
- 12 (3) At no time shall more than three percent of the 13 portfolio of either fund be invested in securities issued 14 by a single private corporation or association.
- For the purpose of making the computations required by this section, securities shall be valued in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

§12-6-15. Audits.

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1 There shall be a continuous postaudit conducted by 2 the legislative auditor of the investment transactions of 3 the board, and a copy thereof for the preceding calendar 4 year shall be furnished to each member of the Legisla-5 ture on or before the first day of February of each year. 6 The board shall further cause to be conducted a 7 semiannual internal audit of all investment transactions 8 of the board and an annual external audit of all 9 investment transactions of the board: Provided, That the board shall on a monthly basis provide to each political 10 11 subdivision, state agency and any other entity investing 12 moneys in the consolidated investment fund an itemized 13 account reflecting the portfolio value of each said political subdivision, state agency and any other entities' 14 investments in the consolidated investment fund. The 15 board shall further provide a monthly statement 16

reflecting the interest earned by each said political

subdivision, state agency or other investing entity and the method by which said interest has been calculated.

CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

ARTICLE 22D. HIGHER EDUCATION STUDENT ASSISTANCE LOAN PROGRAM.

§18-22D-4. Limitations on investment in linked deposits.

1 The state treasurer shall invest in linked deposits as 2 identified by the board through an approved applica-3 tion, provided that at the time of placement of the linked 4 deposit, exclusive of the linked deposit program pro-5 vided for in article one-a, chapter twelve of this code. 6 not more than two percent of the state's total investment portfolio is so invested. The total amount initially 7 8 deposited in any one year shall not exceed two million dollars, and the total amount so deposited at any one 9 time shall not exceed, in the aggregate, twenty million 10 11 dollars.

CHAPTER 107

(H. B. 2236—By Delegates Moore and Reid)

[Passed March 3, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections fourteen and fifteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the requirement of the posting of bond or other security to secure the payment of wages and fringe benefits by employers engaged in construction work or in the severance, production or transportation of minerals; providing that certain employers may be exempted therefrom and limiting such exemption; requiring certain reports be filed with commissioner of labor with respect to bonds and the nature and content of such reports; the issuance of certain cease and desist orders by the commissioner and the authority of the commissioner with respect thereto; the manner in which such orders are to be issued and to be served upon

the person affected thereby and the time within which such orders are to be served; providing for judicial review of orders and the venue of such appeals; the time within which such appeals must be taken and certain bonding and other requirements with respect thereto; prohibiting the threatening of or interfering with person authorized to enforce the provision of these sections; and providing penalties for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections fourteen and fifteen, article five, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. WAGE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION.

§21-5-14. Employer's bond for wages and benefits.

§21-5-15. Violations; cease and desist orders and appeals therefrom; criminal penalties.

§21-5-14. Employer's bond for wages and benefits.

- 1 (a) Bond required.—With the exception of those who 2 have been doing business in this state actively and 3 actually engaged in construction work, or the severance, 4 production or transportation of minerals for at least five 5 consecutive years next preceding the posting of the bond 6 required by this section, every employer, person, firm 7 or corporation engaged in or about to engage in 8 construction work, or the severance, production or 9 transportation (excluding railroads and water transporters) of minerals, shall, prior to engaging in any 10 construction work, or the severance, production or 11 12 transportation of minerals, furnish a bond on a form prescribed by the commissioner, payable to the state of 13 14 West Virginia, with the condition that the person, firm 15 or corporation pay the wages and fringe benefits of his or its employees when due. The amount of the bond shall 16 be equal to the total of the employer's gross payroll for 17
- 18 four weeks at full capacity or production, plus fifteen
- percent of the said total of employer's gross payroll for 19
- four weeks at full capacity or production. The amount 20
- of the bond shall increase or decrease as the employer's 21
- payroll increases or decreases: Provided, That the 22

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62 63 amount of the bond shall not be decreased, except with the commissioner's approval and determination that there are not outstanding claims against the bond.

- (b) Waiver.—The commissioner shall waive the posting of any bond required by subsection (a) of this section upon his determination that an employer is of sufficient financial responsibility to pay wages and fringe benefits. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations according to the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code which prescribe standards for the granting of such waivers.
- (c) Form of bond; filing in office of circuit clerk.—The bond may include, with the approval of the commissioner, surety bonding, collateral bonding (including cash and securities), letters of credit, establishment of an escrow account or a combination of these methods. The commissioner shall accept an irrevocable letter of credit in lieu of any other bonding requirement. If collateral bonding is used, the employer may deposit cash, or collateral securities or certificates as follows: Bonds of the United States or its possessions, or of the federal land bank, or of the homeowner's loan corporation; full faith and credit general obligation bonds of the state of West Virginia or other states, and of any county, district or municipality of the state of West Virginia or other states; or certificates of deposit in a bank in this state, which certificates shall be in favor of the state. The cash deposit or market value of such securities or certificates shall be equal to or greater than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall, upon receipt of any such deposit of cash, securities or certificates, promptly place the same with the state treasurer whose duty it shall be to receive and hold the same in the name of the state in trust for the purpose for which such deposit is made. The employer making the deposit shall be entitled from time to time to receive from the state treasurer. upon the written approval of the commissioner, the whole or any portion of any cash, securities or certificates so deposited, upon depositing with him in lieu thereof, cash or other securities or certificates of the classes herein specified having value equal to or greater

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than the sum of the bond. The commissioner shall cause a copy of the bond to be filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county wherein the person, firm or corporation is doing business to be available for public inspection.

- (d) Employee cause of action.—Notwithstanding any other provision in this article, any employee, whose wages and fringe benefits are secured by the bond, as specified in subsection (c) of this section, has a direct cause of action against the bond for wages and fringe benefits that are due and unpaid.
- 75 (e) Action of commissioner.—Any employee having 76 wages and fringe benefits unpaid, may inform the 77 commissioner of the claim for unpaid wages and fringe 78 benefits and request certification thereof. If the commis-79 sioner, upon notice to the employer and investigation, 80 finds that such wages and fringe benefits or a portion 81 thereof are unpaid, he shall make demand of such 82 employer for the payment of such wages and fringe 83 benefits. If payment for such wages and fringe benefits 84 is not forthcoming within the time specified by the 85 commissioner, not to exceed thirty days, the commis-86 sioner shall certify such claim or portion thereof, and 87 forward the certification to the bonding company or the 88 state treasurer, who shall provide payment to the 89 affected employee within fourteen days of receipt of such certification. The bonding company, or any person, 90 firm or corporation posting a bond, thereafter shall have 91 92 the right to proceed against a defaulting employer for 93 that part of the claim the employee paid. The procedure 94 specified herein shall not be construed to preclude other 95 actions by the commissioner or employee to seek 96 enforcement of the provisions of this article by any civil 97 proceedings for the payment of wages and fringe benefits or by criminal proceedings as may be deemed 98 99 appropriate.
 - (f) Posting and reporting by employer.—With the exception of those exempt under subsection (a) of this section, any employer who is engaged in construction work or the severance, production or transportation (excluding railroad and water transporters) of minerals

- shall post the following in a place accessible to his or its employees:
- 107 (1) A copy of the bond or other evidence of surety 108 specifying the number of employees covered as provided 109 under subsection (a) of this section, or notification that 110 the posting of a bond has been waived by the commis-111 sioner; and
- 112 (2) A copy of the notice in the form prescribed by the 113 commissioner regarding the duties of employers under 114 this section. During the first two years that any person, 115 firm or corporation is doing business in this state in 116 construction work, or in the severance, production or 117 transportation of minerals, such person, firm or corpo-118 ration shall on or before the first day of February, May, August and November of each calendar year file with 119 120 the department a verified statement of the number of 121 employees, or a copy of the quarterly report filed with 122 the department of employment security showing the 123 accurate number of employees, unless the commissioner 124 waives the filing of the report upon his determination 125 that the person, firm or corporation is of sufficient 126 stability that the reporting is unnecessary.
- 127 (g) Termination of bond.—The bond may be terminated, with the approval of the commissioner, after an 128 129 employer submits a statement, under oath or affirma-130 tion lawfully administered, to the commissioner that the following has occurred: The employer has ceased doing 131 132 business and all wages and fringe benefits have been 133 paid, or the employer has been doing business in this state for at least five consecutive years and has paid all 134 135 wages and fringe benefits. The approval of the commis-136 sioner will be granted only after the commissioner has 137 determined that the wages and fringe benefits of all employees have been paid. The bond may also be 138 terminated upon a determination by the commissioner 139 140 that an employer is of sufficient financial responsibility 141 to pay wages and fringe benefits.

§21-5-15. Violations; cease and desist orders and appeals therefrom; criminal penalties.

1 (a) Any person, firm or corporation who knowingly

and willfully fails to provide and maintain an adequate bond as required by section fourteen of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one month, or both fined and imprisoned.

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- (b) Any person, firm or corporation who knowingly, willfully and fraudulently disposes of or relocates assets with intent to deprive employees of their wages and fringe benefits is guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five thousand dollars nor more than thirty thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned.
- 17 (c) (1) At any time the commissioner determines that 18 a person, firm or corporation has not provided or 19 maintained an adequate bond, as required by section 20 fourteen of this article, the commissioner shall issue a 21 cease and desist order which is to be issued and posted 22 requiring that said person, firm or corporation either 23 post an adequate bond or cease further operations in this 24 state within a period specified by the commissioner; 25 which period shall be not less than five nor more than 26 fourteen days. The cease and desist order may be issued 27 by the commissioner at his own instance or at his 28 direction, with or without application to or the approval 29 of any other officer, agent, department or employee of 30 the state or application to any court for approval thereof. 31 Any person, firm or corporation who continues to 32 engage in construction work or the severance, produc-33 tion or transportation of minerals without an approved 34 bond after such specified period shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 35 less than five thousand dollars nor more than thirty 36 thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the penitentiary not 37 38 less than one nor more than three years, or both fined and imprisoned. Any cease and desist order issued by 39 the commissioner pursuant to this subsection may be 40 directed by the commissioner to the sheriff of the county 41 wherein the business activity of which the order is the 42

subject, or to any officer or employee of the department, commanding such sheriff, officer or employee to serve such order upon the business in question within seventy-two hours and to make proper return thereof.

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- (2) Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, any person against whom a cease and desist order has been directed shall be entitled to judicial review thereof by filing a verified petition taking an appeal therefrom within fifteen days from the date of service of such order. Such verified petition shall be filed in the circuit court of the county wherein service of the order was completed, at the option of the petitioner, or, in the circuit court of Kanawha County. West Virginia. If the appeal is not perfected within such fifteen day period, the cease and desist order shall be final and shall not thereafter be subject to judicial review. No appeal shall be deemed to have been perfected except upon the filing with the clerk of the circuit court of the county wherein the appeal is taken. of a bond or other security to be approved by the court. in an amount of not less than the amount of the bond otherwise required to be posted under the provisions of section fourteen of this article. The person so filing a petition of appeal shall cause a copy of the petition and bond or other posted security to be served upon the commissioner by certified mail, return receipt requested, within seven days after the date upon which the petition for appeal is filed.
- (d) Any person who threatens any officer, agent or employee of the department or other person authorized to assist the commissioner in the performance of his duties under any provision of section fourteen of this article or of this section or who shall interfere with or attempt to prevent any such officer, agent, employee or other person in the performance of such duties shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in an amount of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thousand dollars or imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than three years, or both such fine and imprisonment.

CHAPTER 108

(S. B. 75-By Senator Warner)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article five, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article five by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, relating to prohibiting employers from discharging employees for time lost by volunteer firemen in performing emergency services in connection with hazardous and toxic materials spills and cleanups; and prohibiting employers from discharging employees for time lost as emergency medical service personnel.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article five, chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article five be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. WAGE PAYMENT AND COLLECTION.

- §21-5-17. Employers prohibited from discharging employees for time lost as volunteer firemen.
- §21-5-18. Employers prohibited from discharging employees for time lost as emergency medical service personnel.

§21-5-17. Employers prohibited from discharging employees for time lost as volunteer firemen.

- 1 No employer may terminate an employee who is a
- 2 member of a volunteer fire department and who, in the
- 3 line of emergency duty as a volunteer fireman, responds
- 4 to an emergency call prior to the time he is due to report
- 5 for work and which emergency results in a loss of time
- 6 from his employment.

Any time lost from employment as provided in this section may be charged against the employee's regular pay.

At the request of an employer, any employee losing time as provided herein shall supply his employer with a statement from the chief of the volunteer fire department stating that the employee responded to an emergency call and the time thereof.

As used in this section, "emergency" shall mean going to, attending to or coming from (1) an actual fire call to prevent the imminent loss of life or property, or (2) a hazardous or toxic materials spill and cleanup. The term "employer" includes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to any employee.

Any employer who willfully and knowingly violates the provisions of this section shall be required to reinstate such employee to his former position and shall be required to pay such employee all lost wages and benefits for the period between termination and reinstatement. Any action to enforce the provisions of this section shall be commenced within a period of one year after the date of violation and such action shall be commenced in the circuit court of the county wherein the place of employment is located.

§21-5-18. Employers prohibited from discharging employees for time lost as emergency medical service personnel.

No employer may terminate an employee who is a member of an emergency medical service and who, in the line of emergency duty as an emergency medical service member, responds to an emergency call prior to the time he is due to report for work and which emergency results in a loss of time from his employment.

Any time lost from employment as provided in this section may be charged against the employee's regular pay.

At the request of an employer, any employee losing time as provided herein shall supply his employer with a statement from the director of health stating that the employee responded to an emergency call and the time thereof.

As used in this section, "emergency" shall mean going to or coming from an actual medical emergency to prevent the imminent loss of life. The term "employer" includes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to any employee.

Any employer who willfully and knowingly violates the provisions of this section shall be required to reinstate such employee to his former position and shall be required to pay such employee all lost wages and benefits for the period between termination and reinstatement. Any action to enforce the provisions of this section shall be commenced within a period of one year after the date of violation and such action shall be commenced in the circuit court of the county wherein the place of employment is located.

CHAPTER 109

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 251-By Senator Pritt)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-d, relating to parental leave generally; legislative findings; definitions; scope; position upon return from leave; seniority and employment benefits; and notice.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by

adding thereto a new article, designated article five-d, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5D. THE PARENTAL LEAVE ACT.

- §21-5D-1. Legislative findings.
- §21-5D-2. Definitions.
- §21-5D-3. Scope.
- §21-5D-4. Family leave.
- §21-5D-5. Certification.
- §21-5D-6. Position upon return from leave.
- §21-5D-7. Seniority and employment benefits.
- §21-5D-8. Prohibited acts.
- §21-5D-9. Posting notice.

§21-5D-1. Legislative findings.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds that there is a growing
- 2 crisis in this country and state affecting the stability of
- 3 our families, that the family unit is being torn apart due
- 4 to the need for families to have two income producing
- 5 parents. In order to address this situation and to provide
- 6 for the love, nurturing and education of our children, the
- 7 Legislature hereby enacts "The Parental Leave Act."

§21-5D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of labor.
- 4 (b) "Dependent" means any person who is living with or dependent upon the income of any employee whether related by blood or not.
- 7 (c) Employee.—
- 8 (1) "Employee" means any individual, hired for 9 permanent employment, who has worked for at least 10 twelve consecutive weeks performing services for
- 11 remuneration within this state for any department,
- 12 division, board, bureau, agency, commission or other
- 13 unit of state government, or any county board of
- 14 education in the state.
- 15 (2) "Employee" does not include:

- 16 (A) Individuals employed by persons who are not 17 "employers" as defined by this article;
- 18 (B) Elected public officials or the members of their 19 immediate personal staffs;
- 20 (C) Principal administrative officers of any depart-21 ment, division, board, bureau, agency, commission or 22 other unit of state government, or any county board of 23 education in the state; or
- 24 (D) A person in a vocational rehabilitation facility 25 certified under federal law who has been designated an 26 evaluee, trainee or work activity client.
- 27 (d) Employer.—"Employer" includes any department, 28 division, board, bureau, agency, commission or other 29 unit of state government and any county board of 30 education in the state.
- 31 (e) "Employment benefits" means all benefits, other 32 than salary or wages, provided or made available to 33 employees by an employer, and includes group life 34 insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick 35 leave, annual leave, educational benefits and pensions, 36 regardless of whether such benefits are provided by a 37 policy or practice of an employer or by an employee 38 benefit plan as defined in the federal Employee 39 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- 40 (f) The term "health care" or "health care services" 41 means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treat-42 ment or rehabilitative services whether provided in the 43 home, office, hospital, clinic or any other suitable place, 44 provided or prescribed by any health care provider or 45 providers. Such services include, among others, drugs 46 and medical supplies, appliances, laboratory, preven-47 tive, diagnostic, therapeutic and rehabilitative services, 48 hospital care, nursing home and convalescent care, 49 medical physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractic physicians, and such other surgical, dental, nursing, 50 51 pharmaceutical, and podiatric services and supplies as 52 may be prescribed by such health care providers.
 - (g) "Health care provider" means a person, partner-

- 54 ship, corporation, facility or institution licensed,
- 55 certified or authorized by law to provide professional
- 56 health care services in this state to an individual during
- 57 this individual's medical care, treatment or
- 58 confinement.
- (h) "Parent" means a biological, foster or adoptive parent, a stepparent or a legal guardian.
- 61 (i) "Serious health condition" means a physical or 62 mental illness, injury or impairment which involves:
- 63 (1) Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice or residential 64 health care facility; or
- 65 (2) Continuing treatment, health care or continuing supervision by a health care provider.
- (j) "Son" or "daughter" means an individual who is a biological, adopted or foster child, a stepchild or a legal ward, and is (1) under eighteen years of age; or (2) eighteen years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of mental or physical disability.
- 72 (k) "Spouse" means any person legally married to an
- 73 "employee" covered under this article.

§21-5D-3. Scope.

- 1 Nothing in this article prohibits an employer from
- 2 providing employees with rights to family leave which
- 3 are more generous to the employee than the rights
- 4 provided under this article.

§21-5D-4. Family leave.

- 1 (a) An employee shall be entitled to a total of twelve
- 2 weeks of unpaid family leave, following the exhaustion
- 3 of all his or her annual and personal leave, during any
- 4 twelve-month period:
- 5 (1) Because of the birth of a son or daughter of the employee;
- 7 (2) Because of the placement of a son or daughter with 8 the employee for adoption; or

- 9 (3) In order to care for the employee's son, daughter, 10 spouse, parent or dependent who has a serious health 11 condition.
- 12 (b) In the case of a son, daughter, spouse, parent or 13 dependent who has a serious health condition, such 14 family leave may be taken intermittently when medi-15 cally necessary.
- 16 (c) An employee may take family leave on a part-time
 17 basis and on a part-time leave schedule, but the period
 18 during which the number of work weeks of leave may
 19 be taken may not exceed twelve consecutive months, and
 20 such leave shall be scheduled so as not to disrupt unduly
 21 the operations of the employer.
- 22 (d) (1) If a leave because of birth or adoption is 23 foreseeable, the employee shall provide the employer 24 with two weeks written notice of such expected birth or 25 adoption.
- (2) If a leave under this section is foreseeable because
 of planned medical treatment or supervision, the
 employee:
- 29 (A) Shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the 30 treatment or supervision so as not to disrupt unduly the 31 operations of the employer, subject to the approval of the 32 health care provider of the employee's son, daughter, 33 parent or dependent; and
- 34 (B) Shall provide the employer with two weeks 35 written notice of the treatment or supervision.
- (e) This article shall not be construed as granting an
 employee the family leave rights provided in this section
 if he or she is entitled to such family leave rights under
 any other provision of this code.

§21-5D-5. Certification.

1 (a) If an employee requests family leave to care for 2 a family member with a serious health condition as 3 authorized in this article, the employer may require the 4 employee to provide certification by a health care provider of the health condition.

- 6 (b) The certification shall be sufficient if it contains 7 the following:
- 8 (1) That the child, dependent, parent or employee has a serious health condition;
- 10 (2) The date the serious health condition commenced and its probable duration; and
- 12 (3) The medical facts regarding the serious health condition.

§21-5D-6. Position upon return from leave.

- 1 (a) The position held by the employee immediately 2 before the leave is commenced shall be held upon a 3 period not to exceed the twelve-week period of the 4 parental leave and the employee shall be returned to 5 that position: *Provided*, That the employer may employ 6 a temporary employee or temporary employees to fill 5 said position for the period of the parental leave.
- 8 (b) No employer may, because an employee received 9 family leave or medical leave, reduce or deny any 10 employment benefit or seniority which accrued to the 11 employee before his or her leave commenced.

§21-5D-7. Seniority and employment benefits.

- 1 (a) Nothing in this section entitles any returning 2 employee to the accrual of any seniority or employment 3 benefits during any period of family leave.
- 4 (b) During any family leave by an employee, the 5 employer shall continue group health insurance coverage for such employee: *Provided*, That the employee shall pay the employer the premium costs of such group health insurance coverage.

§21-5D-8. Prohibited acts.

No person may interfere with, restrain or deny the exercise of any right provided under this article.

§21-5D-9. Posting notice.

- Each employer shall post, in one or more conspicuous places where notices to employees are customarily
- 3 posted, a notice in a form approved by the department
- 4 setting forth an employee's rights under this article.

CHAPTER 110

(H. B. 2853—By Delegate Humphreys)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to legislative authorization of legislative rules proposed by various executive agencies following review by the legislative rule-making review committee and recommended by the legislative rule-making review committee as filed, with modifications as filed, as amended, or as directed and authorized; declaration by the Legislature of legislative rules authorized as complying with the intent of the statute under which the legislative rule was proposed.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 64. LEGISLATIVE RULES.

Article

- 1. General Legislative Authorization.
- 2. Executive Agency Authorization to Promulgate Legislative Rules.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL LEGISLATIVE AUTHORIZATION.

- §64-1-1. Legislative authorization.
- §64-1-2. Effective date of rules.
- §64-1-3. Technical deficiencies waived.

§64-1-1. Legislative authorization.

- 1 Under the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-
- 2 nine-a of the code of West Virginia, the Legislature
- 3 expressly authorizes the promulgation of the rules
- 4 described in article two of this chapter, subject only to
- described in article two or unis chapter, subject only to
- 5 the limitations set forth with respect to each such rule
- 6 in the section or sections of this chapter authorizing its
- 7 promulgation. The Legislature further declares that all
- 8 rules now or hereafter authorized under article two of
- 9 this chapter are within the legislative intent of the

- 10 statute which the rule is intended to implement, extend,
- 11 apply or interpret.

§64-1-2. Effective date of rules.

- 1 The effective date of the legislative rules authorized
- 2 in article two of this chapter shall be governed by the
- 3 provisions of section thirteen, article three, chapter
- 4 twenty-nine-a, unless the agency promulgating the rules
- 5 establishes an effective date which is earlier than that
- 6 provided by section thirteen, article three, chapter
- 7 twenty-nine-a, in which case the effective date estab-
- 8 lished by the agency shall control, unless the Legislature
- 9 in the bill authorizing the rules establishes an effective
- 10 date for such rules in which case the effective date
- 11 established by the Legislature shall control.

§64-1-3. Technical deficiencies waived.

- 1 The Legislature further declares each legislative rule
- 2 now or hereafter authorized under article two of this
- 3 chapter to have been validly promulgated notwithstand-
- 4 ing any failure to comply with any requirement of
- 5 chapter twenty-nine-a for the promulgation of rules at
- 6 any stage of the promulgation process prior to author-
- 7 ization by the Legislature in article two of this chapter.

ARTICLE 2. EXECUTIVE AGENCY AUTHORIZATION TO PRO-MULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

- §64-2-1. State board of health; director of health.
- §64-2-2. State tax commissioner.
- §64-2-3. State board of investments.
- §64-2-4. West Virginia health care cost review authority.
- §64-2-5. Commissioner of highways.
- §64-2-6. Commissioner of motor vehicles.
- §64-2-7. Department of natural resources.
- §64-2-8. Department of energy.
- §64-2-9. Department of labor.
- §64-2-10. Insurance commissioner.
- §64-2-11. Attorney general.
- §64-2-12. West Virginia library commission.
- §64-2-13. State treasurer.
- §64-2-14. Department of public safety.
- §64-2-15. Air pollution control commission.
- §64-2-16. West Virginia hospital finance authority.
- §64-2-17. Teachers retirement board.
- §64-2-18. Commissioner of agriculture.
- §64-2-19. West Virginia racing commission.

- §64-2-20. Water resources board.
- §64-2-21. Workers' compensation commissioner.
- §64-2-22. State lottery commission.
- §64-2-23. State fire commission.
- §64-2-24. Civil service commission.
- §64-2-25. Secretary of state.
- §64-2-26. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.
- §64-2-27. State board of examiners of land surveyors.
- §64-2-28. State boards of examination or registration; West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners.
- §64-2-29. Radiologic technology board of examiners.
- §64-2-30. Board of medicine.
- §64-2-31. Board of embalmers and funeral directors.
- §64-2-32. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.
- §64-2-33. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses.
- §64-2-34. West Virginia housing development fund.
- §64-2-35. Jail and prison standards commission.
- §64-2-36. Commissioner of banking.
- §64-2-37. State auditor.
- §64-2-38. Board of risk and insurance management.
- §64-2-39. Department of human services; director of the child advocate office.
- §64-2-40. Public employees insurance board.
- §64-2-41. Employee suggestion award board.
- §64-2-42. Commissioner of commerce.
- §64-2-43. West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.
- §64-2-44. Alcohol beverge control commission.
- §64-2-45. West Virginia board of hearing aid dealers.
- §64-2-46. Nursing home administrators licensing board.
- §64-2-47. Board of examiners of psychologist.
- §64-2-48. Board of pharmacy.
- §64-2-49. State athletic commission.
- §64-2-50. Archives and history commission.
- §64-2-51. Water development authority.
- §64-2-52. Beef industry self-improvement assessment board.
- §64-2-53. Commercial whitewater advisory board.
- §64-2-54. Commissioner of the department of corrections.
- §64-2-55. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections.
- §64-2-56. Structural barriers compliance board.
- §64-2-57. Department of finance and administration.
- §64-2-58. Enterprise zone authority.
- §64-2-59. Board of barbers and beauticians.

§64-2-1. State board of health; director of health.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (waste
- 4 water treatment works operations) are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (laboratory reporting of syphilis and gonorrhea) are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators) with the modification of §11.02 as presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (sewage systems) with the modification presented to the legislative rule-making review committee on the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, are authorized except lines ten through seventeen, page eight of the rules shall be stricken in their entirety and the remaining paragraphs renumbered.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (approval of laboratories) are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (permit fees) are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (certificate of need) are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (eyes of newborn children) are authorized.
- 42 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 43 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 44 eighty-two, and filed with amendments on the eleventh



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day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (nursing home licensure), are authorized with the amendment of \$5.15.02 of those rules as set forth below:

By striking the word "and" at the end of subdivision (f), by changing the period at the end of subdivision (g) to a semicolon, and by adding the following after subdivision (g): "(h) one (1) member who represents social work services."

- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (guardianship service), are authorized with the exception of section 9.3 of those rules which may not be promulgated.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightytwo, relating to the state board of health (controlled substances research program and certification) are authorized.
- (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the state board of health (chemical test for intoxication) are authorized.
- (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (birthing center licensure) are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

Page 45, \$12.8.2. In the first sentence delete the words "without delay" and insert in lieu thereof the words "within twenty-four hours after receiving a report of a complaint."

(o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of health (procedures for recovery of corneal tissue for transplant) are authorized.
- 87 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 88 the seventh day of September, one thousand nine 89 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state board of 90 health (well water regulations) are authorized with the 91 amendments set forth below:
 - §4.1. In the first sentence delete the word "obtaining" and insert in lieu thereof the words "applying for." In the second sentence after "4.3" add "and 4.5."
 - §4.2. At the end of the second sentence, strike the period and add the words "unless emergency conditions prevail as noted under §4.3."

With the balance of §4.2 and create a new §4.3 with the following changes: In the first sentence delete the word "deadline" and insert in lieu thereof the word "requirements." Add after the first sentence the sentence, "Emergency conditions and unavoidable circumstances are those conditions involving acts of God, water outages or disruption of water service, unsatisfactory water quality or quantity or public health threats." In the third sentence delete the word "exceed" and insert in lieu thereof the words "be made in excess of."

Renumber §4.3 as §4.4 and add the following two sentences at the end of the section: "Such standards shall constitute the minimum standards for the installation, the alteration or the deepening of water wells. Any plans approved by the director pursuant to these regulations shall be in substantial compliance with the heretofore mentioned standards."

- Renumber §4.4 as §4.5, §4.5 as §4.6, §4.6 as §4.7, §4.7 as §4.8 and §4.8 as §4.9.
- \$5.2. Delete the words "four (4)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "two (2)" and delete the words "active, continuous."
- 120 (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (trauma center or facility designation), are authorized.
- (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (reportable diseases) are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (licensure of medical adult day care centers) are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state board of health (retail food store sanitation) are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of health (adult group home licensure) are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs) are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the director of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine

- 160 hundred eighty-five, relating to the director of health
- 161 (rules governing emergency medical services) are
- 162 authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page 3, §3.9 shall read as follows:
- "3.9 Quorum—When applied to the EMSAC, a majority of the members thereof, except in the instance when
 at any meeting of the EMSAC, where a quorum is not
- 167 present and the director causes to be deposited in the
- United States mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to each member of the EMSAC within three
- requested, to each member of the EMSAC within three days, a notice calling a meeting of the EMSAC at some
- convenient place in the state of West Virginia two weeks
- after the meeting at which no quorum was present.
- 173 Quorum means any number of members of the EMSAC
- 174 who attend such subsequent meeting. Any member
- 175 missing two consecutive meetings shall be removed from
- 176 the EMSAC."
- On page 6, §4.7.1 shall be deleted in its entirety, and
- On page 7, §4.10.1 shall read as follows:
- "4.10.1 every applicant for certification as an EMSP
- 180 prior to such certification, shall demonstrate his or her
- 181 knowledge and ability by undergoing a written exam-
- 182 ination and a demonstration of skills, and by attaining
- 183 a passing score on the same. Passing score shall be the
- 184 same for all testing programs.
- 185 (x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 186 the fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred
- 187 eighty-five, relating to the state department of health
- 188 (revising the list of hazardous substances) are 189 authorized.
- 190 (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 191 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- eighty-six, modified by the director of the department of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 194 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 195 register on the sixteenth of October, one thousand nine
- 196 hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the
- 197 department of health (hazardous material treatment
- 198 information repository), are authorized.

- (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (methods and standards for chemical tests for intoxication) are authorized.
 - (aa) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (licensure of behavioral health centers), are authorized.
 - (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (hospital licensure), are authorized.
 - (cc) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (hospital licensure and allowing hospitals to have licensed hospital professionals, other than licensed physicians, on their medical staff), are authorized.
 - (dd) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review

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- committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state board of health (vital statistics), are authorized.
 - (ee) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (immunization criteria for transfer students) are authorized.
 - (ff) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (hazardous substances) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - Page 33, section 8, line 8 (unnumbered) by adding at the end of section 8 the following proviso: "Provided, That the owner's or operator's submissions are based on the threshold reporting requirements contained in section 5, article 31, chapter 16."
 - (gg) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of health (trauma center or facility designation) are authorized.
 - (hh) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (licensure of hospice care programs) are authorized.
 - (ii) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the third day of November, one thousand

nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (water wells) are authorized with amendment set forth below:

On page 2, §3.8, shall read as follows:

- 3.8 Water Well—Any excavation or penetration in the ground, whether drilled, bored, cored, driven or jetted that enters or passes through an aquifer for purposes that may include but are not limited to: a water supply, exploration for water, dewatering or heat pump wells, except that this definition shall not include ground water monitoring activities and all activities for the exploration, development, production, storage and recovery of coal, oil and gas and other mineral resources which are regulated under chapter 22, 22a or 22b of the code.
- (jj) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (plumbing requirements) are authorized.
- (kk) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (public water supply operators) are authorized.
- (ll) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state board of health to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state board of health (volatile synthetic organic chemicals) are authorized.

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§64-2-2. State tax commissioner.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner (appraisal of property for periodic statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax purposes), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 8, section 11.04 (b)(2), definition of "Active Mining Property," at the end of the first paragraph following the "period," by adding the following: "In the application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active mining property,' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it is 'metallurigical' or 'steam'."
 - Page 9, section 11.04 (b)(3), definition of "Active Reserves," at the end of the subsection, following the "period," by adding the following: "In the application of the herein provided valuation formula on 'active reserves,' the appropriate formula calculation will be based upon the actual market to which the coal from that tract and seam is currently being sold, whether it is 'metallurigical' or 'steam'."
 - Page 11, section 11.04 (b)(11), definition of "Mineable Coal," by striking the subsection and substituting in lieu thereof the following: "(11) Mineable Coal. Coal which can be mined under present day mining technology and economics."
 - Page 25, section 11.04 (c)(2)(C), entitled "Property Tax Component," by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "(C) Property Tax Component—This component will be derived by multiplying the assessment rate by the statewide average of tax rates on Class III property."
- Page 30, section 11.04 (c)(4), entitled "Valuation of Mined-Out/Unmineable/Barren Coal Properties," by striking the numbers "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."
 - Page 31, section 11.04 (c)(5)(B), by striking the words

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- and numbers "Five Dollars (\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "One Dollar (\$1.00)."
- Page 53, section 11.05 (h) by striking the symbol and figures "(\$5.00)" and inserting in lieu the following: "(\$1.00)."
- Page 73, section 11.06 (h) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu the following: "\$1.00."
- Page 81, section 11.07 (e)(15)(B)(4) at the end of the second sentence remove the period after the word "property" and insert the words "unless the land is used for some other purpose in which case it will be taxed according to its actual use."
- 52 Page 86, section 11.07 (k) delete all of subsection (k).
 - Page 110, section 11.08 (c)(4) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."
- Page 111, section 11.08 (c)(5)(B) by striking the symbol and figures "\$5.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "\$1.00."
- Page 115, section 11.09 (a)(3) in the first sentence, insert after the word "land" the words "excluding farm land."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated personal income tax), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - 55.02(a)(2)(on page 182.2) line 18, after the word "profession" strike the words "on his own account" and the comma(,).
 - 55.12(b)(1)(page 182.35) at the end of the section, change the period to a comma, and add the following language: "and in the case of a court appointed agent, a copy of the court order of appointment is sufficient."
 - 55.12(c)(page 182.36) after the word "for," strike the word "erroneous."

- 76 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 77 the twenty-eighth day of September, one thousand nine 78 hundred eighty-four, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-79 making review committee and refiled in the state 80 81 register on the fourteenth day of November, one 82 thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and on the twenty-83 first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-84 five, relating to the state tax commissioner (estimated 85 corporation net income tax), are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (identification and appraisal of farmland subsequent to the base year of statewide reappraisal) are authorized and directed to be promulgated with the following amendments:
- Title page, Subject; following the word "Farmland," insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, Subject; following the word "Farmland," insert the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page i, TABLE OF CONTENTS, Section 10; following the words "Valuation of Farmland" add the words "and of Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page 10.1, Title; following the word "FARMLAND" insert the words "AND STRUCTURES SITUATED THEREON."
- Page 10.1, Section 10, Title; following the word "Farmland" add the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."
- Page 10.1, Section 10.01(b); following the word farmland insert the words and structures situated thereon.
- Page 10.2, Section 10.02(a), first sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated thereon."
- Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), first sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures

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- situated thereon." Delete the words "for purposes of the statewide reappraisal."
- Page 10.3, Section 10.02(b), last sentence; following the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures situated thereon."
- Page 10.8, Section 10.04(5)(B), last sentence; delete the period and add "or the incapability to be adapted to alternative uses."
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), first sentence; following the words "land currently being used" insert the words "as part of a farming operation,."
- Page 10.9, Section 10.04(6), following the last sentence; add the sentence "For the purposes of this definition, 'contiguous tracts' are farmlands which are in close proximity, but not necessarily adjacent: Provided, That all such contiguous tracts are operated as part of the same farm management plan."
- Page 10.10, Section 10.04(8), is amended to read in its entirety as follows:
- "(8) Farm buildings.—The term 'farm buildings' shall mean structures which directly contribute to the operation of the farm, and shall include tenant houses and quarters furnished farm employees without rent as a part of the terms of their employment."
- Page 10.11, Section 10.04; delete the word "November" and insert in lieu thereof the word "September." Delete the period following the word "valuation" and add the words "for the assessment year beginning July first of each year."

Page 10.11, Section 10.04, insert the following subdivision; "(12) Application Form: The application form required to be filed with the assessor on or before September first of each year shall require certification that the farm complies with criteria set forth in Section 10.05(c) of these regulations, and renewal applications from year to year shall be sufficient upon statement certifying that no change has been made in the use of farm property which would disqualify 'farm use'

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classification for assessment purposes." Renumber the subdivisions of Section 10.04 following the new 154 10.04(12); formerly 10.04(12) through 10.04(28), to 10.04(13) through 10.04(29) respectively.

Page 10.14, Section 10.04(28) (formerly 10.04(27)); following the words "woodland products" insert a comma and the words "such as nuts or fruits harvested" and add a comma following the words "human consumption" on Page 10.15.

Page 10.16, Section 10.05, subsection (a), following the words "land is used for farm purposes" by striking the period and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: "Provided, That the true and actual value of all farm used, occupied and cultivated by their owners or bona fide tenants shall be arrived at according to the fair and reasonable value of the property for the purpose for which it is actually used regardless of what the value of the property would be if used for some other purpose; and that the true and actual value shall be arrived at by giving consideration to the fair and reasonable income which the same might be expected to earn under normal conditions in the locality wherein situated, if rented: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall alter the method of assessment of lands or minerals owned by domestic or foreign corporations."

Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b), first clause; following the words "following factors shall be" insert the words "indicative of but not conclusive" and delete the word "considered."

Page 10.16, Section 10.05(b)(2); delete the period and add the words "such as soil conservation, farmland preservation or federal farm lending agencies."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(7); delete the section and insert in lieu thereof the words "(7) Whether or not the farmer practices 'custom farming' on the land in question."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(9); following the word "type" add a comma and insert the word "utility."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(11), first sentence;

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following the word "sales" insert the words "for nonfarm uses."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(A); following the words "part of" insert the words "or appurtenant to."

Page 10.17, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); following the words "contiguous to" insert the words "or operated in common with."

Page 10.18, Section 10.05, subsection (c), the first sentence of which is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "Qualifying farmland and the structures situated thereon shall be subject to farm use valuation, with primary consideration being given to the income which the property might be expected to earn, in the locality wherein situate, if rented."

Page 10.18, Section 10.05(b)(12)(B); delete the semicolons and the words "it was purchased at the same time as the tract so used." Delete the period following the word "purposes" and add the words "or any nonfarm use."

Page 10.19, Section 10.05(c)(2); following the words "Provided, That no" delete the word "reason" and insert in lieu thereof the words "individual event."

Page 10.20, Section 10.05(c)(4)(C); following the words "(1,000) minimum production value" insert the words "or the small farm five hundred dollars (\$500) minimum production and sale."

Page 10.23, Section 10.05(d)(3)(B), third sentence; following the word "If" insert the words "timber from."
Delete the period following the word "purpose" and add the words "or is being converted to farm production uses."

Page 10.26, Section 10.05(f)(2) is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"(2) Farm buildings.—Rental value of farm buildings and other improvements on the farmland shall be valued by determining the replacement cost of the building or structure by usual farm construction practices, and farm labor standards and subtracting therefrom

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- 229 depreciation. Both of these determinations shall be 230 made in accordance with the tax department's real 231 property appraisal manual² as filed in the state register 232 in accordance with chapter 29A of the code of West 233 Virginia, 1931, as amended, and as it relates to 234 agricultural buildings and structures. One (1) acre of 235 land shall be assigned to all buildings as a unit situate 236 on the property, regardless of the actual acreage 237 occupied by such buildings and shall be appraised at its 238 farm-use valuation based on the highest class of 239
- 240 Page 10.28. Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(1); following the 241 words "or more of the" insert the word "usual."

farmland present on the farm."

- 242 Page 10.28. Section 10.05(f)(3)(B)(2); following the words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual." 243
- 244 Page 10.29. Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(a); following the 245 words "(50%) or more of the" insert the word "usual."
- 246 Page 10.29. Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(1)(b); following the 247 words "(50%) of the" insert the word "usual."
 - Page 10.31, Section 10.05(f)(3)(C)(2)(b); following the last sentence insert the sentence "An individual employed other than in farming is not an unincorporated business."
- 252 Page 10.35. Section 10.07. Title: following the word 253 "Farmland" insert the words "and Structures Situated 254 Thereon."
- 255 Page 10.35, Section 10.07(a), first sentence; following 256 the word "farmland" insert the words "and structures 257 situated thereon."
- Page 10.46, Subject; following the word "Farmland" 258 259 insert the words "and Structures Situated Thereon."
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the state tax commissioner (rules governing the operation of a statewide electronic data processing system network, to facilitate administration of the ad valorem property tax on real and personal property) are authorized.

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (listing of interests in natural resources for the first statewide reappraisal; provision for penalties), are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commis-sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (review of appraisals by county commis-sions sitting as administrative appraisal review boards), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (review of appraisals by a circuit court on certiorari), are authorized with the following amendment:

On page 3, §18.3.1 is stricken in its entirety and a new §18.3.1 is inserted in lieu thereof to read as follows:

"18.3.1 Who May Request Review.—The property owner, Tax Commissioner, protestor or intervenor may request the county commission to certify the evidence and remove and return the record to the circuit court of the county on a writ of certiorari. Parties to the proceeding wherein review by the circuit court is sought shall pay costs and fees as they are incurred: Provided, That the circuit court upon rendering judgment or making any order may award costs to any party in accordance with the provisions of W. Va. Code §53-3-5."

(i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand nine

- hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (administrative review of appraisals by the state tax commissioner), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (additional review and implementation of property appraisals), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (guidelines for assessors to assure fair and uniform personal property values), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the tenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state tax commissioner (registration of transient vendors), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objection of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (business and occupation tax), are authorized.
- 345 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 346 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commissioner (telecommunications tax) are authorized.
- 353 (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 354 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 355 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state tax commis-356 sioner (business franchise tax) are authorized.
- 357 (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 358 the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 359 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-360 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-361 making review committee and refiled in the state 362 register on the twenty-second day of January, one 363 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state 364 tax commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and 365 use tax) are authorized.
- 366 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 367 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine 368 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commis-369 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-370 making review committee and refiled in the state 371 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 372 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax 373 commissioner (appraisal of property for periodic 374 statewide reappraisals for ad valorem property tax 375 purposes) are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (severance tax) are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-

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- sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (solid waste assessment fee) are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state tax commissioner (electronic data processing system network for property tax administration) are authorized.
- 402 (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 403 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 404 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-405 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-406 making review committee and refiled in the state 407 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one 408 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax commissioner (exemption of property from ad 409 410 valorem property taxation) are authorized.
- (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 411 412 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the state tax commis-413 sioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-414 making review committee and refiled in the state 415 register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand 416 nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the state tax 417 commissioner (consumers sales and service tax and use 418 419 tax) are authorized.

§64-2-3. State board of investments.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 4 (selection of state depositories for disbursement accounts
- 5 through competitive bidding) are authorized.

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6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-four, relating to the state board of investments 9 (administration of the consolidated fund) are authorized.

§64-2-4. West Virginia health care cost review authority.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost 4 review authority (limitation on hospital gross patient 5 revenue) are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the health care cost review authority (freeze on hospital rates and granting temporary rate increases) are authorized.
- 11 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 12 the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine 13 hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost 14 review authority (implementation of the utilization 15 review and quality assurance program) are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the health care cost review authority (hospital cost containment methodology), are authorized.
- 21 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 22 the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia 23 24 health care cost review authority to meet the objections 25 of the legislative rule-making review committee and 26 refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating 27 to the West Virginia health care cost review authority 28 29 (interim standards for lithotripsy services) are authorized. 30
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia health care

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- cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January,
- 37 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the
- West Virginia health care cost review authority (exemptions from certificate of need review) are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the health care cost review authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the health care cost review authority (financial disclosure) are authorized.

§64-2-5. Commissioner of highways.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 4 highways (transportation of hazardous waste by high-5 way transporters) are authorized with the amendments 6 set forth below:
- Pages 3 and 7 after "40 CFR part 262" add the words "as amended through March 8, 1986,"
- 9 Page 7 after "49 CFR parts 171-179" add the words 10 "as amended through March 8, 1986," and
 - Page 11 after "49 CFR part 171.16" add the words "as amended through March 8, 1986."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways (construction and reconstruction of state roads), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 21 (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "all" the following language: "reasonable and necessary" and after the word "project" inserting the following language: "by the Railroad".
- Page 16, Sec. 8.08, line 22, (unnumbered), after the word "the" by striking the words "Railroad's Chief".

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Page 19, Sec. 8.08, line 25, (unnumbered), by striking "Railroad's Chief" and adding the following new language:

27 Any approval by the Department of any activity by 28 the Contractor upon the right-of-way or premises of any 29 Railroad which is provided for in this Section (8.08) (including, but not limited to, approval of work, 30 31 methods, or procedures of work to be done, and the 32 condition of premises after completion of work by the 33 Contractor) shall in no way create any liability by the 34 Department to the Railroad except to the extent 35 provided otherwise by law and the Contractor shall, during all periods of construction and thereafter, 36 37 indemnify and save harmless the department from any and all liability to the Railroad or any third parties for 38 39 any damages as a result of the work of the Contractor, 40 the methods and procedures for performing work, the 41 failure of the Contractor to properly remove equipment, 42 surplus material and other debris upon the Railroad 43 premises, or the condition of the premises of the 44 Railroad during construction or after completion of 45 construction by the Contractor as approved by the Department or otherwise. 46

Page 18, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (a), line 22, (unnumbered), by striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08, subdivision (b), line 8, (unnumbered), by striking the words "single limit" and inserting in lieu thereof the following language: "per occurrence".

Page 19, Sec. 8.08 (c), line 18, (unnumbered), by inserting after the word "occurrence" the following language: "of"; and after the word "injury" insert a comma and strike the word "or".

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of

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- highways to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous waste) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- Page 5, by amending §3.01 by adding thereto a new subsection, designated subsection (4), to read as follows:

 (4) Before accepting hazardous waste from a rail transporter, a highway transporter must sign and date the manifest and provide a copy to the rail transporter."
- 73 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 74 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of 75 76 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 77 register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine 78 79 hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of 80 (disqualification and suspension highways 81 prequalified contractors) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous wastes by vehicle upon the roads and highways of this state) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- On page 18, the first line of §3.03 shall read as follows:
- 89 "3.03. Transporters who only accept Hazardous Waste 90 from".
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of highways to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of highways (traffic and safety rules and regulations) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

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- On page 8, section 7.2, line 9, (unnumbered), by striking everything after the word "structures".
- 102 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 103 the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 104 eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of highways 105 (construction and reconstruction of state roads) are 106 authorized.
- 107 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 108 the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of 109 110 highways to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 111 112 register on the twenty-third day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 113 commissioner of highways (transportation of hazardous 114 115 wastes upon the roads and highways) are authorized.

§64-2-6. Commissioner of motor vehicles.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the second day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the commissioner of motor 4 vehicles (denial of driving privileges), are authorized 5 with the amendments set forth below:

By inserting the words "licensed in the United States" after the phrase "physician of the applicant's choice," on page five, line two, and page seven, line one; and by striking out the words "licensed vision specialist" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "an optometrist or ophthalmologist licensed in the United States," on page five, line three, and on page seven, line two.

- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (driving under the influence, drivers' license revocation administrative hearings) are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of motor vehicles (safety and treatment program) are authorized.

- 23 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 24 the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 25 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of motor 26 vehicles (compulsory insurance) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (titling a vehicle), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (compulsory motor vehicle liability insurance) are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (eligibility for reinstatement following suspension or revocation of driving privileges), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (the administration and enforcement of motor vehicle inspections) are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of

motor vehicles (seizure of a driver's license and issuance of a temporary driver's license), are authorized.

- 64 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 65 the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 66 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of motor 67 vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 68 69 register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine 70 hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 71 motor vehicles (federal safety standards inspection 72 program), are authorized.
- 73 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 74 75 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative 76 77 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 78 register on the twenty-second day of September, one 79 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 80 commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or renewal of driving privileges) are autho-81 82 rized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 7, section 7.2 after the words "75 m.p.h.," add the words "except on highways where the established speed limit is 65 m.p.h., and conviction was in excess of 80 m.p.h.",

And,

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On page 14, section 8.1 by inserting the words "not to exceed fifteen hours" after the word "course" and in section 8.2 by inserting the words "not to exceed fifteen hours" after the word "course".

(l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of motor vehicles to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of motor vehicles (denial, suspension, revocation or nonrenewal of driving privileges) are authorized.

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§64-2-7. Department of natural resources.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the department of natural 4 resources (surface mining) are authorized with the 5 amendments set forth below:
- Page 3-4, §3E.01 by adding after the word "engineer" the words "or licensed land surveyor."
- Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (a), by adding after the word "mining" the words "or civil."
 - Page 3-5, §3E.02, subsection (b), by adding after the first sentence—"Those persons who have been approved to date need not make said demonstration."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (solid waste management) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
- Page 9, section 4.04, line five, add the following paragraph:

"Upon request of any applicant, the division shall meet with the applicant for prefiling review of the application. The division, with the cooperation of the solid waste authority, shall assist the applicant in preparing a complete and proper application which would not be rejected as incomplete."

On page 15, section 6.03 (c) (1) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease", strike the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "within fifteen (15) days of receipt of an order of suspension" and in the second sentence strike the word "recommence" and insert the words "continue beyond fifteen (15) days"; (c)(2) in the first full sentence, after the word "cease" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and insert in lieu thereof the words "immediately upon receipt of an order of revocation."

(c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of

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Appendix G and H)"

- natural resources (public use of state parks, forests, hunting and fishing areas), are authorized.
- 41 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 42 the seventh day of November, one thousand nine 43 hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 44 natural resources (surface mining reclamation) are 45 authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (coal refuse disposal) are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (transfer of the state national pollutant discharge elimination system program), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

56 Page 10-5, by striking § 10B.19 and inserting in lieu thereof a new § 10B.19, to read as follows: "Effluent 57 limitations guidelines' means a regulation published by 58 59 the Administrator under Section 304(b) or Section 60 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA to adopt or revise effluent limitations or levels of effluent quality attainable 61 through the application of secondary or equivalent 62 63 treatment. For the coal industry these regulations are published at 40 C.F.R. Parts 434 and 133. (See: 64

- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of natural resources (small arms hunting) are authorized.
- 70 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 71 the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 72 eighty-four, relating to the department of natural 73 resources (hazardous waste management), are 74 authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of natural

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- resources to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management: small quantity generators and waste minimization certification), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page 1, §3.1.4b, delete the word "or" in the reference to "paragraph (g) or (j)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "and, if applicable."
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES regulations for the coal mining point source category and related sewage facilities), are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations), are authorized.

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- 117 (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 118 119 eighty-six, relating to the director of the department of 120 natural resources (procedures for transporting and 121 dealing in furbearing animals), are authorized.
- (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES program for coal mines and preparation plants, and the refuse and waste therefrom), are authorized with the amendments set 128 forth below:
- On page four, § 1.9.1.a by inserting the words "five 129 thousand dollars or" after the words "'significant 130 131 portion of income' means" and
 - On page four, § 1.9.1.a by inserting the words "whichever is less," after the words "ten percent or more of gross personal income for a calendar year".
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management), authorized.
 - (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (WV/NPDES regulations for coal mining facilities) are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (outfitters and guides) are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations), are authorized.

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- (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations, series 35), are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management regulations, series 35) are authorized.
 - (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of natural resources (solid waste management) are authorized.
 - (w) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (boating regulations) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 16, section 6.2, line 3 by inserting following the period "This regulation does not apply to licensed outfitters and guides." These rules were proposed by the director of the department of natural resources pursuant to section seven, article one and section twenty-two, article seven, chapter twenty of this code.

(x) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state

- register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of natural resources (hazardous waste management) are authorized.
- (y) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (boating) are authorized.
- 204 (z) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 205 206 eighty-eight, modified by director of the department of natural resources to meet the objections of the legislative 207 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 208 209 register on the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the 210 department of natural resources (commercial sale of 211 212 wildlife) are authorized.
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- (bb) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the department of natural resources (West Virginia public hunting and fishing areas) are authorized with the following amendment:
- On page three, section 3.8.4, by inserting after the word "vehicle" the following ", all terrain vehicle (ATV)".

§64-2-8. Department of energy.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to the department of mines 4 (energy) (mine safety program), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

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- the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of energy (governing the safety of those employed in and around surface mines), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the office of oil and gas, department of mines (energy), (oil and gas and other wells) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- Page viii, place an * in front of section 32.02.
- Page ix, after section 35.04 add the following:
- 18 "*35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator..... 64."
- Page 1, section 1.03 in the list of additional regulations, add 35.05; in the list of revised regulations, add 32.02, 32.03 and 33.00.
- Page 52 section 32.04 and section 32.05 add at the end of (ii) the words "and (iii) definition of proration unit".
 - Page 53 section 33 After the word "definitions" add the following sentence: "The following definitions are applicable to these regulations used for purposes of implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and are not intended to be used in any other context."
- Page 55, section 33.02 (b)(16) after the word "formations" in the third lines of (i) and (ii), add the words "for which a well has been."
- Page 64, after section 35.04 add the following section: 35.05 Extra powers of the Administrator.
 - "The administrator may also certify or provide a waiver for a well located within a proration unit as defined in 32.02 (b)(16) or any other well sought to be certified under these regulations after notice and hearing."
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the

- objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (oil and gas wells and other wells), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the oil and gas division of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (certification of gas wells), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (underground injection control), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the

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- department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (standards for certification of coal mine electricians), are authorized with the following amendments:
 - "Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), following the second word, 'electrician' by striking the colon and inserting the following: 'under the supervision required by section 4.1(d) of these rules' and a colon.
- Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (6) and renumbering the subsequent subdivisions.
- Page two, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (9).
- Page two, §2.1, subsection (b), by deleting all of subdivision (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (14) to read as follows: '(14) Replace blown fuses on trolley poles and nips.'
 - Page five, §4.1, subsection (d), line three, following the words 'certified electrician prior' by inserting the words 'to any work being performed and again prior'."
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (safety training program for prospective underground coal miners in West Virginia), are authorized.
- 116 (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 117 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 118 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-119 ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative 120 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 121 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand

- nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (dam control), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (solid waste management), are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (hazardous waste management), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (roof control) are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (standards for certification of underground belt examiners for underground coal mines), are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (performance standards for blasting on surface mines) are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) for mines and minerals), are authorized.
 - (r) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the department of energy to promulgate the procedural rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (requests for information) with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking subdivision (d) and renumbering the remaining subdivisions, and
- On page three, section 6, by striking all of subsection 6.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
 - "6.1 The department shall establish fixed rate fees for reproduction of documents, records, and files on the basis of the actual cost of such reproduction and shall document such costs: *Provided*, That where total costs are less than five dollars, no fee shall be charged."
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (blasters certification for surface coal mines and surface areas of coal mines) are authorized.

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200 (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 201 the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine 202 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 203 the department of energy to meet the objections of the 204 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 205 the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November. 206 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 207 commissioner of the department of energy (abandoned 208 mine reclamation) are authorized.

§64-2-9. Department of labor.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 two, relating to the commissioner of labor (steam boiler 4 rules) as modified by the legislative rule-making review committee are authorized. 5
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 8 9 labor (hazardous chemical substances) are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the second day of February, one thousand nine hundred 11 12 eighty-four, relating to the department of labor (poly-13 graph examinations) are authorized
- 14 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of December, one thousand nine 15 16 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of 17 labor (West Virginia occupational safety and health act) 18 are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of labor to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of labor (wage payment and collection act) are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine

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- 30 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of
- 31 the department of labor (standards for weights and
- 32 measures inspectors—adoption of NBS Handbook 130,
- 33 1987) are authorized.
- 34 (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 35 the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 36 eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of labor 37 (steam boiler inspection fee schedule) are authorized.
- 38 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 39 the thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine 40 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the department of 41 labor to meet the objections of the legislative rule-42 making review committee and refiled in the state 43 register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the department of 44 45 labor (amusement rides and amusement attractions 46 safety act) are authorized.

§64-2-10. Insurance commissioner.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the insurance commis-4 sioner (excess line brokers), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-six, modified by the insurance commis-8 sioner to meet the objection of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state 9 register on the twelfth day of December, one thousand 10 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the insurance 11 12 commissioner (examiners' compensation, qualification 13 and classification), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner (West Virginia essential property insurance association) are authorized.
- 19 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 20 the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 21 eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner

- 22 (medical malpractice annual reporting requirements) 23 are authorized.
- 24 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 25 the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 26 eighty-seven, modified by the insurance commissioner to 27 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 28 committee and refiled in the state register on the 29 seventh day of November, one thousand nine-hundred eighty-seven, relating to the insurance commissioner 30 31 (medical malpractice loss experience and loss expense 32 reporting requirements) are authorized.
- 33 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand nine 34 35 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the insurance com-36 missioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-37 making review committee and refiled in the state 38 register on the twenty-first day of February, one 39 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 40 insurance commissioner (transitional requirements for 41 the conversion of medicare supplement insurance 42 benefits and premiums to conform to medicare program 43 revisions) are authorized.

§64-2-11. Attorney general.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the attorney general (third party 4 dispute mechanisms) are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 7 eighty-five, relating to the attorney general (fair 8 treatment of crime victims and witnesses) are 9 authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or

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- 17 deceptive acts or practices in home improvement and
- 18 home construction transactions), are authorized. These
- 19 rules were proposed by the attorney general pursuant
- 20 to section one hundred three, article six and section one
- 21 hundred two, article seven of chapter forty-six-a of this 22 code with the following amendments:
 - "Amending the title to the proposed legislative rule wherever said title may appear, on lines three and four thereof, by striking the words 'and home construction'.

26 On the index page following '3.' by striking the words 27 'and home construction'.

On page 1, §1.2, line three, after the first word 'transactions' on line three, by striking the comma and the words 'and home construction transactions' and on line five, by striking the period and inserting the words 'but shall not cover new construction of single-family 33 dwellings or rebuilding all or substantially all of an 34 existing or preexisting single-family dwelling.'

35 Page 2, section 2.2 by striking all of lines seven and eight and inserting in lieu thereof the following: 36

'unless: (a) it appears in printed or typed face larger than the largest type used in the written contract, apart'.

On page 2, section 2.4, by striking all of section 2.4 and inserting in lieu thereof a new section 2.4, to read as follows:

'2.4 "Home Construction" means, for the purpose of this Rule, the repair, remodeling or the building of additions to existing single-family dwelling units, including single-family homes, condominium units or any other dwelling unit to be used by any person primarily for personal or family use, but shall not include new single-family home construction or the rebuilding of all or substantially all of an existing or preexisting single-family dwelling.'

Page 3, section 2.6, on line two thereof, after the second comma by inserting the word 'replacement'.

Page 3, section 3., by striking the words 'and home construction' from the section heading.

- Page 3, section 3.1, lines one and two, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 4, section 3.1.4, on lines one and two thereof, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 4, section 3.1.8, on line two thereof, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 4, section 3.1.9, on lines two and three thereof, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 5, section 3.1.12, on lines one and two thereof, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 6, section 3.1.26, by striking all of section 3.1.26 and renumbering the subsequent subsections.
- Page 7, section 3.1.29, on lines one and two thereof, by striking the words 'or home construction'.
- Page 7, section 3.1.29, on line six thereof, following the word 'contract' by inserting a period and striking the remainder of the section.
- Page 7, following section 3.1.29 by adding a new section to be designated section 3.1.29, to read as follows:
- 'failed to file a certificate in the office of the Clerk of the County Commission in the county in which the principal place of business of the seller is located, setting forth the assumed name in or by which the business is being conducted in conformity with the provisions of Chapter 47, Article 8, Section 2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended.'
- Page 7, section 3.2, on lines two and three thereof, by striking the words, 'or home solicitation sale of home construction' and the comma on line three.
- Page 9, section 4.1, on line eight thereof, by deleting the period and inserting the following:
- 87 'to the extent permitted by statute' and a period."
- Page 10, section 4.2, on line 9 thereof, by striking the period and inserting the following:
- 90 "to the extent permitted by statute" and a period.

- 91 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 92 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 93 hundred eighty-six, modified by the attorney general to 94 meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the first 95 96 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, 97 relating to the attorney general (prevention of unfair or 98 deceptive acts or practices in the sale of damaged goods 99 or products), are authorized.
- 100 (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 101 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine 102 hundred eighty-seven, modified by the attorney general 103 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 104 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 105 twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the attorney general 106 107 (administration of preneed burial contracts) are autho-108 rized with the following amendments set forth below:
- 109 On page 9, section 8.2 by striking the words "within thirty days after the death of a contract beneficiary," 110 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "On or before 111 112 the first day of January and the first day of July of each year," and after the word "provided" by striking the 113 comma and inserting in lieu thereof "after the death of 114 any contract beneficiary during the previous six-month 115 116 period,"
- 117 And,
- On page 12, section 9.7 by striking all of 9.7,
- 119 And,
- Beginning on page 15, by striking the entirety of 121 section 15.
- 122 And,
- Beginning on page 18, by striking the entirety of section 16, and by renumbering the remaining sections.

§64-2-12. West Virginia library commission.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-second day of October, one thousand nine

- 3 hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia
- 4 library commission to meet the objections of the
- 5 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- the state register on the twelfth day of November, one
- 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West
- Virginia library commission (designating a grace period 8
- for the return of library materials) are authorized. 9

§64-2-13. State treasurer.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 third day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- four, relating to the state treasurer (establishment of 3
- imprest funds) are authorized. 4

§64-2-14. Department of public safety.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- 2 the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine
- hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of 3
- 4 public safety (general orders) are authorized with the
- 5 amendment set forth below:
- 6 Page 23, §9.10 remove the period at the end of the 7 sentence and add the words "or municipalities."
- 8 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 9 the twenty-second day of June, one thousand nine
- hundred eighty-four, modified by the department of 10
- 11 public safety to meet the objections of the legislative
- 12 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 13 register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine
- hundred eighty-four, relating to the department of 14
- public safety (commission on drunk driving) are 15
- authorized. 16

§64-2-15. Air pollution control commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1
- 2 the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-two, relating to the air pollution control commis-
- sion (series VII), are authorized. 4
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 5
- the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 6 7
 - eighty-two, relating to air pollution control commission
- (series XIX), are authorized. 8

- 9 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution control commission (emission standards for hazardous air pollutants) (series XV) are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the air pollution control commission (standards of performance for new stationary sources) (series XVI) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commission (to prevent and control air pollution from hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities) (series XXV), are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - Page 3, §1.06, change the § title from "Enforcement" to "Procedure"; place an "(a)" in front of the existing paragraph and add the following:
 - "(b) Permit applications filed pursuant to this regulation shall be processed in accordance with the permitting procedures as set forth in code §20-5E of this regulation. Permit procedures set forth in code §16-20 and any other regulation of this commission are not applicable to any permit application filed pursuant to this regulation."

Such rules shall also include a section which shall read as follows:

"The commission shall report to the legislative rulemaking review committee as required by that committee, but in no event later than the first day of the regular session of the Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. Such report shall include information regarding the commission's data gathering efforts, the development of compliance programs, the progress in implementation, and such other matters as the committee may require, pertaining to the regulations hereby authorized."

- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the air pollution control commission (permits for construction and modification of stationary sources of air pollution for the prevention of significant deterioration) (series XIV) are authorized.
- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (prevention and control of air pollution from hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities) are authorized.
- (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (good engineering practice as applicable to stack heights) are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the air pollution control commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the air pollution control commission (TP-2, compliance test procedures for regulation 2—to prevent and control particulate air pollution from combustion of fuel in indirect heat exchangers) are authorized.

§64-2-16. West Virginia hospital finance authority.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

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2 tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-3 six, modified by the West Virginia hospital finance 4 authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia 7 8 hospital finance authority (establishment of fee schedule 9 and cost allocation applicable to issuance of bonds), are authorized. 10

§64-2-17. Teachers retirement board.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the teachers retirement board, are authorized with the following amendments:

5 Section VI, subsection 6, D, (a)(ii) of the rules is to be amended on line two by striking out the words "(3) thru 6 (7)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "(3) thru 7 8 (13)": Section VII, subsection 7, B, (c) of the rules is to be amended on line three after the word "100" by 9 striking out the word "consecutive," and by redesignat-10 ing the subsection as subsection "(a)"; and Section X, 11 subsection 10, A, (c), of the rules is to be amended on 12 line one after the word "physicians." by striking out the 13 words "of member's choice," and inserting in lieu thereof 14 15 the words "one selected by the Board and one selected 16 by the member."

§64-2-18. Commissioner of agriculture.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture 4 (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit) are 5 authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (licensing of auctioneers) are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture

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- 13 (conduct of beef industry self-improvement assessment 14 program referendum) are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (feeding untreated garbage to swine) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (registration, taxation and control of dogs) are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (public markets) are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (noxious weed rules) are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control) are authorized.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (use of certain picloram products), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (increasing certain fees by rules and regulations) are authorized.
- (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirty-first day of January, one thousand

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- 51 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (licensing of livestock dealers) are 52 53 authorized.
- 54 (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 55 the eighteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 56 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of agriculture 57 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 58 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 59 fifth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-60 seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (West 61 Virginia pesticide use and application act), are 62 authorized.
- 63 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 64 the eighteenth day of August, one thousand nine 65 hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 68 committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth 69 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the director of the division of forestry of the department of agriculture (ginseng), are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (schedule of charges for inspection services: fruit) are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control) are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of agriculture (sale and distribution of commercial fertilizer) are authorized.

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91 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine 92 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 93 agriculture to meet the objections of the legislative rule-94 95 making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one 96 97 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 98 commissioner of agriculture (animal disease control) are 99 authorized.

§64-2-19. West Virginia racing commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia 4 racing commission (Rule 795), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 819), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 107), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed with the legislative rule-making review committee on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 471), are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 526), are authorized.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 107) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine

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- hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 108) greyhound racing are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 108) thoroughbred racing are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
- Following the word "Association" insert a period and strike the remainder of the sentence.
 - (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 392) greyhound racing, are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 455) greyhound racing are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 609A) greyhound racing are authorized.
 - (1) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 627) greyhound racing are authorized.
 - (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (Rule 845) thoroughbred racing are authorized.
 - (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 67 the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 68 eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing 69 commission (greyhound racing — Rule 628), are 70 authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 672) are authorized.
 - (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing Rule 808), are authorized.
 - (q) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing Rule 843), are authorized.
 - (r) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing Rule 845-I) are authorized.
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing) are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one

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thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page fifty-five, Section 61.3(f), by striking all of subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the existing provisions of subsection (f) as contained in 178 CSR 1, which reads as follows:

113 All moneys held by any licensee for the payment of 114 outstanding and unredeemed pari-mutuel tickets, if not 115 claimed within ninety (90) days after the close of the 116 horse race meeting in connection with which the tickets 117 were issued, shall be turned over by the licensee to the 118 Racing Commission within fifteen (15) days after the 119 expiration of such ninety (90) day period and the 120 licensee shall give such information as the Racing 121 Commission may require concerning such outstanding 122 and unredeemed tickets: viz. The outs ledger enumer-123 ating all outstanding tickets at the close of each meeting. 124 to contain a record of all tickets redeemed in the ninety 125 (90) day following period, together with all redeemed tickets which shall bear the stamp of the cashier(s) 126 127 making redemption: A stamp indicating "Outs Ticket." 128 In addition, a statement to accompany said ledger and 129 tickets, setting forth the quantity and amount of each 130 denomination redeemed in the ninety (90) day period, with a grand total indicating the sum paid in "Outs." 131 132 This sum subtracted from the outs on the closing day 133 to equal the remittance of the Association in settlement 134 of the "Out" account for the meeting.

- (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia racing commission (thoroughbred racing) are authorized.
- (v) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, modified by the West Virginia racing commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the West

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146 Virginia racing commission (greyhound racing) are 147 authorized.

§64-2-20. Water resources board.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the sixth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 4 (underground injection control program), are 5 authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board (special regulations), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board 13 (groundwater protection standards), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the state water resources board (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
 - (e) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the state water resources board to promulgate rules relating to water quality standards in exact conformity with the rules relating to water quality standards tendered to the secretary of state on the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, by the executive secretary of the state water resources board, to be received and filed for inclusion in the state register by the secretary of state.
 - (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (special regulations), are authorized.

- (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the water resources board (water quality standards), are authorized.
 - (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (water quality standards), are authorized.
- (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and further modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the state water resources board (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
- (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water resources board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one

- 78 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 79 state water resources board (underground injection 80 control program), are authorized.
- 81 (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 82 the seventeenth day of October, one thousand nine 83 hundred eighty-five, and modified by the state water 84 resources board to meet the objections of the legislative 85 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 86 register on the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 87 88 state water resources board (special regulations), are 89 authorized.
- 90 (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 91 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 92 eighty-seven, relating to the water resources board 93 (water quality standards) are authorized.
- 94 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 95 the fourteenth day of October, one thousand nine 96 hundred eighty-eight, relating to the water resources 97 board (water quality standards) are authorized.

§64-2-21. Workers' compensation commissioner.

- 1 (a) The legislative rule filed in the state register on 2 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the workers' compen-4 sation commissioner (employers' excess liability fund) 5 are authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-four, relating to the workers' compensation commissioner (time limits for the administrative proceedings of adjudications and awards) are authorized.
- 12 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-four, modified by the workers' compen-15 sation commissioner to meet the objections of the 16 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 17 the state register on the ninth day of January, one 18 thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the

- workers' compensation commissioner (self-insured employers) are authorized.
- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the workers' compen-sation commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the workers' compensation commissioner (payment of attorney's fees) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the workers' compensation commissioner (standards for medical examination in occupational pneumoconiosis claims) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - On page 1, the second and third unnumbered paragraphs on page one are amended to read as follows:

When two or more ventilatory function tests performed in reasonably close proximity in time produce differing but acceptable results, the Commissioner, at the request of the O. P. Board, may direct the parties to furnish additional evidence and/or order additional testing at the laboratory utilized by the O. P. Board or other laboratories, all for the purpose of determining whether any of the results are unreliable or incorrect or are clearly attributable to some identifiable disease or illness other than occupational pneumoconiosis.

When blood gas studies are performed and abnormal values are obtained and thereafter new blood gas studies are performed and normal or significantly higher values are further obtained, the Commissioner, at the request of the O. P. Board, may direct the parties to furnish additional evidence and/or order additional studies at the laboratory utilized by the O. P. Board or other laboratories, all for the purpose of determining whether any of the values are unreliable or incorrect or are clearly attributable to some identifiable disease or illness other than occupational pneumoconiosis.

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And on page 7, paragraph (11) is amended to read as follows:

61 (11) It is recognized that arterial blood gas studies 62 done in laboratories throughout this state are obtained 63 at different altitudes. Only by "standardizing" for 64 altitude can an equitable assessment be made of 65 impairment when values of arterial oxygen are being 66 measured at remarkably different altitudes. Therefore, 67 the results reported from laboratories should include the 68 name of the laboratory and the date and time of the 69 testing, altitude of the laboratory and barometric 70 pressure at the laboratory on the day the samples were 71 collected. The O. P. Board will evaluate the arterial 72 blood gas values by converting those values to the 73 average altitude of Charleston, West Virginia. For this 74 purpose, it shall be sufficient to add 1 mmHg to each 75 arterial oxygen tension for each 300 feet or fraction 76 thereof that the testing laboratory is located above the 77 average altitude of Charleston, because the relationship 78 of barometric pressure (altitude) and alveolar oxygen is 79 approximately linear up to 4,000 feet as long as the 80 subject breathes room air.

As an example, Bluefield is located approximately 2,600 feet above sea level. Charleston is approximately 600 feet above sea level. Thus, arterial oxygen values obtained in Bluefield should have 6.67 mmHg added to them before applying the table to them to obtain "percent impairment." The calculations are as follows:

"Bluefield (2,600') minus Charleston (600') equals 2,000' differential 2,000' divided by 300' altitude equals 6.67

6.67 multiplied by 1 mmHg per 300' altitude equals 6.67 mmHg."

(f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the workers' compensation commissioner to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the workers'

99 compensation commissioner (administration of the coalworkers' pneumoconiosis fund) are authorized. 100

§64-2-22. State lottery commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-first day of April, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-seven, modified by the state lottery commission
- 4 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 5
- review committee and refiled in the state register on the 6
- fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 eighty-seven, relating to the state lottery commission
- 8 (state lottery) are authorized.

§64-2-23. State fire commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2
- the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the state fire commission (state
- 4 fire code) are authorized with the amendments set forth
- 5 below:
- 6 Page 1, section 106, line 1, after the word "to" add the words "personal care homes caring for five or less 7
- 8 patients or": and
- Page 26, section 11.06 (3) A. (3). Strike the period at 9
- 10 the end of the sentence and add the words "except for
- existing sleeping rooms owned by the state and located 11
- 12 in dormitories or state parks."
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred 14
- eighty-six, modified by the state fire commission to meet 15
- the objection of the legislative rule-making review 16
- 17 committee and refiled in the state register on the
- twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand nine 18
- hundred eighty-six, relating to the state fire commission 19
- 20 (hazardous substance emergency response training
- 21 program), are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 22
- the sixth day of September, one thousand nine hundred 23 eighty-eight, modified by the state fire commission to 24
- meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 25
- committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth 26

- 27 day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 28 eight, relating to the state fire commission (state
- 29 building code) are authorized.

§64-2-24. Civil service commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-six, modified by the civil service 3 commission to meet the objection of the legislative rule-4 making review committee and refiled in the state 5 6 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand 7 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the civil service 8 commission (civil service system), are authorized.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred 11 eighty-eight, modified by the civil service commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review 12 13 committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the civil service 15 commission (civil service system) are authorized with 16 17 the amendments set forth below:
- On page fifteen, section 5.05(d), after the words "established in" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Chapter 29-6A of the Code of West Virginia, as amended."
- On page fifteen, section 5.06, after the words "established in" by striking out the remainder of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Chapter 29-6A of the Code of West Virginia, as amended."
- 27 And
- On pages sixteen and seventeen by deleting all of section 5.07.
- 30 And,
- On page 46, section 13(f) line 2 by striking the words "previously held".

§64-2-25. Secretary of state.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the secretary of state (standard size and format for rules and related documents filed in the secretary of state's office) are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the secretary of state to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the secretary of state (standard size and format for rules and procedures for publication of the state register or parts of the state register) are authorized.

§64-2-26. West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers (legislative rules governing the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers) are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia state board of registration for professional engineers to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the West Virginia state board

- 20 of registration for professional engineers (rules of the
- 21 West Virginia state board of registration for profes-
- 22 sional engineers) are authorized.

§64-2-27. State board of examiners of land surveyors.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-seven, modified by the state board of examiners
- 4 of land surveyors to meet the objections of the legislative
- 5 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- 6 register on the twenty-eighth day of January, one
- 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the state
 - 8 board of examiners of land surveyors (practice of land
 - 9 surveying in West Virginia) are authorized.

§64-2-28. State boards of examination or registration; West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners.

- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-seven, modified by the West Virginia board of
- 4 chiropractic examiners to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 6 the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January,
- the state register on the twenty-seventh day of January,
- 7 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the
- 8 West Virginia board of chiropractic examiners (West
- 9 Virginia board of chiropractic examiners) are autho-
- 10 rized.

§64-2-29. Radiologic technology board of examiners.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the radiologic technol-
- 4 ogy board of examiners are authorized.

§64-2-30. Board of medicine.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of medicine (licens-
- 4 ing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry;
- 5 physicians assistants) are authorized with the modifica-
- 6 tions set forth below:

- 7 "§24.12.
 - (b) It shall be the responsibility of the supervising physician to obtain consent in writing from the patient before Type A physician assistants employed in a satellite clinic may render general medical or surgical services, except in emergencies.
- 13 §24.16.
 - (c) No physician assistant shall render nonemergency outpatient medical services until the patient has been informed that the individual providing care is a physician assistant."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the seventeenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the board of medicine (licensing, disciplinary and complaint procedures; podiatry; physicians assistants) are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the West Virginia board of medicine (rules governing the approval of medical schools not accredited by the liaison committee on medical education) are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightyseven, relating to the board of medicine (fees for services rendered by the board of medicine) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of medicine to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the

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- twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the board of medicine (dispensing of legend drugs by physicians and podiatrists) are authorized with the following amendments:
 - Section 2.6 to read as follows: Dispense means to deliver a legend drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a physician or podiatrist, including the prescribing, packaging, labeling, administering or compounding necessary to prepare the drug for that delivery.

Section 3.3 to read as follows: Physicians or podiatrists who are not registered with the Board as dispensing physicians may not dispense legend drugs. However, the following activities by a physician or podiatrist shall be exempt from the requirements of section 3 through 8 applicable to dispensing physicians:

- a. Legend drugs administered to the patient, which are not controlled substance when an appropriate record is made in the patient's chart.
- b. Professional samples distributed free of charge by a physician or podiatrist or certified physician assistant under his or her supervision to the patient when an appropriate record is made in the patient's chart; or
- 69 c. Legend drugs which are not controlled substances 70 provided by free clinics or under West Virginia state authorized programs, including the medicaid, family 71 72 planning, maternal and child health, and early and 73 periodic screening and diagnosis and treatment programs: Provided. That all labeling provisions of section 74 75 8 shall be applicable except the requirements of section 8.3 (a). 76

§64-2-31. Board of embalmers and funeral directors.

1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, modified by the board of em-4 balmers and funeral directors to meet the objections of 5 the legislative rule-making review committee and 6 refiled in the state register on the ninth day of January, 7 one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the

- 8 board of embalmers and funeral directors (apprenticeship), are authorized.
- 10 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the sixteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- eighty-five, modified by the board of embalmers and funeral directors to meet the objections of the legislative
- 14 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state
- register on the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine
- hundred eighty-six, relating to the board of embalmers
- 17 and funeral directors (governing the board of em-
- 18 balmers and funeral directors), are authorized.

§64-2-32. Board of examiners for registered professional nurses.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the

2 thirteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred

3 eighty-three, relating to the board of examiners for

registered professional nurses (qualifications of gradu-

5 ates of foreign nursing schools for admission to the

6 professional nurse licensing examination) are autho-

7 rized.

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§64-2-33. West Virginia board of examiners for licensed practical nurses.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia board of
- 4 examiners for licensed practical nurses to meet the
- 5 objections of the legislative rule-making review commit-
- 6 tee and refiled in the state register on the thirtieth day
- of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six,
- 8 relating to the West Virginia board of examiners for
- 9 licensed practical nurses (policies relating to licensure
- 10 of the licensed practical nurse), are authorized.
- 11 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 12 the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 13 eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of
- 14 examiners for licensed practical nurses (legal standards
- 15 of nursing practice for the licensed practical nurse), are
- 16 authorized.
- 17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on

- 18 the thirtieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 19 eighty-six, relating to the West Virginia board of
- 20 examiners for licensed practical nurses (fees for services
- 21 rendered by the board), are authorized.

§64-2-34. West Virginia housing development fund.

- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-two, relating to the West Virginia
 - housing development fund (single-family mortgage
- 5 loans), are authorized.

§64-2-35. Jail and prison standards commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the fifth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-seven, relating to the jail and prison standards 4 commission (West Virginia minimum standards for 5 construction operation and maintenance of jails) are
- 5 construction, operation, and maintenance of jails) are 6 authorized.
- 6 authorized.
- 7 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 8 the ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 9 eight, modified by the jail and prison standards
- 10 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-
- 11 making review committee and refiled in the state
- 12 register on the twenty-seventh day of February, one
- 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the jail
- 14 and prison standards commission (West Virginia
- 15 minimum standards for construction, operation and
- 16 maintenance of holding facilities) are authorized.
- 17 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-eight, modified by the jail and prison standards 19 commission to meet the objections of the legislative rule-20 21 making review committee and refiled in the state 22 register on the twenty-seventh day of February, one 23 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the jail and prison standards commission (West Virginia 24 minimum standards for construction, operation and 25 maintenance of prisons) are authorized. 26
- 27 (d) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the jail and prison standards commission to amend its rules

- relating to West Virginia minimum standards for construction, operation, and maintenance of jails which were filed in the code of state regulations (95 CSR 1) on the fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, with the following amendments set forth below:
- On page 7, §8.10 by striking out in the first sentence, after the word "house", the following words: "no less than four (4) and
- On page 30 by adding a new section 17.21 to read as follows:
- 17.21 Visitation to Home County. To the extent that the previous subsections provide requirements for visitation with inmates housed in regional jail facilities. it is the intent that such requirements apply only to visitation provided in a regional jail facility. When visitation with family and friends is required to be provided to a person incarcerated in a regional jail facility in a location other than the regional jail, the following provisions shall apply:
 - 17.21.1 The regional jail need not assume the responsibility for transportation to the home county seat of a person incarcerated in the regional jail facility for visitation with their family and friends unless that person has had no visits from family and friends in the previous three months.
 - 17.21.2 In providing any transportation under subsection 17.21.1 the regional jail has the right to schedule such transportation for visits with family and friends of the person incarcerated in a manner which would utilize to the utmost the regional jail's regularly scheduled trips to each of the respective counties it serves, including the scheduling of round-trips, so long as a minimum of 30 minutes is available for visitation.
 - 17.21.3 The regional jail need not assume any responsibility for transportation under subsection 17.21.1 when the distance from the regional jail to the respective county seat is less than two hour's driving time.

§64-2-36. Commissioner of banking.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-two, relating to commissioner of banking (com-4 munication terminals and interchange systems), are 5 authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 9 banking (consumer credit sales), are authorized.
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 11 the nineteenth day of August, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-three, relating to the commissioner of 13 banking (legal lending limit) are authorized.
- 14 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of November, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of 16 banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-17 making review committee and refiled in the state 18 register on the eleventh day of December, one thousand 19 20 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of banking (implementing the West Virginia community 21 22 reinvestment act), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 23 24 the twenty-fifth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of 25 banking to meet the objections of the legislative rule-26 making review committee and refiled in the state 27 register on the seventh day of December, one thousand 28 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner 29 of banking (subsidiary bank holding the stock of its 30 31 parent company as collateral) are authorized.

§64-2-37. State auditor.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the state auditor, 4 securities commissioner (broker-dealers, agents and 5 investment and advisors) are authorized with the 6 amendments set forth below:
- 7 Section 14.06 Delete the words "as subsequently

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- 8 amended" and reinsert the words "as amended March 30. 1982."
- Section 14.07 Place a period after "1976" and delete the words "as subsequently amended."
- 12 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 13 the eighteenth day of January, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-five, relating to the state auditor, 15 securities commissioner (filing fee) are authorized.

§64-2-38. Board of risk and insurance management.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-three, relating to the board of risk and 4 insurance management (mine subsidence) are 5 authorized.
- 6 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 7 the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, modified by the state board of risk 8 9 and insurance management to meet the objections of the 10 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 11 the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the state 12 board of risk and insurance management (mine subsi-13 dence insurance program), are authorized. 14

§64-2-39. Department of human services; director of the child advocate office.

- (a) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services to promulgate rules relating to guidelines for child support awards in exact conformity with the rules relating to guidelines for child support awards tendered to the secretary of state by the Senate committee on the judiciary on the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.
- 9 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 10 the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 12 child advocate office of the department of human 13 services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-

- making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services (interstate income withholding) are authorized.
- (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services (obtaining support from federal and state income tax refunds) are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services (termination of income withholding) are authorized.
 - (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the director of the child advocate office of the department of human services (providing information to credit reporting agencies) are authorized.

§64-2-40. Public employees insurance board.

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- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, relating to the public employees insurance board (public employees insurance plan) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:
 - §6.03. In the second sentence delete the words "Executive Secretary" and insert the word "Board."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-seventh day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, modified by the public employees insurance board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, relating to the public employees insurance board (credit for accrued sick/annual leave and optional life insurance) are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, relating to the public employees insurance board (late enrollment in the public employees insurance program) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

§2.01(b) shall read as follows:

"(b) 'children' shall mean unmarried children between birth and age nineteen and shall include: (1) The employee's natural children, (2) legally adopted children, including children living with the employee during the period of probation, (3) stepchildren residing in the employee's household and (4) other children fully dependent upon the employee for support and maintenance and residing in the household of which the employee is head and actually being supported by the employee. Children may be included after the attainment of age nineteen, but not beyond the attainment of age twenty-five, if they are enrolled as full-time students, are unmarried, and are dependent upon the employee for support. Children may also be included after the attainment of age nineteen while incapable of self-support because of mental illness, mental retardation or a permanent physical disability, if the child was

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age twenty-five."

- 41 dependent upon the employee for support and mainte-42 nance at the onset of the mental illness, mental 43 retardation or permanent physical disability. For the 44 purpose of this section, mental illness includes addiction as defined in Code 27-1-11 as is defined as a manifes-45 46 tation in a person of significantly impaired capacity to 47 maintain acceptable levels of functioning in the areas of 48 intellect, emotion and physical well-being, only if such impairment renders the person dangerous to himself or 49 others or such person is substantially unable to protect 50 himself from significant hazard: Provided, That child-51 52 ren included because of addiction as hereinbefore
- On page six, at 4.01(g)(2) shall read as follows:
- The end of any 12 month period after enrollment during which no diagnosis or treatment is received, and no expenses are incurred for care of the injury, illness or related conditions.

defined shall not be included beyond the attainment of

- Also, insert a new section, designated section 5.07, to read as follows:
- 62 "5.07. Coverage for dependents shall terminate at 63 the end of the month in which they no longer meet the 64 definition of 'dependent' as set forth in section 2.01 of 65 these rules."

§64-2-41. Employee suggestion award board.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-third day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the employee suggestion award board (public employee suggestion program), are authorized.

§64-2-42. Commissioner of commerce.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of commerce to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth day of October, one thousand nine

- 7 hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of 8 commerce (public use of West Virginia state parks,
- 9 forests, and hunting and fishing areas) are authorized
- 10 with the amendments as set forth below:
- On page 1, section 2.1 after the words "fishing area."
- 12 add "This rule does not apply to the erection of 13 temporary blinds or tree stands in public hunting
- 14 areas."
- And, on page 3, section 2.12 after the word "guests"
- 16 by adding "licensed hunters and fishermen while
- 17 hunting or fishing".
- And, on page 5, section 2.22 by adding at the end of
- 19 the section the following sentence: "Any person may
- 20 apply to the Superintendent of the park for a special
- 21 event permit and pay an application fee for use of
- 22 firearms during historical reenactments, or the use of
- 23 hay, straw, boughs, pine needles or similar materials for
- 24 special events. The Park Superintendent may issue a
- 25 permit to limit areas of use of any of these exceptions
- 25 permit to limit areas of use of any of these exception
- 26 and require damage assessments, if necessary."
- 27 On page 8, section 4.5 by deleting the word "water"
- 28 and inserting in lieu thereof the word "swimming pool"
- 29 and on page 9 section 4.5 after the word "water." add
- 30 the following "These restrictions do not apply to
- 31 swimming areas which are natural bodies of water."

§64-2-43. West Virginia industrial and trade jobs development corporation.

- opment corporation.
- The legislative rules filed in the state register on the fifteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-six, modified by the West Virginia industrial and
- 4 trade jobs development corporation to meet the objec-
- 5 tions of the legislative rule-making review committee
- 6 and refiled in the state register on the twelfth day of
- 7 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven,
- 8 relating to the West Virginia industrial and trade jobs
- 9 development corporation (general administration of the
- 10 West Virginia capital company act and establishment of
- 11 application procedures to implement the act), are
- 12 authorized.

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§64-2-44. Alcohol beverage control commission.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirtieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commission (transportation of alcoholic beverages), are authorized.
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (lighting of licensed premises), are authorized.
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (kitchen and dining facilities), are authorized.
 - (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, relating to the alcohol beverage control commissioner (refusal to license private clubs), are authorized with the exception of subsection (a) of the rules which shall be promulgated as set forth below in this section as follows:
 - (a) For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner may refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence, that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole or part:
 - (1) Is not a person of good moral character or repute;
- (2) Has maintained a noisy, loud, disorderly or unsanitary establishment;
 - (3) Has demonstrated, either by his police record or by his record as former licensee under chapter sixty or chapter eleven, article sixteen of the West Virginia code,

- a lack of respect for law and order, generally, or for the laws and rules governing the sale and distribution of alcoholic beverages or nonintoxicating beer;
 - (4) Has the general reputation of drinking alcoholic beverages to excess, or is addicted to the use of narcotics;
 - (5) Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the commissioner for a license.

For purposes of this regulation, the commissioner shall refuse to grant any license if he has reasonable cause to believe, as indicated by documented evidence that the applicant, or any officer, director or manager thereof, or shareholder owning twenty percent or more of its capital stock, beneficial or otherwise, or other person conducting or managing the affairs of the applicant or of the proposed licensed premises, in whole or part:

- (1) Is not eighteen years of age or older;
- (2) Has been convicted of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
- (3) Has been convicted of violating the liquor laws of any state or the United States, and, upon such conviction, the applicant shall not be eligible for licensure within five years next preceding successful completion of all conditions of probation, discharge from parole supervision or expiration of sentence;
- (4) Has had any license revoked under the liquor laws of any state or the United States within five years next preceding the filing date of the application;
- (5) Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be licensed, or other persons have ownership interests in the business which have not been disclosed;
- (6) Is a person to whom alcoholic beverages may not be sold under the provisions of chapter sixty of the West Virginia code:

- 77 (7) Has been adjudicated an incompetent;
- 78 (8) Is an officer or employee of the alcohol beverage control commissioner of West Virginia; or
- 80 (9) Is violating or allowing the violation of any 81 provision of chapter sixty, chapter sixty-one or chapter 82 eleven, article sixteen of the code in its establishment 83 at the time its application for a license is pending.

§64-2-45. West Virginia board of hearing aid dealers.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-five, modified by the West Virginia 3 board of hearing aid dealers to meet the objections of 4 the legislative rule-making review committee and 5 refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of 6 7 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating 8 to the West Virginia board of hearing aid dealers (rules governing the West Virginia board of hearing aid 9 dealers) are authorized. 10

§64-2-46. Nursing home administrators licensing board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 eighty-five, modified by the nursing home administrators licensing board to meet the objections of the 4 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 5 the state register on the twenty-eighth day of January, 6 one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the 7 nursing home administrators licensing board (governing 8 nursing home administrators) are authorized. 9

§64-2-47. Board of examiners of psychologist.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the board of examiners 4 of psychologist (examination fee) are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
 the sixteenth day of September, one thousand nine
 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of examin-

- 8 ers of psychologists to meet the objections of the
- 9 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in
- 10 the state register on the twenty-third day of November,
- 11 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the
- 12 board of examiners of psychologists (penalties and fees)
- 13 are authorized.

§64-2-48. Board of pharmacy.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 second day of October, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-four, modified by the board of pharmacy to meet
- 4 the objections of the legislative rule-making review
- 5 committee and refiled in the state register on the ninth
- 6 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five,
- 7 relating to the board of pharmacy (parenteral/enteral
- 8 compounding) are authorized.

§64-2-49. State athletic commission.

- 1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the
- 2 twentieth day of February, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 eighty-five, relating to the state athletic commission
- 4 (professional and amateur boxing) are authorized.

§64-2-50. Archives and history commission.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- 2 the fourteenth day of September, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred eighty-four, relating to the archives and history
- 4 commission (certified local government program) are
- 5 authorized with the following amendments:
- §4.02, subsections a,b,c,d,e,g and i are amended in
 their entirety to read as follows:
- 8 "a. The local government shall have created a historic
- 9 landmark commission or commission, consisting of five
- 10 (5) members, to carry out the provisions of the ordinance
- 11 or order."
- 12 "b. HLC or commission membership shall be drawn
- 13 from among persons with demonstrated interest,
- 14 competence, or knowledge in historic preservation and
- 15 local history. To the extent available in the community,
- 16 members of the HLC shall be preservation-related
- 17 professionals (including the professions of history,

architecture, architectural history, planning, real estate, American studies, geography, landscape architecture, law, engineering, or archaeology). When a discipline is not represented in the Commission membership, commissioners shall seek expertise in this area when reporting on National Register nominations and other actions that will impact properties which are normally evaluated by a professional in such discipline. This may be accomplished through consultation with universities or colleges. Prior to the consultation process, the Commission must notify the State Historic Preservation Officer in writing that the appropriate professional assistance has been obtained and identified."

- "c. The local government, be certified without the minimum number or types of professional disciplines, must report to the SHPO's satisfaction that it has made a reasonable effort to fill those positions. The requirements for professional representation on the Commission shall not exceed those of the State Review Board."
- "d. Commission meetings shall be held at regular intervals at least four times each year, advertised in advance, and open to the public. The Commission shall establish rules of procedure or bylaws including a code of conduct."
- "e. The Commission shall transmit an annual report of its activities to the State Historic Preservation Officer. Such reports shall include, at a minimum, new designations made, progress on survey activities, and attendance records. Reports shall be submitted within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year for the local government or portion of the fiscal year in the first year of the establishment of the commission. These reports will be reviewed and evaluated by the SHPO to ensure that the Commission's activities are consistent with the State Historic Preservation Plan."
- "g. Records of proceedings shall be transmitted to the State Historic Preservation Officer at the same time they are transmitted to members of the Commission."
- "i. Commission responsibilities must be complementary to and carried out in coordination with those of the

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- 58 State Historic Preservation Office as outlined in 36 CFR
- 59 61.4(b). The State Historic Preservation Office shall
- 60 cooperate with the HLC or Commission by making
- 61 available materials and training to provide a working
- 62 knowledge of the roles and operations of federal, state
- 63 and local preservation programs."
- \$5.01, subsections a and d are amended to read in their entirety as follows:
- 66 "a. A written assurance by the chief elected official 67 that the local government does fulfill all the standards 68 for certification outlined above."
- "d. Resumes of each of the members of the historic landmark commission including credentials of member expertise in fields related to historic preservation. Where no professional members have been appointed an explanation and information demonstrating good faith efforts to obtain such members shall be included."
- 75 §5.03 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:
- "5.03 Determination that Local Government 76 77 Fulfills Requirements for Certification-if the State Historic Preservation Officer determines that the local 78 79 government fulfills the requirements for certification. the State Historic Preservation Officer will prepare a 80 written certification agreement with the local govern-81 ment that lists the specific responsibilities of the local 82 government where certified. These responsibilities will 83 include those powers and duties as stated in 4.02. The 84 SHPO will notify the United States Secretary of the 85 Interior, or designee and furnish a copy of the approved 86 request and the certification agreement and shall 87 respond to the local government within fifteen days of 88 89 the Secretary's response."
 - The fourth line of §5.04 is amended to read as follows: "Secretary of the Interior within 15 working days. The certification"
- 93 The last line of §6 is amended to read as follows: 94 "(National Historic Preservation Act, Section 101(c)(2)"
 - The section heading to §6.01 is amended in its entirety

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to read as follows: "6.01 Notification of Commission by 96 97 SHPO of National Register Nomination of Property 98 Within Local Government Jurisdiction—"

99 The last three lines of §6.01 are amended in their 100 entirety to read as follows: "101(a) of the National 101 Historic Preservation Act. as amended. The State may 102 expedite such process with the concurrence of the 103 certified local government."

104 The first line after the section heading of §6.02 is amended to read as follows: "(National Historic Preservation Act. Sec. 101(c)(2)(b). If" and the third sentence 106 of said §6.02 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "If such an appeal is filed, the State shall follow the 108 procedures for making a nomination pursuant to 109 110 established procedures (section 101(a) of the Act)."

The second sentence of §6.03 is amended in its entirety 111 112 to read as follows: "If an HLC or commission does not 113 have a professional member with the necessary federal qualifications in the area, the HLC can obtain the 114 opinion of a qualified professional in the area and 115 116 consider their opinion in their recommendation."

- \$6.04 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:
- "6.04—Commission Qualifications for Federal Pass 118 Through Funds—Federal regulations also require that 119 commissions possess certain qualifications in order to 120 receive federal pass through funds. These are explained 121 122 in Section 4.02."
- 123 §7.01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"7.01-Performance Review of Certified Local 124 Government by SHPO-The SHPO will review the 125 commission's annual report to ensure that the perfor-126 mance of the local government is consistent with the 127 State Historic Preservation Plan. If the SHPO deter-128 mines that the performance of a certified local govern-129 ment is not in conformance with the certification 130 agreement and the State Historic Preservation Plan the 131 State Historic Preservation Officer shall document that 132 determination and recommend to the certified local 133 134 government steps which may be taken to improve their

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performance. The Historic Preservation Officer shall also review the administration of funds allocated from the Historic Preservation Fund and other documents as necessary. The SHPO shall maintain written records for all SHPO evaluation of CLG's so that they may be available to the Secretary at any time."

The last sentence of §7.03 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "This closeout will follow procedures specified in National Register Programs Guidelines."

The first sentence of §8.01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "A minimum of 10% of the state's annual apportionment from the Historic Preservation Fund of the Department of the Interior will be set aside for transfer to qualified CLG's in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act as amended. In any year in which the total Historic Preservation Fund appropriation exceeds sixty-five (65) million dollars, one-half (1/2) of the amount over sixty-five (65) million dollars will also be transferred to CLG according to procedures to be provided by the Secretary."

The third line of the first sentence of §8.04 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "consistent with 35(FR61.7(f)(1) which states that the amount awarded to."

§8.05 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

"8.05—Application and Selection Criteria—Project application forms and selection criteria will be made available through individual notification and public advertisement from the SHPO of the West Virginia Department of Culture and History in June of each year. The criteria will be coordinated with those used to select survey and planning grants during the fiscal year. Funds must be applied for by August 30 of each year. Funding in any prior year does not guarantee continued funding. The project schedule and deadlines may vary from year to year and is dependent upon the time frame in which the Secretary of the Interior notifies the state of its apportionment from the annual Historic Preservation Fund."

- 174 The third sentence of §8.06 is amended in its entirety to read as follows: "The SHPO is responsible for proper 175 accounting of Historic Preservation Fund grants to 176 CLG's in accordance with Office Management and 177 Budget Circular A-102, Attachment P Audit Require-178 179 ment."
- 180 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 181 the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine 182 hundred eighty-eight, modified by the director of the 183 division of archives and history of the department of culture and history to meet the objections of the 184 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 185 the state register on the fourteenth day of December. 186 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the 187 188 director of the division of archives and history of the 189 department of culture and history (standards and procedures for administering state historic preservation 190 191 programs) are authorized with the amendment set forth:
- Section 3.2.b.A after the word "days" by inserting the 192 words "after receipt of actual notice." 193

§64-2-51. Water development authority.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 1 2 the thirtieth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-four, relating to the water development authority (hardship grant funds), are authorized. 4
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 6 the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the water development 7 authority (requirements governing disbursements of 8 loans and grants to governmental agencies for the 9 10 acquisition or construction of water development projects), are authorized. 11

§64-2-52. Beef industry self-improvement assessment board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 2 3 eighty-five, relating to the beef industry self-improvement assessment board (beef industry self-improvement 4

assessment program) are authorized. 5

§64-2-53. Commercial whitewater advisory board.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commercial whitewater advisory board to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the sixteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commercial whitewater advisory board (commercial whitewater outfitters), are authorized with the following amendments:

"On page 1, §2.1, by striking all of §2.1 and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "2.1 Commercial whitewater outfitter means any person, partnership, corporation or other organization, or any combination thereof, duly authorized and operating from within or from without the state, which for monetary profit or gain, provides whitewater expeditions or rents whitewater craft or equipment for use in whitewater expeditions on any river, portions of rivers or waters of the state."

§64-2-54. Commissioner of the department of corrections.

- (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of corrections to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of the department of corrections (parole supervision) are authorized.
- (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of corrections to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of the department of corrections (furlough programs for inmates under the custody and control of the commissioner of the department of corrections) are authorized.

§64-2-55. Governor's committee on crime, delinquency and corrections.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 2 twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the governor's committee on 4 crime, delinquency and corrections to meet the objec-5 tions of the legislative rule-making review committee 6 and refiled in the state register on the twentieth day of 7 September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, 8 relating to the governor's committee on crime, delin-9 quency and corrections (basic training academy, annual 10 in-service and biennial in-service training standards) 11 are authorized.

§64-2-56. Structural barriers compliance board.

1 The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 2 twenty-fourth day of August, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the structural barriers 4 compliance board to meet the objections of the legisla-5 tive rule-making review committee and refiled in the 6 state register on the thirteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the 7 structural barriers compliance board (elimination of 8 9 structural barriers in public buildings) are authorized.

§64-2-57. Department of finance and administration.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the 1 2 eighteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred 3 eighty-eight, modified by the director of the purchasing 4 division of the department of finance and administration 5 to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making 6 review committee and refiled in the state register on the 7 nineteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 8 eighty-nine, relating to the director of the purchasing 9 division of the department of finance and administration 10 (purchasing division) are authorized.

§64-2-58. Enterprise zone authority.

The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twenty-sixth day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the enterprise zone authority to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the

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- 6 twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine
- 7 hundred eighty-nine, relating to the enterprise zone
- 8 authority (creation of enterprise zone authority to
- 9 designate certain enterprise zones and provide for tax
- 10 benefits within those zones) are authorized.

§64-2-59. Board of barbers and beauticians.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 2 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 3 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-4 5 making review committee and refiled in the state 6 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 7 barbers and beauticians (minimum curriculum for 8 9 schools of barbering) are authorized with the amend-10 ment set forth below:
- On page 9, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-6-14, to read as follows:
- 13 "§3-6-14. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati-14 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 15 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (qualifications, training, examination and registration of instructors in barbering and beauty culture) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:
 - On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-2-9, to read as follows:
 - "§3-2-9. Repeal of rule—This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
 - (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and

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beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rulemaking review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of barber shops and schools of barbering) are authorized with the amendment set forth below:

On page 5, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-3-6, to read as follows:

- "§3-3-6. Repeal of rule—This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 47 (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 48 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 49 eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 50 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-51 making review committee and refiled in the state 52 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 53 54 barbers and beauticians (curriculum and minimum 55 requirements, subjects and hour schedule, rules and 56 regulations for schools of beauty culture operation in 57 West Virginia: joint barbers and beauticians license) are 58 authorized with the amendments set forth below:

On page 7, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-1-11, to read as follows:

- "§3-1-11. Repeal of rule—This rule will automatically be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of barbers and beauticians (operation of beauty shops and schools of beauty culture) are authorized with the amendments set forth below:

- On page 4, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-4-6, to read as follows:
- 76 "§3-4-6. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati-77 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 78 to that date by an act of the Legislature."
- 79 And,
- On page 4, by inserting a new subsection, designated section 3.25, to read as follows:
- "3.25 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary or
 interpretation of law to the contrary, any licensed
 beautician may trim beards or mustaches."
- 85 (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 86 the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the board of barbers and 87 beauticians to meet the objections of the legislative rule-88 making review committee and refiled in the state 89 register on the eighth day of December, one thousand 90 nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the board of 91 92 barbers and beauticians (licensing schools of barbering or beauty culture) are authorized with the amendments 93 94 set forth below:
- 95 On page 2, subsection 4.1, by deleting subdivision (b) and relettering the remaining subdivisions.
- On page 6, by inserting a new section, designated section 3-5-8, to read as follows:
- 99 "§3-5-8. Repeal of rule—This rule will automati-100 cally be repealed on July 1, 1991, unless extended prior 101 to that date by an act of the Legislature."

CHAPTER 111

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 341—By Senator Loehr)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one

thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing the commissioner of the department of energy to promulgate legislative rules relating to West Virginia surface mining reclamation regulations (repealer).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article two, chapter sixty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. EXECUTIVE AGENCY AUTHORIZATION TO PRO-MULGATE LEGISLATIVE RULES.

§64-2-8. Department of energy.

- 1 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred 2
 - eighty-two, relating to the department of mines (energy)
- 4 (mine safety program), are authorized.
- 5 (b) The legislative rules filed in the state register on
- the seventeenth day of August, one thousand nine 6 hundred eighty-three, relating to the department of
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- energy (governing the safety of those employed in and 8 around surface mines), are authorized. 9
- 10 (c) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the seventh day of December, one thousand nine
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- hundred eighty-three, relating to the office of oil and 12
- gas, department of mines (energy), (oil and gas and 13
- other wells) are authorized with the amendment set 14
- forth below: 15
- Page viii, place an * in front of section 32.02. 16
- Page ix, after section 35.04 add the following: 17
- "*35.05 Extra Powers of the Administrator 64." 18
- 19 Page 1, section 1.03 in the list of additional regula-
- tions, add 35.05; in the list of revised regulations, add 20
- 32.02, 32.03 and 33.00. 21
- Page 52 section 32.04 and section 32.05 add at the end 22
- 23 of (ii) the words "and (iii) definition of proration unit".

Page 53 section 33 after the word "definitions" add the following sentence: "The following definitions are applicable to these regulations used for purposes of implementing the Natural Gas Policy Act of 1978 and are not intended to be used in any other context."

Page 55, section 33.02 (b)(16) after the word "formations" in the third lines of (i) and (ii), add the words "for which a well has been."

Page 64, after section 35.04 add the following section: 35.05 Extra powers of the Administrator.

"The administrator may also certify or provide a waiver for a well located within a proration unit as defined in 32.02 (b)(16) or any other well sought to be certified under these regulations after notice and hearing."

- (d) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (oil and gas wells and other wells), are authorized.
- (e) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the oil and gas division of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (certification of gas wells), are authorized.
- (f) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil

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- and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (underground injection control), are authorized.
 - (g) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the director of the division of oil and gas of the department of energy (state national pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) program), are authorized.
- 80 (h) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 81 the fourteenth day of November, one thousand nine 82 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the 83 department of energy to meet the objections of the 84 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 85 the state register on the sixteenth day of December, one 86 thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the 87 commissioner of the department of energy (standards 88 for certification of coal mine electricians), are autho-89 rized with the following amendments:
- 90 "Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), following the second 91 word, 'electrician' by striking the colon and inserting the 92 following: 'under the supervision required by section 93 4.1(d) of these rules' and a colon.
 - Page one, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (6) and renumbering the subsequent subdivisions.
- Page two, §2.1, subsection (a), by deleting all of subdivision (9).
- 99 Page two, §2.1, subsection (b), by deleting all of

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- subdivision (14) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision (14) to read as follows: '(14) Replace blown fuses on trolley poles and nips.'
 - Page five, §4.1, subsection (d), line three, following the words 'certified electrician prior' by inserting the words 'to any work being performed and again prior'."
- 106 (i) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 107 the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine 108 hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the 109 department of energy to meet the objections of the 110 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 111 the state register on the twenty-first day of January, one 112 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 113 commissioner of the department of energy (safety 114 training program for prospective underground coal 115 miners in West Virginia), are authorized.
 - (j) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (miscellaneous water pollution control), are authorized.
 - (k) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (dam control), are authorized.
 - (l) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand

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- nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (solid waste management), are authorized.
- 142 (m) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 143 the eleventh day of August, one thousand nine hundred 144 eighty-six, modified by the commissioner of the depart-145 ment of energy to meet the objections of the legislative 146 rule-making review committee and refiled in the state 147 register on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand 148 nine hundred eighty-six, relating to the commissioner of 149 the department of energy (hazardous waste manage-150 ment), are authorized.
- (n) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (roof control) are authorized.
 - (o) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the third day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (standards for certification of underground belt examiners for underground coal mines), are authorized.
- (p) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (performance standards for blasting on surface mines) are authorized.
- 165 (a) The legislative rules filed in the state register on 166 the twelfth day of January, one thousand nine hundred 167 eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the 168 legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in 169 170 the state register on the twentieth day of February, one 171 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the 172 commissioner of the department of energy (state 173 national pollutant discharge elimination system 174 (NPDES) for mines and minerals), are authorized.
 - (r) The Legislature hereby authorizes and directs the department of energy to promulgate the procedural

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- rules filed in the state register on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the department of energy (requests for information) with the amendments set forth below:
- On page two, subsection 3.1, by striking subdivision (d) and renumbering the remaining subdivisions, and
- On page three, section 6, by striking all of subsection 6.1 and inserting in lieu thereof, the following:
 - "6.1 The department shall establish fixed rate fees for reproduction of documents, records, and files on the basis of the actual cost of such reproduction and shall document such costs: *Provided*, That where total costs are less than five dollars, no fee shall be charged."
 - (s) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the fourteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (blasters certification for surface coal mines and surface areas of coal mines) are authorized.
 - (t) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, modified by the commissioner of the department of energy to meet the objections of the legislative rule-making review committee and refiled in the state register on the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (abandoned mine reclamation) are authorized.
 - (u) The legislative rules filed in the state register on the nineteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and modified to meet the objections of the West Virginia Legislature and refiled in the

state register on the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, relating to the commissioner of the department of energy (West Virginia surface mining reclamation regulations (repealer)) are authorized.

CHAPTER 112

(S. B. 236—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to reimbursement to the clerks of either legislative house of actual costs for copying or recording.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article one, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. OFFICERS, MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES; APPROPRIATIONS; INVESTIGATIONS; DISPLAY OF FLAGS; RECORDS; USE OF CAPITOL BUILDING; PREFILING OF BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS; STANDING COMMITTEES; INTERIM MEETINGS.

§4-1-15. Fees of clerks for copying or recording.

- For any copying or recording (other than that mentioned in section twelve of this article and such as
- 3 he is required to do for the Legislature, or either house,
- or a committee thereof, in the discharge of his official
- 5 duty) the clerk of either house may demand and receive
- 6 of and from the person, at whose request it is done, a
- 7 fee reasonably calculated to reimburse the clerk for the
- 8 cost of such copying or recording.

CHAPTER 113

(H. B. 2860-By Delegate Sattes)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article three, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section one, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact section four, article nine of said chapter: to amend and reenact section seven, article ten of said chapter; to amend and reenact section three, article one. chapter five-a of said code: to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-nine-c, chapter sixteen of said code: to amend and reenact section ten, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code: to amend and reenact section eleven, article three-a of said chapter twenty-nine-a; to amend and reenact section three, article five-c, chapter forty-nine of said code, all relating to revising membership of several statutory legislative committees and method by which membership is to be determined; membership of the commission on special investigations; proration of membership of the legislative commission on pensions and retirement; membership of the joint committee on government operations; membership of the council of finance and administration; composition of the legislative task force on uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditure; meeting dates, approval of joint committee on government and finance; reports to joint committee on government and finance and Legislature: compensation of members: membership of the legislative rule-making review committee; membership of the legislative oversight commission on education accountability: termination; composition of the legislative commission on iuvenile law; terms of members.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article three; section one, article five; section four, article nine; and section seven, article ten, all of chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted;

that section three, article one, chapter five-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section four, article twenty-ninec, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section ten, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that section eleven, article threea of said chapter twenty-nine-a be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article five-c, chapter forty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 4. The Legislature.
- 5A. Department of Finance and Administration.
- 16. Public Health.
- 29A. State Administrative Procedures.
 - Child Welfare. **49**.

CHAPTER 4. THE LEGISLATURE.

Article

- 3. Joint Committee on Government and Finance.
- 5. Commission on Special Investigations.
- 9. Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement.
- 10. West Virginia Sunset Law.

ARTICLE 3. JOINT COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE.

§4-3-1. Continued as statutory body; composition; appointment and terms of members.

- 1 The joint committee on government and finance,
- heretofore existing under a joint rule of the Senate and 2
- 3 House of Delegates, is hereby continued as a statutory
- 4 body. This committee shall be composed of seven
- 5 members of the Senate, six of whom shall be appointed
- by the president of the Senate, and seven members of 6
- the House of Delegates, six of whom shall be appointed 7
- by the speaker of the House of Delegates. The six 8
- 9 members appointed by the president of the Senate shall
- include the majority leader of the Senate, the minority 10
- leader of the Senate, the chairman of the Senate 11
- committee on the judiciary and the chairman of the 12
- 13 Senate committee on finance. The six members ap-
- pointed by the speaker of the House of Delegates shall 14
- include the majority leader of the House of Delegates, 15
- the minority leader of the House of Delegates, the 16
- 17 chairman of the house committee on the judiciary and
- the chairman of the house committee on finance. The 18
- president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of 19

- 20 Delegates shall be members of the committee and
- cochairmen thereof. Not more than five members of the committee from each house shall be members of the
- 23 same political party: Provided, That in the event the
- membership of a political party is less than fifteen
- 25 percent in the House of Delegates or Senate, then the
- 26 membership of that political party from the legislative
- house with less than fifteen percent membership may be
- 28 one from that house. The members shall serve until their
- 29 successors shall have been appointed as heretofore
- 30 provided.

ARTICLE 5. COMMISSION ON SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS.

§4-5-1. Commission continued as "commission on special investigations"; composition; appointment and terms of members.

- 1 The purchasing practices and procedures commission,
- 2 heretofore created, shall continue in existence but on
- 3 and after the effective date of this section shall be
- 4 named and designated the "commission on special
- 5 investigations." The commission shall continue to be
- 6 composed of five members of the Senate, to be appointed
- 7 by the president thereof, no more than three of whom
- 8 shall be from the same political party; and five members
- 9 of the House of Delegates, to be appointed by the 10 speaker thereof, no more than three of whom shall be
- appointed from the same political party: *Provided*, That
- in the event the membership of a political party is less
- 13 than fifteen percent in the House of Delegates or Senate,
- 14 then the membership of that political party from the
- legislative house with less than fifteen percent member-
- 16 ship may be one from that house. The commission shall
- be headed by two cochairmen, one to be selected by and
- 18 from the members appointed from the Senate, and one
- 19 to be selected by and from the members appointed from
- 20 the House of Delegates. All members of the commission
- 21 shall serve until their successors shall have been
- 22 appointed as heretofore provided.

ARTICLE 9. LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON PENSIONS AND RETIREMENT.

§4-9-4. Appointment of members; terms.

1 The commission shall consist of three members of the 2 Senate to be appointed by the president of the Senate 3 and three members of the House of Delegates to be 4 appointed by the speaker of the House, and the governor shall appoint three members, one from labor, one from 5 6 the business community and one from the general 7 public. No more than two of the three members 8 appointed by the president of the Senate and the speaker 9 of the House, respectively, may be members of the same 10 political party. The first appointed members of the commission shall serve for a term expiring on the 11 12 thirtieth day of June in the year of the next succeeding regular session of the Legislature. At the commence-13 14 ment of such next succeeding regular session and at the commencement of regular sessions every two years 15 16 thereafter, members of the commission shall be appointed for two-year terms beginning the first day of 17 July in the year of each such regular session. Vacancies 18 on the commission shall be filled for unexpired terms 19 20 in the same manner as appointments to the commission.

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-7. Joint committee on government operations created; membership; compensation and expenses; meetings.

1 There is hereby created a statutory body to be known 2 as the joint committee on government operations. Said 3 committee shall be composed of five members of the Senate, to be appointed by the president thereof, no 4 5 more than three of whom shall be appointed from the same political party: five members of the House of 6 7 Delegates, to be appointed by the speaker thereof, no more than three of whom shall be appointed from the 8 same political party: Provided, That in the event the 9 membership of a political party is less than fifteen 10 11 percent in the House of Delegates or Senate, that the membership of that political party from the legislative 12 house with less than fifteen percent membership may be 13 one from that house; and five citizens of this state who 14 are not legislators, public officials or public employees, 15 to be appointed by the governor to serve at his will and 16 pleasure, not more than three of whom shall be 17

18 appointed from the same political party, and at least one 19 of whom shall reside in each congressional district of 20 this state. All citizen members shall sign a conflict of 21 interest statement. The committee shall be headed by 22 two cochairmen, one to be selected by the president of 23 the Senate from the members appointed from the 24 Senate, and one to be selected by the speaker of the 25 House of Delegates from the members appointed from 26 the House of Delegates. All members of the committee 27 shall serve until their successors shall have been 28 appointed as heretofore provided. Members of the 29 committee shall receive such compensation and reim-30 bursement for expenses in connection with performance 31 of interim duties between regular sessions of the 32 Legislature as may be authorized by the citizens 33 legislative compensation commission established by 34 section thirty-three, article six of the constitution of 35 West Virginia. Each citizen member of the committee 36 shall receive thirty-five dollars per diem for each day 37 or substantial portion thereof that he is engaged in the 38 work of the committee, in addition to reimbursement for 39 his necessary expenses incurred in the performance of 40 his duties under this article, such reimbursement to be subject to the same limitations as govern the expenses 41 42 of the legislative members of the committee. Compensation and expenses shall be paid from an 43 appropriation to be made expressly for the committee, 44 but if no such appropriation be made or the total amount 45 appropriated has been expended, such expenses shall be 46 paid from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 for 47 Joint Expenses," but no expense of any kind whatever 48 payable under said Account No. 103 for joint expenses 49 shall be incurred unless first approved by the joint 50 committee on government and finance. The committee 51 shall meet upon call of the cochairmen or either of them 52 and may meet at any time, both during sessions of the 53 54 Legislature and in the interim.

CHAPTER 5A. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.

ARTICLE 1. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.

*§5A-1-3. Council of finance and administration.

1 The council of finance and administration is hereby 2 created and shall be composed of ten members, four of 3 whom shall serve ex officio and six of whom shall be appointed as herein provided. The ex officio members 4 5 shall be the commissioner of the department of finance 6 and administration, the attorney general or his designee, 7 the state treasurer or his designee and the state auditor or his designee; such designees being authorized voting 8 9 ones. From the membership of the Legislature, the 10 president of the Senate shall appoint three senators as members of the council, not more than two of whom 11 12 shall be members of the same political party, and the 13 speaker of the House shall appoint three delegates as 14 members of the council, not more than two of whom 15 shall be members of the same political party. Members 16 of the council appointed by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall serve at the will and 17 pleasure of the officer making their appointment. The 18 19 commissioner of finance and administration shall serve as chairman of the council. Meetings of the council shall 20 21 be upon call of the chairman or a majority of the 22 members thereof. It shall be the duty of the chairman 23 to call no less than four meetings in each fiscal year, one 24 in each quarter, or more often as necessary, and all meetings shall be open to the public. All meetings of the 25 26 council shall be held at the capitol building in a suitable 27 committee room which shall be made available by the 28 Legislature for such purpose: Provided, That the second 29 quarterly meeting in each fiscal year shall be held in 30 November and shall be a joint meeting with the joint 31 committee on government and finance of the Legislature called jointly by the president of the Senate, speaker of 32 33 House and commissioner of finance 34 administration.

The council shall serve the department of finance and administration in an advisory capacity for purposes of reviewing the performance of the administrative and fiscal procedures of the state, including the oversight of

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^{*}Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 2037, which passed prior to this act.

- 39 all federal funds, and shall have the following duties:
- 40 (1) To advise with the commissioner in respect to 41 matters of budgetary intent and efficiency, including 42 budget bill and budget document detail and format;
 - (2) To advise with the commissioner concerning such studies of government and administration concerning fiscal policy as it may consider appropriate;
- 46 (3) To advise with the commissioner in the prepara-47 tion of studies designed to provide long-term capital 48 planning and finance for state institutions and agencies; 49 and
- 50 (4) To advise with the commissioner in respect to the application for, and receipt and expenditure of, anticipated or unanticipated federal funds.

53 The appointed, non-ex officio members of the council 54 shall be entitled to receive such compensation and 55 reimbursement for expenses in connection with perfor-56 mance of their duties, during interim periods, if not 57 otherwise receiving the same for such identical periods, 58 as is authorized by the applicable sections of article two-59 a, chapter four of the code in respect to performance of 60 duties either within the state or, if deemed necessary, 61 out of state. Such compensation and expenses shall be 62 incurred and paid only after approval by the joint 63 committee on government and finance.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 29C. INDIGENT CARE.

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§16-29C-4. Legislative study; appointment of members; expenses; reports; termination.

- 1 Not later than the first day of June, one thousand nine
- 2 hundred eighty-five, the president of the Senate and
- 3 speaker of the House of Delegates of the West Virginia
- 4 Legislature shall appoint a legislative task force on
- 5 uncompensated health care and medicaid expenditures
- 6 which shall meet, study and make recommendations as
- 7 herein provided.

The task force shall be composed of three members of the Senate appointed by the president from the membership of the Senate standing committee on health and human resources, three members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker from the member-ship of the House of Delegates standing committee on health and human resources, and a number of citizens appointed jointly by the president and speaker which. in their discretion, adequately provides for the approp-riate representation of the interests of the providers of health care services, the providers of health care insurance, state departments involved in the administration of health care and health care related programs and the citizens of this state. Of the members of the Senate appointed by the president, not more than two shall be from the same political party. Of the members of the House of Delegates appointed by the speaker, not more than two shall be from the same political party.

Members originally appointed to the task force shall serve for terms beginning on the date of appointment and ending on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety, unless sooner replaced by the president or the speaker as applicable, or, in the discretion of the president and the speaker, unless the work of the task force is completed or the need for the task force no longer exists prior to that date. The task force shall cease to exist on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

The task force shall meet on such dates as may be approved by the joint committee on government and finance for the regular meetings of its subcommittees unless approval is first obtained from the joint committee on government and finance for additional meetings. The task force shall conduct studies on the amount of funds expended by hospitals and other health care providers of this state for services to persons who are unable to pay for those services and for which they receive no other form of reimbursement, the extent to which persons in this state forego needed medical services because of insufficient income and assets to pay

for those services, the extent to which the state is maximizing available federal programs and moneys in providing health care services to the citizens of this state, the operation of the programs and funds created by this article and the roles of the public, private and private nonprofit sectors in providing health care services to the citizens of this state. The task force shall also study the state medicaid program in order to determine if the state medicaid agency, as the payor of last resort, is expending maximum effort to identify alternate private insurance resources for medicaid beneficiaries and shall study the feasibility and financial impact upon the state of assuring increased access to medicaid beneficiaries to primary health care in the nonhospital setting by requiring enrollment in a primary care clinic program, if available, and of the establishment of different and lesser schedules of payment for primary health services delivered by a hospital emergency room as compared to the schedule of payments for emergency room services of a true medical emergency nature. The task force shall make such recommendations as it deems appropriate to address the needs identified in the studies.

The task force shall file an interim report with the joint committee on government and finance and the Legislature on the date of the last meeting of the joint committee on government and finance prior to commencement of the regular session of the Legislature in each year before the final report of the task force is filed with the joint committee on government and finance and the Legislature on or before the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

The members of the task force shall be entitled to compensation at the rate authorized for members of the Legislature participating in legislative interim meetings and to reimbursement for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in attending meetings of the task force, except that any employee of the state appointed to the task force is not entitled to such compensation. Funds necessary for the work of the task force shall be paid from joint appropriations to the

- 89 Senate and House of Delegates but no such funds shall
- 90 be spent or obligations incurred in the conduct of such
- 91 work without prior approval of the joint committee on
- 92 government and finance.

CHAPTER 29A. STATE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.

Article

- 3. Rule Making.
- 3A. Education Rule Making.

ARTICLE 3. RULE MAKING.

§29A-3-10. Creation of a legislative rule-making review committee.

1 (a) There is hereby created a joint committee of the 2 Legislature, known as the legislative rule-making 3 review committee, to review all legislative rules of the 4 several agencies and such other rules as the committee 5 deems appropriate. The committee shall be composed of 6 six members of the Senate, appointed by the president 7 of the Senate, and six members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the speaker of the House of 8 9 Delegates. In addition, the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates shall be ex officio 10 11 nonvoting members of the committee and shall desig-12 nate the cochairmen. Not more than four of the voting 13 members of the committee from each house shall be members of the same political party: Provided, That in 14 15 the event the membership of a political party is less than 16 fifteen percent in the House of Delegates or Senate, then the membership of that political party from the 17 legislative house with less than fifteen percent member-18 19 ship may be one from that house. The members shall serve until their successors shall have been appointed as 20 21 heretofore provided. Members of the committee shall 22 receive such compensation and expenses as provided in 23 article two-a, chapter four of this code. Such expenses 24 and all other expenses, including those incurred in the employment of legal, technical, investigative, clerical, 25 stenographic, advisory and other personnel, shall be 26 paid from an appropriation to be made expressly for the 27 legislative rule-making review committee, but if no such 28

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- 29 appropriation be made, such expenses shall be paid
- 30 from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 for Joint
- 31 Expenses," but no expense of any kind whatever payable
- 32 under said Account No. 103 for joint expenses shall be
- 33 incurred unless first approved by the joint committee on
- 34 government and finance. The committee shall meet at
- 35 any time, both during sessions of the Legislature and in
- 36 the interim.
- 37 (b) The committee may adopt such rules of procedure
- 38 as it considers necessary for the submission, presenta-
- 39 tion and consideration of rules.

ARTICLE 3A. EDUCATION RULE MAKING.

§29A-3A-11. Creation of a legislative oversight commission on education accountability; termination.

(a) There is hereby created a joint commission of the

2 Legislature, known as the legislative oversight commis-3 sion on education accountability, to review all legislative 4 rules of the board and such other rules as the commis-5 sion deems appropriate. The commission shall be 6 composed of three members of the Senate, appointed by 7 the president of the Senate, and three members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the speaker of the 8 9 House of Delegates. No more than two of the three members appointed by the president of the Senate and 10 the speaker of the House, respectively, may be members 11 of the same political party. In addition, the president of 12 the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates 13 shall be ex officio nonvoting members of the commission 14 15 and shall designate the cochairmen. At least one of the Senate members and one of the House members shall 16 17 be members of the committee on education of the Senate and House, respectively, and at least one of the Senate 18 members and at least one of the House members shall 19 be a member of the committee on finance of the Senate 20 21 and House, respectively. The members shall serve until their successors shall have been appointed as heretofore 22 provided. Members of the commission shall receive such 23

compensation and expenses as provided in article two-

a, chapter four of this code. Such expenses and all other

26 expenses, including those incurred in the employment of legal, technical, investigative, clerical, stenographic, 27 28 advisory and other personnel shall be paid from an 29 appropriation to be made expressly for the legislative 30 oversight commission on education accountability, but if 31 no such appropriation be made, such expenses shall be paid from the appropriation under "Account No. 103 for 32 Joint Expenses," but no expense of any kind whatever 33 34 payable under said Account No. 103 for joint expenses 35 shall be incurred unless first approved by the joint 36 committee on government and finance. The commission 37 shall meet at any time, both during sessions of the 38 Legislature and in the interim.

- (b) The commission may adopt such rules of procedure as it considers necessary for the submission, presentation and consideration of rules.
- (c) The legislative oversight commission on education accountability shall be terminated on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, unless review of its functions shall be undertaken pursuant to the provisions of sections nine, ten and eleven, article ten, chapter four of this code. If such commission is terminated pursuant to this subsection, any report required to be submitted to them shall instead be submitted to the joint committee on education of the Legislature.

CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

ARTICLE 5C. LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON JUVENILE LAW.

§49-5C-3. Appointment of members; terms.

- 1 The commission shall consist of:
- 2 (1) Three members of the Senate to be appointed by the president of the Senate and three members of the House of Delegates to be appointed by the speaker of the House. No more than two of the three members appointed by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House, respectively, shall be members of the same
- 8 political party.

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9 (2) The commissioner of the department of human

services, the commissioner of corrections and the state director of health who shall serve as ex officio members.

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(3) Two persons trained and employed as school guidance counselors, one to be appointed by the president of the Senate and one to be appointed by the speaker of the House.

The first appointed members of the commission shall serve for a term expiring on the thirtieth day of June in the year of the next succeeding regular session of the Legislature. At the commencement of such next succeeding regular session and at the commencement of regular sessions every two years thereafter, members of the commission shall be appointed for two-year terms beginning the first day of July in the year of each such regular session. Vacancies on the commission shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as appointments to the commission.

CHAPTER 114

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2005—By Delegates Love and Roop)

[Passed March 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article ten, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter thirty-eight by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, relating to the filing and recordation of federal tax liens and other federal liens generally; providing for an increase in the fees for the recordation by the county clerk of any notice of federal tax lien, refiled notice of federal tax lien, certificate of discharge or subordination, or other notices including a certificate of release, partial release or nonattachment of a federal tax lien, and providing a quarterly schedule for the payment of such fees by the Internal Revenue Service: providing for the filing of notices of liens, certificates, and other notices affecting federal liens for which the filing thereof is not otherwise provided; identifying the place of filing for federal liens upon real and personal property; providing for the certification of notices of liens, certificates, or other notices affecting federal liens; prescribing the duties of the clerk of the county commission; and establishing fees for indexing and filing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article ten, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter thirty-eight be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-a, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 38. LIENS.

Article

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10. Federal Tax Liens; Orders and Decrees in Bankruptcy.

10A. Federal Lien Registration.

ARTICLE 10. FEDERAL TAX LIENS; ORDERS AND DECREES IN BANKRUPTCY.

§38-10-1. Recordation of federal tax lien; release; fee.

Notices of federal tax liens and certificates discharg-1 2 ing such liens may be filed in the office of the clerk of 3 the county commission of one or more of the counties of 4 this state. The clerk of the county commission of every county of this state shall keep in his or her office in a 5 bound book a federal tax lien docket, in which he or she 6 7 shall, upon the filing in the office of any notice of a lien upon the property of any person in favor of the United 8 States for the amount of any tax, including any interest, 9 penalty, additional amount, or additions to such tax, 10 together with any costs that may accrue in addition 11 thereto, record such notice without delay. The clerk 12 shall index such notice in the name of the person against 13 whom the lien is claimed. No such tax shall be a valid 14 lien as against any mortgagee, purchaser or judgment 15 creditor, until such notice shall be filed in the office of 16 17 the clerk of the county commission of the county or counties in which the property subject to such lien is 18 19 situated.

The clerk of such county commission shall, upon the filing in his or her office of any release or partial release of such lien issued by the Internal Revenue Service, record the same and make proper marginal notation thereof in the federal tax lien docket.

25 The fee for filing and indexing each notice of federal 26 tax lien, refiled notice of federal tax lien, certificate of 27 discharge or subordination, or other notice, including a certificate of release, partial release or nonattachment 28 of a federal tax lien, shall be two dollars. If a release 29 contains more than one reference to a lien released, the 30 31 fee shall be two dollars for each lien released thereby. Such fees may, at the discretion of the Internal Revenue 32 33 Service, be remitted quarterly on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the thirtieth day of 34 September and the thirty-first day of December and 35 shall include all fees due for the preceding three months 36 of the quarter for which the remittance is made. 37

ARTICLE 10A. FEDERAL LIEN REGISTRATION.

§38-10A-1. Scope.

§38-10A-2. Place of filing.

§38-10A-3. Execution of notices and certificates.

§38-10A-4. Duties of the clerk of the county commission.

§38-10A-5. Fees.

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§38-10A-1. Scope.

This article applies only to federal lien notices which under any Act of Congress or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto are required or permitted to be filed in the same manner as notices of federal tax liens.

§38-10A-2. Place of filing.

- 1 (a) Notices of liens, certificates, and other notices
 2 affecting federal liens, for which filing thereof is not
 3 otherwise provided for under the provisions of this code,
 4 must be filed in accordance with this article.
 - (b) Notices of liens upon real property for obligations payable to the United States and certificates and notices affecting the liens shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the real property subject to the liens is situated.
- (c) Notices of federal liens upon personal property, whether tangible or intangible, for obligations payable to the United States and certificates and notices affecting the liens shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county wherein the person against whose interest the lien applies resides at the time of filing of the notice of lien. For purposes of

- this subsection, the residence of a corporation or a 17
- 18 partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which

19 the principal executive office is located.

Execution of notices and certificates. §38-10A-3.

Certification of notices of liens, certificates, or other 1 2 notices affecting federal liens by the secretary of the 3 treasury of the United States or his or her delegate, or 4 by any official or entity of the United States responsible 5 for filing or certifying of notice of any other lien, entitles them to be filed and no other attestation, certification, 6 7

or acknowledgement is necessary.

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§38-10A-4. Duties of the clerk of the county commission.

- (a) If a notice of federal lien, a refiling of a notice of 1 2 federal lien, or a notice of revocation of any certificate 3 described in subsection (b) is presented to the clerk of 4 the county commission, the clerk shall endorse thereon 5 his or her identification and the date and time of receipt. 6 file the same, and forthwith enter and record the fact 7 of such filing in the index maintained for the public 8 indexing of federal liens in such a manner that a 9 reasonable inspection of the index will reveal the 10 existence of the instrument.
 - (b) If a refiled notice of federal lien referred to in subsection (a) or a certificate of release, nonattachment, discharge, or subordination of any lien is presented to the clerk of the county commission for filing, the clerk shall endorse thereon his or her identification and the date and time of receipt, file the same, enter and record the fact of such filing in the index maintained for the public indexing of federal liens, and enter and record the fact of such filing in the public index on the line where the original notice of lien is entered.
 - (c) Upon request of any person, the clerk of the county commission shall issue his or her certificate showing whether there is on file, on the date and hour stated therein, any notice of lien or certificate or notice affecting any lien filed under this article or previous federal tax lien registration act, naming a particular person, and if a notice or certificate is on file, giving the date and hour of filing of each notice or certificate. The

- 29 fee for a certificate is \$2.00. Upon request, the clerk
- 30 shall furnish a copy of any notice of federal lien, or
- notice or certificate affecting a federal lien, for a fee of \$1.00 per page.

§38-10A-5. Fees.

- The fee for filing and indexing each notice of lien or certificate or notice affecting the lien is:
- 3 (1) For a lien on real estate, \$2.00;
- 4 (2) For a lien on tangible and intangible personal property, \$2.00;
- 6 (3) For a certificate of discharge or subordination, \$2.00; and
- 8 (4) For all other notices, including a certificate of 9 release or nonattachment, \$2.00.
- The clerk of the county commission shall bill the appropriate federal officials on a quarterly basis for fees for documents filed by them.

CHAPTER 115

(H. B. 2673—By Delegates Wooton and Rutledge)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect June 1, 1989, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-d, relating to the filing and recordation of federal superfund liens.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article ten-d, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10D. SUPERFUND LIEN RECORDATION ACT.

§38-10D-1. Recordation of federal superfund liens; release; fee.

- 1 (a) Pursuant to the authority of section 107(d) of the 2 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation 3 and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4 §9607(1), notices of liens for costs and damages under 5 said act (superfund liens) may be filed in an office 6 designated by state law. Pursuant to said act, the office 7 of the clerk of the county commission for the county in 8 which the real property is located is hereby designated as the appropriate office for the filing of such notices 9 of superfund liens. 10
- 11 (b) The clerk of the county commission of every county of this state shall, upon the filing in his/her office of any such notice of superfund lien upon the property of any person in favor of the United States, record such notice of lien without delay in the federal tax lien docket. He shall index such lien in the name of the person against whom the lien is claimed.

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- (c) Every such superfund lien shall be void as to any creditor, secured parties under a deed of trust, mortgagee, purchaser, holder of a security interest or judgment lien creditor, until and except from the time such lien is filed in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the real property subject to such lien is situated. In case the real property lies in more than one county, then such notice shall be filed in all counties in which the real property subject to such lien is situated.
- 28 (d) The clerk of such county commission shall, upon 29 the filing in his/her office of any release of such lien 30 issued by the regional counsel for the United States 31 Environmental Protection Agency, record the same and 32 make proper marginal notation thereof in the federal tax lien docket. No fee shall be charged by such clerk 33 for recording of the notice of superfund lien, but he/she 34 shall charge a fee of two dollars for recording such 35 release or partial release. 36

CHAPTER 116

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 566—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections three, four, five and seven, article six, chapter twenty-four of said code; and to further amend article six of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all relating to local emergency telephone systems; sharing of certain authority with public service commission by department of public safety; and allowing department of public safety to participate in developing a comprehensive plan, preparing a proposal and for causing a public meeting therein.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections three, four, five and seven, article six, chapter twenty-four of said code be amended and reenacted; and that article six of said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 15. Public Safety.
- 24. Public Service Commission.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-12. Mission of the department; powers of superintendent, officers and members; patrol of turnpike.
 - 1 (a) The West Virginia department of public safety shall have the mission of statewide enforcement of
 - 3 criminal and traffic laws with emphasis on providing
 - 4 basic enforcement and citizen protection from criminal
 - 5 depredation throughout the state and maintaining the
 - 6 safety of the state's public streets, roads and highways.
 - 7 (b) The superintendent and each of the officers and

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8 members of the department are hereby empowered:

- 9 (1) To make arrests anywhere within the state of any 10 persons charged with the violation of any law of this 11 state, or of the United States, and when a witness to the 12 perpetration of any offense or crime, or to the violation 13 of any law of this state, or of the United States, may 14 arrest without warrant; to arrest and detain any persons 15 suspected of the commission of any felony or misdemea-16 nor whenever complaint is made and warrant is issued 17 thereon for such arrest, and any person so arrested shall 18 be forthwith brought before the proper tribunal for 19 examination and trial in the county where the offense 20 for which any such arrest has been made was 21 committed:
 - (2) To serve criminal process issued by any court or magistrate anywhere within this state (they shall not serve civil process); and
 - (3) To cooperate with local authorities in detecting crime and in apprehending any person or persons engaged in or suspected of the commission of any crime, misdemeanor or offense against the law of this state, or of the United States, or of any ordinance of any municipality in this state; and to take affidavits in connection with any application to the department of highways, department of motor vehicles and department of public safety of West Virginia for any license, permit or certificate that may be lawfully issued by these departments of state government.
- 36 (c) Members of the department of public safety are 37 hereby created forest patrolmen and game and fish 38 wardens throughout the state to do and perform any 39 duties and exercise any powers of such officers, and may apprehend and bring before any court or magistrate 40 41 having jurisdiction of such matters, anyone violating any of the provisions of chapters twenty, sixty and sixty-42 43 one of this code, and the department of public safety 44 shall at any time be subject to the call of the West 45 Virginia alcohol beverage control commissioner to aid 46 in apprehending any person violating any of the 47 provisions of said chapter sixty of this code. They shall serve and execute warrants for the arrest of any person 48 49 and warrants for the search of any premises issued by 50 any properly constituted authority, and shall exercise all

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of the powers conferred by law upon a sheriff. They shall not serve any civil process or exercise any of the powers of such officer in civil matters.

- (d) Any member of the department of public safety knowing or having reason to believe that anyone has violated the law may make complaint in writing before any court or officer having jurisdiction and procure a warrant for such offender, execute the same and bring such person before the proper tribunal having jurisdiction. He shall make return on all such warrants to such tribunals and his official title shall be "member of the department of public safety." Members of the department of public safety may execute any summons or process issued by any tribunal having jurisdiction requiring the attendance of any person as a witness before such tribunal and make return thereon as. provided by law, and any return by a member of the department of public safety showing the manner of executing such warrant or process shall have the same force and effect as if made by a sheriff.
- (e) Each member of the department of public safety, when called by the sheriff of any county, or when the governor by proclamation so directs, shall have full power and authority within such county, or within the territory defined by the governor, to direct and command absolutely the assistance of any sheriff, deputy sheriff, chief of police, policeman, game and fish warden, and peace officer of the state, or of any county or municipality therein, or of any able-bodied citizen of the United States, to assist and aid in accomplishing the purposes expressed in this article. When so called, any officer or person shall, during the time his assistance is required, be for all purposes, a member of the department of public safety and subject to all the provisions of this article.
- (f) The superintendent may also assign members of the department to perform police duties on any turnpike or toll road, or any section thereof, operated by the West Virginia turnpike commission: *Provided*, That such turnpike commission shall reimburse the department of public safety for salaries paid to such members, and shall either pay directly or reimburse the department for all other expenses of such group of members in

- accordance with actual or estimated costs determined bythe superintendent.
- 96 (g) The department of public safety may develop 97 proposals for a comprehensive county or multi-county 98 plan on the implementation of an enhanced emergency 99 service telephone system and for causing a public 100 meeting on such proposals, all as set forth in section six-101 a, article six, chapter twenty-four of this code.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 6. LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

- §24-6-3. Adoption of emergency telephone system plan; department of public safety to adopt alternate plan.
- §24-6-4. Creation of emergency telephone systems.
- §24-6-5. Enhanced emergency telephone system requirements.
- §24-6-6a. Alternate procedure for proposal by the department of public safety.
- §24-6-7. Resolution of conflicts.

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- §24-6-3. Adoption of emergency telephone system plan; department of public safety to adopt alternate plan.
 - 1 (a) The public service commission shall develop, adopt 2 and periodically review a comprehensive plan establish-3 ing the technical and operational standards to be 4 followed in establishing and maintaining emergency 5 telephone systems.
 - (b) In developing the comprehensive plan, the public service commission shall consult with telephone companies, and with the various public agencies and public safety units, including, but not limited to, emergency services organizations.
 - (c) The public service commission shall annually review with each operating telephone company their construction and switching replacements projections. During this review, the public service commission shall ensure that all new switching facilities will accommodate the emergency telephone system.
 - (d) The department of public safety shall participate in proceedings conducted under subsection (a) of this section. Additionally, the department of public safety

20 may actively participate in the annual review required 21 by subsection (c) of this section.

§24-6-4. Creation of emergency telephone systems.

- (a) Upon the adoption by the public service commis-1 2 sion of a comprehensive plan, the public agency may establish, consistent with the comprehensive plan, an 3 4 emergency telephone system within its respective 5 jurisdiction. Nothing herein contained, however, shall be 6 construed to prohibit or discourage in any way the 7 establishment of multijurisdiction or regional systems. 8 and any emergency telephone system established 9 pursuant to this article may include the territory of 10 more than one public agency, or may include only a 11 portion of the territory of a public agency. To the extent 12 feasible, emergency telephone systems shall be. 13 centralized
- 14 (b) Every emergency telephone system shall provide 15 access to emergency services organizations, police, fire 16 fighting, and emergency medical and ambulance 17 services and may provide access to other emergency 18 services. Such system may also provide access to private 19 ambulance services. The emergency telephone system 20 shall provide the necessary mechanical equipment at the 21 established public agency answering point to allow deaf 22 persons access to the system. In those areas in which a 23 public safety unit of the state provides emergency 24 services, the system shall provide access to the public 25 safety unit.
- 26 (c) The primary emergency telephone number to the extent possible shall be uniform throughout the state.
- 28 (d) A telephone company in the normal course of replacing or making major modifications to its switch-29 30 ing equipment shall include the capability of providing for the emergency telephone system and shall bear all 31 costs related thereto. All charges for other services and 32 33 facilities provided by the telephone company, including the provision of distribution facilities and station 34 equipment, shall be paid for by the public agency or 35 public safety unit in accordance with the applicable 36 tariff rates then in effect for such services and facilities. 37

- 38 Other costs pursuant to the emergency telephone system
- shall be allocated as determined by the applicable 39
- 40 comprehensive plan of the public service commission.
- 41 (e) All coin-operated telephones within the state shall
- 42 be of a design that will permit a caller to initiate,
- 43 without first having to insert a coin (dial tone first or
- post-pay systems), local calls to the long distance and 44
- 45 directory assistance operators, calls to the emergency
- 46 telephone number answering point, if one has been
- 47 established in his or her local calling area, and to other
- 48 numbers for services as the telephone company may
- 49 from time to time make available to the public.

§24-6-5. Enhanced system emergency telephone requirements.

- 1 (a) An enhanced emergency telephone system, at a 2 minimum, shall provide that:
- 3 (1) All the territory in the county, including every
- 4 municipal corporation in the county, which is served by
- telephone company central office equipment that will 5 6
 - permit such a system to be established shall be included
- 7 in the system:
- 8 (2) Every emergency service provider that provides 9 emergency service within the territory of a county
- 10 participate in the system;
- 11 (3) Each county answering point be operated 12 constantly:
- 13 (4) Each emergency service provider participating in
- 14 the system maintain a telephone number in addition to
- 15 the one provided for in the system; and
- (5) If the county answering point personnel reasona-16
- 17 bly determine that a call is not an emergency the
- 18 personnel provide the caller with the number of the
- 19 appropriate emergency service provider.
- 20 (b) To the extent possible, enhanced emergency 21 telephone systems shall be centralized.
- 22 (c) In developing an enhanced emergency telephone system, the county commission or the department of 23

- 24 public safety shall seek the advice of both the telephone
- 25 companies providing local exchange service within the
- 26 county and the local emergency providers.

§24-6-6a. Alternate procedure for proposal by the department of public safety.

- (a) In any county or counties which have areas thereof 1 2 not receiving service from an enhanced emergency 3 services telephone system, the department of public safety may prepare a proposal on the implementation of 4 5 such a system and may cause a public meeting to be held 6 on the proposal to explain the system and receive 7 comments from the members of the county commission 8 and from other public officials and interested persons. 9 At least thirty, but not more than sixty days, before such a meeting, the department of public safety shall place 10 11 an advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation 12 in the county notifying the members of the county commission or county commission and the public of the 13 date, purpose and location of the meeting and the 14 15 location at which a copy of the proposal may be 16 examined.
- 17 (b) The proposal prepared by the department of 18 public safety shall conform to the requirements of 19 subsection (b), section six of this article and shall be 20 further modified, adopted, filed or amended by the 21 county commission only in conformity with said section 22 six.

§24-6-7. Resolution of conflicts.

In the event that a conflict arises between county 1 2 commissions, between telephone companies, between a telephone company or companies and a county commis-3 sion or commissions, or between the department of 4 public safety and any of the foregoing entities 5 6 concerning an emergency telephone system or systems or an enhanced emergency telephone system or systems, 7 the public service commission, upon application by such 8 county commission, telephone company or department of 9 public safety, shall resolve such conflict. The resolution 10 of such conflict may include the modification or 11 suspension of any final plan adopted pursuant to section 12

- 13 six or six-a of this article or the ordering of the
- 14 centralization of emergency telephone systems and

15 enhanced emergency telephone systems.

CHAPTER 117

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2392—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 24, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the creation of a lottery education fund and lottery senior citizens fund; providing for the appropriation of all of the net profits deposited into the state lottery fund on an annual basis to the lottery education fund, the lottery senior citizens fund, and to the commerce division; and specifying the purposes for which such net profits may be used.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twentynine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

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- §29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; state lottery education fund; state lottery senior citizens fund; allocation and appropriation of net profits.
 - (a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "state lottery fund." The fund shall consist of all appropriations to the fund and all interest earned from

investment of the fund, and any gifts, grants or contributions received by the fund. All revenues received from the sale of lottery tickets, materials and games shall be deposited with the state treasurer and placed into the "state lottery fund." The revenue shall be disbursed in the manner herein provided for the purposes stated herein and shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state.

- (b) No appropriation, loan or other transfer of state funds shall be made to the commission or lottery fund after the initial appropriation. The initial appropriation shall be used solely for the establishment and operation of the commission and lottery operations during the period until the lottery becomes a revenue-producing agency but no longer than eighteen months. After such period, but in no event longer than eighteen months from the effective date of this article, the commission shall commence repayment to the state general revenue fund of the amount of the initial appropriation from the general revenue fund to be repaid in equal installments over the ensuing twelve months from the funds provided in subsection (e) below.
- (c) A minimum annual average of forty-five percent of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated and disbursed as prizes.
- (d) A minimum annual average of forty percent of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated as net profit. The director is authorized to expend the necessary percentage of the amount allocated as net profit, not to exceed fifteen percent thereof, for the purposes of entering into contractual arrangements for the acquisition, financing, lease and lease-purchase, and other financing transactions, of lottery goods and services, including tickets, equipment, machinery, electronic computer systems and terminals, and supplies and maintenance therefor, for the first thirty-six months of operation, and may apportion the costs, expenses and expenditures related thereto among the commission, vendor or vendors and licensed lottery sales agents.

- (e) Not more than fifteen percent of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be allocated to and may be disbursed as necessary for fund operation and administration expenses: Provided, That in the initial vear of operation not more than twenty percent may be so allocated and disbursed. In the event that the percentage allotted for operations and administration generates a surplus, the surplus will be allowed to accumulate to an amount not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. On a monthly basis the director shall report to the joint committee on government and finance of the Legislature any surplus in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars and remit to the state treasurer the entire amount of those surplus funds in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars which shall be allocated as net profit.
- (f) Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate all of the amounts allocated as net profits above, in such proportions as it deems beneficial to the citizens of this state, to (1) the lottery education fund created in subsection (g) of this section, (2) the lottery senior citizens fund created in subsection (h) of this section, and (3) the commerce division created in article one, chapter five-b of this code, in accordance with subsection (i) of this section.
- (g) There is hereby created a special fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "lottery education fund." The fund shall consist of the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, which amounts shall be deposited into the lottery education fund by the state treasurer. The lottery education fund shall also consist of all interest earned from investment of the lottery education fund, and any other appropriations, gifts, grants, contributions or moneys received by the lottery education fund from any source. The revenues received or earned by the lottery education fund shall be disbursed in the manner provided below and shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the re-

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venues received or earned by the lottery education fund to the state system of public and higher education for such educational programs as it considers beneficial to the citizens of this state.

- (h) There is hereby created a special fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "lottery senior citizens fund." The fund shall consist of the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, which amounts shall be deposited into the lottery senior citizens fund by the state treasurer. The lottery senior citizens fund shall also consist of all interest earned from investment of the lottery senior citizens fund, and any other appropriations, gifts, grants, contributions or moneys received by the lottery senior citizens fund from any source. The revenues received or earned by the lottery senior citizens fund shall be disbursed in the manner provided below and shall not be treated by the auditor or treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the revenues received or earned by the lottery senior citizens fund to such senior citizens medical care and other programs as it considers beneficial to the citizens of this state.
- 109 (i) The commerce division may use the amounts allocated to it pursuant to subsection (f) of this section 110 111 for one or more of the following purposes: (1) The 112 payment of any or all of the costs incurred in the 113 development, construction, reconstruction, maintenance or repair of any project or recreational facility, as such 114 115 terms are defined in section thirteen-a, article one, 116 chapter five-b of this code, pursuant to the authority 117 granted to it under article one, chapter five-b of this code, (2) the payment, funding or refunding of the 118 principal of, interest on, or redemption premiums on 119 120 any bonds, security interests or notes issued by the parks 121 and recreation section of the commerce division under 122 article one, chapter five-b of this code, or (3) the payment of any advertising and marketing expenses for 123 124 the promotion and development of tourism or any tourist 125 facility or attraction in this state.

CHAPTER 118

(S. B. 55—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President, by request)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine-a, article one, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing the number of magistrate court deputy clerks.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine-a, article one, chapter fifty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. COURTS AND OFFICERS.

§50-1-9a. Magistrate court deputy clerks; salary; duties.

1 Whenever required by work load and upon the recommendation of the judge of the circuit court, or the 2 chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of 3 the circuit court, the supreme court of appeals may by 4 5 rule provide for the appointment of magistrate court 6 deputy clerks, not to exceed fifty-two in number. Such 7 magistrate court deputy clerks shall be appointed by the 8 judge of the circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if 9 there is more than one judge of the circuit court, with 10 such appointee to serve at his will and pleasure under 11 the immediate supervision of the magistrate court clerk. 12 Such magistrate court deputy clerk shall have such 13 duties, clerical or otherwise, as may be assigned by the 14 magistrate court clerk and as may be prescribed by the 15 rules of the supreme court of appeals or the judge of the 16 circuit court, or the chief judge thereof if there is more than one judge of the circuit court. Such magistrate 17 18 court deputy clerks shall also have authority to exercise 19 the power and perform the duties of the magistrate 20 court clerk as may be delegated or assigned by such 21 magistrate court clerk.

Such magistrate court deputy clerk shall not be a

- 23 member of the immediate family of any magistrate, 24 magistrate court clerk, magistrate assistant or circuit 25 court judge within the same county, shall not have been 26 convicted of a felony or any misdemeanor involving 27 moral turpitude and shall reside in the county where appointed. For the purpose of this section, immediate 28 family shall mean the relationships of mother, father, 29 30 sister, brother, child or spouse.
 - Magistrate court deputy clerks shall be paid a monthly salary by the state. Such salary shall be paid on the same basis and in the same applicable amounts as for magistrate assistants in each county as provided in section nine of this article.

CHAPTER 119

(H. B. 22598—By Delegates White and Murensky)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the medicaid program; health care facilities financed by bonds; extension of rules regarding reimbursement of capital costs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section fourteen, article five, chapter nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §9-5-14. Medicaid program; health care facilities financed by bonds; rules regarding reimbursement of capital costs.
 - 1 (a) The Legislature finds and declares that a number of health care facilities have been financed by public
 - bonded indebtedness, and as a result of policies, rules,
 - 4 regulations and standards which may be in conflict, the

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facilities and the health and welfare of those citizens served by such facilities are in jeopardy. The provisions of subsection (b) are enacted for the purpose of addressing this as a short term solution.

9 (b) As to any health care facility licensed under 10 article five-c, chapter sixteen of this code, constructed after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 11 12 eighty-one, and affected on or after that date by the 13 reimbursement methodology implemented by the de-14 partment regarding standard appraised value, beginning on the first day of April, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-eight, and for a two-year period only, 16 ending on the thirty-first day of March, one thousand 17 nine hundred ninety, all in compliance with federal 18 rules and regulations, the department shall reimburse 19 such health care facilities no less than any actual annual 20 21 capital costs including, but not limited to, debt service, lease payments or costs of comparable financing 22 23 arrangements incurred in connection with any capital 24 expenditure approved pursuant to article two-d, chapter 25 sixteen of this code, or any rule or regulation promul-26 gated thereunder or in conjunction with the financing of such capital expenditure pursuant to article two-c, 27 chapter thirteen of this code, whichever is greater; and 28 in no event, for the purpose of reimbursement of such 29 capital costs, shall the value of any health care facility 30 licensed pursuant to article five-c, chapter sixteen of this 31 code, be deemed to be less than the greater of the 32 aggregate principal amount of any public bond issue 33 undertaken pursuant to the provisions of article two-c, 34 chapter thirteen of this code or the maximum capital 35 36 expenditure approved pursuant to article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code or any rule or regulation promul-37 gated thereunder, and any appraisal made by the 38 department in connection therewith shall include costs 39 related to the financing of the bond issue or the 40 maximum capital expenditure approved pursuant to 41 42 article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code, as applicable: Provided. That said values may be reduced by (a) any 43 functional obsolescence which is determined and 44 identified annually pursuant to any rule or regulation 45 promulgated hereunder and (b) the pro rata share of 46

such value which is attributable to capital expenditures incurred with respect to facilities which provide services which are not eligible for reimbursement under Title XIX of the Social Security Act: Provided, however, That the department shall not exceed the medicare upper payment limit for medicaid in making any reimbursement pursuant to this section.

As to any health care facility constructed after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eightyone, and affected on or after that date by the reimbursement methodology implemented by the department regarding standard appraised value, with respect to reimbursement to the state by such health care facility arising from adjustment of projected rates, the department shall provide for the adjustment of projected rates based upon values which are consistent with the provisions of this section and based upon the actual occupancy experience of the health care facility during the projected rate period, all in compliance with federal rules and regulations.

(c) The medicaid payments that a long-term care facility would otherwise receive shall not be reduced in any manner as a result of the operation of this section.

CHAPTER 120

(H. B. 2758—By Delegates Anderson and Love)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special registration plates; authorizing the commissioner of motor vehicles to determine the maximum number of letters or numbers on special registration plates; providing for a special registration plate for recipients of the purple heart medal and exempting such plates from registration fees; providing for special registration plates bearing logos or emblems of non-profit charitable and educational organizations to members of such organizations and to the general

public, and providing that such special registration plates are to comply with the fees and law regarding Class A registration plates; authorizing legislative rules; authorizing the commissioner of motor vehicles to set certain fees; setting fees; providing for a special registration plate for members of volunteer fire companies, paid fire departments, state fire marshal and assistants, state fire administrator and voluntary rescue squad members, setting the fee therefor, and establishing a special revolving fund; and providing sanctions for a check which is returned for nonsufficient funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article three, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. ORIGINAL AND RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION: ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF TITLE.

§17A-3-14. Registration plates generally.

- The department upon registering a vehicle shall issue 1
- 2 to the owner one registration plate for a motorcycle,
- 3 trailer, semitrailer or other motor vehicle.
- 4 Every registration plate shall be of reflectorized 5
- material and have displayed upon it the registration
- 6 number assigned to the vehicle for which it is issued, also the name of this state, which may be abbreviated, 7
- 8 and the year number for which it is issued or the date
- 9 of expiration thereof.
- 10 Such registration plate and the required letters and
- 11 numerals thereon, except the year number for which
- 12 issued or the date of expiration, shall be of sufficient size
- to be plainly readable from a distance of one hundred 13
- feet during daylight, said registration numbering to 14 15
 - begin with number two.
- 16 The department shall not issue, permit to be issued, 17 or distribute any special numbers except as follows:
- (a) The governor shall be issued registration plates, on 18 one of which shall be imprinted the numeral one and 19
- on the other the word one. 20

- (b) Upon appropriate application, there shall be issued to the secretary of state, state superintendent of free schools, auditor, treasurer, commissioner of agriculture, and the attorney general, the members of both houses of the Legislature, including the elected officials thereof, the justices of the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia, the representatives and senators of the state in the Congress of the United States, the judges of the United States district courts for the state of West Virginia and the judges of the United States court of appeals for the fourth circuit, if any of said judges shall be residents of West Virginia, a special registration plate for a motor vehicle owned by said official or spouse, but not to exceed two plates for each such official, which plate shall bear any combination of letters not to exceed an amount determined by the commissioner, and with a designation of the office and which plate shall supersede, during his term of office and while such motor vehicle is owned by said official or spouse, the regular numbered plate assigned to him.
- (c) Upon receipt of an application on a form prescribed by the department and receipt of written evidence from the chief executive officer of the army national guard or air national guard, as appropriate, that the applicant is a member thereof, the department shall issue to any member of the national guard of this state a special registration plate designed by the commissioner for a motor vehicle owned by the member or the member's spouse, but not to exceed one plate for each such member.
- (d) Upon appropriate application, any owner of a motor vehicle subject to Class A registration or the owner of a motorcycle subject to Class G registration under the provisions of this article may request that the department issue a registration plate bearing specially arranged letters or numbers with the maximum number of letters or numbers to be determined by the commissioner. The department shall attempt to comply with such request wherever possible and shall promulgate appropriate rules and regulations for the orderly distribution of such plates: *Provided*, That for purposes of this subdivision, such registration plates so requested

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102 103 and issued shall include all plates bearing the numbers two through two thousand and shall be subject to the provisions of subdivision (i) of this section.

- (e) Upon appropriate application, there shall be issued to any disabled veteran, who is exempt from the payment of registration fees under the provisions of this chapter, a registration plate which bears the letters "DV" in red, and also the regular identification numerals in red.
- (f) Upon appropriate application, there shall be issued to any armed service person holding the distinguished purple heart medal for persons wounded in combat a registration plate bearing letters or numbers. The registration plate designed by the commissioner of motor vehicles shall denote that those individuals who are granted this special registration plate are recipients of the purple heart. All letterings as herein provided shall be in purple where practical. Further, the registration plates herein provided shall be exempt from registration fees under the provisions of this chapter.
- (g) Subject to rules promulgated by the commissioner, nonprofit charitable and educational organizations shall be authorized to design a logo or emblem for inclusion on a special registration plate and to market this special registration plate to organization members and the general public. Approved nonprofit organizations may accept applications for the special registration plate from the owner of motor vehicles subject to a Class A registration and payment of fees therefor under the provisions of this article and may request that the department issue a registration plate bearing a combination of letters or numbers with the organizations' logo or emblem, with the maximum number of letters or numbers to be determined by the commissioner: Provided, That such rules, regulations and standards that are promulgated by the commissioner for purpose of this subdivision shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code. Nonprofit organizations seeking to market such plates shall be authorized to collect a fee for successfully processing a registration plate application

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and shall deposit an appropriate fee, which shall be determined by the commissioner, with the department of motor vehicles to defray the administrative costs associated with designing and manufacturing special registration plates for the organization.

(h) Any owner of a motor vehicle who is a resident of the state of West Virginia, and who is a member of a volunteer fire company, a paid fire department, a member of the state fire commission, the state fire marshal, the state fire marshal's assistants, the state fire administrator and voluntary rescue squad members upon application, accompanied by an affidavit signed by the fire chief or department head of the applicant. stating that the applicant is justified in having a registration with an insignia designed by the commissioner of the department of motor vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted special registration plates under this article, complying with the motor vehicle laws of the state relative to registration and licensing of motor vehicles, and upon payment of the registration, license and other fees required by law, and the payment of the additional special fee herein provided, shall be issued a license plate for a private passenger car, upon which, in lieu of the registration number prescribed by law, shall be inscribed the insignia designed by the commissioner of the department of motor vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted this special registration insignia in addition to their existing registration numbers.

The special fee that shall be charged each applicant for the issuance of a license plate bearing the insignia designed by the commissioner of the department of motor vehicles to denote those individuals who are granted this special registration insignia in addition to their existing registration number, shall be five dollars, which special fee shall be in addition to all other fees required by law. This special fee is for the purpose of compensating the department of motor vehicles for additional costs and services required in the issuing of such special registration and shall be collected by the department and deposited in a special revolving fund to be used for the administration of this section.

The commissioner is authorized to prescribe proper forms to be used in making application for the special license plates authorized by this section.

(i) In addition to the regular registration fees set forth in section three, article ten of this chapter, a fee of fifteen dollars shall be paid to the department in each case in which an application for a special registration plate is made as provided in subdivisions (a), (b), (c) and (d): *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to require a charge for a free prisoner of war license plate authorized by other provisions of this code.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or of any other provision of this chapter, the commissioner may, in his discretion, issue a type of registration plate of reflectorized material suitable for permanent use on motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers, together with appropriate devices to be attached thereto to indicate the year for which such vehicles have been properly registered or the date of expiration of such registration. The design of such plates shall be determined by the commissioner.

Further, notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter to the contrary, any license plate issued or renewed pursuant to this chapter, which is paid for by a check that is returned for nonsufficient funds, shall be void without further notice to the applicant, and the applicant may not reinstate the registration until the returned check is paid by the applicant in cash, money order or certified check and all applicable fees assessed as a result thereof have been paid.

CHAPTER 121

(H. B. 2257—By Delegates Reid and Pitrolo)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and eight, article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, relating to motor vehicle administration; special antitheft laws; defining certain felony offenses with regard to buying, receiving, disposing of, selling, offering for sale, concealing, transporting, causing to be transported, or possessing a motor vehicle, or a motor or engine removed from a motor vehicle, from which the manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identifying mark has been removed, defaced, covered, altered or destroyed, which offenses are subject to criminal penalties; and defining certain felony offenses with regard to removing, defacing, covering, altering or destroying a manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identifying mark, which offenses are subject to criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, article eight, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 8. SPECIAL ANTITHEFT LAWS.

- §17A-8-7. Motor vehicle or special mobile equipment without manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark; offenses.
- §17A-8-8. Altering or changing a manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark; offenses.
- §17A-8-7. Motor vehicle or special mobile equipment without manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark; offenses.
 - 1 (a) A person who knowingly buys, receives, disposes
 2 of, sells, offers for sale, conceals, transports, causes to
 3 be transported, or possesses a motor vehicle, or a motor
 4 or engine removed from a motor vehicle, from which the
 5 manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number
 6 or other distinguishing number or identification mark
 - 7 has been removed, defaced, covered, altered or des-
 - 8 troyed for the purpose of concealing or misrepresenting

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- 9 the identity of the motor vehicle or part thereof, is guilty 10 of a felony.
- 11 (b) A person who knowingly buys, receives, disposes of, sells, offers for sale, conceals, transports, causes to
- 13 be transported, or possesses special mobile equipment or
- 14 special mobile equipment tires from which the manu-
- 15 facturer's serial number, motor or engine number or
- 16 other distinguishing number or identification mark has
- 17 been removed, defaced, covered, altered or destroyed, is
- 18 guilty of a felony.
- §17A-8-8. Altering or changing a manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark; offenses.
 - (a) A person who, with fraudulent intent, removes, 1 defaces, covers, alters or destroys the manufacturer's 2 3 serial number, motor or engine number or other 4 distinguishing number or identification mark of a motor 5 vehicle or who places or stamps an actual or facsimile manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number 6 7 or other distinguishing number or identification mark 8 upon a motor vehicle, except one assigned thereto by the department, is guilty of a felony. 9
 - This section shall not prohibit the restoration by an owner of an original manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark when such restoration is made under permit issued by the department, nor prevent any manufacturer from placing numbers or marks upon motor vehicles or parts thereof in the ordinary course of business.
 - (b) A person who removes, defaces, covers, alters or destroys, or causes to be removed, defaced, covered, altered or destroyed, the manufacturer's serial number, motor or engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark on special mobile equipment or special mobile equipment tires, the property of another, for any reason, is guilty of a felony.
 - (c) The term "manufacturer's serial number, motor or

engine number or other distinguishing number or identification mark", as used in this section and section seven of this article, means a unique number or mark placed on a vehicle or part thereof by the manufacturer so as to identify it particularly and distinguish the vehicle or part from all other such vehicles or parts.

CHAPTER 122

(H. B. 2345—By Delegate Pitrolo)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-a, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special registration of antique motor vehicles; providing that vehicles so registered may be operated on Saturdays and Sundays and holidays for recreational purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-a, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. FEES FOR REGISTRATION, LICENSING, ETC.

§17A-10-3a. Special registration of antique motor vehicles.

- The annual registration fee for any antique motor 1 vehicle as defined in this section shall be two dollars. 2 "Antique motor vehicle" shall mean any motor vehicle which is over twenty-five years old, and is owned solely 4 as a collector's item and for participation in club 5 activities, exhibitions, tours, parades and similar uses, 6 but in no event to be used for general transportation: 7 Provided, That such vehicle may also be operated for 8 recreational purposes on Saturdays and Sundays and 9
- 10 holidays.

CHAPTER 123

(H. B. 2642—By Delegates Ashcraft and Prezioso)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eleven, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, relating to authority of members of official highway department weighing crews and public service commission, motor carrier employees.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eleven, chapter seventeen-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. PENALTIES.

§17A-11-4. Authority of members of official highway department weighing crews and public service commission, motor carrier employees.

Employees of the department of highways designated by the commissioner of highways as weight enforcement officers and employees of the public service commission designated by the chairman as motor carrier utility inspectors, shall, during the course of their normal duties, have concurrent jurisdiction with police officers in the enforcement of article nine of this chapter.

CHAPTER 124

(S. B. 275—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article three, chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to suspension or revocation of license; notice to be sent

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by certified mail, return receipt requested; and opportunity for hearing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article three, chapter seventeen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CANCELLATION, SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF LICENSES.

§17B-3-6. Authority of department to suspend or revoke license; hearing.

The department is hereby authorized to suspend the license of an operator or chauffeur without preliminary hearing upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

- 5 (1) Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of license is required upon conviction;
- 7 (2) Has by reckless or unlawful operation of a motor 8 vehicle, caused or contributed to an accident resulting 9 in the death or personal injury of another or property damage;
- 11 (3) Has been convicted with such frequency of serious 12 offenses against traffic regulations governing the 13 movement of vehicles as to indicate a disrespect for 14 traffic laws and a disregard for the safety of other 15 persons on the highways;
- (4) Is an habitually reckless or negligent driver of amotor vehicle;
- 18 (5) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle;
- 19 (6) Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of 20 such license:
 - (7) Has committed an offense in another state which if committed in this state would be a ground for suspension or revocation;
 - (8) Has failed to pay or has defaulted on a plan for the payment of all costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties imposed by a magistrate court or municipal court within ninety days, as required by section two-a, article ten, chapter eight of this code;
- 29 (9) Has failed to appear or otherwise respond before

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a magistrate court or municipal court when charged
 with a motor vehicle violation as defined in section
 three-a, article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code;
 or

(10) Is under the age of eighteen and has withdrawn either voluntarily or involuntarily from a secondary school, as provided in section eleven, article eight, chapter eighteen of this code.

The operator's or chauffeur's license of any person having his or her license suspended shall be reinstated if:

- (A) The license was suspended under the provisions of subdivision (8) of this section and the payment of costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties imposed by the applicable court has been made; or
- (B) The license was suspended under the provisions of subdivision (9) of this section, and the person having his or her license suspended has appeared in court and has prevailed against the motor vehicle violations charged, or such person has paid any and all costs, fines, forfeitures or penalties imposed by the applicable court.

Any reinstatement of a license under paragraph (A) or (B) of this subdivision shall be subject to a reinstatement fee designated in section nine of this article.

Upon suspending the license of any person as hereinbefore in this section authorized, the department shall immediately notify the licensee in writing, sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address given by the licensee in applying for license, and upon his request shall afford him an opportunity for a hearing as early as practical within not to exceed twenty days after receipt of such request in the county wherein the licensee resides unless the department and the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other county. Upon such hearing the commissioner or his duly authorized agent may administer oaths and may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers and may require a reexamination of the licensee. Upon such hearing the department shall either rescind its order of suspension or, good cause appearing therefor, may

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72 extend the suspension of such license or revoke such 73 license.

CHAPTER 125

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2389-By Delegates Metheney and Murensky)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article five. chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to expanding the definition of law-enforcement officers for purposes of serious traffic offenses to include conservation officers of the department of natural resources; and authorizing such officers to request the testing of blood, breath or urine to be conducted by other authorized law-enforcement officers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article five, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES.

§17C-5-4. Implied consent to test; administration at direction of law-enforcement officer; designation of type of test: definition of lawenforcement officer.

Any person who drives a motor vehicle in this state shall be deemed to have given his consent by the operation thereof, subject to the provisions of this article, to a preliminary breath analysis and a secondary chemical test of either his blood, breath or urine for the purposes of determining the alcoholic content of his blood. A preliminary breath analysis may be administered in accordance with the provisions of section five of this article whenever a law-enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe a person to have committed an offense prohibited by section two of this article or by an ordinance of a municipality of this state which has the same elements as an offense described in said section two of this article. A secondary test of blood, breath or

14 urine shall be incidental to a lawful arrest and shall be 15

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administered at the direction of the arresting lawenforcement officer having reasonable grounds to believe the person to have committed an offense prohibited by section two of this article or by an ordinance of a municipality of this state which has the same elements as an offense described in said section two of this article. The law-enforcement agency by which such law-enforcement officer is employed shall designate which one of the aforesaid secondary tests shall be administered: Provided, That if the test so designated is a blood test and the person so arrested refuses to submit to such blood test, then the lawenforcement officer making such arrest shall designate in lieu thereof, either a breath or urine test to be administered, and notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this article, such refusal to submit to a blood test only shall not result in the revocation of the arrested person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state. Any person to whom a preliminary breath test is administered who is then arrested shall be given a written statement advising him that his refusal to submit to the secondary chemical test finally designated as provided in this section, will result in the revocation of his license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for a period of at least one year and up to life.

For the purpose of this article the term "lawenforcement officer" or "police officer" shall mean and be limited to (1) any member of the department of public safety of this state, (2) any sheriff and any deputy sheriff of any county, (3) any member of a police department in any municipality as defined in section two, article one, chapter eight of this code, and (4) any conservation officer of the department of natural resources. If any municipality or the department of natural resources does not have available to its lawenforcement officers the testing equipment or facilities necessary to conduct any secondary test which a lawenforcement officer may administer under this article. any member of the department of public safety, the sheriff of the county wherein the arrest is made or any deputy of such sheriff or any municipal law-enforcement officer of another municipality within the county wherein the arrest is made may, upon the request of

59 such arresting law-enforcement officer and in his 60 presence, conduct such secondary test and the results of 61 such test may be used in evidence to the same extent 62 and in the same manner as if such test had been 63 conducted by such arresting law-enforcement officer. Only the person actually administering or conducting 64 65 such test shall be competent to testify as to the results 66 and the veracity of such test.

CHAPTER 126

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2170—By Delegates Flanigan and Basham)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five-b, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting postmortem blood alcohol tests as admissible evidence; disclosure of data compiled from blood alcohol test results; and disclosure of identities of decedents tested.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five-b, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 5B. POSTMORTEM TESTS FOR ALCOHOL IN PERSONS KILLED IN MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS.
- §17C-5B-2. To whom and how county medical examiners report results of blood tests; such reports admissible as evidence; use of reports for statistical and highway safety purposes.
 - Each county medical examiner shall immediately report the results of each blood test conducted under the authority of section one of this article by him, or conducted at his request, to the chief medical examiner of the office of medical examinations and to the department of public safety. Results of such blood test
 - 7 or any report thereof may be admissible in evidence, if

8 material, in any action or proceeding of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board or agency.

 The department of public safety shall compile the data from all such reports submitted to it on a monthly basis. The department shall forward such compilations to the governor's highway safety administration and the department of motor vehicles. Such compilations shall be for statistical purposes and highway safety information and be disclosed or revealed in any manner necessary. The identity of any dead person whose blood was tested under the provisions of section one of this article may be disclosed or revealed when necessary for evidence in any action or proceeding of any kind in any court or before any tribunal, board or agency.

The department of public safety, the governor's highway safety administration and the department of motor vehicles shall make use of such compilations in a manner to provide accurate and useful statistical information to government and the public relative to achieving a reduction in motor vehicle accidents arising in whole or in part from the imbibing of alcohol by motor vehicle drivers and adult pedestrians.

CHAPTER 127

(H. B. 2296—By Delegate Ryan)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twelve, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the sale of school buses; and allowing motorists to continue movement in certain situations involving stopped school buses on controlled access highways.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twelve, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. SPECIAL STOPS REQUIRED.

- §17C-12-7. Overtaking and passing school bus; penalties; signs and warning lights upon buses; removal of warning lights, lettering, etc., upon sale of buses; highways with separate roadways.
- 1 (a) The driver of a vehicle on any street or highway 2 upon meeting or overtaking from either direction any 3 school bus which has stopped on the highway for the 4 purpose of receiving or discharging any school children 5 shall stop the vehicle before reaching such school bus 6 when there is in operation on said school bus flashing 7 warning signal lights, as referred to in section eight of 8 this article, and said driver shall not proceed until such 9 school bus resumes motion, or is signaled by the school 10 bus driver to proceed or the visual signals are no longer 11 actuated. Any such driver acting in violation of this 12 subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon 13 conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty-14 five nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned 15 in the county jail not more than six months, or both 16 fined and imprisoned.
- 17 (b) Every bus used for the transportation of school 18 children shall bear upon the front and rear thereof a 19 plainly visible sign containing the words "school bus" in 20 letters not less than eight inches in height. When a 21 contract school bus is being operated upon a highway 22 for purposes other than the actual transportation of 23 children either to or from school all markings thereon 24 indicating "school bus" shall be covered or concealed. 25 Any school bus sold or transferred to another owner by 26 a county board of education, agency or individual, shall 27 have all flashing warning lights disconnected; all 28 lettering removed or permanently obscured, except 29 when sold or transferred for the transportation of school 30 children.
- 31 (c) The driver of a vehicle upon a controlled access 32 highway need not stop upon meeting or passing a school 33 bus which is on a different roadway and the school bus

is stopped in a loading zone which is a part of or adjacent to such highway and where pedestrians are not permitted to cross the roadway.

CHAPTER 128

(H. B. 2070-By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article thirteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to parking privileges for disabled persons; qualifications; applications; certificate of disability by a licensed physician; and penalties for violations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article thirteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. STOPPING, STANDING AND PARKING.

- §17C-13-6. Stopping, standing or parking privileges for disabled; qualification; application; violation.
 - 1 (a) Any owner of a Class A motor vehicle subject to 2 registration under the provisions of article three, 3 chapter seventeen-a of this code, who is:
 - 4 (1) A physically handicapped person with limited 5 mobility;
 - 6 (2) A relative of a person who is a physically handi-7 capped person with limited mobility;
 - 8 (3) A person who regularly resides with a person who 9 is a physically handicapped person with limited mobility; or
 - 11 (4) A person who regularly transports a person who 12 is a physically handicapped person with limited mobil-13 ity, may apply for a special registration plate or a

- mobile windshield placard by submitting to the commissioner:
 - (i) An application therefor on a form prescribed and furnished by the commissioner, specifying whether the applicant desires a special registration plate or a mobile windshield placard; and
 - (ii) A certificate issued by a person licensed to practice medicine stating that the applicant or the applicant's spouse or a member of the applicant's immediate family residing with him is a physically handicapped person with limited mobility as defined in this section.

Upon receipt of the application, the physician's certificate and the registration fee, if he finds that the applicant qualifies for the special registration plate or mobile windshield placard provided for in this subsection, the commissioner shall issue to such applicant an appropriately designed and appropriately designated special registration plate or mobile windshield placard. The special plate shall be used in place of a regular license plate.

As used in this section, a physically handicapped person with limited mobility is any person who suffers from a permanent physical condition making it unduly difficult and burdensome for such person to walk.

Any person who falsely or fraudulently obtains or seeks to obtain the special plate or the mobile windshield placard provided for in this subsection (a), and any person who falsely certifies that a person is physically handicapped with limited mobility in order that an applicant may be issued the special plate, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he may otherwise incur, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

(b) Any physically disabled person, any person who is a relative of a physically disabled person, any person who regularly resides with a physically disabled person,

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or any person who regularly transports a physically disabled person, may apply for a vehicle decal for a Class A vehicle by submitting to the commissioner:

- 56 (1) An application therefor on a form prescribed and 57 furnished by the commissioner;
- 58 (2) A certificate issued by a person licensed to 59 practice medicine stating that the applicant or the 60 applicant's relative is a physically disabled person, or 61 that the person regularly residing with the applicant or 62 regularly transported by the applicant is a physically 63 disabled person, as defined in this section, and stating 64 the expected duration of the disability; and
 - (3) A fee of one dollar.

Upon receipt of the application, the physician's 66 67 certificate and the registration fee, if he finds that the applicant qualifies for the vehicle decal provided for in 68 this subsection, the commissioner shall issue to such 69 applicant an appropriately designed decal. The decal 70 71 shall be displayed on the motor vehicle in the manner prescribed by the commissioner and shall be valid for 72 such period of time as the certifying physician has 73 74 determined that the disability will continue, which 75 period of time, reflecting the date of expiration, shall be 76 conspicuously shown on the face of the decal.

As used in this section "physically disabled person" means any person who has sustained a temporary disability rendering it unduly difficult and burdensome for him to walk.

Any person who falsely or fraudulently obtains or seeks to obtain the vehicle decal provided for in this subsection, and any person who falsely certifies that a person is physically disabled in order that an applicant may be issued the vehicle decal, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he may otherwise incur, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

(c) Free stopping, standing or parking places marked

"reserved for disabled persons" shall be designated in close proximity to all state, county and municipal buildings and other public facilities. Such places shall be reserved solely for physically disabled and handicapped persons during the hours that such buildings are open for business.

Any person whose vehicle properly displays a valid special registration plate, mobile windshield placard or decal may park the vehicle for unlimited periods of time in parking zones unrestricted as to length of parking time permitted: *Provided*, That this privilege does not mean that the vehicle may park in any zone where stopping, standing or parking is prohibited or which creates parking zones for special types of vehicles or which prohibits parking during heavy traffic periods during specified rush hours or where parking would clearly present a traffic hazard. To the extent any provision of any ordinance of any political subdivision of this state is contrary to the provisions of this section, the provisions of this section shall take precedence and shall apply.

The privileges provided for in this subsection shall apply only during those times when the vehicle is being used for the transportation of a physically handicapped or disabled person. Any person who knowingly exercises, or attempts to exercise, such privileges at a time when the vehicle is not being used for the transportation of a physically handicapped or disabled person is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, in addition to any other penalty he may otherwise incur, shall be fined not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

(d) No person may stop, stand or park a motor vehicle in an area designated, zoned or marked for the handicapped or physically disabled, when such person is not physically disabled or handicapped and does not have displayed upon his vehicle a distinguishing insignia for the handicapped issued by the commissioner: *Provided*, That any person in the act of transporting a handicapped or physically disabled person, as

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- defined by this article, may stop, stand or park a motor vehicle not displaying a distinguishing insignia for the handicapped in an area designated, zoned or marked for the handicapped or physically disabled for the limited purposes of loading or unloading his handicapped or physically disabled passenger: *Provided*, however, That
- such vehicle shall be promptly moved after the completion of such limited purposes.
 - Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars.
 - (e) The commissioner shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to effectuate the provisions of this section.

CHAPTER 129

(H. B. 2156—By Delegate Ashcraft)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to special restrictions on lamps used upon motor vehicles; strobotron lights permitted on county school board vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-six, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-26. Special restrictions on lamps.

1 (a) Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a motor vehicle other than head lamps, spot lamps,

- auxiliary lamps or flashing front-direction signals
 which projects a beam of light of an intensity greater
 than three hundred candlepower shall be so directed
 that no part of the beam will strike the level of the
 roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of
 more than seventy-five feet from the vehicle.
 - (b) No person shall drive or move any vehicle or equipment upon any highway with any lamp or device thereon displaying other than a white or amber light visible from directly in front of the center thereof except as authorized by subsection (d) of this section.
 - (c) Except as authorized in section nineteen, flashing lights are prohibited on motor vehicles, except on an authorized emergency vehicle, school bus, snow removal equipment or on any vehicle as a means for indicating right or left turn, or on any vehicle as a means of indicating the same is disabled or otherwise stopped for an emergency.
 - (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the following colors of flashing warning lights are restricted for the use of the type of vehicle designated:
 - (1) Blue flashing warning lights are restricted to police vehicles, except as authorized by section twenty-seven of this article.
 - (2) Except as authorized by sections nineteen and twenty-seven of this article, red flashing warning lights are restricted to ambulances, fire-fighting vehicles, school buses, Class A vehicles, as defined by section one, article ten, chapter seventeen-a of this code, of those volunteer firemen who are authorized by their fire chiefs to have such lights and to Class A vehicles of members of volunteer ambulance services or duly chartered rescue squads who are authorized by their respective chiefs to have such lights: *Provided*, That red flashing warning lights attached to such Class A vehicles may be operated only when responding to or engaged in handling an emergency requiring the attention of such volunteer firemen or members of such

- volunteer ambulance services or chartered rescue squads.
 - (3) All other emergency vehicles, including tow trucks and wreckers, authorized by this chapter and by section twenty-seven of this article shall be restricted to amber or yellow flashing warning lights.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, any vehicle belonging to a county board of education may be equipped with a white flashing strobotron warning light. This strobe light may be installed on the roof of a school bus not to exceed one-third the body length forward from the rear of the roof edge. The light shall have a single clear lens emitting light three hundred sixty degrees around its vertical axis and may not extend above the roof more than six and one-half inches. A manual switch and a pilot light must be included to indicate the light is in operation.

It shall be unlawful for flashing warning lights of an unauthorized color to be installed or used on a vehicle other than as specified in this section, except that a police vehicle may be equipped with either or both blue or red warning lights.

CHAPTER 130

(S. B. 248—By Senators Pritt and Chernenko)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Became law without Governor's signature.]

AN ACT to amend article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-eight, relating to altered suspension system of motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended,

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be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-eight, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

§17C-15-48. Alteration of suspension system.

- 1 (a) No person may operate upon a public highway any 2 motor vehicle registered or required to be registered in 3 this state if it has been modified by alteration of its 4 altitude from the ground to the extent that its bumpers. 5 measured to any point on the lower edge of the main horizontal bumper bar, exclusive of any bumper guards, 6 7 are not within the range of fourteen inches to twenty-8 two inches above the ground. No vehicle may be 9 modified to cause the vehicle body or chassis to come in contact with the ground, expose the fuel tank to damage 10 11 from collision, or cause the wheels to come in contact 12 with the body under normal operation. No part of the 13 original suspension system may be disconnected to 14 defeat the safe operation of the suspension system. However, nothing contained in this section prevents the 15 16 installation of heavy duty equipment, including shock absorbers and overload springs. Nothing contained in 17 18 this section prohibits the operation on a public highway 19 of a motor vehicle with normal wear to the suspension 20 system if such normal wear does not adversely affect the 21 control of the vehicle.
 - (b) No person may operate upon a public highway any motor vehicle registered in this state if it has been modified by alteration of its altitude from the ground to the extent that its bumpers, measured to any point on the lower edge of the main horizontal bumper bar, exclusive of any bumper guards, do not fall within the limits specified herein for its gross vehicle weight rating category. The front bumper height of trucks whose gross vehicle weight rating is ten thousand pounds or less, may be no less than fourteen inches and no more than twenty-four inches and their rear bumper height may be no less than fourteen inches and no more than twenty-nine inches. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating in excess of ten thousand pounds. For the purpose of this

- section, the term "gross vehicle weight ratings" means manufacturer's gross vehicle weight ratings established for that vehicle.
- 40 (c) In the absence of bumpers, and in cases where 41 bumper heights have been lowered or modified, height 42 measurements under subsection (a) or (b) shall be made 43 to the bottom of the frame rail.
- (d) This section does not apply to specially designed or modified motor vehicles when operated off the public highways in races and similar events. Such motor vehicles may be lawfully towed on the highways of this state.

CHAPTER 131

(S. B. 612—By Senators Heck and Wagner)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the height and length of vehicles and loads.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article seventeen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 17. SIZE, WEIGHT AND LOAD.

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§17C-17-4. Height and length of vehicles and loads.

(a) A vehicle including any load thereon shall not exceed a height of thirteen feet six inches, but the owner or owners of such vehicles shall be responsible for damage to any bridge or highway structure and to municipalities for any damage to traffic control devices or other highway structures where such bridges, devices or structures have a vehicle clearance of less than thirteen feet six inches.

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- (b) A motor vehicle including any load thereon shall not exceed a length of forty feet extreme overall dimension, inclusive of front and rear bumpers.
- (c) Except as hereinafter provided, a combination of vehicles coupled together shall not consist of more than two units, and no such combination of vehicles including any load thereon shall have an overall length, inclusive of front and rear bumpers, in excess of fifty-five feet. except as provided in section eleven-b of this article, and except as otherwise provided in respect to the use of a pole trailer as authorized in section five of this article: Provided. That the limitation that a combination of vehicles coupled together shall not consist of more than two units shall not apply to a combination of vehicles coupled together by a saddle mount device used to transport motor vehicles in a drive-away service when no more than three saddle mounts are used: Provided, however. That equipment used in said combination meets the requirements of the safety regulations of the United States department of transportation and shall not exceed an overall length of more than sixty-five feet.
- (d) The length limitations for truck tractor-semitrailer combinations and truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combinations operating on the national system of interstate and defense highways and those classes of qualifying federal-aid primary system highways so designated by the United States secretary of transportation, and those highways providing reasonable access to and from terminals, facilities for food, fuel, repairs and rest, and points of loading and unloading for household goods carriers from such highways, and further, as to other highways so designated by the West Virginia commissioner of highways, shall be as follows: The maximum length of a semitrailer unit operating in a truck tractor-semitrailer combination shall not exceed forty-eight feet in length, except where semitrailers have an axle spacing of not more than thirty-seven feet between the rear axle of the truck tractor and the front axle of the semitrailer, such semitrailer shall be allowed to be not more than fifty-three feet in length and the maximum length of any semitrailer or trailer operating

50 in a truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer combination shall 51 not exceed twenty-eight and one-half feet in length and 52 in no event shall any combinations exceed three units, 53 including the truck tractor: Provided. That nothing 54 herein contained shall impose an overall length limitation as to commercial motor vehicles operating in truck 55 tractor-semitrailer or truck tractor-semitrailer-trailer 56 57 combinations.

CHAPTER 132

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2050—By Delegate Bradley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Became law without Governor's signature.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, four and five, article six, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to municipal annexation; annexation by a majority of qualified voters and freeholders without an election; petition for annexation; and annexation by minor boundary adjustment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, four and five, article six, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. ANNEXATION.

§8-6-1. Annexation of unincorporated territory.

§8-6-2. Petition for annexation.

§8-6-4. Annexation without an election.

§8-6-5. Annexation by minor boundary adjustment.

PART I. GENERAL.

§8-6-1. Annexation of unincorporated territory.

- 1 Unincorporated territory may be annexed to and
- 2 become part of a municipality contiguous thereto only
- 3 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Any farmlands or operations as described in article nineteen, chapter nineteen of this code which may be annexed into a municipality shall be protected in the continuation of agricultural use after being annexed.

PART II. ANNEXATION BY ELECTION.

§8-6-2. Petition for annexation.

1 Five percent or more of the freeholders of a munic-2 ipality desiring to have territory annexed thereto may 3 file their petition in writing with the governing body 4 thereof, setting forth the change proposed in the metes 5 and bounds of the municipality, and asking that a vote 6 be taken upon the proposed change. Such petition shall 7 be verified and shall be accompanied by an accurate 8 survey map showing the territory which would be 9 annexed to the corporate limits by the proposed change. 10 The governing body, upon bond in penalty prescribed by the governing body with good and sufficient surety 11 12 being given by petitioners, and conditioned to pay the 13 costs of such election if a majority of the legal votes cast 14 are against the proposed change in boundary, shall thereupon order a vote of the qualified voters of such 15 municipality to be taken upon the proposed change on 16 a date and at a time and place therein to be named in 17 18 the order, not less than twenty nor more than thirty days from the date thereof. The governing body shall, at the 19 20 same time, order a vote of all of the qualified voters of the additional territory, and of all of the freeholders of 21 such additional territory, whether they reside or have 22 a place of business therein or not, to be taken upon the 23 question on the same day, at some convenient place in 24 or near such additional territory: Provided, That the 25 additional territory to be included shall conform to the 26 requirements of section one, article two of this chapter, 27 and the determination that the additional territory does 28 29 so conform shall be reviewable by the circuit court of the county in which the municipality or the major 30 portion of the territory thereof, including the area 31 proposed to be annexed, is located upon certiorari to the 32 governing body, in accordance with the provisions of 33 article three, chapter fifty-three of this code. The 34 governing body shall cause the order to be published, 35

at the cost of the municipality, as a Class II-0 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the publication area for such publication shall be the municipality and the additional territory. The first publication must be at least fourteen days prior to the date upon which the vote is to be taken. The order so published shall contain an accurate description by metes and bounds of the additional territory proposed to be annexed to the corporate limits by the proposed change, and, if practicable, shall also contain a popular descrip-tion of such additional territory.

The election shall be held, superintended and conducted, and the results thereof ascertained, certified, returned and canvassed in the same manner and by the same individuals as elections for municipal officers. The ballots, or ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have written or printed on them the words:

☐ For Annexation

Any freeholder which is a firm or corporation may vote by its manager, president, or executive officer duly designated in writing by such firm or corporation. Even though an individual who is a qualified voter of the municipality or the territory is also a freeholder of the territory, such person shall be entitled to vote only once.

When an election is held in any municipality in accordance with the provisions of this section, another such election relating to the same proposed change or any part thereof shall not be held for a period of one year.

If a majority of all of the legal votes cast both in the municipality and in the territory are in favor of the proposed annexation, then the governing body shall proceed as specified in the immediately succeeding section of this article.

PART III. ANNEXATION WITHOUT ELECTION.

§8-6-4. Annexation without an election.

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The governing body of a municipality may by ordinance provide for the annexation of additional territory without ordering a vote on the question if (1) a majority of the qualified voters of such additional territory file with the governing body their petition to be annexed. and (2) a majority of all freeholders of such additional territory, whether they reside or have a place of business therein or not, file with the governing body their petition to be annexed: Provided, That the additional territory shall conform to the requirements of section one, article two of this chapter, and the determination that the additional territory does so conform or that the requisite number of petitioners have filed the required petitions shall be reviewable by the circuit court of the county in which the municipality or the major portion of the territory thereof, including the area proposed to be annexed, is located upon certiorari to the governing body, in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-three of this code. A qualified voter of the additional territory who is also a freeholder of the additional territory may join only in the voters' petition of such additional territory. It shall be the responsibility of the governing body to enumerate and verify the total number of eligible petitioners, in each category, from the additional territory. In determining the total number of eligible petitioners, in each category, a freeholder or any other entity that is a freeholder shall be limited to one vote or one signature on a petition as provided in this section. There shall be allowed only one signature on a petition per parcel of property and any freehold interest that is held by more than one individual or entity shall be allowed to sign a petition only upon the approval by the majority of the individuals or entities that have an interest in the parcel of property. A qualified voter of the additional territory who is also a freeholder of the additional territory shall be counted only as a freeholder and if all of the eligible petitioners are qualified voters, then only a voters' petition shall be required. If satisfied that the additional territory conforms to the requirements of section one, article two of this chapter and that the petition is sufficient in every respect, the governing body shall enter such fact upon

- 43 its journal and forward a certificate to that effect to the
- 44 county commission of the county wherein the municipal-
- 45 ity or the major portion of the territory thereof,
- 46 including the additional territory, is located. The county
- 47 commission shall thereupon enter an order along the
- 48 lines of the order described in the immediately preced-
- 49 ing section of this article. After the date of such order,
- 50 the corporate limits of the municipality shall be as set
- 51 forth therein.

PART IV. ANNEXATION BY MINOR BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT.

Annexation by minor boundary adjustment.

- 1 In the event a municipality desires to increase its
- 2 corporate limits by making a minor boundary adjust-
- 3 ment, the governing body of such municipality may 4
- apply to the county commission of the county wherein
- 5 the municipality or the major portion of the territory
- 6 thereof, including the territory to be annexed, is located
- 7 for permission to effect such annexation by minor
- 8 boundary adjustment.
- 9 Such application shall disclose the number of persons
- 10 residing in the territory to be annexed to the corporate 11 limits by the proposed change, and shall have attached
- 12 thereto an accurate map showing the metes and bounds
- 13 of such additional territory.
- 14 If satisfied that the proposed annexation is only a 15 minor boundary adjustment, the county commission
- shall order publication of a notice of the proposed 16
- annexation to the corporate limits and of the date and 17
- 18 time set by the commission for a hearing on such
- 19 proposal. Publication shall be as in the case of an order
- 20 calling for an election, as set forth in section two of this 21
- article. A like notice shall be prominently posted at not
- 22 less than five public places within the area proposed to
- 23 be annexed.

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If the freeholders of the area proposed to be annexed who are present or are represented at the hearing are

25 not substantially opposed to the proposed boundary 26

27 change, the commission may enter an order changing

the corporate limits of the municipality as requested, 28

29 which order may be reviewed by the circuit court as an 30 order of a county commission ordering an election may 31 be reviewed under section sixteen, article five of this 32 chapter. After the date of such order, the corporate 33 limits of the municipality shall be as set forth therein. 34 unless judicial review is sought under the provisions of 35 said section sixteen. If the proposed change is substan-36 tially opposed at the hearing by any such freeholder, the 37 commission shall dismiss the application. Dismissal of 38 any such application shall not preclude proceedings in 39 accordance with the provisions of sections two and three 40 or section four of this article. The municipality shall pay 41 the costs of all proceedings under this section.

CHAPTER 133

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 169—By Senator J. Manchin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article eighteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; to amend article nineteen of said chapter eight by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; to amend and reenact section ten, article twenty of said chapter: and to amend and reenact section three, article thirteen, chapter sixteen of said code, all relating to municipal sewer, water and electric power facilities; authority to require connection to sewers; authority to require discontinuance of water service by provider other than municipality where only sewer service is provided by municipality and user is delinquent in payment for service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; lien for delinquent sewer, water and electric power service rates and charges; failure of user to cure delinquency; suits to collect delinquent charges; deferral of filing fees and costs of magistrate court action for delinquent rates and charges; and limitation on foreclosure of liens; powers

of sanitary board; contract; employees; compensation thereof; extension and improvements; replacement of damaged public works.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article eighteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-three; that article nineteen of said chapter eight be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; that section ten, article twenty of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section three, article thirteen, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 16. Public Health.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Article

- 18. Assessments to Improve Streets, Sidewalks and Sewers; Sewer Connections and Board of Health; Enforcement of Duty to Pay for Service.
- 19. Municipal Waterworks and Electric Power Systems.
- 20. Combined Waterworks and Sewerage Systems.
- ARTICLE 18. ASSESSMENTS TO IMPROVE STREETS, SIDE-WALKS AND SEWERS; SEWER CONNECTIONS AND BOARD OF HEALTH; ENFORCEMENT OF DUTY TO PAY FOR SERVICE.
- §8-18-22. Connection to sewers; board of health; penalty.
- §8-18-23. Authority to require discontinuance of water service by provider utility for nonpayment of sewer service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; lien for delinquent service rates and charges; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.
 - PART XII. CONNECTION TO SEWERS; BOARD OF HEALTH; ENFORCEMENT OF DUTY TO PAY FOR SERVICE.

§8-18-22. Connection to sewers; board of health; penalty.

- 1 The owner or owners of any lot or parcel of land
- 2 abutting on any street, alley, public way or easement in

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3 any municipality on which a public sewer is now located 4 or may hereafter be constructed and laid (whether 5 constructed and laid under the provisions of this article 6 or any other provisions of law) upon which lot or parcel 7 of land any business or residence building is now located 8 or may hereafter be erected, not connected with a public 9 sewer, may be required and compelled by the munici-10 pality or by the board of health to connect any such building with such sewer. Notice so to connect shall be 11 12 given by the municipality or by the board of health to 13 the owner and to the lessee or occupant of such building. Each day's failure to comply with such notice and 14 connect with such sewer by such owner or owners, after 15 thirty days from the receipt of such notice, shall be a 16 17 misdemeanor and a separate and new offense under this section, and each such offense shall be punishable by a 18 fine of not less than five nor more than twenty-five 19 20 dollars. Jurisdiction to hear, try, determine and sentence 21 for any violation of this section is hereby vested in the 22 police or municipal court thereof, or, where no police 23 court exists, in the mayor thereof.

- §8-18-23. Authority to require discontinuance of water service by provider utility for nonpayment of sewer service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; lien for delinquent service rates and charges; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.
 - (a) When any municipality owns, maintains, operates or provides sewer facilities to its residents and customers and does not own, maintain, operate or provide water facilities to them when the same is provided by any other publicly or privately owned utility, municipality or public service district, the municipality providing sewer facilities may require the provider of water facilities to discontinue water service to any of its users who are delinquent in the payment of sewer service rates and charges to the municipality. The provider of water facilities is empowered and authorized hereby to discontinue water service upon demand of the municipality.

pality for this purpose; however, prior to discontinuance of any water service, the municipality shall contract with the provider of water facilities which contract shall provide that the municipality shall reimburse the provider of water facilities for all costs and expenses incurred in both the termination of water service to the delinquent user of sewer facilities and the subsequent resumption of water service to such user. The contract shall provide for reasonable methods and assurances so that the provider of water facilities will be protected and held harmless from claims and damages when water service is discontinued in error or in violation of the rights of the user through the fault of the municipality providing sewer facilities and making the demand for discontinuance of water service to the user of such sewer facilities. Any contract made for this purpose shall have the approval of the public service commission prior to its execution and performance. Any disconnection of water service must comply with all rules, regulations and orders of the public service commission.

- (b) Whenever any rates and charges for services or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty days after the same become due and payable, the property and the owner thereof, as well as the user of the services and facilities provided shall be delinquent and the owner, user and property shall be held liable at law until such time as all such rates and charges are fully paid: *Provided*, That in the event the user is a tenant, the property owner shall be given notice of any said delinquency by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the user shall be given such notice by first-class mail: *Provided*, however, That failure of the user to cure the delinquency within a thirty-day period after receipt of such notice shall constitute grounds to terminate the user's lease of the premises concerned.
- (c) All rates and charges whenever delinquent, as provided by ordinance of the municipality, shall be liens of equal dignity, rank and priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, school and municipal taxes for the amount thereof upon the real property served, and

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- the municipality shall have plenary power and authority 54 55 from time to time to enforce such lien in a civil action 56 to recover the money due for such services rendered plus 57 court fees and costs and a reasonable attorney's fee: 58 Provided. That a municipality shall have exhausted all 59 remedies available in magistrate courts against such 60 delinquent users before it may proceed in a civil action 61 against the owner.
 - (d) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate court for the collection of the delinquent rates and charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs which were previously deferred.
- 71 (e) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises served by it for delinquent rates and charges for which 72 a lien is authorized by this section except through the 73 74 bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such 75 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county 76 wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the court shall be required to make a finding based upon 77 the evidence and facts presented that the municipality 78 79 had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 80 81 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its 82 behalf unless such delinquency has been in existence or 83 continued for a period of two years from the date of the 84 first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being 85 86 instituted.

ARTICLE 19. MUNICIPAL WATERWORKS AND ELECTRIC POWER SYSTEMS.

§8-19-12a. Lien for delinquent service rates and charges; notice of delinquency; failure to cure delinquency; civil actions; deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.

- (a) Whenever any rates and charges for water services or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty days after the same become due and payable, the property and the owner thereof, as well as the user of the services and facilities provided shall be delinquent and the owner, user and property shall be held liable at law until such time as all such rates and charges are fully paid: *Provided*, That in the event the user is a tenant, the property owner shall be given notice of any said delinquency by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the user shall be given such notice by first-class mail: *Provided*, *however*, That failure of the user to cure the delinquency within a thirty-day period after receipt of such notice shall constitute grounds to terminate the user's lease of the premises concerned.
- (b) All rates or charges for water service whenever delinquent, as provided by ordinance of the municipality, shall be liens of equal dignity, rank and priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, school and municipal taxes for the amount thereof upon the real property served, and the municipality shall have plenary power and authority from time to time to enforce such lien in a civil action to recover the money due for such services rendered plus court fees and costs and a reasonable attorney's fee: *Provided*, That a municipality shall have exhausted all remedies available against such delinquent users before it may proceed in a civil action against the owner.
- (c) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate court for the collection of the delinquent rates and charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs which were previously deferred.
- (d) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises served by it for delinquent rates or charges for which a lien is authorized by this section except through the bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such

- 42 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county
- 43 wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the
- 44 court shall be required to make a finding based upon
- the evidence and facts presented that the municipality 45
- 46 had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of
- debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 47
- bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 48
- procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its 49
- behalf unless such delinquency had been in existence or 50
- continued for a period of two years from the date of the 51
- first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being 52
- 53 sought.

ARTICLE 20. COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEMS.

- §8-20-10. Power and authority of municipality to enact ordinances and make rules and regulations and fix rates or charges; change in rates or charges: notice of delinquency; failure to cure delinquency: delinquent rates or charges as liens; civil action for recovery thereof: deferral of filing fees and costs in magistrate court action; limitations with respect to foreclosure.
 - (a) The governing body of any municipality availing 1 itself of the provisions of this article shall have plenary 2 power and authority to make, enact and enforce all 3 needful rules and regulations for the repair, mainte-4 nance and operation and management of the combined 5 waterworks and sewerage system of such municipality 6 and for the use thereof, and shall also have plenary 7 power and authority to make, enact and enforce all 8 needful rules and regulations and ordinances for the 9 care and protection of any such system, which may be 10 conducive to the preservation of the public health, 11 comfort and convenience and to rendering the water 12 supply of such municipality pure and the sewerage 13 harmless insofar as it is reasonably possible so to do, and 14 any such municipality shall have plenary power and 15 authority to charge the users for the use and service of 16 such combined waterworks and sewerage system and to 17 establish rates or charges for such purpose. Separate 18

rates or charges may be fixed for the water and sewer services respectively or combined rates or charges for the combined water and sewer services. Such rates or charges, whether separate or combined, shall be sufficient at all times to pay the cost of repair, maintenance and operation of the combined waterworks and sewerage system, provide an adequate reserve fund and adequate depreciation fund and pay the principal of and interest upon all revenue bonds issued under this article. Rates or charges shall be established, revised and maintained by ordinance and become payable as the governing body may determine by ordinance, and such rates or charges shall be changed from time to time as needful, consistent with the provisions of this article.

- (b) Whenever any rates and charges for services or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty days after the same become due and payable, the property and the owner thereof, as well as the user of the services and facilities provided shall be delinquent and the owner, user and property shall be held liable at law until such time as all such rates and charges are fully paid: *Provided*, That in the event the user is a tenant, the property owner shall be given notice of any said delinquency by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the user shall be given such notice by first-class mail: *Provided*, however, That failure of the user to cure the delinquency within a thirty-day period after receipt of such notice shall constitute grounds to terminate user's lease of the premises concerned.
- (c) All rates or charges for water service and sewer service whenever delinquent, as provided by ordinance of the municipality, shall be liens of equal dignity, rank and priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, school and municipal taxes for the amount thereof upon the real property served, and the municipality shall have plenary power and authority from time to time to enforce such lien in a civil action to recover the money due for such services rendered plus court fees and costs and a reasonable attorney's fee: *Provided*, That a municipality shall have exhausted all remedies available in magistrate courts against such

- delinquent users before it may proceed in a civil action against the owner.
- 62 (d) Municipalities are hereby granted a deferral of 63 filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the 64 bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate 65 court for the collection of the delinquent rates and 66 charges. If the municipality collects the delinquent 67 account, plus fees and costs, from its customer or other 68 responsible party, the municipality shall pay to the 69 magistrate court the filing fees or other fees and costs 70 which were previously deferred.
- 71 (e) No municipality may foreclose upon the premises 72 served by it for delinquent rates, fees or charges for 73 which a lien is authorized by this section except through 74 the bringing and maintenance of a civil action for such 75 purpose brought in the circuit court of the county 76 wherein the municipality lies. In every such action, the 77 court shall be required to make a finding based upon 78 the evidence and facts presented that the municipality 79 had exhausted all other remedies for the collection of 80 debts with respect to such delinquencies prior to the 81 bringing of such action. In no event shall foreclosure 82 procedures be instituted by any municipality or on its 83 behalf unless such delinquency had been in existence or continued for a period of two years from the date of the 84 first such delinquency for which foreclosure is being 85 86 sought.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

- ARTICLE 13. SEWAGE WORKS OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND SANITARY DISTRICTS.
- §16-13-3. Powers of sanitary board; contracts; employees; compensation thereof; extensions and improvements; replacement of damaged public works.
 - 1 The board shall have power to take all steps and
 - 2 proceedings and to make and enter into all contracts or
 - 3 agreements necessary or incidental to the performance
 - 4 of its duties and the execution of its powers under this
 - 5 article: Provided, That any contract relating to the

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financing of the acquisition or construction of any such works, or any trust indenture as hereinafter provided for, shall be approved by the governing body of such municipality before the same shall be effective. The board may employ engineers, architects, inspectors, superintendents, managers, collectors, attorneys, and such other employees as in its judgment may be necessary in the execution of its powers and duties, and may fix their compensation, all of whom shall do such work as the board shall direct. All such compensation and all expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article shall be paid solely from funds provided under the authority of this article, and the board shall not exercise or carry out any authority or power herein given it so as to bind said board of said municipality beyond the extent to which money shall have been or may be provided under the authority of this article. No contract or agreement with any contractor or contractors for labor and/or material, exceeding in amount the sum of five thousand dollars, shall be made without advertising for bids, which bids shall be publicly opened and award made to the best bidder, with power in the board to reject any or all bids. After the construction, installation, and completion of the works, or the acquisition thereof, the board shall operate, manage and control the same and may order and complete any extensions, betterments and improvements of and to the works that the board may deem expedient, if funds therefor be available or are made available as provided in this article, and shall establish rules and regulations for the use and operation of the works, and of other sewers and drains connected therewith so far as they may affect the operation of such works, and do all things necessary or expedient for the successful operation thereof. The sanitary board may declare an emergency situation in the event of collector line breaks or vital treatment plant equipment failure and shall be exempted from competitive bidding requirements and enter into direct purchase agreements or contracts for such expenses. All public ways or public works damaged or destroyed by the board in carrying out its authority under this article shall be restored or repaired by the

- 48 board and placed in their original condition, as nearly
- 49 as practicable, if requested so to do by proper authority,
- out of the funds provided by this article. 50

CHAPTER 134

(H. B. 2689-By Delegate Ryan)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article thirty-two. chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to enhancing ability of municipal and county hospitals to borrow money for hospital purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article thirty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 32. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS-CONTRIBU-TIONS TO OR INVOLVEMENT WITH NONSTOCK. NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS OR HEALTH IN-STITUTIONS FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES.

PART IV. HEALTH INSTITUTIONS.

- §8-32-4. Legislative findings; authority of municipalities and county commissions to make appropriations; limitations and restrictions.
 - (a) The Legislature hereby finds that the support of 1 public or nonprofit health institutions dedicated to 2 making available to the general public health and 3 mental health services is for the general welfare of the 4 public and is a public purpose for which funds of a 5 municipality or county commission may be lawfully 6 expended. This section is enacted in view of this finding 7 and shall be liberally construed in the light thereof. As 8 used in this section, the term "health institution" means 9 a hospital, health or mental health clinic, regional or 10
- community health or mental health center, mental 11
- retardation facility, extended care facility, nursing 12

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home, or other health or mental health institution, which is open to the general public.

- (b) Notwithstanding any statutory or charter provision to the contrary, municipalities and county commissions are hereby empowered and authorized to appropriate funds, subject to the conditions and limitations set forth in this section, for the establishment, cost, operation, maintenance and projects of any health institution, whether such health institution be situate within or without the confines of any such municipality or county. Funds may not be appropriated by a municipality or county commission for the benefit and use of any health institution unless such health institution is either owned and operated by a unit of government, or is owned and operated by a nonstock, nonprofit corporation chartered under the laws of or licensed to do business in this state which provides in its charter that no member trustee or member of the board of directors (by whatever name the same may be called) shall receive any compensation, gain or profit from such corporation and which is operated in compliance with such charter provisions. Any such appropriation shall be made from the general funds of such municipality or county commission not otherwise appropriated or from federal revenue sharing funds received by such municipality or county commission.
- (c) The recipient of any funds appropriated under the provisions of this section shall upon demand at any time make a full and complete accounting of all such funds to the governing body of the municipality or county commission which made such appropriation and shall in every event without demand make to such governing body an annual accounting thereof.
- (d) Under no circumstances whatever shall any action taken by any municipality or county commission under the authority of this section give rise to or create any indebtedness on the part of the municipality, the county, the governing body of such municipality, the county commission, any member of such governing body or county commission or any municipal or county official or employee.

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66 67 (e) No provision within this article prohibits the ability of a county or municipal hospital to borrow money and to perform such actions and do those things which are reasonably necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section, including, but not limited to, obtaining credit to further the mission of such hospital and acceptance of a loan for working capital requirements, as that term is generally defined: *Provided*, That the hospital complies with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section so that any indebtedness created is at no time an obligation of any municipality, the county commission, any member of such governing body or county commission or any municipal or county official or employee.

CHAPTER 135

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2241—By Delegate S. Cook)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section fifteen, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, and to amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, all relating to the public land corporation of West Virginia; altering membership, establishing powers and duties, criteria for public land disposal; creating a special public land corporation fund and uses of fund moneys: license and permit issuance authority of corporation; requiring state agencies, with exception of department of highways, to prepare and submit inventories of all public land held or under control of such agencies: public bidding procedures and land appraisal requirements; and requiring public hearings by the corporation for the sale, exchange or transfer of public land.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article one, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1A. REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT AND PROCEDURES.

- §20-1A-1. Public land corporation.
- §20-1A-2. Corporation boards of directors, members, expenses, appointment, terms, qualifications; director as board chairman; meetings, quorum; executive secretary, secretary to board; professional and support staff; execution of legal documents, permits and licenses.
- §20-1A-3. Public land corporation, powers and duties.
- §20-1A-4. Public land corporation to conduct sales of public lands by competitive bidding, modified competitive bidding or direct sale.
- §20-1A-5. Public land corporation to hold public hearing before sale, exchange or transfer of land.
- §20-1A-6. Competitive bidding and notice requirements before the development of natural resources on certain lands.
- §20-1A-7. Adopt a state park or forest program.

§20-1A-1. Public land corporation.

- 1 (a) The public land corporation, heretofore created 2 and established as an activity of the department of 3 natural resources, is hereby continued and established 4 within and as a unit of the department of natural 5 resources. The personal property and employees of the 6 public land corporation are hereby transferred to the 7 department of natural resources: Provided, That the employees so transferred shall continue to have merit 8 9 system status or are hereby vested with such merit 10 system status if not previously included therein.
- 11 (b) The corporation shall be a public benefit corpora-12 tion and an instrumentality of the state and may sue or 13 be sued, contract and be contracted with, plead and be 14 impleaded, have and use a common seal.
- 15 (c) The corporation shall be vested with the title of the 16 state of West Virginia in public lands, the title to which 17 now is or may hereafter become vested in the state of 18 West Virginia by reason of any law governing the title 19 of lands of the state: *Provided*, That those lands for 20 which title is specifically vested by law in other state 21 agencies, institutions and departments shall continue to

- be vested in such state agencies, institutions and departments.
- §20-1A-2. Corporation boards of directors, members, expenses, appointment, terms, qualifications; director as board chairman; meetings, quorum; executive secretary, secretary to board; professional and support staff; execution of legal documents, permits and licenses.
 - (a) The public land corporation shall be governed by a board of directors comprised of five members of which three shall be ex officio and two shall be appointed by the governor. The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their service thereon. The board members who are not ex officio shall be reimbursed by the director for their actual and necessary expenses incurred pursuant to their duties under this article from funds authorized for such purposes.
 - (b) The director of the department of natural resources shall be an ex officio member and chairman of the board of directors. The commissioner of the department of culture and history and the commissioner of the department of commerce, or their designees who shall be employees of their respective departments, shall be ex officio members of the board of directors.
 - (c) The governor shall appoint two members of the board of directors, with the advice and consent of the Senate, which members shall serve a term of four years: Provided, That the initial appointments shall be to terms of two and four years, respectively, which terms shall commence on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The members of the board of directors appointed by the governor shall be persons with a demonstrated interest and knowledge in the conservation and protection of the aesthetic, biological, geological, historical, archeological, cultural or recreational values of the public lands of the state.
 - (d) A majority of the board of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The board shall meet at such times and places as it may determine

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and shall meet on call of the chairman. It shall be the duty of the chairman to call a meeting of the board on the written request of any three members thereof.

(e) The director shall appoint and supervise an executive secretary of the public land corporation, and may employ other necessary professional and support staff for the purposes of this article, who shall be employees of the department with merit system status.

An affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the corporation is required for any action of the corporation with respect to the sale or exchange of public lands or for the issuance of a lease or contract for the development of minerals, oil or gas. All actions must be taken at a scheduled meeting of the corporation held in compliance with the provisions of article ninea, chapter six of this code.

The powers and duties of the corporation are nondelegable, except that the executive secretary may negotiate and enter into preliminary agreements on behalf of the corporation, and shall, upon authorization of the corporation, be entitled to engage in valid actions of the corporation in respect of day-to-day administrative activities. An agreement entered into by the executive secretary on behalf of the corporation is not valid until such agreement is approved by an affirmative vote of a majority of the corporation.

§20-1A-3. Public land corporation, powers and duties.

The corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to:

- (1) Acquire from any persons or the state auditor or any local, state or federal agency, by purchase, lease or other agreement, any lands necessary and required for public use;
- (2) Acquire by purchase, condemnation, lease or agreement, receive by gifts and devises, or exchange, rights-of-way, easements, waters and minerals suitable for public use;
- 11 (3) Sell or exchange public lands where it is deter-

- mined that the sale or exchange of such tract meets any or all of the following disposal criteria:
 - (A) Such tract was acquired for a specific purpose and the tract is no longer required for that or any other state purpose; or
 - (B) Disposal of such tract serves important public objectives including, but not limited to, expansion of communities and economic development which cannot be achieved on lands other than public lands and which clearly outweigh other public objectives and values including, but not limited to, recreation and scenic values which would be served by maintaining such tract in state ownership; or
 - (C) Such tract, because of its location or other characteristics, is difficult and uneconomic to manage as part of the public lands and is not suitable for management by another state department or agency.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special public land corporation fund into which shall be paid all proceeds from public land sales and exchanges. The corporation may acquire public lands from use of the payments made to the fund, along with any interest accruing to said fund. The corporation shall report annually, just prior to the beginning of the regular session of the Legislature, to the finance committees of the Legislature on the financial condition of the special fund.

- (4) Sell, purchase or exchange lands or stumpage for the purpose of consolidating lands under state or federal government administration subject to the disposal criteria specified in subdivision three of this section;
- (5) Negotiate and effect loans or grants from the government of the United States or any agency thereof for acquisition and development of such lands as may be authorized by law to be acquired for public use;
- 47 (6) Expend the income from the use and development of public lands for the following purposes:
- 49 (A) Liquidate obligations incurred in the acquisition,

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development and administration of such lands, until all such obligations have been fully discharged;

- (B) Purchase, develop, restore and preserve for public use, sites, structures, objects and documents of prehistoric, historical, archaeological, recreational, architectural and cultural significance to the state of West Virginia; and
- (C) Obtain grants or matching moneys available from the government of the United States or any of its instrumentalities for prehistoric, historic, archaeological, recreational, architectural and cultural purposes;

61 The corporation shall have the authority to designate 62 lands to which it has title for development and admin-63 istration for the public use including recreation, wildlife 64 stock grazing, agricultural rehabilitation and home-65 steading or other conservation activities. The corporation shall have authority to enter into leases for the 66 67 development and extraction of minerals, including sand and gravel, except as otherwise circumscribed herein. 68 69 The corporation shall reserve title and ownership to the 70 mineral rights in all cases. It shall convey, assign, or 71 allot lands to the title or custody of proper departments 72 or other agencies of state government for administration 73 and control within the functions of such departments or 74 other agencies as provided by law. The corporation shall 75 make proper lands available for the purpose of cooper-76 ating with the government of the United States in the 77 relief of unemployment and hardship or for any other 78 public purpose. The corporation shall report annually to 79 the Legislature on its public land holdings, its financial 80 condition and its operations and shall make such 81 recommendations to the Legislature as deemed proper 82 concerning the acquisition, development, disposition and 83 use of public lands. All state agencies, institutions and 84 departments shall make an inventory of the public lands 85 of the state as may be by law specifically allocated to 86 and used by each and provide to the corporation a list 87 of such public lands, including their current use, intended use or best use to which such land may be put: 88 89 Provided, That the state department of highways need 90 not provide such inventory of public lands allocated to

91 and used by it. The inventory shall identify those parcels 92 of land which have no present or foreseeable useful 93 purpose to the state of West Virginia. The inventory 94 shall be submitted to the corporation by the first day 95 of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The 96 corporation shall compile such inventory of all public 97 lands and report to the Legislature by no later than the 98 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 99 on its public land holdings and the land holdings of the 100 other agencies or departments of this state which are 101 required to report their holdings to the corporation as 102 set forth hereinabove, its financial condition and its 103 operations.

104 During the continuance of the Blennerhassett histor-105 ical park commission, the public land corporation and 106 its members shall consult with and keep the said 107 Blennerhassett historical park commission fully in-108 formed as to any official action to be taken or proposed 109 to be taken pursuant to this act regarding or affecting 110 Blennerhassett Island and its prehistoric, historic, 111 archaeological, architectural, cultural and recreational significance or development or any of the powers and 112 113 duties of the Blennerhassett historical park commission.

§20-1A-4. Public land corporation to conduct sales of public lands by competitive bidding, modified competitive bidding or direct sale.

- (a) Sales, exchanges or transfers of public lands under 1 this article shall be conducted under competitive 2 bidding procedures. However, where the secretary 3 determines it necessary and proper in order to assure 4 the following public policies including, but not limited 5 to, a preference to users, lands may be sold by modified 6 competitive bidding or without competitive bidding. In 7 recognizing public policies, the secretary shall give 8 consideration to the following potential purchasers: 9
- 10 (1) The local government entities which are in the vicinity of the lands;
- 12 (2) Adjoining land owners.
- 13 (b) The policy for selecting the methods of sale is as 14 follows:

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- 15 (1) Competitive sale is the general procedure for sales of public lands and shall be used in the following 16 17 circumstances:
- 18 (A) Wherever in the judgment of the secretary the 19 lands are accessible and usable regardless of adjoining 20 land ownership: or
- (B) Wherever the lands are within a developing or 22 urbanizing area and land values are increasing due to 23 the location of the land and interest on the competitive 24 market.
 - (2) Modified competitive sales may be used to permit the adjoining landowner or local governmental entity to meet the high bid at the public sale. Lands otherwise offered under this procedure would normally be public lands not located near urban expansion areas, or not located near areas with rapidly increasing land values. and where existing use of adjacent lands would be ieopardized by sale under competitive bidding procedures.
 - (3) Direct sale may be used when the lands offered for sale are completely surrounded by lands in one ownership with no public access, or where the lands are needed by local governments.
- 38 (4) In no event shall lands be offered for sale by "modified competitive sales" or "direct sale" unless and 39 until the corporation makes a written finding of 40 41 justification for use of an alternative bidding procedure.
 - (5) Subject to the bidding procedures set forth herein, the corporation is authorized, at its discretion, to sell public lands subject to rights of way, restrictive covenants or easements retained by the corporation, limiting the use of such lands to purposes consistent with the use of adjoining or nearby lands owned by the corporation.
- (c) When lands have been offered for sale by one 49 method of sale and the lands remain unsold, then the 50 lands may be reoffered by another method of sale. 51

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- 52 (d) In no case may lands be sold or exchanged for less 53 than fair market value. Fair market value shall be 54 determined by an appraisal made by an independent 55 person or firm chosen by the public land corporation. 56 The appraisal shall be performed using the principles 57 contained in the "Uniform Appraisal Standards for 58 Federal Land Acquisitions" published under the auspi-59 ces of the Interagency Land Acquisition Conference. United States Government Printing Office, 1972. 60
- 61 (e) The corporation may reject all bids when such bids 62 do not represent the corporation's considered value of 63 the property exclusive of the fair market value.
- 64 (f) The corporation shall promulgate rules, in accor-65 dance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 66 this code, regarding procedures for conducting public 67 land sales by competitive bidding, modified competitive 68 bidding and direct sales.

§20-1A-5. Public land corporation to hold public hearing before sale, exchange or transfer of land.

- 1 (a) Prior to any final decision of any state agency to sell, exchange or transfer land, the public land corporation shall:
 - (1) Prepare and reduce to writing the reasons and supporting data regarding such sale or exchange. The written reasons required under this section shall be available for public inspection at the office of the county clerk at the county courthouse of each county in which the affected land is located during the two successive weeks before the date of the public hearing required by this section;
 - (2) Provide for a public hearing to be held at a reasonable time and place within each county in which the affected land is located to allow interested members of the public to attend the hearing without undue hardship. Members of the public may be present, submit statements and testimony and question the corporation's representative appointed pursuant to this section;
- 19 (3) Not less than thirty days prior to such public 20 hearing, provide notice to all members of the Legisla-

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- ture, to the head of the governing body of any political subdivision having zoning or other land use regulatory responsibility in the geographic area within which the public lands are located and to the head of any political subdivision having administrative or public services responsibility in the geographic area within which the lands are located:
- 28 (4) Cause to be published a notice of the required 29 public hearing. The notice shall be published as a Class 30 II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code and the 31 32 publication area shall be each county in which the 33 affected land is located. The public hearing shall be held 34 no earlier than the fourteenth successive day and no 35 later than the twenty-first successive day following the 36 first publication of the notice. The notice shall contain 37 the time and place of the public hearing along with a 38 brief description of the affected land;
- 39 (5) Cause a copy of the required notice to be posted 40 in a conspicuous place at the affected land for members 41 of the public to observe. Such notice shall remain posted 42 for two successive weeks prior to the date of the public 43 hearing;
 - (6) Appoint a representative of the corporation who shall conduct the required public hearing. The corporation's representative shall have full knowledge of all the facts and circumstances surrounding the proposed sale, exchange or transfer. The representative of the corporation shall make a report of the public hearing available for inspection by the public or, upon written request of any interested person, provide a written copy thereof and to all individuals previously receiving written notice of the hearing within thirty days following the public hearing; and
 - (7) If the evidence at the public hearing establishes by a preponderance that the appraisal provided for in subsection (c), section four of this article does not reflect the true, fair market value, the public land corporation shall cause another appraisal to be made. If the evidence at the public hearing establishes by a preponderance

- that the sale or exchange of land does not meet the criteria set forth in subdivision three, section three of this article, the public land corporation shall not proceed with the sale or exchange of said land without judicial approval.
- The representative of the corporation conducting the public hearing shall make the results of the hearing available to the corporation for its consideration prior to the board making decisions regarding the affected lands.
- (b) No sale, exchange or transfer of land subject to the provisions of this section may be made before the thirtieth successive day following the public hearing required by this section, but in no event shall the sale, exchange or transfer of such lands be made prior to fifteen days after the report of the public hearings are made available to the public in general.

§20-1A-6. Competitive bidding and notice requirements before the development of natural resources on certain lands.

The corporation may enter into a lease or contract for 1 the development of minerals, gas or oil on or under lands 2 in which the corporation holds any right, title or 3 interest: Provided, That no lease or contract may be 4 entered into for the extraction and removal of minerals 5 by surface mining or auger mining of coal. With the 6 7 exception of deep mining operations which are already in progress and permitted as of the effective date of this 8 9 article, extraction of coal by deep mining methods under state forests or wildlife refuges may be permitted only 10 if such lease or contract provides that no entries, portals, 11 air shafts or other incursions upon and into said land 12 incident to said mining operations may be placed or 13 constructed upon said lands or within three thousand 14 feet of the boundary thereof. Any lease or contract 15 entered into shall reserve to the state all rights to 16 subjacent surface support which the state is seized or 17 possessed of at the time of such lease or contract. 18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the code to the 19

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20 contrary, nothing herein shall be construed to permit 21 extraction of minerals, oil or gas by any method from, 22 on or under, any state park or state recreation area, nor 23 the extraction of minerals by strip or auger mining upon 24 any state forest or wildlife refuge. The corporation may 25 enter into a lease or contract for the development of 26 minerals, oil or gas, where such lease or contract is not 27 prohibited by any other provisions of this code, only 28 after receiving sealed bids therefor, after notice by 29 publication as a Class II legal advertisement in com-30 pliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-31 nine of this code. The area for such publication shall be 32 each county in which such lands are located. The 33 minerals, oil or gas so advertised may be leased or 34 contracted for development at not less than the fair 35 market value, as determined by an appraisal made by 36 an independent person or firm chosen by the corpora-37 tion, to the highest responsible bidder, who shall give 38 bond for the proper performance of the contract or lease 39 as the corporation shall designate; but the corporation 40 shall have the right to reject any and all bids and to 41 readvertise for bids. If the foregoing provisions of this 42 section have been complied with, and no bid equal to or 43 in excess of the fair market value of such natural 44 resources is received, the corporation may, at any time 45 during a period of six months after the opening of the bids, lease or contract for the development of such 46 47 natural resources in such manner as it is deemed 48 appropriate, but the lease or contract price shall not be 49 less than the fair market value of such natural resources 50 advertised.

§20-1A-7. Adopt a state park or forest program.

The commissioner of the department of commerce shall establish an "adopt a state park or forest program" to encourage and coordinate the efforts of volunteers to help maintain and improve state parks, forests, or other public lands within the state.

The commissioner shall establish a matching grant program to assist such volunteer efforts by legislative rule pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

CHAPTER 136

(S. B. 266—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and fifty-six, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to unlawful methods of hunting and fishing; and permit to hold a field trial, water race or wild hunt.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and fifty-six, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing.

§20-2-56. Permit to hold a field trial, shoot-to-retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt: license exemption.

§20-2-5. Unlawful methods of hunting and fishing.

- Except as authorized by the director, it is unlawful at any time for any person to:
- 3 (1) Shoot at or to shoot any wild bird or animal unless 4 it is plainly visible to him;
- 5 (2) Dig out, cut out or smoke out, or in any manner 6 take or attempt to take, any live wild animal or wild 7 bird out of its den or place of refuge, except as may be 8 authorized by regulations promulgated by the director 9 or by law;
- 10 (3) Make use of, or take advantage of, any artificial light in hunting, locating, attracting, taking, trapping, or killing any wild bird or wild animal, or to attempt to do so, while having in his possession or subject to his
- 14 control, or for any person accompanying him to have in
- 15 his possession or subject to his control, any firearm,
- 16 whether cased or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, or other

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17 implement or device suitable for taking, killing or 18 trapping a wild bird or animal: Provided. That it shall 19 not be unlawful to hunt or take raccoon, opossum or 20 skunk by the use of artificial lights. No person shall be 21 guilty of a violation of this subdivision merely because 22 he looks for, looks at, attracts or makes motionless a wild bird or wild animal with or by the use of an artificial 23 light, unless at such time he has in his possession a 24 firearm, whether cased or uncased, bow, arrow, or both, 25 or other implement or device suitable for taking, killing 26 27 or trapping a wild bird or wild animal, or unless such artificial light (other than the head lamps of an 28 automobile or other land conveyance) is attached to, a 29 part of, or used from within or upon an automobile or 30 31 other land conveyance.

Any person violating the provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall for each offense be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than one hundred days;

- (4) Hunt for, take, kill, wound or shoot at wild animals or wild birds from an airplane, or other airborne conveyance, an automobile, or other land conveyance, or from a motor-driven water conveyance, except as may be authorized by regulations promulgated by the director;
- (5) Take any beaver or muskrat by any means other than by trap;
 - (6) Catch, capture, take or kill by seine, net, bait, trap or snare or like device of any kind, any wild turkey, ruffed grouse, pheasant or quail;
 - (7) Destroy or attempt to destroy needlessly or willfully the nest or eggs of any wild bird or have in his possession such nest or eggs unless authorized to do so under regulations or under a permit by the director;
 - (8) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun in any of the woods of this state except during the open firearms hunting

season for wild animals and nonmigratory wild birds within any county of the state, unless he has in his possession a permit in writing issued to him by the director: *Provided*, That this section shall not prohibit hunting or taking of unprotected species of wild animals and wild birds and migratory wild birds, during the open season, in the open fields, open water and open marshes of the state;

- (9) Except as provided in section six of this article, carry an uncased or loaded gun after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday in any woods or on any highway, railroad right-of-way, public road, field or stream of this state, except at a regularly used rifle, pistol, skeet, target or trapshooting ground or range;
- (10) Have in his possession a loaded firearm or a firearm from the magazine of which all shells and cartridges have not been removed, in or on any vehicle or conveyance, or its attachments, within the state, except as may otherwise be provided by law or regulation. Except as hereinafter provided, between five o'clock postmeridian of one day and seven o'clock antemeridian, eastern standard time of the day following, any unloaded firearm, being lawfully carried in accordance with the foregoing provisions, shall be so carried only when in a case or taken apart and securely wrapped. During the period from July first to September thirtieth, inclusive, of each year, the foregoing requirements relative to carrying certain unloaded firearms shall be permissible only from eight-thirty o'clock postmeridian to five o'clock antemeridian. eastern standard time:
- (11) Hunt, catch, take, kill, trap, injure or pursue with firearms or other implement by which wildlife may be taken after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday any wild animals or wild birds: *Provided*, That traps previously and legally set may be tended after the hour of five o'clock antemeridian on Sunday, if the person so doing shall not have firearms or long bow of any description in his possession;

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- 95 (12) Hunt with firearms or long bow while under the 96 influence of intoxicating liquor;
- 97 (13) Hunt, catch, take, kill, injure or pursue a wild 98 animal or bird with the use of a ferret:
- 99 (14) Buy raw furs, pelts or skins of fur-bearing 100 animals unless licensed to do so:
- 101 (15) Have in his possession or about his premises, 102 without the written permission of the director, any 103 hunting or fishing paraphernalia which cannot be used 104 lawfully in this state for hunting or fishing, and any 105 conservation officer shall remove and destroy such 106 hunting and fishing paraphernalia, whenever found in 107 this state, and the person or persons claiming ownership shall have no recourse at law against such confiscation 108 109 and destruction:
- 110 (16) Catch, take, kill, or attempt to catch, take or kill 111 any fish at any time by any means other than by rod, 112 line and hooks with natural or artificial lures unless 113 otherwise authorized by law or regulation issued by the director: Provided, That snaring of any species of 114 115 suckers, carp, fallfish and creek chubs shall at all times 116 be lawful:
- (17) Employ or hire, or induce or persuade, by the use 118 of money or other things of value, or by any means, any 119 person to hunt, take, catch or kill, any wild animal or wild bird except those species on which there is no closed season, or to fish for, catch, take or kill any fish, amphibian or aquatic life which is protected by the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the director, or the sale of which is prohibited;
- 125 (18) Hunt, catch, take, kill, capture, pursue, transport, possess or use any migratory game or nongame 126 127 birds included in the terms of conventions between the United States and Great Britain and between the 128 United States and United Mexican States for the 129 protection of migratory birds and wild mammals 130 concluded, respectively, August sixteen, one thousand 131 nine hundred sixteen, and February seven, one thousand 132 nine hundred thirty-six, except during the time and in 133

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- the manner and numbers prescribed by the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and regulations made thereunder:
- 137 (19) Kill, take, catch or have in his possession, living 138 or dead, any wild bird, other than a game bird; or 139 expose for sale, or transport within or without the state 140 any such bird, except as aforesaid. No part of the 141 plumage, skin or body of any protected bird shall be sold 142 or had in possession for sale, except mounted or stuffed 143 plumage, skin, bodies or heads of such birds legally 144 taken and stuffed or mounted, irrespective of whether 145 such bird was captured within or without this state, 146 except the English or European sparrow (Passer 147 domesticus), starling (Sturnus vulgaris), crow (Corvus 148 brachyrhynchos) and cowbird (Molothrus ater), which 149 shall not be protected and the killing thereof at any time 150 is lawful:
- 151 (20) Use dynamite or any like explosive or poisonous 152 mixture placed in any waters of the state for the purpose 153 of killing or taking fish. Any person violating the 154 provisions of this subdivision shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more 155 than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for not less than 156 six months nor more than three years, or both fined and 157 158 imprisoned:
- 159 (21) Have a bow and gun, or have a gun and any arrow or arrows, in the fields or woods at the same time;
- 161 (22) Have a crossbow in the woods or fields or use a 162 crossbow to hunt for, take or attempt to take any 163 wildlife;
- 164 (23) Take or attempt to take turkey, bear, elk or deer 165 with any arrow unless the same is equipped with a point 166 having at least two sharp cutting edges measuring in 167 excess of three fourths of an inch wide;
 - (24) Take or attempt to take any wildlife with an arrow having an explosive head or shaft, a poisoned arrow, or an arrow which would affect wildlife by any chemical action;
- 172 (25) Shoot an arrow across any public highway or

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from aircraft, motor-driven watercraft, motor vehicle or other land conveyance;

(26) Permit any dog owned by him or under his 175 176 control to chase, pursue or follow upon the track of any 177 wild animal or wild bird, either day or night, between 178 the first day of May and the fifteenth day of August next 179 following: Provided, That dogs may be trained on wild 180 animals and wild birds, except deer and wild turkeys, 181 and field trials may be held or conducted on the grounds 182 or lands of the owner or by his bona fide tenant or 183 tenants or upon the grounds or lands of another person 184 with his written permission or on public lands, at any 185 time: Provided, however, That notwithstanding any of 186 the above provisions, no person may train a dog in any county, or portion thereof, in which a legal bear hunting 187 season has been established prior to the first day of July. 188 189 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, except that 190 residents may train dogs in such counties after the 191 twenty-fourth day of August through the end of the legal 192 small game hunting season: Provided further. That 193 nonresidents shall not train dogs in this state at any time 194 except during the legal small game hunting season: And 195 provided further. That the person training said dogs does 196 not have firearms or other implements in his possession 197 during the closed season on such wild animals and wild 198 birds, whereby wild animals or wild birds could be 199 taken or killed:

(27) Conduct or participate in a field trial, shoot-to-retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt hereafter referred to as trial: *Provided*, That any person, group of persons, club or organization may hold such trial at any time of the year upon obtaining such permit as is provided for in section fifty-six of this article. The person responsible for obtaining said permit shall prepare and keep an accurate record of the names and addresses of all persons participating in said trial, and make same readily available for inspection by any conservation officer upon request; and

(28) Except as provided in section four of this article, hunt, catch, take, kill or attempt to hunt, catch, take or kill any wild animal, wild bird or wild fowl except

- 214 during the open season established by regulation of the
- 215 director as authorized by subdivision six, section seven,
- 216 article one of this chapter.

§20-2-56. Permit to hold a field trial, shoot-to-retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt; license exemption.

- The director may issue a permit to any person, group of persons, club or organization to hold or conduct a field
- 3 trial, shoot-to-retrieve field trial, water race or wild
- 4 hunt, hereinafter referred to as a trial, upon receipt of
- 5 a written application setting forth: (1) The name of the
- 6 person, group of persons, club or organization; (2) the
- 7 type or kind of trial; (3) the place and county in which
- 2 the sold is to be let and (A) the result of an data on which
- 8 the trial is to be held; and (4) the period or date on which
- 9 the trial is to be held. The fee for the permit shall be
- 10 five dollars.
- 11 No person participating in a field trial, shoot-to-
- 12 retrieve field trial, water race or wild hunt being held
- 13 under a permit authorized by this section shall be
- 14 required to possess a state hunting license.

CHAPTER 137

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2705—By Delegates Love and Whitt)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to wildlife resources; hunting, tagging and reporting bear; increasing fines and penalties; suspending licenses for illegal killing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two-a, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

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§20-2-22a. Hunting, tagging and reporting bear; procedures applicable to property destruction by bear; penalties.

1 (a) No person in any county of this state shall hunt, 2 capture, or kill any bear, or have in his possession any bear, or any part thereof, including fresh pelt, except 3 during the hunting season for bear designated by rules 4 5 and regulations to be promulgated by the department 6 of natural resources and at no other time nor in any 7 other way than as herein and therein provided. A person 8 on killing a bear shall within twenty-four hours after 9 killing, deliver the bear or fresh skin to a conservation 10 officer or checking station for tagging. The bear shall 11 have affixed thereto an appropriate tag provided by the 12 department before any part of the bear may be transported more than seventy-five miles from the point of 13 kill. The checking tag shall remain on the skin until it 14 15 is tanned or mounted. Any bear not properly tagged, or 16 any part of such bear, shall be forfeited to the state for disposal to a charitable institution, or school, or as 17 18 otherwise designated by the department of natural 19 resources.

It shall be unlawful:

- 21 (1) To hunt bear without a bear damage stamp as 22 prescribed in section forty-four-b of this article, in 23 addition to a hunting license as prescribed in this 24 article:
 - (2) To hunt a bear with (a) a shotgun using ammunition loaded with more than one solid ball, or (b) a rifle of less than twenty-five caliber using rimfire ammunition or (c) a crossbow;
 - (3) To kill or attempt to kill any bear through the use of poison, or explosives, or through the use of snares, steel traps or deadfalls other than as authorized herein;
 - (4) To shoot at or kill a cub bear weighing less than one hundred pounds or to kill any bear accompanied by such cub;
- 35 (5) To have in possession any part of a bear not tagged 36 in accordance with the provisions of this section;

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- 37 (6) To enter a state game refuge with firearms for the 38 purpose of pursuing or killing a bear except under the 39 direct supervision of department personnel;
- 40 (7) To hunt bear with dogs during seasons other than those designated for such purpose by the department of natural resources; after a bear is spotted and the chase has begun, to pursue the bear with other than the pack of dogs in use at the beginning of the hunt;
 - (8) To train bear hunting dogs on bear or to cause dogs to chase bear at times other than those designated by the department of natural resources for the hunting of bear;
 - (9) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections twentythree and twenty-four of this article, for any person to organize for commercial purposes, or to professionally outfit a bear hunt or to give or receive any consideration whatsoever or any donation in money, goods or services in connection with a bear hunt;
 - (10) For any person, who is not a resident of this state, to hunt bear with dogs or to use dogs in any fashion for the purpose of hunting bear in this state, except in legally authorized hunts.
- 59 (b) The following shall apply to bear destroying 60 property:
- 61 (1) Any property owner including a lessee, who has suffered damage to real or personal property including 62 loss occasioned by the death of livestock or the injury 63 thereto or the unborn issue thereof, caused by an act of 64 a bear may complain to any conservation officer of the 65 department of natural resources, for the protection 66 against such bear. Upon receipt of the complaint, such 67 officer shall immediately proceed to investigate the 68 circumstances giving rise to such complaint, and if such 69 officer is unable to personally investigate the complaint, 70 he shall designate a wildlife biologist to investigate on 71 his behalf and if the complaint is found to be justified, 72 such officer or designated person, may, together with 73 the owner and other residents, proceed to hunt and 74 destroy or capture the bear which is determined to have 75

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caused the property damage: Provided, That only the conservation officer or the wildlife biologist shall determine whether the bear shall be destroyed or captured. Notwithstanding any provision of this article, if it is determined that the complaint is justified, the officer or designated person may summon or use dogs from within or without this state to effectuate the hunting and destruction or capture of such bear: Provided, however, That in the event dogs from without this state are used in such hunt, the owners thereof shall be the only nonresidents permitted to participate in hunting such bear.

- (2) When a property owner has suffered damage as the result of an act by a bear, such owner shall file a report with the director of the department of natural resources, stating whether or not such bear was hunted and destroyed and if so, the sex, weight and estimated age of subject bear, and also submit to the department an appraisal of the property damage occasioned by subject bear duly signed by three competent appraisers, fixing the value of the property lost. Such report shall be ruled upon and the alleged damages examined by a commission to which it shall be referred by the department. The commission shall be composed of the complaining property owner, an officer of the department and a person to be selected by the officer of the department and the complaining property owner. The department shall by rules and regulations to be promulgated, establish the procedures to be followed in presenting and deciding claims under this section and all such claims shall be paid in the first instance from the bear damage fund provided in section forty-four-b of this article, and in the event such fund is insufficient to pay all claims determined by the commission to be just and proper the remainder due to owners of lost or destroyed property shall be paid from the special revenue account of the department of natural resources.
- (3) In all cases where the act of the bear complained of by the property owner is the killing of livestock, the value to be established is the fair market value of the livestock at the date of death, and in cases where

- 117 livestock killed is pregnant, the total value shall be the
- 118 sum of the values of the mother and the unborn issue.
- 119 with the value of the unborn issue to be determined on
- 120 the basis of the fair market value of the issue, had it
- 121 been born. In no event shall the fair market value of the
- 122 livestock exceed twice the assessed value of the livestock
- 123 for personal property taxes.
- 124 (c) Any person who kills a bear in violation of the 125 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemea-
- 126 nor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
- 127 than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 128
- dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty nor more than one hundred days, or both fined 129
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- and imprisoned; and the suspension of the person's
- 131 hunting and fishing licenses for one year.

CHAPTER 138

(H. B. 2725—By Delegates Love and Whitt)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to wildlife resources; making a false application for a license unlawful.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

- §20-2-30. Application and statement of eligibility for licenses; procuring license in violation of chapter.
 - It shall be the duty of every person who makes 1
 - application for or procures any class of license for 2
 - himself or another to inform correctly the issuing

4 authority that the applicant is eligible and fulfills the prerequisites of this chapter in respect to age, citizen-5 ship and residence which are necessary to entitle such 6 7 person to have and hold the class of license applied for. 8 In the case of an alien, the applicant shall produce the permit issued by the director. The possession of any 9 class of license by any licensee shall presume that such 10 licensee or his agent has duly informed the issuing 11 authority that the licensee in question was eligible to 12 13 have, hold and procure the class of license so issued. It 14 shall be unlawful for any person to make false applica-15 tion for or procure a license in violation of the provisions 16 of this chapter. It shall not be necessary for the state to prove, in any proceeding for an offense hereunder, 17 18 that false statements were or were not made, if it be 19 established that the licensee possessed a class of license 20 he was not entitled to possess, or the license procured by the offender for another was of a class the licensee 21 22 was not entitled to possess.

CHAPTER 139

(H. B. 2192—By Delegates Love and Givens)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-a, relating to prohibiting the issuance of a hunting license to persons unless the person submits a certificate of training, another state's certificate of training or a statement that the person has previously held a hunting license; establishing a course in firearm and bow and arrow safety; providing for a certificate of training to be issued upon completion thereof; and providing credit toward license reinstatement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended,

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be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirty-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-30a. Certificate of training.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 2 article, no hunting license may be issued to any person 3 unless the person submits to the person authorized to 4 issue hunting licenses either:
 - (1) A certificate of training as provided for in this section or proof of completion of any course which promotes as a major objective, safety in the handling of firearms and of bow and arrows and which course is approved by the Hunter Education Association;
- 10 (2) A certificate of training issued by another state or Canadian province; or
- 12 (3) An affidavit to be included on the license applica-13 tion form and signed by the person applying for a 14 hunting license, stating that the person has held a 15 hunting license issued by this or another state or 16 Canadian province in a prior year. The provision of this 17 section shall become effective the first day of January, 18 one thousand nine hundred ninety.
 - (b) The director shall establish a course in the safe handling of firearms and of bows and arrows, such as the course approved by the Hunter Education Association. This course shall be given at least once per year in each county in this state and shall be taught by instructors certified by the director. In establishing and conducting this course, the director may cooperate with any reputable association or organization which promotes as a major objective, safety in the handling of firearms and of bows and arrows: Provided, That any person holding a class A-L or AB-L lifetime resident license obtained prior to his or her fifteenth birthday shall be required to obtain a certificate of training as provided for in this section. This course of instruction shall be offered without charge, except for materials or ammunition consumed. Upon satisfactory completion of the course, each person instructed in the course shall be

- issued a certification of training for the purposes of complying with the requirements of subsection (a) of this section. The certificate shall be in the form prescribed by the director and shall be valid for hunting license application purposes.
 - (c) (1) Upon satisfactory completion of this course, any person whose hunting license has been revoked for a violation of the provisions of this chapter of the code may petition the director for a reduction of his revocation time. However, under no circumstances may the time be reduced to less than one year.
 - (2) Successful completion of this course shall be required to consider the reinstatement of a hunting license of any person whose license has been revoked due to a conviction for negligent shooting of a human being or of livestock under the provisions of section fifty-seven of this article or of section eleven, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code, and who petitions the director for an early reinstatement of his hunting privileges. Such a petitioner shall also comply with the other requirements for consideration of reinstatement contained in section thirty-eight of this article.

Nothing herein contained shall mandate that any county school district in the state be responsible for implementing hunter safety education programs.

CHAPTER 140

(H. B. 2095—By Delegates Murphy and Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-four, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to using interest accrued from game and fish license fees for the department of natural resources in the same manner as license fees are used.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section thirty-four, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-34. Disposition of license fees; reports of agents; special funds and uses.

1 All persons in this state who receive money for 2 licenses and permits required by this chapter shall, on 3 the first day of each month, pay over to the director all moneys so collected by them during the preceding 4 5 month. Such payment shall be accompanied by a report 6 showing, in the case of license money, the name of the 7 county, the class of license sold, the names and addresses 8 of the persons paying the same, the date of the receipt 9 thereof, the signature of the person receiving and 10 remitting such funds, and such other information as the 11 director may deem necessary.

Except where other provisions of this chapter specifically require and direct payment of any such moneys into designated funds for specific uses and purposes, all moneys so received by the director hereunder shall be by him promptly paid into the state treasury and shall be credited to the department of natural resources and shall be further credited to and kept in a separate fund designated "license fund—wildlife resources" which shall be used and paid out, upon order of the director solely for law enforcement and for purposes directly relating to the conservation, protection, propagation and distribution of wildlife in this state pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

No funds from the "license fund—wildlife resources" shall be expended for recreational facilities or activities that are used by or for the benefit of the general public, rather than purchasers of hunting and fishing licenses.

Of the annual license fund income, the director shall retain ten percent for capital improvements and land purchases benefiting state wildlife, forty percent shall be budgeted to the wildlife resources division, forty percent to law enforcement and ten percent apportioned

- by the director within provisions of this section. Any unexpended moneys for capital improvements and land purchases shall be carried forward.
- All interest generated from game and fish license fees after the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, shall be used by the director for the department of natural resources in the same manner as is provided for the use of license fees.

CHAPTER 141

(H. B. 2354—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed March 21, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four, relating to free fishing days.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-four to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-44. Free fishing days.

- The director may designate up to two days each year as free sport fishing days. On a designated free fishing day, an individual is entitled to fish for all legal fish in all counties of the state without having a Class B, Class F, Class I or Class O license and without the payment of any license fee, subject to the same privileges and
- 7 restrictions applicable to a holder of any such license.

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CHAPTER 142

(H. B. 2191—By Delegates Love and Givens)

[Passed March 22, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section forty-six-j, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to permitting the use of muzzle-loaded pistols under provisions for muzzle-loading deer hunting licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section forty-six-j, article two, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. WILDLIFE RESOURCES.

§20-2-46j. Class V resident and Class VV nonresident muzzle-loading deer hunting licenses.

There shall be a special season of at least three days each year for the taking of deer with muzzle-loading

each year for the taking of deer with muzzle-loading firearms, either rifles or pistols, to be set at such time

firearms, either rifles or pistols, to be set at such time and to be of such duration as determined by the

5 commission: Provided, That such special season shall not

6 be set prior to the regular season for the taking of deer

7 with firearms. For a minimum of two days during this

8 season, deer of either sex may be taken with muzzle-

9 loading firearms in all counties open for the taking of

10 antlerless deer as provided in section forty-six-b of this

11 article. Antlered deer only may be taken in all other

12 counties open for the taking of deer with firearms.

Only single shot muzzle-loading firearms with iron sights having a bore diameter of no less than forty-four one-hundredths inch shall be legal firearms for the taking of deer during the special season provided herein.

17 In a calendar year, a hunter who has previously killed

18 more than one deer may hunt for and take only antlered

19 deer during the special season provided herein.

The special season provided herein shall be concurrent with all other seasons designated for the taking of game.

Any person wishing to hunt for and kill deer during 22 23 the special muzzle-loading season must possess a valid 24 Class V or Class VV license, except that this require-25 ment shall not apply to a resident of West Virginia who is not required to obtain a license or permit to hunt as 26 27 provided in this chapter. A Class V license shall be a 28 resident muzzle-loading deer hunting license. A Class 29 VV license shall be a nonresident muzzle-loading deer hunting license. The licenses shall be issued in a form 30 prescribed by the director, shall be in addition to a Class 31 A. Class AB or Class E license and shall be valid only 32 when accompanied thereby. The fee for the Class V 33 license shall be five dollars. The fee for the Class VV 34 license shall be ten dollars. 35

CHAPTER 143

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2357—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article two-b, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article two-b, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2B. WILDLIFE ENDOWMENT FUND.

§20-2B-7. Lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses created.

- Pursuant to section three of this article the following
- 2 lifetime hunting, fishing and trapping licenses are
- 3 hereby created and, for the lifetime of the licensee, shall
- 4 serve in lieu of the equivalent annual license:

- 5 (a) A Class A-L lifetime resident statewide hunting
 6 and trapping license, the fee for which shall be two
 7 hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be one
 8 hundred dollars for any resident who has not reached
 9 his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified
 10 birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall
 11 be submitted with the license application;
 - (b) A Class AB-L lifetime resident combination statewide hunting, fishing and trapping license, the fee for which shall be three hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be one hundred fifty dollars for any resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application;
 - (c) A Class B-L lifetime resident statewide fishing license, the fee for which shall be two hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be one hundred dollars for any resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application; and
 - (d) A Class O-L lifetime resident trout fishing license, the fee for which shall be one hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fee shall be fifty dollars for any resident who has not reached his or her second birthday; for proof of age, a certified birth certificate or other notarized record of birth shall be submitted with the license application.

CHAPTER 144

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 58—By Senators Parker, Chernenko, Brackenrich and Hawse)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five, six, seven, ten and eleven, article three, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to changing permitted times and procedures for open burning; use of a safety strip; misdemeanor offense created; increasing fines and penalties; regulating underground coal fires; and providing that landowners exercise all means to extinguish forest fires.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five, six, seven, ten and eleven, article three, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FORESTS AND WILDLIFE AREAS.

- §20-3-5. Forest fire seasons; permits for fires; prohibited fires; closure of forests.
- §20-3-6. Failure of person to extinguish fire started or used by him; throwing lighted material on forest land.
- §20-3-7. Starting fire on lands of another; penalties.
- §20-3-10. Spark arresters for sawmills, etc.; risk and hazard reduction to protect against fires; underground coal fires.
- §20-3-11. Recovery of costs incurred in fighting fires; landowners responsibility to extinguish fires.

§20-3-5. Forest fire seasons; permits for fires; prohibited fires; closure of forests.

- 1 The periods of each year between March first and
- 2 May thirty-first, inclusive, and October first and
- 3 December thirty-first, inclusive, are hereby designated
- 4 as forest fire seasons. No person shall during any such
- 5 fire season, except between the hours of four o'clock p.m.
- 6 and seven o'clock a.m. prevailing time, set on fire or
- 7 cause to be set on fire any forest land, or any grass,
- 8 grain, stubble, slash, debris, or other inflammable
- 9 materials. Any fire set during this time shall be
- 10 extinguished prior to seven o'clock a.m. prevailing time.
- 11 Such prohibition of fires between seven o'clock a.m. and
- 12 four o'clock p.m. prevailing time shall not be construed
- to include (1) small fires set for the purpose of food preparation, or providing light or warmth around which
- 14 preparation, or providing light or warmth around which 15 all grass, brush, stubble, or other debris has been
- all grass, brush, stubble, or other debris has been removed for a distance of ten feet from the fire, and (2)
- removed for a distance of ten feet from the fire, and (2)
- 17 burning which may be conducted at any time when the
- 18 ground surrounding the burning site is covered by one

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inch or more of snow. Any person who sets or causes to be set any fire permitted by this section shall not leave such fire unattended for any period of time.

The director or his designated appointees or employees may issue permits authorizing fires prohibited by the preceding paragraph. Such permits may be granted on such conditions and for such periods of time as the director deems necessary to prevent danger from fire to life or property, and noncompliance with any term of the permit shall be a violation of this section. Any permit which was obtained through willful misrepresentation shall be invalid. All permit holders shall take all necessary and adequate precautions to confine and control any fire permitted by the authorization; failure to take such action shall be a violation of this section and shall be justification for the director or his duly authorized representative to cancel the permit.

When the director considers it necessary to prevent danger from fire to life or property, he may, with the prior approval of the governor, prohibit the starting of and require the extinguishment of any fire in any area designated by the director, and such action may include any fire for which a permit has been issued under the preceding paragraph. In addition, if so deemed necessary, the director may, with the prior approval of the governor, designate any forest area as a danger area and prohibit entry thereon or use thereof except for the purposes and on the conditions he designates. The director by proclamation shall establish such areas and designate which fires are prohibited therein; and if a danger area is established, he shall announce the purposes for which and conditions under which entry thereon or use thereof may be made. Action hereunder may be taken by the director at any time during the year. Notice of any proclamation hereunder shall be furnished to newspapers, radio stations and television stations which serve the area designated. The proclamation shall not be effective until twenty-four hours after it is proclaimed. Any proclamation hereunder shall remain in force until the director, with the approval of the governor, by order terminates it. The order shall

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- designate the time of termination, and notice of any such order shall be furnished to each newspaper, radio station and television station which received a copy of the proclamation. Any person who starts or fails to extinguish a fire so prohibited or enters or uses a danger area otherwise than permitted shall be guilty of a violation of this section.
- 67 No burning allowed by this section may be done unless 68 all inflammable material has been removed from 69 around the material to be burned as a safety strip for 70 a distance which ensures that the fire will not escape 71 and which is no less than ten feet. Any person or his 72 agent or employee who sets or causes to be set any fire 73 at any time in the use and occupation of any land on 74 which the burning was being done is in violation of this 75 section if fire escapes beyond the safety strip and shall 76 be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§20-3-6. Failure of person to extinguish fire started or used by him; throwing lighted material on forest land.

Any person who, by himself, or by his employees, agents or guides, or as an employee, agent or guide of any other person, shall at any time build or use any fire in any field, in any public or private road, or in any area adjacent to or in any forest land in this state, shall, before leaving such fire for any period of time, totally extinguish the same.

A person shall not at any time throw or place any lighted match, cigar, cigarette, firecracker or lighted material on any forest land, private road, public highway or railroad right-of-way within this state.

Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§20-3-7. Starting fire on lands of another; penalties.

- Any person who willfully sets or causes to be set on fire any forest land, grass, grain, stubble, brush, slash, debris, or any other inflammable substance upon the
- 4 property of another without his consent, or in a place
- 5 from which it is reasonable to expect that the fire may

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- 6 spread to the property of another without his consent,
- 7 and as a result of either causes damage or destruction
- 8 to any natural resources in or on the other person's
- 9 property, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction
- 10 thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars
- 11 nor more than five thousand dollars, or be imprisoned
- 12 for not less than one year nor more than five years, or
- 13 both, in the discretion of the court.

§20-3-10. Spark arresters for sawmills, etc.; risk and hazard reduction to protect against fires; underground coal fires.

1 No person, firm or corporation shall use or operate on 2 land subject to fire by any cause, a sawmill, a power 3 shovel, or an engine or machine capable of throwing 4 sparks, unless the equipment is provided with an 5 approved spark arrester. Escape of fire from such equipment shall be prima facie evidence that such 6 appliance was not maintained properly in compliance 7 8 with this section.

9 Any person, firm or corporation owning any land and 10 knowing of inflammable waste disposal on said land, 11 and any person, firm or corporation using any land for 12 the purpose of inflammable waste disposal, shall remove 13 annually all grass, brush, debris and other inflammable 14 material adjacent to such disposal areas to provide adequate protection to prevent the escape of fire to 15 adjacent lands. Escape of fire from any such disposal 16 17 area shall be prima facie evidence that this section had not been complied with. 18

Any person, firm or corporation owning or leasing any mineral interests and knowing of underground coal being on fire under that land shall between the first of November and the thirty-first of December of each year clear away all inflammable material within forty feet of any mine break or other opening through which the fire could escape to the surface. Any person, firm or corporation owning any underground mineral interests shall use all practical means to confine, extinguish or suppress any such fire in such underground minerals.

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Any person, firm or corporation violating any provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

§20-3-11. Recovery of costs incurred in fighting fires; landowners responsibility to extinguish fires.

1 The director shall, in the name of the state, recover 2 from the person or persons, firms or corporations whose 3 negligence or whose violation of any provision of this article caused any fire at any time on grass or forest 4 5 land, the amount expended by the state for the personal 6 services of persons especially employed under the 7 provisions of section four of this article to control, 8 confine, extinguish or suppress such fire, and the costs 9 associated therewith, including payment for the per-10 sonal services rendered by full-time state department of 11 natural resources employees, operating costs of state 12 equipment used and costs related thereto in controlling, 13 confining, extinguishing or suppressing such fire. Such 14 recovery shall not bar an action for damages by any 15 other person.

Any such fire which was caused by a trespasser or by a person who was upon the property without the consent of the owner shall not be deemed caused by the negligence of the owner; but the owner shall use all practical means to confine, extinguish or suppress any such fire on his land even though it was caused by any such person. If he fails to do so, after becoming aware of such fire, the director shall, in the name of the state, recover from him amounts expended by the state for the personal services of persons especially employed under the provisions of section four of this article to control, confine, extinguish or suppress such fire and the costs associated therewith, including payment for the personal services rendered by full-time state department of natural resources employees, operating costs of state equipment used and costs related thereto in controlling, confining, extinguishing or suppressing such fire.

Any time that a landowner, his or her agent or employee is aware of a fire on the landowner's property, the landowner shall use all practical means to confine, extinguish or suppress the fire.

CHAPTER 145

(H. B. 2224—By Delegates M. Burke and Stemple)

[Passed March 22, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections twenty-five and twenty-nine, article three, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to including the State of Ohio in the Middle Atlantic Interstate Forest Fire Protection Compact.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections twenty-five and twenty-nine, article three. chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. FORESTS AND WILDLIFE AREAS.

§20-3-25. Governor's authority to execute.

§20-3-29. Other powers supplementary.

PART III. MIDDLE ATLANTIC INTERSTATE FOREST FIRE PROTECTION COMPACT.

§20-3-25. Governor's authority to execute.

1 The governor of West Virginia, on behalf of this state, 2 is hereby authorized to execute a compact in substantially the following form, with any one or more of the 3 states of Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, 4 Pennsylvania and Virginia, and the Legislature hereby 5 signifies in advance its approval and ratification of such 6 7 compact:

8 MIDDLE ATLANTIC INTERSTATE FOREST FIRE PROTECTION COMPACT 9

ARTICLE I.

10 The purpose of this compact is to promote effective 11 prevention and control of forest fires in the middle 12 Atlantic region of the United States by the development 13 of integrated forest fire plans, by the maintenance of 14 adequate forest fire-fighting services by the member 15 states, and by providing for mutual aid in fighting forest 16

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fires among the compacting states of the region and with states which are party to other regional forest fire protection compacts or agreements.

20 ARTICLE II.

This compact shall become operative immediately as to those states ratifying it whenever any two or more of the states of Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia which are contiguous have ratified it and Congress has given consent thereto.

ARTICLE III.

In each state, the state forester or officer holding the equivalent position who is responsible for forest fire control shall act as compact administrator for that state and shall consult with like officials of the other member states and shall implement cooperation between such states in forest fire prevention and control.

The compact administrators of the member states shall organize to coordinate the services of the member states and provide administrative integration in carrying out the purposes of this compact.

The compact administrators shall formulate and, in accordance with need, from time to time, revise a regional forest fire plan for the member states.

It shall be the duty of each member state to formulate and put in effect a forest fire plan for that state and take such measures as may be necessary to integrate such forest fire plan with the regional forest fire plan formulated by the compact administrators.

ARTICLE IV.

Whenever the state forest fire control agency of a member state requests aid from the state forest fire control agency of any other member state in combating, controlling or preventing forest fires, it shall be the duty of the state forest fire control agency of that state to render all possible aid to the requesting agency which is consonant with the maintenance of protection at home.

ARTICLE V.

Whenever the forces of any member state are rendering outside aid pursuant to the request of another member state under this compact, the employees of such state shall, under the direction of the officers of the state to which they are rendering aid, have the same powers (except the power of arrest), duties, rights, privileges and immunities as comparable employees of the state to which they are rendering aid.

No member state or its officers or employees rendering outside aid pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission on the part of such forces while so engaged, or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith.

All liability, except as otherwise provided hereinafter, that may arise either under the laws of the requesting state or under the laws of the aiding state or under the laws of a third state on account of or in connection with a request for aid, shall be assumed and borne by the requesting state.

Any member state rendering outside aid pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the member state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to, or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid, and for the cost of all materials, transportation, wages, salaries, and maintenance of employees and equipment incurred in connection with such request: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall prevent any assisting member state from assuming such loss, damage, expense or other costs or from loaning such equipment or from donating such services to the receiving member state without charge or cost.

Each member state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured employees and the representatives of deceased employees in case employees sustain injuries or are killed while rendering outside aid pursuant to this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within such state: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed as relieving any

person from liability for his own negligent act or
omission, or as imposing liability for such negligent act
or omission upon any state.

For the purposes of this compact the term "employee" shall include any volunteer or auxiliary legally included within the forest fire-fighting forces of the aiding state under the laws thereof.

The compact administrators shall formulate procedures for claims and reimbursement under the provisions of this article, in accordance with the laws of the member states.

ARTICLE VI.

Nothing in this compact shall be construed to auth-orize or permit any member state to curtail or diminish its forest fire-fighting forces, equipment, services or facilities, and it shall be the duty and responsibility of each member state to maintain adequate forest fire-fighting forces and equipment to meet demands for forest fire protection within its borders in the same manner and to the same extent as if this compact were not operative.

Nothing in this compact shall be construed to limit or restrict the powers of any state ratifying the same to provide for the prevention, control and extinguishment of forest fires, or to prohibit the enactment or enforcement of state laws, rules or regulations intended to aid in such prevention, control and extinguishment in such state.

Nothing in this compact shall be construed to affect any existing or future cooperative relationship or arrangement between the United States forest service and a member state or states.

ARTICLE VII.

The compact administrators may request the United States forest service to act as the primary research and coordinating agency of the middle Atlantic interstate forest fire protection compact in cooperation with the appropriate agencies in each state, and the United States forest service may accept the initial responsibility in preparing and presenting to the compact administra-

135	tors its recommendations with respect to the regiona
136	fire plan. Representatives of the United States forest
137	service may attend meetings of the compact

service may attend meetings of the compact

138 administrators.

139 ARTICLE VIII.

140 The provisions of articles four and five of this compact 141 which relate to mutual aid in combating, controlling or 142 preventing forest fires shall be operative as between any 143 state party to this compact and any other state which 144 is party to a regional forest fire protection compact in 145 another region: Provided, That the Legislature of such 146 other state shall have given its assent to such mutual aid 147 provisions of this compact.

ARTICLE IX.

149 This compact shall continue in force and remain binding on each state ratifying it until the Legislature 150 151 or the governor of such state takes action to withdraw therefrom. Such action shall not be effective until six 152 153 months after notice thereof has been sent by the chief executive of the state desiring to withdraw to the chief 154 155 executive of all states then parties to the compact.

§20-3-29. Other powers supplementary.

Any powers herein granted to the state forester shall 1 2 be regarded as in aid of and supplemental to, and in no case a limitation upon, any of the powers vested in said 3 director by other laws of the State of West Virginia or 4 by the laws of the State of Delaware, Maryland, New 5 Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia, or by the 6 7 Congress or the terms of said compact.

CHAPTER 146

(H. B. 2677—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, relating to form of application for permit under the water pollution control act; information required; water quality management fund established; permit application fees; annual permit fees; dedication of proceeds; rules and regulations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT.

§20-5A-6. Form of application for permit; information required.

§20-5A-6a. Water quality management fund established; permit application fees; annual permit fees; dedication of proceeds; rules and regulations.

§20-5A-6. Form of application for permit; information required.

1 The chief shall prescribe a form of application for all

2 permits for any activity specified in section five of this

article and, notwithstanding any other provision of law 3

4 to the contrary, no other discharge permit or discharge

5 authorization from any other state department, agency.

commission, board or officer shall be required for such 6

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activity except that which is required from the depart-

8 ment of mines by the provisions of chapter twenty-two

of this code. All applications must be submitted on a 9 10 form as prescribed above. An applicant shall furnish all

information reasonably required by any such form,

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12 including without limiting the generality of the forego-

ing, a plan of maintenance and proposed method of 13

operation of the activity or activities. Until all such 14

15 required information is furnished, an application shall

16 not be considered a complete application. The chief and

board shall protect any information (other than effluent 17

18 data) contained in such permit application form, or

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- 19 other records, reports or plans as confidential upon a
- 20 showing by any person that such information, if made
- 21 public, would divulge methods or processes entitled to
- 22 protection as trade secrets of such person. If, however,
- 23 the information being considered for confidential
- treatment is contained in a national pollutant discharge 24 25
- elimination form, the chief or board shall forward such
- 26 information to the regional administrator of the United
- 27 States environmental protection agency for his concur-
- 28 rence in any determination of confidentiality.

§20-5A-6a. Water quality management fund established; permit application fees; annual permit fees; dedication of proceeds; rules and regulations.

- (a) A special revenue fund designated the "Water Quality Management Fund" shall be established in the state treasury on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 5 (b) The permit application fees and annual permit fees 6 established and collected pursuant to this section shall 7 be deposited into the water quality management fund. 8 The director shall expend the proceeds of the water 9 quality management fund for the review of initial 10 permit applications, renewal permit applications and 11 permit issuance activities.
 - (c) The director shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to establish a schedule of application fees for which the appropriate fee shall be submitted by the applicant to the department with the application filed pursuant to this article for any state water pollution control permit or national pollutant discharge elimination system permit. Such schedule of application fees shall be designed to establish reasonable categories of permit application fees based upon the complexity of the permit application review process required by the department pursuant to the provisions of this article and the rules promulgated thereunder: Provided, That no initial application fee shall exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars for any facility nor shall any permit renewal

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application fee exceed two thousand five hundred dollars. The department shall not process any permit application pursuant to this article until said permit application fee has been received.

- 31 (d) The director shall promulgate rules in accordance 32 with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to establish a schedule of annual permit fees which shall 33 34 be assessed annually upon each person holding a state water pollution control permit or national pollutant 35 36 discharge elimination system permit issued pursuant to 37 this article. Each person holding such a permit shall pay 38 the prescribed annual permit fee to the department 39 pursuant to the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder. Such schedule of annual permit fees shall be 40 41 designed to establish reasonable categories of annual 42 permit fees based upon the relative potential of such categories or permits to degrade the waters of the state: 43 Provided, That no annual permit fee may exceed two 44 45 thousand five hundred dollars. Any such permit issued pursuant to this article shall be void when the annual 46 permit fee is more than one hundred eighty days past 47 48 due pursuant to the rules promulgated hereunder.
 - (e) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to fees required for permits issued under article three, chapter twenty-two-a of this code.

CHAPTER 147

(H. B. 2761—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections five and twenty-four, article five-c, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the West Virginia water development authority by adding thereto provisions authorizing the refinancing of certain existing debt of local governmental agencies and increasing the limit on

borrowing by the water development authority from one hundred million dollars to two hundred million dollars.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and twenty-four, article five-c, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. WEST VIRGINIA WATER DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

§20-5C-5. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., water development projects; loans to governmental agencies shall be subject to terms of loan agreements.

§20-5C-24. Authorized limit on borrowing.

§20-5C-5. Authority may construct, finance, maintain, etc., water development projects; loans to governmental agencies shall be subject to terms of loan agreements.

To accomplish the public policies and purposes and to 1 2 meet the responsibility of the state as set forth in this 3 article, the West Virginia water development authority may initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and 4 5 operate water development projects or cause the same 6 to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease or agree-7 ment with any person or governmental agency; may 8 make loans and grants to governmental agencies for the 9 acquisition or construction of water development projects by such governmental agencies, which loans 10 may include amounts to refinance debt issued for 11 existing water development projects of the governmen-12 13 tal agency when such refinancing is in conjunction with a loan for a new water development project: Provided, 14 15 That the amount of the refinancing may not exceed fifty percent of the loan to the governmental agency; and may 16 issue water development revenue bonds of this state, 17 payable solely from revenues, to pay the cost of, or 18 finance, in whole or in part, by loans to governmental 19 agencies, such projects. A water development project 20 shall not be undertaken unless it has been determined 21 by the authority to be consistent with any applicable 22 23 comprehensive plan of water management approved by

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24 the director of the department of natural resources or 25 in the process of preparation by such director and to be 26 consistent with the standards set by the state water 27 resources board, for the waters of the state affected 28 thereby. Any resolution of the authority providing for 29 acquiring or constructing such projects or for making 30 a loan or grant for such projects shall include a finding 31 by the authority that such determinations have been 32 made. A loan agreement shall be entered into between 33 the authority and each governmental agency to which a loan is made for the acquisition or construction of a 34 35 water development project, which loan agreement shall 36 include without limitation the following provisions:

- (1) The cost of such project, the amount of the loan, 38 the terms of repayment of such loan and the security 39 therefor, which may include, in addition to the pledge 40 of all revenues from such project after a reasonable allowance for operation and maintenance expenses, a 42 deed of trust or other appropriate security instrument 43 creating a lien on such project;
 - (2) The specific purposes for which the proceeds of the loan shall be expended including the refinancing of existing water development project debt as provided above, the procedures as to the disbursement of loan proceeds and the duties and obligations imposed upon the governmental agency in regard to the construction or acquisition of the project:
 - (3) The agreement of the governmental agency to impose, collect, and, if required to repay the obligations of such governmental agency under the loan agreement, increase, service charges from persons using said project, which service charges shall be pledged for the repayment of such loan together with all interest, fees and charges thereon and all other financial obligations of such governmental agency under the loan agreement; and
 - (4) The agreement of the governmental agency to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations issued by the authority or other state, federal and local

bodies in regard to the construction, operation, maintenance and use of the project.

§20-5C-24. Authorized limit on borrowing.

1 The aggregate principal amount of bonds and notes 2 issued by the authority shall not exceed two hundred 3 million dollars outstanding at any one time: Provided, 4 That in computing the total amount of bonds and notes 5 which may at any one time be outstanding, the principal 6 amount of any outstanding bonds or notes refunded or 7 to be refunded either by application of the proceeds of 8 the sale of any refunding bonds or notes of the authority 9 or by exchange for any such refunding bonds or notes, 10 shall be excluded.

CHAPTER 148

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 262—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, fourteen and sixteen, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article five-e by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and twenty-four; and to amend and reenact sections two and six, article five-f of said chapter twenty, all relating to solid and hazardous waste management generally; declaration of hazardous waste management policy; legislative findings and purposes; definitions; designation of department of natural resources as the state hazardous waste management lead agency; powers and duties of director, department of natural resources; integration with other acts; establishment of study of hazardous waste management; promulgation of regulations by director, department of natural resources; authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies; corrective action; enforcement orders; hearings; civil penalties and

injunctive relief; financial responsibility provisions; solid waste management definitions; order, inspections and enforcement; and civil and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, six, seven, fourteen and sixteen, article five-e, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article five-e be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and twenty-four; and that sections two and six, article five-f of said chapter twenty be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

Article

- 5E. Hazardous Waste Mangement Act.
- 5F. Solid Waste Management Act.

ARTICLE 5E. HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

- §20-5E-2. Declaration of policy.
- §20-5E-3. Definitions.
- §20-5E-4. Designation of department of natural resources as the state hazardous waste management lead agency.
- §20-5E-5. Powers and duties of director; integration with other acts; establishment of study of hazardous waste management.
- §20-5E-6. Promulgation of regulations by director.
- §20-5E-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.
- §20-5E-8a. Corrective action.
- §20-5E-14. Enforcement orders; hearings.
- §20-5E-16. Civil penalties and injunctive relief.
- §20-5E-24. Financial responsibility provisions.

§20-5E-2. Declaration of policy.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that:
- 2 (1) Continuing technological progress and increases in
- 3 the amount of manufacture and the abatement of air
- 4 and water pollution have resulted in ever increasing
- 5 quantities of hazardous wastes;
- 6 (2) The public health and safety and the environment
- 7 are threatened where hazardous wastes are not man-
- 8 aged in an environmentally sound manner;
- 9 (3) The knowledge and technology necessary for

- alleviating adverse health, environmental and aesthetic impacts resulting from current hazardous waste management and disposal practices are generally available;
- 13 (4) The manufacture, refinement, processing, treat-14 ment and use of coal, raw chemicals, ores, petroleum, 15 gas and other natural and synthetic products are 16 activities that make a significant contribution to the 17 economy of this state; and
- 18 (5) The problem of managing hazardous wastes has become a matter of statewide concern.
- 20 (b) Therefore, it is hereby declared that the purposes 21 of this article are:
- 22 (1) To protect the public health and safety, and the 23 environment from the effects of the improper, inade-24 quate or unsound management of hazardous wastes;
- 25 (2) To establish a program of regulation over the 26 storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of 27 hazardous wastes;
- 28 (3) To assure the safe and adequate management of hazardous wastes within this state; and
- 30 (4) To assume regulatory primacy through Subtitle C 31 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

§20-5E-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (1) "Chief" means the chief of the division of waste 4 management of the department of natural resources;
- 5 (2) "Director" means the director of the department of natural resources;
- 7 (3) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, 8 dumping, spilling, leaking or placing of any hazardous 9 waste into or on any land or water so that such 10 hazardous waste or any constituent thereof may enter 11 the environment or be emitted into the air, or discharged into any waters, including ground waters;
- 13 (4) "Division" means the division of waste management of the department of natural resources;

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- 15 (5) "Generation" means the act or process of produc-16 ing hazardous waste materials:
- 17 (6) "Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 18 1984" means the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste 19 Amendments of 1984 (P.L. 98-616) amending the 20 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;
- 21 (7) "Hazardous waste" means a waste or combination 22 of wastes, which because of its quantity, concentration 23 or physical, chemical or infectious characteristics, may 24 (A) cause, or significantly contribute to, an increase in 25 mortality or an increase in serious irreversible, or incapacitating reversible, illness; or (B) pose a substan-26 27 tial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, trans-28 29 ported, disposed of or otherwise managed;
 - (8) "Hazardous waste fuel" means fuel produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a), section six of this article, or produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed pursuant to section six;
 - (9) "Hazardous waste management" means the systematic control of the collection, source separation, storage, transportation, processing, treatment, recovery and disposal of hazardous wastes;
 - (10) "Land disposal" means any placement of hazardous waste in a landfill, surface impoundment, waste pile, injection well, land treatment facility, salt dome formation, salt bed formation, or underground mine or cave:
 - (11) "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity, composition and the origin, routing and destination of hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of generation to the point of disposal, treatment or storage;
 - (12) "Person" means any individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, public, private or government corporation, partnership, association, state or federal agency, the United States government, this state or any other

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- state, municipality, county commission or any other political subdivision of a state or any interstate body;
- 55 (13) "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" 56 means the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery 57 Act of 1976, 90 Stat. 2806, as amended;
 - (14) "Storage" means the containment of hazardous waste, either on a temporary basis or for a period of years, in such a manner as not to constitute disposal of such hazardous waste:
 - (15) "Subtitle C" means Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act;
 - (16) "Treatment" means any method, technique or process, including neutralization, designed to change the physical, chemical or biological character or composition of any hazardous waste so as to neutralize such waste or so as to render such waste nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable to recovery, amenable to storage or reduced in volume. Such term includes any activity or processing designed to change the physical form or chemical composition of hazardous waste so as to render it nonhazardous;
- 74 (17) "Waste" means any garbage, refuse, sludge from 75 a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility and other discarded 76 77 material including solid, liquid, semisolid or contained gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, 78 mining and agricultural operations, and from commun-79 ity activities, but does not include solid or dissolved 80 material in domestic sewage, or solid or dissolved 81 materials in irrigation return flows or industrial 82 discharges which are point sources subject to permits 83 under section 402 of the federal Water Pollution Control 84 Act, as amended, or source, special nuclear or by-85 product material as defined by the federal Atomic 86 87 Energy Act of 1954, as amended.
- §20-5E-4. Designation of department of natural resources as the state hazardous waste management lead agency.
 - 1 The department of natural resources is hereby

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- 2 designated as the hazardous waste management lead agency for this state for purposes of Subtitle C of the 3 4 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and is hereby 5 authorized to take all action necessary or appropriate to secure to this state the benefits of said legislation. In 6 7 carrying out the purposes of this article, the director is 8 hereby authorized to cooperate with the federal envir-9 onmental protection agency and other agencies of the 10 federal government, this state and other states, and 11 other interested persons in all matters relating to 12 hazardous waste management.
- §20-5E-5. Powers and duties of director; integration with other acts; establishment of study of hazardous waste management.
 - (a) In addition to all other powers and duties prescribed in this article or otherwise by law, and unless otherwise specifically set forth in this article, the director shall perform any and all acts necessary to carry out the purposes and requirements of Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act as of the effective date of this article.
- 8 (b) The director shall integrate all provisions of this 9 article for purposes of administration and enforcement 10 and shall avoid duplication to the maximum extent 11 practicable, with the appropriate provisions of the water 12 pollution control act, article five-a of this chapter; the 13 surface mining and reclamation act, article six of this 14 chapter; the coal refuse disposal control act, article six-15 c of this chapter; the air pollution control act, article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code; the oil and gas laws 16 of article four, chapter twenty-two of this code; the 17 18 public health laws, chapter sixteen of this code; the dam 19 control act, article five-d of this chapter; the pesticide 20 use and application act of 1975, article sixteen-b, 21 chapter nineteen of this code; and the pesticide act of 1961, article sixteen-a, chapter nineteen of this code. 22
 - (c) The director may enter into any agreements, including reimbursement for services rendered, contracts or cooperative arrangements, under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate, with other state

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- agencies, educational institutions or other organizations and individuals as necessary to implement the provisions of this article.
 - (d) The director shall cooperate with and may receive and expend money from the federal government and other sources.
 - (e) Within twelve months after the effective date of this article, the director, or upon designation by the director, the chief, shall conduct and publish a study of hazardous waste management in this state which shall include, but not be limited to:
- 38 (1) A description of the sources of hazardous waste 39 generation within the state, including the types and 40 quantities of such wastes;
 - (2) A description of current hazardous waste management practices and costs, including treatment, storage and disposal within the state; and
 - (3) An inventory of existing and abandoned hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal sites.
 - (f) The director, or upon designation by the director, the chief, in preparing the study provided for in subsection (e) of this section may (1) require any owner or operator of a storage, treatment or disposal facility. or site, or any transporter or generator of hazardous wastes to furnish or permit access to any and all information that may reasonably be required to fulfill the duty imposed upon him in subsection (e) of this section, and (2) may issue subpoenas or subpoena duces tecum to compel the production of information regarding the location of any existing or abandoned hazardous waste treatment, disposal or storage site as well as production of information regarding quantity, quality and hazardous waste management practices from any generator or transporter of hazardous waste or any owner or operator of an existing or abandoned hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal site.
 - (g) The director, or upon designation by the director, the chief, shall (1) encourage, participate in and conduct an ongoing investigation and analysis of methods,

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- incentives, technologies of source reduction, reuse, recycling or recovery of potentially hazardous waste and a strategy for encouraging the utilization or reduction of hazardous waste, and (2) investigate the feasibility of operating an information clearinghouse for hazardous wastes.
- 72 (h) The director, or upon designation by the director, 73 the chief, shall provide for the continuing education and 74 training of appropriate department personnel in mat-75 ters of hazardous waste management.

§20-5E-6. Promulgation of regulations by director.

- 1 (a) The director has overall responsibility for the 2 promulgation of rules and regulations under this article. 3 Within six months of the effective date of this article the director shall promulgate the following rules and 4 regulations, in consultation with the department of 5 6 health, the air pollution control commission, the office 7 of emergency services, the public service commission, 8 the state fire marshal, the department of public safety, 9 the department of highways, the department of agricul-10 ture, the water resources board and the department of 11 mines office of oil and gas. In promulgating and revising 12 such rules and regulations the director shall comply 13 with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall avoid duplication to the maximum extent practi-14 cable with the appropriate provisions of the acts and 15 laws set out in subsection (b), section five of this article 16 and shall be consistent with but no more expansive in 17 18 coverage nor more stringent in effect than the rules and regulations promulgated by the federal environmental 19 20 protection agency pursuant to the Resource Conserva-21 tion and Recovery Act:
 - (1) Rules and regulations establishing a plan for the safe and effective management of hazardous wastes within the state;
 - (2) Rules and regulations establishing criteria for identifying the characteristics of hazardous waste, identifying the characteristics of hazardous waste and listing particular hazardous wastes which are subject to the provisions of this article: *Provided*, That:

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- 30 (A) Each waste listed below shall, except as provided in paragraph (B) of this subdivision, be subject only to 31 32 regulation under other applicable provisions of federal 33 or state law in lieu of this article until proclamation by 34 the governor finding that at least six months have elapsed since the date of submission of the applicable 35 36 study required to be conducted under section 8002 of the 37 federal Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended, and that regulations have been promulgated with respect to such 38 wastes in accordance with section 3001 (b)(3)(C) of the 39 40 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and finding in 41 the case of the wastes identified in subparagraph (iv) of 42 this paragraph that the regulation of such wastes have 43 been authorized by an act of Congress in accordance 44 with section 3001 (b)(2) of the Resource Conservation 45 and Recovery Act:
- 46 (i) Fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste and 47 flue gas emission control waste generated primarily 48 from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;
- 49 (ii) Solid waste from the extraction, beneficiation and 50 processing of ores and minerals, including phosphate 51 rock and overburden from the mining of uranium ore;
- 52 (iii) Cement kiln dust waste; and
 - (iv) Drilling fluids, produced waters and other wastes associated with the exploration, development or production of crude oil or natural gas or geothermal energy.
 - (B) Owners and operators of disposal sites for wastes listed in paragraph (A) of this subdivision may be required by the director of the department of natural resources through regulation prescribed under authority of this section:
 - (i) As to disposal sites for such wastes which are to be closed, to identify the locations of such sites through surveying, platting or other measures, together with recordation of such information on the public record, to assure that the locations where such wastes are disposed of are known and can be located in the future; and

- 67 (ii) To provide chemical and physical analysis and 68 composition of such wastes, based on available informa-69 tion, to be placed on the public record.
- 70 (3) Rules and regulations establishing such standards 71 applicable to generators of hazardous waste identified 72 or listed under this article as may be necessary to 73 protect public health and safety and the environment. 74 which standards shall establish requirements respecting 75 (A) record keeping practices that accurately identify the quantities of such hazardous waste generated, the 76 77 constituents thereof which are significant in quantity or 78 in potential harm to human health or the environment 79 and the disposition of such wastes. (B) labeling practices 80 for any containers used for the storage, transport or 81 disposal of such hazardous waste such as will identify 82 accurately such waste. (C) use of appropriate containers 83 for such hazardous waste. (D) furnishing of information 84 on the general chemical composition of such hazardous 85 wastes to persons transporting, treating, storing or 86 disposing of such wastes. (E) use of a manifest system 87 and any other reasonable means necessary to assure that 88 all such hazardous waste generated is designated for 89 treatment, storage or disposal in, and arrives at 90 treatment, storage or disposal facilities (other than 91 facilities on the premises where the waste is gener-92 ated) with respect to which permits have been issued 93 which are required (1) by this article or any rule and 94 regulation required by this article to be promulgated; 95 (2) by Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and 96 Recovery Act: (3) by the laws of any other state which 97 has an authorized hazardous waste program pursuant 98 to section 3006 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; or (4) by Title I of the federal Marine 99 100 Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act, and (F) the 101 submission of reports to the director at such times as the director deems necessary setting out the quantities 102 of hazardous wastes identified or listed under this 103 article that the generator has generated during a 104 particular time period, and the disposition of all such 105 106 hazardous waste:
 - (4) Rules and regulations establishing such perfor-

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108 mance standards applicable to owners and operators of 109 facilities for the treatment, storage or disposal of 110 hazardous waste identified or listed under this article 111 as may be necessary to protect public health and safety 112 and the environment, which standards shall, where 113 appropriate, distinguish in such standards between 114 requirements appropriate for new facilities and for 115 facilities in existence on the date of promulgation of 116 such rules and regulations and shall include, but need 117 limited to. requirements respecting: 118 (A) Maintaining records of all hazardous wastes iden-119 tified or listed under this article which are treated. 120 stored or disposed of, as the case may be, and the 121 manner in which such wastes were treated, stored or 122 disposed of: (B) satisfactory reporting, monitoring and 123 inspection and compliance with the manifest system 124 referred to in subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of this section; (C) treatment, storage or disposal of all such 125 126 waste received by the facility pursuant to such operating methods, techniques and practices as may be satisfac-127 128 tory to the director; (D) the location, design and 129 construction of such hazardous waste treatment, dispo-130 sal or storage facilities; (E) contingency plans for 131 effective action to minimize unanticipated damage from any treatment, storage or disposal of any such hazardous 132 133 waste: (F) the maintenance of operation of such facilities and requiring such additional qualifications as to 134 135 ownership, continuity of operation, training for person-136 nel and financial responsibility as may be necessary or desirable; however, no private entity may be precluded 137 138 by reason of criteria established under this subsection 139 from the ownership or operation of facilities providing 140 hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal services where such entity can provide assurances of financial 141 142 responsibility and continuity of operation consistent with the degree and duration of risks associated with the 143 treatment, storage or disposal of specified hazardous 144 waste; and (G) compliance with the requirements of 145 146 section eight of this article respecting permits for 147 treatment, storage or disposal;

(5) Rules and regulations specifying the terms and conditions under which the chief shall issue, modify,

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- suspend, revoke or deny such permits as may be required by this article;
- 152 (6) Rules and regulations for the establishment and 153 maintenance of records; the making of reports; the 154 taking of samples and the performing of tests and 155 analyses; the installing, calibrating, operating and 156 maintaining of monitoring equipment or methods; and 157 the providing of any other information as may be 158 necessary to achieve the purposes of this article:
 - (7) Rules and regulations establishing standards and procedures for the certification of personnel at hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities or sites;
- 163 (8) Rules and regulations for public participation in 164 the implementation of this article;
 - (9) Rules and regulations establishing procedures and requirements for the use of a manifest during the transport of hazardous wastes;
 - (10) Rules and regulations establishing procedures and requirements for the submission and approval of a plan, applicable to owners or operators of hazardous waste storage, treatment and disposal facilities, as necessary or desirable for closure of the facility, post-closure monitoring and maintenance, sudden and accidental occurrences and nonsudden and accidental occurrences;
 - (11) Rules and regulations establishing a schedule of fees to recover the costs of processing permit applications and permit renewals;
- 179 (12) Rules and regulations, including exemptions and 180 variances, as appropriate, (A) establishing standards 181 and prohibitions relating to the management of hazard-182 ous waste by land disposal methods; (B) establishing 183 standards and prohibitions relating to the land disposal of liquid hazardous wastes or free liquids contained in 184 hazardous wastes and any other liquids which are not 185 186 hazardous wastes; (C) establishing standards applicable to producers, distributors, or marketers of hazardous 187 waste fuels: (D) establishing such standards relating to 188

- 189 the management of used oil as may be necessary to 190 protect human health and the environment: 191 (E) establishing such standards relating to the manage-192 ment of recycled oil as may be necessary to protect 193 human health and the environment: and (F) as are 194 otherwise necessary to allow the state to assume 195 primacy for the administration of the federal hazardous 196 waste management program under the Resource Con-197 servation and Recovery Act and in particular, the 198 Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984: 199 Provided. That such rules and regulations authorized by 200 this subdivision shall be consistent with but no more 201 expansive in coverage nor more stringent in effect than 202 rules and regulations promulgated by the federal 203 environmental protection agency under Subtitle C; and
- 204 (13) Such other rules and regulations as are necessary 205 to effectuate the purposes of this article.
- 206 (b) The rules and regulations required by this article 207 to be promulgated shall be reviewed and, where 208 necessary, revised not less frequently than every three 209 years. Additionally, the rules and regulations required 210 to be promulgated by this article shall be revised, as necessary, within six months of the effective date of any 211 212 amendment of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and within six months of the effective date of anv 213 adoption or revision of rules and regulations required to 214 215 be promulgated by the Resource Conservation and 216 Recovery Act.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision in this article the director shall not promulgate rules and regulations which are more properly within the jurisdiction and expertise of any of the agencies empowered with rule-making authority pursuant to section seven of this article.

§20-5E-7. Authority and jurisdiction of other state agencies.

1 (a) The commissioner of highways, in consultation 2 with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and 3 avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable 4 with rules and regulations required to be promulgated

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87 tencies with, and avoiding duplication to the maximum 88 extent practicable with rules and regulations required 89 to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the 90 director of the department of natural resources or any 91 other rule-making authority, shall promulgate rules and 92 regulations establishing standards applicable to gener-93 ators and to permitting, licensing and operation of 94 facilities that treat, store or dispose of hazardous wastes 95 with infectious characteristics. Such rules and regula-96 tions shall specify the terms, conditions and procedures 97 under which the state director of health or his autho-98 rized representative shall issue, modify, suspend, revoke 99 or deny such permits required pursuant to those 100 regulations. Such permits as the board of health 101 regulations may require shall be issued by the state 102 director of health or his authorized representative. All 103 rules and regulations promulgated under this subsection 104 shall be promulgated in accordance with the provisions 105 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Nothing in this 106 subsection shall be construed to diminish or alter the 107 authority of the air pollution control commission or its 108 director under this article or article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code: Provided, That such permitting or 109 110 licensing required by this subsection shall be in addition 111 to those permits required by section eight of this article. 112 Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with this 113 article and shall be promulgated within six months of 114 the effective date of this article.

Any person aggrieved or adversely affected by an order of the state director of health pursuant to this article, or the denial or issuance of a permit, or the failure or refusal of said director to act within a reasonable time on an application for a permit or the terms or conditions of a permit granted under the provisions of this article, may appeal to a special hearing examiner appointed to hear contested cases in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code. All procedures for appeal and conduct of hearings shall comply with rules and regulations promulgated by the state board of health. Unless the board of health directs otherwise, the appeal hearing shall be held in the city of Charleston, Kanawha County.

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- 129 In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the state director of health elsewhere by 130 131 law with respect to hazardous waste with infectious 132 characteristics, the state director of health shall have 133 the same enforcement and inspection powers as those 134 granted to the chief, his authorized representative or 135 agent or any authorized employee or agent of the 136 department of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, 137 138 sixteen and seventeen of this article.
- (e) The director shall rely, to the maximum extent practicable, on the department of health for expertise on the adverse effects of toxic hazardous waste on human health.
 - (f) The air pollution control commission, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistencies with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of article twenty, chapter sixteen and chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall promulgate such rules and regulations establishing air pollution performance standards and permit requirements and procedures as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article. Such permits shall be in addition to those permits required by section eight of this article. All rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with this article.

The commission shall adopt regulations for the monitoring and control of air emissions at hazardous waste treatment storage and disposal facilities, including, but not limited to, open tanks, surface impoundments and landfills, as may be necessary to protect human health and the environment.

The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations establishing standards applicable to the owners and operators of facilities which burn, for purposes of energy recovery, any fuel produced from any hazardous

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169 waste identified or listed pursuant to subdivision (2), 170 subsection (a), section six of this article or which is 171 produced from any hazardous waste identified or listed 172 pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a), section six of this article and any other material, as may be necessary 173 174 to protect human health and the environment: Provided, 175 That such rules and regulations shall be consistent with 176 Subtitle C.

177 With respect to this article, and any rules or regula-178 tions promulgated pursuant thereto, the director of the 179 air pollution control commission has the same enforce-180 ment and inspection powers as those of the chief under 181 sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, 182 sixteen and seventeen of this article: Provided. That no 183 action for penalties may be initiated by the director of 184 the air pollution control commission without the 185 approval of that commission. Any person aggrieved or 186 adversely affected by an order of the director of the air 187 pollution control commission made and entered in 188 accordance with the provisions of this article, or by the 189 failure or refusal of said director to act within a 190 reasonable time on an application for a permit or by the 191 issuance or denial of or by the terms and conditions of 192 a permit granted under the provisions of this article. 193 may appeal to the air pollution control commission in 194 accordance with the procedure set forth in section six. 195 article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code, and orders 196 made and entered by said commission shall be subject 197 to judicial review in accordance with the procedures set 198 forth in section seven, article twenty, chapter sixteen of 199 this code, except that as to cases involving an order 200 granting or denying an application for a permit, 201 revoking or suspending a permit or approving or 202 modifying the terms and conditions of a permit or the 203 failure to act within a reasonable time on an application 204 for a permit, the petition for judicial review shall be 205 filed in the circuit court of Kanawha County.

(g) The director of the department of natural resources has exclusive responsibility for carrying out any requirement of this article with respect to coal mining wastes or overburden for which a permit is issued under

the surface coal mining and reclamation act of 1980, article six of this chapter.

(h) To the extent that this article relates to activities with respect to oil and gas wells, liquid injection wells and waste disposal wells now regulated by articles four, four-b and seven, chapter twenty-two of this code, the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board has the jurisdiction with respect to the regulation of such activities and shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to comply with the requirements of this article: *Provided*, That nothing in this subsection may be construed to diminish or alter the authority and responsibility of the chief or the water resources board under articles five and five-a, chapter twenty of this code.

In lieu of those enforcement and inspection powers conferred upon the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board elsewhere by law, with respect to hazardous wastes, the administrator of the office of oil and gas and the shallow gas-well review board have the same enforcement and inspection powers as those granted to the chief, his authorized representative or agent or any authorized employee or agent of the department of natural resources, as the case may be, under sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this article.

- (i) The water resources board, in consultation with the director, and avoiding inconsistency with and avoiding duplication to the maximum extent practicable with rules and regulations required to be promulgated pursuant to this article by the director or any other rule-making authority, and in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, shall, as necessary, promulgate rules and regulations governing discharges into the waters of this state of hazardous waste resulting from the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste as may be required by this article. Such rules and regulations shall be consistent with this article.
- 248 (j) All rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to 249 this section shall be consistent with rules and regula-

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- tions promulgated by the federal environmental protection agency pursuant to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.
- (k) The director shall submit his written comments to the legislative rule-making review committee regarding all rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this article.

§20-5E-8a. Corrective action.

- 1 (a) All permits issued after the date the state is 2 delegated authority by the federal environmental 3 protection agency to administer the portion of the federal hazardous waste program covered under the 4 5 Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 shall 6 contain conditions requiring corrective action for all 7 releases of hazardous waste or constituents from any 8 solid waste management unit at a treatment, storage or 9 disposal facility seeking a permit under this article 10 regardless of the time at which waste was placed in such 11 unit. Permits issued under this article shall contain 12 schedules of compliance for such corrective action 13 (where such corrective action cannot be completed prior 14 to issuance of the permit) and assurances of financial 15 responsibility for completing such corrective action.
 - (b) The director shall amend the standards under subdivision (4), subsection (a), section six of this article, regarding corrective action required at facilities for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste listed or identified in rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a), section six of this article, to require that corrective action be taken beyond the facility boundary where necessary to protect human health and the environment unless the owner or operator of the facility concerned demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that, despite the owner or operator's best efforts, the owner or operator was unable to obtain the necessary permission to undertake such action. Such regulations shall take effect immediately upon promulgation, and shall apply to:
 - (1) All facilities operating under permits issued under subdivision (4), subsection (a), section six of this article; and

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34 (2) All landfills, surface impoundments and waste pile units (including any new units, replacement of existing 35 36 units or lateral expansions of existing units) which receive hazardous waste after the twenty-sixth day of 37 38 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two. Pending 39 promulgation of such regulations the director shall issue 40 corrective action orders for facilities referred to in 41 subdivisions (1) and (2) above on a case-by-case basis 42 consistent with the purposes of this subsection.

§20-5E-14. Enforcement orders; hearings.

- 1 (a) If the chief, upon inspection, investigation or 2 through other means observes, discovers or learns of a 3 violation of the provisions of this article, any permit, 4 order or rules or regulations issued or promulgated 5 hereunder, he may:
- (1) Issue an order stating with reasonable specificity
 the nature of the violation and requiring compliance
 immediately or within a specified time. An order under
 this section includes, but is not limited to, any or all of
 the following: Orders suspending, revoking or modifying
 permits, orders requiring a person to take remedial
 action or cease and desist orders;
- (2) Seek an injunction in accordance with subsection
 (a) of section sixteen of this article;
- 15 (3) Institute a civil action in accordance with subsection (c) of section sixteen of this article; or
 - (4) Request the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged violation occurred, to bring a criminal action in accordance with section fifteen of this article.
 - (b) Any person issued a cease and desist order may file a notice of request for reconsideration with the chief not more than seven days from the issuance of such order and shall have a hearing before the chief contesting the terms and conditions of such order within ten days of the filing of such notice of a request for reconsideration. The filing of a notice of request for

reconsideration shall not stay or suspend the execution or enforcement of such cease and desist order.

§20-5E-16. Civil penalties and injunctive relief.

(a) (1) Any person who violates any provision of this 1 2 article, any permit or any rule, regulation or order 3 issued pursuant to this article shall be subject to a civil 4 administrative penalty, to be levied by the director, of 5 not more than seventy-five hundred dollars for each day 6 of such violation, not to exceed a maximum of twenty-7 two thousand five hundred dollars. In assessing any such 8 penalty, the director shall take into account the 9 seriousness of the violation and any good faith efforts to comply with applicable requirements as well as any 10 11 other appropriate factors as may be established by the 12 director by rules and regulations promulgated pursuant 13 to this article and article three, chapter twenty-nine-a 14 of this code. No assessment shall be levied pursuant to 15 this subsection until after the alleged violator has been 16 notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice 17 shall include a reference to the section of the statute, 18 rule, regulation, order or statement of permit conditions 19 that was allegedly violated, a concise statement of the 20 facts alleged to constitute the violation, a statement of 21 the amount of the administrative penalty to be imposed 22 and a statement of the alleged violator's right to an informal hearing. The alleged violator shall have twenty 23 24 calendar days from receipt of the notice within which 25 to deliver to the director a written request for an 26 informal hearing. If no hearing is requested, the notice 27 shall become a final order after the expiration of the 28 twenty-day period. If a hearing is requested, the director shall inform the alleged violator of the time and 29 place of the hearing. The director may appoint an 30 31 assessment officer to conduct the informal hearing and then make a written recommendation to the director 32 concerning the assessment of a civil administrative 33 penalty. Within thirty days following the informal 34 hearing, the director shall issue and furnish to the 35 violator a written decision, and the reasons therefor, 36 concerning the assessment of a civil administrative 37 penalty. Within thirty days after notification of the 38

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39 director's decision, the alleged violator may request a 40 formal hearing before the water resources board in 41 accordance with the provisions of section nineteen of this 42 article. The authority to levy an administrative penalty 43 shall be in addition to all other enforcement provisions 44 of this article and the payment of any assessment shall 45 not be deemed to affect the availability of any other 46 enforcement provision in connection with the violation 47 for which the assessment is levied: Provided. That no 48 combination of assessments against a violator under this 49 section shall exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per 50 day of each such violation: Provided, however. That any 51 violation for which the violator has paid a civil admi-52 nistrative penalty assessed under this section shall not 53 be the subject of a separate civil penalty action under this article to the extent of the amount of the civil 54 55 administrative penalty paid. All administrative penal-56 ties shall be levied in accordance with rules and 57 regulations issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 58 six of this article. The net proceeds of assessments 59 collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the hazardous waste emergency response fund 60 61 established pursuant to section three, article five-g of 62 this chapter.

- (2) No assessment levied pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (a) above shall become due and payable until the procedures for review of such assessment as set out in said subsection have been completed.
- (b) Any person who violates any provision of this article, any permit or any rule, regulation or order issued pursuant to this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of such violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil action either in the circuit court wherein the violation occurs or in the circuit court of Kanawha County.
- (c) The chief may seek an injunction, or may institute a civil action against any person in violation of any provisions of this article or any permit, rule, regulation or order issued pursuant to this article. In seeking an injunction, it is not necessary for the chief to post bond

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- 80 nor to allege or prove at any stage of the proceeding that 81 irreparable damage will occur if the injunction is not 82 issued or that the remedy at law is inadequate. An 83 application for injunctive relief or a civil penalty action 84 under this section may be filed and relief granted 85 notwithstanding the fact that all administrative reme-86 dies provided for in this article have not been exhausted 87 or invoked against the person or persons against whom 88 such relief is sought.
 - (d) Upon request of the chief, the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurs, shall assist the chief in any civil action under this section.
 - (e) In any action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the state, or any agency of the state which prevails, may be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

§20-5E-24. Financial responsibility provisions.

- (1) Financial responsibility required by subdivision 1 2 (4), subsection (a), section six of this article may be 3 established in accordance with regulations promulgated by the director by any one, or any combination, of the 4 5 following: Insurance, guarantee, surety bond, letter of 6 credit or qualification as a self-insurer. In promulgating 7 requirements under this section, the director is autho-8 rized to specify policy or other contractual terms, 9 conditions or defenses which are necessary or are 10 unacceptable in establishing such evidence of financial 11 responsibility in order to effectuate the purposes of this 12 act.
- 13 (2) In any case where the owner or operator is in 14 bankruptcy reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to 15 the federal bankruptcy code or where (with reasonable diligence) jurisdiction in any state court or any federal 16 17 court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator 18 likely to be solvent at the time of judgment, any claim 19 arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility must be provided under this section may 20 be asserted directly against the guarantor providing 21 22 such evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of

- 23 any action pursuant to this subsection, such guarantor 24 shall be entitled to invoke all rights and defenses which 25 would have been available to the owner or operator if 26 any action had been brought against the owner or 27 operator by the claimant and which would have been 28 available to the guarantor if an action had been brought
- 29 against the guarantor by the owner or operator.
- 30 (3) The total liability of any guarantor shall be limited 31 to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has 32 provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the 33 owner or operator under this act. Nothing in this 34 subsection shall be construed to limit any other state or 35 federal statutory contractual or common law liability of 36 a guarantor to its owner or operator including, but not 37 limited to, the liability of such guarantor for bad faith either in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the 38 39 settlement of any claim. Nothing in this subsection shall 40 be construed to diminish the liability of any person 41 under section 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Envir-42 onmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 43 1980 or other applicable law.
- 44 (4) For the purposes of this section, the term "guaran-45 tor" means any person other than the owner or operator who provides evidence of financial responsibility for an 46 47 owner or operator under this section.

ARTICLE 5F. SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ACT.

\$20-5F-2. Definitions.

§20-5F-6. Orders, inspections and enforcement; civil and criminal penalties.

§20-5F-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different 1 2 meaning, as used in this article the terms:
- (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a solid 3 waste facility or practice which has a valid permit 4 5 under this article:
- (b) "Chief" shall mean the chief of the division of 6 waste management of the department of natural 7 8 resources:
- (c) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid 9

- waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by sources other than the owner or operator of the facility and shall not include an approved solid waste facility owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of disposing of solid wastes created by that person or such person and other persons on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis;
- 17 (d) "Department" shall mean the department of 18 natural resources;
 - (e) "Director" shall mean the director of the department of natural resources;
 - (f) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal which does not have a permit under this article, or is in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed in a manner that does not protect the environment;
- (g) "Person," "persons" or "applicant" shall mean any industrial user, public or private corporation, institu-tion, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; state of West Virginia; governmental agency, including federal facilities: political subdivision: county commis-sion: municipal corporation: industry: sanitary district; public service district: drainage district: soil conserva-tion district; watershed improvement district; partner-ship; trust; estate; person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any legal entity whatever:
 - (h) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal, commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar origin;
 - (i) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter, refuse, cans, bottles, sludge from a waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, other discarded material, including carcasses of any dead animal or any other offensive or unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial,

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- 49 commercial, mining or from community activities but 50 does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage. 51 or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows 52 or industrial discharges which are point sources and 53 have permits under article five-a, chapter twenty of the 54 code, or source, special nuclear or by-product material 55 as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as 56 amended, or a hazardous waste either identified or 57 listed under article five-e, chapter twenty of the code or 58 refuse, slurry, overburden or other wastes or material 59 resulting from coal-fired electric power generation, the 60 exploration, development, production, storage and 61 recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 62 resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is 63 regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a, or twenty-two-b of the code, so long as such placement or 64 disposal is in conformance with a permit issued 65 pursuant to such chapters; "solid waste" shall not 66 67 include materials which are recycled by being used or 68 reused in an industrial process to make a product, as 69 effective substitute for commercial products, or are returned to the original process as a substitute for raw 70 71 material feed stock:
 - (j) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of disposing solid waste including placing, depositing, dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any solid waste;
 - (k) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographical area which the resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority designates and files in the state register pursuant to section eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code; and
 - (1) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, structures or other appurtenances or methods used for processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, including landfills, transfer stations, resource recovery facilities and other such facilities not herein specified.

§20-5F-6. Orders, inspections and enforcement; civil and criminal penalties.

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- (a) If the director or chief, upon inspection, investigation or through other means observes, discovers or learns of a violation of this article, its rules, article fivea of this chapter or its rules, or any permit or order issued under this article, he may:
- (1) Issue an order stating with reasonable specificity
 the nature of the alleged violation and requiring
 compliance immediately or within a specified time. An
 order under this section includes, but is not limited to,
 any or all of the following: orders suspending, revoking
 or modifying permits, orders requiring a person to take
 remedial action or cease and desist orders:
- (2) Seek an injunction in accordance with subsection(e) of this section;
 - (3) Institute a civil action in accordance with subsection (e) of this section; or
 - (4) Request the attorney general, or the prosecuting attorney of the county wherein the alleged violation occurred, to bring a criminal action in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.
 - (b) Any person who willfully or negligently violates the provisions of this article, any permit or any rule, regulation or order issued pursuant to this article shall be subject to the same criminal penalties as set forth in section nineteen, article five-a, chapter twenty of the code.
- 27 (c) (1) Any person who violates any provision of this 28 article, any permit or any rule, regulation or order 29 issued pursuant to this article shall be subject to civil 30 administrative penalty, to be levied by the director, of 31 not more than five thousand dollars for each day of such 32 violation, not to exceed a maximum of twenty thousand 33 dollars. In assessing any such penalty, the director shall 34 take into account the seriousness of the violation and any 35 good faith efforts to comply with the applicable 36 requirements as well as any other appropriate factors 37 as may be established by the director by rules and 38 regulations promulgated pursuant to this article and 39 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code. No

40 assessment shall be levied pursuant to this subsection 41 until after the alleged violator has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall 42 43 include a reference to the section of the statute, rule, 44 regulation, order or statement of permit conditions that 45 was allegedly violated, a concise statement of the facts 46 alleged to constitute the violation, a statement of the 47 amount of the administrative penalty to be imposed and 48 a statement of the alleged violator's right to an informal 49 hearing. The alleged violator shall have twenty calendar 50 days from receipt of the notice within which to deliver 51 to the director a written request for an informal 52 hearing. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall 53 become a final order after the expiration of the twenty-54 day period. If a hearing is requested, the director shall 55 inform the alleged violator of the time and place of the 56 hearing. The director may appoint an assessment officer 57 to conduct the informal hearing and then make a 58 written recommendation to the director concerning the 59 assessment of a civil administrative penalty. Within thirty days following the informal hearing, the director 60 61 shall issue and furnish to the alleged violator a written 62 decision, and the reasons therefor, concerning the assessment of a civil administrative penalty. Within 63 thirty days after notification of the director's decision. 64 65 the alleged violator may request a formal hearing before the water resources board in accordance with the 66 67 provisions of section seven of this article. The authority to levy a civil administrative penalty shall be in addition 68 69 to all other enforcement provisions of this article and the payment of any assessment shall not be deemed to affect 70 the availability of any other enforcement provision in 71 connection with the violation for which the assessment 72 is levied: Provided. That no combination of assessments 73 74 against a violator under this section shall exceed twentyfive thousand dollars per day of each such violation: 75 Provided, however, That any violation for which the 76 violator has paid a civil administrative penalty assessed 77 under this section shall not be the subject of a separate 78 civil penalty action under this article to the extent of the 79 amount of the civil administrative penalty paid. All 80 administrative penalties shall be levied in accordance 81

- with rules and regulations issued pursuant to subsection
 (a) of section four of this article. The net proceeds of
 assessments collected pursuant to this subsection shall
 be deposited in the solid waste reclamation and environmental response fund established in subdivision (3),
 subsection (h), section five-a of this article.
 - (2) No assessment levied pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (c) above shall become due and payable until the procedures for review of such assessment as set out in said subsection have been completed.
 - (d) Any person who violates any provision of this article, any permit or any rule, regulation or order issued pursuant to this article shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for each day of such violation, which penalty shall be recovered in a civil action either in the circuit court wherein the violation occurs or in the circuit court of Kanawha County.
 - (e) The director or chief may seek an injunction, or may institute a civil action against any person in violation of any provisions of this article or any permit, rule, regulation or order issued pursuant to this article. In seeking an injunction, it is not necessary for the director or chief to post bond nor to allege or prove at any state of the proceeding that irreparable damage will occur if the injunction is not issued or that the remedy at law is inadequate. An application for injunctive relief or a civil penalty action under this section may be filed and relief granted notwithstanding the fact that all administrative remedies provided for in this article have not been exhausted or invoked against the person or persons against whom such relief is sought.
 - (f) Upon request of the director or chief, the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurs shall assist the director in any civil action under this section.
 - (g) In any civil action brought pursuant to the provisions of this section, the state, or any agency of the state which prevails, may be awarded costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

CHAPTER 149

(H. B. 2676—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request)

Clerk's Note: It has been determined that H. B. 2676, originally styled as Chapter 149, was enrolled and signed by the Governor in an incorrect form, certain amendments adopted by the Senate having been omitted from the original House Bill.

Therefore, the Governor not having received and signed a true and correct copy of the bill as passed by both houses, H. B. 2676 did not become law.

CHAPTER 150

(H. B. 2696—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-i, relating to the creation of the West Virginia water pollution control revolving fund; definitions; designation of department of natural resources as state instrumentality for purposes of capitalization agreements with the United States environmental protection agency; disbursement of fund moneys; administration of the fund; annual audit; collection of money due to the fund; state construction grants program established; special fund created; promulgation of legislative rules: environmental review of funded projects; conflicting provisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-i, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 51. WATER POLLUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUND ACT.

§20-5I-1. Definitions.

- §20-5I-2. Designation of department of natural resources as state instrumentality for purposes of capitalization agreements with the United States environmental protection agency.
- §20-51-3. West Virginia water pollution control revolving fund created; disbursement of fund moneys; administration of the fund.
- §20-5I-4. Annual audit.
- §20-5I-5. Collection of money due to the fund.
- §20-5I-6. State construction grants program established; special fund created.
- §20-51-7. Environmental review of funded projects.
- §20-51-8. Conflicting provisions.

§20-5I-1. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a
- 2 different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Authority" means the West Virginia water 4 development authority created in section four, article 5 five-c, chapter twenty of this code.
- 6 (b) "Cost" as applied to any project financed under the
 7 provisions of this article means the total of all costs
 8 incurred by a local government that are reasonable and
 9 necessary for carrying out all works and undertakings
 10 necessary or incident to the accomplishment of any
- 11 project including:

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- (1) Developmental, planning and feasibility studies,
 surveys, plans and specifications;
- 14 (2) Architectural, engineering, financial, legal or other special services;
- 16 (3) Acquisition of land and any buildings and im-17 provements thereon, including the discharge of any 18 obligations of the sellers of such land, buildings or 19 improvements:
- 20 (4) Site preparation and development, including 21 demolition or removal of existing structures, construc-22 tion and reconstruction, labor, materials, machinery and 23 equipment;
 - (5) The reasonable costs of financing incurred by the local government in the course of the development of the project, carrying charges incurred before placing the project in service, interest on funds borrowed to finance the project to a date subsequent to the estimated date

- 29 the project is to be placed in service, necessary expenses
- 30 incurred in connection with placing the project in
- 31 service, and the funding of accounts and reserves which
- 32 the authority may require; and
- 33 (6) Other items that the department of natural resources determines to be reasonable and necessary.
- 35 (c) "Fund" means the state water pollution control revolving fund created by this article.
- 37 (d) "Instrumentality" means the agency of state 38 government empowered with the primary responsibility 39 associated with water pollution control activities 40 regulating publicly-owned wastewater treatment 41 facilities
- 42 (e) "Local government" means any county, city, town, 43 municipal corporation, authority, district, public service
- 44 district commission or political subdivision in West
- 45 Virginia.
- 46 (f) "Project" means any wastewater treatment facility 47 located or to be located in this state by a local govern-48 ment and includes:
- 49 (1) Sewage and wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facilities;
- 51 (2) Drainage facilities and projects;
- 52 (3) Administrative, maintenance, storage and labora-53 tory facilities related to the facilities delineated in 54 subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection;
- 55 (4) Interests in land related to the facilities delineated 56 in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection; and
- 57 (5) Other projects allowable under federal law.
- §20-5I-2. Designation of department of natural resources as state instrumentality for purposes of capitalization agreements with the United States environmental protection agency.
 - 1 The department of natural resources shall act as the
 - 2 instrumentality that is empowered to enter into capital-
 - 3 ization agreements with the United States environmen-

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- 4 tal protection agency, to accept capitalization grant
- 5 awards made under Title 6 of the federal clean water
- act, as amended, and to otherwise manage the fund
- 7 created pursuant to this article in accordance with the
- 8 requirements of said Title 6.

§20-5I-3. West Virginia water pollution control revolving fund created; disbursement of fund moneys; administration of the fund.

- 1 (a) Under the direction of the department of natural 2 resources, the West Virginia water development author-
- 3 ity shall establish, administer and manage a permanent
- 4 and perpetual fund, to be known as the "West Virginia
- 5 Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund." The fund 6 shall be comprised of moneys appropriated to said fund
- 6 shall be comprised of moneys appropriated to said fund 7 by the Legislature, moneys allocated to the state by the
- 8 federal government expressly for the purposes of
- 9 establishing and maintaining a state water pollution control revolving fund, all receipts from loans made
- 10 control revolving fund, all receipts from loans made 11 from the fund to local governments, all income from the
- 12 investment of moneys held in the fund, and all other
- sums designated for deposits to the fund from any source, public or private. Moneys in the fund shall be
- used solely to make loans to local governments to finance
- or refinance the costs of a project: Provided, That
- moneys in the fund shall be utilized to defray the costs incurred by the authority and the department of natural
- 19 resources in administering the provisions of this article.
- 20 (b) The director of the department of natural resour-21 ces, in consultation with the authority, shall promulgate 22 rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter 23 twenty-nine-a of this code, to:
 - (1) Govern the disbursement of moneys from the fund; and
- 26 (2) Establish a state water pollution control revolving 27 fund program to direct the distribution of loans from the 28 fund to particular local governments and establish the 29 interest rates and repayment terms of such loans.
- 30 (c) In order to carry out the administration and 31 management of the fund, the authority is authorized to

- employ officers, employees, agents, advisers and consultants, including attorneys, financial advisers, engineers, other technical advisers and public accountants and, notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, to determine their duties and compensation without the approval of any other agency or
- do (d) The authority shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to govern the pledge of loans to secure bonds of the authority.
- 43 (e) All moneys belonging to the fund shall be kept in appropriate depositories and secured in conformance 44 45 with this code. Disbursements from the fund shall be 46 authorized for payment by the director of the authority 47 or his designee. Any depository or officer of such 48 depository to which moneys of the fund are paid shall 49 act as trustee of such moneys and shall hold and apply 50 them solely for the purposes for which said moneys are 51 provided under this article. Moneys in the fund shall not 52 be commingled with other money of the authority. If not 53 needed for immediate use or disbursement, moneys in 54 the fund may be invested or reinvested by the authority 55 in obligations or securities which are considered lawful 56 investments for public funds under this code.

§20-5I-4. Annual audit.

instrumentality.

The authority shall cause an audit of its books and accounts to be made at least once each fiscal year by certified public accountants, and the cost thereof may be defrayed as a part of the cost of construction of a project or as an administrative expense under the provisions of subsection (a), section three of this article.

§20-5I-5. Collection of money due to the fund.

In order to ensure the timely payment of all sums due and owing to the fund under a revolving fund loan agreement between the state and a local government, and notwithstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, the authority shall have, and may, at its option, exercise the following rights and remedies in the

- event of any default by a local government under such
 a loan agreement:
- 9 (a) The authority may directly impose, in its own name and for its own benefit, service charges upon all users of a project funded by a loan distributed to a local government pursuant to this article, and may proceed directly to enforce and collect such service charges, together with all necessary costs of such enforcement and collection.
- 16 (b) The authority may exercise, in its own name or in 17 the name of and as the agent for a particular local 18 government, all of the rights, powers and remedies of 19 the local government with respect to the project or 20 which may be conferred upon the local government by 21 statute, rule, regulation or judicial decision, including 22 all rights and remedies with respect to users of the 23 project funded by the loan distributed to that local 24 government pursuant to this article.
- (c) The authority may, by civil action, mandamus or
 other judicial or administrative proceeding, compel
 performance by a local government of all of the terms
 and conditions of the loan agreement between the state
 and that local government including:
- 30 (1) The adjustment of service charges as required to 31 repay the loan or otherwise satisfy the terms of the loan 32 agreement;
- 33 (2) The enforcement and collection of service charges; 34 and
- 35 (3) The enforcement by the local government of all rights and remedies conferred by statute, rule, regulation or judicial decision.
- 38 The rights and remedies enumerated in this section 39 shall be in addition to rights and remedies conferred 40 upon the authority by law or pursuant to the loan 41 agreement.
- §20-5I-6. State construction grants program established; special fund created.
 - 1 (a) The director of the department of natural resour-

- ces shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to establish a state construction grants program that is designed to complement and supplement the state water pollution control revolving fund program established pursuant to subsection (b), section three of this article.
- 8 (b) A special fund designated "The West Virginia 9 Construction Grants Fund" shall be established in the 10 state treasury on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The special fund shall be com-11 12 prised of moneys appropriated to said fund by the 13 Legislature, assessments on existing wastewater treatment facilities, and all other sums designated for deposit 14 to the special fund from any source, public or private: 15 16 Provided. That such assessments shall be made and 17 collected in accordance with fee schedules to be 18 established by legislative rules promulgated by the 19 director of the department of natural resources, in 20 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and 21 which rules shall provide that no such assessments may 22 be collected before the first day of July, one thousand 23 nine hundred ninety. Moneys in the special fund shall 24 be used solely for the state construction grants program 25 established under subsection (a) of this section: 26 Provided, however, That moneys in the special fund may 27 be utilized to defray the costs incurred by the depart-28 ment of natural resources in administering the provi-29 sions of this section.

§20-5I-7. Environmental review of funded projects.

- (a) The department of natural resources shall conduct 1 an environmental review on each project funded under 2 3 this article. The director of the department of natural 4 resources shall promulgate rules in accordance with the 5 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to implement the environmental review of funded projects: 6 Provided. That said rules shall be consistent with the 7 rules and regulations promulgated by the United States 8 environmental protection agency pursuant to the federal 9 10 clean water act, as amended.
- 11 (b) The director of the department of natural resour-

- 12 ces is authorized to direct a local government, or its
- 13 agent, to implement all measures that, in the judgment
- 14 of the director, are necessary in order to mitigate or
- 15 prevent adverse impacts to the public health, safety or
- 16 welfare or to the environment that may result from a
- 17 project funded under this article. The director is further
- 18 authorized to require all projects to comply with all
- 19 other appropriate federal laws and regulations that are
- 20 required of such projects under the federal clean water
- 21 act, as amended.

§20-5I-8. Conflicting provisions.

- 1 The provisions of this article shall be liberally
- 2 construed to the end that its beneficial purposes may be
- 3 effectuated. Insofar as the provisions of this article are
- 4 inconsistent with the provisions of any other general,
- 5 special or local law, the provisions of this article shall
- 6 be controlling.

CHAPTER 151

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2201—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one-a, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to conservation officers employed by the department of natural resources; providing salary increases for conservation officers based on length of service.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one-a, article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENAL-TIES; MOTORBOATING; WEST VIRGINIA LITTER CONTROL PROGRAM.

§20-7-1a. Conservation officers excluded from coverage of wage and hour laws; supplemental pay in lieu of overtime; regulation; salary increase based on length of service.

(a) The Legislature finds and declares that the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia has held that conservation officers are covered by the provisions of the state wage and hour law, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of this code. The Legislature further finds and declares that because of the unique duties of conservation officers, it is not appropriate to apply said wage and hour provisions to them. Accordingly, conservation officers are hereby excluded from the provisions of said wage and hour law and department of civil service guidelines, rules or regulations relating thereto. They shall be subject to duty whenever and wherever required by the functions, services and needs of the department.

The minimum workweek for conservation officers shall be five eight hour days and the maximum number of days and hours per day shall be unrestricted. Conservation officers shall not be entitled to compensatory time for days or hours worked in excess of the minimum in a work day or week except a compensatory day shall be granted for any holiday worked. In lieu of any benefits to which they would have been entitled by the coverage from which they are hereby excluded, conservation officers, except those classified by the West Virginia civil service system as conservation officer IV and natural resources administrator, shall receive in addition to their salaries an annual premium payment of two thousand one hundred dollars which sum shall be prorated and included in the payment of their salary checks.

(b) Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, each conservation officer shall receive and be entitled to an increase in salary based on length of service, including that heretofore and hereafter served as a conservation officer as follows: For five years of service with the department, such conservation officer shall receive a salary increase of three

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- 38 hundred dollars per year payable during his next three 39 years of service and a like increase at three-year 40 intervals thereafter, with such increases to be cumulative: Provided. That for purposes of calculating such 41 42 salary increase, a maximum of twenty-five years of service shall be applicable. Such salary increase shall be 43 44 based upon years of service as of the first day of July 45 of each year and shall not be recalculated until the first 46 day of July of the following year.
 - Conservation officers in service at the time the amendment to this section becomes effective shall be given credit for prior service and shall be paid such salaries as the same length of service will entitle them to receive under the provisions hereof.
 - (c) This section shall not apply to special or emergency conservation officers appointed under the authority of section one of this article.

CHAPTER 152

(H. B. 2569—By Delegate Schoonover)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, relating to making the payment of personal property taxes a prerequisite to application for certificate of number or renewal for motorboats; duties of assessors; and requiring the tax commissioner to compile schedule of motorboat values.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter twenty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 7. LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROCEDURES AND PENAL-TIES; MOTORBOATING; WEST VIRGINIA LITTER CONTROL PROGRAM.

§20-7-12a. Payment of personal property taxes prerequisite to application for certificate or renewal of number; duties of assessors; schedule of motorboat values.

Certificates of number and renewals therefor shall not be issued or furnished by the department of motor vehicles, or any other officer charged with such duty, unless the applicant therefor, furnishes the receipt hereinafter provided to show full payment of the personal property taxes for the calendar year which immediately precedes the calendar year in which application is made on all motorboats which were listed with the department of motor vehicles in the applicant's name on the tax day for the former calendar year. If the applicant contends that any motorboat so listed was not subject to personal property taxation for that year, he shall furnish such information and evidence as the commissioner of motor vehicles may require to substantiate his contention.

The assessor shall require any person having a duty to make a return of property for taxation to him to furnish information identifying each motorboat subject to the numbering provisions of this article. When the property taxes on any such motorboat have been paid, the officer to whom the payment was made shall deliver to the person paying such taxes a written or printed receipt therefor, and shall retain for his records a duplicate of such receipt. The assessor and sheriff, respectively, shall see that the assessment records and the receipts contain information adequately identifying the motorboat as registered under the provisions of this article. The officer receiving payment shall sign each receipt in his own handwriting.

The assessors shall commence their duties hereunder during the tax year one thousand nine hundred eightynine and the department of motor vehicles shall commence its duties hereunder as of the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

The state tax commissioner shall annually compile a schedule of motorboat values, based on the lowest values

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37 shown in a nationally accepted used motorboat guide,

which schedule shall be furnished to each assessor and 38

39 shall be used by him as a guide in placing the assessed

40 values on all motorboats in his county.

CHAPTER 153

(H. B. 2129—By Delegates Hatfield and White)

[Passed March 21, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five-a, article five-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to substituted consent for nursing home and personal care home health services by making applicable to prospective patients.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-a, article five-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5C. NURSING AND PERSONAL CARE HOMES.

§16-5C-5a. Substituted consent for nursing home and personal care home health care services.

- (a) For purposes of this section, "physical or mental incapacity" or like words shall mean the inability. because of physical or mental impairment, of a nursing home or personal care home patient or prospective patient to appreciate the nature and implications of a health care decision, to make an informed choice regarding the alternatives presented, and to commun-
- 7 icate that choice in an unambiguous manner. 8
 - (b) Where there has been no adjudication of incompetence of a patient or prospective patient, or appointment of a guardian for such patient or prospective patient,
- and where there is no applicable durable power of 12 attorney for such patient or prospective patient, but 13

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where such patient or prospective patient is unable to 14 15 grant informed consent for nursing home or personal 16 care home health care services or to acknowledge 17 notification by a nursing home or personal care home 18 of his or her rights, responsibilities, and any applicable 19 rules and regulations of the nursing home or personal 20 care home due to physical or mental incapacity, as 21 documented in such patient's or prospective patient's 22 health care records by two physicians licensed to 23 practice medicine in this state under the provisions of 24 article three or article fourteen, both of chapter thirty 25 of this code, or one such physician and one licensed 26 psychologist, the following persons shall be deemed the 27 patient's or prospective patient's, representative autho-28 rized to consent to nursing home or personal care home 29 health care services for such patient or prospective patient to acknowledge notification by a nursing home 30 31 or personal care home of such patient's or prospective patient's rights, responsibilities and any applicable rules 32 and regulations of the nursing home or personal care 33 home, in the order of class priority set forth below: 34

- (1) The patient's or prospective patient's spouse;
- (2) An adult child of the patient or prospective patient;
- (3) A parent of the patient or prospective patient;
- 39 (4) An adult sibling of the patient or prospective 40 patient;
 - (5) The nearest living relative of the patient or prospective patient;
 - (6) Such other persons or classes of persons including, but not limited to, such public agencies, public guardians, other public officials, public and private corporations, protective service agencies and other representatives as the board of health may from time to time designate in its rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That there is no reason to believe that such health care services are contrary to the patient's or prospective patient's religious beliefs and there is no

actual notice of opposition by a member of the same or a prior class.

- (c) A nursing home or personal care home, as applicable, shall document its good faith efforts to contact permitted representatives in the order of class priority and its efforts to contact all members of a class before the next class is contacted but shall suffer no liability or deficiency for any failure to apprise the proper persons of the requirements of this section, so long as it has acted reasonably and in good faith. A nursing home or personal care home, as applicable, may rely on the apparent authority of one member of a class to speak for that class.
- (d) The determination of incapacity hereunder shall expire after six months or upon the patient's earlier discharge from the nursing home or personal care home. At the end of every such six-month period, if the patient remains admitted to the nursing home or personal care home the patient shall be reexamined by two physicians licensed to practice medicine in this state as set forth in subsection (b), or by one such physician and one licensed psychologist, who shall render a determination whether or not the patient remains physically or mentally incapacitated, and such determination shall be documented in the patient's health care records. The authority of the representatives provided in subsection (b) above shall terminate unless upon such reevaluation the examining physicians, or the physician and the psychologist, as the case may be, shall certify that the patient remains physically or mentally incapacitated.
- (e) In addition to the reevaluations required by subsection (d) above, a nursing home or personal care home, as applicable, upon request of any interested person, or upon its own initiative if it shall have reason to believe that the patient has regained his or her capacity, shall permit or obtain a reevaluation at any time by one or more physicians licensed to practice medicine in this state as set forth in subsection (b), of a prior determination of capacity or incapacity: *Provided*, That no patient shall be required to be reevaluated within three months of a prior evaluation except

94 for good cause shown. A physician's determination of 95 capacity upon such reevaluation shall terminate any 96 authority of a patient's representative under this section.

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- (f) The board of health shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-ninea of this code setting forth a procedure by which any interested person may obtain an administrative review of any determination of capacity or incapacity made pursuant to this section. Nothing contained in this section shall preclude an interested person from seeking a determination of competency or incompetency under the provisions of article eleven, chapter twenty-seven of this code in an appropriate case or from seeking any form of judicial review.
- (g) At least one of the physicians, or the psychologist, who certifies the incapacity under subsections (b) and (d) shall not be associated, in any way, with the personal care home or the nursing home. The two persons performing the certification shall not be associated in the same medical practice.

CHAPTER 154

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 387—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four and five, article six, chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article six by adding thereto a new section, designated section six, all relating to allowing a man to bring a paternity action; jurisdiction; default judgment; statute of limitations; scope of representation of the child advocate; and establishment of paternity upon acknowledgment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four and five, article six,

chapter forty-eight-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article six be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF PATERNITY.

- §48A-6-1. Action for establishment of paternity.
- §48A-6-2. Statute of limitations; prior statute of limitations not a bar to action under this article; effect of prior adjudication between husband and wife.
- §48A-6-3. Medical testing procedures to aid in the determination of paternity.
- §48A-6-4. Establishment of paternity and duty of support.
- §48A-6-5. Representation of parties.
- §48A-6-6. Establishing paternity by acknowledgment of natural father.

§48A-6-1. Action for establishment of paternity.

- 1 (a) A civil action to establish the paternity of a child
- 2 and to obtain an order of support for the child may be
- 3 instituted, by verified complaint, in the circuit court of
- 4 the county where the plaintiff, the defendant or the child
- 5 resides. Such action may be brought by any of the
- 6 following persons:
- 7 (1) An unmarried woman with physical or legal 8 custody of a child to whom she gave birth;
- 9 (2) A married woman with physical or legal custody 10 of a child to whom she gave birth, if the complaint 11 alleges that:
- 12 (A) Such married woman lived separate and apart 13 from her husband for a period of one year or more 14 immediately preceding the birth of the child;
- 15 (B) Such married woman did not cohabit with her 16 husband at any time during such separation and that 17 such separation has continued without interruption; and
- 18 (C) The defendant, rather than her husband, is the 19 father of the child.
- 20 (3) Any person, including the state of West Virginia 21 or the department of human services, who is not the 22 mother of the child, but who has physical or legal 23 custody of such child;

- 24 (4) The guardian or committee of such child;
- 25 (5) The next friend of such child when the child is a 26 minor;
- 27 (6) By such child in his own right at any time after 28 the child's eighteenth birthday but prior to the child's 29 twenty-first birthday; or
- 30 (7) A man purporting to be the father of a child born 31 out-of-wedlock, when there has been no prior judicial 32 determination of paternity.
- 33 (b) A person who has sexual intercourse in this state 34 submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state for 35 an action brought under this article with respect to a 36 child who was conceived by that act of intercourse. 37 Service of process may be perfected according to the 38 rules of civil procedure.
- 39 (c) If the person against whom the action is brought
 40 has failed to plead or otherwise defend the action after
 41 proper service has been obtained, judgment by default
 42 may be issued by the court as provided by the rules of
 43 civil procedure.
- §48A-6-2. Statute of limitations; prior statute of limitations not a bar to action under this article; effect of prior adjudication between husband and wife.
 - 1 (a) Except for an action brought by a child in his or 2 her own right under the provisions of subdivision (6), 3 subsection (a), section one of this article, an action for 4 the establishment of the paternity of a child shall be 5 brought prior to such child's eighteenth birthday.
 - 6 (b) An action to establish paternity under the provisions of this article may be brought by or on behalf of a child notwithstanding the fact that, prior to the effective date of this section, an action to establish paternity may have been barred by a prior statute of limitations set forth in this code or otherwise provided for by law.
- 13 (c) An action to establish paternity under the provi-14 sions of this article may be brought for any child who

- was not yet eighteen years of age on the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, regardless of the current age.
- (d) An action to establish paternity under the provisions of this article may be brought for any child who was not yet eighteen years of age on the sixteenth day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and for whom a paternity action was brought but dismissed because a statute of limitations of less than eighteen years was then in effect.
- 25 (e) Any other provision of law to the contrary notwith-26 standing, when a husband and wife or former husband 27 and wife, in an action for divorce or an action to obtain 28 a support order, have litigated the issue of the paternity 29 of a child conceived during their marriage to the end 30 that the husband has been adjudged not to be the father 31 of such child, such prior adjudication of the issue of 32 paternity between the husband and the wife shall not 33 preclude the mother of such child from bringing an 34 action against another person to establish paternity 35 under the provisions of this article.

§48A-6-3. Medical testing procedures to aid in the determination of paternity.

- 1 (a) The court may, on its own motion, or shall upon 2 the motion of any party, order the mother, her child and the man to submit to blood tests or tissue tests to aid 3 the court in proving or disproving paternity. If such 4 5 tests are ordered, the court shall direct that the 6 inherited characteristics, including, but not limited to. 7 blood types, be determined by appropriate testing 8 procedures at a hospital, independent medical institu-9 tion or independent medical laboratory, duly licensed under the laws of this state, or any other state, and shall 10 11 appoint an expert qualified as an examiner of genetic 12 markers to analyze and interpret the results and to report to the court. The court shall consider the results 13 as follows: 14
- 15 (1) Blood or tissue test results which exclude the man 16 as the father of the child are admissible and shall be 17 clear and convincing evidence of nonpaternity and the

- 18 court shall, upon considering such evidence, dismiss the 19 action.
- 20 (2) Blood or tissue test results which show a statistical 21 probability of paternity of more than seventy-five 22 percent are admissible and shall be weighed along with 23 other evidence of the defendant's paternity.
- 24 (3) If the results of the blood or tissue tests or the expert's analysis of inherited characteristics is disputed, the court, upon reasonable request of a party, shall order that additional tests be made by the same laboratory or another laboratory at the expense of the party requesting additional testing.
- 30 (b) Documentation of the chain of custody of the blood 31 or tissue specimens is competent evidence to establish such chain of custody. A verified expert's report shall 32 33 be admitted at trial unless a challenge to the testing 34 procedures or a challenge to the results of test analysis has been made before trial. The costs and expenses of 35 making such tests shall be paid by the parties in 36 37 proportions and at times determined by the court.

§48A-6-4. Establishment of paternity and duty of support.

If the defendant, by verified responsive pleading shall admit that the man is the father of the child and owes a duty of support, or if after a trial on the merits, the court or jury shall find, by clear and convincing evidence that the man is the father of the child, the court shall order support in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

§48A-6-5. Representation of parties.

- 1 (a) The children's advocate of the county where the
 2 action under this section is brought shall litigate the
 3 action in the best interests of the child although the
 4 action is commenced in the name of a plaintiff listed in
 5 section one of this article.
- 6 (b) The defendant shall be advised of his right to counsel. In the event he files an affidavit that he is a

- 8 poor person within the meaning of section one, article 9 two, chapter fifty-nine of this code, counsel shall be 10 appointed to represent him. The service and expenses of 11 counsel shall be paid in accordance with the provisions 12 of article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code: 13 Provided. That the court shall make a finding of 14 eligibility for appointed counsel in accordance with the 15 requirements of said article and, if the person qualifies, 16 any blood or tissue tests ordered to be taken shall be 17 paid as part of the costs of the proceeding.
- 18 (c) The children's advocate shall litigate the action only to the extent of establishing paternity and establishing and enforcing a child support order. The children's advocate shall participate in matters of custody and visitation only to the extent provided by article three of this chapter.

§48A-6-6. Establishing paternity by acknowledgment of natural father.

- 1 (a) The natural father of a child may file an applica-2 tion to establish paternity in circuit court when he 3 acknowledges that the child is his or when he has 4 married the mother of the child after the child's birth 5 and upon consent of the mother, or if she is deceased 6 or incompetent, or has surrendered custody, upon the 7 consent of the person or agency having custody of the 8 child or of a court having jurisdiction over the child's 9 custody. The application may be filed in the county 10 where the natural father resides, the child resides, or 11 the child was born. The circuit court, if satisfied that 12 the applicant is the natural father and that establish-13 ment of the relationship is for the best interest of the 14 child, shall enter the finding of fact and an order upon 15 its docket, and thereafter the child is the child of the 16 applicant, as though born to him in lawful wedlock.
 - (b) A written acknowledgment by both the man and woman that the man is the father of the named child legally establishes the man as the father of the child for all purposes and child support can be established under the provisions of this chapter.

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CHAPTER 155

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 46-By Senator Tucker, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article five. chapter thirty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section five, article five-a of said chapter, all relating to permitting trustees of permanent endowment funds for cemetery associations to receive negotiable, reasonable compensation for their services: permitting nonresident trust companies and banks to serve as trustees for permanent endowment care funds; providing that secretary of state accepts service of process on behalf of such nonresident trustees; and bond.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article five, chapter thirty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section five, article five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Article

- Cemeteries.
- 5A. Pepetual Care of and Trust Funds for Cemeteries.

ARTICLE 5. CEMETERIES.

§35-5-5. Permanent endowment funds for cemetery associations — Trustee therefor; appointment; bond: compensation; vacancy.

The board of directors of any such cemetery associ-1 ation shall appoint a trustee, who shall be a responsible 2 businessman or some solvent federally insured banking 3 institution, to act as such trustee for a period of two 4 years, or until his, or its, successor is appointed. Such 5 trustee shall be known as the trustee of the permanent 6 endowment fund of such cemetery association, and shall 7

- immediately upon his, or its, appointment and accep-8
- tance of the trust, give bond to the said cemetery 9
- association, with some solvent and reliable bonding 10

11 company authorized to do business in this state, in a sum 12 equal to the amount which may come into the hands of 13 such trustee, which bond shall be increased or dimin-14 ished from time to time so as always to equal at least 15 the amount of the trust funds in the hands of such 16 trustee; and the premium upon such bond shall be paid 17 out of the income of the trust funds in the trustee's hands 18 and as part of the cost of the administration of the trust 19 fund. No trustee appointed under this section shall enter 20 upon the discharge of his. or its, duties until such bond 21 is given and approved by the board of directors of such 22 cemetery association: Provided. That if the trustee so 23 appointed by any such cemetery association be a 24 federally insured banking institution authorized and 25 qualified to exercise trust powers under and subject to 26 the provisions of article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the 27 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, it shall not be required to give 28 29 the bond hereinbefore provided, excepting and unless 30 required by the provisions of section eighteen, article 31 four, chapter thirty-one-a of said code. The board of 32 directors of such cemetery association shall allow such 33 trustee, for service as such, a negotiable, reasonable fee 34 to be paid from such trust funds. In the event of a vacancy in such trusteeship, or failure of the board of 35 36 directors of any such cemetery association to appoint 37 such trustee, after being requested so to do by any 38 stockholder of any such cemetery association, or its 39 successor, or any citizen interested, application may be 40 made to the circuit court of the county wherein such cemetery association is located, and it shall be the duty 41 42 of the circuit court of such county to appoint a trustee, 43 who, when so appointed and qualified, shall have all the 44 powers and perform all the duties of such trustee as 45 provided in this section.

ARTICLE 5A. PERPETUAL CARE OF AND TRUST FUNDS FOR CEMETERIES.

§35-5A-5. Trustee of the permanent endowment care funds.

The trustee of the permanent endowment care fund shall be a federally insured trust company or a federally

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3 insured banking institution with fiduciary powers 4 authorized and qualified to exercise trust powers under 5 and subject to the provisions of article four, chapter 6 thirty-one-a of this code, or of the corresponding law of 7 another state. A nonresident federally insured trust company or nonresident federally insured banking 8 9 institution so authorized and qualified may become a 10 trustee of a permanent endowment care fund notwith-11 standing the provision of section seven, article eight-a. 12 chapter thirty-one-a of this code. When a nonresident 13 trust company or nonresident banking institution 14 becomes a trustee of a permanent endowment care fund 15 for a perpetual care cemetery in this state, said 16 nonresident trust company or nonresident banking 17 institution thereby constitutes the secretary of state as 18 its true and lawful attorney-in-fact upon whom service 19 of notice and process in any action or proceeding against 20 it as trustee, and acceptance of such trust by said 21 nonresident trust company or nonresident banking 22 institution shall be a manifestation of agreement that 23 any notice or process, which is served in the manner 24 hereinafter provided in this section, shall be of the same 25 legal force and validity as though such nonresident trust company or nonresident banking institution was person-26 27 ally served with notice and process within this state. Service of such notice and process and the manner of 28 acceptance of the same by the secretary of state shall 29 30 be in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen, 31 article one, chapter thirty-one of this code.

Any nonresident trust company or nonresident banking institution appointed as trustee of a permanent endowment care fund shall immediately upon acceptance of the trust give bond in accordance with the provisions of section five, article five, chapter thirty-five of this code.

The trustee shall invest such permanent endowment care funds for the purpose of providing an income to be used for the maintenance, improvement and preservation of the grounds, lots, buildings, equipment, records, statuary, and other real and personal property of the

cemetery, and shall acquire, invest, reinvest, exchange, retain, sell and manage all property now or hereafter coming into such trustee's care or control.

The trustee shall exercise the judgment and care under the circumstances then prevailing, which men of prudence, discretion and intelligence, exercise in the management of their own affairs, not in regard to speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition of their funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of their capital.

Within the limitations of the foregoing standard, any such trustee is authorized to acquire and retain without any order of any court, every kind of property, real, personal or mixed, and every kind of investment, specifically including, but not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures and other corporate obligations, and stocks, preferred or common, which men of prudence, discretion and intelligence acquire or retain for their own account.

The trustee shall prepare an annual report of all of the assets and investments of the permanent endowment care fund. One copy shall be maintained at the office of the cemetery and shall be available for inspection at reasonable times by owners of interment rights in the cemetery.

The trustee shall pay over to the cemetery all income derived from the permanent endowment care fund semiannually to be expended only for the maintenance, improvement and preservation of the grounds, lots, buildings, equipment, records, statuary and other real and personal property of the cemetery.

CHAPTER 156

(H. B. 2740—By Delegates Flanigan and Kephart)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

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department of commerce to accept as an addition to the state park system and particularly as an addition to Pipestem State Resort Park, Pipestem, West Virginia, approximately twenty acres, more or less, known as Brush Creek Falls in Mercer County.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ADDITION TO PIPESTEM STATE RESORT PARK.

§1. Acceptance of Brush Creek Falls property.

The Legislature hereby directs the commissioner of the Department of Commerce to accept the transfer by deed from Princeton area business development corporation, of twenty acres, more or less, situate in Plymouth District, Mercer County, West Virginia, known as the "Brush Creek Falls Property," bounded and described as follows:

8 "BEGINNING at a spruce pine on the bank of Brush 9 Creek; thence S. 38 degrees E. crossing the creek 12 poles (198.0 feet) to a large spruce pine on a hillside: 10 thence N. 32 degrees E. 60 Poles, (990. feet) to a Spruce 11 Pine on a cliff; thence S. 44 degrees W., crossing the 12 creek at 10 poles (165.0 feet) 59 poles (973.50 feet) to a 13 white pine on top of a hill; thence S. 32 degrees W. 90 14 poles (1485.0 feet) to a white pine and chestnut sapling; 15 thence N. 44 degrees E. 28 poles (462 feet) to a spruce, 16 pine, buckeye and cucumber sapling on bank of the 17 18 creek; thence with the meanderings of the creek to the BEGINNING containing 30 acres, more or less. There 19 is excepted and reserve from the operation of this deed 20 a five acre tract which was conveyed by Lark Farley 21 and wife to L.A. Farley by deed dated June 1, 1922, of 22 23 record in said Clerk's Office in Deed Book 147 at page 154, which said exception is bounded and described as 24 25 follows:

"BEGINNING in the J.W. Johnston line near a chestnut; thence running in a southeasterly direction about 18 poles to a chestnut on a cliff; thence in a southern direction about 20 poles to a chestnut on a cliff, with the meanderings of the cliff; thence in a southwesterly direction about 31 1/2 poles to a Bunch

- 32 of Chestnut Sprouts; thence about 2 poles to the Johnston
- 33 line, and then with the Johnston line about 37 poles to
- 34 the BEGINNING, and containing five (5) acres, more
- 35 or less."

CHAPTER 157

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2695—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Murphy)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article twenty-four, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend chapter seventeen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-b: and to amend and reenact section seven, article three, chapter twenty-four of said code, all relating to public port authority: creation; board of directors-members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power; executive director; appointment; powers and duties; compensation: purposes of authority: commerce; tourism; divisions; powers and duties of authority; special West Virginia public port authority operations fund; foreign trading zones: export trading company; division of tourist trains and transportation; disclaimer of any liability of the state of West Virginia; prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to directors, officers or private persons; prohibition against certain financial interests: criminal penalties; permit to abandon services: certificate: hearing upon intervention by consumer advocate; alternative service; and repeal tourist train and transportation board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-four, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that chapter seventeen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article sixteen-b; and that section seven, article three, chapter twenty-four of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 17. Roads and highways.
- 24. Public Service Commission.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 16B. PUBLIC PORT AUTHORITY.

- §17-16B-1. Creation of authority.
- §17-16B-2. Board of directors—Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power.
- §17-16B-3. Executive director; appointment; powers and duties; compensation.
- §17-16B-4. Purposes of authority; commerce; tourism.
- §17-16B-5. Divisions.
- §17-16B-6. Powers and duties of authority.
- §17-16B-7. Special West Virginia public port authority operations fund.
- §17-16B-8. Designation of local port authority districts, powers and duties; plan for development.
- §17-16B-9. Construction and operation of facilities by private enterprise; leasing of facilities by port authority.
- §17-16B-10. Foreign trade zones; free trade zones; ports of entry and customs
- §17-16B-11. Study of feasibility of establishment of export trading company.
- §17-16B-12. Division of tourist trains and transportation; duties.
- §17-16B-13. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.
- §17-16B-14. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to directors, employees, officers or private persons; prohibition against certain financial interest; criminal penalties.

§17-16B-1. Creation of authority.

- 1 The West Virginia public port authority is hereby
- 2 created and shall be under the supervision of the
- 3 secretary of the department of transportation pursuant
- 4 to the provisions of chapter five-f of this code.

§17-16B-2. Board of directors—Members, officers, qualifications, terms, oath, compensation, quorum and delegation of power.

- 1 (a) The governing and administrative powers of the
- 2 authority shall be vested in a board of directors
- 3 consisting of nine members, six of whom shall be
- 4 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent
- 5 of the Senate.

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All directors of the authority shall be residents of the state of West Virginia. The directors shall annually elect from the representatives of the private sector, as provided in subsection (b), one of their members as chairman. The directors shall annually elect one of their members as vice chairman, one as secretary and one as treasurer. The board may elect such other officers from its membership or from its staff as it deems proper and prescribe their powers and duties. Appointments to fill a vacancy of one of the appointed members shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment.

- (b) Six members of the board shall be from the private sector, with one member of the board from each congressional district of the state as of the effective date of this article, and shall represent the public interest generally. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and practical experience in transportation. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and practical experience in banking and finance. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and practical experience in international trade. At least one member may be appointed that has recognized ability and practical experience in business management or economics.
- (c) The governor shall appoint two members of the board whose terms shall expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety; two members of the board whose term shall expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one; two members of the board whose term shall expire on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. Their respective successors shall be appointed for terms of three years from the first day of July of the year of appointment. Each member shall serve until his successor is appointed and qualified.

One ex officio member of the board shall be the secretary of transportation or his designee.

One ex officio member of the board shall be the director of the department of commerce or his designee.

- One ex officio member of the board shall be the director of the governor's office of community and industrial development or his designee.
- (d) Each director, before entering upon his duties, shall take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation required by the West Virginia constitution. A record of each such oath or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- 54 (e) Members of the board shall not be entitled to 55 compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed 56 for all necessary expenses actually incurred in connec-57 tion with the performance of their duties as members.
- 58 (f) Five members of the board shall constitute a 59 quorum and the affirmative vote of the majority of 60 members present at a meeting of the board shall be necessary and sufficient for any action taken by the 61 62 board, except that the affirmative vote of at least six 63 members is required for the approval of any resolution 64 authorizing the issuance of any bonds pursuant to this 65 article.
- 66 (g) No vacancy in the membership of the board 67 impairs the right of a quorum to exercise all rights and perform all duties of the board. Any action taken by the 68 69 board may be authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting and shall take effect upon the date 70 the chairman certifies the action of the authority by 71 72 affixing his signature to the resolution unless some other 73 date is otherwise provided in the resolution.
- 74 (h) The board may delegate to one or more of its 75 members or to its officials, agents or employees such 76 powers and duties as it may deem proper.

§17-16B-3. Executive director; appointment; powers and duties; compensation.

- 1 (a) The board of directors shall appoint an executive director of the authority.
- 3 (b) The executive director shall be paid a salary to be 4 determined by the board of directors. The executive 5 director shall be responsible for managing and admin-

- 6 istering the daily functions of the authority and for
- 7 performing any and all other functions necessary or
- 8 helpful for the effective functioning of the authority,
- 9 together with all other functions and powers as may be
- 10 delegated to him by the board. The executive director
- may, with the authorization of the board of directors,
- 12 employ support staff as deemed necessary to carry out
- 13 the duties and responsibilities of the authority.
- 14 (c) The chairman of the board shall serve as tempor-15 ary director of the authority until appointment of the 16 executive director pursuant to this section.

§17-16B-4. Purposes of authority; commerce; tourism.

- (a) Commercial activity.—The Legislature finds that 1 2 the state of West Virginia must look to new opportunities to expand and diversify its economy and the 3 4 general welfare and well-being of its people. The 5 Legislature further finds that if West Virginia is to keep 6 and attract industry, it must provide for a modern and 7 efficient transportation infrastructure that will allow 8 and facilitate business to compete on a regional, national 9 and international basis. The Legislature finds that West 10 Virginia has the potential to establish an efficient and 11 low cost system of intermodal transportation by linking 12 together its abundant navigable waters and rivers, its 13 rail systems, its interstate and modern highway system, 14 and its airports into an intermodal transportation 15 network connected and served by various intermodal 16 ports, terminals and facilities located at strategic 17 regional sites throughout the state.
 - The Legislature further finds that it would be the purpose of these intermodal ports and terminals, under the direction of the West Virginia public port authority, or local port authority districts, to negotiate, coordinate and supervise the shipment of products and natural resources from the producers in West Virginia to both domestic and international markets, including passage through other states and through the seaports of other states to the seaports of foreign countries.

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The Legislature further finds that it is the corollary purpose of the public port authority to assist state

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- businesses to engage in export trade activities, both domestic and international, in furtherance of its powers and duties, including the formation of export trading companies and foreign trade zones.
 - (b) Tourism.—The Legislature finds that the same intermodal transportation network, as set forth in this section for commercial purposes, may also serve to enhance tourism in West Virginia by providing access and linkage to the various tourist and historic attractions around the state through the utilization of railroads, waterways, highways, airways and other forms of transportation.
- The Legislature further finds that it would be the purpose of the public port authority to negotiate and coordinate the movement of tourists and travelers through the state by assisting the tourist and travel industry, state agencies and other political subdivisions.

§17-16B-5. Divisions.

- 1 There shall be within the public port authority a
- 2 division of commerce, a division of tourist trains and
- 3 transportation, and such other divisions as are deemed
- 4 necessary by the board of directors.

§17-16B-6. Powers and duties of authority.

- 1 (a) The authority is granted the following powers and 2 duties:
- 3 (1) The authority shall initiate meetings with political subdivisions of the state to assess specific transportation needs and shall determine the needs of the state as a whole in terms of transportation, as well as consider feasibility studies for the purpose of determining the best site locations for transportation centers, terminals, ports and harbors, and foreign trade zones.

The authority shall give first consideration to selected high priority opportunities as set forth in the document entitled "Development of an Inland Port Authority," as submitted to the governor's office of community and industrial development on the second day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

- (2) On or before the fifteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the authority shall prepare and file a comprehensive report with the governor and the Legislature setting forth the overall strategic plan both short term and long term for accomplishing the purposes set forth in this article.
 - (3) The public port authority shall coordinate with the West Virginia turnpike commission or other parkways authority, established pursuant to article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code, in the exercise of its powers and duties hereunder and development of appropriate intermodal transportation within the state.
 - (b) The authority has the following additional powers and duties:
 - (1) The powers of a body corporate, including the power to sue and be sued, to make contracts, and to adopt and use a common seal and to alter the same as may be deemed expedient;
 - (2) Acquire, purchase, install, lease, construct, own, hold, operate, maintain, equip, use and control ports, terminals, buildings, roadways, rights-of-way, rails and such structures, equipment, facilities or improvements necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, and in connection therewith shall have the further right to lease, install, construct, acquire, own, maintain, control and use any and every kind or character of motive powers and conveyances or appliances necessary or proper to carry goods, wares and merchandise over, along, upon or through the railway, highway, waterway or airway or other conveyance of such transportation system, excluding pipelines;
 - (3) To apply for and accept loans, grants or gifts of money, property or service from any federal agency or the state of West Virginia or any political subdivision thereof or from any public or private sources available for any and all of the purposes authorized in this article, or imposed thereon by any such federal agency, the state of West Virginia, or any political subdivision thereof, or any public or private lender or donor, and to give such evidences of indebtedness as may be required;

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- 56 (4) To act as agent for the United States of America, 57 or any agency, department, corporation or instrumental-58 ity thereof, in any manner coming within the purposes 59 or powers of the board;
- 60 (5) To initiate preservation of railroad, waterway, 61 highway and airway facilities, to promote economic 62 development and tourism of a specific nature in this 63 state;
 - (6) To meet and cooperate with similar authorities or bodies of any of the several states contiguous with this state, whose purpose in their respective states is to establish an interstate or intermodal transportation network;
 - (7) To enter into agreements, contracts or other transactions with any federal, state, county, municipal agency or private entity;
 - (8) To report annually to the Legislature by the first day of January of each year on the status of projects, operations, financial condition and other necessary information relating to the statewide tourist intermodal transportation system and public port authority activities:
- 78 (9) To enter into agreements or contracts with the 79 West Virginia railroad maintenance authority for the 80 preservation, operation, and use of railroad lines;
 - (10) To assist and encourage the West Virginia railroad maintenance authority to purchase railroad tracks being abandoned by any common carrier, and to financially assist the railroad maintenance authority in making such purchase;
 - (11) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and servicing loans, notes, bonds, obligations, commitments and other evidence of indebtedness, and in connection with providing technical, consultive and project assistance services;
- 91 (12) To do any and all things necessary to carry out 92 and accomplish the purposes of this article.
 - (c) Incidental to the development of a comprehensive

- 94 strategic plan for intermodal transportation, the 95 executive director and staff of the authority shall 96 analyze the shipment of products through the ports of 97 the state for the purpose of expediting such shipments, 98 and shall be authorized to collect and analyze such 99 information, which is maintained in the ordinary course 100 of business by the person, firm or corporation providing 101 such information, pertaining to the transportation of 102 products which has been moved by rail, water, highway 103 or air to and from points within and without this state.
- 104 (1) Any such information and data supplied to the 105 executive director of the authority shall be for exclusive 106 use of the executive director and the staff of the 107 authority. Such information is deemed confidential and 108 is not subject to disclosure under the freedom of 109 information act. Neither the executive director nor any 110 staff member of the authority shall publicly disclose this information and data to any member of the board of the 111 authority, nor to any person, firm, corporation or agent. 112 It shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of this 113 state to divulge or make known in any manner any 114 115 information obtained pursuant to this subsection or disclose information concerning the personal or business 116 affairs of any individual or the business of any single 117 firm or corporation, or disclose any particulars set forth 118 119 or disclosed in any report or other information provided 120 to the authority.
 - 121 (2) Any officer or employee (or former officer or employee) of this state who violates this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both, together with costs of prosecution.
 - 127 (3) In carrying out the functions theretofore des-128 cribed, the authority shall be deemed to be performing 129 an essential governmental function as an instrumental-130 ity of the state of West Virginia.

§17-16B-7. Special West Virginia public port authority operations fund.

There is hereby established a special West Virginia

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2 public port authority operations fund which shall 3 operate as a special revolving fund. All proceeds and 4 revenues of the authority shall be credited to the fund 5 by the state treasurer on a monthly basis. At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended funds in this 6 7 account shall be reappropriated and available for 8 expenditure for the subsequent fiscal year: Provided. 9 That no funds shall be appropriated from the general revenue fund of the state of West Virginia for the 10 11 operation of the authority.

§17-16B-8. Designation of local port authority districts, powers and duties; plan for development.

- 1 (a) Upon application by a local governmental entity. 2 groups of local governmental entities, or joint venture 3 of local government entity or entities and private industry, the board may grant authority for the creation 4 5 of a local inland port authority district. In so authorizing 6 such entities, political subdivisions of this state are 7 authorized to join with other political subdivisions of this and sister states to form a local port authority. In 8 9 deciding on a local port district designation, consider-10 ation shall be given to the following:
- 11 (1) Areas which have entered into a joint venture with private industry;
 - (2) Areas for which the political subdivision(s) seeking designation has made or will make the greatest effort, both financially and otherwise, to encourage the establishment of facilities to enhance the efficiency and cost of the movement of goods and services to and from markets in West Virginia, or will make the greatest effort to encourage the construction and completion of infrastructure projects, including all types of transportation systems.
 - (b) A local port authority district provided for in this article has the authority to establish a local board of directors, and has powers only as provided for by the state board of directors. In no event shall the powers of a local port authority district supersede the powers of the state authority.

Any board of directors of a port authority district shall prepare or cause to be prepared a plan for the future development, construction and improvement of its services and facilities.

§17-16B-9. Construction and operation of facilities by private enterprise; leasing of facilities by port authority.

- 1 (a) The authority or local port authority districts shall 2 foster and encourage the participation of private 3 enterprise in the development of the port facilities to the 4 fullest extent it deems practicable in the interest of 5 limiting the necessity of construction and operation of such facilities by the port authority. In this respect, the 6 7 authority or local port authority districts may upon its 8 own motion or upon the written request of any other party, advertise and solicit for the construction, opera-9 10 tions and/or maintenance of any facility included in the 11 development plan in accordance to plans, specifications 12 and regulations therefor prepared by the board of 13 directors.
- 14 (b) It is further provided that in the event the board 15 of directors of the port authority or the local port 16 authority districts deem it advisable and practicable, 17 said board may cause certain facilities included in the 18 development plan to be installed by private enterprise 19 and leased back to the authority or local port authority 20 districts on an installment contract or option to pur-21 chase: Provided, That any such lease bank arrangement 22 must be financially feasible and any bonds or loans 23 utilized to enter into such lease bank arrangement shall 24 be repayable in full from the expected rentals to be 25 generated by such facility.

§17-16B-10. Foreign trade zones; free trade zones; ports of entry and customs zones.

The authority is empowered and directed to develop, maintain and operate foreign trade zones, free trade zones, ports of entry and customs zones under such terms and conditions as are or may be prescribed by federal law, and to keep foreign trade zone status for, and to assist in the applications for foreign trade zone

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- 7 status of political subdivisions and eligible private
- 8 corporations under federal law.

§17-16B-11. Study of feasibility of establishment of export trading company.

- 1 (a) The authority may assist business in the formation 2 of joint venture to function as an export trading 3 company. The authority may conduct feasibility studies 4 to ascertain the feasibility of such a joint venture.
- 5 (b) The authority shall study whether the formation of such an entity would aid and assist West Virginia 6 7 businesses in the export of goods. In the event that such 8 company is financially feasible, the authority is autho-9 rized to create a quasi-public corporation, under the authority's control, to perform such function. The 10 11 authority may advance seed money to such corporation to get it established: Provided, That the obligations of 12 such quasi-public corporation shall not be considered 13 14 obligations of the authority.
- 15 (c) The authority is authorized to promulgate rules 16 and regulations to establish the duties, powers and 17 obligations of any export trading company to be 18 established under this section.

§17-16B-12. Division of tourist trains and transportation; duties.

- (a) The division of tourist trains and transportation 1 shall develop a plan to assess the feasibility, financial 2 and otherwise, of establishing a statewide intermodal 3 network of tourist transportation, so as to coordinate, 4 link and supervise the various means of transportation 5 including highway, rail, waterway and air and such 6 plan shall also include, if feasible, the development of 7 a comprehensive strategy and state plan for tourist 8 9 transportation.
 - (b) The division shall cooperate and assist the efforts of public and private groups, agencies and political subdivisions in establishing components of the tourist transportation plan.
- 14 (c) The division shall specifically work to establish a

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- 15 pilot project for the purpose of creating a tourist train
- 16 network in the area from Bluefield, West Virginia, to
- 17 Bramwell, West Virginia, to Matoaka, West Virginia,
- 18 and to Pocahontas, Virginia.

§17-16B-13. Disclaimer of any liability of state of West Virginia.

- 1 The state of West Virginia is not liable on notes or
- 2 other evidences of indebtedness of the public port 3
- authority and such notes or other evidences of indebted-
- ness are not a debt of the state of West Virginia, and 4 5 such notes or other evidences of indebtedness shall
- 6 contain on the face thereof a statement to such effect.

§17-16B-14. Prohibition on funds inuring to the benefit of or being distributable to directors, employees, officers or private persons; prohibition against certain financial interests: criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) No part of the funds of the public port authority 2 may inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its directors, employees, officers or other private persons 3 4 except that the public port authority may pay reasonable compensation to its officers and employees for 5 6 services rendered and to make loans and exercise its 7 other powers as previously specified in furtherance of 8 its corporate purposes: Provided, That no such loans 9 may be made, and no property may be purchased or 10 leased from, or sold, leased to or otherwise disposed of, 11 to any director or officer of the public port authority.
 - (b) No officer, member or employee of the authority may be financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract of any person with the authority, or in the sale of any property, real or personal, to or from the authority during such person's employment with the authority or for a period of twelve months after termination of such person's employment with the authority. This section does not apply to contracts or purchases of property, real or personal, between the authority and any governmental agency. Any officer, member or employee of the authority who has such financial interest in a contract or sale of property

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- 24 prohibited hereby is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon
- 25 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one
- thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not
- 27 more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 3. DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF PUBLIC UTILITIES SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS OF COMMISSION.

§24-3-7. Permit to abandon service; certificate; hearing upon intervention by consumer advocate; alternative service.

- (a) No railroad or other public utility shall abandon all or any portion of its service to the public or the operation of any of its lines which would affect the service it is rendering the public unless and until there shall first have been filed with the public service commission of this state an application for a permit to abandon service and obtained from the commission an order stating that the present and future public convenience and necessity permits such abandonment.
- (b) The consumer advocate's office shall be notified of all notices to abandon rail service. Within five (5) days of the receipt of such notice the consumer advocate shall notify the West Virginia public port authority of such proposed abandonment. The public port authority shall advise the consumer advocate as to whether such abandonment is in the public interest or if such rail line or service is an integral part of the intermodal transportation system within West Virginia. If the public port authority deems such abandonment to be not in the public interest, then the consumer advocate shall intervene to block such abandonment before all appropriate state and federal agencies or courts.
 - (c) The public service commissioner, to the extent permitted by federal law, shall promulgate rules and regulations to govern the abandonment of rail lines and rail service, including, but not limited to, the providing of a hearing for the presentation of evidence in cases where the consumer advocate seeks intervention pursuant to subsection (b).

CHAPTER 158

(S. B. 297—By Senator Chafin)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fourteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to professional discipline of physicians and podiatrists; reporting of information to board pertaining to professional malpractice and professional incompetence required; penalties; grounds for license denial and discipline of physicians and podiatrists; investigations; physical and mental examinations; hearings; sanctions; summary sanctions; reporting by the board; reapplication; civil and criminal immunity; voluntary limitation of license; and probable cause determinations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fourteen, article three, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

§30-3-14. Professional discipline of physicians and podiatrists; reporting of information to board pertaining to professional malpractice and professional incompetence required; penalties; grounds for license denial and discipline of physicians and podiatrists;

 investigations; physical and mental examinations; hearings; sanctions; summary sanctions; reporting by the board; reapplication; civil and criminal immunity; voluntary limitation of license; probable cause determinations.

(a) The board may independently initiate disciplinary proceedings as well as initiate disciplinary proceedings based on information received from medical peer review committees, physicians, podiatrists, hospital administrators, professional societies and others.

The board may initiate investigations as to professional incompetence or other reasons for which a licensed physician or podiatrist may be adjudged unqualified if the board receives notice that, within the most recent five-year period, five or more judgments or settlements in excess of fifty thousand dollars each arising from medical professional liability have been rendered or made against such physician or podiatrist.

(b) Upon request of the board, any medical peer review committee in this state shall report any information that may relate to the practice or performance of any physician or podiatrist known to that medical peer review committee. Copies of such requests for information from a medical peer review committee may be provided to the subject physician or podiatrist if, in the discretion of the board, the provision of such copies will not jeopardize the board's investigation. In the event that copies are so provided, the subject physician or podiatrist is allowed fifteen days to comment on the requested information and such comments must be considered by the board.

After the completion of the hospital's formal disciplinary procedure and after any resulting legal action, the chief executive officer of such hospital shall report in writing to the board within sixty days the name of any member of the medical staff or any other physician or podiatrist practicing in the hospital whose hospital privileges have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for any cause, including resignation, to-

gether with all pertinent information relating to such action. The chief executive officer shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any physician or podiatrist by the hospital upon the recommendation of its medical staff relating to professional ethics, medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to maintain records on a timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need not be reported.

Any professional society in this state comprised primarily of physicians or podiatrists which takes formal disciplinary action against a member relating to professional ethics, professional incompetence, professional malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse, shall report in writing to the board within sixty days of a final decision the name of such member, together with all pertinent information relating to such action.

Every person, partnership, corporation, association, insurance company, professional society or other organization providing professional liability insurance to a physician or podiatrist in this state shall submit to the board the following information within thirty days from any judgment, dismissal or settlement of a civil action or of any claim involving the insured: The date of any judgment, dismissal or settlement; whether any appeal has been taken on the judgment, and, if so, by which party; the amount of any settlement or judgment against the insured; and such other information as the board may require.

Within thirty days after a person known to be a physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state or applying to be so licensed is convicted of a felony under the laws of this state, or of any crime under the laws of this state involving alcohol or drugs in any way, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, the clerk of the court of record in which the conviction was entered shall forward to the board a certified true and correct abstract of record of the

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convicting court. The abstract shall include the name and address of such physician or podiatrist or applicant, the nature of the offense committed and the final judgment and sentence of the court.

Upon a determination of the board that there is probable cause to believe that any person, partnership. corporation, association, insurance company, professional society or other organization has failed or refused to make a report required by this subsection, the board shall provide written notice to the alleged violator stating the nature of the alleged violation and the time and place at which the alleged violator shall appear to show good cause why a civil penalty should not be imposed. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-ninea of this code. After reviewing the record of such hearing, if the board determines that a violation of this subsection has occurred, the board shall assess a civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars against such violator. Anyone so assessed shall be notified of the assessment in writing and the notice shall specify the reasons for the assessment. If the violator fails to pay the amount of the assessment to the board within thirty days, the attorney general may institute a civil action in the circuit court of Kanawha County to recover the amount of the assessment. In any such civil action, the court's review of the board's action shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

Any person may report to the board relevant facts about the conduct of any physician or podiatrist in this state which in the opinion of such person amounts to professional malpractice or professional incompetence.

The board shall provide forms for filing reports pursuant to this section. Reports submitted in other forms shall be accepted by the board.

The filing of a report with the board pursuant to any provision of this article, any investigation by the board or any disposition of a case by the board does not

- preclude any action by a hospital, other health care facility or professional society comprised primarily of physicians or podiatrists to suspend, restrict or revoke the privileges or membership of such physician or podiatrist.
- 121 (c) The board may deny an application for license or 122 other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or 123 podiatry in this state and may discipline a physician or 124 podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing in 125 this state who, after a hearing, has been adjudged by 126 the board as unqualified due to any of the following 127 reasons:
 - (1) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, renewing or attempting to renew a license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry by bribery, fraudulent misrepresentation or through known error of the board.
 - (2) Being found guilty of a crime in any jurisdiction, which offense is a felony, involves moral turpitude or directly relates to the practice of medicine. Any plea of nolo contendere is a conviction for the purposes of this subdivision.
 - (3) False or deceptive advertising.
- 138 (4) Aiding, assisting, procuring or advising any 139 unauthorized person to practice medicine and surgery 140 or podiatry contrary to law.
 - (5) Making or filing a report that the person knows to be false; intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law; willfully impeding or obstructing the filing of a report or record required by state or federal law; or inducing another person to do any of the foregoing. Such reports and records as are herein covered mean only those that are signed in the capacity as a licensed physician or podiatrist.
 - (6) Requesting, receiving or paying directly or indirectly a payment, rebate, refund, commission, credit or other form of profit or valuable consideration for the referral of patients to any person or entity in connection with providing medical or other health care services or

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- 155 clinical laboratory services, supplies of any kind, drugs, 156 medication or any other medical goods, services or 157 devices used in connection with medical or other health 158 care services
- 159 (7) Unprofessional conduct by any physician or 160 podiatrist in referring a patient to any clinical laboratory or pharmacy in which the physician or podiatrist has a proprietary interest unless such physician or podiatrist discloses in writing such interest to the patient. Such written disclosure shall indicate that the 165 patient may choose any clinical laboratory for purposes 166 of having any laboratory work or assignment performed or any pharmacy for purposes of purchasing any prescribed drug or any other medical goods or devices used in connection with medical or other health care 170 services
 - As used herein, "proprietary interest" does not include an ownership interest in a building in which space is leased to a clinical laboratory or pharmacy at the prevailing rate under a lease arrangement that is not conditional upon the income or gross receipts of the clinical laboratory or pharmacy.
- 177 (8) Exercising influence within a patient-physician relationship for the purpose of engaging a patient in 178 179 sexual activity.
- 180 (9) Making a deceptive, untrue or fraudulent representation in the practice of medicine and surgery or 181 182 podiatry.
- (10) Soliciting patients, either personally or by an 183 agent, through the use of fraud, intimidation or undue 184 185 influence.
 - (11) Failing to keep written records justifying the course of treatment of a patient, such records to include. but not be limited to, patient histories, examination and test results and treatment rendered, if any.
- (12) Exercising influence on a patient in such a way 190 as to exploit the patient for financial gain of the 191 physician or podiatrist or of a third party. Any such 192

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- influence includes, but is not limited to, the promotion or sale of services, goods, appliances or drugs.
- (13) Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing or otherwise preparing a prescription drug, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, other than in good faith and in a therapeutic manner in accordance with accepted medical standards and in the course of the physician's or podiatrist's professional practice.
 - (14) Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy that, by the accepted standards of medical practice in the community, would constitute experimentation on human subjects without first obtaining full, informed and written consent.
 - (15) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or accepting and performing professional responsibilities that the person knows or has reason to know he is not competent to perform.
- 211 (16) Delegating professional responsibilities to a 212 person when the physician or podiatrist delegating such 213 responsibilities knows or has reason to know that such 214 person is not qualified by training, experience or 215 licensure to perform them.
- 216 (17) Violating any provision of this article or a rule 217 or order of the board, or failing to comply with a 218 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the board.
- 219 (18) Conspiring with any other person to commit an 220 act or committing an act that would tend to coerce, 221 intimidate or preclude another physician or podiatrist 222 from lawfully advertising his services.
- 223 (19) Gross negligence in the use and control of 224 prescription forms.
 - (20) Professional incompetence.
 - (21) The inability to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry with reasonable skill and safety due to physical or mental disability, including deterioration through the aging process or loss of motor skill or abuse of drugs or alcohol. A physician or podiatrist adversely affected

- under this subdivision shall be afforded an opportunity at reasonable intervals to demonstrate that he can resume the competent practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry with reasonable skill and safety to patients. In any proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of proceedings nor any orders entered by the board shall be used against the physician or podiatrist in any other proceeding.
 - (d) The board shall deny any application for a license or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state to any applicant who, and shall revoke the license of any physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing within this state who, is found guilty by any court of competent jurisdiction of any felony involving prescribing, selling, administering, dispensing, mixing or otherwise preparing any prescription drug, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, for other than generally accepted therapeutic purposes. Presentation to the board of a certified copy of the guilty verdict or plea rendered in the court is sufficient proof thereof for the purposes of this article. A plea of nolo contendere has the same effect as a verdict or plea of guilt.
 - (e) The board may refer any cases coming to its attention to an appropriate committee of an appropriate professional organization for investigation and report. Any such report shall contain recommendations for any necessary disciplinary measures and shall be filed with the board within ninety days of any such referral. The recommendations shall be considered by the board and the case may be further investigated by the board. The board after full investigation shall take whatever action it deems appropriate, as provided herein.
 - (f) The investigating body, as provided for in subsection (e) of this section, may request and the board under any circumstances may require a physician or podiatrist or person applying for licensure or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state to submit to a physical or mental examination by a physician or physicians approved by the board. A physician or podiatrist submitting to any such exami-

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nation has the right, at his expense, to designate another physician to be present at the examination and make an independent report to the investigating body or the board. The expense of the examination shall be paid by the board. Any individual who applies for or accepts the privilege of practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state is deemed to have given his consent to submit to all such examinations when requested to do so in writing by the board and to have waived all objections to the admissibility of the testimony or examination report of any examining physician on the ground that the testimony or report is privileged communication. If a person fails or refuses to submit to any such examination under circumstances which the board finds are not beyond his control, such failure or refusal is prima facie evidence of his inability to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry competently and in compliance with the standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice.

- (g) In addition to any other investigators it employs, the board may appoint one or more licensed physicians to act for it in investigating the conduct or competence of a physician.
- (h) In every disciplinary or licensure denial action, the board shall furnish the physician or podiatrist or applicant with written notice setting out with particularity the reasons for its action. Disciplinary and licensure denial hearings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twentynine-a of this code. However, hearings shall be heard upon sworn testimony and the rules of evidence for trial courts of record in this state shall apply to all such hearings. A transcript of all hearings under this section shall be made, and the respondent may obtain a copy of the transcript at his expense. The physician or podiatrist has the right to defend against any such charge by the introduction of evidence, the right to be represented by counsel, the right to present and crossexamine witnesses and the right to have subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued on his behalf for the attendance of witnesses and the production of docu-

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- 313 ments. The board shall make all its final actions public.
- 314 The order shall contain the terms of all action taken by
- 315 the board.
- 316 (i) Whenever it finds any person unqualified because 317 of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (c) of this
- 318 section, the board may enter an order imposing one or
- 319 more of the following:
- 320 (1) Deny his application for a license or other author-321 ization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 322 (2) Administer a public reprimand;
- 323 (3) Suspend, limit or restrict his license or other 324 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or 325 podiatry for not more than five years, including limiting 326 the practice of such person to, or by the exclusion of, 327 one or more areas of practice, including limitations on 328 practice privileges:
- 329 (4) Revoke his license or other authorization to 330 practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or to 331 prescribe or dispense controlled substances;
 - (5) Require him to submit to care, counseling or treatment designated by the board as a condition for initial or continued licensure or renewal of licensure or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 337 (6) Require him to participate in a program of 338 education prescribed by the board;
- 339 (7) Require him to practice under the direction of a 340 physician or podiatrist designated by the board for a 341 specified period of time; and
- 342 (8) Assess a civil fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars.
- 344 (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of section eight, 345 article one, chapter thirty of this code, if the board 346 determines the evidence in its possession indicates that 347 a physician's or podiatrist's continuation in practice or 348 unrestricted practice constitutes an immediate danger 349 to the public, the board may take any of the actions

provided for in subsection (i) of this section on a temporary basis and without a hearing, if institution of proceedings for a hearing before the board are initiated simultaneously with the temporary action and begin within fifteen days of such action. The board shall render its decision within five days of the conclusion of a hearing under this subsection.

- (k) Any person against whom disciplinary action is taken pursuant to the provisions of this article has the right to judicial review as provided in articles five and six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Except with regard to an order of temporary suspension of a license for six months or less, a person shall not practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or deliver health care services in violation of any disciplinary order revoking or limiting his license while any such review is pending. Within sixty days, the board shall report its final action regarding restriction, limitation, suspension or revocation of the license of a physician or podiatrist, limitation on practice privileges or other disciplinary action against any physician or podiatrist to all appropriate state agencies, appropriate licensed health facilities and hospitals, insurance companies or associations writing medical malpractice insurance in this state, the American Medical Association, the American Podiatry Association, professional societies of physicians or podiatrists in the state and any entity responsible for the fiscal administration of medicare and medicaid.
- (l) Any person against whom disciplinary action has been taken under the provisions of this article shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he can resume the practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry on a general or limited basis. At the conclusion of a suspension, limitation or restriction period, the physician or podiatrist has the right to resume practice pursuant to the orders of the board: *Provided*, That for a revocation pursuant to subsection (d) of this section a reapplication shall not be accepted for a period of at least five years.
- (m) Any entity, organization or person, including the board, any member of the board, its agents or employees

and any entity or organization or its members referred to in this article, any insurer, its agents or employees. a medical peer review committee and a hospital governing board, its members or any committee ap-pointed by it acting without malice and without gross negligence in making any report or other information available to the board or a medical peer review committee pursuant to law and any person acting without malice and without gross negligence who assists in the organization, investigation or preparation of any such report or information or assists the board or a hospital governing body or any such committee in carrying out any of its duties or functions provided by law, is immune from civil or criminal liability, except that the unlawful disclosure of confidential information possessed by the board is a misdemeanor as provided for in this article.

- (n) A physician or podiatrist may request in writing to the board a limitation on or the surrendering of his license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or other appropriate sanction as provided herein. The board may grant such request and, if it considers it appropriate, may waive the commencement or continuation of other proceedings under this section. A physician or podiatrist whose license is limited or surrendered or against whom other action is taken under this subsection has a right at reasonable intervals to petition for removal of any restriction or limitation on or for reinstatement of his license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry.
- (o) In every case considered by the board under this article regarding discipline or licensure, whether initiated by the board or upon complaint or information from any person or organization, the board shall make a preliminary determination as to whether probable cause exists to substantiate charges of disqualification due to any reason set forth in subsection (c) of this section. If such probable cause is found to exist, all proceedings on such charges shall be open to the public who shall be entitled to all reports, records, and nondeliberative materials introduced at such hearing.

including the record of the final action taken: *Provided*,
That any medical records, which were introduced at
such hearing and which pertain to a person who has not
expressly waived his right to the confidentiality of such
records, shall not be open to the public nor is the public
entitled to such records.

CHAPTER 159

(H. B. 2232—By Delegates Hatfield and Humphreys)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four and five, article four-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to eligibility requirements for general anesthesia permits by eliminating person who employs or works in conjunction with a physician or osteopath who is qualified under this article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four and five, article four-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. ADMINISTRATION OF GENERAL ANESTHESIA AND PARENTERAL CONSCIOUS SEDATION BY DENTISTS.

§30-4A-4. Eligibility requirements for general anesthesia permit. §30-4A-5. Eligibility requirements for permit to administer parenteral conscious sedation only.

§30-4A-4. Eligibility requirements for general anesthesia permit.

- To receive a permit for the use of general anesthesia and parenteral conscious sedation, a dentist shall:
- 3 (a) Be a dentist licensed by the West Virginia board 4 of dental examiners, hereinafter sometimes referred to
- 5 as the "board," or as "board of dental examiners" and
- 6 registered to practice dentistry in the state of West
- 7 Virginia;

- 8 (b) Apply to the West Virginia board of dental 9 examiners on an application form prescribed by the board;
- 11 (c) Include with the application an application fee in the amount of three hundred dollars;
- (d) Have a properly equipped facility for the administration of general anesthesia, staffed with a supervised team of auxiliary personnel capable of reasonably handling procedures, problems, and emergencies incident thereto as outlined in the office anesthesia evaluation manual as adopted and amended by the board of dental examiners;
- 20 (e) In the case of any dentist who treats children who 21 applies for any permit under this section, such dentist 22 must document his or her competency to administer 23 general anesthesia and parenteral conscious sedation to 24 children by demonstrating to the satisfaction of the 25 board his or her familiarity with the "Guidelines for the 26 elective use of conscious sedation, deep sedation and 27 general anesthesia in pediatric patients" of American 28 Academy of Pediatrics and the American Academy of 29 Pediatric Dentistry: and
- 30 (f) Produce evidence showing at least one of the 31 following:
- 32 (1) He or she has completed a minimum of one year 33 of advanced training in an approved anesthesia 34 residency;
- 35 (2) He or she is a diplomate of the American board of oral and maxillofacial surgery;
- 37 (3) He or she is eligible for an examination by the 38 American board of oral and maxillofacial surgery 39 (ABOMS);
- (4) He or she is a fellow of the American association of oral and maxillofacial surgery (AAOMS);
- 42 (5) He or she has successfully completed an American 43 dental association accredited oral and maxillofacial

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- 44 surgery program as evidenced by a letter from the
- 45 program director stating that said applicant is qualified
- 46 to perform such anesthesia techniques;
- 47 (6) He or she is a fellow of the American dental society of anesthesiology.
- §30-4A-5. Eligibility requirements for permit to administer parenteral conscious sedation only.
 - To receive a permit for use of parenteral conscious sedation only, the dentist shall:
 - 3 (a) Be a dentist licensed by the West Virginia board 4 of dental examiners and registered to practice dentistry 5 in the state of West Virginia;
 - 6 (b) Apply to the West Virginia board of dental 7 examiners on an application form prescribed by the 8 board for the use of parenteral conscious sedation only:
 - 9 (c) Include with the application a fee in the amount 10 of three hundred dollars;
 - 11 (d) Maintain a properly equipped facility for the 12 administration of parenteral conscious sedation, staffed 13 with a supervised team of auxiliary personnel capable 14 of reasonably handling procedures, problems, and 15 emergencies incident thereto as outlined in the office 16 anesthesia evaluation manual of the board of dental 17 examiners;
 - (e) In the case of any dentist who treats children who applies for any permit under this section, such dentist must document his or her competency to administer parenteral conscious sedation to children by demonstrating to the satisfaction of the board his or her familiarity with the "Guidelines for the elective use of conscious sedation, deep sedation and general anesthesia in pediatric patients" of the American Academy of Pediatrics and the American Academy of Pediatric Dentistry; and
- 28 (f) Produce evidence showing at least one of the 29 following:
- 30 (1) He or she meets at least one of the criteria

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- described in subdivisions (1) through (6) of subsection (f) of section four of this article;
- 33 (2) He or she has satisfactorily completed at least one year of post-doctoral dental training in a dental 34 35 residency or specialty program approved by the American dental association or the American medical 36 37 association which must include didactic studies and 38 practical experience in the administration of general 39 anesthesia and parenteral conscious sedation. A letter 40 from the chief of the approved residency program verifying that said dentist has satisfactorily completed 41 42 said training and is competent to administer parenteral 43 conscious sedation may be deemed acceptable evidence 44 thereof: or
 - (3) He or she has satisfactorily completed a continuing education course or program regarding the administration of parenteral conscious sedation which meets or exceeds the American dental association council on dental education's current "Guidelines For Teaching The Comprehensive Control of Pain and Anxiety in Dentistry."

CHAPTER 160

(S. B. 177—By Senators Wiedebusch and Warner)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, relating to pharmacists; and requiring annual completion of accredited program of continuing professional education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUGSTORES.

§30-5-3a. Legislative finding; continuing professional education required.

The Legislature finds and declares that because of the 1 2 continuous introduction of new therapeutic and diagnos-3 tic agents and the changing concepts in the delivery of health care services in the practice of pharmacy, it is 4 5 essential that a pharmacist undertake a continuing education program in order to maintain his or her 6 professional competency and improve his or her profes-7 8 sional skills. To assure the continued competency of the pharmacist and to maintain uniform qualifications and 9 licensure in the profession of pharmacy for the protec-10 tion of the health and welfare of its citizens, the West 11 Virginia Legislature deems it in the public interest to 12 13 adopt a continuing professional education program for 14 pharmacists.

Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, no annual renewal license may be issued to a pharmacist until such pharmacist has submitted proof to the board of pharmacy that he or she has satisfactorily completed an accredited program of continuing professional education during the previous year to help assure his or her continued competence to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The board shall from time to time determine the amount of continuing education to be required.

The board shall promulgate rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code required to carry out the stated objectives and purpose of this section.

CHAPTER 161

(S. B. 137—By Senators J. Manchin, Tucker, Mr. President, Blatnik, Holliday, Felton, Harman, Pritt and Warner)

[Passed February 27, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to requirement that prescribing practitioner specify in his or her own handwriting "Brand Necessary" or "Brand Medically Necessary" or other designated language if generic drugs are not to be used to fill a prescription.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve-b, article five, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, ASSISTANT PHARMACISTS AND DRUGSTORES.

§30-5-12b. Definitions; selection of generic drug products.

- 1 (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Brand name" means the proprietary or trade
- 3 name selected by the manufacturer and placed upon a
- 4 drug or drug product, its container, label or wrapping
- 5 at the time of packaging.
- 6 (2) "Generic name" means the official title of a drug or drug combination for which a new drug application,
- 8 or an abbreviated new drug application, has been
- 9 approved by the United States food and drug adminis-
- 10 tration and is in effect.
- 11 (3) "Substitute" means to dispense without the pres-12 criber's express authorization a therapeutically equival-13 ent generic drug product in the place of the drug
- 14 ordered or prescribed.
- 15 (4) "Equivalent" means drugs or drug products which 16 are the same amounts of identical active ingredients and
- 17 same dosage form, and which will provide essentially
- the same therapeutic efficacy and toxicity when admin-
- 19 istered to an individual.
- 20 (5) "Practitioner" means a physician, an authorized
- 21 Type A physician assistant at the direction of his or her
- supervising physician in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen, article three of this chapter, osteo-

- path, dentist, veterinarian, podiatrist, optometrist or any other person duly licensed to practice and to prescribe drugs under the laws of this state.
 - (b) A pharmacist who receives a prescription for a brand name drug or drug product shall substitute a less expensive equivalent generic name drug or drug product unless in the exercise of his or her professional judgment the pharmacist believes that the less expensive drug is not suitable for the particular patient: *Provided*, That no substitution may be made by the pharmacist where the prescribing practitioner indicates that, in his or her professional judgment, a specific brand name drug is medically necessary for a particular patient. Every drug prescription order shall contain an instruction on whether or not an equivalent generic name drug or drug product may be substituted.

A written prescription order shall permit the pharmacist to substitute an equivalent generic name drug or drug product except where the prescribing practitioner has indicated in his or her own handwriting the words "Brand Necessary" or "Brand Medically Necessary." The following sentence shall be printed on the prescription form: "This prescription may be filled with a generically equivalent drug product unless the words "Brand Necessary" or the words "Brand Medically Necessary" are written, in the practitioner's own handwriting, on this prescription form."

A verbal prescription order shall permit the pharmacist to substitute an equivalent generic name drug or drug product except where the prescribing practitioner or his or her agent shall indicate to the pharmacist that the prescription is "Brand Necessary" or "Brand Medically Necessary." The pharmacist shall note the instructions on the file copy of the prescription or chart order form.

(c) No person may by trade rule, work rule, contract, or in any other way prohibit, restrict, limit or attempt to prohibit, restrict or limit the making of a generic name substitution under subsection (b) of this section. No employer or his or her agent may use coercion or

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- other means to interfere with the professional judgment 64 65 of the pharmacist in deciding which generic name drugs 66 or drug products shall be stocked or substituted: 67 Provided. That this section shall not be construed to 68 permit the pharmacist to generally refuse to substitute 69 less expensive therapeutically equivalent generic drugs for brand name drugs, and that any pharmacist so 70 71 refusing shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in 72 section twenty-two, article five, chapter thirty of this 73 code.
- 74 (d) A pharmacist may substitute a drug under 75 subsection (b) of this section only where there will be a savings to the buyer. Where substitution is proper 76 77 under subsection (b), or where the practitioner pres-78 cribes the drug by generic name, the pharmacist shall. 79 consistent with his or her professional judgment. 80 dispense the lowest retail cost, effective brand which is 81 in stock.
 - (e) All savings in the retail price of the prescription shall be passed on to the purchaser; these savings shall be equal to the difference between the retail price of the brand name product and the customary and usual price of the generic product substituted therefor: *Provided*, That in no event shall such savings be less than the difference in acquisition cost of the brand name product prescribed and the acquisition cost of the substituted product.
 - (f) Each pharmacy shall maintain a record of any substitution of an equivalent generic name drug product for a prescribed brand name drug product on the file copy of a written or verbal prescription or chart order. Such record shall include the manufacturer and generic name of the drug product selected.
- 97 All drugs shall be labeled in accordance with the 98 instructions of the practitioner.
 - Unless the practitioner directs otherwise, the prescription label on all drugs dispensed by the pharmacist shall indicate the generic name using abbreviations if necessary and the name of the manufacturer. The same

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- notation will be made on the original prescription retained by the pharmacist.
- 105 (g) A pharmacist may not dispense a product under 106 the provisions of this section unless the manufacturer 107 has shown that the drug has been manufactured with 108 the following minimum good manufacturing standards 109 and practices by:
- 110 (1) Labeling products with the name of the original 111 manufacturer and control number;
- 112 (2) Maintaining quality control standards equal to or 113 greater than those of the United States food and drug 114 administration:
- 115 (3) Marking products with identification code or 116 monogram; and
- 117 (4) Labeling products with an expiration date.
- 118 (h) The West Virginia board of pharmacy shall 119 establish by rule a formulary of generic type and brand 120 name drug products which are determined by the board 121 to demonstrate significant biological or therapeutic 122 inequivalence and which, if substituted, would pose a 123 threat to the health and safety of patients receiving 124 prescription medication. The formulary shall be promul-125 gated by the board within ninety days of the date of 126 passage of this section, and may be amended in 127 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-128 a of this code.
 - (i) No pharmacist shall substitute a generic named therapeutically equivalent drug product for a prescribed brand name drug product if the brand name drug product or the generic drug type is listed on the formulary established by the West Virginia board of pharmacy pursuant to this article, or is found to be in violation of the requirements of the United States food and drug administration.
 - (j) Any pharmacist who substitutes any drug shall, either personally or through his or her agent, assistant or employee, notify the person presenting the prescription of such substitution. The person presenting the

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- prescription shall have the right to refuse the substitution. Upon request the pharmacist shall relate the retail price difference between the brand name and the drug substituted for it.
 - (k) Every pharmacy shall post in a prominent place that is in clear and unobstructed public view, at or near the place where prescriptions are dispensed, a sign which shall read: "West Virginia law requires pharmacists to substitute a less expensive generic named therapeutically equivalent drug for a brand name drug, if available, unless you or your physician direct otherwise." The sign shall be printed with lettering of at least one and one-half inches in height with appropriate margins and spacing as prescribed by the West Virginia board of pharmacy.
 - (1) The West Virginia board of pharmacy shall promulgate rules and regulations setting standards for substituted drug products, obtaining compliance with the provisions of this section and enforcing the provisions of this section. Any person shall have the right to file a complaint with the West Virginia board of pharmacy regarding any violation of the provisions of this article. Such complaints shall be investigated by the board of pharmacy.

Fifteen days after the board has notified, by registered mail, a person, firm, corporation or copartnership that such person, firm, corporation or copartnership is suspected of being in violation of a provision of this section, the board shall hold a hearing on the matter. If, as a result of the hearing, the board determines that a person, firm, corporation or copartnership is violating any of the provisions of this section, it may, in addition to any penalties prescribed by section twenty-two of this article, suspend or revoke the permit of any person, firm, corporation or copartnership to operate a pharmacy or drugstore.

(m) No pharmacist complying with the provisions of this section shall be liable in any way for the dispensing of a generic named therapeutically equivalent drug, substituted under the provisions of this section, unless

- the generic named therapeutically equivalent drug was incorrectly substituted.
- In no event where the pharmacist substitutes a drug under the provisions of this section shall the prescribing physician be liable in any action for loss, damage, injury or death of any person occasioned by or arising from the use of the substitute drug unless the original drug was incorrectly prescribed.
- Failure of a practitioner to specify that a specific brand name is necessary for a particular patient shall not constitute evidence of negligence unless the practitioner had reasonable cause to believe that the health of the patient required the use of a certain product and no other.

CHAPTER 162

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 254-By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Jackson)

[Passed March 24, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article nine, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the practice and regulation of public accounting; setting forth findings and declarations; providing definitions; continuing and reorganizing the state board of accountancy; providing for the appointment, terms, qualifications, removal and compensation of members thereof; providing for the funding of said board; enabling and directing said board to promulgate rules; providing for the certification of qualified persons in the practice of public accounting and the continuing regulation of those previously certified or registered as public accountants under prior law; providing for the annual licensure of certified persons and registrants and enabling the board to promulgate the requirements therefor; prohibiting and providing for the criminal punishment of those engaged in the uncertified, unlicensed or unregistered practice of public accounting and other unlawful acts; providing for the enjoinment of such acts and evidence thereof for purposes of such injunctive relief; exempting certain activity from regulation; providing for the ownership of working papers; providing for the practice of accountancy by accounting corporations; providing for board revocation and suspension of certificates, registrations and licenses; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article nine, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 9. ACCOUNTANTS.

- §30-9-1. Findings and statement of purpose.
- §30-9-2. Definitions.
- §30-9-3. Board of accountancy; appointment, terms, qualifications, removal and compensation of members; funds; rules and regulations.
- §30-9-4. Certification; applicability of article to previous holders of certificates.
- §30-9-5. Grant and renewal of license; rights of licensee.
- §30-9-6. Practice of public accounting restricted to licensees; prohibited acts.
- §30-9-7. Prohibitions and penalties.
- §30-9-8. Injunction against unlawful act; evidence.
- §30-9-9. Inapplicability of article.
- §30-9-10. Ownership of working papers.
- §30-9-11. Accounting corporations.
- §30-9-12. Revocation or suspension of certificate, license or registration.
- §30-9-13. Effective date.

§30-9-1. Findings and statement of purpose.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the
- 2 public interest requires the certification and licensure
- 3 of those persons engaged in the practice of public
- 4 accounting as herein defined in order to aid the citizens
- 5 of this state in determining the qualifications of such
- 6 persons; that this function is best served by a state board
- 7 of accountancy subject to legislative control; and that
- 8 this article is enacted to further the aforesaid public interest.

§30-9-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the following words and terms
- 2 shall have the following meanings, unless the context
- 3 clearly indicates otherwise:

 "Assurance" means any act or action, whether written or oral, expressing an opinion or conclusion about the reliability of a financial statement or about its conformity with any financial accounting principles or standards

"Board" means the state board of accountancy, known as the "West Virginia board of accountancy," continued by the provisions of this article and established under prior law.

"Certificate" means a certificate as a certified public accountant issued by the board pursuant to this article or corresponding provisions of prior law or a corresponding certificate as a certified public accountant issued after examination under the laws of any other state.

"Financial statement" means a writing or other presentation, including accompanying notes, which presents, in whole or in part, historical or prospective financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position of any person, corporation, partnership or other entity.

"License" means a license to practice public accounting issued annually under the provisions of this article and "licensee" means a person holding such license.

"Practice of public accountancy" or "public accounting" means: (i) The giving of an assurance, in a report or otherwise, whether expressly or implicitly; or (ii) in the case of a person holding himself out as a certificate holder, the performance of or offering to perform any service involving the use of accounting or auditing skills, including, but not limited to, management advisory or consulting services, the preparation of tax returns, the rendering of tax services, the keeping of books of account and related accounting records and the preparation of financial statements without the expression of an assurance: *Provided*, That an employee giving assurances to or performing such services for an employer shall not be deemed to be practicing public accountancy.

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"Registered" or "registrant" refers to or means a person registered, but not certified, by the board under prior law as a public accountant before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, and "registration" means such registration.

"Report" or "reports" when used with reference to financial statements, means an opinion or disclaimer of opinion or other form of language or representation which states or implies any form of assurance or denial of assurance.

53 "State" means any state of the United States, the 54 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U. S. Virgin 55 Islands or Guam.

As used in this article, the singular and plural and the masculine and feminine are interchangeable unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

§30-9-3. Board of accountancy; appointment, terms, qualifications, removal and compensation of members; funds; rules and regulations.

The state board of accountancy, known as the "West Virginia board of accountancy," is hereby continued. The board consists of five members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of three years. Any vacancy on the board occurring during a three-year term shall be filled by appointment of the governor for the remainder of the unexpired term. No member may serve more than two consecutive full terms, and any member having served two full terms may not be appointed or reappointed for one year after completion of his second full term.

The members composing the board on and after the effective date of this article shall be appointed by the governor to serve as follows: Two for a term of three years; two for a term of two years; and one for a term of one year. Thereafter, as the terms of office of the members respectively expire, the governor shall appoint, to fill the vacancies so occasioned, members whose terms shall be for three years from the day on which that of their immediate predecessors expired.

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Every member of the board shall hold a certificate: *Provided*, That the governor shall appoint as a member no more than one noncertificated, licensed registrant under prior law. At the time of any appointment at least three members of the board shall hold a certificate and a current license.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for the first five years after the effective date of this article the board shall further consist of two additional members, and for the second five years after the effective date of this article the board shall further consist of one additional member, each of whom shall be a noncertificated, licensed registrant. One of such two additional members shall be appointed for an initial term of one year, and the second of such two additional members shall be appointed for an initial term of two years. Thereafter, and subject to the expiration of such five year periods. as the terms of office of such additional members respectively expire, the governor shall appoint, to fill the vacancies so occasioned, members of like qualification whose terms shall be for three years from the day on which that of their immediate predecessors expired.

The governor shall remove from the board any member who fails to attend, without just cause, three regularly scheduled board meetings. Any member of the board shall immediately and automatically forfeit his membership if he (i) has his certificate, registration or license suspended or revoked by the board; or (ii) is convicted of a felony under the laws of any state or the United States.

The board shall pay each member fifty dollars for each day or portion thereof spent in the discharge of his official duties and shall reimburse each member for his actual and necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his official duties.

All fees and other moneys received by the board pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be kept by the board in a separate fund and expended solely for the purposes of this article. The board shall retain its funds from year to year, and no part of this special fund

- shall revert to the general funds of this state. The compensation provided by this article and all expenses incurred under this article shall be paid from this special fund. No compensation or expense incurred under this article is a charge against the general funds of this state.
- 67 The board shall make and enforce all necessary rules. 68 not inconsistent with this article, for the examination, certification and licensure of public accountants as set 69 forth herein, and for the general practice of public 70 71 accounting, including the collection of fees for examina-72 tion, certification and licensure. The board may promul-73 gate and amend rules of professional conduct approp-74 riate to establish and maintain a high standard of 75 integrity in the profession of public accountancy, which rules are applicable to all licensees. No rule promul-76 gated by the board is effective unless promulgated 77 78 pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: Provided. That all rules promulgated by the board 79 under prior law shall remain in full force and effect 80 unless modified or repealed in accordance with this 81 82 section.

§30-9-4. Certification; applicability of article to previous holders of certificates.

- The board shall grant a certificate to any applicant who, at the time of making application:
- 3 (1) Is over the age of eighteen years;
- 4 (2) Is of good moral character;
- 5 (3) Is, at the time of taking the examination provided for in subdivision (5), a resident of this state or employed in this state on a full-time basis: *Provided*, That the board may provide by rule for exceptions to this requirement;
- 10 (4) Has satisfied the following educational 11 requirements:
- 12 (a) If application is made prior to the first day of July, 13 two thousand, the obtainment of a baccalaureate or 14 equivalent degree conferred by a college or university

- acceptable to the board with a concentration in accounting or its equivalent, as determined by the board by rule;
- 18 (b) If application is made on or after the first day of July, two thousand, the satisfactory completion of one hundred fifty semester hours or their equivalent at such accredited institutions, including the obtainment of the aforesaid degree.
 - (5) Has completed satisfactorily an examination to be given by the board at least twice each year in accounting theory, accounting practice, auditing, commercial law or such other appropriate subjects as determined by the board by rule. The board shall prescribe by rule for the retention of credit for the satisfactory completion of a portion of such examination in future examinations.

The board may, in its discretion, in lieu of the examination provided for in this section, issue a certificate to any person who possesses the other qualifications stated in this section, and who is the holder of a certificate issued under the laws of any state which extends similar privileges to certified public accountants of this state provided the requirements for such certificates in the state which has granted the certificate to such person, are, in the opinion of the board, equivalent to those herein required; or who is the holder of a certificate, or the equivalent thereof, granted under the authority of a foreign nation, if the requirements for such certificates in the foreign nation, are, in the opinion of the board, equivalent to those herein required.

Persons who, on the effective date of this article, hold certificates theretofore issued by the board are not required to obtain additional certificates under this article, but are otherwise subject to all provisions of this article; and such certificates theretofore issued shall, for all purposes, be considered certificates issued under this article and subject to the provisions hereof.

§30-9-5. Grant and renewal of license; rights of licensee.

1 The board shall prescribe by rule for the issuance of

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- 2 licenses on an annual basis. The board shall issue a
- 3 license only to a person who holds a valid certificate or
- 4 is registered under prior law. The board may establish
- 5 by rule work experience, continuing education, and
- 6 other qualifications for the licensure of certificate
- 7 holders: Provided. That no such qualifications may be
- 8 imposed on registrants under prior law.
- 9 Only a person who holds a valid license granted to him
- 10 by the board may practice public accounting. Failure to
- 11 obtain a license does not impair the right of a person
- 12 to obtain a license in future years, but only removes that
- person from those licensed to practice during the year. 13

§30-9-6. Practice of public accounting restricted to licensees: prohibited acts.

- (a) A person who does not hold a valid license issued 2 by the board may not claim to hold one; nor may he or she practice or offer to practice public accountancy or public accounting; nor may he or she make any other claim of licensure or approval related to the preparation of financial statements or expression of assurances thereon which is false or misleading.
- 8 (b) Except as set forth in this subsection, a person who 9 does not hold a valid certificate issued by the board may not claim to hold one or describe himself as or assume 10 11 any of the following titles or designations: Certified public accountant, CPA, public accountant, PA, certi-12 fied accountant, CA, chartered accountant, licensed 13 accountant, LA, registered accountant, RA, independent 14 auditor, auditor, or similar designation: Provided, That 15 registrants under prior law may use the titles public 16 17 accountant or PA.
- Partnerships practicing accountancy in this state may 18 use the aforesaid designations, or practice as such, only 19 if all the members thereof who practice in this state are 20 21 so licensed.
 - (c) A person who does not hold a valid license issued by the board may not claim to have used "generally accepted accounting principles," "generally accepted

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- 25 accounting standards," "public accountancy standards," 26 "public accountancy principles," "generally accepted 27 auditing principles," or "generally accepted auditing 28 standards," in connection with his preparation of any 29 financial statement; nor may he or she use any of these 30 terms in describing any complete or partial variation 31 from such standards or principles or to imply complete 32 or partial conformity with such standards or principles.
 - (d) A person who does not hold a valid license issued by the board may not use the words "audit," "audit report," "independent audit," "attest," "attestation," "examine," "examination," "opinion," or "review" in a report on a financial statement.
 - (e) A person who does not hold a valid license issued by the board may neither state nor imply that he or she is tested, competent, qualified, or proficient in financial standards established by: (i) The American institute of certified public accountants or any agency thereof; (ii) the governmental accounting standards board or any agency thereof; (iii) the securities and exchange commission or any agency thereof; (iv) the financial accounting standards board; or (v) any successor entity to an entity named in this subsection.
 - (f) No person who holds a valid license issued by the 49 board may engage in the practice of public accounting 50 under a professional or firm name or designation that 51 contains a name or term other than past or present partners, officers or shareholders of the firm or of a 52 predecessor firm; nor may any such person engage in 53 the practice of public accounting under a professional 54 or firm name which is deceptive or misleading.

§30-9-7. Prohibitions and penalties.

Any person who engages in any of the unauthorized 1 acts listed in section six of this article is guilty of a 2 misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 3 fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned 4 in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined 5 and imprisoned.

§30-9-8. Injunction against unlawful act; evidence.

The board or any other interested person may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for an order enjoining any of the acts listed in section six of this article. Upon a showing that any person has engaged. or is about to engage, in any such acts, an injunction. restraining order or such other order as may be appropriate shall be granted by such court without bond. The display or uttering by a person of any printed, engraved or written instrument, bearing the name of such person in conjunction with any of the claims, titles, words or phrases listed in section six of this article shall. for purposes of this section, be prima facie evidence that such person has engaged in such acts.

§30-9-9. Inapplicability of article.

- (a) Nothing contained in this article may be construed to prevent any person from describing himself as an "accountant" or a "bookkeeper" or from stating that he practices accountancy or bookkeeping; nor, subject to the licensure requirements herein imposed on persons holding themselves out as certificate holders, may this article be construed to prevent any person from performing services involving the use of accounting skills, rendering tax services, management advisory or consulting services, or in the keeping of books of account and related accounting records, or from preparing financial statements without the expression of an assurance.
- (b) Nothing contained in this article may be construed to prevent any person from stating that he has prepared, compiled, assembled or drafted a financial statement, provided he does not use any additional language which comprises an assurance.
- (c) The prohibitions of section six and the other provisions of this article may not be construed to preclude the use of the following or substantially similar language: "I (We) have compiled the accompanying (financial statements) of (name of entity) as of (time period) for the (period) then ended. A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management

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- 27 (owners). I (We) have not audited or reviewed the 28 accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do 29 not express an opinion or any other form of assurance 30 on them. Management has elected to omit substantially all (or certain) required disclosures (and the statement 31 32 of changes in financial position). If omitted disclosures 33 were included in the financial statements, they might 34 influence the user's conclusions about the (entity's) financial position, results of operations and changes in 35 36 financial position. Accordingly, these financial state-37 ments are not designed for those who are not informed 38 about these matters."
- (d) Nothing contained in this article may be construed
 to prohibit an employee from furnishing services to his
 employer.

§30-9-10. Ownership of working papers.

- 1 (a) All statements, records, schedules, working papers 2 and memoranda prepared by a licensee, or a partner, shareholder, officer, director or employee of a licensee, 3 4 incident to or in the course of rendering services to a 5 client pursuant to the practice of public accountancy of a licensee, shall be and remain the property of the 6 7 licensee in the absence of an express agreement between 8 the licensee and the client to the contrary: Provided, 9 That this subsection shall not apply to reports submitted to a client and statements, records, schedules, working 10 11 papers and memoranda provided by a client to a 12 licensee, or a partner, shareholder, officer, director or 13 employee to a licensee. No such statement, record, 14 schedule, working paper or memorandum may be sold, 15 transferred or bequeathed, without the consent of the 16 client or his personal representative, successor or 17 assignee, to anyone other than one or more surviving partners or shareholders or new partners or share-18 holders of the licensee or any combined or merged firm 19 20 or successor in interest to the licensee.
 - (b) In addition to any statements, records, schedules, working papers, memoranda or reports required to be furnished or returned to the client in accordance with subsection (a), a licensee shall furnish to his client or

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- 25 former client, upon request made within a reasonable 26 time after original issuance of the document in question:
- 27 (1) A copy of a tax return of the client.
- 28 (2) A copy of any report or other document issued by 29 the licensee to or for such client and not formally withdrawn or disavowed by the licensee prior to the 30 31 request.
- (3) A copy of the licensee's working papers to the 33 extent that such working papers include records that 34 would ordinarily constitute part of the client's records and are not otherwise available to the client.
- 36 (4) Any accounting or other records belonging to, or 37 obtained from or on behalf of, the client which the licensee removed from the client's premises or received 38 for the client's account. The licensee may make and 39 40 retain copies of such documents of the client whenever 41 those documents form the basis for work done by him.

§30-9-11. Accounting corporations.

One or more individuals, each of whom is licensed 1 2 within this state, may organize and become a shareholder or shareholders of an accounting corporation. 3 Individuals who may be practicing public accountancy 4 5 as an organization created otherwise than pursuant to 6 the provisions of this section may incorporate under and 7 pursuant to this section. This section is not intended to amend the statutory or common law as it relates to 8 9 associations or partnerships, except to allow partnerships of licensees to organize as an accounting 10 11 corporation.

An accounting corporation may render public accounting services only through officers, employees and agents who are themselves duly licensed within this state. The term "employee" or "agent," as used in this section, does not include secretaries, clerks, typists or other individuals who are not usually and ordinarily considered by custom and practice to be rendering accounting services for which a license is required.

This section does not modify the law as it relates to

the relationship between a person furnishing accounting services and his client, nor does it modify the law as it relates to liability arising out of such a professional service relationship. Except for permitting an account-ing corporation, this section is not intended to modify any legal requirement or court rule relating to ethical standards of conduct required of persons providing public accounting services.

An accounting corporation may issue its capital stock only to persons who are duly certified or registered under prior law.

When not inconsistent with this section, the organization and procedures of accounting corporations shall conform to the requirements of article one, chapter thirty-one of this code.

The board may require that those persons subject to this article must obtain prior board authorization before beginning to act as an accounting corporation and may require by regulation a fee for each application for authorization to form an accounting corporation. The board may adopt rules: (1) To set reasonable standards for granting or refusing authorization to act as an accounting corporation, (2) to require appropriate information therefor from an accounting corporation applicant, and (3) to notify the secretary of state that certain persons have been given authorization by the board to act as an accounting corporation.

Upon notification by the board of its approval the secretary of state, upon compliance by the incorporators with this section and the applicable provisions of chapter thirty-one of this code, may issue to the incorporators a certificate of incorporation for the accounting corporation which then may engage in practice through duly licensed or otherwise legally authorized stockholders, employees and agents.

A shareholder of an accounting corporation may sell or transfer his shares of stock in such corporation only to (i) another individual who is duly licensed to practice public accountancy in this state or (ii) back to the corporation.

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61 The corporate name of an accounting corporation shall 62 contain the last name or names of one or more of its 63 shareholders: *Provided*. That if the rules of the board so 64 permit, the corporate name may contain or include the 65 name or names of former shareholders or of persons who were associated with a predecessor partnership or other 66 67 organization. The corporate name shall also contain the words "accounting corporation," or the abbreviation 68 "A.C." The use of the word "company," "corporation" or 69 70 "incorporated," or any other words or abbreviations in 71 the name of an accounting corporation organized under 72 this article which indicate that such corporation is a 73 corporation, other than the words "accounting corporation" or the abbreviation "A.C.," is specifically prohi-74 75 bited.

§30-9-12. Revocation or suspension of certificate, license or registration.

After notice and hearing, as provided in article one of this chapter, the board may revoke or suspend any certificate or registration and may refuse to issue, or refuse to renew, any license, for any one or combination of the following causes:

- 6 (a) Fraud or deceit in obtaining a certificate, regis-7 tration or license;
 - (b) Dishonesty, fraud or gross negligence in the practice of public accounting;
- 10 (c) Violation of a rule of professional conduct promul-11 gated by the board under the authority granted by this 12 article;
 - (d) Conviction of any felony, or any crime, an element of which is deceit or fraud, under the laws of any state or of the United States;
 - (e) Cancellation, revocation, suspension or refusal to renew authority to practice public accountancy by any other state, for any cause other than failure to pay an annual license fee in such other state;
- 20 (f) Habitual drunkenness, addiction to the use of habit-21 forming drugs, mental incompetence or gross immoral-22 ity; or

23 (g) Unlawful practice of law as defined by the 24 supreme court of appeals or statutory law of this state.

§30-9-13. Effective date.

- This article shall take effect on the first day of July,
- 2 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 163

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2275-By Delegates M. Burke and Givens)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, four, five, six, seven, eight and twelve, article thirteen-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the board of examiners of land surveyors and qualifications for the practice of land surveying; expanding the definition of the practice of land surveying to include surface mining surveying; increasing the experience requirement prior to licensure; allowing certain equivalent curricula; removing certain eligibilities for persons to obtain a license without examination; changing the license fee from seventy dollars to not to exceed two hundred dollars; providing lower fees for partial reexaminations; renewal fees; removing the exemption of certain persons from application of this article and including other persons; and providing for probation and fines as penalties to be imposed by the board as disciplinary actions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, four, five, six, seven, eight and twelve, article thirteen-a, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13A. LAND SURVEYORS.

§30-13A-2. Definitions.

§30-13A-4. Powers and duties of board; funds.

- §30-13A-5. Qualifications of applicants for licenses; surveyor in training applications; fees; examinations.
- §30-13A-6. Issuance of license; notice of expiration; renewal; renewal fee; display.
- §30-13A-7. Exemption from regulation and licensing.
- §30-13A-8. Suspension or revocation of license.
- §30-13A-12. Duty of county clerks and public officials.

§30-13A-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Applicant" means any person making application 4 for an original or renewal license under the provisions 5 of this article:
- 6 (b) "Licensee" means any person holding a license rissued under the provisions of this article;
- 8 (c) "Board" means the West Virginia state board of 9 examiners of land surveyors created under the provi-10 sions of this article:
- (d) "Practice of land surveying" means the rendering or offering to render for a fee, salary or other compensation, monetary or otherwise, for the public generally, any of the following services:
- 15 (1) The location, relocation, establishment, reestab-16 lishment or retracement of any property line or 17 boundary of any parcel of land or of any road or utility 18 right-of-way, easement or alignment;
- 19 (2) The performance of any survey for the division, subdivision or resubdivision of any tract of land;
- 21 (3) The determination of the position of any monu-22 ment or reference point which marks a property line 23 boundary or corner, or setting, resetting or replacing 24 any such monument or reference point, by the use of the 25 principles of land surveying;
- 26 (4) The determination of the configuration or contour 27 of the earth's surface or the position of fixed objects 28 thereon or related thereto, by means of measuring lines 29 and angles, and applying the principles of mathematics;
- 30 (5) The performance of cadastral surveying, under-

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- ground surveying, surface mine surveying or hydrographic surveying;
 - (6) The preparation of subdivision maps; and
- 34 (7) The preparation of maps or drawings showing any 35 of the above.
- 36 (e) "Professional surveyor" means any person who 37 engages in the practice of land surveying.
- 38 (f) "Equivalent curriculum" includes, but is not 39 limited to, degrees in related curricula such as engineer-40 ing, forestry, geology, mathematics, physics, computer
- 41 science or other related fields.

§30-13A-4. Powers and duties of board; funds.

- (a) The board shall have the power and duty to:
- 2 (1) Examine applicants and determine their eligibil-3 ity for a license to engage in the practice of land 4 surveying;
- 5 (2) Prepare, conduct and grade an apt and proper 6 written, oral or written and oral examination of 7 applicants for a license and determine the satisfactory passing score thereon;
- 9 (3) Promulgate reasonable rules implementing the 10 provisions of this article and the powers and duties 11 conferred upon the board hereby, all of which reasona-12 ble rules shall be promulgated in accordance with the 13 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 14 code;
 - (4) Issue, renew, deny, suspend or revoke licenses to engage in the practice of land surveying in accordance with the provisions of this article;
- 18 (5) Investigate alleged violations of the provisions of this article, reasonable rules promulgated hereunder 19 20 and orders and final decisions of the board and take 21 appropriate disciplinary action against any licensee for the violation thereof or institute appropriate legal action 22 for the enforcement of the provisions of this article, 23 reasonable rules promulgated hereunder and orders and 24 25 final decisions of the board or take such disciplinary action and institute such legal action; 26

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- 27 (6) Keep accurate and complete records of its proceed-28 ings, certify the same as may be appropriate, and 29 prepare, from time to time, a list showing the names and 30 addresses of all licensees:
- 31 (7) Take such other action as may be reasonably 32 necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of 33 this article: and
- 34 (8) Establish standards to evaluate surveying or 35 equivalent curricula as it relates to the practice of land surveying under the provisions of this article and to determine the amount of experience required under section five of this article which may be substituted for a particular curriculum.
- 40 (b) All moneys paid to the board shall be accepted by 41 a person designated by the board and deposited by him with the treasurer of the state and credited to an 42 43 account to be known as the "board of examiners of land surveyors fund." All of the reasonable compensation of 44 45 the members of the board, the reimbursement of all 46 reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred by 47 such members and all other costs and expenses incurred 48 by the board in the administration of this article shall be paid from such fund, and no part of the state's 49 50 general revenue fund shall be expended for this purpose.

§30-13A-5. Qualifications of applicants for licenses; surveyor in training applications: fees: examinations.

- (a) To be eligible for a license to engage in the 1 2 practice of land surveying, the applicant must:
- 3 (1) Be at least eighteen years of age;
- 4 (2) Be of good moral character;
- 5 (3) Have been a resident of the United States for one 6 year immediately preceding the date of application;
- 7 (4) Not have been convicted of a crime involving 8 moral turpitude:
- (5) Have four years or more experience in the practice 9 of land surveying under the supervision of a person 10

authorized to practice land surveying in this state, or a person authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying; and each year of satisfactory study in a surveying or equivalent curric-ulum shall be substituted for one year of experience, but only two years of such experience requirement may be fulfilled by such study. On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, six years or more of such experience under the supervision of a licensee or a person authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying shall be required by those applicants who are graduates of a surveying or equivalent curriculum of two scholastic years or more. However, only three years of such experience may be fulfilled by such study, and eight years of such experience under the supervision of a person authorized to practice land surveying in this state, or a person authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying, shall be required for those applicants who are not graduates of a surveying or equivalent curriculum; and

- (6) Have passed the examination prescribed by the board, which examination shall cover the basic subject matter of land surveying and land surveying skills and techniques.
- (b) Any applicant for any such license shall submit an application therefor on forms provided by the board. Such application shall be verified and shall contain a statement of the applicant's education and experience, the names of five persons for reference (at least three of whom shall be licensees or persons authorized in another state or country to engage in the practice of land surveying, who have knowledge of his work) and such other information as the board may from time to time by reasonable rule prescribe.
- (c) An applicant shall pay to the board with his application an examination fee for the purpose of covering the cost of the examination not to exceed two hundred dollars as determined by the board by rule.
 - (d) Examinations shall be held at least once each year

at such time and place as the board shall determine. The scope of the examination and methods of procedure shall be determined by the board. An applicant who fails to pass all or any part of an examination may reapply at any time and shall furnish additional information as requested by the board. The cost of reexamination will be based on the cost of the examination as determined

58 by the board by rule.

§30-13A-6. Issuance of license; notice of expiration; renewal; renewal fee; display.

1 Whenever the board finds that an applicant meets all 2 of the requirements of this article for a license to engage 3 in the practice of land surveying, it shall forthwith issue 4 to such person such license; and otherwise the board 5 shall deny the same. All licenses, whether original or 6 renewal, shall expire on the thirtieth day of June following the date of issuance or renewal. The secretary-7 8 treasurer of the board shall mail to every licensee, at 9 least thirty days prior to the expiration of such license, 10 notice of the expiration date and the amount of the renewal fee. A license may be renewed without exam-11 12 ination upon application for a renewal on a form 13 prescribed by the board and payment to the board of an annual renewal fee of forty dollars. If a license is not 14 renewed when due, the fee shall increase one dollar per 15 16 month for each month or fraction thereof that such 17 renewal fee is not paid, up to a maximum of thirty-six months. No license shall be renewed after expiration of 18 said period of thirty-six months, and the fact that a 19 20 license cannot be renewed because of the expiration of 21 said period of thirty-six months shall not prevent such 22 person from making application for a new license. The 23 board may deny any application for renewal for any reason which would justify the denial of an original 24 application for a license. The board shall prescribe the 25 form of licenses and each such license shall be conspic-26 uously displayed by the licensee at his or her principal 27 place of practice. A duplicate license may be issued upon 28 payment of a fee of ten dollars. 29

§30-13A-7. Exemption from regulation and licensing.

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The following persons are exempt from regulation and licensing under the provisions of this article and any reasonable rules promulgated hereunder, and may engage in the practice of land surveying without a license issued under the provisions of this article and any such reasonable rules:

- (a) Any professional engineer authorized to practice the profession of engineering as provided in article thirteen of this chapter;
- (b) Any employee of a proprietorship, partnership, association, corporation or other business entity which is engaged in the practice of land surveying in this state or any employee of a proprietorship, partnership, association, corporation or other business entity exempted from rules and licensing under subdivision (a) of this section: *Provided*, That the work of any such employee is done under the supervision of and certified by a licensed employee of the proprietorship, partnership, association, corporation or other business entity;
- (c) Any employee of a person, firm, association or corporation, when such employee is engaged in the practice of land surveying exclusively for the person, firm, association or corporation by which employed, or, if a corporation, its parents, affiliates or subsidiaries, and such person, firm, association or corporation does not hold himself or itself out to the public as being engaged in the business of land surveying:
- 28 (d) Any employee or officer of the United States, this 29 state or any political subdivision thereof, when such 30 employee is engaged in the practice of land surveying 31 exclusively for such governmental unit.

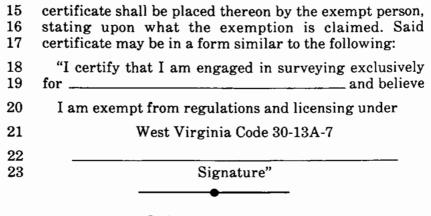
§30-13A-8. Suspension or revocation of license.

- 1 (a) The board may at any time upon its own motion
 2 and shall upon the verified written complaint of any
 3 person conduct an investigation to determine whether
 4 there are any grounds for disciplinary action against the
 5 holder of a license or the suspension or revocation of a
 6 license issued under the provisions of this article.
- 7 (b) The board shall suspend or revoke the license of

- 8 any licensee, put the holder of any such license on
- 9 probation, or impose a fine not to exceed one thousand
- 10 dollars on the holder of any such license when it finds
- 11 the holder thereof has:
- 12 (1) Been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude;
- 14 (2) Obtained a license by means of fraud or deceit;
- 15 (3) Been incompetent, grossly negligent, or guilty of 16 fraud, deceit or other misconduct in the practice of land 17 surveying as defined by the board by reasonable rules; 18 or
- 19 (4) Failed or refused to comply with the provisions of 20 this article or any order or final decision of the board.
- 21 (c) Any suspension of a license shall continue for the 22 period specified in the order of suspension. Revocation 23 of a license shall not preclude application for a new 24 license, which application shall be processed in the same 25 manner and the application approved or denied and the 26 license issued or refused on the same grounds as any 27 other application for a license is processed, considered 28 and determined, except that any previous suspension and the revocation may be considered in deciding 29 whether to approve or deny such application and issue 30 or refuse to issue such license. 31

§30-13A-12. Duty of county clerks and public officials.

No plat, report of survey or any survey related 1 2 document shall be filed by any clerk of a county commission or accepted by any public official of this 3 state unless the seal required by section eleven of this 4 article has been affixed thereto, except that any 5 6 document prepared by a person exempted from the 7 regulation and licensing requirements of this article, as provided in section seven of this article, shall not be 8 required to have the seal required by section eleven of 9 this article affixed thereto. Nothing in this section shall 10 prevent a document prepared prior to the twenty-fifth 11 day of May, one thousand nine hundred sixty-nine, from 12 being recorded without such seal. If a seal of such 13 exempt person is not affixed to said document, a 14



CHAPTER 164

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 174—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President, By Request)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article sixteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the fee for renewal of a chiropractic license and to requirements for continuing chiropractic education.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article sixteen, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16. CHIROPRACTORS.

§30-16-7. License; annual renewal fee; effect of failure to renew: reinstatement.

All holders of certificates of license to practice chiropractic in this state shall renew them annually on or before the first day of July of each year: (1) By paying the board an annual renewal fee not exceeding one hundred dollars as determined by the board, and (2) by presenting to the board evidence of attendance of at least twelve classroom hours of continuing education each year. The West Virginia board of chiropractic

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examiners shall approve the fulfillment of the continuing education requirement. The board shall notify each certificate holder by mail, at least thirty days prior to the first day of July of each year, of the necessity of renewing his or her certificate. The first annual renewal fee shall be due on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-five.

The failure to renew a certificate of license to practice chiropractic shall operate as an automatic suspension of the rights and privileges granted by its issuance.

A certificate of license suspended by a failure to make an annual renewal may be reinstated by the board upon presentation of evidence of attendance of at least twelve classroom hours of continuing education for each year such license has been suspended; payment of all fees that would have been paid had the certificate holder maintained his certificate in good standing and the payment to the board of a reinstatement fee of not to exceed fifty dollars as determined by the board; but no certificate shall be reinstated after a lapse of three years. After a lapse of three years, license may be issued only after the former certificate holder subsequent to said lapse has passed the examination provided for in this article.

CHAPTER 165

(H. B. 2032—By Delegates Love and Leggett)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article thirty, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to West Virginia board of social work examiners; removing restriction on terms of board members; establishing roster of names and addresses of certain social workers; creating an administrative-clerical support staff position; and continuing the board.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

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That section three, article thirty, chapter thirty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30. SOCIAL WORKERS

§30-30-3. Board of social work examiners.

- 1 (a) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of 2 this article, there is hereby created a West Virginia 3 board of social work examiners, consisting of seven members who shall be appointed by the governor, 4
- 5 subject to the following requirements:
- (1) No person may be excluded from serving on the 6 7 board by reason of race, sex or national origin;
- 8 (2) Two members shall be certified social workers. 9 two members shall be graduate social workers and two 10 members shall be social workers. All such members 11 must be licensed under the provisions of this article in 12 accordance with their respective titles. In addition, 13 there shall be one member of the board chosen from the 14 general public: Provided, That those members who are 15 appointed by the governor to serve as the first board 16 after the effective date of this article shall be persons 17 eligible for the licensing required under this article: 18 Provided, however, That the member from the general 19 public shall never be required to be eligible for 20 licensing:
- (3) The members of the first board to serve after the 22 effective date of this article shall be appointed within 23 ninety days thereof;
 - (4) The term of office for each member of the board shall be three years: Provided. That one of the members of the first board to serve after the effective date of this article shall serve a term of two years, three of them shall serve a term of three years and the remaining three shall serve a term of four years; and
 - (5) The governor shall, whenever there is a vacancy on the board due to circumstances other than the expiration of the term of a member, appoint another member with the same qualifications as the member

who has vacated to serve the duration of the unexpired term.

For the purpose of accepting nominations for the replacement of a member, the governor shall cause a notice of the vacancy to be published at least thirty days prior to an announcement of the replacement member, as a Class I-0 legal advertisement, in accordance with the provisions of section two, article three, chapter fiftynine of this code. The publication area shall be statewide.

If the governor fails to make appointment in ninety days after expiration of any term, the board shall make the necessary appointment. Each member shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which such member is appointed and until a successor shall have been duly appointed and qualified.

- (b) Any members of the board may be removed from office for cause, in accordance with procedures set forth in this code for the removal of public officials from office.
- (c) Members of the board shall receive appropriate compensation, not to exceed the amount specified for attendance of similar board meetings as provided elsewhere in this code, for attending meetings of the board. In addition to such compensation, each member of the board shall be reimbursed out of moneys appropriated for such purposes, reasonable expenses and all sums which he or she necessarily shall expend in the discharge of his or her duties as a member of the board, not to exceed the prevailing rate paid to employees of the state: *Provided*, That such compensation and such expenses shall not exceed the amount received by the board from licensing fees and penalties imposed under subdivision (4), subsection (e) of this section.
- (d) The board shall hold an annual election for the purpose of electing a chairman, vice chairman and secretary. The requirements for meetings and management of the board shall be established in regulations promulgated by the board as required by this article.

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- 73 (e) In addition to the duties set forth in other 74 provisions of this article, the board shall:
- 75 (1) Recommend to the Legislature any proposed 76 modifications to this article;
- 77 (2) Report to county prosecutors any suspected 78 violations of this article: *Provided*, That no report shall 79 be made until the board has given the suspected violator 80 ninety days written notice of the suspected violation and 81 the violator has, within such ninety day period, been 82 afforded an opportunity to respond to the board with 83 respect to the allegation;
- (3) Publish an annual report and a roster listing the names and addresses of all persons who have been licensed in accordance with the provisions of this article as a certified social worker, graduate social worker or social worker;
 - (4) Establish a fee schedule for the initial examination, license fee and the annual license renewal;
- 91 (5) Establish standards and requirements for contin-92 uing education. In establishing these requirements the 93 board shall consult with professional groups and 94 organizations representing all levels of practice pro-95 vided for in this article and the board shall consider 96 recognized staff development programs, continuing 97 education programs offered by colleges and universities 98 having social work programs approved or accredited by 99 the council on social work education, and continuing 100 education programs offered by recognized state and 101 national social work bodies: Provided. That such 102 standards and requirements for continuing education 103 shall not be construed to alter or affect in any way the 104 standards and requirements for licensing as set forth 105 elsewhere in this article:
- 106 (6) Conduct its proceedings in accordance with 107 provisions of article nine-a, chapter six of this code; and
 - (7) Employ, direct and define the duties of an administrative clerical support staff person.
- 110 After having conducted a performance and fiscal

- 111 audit through its joint committee on government
- 112 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 113 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 114 declares that the board of social work examiners be
- 115 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-
- 116 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter
- 117 four of this code, the social work board of examiners
- 118 shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one
- 119 thousand nine hundred ninety-five.

CHAPTER 166

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2131—By Delegates Phillips and Hatfield)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to altering qualifications for the person appointed commissioner of banking.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF BANKING.

§31A-2-2. Commissioner's appointment, term, qualifications, salary, oath and bond.

- The commissioner of banking shall be appointed by
- 2 the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
- 3 Senate. He shall serve at the will and pleasure of the
- 4 governor for the term for which the governor was
- 5 elected and until his successor is appointed and quali-
- 6 fied, unless earlier removed from office for cause as provided by law.
- Any person appointed as commissioner shall have a college degree from an accredited institution, be of good

- moral character, have knowledge of the theory and practice of banking and be at least twenty-five years of age.
- 13 Before entering upon the discharge of his duties as commissioner, he shall take and subscribe to the oath 14 15 of office prescribed in section five, article four of the constitution of West Virginia and shall enter into a bond 16 17 in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, with a corporate surety authorized to engage in business in 18 19 this state, conditioned upon the faithful discharge and 20 performance of the duties of his office. The premium of 21 such bond shall be payable from the state treasury out of funds allocated to the department of banking. The 22 executed oath and bond shall be filed in the office of the 23 24 secretary of state.

CHAPTER 167

(H. B. 2157—By Delegates Given and Faircloth)

[Passed March 16, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twelve, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, relating to real estate licenses; requiring continuing education courses prior to license renewal.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twelve, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12. REAL ESTATE COMMISSION, BROKERS AND SALESMEN.

§47-12-7a. Continuing education; license renewal.

- In addition to other provisions of this article, begin-
- 2 ning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred

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ninety, and every year thereafter, every real estate 4 broker and salesperson shall complete seven actual 5 hours of continuing education, with each hour equaling 6 fifty minutes of instructions. The commission shall 7 establish the continuing education program by rules and 8 shall approve all courses, seminars and lectures: 9 Provided, That continuing legal education courses 10 approved by the West Virginia State Bar shall be 11 approved by the commission. If approved in advance by 12 the real estate commission, correspondence courses and 13 audio or video tapes may be used to satisfy the contin-14 uing education requirement.

Upon application for renewal of a real estate license in each year following one thousand nine hundred ninety, such real estate broker or salesperson must furnish satisfactory evidence, as established by the commission, that he or she has completed the required number of continuing education hours: *Provided*, That a real estate broker or salesperson holding a license on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixtynine, and continuously thereafter, shall be exempt from continuing education requirements. When a real estate broker or salesperson in an inactive status reverts to an active status, he will obtain seven hours continuing education each year without being required to complete additional hours of education resulting from his inactive status.

CHAPTER 168

(S. B. 103-By Senators Harman, Holliday and Felton)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing the housing of adult male criminal offenders and adult female criminal offenders at Pruntytown Correctional Center.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

- §25-1-7. Pruntytown Correctional Center established as a minimum security facility; limitations on type of residents therein.
 - 1 The commissioner of corrections is hereby authorized
 - 2 to house adult male criminal offenders and adult female
 - 3 criminal offenders as the commissioner deems necessary
 - 4 for the operation of a just, humane and efficient system
 - 5 of corrections at the facility located at Pruntytown, West
 - 6 Virginia, heretofore known as the West Virginia
 - 7 Industrial School for Boys. Henceforth, this facility shall
 - 8 be known as the Pruntytown Correctional Center and
 - 9 shall be operated according to rules and regulations
 - 10 promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to the
 - 11 provisions of section four, article thirteen, chapter sixty-
 - 12 two.

CHAPTER 169

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 231—By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to a general revision of the law applicable to providing public legal services to indigents subjected to criminal or quasi-criminal proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PUBLIC DEFENDER SERVICES.

- §29-21-1. Legislative findings; purpose.
- §29-21-2. Definitions.
- §29-21-3. Establishment of public defender services.
- §29-21-4. Purpose and duties of public defender services.
- §29-21-5. Executive director.
- §29-21-6. Powers, duties and limitations.
- §29-21-7. Criminal law research center established: functions.
- §29-21-8. Public defender corporations.
- §29-21-9. Panel attorneys.
- §29-21-10. Public defender corporation—Intent to apply for funding.
- §29-21-11. Public defender corporations—Funding applications; legal representation plans; review.
- §29-21-12. Public defender corporation funding applications.
- §29-21-13. Approval of public defender corporation funding applications; funding; compensation of corporations and panel attorneys; record keeping by public defender corporations.
- §29-21-14. Limitation on use of funds; exceptions.
- §29-21-15. Public defender corporations—Board of directors.
- §29-21-16. Determination of maximum income levels; eligibility guidelines; use of form affidavit; inquiry by court; denial of services; repayment; limitation on remedies against affiant.
- §29-21-17. Private practice of law by public defenders.
- §29-21-18. Records and reports.
- §29-21-19. Audits.
- §29-21-20. Appointed counsel immune from liability.

§29-21-1. Legislative findings; purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares that in certain
- 2 proceedings the state is required to provide high quality
- 3 legal assistance to indigent persons who would be
- 4 otherwise unable to afford adequate legal counsel; that
- 5 providing legal representation to those who face an
- 6 economic barrier to adequate legal counsel will serve the
- economic parrier w adequate legal counsel will serve the
- 7 ends of justice in accordance with rights and privileges
- 8 guaranteed to all citizens by the constitution of the
- 9 United States of America and the constitution of the
- 10 state of West Virginia; that the availability of quality
- 11 legal assistance reaffirms the faith of our citizens in our
- 12 government of laws; that the present system which
- 13 utilizes appointed counsel is not operating satisfactorily
- 14 in some areas of this state and the Legislature is
- 15 presently unable to determine what system or systems
- b presently unable to determine what system of systems
- will provide the most efficient means for providing legal
- 17 representation; that there is a need to explore alterna-
- 18 tive methods of delivering legal assistance, including the
- 19 use of salaried public defenders complemented by

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- 20 private panel attorneys; that innovative programs and
- 21 pilot projects as well as a continuation of the present
- 22 appointed counsel system are necessary in separate
- 23 areas of the state to provide information and experience
- 24 upon which to base future legislative action.

§29-21-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the following words and 2 phrases are hereby defined:
 - (1) "Eligible client": Any person who meets the requirements established by this article to receive publicly funded legal representation in an eligible proceeding as defined herein:
- (2) "Eligible proceeding": Criminal charges which may result in incarceration, juvenile proceedings, proceedings to revoke parole or probation if the revocation may result in incarceration, contempts of court, child abuse and neglect proceedings which may result in a termination of parental rights, mental hygiene commitment proceedings, paternity proceedings, extradition proceedings, proceedings brought in aid of an eligible proceeding, and appeals from or post conviction challenges to the final judgment in an eligible proceeding. Legal representation provided pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be limited to the court 18 19 system of the state of West Virginia;
 - (3) "Legal representation": The provision of any legal services or legal assistance consistent with the purposes and provisions of this article:
 - (4) "Private practice of law": The provision of legal representation by a public defender or assistant public defender to a client who is not entitled to receive legal representation under the provisions of this article, but does not include, among other activities, teaching;
 - (5) "Public defender": The staff attorney employed on a full-time basis by a public defender corporation who, in addition to providing direct representation to eligible clients, has administrative responsibility for the operation of the public defender corporation: Provided, That the public defender may be a part-time employee if the

- 34 board of directors of the public defender corporation
- 35 finds efficient operation of the corporation does not
- 36 require a full-time attorney, and the executive director
- 37 approves such part-time employment;
- 38 (6) "Assistant public defender": A staff attorney
- providing direct representation to eligible clients whose
- 40 salary and status as a full-time or part-time employee
- 41 are fixed by the board of directors of the public defender
- 42 corporation;
- 43 (7) "Public defender corporation": A corporation
- 44 created under section eight of this article for the sole
- 45 purpose of providing legal representation to eligible
- 46 clients; and
- 47 (8) "Public defender office": An office operated by a
- 48 public defender corporation to provide legal represen-
- 49 tation under the provisions of this article.

§29-21-3. Establishment of public defender services.

- 1 There is hereby created an executive agency known
- 2 as public defender services. The agency shall
- 3 administer, coordinate and evaluate programs by which
- 4 the state provides legal representation to indigent
- 5 persons, monitor the progress of various delivery
- 6 systems, and recommend improvements. The agency
- 7 shall maintain its office at the state capital.

§29-21-4. Purpose and duties of public defender services.

- 1 The agency shall have as its principal purpose the
- 2 development and improvement of programs by which
- 3 the state provides legal representation to indigent
 - persons.

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§29-21-5. Executive director.

- 1 (a) The governor shall appoint, by and with the advice
- 2 and consent of the Senate, on or before the first day of
- 3 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the
- executive director of public defender services, who shall
- 5 serve at the will and pleasure of the governor. The
- 6 executive director shall be a qualified administrator as
- 7 determined by the governor, and shall be a member of
- 8 the bar of the supreme court of appeals. In addition to

- 9 the executive director there shall be such other employees as the executive director determines to be 10
- 11 necessary. The executive director shall have the author-
- 12 ity to promulgate rules, and shall have such other
- 13 authority and perform such duties as may be required
- 14 or necessary to effectuate this article. The executive
- 15 director shall provide supervision and direction to the
- 16 other agency employees in the performance of their
- 17 duties.
- 18 (b) The executive director's annual salary shall be as 19 determined by the governor.

§29-21-6. Powers, duties and limitations.

clients may not be undertaken.

- 1 (a) Consistent with the provisions of this article, the 2 agency is authorized to make loans and grants to and contracts with public defender corporations and with 3 individuals, partnerships, firms, corporations and
- 4 5 nonprofit organizations, for the purpose of providing
- 6 legal representation under this article, and may make
- 7 such other loans, grants and contracts as are necessary 8 to carry out the purposes and provisions of this article.
- 9 (b) The agency is authorized to accept, and employ or 10 dispose of in furtherance of the purposes of this article, 11 any money or property, real, personal or mixed, tangible 12 or intangible, received by gift, devise, bequest or
- otherwise. 13

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- 14 (c) The agency shall establish and the executive 15 director or his designate shall operate a criminal law 16 research center as provided for in section seven of this 17 article. This center shall undertake directly, or by grant 18 or contract, to serve as a clearinghouse for information; 19 to provide training and technical assistance relating to 20 the delivery of legal representation; and to engage in 21 research, except that broad general legal or policy 22 research unrelated to direct representation of eligible
 - (d) The agency shall establish and the executive director or his designate shall operate an accounting and auditing division to require and monitor the compliance with this article by public defender corporations and

other persons or entities receiving funding or compensation from the agency. This division shall review all plans and proposals for loans, grants and contracts, and shall make a recommendation of approval or disapproval to the executive director. The division shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, reports concerning the evaluation, inspection, or monitoring of public defender corporations and other grantees, contractors, persons or entities receiving financial assistance under this article, and shall further carry out the agency's responsibilities for records and reports as set forth in section eighteen of this article.

Upon the request of the executive director, the accounting and auditing division shall require each public defender corporation to annually report on nonbillable time of its professional employees, including time utilized in administration of the respective offices, so as to compare such time to similar time expended in nonpublic law offices for like activities.

- (e) The accounting and auditing division shall provide to the executive director assistance in the fiscal administration of all of the agency's divisions. Such assistance shall include, but not be limited to, budget preparation and statistical analysis.
- (f) The agency shall establish and the executive director or a person designated by the executive director shall operate an appellate advocacy division for the purpose of prosecuting litigation on behalf of eligible clients in the supreme court of appeals. The executive director or a person designated by the executive director shall be the director of the appellate advocacy division. The appellate advocacy division shall represent eligible clients upon appointment by the circuit courts, or by the supreme court of appeals. The division may, however, refuse such appointments due to a conflict of interest or if the executive director has determined the existing caseload cannot be increased without jeopardizing the appellate division's ability to provide effective representation. In order to effectively and efficiently utilize the resources of the appellate division the executive director

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68 may restrict the provision of appellate representation to 69 certain types of cases.

70 The executive director is empowered to select and 71 employ staff attorneys to perform the duties prescribed 72 by this subsection. Within the appropriations to the 73 agency, the appellate division shall have its own budget 74 as determined to be appropriate by the executive 75 director and shall maintain vouchers and records for 76 representation of eligible clients, for record purposes 77 only.

§29-21-7. Criminal law research center established; functions.

- (a) Within the agency, there shall be a division known as the criminal law research center which may:
- (1) Undertake research, studies and analyses and act as a central repository, clearinghouse and disseminator of research materials:
- 6 (2) Prepare and distribute a criminal law manual and other materials and establish and implement standard 7 8 and specialized training programs for attorneys practic-9 ing criminal law:
- 10 (3) Provide and coordinate continuing legal education programs and services for attorneys practicing criminal 11 12 law: and
- 13 (4) Prepare, supplement and disseminate indices and 14 digests of decisions of the West Virginia supreme court 15 of appeals and other courts, statutes and other legal 16 authorities relating to criminal law.
- (b) The services of the criminal law research center 17 shall be offered at reasonable rates or by subscription, 18 and such service shall be provided to prosecuting 19 attorneys and their professional staffs, panel attorneys, 20 and private attorneys engaged in the practice of 21 criminal law on the same basis as such services are 22 provided to public defender corporations, public defend-23 ers and assistant public defenders. 24

§29-21-8. Public defender corporations.

(a) In each judicial circuit of the state, there is hereby 1

- created a "public defender corporation" of the circuit:

 Provided, That one such public defender corporation
 shall serve both the twenty-third and thirty-first judicial
 circuits. The purpose of such public defender corporations is to provide legal representation in the respective
 circuits in accordance with the provisions of this article.
 - (b) The public defender corporations are hereby activated in the first, second, third, seventh, eighth, ninth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, twenty-third and thirty-first combined, twenty-fifth, twenty-eighth and thirtieth judicial circuits. Public defender corporations in other circuits may be activated by the executive director if the judge of a single judge circuit, the chief judge of a multi-judge circuit or a majority of the active members of the bar in the circuit determine there is a need to activate the corporation and certify that fact in writing to the executive director.
- 19 (c) Public defender corporations may apply in writing
 20 to the executive director for permission to merge to form
 21 multi-circuit or regional public defender corporations.
 22 Applications for mergers shall be subject to the review
 23 procedures set forth in section eleven of this article.

§29-21-9. Panel attorneys.

- (a) In each circuit of the state, the circuit court shall establish and maintain regional and local panels of private attorneys-at-law who shall be available to serve as counsel for eligible clients.
- (b) An attorney-at-law may become a panel attorney and be enrolled on the regional or local panel, or both, to serve as counsel for eligible clients, by informing the court. A prospective panel attorney shall inform the court in writing, on forms provided by the executive director, of a desire to accept appointments generally, or of the specific types of cases in which he or she will accept appointments. The attorney shall also indicate whether or not he or she will accept appointments in adjoining circuits and, if so, in which circuits. An agreement to accept cases generally or certain types of cases particularly shall not prevent a panel attorney from declining an appointment in a specific case.

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18 (c) In all cases where an attorney-at-law is required 19 to be appointed for an eligible client, the appointment 20 shall be made by the circuit judge. In circuits where a 21 public defender office is in operation, the judge shall 22 appoint the public defender office unless such appoint-23 ment is not appropriate due to a conflict of interest or 24 unless the public defender corporation board of direc-25 tors has notified the court that the existing caseload 26 cannot be increased without jeopardizing the ability of 27 defenders to provide effective representation. If the 28 public defender office is not available for appointment. 29 the court shall appoint one or more panel attorneys from 30 the local panel. If there is no local panel attorney 31 available, the judge shall appoint one or more panel 32 attorneys from the regional panel. If there is no regional 33 panel attorney available, the judge may appoint a public 34 defender office from an adjoining circuit if such public 35 defender office agrees to the appointment. In circuits 36 where no public defender office is in operation, the 37 judge shall first refer to the local panel and then to the 38 regional panel in making appointments, and if an 39 appointment cannot be made from the panel attorneys, 40 the judge may appoint the public defender office of an adjoining circuit if such public defender office agrees to 41 42 the appointment. In any circuit, when there is no public defender, or assistant public defender, local panel 43 attorney or regional panel attorney available, the judge 44 45 may appoint one or more qualified private attorneys to provide representation, and such private attorney or 46 attorneys shall be treated as panel attorneys for that 47 specific case. In any given case, the appointing judge 48 may alter the order in which attorneys are appointed if 49 50 the case requires particular knowledge or experience on 51 the part of the attorney to be appointed.

§29-21-10. Public defender corporation — Intent to apply for funding.

(a) Any public defender corporation established by section eight of this article applying to public defender services for financial assistance to establish a program to provide legal representation consistent with this article and any public defender corporation proposing

- a major substantive modification to an existing program
- 7 shall notify the executive director and the circuit judges
- 8 in the area in which the program will deliver legal 9
- representation of the intent to apply for such assistance 10
- or modification. Such notice shall be given at least thirty
- days prior to the filing of an application or a proposal 11
- 12 for modification.
- 13 (b) Notifications shall include a summary description
- 14 of the proposed program. The summary description
- 15 shall contain the following information:
- 16 (1) The identity of the applicant:
- 17 (2) The geographical area to be served by the pro-18 posed program;
- 19 (3) A brief description of the proposed program,
- 20 general size or scale, estimated cost, or other character-
- 21 istics which will enable the circuit court to determine
- 22 how the system for representation of indigents within
- 23 the circuit may be affected by the proposed program;
- 24 and
- 25 (4) The estimated date the public defender corpora-
- 26 tion expects to formally file an application or modifica-
- 27 tion proposal.

§29-21-11. Public defender corporations — Funding applications: legal representation plans: review.

- 1 (a) Any public defender corporation established by
- 2 section eight of this article or any other entity wishing 3 to take advantage of state financial assistance through
- 4 the agency must submit a funding application to the
- 5 executive director.
- 6 (b) The funding application, which is to be submitted 7 in a form prescribed by the executive director, shall
- 8 contain a general description of the plans and policies
- 9 the applicant intends to utilize in providing legal
- representation, and such other information prescribed 10
- 11 by the executive director.
- 12 (c) All applications for financial assistance from
- public defender services under the provisions of this 13

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- 14 article must be submitted to the circuit judges of the
- 15 circuit for review prior to their submission to public
- 16 defender services.
- 17 (d) Completed applications shall include:
- 18 (1) All comments and recommendations made by the 19 circuit judges, along with a statement that such 20 comments have been considered prior to submission of 21 the application; or
- 22 (2) If no comments have been received from circuit 23 judges, a statement that the procedures outlined in this 24 section have been followed and that no comments or 25 recommendations have been received.
- 26 (e) Reviews required under this section shall be completed by circuit judges within fifteen days after 27 28 receipt. If the public defender corporation or other 29 applicant has not received a response within the fifteen-30 day period, the public defender corporation may consider the judge to have waived his opportunity to 31 review and comment on the proposed program or 32 33 program modification and may submit the application 34 to public defender services.

§29-21-12. Public defender corporation funding applications.

- (a) If an application does not carry evidence that appropriate circuit judges have been given an opportunity to review the application, the application shall be returned with instructions to fulfill the requirements of section eleven of this article.
- 6 (b) The executive director shall within seven working
 7 days after taking any major action on an application
 8 notify the circuit judges who have reviewed the application of the action taken. Major actions will include
 10 program approvals, rejections, returns for amendment,
 11 deferrals or withdrawals.
- 12 (c) If a judge has recommended against approval, or 13 has recommended approval only with specific and major 14 substantive changes, and the executive director ap-15 proves the application substantially as submitted, the

- executive director shall provide the judge with an explanation of the approval of the application.
- §29-21-13. Approval of public defender corporation funding applications; funding; compensation of corporations and panel attorneys; record keeping by public defender corporations.
 - (a) The accounting and auditing division shall review all funding applications and prepare recommendations for an operating plan and budget. The executive director shall review the funding applications and the accounting and auditing recommendations and shall, in consultation with the applicants, prepare a plan for providing legal services to the area which is the subject of the funding application.
 - (b) Upon final approval of a funding application by the executive director, the approved budget shall be set forth in an approval notice. The total cost to the agency shall not exceed the amount set forth in the approval notice and the agency shall not be obligated to reimburse the recipient for costs incurred in excess of such amount unless and until a program modification has been approved in accordance with the provisions of this article, revising the total costs of the program.
 - (c) Funding of public defender corporations or other programs or entities providing legal representation under the provisions of this article shall be by annual grants disbursed in such periodic allotments as the executive director shall deem appropriate.
- 23 (d) All recipients of funding under this article shall 24 maintain such records as required by the executive 25 director.
 - (e) All panel attorneys shall maintain detailed and accurate records of the time expended and expenses incurred on behalf of eligible clients, and upon completion of each case, exclusive of appeal, shall submit to the appointing court a voucher for services. Claims for fees and expense reimbursements shall be submitted to the appointing court on forms approved by the executive

director and shall meet the requirements of subsection (i) of this section. The appointing court shall review the voucher to determine if the time and expense claims are reasonable, necessary and valid and shall forward such voucher to the agency, with an order approving payment of the claimed amount or of such lesser sum the court considers appropriate: Provided. That notwithstanding any other provision of this section, public defender services may pay by direct bill, prior to the completion of the case, litigation expenses incurred by attorneys appointed under this article.

- (f) In each case in which a panel attorney provides legal representation under this article, and in each appeal after conviction in circuit court, the panel attorney shall be compensated at the following rates for actual and necessary time expended:
- (1) For work performed out of court, compensation shall be at the rate of twenty dollars per hour. Out-of-court work shall include, but not be limited to, travel, interviews of clients or witnesses, preparation of pleadings, and prehearing or pretrial research.
- (2) For work performed in court, compensation shall be at the rate of twenty-five dollars per hour. In-court work shall include, but not be limited to, all time spent awaiting hearing or trial if the presence of the attorney is required at the time.
- (3) The maximum amount of compensation for out-of-court and in-court work under this subsection is one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That if the eligible client is charged with a felony for which a penalty of life imprisonment may be imposed, the court may approve additional compensation for further work at one half the rates provided in this subsection.
- (g) Actual and necessary expenses incurred in providing legal representation, including, but not limited to, expenses for travel, transcripts, salaried or contracted investigative services, and expert witnesses shall be reimbursed to a maximum of five hundred dollars unless the court, for good cause shown, gives advance approval to incur expenses for a larger sum. Expense

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- vouchers shall specifically set forth the nature, amount and purpose of expenses incurred and shall provide such receipts, invoices or other documentation required by the executive director.
 - (h) For purposes of compensation under this section, an appeal to the supreme court of appeals from a final order of the circuit court shall be considered a separate case.
- 81 (i) Vouchers submitted under this section shall 82 specifically set forth the nature of the service rendered. 83 the stage of proceeding or type of hearing involved, the 84 date and place the service was rendered and the amount 85 of time expended in each instance. All time claimed on 86 the vouchers shall be itemized to the nearest tenth of an 87 hour. If the charge against the eligible client for which services were rendered is one of several charges 88 89 involving multiple warrants or indictments, the voucher shall indicate such fact and sufficiently identify the 90 91 several charges so as to enable the court to avoid a 92 duplication of compensation for services rendered. The 93 voucher shall indicate whether the services were rendered by a local panel attorney, a regional panel 94 95 attorney, or such other private attorney as may have 96 been appointed. The executive director shall refuse to requisition payment for any voucher which is not in 97 98 conformity with the record keeping, compensation or 99 other provisions of this article and in such circumstance 100 shall return the voucher to the court for further review.

§29-21-14. Limitation on use of funds; exceptions.

- 1 (a) Funds made available by the agency to public 2 defender corporations or other entities under this 3 article, either by loan, grant or contract, and funds used 4 for payments to panel attorneys shall be used only to provide legal representation for eligible clients involved 6 in proceedings defined by this article as eligible proceedings.
- 8 (b) Funds received from any source other than the 9 agency shall not be used by a public defender corporation for purposes prohibited by this article.

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§29-21-15. Public defender corporations-Board of directors.

- (a) The governing body of each public defender corporation shall be a board of directors consisting of 3 persons who are residents of the area to be served by the public defender corporation.
- 5 (1) In multi-county circuits, and in the case of multi-6 circuit or regional corporations, the county commission 7 of each county within the area served shall appoint a 8 director, who shall not be an attorney-at-law. The 9 president of each county bar association within the area served shall appoint a director, who shall be an attorney-10 at-law: Provided, That in a county where there is not an 11 12 organized and active bar association, the circuit court 13 shall convene a meeting of the members of the bar of 14 the court resident within the county and such members 15 of the bar shall elect one of their number as a director. 16 The governor shall appoint one director, who shall serve 17 as chairman, who may, but need not, be an attorney-at-18 law, unless such appointment would result in there being an even number of directors, in which event the 19 20 governor shall appoint two directors, one of whom may 21 be an attorney-at-law.
 - (2) In single-county circuits, the manner of selecting directors shall be the same as that described in subdivision (1) of this subsection, except that the county commission shall appoint two directors rather than one, and the bar shall appoint two directors rather than one.
 - (b) The board of directors shall have at least four meetings a year. Timely and effective prior public notice of all meetings shall be given, and all meetings shall be public except for those concerned with matters properly discussed in executive session.
 - (c) The board of directors shall establish and enforce broad policies governing the operation of the public defender corporation but shall not interfere with any attorney's professional responsibilities to clients. The duties of the board of directors shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

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- 38 (1) Appointment of the public defender and any 39 assistant public defenders as may be necessary to enable 40 the public defender corporation to provide legal repres-41 entation to eligible clients; and
 - (2) Approval of the public defender corporation's budget and the fixing of professional salaries; and
 - (3) Renewal of the employment contract of the public defender on an annual basis except where such renewal is denied for cause: *Provided*, That the board of directors shall have the power at any time to remove the public defender for misfeasance, malfeasance or nonfeasance.
- (d) To the extent that the provisions of chapter thirtyone of this code regarding nonprofit corporations are not inconsistent with this article, the provisions of such chapter shall be applicable to the board of directors of the public defender corporation.
- (e) While serving on the board of directors, no member may receive compensation from the public defender corporation, but a member may receive payment for normal travel and other out-of-pocket expenses required for fulfillment of the obligations of membership.
- §29-21-16. Determination of maximum income levels; eligibility guidelines; use of form affidavit; inquiry by court; denial of services; repayment; limitation on remedies against affiant.
 - 1 (a) The agency shall establish, and periodically review
 2 and update financial guidelines for determining eligibil3 ity for legal representation made available under the
 4 provisions of this article. The agency shall adopt a
 5 financial affidavit form for use by persons seeking legal
 6 representation made available under the provisions of
 7 this article.
 - (b) All persons seeking legal representation made available under the provisions of this article shall complete the agency's financial affidavit form, which shall be considered as an application for the provision of publicly funded legal representation.

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13 Any juvenile shall have the right to be effectively 14 represented by counsel at all stages of proceedings 15 brought under the provisions of article five, chapter 16 forty-nine of this code. If the child advises the court of 17 his or her inability to pay for counsel, the court shall 18 require the child's parent or custodian to execute a 19 financial affidavit. If the financial affidavit demon-20 strates that neither of the child's parents, or, if 21 applicable, the child's custodian, has sufficient assets to pay for counsel, the court shall appoint counsel for the 22 23 child. If the financial affidavit demonstrates that either 24 of the child's parents, or, if applicable, the child's 25 custodian, does have sufficient assets to pay for counsel, 26 the court shall order the parent, or, if applicable, the custodian, to provide, by paying for, legal representation 27 28 for the child in the proceedings: Provided. That the 29 court may disregard the assets of the child's parents or 30 custodian and appoint counsel for the child, as provided 31 above, if the court concludes, as a matter of law, that 32 the child and the parent or custodian have a conflict of 33 interest that would adversely affect the child's right to 34 effective representation of counsel, or concludes, as a matter of law, that requiring the child's parent or 35 custodian to provide legal representation for the child 36 37 would otherwise jeopardize the best interests of the 38 child.

(c) In circuits in which no public defender office is in operation, circuit judges shall make all determinations of eligibility. In circuits in which a public defender office is in operation, all determinations of indigency shall be made by a public defender office employee designated by the executive director. Such determinations shall be made after a careful review of the financial affidavit submitted by the person seeking representation. The review of the affidavit shall be conducted in accord with the financial eligibility guidelines established by the agency pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. In addition to the financial eligibility guidelines, the person determining eligibility shall consider other relevant factors, including, but not limited to, those set forth in subdivisions (1) through (8) of subsection (d) of this section. If there is substan-

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55 tial reason to doubt the accuracy of information in the 56 financial affidavit, the person determining eligibility 57 may make such inquiries as are necessary to determine whether the affiant has truthfully and completely 58 59 disclosed the required financial information. After 60 reviewing all pertinent matters the person determining 61 eligibility may find the affiant to be eligible to have the 62 total cost of legal representation provided by the state. or may find that the total cost of providing representa-63 64 tion shall be apportioned between the state and the 65 eligible person. A person whose annual income exceeds the maximum annual income level allowed for eligibility 66 67 may receive all or part of the necessary legal represen-68 tation, or a person whose income falls below the 69 maximum annual income level for eligibility may be 70 denied all or part of the necessary legal representation 71 if the person determining eligibility finds the person's 72 particular circumstances require that eligibility be 73 allowed or disallowed, as the case may be, on the basis 74 of one or more of the eight factors set forth in subsection 75 (d) of this section. If legal representation is made 76 available to a person whose income exceeds the maximum annual income level for eligibility, or if legal 77 representation is denied to a person whose income falls 78 79 below the maximum annual income level for eligibility, 80 the person determining eligibility shall make a written 81 statement of the reasons for the action and shall 82 specifically relate those reasons to one or more of the 83 factors set forth in subsection (d) of this section.

- (d) The following factors shall be considered in determining eligibility for legal representation made available under the provisions of this article:
- (1) Current income prospects, taking into account seasonal variations in income:
- (2) Liquid assets, assets which may provide collateral to obtain funds to employ private counsel and other assets which may be liquidated to provide funds to employ private counsel;
- (3) Fixed debts and obligations, including federal, state and local taxes and medical expenses;

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- 95 (4) Child care, transportation and other expenses 96 necessary for employment;
- 97 (5) Age or physical infirmity of resident family 98 members;
- 99 (6) Whether the person seeking publicly funded legal representation has made reasonable and diligent efforts to obtain private legal representation, and the results of those efforts;
 - (7) The cost of obtaining private legal representation with respect to the particular matter in which assistance is sought; and
- 106 (8) The consequences for the individual if legal assistance is denied.
- 108 (e) Legal representation requested by the affiant may 109 not be denied in whole or part unless the affiant can 110 obtain legal representation without undue financial 111 hardship. Persons determined to be eligible by public 112 defender personnel may have the initial determination 113 reviewed by a local circuit judge who may amend, 114 modify or rewrite the initial determination. At any stage 115 of the proceedings a circuit court may determine a prior finding of eligibility was incorrect or has become 116 117 incorrect as the result of the affiant's changed financial 118 circumstances, and may revoke any prior order provid-119 ing legal representation. In such event any attorney 120 previously appointed shall be entitled to compensation 121 under the provisions of law applicable to such appoint-122 ment for services already rendered.
 - (f) In the circumstances and manner set forth below, circuit judges may order repayment to the state, through the office of the clerk of the circuit court having jurisdiction over the proceedings, of the costs of representation provided under this article:
 - (1) In every case in which services are provided to an indigent person and an adverse judgment has been rendered against such person, the court may require that person, and in juvenile cases, may require the juvenile's parents or custodian, to pay as costs the compensation of appointed counsel, the expenses of the

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- defense and such other fees and costs as authorized by statute.
 - (2) The court shall not order a person to pay costs unless the person is able to pay without undue hardship. In determining the amount and method of repayment of costs, the court shall take account of the financial resources of the person, the person's ability to pay and the nature of the burden that payment of costs will impose. The fact that the court initially determines, at the time of a case's conclusion, that it is not proper to order the repayment of costs does not preclude the court from subsequently ordering repayment should the person's financial circumstances change.
 - (3) When a person is ordered to repay costs, the court may order payment to be made forthwith or within a specified period of time or in specified installments. If a person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, an order for repayment of costs is not enforceable during the period of imprisonment unless the court expressly finds, at the time of sentencing, that the person has sufficient assets to pay the amounts ordered to be paid or finds there is a reasonable likelihood the person will acquire the necessary assets in the foreseeable future.
 - (4) A person who has been ordered to repay costs, and who is not in contumacious default in the payment thereof, may at any time petition the sentencing court for modification of the repayment order. If it appears to the satisfaction of the court that continued payment of the amount ordered will impose undue hardship on the person or the person's dependents, the court may modify the method or amount of payment.
 - (5) When a person ordered to pay costs is also placed on probation or imposition or execution of sentence is suspended, the court may make the repayment of costs a condition of probation or suspension of sentence.
 - (g) Circuit clerks shall keep a record of repaid counsel fees and defense expenses collected pursuant to this section and shall, quarterly, pay the moneys to the state auditor who shall deposit the funds in the general revenue fund of the state.

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174 (h) The making of an affidavit subject to inquiry 175 under this section shall not in any event give rise to 176 criminal remedies against the affiant nor occasion any 177 civil action against the affiant except for the recovery of costs as in any other case where costs may be 178 179 recovered. A person who has made an affidavit knowing 180 the contents thereof to be false may be prosecuted for 181 false swearing as provided by law.

§29-21-17. Private practice of law by public defenders.

- (a) No full-time public defender or full-time assistant public defender may engage in any private practice of law except as provided in this section.
- 4 (b) A board of directors may permit a newly em-5 ployed full-time public defender or full-time assistant 6 public defender to engage in the private practice of law 7 for compensation for the sole purpose of expeditiously 8 closing and withdrawing from existing private cases from a prior private practice. In no event shall any 9 10 person employed for more than ninety days as a fulltime public defender or full-time assistant public 11 12 defender be engaged in any other private practice of law 13 for compensation.
 - (c) A board of directors may permit a full-time public defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage in private practice for compensation if the defender is acting pursuant to an appointment made under a court rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in the jurisdiction and if the defender remits to the public defender corporation all compensation received.
 - (d) A board of directors may permit a full-time public defender or full-time assistant public defender to engage in uncompensated private practice of law if the public defender or assistant public defender is acting:
 - (1) Pursuant to an appointment made under a court rule or practice of equal applicability to all attorneys in the jurisdiction; or
 - (2) On behalf of a close friend or family member; or
- 29 (3) On behalf of a religious, community or charitable 30 group.

31 (e) Violation of the requirements of this section is 32 sufficient grounds for immediate summary dismissal.

§29-21-18. Records and reports.

- 1 (a) The agency is authorized to require such reports
 2 as it deems necessary from any public defender corpo3 ration or other entity or person receiving funding under
 4 this article regarding activities carried out pursuant to
 5 this article.
- 6 (b) The agency is authorized to prescribe the keeping of records with respect to the activities of public 7 8 defender corporations and other grantees, contractors. 9 persons or entities receiving financial assistance under this article and shall have access to such records at all 10 11 reasonable times for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the terms and conditions upon which financial 12 13 assistance was provided.
- (c) Copies of all reports pertinent to the evaluation, 14 15 inspection, or monitoring of any public defender 16 corporation, other grantee, contractor, person or entity 17 receiving financial assistance under this article shall be 18 maintained by the agency for a period of at least five years subsequent to such evaluation, inspection, or 19 monitoring. Such reports shall be available for public 20 inspection during regular business hours, and copies 21 22 shall be furnished, upon request, to interested parties upon payment of such reasonable fees as the agency may 23 24 establish.

§29-21-19. Audits.

- 1 (a) The accounts of each public defender corporation
 2 shall be audited annually. Such audits shall be con3 ducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing
 4 standards by the state tax commissioner.
- 5 (b) The audits shall be conducted at the place or 6 places where the accounts of the public defender 7 corporation are normally kept. All books, accounts, 8 financial records, reports, files, and other papers or 9 property belonging to or in use by the public defender 10 corporation and necessary to facilitate the audits shall

- 11 be made available to the person or persons conducting
- 12 the audits; and full facilities for verifying transactions
- 13 with the balances and securities held by depositories,
- 14 fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to any
- 15 such person.
- 16 (c) The report of the annual audit shall be filed with
- 17 the agency and shall be available for public inspection
- 18 during business hours at the principal office of the
- 19 public defender corporation. The report of each such
- 20 audit shall be maintained for a period of at least five
- 21 years at the office of the agency.

§29-21-20. Appointed counsel immune from liability.

- 1 Any attorney who provides legal representation under
- 2 the provisions of this article under appointment by a
- 3 circuit court or by the supreme court of appeals, and
- 4 whose only compensation therefor is paid under the
- 5 provisions of this article, shall be immune from liability
- 6 arising from that representation in the same manner
- 7 and to the same extent that prosecuting attorneys are
- 8 immune from liability.

CHAPTER 170

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 233—By Senators Rundle and Lucht)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to penalties for accepting money or other things of value for performing or failing to perform duties; contracting for the providing of extraordinary police or security services by the department; procedures; assignment of personnel, equipment or facilities by the superintendent; reimbursement therefor; payment of officer or member; contract to contain provisions relating to public disaster or emergency and reassignment of personnel; requiring provision for indemnity; and authorizing the superintendent to promulgate rules and regulations.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article two, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

- §15-2-18. Officers or members performing duties for private persons; general penalty; providing extraordinary police or security services by contract.
 - (a) Any officer or member of the department of public safety who hires himself or herself to any person, firm or corporation to guard private property, or who demands or receives from any person, firm or corporation any money or other thing of value as a consideration for the performance of, or the failure to perform, his or her duties under the regulations of the superintendent and the provisions of this article, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than five vears, and any such officer or member of the department of public safety who violates any other provisions of this article, for which no other penalty is expressly provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twentyfive dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than four months, or both fined and imprisoned.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the superintendent may contract with public, quasi-public, military or private entities to provide extraordinary police or security services by the department when it is determined by the superintendent to be in the public interest. The superintendent shall assign such personnel, equipment or facilities as is deemed necessary and the department shall be reimbursed for the wages, overtime wages, benefits and costs of providing the contract services as negotiated between the parties. The compensation paid to public safety personnel by virtue of contracts provided for in this section shall be paid from a special account and shall be excluded from any formulation used to calculate an

33 employee's benefits. All requests for obtaining extraor-34 dinary police or security services shall be made to the superintendent in writing and shall explain the funding 35 36 source and the authority for making such a request. No 37 officer or member of the department shall be required 38 to accept any assignment made pursuant to this 39 subsection. Every officer or member assigned to duty 40 hereunder shall be paid according to the hours and overtime hours actually worked notwithstanding that 41 42 officer's or member's status as exempt personnel under 43 the Federal Labor Standards Act or applicable state 44 statutes. Every contract entered into under this subsec-45 tion shall contain the provision that in the event of 46 public disaster or emergency where the reassignment to 47 official duty of all officers and members is required. neither the department nor any of its officers or 48 49 members shall be liable for any damages incurred as the 50 result of the reassignment. Further, any entity contract-51 ing with the department of public safety under this section shall also agree as part of that contract to hold 52 harmless and indemnify the state, department of public 53 54 safety and its personnel from any liability arising out of employment under the contract. The superintendent 55 is authorized to promulgate legislative rules and 56 57 regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of 58 this code relating to the implementation of any contracts 59 made under this subsection: Provided, That said 60 regulations shall expressly prohibit private employment 61 of officers or members in circumstances involving labor 62 disputes.

CHAPTER 171

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2382—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article thirty-one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend chapter fifteen of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated

article five-a, relating to the West Virginia Emergency Response And Community Right-to-Know Act: setting forth purpose: creating the West Virginia Emergency Response Commission: setting forth responsibilities: providing definitions: referencing certain federal legislation; setting forth composition, organization, qualifications, terms, removal, compensation and meeting requirements for the State Emergency Response Commission; setting forth powers and duties of the commissions: providing for procedural rules: providing for certain fees; setting forth powers and duties of the office of emergency services; providing for the establishment of emergency planning districts and committees; relating to facility fees and a special account to receive such fees; providing for a local grant program: setting forth a mechanism to collect and disseminate information to the public on certain hazardous chemicals and toxic chemicals and to assure that state and local authorities and the public are adequately prepared to respond to releases of hazardous chemicals and toxic chemicals into the environment; providing commission standards and requirements more stringent than federal law; providing for penalties: authorizing the commission to utilize the attorney general in initiating legal actions and penalties; and authorizing the commission to comply with the obligations of the state under federal law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article thirty-one, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that chapter fifteen of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 5A. WEST VIRGINIA EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT.

- §15-5A-1. Declaration of purpose.
- §15-5A-2. Jurisdiction of West Virginia emergency response commission.
- §15-5A-3. Definitions.
- §15-5A-4. State emergency response commission created; composition and organization, qualifications, terms, removal, compensation, meetings.
- 815-5A-5. Powers and duties of the commission.

- §15-5A-6. Powers and duties of the office of emergency services.
- §15-5A-7. Establishment of emergency planning districts and committees; composition, organization, duties.

§15-5A-8. Severability.

§15-5A-1. Declaration of purpose.

- 1 The Legislature recognizes that Title III of the
- 2 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of
- 3 1986: The Emergency Planning and Community Right-
- 4 to-Know Act of 1986, P.L. 99-499, enacted by the United
- 5 States congress and signed into law on the seventeenth
- 6 day of October, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- 7 has two primary objectives, i.e., to require states and
- 8 local communities to develop comprehensive emergency
- 9 response plans, and to establish a program for the
- 10 collection and dissemination to the public of information
- 11 on certain hazardous chemicals and toxic chemicals in
- 12 their communities.
- 13 The purpose of this article is to enable and authorize
- 14 this state to fulfill its obligations under the federal
- 15 statute.

§15-5A-2. Jurisdiction of West Virginia emergency response commission.

- 1 The state emergency response commission shall have
- 2 within its jurisdiction and supervision the preparation
- 3 and implementation of comprehensive emergency
- 4 response plans for each designated emergency planning
- 5 district within the state so as to comply with the
- 6 requirements of 42 U.S.C. §11001, et seq. The commis-
- 7 sion, through the office of emergency services, shall also
- 8 be responsible for providing the citizens of this state
- 9 with information in accordance with the requirements
- of 42 U.S.C. §11001, et seq., and this article. All state
- 11 agencies shall cooperate with and assist the commission
- 12 in all commission duties and responsibilities.

§15-5A-3. Definitions.

- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- 3 (a) "Best management practices" means any practices made applicable to a facility pursuant to section 304(e)

- 5 of the Clean Water Act and the federal regulations 6 promulgated thereunder.
- 7 (b) "Clean Water Act" means the Federal Water 8 Pollution Control Act, P.L. 92-500, enacted on the 9 eighteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred 10 seventy-two, and all subsequent amendments to that act.
- 11 (c) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
- 13 (d) "Commission" means the state emergency response commission.
- 15 (e) "Committee" means a local emergency planning committee.
- 17 (f) "Emergency planning district" means a geogra18 phic area designated by the commission as requiring its
 19 own comprehensive emergency response plan. The
 20 commission may designate existing political subdivi21 sions or multijurisdictional planning organizations as
 22 such districts.
- 23 (g) "Facility" means a facility subject to the provisions 24 of 42 U.S.C. §11001, et seq., and this article, pursuant 25 to the provisions of 42 U.S.C. §11002.
- 26 (h) "Local emergency planning committee" means 27 that group of persons, for each emergency planning 28 district, who are appointed by the state emergency 29 response commission in accordance with the provisions 30 of section seven of this article.
- (i) "Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" means P.L. 94-580, enacted on the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred seventy-six, and all subsequent amendments to that act.
- 35 (j) "Spill prevention control and countermeasure 36 plan" means any plan developed pursuant to section 37 112.3 of title 40 of the code of federal regulations.
- 38 (k) "Title III" means the Emergency Planning and 39 Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, P.L. 99-499.

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§15-5A-4. State emergency response commission created; composition and organization, qualifications, terms, removal, compensation, meetings.

- (a) There is hereby created the state emergency response commission.
- 3 (b) The state emergency response commission shall 4 consist of eleven members, including the director of the 5 department of natural resources, the director of the 6 health department, the director of the air pollution 7 control commission, the director of the office of emer-8 gency services, the superintendent of the department of 9 public safety, the commissioner of the department of 10 highways; one designee of the public service commission 11 and one designee of the state fire marshal, all of whom 12 shall be members ex officio. A representative from the 13 chemical industry, a representative of a municipal or 14 volunteer fire department and a representative of the 15 public who shall be knowledgeable in the area of 16 emergency response shall be appointed by the governor 17 as public members of the state emergency response 18 commission. The director of the office of emergency 19 services shall serve as the chairman of the commission 20 and shall cast a vote only in the event of a tie vote. 21 Members shall serve without compensation, but shall be 22 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses 23 actually incurred in the performance of their duties 24 under this article. The initial public members appointed 25 by the governor shall serve for a term ending on the first 26 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. A 27 successor to a public member of the commission shall 28 be appointed in the same manner as the original public 29 members and shall have a term of office expiring two 30 years from the date of the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed. In cases of any 31 vacancy among the public members, such vacancy shall 32 be filled by appointment by the governor. Any member 33 34 appointed to fill a vacancy on the commission occurring 35 prior to the expiration of the term for which his 36 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the 37 remainder of such term. Members appointed by the governor may be removed by the governor in case of 38

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- incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality or malfeasance in office.
- 41 (c) The commission shall elect from its membership 42 a vice chairman and appoint a secretary. The secretary 43 need not be a member of the commission. The vice chairman shall preside over the meetings and hearings 44 45 of the commission in the absence of the chairman. The 46 commission may appoint and employ such personnel as 47 may be required, whose duties shall be defined by the 48 commission and whose compensation, to be fixed by the 49 commission, shall be paid out of the state treasury, upon 50 the requisition of the commission, from moneys approp-51 riated for such purposes.
- 52 (d) The commission may establish procedural rules in 53 accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of the code for 54 the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of all 55 proceedings before it. All proceedings of the commission 56 shall be entered in a permanently bound record book. 57 properly indexed, and the same shall be carefully 58 preserved and attested by the secretary of the commis-59 sion. The commission shall meet at such times and 60 places as may be agreed upon by the commissioners, or 61 upon the call of the chairman of the commission or any 62 two members of the commission, all of which meetings shall be general meetings for the consideration of any 63 and all matters which may properly come before the 64 commission. A majority of the commission shall consti-65 66 tute a quorum for the transaction of business.

§15-5A-5. Powers and duties of the commission.

- The commission shall have and may exercise the following powers and authority and shall perform the following duties:
 - (a) Designate emergency planning districts;
 - (b) Appoint local emergency planning committees for each emergency planning district and supervise and coordinate the activities of such committees;
 - (c) Revise any designations and appointments made under subsections (a) and (b) of this section as it deems appropriate: *Provided*, That any interested person may

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- 11 petition the state emergency response commission to modify the membership of a local emergency planning 12
- 13 commission:
- 14 (d) Designate, if necessary, additional facilities which 15 shall be subject to the requirements of this article, provided such designation is made after public notice 16 17 and opportunity for comment as provided under article 18 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of the code:
- 19 (e) Review the emergency response plans submitted 20 by the local emergency planning committees and make recommendations to the local committees on revisions of 21 22 the plan that may be necessary to ensure coordination 23 of such plan with the plans of other emergency planning 24 districts and other existing state and local emergency 25 response plans:
- (f) Enter into cooperative agreements with other state agencies designating specific responsibilities to be 28 performed by such state agencies to implement the 29 provisions of this article:
- 30 (g) Promulgate procedural rules in accordance with 31 the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of 32 this code, establishing rules of practice before the 33 commission:
 - (h) Promulgate procedural rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establishing procedures for receiving and processing requests from the public for information in accordance with the provisions of 42 U.S.C. §11001, et seq., and this article, and prescribing forms and instructions for requesting such information:
 - (i) Promulgate procedural rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, prescribing forms and instructions for the submission and receipt of confidential information;
 - (j) Promulgate rules establishing the following fees which shall be deposited in a special account for the administration of this act and which shall be reasonably calculated to recover the necessary expenses incurred by

- the office of emergency services in the administration of this article:
 - (1) An emergency planning notification fee not to exceed one hundred dollars to be paid by a facility when it makes the emergency planning notification required under SARA, Title III, sections 301 through 303;
 - (2) An inventory form fee not to exceed one hundred dollars to be paid annually by a facility when it submits the emergency and hazardous chemical inventory forms or material safety data sheet required under SARA, Title III, sections 311 and 312; and
 - (3) A surcharge fee not to exceed twenty percent of the fee otherwise payable to be paid by facilities which fail to pay the fees in paragraphs (1) and (2) in a timely manner:
 - (k) Establish an emergency planning grant program to be administered by the commission. The grant programs will be funded by fees collected to administer this act pursuant to subdivision (j) of this section. The commission shall promulgate rules which establish the method of awarding such grants to local emergency planning committees to assist them in performing their responsibilities under this article; and
 - (1) Promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to implement the provisions of this article.
 - (m) The chairman of the commission may order a facility owner or operator to comply with the requirements of applicable federal law, this article and any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder. When the chairman has reasonable cause to believe that there exists a failure to comply with the provisions of applicable federal law, this article or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder or any order entered by the chairman, he may request the attorney general to commence an action for civil penalties, injunctive relief or other appropriate relief to enforce such provisions, rules and regulations or order. Such

- 88 action may be brought in any federal district court
- 89 having jurisdiction, or in the circuit court of Kanawha
- 90 county or the county where the facility or a major
- 91 portion thereof is located.

§15-5A-6. Powers and duties of the office of emergency services.

- 1 The office of emergency services, as created by article
- 2 five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, shall
- 3 perform the administrative duties of the state emer-
- 4 gency response commission. The administrative duties
- 5 to be performed by the office of emergency services shall
- 6 include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- 7 (a) Receive, catalogue and organize information 8 required to be submitted to the commission:
- 9 (b) Utilize existing state response organizations, plans and facilities to the extent possible;
- 11 (c) Upon concurrence of the commission, enter into training exercise agreements with federal response
- 13 agencies:
- 14 (d) Coordinate with other state agencies on training 15 for first responders and emergency service personnel;
- 16 (e) Respond to requests to the commission from the public for information pursuant to this act;
- 18 (f) Perform such preliminary analysis and collect 19 such information as may be required to enable the
- 20 commission to fully review local emergency response
- 21 plans; and
- 22 (g) The director may employ such clerical and
- 23 technical personnel and acquire data management and
- 24 other equipment and office space as may be necessary
- 25 to carry out the provisions of this act.

§15-5A-7. Establishment of emergency planning districts and committees; composition, organization, duties.

- 1 (a) The state emergency response commission shall
- 2 designate emergency planning districts in order to
- 3 facilitate preparation and implementation of emergency

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- plans. After designating emergency planning districts. the state emergency response commission shall appoint members of a local emergency planning committee for each emergency planning district. Each committee shall include representatives from each of the following groups or organizations: (1) Elected state and local officials; (2) law enforcement, civil defense, fire fighting. first aid. health, local environmental, hospital and transportation personnel: (3) broadcast and print media: (4) community groups; and (5) owners and operators of facilities subject to the requirements of this article. In addition to the above members, each county commission president from every county within the district, or a member of the county commission designated by the president, shall be appointed as a member of the committee and such appointment may fulfill the requirement to appoint elected local officials.
 - (b) Each local committee shall appoint a chairperson and establish procedural rules by which the committee shall function. Such rules shall include provisions for public notification of committee activities, public meetings to discuss the emergency plan, public comments, response to such comments by the committee and distribution of the emergency plan.
 - (c) The local committees shall submit their proposed procedural rules to the state emergency response commission for review and comment no later than the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety. If any local committees fail to submit proposed procedural rules, the state emergency response commission shall itself promulgate rules applicable to such local committees.
 - (d) The local emergency planning committee shall have and may exercise the following powers and authority and shall perform the following duties:
 - (1) Establish procedures for receiving and processing requests from the public for information regarding any emergency response plan, material safety data sheet, emergency, first aid and medical treatment procedures, list described in 42 U.S.C. §11021(a)(2), inventory form,

- toxic chemical release form, or followup emergency notice, including tier II information under 42 U.S.C. §11022;
- 47 (2) Designate an official to serve as coordinator for 48 information for processing requests for information 49 from the public;
 - (3) Develop and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan in accordance with 42 U.S.C. §11003, and review such plan once a year, or more frequently as changed circumstances in the community or at any facility may require: Provided, That such comprehensive emergency response plans may not require a covered facility to revise, modify or otherwise alter any emergency release response or release prevention plan that has been prepared pursuant to any other state or federal statute or regulation including, but not limited to, contingency plans developed under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Spill Prevention and Countermeasure Plans, or Best Management Practices Plans developed under the Clean Water Act;
 - (4) Prior to implementation, submit a copy of the prepared emergency response plan to the state emergency response commission for review and recommendation;
 - (5) Publish annually a notice in local newspapers that the emergency response plan is available for review, as are those material safety data sheets, emergency, first aid and medical treatment procedures, inventory forms and followup emergency notices which have been submitted to the committee. The notice shall also state that members of the public who wish to review any such plan, sheet, form or followup notice may do so at a designated location;
 - (6) Establish deadlines for responding to information requests from the public; and
 - (7) Receive, catalogue and organize information required to be submitted to the committee under the provisions of 42 U.S.C. §11001, et seq.

§15-5A-8. Severability.

1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any 2 provision, section or part thereof shall be held invalid, 3 unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or 4 5 inapplicability shall not affect or impair any of the remaining provisions, sections or parts of the article or 6 7 their application to him or to other persons and circumstances. It is hereby declared to be the legislative 8 9 intent that this article would have been adopted if such 10 invalid or unconstitutional provisions, section or part 11 had not been included therein.

CHAPTER 172

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2621—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-d and one-e, all relating to future electric generating capacity requirements of electric utilities in West Virginia and rate recovery for construction of electric transmission facilities.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-d and one-e, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-1d. Future electric generating capacity requirements.

§24-2-1e. Rate recovery for construction of electric transmission facilities.

§24-2-1d. Future electric generating capacity requirements.

1 (a) In order to maximize the use of electricity

generated within the state by using coal or natural gas produced within the state, the public service commission shall by order, no later than the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, establish the schedule and amount of future electric generating capacity additions required by each West Virginia electric utility, for the next ten years, taking into account: (i) Projected load growth; (ii) existing generating capacity; (iii) existing contractual commitments to sell or purchase capacity; (iv) planned retirement and life extensions of existing capacity; (v) planned construction of capacity; (vi) availability of capacity from generating units of affiliated companies; and (vii) such other reasonable factors as the commission may deem relevant and appropriate to consider.

- (b) If the commission determines after considering all such named and other relevant and appropriate factors that a utility will be required to purchase electric generating capacity beyond those agreements approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or the West Virginia public service commission in order to serve its West Virginia customers, the amount of such required additional purchased capacity so identified by the commission will for purposes of this section be referred to as the utility's "projected deficient capacity": *Provided*, That this subsection shall not include power generating facilities whose total production of electricity is sold outside the state of West Virginia.
- (c) In the interests of: Keeping utility rates of residential customers as low as possible; keeping utility rates for commercial and industrial customers competitive with those of other states; attracting new industry for which electric power costs are a major factor in location determinations; and of not placing any greater cost burden on government than is absolutely necessary for its electric power needs, each utility shall acquire, if reasonable, its projected deficient capacity from electric generation situate in West Virginia which burns coal or gas produced in West Virginia and which will provide the most reliable supply of capacity and energy at the least cost to those customers of the utility who will be served by such electric generation: *Provided*, That all

44 power purchase contracts executed prior to the effective 45 date of this section which satisfy the following requirements, regardless of location, shall be considered, for the 46 47 purposes of this subsection, as electric generation situate 48 in West Virginia: (1) Said contracts were negotiated in 49 accordance with procedures and priced according to 50 methodologies of other contracts which the commission 51 has ordered approved; (2) said contracts either guaran-52 tee or are substantially amended to guarantee for the 53 life of the contract the use of an amount of West 54 Virginia fuel which equals or exceeds the amount which 55 would be required, on a percentage of output basis, to 56 produce the amount of electric power to be consumed 57 in West Virginia; and (3) said contracts meet the 58 requirements for a qualifying facility established by the 59 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission pursuant to the 60 Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978.

§24-2-1e. Rate recovery for construction of electric transmission facilities.

1 In order to encourage the construction of transmission 2 facilities necessary to transmit electric power from 3 generating facilities located in this state to areas where 4 such power can be economically marketed, the commis-5 sion may allow an electric utility accelerated rate 6 recovery for transmission facilities constructed or 7 upgraded for the purpose of increasing the capacity to 8 transmit electric power to areas outside the utility's 9 service territory where such power can be economically marketed. In allowing accelerated rate recovery, the 10 11 commission shall include the impact of the investment 12 in transmission facilities on any investment equalization 13 agreement in which the utilities participate.

CHAPTER 173

(H. B. 2608-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Murensky)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred

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thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, relating to telemetry systems on railroads; providing definitions; requiring telemetry systems on certain railroad trains in lieu of cabooses; prohibiting retaliation for reporting violations; and requiring the telemetry system to be capable of emergency braking, beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. DUTIES AND PRIVILEGES OF PUBLIC UTILITIES SUBJECT TO REGULATIONS OF COMMISSION.

§24-3-1a. Definitions; telemetry systems required.

- 1 (a) As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Head end device" means a device located on the 3 lead locomotive of a railroad train designed to receive 4 information from the rear end device. It may also be 5 used to transmit information to the rear end device;
 - (2) "Mainline" means a railroad track extending through railroad yards and between stations which must not be occupied without authority or protection;
 - (3) "Rear end device" means a device located on the rear car of a railroad train designed to transmit information to the head end device and equipped with a rear marker light, red in color, and at least one hundred, but not more than one thousand, candela. It may also be used to receive information from the head end device;
 - (4) "Telemetry system" means a radio transmitter and receiver system between a front end device and a rear end device which indicates through a display at the head end device the following:

- 20 (i) Brake pipe pressure at the rear of the train, displayed in increments of one pound per square inch;
- 22 (ii) Rear car movement:
- 23 (iii) Whether the rear marker light is operating:
- 24 (iv) Remaining battery life powering the system;
 - (v) Any interruption in radio transmission as established by a distance measuring device at the rear end device; and
 - (vi) The location of the rear of the train as established by a distance measuring device at the rear end device.
 - (b) It is unlawful to operate a railroad train over one thousand five hundred feet in length on any mainline track within any railroad yard, without an occupied caboose as the rear car of such train unless it is equipped with an operable telemetry system.
 - (c) No train may depart any crew change point or its point of origin unless the train is equipped with telemetry system as required by this article. Any inoperable system shall be repaired or replaced before leaving the point of origin or at crew change point.
 - (d) The rear marker light required by this article shall be flashing during the period from one hour before sunset until one hour after sunrise.
 - (e) Beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, all telemetry devices shall be equipped so that an emergency application of the brakes of the train can be initiated at the rear car of the train either by the engineer in the lead or controlling locomotive or by a crew member riding on the rear car.

It is unlawful to institute any disciplinary action or other adverse administrative or employment action against any person who reports a violation or acts to enforce the provisions of this article. Such person's remedies under this chapter shall be in addition to any other remedies that might be available to such person.

CHAPTER 174

(H. B. 2108-By Delegates Phillips and Roop)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections nine and thirteen. article thirteen-a. chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to public service districts; requiring certain information in applications for service; requiring security deposits from new applicants; requiring certain notices of delinquency and termination of service; specifying certain conditions and procedures for termination of service; and adjusting the interest rate and interest cost of the proceeds on public service district revenue bonds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections nine and thirteen, article thirteen-a, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 13A. PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICTS FOR WATER. SEW-ERAGE AND GAS SERVICES.
- Rules and regulations; service rates and charges; discontinuance §16-13A-9. of service; required water and sewer connections; lien for delinquent fees.
- §16-13A-13. Revenue bonds.
- §16-13A-9. Rules and regulations; service rates and charges; discontinuance of service; required water and sewer connections; lien for delinquent fees.
 - The board may make, enact and enforce all needful 1
 - rules and regulations in connection with the acquisition, 2
 - construction, improvement, extension, management, 3
 - maintenance, operation, care, protection and the use of 4
 - any public service properties owned or controlled by the 5
 - district, and the board shall establish rates and charges 6
 - for the services and facilities it furnishes, which shall 7
 - be sufficient at all times, notwithstanding the provisions 8

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of any other law or laws, to pay the cost of maintenance, operation and depreciation of such public service properties and principal of and interest on all bonds issued, other obligations incurred under the provisions of this article and all reserve or other payments provided for in the proceedings which authorized the issuance of any bonds hereunder. The schedule of such rates and charges may be based upon either (a) the consumption of water or gas on premises connected with such facilities, taking into consideration domestic, commercial, industrial and public use of water and gas; or (b) the number and kind of fixtures connected with such facilities located on the various premises; or (c) the number of persons served by such facilities: or (d) any combination thereof; or (e) may be determined on any other basis or classification which the board may determine to be fair and reasonable, taking into consideration the location of the premises served and the nature and extent of the services and facilities furnished. Where water, sewer and gas services are all furnished to any premises, the schedule of charges may be billed as a single amount for the aggregate thereof. The board shall require all users of services and facilities furnished by the district to designate on every application for service whether the applicant is a tenant or an owner of the premises to be served. If the applicant is a tenant, he shall state the name and address of the owner or owners of the premises to be served by the district. All new applicants for service shall deposit a minimum of fifty dollars with the district to secure the payment of service rates and charges in the event they become delinquent as provided in this section. In any case where a deposit is forfeited to pay service rates and charges which were delinquent at the time of disconnection or termination of service, no reconnection or reinstatement of service may be made by the district until another minimum deposit of fifty dollars has been remitted to the district. Whenever any rates, rentals or charges for services or facilities furnished remain unpaid for a period of thirty days after the same become due and payable, the property and the owner thereof, as well as the user of the services

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and facilities provided shall be delinquent and the owner, user and property shall be held liable at law until such time as all such rates and charges are fully paid: Provided, That the property owner shall be given notice of any said delinquency by certified mail, return receipt requested. The board may, under reasonable rules and regulations promulgated by the public service commission, shut off and discontinue water or gas services to all delinquent users of either water or gas facilities, or both: Provided, however, That upon written request of the owner or owners of the premises, the board shall shut off and discontinue water and gas services where any rates, rentals, or charges for services or facilities remain unpaid by the user of the premises for a period of sixty days after the same became due and payable.

In the event that any publicly or privately owned utility, city, incorporated town, other municipal corporation or other public service district included within the district owns and operates separately either water facilities or sewer facilities, and the district owns and operates the other kind of facilities, either water or sewer, as the case may be, then the district and such publicly or privately owned utility, city, incorporated town or other municipal corporation or other public service district shall covenant and contract with each other to shut off and discontinue the supplying of water service for the nonpayment of sewer service fees and charges: Provided, That any contracts entered into by a public service district pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the public service commission for approval. Any public service district providing water and sewer service to its customers shall have the right to terminate water service for delinquency in payment of either water or sewer bills. Where one public service district is providing sewer service and another public service district or a municipality included within the boundaries of the sewer district is providing water service, and the district providing sewer service experiences a delinquency in payment, the district or the municipality included within the boundaries of the sewer district that is providing water service, upon the request of the 93 district providing sewer service to the delinquent 94 account, shall terminate its water service to the 95 customer having the delinquent sewer account: 96 Provided, however, That any termination of water 97 service must comply with all rules, regulations and 98 orders of the public service commission.

99 Any district furnishing sewer facilities within the 100 district may require, or may by petition to the circuit 101 court of the county in which the property is located. 102 compel or may require the department of health to 103 compel all owners, tenants or occupants of any houses, 104 dwellings and buildings located near any such sewer 105 facilities, where sewage will flow by gravity or be 106 transported by such other methods approved by the 107 department of health including, but not limited to, 108 vacuum and pressure systems, approved under the 109 provisions of section nine, article one, chapter sixteen of 110 this code, from such houses, dwellings or buildings into such sewer facilities, to connect with and use such sewer 111 facilities, and to cease the use of all other means for the 112 113 collection, treatment and disposal of sewage and waste matters from such houses, dwellings and buildings 114 where there is such gravity flow or transportation by 115 such other methods approved by the department of 116 health including, but not limited to, vacuum and 117 pressure systems, approved under the provisions of 118 section nine, article one, chapter sixteen of this code, and 119 such houses, dwellings and buildings can be adequately 120 served by the sewer facilities of the district, and it is 121 122 hereby found, determined and declared that the mandatory use of such sewer facilities provided for in this 123 paragraph is necessary and essential for the health and 124 welfare of the inhabitants and residents of such districts 125 and of the state: Provided, That if the public service 126 district determines that the property owner must 127 connect with the sewer facilities even when sewage from 128 such dwellings may not flow to the main line by gravity 129 and the property owner must incur costs for any 130 changes in the existing dwellings' exterior plumbing in 131 order to connect to the main sewer line, the public 132 service district board shall authorize the district to pay 133 all reasonable costs for such changes in the exterior 134

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135 plumbing, including, but not limited to, installation. 136 operation, maintenance and purchase of a pump, or any 137 other method approved by the department of health: 138 maintenance and operation costs for such extra instal-139 lation should be reflected in the users charge for 140 approval of the public service commission. The circuit 141 court shall adjudicate the merits of such petition by 142 summary hearing to be held not later than thirty days 143 after service of petition to the appropriate owners. 144 tenants or occupants.

Whenever any district has made available sewer facilities to any owner, tenant or occupant of any house, dwelling or building located near such sewer facility, and the engineer for the district has certified that such sewer facilities are available to and are adequate to serve such owner, tenant or occupant, and sewage will flow by gravity or be transported by such other methods approved by the department of health from such house, dwelling or building into such sewer facilities, the district may charge, and such owner, tenant or occupant shall pay the rates and charges for services established under this article only after thirty-day notice of the availability of the facilities has been received by the owner.

All delinquent fees, rates and charges of the district for either water facilities, sewer facilities or gas facilities are liens on the premises served of equal dignity, rank and priority with the lien on such premises of state, county, school and municipal taxes. In addition to the other remedies provided in this section, public service districts are hereby granted a deferral of filing fees or other fees and costs incidental to the bringing and maintenance of an action in magistrate court for the collection of delinquent water, sewer or gas bills. If the district collects the delinquent account, plus reasonable costs, from its customer or other responsible party, the district shall pay to the magistrate the normal filing fee and reasonable costs which were previously deferred. In addition, each public service district may exchange with other public service districts a list of delinquent accounts.

Anything in this section to the contrary notwithstanding, any establishment, as defined in section two, article five-a, chapter twenty, now or hereafter operating its own sewage disposal system pursuant to a permit issued by the department of natural resources, as prescribed by section seven, article five-a, chapter twenty of this code, is exempt from the provisions of this section.

§16-13A-13. Revenue bonds.

1 For constructing or acquiring any public service 2 properties for the authorized purposes of the district. or 3 necessary or incidental thereto, and for constructing 4 improvements and extensions thereto, and also for 5 reimbursing or paving the costs and expenses of 6 creating the district, the board of any such district is 7 hereby authorized to borrow money from time to time 8 and in evidence thereof issue the bonds of such district. payable solely from the revenues derived from the 9 10 operation of the public service properties under control 11 of the district. Such bonds may be issued in one or more 12 series, may bear such date or dates, may mature at such 13 time or times not exceeding forty years from their 14 respective dates, may bear interest at such rate or rates 15 not exceeding eighteen percent per annum pavable at 16 such times, may be in such form, may carry such 17 registration privileges, may be executed in such 18 manner, may be payable at such place or places, may 19 be subject to such terms of redemption with or without premium, may be declared or become due before 20 21 maturity date thereof, may be authenticated in any manner, and upon compliance with such conditions, and 22 may contain such terms and covenants as may be 23 24 provided by resolution or resolutions of the board. 25 Notwithstanding the form or tenor thereof, and in the absence of any express recital on the face thereof, that 26 the bond is nonnegotiable, all such bonds shall be, and 27 shall be treated as, negotiable instruments for all 28 purposes. Bonds bearing the signatures of officers in 29 office on the date of the signing thereof shall be valid 30 and binding for all purposes notwithstanding that 31 32 before the delivery thereof any or all of the persons whose signatures appear thereon shall have ceased to be 33

34 such officers. Notwithstanding the requirements or 35 provisions of any other law, any such bonds may be 36 negotiated or sold in such manner and at such time or 37 times as is found by the board to be most advantageous. 38 and all such bonds may be sold at such price that the 39 interest cost of the proceeds therefrom does not exceed 40 nineteen percent per annum, based on the average maturity of such bonds and computed according to 41 42 standard tables of bond values. Any resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such bonds may 43 44 contain such covenants and restrictions upon the issuance of additional bonds thereafter as may be 45 46 deemed necessary or advisable for the assurance of the 47 payment of the bonds thereby authorized.

CHAPTER 175

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 389—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section five-b, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended: to amend and reenact section two, article three, chapter seven of said code; to amend and reenact sections one. two, three, four, five, five-a, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, nineteen, twentytwo, twenty-four and twenty-five, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of said code; and to further amend said article twenty by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and twenty-six, all relating to the West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority generally: providing that no county commission is required to provide and maintain jails or holding facilities unless it is determined to be necessary; setting forth certain legislative findings and purposes; changing the reference to "prison" throughout article twenty, chapter thirty-one of the code to "correctional facility"; renaming a special fund; providing that the chairman and secretary of the board of the Regional Jail

and Correctional Facility Authority are to be elected by the members of the board every two years; changing the number and composition of the board; specifying quarterly meetings of the board unless a special meeting or meetings are called by the chairman; requiring the board to review and approve the budget of the authority annually; specifying that the executive director of the authority is its chief executive officer; providing for the nomination and appointment of the executive director by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate, to serve at the will and pleasure of the governor; specifying certain duties of the executive director; providing that the authority may enter into certain types of contracts: specifying that the authority shall provide the Jail and Correctional Facility Standards Commission with secretarial and other necessary services; creating the regional jail and correctional facility development fund; and creating a legislative oversight committee.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five-b, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section two, article three, chapter seven of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two, three, four, five, five-a, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, nineteen, twenty-two, twenty-four and twenty-five, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said article twenty be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections one-a and twenty-six, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 31. Corporations.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 3. COUNTY PROPERTY.

§7-3-2. Courthouse, jail and offices.

- 1 The county commission of every county, at the expense
- 2 of the county, shall provide at the county seat thereof

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a suitable courthouse and jail, together with suitable offices for the judge of the circuit court and judges of courts of limited jurisdiction, clerks of circuit courts, courts of limited jurisdiction and of the county commission, assessor, sheriff, prosecuting attorney, county superintendent of schools, and surveyor, and all other offices as are or may be required by law: Provided, That the courthouse, including any annex or other facility housing the courts and offices herein set out (excepting all facilities that are on a twenty-four-hour basis), shall be open to the public Monday through Friday during the hours prescribed by the county commission by an order duly recorded in the order book of the commission. The county commission in such order may, in its discretion, provide that the courthouse, including any annex or other facility housing the courts and offices herein set out, be open on Saturday and prescribe the hours during which it shall be open. In no case may the county commission provide that the courthouse, including any annex or other facility housing the courts and offices herein set out, be open for business on Sundays or national or state holidays: Provided, however. That the county commission of every county having a population in excess of two hundred thousand may provide at the county seat or elsewhere in the county, as the county commission shall determine a suitable jail or jails: Provided further. That the county commission of any county, regardless of population, may, as provided in article twenty-three, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, contract with the county commissions of one or more other counties within this state for the erection, construction, equipment, leasing and renting of a regional correctional center for either adult or youth offenders, at a location mutually agreeable to the contracting parties and not necessarily at the county seat, which will serve each county entering into the contract. The county commission shall keep the courthouse, jail and other offices in constant and adequate repair, and supplied with the necessary heat, light, furniture, record books, and janitor service, and, except as to the office for the judge of the circuit court, with the necessary stationery and postage, and other things

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45 as shall be necessary; but all of the public records, books 46 and papers belonging or appertaining to the county 47 surveyor's office shall be delivered to the clerk of the county commission and retained by him in his official 48 49 possession and under his control and shall constitute a 50 part of the public records, books and papers of his office. 51 All courthouses, jails and offices hereafter erected shall 52 be built of stone and brick, or stone or brick, or other 53 equally fireproof materials, and the offices shall be 54 fireproof or be furnished with fireproof vaults or safes. The jails shall be well secured, and sufficient for the convenient accommodation of those who may be confined therein. The county commission may also provide other 58 necessary offices and buildings, and may, by purchase 59 or otherwise, acquire as much land as may be requisite or desirable for county purposes, and may suitably 60 enclose, improve and embellish the lands so acquired.

Subject to the conditions hereinabove set forth with respect to the site of the courthouse, jail, and other offices, the commission may, from time to time, as may seem to it proper, provide, at the expense of the county. a new or other building or buildings to be used for the courthouse and jail, or for either, together with suitable offices, as aforesaid, and for that purpose may acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and hold any lands, or lands and buildings, which may be necessary, and may enclose, improve and embellish the same. When any new or other building or buildings shall be ready for occupancy, the county commission shall make an order declaring that, on a day to be therein named, the new or other building or buildings shall become the courthouse, or jail, or both the courthouse and jail of the county, and shall cause copies of the order to be posted at the front door of the new as well as of the old courthouse, at least twenty days before the day named in the order; and on and after the day named the new or other building or buildings shall become, respectively, the courthouse, or jail, or both the courthouse and jail of the county in all respects and for all purposes. After the change shall have been made the county commission may sell or otherwise dispose of, as may seem to it proper, the building or buildings previously

- 87 used as a courthouse and jail, or either, and the land on 88 which they are, or either is, situated, and of the interest 89 of the county therein.
- 90 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 91 the contrary, any county commission providing and 92 maintaining a jail on the effective date of this article 93 shall not be required to provide and maintain a jail after a regional jail becomes available pursuant to the 94 provisions of article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this 95 96 code, unless the county commission determines that such 97 a facility is necessary: Provided, That such county 98 commission may provide and maintain a holding facility 99 which complies with the standards set forth for such 100 holding facilities in legislative rules promulgated by the 101 jail and correctional facility standards commission or its 102 predecessor, the jail and prison standards commission.

CHAPTER 31. CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 20. WEST VIRGINIA REGIONAL JAIL AND CORREC-TIONAL FACILITY AUTHORITY.

§31-20-1.	Short title.
§31-20-1a.	Legislative findings and purposes.
§31-20-2.	Definitions.
§31-20-3.	West Virginia regional jail and correctional facility authority; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.
§ 31-20-4.	Governing body; organization and meetings; quorum; administra- tive expenses.
§31-20-5.	Powers and duties of the authority; bidding procedures.
§31-20-5a.	Bidding procedures.
§31-20-6.	Regional jail commissions; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.
§31-20-7.	General powers of the commission.
§31-20-8.	Jail and correctional facility standards commission; appointment; compensation; vacancies; quorum.
§31-20-9.	Purpose, powers and duties.
§31-20-10.	Regional jail and correctional facility development fund.
§31-20-19.	Tax exemption.
§31-20-22.	Money of the authority.
§31-20-24.	Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority.
§31-20-25.	Further duties of the authority.
§31-20-26.	Legislative oversight committee.

§31-20-1. Short title.

This article shall be known and may be cited as "The 1

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- 2 West Virginia Regional Jail and Correctional Facility
- 3 Authority Act."

§31-20-1a. Legislative findings and purposes.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds as follows:
- 2 (1) That existing jails and correctional facilities in 3 this state serve neither the best interests of the inmate 4 population of such jails and facilities nor the citizens of 5 West Virginia:
- 6 (2) That due to time constraints established and 7 imposed by judicial decisions, it is imperative that the 8 Legislature give immediate and diligent attention to the 9 improvement of existing facilities and the construction 10 and maintenance of new facilities, as well as to the development and implementation of new, innovative and 11 12 effective programs dealing with incarcerated persons;
- (3) That the physical condition of most existing jails 13 and correctional facilities contribute to a frustration of 14 efforts to provide rehabilitation, education, vocational 15 16 training, and social and psychological adjustment and improvement for incarcerated persons, to the end that such existing facilities are utilized largely for the 18 limited purposes of confinement; 19
 - (4) That there is a need to examine, understand and implement various new and innovative trends which are being advanced in the area of correctional institution design, and to explore the developing alternatives to incarceration which are being experimented with in other jurisdictions; and
 - (5) That the revenues of this state, insofar as they are currently used to maintain a traditional penal system. are not efficiently utilized to provide facilities or produce programs which could direct an inmate's time and effort to prepare him for life outside of confinement: nor do such revenues provide corrections officials with the resources necessary to address the issues and problems with which they are confronted.
 - (b) The purposes of this article are as follows:
- (1) To provide a cost-efficient system within this state 35

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- for the construction, maintenance and operation of jails and correctional facilities;
 - (2) To develop and implement plans for the renovation and improvement of existing facilities and the design and construction of new facilities to better serve the inmate population and the citizens of this state;
 - (3) To provide an environment in which new and innovative corrections programs may be considered and undertaken, and in which opportunities may be offered to inmates to overcome personal deficiencies which are educational, vocational, social or psychological in nature;
 - (4) To investigate the feasibility of individualizing and classifying inmates according to their psychological and physical conditions at the time they are incarcerated, and the feasibility of designing for each such inmate a plan for self-improvement and rehabilitation.

§31-20-2. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context indicates clearly otherwise, as used 2 in this article:
 - (a) "Authority" or "West Virginia Regional Jail Authority" means the West Virginia regional jail and correctional facility authority created by this article.
 - (b) "Board" means the governing body of the authority.
- 8 (c) "Bonds" means bonds of the authority issued under this article.
- 10 (d) "Cost of construction or renovation of a local jail facility or regional jail facility" means the cost of all 11 lands, water areas, property rights and easements, 12 13 financing charges, interest prior to and during construc-14 tion and for a period not exceeding six months following the completion of construction, equipment, engineering 15 and legal services, plans, specifications and surveys, 16 estimates of costs and other expenses necessary or 17 18 incidental to determining the feasibility or practicability of any such project, together with such other 19 expenses as may be necessary or incidental to the 20 financing and the construction or renovation of such 21 facilities and the placing of same in operation. 22

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- (e) "County" means any county of this state.
- 24 (f) "Federal agency" means the United States of 25 America and any department, corporation, agency or 26 instrumentality created, designated or established by 27 the United States of America.
 - (g) "Fund" means the regional jail and correctional facility development fund provided in section ten of this article.
- 31 (h) "Government" means state and federal govern-32 ment, and any political subdivision, agency or instru-33 mentality thereof, corporate or otherwise.
 - (i) "Inmate" means any person properly committed to a local or regional jail facility or a correctional facility.
 - (j) "Local jail facility" means any county facility for the confinement, custody, supervision or control of persons convicted of misdemeanors, awaiting trial or awaiting transportation to a state correctional facility.
- 40 (k) "Municipality" means any city, town or village in this state.
 - (1) "Notes" means any notes as defined in section one hundred four, article three, chapter forty-six of this code issued under this article by the authority.
 - (m) "Correctional facility" means any correctional facility, penitentiary, detention center or other correctional institution operated by the department of corrections.
- 49 (n) "Regional jail facility" or "regional jail" means any 50 facility operated by the authority and used jointly by 51 two or more counties for the confinement, custody, 52 supervision or control of persons convicted of misdemea-53 nors or awaiting trial or awaiting transportation to a 54 state correctional facility.
 - (0) "Regional jail commission" means the commission established in section eight of this article.
 - (p) "Revenues" means all fees, charges, moneys, profits, payments of principal of, or interest on, loans

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- 59 and other investments, grants, contributions and all other income received by the authority.
- 61 (q) "Security interest" means an interest in the loan 62 portfolio of the authority which interest is secured by 63 an underlying loan or loans and is evidenced by a note 64 issued by the authority.
- 65 (r) "Work farm" shall have the same meaning as that 66 term is used in section twelve, article eight, chapter 67 seven of this code authorizing work farms for individual 68 counties.

§31-20-3. West Virginia regional jail and correctional facility authority; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.

There is hereby created the West Virginia regional jail and correctional facility authority which shall be a body corporate and a government instrumentality. The authority shall have and is hereby granted all of the powers and authority and shall perform all of the functions and services heretofore vested in and performed by the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority. The West Virginia regional jail and prison authority is hereby abolished. The terms of members currently serving on the board of the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority shall expire on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightynine. Wherever in this chapter and elsewhere in law reference is made to the West Virginia regional jail and prison authority, such reference shall henceforth be construed and understood to mean the West Virginia regional jail and correctional facility authority.

The authority shall be governed by a board of seven members, consisting of the commissioner of the department of corrections; the commissioner of the department of finance and administration or his designated representative; three county officials appointed by the governor, no more than two of which may be of the same political party; and two citizens appointed by the governor to represent the areas of law and medicine. Members of the Legislature are not eligible to serve on the board.

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28 The governor shall nominate and, by and with the 29 advice and consent of the Senate, appoint five members 30 of the authority for staggered terms of four years beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 31 32 hundred eighty-nine. Of the members of the board first 33 appointed, one shall be appointed for a term ending the thirtieth day of June. one thousand nine hundred ninety-34 one. two shall be appointed for terms ending the 35 36 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-37 two, and two shall be appointed for terms ending the 38 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-39 three. As these original appointments expire, each 40 subsequent appointment shall be for a full four-year 41 term.

Any appointed member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any appointed member is eligible for reappointment. Members of the authority are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members but are entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

All members of the board of the authority shall execute an official bond in a penalty of ten thousand dollars, conditioned as required by law. Premiums on such bond shall be paid from funds accruing to the authority. Such bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney general and as to sufficiency by the governor and, when fully executed and approved, shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

§31-20-4. Governing body; organization and meetings; quorum; administrative expenses.

The governing body of the authority shall consist of the members of the board as provided for in section three of this article and shall exercise all the powers given to the authority in this article. On the second Monday of July of each odd-numbered year, the board shall meet to elect a chairman and a secretary from among its own members. The commissioner of finance

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8 and administration or his designated representative 9 shall serve as treasurer of the board. The board shall 10 otherwise meet quarterly, unless a special meeting is 11 called by its chairman.

A majority of the members of the board constitute a quorum, and a quorum must be present for the board to conduct business. Unless the bylaws require a larger number, action may be taken by majority vote of the members present.

The board shall prescribe, amend and repeal bylaws and rules governing the manner in which the business of the authority is conducted and shall review and approve the budget prepared by the executive director annually.

The governor shall, with the advice and consent of the 23 Senate, appoint an executive director to act as its chief executive officer, to serve at the will and pleasure of the 25 governor. The executive director is empowered to 26 employ any other personnel he determines necessary 27 and may appoint counsel and legal staff for the 28 authority and retain such temporary engineering, 29 financial and other consultants or technicians as may be required for any special study or survey consistent with the provisions of this article. The executive director is 32 further empowered to engage in negotiations and carry 33 out plans to implement the provisions of this article and 34 to exercise those powers listed in section five of this 35 article on behalf of the authority. The executive director 36 shall prepare annually a budget to be submitted to the 37 board for its review and approval.

All costs incidental to the administration of the authority including office expense, personal services expense and current expense, shall be paid from the regional jail and correctional facility development fund in accordance with guidelines issued by the board of the authority.

§31-20-5. Powers and duties of the authority; bidding procedures.

1 The regional jail and correctional facility authority

shall complete a comprehensive study of all correctional facilities and jail facilities in the state of West Virginia no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six. This study shall include an assess-ment of the physical conditions of confinement within the institutions and the relative need for the institutions when considering other available institutions of confine-ment located within the state.

After completing this study, the authority shall submit a plan to the governor on the establishment of regional jails in this state and the acquisition, construction or renovation of facilities for correctional facilities. The authority shall specify groups of counties within the state to be formed into regions for the establishment of such regional jails. Within each region a local jail commission shall be established and have the powers and duties as set forth in section six of this article.

The authority shall consider, but not be limited to, the following when creating the plan establishing regions:

- (1) The relative physical condition of the correctional facilities and jail facilities located within the state;
- (2) The transportation costs associated with the establishment of centralized jail services including, but not limited to, the costs of transporting persons incarcerated in regional jails to court appearances, to interviews with their attorneys, and to have visitation with their families and friends, all in any county seat of a county served by the regional facility: *Provided*, That consideration of such costs in the creation of the plan shall not be construed to require the transportation of inmates to interviews with their attorneys or to have visitation with their families and friends when visitation facilities and schedules are established in regional jails;
- (3) The availability of medical services and educational and recreational opportunities;
 - (4) Information received from public hearings;
- (5) The relative efficiency in the cost of jail services caused by establishment of regional jail facilities;
- (6) Available facilities which may be used as regional

jails or correctional facilities including, but not limited to, existing county and state owned properties: Provided, That if the authority determines that an existing facility meets the standards or could reasonably be made to meet the standards for a regional jail or other correc-tional facility, the authority may proceed to acquire such existing facility and compensate the owner thereof in an amount not less than any local share expended by the owner as matching moneys for the receipt of federal funds: Provided, however. That if the authority determines that an existing facility does not meet the standards or could not reasonably be made to meet the standards for a regional jail or other correctional facility, the authority shall provide the owner with a written statement setting forth the reasons supporting such determination:

- (7) The cost of acquiring, constructing, renovating, operating and maintaining local jail facilities for use as local holding facilities in each county and regional jail facilities for each county and the financing provided by this article;
- (8) The leasing of any available portion of any regional jail space and the leasing of available facilities of any regional jail to the West Virginia department of corrections for the keeping and detaining of prisoners sentenced to serve terms of incarceration under the custody of the West Virginia department of corrections for nonviolent crimes and to contract with the department of corrections for the providing of food, clothing, shelter and any and all incidental costs in the care, control and maintenance of such prisoners: *Provided*, That such leasing does not restrict space or facilities needed for the detention of county prisoners;
- (9) The advisability and cost effectiveness of acquiring, constructing, renovating, operating and maintaining work farms serving one or more counties or regions; and
- (10) The proximity of possible sites for the regional jail facilities to residential areas, schools, churches and other public buildings and facilities.

Public hearings pursuant to this section shall be held by the authority in convenient locations throughout the state. No less than ten public hearings shall be held for public comment on the establishment of regional jails. The authority shall cause to be published at least two weeks in advance of a hearing a Class II-0 legal advertisement, as provided in section two, article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, setting forth the reason for the hearing and the time, place and date thereof. The publication area shall be each county which may be included in a region for the purposes of a regional jail with the county in which the public hearing is held.

In addition to the hearing requirements above, before beginning construction of a new facility for use as a regional jail or correctional facility or before beginning renovation or acquisition of an existing facility for use as a regional jail facility, which existing facility is not already a jail, correctional facility or secure facility for the detention of juveniles or persons otherwise involuntarily committed or confined, the authority shall hold a hearing for comment by all members of the public on all aspects relating to the advisability of the use of the site for that regional jail facility. The authority shall promulgate legislative rules pursuant to chapter twentynine-a of this code for the requirements for notice and other procedures of said public hearings, which requirements shall be as similar as practicable to those hearings conducted regarding the construction of bridges by the West Virginia department of highways.

The authority, as a public corporation and governmental instrumentality exercising public powers of the state, may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article, including, but not limited to, the power:

- (a) To acquire, own, hold and dispose of property, real and personal, tangible and intangible.
- (b) To lease property, whether as lessee or lessor.
- 118 (c) To mortgage or otherwise grant security interests 119 in its property.

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- 120 (d) To conduct examinations and investigations and to 121 hear testimony and take proof, under oath or affirma-122 tion at public or private hearings, on any matter 123 relevant to this article and necessary for information on 124 the construction or renovation of any correctional 125 facility or the establishment of any correctional facility 126 industries project.
- 127 (e) To issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of 128 witnesses and the production of books and papers 129 relevant to any hearing before such authority or one or 130 more members appointed by it to conduct any hearing.
- (f) To apply to the circuit court having venue of such offense to have punished for contempt any witness who 133 refuses to obey a subpoena, refuses to be sworn or affirmed, or refuses to testify, or who commits any contempt after being summoned to appear.
- 136 (g) To sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, 137 and complain and defend in any court.
- 138 (h) To adopt, use and alter at will a corporate seal.
- 139 (i) To make bylaws for the management and regula-140 tion of its affairs pursuant to article three, chapter 141 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 142 (j) To appoint officers, agents and employees.
- 143 (k) To make contracts of every kind and nature and 144 to execute all instruments necessary or convenient for carrying on its business, including contracts with any 145 146 other governmental agency of this state or of the federal government or with any person, individual, partnership 147 or corporation to effect any or all of the purposes of this 148 149 article.
- (1) Without in any way limiting any other subdivision 150 151 of this section, to accept grants from and enter into 152 contracts and other transactions with any federal 153 agency.
- (m) To borrow money and to issue its negotiable 154 155 bonds, security interests or notes and to provide for and

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- secure the payment thereof, and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of any of its bonds, security interests or notes: Provided. That no bond or other obligation may be issued or incurred unless and until the Legislature by concurrent resolution has approved the purpose and amount of each project for which proceeds from the issuance of such bond or other obligation will be used.
 - (n) To sell, at public or private sale, any bond or other negotiable instrument, security interest or obligation of the authority in such manner and upon such terms as the authority considers would best serve the purposes of this article.
 - (o) To issue its bonds, security interests and notes payable solely from the revenues or other funds available to the authority therefor; and the authority may issue its bonds, security interests or notes in such principal amounts as it considers necessary to provide funds for any purposes under this article, including:
 - (1) The payment, funding or refunding of the principal of, interest on or redemption premiums on, any bonds, security interests or notes issued by it whether the bonds, security interests, notes or interest to be funded or refunded have or have not become due.
 - (2) The establishment or increase of reserves to secure or to pay bonds, security interests, notes or the interest thereon and all other costs or expenses of the authority incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate purposes and powers. Any bonds, security interests or notes may be additionally secured by a pledge of any revenues, funds, assets or moneys of the authority from any source whatsoever.
 - (p) To issue renewal notes or security interests, to issue bonds to pay notes or security interests and, whenever it considers refunding expedient, to refund any bonds by the issuance of new bonds, whether the bonds to be refunded have or have not matured except that no such renewal notes shall be issued to mature more than ten years from date of issuance of the notes renewed and no such refunding bonds may be issued to

- mature more than twenty-five years from the date of issuance.
 - (q) To apply the proceeds from the sale of renewal notes, security interests or refunding bonds to the purchase, redemption or payment of the notes, security interests or bonds to be refunded.
 - (r) To accept gifts or grants of property, funds, security interests, money, materials, labor, supplies or services from the United States of America or from any governmental unit or any person, firm or corporation, and to carry out the terms or provisions of, or make agreements with respect to, or pledge, any gifts or grants, and to do any and all things necessary, useful, desirable or convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of gifts or grants.
 - (s) To the extent permitted under its contracts with the holders of bonds, security interests or notes of the authority, to consent to any modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, security or any other term of any bond, security interest, note or contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.
 - (t) To sell security interests in the loan portfolio of the authority. Such security interests shall be evidenced by instruments issued by the authority. Proceeds from the sale of security interests may be issued in the same manner and for the same purposes as bond and note revenues
 - (u) To promulgate rules and regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers, duties and responsibilities invested in the authority by the provisions of this article and otherwise by law.
 - (v) To assume the responsibility for operation and management of regional jail facilities under the jurisdiction of the state regional jail and correctional facility authority. The authority shall provide for the transportation of inmates between the regional jails and local holding facilities for court appearances.

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(w) To exercise all power and authority provided in this article necessary and convenient to plan, finance, construct, renovate, maintain and operate or oversee the operation of regional jails and correctional facilities.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the regional jail and correctional facility authority shall no later than the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, submit a plan to the joint committee on government and finance of the Legislature detailing the means by which the authority will comply with the mandates of the supreme court of appeals as to the structural and internal conditions and programs of the correctional facilities in this state. In preparing such plan, the authority is to allow for and consider any input from the public.

§31-20-5a. Bidding procedures.

1 When the cost under any contract or agreement 2 entered into by the authority other than compensation 3 for personal services involves an expenditure of more 4 than two thousand dollars, the authority shall make a 5 written contract with the lowest responsible bidder after 6 public notice published as a Class II legal advertisement 7 in compliance with the provisions of article three. 8 chapter fifty-nine of this code, the publication area for 9 such publication to be the county or counties wherein the 10 work is to be performed or which is affected by the 11 contract, which notice shall state the general character 12 of the work and general character of the materials to 13 be furnished, the place where plans and specifications 14 therefor may be examined and the time and place of 15 receiving bids, but a contract for lease of a correctional 16 facility or regional or county jail project constructed and 17 owned by the authority is not subject to the foregoing 18 requirements and the authority may enter into such contract for lease pursuant to negotiation upon such 19 terms and conditions and for such period as it finds to 20 be reasonable and proper under the circumstances and 21 22 in the best interests of proper operation or efficient acquisition or construction of such projects. The 23 authority may reject any and all bids. A bond with good 24 and sufficient surety, approved by the authority, shall 25

- 26 be required of all contractors in an amount equal to at
- 27 least fifty percent of the contract price, conditioned upon
- 28 faithful performance of the contract.

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§31-20-6. Regional jail commissions; composition; appointment; terms; compensation and expenses.

1 Upon the formation of specific regions by the regional 2 jail and correctional facility authority for the establish-3 ment of regional jails as provided in section five of this article, there shall be created in each region a regional 4 5 jail commission composed of the following members: The sheriff from each county in the region or his 6 designated representative; a member of the county 7 8 commission from each county in the region chosen by 9 the commission or a designated representative; one 10 mayor from each county in the region to be appointed by the regional jail and correctional facility authority 11 from a list of names submitted by the West Virginia 12 13 municipal league, or his designated representative; and 14 three persons from the region who are representative of the areas of law, medicine and education to be appointed 15 by the regional jail and correctional facility authority 16 and who shall serve for a term of three years: Provided. 17 18 That any local regional iail authority or commission 19 established prior to the effective date of this article shall be recognized as meeting the requirements of this 20 section, at the option of the local regional jail authority 21 22 or commission.

Any appointed member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any appointed member is eligible for reappointment. Members of the commission are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members but are entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. The county commission from each county in the region shall provide the commission with secretarial and other necessary services.

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§31-20-7. General powers of the commission.

1 Each regional jail commission shall prepare and 2 submit such plans, suggestions and recommendations to 3 the regional jail and correctional facility authority 4 which will define the needs for its region as to the construction, renovation and general operation of a 5 6 regional jail facility. The report may include, but is not 7 limited to, recommendations for conforming its jail 8 facility to the jail standards promulgated by the jail and 9 correctional facility standards commission, upgrading 10 the recreational and educational opportunities for inmates confined in the region's facility, development of 11 12 programs in cooperation with community medical and 13 mental health centers in the region to provide adequate 14 medical and drug and alcohol addiction services within the facility and information concerning the costs 15 16 incurred in the operation of the facility.

§31-20-8. Jail and correctional facility standards commission; appointment; compensation; vacancies; quorum.

A jail and correctional facility standards commission 1 of eleven members is hereby created. The governor shall 2 appoint two county sheriffs, to be chosen from a list of 3 three names provided by the president of the West 4 5 Virginia sheriff's association, and three county commis-6 sioners, to be chosen from a list of five names provided by the president of the West Virginia county commis-7 sioner's association. The chief justice of the state 8 9 supreme court of appeals shall appoint a representative from the juvenile facilities review panel. Each of the 10 members so appointed shall serve for a term of three 11 years and be eligible for reappointment. The commis-12 sioner of the department of corrections, the director of 13 the department of health, the state fire marshal, the 14 commissioner of the department of human services and 15 the director of the division of vocational education of the 16 state department of education or their designees shall 17 be members ex officio in an advisory capacity. 18

Members of the commission shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for reasonable

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and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The regional jail and correctional facility authority shall provide the commission with secretarial and other necessary services.

A vacancy among the appointed members of the commission shall be filled, within thirty days, in the same manner as the original appointment. A quorum consists of four of the six voting members. Members of the commission shall select a chairman.

§31-20-9. Purpose, powers and duties.

The purpose of the commission is to assure that proper minimum standards and procedures are developed for jail, work farm and correctional facility operation, maintenance and management of inmates for correctional facilities, regional jails and local jail facilities used as temporary holding facilities. In order to accomplish this purpose, the commission shall:

- (1) Prescribe standards for the maintenance and operation of correctional facilities, county and regional jails. Such standards shall include, but not be limited to, requirements assuring adequate space, lighting and ventilation; fire protection equipment and procedures; provision of specific personal hygiene articles; bedding, furnishings and clothing; food services; appropriate staffing and training: sanitation, safety and hygiene; isolation and suicide prevention; appropriate medical, dental and other health services; indoor and outdoor exercise; appropriate vocational and educational opportunities; classification; inmate rules and discipline; inmate money and property; religious services; inmate work programs; library services; visitation, mail and telephone privileges; and other standards necessary to assure proper operation.
 - (2) Promulgate such rules pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code as are necessary to implement the provisions of this article, including, without limitation, minimum jail, work farm and correctional facility standards which shall be promulgated on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.

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- 31 (3) Develop a process for reviewing and updating the 32 jail, work farm and correctional facility standards 33 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 34 this code as may be necessary to assure that they 35 conform to current law.
 - (4) Report periodically to the authority to advise and recommend actions to be taken by the authority to implement proper minimum jail, work farm and correctional facility standards.

40 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to 41 the contrary, any county commission providing and 42 maintaining a jail on the effective date of this article 43 shall not be required to provide and maintain a jail after a regional jail becomes available pursuant to the 44 45 provisions of article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this 46 code, unless the county commission determines that such 47 a facility is necessary: Provided, That such county 48 commission may provide and maintain a holding facility 49 which complies with the standards set forth for such 50 holding facilities in legislative rules promulgated by the 51 jail and correctional facility standards commission or its 52 predecessor, the jail and prison standards commission.

§31-20-10. Regional jail and correctional facility development fund.

- (a) The regional jail and correctional facility development fund is hereby created and shall be a special account in the state treasury. The fund shall operate as a revolving fund whereby all appropriations and payments thereto may be applied and reapplied by the authority for the purposes of this article. Separate accounts may be established within the special account for the purpose of identification of various revenue resources and payment of specific obligations.
- 10 (b) Revenues deposited into the fund may be used to 11 make payments of interest and may be pledged as 12 security for bonds, security interests or notes issued by 13 the authority pursuant to this article.
- 14 (c) Whenever the authority determines that the 15 balance in the fund is in excess of the immediate

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- requirements of this article, it may request that such excess be invested until needed. In such case such excess shall be invested in a manner consistent with the investment of the temporary state funds. Interest earned on any money invested pursuant to this section shall be credited to the fund.
 - (d) If the authority determines that funds held in the fund are in excess of the amount needed to carry out the purposes of this article, it shall take such action as is necessary to release such excess and transfer it to the general fund of the state treasury.
 - (e) The fund shall consist of the following:
 - (1) Amounts raised by the authority by the sale of bonds or other borrowing authorized by this article;
 - (2) Moneys collected and deposited in the state treasury which are specifically designated by acts of the Legislature for inclusion into the fund;
- 33 (3) Contributions, grants and gifts from any source, 34 both public and private, which may be used by the 35 authority for any project or projects;
 - (4) All sums paid by the counties pursuant to subsection (h) of this section; and
 - (5) All interest earned on investments made by the state from moneys deposited in this fund.
 - (f) The amounts deposited in the fund shall be accounted for and expended in the following manner:
 - (1) Amounts raised by the sale of bonds or other borrowing authorized by this article shall be deposited in a separate account within the fund and expended for the purpose of construction and renovation of correctional facilities and regional jails for which need has been determined by the authority;
 - (2) Amounts deposited from all other sources shall be pledged first to the debt service on any bonded indebtedness or other obligation incurred by borrowing of the authority;
 - (3) After any requirements of debt service have been

satisfied, the authority shall requisition from the fund such amounts as are necessary to provide for payment of the administrative expenses of this article;

- (4) The authority shall requisition from the fund after any requirements of debt service have been satisfied such amounts as are necessary for the maintenance and operation of the correctional facilities or regional jails or both that are constructed pursuant to the plan required by this article and shall expend such amounts for such purpose. The fund shall make an accounting of all amounts received from each county by virtue of any filing fees, court costs or fines required by law to be deposited in the fund and amounts from the jail improvement funds of the various counties. After the expenses of administration have been deducted the amounts expended in the respective regions from such sources shall be in proportion to the percentage the amount contributed to the fund by the counties in each region bears to the total amount received by the fund from such sources:
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, sums paid into the fund by each county pursuant to subsection (h) of this section for each inmate shall be placed in a separate account and shall be requisitioned from the fund to pay for the costs specified in that subsection incurred at the regional jail facility at which each such inmate was incarcerated; and
- (6) Any amounts deposited in the fund from other sources permitted by this article shall be expended in the respective regions based on particular needs to be determined by the authority.
- (g) After a regional jail facility becomes available pursuant to this article for the incarceration of inmates, each county within the region shall incarcerate all persons whom the county would have incarcerated in any jail prior to the availability of the regional jail facility in the regional jail facility except those whose incarceration in a local jail facility used as a local holding facility is specified as appropriate under the standards and procedures developed pursuant to section

93 nine of this article and who the sheriff or the circuit 94 court elects to incarcerate therein.

95 (h) When inmates are placed in a regional jail facility pursuant to subsection (g) of this section the county 96 97 shall pay into the regional jail and correctional facility development fund a cost per day for each inmate so 98 99 incarcerated to be determined by the regional jail and 100 correctional facility authority according to criteria and 101 by procedures established by regulations pursuant to article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to cover 102 the costs of operating such regional jail facility to 103 maintain each such inmate which costs shall not include 104 105 the cost of construction, acquisition or renovation of said 106 regional jail facility.

§31-20-19. Tax exemption.

1 The exercise of the powers granted to the authority 2 by this article will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of the state for the improvement of their 3 safety, convenience and welfare. Since the operation and 4 maintenance of correctional facilities and correctional 5 facility industries projects will constitute the perfor-6 7 mance of essential governmental functions, the authority is not required to pay any taxes or assessments upon any 8 such facilities or projects or upon any property acquired 9 or used by the authority or upon the income therefrom. 10 Such bonds, security interests and notes and all interest 11 and income thereon are exempt from all taxation by this 12 13 state, or any county, municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof, except inheritance taxes. 14

§31-20-22. Money of the authority.

All money accruing to the authority from whatever 1 source derived, except legislative appropriations, and 2 except that authorized to be deposited directly into the 3 regional jail and correctional facility development fund 4 shall be collected and received by the treasurer of the 5 authority, who shall pay it into the state treasury in the 6 manner required by section two, article two, chapter 7 twelve of this code, to be credited to the fund. 8

§31-20-24. Agreement with federal agencies not to alter or limit powers of authority

The state hereby pledges to and agrees with each federal agency that, if such agency constructs or loans or contributes any funds for the acquisition, construc-tion, extension, improvement or enlargement of any correctional facility or correctional facility industries project, the state will not alter or limit the rights and powers of the authority in any manner which would be inconsistent with the due performance of any agreement between the authority and such federal agency and that the authority shall continue to have and exercise all powers granted for carrying out the purposes of this article for so long as necessary.

§31-20-25. Further duties of the authority.

The Legislature hereby finds that the regional jail and correctional facility authority has not complied with the provisions of this article in certain areas and by this section imposes further duties upon the authority in order to save the taxpayers of this state unnecessary expense in the development of the regional jail system.

No moneys shall be expended for regional jail construction from the regional jail and development fund and no final site selection for a regional jail shall be made by the regional jail and correctional facility authority until (1) the regional jail commissions are formed and activated under the provisions of section six, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, and (2) the regional jail commission for the region in which a jail is to be constructed submits the report provided for under the provisions of section seven, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to the regional jail commission previously established for the region consisting of Berkeley, Morgan and Jefferson counties.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the regional jail and correctional facility authority shall present a written report to the joint committee on government and finance of the Legislature no later than

- the meeting of such committee in the month of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, which will show that the authority has done the following:
- 28 (a) Completed a comprehensive plan as required in section five of this article;
- 30 (b) Specified which counties are to be formed into regions as required in section five of this article;
- 32 (c) Appointed a regional jail commission in each 33 region as required by section six of this article;
- 34 (d) Developed through the jail and correctional 35 facility standards commission, jail and correctional 36 facility standards as required by section nine of this 37 article;
 - (e) That the authority in obtaining or attempting to obtain land or buildings for regional jail facilities has considered all available options which will minimize costs while maximizing the effectiveness of this article, including, but not limited to, the option of obtaining land through offers of such by county or local governments; and
- 45 (f) That the authority has developed plans which will 46 utilize regional jail facilities for the housing of convicted 47 felons who have committed nonviolent crimes. Such 48 plans are to provide that the convicted felons shall be housed separately from those persons serving time for 49 misdemeanor offenses. The development of the plans 50 shall be a cooperative effort between the authority and 51 52 the department of corrections inasmuch as it is the 53 intent of the Legislature that the penal system of this state shall be a consolidated system of both the regional 54 jail system and the state correctional institutions. 55

§31-20-26. Legislative oversight committee.

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> The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Delegates shall each designate five members of their respective houses, at least one of whom shall be a member of the minority party, to serve on a legislative

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5 oversight committee charged with immediate and ongoing oversight of the authority and the commissions. 6 and functions and duties thereof created by this article. 7 8 This committee shall report regularly at each legislative 9 session on the implementation of the purposes set forth 10 in section one-a of this article. It shall regularly 11 investigate all matters relating to integrity, probity, and 12 foresight in funding, operating, and planning the 13 correctional system on state, regional, and county levels. 14 Specifically, the committee shall study and make 15 recommendations to the Legislature as to the revision of 16 the system of classifying inmates, with a view variously 17 to decreasing the prison population confined in "maxi-18 mum security" facilities and to designating and meeting 19 the needs of inmates classified as elderly, disabled, or 20 otherwise handicapped.

The committee shall further study and inform the state judiciary of the impact of sentencing on the composition of the prison population in proportion to the use of facilities. It shall recommend alternatives to longterm sentencing, and shall recommend measures to improve the quality of correctional staff and facilitate its nonconfrontational contacts with inmates. The committee shall investigate means to structure inmates' time to ensure genuine and willing reaccommodations to societal norms; shall probe and coordinate all available means for funding state, regional, and county correctional facilities; and shall contract with penal experts to study these issues in appropriate depth and perspective. Annually, to predict a prudent use of available funds, the committee shall study the profile of the inmate population with regard to its age and social background and needs.

The committee shall recommend to the Legislature the funding required to execute such functions. It shall meet regularly with the governing body of the authority established in this article to determine what may be required for full and timely compliance with all court-ordered changes in the correctional system and shall recommend funding for such changes.

CHAPTER 176

(S. B. 182—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed March 15, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-f, relating to the contractual relationship between farm, construction, industrial or outdoor power equipment retail dealers and their suppliers generally; providing a short title by which the article may be known and cited; providing certain definitions of terms used with respect thereto; requiring certain notices to be given by one party to such contracts to the other party thereto with respect to the termination of any contractual arrangement between them and the time requirements with respect to such notice; providing for certain exceptions with respect to such terminations; the manner, form and content of such notifications; requiring the supplier to repurchase dealer inventory at the time of such termination and the terms of such repurchase: providing exceptions with respect to such repurchase requirements; providing for certain rules with respect to the applicability of the uniform commercial code; providing certain rules with respect to outstanding warranty claims at the time of termination; certain civil remedies against the suppliers available to such dealers and the amounts of recovery with respect to actions brought in such cases; providing for the applicability of certain other legal remedies; and providing for a period of limitations with respect to any actions brought pursuant to said article.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-f, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11F. FARM EQUIPMENT DEALER CONTRACT ACT.

- §47-11F-1. Short title.
- §47-11F-2. Definitions.
- §47-11F-3. Notice of termination of agreement or contract.
- §47-11F-4. Supplier requirement to repurchase dealer inventory; terms of repurchase.
- §47-11F-5. Exceptions to repurchase requirement.
- §47-11F-6. Applicability of uniform commercial practices.
- §47-11F-7. Warranty claims.
- §47-11F-8. Civil remedies applicable.

§47-11F-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "West Virginia Farm Equipment Dealer Contract Act."

§47-11F-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) As used in this article, unless the context in which 2 used clearly requires otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Agreement" or "contract" means a written or oral agreement or contract between a dealer and a supplier,
- by the terms of which the dealer is granted the right
- 6 to sell the supplier's equipment and the dealer is
- 7 required to order and maintain inventory from such
- 8 supplier in excess of ten thousand dollars at current net
- 9 price.
- 10 (2) "Current net price" means the price listed in the supplier's price list in effect at the time an agreement
- 12 is terminated, less any applicable discount allowed.
- 13 (3) "Dealer" means any person, firm, partnership,
- 14 association, corporation or other business entity engaged
- 15 in the business of selling, at retail, farm, construction,
- 16 industrial or outdoor power equipment or any combina-
- tion of the foregoing and who maintains a total inven-
- 18 tory of new equipment and repair parts having an
- 19 aggregate value of not less than twenty-five thousand
- 20 dollars at current net price and who provides repair
- 21 service for such equipment.
- 22 (4) "Inventory" means the tractors, implements,
- 23 attachments, equipment, and repair parts that the
- dealer purchased from the supplier, including, but not limited to, any data processing hardware and software.
- limited to, any data processing hardware and software, special service tools, and business signs the supplier has
- special service tools, and business signs the supplier required the dealer to purchase and maintain.

- 28 (5) "Net cost" means the price paid by the dealer to 29 the supplier for the inventory, less all applicable 30 discounts allowed, plus the amount the dealer paid for 31 freight costs from the supplier's location to the dealer's 32 location and the reasonable cost of assembly incurred or 33 performed by the dealer.
- 34 (6) "Supplier" means a wholesaler, manufacturer or 35 distributor who enters into an agreement with a dealer 36 and who supplies inventory to such dealer.
- 37 (7) "Termination" means the termination, cancella-38 tion, nonrenewal or discontinuation of an agreement.
- (b) The terms "farm," "construction," "industrial" or "outdoor power," when used to refer to tractors, implements, attachments or repair parts shall have the meaning commonly used and understood among dealers and suppliers subject to this article.

§47-11F-3. Notice of termination of agreement or contract.

- 1 (a) The provisions of any agreement to the contrary
 2 notwithstanding, a supplier who terminates a contract
 3 or agreement with a dealer shall notify such dealer of
 4 the termination not less than six months prior to the
 5 effective date thereof: *Provided*, That the supplier may
 6 terminate the agreement at anytime after the occur7 rence of any of the following described events:
- 8 (1) The filing of a petition for bankruptcy or for receivership filed either by or against the dealer;
- 10 (2) The dealer defaults under a chattel mortgage or 11 other security agreement between the dealer and the 12 supplier;
- 13 (3) The dealer has made an intentional misrepresentation with the intent to defraud the supplier;
- 15 (4) The close out or sale or discontinuance of all or at 16 least fifty percent of the dealer's business related to the 17 handling of goods or products of the supplier;
- 18 (5) If the dealer is a partnership or corporation, the

- commencement of dissolution or liquidation, whether voluntary or involuntary of such dealer;
- 21 (6) A change in location of the dealer's principal place 22 of business as provided in the agreement without the 23 prior written approval of the supplier;
- 24 (7) The withdrawal of an individual proprietor. 25 partner, major shareholder, or the involuntary termina-26 tion of the manager of the dealership or a substantial 27 reduction in the interest of a partner or major share-28 holder without the prior written approval of the 29 supplier. If the dealership is operated from more than 30 one location, the involuntary termination of a manager 31 at one or more branch locations without the prior 32 written approval of the supplier shall not be grounds for 33 termination of the dealership by the supplier;
- 34 (8) The revocation or discontinuance by a guarantor 35 or of any guarantee of the dealer's present or future 36 obligations to the supplier.
- 37 (b) The provisions of any agreement to the contrary 38 notwithstanding, a dealer who terminates an agreement 39 or contract with a supplier shall notify such supplier of 40 the termination not less than six months prior to the 41 effective date thereof.
- 42 (c) Any agreement or contract may also be terminated 43 by the written mutual consent of the parties; and the 44 effective date of such termination may be such as is 45 mutually agreed upon by the parties.
- 46 (d) Notification under this section shall be in writing 47 and shall be given by certified mail, return receipt 48 requested, or by personal delivery to the recipient and 49 the receipt thereof acknowledged in writing by such 50 recipient. Any such notice of termination shall contain 51 (i) a statement of intention to terminate the agreement: 52 (ii) a statement of the reasons for such termination; and (iii) the date on which the termination is to take effect. 53

§47-11F-4. Supplier requirement to repurchase dealer inventory; terms of repurchase.

- 1 (a) The provisions of any agreement to the contrary
 2 notwithstanding, whenever an agreement or contract
 3 between a dealer and a supplier is terminated by either
 4 party, the supplier shall repurchase the dealer's
 5 inventory as provided in this article unless the dealer
 6 chooses to keep the inventory and so advises the supplier
 7 in writing.
 - (b) The supplier's obligation to repurchase the dealer's inventory shall apply to any successor in interest or assignee of that supplier. A successor in interest includes any purchaser of assets or stock, any surviving corporation resulting from a merger or liquidation, any receiver, or any trustee of the original supplier.
 - (c) If the dealer dies or becomes incompetent, the supplier shall, at the option of the heir, repurchase the inventory to the same extent as if the agreement had been terminated. The heir has one year from the date of the death of the dealer or from the date such dealer is determined to be incompetent to exercise the options of the dealer under this article.
 - (d) The supplier shall repurchase from the dealer within ninety days from the date of termination of the agreement or contract all inventory previously purchased from the supplier that remains unsold on the date of termination of the agreement or contract, including, but not limited to, all data processing hardware and software, special services tools, and business signs that the supplier required the dealer to purchase.
 - (e) The supplier shall pay the dealer:
 - (1) One hundred percent of the net cost of all new, unused, undamaged and complete inventory, except repair parts, special service tools, business signs and data processing equipment, less a reasonable allowance for deterioration attributable to weather conditions at the dealer's location; and
 - (2) Ninety percent of the current net price of all new,

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- unused, and undamaged repair parts that are currently listed in the supplier's price book as of the effective date of such termination; and
 - (3) Seventy-five percent of the net cost of all undamaged special service tools and business signs in the possession of the dealer which are currently available; and
 - (4) Net cost less twenty percent per year depreciation of all data processing hardware and software that the supplier required the dealer to purchase or the supplier shall assume all data processing hardware and software lease responsibilities of the dealer if the supplier required the dealer to lease the data processing hardware and software from a specific supplier of such hardware and/or software.
- 54 (f) The inventory shall be returned F.O.B. (which 55 means "free on board") to the dealership and the dealer 56 shall bear the expenses and risk of putting them into the possession of the carrier. The supplier may perform 57 58 the handling, packing, and loading of repair parts returned and withhold, as a charge for these services, 59 five percent of the current net price of the returned 60 61 repair parts. The dealer and the supplier may each 62 furnish a representative to inspect all inventory and 63 certify as to its acceptability before being returned.
- 64 (g) The supplier shall pay the full repurchase amount 65 as required by subsection (d) of this section not later 66 than ninety days after receipt of the inventory by the 67 supplier.

§47-11F-5. Exceptions to repurchase requirement.

Any other provisions of this article to the contrary 1 2 notwithstanding, a supplier shall not be required to 3 repurchase from the dealer (i) a repair part of or with 4 a limited storage life or which is otherwise subject to deterioration; that is to say by way of example and not 5 6 in limitation thereof, such items as gaskets or batteries: 7 (ii) multiple packaged repair parts when the package 8 has been broken; (iii) a repair part that because of its

- 9 condition is not resalable as a new part without
- repackaging or reconditioning: (iv) any portion of the 10
- 11 inventory that the dealer chooses to retain; or (v) any
- 12 inventory that was acquired by the dealer from a source
- 13 other than the supplier, except for data processing
- 14 hardware and software, special service tools. and
- 15 business signs that the supplier required the dealer to
- 16 purchase; and (vi) any tractor, implement, attachment
- 17 or equipment that the dealer purchased from the
- supplier more than thirty-six months before the date of 18
- the termination notice. 19

§47-11F-6. Applicability of uniform commercial practices.

- (a) The provisions of this article do not affect a 1 security interest of the supplier in the inventory of the 2
- 3 dealer.
- 4 (b) A repurchase of inventory pursuant to this article
- shall not be subject to the bulk transfer provisions of 5
- article six, chapter forty-six of this code.

§47-11F-7. Warranty claims.

- If after the termination of a contract or agreement, 1
- 2 the dealer submits a warranty claim to the supplier for
- 3 work performed prior to the effective date of the
- termination of such contract or agreement, the supplier 4
- shall accept or reject such claim within a minimum of 5
- 6 forty-five days from the day the supplier received the
- warranty claim. A warranty claim not rejected before 7
- the expiration of such forty-five-day period shall be 8 deemed to be accepted by the supplier. In the event a
- 9 warranty claim is accepted by the supplier as pres-10
- cribed in this section, such claim shall be paid by such 11
- supplier not later than sixty days from the date the 12
- supplier received the claim. 13

§47-11F-8. Civil remedies applicable.

- (a) The provisions of any agreement to the contrary 1
- notwithstanding, if a supplier fails or refuses without 2
- just cause to repurchase any inventory or portion thereof
- when required to do so under the provisions of this

- article within the time periods prescribed thereby, such supplier shall be civilly liable for (i) one hundred percent of the current net price of the inventory or portion thereof not repurchased: (ii) the amount the dealer paid for freight costs from the supplier's location to the dealer's location; (iii) the reasonable cost of assembly performed by the dealer; (iv) reasonable attorney's fees and court costs incurred by the dealer in requiring the supplier to comply with this article of the code: and (v) interest on the current net price of the inventory or portion thereof not repurchased, computed at the prime rate of interest commencing the ninety-first day after termination of the contract agreement, and recomputed quarterly thereafter.
 - (b) Any person who suffers monetary loss due to a violation of this article or because he or she refuses to accede to a proposal for an arrangement that, if consummated, is in violation of this article, may bring civil action to enjoin further violation and to recover damages sustained by him or her together with the costs of the suit, including reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.
 - (c) In the event of failure to provide the required notice of termination or otherwise comply with provisions of this article, the supplier shall be civilly liable for the dealer's loss of business for the time period the supplier is in violation of the notice of termination provisions of the article, plus reasonable attorney's fees and court costs.
 - (d) The provisions of this section are in addition to all legal or equitable remedies available at law, as well as any remedies available pursuant to any agreement between the supplier and dealer.
 - (e) A civil action commenced under the provisions of this article may be brought until the expiration of five years after the violation complained of is or reasonably should have been discovered, whichever occurs first.

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CHAPTER 177

(H. B. 2754—By Delegates S. Cook and Hatfield)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty-five, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to resident trustee accounts required, reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty-five, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY
OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE
AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC
WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES,
COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 25. RESIDENT TRUSTEE ACCOUNTS.

§5-25-1. Resident trustee accounts required, reports.

1 All state institutions including, but not limited to, 2 those institutions under the control of the department of veterans affairs, the department of health, or the 3 department of human services which provide custodial 4 care for any person for any purpose whatsoever shall 5 establish resident trustee accounts for all persons 7 resident at the institution who request such accounts or who are unable to manage their own funds. The 8 administrator in charge of the institution shall take possession of all money or other valuables on the person 10 11 of or sent to each resident for whom a trustee account

has been established: *Provided*, That this article shall not apply to state institutions under the control of the

department of corrections or where there is a legal

15 representative appointed for such person.

The administrator shall credit such money and valuables to the resident entitled thereto and shall keep an accurate record of all moneys and valuables received

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19 or disbursed. This account is subject to examination by 20 the head of the department which controls the institu-21 tion. The administrator shall deposit such fiduciary 22 funds received into federally insured account approved 23 by the director of the department except for those funds 24 required to be kept locally. The local funds shall be 25 deposited in one or more responsible banks. The accounts shall be designated "resident trustee account." 26

The administrator shall ensure that proper disbursements are made from the "resident trustee account" when required for the maintenance of the resident or when agreed to by the resident.

The administrator shall deliver to the resident, or to the resident's responsible representative payee when applicable, at the time the resident leaves the institution all valuables or moneys then credited to the resident or, in the case of the death of a resident before leaving the institution, the administrator shall deliver such property to the resident's representative.

The administrator of the institution shall submit a monthly report to the head of the department controlling the institution. This report shall provide a reconciliation of each resident trustee account or other fiduciary account maintained by the institution.

The director of any department who receives these monthly reports shall submit each month to the legislative auditor a record of the reconciliations for each institution.

CHAPTER 178

(H. B. 2757—By Delegates Whitt and Helmick)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Became law without Governor's signature.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-nine, article two, chapter fifteen

of said code, all relating to retirement; the department of public safety; providing that the amount received for permanent and total disability incurred in the performance of duty may not be less than fifteen thousand dollars per year if such disability is to the extent that it prevents the disabled from ever engaging in any gainful employment; and providing that lump sum payments for unused accrued annual leave may not enter into final average salary computation for purposes of retirement.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-nine, article two, chapter fifteen of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Officers, Programs, Etc.
- 15. Public Safety.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 5. SALARY INCREASE FOR STATE EMPLOYEES.

- §5-5-3. Optional payment to employee in lump sum amount for accrued and unused annual leave at termination of employment; no withholding of any employee contribution deduction; exception.
 - Every eligible employee, as defined in section one of this article, at the time his or her active employment
 - this article, at the time his or her active employment ends due to resignation, death, retirement or otherwise,
 - 4 may be paid in a lump sum amount, at his or her option,
 - 5 for accrued and unused annual leave at the employee's

6 usual rate of pay at such time. The lump sum payment 7 shall be made by the time of what would have been the 8 employee's next regular payday had his employment 9 continued. In determining the amount of annual leave entitlement, weekends, holidays or other periods of 10 11 normal, noncountable time shall be excluded, and no 12 deductions may be made for contributions toward 13 retirement from lump sum payments for unused, 14 accrued annual leave, since no period of service credit is granted in relation thereto; however, such lump sum 15 16 payment may not be a part of final average salary 17 computation; and where any such deduction of employee 18 contribution may have been heretofore made, a refund 19 of such shall be granted the former employee and made 20 by the head of the respective former employer spending 21 unit: Provided, That the superintendent of the 22 department of public safety shall make deductions for 23 retirement contributions of members of the department, 24 since retirement benefits are based on cumulative 25 earnings rather than period of service.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-29. Awards and benefits for disability—Incurred in performance of duty.

1 Any member of said department who has been or shall 2 become physically or mentally permanently disabled by injury, illness or disease resulting from any occupational 3 4 risk or hazard inherent in or peculiar to the services required of members of said department and incurred 5 pursuant to or while such member was or shall be 6 7 engaged in the performance of his duties as a member of said department shall, if, in the opinion of the 8 retirement board, he is by reason of such cause unable 9 10 to perform adequately the duties required of him as a member of said department, be retired from active 11 service by the retirement board and thereafter such 12 member shall be entitled to receive annually and there 13 shall be paid to such member from the death, disability 14 and retirement fund in equal monthly installments 15 during the natural lifetime of such member or until 16

such disability shall sooner terminate, one or the other of two amounts, whichever is greater:

- (1) An amount equal to five and one-half percent of the total salary which would have been earned during twenty-five years or actual service if more than twentyfive years in said department based on the average earnings of such member while employed as a member of said department; or
 - (2) The sum of six thousand dollars.

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If such disability shall be permanent and total to the extent that such member is or shall be incapacitated ever to engage in any gainful employment, such member shall be entitled to receive annually and there shall be paid to such member from the death, disability and retirement fund in equal monthly installments during the natural lifetime of such member or until such disability shall sooner terminate, an amount equal to eight and one-half percent of the total salary which would have been earned by such member during twenty-five years or actual service if more than twentyfive years of service in said department based on the average earnings of such member while employed as a member of said department: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, in no event may such amount be less than fifteen thousand dollars per annum.

The superintendent is authorized to expend moneys from funds appropriated for the department in payment of medical, surgical, laboratory, X-ray, hospital, ambulance and dental expenses and fees, and reasonable costs and expenses incurred in purchase of artificial limbs and other approved appliances which may be reasonably necessary for any member of said department who has or shall become temporarily, permanently or totally disabled by injury, illness or disease resulting from any occupational risk or hazard inherent in or peculiar to the service required of members of said department and incurred pursuant to or while such member was or shall be engaged in the performance of duties as a member of said department.

- Whenever the superintendent shall determine that any disabled member is incligible to receive any of the
- 2 disabled member is ineligible to receive any of the aforesaid benefits at public expense the superintendent
- 4 shall, at the request of such disabled member, refer such
- 5 matter to the retirement board for hearing and final
- 6 decision.

CHAPTER 179

(H. B. 2414—By Delegates Seacrist and Rollins)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article twentytwo, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one
thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to
amend and reenact section fourteen-d, article three,
chapter thirty-three of said code, all relating to
retirement benefits for certain municipal employees;
requiring municipalities to contribute a minimum
amount to its pension and relief funds as determined by
the actuarial report; and providing that once the
actuarial report determines there is no deficiency in
these funds, municipalities are not then required to
contribute funds from the municipal pensions and
protection fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article twenty-two, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section fourteen-d, article three, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 33. Insurance.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 22. RETIREMENT BENEFITS GENERALLY; POLICE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; FIRE-MEN'S PENSION AND RELIEF FUND; PENSION PLANS FOR EMPLOYEES OF WATERWORKS SYSTEM, SEWERAGE SYSTEM OR COMBINED WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

§8-22-20. Minimum standards for actuarial soundness.

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- The board of trustees for each pension and relief fund shall have regularly scheduled actuarial valuation reports prepared by a qualified actuary. All of the following standards must be met:
 - (a) An actuarial valuation report shall be prepared at least once every three years commencing with the later of (1) the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, or (2) three years following the most recently prepared actuarial valuation report: *Provided*, That this most recently prepared actuarial valuation report meets all of the standards of this section.
 - (b) The actuarial valuation report shall consist of, but is not limited to, the following disclosures: (1) The financial objective of the fund and how the objective is to be attained, (2) the progress being made toward realization of the financial objective. (3) recent changes in the nature of the fund, benefits provided, or actuarial assumptions or methods, (4) the frequency of actuarial valuation reports and the date of the most recent actuarial valuation report, (5) the method used to value fund assets, (6) the extent to which the qualified actuary relies on the data provided and whether the data was certified by the fund's auditor or examined by the qualified actuary for reasonableness. (7) a description and explanation of the actuarial assumptions and methods, and (8) any other information the qualified actuary feels is necessary or would be useful in fully and fairly disclosing the actuarial condition of the fund.
 - (c) After the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and thereafter, the financial objective of each municipality shall not be less than to contribute to the fund annually an amount which, together with the contributions from the members and the allocable portion of the state premium tax fund for

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municipal pension and relief funds established under section fourteen-d, article three, chapter thirty-three of this code and other income sources as authorized by law, will be sufficient to meet the normal cost of the fund and amortize any actuarial deficiency over a period of not more than forty years: Provided, That for those funds in existence on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, its actuarial deficiency, if any, shall not be amortized over a period longer than that which remains under its current schedule. For purposes of determining this minimum financial objective. (1) the value of the fund's assets shall be determined on the basis of any reasonable actuarial method of valuation which takes into account fair market value, and (2) all costs, deficiencies, rate of interest, and other factors under the fund shall be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which, in aggregate, are reasonable (taking into account the experience of the fund and reasonable expectations) and which, in combination, offer the qualified actuary's best estimate of anticipated experience under the fund. If as a result of this legislation a municipality's financial commitment to the fund is materially increased, the municipality may elect to phase in this increase over the five fiscal years commencing the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or article to the contrary, each municipality shall contribute annually to the fund an amount which may not be less than the normal cost, as determined by the actuarial report.

(d) For purposes of this section the term "qualified actuary" means only an actuary who is a member of the society of actuaries or the American academy of actuaries. The qualified actuary shall be designated a fiduciary and shall discharge his duties with respect to a fund solely in the interest of the members and member's beneficiaries of that fund. In order for the standards of this section to be met, the qualified actuary shall certify that the actuarial valuation report is complete and accurate and that in his opinion the

- 76 technique and assumptions used are reasonable and 77 meet the requirements of this section of this article.
- 78 (e) The cost of the preparation of the actuarial valuation report shall be paid by the fund.

CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

ARTICLE 3. LICENSING, FEES AND TAXATION OF INSURERS.

§33-3-14d. Additional fire and casualty insurance premium tax; allocation of proceeds; effective date.

(a) For the purpose of providing additional revenue 1 for municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and 2 3 relief funds and additional revenue for volunteer and 4 part volunteer fire companies and departments, there is 5 hereby levied and imposed, on and after the first day 6 of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, an 7 additional premium tax equal to one percent of gross direct premiums collected, less premiums returned to 8 policyholders because of cancellation of policies, for fire 9 insurance and casualty insurance policies. For purposes 10 of this section, casualty insurance shall not include 11 12 insurance on the life of a debtor pursuant to or in 13 connection with a specific loan or other credit transaction or insurance on a debtor to provide indemnity for 14 payments becoming due on a specific loan or other 15 credit transaction while the debtor is disabled as defined 16 in the policy. Except as otherwise provided in this 17 section, all provisions of this article relating to the levy, 18 imposition and collection of the regular premium tax 19 are applicable to the levy, imposition and collection of 20 21 the additional tax.

All moneys collected from this additional tax shall be received by the commissioner and paid by him into a special account in the state treasury, designated the municipal pensions and protection fund. The net proceeds of this tax after appropriation thereof by the Legislature shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.

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(b) Before the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and before the first day of August

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of each calendar year thereafter, the treasurer of each municipality in which a municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund has been established shall report to the state treasurer the average monthly number of members who worked at least one hundred hours per month of municipal policemen's or firemen's pension systems during the preceding fiscal year. Before the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and before the first day of August of each calendar year thereafter, the state fire marshal shall report to the state treasurer the names and addresses of all volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments within the state which meet the eligibility requirements established in section eight-a, article fifteen, chapter eight of this code.

Before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, and before the first day of September of each calendar year thereafter, the state treasurer shall allocate and authorize for distribution the revenues in the municipal pensions and protection fund which were collected during the preceding calendar year to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds and to volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments. Seventy-five percent of the aforementioned revenues allocated shall be allocated to municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds and twenty-five percent of such allocated revenues shall be allocated to volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments: Provided. That in any year the actuarial report required by section twenty, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code indicates no actuarial deficiency in the municipal policemen's or firemen's pension and relief fund, no revenues may be allocated from the municipal pensions and protection fund to that fund. The revenues from the municipal pensions and protection fund shall then be allocated to all other pension funds which have an actuarial deficiency.

(c) (1) Each municipal pension and relief fund shall have allocated and authorized for distribution a pro rata share of the revenues allocated to municipal policemen's

and firemen's pension and relief funds based upon the corresponding municipality's average monthly number of members who worked at least one hundred hours per month during the preceding fiscal year. All moneys received by municipal pension and relief funds under this section may be expended only for the purposes described in sections sixteen through twenty-eight, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code.

- (2) Each volunteer fire company or department shall receive an equal share of the revenues allocated for volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments.
- (3) In addition to the share allocated and distributed in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection, each municipal fire department composed of full-time paid members and volunteers and part volunteer fire companies and departments shall receive a share equal to the share distributed to volunteer fire companies under subdivision (2) of this subsection reduced by an amount equal to such share multiplied by the ratio of the number of full-time paid fire department members who are also members of a municipal firemen's pension system to the total number of members of such fire department.
- (d) The allocation and distribution of revenues provided for in this section are subject to the provisions of section twenty, article twenty-two, and sections eight-a and eight-b, article fifteen, chapter eight of this code.

CHAPTER 180

(H. B. 2322—By Delegate Seacrist)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article ten-c, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to contributions paid public employees who are members of the firemen's pension and relief fund and policemen's pension and relief fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article ten-c, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10C. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLANS.

§5-10C-3. Definitions.

- The following words and phrases as used in this article, unless a different meaning is clearly indicated
- 3 by the context, shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (1) "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all amounts credited to a member's individual account in the members' deposit fund and includes both contributions deducted from the compensation of a member and contributions of a member picked up and paid by the member's participating public employer, plus applica-
- 10 ble interest thereon.
- 11 (2) "Board of trustees" means, as appropriate: The 12 board of trustees of the West Virginia public employees 13 retirement system created in article ten, chapter five of 14 this code: the retirement board of the West Virginia department of public safety death, disability and 15 retirement fund created in section twenty-six, article 16 17 two, chapter fifteen of this code; the retirement board 18 of the state teachers and board of regents retirement 19 system created in article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code; the governing board of the board of regents 20 21 supplemental and additional retirement plans created in section four-a, article twenty-three, chapter eighteen of 22 this code; the retirement board of the judges' retirement 23 system created in article nine, chapter fifty-one of this 24 code: or the board of trustees of the firemen's and 25 policemen's pension and relief funds created in article 26 27 twenty-two, chapter eight of this code.
- 28 (3) "Employee" means any person, whether appointed, 29 elected, or under contract, providing services for a 30 public employer, for which compensation is paid and 31 who is a member of the retirement system.

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- (4) "Member" means any employee who is included in a retirement system.
- (5) "Member contributions" means, as appropriate: The contributions required by section twenty-nine, article ten, chapter five of this code, from employees who are members of the West Virginia public employees retirement system; the contributions required by section twenty-six, article two, chapter fifteen of this code, from employees who are members of the West Virginia department of public safety death, disability and retirement fund: the contributions required by section fourteen, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code, from employees who are members of the state teachers retirement system: the contributions authorized by section fourteen-a, article seven-a, chapter eighteen or by section four-a, article twenty-three, chapter eighteen, from employees who are members of the West Virginia board of regents retirement plans; the contributions required by section four, article nine, chapter fifty-one of this code, from employees who are members of the judges' retirement system; or the contributions required by section sixteen, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code, from employees who are members of the firemen's and policemen's pension and relief funds.
- (6) "Participating public employer" means the state of West Virginia, any board, commission, department, institution or spending unit, and shall include any agency created by rule of the supreme court of appeals having full-time employees, which for the purpose of this article shall be deemed a department of state government, and county boards of education with respect to teachers employed by them; any political subdivision in the state which has elected to cover its employees, as defined in this article, under the West Virginia public employees retirement system; and any political subdivision in this state which is subject to the provisions of article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code.
- (7) "Political subdivision" means the state of West Virginia, a county, city or town in the state; a school corporation or corporate unit; any separate corporation

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or instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any public corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities or towns, any agency or organization established by, or approved by the department of health for the provision of community health or mental retardation services, and which is supported in part by state, county or municipal funds.

- (8) "Retirement system" means, as appropriate: The West Virginia public employees retirement system created in article ten, chapter five of this code; the West Virginia department of public safety death, disability and retirement fund created in sections twenty-six through thirty-eight, article two, chapter fifteen of this code; the state teachers retirement system created in article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code; the West Virginia board of regents retirement plans created in section fourteen-a, article seven-a, chapter eighteen and section four-a, article twenty-three, chapter eighteen of this code; the judges' retirement system created in article nine, chapter fifty-one of this code; the firemen's pension and relief fund created in section sixteen, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code; or the policemen's pension and relief fund created in section sixteen, article twenty-two, chapter eight of this code.
- (9) "Teacher" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in section three, article seven-a, chapter eighteen of this code.

CHAPTER 181

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 105-By Senators Whitlow and Felton)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, relating to the creation of an industrial

access road fund and providing funding therefor; specifying purposes for which moneys from the fund may be used; requiring that counties and municipalities guarantee proposed projects; specifying the criteria upon which the highways commissioner is to base his decision to allocate funds; approval of department of highways of proposed industrial access highway; request for funds by resolution of governing body of county or municipality; consultation by the department of highways; placing industrial access roads under the state road system; restrictions on use of the fund; limits on amount of funds to be allocated; eligible items of construction and engineering; disbursements from the fund; and annual audit of the fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3A. INDUSTRIAL ACCESS ROAD FUND.

- §17-3A-1. Industrial access road fund created; construction guarantees by municipalities and counties.
- §17-3A-2. Department of highways to determine construction of industrial access roads.
- §17-3A-3. Industrial access roads to be part of state road system.
- §17-3A-4. Restrictions on use of fund.
- §17-3A-5. Disbursements from fund.
- §17-3A-6. Annual audit to be made of receipts and expenditures of fund.

§17-3A-1. Industrial access road fund created; construction guarantees by municipalities and counties.

- (a) Any other provision of this code notwithstanding, there is hereby created in the state treasury the "industrial access road fund," hereinafter referred to as "the fund." There shall be deposited into the fund one half of one percent of all state tax collections which are otherwise specifically dedicated by the provisions of this code to the state road fund. At the end of each fiscal year, all unused moneys in the fund shall revert to the
- 9 state road fund.

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10 (b) The moneys in the fund shall be expended by the 11 department of highways for constructing and maintain-12 ing industrial access roads within counties and munic-13 ipalities to industrial sites on which manufacturing. 14 processing or other similar establishments, including 15 publicly owned airports, are already constructed or are 16 under firm contract to be constructed. In the event there 17 is no industrial site already constructed or for which the 18 construction is under firm contract, a county or 19 municipality may guarantee to the department of highways by bond or other acceptable device that an 20 21 industrial site will be constructed and, if no industrial 22 site, acceptable to the department of highways, is 23 constructed within the time limits of the bond, such 24 bond shall be forfeited.

§17-3A-2. Department of highways to determine construction of industrial access roads.

1 In determining whether or not to construct or improve 2 any industrial access road, and in determining the 3 nature of the road to be constructed, the department of 4 highways shall base its decision on the costs of the 5 industrial access road in relation to the volume and 6 nature of the traffic to be generated as a result of 7 developing the industrial site within the total industrial area. In making a decision on any industrial site, the 8 9 total volume of traffic to be generated shall be consi-10 dered in regard to the overall cost of the project. The department of highways shall consult and work closely 11 12 with the governor's office of community and industrial 13 development in determining the use of industrial access 14 road funds.

Prior to a formal request for the use of moneys from the fund to provide access to new or expanding industrial sites, the location of the industrial access road shall be submitted for approval of the department of highways. The department of highways shall consider the cost of the industrial access road as it relates to the project's location and as it relates to the possibility of future extensions of the road to serve other possible industrial sites as well as the future development of the surrounding area.

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25 Prior to the allocation of moneys from the fund for the 26 construction or maintenance of an industrial access road 27 to an industry proposing to locate or expand in a county 28 or municipality, the governing body of the county or 29 municipality shall, by resolution, request moneys from the fund and shall be responsible for the preliminary 30 31 negotiations with the industries and other interested parties. The department of highways shall be available 32 for consultation with the governing bodies of the 33 counties or municipalities and other interested parties, 34 and may prepare surveys, plans, engineering studies 35 36 and cost estimates for the proposed industrial access 37 road.

§17-3A-3. Industrial access roads to be part of state road system.

Any industrial access road constructed under this article is a state local service road in the state road system and shall thereafter be maintained in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

§17-3A-4. Restrictions on use of fund.

- 1 (a) The fund may not be used for the adjustment of 2 utilities or for the construction of industrial access roads 3 to schools, hospitals, libraries, armories, office buildings, 4 shopping centers, apartment buildings, amusement 5 facilities, government installations or similar facilities, 6 whether public or private. The fund may not be used 7 to construct industrial access roads on private property.
- 8 (b) Moneys from the fund may not be allocated until
 9 the governing body of the county or municipality
 10 certifies to the department of highways that the
 11 industrial site is constructed and operating or is under
 12 firm contract to be constructed or operated, or upon the
 13 presentation of acceptable surety in accordance with
 14 section one of this article.
 - (c) Not more than three hundred thousand dollars of unmatched moneys from the fund may be allocated for use in any one county in any fiscal year. The maximum amount of unmatched moneys which may be allocated from the fund is ten percent of the capital outlay of the

- 20 designated industrial establishment. The amount of 21 unmatched funds allocated may be supplemented with 22 additional matched moneys from the fund, in which case 23 the matched moneys allocated from the fund may not 24 exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars, to be 25 matched equally from sources other than the fund. The 26 amount of matched moneys which may be allocated 27 from the fund over and above the unmatched funds may 28 not exceed five percent of the capital outlay of the 29 designated industrial site.
- 30 (d) Funds may only be allocated to those items of construction and engineering which are essential to providing an adequate facility to serve the anticipated traffic. Funds may not be allocated for items such as storm sewers, curbs, gutters and extra pavement width unless necessary to extend or connect an existing access road.

§17-3A-5. Disbursements from fund.

1 Any claim of a contractor or others, not otherwise 2 provided for, for labor done or for materials, services or 3 supplies furnished to the department of highways pursuant to the provisions of this article, shall be 4 5 audited by the commissioner of the department of highways. If the commissioner determines that the 6 7 claim is valid and correct, the commissioner shall issue 8 a requisition of the department upon the state auditor therefor, showing the nature of the claim and specifying 9 whether the claim is for labor done or materials. 10 services or supplies furnished for the construction or 11 12 maintenance of state roads, or for other purposes, and 13 the auditor shall issue his warrant upon the state treasurer therefor. The treasurer shall issue the warrant 14 to the person, firm or corporation entitled thereto, out 15 of the funds in the treasury provided for that purpose. 16 The cost of acquiring a right-of-way shall be paid out 17 18 of the fund.

§17-3A-6. Annual audit to be made of receipts and expenditures of fund.

The Legislature, acting through the joint committee on government and finance, shall cause an annual audit

to be made by a resident independent certified public accountant of all books, accounts and records relating to all receipts and expenditures of the fund. The commissioner shall make available to the independent auditor or auditors performing the audit all of the department's books, accounts and records pertaining to all moneys received and expended. The auditor or auditors performing the audit shall make available annually the audit report with copies thereof to the members of the Legislature, the governor, the commissioner of the department of highways, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the attorney general and the state auditor. The audit report shall be available to the public in the office of the secretary of state.

The Legislature, acting through the joint committee on government and finance, shall obtain the services of a resident independent certified public accountant for this purpose, the cost of which shall be payable out of funds appropriated by the Legislature. Any audits of the funds which have been made by any official auditing agency of the United States government shall be accepted in lieu of the state audit.

CHAPTER 182

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 555—By Senators Loehr, Warner, Hylton, Holliday, Wagner and Felton)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-five, relating to creating the West Virginia Industrial Road Partnership Act of 1989; setting forth legislative findings; defining terms; allowing companies to apply for a road to be designated an "industrial road"; funding for the construction or upgrading of the industrial road; requiring the commissioner of the department of highways to establish a program for designating industrial roads and

providing criteria therefor; creation of a special revenue fund; powers of the commissioner; expiration of the article; authorizing the commissioner to promulgate rules; and severability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-five, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 25. THE WEST VIRGINIA INDUSTRIAL ROAD PART-NERSHIP ACT OF 1989.

- §17-25-1. Legislative finding.
- §17-25-2. Definitions.
- §17-25-3. Application to designate industrial road.
- §17-25-4. Industrial roads; how designated.
- §17-25-5. Standards to be established by commissioner.
- §17-25-6. Special revenue fund created.
- §17-25-7. Powers of the commissioner.
- §17-25-8. Expiration of article.
- §17-25-9. Rules.
- §17-25-10. Severability clause; interpretation.

§17-25-1. Legislative finding.

- 1 The Legislature hereby finds that the continued and
- 2 future success of the coal industry is greatly dependent
- 3 upon a quality network of roads and highways. Critical
- 4 market forces make it imperative for such a road system
- 5 to be constructed and maintained. It is the responsibility
- of the state and all industry to form a partnership to accomplish this goal. "Industrial roads," for the pur-
- 8 poses of this article, may be construed to include a single
- poses of this article, may be construed
 bridge or combination of bridges.

§17-25-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "Company" means an individual, partnership or
- 2 corporation licensed under the laws of the state of West
- 3 Virginia and engaged in any industrial business.
- 4 (b) "Industrial road" means a public road of ten miles
- 5 or less in length which is vital to transporting of coal,
- 6 or a road, which upon the designation of the commis-
- 7 sioner, is determined to be vital to one or more
- 8 companies.

- (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the 9 department of highways. 10
- 11 (d) "Cost" means all funds needed to do engineering,
- right-of-way acquisition, construction or upgrading. 12
- Upgrading does not mean normal routine maintenance. 13
- (e) "Department" means the department of highways. 14
- (f) "Upgrading" means any work on a highway or 15 16 bridge which is not routine maintenance.

§17-25-3. Application to designate industrial road.

Any company may apply to the commissioner to have 1 2 a certain road designated an industrial road. The commissioner shall develop an application form. In such 3 application the company shall agree to pay to the 4 department one half of the amount of money needed to 5 bring such road up to the standards needed to become 6 an industrial road. All construction or upgrading to be 7 performed under this article shall be bid out to an 8 9 independent contractor in such a manner as prescribed in this code. Upon approval of the application by the 10 commissioner the company shall transfer to a special 11 revenue account for the department of highways in the 12 state treasury as set forth in this article a sum equal 13 to one half of costs needed to upgrade or construct the 14 road to standard or the company shall deliver to the 15 commissioner an irrevocable letter of credit drawn on 16 a bank chartered by the state of West Virginia or the 17 federal government in an amount equal to such cost: 18 Provided, That the company shall transfer the moneys 19 before any construction or upgrading is contracted for. 20

The department shall then begin the process as 21 outlined in this code to upgrade or construct such public 22

23 road.

§17-25-4. Industrial roads; how designated.

- The commissioner shall promulgate rules establishing 1 a program for designating industrial public roads in the 2 3 state. The criteria for such designation shall include:
- (a) The economic impact of such road on the coal or 4 other companies which use such public road; 5

- 6 (b) The impact on the citizens which use the road in their daily business; and
- 8 (c) The cost of any improvements which would be necessary to bring the road up to standard versus the benefits.
- The commissioner shall publicize the program and allow any company to make such application.

§17-25-5. Standards to be established by commissioner.

- 1 The commissioner shall establish standards for
- construction and upgrading of industrial roads. In the
 design of these standards, he shall consult with repre-
- 4 sentatives or organizations which represent companies.
- 5 The standards shall provide for:
- 6 (a) Each road to be at least sixteen feet in width in addition to any berms or shoulders:
- 8 (b) Design and construction to handle the weight of 9 coal and other industrial trucks and equipment as 10 transported by the companies:
- 11 (c) Giving the citizens of the area a better road to 12 travel:
- 13 (d) Having adequate drainage; and
- 14 (e) Any other feature which the commissioner deter-
- mines is necessary to carry out the goals of this article.

§17-25-6. Special revenue fund created.

- 1 There shall be created in the state treasury a special
- 2 revenue fund to be known as the "Industrial Road
- 3 Construction Fund." The fund shall receive all funds
- 4 contributed by companies for the construction of
- 5 approved roads. Only moneys needed to pay the costs of
- 6 the roads shall be withdrawn, however, the commis-
- 7 sioner may use any moneys generated by any earned
- 8 interest to offset his administrative costs in administer-
- 9 ing this article.

§17-25-7. Powers of the commissioner.

- 1 In addition to all other powers conferred upon the
- 2 commissioner under other provisions of this code, the

- 3 commissioner shall have all powers necessary to carry
- 4 out the construction, planning or development of any
 - industrial road provided for by this article.

§17-25-8. Expiration of article.

- 1 This article shall expire on the thirty-first day of
- 2 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
- 3 unless reauthorized by the Legislature of the state of
- 4 West Virginia: Provided, That if the governor feels the
- 5 continuation of this article, before the above mentioned
- 6 date, would cause a hardship, he may cancel the
- 7 program. However, any project which is approved by
- 8 the commissioner shall be completed.

§17-25-9. Rules.

- 1 The commissioner shall have the authority to promul-
- 2 gate rules to effectuate this article.

§17-25-10. Severability clause; interpretation.

- 1 The provisions of this article are severable and if any
- 2 of its provisions shall be held unconstitutional, the
- 3 decision of the court shall not impair the remaining
- 4 provisions of this article. This article shall be construed
- 5 liberally.

CHAPTER 183

(H. B. 2868—By Delegate Farley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section three, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two-a, article seven, chapter six of said code; to amend and reenact section five, article two, chapter fifteen of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of said code; to amend and reenact section ten-a, article one, chapter fifty-one of said code; and to amend and

reenact section thirteen, article two of said chapter fiftyone, all relating to salaries of certain state officers,
judges and justices; setting the salaries of secretaries of
departments; increasing the salaries of certain state
officers; setting the salaries of certain other state
appointed officers and employees; setting effective dates
and providing for phase-in of certain salary increases;
providing for filing sworn statement by certain state
appointive officers as to compensation of their employees; making terms of public service commissioners
at will and pleasure of governor; increasing salaries of
members of department of public safety and providing
effective date; increasing salaries of circuit court judges
and supreme court justices and providing effective dates
thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article one, chapter five-f of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section three, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two-a, article seven, chapter six of said code be amended and reenacted; that section five, article two, chapter fifteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article one, chapter twenty-four of said code be amended and reenacted; that section ten-a, article one, chapter fifty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section thirteen, article two of said chapter fifty-one be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5F. Reorganization of the Executive Branch of State Government.
 - 6. General Provisions Respecting Officers.
- 15. Public Safety.
- 24. Public Service Commission.
- 51. Courts and Their Officers.

CHAPTER 5F. REORGANIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF STATE GOVERNMENT.

Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 2. Transfer of Agencies and Boards.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§5F-1-3. Oath; bond; compensation.

- 1 (a) Each person appointed to serve as a secretary shall 2 take the oath or affirmation prescribed by section five, 3 article four of the constitution, and such oath shall be 4 certified by the person who administers the same and 5 filed in the office of the secretary of state.
- 6 (b) Each person so appointed shall give bond in the 7 penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars conditioned for 8 the faithful performance of the duties of the office. 9 which bond shall be approved by the attorney general as to form and by the governor as to sufficiency. The 10 11 surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety 12 company, in which case the premium shall be paid out 13 of the appropriation made for the administration of the 14 department.
- 15 (c) Each secretary shall receive a salary of seventy thousand dollars per year.
- 17 (d) The salary and expenses necessary for each 18 secretary and all expenditures for personal services for 19 the office of secretary shall be paid from and within 20 existing appropriations made to the agencies and boards transferred to the department headed by that secretary, 21 22 and revised expenditure schedules shall be submitted to 23 the commissioner of finance and administration and the 24 legislative auditor stating the amount and source of 25 funds to be expended: Provided. That for fiscal years 26 beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine 27 hundred eighty-nine, such amounts shall follow the 28 procedures described in chapter five-a of this code.

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

§5F-2-3. Administrators; appointment; oath; bond; compensation.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 2 (including subsections (h) and (i), section one of this 3 article) to the contrary, each administrator required by 4 other provisions of this code to be appointed by the 5 governor shall:

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- (1) Continue to be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and each such administrator shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor, and the governor may appoint a person to fill 10 more than one such position of administrator and may appoint a secretary to fill one or more positions of such administrator, but each person appointed as such an 12 administrator must possess whatever qualifications are 13 elsewhere specified in this code as being required for appointment to such position:
 - (2) Take the oath of office or affirmation prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution, and such oath shall be certified by the person who administers the same and filed in the office of the secretary of state:
 - (3) Give bond in the penalty of fifteen thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of the office, which bond shall be approved by the attorney general as to form and by the secretary as to sufficiency. The surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety company, in which case the premium shall be paid out of the appropriation made for the administration of the department; and
- 28 (4) Receive an annual salary as shall be fixed from 29 time to time by law or as otherwise provided.
- 30 (b) Each administrator required by other provisions 31 of this code to be appointed in any manner other than 32 by the governor shall continue to be appointed, shall take such oath of office, give such bond and receive such 33 34 salary as shall be so specified by such other provisions 35 of this code.

CHAPTER 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS RESPECTING OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

- §6-7-2a. Terms of certain appointive state officers; appointment; qualifications; powers and salaries of such officers.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 1

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to the contrary, each of the following appointive state officers named in this subsection shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each of such appointive state officers shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor for the term for which the governor was elected and until the respective state officers' successors have been appointed and qualified. Each of such appointive state officers shall hereafter be subject to the existing qualifications for holding each such respective office and each shall have and is hereby granted all of the powers and authority and shall perform all of the functions and services heretofore vested in and performed by virtue of existing law respecting each such office.

Beginning on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, the annual salary of each such named appointive state officer shall be as follows:

Administrator, division of highways, sixty thousand dollars; administrator, division of health, fifty-seven thousand two hundred dollars; administrator, division of human services, forty-seven thousand eight hundred dollars; administrator, state tax division, forty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars; administrator, division of energy, sixty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of finance and administration, forty-seven thousand eight hundred dollars; administrator, division of corrections, forty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of community and industrial development, sixty-three thousand six hundred dollars; administrator, division of workers' compensation, forty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of commerce, sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars; administrator, division of natural resources, forty-seven thousand eight hundred dollars; administrator, division of public safety, fortyfour thousand six hundred dollars; administrator, lottery division, sixty thousand dollars; director, public employees insurance agency, fifty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of employment security, fortyfive thousand dollars; administrator, division of banking, thirty-eight thousand three hundred dollars; administrator, division of insurance, thirty-six thousand seven hundred dollars; administrator, division of culture

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and history, thirty-eight thousand three hundred dollars; chairman, public service commission, fifty thousand dollars; members, public service commission. forty-six thousand two hundred dollars; administrator. alcohol beverage control commission, thirty-eight thousand three hundred dollars; administrator, division of motor vehicles, forty thousand dollars; director, division of personnel, thirty-eight thousand three hundred dollars; adjutant general, thirty-five thousand seven hundred dollars; chairman, health care cost review authority, forty thousand dollars; members, health care cost review authority, thirty-six thousand five hundred dollars; director, human rights commission, forty thousand dollars; administrator, division of labor, thirty-five thousand seven hundred dollars; administrator, division of veterans affairs, thirty-two thousand dollars; administrator, division of emergency services, thirty-two thousand dollars; administrator, nonintoxicating beer commission, thirty-two thousand dollars: members, board of probation and parole, twenty-eight thousand three hundred dollars; members, employment security review board, seventeen thousand dollars; members, workers' compensation appeal board, seventeen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, each of the aforesaid officers shall continue to receive the annual salaries they were receiving as of the last day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, each of the state officers named in this subsection shall continue to be appointed in the manner prescribed in this code, and shall be paid an annual salary as follows, except that any increase in salary over and above the salary being received by any of the following state officers as of the last day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall not become effective until the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety:

Chancellor, board of regents, seventy thousand

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dollars; state superintendent of schools, seventy thousand dollars; administrator, division of risk and insurance management, forty-two thousand dollars; director, division of rehabilitation services, fifty-five thousand dollars; executive director, educational broadcasting authority, forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars; secretary, library commission, forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars; director, geologic and economic survey, forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars; executive director, water development authority, fifty-four thousand two hundred dollars; executive secretary, teacher's retirement system, forty-seven thousand two hundred dollars; executive secretary, public employees retirement system, forty thousand one hundred dollars; director, air pollution control commission, forty-four thousand eight hundred dollars; executive director, public legal services council, forty seven thousand five hundred dollars; director, commission on aging, forty thousand dollars; commissioner, oil and gas conservation commission, forty thousand dollars; director, farm management commission, thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars: state fire administrator, twenty-five thousand two hundred dollars; executive secretary, municipal bond commission, thirty thousand two hundred dollars; director, railroad maintenance authority, thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars; executive secretary, women's commission, thirty thousand one hundred dollars; executive director, regional jail authority, forty-two thousand six hundred dollars; director, hospital finance authority, twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars.

(c) No increase in the salary of any appointive state officer pursuant to this section shall be paid until and unless such appointive state officer shall have first filed with the state auditor and the legislative auditor a sworn statement, on a form to be prescribed by the attorney general, certifying that such spending unit is in compliance with any general law providing for a salary increase for his employees. The attorney general shall prepare and distribute such form to the affected spending units: *Provided*, That no decrease in salary shall be effective for any current appointive state officer

- 126 appointed prior to the first day of January, one thousand
- 127 nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided, however, That such
- 128 decreases shall take effect at such time as any appoin-
- 129 tive office is vacated.

CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

ARTICLE 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY.

§15-2-5. Salaries; exclusion from wage and hour law, with supplemental payment; bond; leave time for members called to duty in guard or reserves.

Members of the department shall receive annual salaries pursuant to appropriation by the Legislature, payable at least monthly as follows:

4 Any lieutenant colonel shall receive an annual salary 5 of thirty-three thousand six hundred seventy-two 6 dollars; any major shall receive an annual salary of 7 thirty-one thousand fifty-six dollars; any captain shall 8 receive an annual salary of twenty-eight thousand nine 9 hundred forty-four dollars: any first lieutenant shall 10 receive an annual salary of twenty-seven thousand three 11 hundred seventy-two dollars; any second lieutenant shall 12 receive an annual salary of twenty-five thousand eight 13 hundred dollars: any master sergeant or first sergeant 14 shall receive an annual salary of twenty-four thousand 15 two hundred twenty-eight dollars; any sergeant shall receive an annual salary of twenty-two thousand six 16 17 hundred fifty-six dollars; any corporal shall receive an 18 annual salary of twenty-one thousand seventy-two dollars; any trooper first class shall receive an annual 19 20 salary of nineteen thousand five hundred dollars; and 21 any newly enlisted trooper shall receive a salary of one thousand four hundred five dollars monthly during the 22 23 period of his basic training, and upon the satisfactory completion of such training and assignment to active 24 duty, each such trooper shall receive, during the 25 remainder of his first year's service, a salary of one 26 thousand five hundred fourteen dollars monthly. During 27 the second year of his service in the department, each 28 trooper shall receive an annual salary of eighteen 29 thousand five hundred fifty-two dollars; during the third 30

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year of his service each such trooper shall receive an annual salary of eighteen thousand eight hundred fiftytwo dollars; and during the fourth and fifth year of such trooper's service and for each year thereafter, he shall receive an annual salary of nineteen thousand ninetytwo dollars: Provided, That effective on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, any lieutenant colonel shall receive an annual salary of thirty-five thousand three hundred fifty-two dollars; any major shall receive an annual salary of thirty-two thousand six hundred four dollars; any captain shall receive an annual salary of thirty thousand three hundred ninety-six dollars; any first lieutenant shall receive an annual salary of twenty-eight thousand seven hundred forty dollars; any second lieutenant shall receive an annual salary of twenty-seven thousand ninety-six dollars; any master sergeant or first sergeant shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five thousand four hundred forty dollars; any sergeant shall receive an annual salary of twenty-three thousand seven hundred eighty-four dollars; any corporal shall receive an annual salary of twenty-two thousand one hundred twenty-eight dollars; any trooper first class shall receive an annual salary of twenty thousand four hundred seventy-two dollars; and any newly enlisted trooper shall receive a salary of one thousand four hundred seventy-five dollars monthly during the period of his basic training, and upon the satisfactory completion of such training and assignment to active duty, each such trooper shall receive, during the remainder of his first year's service, a salary of one thousand five hundred ninety dollars monthly. During the second year of his service in the department, each trooper shall receive an annual salary of nineteen thousand four hundred seventy-six dollars; during the third year of his service each such trooper shall receive an annual salary of nineteen thousand eight hundred dollars; and during the fourth and fifth year of such trooper's service and for each year thereafter, he shall receive an annual salary of twenty thousand fifty-two dollars.

Each member of the department whose salary is fixed and specified herein shall receive and be entitled to an

increase in salary over that hereinbefore set forth, for grade in rank, based on length of service, including that heretofore and hereafter served with the department as follows: At the end of five years of service with the department, such member shall receive a salary increase of three hundred dollars to be effective during his next three years of service and a like increase at three-year intervals thereafter, with such increases to be cumulative.

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In applying the foregoing salary schedule where salary increases are provided for length of service, members of the department in service at the time this article becomes effective shall be given credit for prior service and shall be paid such salaries as the same length of service will entitle them to receive under the provisions hereof.

The Legislature finds and declares that there is litigation pending in the circuit court of Kanawha County on the question whether members of the department of public safety are covered by the provisions of the state wage and hour law, article five-c, chapter twenty-one of this code. The Legislature further finds and declares that because of the unique duties of members of the department, it is not appropriate to apply said wage and hour provisions to them. Accordingly, members of the department of public safety are hereby excluded from the provisions of said wage and hour law. The express exclusion hereby enacted shall not be construed as any indication that such members were or were not heretofore covered by said wage and hour law.

In lieu of any overtime pay they might otherwise have received under the wage and hour law, and in addition to their salaries and increases for length of service, members who have completed basic training may receive supplemental pay as hereinafter provided.

The superintendent shall, within thirty days after the effective date hereof, promulgate a rule or regulation to establish the number of hours per month which shall constitute the standard work month for the members of

113 the department. Such rule or regulation shall further 114 establish, on a graduated hourly basis, the criteria for 115 receipt of a portion or all of such supplemental payment when hours are worked in excess of said standard work 116 117 month. Such rule or regulation shall be promulgated 118 pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 119 this code. The superintendent shall certify monthly to 120 the department's payroll officer the names of those 121 members who have worked in excess of the standard 122 work month and the amount of their entitlement to 123 supplemental payment.

124 The supplemental payment shall be in an amount 125 equal to one and one-half percent of the annual salary 126 of a trooper during his second year of service, not to 127 exceed two hundred twenty-five dollars monthly: 128 Provided, That effective the first day of January, one 129 thousand nine hundred ninety, said supplemental 130 payment may be up to but not exceeding two hundred 131 thirty-six dollars monthly. The superintendent and 132 civilian employees of the department shall not be 133 eligible for any such supplemental payments.

134 Each member of the department, except the superin-135 tendent and civilian employees, shall execute, before 136 entering upon the discharge of his duties, a bond with 137 security in the sum of five thousand dollars payable to 138 the state of West Virginia, conditioned upon the faithful 139 performance of his duties, and such bond shall be approved as to form by the attorney general and to 140 141 sufficiency by the governor.

142 Any member of the department who is called to 143 perform active duty for training or inactive duty 144 training in the national guard or any reserve component 145 of the armed forces of the United States annually shall 146 be granted upon request leave time not to exceed thirty 147 calendar days for the purpose of performing such active 148 duty for training or inactive duty training, and the time so granted shall not be deducted from any leave 149 accumulated as a member of the department. 150

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§24-1-3. Commission continued; membership; chairman; compensation.

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- (a) The public service commission of West Virginia. heretofore established, is continued and directed as provided by this chapter, chapter twenty-four-a and chapter twenty-four-b. In addition, after having conducted a performance audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the public service commission should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this code, the public service commission shall continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two. The public service commission may sue and be sued by that name. Such public service commission shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The commissioners shall be citizens and residents of this state and at least one of them shall be duly licensed to practice law in West Virginia, of not less than ten years' actual experience at the bar. No more than two of said commissioners shall be members of the same political party. Each commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and subscribe to the oath provided by section five, article four of the constitution, which oath shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The governor shall designate one of the commissioners to serve as chairman at the governor's will and pleasure. The chairman shall be the chief administrative officer of the commission. The governor may remove any commissioner only for incompetency, neglect of duty, gross immorality, malfeasance in office or violation of subsection (c) of this section.
- (b) The unexpired term of members of the public service commission at the time this subsection becomes effective are continued through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine. In accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the governor shall appoint three commissioners,

40 one for a term of two years, one for a term of four years 41 and one for a term of six years, all the terms beginning 42 on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 43 seventy-nine. All future appointments are for terms of 44 six years, except that an appointment to fill a vacancy 45 is for the unexpired term only. The commissioners 46 whose terms are terminated by the provisions of this subsection are eligible for reappointment. 47

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- (c) No person while in the employ of, or holding any official relation to, any public utility subject to the provisions of this chapter, or holding any stocks or bonds thereof, or who is pecuniarily interested therein, may serve as a member of the commission or as an employee thereof. Nor may any such commissioner be a candidate for or hold public office, or be a member of any political committee, while acting as such commissioner; nor may any commissioner or employee of said commission receive any pass, free transportation or other thing of value, either directly or indirectly, from any public utility or motor carrier subject to the provisions of this chapter. In case any of the commissioners becomes a candidate for any public office or a member of any political committee, the governor shall remove him from office and shall appoint a new commissioner to fill the vacancy created.
- (d) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and in light of the assignment of new, substantial additional duties embracing new areas and fields of activity under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall receive a salary of thirty-nine thousand two hundred forty dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- (1) From the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, thirty thousand two hundred ten dollars;
- (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, seven thousand five hundred twenty-five dollars; and

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80 (3) From the public service commission gas pipeline 81 safety fund collected under the provisions of section 82 three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, 83 one thousand five hundred five dollars.

In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand five hundred dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four.

- (e) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and in light of the assignment of new, substantial additional duties embracing new areas and fields of activity under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall receive a salary of forty-one thousand dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- (1) From the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, thirty-one thousand six hundred dollars;
- (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, seven thousand nine hundred dollars; and
- (3) From the public service commission gas pipeline safety fund collected under the provisions of section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, one thousand five hundred dollars.

In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand six hundred seventy-five dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five.

(f) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and in light of the assignment of

- new, substantial additional duties embracing new areas and fields of activity under certain legislative enactments, each commissioner shall receive a salary of forty-
- 122 four thousand dollars a year to be paid in monthly
- installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- 125 (1) From the public service commission fund collected 126 under the provisions of section six, article three of this 127 chapter, thirty-three thousand nine hundred dollars;
- 128 (2) From the public service commission motor carrier 129 fund collected under the provisions of section six, article 130 six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, eight thousand 131 five hundred dollars; and

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(3) From the public service commission gas pipeline safety fund collected under the provisions of section three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, one thousand six hundred dollars.

In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand six hundred seventy-five dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight.

- (g) Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety, each commissioner shall receive the salary set forth in section two-a, article seven, chapter six of this code to be paid in monthly installments from the special funds in such amounts as follows:
- 150 (1) From the public service commission fund collected 151 under the provisions of section six, article three of this 152 chapter, thirty-five thousand five hundred ninety-five 153 dollars;
 - (2) From the public service commission motor carrier fund collected under the provisions of section six, article six, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, eight thousand nine hundred twenty-five dollars; and

- 158 (3) From the public service commission gas pipeline 159 safety fund collected under the provisions of section 160 three, article five, chapter twenty-four-b of this code, 161 one thousand six hundred eighty dollars.
- In addition to this salary provided for all commissioners, the chairman of the commission shall receive three thousand eight hundred dollars a year to be paid in monthly installments from the public service commission fund collected under the provisions of section six, article three of this chapter, on and after the first day
- 168 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

Article

- 1. Supreme Court of Appeals.
- 2. Circuit Courts; Circuit Judges.

ARTICLE 1. SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.

§51-1-10a. Salary of justices.

- 1 The salary of each of the justices of the supreme court
- 2 of appeals shall be fifty-five thousand dollars per year:
- 3 Provided, That beginning the first day of January, one
- 4 thousand nine hundred ninety, the salary of each of the
- 5 justices of the supreme court shall be seventy-two
- 6 thousand dollars per year.

ARTICLE 2. CIRCUIT COURTS; CIRCUIT JUDGES.

§51-2-13. Salaries of judges of circuit courts.

- 1 The salaries of the judges of the various circuit courts
- 2 shall be paid solely out of the state treasury. No county,
- 3 county commission, board of commissioners or other
- 4 political subdivision shall supplement or add to such
- 5 salaries.
- 6 The annual salary of all circuit judges shall be fifty
- 7 thousand dollars per year: Provided, That beginning the
- 8 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
- 9 the annual salary of all circuit judges shall be sixty-five
- 10 thousand dollars per year.

CHAPTER 184

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 301—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article five. chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twentytwo, twenty-three and twenty-four, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, two and eight, article nine, chapter twenty of said code; to further amend said article nine by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections five-a, twelve-a, twelve-b and twelve-c; to further amend said chapter twenty by adding thereto two new articles. designated articles ten and eleven; to amend and reenact sections one and four-b, article two, chapter twenty-four of said code; to amend article two of said chapter twenty-four by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-f: and to amend article two, chapter twentyfour-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all relating to solid and hazardous waste disposal generally: county solid waste assessment fees authorized: establishing the West Virginia solid waste management board; short title; definitions; redesignation of West Virginia resource recovery-solid waste disposal authority as the West Virginia solid waste management board; organization; appointment; qualifications; terms of office; compensation and expenses; director; designation and establishment of disposal sheds; construction and maintenance of disposal projects; loans; compliance with state and federal law; powers, duties, and responsibilities of board; power of board to collect service charges; exercise of other powers of governmental agencies in event of default; power to require governmental agencies to enforce their rights; development and designation of solid waste disposal

sheds by the board; funds and use of health department employees for study and engineering of proposed projects; records to be kept; repayment to department; solid waste disposal revenue bonds, renewal notes and refunding bonds; requirements and manner of such issuance; trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement; remedies of bondholders and trustees: bonds and notes not a debt of state, county, municipality or any political subdivision; expenses incurred pursuant to article; use of funds and properties by board; restrictions thereon; investment of funds by board; rentals. fees, service charges, and other revenues from solid waste disposal projects; contracts and leases of board; cooperation of other governmental agencies; bonds of such agencies; maintenance, operation, and repair of projects; repair of damaged property; reports by board to governor and Legislature; exemption from taxation; governmental agencies authorized to convey property; gratuities and financial interest in contracts and projects prohibited; penalties; conduct of proceedings of board: regulation of solid waste collectors and haulers to continue under public service commission; bringing about their compliance with solid waste disposal shed plan and solid waste disposal projects; testimony at commission hearings; cooperation of board and enforcement agencies in the collection and disposal of abandoned appliances and motor vehicles; findings and purposes: definitions: election by county commission to assume powers and duties of the county solid waste authority; assistance to county or regional solid waste authorities; commercial solid waste facilities siting plan; facilities subject to plan: criteria; approval by West Virginia solid waste management board; effect on facilities siting; public hearings; rules and regulations; interim siting approval for commercial solid waste facilities: solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties: creation of commercial hazardous waste management siting board; purpose and legislative findings: definitions: establishment of commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board; composition: appointment; compensation; powers; rules

and procedures; effect of certification; commercial hazardous waste management facility siting fund created; fees: judicial review; remedies; short title: West Virginia recycling program; short title; findings and purpose; recycling goals; recycling plans; establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum and ballot form: referendum election procedure: effect of election: establishment of state recycling programs for solid waste; procurement of recycled products; jurisdiction of commission; waiver of jurisdiction; jurisdiction of public service commission with respect to solid waste facilities; procedures for changing rates of electric, natural gas, telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities; motor carrier transporting solid waste; and pass through of landfill tip fee as rate surcharge.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article five, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections one, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, two and eight, article nine, chapter twenty of said code be amended and reenacted; that article nine of said chapter be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections five-a, twelvea, twelve-b and twelve-c; that said chapter twenty be further amended by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles ten and eleven; that sections one and four-b, article two, chapter twenty-four of said code be amended and reenacted: that article two of said chapter twenty-four be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-f; and that article two, chapter twenty-four-a be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 16. Public Health.
- 20. Natural Resources.

- 24. Public Service Commission.
- 24A. Motor Carriers of Passengers and Property for Hire.

CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

ARTICLE 5. FISCAL AFFAIRS.

§7-5-22. County solid waste assessment fees authorized.

- Each county commission is hereby authorized to 1
 - 2 impose a similar solid waste assessment fee to that
- 3 imposed by section five, article five-f, chapter twenty of
- 4 this code at a rate not to exceed fifty cents per ton or
- 5 part thereof upon the disposal of solid waste in that
- 6 county: Provided, That in counties wherein one or more
- 7 municipalities operate their own solid waste collection
- 8 programs and solid waste disposal facilities, such
- 9 municipality or municipalities shall receive one half of
- 10 the assessments collected under this section. Such
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- amount shall be divided pro-rata amongst said munic-12
- ipalities and shall be deposited in their general revenue 13
- fund. All assessments due the county shall be applied
- 14 to the reasonable costs of administration of that county's
- 15 regional or county solid waste authority including the
- 16 necessary and reasonable expenses of its members.

CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.

ARTICLE 26. WEST VIRGINIA SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD.

- §16-26-1. Short title.
- §16-26-3. Definitions.
- West Virginia resource recovery-solid waste disposal authority §16-26-4. redesignated West Virginia solid waste management board; organization of board; appointment and qualification of board members; their term of office, compensation and expenses; director of board.
- Board to designate and establish disposal sheds; construction, §16-26-5. maintenance, etc., of disposal projects; loan agreements; compliance with federal and state law.
- Powers, duties and responsibilities of board generally. **§16-26-6.**
- Power of board to collect service charges and exercise other §16-26-7. powers of governmental agencies in event of default; power to require governmental agencies to enforce their rights.
- Development and designation of solid waste disposal sheds by **§16-26-8.** boards.

- **§**16-26-9. Expenditure of funds and use of health department employees for study and engineering of proposed projects; records to be kept; repayment to department.
- §16-26-10. Board empowered to issue solid waste disposal revenue bonds, renewal notes and refunding bonds; requirements and manner of such issuance.
- §16-26-11. Trustee for bondholders: contents of trust agreement.
- §16-26-12. Legal remedies of bondholders and trustees.
- §16-26-13. Bonds and notes not debt of state, county, municipality or of any political subdivision; expenses incurred pursuant to article.
- §16-26-14. Use of funds, properties, etc., by board; restrictions thereon.
- §16-26-15. Investment of funds by board.
- §16-26-16. Rentals, fees, service charges and other revenues from solid waste disposal projects; contracts and leases of board; cooperation of other governmental agencies; bonds of such agencies.
- §16-26-17. Maintenance, operation and repair of projects; repair of damaged property; reports by board to governor and Legislature.
- §16-26-19. Exemption from taxation.
- §16-26-20. Governmental agencies authorized to convey property.
- §16-26-21. Financial interest in contracts; projects, etc., prohibited; gratuities prohibited; penalty.
- §16-26-22. Conduct of proceedings of board.
- §16-26-23. Regulation of solid waste collectors and haulers to continue under public service commission; bringing about their compliance with solid waste disposal shed plan and solid waste disposal projects; giving testimony at commission hearings.
- §16-26-24. Cooperation of board and enforcement agencies in collecting and disposing of abandoned household appliances and motor vehicles, etc.

§16-26-1. Short title.

- This article shall be known and cited as the "West 1
- 2 Virginia Solid Waste Management Board Act."

§16-26-3. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context clearly 1 2 requires a different meaning:
- 3 (1) "Board" means the West Virginia solid waste
- management board created in section four of this 4
 - article, heretofore known as the West Virginia state
- solid waste authority, the duties, powers, responsibilities 6
- and functions of which are specified in this article. All 7
- references in this code to the West Virginia resource 8
- recovery-solid waste disposal authority shall be 9
- construed as references to the West Virginia solid waste 10
- management board. 11

- 12 (2) "Bond" or "solid waste disposal revenue bond"
 13 means a revenue bond or note issued by the West
 14 Virginia solid waste management board, heretofore
 15 known as the West Virginia resource recovery—solid
 16 waste disposal authority, to effect the intents and
 17 purposes of this article.
 - (3) "Construction" includes reconstruction, enlargement, improvement and providing furnishings or equipment for a solid waste disposal project.
- 21 (4) "Cost" means, as applied to solid waste disposal projects, the cost of their acquisition and construction: 22 23 the cost of acquisition of all land, rights-of-way, 24 property, rights, easements, franchise rights and 25 interests required by the board for such acquisition and 26 construction; the cost of demolishing or removing any 27 buildings or structures on land so acquired, including 28 the cost of acquiring any land to which such buildings 29 or structures may be moved; the cost of diverting 30 highways, interchange of highways and access roads to 31 private property, including the cost of land or easements therefor; the cost of all machinery, furnishings and 32 33 equipment: all financing charges and interest prior to 34 and during construction and for no more than eighteen months after completion of construction; the cost of all 35 36 engineering services and all expenses of research and 37 development with respect to solid waste disposal facilities; the cost of all legal services and expenses: the 38 cost of all plans, specifications, surveys and estimates of 39 cost and revenues; all working capital and other 40 expenses necessary or incident to determining the 41 feasibility or practicability of acquiring or constructing 42 any such project; all administrative expenses and such 43 other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the 44 acquisition or construction of the project; the financing 45 of such acquisition or construction, including the 46 amount authorized in the resolution of the board 47 providing for the issuance of solid waste disposal 48 revenue bonds to be paid into any special funds from the 49 proceeds of such bonds; and the financing of the placing 50 of any such project in operation. Any obligation or 51 expenses incurred after the effective date of this article 52

- by any governmental agency, with the approval of the board, for surveys, borings, preparation of plans and specifications and other engineering services in connec-tion with the acquisition or construction of a project shall be regarded as a part of the cost of such project and shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of loans or solid waste disposal revenue bonds as authorized by the provisions of this article.
 - (5) "Governmental agency" means the state government or any agency, department, division or unit thereof; counties; municipalities; watershed improvement districts; soil conservation districts; sanitary districts; public service districts; drainage districts; regional governmental authorities and any other governmental agency, entity, political subdivision, public corporation or agency having the authority to acquire, construct or operate solid waste disposal facilities; the United States government or any agency, department, division or unit thereof; and any agency, commission or authority established pursuant to an interstate compact or agreement.
- 74 (6) "Industrial waste" means any solid waste sub-75 stance resulting from or incidental to any process of 76 industry, manufacturing, trade or business, or from or 77 incidental to the development, processing or recovery of 78 any natural resource.
 - (7) "Owner" includes all persons, partnerships or governmental agencies having any title or interest in any property rights, easements and interests authorized to be acquired by this article.
 - (8) "Person" means any public or private corporation, institution, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; the United States or the state of West Virginia; governmental agency; political subdivision; county commission; municipality; industry; sanitary district; public service district; drainage district; soil conservation district; solid waste disposal shed district; partnership; trust; estate; individual; group of individuals

- 92 acting individually or as a group; or any other legal entity whatever.
 - (9) "Pollution" means the discharge, release, escape or deposit, directly or indirectly, of solid waste of whatever kind or character, on lands or in waters in the state in an uncontrolled, unregulated or unapproved manner.
 - (10) "Revenue" means any money or thing of value collected by, or paid to, the West Virginia solid waste management board as rent, use fee, service charge or other charge for use of, or in connection with, any solid waste disposal project, or as principal of or interest, charges or other fees on loans, or any other collections on loans made by the West Virginia solid waste management board to governmental agencies to finance in whole or in part the acquisition or construction of any solid waste development project or projects, or other money or property which is received and may be expended for or pledged as revenues pursuant to this article.
 - (11) "Solid waste" means all putrescible and nonputrescible solid waste substances, except human excreta, including, but not limited to, garbage, rubbish, ashes, incinerator residue, street refuse, dead animals, demolition and construction waste, vehicles and parts thereof, tires, appliances, sewage plant sludge, commercial and industrial waste and special waste, including, but not limited to, explosives, pathological waste and radioactive material, except those commercial and industrial wastes and special wastes which are under the control of the department of natural resources, the department of energy or the West Virginia air pollution control commission, or both, or of the United States government.
 - (12) "Solid waste disposal facility" means any method, system or facility to collect, transport, treat, neutralize, dispose of, stabilize, segregate, recover, recycle or hold solid waste, including, without limiting, the generality of the foregoing, the equipment, furnishings and appurtenances thereof.
 - (13) "Solid waste disposal project" or "project" means

any solid waste disposal facility the acquisition or construction of which is authorized by the West Virginia solid waste management board or any acquisition or construction which is financed in whole or in part from funds made available by grant or loan by, or through, the board as provided in this article, including all buildings and facilities which the board deems neces-sary for the operation of the project, together with all property, rights, easements and interests which may be required for the operation of the project.

142 (14) "Solid waste disposal shed" or "shed" means a 143 geographical area which the West Virginia solid waste 144 management board designates as provided in section 145 eight of this article for solid waste management.

§16-26-4. West Virginia resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority redesignated West Virginia solid waste management board; organization of board; appointment and qualification of board members; their term of office, compensation and expenses; director of board.

The West Virginia resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority is hereby continued in all respects as heretofore constituted but is hereafter designated and shall be known as the West Virginia solid waste management board. All references in this code to the West Virginia resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority shall be construed as references to the West Virginia solid waste management board. The board is a governmental instrumentality of the state and a body corporate. The exercise by the board of the powers conferred on it by this article and the carrying out of its purposes and duties are essential governmental functions and are for a public purpose.

The board shall be composed of seven members. The director of the department of health and the director of the department of natural resources, or their designees, shall be members ex officio of the board. The other five members of the board shall be appointed by the governor, on the effective date of this section, by and

with the advice and consent of the Senate, for terms of one, two, three, four and five years, respectively. Two appointees shall be persons having at least three years of professional experience in solid waste management. civil engineering or regional planning and three appointees shall be representatives of the general public. The successor of each such appointed member shall be appointed for a term of five years in the same manner the original appointments were made and so that the representation on the board as set forth in this section is preserved, except that any person appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed only for the remainder of such term. Each board member shall serve until the appointment and qualifi-cation of his successor.

No more than three of the appointed board members may at any one time be from the same congressional district or belong to the same political party. No appointed board member may be an officer or employee of the United States or this state. Appointed board members may be reappointed to serve additional terms. All members of the board shall be citizens of the state. Each appointed member of the board, before entering upon his duties, shall comply with the requirements of article one, chapter six of this code and give bond in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. Appointed members may be removed from the board only for the same causes as elective state officers may be removed.

Annually the board shall elect one of its appointed members as chairman, another as vice chairman and appoint a secretary-treasurer, who need not be a member of the board. Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of four members shall be necessary for any action taken by vote of the board. No vacancy in the membership of the board shall impair the rights of a quorum by such vote to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board. The person appointed as secretary-treasurer shall give bond in the sum of fifty thousand dollars. If a board member is appointed as secretary-treasurer, he

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shall give bond in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars in addition to the bond required in the preceding paragraph.

64 The ex officio members of the board shall not receive 65 any compensation for serving as a board member. Each 66 of the five appointed members of the board shall receive compensation of fifty dollars for each day actually spent 67 68 in attending meetings of the board or in the discharge of his duties as a member of the board, but not to exceed 69 two thousand five hundred dollars in any fiscal year. 70 71 Each of the seven board members shall be reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually 72 73 incurred in the performance of his duties as a member 74 of the board. All such compensation and expenses **75** incurred by board members shall be payable solely from 76 funds of the board or from funds appropriated for such 77 purpose by the Legislature and no liability or obligation 78 shall be incurred by the board beyond the extent to 79 which moneys are available from funds of the board or 80 from such appropriation.

The board shall meet at least four times annually and at any time upon the call of its chairman or upon the request in writing to the chairman of four board members.

The board shall appoint a director as its chief executive officer. The director shall have successfully completed an undergraduate education and, in addition, shall have two years of professional experience in solid waste management, civil engineering, public administration or regional planning.

§16-26-5. Board to designate and establish disposal sheds; construction, maintenance, etc., of disposal projects; loan agreements; compliance with federal and state law.

To accomplish the public policy and purpose and to meet the responsibility of the state as set forth in this article, the West Virginia solid waste management board shall designate and establish solid waste disposal sheds and it may initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate solid waste disposal projects or cause

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the same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease or agreement with any person or governmental agency; may make loans and grants to persons and to governmental agencies for the acquisition or construction of solid waste disposal projects by such persons and governmental agencies; and may issue solid waste disposal revenue bonds of this state, payable solely from revenues, to pay the cost of, or finance, in whole or in part, by loans to governmental agencies, such projects. A solid waste disposal project shall not be undertaken unless the board determines that the project is consistent with federal law, with its solid waste disposal shed plan, with the standards set by the state water resources board and the division of water resources of the department of natural resources for any waters of the state which may be affected thereby, with the air quality standards set by the West Virginia air pollution control commission and with health standards set by the department of health. Any resolution of the board providing for acquiring or constructing such projects or for making a loan or grant for such projects shall include a finding by the board that such determinations have been made. A loan agreement shall be entered into between the board and each governmental agency to which a loan is made for the acquisition or construction of a solid waste disposal project, which loan agreement shall include, without limitation, the following provisions:

- (1) The cost of such project, the amount of the loan, the terms of repayment of such loan and the security therefor, which may include, in addition to the pledge of all revenues from such project after a reasonable allowance for operation and maintenance expenses, a deed of trust or other appropriate security instrument creating a lien on such project;
- (2) The specific purposes for which the proceeds of the loan shall be expended, the procedures as to the disbursement of loan proceeds and the duties and obligations imposed upon the governmental agency in regard to the construction or acquisition of the project;
- (3) The agreement of the governmental agency to impose, collect, and, if required to repay the obligations

- of such governmental agency under the loan agreement, increase service charges from persons using said project, which service charges shall be pledged for the repayment of such loan together with all interest, fees
- repayment of such loan together with all interest, fees and charges thereon and all other financial obligations
- of such governmental agency under the loan agreement;

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- 55 (4) The agreement of the governmental agency to 56 comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations 57 issued by the board or other state, federal and local 58 bodies in regard to the construction, operation, mainte-59 nance and use of the project.
- The board shall comply with all of the provisions of federal law and of article one of this chapter and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder which pertain to solid waste collection and disposal.

§16-26-6. Powers, duties and responsibilities of board generally.

- The West Virginia solid waste management board may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out and effectuate its corporate purpose. The board may:
- 5 (1) Adopt, and from time to time, amend and repeal bylaws necessary and proper for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business, and rules and regulations, promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective its powers and duties.
- 11 (2) Adopt an official seal.
- 12 (3) Maintain a principal office which shall be in 13 Kanawha County, and, if necessary, regional suboffices 14 at locations properly designated or provided.
- 15 (4) Sue and be sued in its own name and plead and be impleaded in its own name, and particularly to enforce the obligations and covenants made under sections ten, eleven and sixteen of this article. Any actions against the board shall be brought in the circuit

20 court of Kanawha County.

- 21 (5) Make loans and grants to persons and to govern-22 mental agencies for the acquisition or construction of 23 solid waste disposal projects and adopt rules and 24 procedures for making such loans and grants.
 - (6) Acquire, construct, reconstruct, enlarge, improve, furnish, equip, maintain, repair, operate, lease or rent to, or contract for operation by a governmental agency or person, solid waste disposal projects, and, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, adopt rules and regulations for the use of such projects.
 - (7) Make available the use or services of any solid waste disposal project to one or more persons, one or more governmental agencies, or any combination thereof.
 - (8) Issue solid waste disposal revenue bonds and notes and solid waste disposal revenue refunding bonds of the state, payable solely from revenues as provided in section nine of this article unless the bonds are refunded by refunding bond, for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of or financing by loans to governmental agencies one or more solid waste disposal projects or parts thereof.
 - (9) Acquire by gift or purchase, hold and dispose of real and personal property in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties as set forth in this article.
 - (10) Acquire in the name of the state, by purchase or otherwise, on such terms and in such manner as it deems proper, or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in the manner provided in chapter fifty-four of this code, such public or private lands, or parts thereof or rights therein, rights-of-way, property, rights, easements and interests it deems necessary for carrying out the provisions of this article, but excluding the acquisition by the exercise of the right of eminent domain of any solid waste disposal facility operated under permits issued pursuant to the provisions of article five-f, chapter twenty of this code and owned by any person or governmental agency. This article does not authorize the board to take or disturb property or

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facilities belonging to any public utility or to a common carrier, which property or facilities are required for the proper and convenient operation of such public utility or common carrier, unless provision is made for the restoration, relocation or duplication of such property or facilities elsewhere at the sole cost of the board.

(11) Make and enter into all contracts and agreements and execute all instruments necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers. When the cost under any such contract or agreement, other than compensation for personal services, involves an expenditure of more than two thousand dollars, the board shall make a written contract with the lowest responsible bidder after public notice published as a Class II legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, the publication area for such publication to be the county wherein the work is to be performed or which is affected by the contract, which notice shall state the general character of the work and the general character of the materials to be furnished, the place where plans and specifications therefor may be examined and the time and place of receiving bids. A contract or lease for the operation of a solid waste disposal project constructed and owned by the board or an agreement for cooperation in the acquisition or construction of a solid waste disposal project pursuant to section sixteen of this article is not subject to the foregoing requirements and the board may enter into such contract or lease or such agreement pursuant to negotiation and upon such terms and conditions and for such period as it finds to be reasonable and proper under the circumstances and in the best interests of proper operation or of efficient acquisition or construction of such project. The board may reject any and all bids. A bond with good and sufficient surety, approved by the board, shall be required of all contractors in an amount equal to at least fifty percent of the contract price, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract.

(12) Employ managers, superintendents, engineers,



- accountants, auditors and other employees, and retain or contract with consulting engineers, financial consul-tants, accounting experts, architects, attorneys and such other consultants and independent contractors as are necessary in its judgment to carry out the provisions of this article, and fix the compensation or fees thereof. All expenses thereof shall be payable solely from the proceeds of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or notes issued by the board, from revenues and from funds appropriated for such purpose by the Legislature.
 - (13) Receive and accept from any federal agency, subject to the approval of the governor, grants for or in aid of the construction of any solid waste disposal project or for research and development with respect to solid waste disposal projects and solid waste disposal sheds and receive and accept from any source aid or contributions of money, property, labor or other things of value, to be held, used and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and contributions are made.
 - (14) Engage in research and development with respect to solid waste disposal projects and solid waste disposal sheds.
 - (15) Purchase fire and extended coverage and liability insurance for any solid waste disposal project and for the principal office and suboffices of the board, insurance protecting the board and its officers and employees against liability, if any, for damage to property or injury to or death of persons arising from its operations and any other insurance the board may agree to provide under any resolution authorizing the issuance of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or in any trust agreement securing the same.
 - (16) Charge, alter and collect rentals and other charges for the use or services of any solid waste disposal project as provided in this article, and charge and collect reasonable interest, fees and other charges in connection with the making and servicing of loans to governmental agencies in furtherance of the purposes of this article.
 - (17) Establish or increase reserves from moneys

- received or to be received by the board to secure or to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds and notes issued by the board pursuant to this article.
- (18) Do all acts necessary and proper to carry out the powers expressly granted to the board in this article.
- §16-26-7. Power of board to collect service charges and exercise other powers of governmental agencies in event of default; power to require governmental agencies to enforce their rights.

1 In order to ensure that the public purposes to be served by the board may be properly carried out and 2 3 in order to assure the timely payment to the board of 4 all sums due and owing under loan agreements with 5 governmental agencies, as referred to in section five of this article, notwithstanding any provision to the 6 contrary elsewhere contained in this code, in event of 7 8 any default by a governmental agency under such a loan agreement, the board shall have, and may, at its option, 9 exercise the following rights and remedies in addition 10 to the rights and remedies conferred by law or pursuant 11 12 to said loan agreement:

- 13 (1) The board may directly impose, in its own name 14 and for its own benefit, service charges determined by 15 it to be necessary under the circumstances upon all 16 users of the solid waste disposal project to be acquired or constructed pursuant to such loan agreement, and 17 proceed directly to enforce and collect such service 18 19 charges, together with all necessary costs of such enforcement and collection. 20
- 21 (2) The board may exercise, in its own name or in the 22 name of and as agent for the governmental agency, all of the rights, board, powers and remedies of the 23 governmental agency with respect to the solid waste 24 25 disposal project or which may be conferred upon the governmental agency by statute, rule, regulation or 26 judicial decision, including, without limitation, all rights 27 28 and remedies with respect to users of such solid waste disposal project. 29

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30 (3) The board may, by civil action, mandamus or 31 other judicial or administrative proceeding, compel 32 performance by such governmental agency of all of the 33 terms and conditions of such loan agreement including. 34 without limitation, the adjustment and increase of 35 service charges as required to repay the loan or 36 otherwise satisfy the terms of such loan agreement, the enforcement and collection of such service charges and 37 38 the enforcement by such governmental agency of all rights and remedies conferred by statute, rule, regula-39 40 tion or judicial decision.

§16-26-8. Development and designation of solid waste disposal sheds by board.

The board shall maintain the division of the state into geographical areas for solid waste management which shall be known as solid waste disposal sheds. The board may, from time to time, modify the boundaries of such sheds in a manner consistent with the provisions of this section. Before it modifies the sheds, the board shall consult with the affected municipalities and county or regional solid waste authorities and obtain and evaluate their opinions as to how many sheds there should be and where their boundaries should be located. The board shall then cause feasibility and cost studies to be made in order for it to designate the solid waste disposal sheds within each of which the most dependable, effective. efficient and economical solid waste disposal projects may be established. The sheds shall not overlap and shall cover the entire state.

The board shall designate the sheds so that:

- (1) The goal of providing solid waste collection and disposal service to each household, business and industry in the state can reasonably be achieved.
- (2) The total cost of solid waste collection and disposal and the cost of solid waste collection and disposal within each shed and per person can be kept as low as possible.
- (3) Solid waste collection and disposal service, facilities and projects can be integrated in the most feasible, dependable, effective, efficient and economical manner.

- 27 (4) No county is located in more than one shed: 28 Provided, That the board may divide a county among 29 two or more sheds upon request of the appropriate 30 county or regional solid waste authority.
- The board, in modifying the boundaries of solid waste disposal sheds, is exempt from the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a.

§16-26-9. Expenditure of funds and use of health department employees for study and engineering of proposed projects; records to be kept; repayment to department.

With the approval of the board, the director of the 1 2 department of health shall expend out of any funds 3 available for the purpose such moneys as are necessary 4 for the study and engineering of any proposed solid 5 waste disposal project and may use its employees and 6 consultants for that purpose. All such expenses incurred 7 by the director of the department of health prior to the 8 issuance of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or notes under this article shall be paid by him and charged to 9 the appropriate solid waste disposal project. The 10 director of the department of health shall keep proper 11 12 records and accounts showing the amounts so charged. Upon the sale of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or 13 14 notes for a solid waste disposal project, the moneys so expended by the director of the department of health 15 with the approval of the board in connection with such 16 project shall be repaid to the department of health from 17 18 the proceeds of such bonds or notes.

§16-26-10. Board empowered to issue solid waste disposal revenue bonds, renewal notes and refunding bonds; requirements and manner of such issuance.

The board is hereby empowered to issue, from time to time, solid waste disposal revenue bonds and notes of the state in such principal amounts as the board deems necessary to pay the cost of or finance in whole or in part by loans to governmental agencies, one or more solid waste development projects, but the aggregate amount of all issues of bonds and notes outstanding at

one time for all projects authorized hereunder shall not exceed that amount capable of being serviced by revenues received from such projects, and shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of fifty million dollars.

The board may, from time to time, issue renewal notes, issue bonds to pay such notes and whenever it deems refunding expedient, refund any bonds by the issuance of solid waste disposal revenue refunding bonds of the state. Except as may otherwise be expressly provided in this article or by the board, every issue of its bonds or notes shall be obligations of the board payable out of the revenues and reserves created for such purposes by the board, which are pledged for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject only to any agreements with the holders of particular bonds or notes pledging any particular revenues. Such pledge shall be valid and binding from the time the pledge is made and the revenue so pledged and thereafter received by the board shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act and the lien of any such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the board irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof. All such bonds and notes shall have all the qualities of negotiable instruments.

The bonds and notes shall be authorized by resolution of the board, shall bear such dates and shall mature at such times, in the case of any such note or any renewals thereof not exceeding five years from the date of issue of such original note, and in the case of any such bond not exceeding fifty years from the date of issue, as such resolution may provide. The bonds and notes shall bear interest at such rate, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such registration privileges, be payable in such medium of payment, at such place and be subject to such terms of redemption as the board may authorize. The board may sell such bonds and notes at public or private sale, at the price the board determines. The bonds and notes

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shall be executed by the chairman and vice chairman of the board, both of whom may use facsimile signatures. The official seal of the board or a facsimile thereof shall be affixed thereto or printed thereon and attested. manually or by facsimile signature, by the secretarytreasurer of the board, and any coupons attached thereto shall bear the signature or facsimile signature of the chairman of the board. In case any officer whose signature, or a facsimile of whose signature, appears on any bonds, notes or coupons ceases to be such officer before delivery of such bonds or notes, such signature or facsimile is nevertheless sufficient for all purposes the same as if he had remained in office until such delivery and, in case the seal of the board has been changed after a facsimile has been imprinted on such bonds or notes, such facsimile seal will continue to be sufficient for all purposes.

Any resolution authorizing any bonds or notes or any issue thereof may contain provisions (subject to such agreements with bondholders or noteholders as may then exist, which provisions shall be a part of the contract with the holders thereof) as to pledging all or any part of the revenues of the board to secure the payment of the bonds or notes or of any issue thereof; the use and disposition of revenues of the board; a covenant to fix. alter and collect rentals, fees, service charges and other charges so that pledged revenues will be sufficient to pay the costs of operation, maintenance and repairs, pay principal of and interest on bonds or notes secured by the pledge of such revenues and provide such reserves as may be required by the applicable resolution or trust agreement; the setting aside of reserve funds, sinking funds or replacement and improvement funds and the regulation and disposition thereof; the crediting of the proceeds of the sale of bonds or notes to and among the funds referred to or provided for in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes; the use, lease, sale or other disposition of any solid waste disposal project or any other assets of the board; limitations on the purpose to which the proceeds of sale of bonds or notes may be applied and pledging such proceeds to secure the payment of the

91 bonds or notes or of any issue thereof; agreement of the 92 board to do all things necessary for the authorization. 93 issuance and sale of bonds in such amounts as may be 94 necessary for the timely retirement of notes issued in 95 anticipation of the issuance of bonds: limitations on the 96 issuance of additional bonds or notes; the terms upon 97 which additional bonds or notes may be issued and 98 secured; the refunding of outstanding bonds or notes; the 99 procedure, if any, by which the terms of any contract 100 with bondholders or noteholders may be amended or 101 abrogated, the holders of which must consent thereto. 102 and the manner in which such consent may be given; 103 limitations on the amount of moneys to be expended by 104 the board for operating, administrative or other 105 expenses of the board; securing any bonds or notes by 106 a trust agreement; and any other matters, of like or 107 different character, which in any way affect the security 108 or protection of the bonds or notes.

109 In the event that the sum of all reserves pledged to 110 the payment of such bonds or notes shall be less than 111 the minimum reserve requirements established in any 112 resolution or resolutions authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes, the chairman of the board shall certify, 113 on or before the first day of December of each year, the 114 115 amount of such deficiency to the governor of the state, 116 for inclusion, if the governor shall so elect, of the amount of such deficiency in the budget to be submitted to the 117 118 next session of the Legislature for appropriation to the 119 board to be pledged for payment of such bonds or notes: Provided, That the Legislature shall not be required to 120 121 make any appropriation so requested, and the amount 122 of such deficiencies shall not constitute a debt or liability 123 of the state.

Neither the members of the board nor any person executing the bonds or notes shall be liable personally on the bonds or notes or be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

§16-26-11. Trustee for bondholders; contents of trust agreement.

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In the discretion of the board, any solid waste disposal revenue bonds or notes or solid waste disposal revenue refunding bonds issued by the board under this article may be secured by a trust agreement between the board and a corporate trustee, which trustee may be any trust company or banking institution having the powers of a trust company within or without this state.

Any such trust agreement may pledge or assign revenues of the board to be received, but shall not convey or mortgage any solid waste disposal project or any part thereof. Any such trust agreement or any resolution providing for the issuance of such bonds or notes may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders or noteholders as are reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including the provisions contained in section nine of this article, covenants setting forth the duties of the board in relation to the acquisition of 18 property, the construction, improvement, maintenance, 19 repair, operation and insurance of the solid waste 20 disposal project, the cost of which is paid in whole or 21 22 in part from the proceeds of such bonds or notes, the 23 rentals or other charges to be imposed for the use or 24 services of any solid waste disposal project, provisions with regard to the payment of the principal of and 25 interest, charges and fees on loans made to governmen-26 tal agencies from the proceeds of such bonds or notes, 27 the custody, safeguarding, and application of all moneys 28 and provisions for the employment of consulting 29 engineers in connection with the construction or 30 operation of such solid waste disposal project. Any 31 banking institution or trust company incorporated 32 under the laws of this state which may act as depository 33 of the proceeds of bonds or notes or of revenues shall 34 furnish such indemnifying bonds or pledge such 35 securities as are required by the board. Any such trust 36 agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the 37 bondholders and noteholders and of the trustee and may 38 restrict individual rights of action by bondholders and 39 noteholders as customarily provided in trust agreements 40 or trust indentures securing similar bonds. Such trust 41 agreement may contain such other provisions as the 42

43 board deems reasonable and proper for the security of 44 the bondholders or noteholders. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of any such trust agreement 45 may be treated as a part of the cost of the operation of 46 47 the solid waste disposal project. Any such trust agree-48 ment or resolution authorizing the issuance of solid 49 waste disposal revenue bonds may provide the method 50 whereby the general administrative overhead expenses 51 of the board shall be allocated among the several 52 projects acquired or constructed by it as a factor of the 53 operating expenses of each such project.

§16-26-12. Legal remedies of bondholders and trustees.

Any holder of solid waste disposal revenue bonds 1 2 issued under the authority of this article or any of the 3 coupons appertaining thereto and the trustee under any trust agreement, except to the extent the rights given 4 by this article may be restricted by the applicable 5 6 resolution or such trust agreement, may by civil action. 7 mandamus or other proceeding, protect and enforce any 8 rights granted under the laws of this state or granted 9 under this article, by the trust agreement or by the 10 resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds, and 11 may enforce and compel the performance of all duties 12 required by this article, or by the trust agreement or 13 resolution, to be performed by the board or any officer or employee thereof, including the fixing, charging and 14 collecting of sufficient rentals, fees, service charges or 15 16 other charges.

§16-26-13. Bonds and notes not debt of state, county, municipality or of any political subdivision; expenses incurred pursuant to article.

Solid waste disposal revenue bonds and notes and solid 1 2 waste disposal revenue refunding bonds issued under authority of this article and any coupons in connection 3 therewith shall not constitute a debt or a pledge of the 4 faith and credit or taxing power of this state or of any 5 county, municipality or any other political subdivision 6 of this state, and the holders or owners thereof shall 7 have no right to have taxes levied by the Legislature or 8 taxing authority of any county, municipality or any

10 other political subdivision of this state for the payment 11 of the principal thereof or interest thereon, but such bonds and notes shall be payable solely from the 12 13 revenues and funds pledged for their payment as 14 authorized by this article unless the notes are issued in 15 anticipation of the issuance of bonds or the bonds are 16 refunded by refunding bonds issued under authority of 17 this article, which bonds or refunding bonds shall be 18 pavable solely from revenues and funds pledged for 19 their payment as authorized by this article. All such 20 bonds and notes shall contain on the face thereof a 21 statement to the effect that the bonds or notes, as to both 22 principal and interest, are not debts of the state or any 23 county, municipality or political subdivision thereof, but 24 are payable solely from revenues and funds pledged for 25 their payment.

All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article shall be payable solely from funds provided under authority of this article. This article does not authorize the board to incur indebtedness or liability on behalf of or payable by the state or any county, municipality or political subdivision thereof.

§16-26-14. Use of funds, properties, etc., by board; restrictions thereon.

All moneys, properties and assets acquired by the 1 2 board, whether as proceeds from the sale of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or as revenues or otherwise, shall 3 4 be held by it in trust for the purposes of carrying out its powers and duties, and shall be used and reused in 5 accordance with the purposes and provisions of this 6 article. Such moneys shall at no time be commingled 7 with other public funds. Such moneys, except as 8 otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing the 9 issuance of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or in any 10 trust agreement securing the same, or except when 11 invested pursuant to section fifteen of this article, shall 12 be kept in appropriate depositories and secured as 13 provided and required by law. The resolution authoriz-14 ing the issuance of such bonds of any issue or the trust 15 agreement securing such bonds shall provide that any 16 officer to whom, or any banking institution or trust 17

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- 18 company to which, such moneys are paid shall act as
- 19 trustee of such moneys and hold and apply them for the
- 20 purposes hereof, subject to the conditions this article and
- 21 such resolution or trust agreement provide.

§16-26-15. Investment of funds by board.

The board is hereby authorized and empowered to invest any funds not needed for immediate disbursement in any of the following securities:

- (1) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
- (2) Bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued by any of the following agencies: Banks for cooperatives; federal intermediate credit banks; federal home loan bank system; Export-Import Bank of the United States; federal land banks; the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Govern-
- Federal National Mortgage Association or th ment National Mortgage Association;
- 13 (3) Public housing bonds issued by public agencies or 14 municipalities and fully secured as to the payment of both principal and interest by a pledge of annual 15 contributions under any annual contributions contract 16 or contracts with the United States of America; or 17 temporary notes issued by public agencies or municipal-18 19 ities or preliminary loan notes issued by public agencies 20 or municipalities, in each case, fully secured as to the 21 payment of both principal and interest by a requisition or payment agreement with the United States of 22 23 America:
 - (4) Certificates of deposit secured by obligations of the United States of America;
 - (5) Direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the state of West Virginia; or
 - (6) Direct and general obligations of any other state within the territorial United States, to the payment of the principal of and interest on which the full faith and credit of such state is pledged: *Provided*, That at the time of their purchase, such obligations are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by a nationally recognized bond-rating agency.

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35 Funds of the board in excess of current needs, except 36 as otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing the 37 issuance of its solid waste disposal revenue bonds or in 38 any trust agreement securing the same, may be invested 39 by the board in any security or securities in which the 40 West Virginia state board of investments is authorized 41 to invest under sections nine and ten, article six, chapter 42 twelve of this code, except those securities specified in subsections (f) and (g) of said section nine. Income from 43 all such investments of moneys in any fund shall be 44 credited to such funds as the board determines, subject 45 46 to the provisions of any such resolution or trust 47 agreement and such investments may be sold at such 48 times as the board determines.

§16-26-16. Rentals, fees, service charges and other revenues from solid waste disposal projects; contracts and leases of board; cooperation of other governmental agencies; bonds of such agencies.

This section shall apply to any solid waste disposal project or projects which are owned in whole or in part by the board.

The board may charge, alter and collect rentals, fees, service charges or other charges for the use or services of any solid waste disposal project, and contract in the manner provided by this section with one or more persons, one or more governmental agencies, or any combination thereof, desiring the use or services thereof, and fix the terms, conditions, rentals, fees, service charges or other charges for such use or services. Such rentals, fees, service charges or other charges shall not be subject to supervision or regulation by any other authority, department, commission, board, bureau or agency of the state, and such contract may provide for acquisition by such person or governmental agency of all or any part of such solid waste disposal project for such consideration payable over the period of the contract or otherwise as the board in its sole discretion determines to be appropriate, but subject to the

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provisions of any resolution authorizing the issuance of solid waste disposal revenue bonds or notes or solid waste disposal revenue refunding bonds of the board or any trust agreement securing the same. Any governmental agency which has power to construct, operate and maintain solid waste disposal facilities may enter into a contract or lease with the board whereby the use or services of any solid waste disposal project of the board will be made available to such governmental agency and pay for such use or services such rentals, fees, service charges or other charges as may be agreed to by such governmental agency and the board.

Any governmental agency or agencies or combination thereof may cooperate with the board in the acquisition or construction of a solid waste disposal project and shall enter into such agreements with the board as are necessary, with a view to effective cooperative action and safeguarding of the respective interests of the parties thereto, which agreements shall provide for such contributions by the parties thereto in such proportion as may be agreed upon and such other terms as may be mutually satisfactory to the parties, including, without limitation, the authorization of the construction of the project by one of the parties acting as agent for all of the parties and the ownership and control of the project by the board to the extent necessary or appropriate for purposes of the issuance of solid waste disposal revenue bonds by the board. Any governmental agency may provide such contribution as is required under such agreements by the appropriation of money or, if authorized by a favorable vote of the electors to issue bonds or notes or levy taxes or assessments and issue notes or bonds in anticipation of the collection thereof, by the issuance of bonds or notes or by the levying of taxes or assessments and the issuance of bonds or notes in anticipation of the collection thereof, and by the payment of such appropriated money or the proceeds of such bonds or notes to the board pursuant to such agreements.

Any governmental agency, pursuant to a favorable vote of the electors in an election held before or after

62 the effective date of this section for the purpose of 63 issuing bonds to provide funds to acquire, construct or 64 equip, or provide real estate and interests in real estate 65 for a solid waste disposal project, whether or not the 66 governmental agency at the time of such election had the board to pay the proceeds from such bonds or notes 67 issued in anticipation thereof to the board as provided 68 69 in this section, may issue such bonds or notes in 70 anticipation of the issuance thereof and pay the proceeds 71 thereof to the board in accordance with an agreement 72 between such governmental agency and the board: 73 *Provided.* That the legislative board of the governmental agency finds and determines that the solid waste 74 75 disposal project to be acquired or constructed by the board in cooperation with such governmental agency 76 will serve the same public purpose and meet substan-77 tially the same public need as the project otherwise 78 proposed to be acquired or constructed by the govern-79 80 mental agency with the proceeds of such bonds or notes.

§16-26-17. Maintenance, operation and repair of projects; repair of damaged property; reports by board to governor and Legislature.

1 Each solid waste development project, when con-2 structed and placed in operation, shall be maintained 3 and kept in good condition and repair by the board or if owned by a governmental agency, by such governmen-4 tal agency, or the board or such governmental agency 5 shall cause the same to be maintained and kept in good 6 7 condition and repair. Each such project owned by the board shall be operated by such operating employees as 8 the board employs or pursuant to a contract or lease 9 with a governmental agency or person. All public or 10 private property damaged or destroyed in carrying out 11 12 the provision of this article and in the exercise of the powers granted hereunder with regard to any project 13 shall be restored or repaired and placed in its original 14 condition, as nearly as practicable, or adequate compen-15 sation made therefor out of funds provided in accor-16 dance with the provisions of this article. 17

As soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year, the board shall make an annual report of its activities

- 20 for the preceding fiscal year to the governor and the
- 21 Legislature. Each such report shall set forth a complete
- 22 operating and financial statement covering the board's
- operations during the preceding fiscal year. The board 23
- shall cause an audit of its books and accounts to be made 24
- 25 at least once each fiscal year by certified public
- 26 accountants and the cost thereof may be treated as a
- 27 part of the cost of construction or of operation of its
- projects. A report of the audit shall be submitted to the 28
- 29 governor and the Legislature.

§16-26-19. Exemption from taxation.

- The board shall not be required to pay any taxes or 1
- 2 assessments upon any solid waste disposal project or
- 3 upon any property acquired or used by the board or
- 4 upon the income therefrom. Bonds and notes issued by
- 5 the board and all interest and income thereon shall be
- 6 exempt from all taxation by this state, or any county,
- 7 municipality, political subdivision or agency thereof,
- except inheritance taxes.

§16-26-20. Governmental agencies authorized to convey property.

- All governmental agencies, notwithstanding any 1
- 2 provision of law to the contrary, may lease, lend, grant
- or convey to the board, at its request, upon such terms 3
- 4 as the proper authorities of such governmental agencies
- 5 deem reasonable and fair and without the necessity for
- 6 an advertisement, auction, order of court or other action
- 7 or formality, other than the regular and formal action
- 8 of the governmental agency concerned, any real prop-
- erty or interests therein, including improvements 9
- 10 thereto or personal property which is necessary or 11 convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes
- of the board, including public roads and other real
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- property or interests therein, including improvements 13
- thereto or personal property already devoted to public 14 15 use.

§16-26-21. Financial interest in contracts, projects, etc., prohibited; gratuities prohibited; penalty.

No officer, member or employee of the board may be 1

financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract of any person with the board, or in the sale of any property, real or personal, to or by the board. This section does not apply to contracts or purchases of property, real or personal, between the board and any governmental agency.

No officer, member or employee of the board may have or acquire any financial interest, either direct or indirect, in any project or activity of the board or in any services or material to be used or furnished in connection with any project or activity of the board. If an officer, member or employee of the board has any such interest at the time he becomes an officer, member or employee of the board, he shall disclose and divest himself of it. Failure to do so shall be cause for dismissal from the position he holds with the authority.

This section does not apply in instances where a member of the board who is a contract solid waste hauler either seeks or has a financial interest, direct or indirect, in any project or activity of the board or in any services or material to be used or furnished in connection with any project or activity of the board: *Provided*, That that member shall fully disclose orally and in writing to the board the nature and extent of any interest, prior to any vote by the board which involves his interest, withdraw from any deliberation or discussion by the board of matters involving his interest, and refrain from voting on any matter which directly or indirectly affects him.

No officer, member or employee of the board may accept a gratuity from any person doing business with the board or from any person for the purpose of gaining favor with the board.

Any officer, member or employee of the board who has any financial interest prohibited by this section or who fails to comply with its provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

§16-26-22. Conduct of proceedings of board.

- 1 The board shall comply with all of the requirements
- 2 in article nine-a, chapter six of this code.
- §16-26-23. Regulation of solid waste collectors and haulers to continue under public service commission; bringing about their compliance with solid waste disposal shed plan and solid waste disposal projects; giving testimony at commission hearings.

1 Solid waste collectors and haulers who are "common 2 carriers by motor vehicle," as defined in section two, 3 article one, chapter twenty-four-a of this code, shall continue to be regulated by the public service commis-4 sion in accordance with the provisions of chapter 5 twenty-four-a and rules and regulations promulgated 6 7 thereunder. Nothing in this article shall give the board 8 any power or right to regulate such solid waste 9 collectors and haulers in any manner, but the public 10 service commission, when it issues a new certificate of 11 convenience and necessity, or when it alters or adjusts the provisions of any existing certificate of convenience 12 13 and necessity, or when it approves the assignment or transfer of any certificate of convenience and necessity. 14 15 shall consult with the board regarding what action it could take which would most likely further the imple-16 17 mentation of the board's solid waste disposal shed plan and solid waste disposal projects and shall take any 18 reasonable action that will lead to or bring about 19 20 compliance of such waste collectors and haulers with 21 such plan and projects.

At any hearing conducted by the public service commission pertaining to solid waste collectors and haulers on any of these matters, any member of the board, the director or an employee of the board designated by the director may appear before the commission and present evidence.

§16-26-24. Cooperation of board and enforcement agencies in collecting and disposing of abandoned household appliances and motor vehicles, etc.

- The provisions of this article are complementary to those contained in article twenty-four, chapter seventeen
- those contained in article twenty-four, chapter seventeen of this code, and do not alter or diminish the authority
- 4 of any enforcement agency, as defined in section two
- 5 thereof, to collect and dispose of abandoned household
- 6 appliances and motor vehicles, inoperative household
- 7 appliances and junked motor vehicles and parts thereof,
- 8 including tires. The board and such enforcement
- 9 agencies shall cooperate fully with each other in
- 10 collecting and disposing of such solid waste.

CHAPTER 20. NATURAL RESOURCES.

Article

- 9. County and Regional Solid Waste Authorities.
- 10. Commercial Hazardous Waste Management Facility Siting Board.
- 11. West Virginia Recycling Program.

ARTICLE 9. COUNTY AND REGIONAL SOLID WASTE AUTHORITIES.

- §20-9-1. Legislative findings and purposes.
- §20-9-2. Definitions.
- §20-9-5a. Election by county commission to assume powers and duties of the county solid waste authority.
- §20-9-8. Assistance to county or regional solid waste authorities by West Virginia state solid waste management board, department of natural resources, department of health and the attorney general.
- §20-9-12a. Commercial solid waste facility siting plan; facilities subject to plan, criteria; approval by West Virginia state solid waste management board; effect on facility siting; public hearings; rules and regulations.
- §20-9-12b. Interim siting approval for commercial solid waste facilities.
- §20-9-12c. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.

§20-9-1. Legislative findings and purposes.

- 1 The Legislature finds that the improper and uncon-
- 2 trolled collection, transportation, processing and dispo-
- 3 sal of domestic and commercial garbage, refuse and
- 4 other solid wastes in the state of West Virginia results
- 5 in: (1) A public nuisance and a clear and present danger
- 6 to the citizens of West Virginia, (2) the degradation of
- 7 the state's environmental quality including both surface
- 8 and groundwaters which provide essential and irre-
- 9 placeable sources of domestic and industrial water

supplies, (3) provides harborages and breeding places for disease-carrying, injurious insects, rodents and other pests injurious to the public health, safety and welfare, (4) decreases public and private property values and results in the blight and deterioration of the natural beauty of the state, (5) has adverse social and economic effects on the state and its citizens, and (6) results in the waste and squandering of valuable nonrenewable resources contained in such solid wastes which can be recovered through proper recycling and resource-recovery techniques with great social and economic benefits for the state.

The Legislature further finds that the proper collection, transportation, processing, recycling and disposal of solid waste is for the general welfare of the citizens of the state and that the lack of proper and effective solid waste collection services and disposal facilities demands that the state of West Virginia and its political subdivisions act promptly to secure such services and facilities in both the public and private sectors.

The Legislature further finds that other states of these United States of America have imposed stringent standards for the proper collection and disposal of solid waste and that the relative lack of such standards and enforcement for such activities in West Virginia has resulted in the importation and disposal into the state of increasingly large amounts of infectious, dangerous and undesirable solid waste and hazardous waste from other states by persons and firms who wish to avoid the costs and requirements for proper, effective and safe disposal of such wastes in the states of origin.

Therefore, it is the purpose of the Legislature to protect the public health and welfare by providing for a comprehensive program of solid waste collection, processing, recycling and disposal to be implemented by state and local government in cooperation with the private sector. The Legislature intends to accomplish this goal by establishing county and regional solid waste authorities throughout the state to develop and implement litter and solid waste control plans. It is the further purpose of the Legislature to restrict and

regulate persons and firms from exploiting and endangering the public health and welfare of the state by disposing of solid wastes and other dangerous materials which would not be accepted for disposal in the location where such wastes or materials were generated.

The Legislature further finds that the potential impacts of proposed commercial solid waste facilities may have a deleterious and debilitating impact upon the transportation network, property values, economic growth, environmental quality, other land uses and the public health and welfare in affected communities. The Legislature also finds that the siting of such facilities is not being adequately addressed to protect these compelling interests of counties and local communities.

The Legislature further finds that affected citizens and local governments often look to state environmental regulatory agencies to resolve local land use conflicts engendered by these proposed facilities. The Legislature also finds that such local land use conflicts are most effectively resolved in a local governmental forum where citizens can most easily participate in the decision-making process and the land use values of local communities most effectively identified and incorporated into a comprehensive policy which reflects the values and goals of those communities.

Therefore, it is the purpose of the Legislature to enable local citizens to resolve the land use conflicts which may be created by proposed commercial solid waste facilities through the existing forum of county or regional solid waste authorities.

§20-9-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article the terms:
 - (a) "Approved solid waste facility" means a commercial solid waste facility or practice which has a valid permit or compliance order under article five-f of this chapter;
- 7 (b) "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid 8 waste facility which accepts solid waste generated by

- sources other than the owner or operator of the facility and shall not include an approved solid waste facility owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of disposing of solid wastes created by that person or such person and other person on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis and shall not include the legitimate reuse and recycling of materials for structural fill, road base, mine reclamation, and similar applications:
 - (c) "Compliance order" means an administrative order issued pursuant to section five, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code authorizing a solid waste facility to operate without a solid waste permit;
 - (d) "Open dump" means any solid waste disposal which does not have a permit under this article, or is in violation of state law, or where solid waste is disposed in a manner that does not protect the environment;
 - (e) "Person" means any industrial user, public or private corporation, institution, association, firm or company organized or existing under the laws of this or any other state or country; the state of West Virginia; governmental agency, including federal facilities; political subdivision; county commission; municipal corporation; industry; sanitary district; public service district; drainage district; soil conservation district; watershed improvement district; partnership; trust; estate; person or individual; group of persons or individuals acting individually or as a group; or any legal entity whatever;
 - (f) "Sludge" means any solid, semisolid, residue or precipitate, separated from or created by a municipal, commercial or industrial waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar origin;
- 42 (g) "Solid waste" means any garbage, paper, litter, 43 refuse, cans, bottles, sludge from a waste treatment 44 plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution 45 control facility, other discarded material, including 46 carcasses of any dead animal or any other offensive or 47 unsightly matter, solid, liquid, semisolid or contained 48 liquid or gaseous material resulting from industrial,

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commercial, mining or from community activities but 49 50 does not include solid or dissolved material in sewage, 51 or solid or dissolved materials in irrigation return flows 52 or industrial discharges which are point sources and have permits under article five-a, chapter twenty of this 53 54 code, or source, special nuclear or by-product material 55 as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as 56 amended, or a hazardous waste either identified or 57 listed under article five-e, chapter twenty of this code 58 or refuse, slurry, overburden or other waste or material 59 resulting from coal-fired electric power generation, the 60 exploration, development, production, storage and 61 recovery of coal, oil and gas, and other mineral 62 resources placed or disposed of at a facility which is 63 regulated under chapter twenty-two, twenty-two-a or 64 twenty-two-b of this code, so long as such placement or 65 disposal is in conformance with a permit issued 66 pursuant to said chapters; "solid waste" shall also not 67 include materials which are recycled by being used or reused in an industrial process to make a product, as 68 effective substitutes for commercial products, or are 69 70 returned to the original process as a substitute for raw 71 material feedstock;

- (h) "Solid waste disposal" means the practice of disposing solid waste including placing, depositing, dumping or throwing or causing to be placed, deposited, dumped or thrown any solid waste;
- (i) "Solid waste disposal shed" means the geographical area which the resource recovery—solid waste disposal authority designates and files in the state register pursuant to section eight, article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of this code; and
- (j) "Solid waste facility" means any system, facility, land, contiguous land, improvements on the land, structures or other appurtenances or methods used for processing, recycling or disposing of solid waste, including landfills, transfer stations, resource recovery facilities and other such facilities not herein specified.

§20-9-5a. Election by county commission to assume powers and duties of the county solid waste authority.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this article, any 2 county commission which, on the first day of July, one 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, held a valid permit or compliance order for a commercial solid waste 4 5 transfer station issued pursuant to article five-f of this 6 chapter, may elect to assume all the duties, powers, obligations, rights, title and interests vested in the 7 8 county solid waste authority by this chapter. A county 9 commission may, prior to the first day of October, one 10 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, exercise this right 11 of election by entering an order declaring such election and serving a certified copy thereof upon the resource 12 13 recovery—solid waste disposal authority. Thirty days 14 after entry of said order by the county commission the county solid waste authority shall cease to exist and the 15 16 county commission shall assume all the duties, powers, obligations, rights, title and interest vested in the 17 18 former authority pursuant to this chapter.

§20-9-8. Assistance to county or regional solid waste authorities by West Virginia state solid waste management board, department of natural resources, department of health and the attorney general.

1 The department of natural resources, the resource 2 recovery-solid waste disposal authority, and the 3 department of health shall provide technical assistance 4 to each county and regional solid waste authority as 5 reasonable and practicable for the purposes of this 6 article within the existing resources and appropriations 7 of each agency available for such purposes. The attorney 8 general shall provide legal counsel and representation to each county and regional solid waste authority for the 9 purposes of this article within the existing resources and 10 appropriations available for such purposes, or with the 11 written approval of the attorney general, said authority 12 13 may employ counsel to represent it.

§20-9-12a. Commercial solid waste facility siting plan; facilities subject to plan; criteria; approval by West Virginia state solid waste management board; effect on facility siting; public hearings; rules and regulations.

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- (a) On or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, each county or regional solid waste authority shall prepare and complete a commercial solid waste facilities siting plan for the county or counties within its jurisdiction: *Provided*, That the West Virginia state solid waste management board may authorize any reasonable extension of up to one year for the completion of the said siting plan by any county or regional solid waste authority. The siting plan shall identify zones within each county where siting of the following facilities is authorized or prohibited:
- (1) Commercial solid waste landfills which may accept an aggregate of more than ten thousand tons of solid waste per month.
- (2) Commercial solid waste landfills which shall accept only less than an aggregate of ten thousand tons of solid waste per month.
- (3) Commercial solid waste transfer stations or commercial facilities for the processing or recycling of solid waste.

The siting plan shall include an explanation of the rationale for the zones established therein based on the criteria established in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) The county or regional solid waste authority shall develop the siting plan authorized by this section based upon the consideration of one or more of the following criteria: The efficient disposal of solid waste, including all solid waste generated within the county or region. economic development, transportation facilities, property values, groundwater and surface waters, geological and hydrological conditions, aesthetic and environmental quality, historic and cultural resources, the present or potential land uses for residential, commercial, recreational, environmental conservation or industrial purposes and the public health, welfare and convenience. The plan shall be developed based upon information readily available. Due to the limited funds and time available the plan need not be an exhaustive and technically detailed analysis of the criteria set forth above. Unless the information readily available clearly

- establishes that an area is suitable for the location of a commercial solid waste facility or not suitable for such a facility, the area shall be designated as an area in which the location of a commercial solid waste facility is tentatively prohibited. Any person making an application for the redesignation of a tentatively prohibited area shall make whatever examination is necessary and submit specific detailed information in order to meet the provision established in subsection (g) of this section.
 - (c) Prior to completion of the siting plan, the county or regional solid waste authority shall complete a draft siting plan and hold at least one public hearing in each county encompassed in said draft siting plan for the purpose of receiving public comment thereon. The authority shall provide notice of such public hearings and encourage and solicit other public participation in the preparation of the siting plan as required by the rules and regulations promulgated by the West Virginia state solid waste management board for this purpose. Upon completion of the siting plan, the county or regional solid waste authority shall file said plan with the West Virginia state solid waste authority.
 - (d) The siting plan shall take effect upon approval by the West Virginia state solid waste management board pursuant to the rules and regulations promulgated for this purpose. Upon approval of said plan, the West Virginia state solid waste management board shall transmit a copy thereof to the director of the department of natural resources and to the clerk of the county commission of the county encompassed by said plan which county clerk shall file the plan in an appropriate manner and shall make the plan available for inspection by the public.
 - (e) Effective upon approval of the siting plan by the West Virginia state solid waste management board, it shall be unlawful for any person to establish, construct, install or operate a commercial solid waste landfill or transfer station at a site not authorized by the siting plan: *Provided*, That an existing commercial solid waste landfill or transfer station which, on the effective date

of this section, held a valid solid waste permit or compliance order issued by the department of natural resources pursuant to article five-f of this chapter may continue to operate but may not expand the spatial land area of the said facility beyond that authorized by said solid waste permit or compliance order, and may not increase the aggregate monthly solid waste capacity in excess of ten thousand tons monthly unless such a facility is authorized by the siting plan.

- (f) The county or regional solid waste authority may, from time to time, amend the siting plan in a manner consistent with the requirements of this section for completing the initial siting plan and the rules and regulations promulgated by the West Virginia state solid waste management board for the purpose of such amendments.
- (g) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, upon application from a person who has filed a pre-siting notice pursuant to section five-c, article fivef of this chapter, the county or regional solid waste authority or county commission, as appropriate, may amend the siting plan by redesignating a zone that has been designated as an area where a commercial solid waste facility is tentatively prohibited to an area where one is authorized. In such case, the person seeking the change has the burden to affirmatively and clearly demonstrate, based on the criteria set forth in subsection (b) of this section, that a solid waste facility could be appropriately operated in the public interest at such location. The West Virginia state solid waste management board shall provide, within available resources, technical support to a county or regional solid waste authority or county commission, as appropriate, when requested by such authority or commission to assist it in reviewing an application for any such amendment.
- (h) The West Virginia state solid waste management board shall prepare and adopt a siting plan for any county or regional solid waste authority which does not complete and file with the said state authority such a siting plan in compliance with the provisions of this section and the rules and regulations promulgated

- thereunder. Any siting plan adopted by the West Virginia state solid waste authority pursuant to this subsection shall comply with the provisions of this section, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and shall have the same effect as a siting plan prepared by a county or regional solid waste authority and approved by the said state authority.
- 130 (i) The siting plan adopted pursuant to this section 131 shall incorporate the provisions of the litter and solid 132 waste control plan, as approved by the West Virginia state solid waste management board pursuant to section 133 134 seven of this article, regarding collection and disposal of solid waste and the requirements, if any, for addi-135 136 tional commercial solid waste landfill and transfer 137 station capacity.
- 138 (j) The West Virginia state solid waste management 139 board is authorized and directed to promulgate rules 140 and regulations specifying the public participation 141 process, content, format, amendment, review and 142 approval of siting plans for the purposes of this section.

§20-9-12b. Interim siting approval for commercial solid waste facilities.

1 (a) Until the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred ninety-one, or the effective date of the commer-3 cial solid waste facility siting plan authorized by section twelve-a of this article, whichever date occurs first, it 4 shall be unlawful for any person to establish, construct 5 6 or install a commercial solid waste landfill or transfer 7 station, or to expand the spatial land area of such an existing facility, without a certificate of site approval 8 9 from the county or regional solid waste authority for the 10 county in which the facility would be situated: Provided. That a person, who, on the effective date of this section. 11 holds a valid Class A approval permit issued by a county 12 commission, may obtain site approval from the county 13 commission for the county in which the facility would 14 be situated: Provided, however, That no such certificate 15 will be required for such an existing commercial solid 16 waste facility which on the effective date of this section 17 held a valid solid waste permit or compliance order 18

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- issued by the department of natural resources unless such facility increases its spatial land area beyond that authorized by such solid waste permit or compliance order.
- (b) The county or regional solid waste authority, or county commission, as appropriate, shall issue or deny the certificate of site approval based upon the consideration of the effects of the proposed commercial solid waste landfill or transfer station upon one or more of the following criteria: The efficient disposal of solid waste generated within the county or region, economic development, transportation facilities, property values, groundwater and surface waters, geological and hydrological conditions, aesthetic and environmental quality, historic or cultural resources, the present or potential land uses for residential, commercial, recreational, industrial or environmental conservation purposes and the public health, welfare and convenience.
- (c) The county or regional solid waste authority, or county commission, as appropriate, shall issue or deny the certificate of site approval within a reasonable period upon receiving the pre-siting notice for the proposed commercial solid waste facility required by section five-c of article five-f of this chapter.
- (d) The county or regional solid waste authority, or county commission, as appropriate, shall hold a public hearing prior to the issuance of a certificate of site approval for the purpose of receiving public comment upon the siting of the proposed commercial solid waste facility. The authority shall provide notice of such public hearing with publication of a Class II legal advertisement in a qualified newspaper serving the county where the proposed site is situated.
- (e) The county or regional solid waste authority, or county commission, as appropriate, shall complete findings of fact and conclusions relating to the criteria authorized in subsection (b) hereof which support its decision to issue or deny a certificate of site approval.
- (f) Any person adversely affected by a decision of a county or regional solid waste authority, or county

- commission, as appropriate, to issue or deny a certificate of site approval pursuant to this section may appeal that decision to the circuit court for the county in which the proposed commercial solid waste facility would be located.
- §20-9-12c. Solid waste assessment interim fee; regulated motor carriers; dedication of proceeds; criminal penalties.
 - (a) Imposition.—Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, a solid waste assessment interim fee is hereby levied and imposed upon the disposal of solid waste at any solid waste disposal facility in this state to be collected at the rate of one dollar per ton or part thereof of solid waste. Said interim fee shall expire on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one. The fee imposed by this section shall be in addition to all other fees levied by law.
 - (b) Collection, return, payment and record.—The fee herein imposed shall be paid by the person disposing of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and shall be collected by the operator of such facility and remitted to the state tax commissioner. The fee accrues at the time the solid waste is disposed of in this state. The fee imposed by this section shall be due and payable on or before the fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the fee accrued together with a return on such form or forms as prescribed by the state tax commissioner. Each person disposing of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility and each person required to collect the fee imposed by this section shall keep complete and accurate records in such form as the state tax commissioner may by regulation require.
 - (c) Regulated motor carriers.—The fee imposed by this section and section twenty-two, article five, chapter seven of this code shall be considered a necessary and reasonable cost for motor carriers of solid waste subject to the jurisdiction of the public service commission under chapter twenty-four-a of this code. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,

- upon the filing of a petition by an affected motor carrier, the public service commission shall, within fourteen days, reflect the cost of said fee in said motor carrier's rates for solid waste removal service.
- 37 (d) Definition of solid waste disposal facility.—For 38 purposes of this section, the term "solid waste disposal 39 facility" means any approved solid waste facility or open dump in this state. Nothing herein shall be construed 41 to authorize in any way the creation or operation of or 42 contribution to an open dump.
 - (e) Exemptions.—The following transactions shall be exempt from the fee imposed by this section:
 - (1) Disposal of solid waste at a solid waste disposal facility by the person who owns, operates or leases the solid waste disposal facility if it is used exclusively to dispose of waste originally produced by such person in such person's regular business or personal activities or by persons utilizing the facility on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis;
 - (2) Reuse or recycling of any solid waste; and
 - (3) Disposal of residential solid waste by an individual not in the business of hauling or disposing of solid waste on such days and times as designated by the director of the department of natural resources by regulation as exempt from the fee imposed pursuant to section five-a, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code.
 - (f) Procedure and administration.—Each and every provision of the "West Virginia Tax Procedure and Administration Act" set forth in article ten, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee imposed by this section with like effect as if said act were applicable only to the fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.
 - (g) Criminal penalties.—Notwithstanding section two, article nine, chapter eleven of this code, sections three through seventeen, article nine, chapter eleven of this code shall apply to the fee by this section with like effect as if said sections were the only fee imposed by this section and were set forth in extenso herein.

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- (h) Dedication of proceeds.—The net proceeds of the interim fee collected pursuant to this section shall be transferred to a special revenue account designated as the "Solid Waste Planning Fund" as such proceeds are received by the state tax commissioner. The West Virginia state solid waste management board shall allocate the proceeds of the said fund as follows:
 - (1) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be divided equally among, and paid over to, each county solid waste authority to be expended for the purposes of this article: *Provided*, That where a regional solid waste authority exists, such funds shall be paid over to the regional solid waste authority to be expended for the purposes of this article in an amount equal to the total share of all counties within the jurisdiction of said regional solid waste authority; and
 - (2) Fifty percent of the total proceeds shall be expended by the West Virginia state solid waste management board for: (i) Grants to the county or regional solid waste authorities for the purposes of this article; (ii) administration, technical assistance or other costs of the state solid waste management board necessary to implement the purposes of this article.
- 95 (i) Severability.—If any provision of this section or the 96 application thereof shall for any reason be adjudged by 97 any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 98 judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of this section, but shall be confined in its 99 100 operation to the provision thereof directly involved in 101 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered, and the applicability of such provision to other 102 persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 103
- 104 (j) Effective date.—This section is effective on the first 105 day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

ARTICLE 10. COMMERCIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGE-MENT FACILITY SITING BOARD.

§20-10-1. Purpose and legislative findings.

§20-10-2. Definitions.

§20-10-3. Establishment of commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board; composition; appointment; compensation; powers; rules; and procedures.

- §20-10-4. Effect of certification.
- §20-10-5. Commercial hazardous waste management facility siting fund created; fees.
- §20-10-6. Judicial review.
- §20-10-7. Remedies.
- §20-10-8. Short title.

§20-10-1. Purpose and legislative findings.

- 1 (a) The purpose of this article is to establish a state 2 commercial hazardous waste management facility siting 3 board and to establish the procedure for which approval 4 certificates shall be granted or denied for commercial 5 hazardous waste management facilities.
 - (b) The Legislature finds that hazardous waste is generated throughout the state as a by-product of the materials used and consumed by individuals, businesses, enterprise and governmental units in the state, and that the proper management of hazardous waste is necessary to prevent adverse effects on the environment and to protect public health and safety. The Legislature further finds that:
 - (1) The availability of suitable facilities for the treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous waste is necessary to protect the environment resources and preserve the economic strength of this state and to fulfill the diverse needs of its citizens;
 - (2) Whenever a site is proposed for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous waste, the nearby residents and the affected county and municipalities may have a variety of reasonable concerns regarding the location, design, construction, operation, closing and long-term care of facilities to be located at the site, the effect of the facility upon their community's economic development and environmental quality and the incorporation of such concerns into the siting process;
 - (3) Local authorities have the responsibility for promoting public health, safety, convenience and general welfare, encouraging planned and orderly land use development, recognizing the needs of industry and business, including solid waste disposal and the treatment, storage and disposal of hazardous waste and that

- 34 reasonable concerns of local authorities should be 35 considered in the siting of commercial hazardous waste 36 management facilities; and
- 37 (4) New procedures are needed to resolve many of the 38 conflicts which arise during the process of siting 39 commercial hazardous waste management facilities.

§20-10-2. Definitions.

- Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article the terms;
- 3 (a) "Board" means the commercial hazardous waste 4 management facility siting board established pursuant 5 to section three of this article;
 - (b) "Commercial hazardous waste management facility" means any hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facility which accepts hazardous waste, as identified or listed by the director of the department of natural resources under article five-e of this chapter, generated by sources other than the owner or operator of the facility and shall not include an approved hazardous waste facility owned and operated by a person for the sole purpose of disposing of hazardous wastes created by that person or such person and other persons on a cost-sharing or nonprofit basis;
 - (c) "Hazardous waste management facility" means any facility including land and structures, appurtenances, improvements and equipment used for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous wastes, which accepts hazardous waste for storage, treatment or disposal. For the purposes of this article, it does not include: (i) Facilities for the treatment, storage or disposal of hazardous wastes used principally as fuels in an on-site production process; or (ii) facilities used exclusively for the pretreatment of wastes discharged directly to a publicly owned sewage treatment works. A facility may consist of one or more treatment, storage or disposal operational units.
- §20-10-3. Establishment of commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board; composition; appointment; compensation; powers; rules; and procedures.

1 (a) There is hereby established a commercial hazard-2 ous waste management facility siting board consisting 3 of nine members including the director of the depart-4 ment of natural resources and the director of the air 5 pollution control commission who shall be nonvoting 6 members ex officio, two ad hoc members appointed by 7 the county commission of the county in which the facility 8 is or is proposed to be located and who shall be residents 9 of said county, and five other permanent members to be 10 appointed by the governor with the advice and consent 11 of the Senate, two of whom shall be representative of 12 industries engaged in business in this state and three of 13 whom shall be representative of the public at large. No 14 two or more of the five permanent voting members of 15 the board appointed by the governor shall be from the 16 same county. Upon initial appointment, which shall be 17 made by the governor within thirty days of the effective 18 date of this article, one of said other five members shall 19 be appointed for five years, one for four years, one for 20 three years, one for two years and one for one year 21 which terms shall commence on the effective date of this 22 article. Thereafter, said permanent members shall be 23 appointed for terms of five years each. Vacancies 24 occurring other than by expiration of a term shall be 25 filled by the governor in the same manner as the 26 original appointment for the unexpired portion of the 27 term. The term of the ad hoc members shall continue 28 until a final determination has been made in the particular proceeding for which they are appointed. 29 30 Four of the voting members on the board shall consti-31 tute a quorum for the transaction of any business, and the decision of four voting members of the board shall 32 33 constitute action of the board. No person shall be eligible 34 to be an appointee of the governor to the board who has any direct personal financial interest in any commercial 35 hazardous waste management enterprise. The five 36 permanent voting members of the board shall annually 37 elect from among themselves a chairman no later than 38 the thirty-first day of July of each calendar year. The 39 board shall meet upon the call of the chairman or upon 40 the written request of at least three of the voting 41 members of the board. 42

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- 43 (b) Each member of the board, other than the two 44 members ex officio, shall be paid, out of funds approp-45 riated for such purpose as compensation for his or her 46 services on the board, the sum of seventy-five dollars for 47 each day or substantial portion thereof that he or she 48 is actually engaged in their duties pursuant to this 49 article. In addition, each member, including members ex officio, shall be reimbursed, out of moneys approp-50 51 riated for such purpose, all reasonable sums which he 52 or she necessarily shall expend in the discharge of duties 53 as a member of the board. The department of natural 54 resources shall make available to the board such 55 professional and support staff and services as may be 56 necessary in order to support the board in carrying out 57 its responsibilities within the limit of funds available for this purpose. The office of the attorney general shall 58 59 provide legal advice and representation to the board as 60 requested, within the limit of funds available for this 61 purpose, or the board, with the written approval of the 62 attorney general, may employ counsel to represent it.
- 63 (c) After the effective date of this article, no person 64 shall construct or commence construction of a commer-65 cial hazardous waste management facility without first 66 obtaining a certificate of site approval issued by the 67 board in the manner prescribed herein. For the purpose of this section, "construct" and "construction" shall mean 68 69 (i) with respect to new facilities, the significant alteration of a site to install permanent equipment or 70 structures or the installation of permanent equipment or 72 structures; (ii) with respect to existing facilities, the alteration or expansion of existing structures or 73 facilities to include accommodation of hazardous waste. or expansion of more than fifty percent the area or capacity of an existing hazardous waste facility, or any change in design or process of a hazardous waste facility that will result in a substantially different type of facility. Construction does not include preliminary engineering or site surveys, environmental studies, site acquisition, acquisition of an option to purchase or activities normally incident thereto.
 - (d) Upon receiving a written request from the owner

or operator of the facility, the board may allow, without going through the procedures of this article, any changes in the facilities which are designed (1) to prevent a threat to human health or the environment because of an emergency situation; (2) to comply with federal or state laws and regulations; or (3) to result in demonstrably safer or environmentally more acceptable processes.

- (e) An application for certificate of site approval shall consist of a copy of all hazardous waste permits, if any, and permit applications, if any, issued by or filed with any state permit-issuing authority pursuant to article five-e of this chapter and a detailed written analysis with supporting documentation of the following factors:
- (1) The nature of the probable environmental and economic impacts, including, but not limited to, specification of the predictable adverse effects on quality of natural environment, public health and safety, scenic, historic, cultural and recreational values, water and air quality, wildlife, property values, transportation networks, and an evaluation of measures to mitigate such adverse effects:
- (2) The nature of the environmental benefits likely to be derived from such facility, including the resultant decrease in reliance upon existing waste disposal facilities which do not comply with applicable laws and regulations, and a reduction in fuel consumption and vehicle emissions related to long-distance transportation of hazardous waste: and
- (3) The economic benefits likely to be derived from such facility, including, but not limited to, a reduction in existing costs for the disposal of hazardous waste, improvement to the state's ability to retain and attract business and industry due to predictable and stable waste disposal costs, and any economic benefits which may accrue to the municipality or county in which the facility is to be located.
 - (f) On or before sixty calendar days after the receipt

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- 122 of such application, the board shall mail written notice 123 to the applicant as to whether or not such application 124 is complete. If, or when, the application is complete, the 125 board shall notify the applicant and the county commis-126 sion of the county in which the facility is or is proposed 127 to be located. Said county commission shall thereupon. 128 within thirty days of receipt of such notice, appoint the 129 two ad hoc members of the board to act upon the 130 application.
 - (g) Immediately upon determining that an application is complete, the board shall, at the applicant's expense. cause a notice to be published in the state register. which shall be no later than thirty calendar days after the date of such written notice of completeness, and shall provide notice to the chief executive office of each municipality in which the proposed facility is to be located and to the county commission of the county in which the facility is proposed to be located, and shall direct the applicant to provide reasonable notice to the public which shall, at a minimum, include publication as a Class I-O legal advertisement in at least two newspapers having general circulation in the vicinity in which the proposed facility is to be located identifying the proposed location, type of facility and activities involved, the name of the permittee, and the date, time and place at which the board will convene a public hearing with regard to the application. The date of the hearing shall be set by the board and shall commence within sixty days of the date of notice of completeness of an application.
 - (h) The board shall conduct a public hearing upon the application in the county in which the facility is to be located and shall keep an accurate record of such proceedings by stenographic notes and characters or by mechanical or electronic means. Such proceedings shall be transcribed at the applicant's expense. The board may accept both written and oral comments on the application.
 - (i) The commercial hazardous waste management facility siting board request further information of the applicant and shall render a decision based upon the

- application and the record, either, requesting further information, granting a certificate of site approval,
- 165 denying it, or granting it upon such terms, conditions
- and limitations as the board deems appropriate. The
- 167 board shall base its decision upon the factors set forth
- in subsection (e). The written decision of the board containing its findings and conclusions shall be mailed
- 170 by certified mail to the applicant and to any requesting
- by certified mail to the applicant and to any requesting
- 171 person on or before sixty calendar days after receipt by
- 172 the board of a complete record of the hearing.
- 173 (j) The board may exercise all powers necessary or
- 174 appropriate to carry out the purposes and duties
- 175 provided in this article, including the power to promul-
- 176 gate rules in compliance with chapter twenty-nine-a of
- 177 this code.

§20-10-4. Effect of certification.

- 1 A grant of an approval certificate shall supersede any
- 2 local ordinance or regulation that is inconsistent with
- 3 the terms of the approval certificate. Nothing in this
- 4 chapter shall affect the authority of the host community
- 5 to enforce its regulations and ordinances to the extent
- 6 that they are not inconsistent with the terms and
- 7 conditions of the approval certificate. Grant of an
- 8 approval certificate shall not preclude or excuse the
- 9 applicant from the requirement to obtain approval or
- 10 permits under this chapter or other state or federal
- 11 laws.

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§20-10-5. Commercial hazardous waste management facility siting fund created; fees.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created and established in the 2 state treasury a special revenue fund entitled the 3 "commercial hazardous waste management facility 4 siting fund" which may be expended by the director of 5 the department of natural resources for the following:
 - (1) The necessary expenses of the board which may include expenses and compensation for each member of the board as authorized by this article.
- 9 (2) Administration, professional and support services provided by the department to the board.

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- 11 (3) Legal counsel and representation provided by the 12 attorney general to the board for the purposes of this 13 article.
- 14 (b) The director of the department of natural resour-15 ces shall promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to section one, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 16 17 code, establishing reasonable fees to be charged each 18 applicant for a certificate of site approval. Such fees 19 shall be calculated to recover the reasonable and 20 necessary expenses of the board, department of natural 21 resources and attorney general which such agencies 22 incur as pursuant to this article.

§20-10-6. Judicial review.

- 1 (a) Any person having an interest adversely affected
 2 by a final decision made and entered by the board is
 3 entitled to judicial review thereof in the Circuit Court
 4 of Kanawha County, or the circuit court of the county
 5 in which the facility is, or is proposed to be, situated,
 6 such appeal to be perfected by the filing of a petition
 7 with the court within sixty days of the date of receipt
 8 by the applicant of the board's written decision.
 - (b) The review shall be conducted by the court without a jury and shall be upon the record made before the board except that in cases of alleged irregularities in procedure before the board not shown in the record, testimony thereon may be taken before the court. The court may hear oral arguments and require written briefs.
 - The court may affirm the order or decision of the board or remand the case for further proceedings. It may reverse, vacate or modify the order or decision of the board if the substantial rights of the petitioner or petitioners have been prejudiced because the administrative findings, inferences, conclusions, decision or order are:
- 23 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory provi-24 sions; or

- 25 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction 26 of the board; or
- 27 (3) Made upon unlawful procedures; or
- 28 (4) Affected by other error of law; or
- 29 (5) Clearly wrong in view of the reliable, probative 30 and substantial evidence on the whole record; or
- 31 (6) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse 32 of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of 33 discretion.
- 34 (c) The judgment of the circuit court shall be final 35 unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the 36 supreme court of appeals. The petition seeking such 37 review must be filed with said supreme court of appeals 38 within ninety days from the date of entry of the 39 judgment of the circuit court.
- (d) Legal counsel and services for the board in all
 appeal proceedings shall be provided by the attorney general.

§20-10-7. Remedies.

- 1 (a) Any person who violates this section shall be 2 compelled by injunction, in a proceeding instituted in 3 the circuit court or the locality where the facility or 4 proposed facility is to be located, to cease the violation.
- 5 (b) Such an action may be instituted by the board, director of the department of natural resources, air 6 pollution control commission, political subdivision in 7 which the violation occurs, or any other person ag-8 grieved by such violation. In any such action, it shall not 9 10 be necessary for the plaintiff to plead or prove irrepar-11 able harm or lack of an adequate remedy at law. No person shall be required to post any injunction bond or 12 other security under this section. 13
- 14 (c) No action may be brought under this section after 15 an approval certificate has been issued by the board, 16 notwithstanding the pendency of any appeals or other 17 challenges to the board's action.
- 18 (d) In any action under this section, the court may

- 19 award reasonable costs of litigation, including attorney
- 20 and expert witness fees, to any party if the party
- 21 substantially prevails on the merits of the case and if
- 22 in the determination of the court the party against
- 23 whom the costs are requested has acted in bad faith.

§20-10-8. Short title.

- 1 This article may be known and cited as the "Commer-
- 2 cial Hazardous Waste Management Facility Siting Act."

ARTICLE 11. WEST VIRGINIA RECYCLING PROGRAM.

- \$20-11-1. Short title.
- §20-11-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §20-11-3. Recycling goals.
- §20-11-4. Recycling plans.
- §20-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum to be placed on ballot; referendum election procedure; effect of such election.
- §20-11-6. Establishment of state recycling program for solid waste.
- §20-11-7. Procurement of recycled products.

§20-11-1. Short title.

- 1 This article shall be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Recycling Act of 1989."

§20-11-2. Legislative findings and purpose

- 1 The Legislature finds that many citizens desire a
- 2 recycling program in their county in order to conserve
- 3 limited natural resources, reduce litter, recycle valuable
- 4 materials, extend the useful life of solid waste landfills
- 5 and reduce the need for new landfills.
- The Legislature further finds that the identification and creation of local, regional, state and national markets for recyclable materials are necessary for the implementation of effective recycling programs.
- The Legislature further finds that recycling programs can most successfully be established by encouraging the source separation of solid waste.
- 13 Therefore, it is the purpose of the Legislature to
- 14 establish goals for the recycling of solid waste; to
- 15 authorize each county commission, or the citizens of a
- 16 county by referendum, to adopt a comprehensive
- 17 recycling program for solid waste; to encourage source

- separation of solid waste; to increase the purchase of 18
- 19 recycled products by the various agencies and instru-
- 20 mentalities of government; and to educate the public
- 21 concerning the benefits of recycling.

§20-11-3. Recycling goals.

- 1 (a) It is the goal of this state to reduce the solid waste 2 stream by thirty percent by the year two thousand.
- 3 (b) It is an interim goal of this state to reduce the solid
- 4 waste stream by twenty percent by the first day of
- 5 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four.

§20-11-4. Recycling plans.

- 1 (a) Each county or regional solid waste authority, as
- 2 part of the comprehensive litter and solid waste control
- 3 plan required pursuant to the provisions of section
- 4 seven, article nine of this chapter, shall prepare and
- 5 adopt a comprehensive recycling plan to assist in the
- 6 implementation of the recycling goals in section four of
- this article.
- 8 (b) Each recycling plan required by this section shall
- 9 include, but not be limited to:
- 10 (1) Designation of the recyclable materials that can be 11
- most effectively source separated in the region or 12 county, which shall include at least three recyclable
- 13 materials; and
- 14 (2) Designation of potential strategies for the collec-
- 15 tion, marketing and disposition of designated source
- 16 separated recyclable materials in each region or county.

§20-11-5. Establishment of county recycling programs for solid waste; petition for referendum to be placed on ballot; referendum election procedure: effect of such election.

- (a) A comprehensive recycling program for solid 1 waste may be established in any county of this state by 2
- 3 action of a county commission in accordance with the
- provisions of this section. Such program shall require: 4
- 5 (1) That, prior to collection at its source, all solid waste shall be segregated into separate identifiable

- 7 recyclable materials by each person, partnership, 8 corporation and governmental agency subscribing to a 9 solid waste collection service in the county or transport-10 ing solid waste to a commercial solid waste facility in 11 the county;
 - (2) That each commercial solid waste facility located in the county and each person engaged in the commercial collection, transportation, processing or disposal of solid waste within the county shall accept only such solid waste from which recyclable materials in accordance with said county's comprehensive recycling program have been segregated; and
 - (3) That the provisions of the recycling plan prepared pursuant to section four of this article shall, to the extent practicable, be incorporated in said county's comprehensive recycling program.
 - (b) For the purposes of this article, recyclable materials shall include, but not be limited to, steel and bi-metallic cans, aluminum, glass, paper, and such other solid waste materials as may be specified by the county commission with the advice of the county or regional solid waste authority.
 - (c) A referendum to determine whether it is the will of the voters of a county that a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste be established in the county may be held at any regular primary or general election or in conjunction with any other election. Any election at which the question of establishing a policy of comprehensive recycling for solid waste is voted upon shall be held at the voting precincts established for holding primary or general elections. All of the provisions of the general election laws, when not in conflict with the provisions of this article, shall apply to voting and elections hereunder, insofar as practicable.
 - (d) The county commission, upon the written petition of qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least five percent of the number of persons who voted in that county in the preceding general election, which petition may be in any number of counterparts, shall order a referendum be placed upon the ballot at the next

- primary, general or special election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county that a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste be established in the county.
 - (e) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting machines are used, shall have printed thereon substantially the following:

"Shall the County Commission be required to establish a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in County. West Virginia?

- 57 □ For Recycling

(Place a cross mark in the square opposite your choice.)"

- (f) If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question be for the establishment of a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste, the county commission shall, after the certification of the results of the referendum, thereafter establish by ordinance a comprehensive recycling program for solid waste in the county within ninety days of said certification. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon the question be against the establishment of a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste, said policy shall not take effect, but the question may again be submitted to a vote at any subsequent election in the manner herein provided.
- (g) Any comprehensive recycling program adopted by referendum pursuant to this section may be rescinded only by a subsequent referendum adopted pursuant to the following procedures:
- (1) The county commission, upon the written petition of qualified voters residing within the county equal to at least five percent of the number of persons who voted in that county in the next preceding general election, which petition may be in any number of counterparts, shall order a referendum be placed upon the ballot at the next primary, general or special election to determine whether it is the will of the voters of said county

- that the policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste previously established in the county be terminated.
- 87 (2) The ballot, or the ballot labels where voting 88 machines are used, shall have printed thereon substan-89 tially the following:

90 "Shall the County Commission be required to termi-91 nate the comprehensive recycling program for solid 92 waste in ______

- 93 County, West Virginia?
- 95 □ End Recycling
- 96 (Place a cross mark in the square opposite your 97 choice.)"
- 98 (h) If a majority of legal votes cast upon the question 99 be for the termination of a policy of comprehensive recycling of solid waste previously established in the 100 county, the county commission shall, after the certifica-101 102 tion of the results of the referendum, thereafter rescind by ordinance the comprehensive recycling program for 103 104 solid waste in the county within ninety days of said certification. If a majority of the legal votes cast upon 105 the question be for the continuation of the policy of 106 107 comprehensive recycling of solid waste, said ordinance shall not be rescinded, but the question may again be 108 109 submitted to a vote at any subsequent election in the 110 manner herein provided.

§20-11-6. Establishment of state recycling program for solid waste.

Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, all agencies and instrumentalities of the state shall implement programs to recycle solid waste. Such programs shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 6 (a) Source separation of at least two recyclable 7 materials;
- 8 (b) In the absence of a comprehensive county recy-9 cling plan pursuant to section five of this article,

- 10 collection and transportation of source separated
- 11 recycled materials to an appropriate location.

§20-11-7. Procurement of recycled products.

- (a) It is the goal of the Legislature that, to the 1 2 maximum extent possible, the state purchase recycled
- 3 products.
- 4 (b) In furtherance of the aforesaid goal, the director
- 5 of the department of finance and administration shall
- 6 develop a procurement plan for recycled paper products.
- 7 Such plan shall include a review of existing procure-
- ment policies and a cost analysis of the impacts of such 8
- 9 plan. The director shall submit a report on the thirty-
- 10 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety,
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- summarizing the plan and any recommendations for its 12
- implementation. Said report shall be submitted to the
- governor, speaker of the House of Delegates and 13
- 14 president of the Senate.

CHAPTER 24. PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

- §24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission; waiver of jurisdiction.
- §24-2-1f. Jurisdiction of commission over solid waste facilities.
- §24-2-4b. Procedures for changing rates of electric, natural gas, telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities.

§24-2-1. Jurisdiction of commission: waiver of iurisdiction.

- The jurisdiction of the commission shall extend to all 1
- public utilities in this state, and shall include any utility 2
- engaged in any of the following public services: 3
- Common carriage of passengers or goods, whether by 4
- air, railroad, street railroad, motor or otherwise, by 5
- express or otherwise, by land, water or air, whether 6
- wholly or partly by land, water or air; transportation of 7
- oil, gas or water by pipeline; transportation of coal and 8
- its derivatives and all mixtures and combinations 9
- thereof with other substances by pipeline; sleeping car 10 or parlor car services; transmission of messages by 11
- telephone, telegraph or radio; generation and transmis-12
- sion of electrical energy by hydroelectric or other 13

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14 utilities for service to the public, whether directly or 15 through a distributing utility; supplying water, gas or 16 electricity, by municipalities or others; sewer systems 17 servicing twenty-five or more persons or firms other 18 than the owner of the sewer systems; any public service 19 district created under the provisions of article thirteen-20 a, chapter sixteen of this code; toll bridges, wharves, 21 ferries; solid waste facilities, pursuant to section one-f 22 of this article; and any other public service: *Provided*, 23 That natural gas producers who provide natural gas 24 service to not more than twenty-five residential custo-25 mers are exempt from the jurisdiction of the commission 26 with regard to the provisions of such residential service: 27 Provided, however, That upon request of any of the 28 customers of such natural gas producers, the commis-29 sion may, upon good cause being shown, exercise such 30 authority as the commission may deem appropriate over 31 the operation, rates and charges of such producer and 32 for such length of time as the commission may consider 33 to be proper: Provided further, That the jurisdiction the 34 commission may exercise over the rates and charges of municipally operated public utilities is limited to that 35 36 authority granted the commission in section four-b of this article: And provided further, That the decision-37 making authority granted to the commission in sections 38 39 four and four-a of this article shall, in respect to an 40 application filed by a public service district, be 41 delegated to a single hearing examiner appointed from the commission staff, which hearing examiner shall be 42 authorized to carry out all decision-making duties 43 44 assigned to the commission by said sections, and to issue orders having the full force and effect of orders of the 45 commission. 46

The commission may, upon application, waive its jurisdiction and allow a utility operating in an adjoining state to provide service in West Virginia when:

- (1) An area of West Virginia cannot be practicably and economically served by a utility licensed to operate within the state of West Virginia;
- (2) Said area can be provided with utility service by

- 54 a utility which operates in a state adjoining West 55 Virginia;
- 56 (3) The utility operating in the adjoining state is 57 regulated by a regulatory agency or commission of the 58 adjoining state; and
- 59 (4) The number of customers to be served is not 60 substantial.
- The rates the out-of-state utility charges West Virginia customers shall be the same as the rate the utility is duly authorized to charge in the adjoining iurisdiction.
- The commission, in the case of any such utility, may revoke its waiver of jurisdiction for good cause.

§24-2-1f. Jurisdiction of commission over solid waste facilities.

1 Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, in addition to all other powers and duties of the commission as defined in this article. the 3 commission shall establish, prescribe and enforce rates 4 and fees charged by commercial solid waste facilities, 5 6 as defined in subsection (b), section two, article nine, chapter twenty of this code: Provided, That an owner of 7 8 a commercial solid waste facility that is not in existence 9 on the effective date of this article that has executed or 10 executes an agreement with a county commission or county or regional solid waste authority, establishing 11 12 disposal rates or fees for said county or region, shall not 13 be subject to the requirements of this chapter upon the 14 approval of said disposal rates or fees by the commission for the term of such agreement: Provided, however, That 15 any revisions to rates or fees or any renewals or 16 17 extensions of said agreement would be similarly subject 18 to such approval. The purpose of this provision is to encourage the development of solid waste disposal 19 20 facilities which meet the environmental standards and 21 requirements of article five-f of chapter twenty of this 22 code and which provide for quality waste disposal for the county or region at reasonable rates. If any 23 provisions of this section shall be held unconstitutional, 24

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all commercial solid waste facilities shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the commission as provided herein.

§24-2-4b. Procedures for changing rates of electric, natural gas, telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities.

- (a) Electric cooperatives, natural gas cooperatives, telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities, except for municipally operated commercial solid waste facilities as defined in section two-h, article five-f, chapter twenty of this code, are not subject to the rate approval provisions of section four or four-a of this article but are subject to the limited rate provisions of this section.
- (b) All rates and charges set by electric cooperatives, natural gas cooperatives, telephone cooperatives and municipally operated public utilities shall be just, reasonable, applied without unjust discrimination or preference and based primarily on the costs of providing these services. Such rates and charges shall be adopted by the electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative's governing board and in the case of the municipally operated public utility by municipal ordinance to be effective not sooner than forty-five days after adoption: Provided. That notice of intent to effect a rate change shall be specified on the monthly billing statement of the customers of such utility for the month next preceding the month in which the rate change is to become effective or the utility shall give its customers, and in the case of a cooperative, its customers, members and stockholders, such other reasonable notices as will allow filing of timely objections to such rate change. Such rates and charges shall be filed with the commission together with such information showing the basis of such rates and charges and such other information as the commission considers necessary. Any change in such rates and charges with updated information shall be filed with the commission. If a petition, as set out in subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (c) of this section, is received and the electric cooperative, natural gas cooperative, telephone cooperative, or municipality has failed to file with the commission such rates and charges

- with such information showing the basis of rates and charges and such other information as the commission considers necessary, the suspension period limitation of one hundred twenty days and the one hundred day period limitation for issuance of an order by a hearing examiner, as contained in subsections (d) and (e) of this section, is tolled until the necessary information is filed. The electric cooperative, natural gas cooperative, telephone cooperative or municipality shall set the date when any new rate or charge is to go into effect.
 - (c) The commission shall review and approve or modify such rates upon the filing of a petition within thirty days of the adoption of the ordinance or resolution changing said rates or charges by:
 - (1) Any customer aggrieved by the changed rates or charges who presents to the commission a petition signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the customers served by such municipally operated public utility, or twenty-five percent of the membership of the electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative residing within the state; or
 - (2) Any customer who is served by a municipally operated public utility and who resides outside the corporate limits and who is affected by the change in said rates or charges and who presents to the commission a petition alleging discrimination between customers within and without the municipal boundaries. Said petition shall be accompanied by evidence of discrimination; or
 - (3) Any customer or group of customers who are affected by said change in rates who reside within the municipal boundaries and who present a petition to the commission alleging discrimination between said customer or group of customers and other customers of the municipal utility. Said petition shall be accompanied by evidence of discrimination.
 - (d) (1) The filing of a petition with the commission signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the customers served by the municipally operated public utility, or twenty-five percent of the membership of the

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- electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative residing within the state, under subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, shall suspend the adoption of the rate change contained in the ordinance or resolution for a period of one hundred twenty days from the date said rates or charges would otherwise go into effect, or until an order is issued as provided herein.
 - (2) Upon sufficient showing of discrimination by customers outside the municipal boundaries, or a customer or a group of customers within the municipal boundaries, under a petition filed under subdivision (2) or (3), subsection (c) of this section, the commission shall suspend the adoption of the rate change contained in the ordinance for a period of one hundred twenty days from the date said rates or charges would otherwise go into effect or until an order is issued as provided herein.
 - (e) The commission shall forthwith appoint a hearing examiner from its staff to review the grievances raised by the petitioners. Said hearing examiner shall conduct a public hearing, and shall within one hundred days from the date the said rates or charges would otherwise go into effect, unless otherwise tolled as provided in subsection (b) of this section, issue an order approving, disapproving or modifying, in whole or in part, the rates or charges imposed by the electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative or by the municipally operated public utility pursuant to this section.
 - (f) Upon receipt of a petition for review of the rates under the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the commission may exercise the power granted to it under the provisions of section three of this article. The commission may determine the method by which such rates are reviewed and may grant and conduct a de novo hearing on the matter if the customer, electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative or municipality requests such a hearing.
 - (g) The commission may, upon petition by a municipality or electric, natural gas or telephone cooperative, allow an interim or emergency rate to take effect, subject to future modification, if it is determined that

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- such interim or emergency rate is necessary to protect the municipality from financial hardship and if that financial hardship is attributable solely to the purchase of the utility commodity sold. In such cases, the commission may waive the forty-five-day waiting period provided for in subsection (b) of this section and the one
- hundred twenty-day suspension period provided for in

124 subsection (d) of this section.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision, the commission shall have no authority or responsibility with regard to the regulation of rates, income, services or contracts by municipally operated public utilities for services which are transmitted and sold outside of the state of West Virginia.

CHAPTER 24A. MOTOR CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS AND PROPERTY FOR HIRE.

ARTICLE 2. COMMON CARRIERS BY MOTOR VEHICLES.

§24A-2-4a. Motor carriers transporting solid waste; pass through of landfill tip fees as rate surcharge.

1 Any common carrier transporting solid waste in this 2 state pursuant to authority granted under section five, 3 article two, chapter twenty-four-a of the code of West 4 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 5 amended, may make application to the commission for 6 approval of a rate surcharge to pass through any 7 increase in the disposal rate charged by the landfill at which solid waste is disposed by the motor carrier, 8 commonly known as the tip fee, to commercial and 9 residential customers, including increases which are the 10 11 direct result of fees, charges, taxes, or any other assessment imposed upon the landfill by a governmental 12 body. The commission shall within fourteen days of 13 receipt of said application notify the motor carrier of 14 approval of the requested rate surcharge, or approval 15 of a rate surcharge other than in the amount requested 16 and the reason therefor. The effective date of the 17 approved rate surcharge shall be the same date as the 18 effective date of the increase in the tip fee to which the 19

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33 34 surcharge relates; except that in the event the application for approval of the rate surcharge is received by the commission more than sixty days after the effective date of the tip fee increase, then the effective date of the approved rate surcharge shall be the date said application was received by the commission.

The commission shall immediately promulgate emergency rules which set forth the procedures for the filing of the tip fee rate surcharge application. It is the purpose of this statute to provide an expedited process which will allow the subject motor carriers to pass through tip fee increases to all customers. Only that data necessary to review in accordance with this statute may be required by the commission to be submitted by the motor carrier.

CHAPTER 185

(S. B. 249—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed February 28, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nineteen, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of said code, all relating to authorizing the governor to incur indebtedness to redeem previous liabilities for the ordinary expenses of the state; specifying maximum amount of indebtedness and setting the time of repayment; providing the manner of issuance of such indebtedness; authorizing the governor to enter into trust agreements and covenants and to contract for professional and technical services in connection with such issuance; specifying that evidences of such indebtedness shall be negotiable instruments; providing for exemption of principal and interest on such indebtedness from taxation by the state and its political subdivisions: specifying that such indebtedness shall not be an obligation of the state; creating special fund for receipt of proceeds of such issuance and providing the purpose

for which such proceeds may be expended; creating a special fund for repayment of principal and interest on such indebtedness; pledging and dedicating certain portion of consumers sales tax for said repayment; and authorizing repayments from such fund to the occupational pneumoconiosis fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nineteen, article one, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, etc.
- Taxation. 11.

CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL: BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS: MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

ARTICLE 1. THE GOVERNOR.

§5-1-19. Temporary loans.

- The governor may raise, from time to time, by 1 temporary loans, not having over eighteen months to 2 run, nor bearing a greater interest than two cents per
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- hundred dollars per day, so much as may be needed to 4
- supply the wants of the treasury: Provided, That the 5 governor may, on or before the thirtieth day of June, one
- 6 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, issue notes, revenue
- 7 bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness of
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- the state as provided in this section to redeem previous 9
- liabilities for the ordinary expenses of the state. Such 10
- notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of 11
- indebtedness may not exceed in the aggregate the 12
- principal sum of one hundred thirty-five million dollars 13
- and shall provide for repayment of principal and 14

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interest in full no later than the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

The issuance of such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be authorized by an executive order, and such notes, revenue bonds. certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places, within or without the state, and may have such other terms and conditions as the governor determines. Such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be signed by the governor, under the great seal of the state, and attested by the secretary of state. The governor and secretary of state may sign and attest such notes, revenue bonds. certificates or other evidences of indebtedness by facsimile signature. Such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness may be issued at such interest rate or rates as the governor deems reasonable and necessary to serve the best interests of the state and to enhance their marketability. Such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be sold in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the governor may determine to be in the best interests of the state. Any revenue bonds issued hereunder shall be in registered form.

The governor may enter into trust agreements with banks or trust companies, within or without the state. and in such trust agreements or the executive order authorizing the issuance of such notes, revenue bonds. certificates or other evidences of indebtedness he may enter into valid and legally binding covenants with the holders of such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness as to the custody, safekeeping and disposition of the moneys within the "Fiscal Responsibility Fund" hereinafter created and as to any other matters or provisions which are deemed necessary or advisable by the governor to serve the best interests of the state and to enhance the marketability of such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness. The governor may contract for the provision of such professional and technical

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services as he may deem necessary or advisable in 56 57 connection with the issuance of such notes, revenue 58 bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness. 59 including without limitation accounting, actuarial, 60 consulting, financial and legal services. The fees and 61 expenses of such professionals and any and all other 62 costs associated with the issuance of such notes, revenue 63 bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be payable from the proceeds of such issuance. 64

Such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be and constitute negotiable instruments under the Uniform Commercial Code of this state: shall, together with the interest thereon, be exempt from all taxation by the state of West Virginia, or by any county, school district, municipality or political subdivision thereof; and such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall not be deemed to be general obligations or debts of the state within the meaning of the constitution of the state of West Virginia, and the credit or the taxing power of the state shall not be pledged therefor, but such notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness shall be payable only from the revenue pledged therefor as provided in this section.

The proceeds of any indebtedness issued hereunder shall be paid into a special fund hereby created in the state treasury named "The Fund for Redemption of Previous Liabilities". The governor may make disbursements from this fund to pay the reasonable fees, expenses and costs associated with the issuance of the indebtedness authorized by this section, and such other disbursements as he deems necessary to redeem previous liabilities for the ordinary expenses of the state.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund named the "Fiscal Responsibility Fund" into which shall be paid on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the amounts as and when specified in section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code. All moneys deposited in said fund are pledged to the repayment of principal and interest

97 on any notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other 98 evidences of indebtedness issued pursuant to this 99 section. A lien on the fund shall exist in favor of the 100 holders of any notes, revenue bonds, certificates or other 101 evidences of indebtedness issued under this section to 102 the extent of such indebtedness. Any moneys not needed 103 for repayment of principal and interest on and costs 104 associated with the notes, revenue bonds, certificates or 105 other evidences of indebtedness authorized by this 106 section may be used to repay principal and interest on 107 moneys previously transferred from the occupational 108 pneumoconiosis fund pursuant to section eight-a, article 109 four-b, chapter twenty-three of this code. Repayment to 110 the occupational pneumoconiosis fund, if any, shall be 111 made into the special account created in the state 112 treasury by said section eight-a. Any amounts remain-113 ing in the "Fiscal Responsibility Fund" after provisions 114 for repayment of indebtedness issued pursuant to this 115 section and not otherwise used for repayment of moneys 116 previously transferred from the occupational pneumoco-117 niosis fund shall be transferred to the general revenue 118 fund of this state on or before the first day of August. 119 one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-30. Proceeds of tax; dedication of certain revenues.

1 The proceeds of the tax imposed by this article shall 2 be deposited in the general revenue fund of the state: Provided. That beginning the first day of July, one 3 4 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and continuing each month thereafter through the last day of July, one 5 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, the first five million 6 dollars of proceeds of this tax for each month shall be 7 8 paid into the "Fiscal Responsibility Fund" created by section nineteen, article one, chapter five of this code 9 and used for the purposes specified therein: Provided. 10 however. That for the fiscal year one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-nine, one million dollars of the proceeds 12 of the tax imposed by this article shall be dedicated to 13

- 14 the cancer center at West Virginia University and eight
- 15 million dollars of the proceeds of the tax imposed by this
- 16 article shall be dedicated to the "Higher Education
- 17 Salary Fund" which is hereby created in the state
- 18 treasury. All moneys credited to the higher education
- 19 salary fund shall be expended by the board of regents
- 20 for further implementation of the fee schedules estab-
- 21 lished in articles twenty-two and twenty-six-b, chapter
- 22 eighteen of this code.

CHAPTER 186

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2051—By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to scheduling governmental agencies or programs for termination pursuant to the West Virginia sunset law.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. THE WEST VIRGINIA SUNSET LAW.

§4-10-4. Termination of governmental entities or programs.

- The following governmental entities and programs shall be terminated on the date indicated but no governmental entity or program shall be terminated under this article unless a performance audit has been conducted of such entity or program, except as authorized under section fourteen of this article:
- 7 (1) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-one: Judicial council of West Virginia; 9 motor vehicle certificate appeal board; child welfare
- 10 licensing board.

- 11 (2) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 12 hundred eighty-two: Ohio River basin commission; 13 commission on postmortem examination; state commis-14 sion on manpower, training and technology.
 - (3) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three: Anatomical board; economic opportunity advisory committee; community development authority board.
 - (4) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four: The following programs of the department of natural resources: Rabies control, work incentive program; West Virginia alcoholic beverage control licensing advisory board.
 - (5) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five: Beautification commission; labor management advisory council.
- 27 (6) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six: Health resources advisory council.
 - (7) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven: Civil service commission advisory board; council of finance and administration; and the motorcycle safety standards and specifications board.
 - (8) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: Veteran's council; labor management relations board; records management and preservation advisory committee; minimum wage rate board; commission on mass transportation; real estate commission; the department of labor; the division of archives and history of the department of culture and history; and the public employees insurance board.
 - (9) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: Mental retardation advisory committee; board of school finance; veteran's affairs advisory council; reclamation commission.
 - (10) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety: Consumer affairs advisory council; savings and loan association; forest industries industrial foundation; U.S. geological survey program within the

department of natural resources; drivers' license advisory board; women's commission; office of workers' compensation commissioner; child advocate office, department of human services; board of investments; and the department of corrections.

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- (11) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one: State advisory council of the department of employment security; department of human services; oil and gas conservation commission; the family law masters system; state lottery commission; the department of commerce; West Virginia health care cost review authority; the following divisions or programs of the department of agriculture: Soil conservation committee, rural resource division, meat inspection program; interagency committee on pesticides; pesticides board of review; and the geological and economic survey.
- (12) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two: State water resources board; water resources division. department of natural resources; whitewater advisory board; state board of risk and insurance management; West Virginia's membership in the interstate commission on the Potomac River basin; board of banking and financial institutions; state building commission; the capitol building and grounds preservation commission; the board of examiners in counseling; and the public service commission: Provided, That in the case of the public service commission, the performance and fiscal audit required by this article shall be completed and transmitted to the joint committee on government and finance on or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one, in order that the joint committee or its designated subcommittee may review the audit pursuant to the provisions of section one, article one, chapter twenty-four of this code.
 - (13) On the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three: Commission on uniform state laws; state structural barriers compliance board; and the oil and gas inspectors examining board.
 - (14) On the first day of July, one thousand nine

hundred ninety-four: Ohio River valley water sanitation commission; and the southern regional education board.

91 (15) On the first day of July, one thousand nine 92 hundred ninety-five: Emergency medical services 93 advisory council; commission on charitable organiza-94 tions; information system advisory commission; and the 95 board of social work examiners.

CHAPTER 187

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2327—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect June 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority; dissolving and terminating the West Virginia turnpike commission as of the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and creating as of the same date the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority; amending and reenacting existing provisions relating to turnpike commission; providing for construction, operation and financing of parkway, economic development and tourism projects; declaring construction of modern highways and promotion and enhancement of tourism and economic development in state as goals of authority. including, but not limited to, development, construction, improvement and enhancement of state parks and tourist facilities and attractions; providing that bonds issued by authority not debt of state or any political subdivision thereof; providing for composition of authority, terms of members and procedural matters relating thereto; transferring powers, obligations, liabilities, duties, functions, personnel, property and other assets of turnpike commission to authority; defining certain terms used in article; setting forth powers of authority including, but not limited to, power

to issue revenue and revenue refunding bonds to finance projects, to construct, reconstruct, improve, repair, maintain and operate projects, to fix and revise tolls. rents, fees and other charges, and to make and enter into contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties; authorizing construction of grade separations at intersection of any project; authorizing acquisition of land, property, rights and other interests in land as authority may deem necessary; authorizing condemnation proceedings in certain circumstances: authorizing issuance of revenue bonds generally for purposes of paying all or any part of cost of projects, and specifying form and terms thereof and rights of holders thereof; authorizing issuance of revenue bonds to pay cost of West Virginia turnpike, including repayment to state of funds owed to it in connection with upgrading turnpike to federal interstate standards and, to the extent permitted by federal law, paying all or any part of the cost of related parkway projects, and limiting issuance of such bonds to an aggregate principal amount of eighty-three million dollars: specifying uses of bond proceeds; providing that bonds may be secured by trust agreement with any trust company and certain banks; providing that authority may fix, revise, charge and collect tolls, rents, fees. charges and other revenues and requiring competitive bidding on certain contracts: exempting authority from payment of taxes; designating all money received by authority as trust funds: setting forth bondholder and trustee remedies: requiring that all private property damaged or destroyed by authority be repaired or restored by authority from its funds; authorizing commissioner of highways department to expend funds to study feasibility of projects and reimbursing commissioner from bond proceeds: establishing penalty for defrauding authority: providing for cessation of tolls under certain circumstances: requiring removal of certain tolls on turnpike by specified date; providing that parkway projects shall constitute part of state road system; authorizing issuance of revenue refunding bonds generally to refund outstanding bonds of authority and, if deemed advisable by authority, to pay all or any part

of the cost of new project or projects, and to repay to state funds owed to it in connection with upgrading turnpike to federal interstate standards, and providing form and terms thereof and rights of holders thereof: authorizing issuance of special revenue refunding bonds in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed sixty million dollars to eliminate outstanding debt on West Virginia turnpike and, to the extent permissible under federal law, to pay all or any part of the cost of additional parkway projects or to repay to state funds owed to it in connection with upgrading turnpike to federal interstate standards; establishing special highway fund, to be separate and distinct from state road fund and general revenues, consisting of funds disbursed by the authority to department of highways in repayment of state funds used to upgrade West Virginia turnpike, and all appropriations, grants, gifts and other contributions to fund, and all interest earned on moneys held in fund; authorizing governor to transfer up to thirty-five million dollars from special highway fund to economic development authority insurance fund, and specifying that balance of special highway fund to be subject to legislative appropriation; providing that act to be deemed to provide additional and alternative methods for accomplishing purposes thereof; authorizing issuance of special obligation bonds; requiring preparation of annual report of financial condition and operations; providing for development of exit awareness signs; providing severability clause; and providing effective date of first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. WEST VIRGINIA PARKWAYS, ECONOMIC DE-VELOPMENT AND TOURISM AUTHORITY.

§17-16A-1. Constructing, operating, financing, etc., parkway, economic development and tourism projects.

§17-16A-2. Parkway revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds not debt of state or political subdivisions; statement on bonds.

- §17-16A-3. Dissolution and termination of West Virginia turnpike commission; West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority generally. §17-16A-4. Transfer of powers, duties, functions, assets and liabilities of turnpike commission to parkways authority. §17-16A-5. Definitions. §17-16A-6. Parkways authority's powers. §17-16A-7. Parkways authority's incidental powers. §17-16A-8. Acquisition of land, property, easements, etc. Condemnation of property. §17-16A-9. §17-16A-10. Parkway revenue bonds—Generally. §17-16A-11. Parkway revenue bonds-West Virginia Turnpike; related §17-16A-12. Parkway revenue bonds—Trust agreement. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues; competitive bidding on §17-16A-13. contracts. §17-16A-14. Trust funds. §17-16A-15. Remedies. Exemption from taxation. §17-16A-16. §17-16A-17. Repair, etc., of damaged property; conveyances, etc., by counties, cities, etc., to parkways authority; maintenance and policing of projects; defrauding parkways authority; evading payment of tolls, rents, fees or charges; trespassing. Cessation of tolls. §17-16A-18. §17-16A-19. Preliminary expenses. §17-16A-20. Parkway projects part of state road system; pledge of limited funds by state department of highways in case of deficit. §17-16A-21. Parkway revenue refunding bonds-Generally. Parkway revenue refunding bonds—West Virginia Turnpike. §17-16A-22. Special highway fund; appropriations from fund. §17-16A-23. Article deemed to provide additional and alternative methods. §17-16A-24. Additional powers of parkways authority; issuance of special §17-16A-25. obligation bonds.
- §17-16A-1. Constructing, operating, financing, etc., parkway, economic development and tourism projects.

§17-16A-26.

§17-16A-27. §17-16A-28.

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Annual report. Exit awareness signs.

Severability.

§17-16A-29. Effective date.

on the congested highways and roads in the state of West Virginia, to facilitate vehicular traffic throughout the state, to promote and enhance the tourism industry and

In order to remove the present handicaps and hazards

- 5 to develop and improve tourist facilities and attractions
- 6 in the state, to promote the agricultural, economic and
- 7 industrial development of the state, and to provide for

8 the construction of modern express highways including 9 center divisions, ample shoulder widths, longsight 10 distances, the bypassing of cities, multiple lanes in each 11 direction and grade separations at all intersections with 12 other highways and railroads, to provide for the 13 development, construction, improvement and enhance-14 ment of state parks, tourist facilities and attractions, 15 and to provide for the improvement and enhancement 16 of state parks presently existing, the West Virginia 17 parkways, economic development and tourism authority 18 (hereinafter created) is hereby authorized and empow-19 ered to construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, repair 20 and operate parkway projects, economic development 21 projects and tourism projects (as those terms are 22 hereinafter defined in section five of this article) at such 23 locations as shall be approved by the state department 24 of transportation, and to issue parkway revenue bonds 25 of the state of West Virginia, payable solely from 26 revenues, to pay the cost of such projects.

§17-16A-2. Parkway revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds not debt of state or political subdivisions; statement on bonds.

1 Parkway revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds 2 issued under the provisions of this article shall not be 3 deemed to constitute a debt of the state or of any 4 political subdivision thereof or a pledge of the faith and 5 credit of the state or of any such political subdivision. but such bonds shall be payable solely from the funds 6 7 herein provided therefor from revenues. All such 8 parkway revenue bonds and revenue refunding bonds 9 shall contain on the face thereof a statement to the effect 10 that neither the state nor any political subdivision 11 thereof shall be obligated to pay the same or the interest thereon except from revenues of the project or projects 12 13 for which they are issued and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political 14 subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the 15 principal of or the interest on such bonds. 16

§17-16A-3. Dissolution and termination of West Virginia turnpike commission; West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority generally.

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On and after the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the West Virginia turnpike commission is hereby abolished in all respects, and there is hereby created the "West Virginia Parkways, Economic Development and Tourism Authority," and by that name the parkways authority may sue and be sued and plead and be impleaded. The parkways authority is hereby constituted an agency of the state, and the exercise by the parkways authority of the powers conferred by this article in the construction, reconstruction, improvement, operation and maintenance of parkway, economic development and tourism projects shall be deemed and held to be an essential governmental function of the state.

The West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority shall consist of seven members. including the transportation secretary, who shall serve as chairman of the parkways authority, and six members, including no less than one from each of the counties which have land bordering parkway projects. appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The appointed members shall be residents of the state, and shall have been qualified electors therein for a period of at least one year next preceding their appointment. Upon the effective date of this legislation, the governor shall forthwith appoint six members of the parkways authority for staggered terms. The terms of the parkways authority members first taking office on or after the effective date of this legislation shall expire as designated by the governor at the time of the nomination, one at the end of the first year, one at the end of the second year, one at the end of the third year, one at the end of the fifth year, one at the end of the sixth year, and one at the end of the seventh year, after the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. As these original appointments expire, each subsequent appointment shall be for a full eight-year term. Any member whose term has expired shall serve until his successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. Any

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42 member shall be eligible for reappointment. The term 43 of any person serving as a member of the West Virginia 44 turnpike commission immediately preceding the effec-45 tive date of this legislation shall cease and otherwise 46 expire upon such effective date: Provided, That any such 47 member shall be eligible for reappointment. Each 48 appointed member of the parkways authority before 49 entering upon his duties shall take an oath as provided 50 by section five of article four of the Constitution of the 51 state of West Virginia.

The parkways authority shall elect one of the appointed members as vice chairman, and shall also elect a secretary and treasurer who need not be members of the parkways authority. Four members of the parkways authority shall constitute a quorum and the vote of a majority of members present shall be necessary for any action taken by the parkways authority. No vacancy in the membership of the parkways authority shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the parkways authority. The parkways authority shall meet at least monthly and either the chairman or any four members shall be empowered to call special meetings for any purpose or purposes: Provided, That notice of any such meeting shall be given to all members of the parkways authority not less than ten days prior to said special meetings.

Before the issuance of any parkway revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds under the provisions of this article, each appointed member of the parkways authority shall execute a surety bond in the penal sum of twenty-five thousand dollars and the secretary and treasurer shall execute a surety bond in the penal sum of fifty thousand dollars, each such surety bond to be conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of his office, to be executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in the state of West Virginia as surety and to be approved by the governor and filed in the office of the secretary of state.

The members of the parkways authority shall not be entitled to compensation for their services, but each member shall be reimbursed for his actual expenses

- 83 necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties.
- 84 All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of
- 85 this article shall be payable solely from funds provided
- 86 under the authority of this article and no liability or
- 87 obligation shall be incurred by the parkways authority
- 88 hereunder beyond the extent to which moneys shall have
- 89 been provided under the authority of this article.

§17-16A-4. Transfer of powers, duties, functions, assets and liabilities of turnpike commission to parkways authority.

- 1 (a) The duties, powers and functions of the West Virginia turnpike commission are hereby transferred to the parkways authority.
- (b) All obligations, indebtedness and other liabilities 4 of, and all rights, assets and other property owned by 5 or used in the administration of, the West Virginia 6 turnpike commission as of the first day of June, one 7 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and all personnel of 8 said turnpike commission as of said date are hereby 9 10 assumed by and transferred to the parkways authority, which is hereby constituted the successor in interest to 11 12 said commission in all respects.
- 13 (c) All books, papers, maps, charts, plans, literature 14 and other records in the possession of the West Virginia 15 turnpike commission as of the first day of June, one 16 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be delivered or 17 turned over to the parkways authority.
- (d) The unexpended balance of appropriations or other funds available for use of the West Virginia turnpike commission as of the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, is hereby transferred to the parkways authority for the use of the parkways authority.

§17-16A-5. Definitions.

- As used in this article, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context
- 3 shall indicate another or different meaning or intent:

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- (a) The words "parkways authority" mean the West Virginia parkways, economic development and tourism authority created by section three of this article, or if said parkways authority shall be abolished, the board, body, commission or authority succeeding to the principal functions thereof or to whom the powers given by this article to the parkways authority shall be given by law.
 - (b) The words "parkway project" mean any expressway, turnpike, trunkline, feeder road, state local service road or park and forest road which the parkways authority may at any time determine to construct. reconstruct, maintain, improve or repair under the provisions of this article, or any expressway, turnpike or other road constructed by the West Virginia turnpike commission pursuant to the authority granted to it under the laws of this state prior to the first day of June. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and shall embrace all bridges, tunnels, overpasses, underpasses, interchanges, entrance plazas, approaches, toll houses, service stations and administration, storage and other buildings, which the parkways authority may deem necessary for the operation of the parkway project, or which is used in the operation of a parkway project constructed prior to the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, together with all property, rights, easements and interests which may be acquired by the parkways authority for the construction or the operation of the parkway project or which were acquired in connection with or are used in the operation of a parkway project constructed prior to the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
 - (c) The words "tourism project" mean (i) any park or tourist facility and attraction which the parkways authority may at any time determine to create, develop, construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain or repair under the provisions of this article, and shall embrace all roads, interchanges, entrance plazas, approaches, services stations, administration, storage and any other buildings or service stations, structures which the parkways authority may deem necessary for the oper-

ation of the tourism project, together with all property rights, easements and interests which may be acquired by the parkways authority for the construction or operation of the tourism project; and (ii) the construc-tion, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance and repair of any park or tourist facility and attraction owned by the state as of the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

- (d) The words "economic development project" mean any land or water site, structure, facility or equipment which the parkways authority may at any time determine to acquire, create, develop, construct, reconstruct, improve or repair under the provisions of this article to promote the agricultural, economic or industrial development of the state, together with all property rights, easements and interests which may be acquired by the parkways authority for the development, construction or operation of such project.
- (e) The words "project" or "projects" mean a parkway project, economic development project or tourism project, or any combination thereof.
- (f) The words "transportation secretary" mean the secretary of the state department of transportation.
- (g) The words "West Virginia turnpike commission" mean the state turnpike commission existing as of the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightynine.
- (h) The words "tourist facility and attraction" mean cabins, lodges, recreational facilities, restaurants, and other revenue producing facilities, any land or water site, and any information center, visitors' center or rest stop which the parkways authority determines may improve, enhance or contribute to the development of the tourism industry in the state.
- (i) The word "turnpike" means the West Virginia Turnpike or any other toll road in the state.
- (j) The word "expressway" means any road serving major intrastate and interstate travel, including federal interstate routes.

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- (k) The word "trunkline" means any road serving major city to city travel.
 - (l) The words "feeder roads" mean any road serving community to community travel or collects and feeds traffic to an expressway or turnpike.
 - (m) The words "local service road" mean any local arterialized and spur roads which provide land access and socioeconomic benefits to abutting properties.
 - (n) The words "park and forest roads" mean any road serving travel within state parks, state forests and public hunting and fishing areas.
- 95 (o) The word "cost" as applied to any project, including 96 without limitation the West Virginia Turnpike in 97 sections eleven and twenty-two of this article, embraces 98 the cost of construction, reconstruction, maintenance, 99 improvement, repair and operation of the project, the 100 cost of the acquisition of all land, rights-of-way, 101 property, rights, easements and interests acquired by 102 the parkways authority for such construction, recon-103 struction, maintenance, improvement and repair, the 104 cost of all machinery, equipment, material and labor 105 which are deemed essential thereto, the cost of improve-106 ments, the cost of financing charges, interest prior to 107 and during construction and for one year after comple-108 tion of construction, the cost of traffic estimates and of 109 engineering, consultant, accounting, architects', trus-110 tees' and legal fees and expenses, plans, specifications, 111 surveys, estimates of cost and of revenues, other costs 112 and expenses necessary or incident to determining the 113 feasibility or practicability of constructing any such 114 project, administrative expenses and such other costs 115 and expenses as may be necessary or incident to the 116 construction of the project, the financing of such construction and the placing of the project in operation 117 or to the operation of the project. Any obligation or 118 expense hereafter incurred by the commissioner of the 119 120 department of highways with the approval of the 121 parkways authority for traffic surveys, borings, preparation of plans and specifications, and other engineering 122 and consulting services in connection with the construc-123

- 124 tion of a project shall be regarded as a part of the cost
- 125 of such project and shall be reimbursed to the state out
- of the proceeds of parkway revenue bonds or revenue 126
- 127 refunding bonds hereinafter authorized.
- 128 (p) The word "owner" includes all individuals,
- 129 copartnerships, associations or corporations having any
- 130 title or interest in any property, rights, easements and
- 131 interests authorized to be acquired by this article.
- 132 (q) The words "West Virginia Turnpike" mean the
- 133 turnpike from Charleston to a point approximately one 134 mile south of the intersection of Interstate 77 and U.S.
- 135 Route 460 near Princeton in Mercer County, West
- 136 Virginia, which road is presently a part of the federal
- interstate highway system. 137

§17-16A-6. Parkways authority's powers.

- 1 (a) The parkways authority is hereby authorized and 2 empowered:
- 3 (1) To adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs 4 and the conduct of its business;
- 5 (2) To adopt an official seal and alter the same at 6 pleasure;
- 7 (3) To maintain an office at such place or places within 8 the state as it may designate;
- 9 (4) To sue and be sued in its own name, plead and be impleaded. Any and all actions against the parkways 10 authority shall be brought only in the county in which 11 the principal office of the parkways authority shall be 12 13 located:
- (5) To construct, reconstruct, improve, maintain, 14 15 repair and operate projects at such locations within the state as may be determined by the parkways authority: 16 Provided, That the parkways authority shall be prohi-17
- 18 bited from constructing motels or any other type of
- lodging facility within five miles of the West Virginia 19
- 20 Turnpike:
- (6) To issue parkway revenue bonds of the state of 21 West Virginia, payable solely from revenues, for the 22

- purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of any one or more projects, which costs may include, with respect to the West Virginia Turnpike, such funds as are necessary to repay to the state of West Virginia all or any part of the state funds used to upgrade the West Virginia Turnpike to federal interstate standards;
 - (7) To issue parkway revenue refunding bonds of the state of West Virginia, payable solely from revenues, for any one or more of the following purposes: (i) Constructing improvements, enlargements or extensions to the project in connection with which the bonds to be refunded were issued; (ii) paying all or part of the cost of any additional project or projects; (iii) refunding any bonds which shall have been issued under the provisions of this article or any predecessor thereof; and (iv) repaying to the state all or any part of the state funds used to upgrade the West Virginia Turnpike to federal interstate standards;
 - (8) To fix and revise from time to time tolls for transit over each parkway project constructed by it or by the West Virginia turnpike commission;
 - (9) To fix and revise from time to time rents, fees or other charges, of whatever kind or character, for the use of each tourism project or economic development project constructed by it or for the use of any building, structure or facility constructed by it in connection with a parkway project;
 - (10) To acquire, hold, lease and dispose of real and personal property in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties under this article;
 - (11) To acquire in the name of the state by purchase or otherwise, on such terms and conditions and in such manner as it may deem proper, or by the exercise of the right of condemnation in the manner hereinafter provided, such public or private lands, including public parks, playgrounds or reservations, or parts thereof or rights therein, rights-of-way, property, rights, easements and interests, as it may deem necessary for carrying out the provisions of this article. No compensation shall be paid for public lands, playgrounds, parks,

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- parkways or reservations so taken, and all public property damaged in carrying out the powers granted by this article shall be restored or repaired and placed in its original condition as nearly as practicable:
- (12) To designate the locations, and establish, limit and control such points of ingress to and egress from each project as may be necessary or desirable in the judgment of the parkways authority to ensure the proper operation and maintenance of such project, and to prohibit entrance to such project from any point or points not so designated:
- (13) To make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers under this article. and to employ consulting engineers, attorneys, accountants, architects, construction and financial experts. trustees, superintendents, managers and such other employees and agents as may be necessary in its judgment, and to fix their compensation. All such expenses shall be payable solely from the proceeds of parkway revenue bonds or parkway revenue refunding bonds issued under the provisions of this article, tolls or from revenues:
- (14) To make and enter into all contracts, agreements or other arrangements with any agency. department. division, board, bureau, commission, authority or other governmental unit of the state to operate, maintain or repair any project;
- (15) To receive and accept from any federal agency grants for or in aid of the construction of any project, and to receive and accept aid or contributions from any source of either money, property, labor or other things of value, to be held, used and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and contributions may be made:
- (16) To do all acts and things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers expressly granted in this article; 99 and 100
- (17) To file the necessary petition or petitions pursuant 101

- to Title 11, United States Code, Sec. 401 (being section 81 of the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved July 1, 1898, as amended) and to prosecute to completion all proceedings permitted by Title 11, United States Code, Secs. 401-403 (being sections 81 to 83, inclusive, of said act of Congress). The state of West Virginia hereby consents to the application of said Title 11. United States Code. Secs. 401-403. to the parkways authority.
- 112 (b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to 113 prohibit the issuance of parkway revenue refunding 114 bonds in a common plan of financing with the issuance 115 of parkway revenue bonds.

§17-16A-7. Parkways authority's incidental powers.

The parkways authority shall have authority to construct grade separations at intersections of any project with public roads and state highways and to change and adjust the lines and grades of such roads and highways so as to accommodate the same to the design of such grade separation. The cost of such grade separations and any damage incurred in changing and adjusting the lines and grades of such roads and highways shall be ascertained and paid by the parkways authority as a part of the cost of such project.

If the parkways authority shall find it necessary to change the location of any portion of any public road or state highway, it shall cause the same to be reconstructed at such location as the parkways authority shall deem most favorable and of substantially the same type and in as good condition as the original road or highway. The cost of such reconstruction and any damage incurred in changing the location of any such road or highway shall be ascertained and paid by the parkways authority as a part of the cost of such project.

Upon the request of the parkways authority, the commissioner of the state department of highways shall relocate or discontinue any road or highway over which he has authority and control which is affected by the construction of any project.

26 In addition to the foregoing powers, the parkways 27 authority and its authorized agents and employees may 28 enter upon any lands, waters and premises in the state 29 for the purpose of making surveys, soundings, drillings 30 and examinations as it may deem necessary or conve-31 nient for the purposes of this article, and such entry 32 shall not be deemed a trespass, nor shall an entry for 33 such purposes be deemed an entry under any condem-34 nation proceedings which may be then pending. The 35 parkways authority shall make reimbursement for any 36 actual damages resulting to such lands, waters and 37 premises as a result of such activities.

The state of West Virginia hereby consents to the use of all lands owned by it, including lands lying under water, which are deemed by the parkways authority to be necessary for the construction or operation of any project.

§17-16A-8. Acquisition of land, property, easements, etc.

1 The parkways authority is hereby authorized and 2 empowered to acquire by purchase, whenever it shall 3 deem such purchase expedient, any land, property, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements and other 4 interests in lands as it may deem necessary or conven-5 ient for the construction or operation of any project upon 6 such terms and at such price as may be considered by 7 8 it to be reasonable and can be agreed upon between the 9 parkways authority and the owner thereof, and to take 10 title thereto in the name of the state.

§17-16A-9. Condemnation of property.

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1 Whenever a reasonable price cannot be agreed upon, or whenever the owner is legally incapacitated. or is 2 absent, unknown or unable to convey valid title, the 3 parkways authority is hereby authorized and empo-4 wered to acquire, by the exercise of the power of 5 condemnation in accordance with and subject to the 6 provisions of any and all existing laws and statutes 7 applicable to the exercise of the power of condemnation 8 of property for public use, any land, property, rights, 9 rights-of-way, franchises, easements or other property 10 deemed necessary or convenient for the construction or 11

12 the efficient operation of any project or necessary in the 13 restoration of public or private property damaged or 14 destroyed. In any condemnation proceedings the court 15 having jurisdiction of the suit, action or proceeding may 16 make such orders as may be just to the parkways 17 authority and to the owners of the property to be 18 condemned and may require an undertaking or other 19 security to secure such owners against any loss or 20 damage by reason of the failure of the parkways 21 authority to accept and pay for the property, but neither 22 such undertaking or security nor any act or obligation of the parkways authority shall impose any liability 23 24 upon the state or the parkways authority except such as 25 may be paid from the funds provided under the 26 authority of this article.

§17-16A-10. Parkway revenue bonds—Generally.

The parkways authority is hereby authorized to 1 2 provide by resolution, at one time or from time to time, 3 for the issuance of parkway revenue bonds of the state 4 for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of 5 one or more projects: Provided, That this section shall 6 not be construed as authorizing the issuance of parkway 7 revenue bonds for the purpose of paying the cost of the West Virginia Turnpike, which parkway revenue bonds 8 9 may be issued only as authorized under section eleven of this article. The principal of and the interest on such 10 11 bonds shall be payable solely from the funds herein provided for such payment. The bonds of each issue shall 12 be dated, shall bear interest at such rate or rates as may 13 be determined by the parkways authority in its sole 14 discretion, shall mature at such time or times not 15 16 exceeding forty years from their date or dates, as may be determined by the parkways authority, and may be 17 made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the 18 19 parkways authority, at such price or prices and under such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the 20 21 parkways authority prior to the issuance of the bonds. 22 The parkways authority shall determine the form of the bonds, including any interest coupons to be attached 23 thereto, and shall fix the denomination or denominations 24 of the bonds and the place or places of payment of 25

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principal and interest, which may be at any bank or trust company within or without the state. The bonds shall be executed by manual or facsimile signature by the governor and by the chairman of the parkways authority, and the official seal of the parkways authority shall be affixed to or printed on each bond, and attested, manually or by facsimile signature, by the secretary and treasurer of the parkways authority, and any coupons attached to any bond shall bear the manual or facsimile signature of the chairman of the parkways authority. In case any officer whose signature or a facsimile of whose signature appears on any bonds or coupons shall cease to be such officer before the delivery of such bonds, such signature or facsimile shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if he had remained in office until such delivery; and, in case the seal of the parkways authority has been changed after a facsimile has been imprinted on such bonds, such facsimile seal will continue to be sufficient for all purposes. All bonds issued under the provisions of this article shall have and are hereby declared to have all the qualities and incidents of negotiable instruments under the negotiable instruments law of the state. The bonds may be issued in coupon or in registered form, or both, as the parkways authority may determine, and provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bonds as to principal alone and also as to both principal and interest, and for the reconversion into coupon bonds of any bonds registered as to both principal and interest. The parkways authority may sell such bonds in such manner, either at public or at private sale, and for such price, as it may determine to be in the best interests of the state.

The proceeds of the bonds of each issue shall be used solely for the payment of the cost of the parkway project or projects for which such bonds shall have been issued, and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions, if any, as the parkways authority may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust agreement hereinafter mentioned securing the same. If the proceeds of the bonds of any issue, by error of estimates or otherwise,

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68 shall be less than such cost, additional bonds may in like 69 manner be issued to provide the amount of such deficit. 70 and, unless otherwise provided in the resolution autho-71 rizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust 72 agreement securing the same, shall be deemed to be of 73 the same issue and shall be entitled to payment from the 74 same fund without preference or priority of the bonds 75 first issued. If the proceeds of the bonds of any issue 76 shall exceed the cost of the project or projects for which 77 the same shall have been issued, the surplus shall be 78 deposited to the credit of the sinking fund for such 79 bonds.

Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the parkways authority may, under like restrictions, issue interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds shall have been executed and are available for delivery. The parkways authority may also provide for the replacement of any bonds which shall become mutilated or shall be destroyed or lost. Bonds may be issued under the provisions of this article without obtaining the consent of any department, division, commission, board, bureau or agency of the state, and without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things than those proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by this article.

§17-16A-11. Parkway revenue bonds—West Virginia Turnpike; related projects.

The parkways authority is hereby authorized to 1 provide by resolution, at one time or from time to time, 2 for the issuance of parkway revenue bonds of the state 3 in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed eighty-4 three million dollars for the purpose of paying (i) all or 5 any part of the cost of the West Virginia Turnpike, 6 7 which cost may include, but not be limited to, an amount equal to the state funds used to upgrade the West 8 Virginia Turnpike to federal interstate standards, and 9 (ii) to the extent permitted by federal law, all or any 10 part of the cost of any related parkway project. For 11 purposes of this section eleven only, a "related parkway 12

project" means any information center, visitors' center 13 14 or rest stop, or any combination thereof, and any 15 expressway, turnpike, trunkline, feeder road, state local 16 service road or park and forest road which connects to 17 or intersects with the West Virginia Turnpike and is 18 located within seventy-five miles of said turnpike as it 19 exists on the first day of June, one thousand nine 20 hundred eighty-nine, or any subsequent expressway. trunkline, feeder road, state local service road or park 21 22 and forest road constructed pursuant to this article: 23 Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed as 24 prohibiting the parkways authority from issuing 25 parkway revenue bonds pursuant to section ten of this article for the purpose of paying all or any part of the 26 27 cost of any such related parkway project: Provided, 28 however, That none of the proceeds of the issuance of 29 parkway revenue bonds under this section shall be used 30 to pay all or any part of the cost of any economic 31 development project, except as provided in section 32 twenty-three of this article: Provided further, That 33 nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the parkways authority from issuing additional parkway 34 revenue bonds to the extent permitted by applicable 35 federal law for the purpose of constructing, maintaining 36 and operating any highway constructed in whole or in 37 part with money obtained from appalachian regional 38 commission so long as said highway connects to the West 39 Virginia Turnpike as it existed as of the first day of 40 June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. Except as 41 otherwise specifically provided in this section, the 42 43 issuance of parkway revenue bonds pursuant to this section, the maturities and other details thereof, the 44 rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties and 45 obligations of the parkways authority in respect of the 46 same, shall be governed by the provisions of this article 47 insofar as the same may be applicable. 48

§17-16A-12. Parkway revenue bonds—Trust agreement.

In the discretion of the parkways authority any bonds issued under the provisions of this article may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the parkways authority and a corporate trustee, which may

5 be any trust company or bank having the powers of a 6 trust company within or without the state. Any such 7 trust agreement may pledge or assign the tolls, rents. 8 fees, charges and other revenues to be received, but shall 9 not convey or mortgage any project or any part thereof. 10 Any such trust agreement or any resolution providing 11 for the issuance of such bonds may contain such 12 provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and 13 remedies of the bondholders as may be reasonable and 14 proper and not in violation of law, including covenants 15 setting forth the duties of the parkways authority in 16 relation to the acquisition of property and the construc-17 tion, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance, repair, 18 operation and insurance of the project or projects in 19 connection with which such bonds shall have been 20 authorized, and the custody, safeguarding and applica-21 tion of all moneys, and provisions for the employment 22 of consulting engineers in connection with the construc-23 tion or operation of such project or projects. It shall be 24 lawful for any bank or trust company incorporated 25 under the laws of the state which may act as depository 26 of the proceeds of bonds or of revenues to furnish such 27 indemnifying bonds, or to pledge such securities as may 28 be required by the parkways authority. Any such trust 29 agreement may set forth the rights and remedies of the 30 bondholders and of the trustee, and may restrict the individual right of action by bondholders as is custom-31 32 ary in trust agreements or trust indentures securing 33 bonds and debentures of corporations. In addition to the 34 foregoing, any such trust agreement may contain such 35 other provisions as the parkways authority may deem 36 reasonable and proper for the security of the bond-37 holders. All expenses incurred in carrying out the 38 provisions of any such trust agreement may be treated 39 as a part of the cost of the operation of the project or 40 projects to which the trust agreement applies.

§17-16A-13. Tolls, rents, fees, charges and revenues; competitive bidding on contracts.

1 (a) The parkways authority is hereby authorized to 2 fix, revise, charge and collect tolls for the use of each 3 parkway project and the different parts or sections 4 thereof, and to fix, revise, charge and collect rents, fees,

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charges and other revenues, of whatever kind or character, for the use of each economic development project or tourism project, or any part or section thereof, and to contract with any person, partnership, association or corporation desiring the use of any part thereof, including the right-of-way adjoining the paved portion, for placing thereon telephone, telegraph, electric light, power or other utility lines, gas stations, garages, stores, hotels, restaurants and advertising signs, or for any other purpose except for tracks for railroad or railway use, and to fix the terms, conditions, rents and rates of charges for such use. Such tolls, rents, fees and charges shall be so fixed and adjusted in respect of the aggregate of tolls, or in respect of the aggregate rents, fees and charges, from the project or projects in connection with which the bonds of any issue shall have been issued as to provide a fund sufficient with other revenues, if any, to pay (a) the cost of maintaining, repairing and operating such project or projects and (b) the principal of and the interest on such bonds as the same shall become due and payable, and to create reserves for such purposes. Such tolls, rents, fees and other charges shall not be subject to supervision or regulation by any other commission, board, bureau, department or agency of the state. The tolls, rents, fees, charges and all other revenues derived from the project or projects in connection with which the bonds of any issue shall have been issued, except such part thereof as may be necessary to pay such cost of maintenance, repair and operation and to provide such reserves therefor as may be provided for in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or in the trust agreement securing the same, shall be set aside at such regular intervals as may be provided in such resolution or such trust agreement in a sinking fund which is hereby pledged to, and charged with, the payment of (1) the interest upon such bonds as such interest shall fall due, (2) the principal of such bonds as the same shall fall due, (3) the necessary charges of paying agents for paying principal and interest, and (4) the redemption price or the purchase price of bonds retired by call or purchase as therein provided. The use and disposition of moneys

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to the credit of such sinking fund shall be subject to the provisions of the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or of such trust agreement. Except as may otherwise be provided in such resolution or such trust agreement, such sinking fund shall be a fund for all such bonds without distinction or priority of one over another. The moneys in the sinking fund, less such reserve as may be provided in such resolution or trust agreement, if not used within a reasonable time for the purchase of bonds for cancellation as above provided, shall be applied to the redemption of bonds at the redemption price then applicable.

(b) The parkways authority shall cause, as soon as it is legally able to do so, all contracts to which it is a party and which relate to the operation, maintenance or use of any restaurant, motel or other lodging facility, truck and automobile service facility, food vending facility or any other service facility located along the West Virginia Turnpike, to be renewed on a competitive bid basis. All contracts relating to any facility or services entered into by the parkways authority with a private party with respect to any project constructed after the effective date of this legislation shall be let on a competitive bid basis only. If the parkways authority receives a proposal for the development of a project, such proposal shall be made available to the public in a convenient location in the county wherein the proposed facility may be located. The parkways authority shall publish a notice of the proposal by a Class I legal advertisement in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The publication area shall be the county in which the proposed facility would be located. Any citizen may communicate by writing to the parkways authority his or her opposition to or approval to such proposal within a period of time not less than forty-five days from the publication of the notice. No contract for the development of a project may be entered into by the parkways authority until a public hearing is held in the vicinity of the location of the proposed project with at least twenty days notice of such hearing by a Class I publication pursuant to section two, article three,

89 chapter fifty-nine of this code. The parkways authority 90 shall make written findings of fact prior to rendering a decision on any proposed project. All studies, records, 91 92 .documents and other materials which are considered by 93 the parkways authority in making such findings shall 94 be made available for public inspection at the time of 95 the publication of the notice of public hearing and at a 96 convenient location in the county where the proposed 97 project may be located. The parkways authority shall 98 promulgate rules in accordance with chapter twenty-99 nine-a of this code for the conduct of any hearing 100 required by this section. Persons attending any such 101 hearing shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to 102 speak and be heard on the proposed project.

§17-16A-14. Trust funds.

1 All moneys received pursuant to the authority of this 2 article, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds or 3 as revenues, shall be deemed to be trust funds, to be held 4 and applied solely as provided in this article. The 5 resolution authorizing the issuance of bonds of any issue or the trust agreement securing such bonds shall 6 7 provide that any officer to whom, or any bank or trust 8 company to which, such moneys shall be paid shall act 9 as trustee of such moneys and shall hold and apply the 10 same for the purposes hereof, subject to such regulations 11 as this article and such resolution or trust agreement 12 may provide.

§17-16A-15. Remedies.

1 Any holder of bonds issued under the provisions of this 2 article or any of the coupons appertaining thereto, and the trustee under any trust agreement, except to the 3 extent the rights herein given may be restricted by such 4 5 trust agreement, may, either at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus or other proceeding, protect and 6 enforce any and all rights under the laws of the state 7 or granted hereunder or under such trust agreement or 8 the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds, 9 and may enforce and compel the performance of all 10 duties required by this article or by such trust agree-11

- 12 ment or resolution to be performed by the parkways
- 13 authority or by any officer thereof, including the fixing.
- 14 charging and collecting of tolls, rents, fees and charges.

§17-16A-16. Exemption from taxation.

- (a) The exercise of the powers granted by this article 1 2 will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of 3 the state, for the increase of their commerce and 4 prosperity, and for the improvement of their health and 5 living conditions, and as the operation and maintenance 6 of projects by the parkways authority will constitute the 7 performance of essential governmental functions, the 8 parkways authority shall not be required to pay any 9 taxes or assessments upon any project or any property 10 acquired or used by the parkways authority under the 11 provisions of this article or upon the income therefrom. and the bonds issued under the provisions of this article, 12 13 their transfer and the income therefrom (including any 14 profit made on the sale thereof) shall at all times be free 15 from taxation within the state.
- 16 (b) In lieu of payment by the parkways authority of 17 county property taxes and other assessments on restau-18 rant and gas service facilities owned by it, or upon any 19 facility described in subsection (b) of section thirteen 20 herein which is leased to any private person, corpora-21 tion, or entity, the parkways authority shall make an 22 annual payment as provided herein to the county 23 commission of such county. Any parkways authority 24 project which is leased and is exempt from taxation 25 shall be subject to a payment in lieu of taxes. Said 26 payment shall be made to the county commission of the county in which the project is located and shall be in 27 an amount equal to the property taxes otherwise 28 payable. The county commission receiving such in lieu 29 30 of payment shall distribute such payment to the different levying bodies in that county in the same 31 manner as are property taxes. Nothing contained herein 32 may be construed to prohibit the parkways authority 33 from collecting such in lieu payment from any private 34 party by contract or otherwise. 35

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§17-16A-17. Repair, etc., of damaged property; conveyances, etc., by counties, cities, etc., to parkways authority; maintenance and policing of projects; defrauding parkways authority; evading payment of tolls, rents, fees or charges; trespassing.

All private property damaged or destroyed in carrying out the powers granted by this article shall be restored or repaired and placed in its original condition as nearly as practicable or adequate compensation made therefor out of funds provided under the authority of this article.

All counties, cities, villages, townships and other political subdivisions and all public agencies and commissions of the state of West Virginia, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, are hereby authorized and empowered to lease, lend, grant or convey to the parkways authority at its request upon such terms and conditions as the proper authorities of such counties, cities, villages, townships, other political subdivisions or public agencies and commissions of the state may deem reasonable and fair and without the necessity for any advertisement, order of court or other action or formality, other than the regular and formal action of the authorities concerned, any real property which may be necessary or convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes of the parkways authority, including public roads and other real property already devoted to public use.

Each project when constructed and opened to traffic or use shall be maintained and kept in good condition and repair by the parkways authority. The parkways authority and the superintendent of the department of public safety may by agreement provide that such project or projects shall be policed by members of such department under such terms and conditions as they may determine, excepting that all costs thereof, either direct or indirect, including overhead costs attributable thereto, shall be paid unto such department by the parkways authority at regular intervals not to exceed one year.

36 Whoever shall knowingly or intentionally defraud or 37 attempt to defraud the parkways authority, any of its 38 tolltakers or other employees in regard to the payment 39 of tolls, rents, fees or charges established by the parkways authority for the use of any such project or 40 41 evade or attempt to evade or whoever shall aid another 42 to evade or attempt to evade the payment of such toll. rent, fee or charge or whoever shall intentionally and 43 44 knowingly trespass upon any project shall be guilty of 45 a misdemeanor; and for every such offense shall upon 46 conviction thereof be fined not in excess of fifty dollars. 47 Magistrate courts shall have jurisdiction of misdemea-48 nors created by this paragraph concurrently with 49 circuit courts.

§17-16A-18. Cessation of tolls.

- 1 (a) Except as provided herein, when all bonds issued 2 under the provisions of this article in connection with 3 any parkway project or projects and the interest thereon shall have been paid or a sufficient amount for the 4 5 payment of all such bonds and the interest thereon to 6 the maturity thereof shall have been set aside in trust 7 for the benefit of the bondholders, such project or 8 projects, if then in good condition and repair to the 9 satisfaction of the commissioner of the state department 10 of highways, shall be transferred to the state depart-11 ment of highways and shall thereafter be maintained by 12 the state department of highways free of tolls: Provided, That the parkways authority may thereafter charge tolls 13 for the use of any such project and for the reconstruc-14 15 tion, improvement, maintenance and repair thereof, except as may be limited by applicable federal laws, and 16 pledge such tolls to the payment of bonds issued under 17 18 the provisions of this article in connection with another 19 project or projects, or any combination thereof, but any such pledge of tolls of a parkway project to the payment 20 of bonds issued in connection with another project or 21 projects shall not be effectual until the principal of and 22 the interest on the bonds issued in connection with the 23 24 first mentioned project shall have been paid or provision made for their payment. 25
 - (b) No later than the first day of February, one

27 thousand nine hundred ninety, the parkways authority 28 shall discontinue, remove and not relocate all toll 29 collection facilities on the West Virginia Turnpike except for the three main toll collection facilities 30 31 existing on the West Virginia Turnpike as of the effective date of this legislation: Provided. That nothing 32 33 herein may be construed to prohibit placement of new 34 tolls to the extent permitted by federal law for any new expressway, turnpike, trunkline, feeder road, state local 35 36 service road, or park and forest road connected to the 37 West Virginia Turnpike and constructed after the first 38 of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§17-16A-19. Preliminary expenses.

The commissioner of the state department of high-1 2 ways is hereby authorized in his discretion to expend out 3 of any funds available for the purpose such moneys as may be necessary for the study of any parkway, 4 5 economic development or tourism project or projects and 6 to use the department of highway's engineering and 7 other forces, including consulting engineers and traffic engineers, for the purpose of effecting such study and 8 9 to pay for such additional engineering and traffic and 10 other expert studies as he may deem expedient; and all such expenses incurred by the state department of 11 highways prior to the issuance of parkway revenue 12 13 bonds or revenue refunding bonds under the provisions 14 of this article shall be paid by the state department of 15 highways and charged to the appropriate project or 16 projects, and the state department of highways shall keep proper records and accounts showing each amount 17 18 so charged. Upon the sale of parkway revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds for any project or projects, the 19 funds so expended by the state department of highways 20 in connection with such project or projects shall be 21 22 reimbursed to the state department of highways from the proceeds of such bonds. 23

§17-16A-20. Parkway projects part of state road system; pledge of limited funds by state department of highways in case of deficit.

1 It is hereby declared that any expressway, turnpike,

2 feeder road, state local service road or park and forest 3 road or other road, or any subsequent expressway. 4 turnpike feeder road, state local service road, park and 5 forest road or other road constructed pursuant to this 6 article shall be a part of the state road system, although 7 subject to the provisions of this article and of any bonds 8 or trust agreements entered into pursuant thereto, and 9 that the construction of such parkway projects shall be considered as developments of the state road system. 10 11 Any other provisions of this article to the contrary 12 notwithstanding, in order to encourage the development 13 of the state road system, the state is authorized in its 14 discretion to pledge by resolution and agreement 15 annually to pay from the state road fund, subject to all 16 prior commitments of such fund which shall be stated 17 in the resolution and agreement, the amount of any 18 yearly deficit between the principal and interest requirements of any such parkway project or portion 19 20 thereof hereafter constructed and the amount available 21 in the hands of the parkways authority to pay such 22 requirements, up to three fourths of one percent of the 23 estimated or actual construction cost of such parkway 24 project or portion thereof for which such pledge is made. 25 until any bonds issued and interest due upon the basis of such a pledge have been fully paid and satisfied: 26 27 Provided. That the state department of highways shall enter into no agreement with underwriters on any bond 28 issue for the purpose of constructing or aiding in the 29 30 construction of any toll road unless and until there is 31 filed with the parkways authority a report and finding of reputable traffic engineers of national standing. 32 showing that the earnings from the proposed toll road 33 will be sufficient to provide annual income in an amount 34 at least large enough to cover the annual cost of retiring 35 36 the indebtedness, including interest, sinking fund and operating costs of such toll highway. 37

§17-16A-21. Parkway revenue refunding bonds—Generally.

The parkways authority is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of parkway revenue refunding bonds of the state for the purpose of

4 refunding any bonds then outstanding which shall have 5 been issued under the provisions of this article, includ-6 ing the payment of any redemption premium thereon 7 and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of 8 redemption of such bonds; and, if deemed advisable by 9 the parkways authority, for the additional purpose of 10 constructing improvements, extensions or enlargements 11 of the project or projects in connection with which the 12 bonds to be refunded shall have been issued: Provided. 13 That this section shall not be construed as authorizing 14 the issuance of parkway revenue refunding bonds for 15 the purpose of refunding any bonds then outstanding 16 which shall have been issued under the provisions of this 17 article, or any predecessor thereof, in connection with 18 the construction of the West Virginia Turnpike, which 19 revenue refunding bonds may be issued only as autho-20 rized under section twenty-two of this article. The 21 parkways authority is further authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of parkway revenue bonds of 22 23 the state for the combined purpose of two or more of the 24 following: (a) Refunding any bonds then outstanding 25 which shall have been issued under the provisions of this 26 article, including the payment of any redemption 27 premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue 28 to the date of redemption of such bonds; (b) paying all 29 or any part of the cost of any additional project or projects; and (c) repaying to the state all or any part of 30 the state funds used to upgrade the West Virginia 31 32 Turnpike to federal interstate standards. The issuance 33 of such bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties 34 and obligations of the parkways authority in respect of 35 the same, shall be governed by the provisions of this 36 37 article insofar as the same may be applicable.

§17-16A-22. Parkway revenue refunding bonds—West Virginia Turnpike.

The parkways authority is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of parkway revenue refunding bonds of the state in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed sixty million dollars for the purpose of refunding any bonds which shall have

6 been issued under this article, or any predecessor 7 thereof, in connection with the construction of the West 8 Virginia Turnpike, including the payment of any 9 redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued 10 or to accrue to the date of redemption of such bonds. 11 and, to the extent permissible under federal law and if 12 deemed advisable by the parkways authority, for either 13 or both of the following purposes: (a) Paving all or any 14 part of the cost of any additional parkway project or 15 projects, and (b) repaying to the state all or any part 16 of the state funds used to upgrade the West Virginia 17 Turnpike to federal interstate standards: Provided. That 18 any proceeds derived from the issuance of such bonds 19 which are used on any parkway project other than the 20 West Virginia Turnpike must be used solely on parkway 21 projects (i) which are either connected to or intersect 22 with the West Virginia Turnpike and are within 23 seventy-five air miles of said Turnpike as it exists on the 24 first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-25 nine, or any subsequent expressway, trunkline, turn-26 pike, feeder road, state local service road or park and forest road constructed pursuant to this article, and (ii) 27 which involve the upgrading or addition of inter-28 29 changes, the construction of expressways or feeder roads, or the upgrading or construction of information 30 centers, visitors' centers, rest stops, or any combination 31 32 thereof: Provided, however. That none of the proceeds of the issuance of parkway revenue refunding bonds issued 33 under this section shall be used to pay all or any part 34 of the cost of any economic development project, except 35 as provided in section twenty-three of this article. 36 Except as otherwise specifically provided in this section, 37 the issuance of parkway revenue refunding bonds 38 pursuant to this section, the maturities and other details 39 thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights. 40 duties and obligations of the parkways authority in 41 respect of the same, shall be governed by the provisions 42 of this article insofar as the same may be applicable. 43

§17-16A-23. Special highway fund; appropriations from fund.

1 (a) There is hereby created a special fund in the state

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treasury which shall be designated and known as the "West Virginia special highway fund." The special highway fund shall consist of (i) all funds allocated and disbursed to the state department of highways by the parkways authority, including without limitation the proceeds of any parkway revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds issued by the parkways authority pursuant to sections eleven, twenty-one or twenty-two of this article, in repayment of the amount of state funds used to upgrade the West Virginia Turnpike to federal interstate standards, (ii) any appropriations, grants, gifts, contributions or other revenues received by the special highway fund from any source, and (iii) all interest earned on moneys held in the fund. When any funds are received by the state department of highways from the parkways authority pursuant to this section, they shall be paid into the state treasury by the commissioner of the department of highways and credited to the special highway fund, and shall be disbursed in the manner set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. The special highway fund shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the state road fund or as part of the general revenues of the state.

(b) The governor shall have the authority to transfer to the insurance fund created in section eight, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code, on any date or dates after the enactment of this section, up to thirtyfive million dollars of the funds received or earned by the special highway fund, which funds may be used and applied by the West Virginia economic development authority in the manner and to the extent set forth in article fifteen of said chapter thirty-one. On or before the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the economic development authority shall retransfer to the special highway fund the thirty-five million dollars advanced to the insurance fund pursuant to this section. All interest earned on the thirty-five million dollars while being held in the insurance fund shall remain in, and be the property of, said insurance fund.

43 (c) Upon the transfer of thirty-five million dollars to 44 the insurance fund as provided in subsection (b) of this 45 section, the Legislature shall annually appropriate all or 46 any part of the balance of the funds deposited in the 47 special highway fund for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, maintenance or repair of any 48 49 parkway project or projects: Provided. That all of such 50 funds shall be appropriated to (i) the upgrading or 51 addition of interchanges; (ii) the construction of express-52 ways or feeder roads; or (iii) the upgrading or construc-53 tion of information centers, visitors' centers, rest stops. 54 or any combination thereof, and that all such feeder 55 roads, expressways, interchanges, information centers. 56 visitors' centers or rest stops shall connect to the West 57 Virginia Turnpike and be within seventy-five air miles 58 of the West Virginia Turnpike as it existed on the 59 effective date of this legislation, or any subsequent 60 expressway, turnpike or feeder road constructed 61 pursuant to this subsection. The appropriation of funds pursuant to this subsection shall be expended on more 62 63 than one project.

§17-16A-24. Article deemed to provide additional and alternative methods.

1 This article shall be deemed to provide an additional 2 and alternative method for the doing of the things 3 authorized thereby, and shall be regarded as supple-4 mental and additional to powers conferred by other 5 laws, and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any 6 powers now existing. The issuance of special obligation bonds under the provisions of this article need not 7 comply with the requirements of any other law appli-8 cable to the issuance of bonds.

§17-16A-25. Additional powers of parkways authority; issuance of special obligation bonds.

1 (a) In addition to all powers granted by the foregoing 2 sections of this article, the parkways authority in 3 connection with a proceeding prosecuted to completion 4 under Title 11, United States Code, Secs. 401-403, as 5 permitted by subdivision (17), section six of this article 6 is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the

 issuance of special obligation bonds of the state for the purpose of exchanging such special obligation bonds for all bonds then outstanding which shall have been issued under the provisions of this article. Special obligation bonds issued under the provisions of this section shall not be deemed to constitute a debt of the state or of any political subdivision thereof or a pledge of the faith and credit of the state or of any such political subdivision, but such bonds shall be payable solely from the funds herein provided therefor from pledged property and income therefrom as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection. All such special obligation bonds shall contain on the face thereof a statement in accordance with the preceding sentence. The issuance of such bonds. the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties and obligations of the parkways authority in respect of the same shall be governed by the provisions of this article insofar as the same may be applicable with the following express exceptions:

- (1) The principal of and the interest on such special obligation bonds shall not be payable from tolls, rents, fees, charges or revenues of any parkway project but shall be payable solely from such other property purchased and pledged as security therefor as the parkways authority shall determine together with the income derived therefrom which other property may include direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are guaranteed by, the United States government or participation certificates or other obligations issued by or by authority of the United States government; and
- (2) Following the issuance of such special obligation bonds there shall be no obligation to fix, revise, charge and collect tolls for the use of any parkway project and any parkway project shall be transferred to the state department of highways and shall thereafter be maintained by the state department of highways free of tolls. At such time as the special obligation bonds are issued, then section eighteen of this article shall be of no further force and effect.

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- (b) Financial, legal, engineering and feasibility consultants may be employed to perform such services as the parkways authority shall deem necessary or desirable in connection with the Title 11 proceedings mentioned above and the issuance and exchange of the special obligation bonds.
- (c) The entire powers herein granted by this section to the parkways authority may be exercised by the state department of highways in which event the special obligation bonds herein authorized shall be executed by manual or facsimile signature by the governor and by the commissioner of the department of highways, and the official seal of the department of highways shall be affixed to or printed on each bond, and any coupons attached to such bonds shall bear the manual or facsimile signature of the commissioner of the state department of highways. In the event that the state department of highways shall elect to exercise the powers granted by this section, it shall file a statement to that effect in the office of the chairman of the parkways authority and in the office of the secretary of state, and upon the issuance of the special obligation bonds herein provided for, the state department of highways shall succeed immediately to the principal functions of the parkways authority and the parkways authority shall then be abolished.
- (d) The state department of highways is hereby empowered to acquire by purchase the parkways authority and all its rights-of-way, equipment, facilities and any and all other rights or interest the parkways authority has or had in any project, from any funds available to it, and to pay any expenses incident to such acquisition under the provisions of this article: *Provided*, That the contribution of the state department of highways in making such acquisition shall not exceed the sum of twenty million dollars from all sources of public moneys of the state of West Virginia, excluding any funds reimbursed or reimbursable or otherwise provided or to be provided by the federal government. No funds derived from the sale of the three hundred fifty million dollars bond issue authorized by the roads

89 development amendment shall be included in the 90 acquisition of the West Virginia Turnpike.

§17-16A-26. Annual report.

- The parkways authority shall prepare on an annual 1
- 2 basis and provide to each member of the West Virginia
- 3 Legislature who so requests an annual report detailing
- the financial condition and operations of the parkways 4
- authority. The parkways authority shall provide to the
- joint committee on government and finance any finan-6
- cial statements as may be required under any trust 7
- agreement to which the parkways authority is a party. 8

§17-16A-27. Exit awareness signs.

- 1 Consistent with applicable federal laws, rules and
- 2 regulations, the parkways authority shall develop and
- 3 prepare a uniform roadway sign identifying the avail-
- ability of restaurants, gas stations, hotel accommoda-4
- 5 tions and emergency services available off each exit of
- the West Virginia Turnpike. At every tourism project 6
- maintained or operated by the parkways authority and 7
- which is constructed after the effective date of this 8
- 9 legislation, and, to the extent permitted under the terms
- of the applicable lease, at every currently existing 10 service station, gas station, hotel or restaurant, garage 11
- or store maintained, operated or leased by the parkways 12
- 13 authority, the parkways authority shall at no charge or
- cost permit the placement of, in a conspicuous place, all 14
- reasonably sized advertising literature prepared and 15
- delivered by hotels, restaurants and other tourist 16
- attractions, whether public or private, located within 17
- the state of West Virginia. 18

§17-16A-28. Severability.

- 1 If any section, subsection, subdivision, subparagraph,
- sentence or clause of this article is adjudged to be 2
- unconstitutional or invalid, such adjudication shall not 3
- affect the validity of the remaining portions of this 4
- article, and, to this end, the provisions of this article are 5
- hereby declared to be severable.

§17-16A-29. Effective date.

- The provisions of this article as amended or added by
- 2 this act shall take effect on the first day of June, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

CHAPTER 188

(H. B. 2025-By Delegate Love)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twelvec, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuation of the interagency committee on pesticides.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twelve-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12C. INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE ON PESTICIDES.

§19-12C-3. Committee created; membership; chairman; continuation.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created an interagency committee
- 2 on pesticides to consist of the (1) commissioner of the
- 3 department of agriculture, (2) director of the depart-
- 4 ment of natural resources, (3) director of the department
- 5 of public health, (4) director of the West Virginia
- 6 University agricultural experiment station, and (5)
- 7 director of the air pollution control commission.
- The commissioner of agriculture shall be chairman of this committee. Each member of the committee may designate some person in his department to serve in his stead on the committee.
- 12 (b) After having conducted a performance and fiscal
- 13 audit through its joint committee on government
- 14 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter

- 15 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 16 declares that the interagency committee on pesticides
- 17 should be continued and reestablished. Accordingly,
- 18 notwithstanding the provisions of section four, article
- 19 ten, chapter four of this code, the interagency committee
- 20 on pesticides shall continue to exist until the first day
- 21 of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 189

(H. B. 2052—By Delegates Love and Ashley)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article sixteen-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, relating to continuation of the pesticides board of review.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article sixteen-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16A. PESTICIDES.

§19-16A-4a. Continuation of board.

- After having conducted a performance and fiscal audit through its joint committee on government
- 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 5 declares that the pesticides board of review should be
- 6 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-
- 7 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter
- 8 four of this code, the pesticides board of review shall
- 9 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred ninety-one.

CHAPTER 190

(H. B. 2053—By Delegates Love and Ashley)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing the department of corrections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTIONS.

§25-1-2. Reestablishment of department; findings.

- 1 After having conducted a performance and fiscal
- 2 audit through its joint committee on government
- 3 operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter
- 4 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and
- 5 declares that the department of corrections should be
- 6 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-
- 7 ing the provisions of section four, article ten, chapter
- 8 four of this code, the department of corrections shall
- 9 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred ninety.

CHAPTER 191

(H. B. 2054—By Delegates Love and Leggett)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article one-d, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to continuing membership in the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article one-d, chapter twenty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1D. OHIO RIVER VALLEY WATER SANITATION COMMISSION.

§29-1D-6. When article effective; findings; continuation.

- This article shall take effect and become operative and the compact be executed for and on behalf of this state only from and after the approval, ratification, and adoption, and entering into thereof by the states of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Virginia.
- After having conducted a performance and fiscal 6 7 audit through its joint committee on government operations, pursuant to section nine, article ten, chapter 8 four of this code, the Legislature hereby finds and 9 declares that West Virginia should remain a member of 10 the compact. Accordingly, notwithstanding the provi-11 sions of section four, article ten, chapter four of this 12 code. West Virginia shall continue to be a member of 13 this compact until the first day of July, one thousand 14 15 nine hundred ninety-four.

CHAPTER 192

(H. B. 2618-By Delegates Schoonover and M. Burke)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to assessment of corporate property; reports to assessor by corporation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

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ARTICLE 3. ASSESSMENTS GENERALLY.

§11-3-12. Assessment of corporate property; reports to assessor by corporations.

1 Each incorporated company, foreign or domestic, 2 having its principal office or chief place of business in 3 this state, or owning property subject to taxation in this 4 state, except railroad, telegraph and express companies, 5 telephone companies, pipeline, car line companies and 6 other public utility companies, banking institutions. 7 national banking associations, building and loan associ-8 ations, federal savings and loan associations and industrial loan companies, shall annually, between the 9 10 first day of the assessment year and the first day of 11 October, make a written report, verified by the oath of 12 the president or chief accounting officer, to the assessor of the county in which its principal office or chief place 13 of business is situated or in which such property subject 14 to taxation in this state is located if such corporation 15 does not have a principal office or chief place of business 16 in this state, showing the following items, viz: (a) The 17 amount of capital authorized to be employed by it: (b) 18 the amount of cash capital paid on each share of stock; 19 20 (c) the amount of credits and investments other than its own capital stock held by it on said date, with their true 21 and actual value; (d) the quantity, location and true and 22 23 actual value of all of its real estate, and the tax district or districts in which it is located; and (e) the kinds, 24 quantity and true and actual value of all its tangible 25 property in each tax district in which it is located. 26

The oath required for this section shall be substantially as follows, viz:

State of West Virginia. County of _____, ss: 29 I. _____, president (treasurer or 30 manager) of (here insert name of corporation), do 31 solemnly swear (or affirm) that the foregoing is, to the 32 best of my knowledge and judgment, true in all respects; 33 that it contains a statement of all the real estate and 34 personal property, including credits and investments 35 belonging to said corporation; that the value affixed to 36 such property is, in my opinion, its true and actual 37

38	value, by which I mean the price at which it would sell
39	if voluntarily offered for sale on such terms as are
40	usually employed in selling such property, and not the
41	price which might be realized at a forced or auction
42	sale; and said corporation has not, to my knowledge,
43	during the sixty-day period immediately prior to the
44	first day of the assessment year converted any of its
45	assets into nontaxable securities or notes or other
46	evidence of indebtedness for the purpose of evading the
47	assessment of taxes thereon; so help me, God.
48	
49	The officer administering such oath shall append
50	thereto the following certificate, viz:
51	Subscribed and sworn to before me by
52	this the day of,
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CHAPTER 193

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2703—By Delegates Mezzatesta and Murphy)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and three, article six-b, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the homestead property tax exemption; requiring an owner to legally reside in the state for the four consecutive taxable years and have paid taxes on any homestead in this state for the four consecutive taxable years prior to filing of exemption claim in order to receive such exemption and providing an exception thereto; requiring proof of residence; and defining legally resided.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and three, article six-b, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6B. HOMESTEAD PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION.

§11-6B-2. Definitions.

§11-6B-3. Twenty thousand dollar homestead exemption allowed.

§11-6B-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article, the term:
- 2 (1) "Assessed value" means the value of property as determined under article three of this chapter.
 - (2) "Claimant" means a person who is age sixty-five or older or who is certified as being permanently and totally disabled, and who owns a homestead that is used and occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for residential purposes.
 - (3) "Homestead" means a single family residential house, including a modular home, and the land surrounding such structure; or a mobile home regardless of whether the land upon which such mobile home is situated is owned or leased.
 - (4) "Legally resided" means the person shall have been domiciled in this state for more than six consecutive months of the taxable year.
 - (5) "Owner" means the person who is possessed of the homestead, whether in fee or for life. A person seized or entitled in fee subject to a mortgage or deed of trust securing a debt or liability shall be deemed the owner until the mortgagee or trustee takes possession, after which such mortgagee or trustee shall be deemed the owner. A person who has an equitable estate of freehold, or is a purchaser of a freehold estate who is in possession before transfer of legal title shall also be deemed the owner. Personal property mortgaged or pledged shall, for the purpose of taxation, be deemed the property of the party in possession.
 - (6) "Permanently and totally disabled" means a person who is unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental condition which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months.

- 36 (7) "Sixty-five years of age or older" includes a person 37 who attains the age of sixty-five on or before the 38 thirtieth day of June following the July first assessment 39 date.
- 40 (8) "Used and occupied exclusively for residential purposes" means that the property is used as an abode. 41 dwelling or habitat for more than six consecutive 42 43 months of the year by the owner and that the property 44 is used only as an abode, dwelling or habitat to the 45 exclusion of any commercial use: Provided. That this 46 six-month period shall not prevent a prior resident from 47 filing a claim to exemption in accordance with section 48 three, article six-b, chapter eleven of this code.
- 49 (9) "Tax year" means the calendar year following the 50 July first assessment day.

§11-6B-3. Twenty thousand dollar homestead exemption allowed.

1 (a) General.—An exemption from ad valorem prop-2 erty taxes shall be allowed for the first twenty thousand 3 dollars of assessed value of a homestead that is used and 4 occupied by the owner thereof exclusively for residential 5 purposes, when such owner is sixty-five years of age or 6 older or is certified as being permanently and totally disabled: Provided, That the owner has legally resided 7 8 in the state of West Virginia for the four consecutive taxable years and has paid taxes on any homestead in 9 this state for the four taxable years prior to filing a 10 11 claim for exemption: Provided, however, That when a resident of West Virginia establishes residency out of 12 13 West Virginia and subsequently returns and reestablishes residency in West Virginia within a period of five 14 years, such resident may file a claim for exemption 15 without regard to the requirement of four years 16 consecutive residency: Provided further, That such 17 resident show proof of residency including, but not 18 limited to, either a voter's registration card issued in 19 this state or a motor vehicles registration card issued in 20 this state. Only one exemption shall be allowed for each 21 22 homestead used and occupied exclusively for residential purposes by the owner thereof, regardless of the number 23 of qualified owners residing therein. 24

(b) Attachment of exemption.—This exemption shall attach to the homestead occupied by the qualified owner on the July first assessment date and shall be applicable to taxes for the following tax year. An exemption shall not be transferred to another homestead until the following July first. If the homestead of an owner qualified under this article is transferred by deed, will or otherwise, the twenty thousand dollar exemption shall be removed from the property on the next July first assessment date unless the new owner qualifies for the exemption.

CHAPTER 194

(S. B. 622—Originating in the Committee on Ways and Means)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two-e, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the business and occupation tax; providing definitions relating to net number of dekatherms injected and withdrawn from a storage reservoir and amending definition of storage reservoir; and amending the calculation of the rate of tax imposed on persons engaging or continuing in state in the gas storage business.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two-e, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

§11-13-1. Definitions.

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§11-13-2e. Business of gas storage; effective date.

§11-13-1. Definitions.

1 (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the

administration of this article, the terms defined in subsection (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used or by specific definition.

(b) Terms defined.

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- (1) "Person" or the term "company," herein used interchangeably, includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, trust or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
- (2) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of or title to property or electricity, whether for money or in exchange for other property.
- (3) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for any tax hereunder.
- (4) "Gross income" means the gross receipts of the taxpaver, received as compensation for personal services and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from trade, business, commerce or sales and the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible property (real or personal), or service, or both, and all receipts by reason of the investment of the capital of the business engaged in, including rentals, royalties, fees, reimbursed costs or expenses or other emoluments however designated and including all interest, carrying charges, fees or other like income, however denominated, derived by the taxpayer from repetitive carrying of accounts, in the regular course and conduct of his business, and extension of credit in connection with the sale of any tangible personal property or service, and without any deductions on account of the cost of property sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, taxes, royalties paid in cash or in kind or otherwise, interest or discount paid or any other expenses whatsoever.
 - (5) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value, whether

- in money or other property, actually proceeding from the sale of tangible property without any deduction on account of the cost of property sold or expenses of any kind.
 - (6) "Business" shall include all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, either direct or indirect. "Business" shall include the rendering of gas storage service by any person for the gain or economic benefit of any person, including, but not limited to, the storage operator, whether or not incident to any other business activity.
 - (7) "Gas" means either natural gas unmixed, or any mixture of natural and artificial gas or any other gas.
 - (8) "Storage reservoir" means that portion of any subterranean sand or rock stratum or strata into which gas has been injected for the purpose of storage prior to the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
 - (9) "Gas storage service" means the injection of gas into a storage reservoir, the storage of gas for any period of time in a storage reservoir, or the withdrawal of gas from a storage reservoir. Such gas may be owned by the storage operator or any other person.
 - (10) "Net number of dekatherms of gas injected" means the sum of the daily injection of dekatherms of gas in excess of the sum of the daily withdrawals of dekatherms of gas during a tax month.
 - (11) "Net number of dekatherms of gas withdrawn" means the sum of the daily withdrawal of dekatherms of gas in excess of the sum of the daily injection of dekatherms of gas during a tax month.
 - (12) "Gas storage operator" means any person who operates a storage reservoir or provides a storage service as defined herein, either as owner or lessee.
- 75 (13) "Month" or "tax month" means the calendar 76 month.
- 77 (14) "Dekatherm" means the thermal energy unit 78 equal to one million British thermal units (BTU's) or

- the equivalent of one thousand cubic feet of gas having a heating content of one thousand BTU's per cubic foot.
- 81 (15) "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the 82 fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the 83 basis of which tax liability is computed under this 84 article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made 85 for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of 86 this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax 87 commissioner, the period for which such return is made.

§11-13-2e. Business of gas storage; effective date.

- (a) Rate of tax.—Upon every person engaging or 1 2 continuing within this state in any gas storage business 3 utilizing one or more gas storage reservoirs located within this state, the tax imposed by section two of this 4 5 article shall be equal to five cents multiplied by the sum 6 of either (1) the net number of dekatherms of gas 7 injected into such a gas storage reservoir during a tax 8 month or (2) the net number of dekatherms of gas 9 withdrawn from such a gas storage reservoir during a 10 tax month, whichever is applicable for that month, whether or not such gas is owned by, or is injected or 11 12 withdrawn for, the storage operator or any other person. 13 Fractional parts of dekatherms shall be included in the measure of tax as provided in regulations promulgated 14 15 by the tax commissioner.
- 16 (b) Effective date.—The measure of tax under this section shall include gas injected into, or withdrawn from, a gas storage reservoir after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eightynine.

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(c) Administration; installment payments.—The tax due under this section shall be administered, collected and enforced as provided in this article and articles nine and ten of this chapter. The tax due under this section shall be remitted in periodic installments as provided in section four of this article, except that such periodic installment payments shall be remitted on or before the twentieth day of the month following the month or quarter in which the tax accrues.

CHAPTER 195

(H. B. 2716—By Delegates Whitt and Farley)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to sales tax returns and payment; and providing that certain amounts in the drunk driving prevention fund may be used by the department of public safety personal services for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

§11-15-16. Tax return and payment; exception.

1 The taxes levied by this article shall be due and payable in monthly installments, on or before the 2 3 fifteenth day of the month next succeeding the month in which the tax accrued. The taxpayer shall, on or 4 before the fifteenth day of each month, make out and 5 mail to the tax commissioner a return for the preceding 6 month, in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner, 7 showing: (a) The total gross proceeds of his business for 8 that month; (b) the gross proceeds of his business upon 9 10 which the tax is based; (c) the amount of the tax for which he is liable; and (d) any further information 11 necessary in the computation and collection of the tax 12 13 which the tax commissioner may require. A remittance for the amount of the tax shall accompany the return: 14 Provided, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 15 thirty of this article, any such tax collected by the 16 alcohol beverage control commissioner from persons or 17 organizations licensed under authority of article seven, 18

chapter sixty of this code shall be paid into a revolving 19 20 fund account in the state treasury, designated the drunk 21 driving prevention fund, to be administered by the 22 commission on drunk driving prevention, subject to 23 appropriations by the Legislature: Provided, however, 24 That any balances in the drunk driving prevention fund on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 25 eighty-nine, and all moneys received into such fund 26 27 during the fiscal year commencing the first day of July. one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, may, up to a 28 29 maximum of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, be used by the department of public safety for personal 30 services, employee benefits and unclassified expendi-31tures for the time period commencing the first day of 32 July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 33 ending the last day of June, one thousand nine hundred 34 ninety, subject to appropriation by the Legislature. A 35 monthly return shall be signed by the taxpayer or his 36 duly authorized agent. 37

CHAPTER 196

(H. B. 2711—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine, article twentyone, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the personal income tax and updating the meaning of certain terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine, article twenty-one, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-9. Meaning of terms.

1 Any term used in this article shall have the same

2 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the United States relating to income taxes. 3 unless a different meaning is clearly required. Any 4 5 reference in this article to the laws of the United States 6 shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 7 of 1986, as amended, and such other provisions of the 8 laws of the United States as relate to the determination 9 of income for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws of the United States prior to 10 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 11 eighty-nine, shall be given effect in determining the 12 taxes imposed by this article for any taxable year 13 beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine 14 hundred eighty-eight, or thereafter, but no amendment 15 16 to the laws of the United States made on or after the 17 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-18 nine, shall be given effect.

CHAPTER 197

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 189—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article twenty-two, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increase of county excise tax on transfer of real estate; requiring county commission to approve increase; and requiring notice of meeting at which such increase is to be considered.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article twenty-two, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. EXCISE TAX ON PRIVILEGE OF TRANSFERRING REAL PROPERTY.

§11-22-2. Rate of tax; when and by whom payable; additional county tax.

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Every person who delivers, accepts or presents for recording any document, or in whose behalf any document is delivered, accepted or presented for recording, shall be subject to pay for and in respect to the transaction or any part thereof, a state excise tax upon the privilege of transferring title to real estate at the rate of one dollar and ten cents for each five hundred dollars' value or fraction thereof as represented by such document as defined in section one hereof, which state tax shall be payable at the time of delivery, acceptance or presenting for recording of such document.

Effective January first, one thousand nine hundred sixty-eight and thereafter, there is hereby imposed an additional county excise tax for the privilege of transferring title to real estate at the rate of fifty-five cents for each five hundred dollars' value or fraction thereof as represented by such document as defined in section one hereof, which county tax shall be payable at the time of delivery, acceptance or presenting for recording of such document: Provided, That after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the county may increase said excise tax to an amount equal to the state excise tax. The additional tax hereby imposed is declared to be a county tax and to be used for county purposes: Provided, however, That only one such state tax and one such county tax shall be paid on any one document and shall be collected in the county where the document is first admitted to record, and the same shall be paid by the grantor therein unless the grantee accepts the same without such tax having been paid, in which event such tax shall be paid by the grantee: Provided further, That on any transfer of real property from a trustee or a county clerk transferring real estate sold for taxes, such tax shall be paid by the grantee.

The county excise tax imposed under this section may not be increased in any county unless the increase is approved by a majority vote of the members of the county commission of such county. Any county commission intending to increase the excise tax imposed in its county shall publish a notice of its intention to increase

- 42 such tax not less than thirty days nor more than sixty
- 43 days prior to the meeting at which such increase will
- 44 be considered, such notice to be published as a Class I
- 45 legal advertisement in compliance with the provisions of
- 46 article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code, and the
- 47 publication area shall be the county in which such
- 48 county commission is located.

CHAPTER 198

(H. B. 2712—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the business franchise tax; updating the meaning of certain terms; expanding and clarifying certain definitions; and providing the tax commissioner authority to determine additional items in capital so that income is properly reflected.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and three-a, article twenty-three, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

§11-23-3. Meaning of terms; specific terms defined.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.

§11-23-3. Meaning of terms; specific terms defined.

- 1 (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the
- 2 administration of this article, terms defined in this 3 section shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein
- 3 section shall have the meanings ascribed to them herein
- 4 unless a different meaning is clearly required by either
- 5 the context in which the term is used, or by specific
- 6 definition in this article.

7 (b) Terms defined.

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- 8 (1) Business income.—The term "business income"
 9 means income arising from transactions and activity in
 10 the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business
 11 and includes income from tangible and intangible
 12 property if the acquisition, management and disposition
 13 of the property constitute integral parts of the taxpay14 er's regular trade or business operations.
- 15 (2) Capital.—The term "capital" of a taxpayer shall 16 mean:
 - (A) Corporations.—In the case of a corporation, except an electing small business corporation, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the sum of the following entries from Schedule L of Federal Form 1120, prepared following generally accepted accounting principles and as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year:
- 25 (i) The value of all common stock and preferred stock of the taxpayer;
- 27 (ii) The amount of paid-in or capital surplus;
- 28 (iii) The amount of retained earnings, appropriated 29 and unappropriated;
 - (iv) Less the cost of treasury stock.
 - (B) S Corporations.—In the case of an electing small business corporation, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the sum of the following entries from Schedule L of Federal Form 1120S, prepared following generally accepted accounting principles and as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year:
- 38 (i) The value of all common stock and preferred stock 39 of the taxpayer;
- 40 (ii) The amount of paid-in or capital surplus;
- 41 (iii) Retained earnings, appropriated and 42 unappropriated;

- (iv) The amount of shareholders' undistributed taxable income;
- 45 (v) The amount of the accumulated adjustments 46 account;
 - (vi) The amount of the other adjustments account;
- 48 (vii) Less the cost of treasury stock.
 - (C) Partnerships.—In the case of a partnership, the average of the beginning and ending year balances of the value of partner's capital accounts from Schedule L of Federal Form 1065, prepared following accepted accounting principles and as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service for the taxable year.
 - (D) Additional items in capital.—The term "capital" for purposes of this article shall include such adjustments thereto as the tax commissioner deems necessary to properly reflect capital and such additional items from the accounts of the taxpayer as the tax commissioner may by regulation prescribe, which fairly represent the net equity of the taxpayer as defined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (E) Allowance for certain government obligations and obligations secured by residential property.—As to both corporations and partnerships, capital shall be multiplied by a fraction equal to one minus a fraction:
 - (i) The numerator of which is the average of the monthly beginning and ending account balances during the taxable year (account balances to be determined at cost in the same manner that such obligations, investments and loans are reported on Schedule L of the Federal Form 1120 or Federal Form 1065) of the following:
 - (I) Obligations and securities of the United States, or of any agency, authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and any other corporation or entity created under the authority of the United States Congress for the purpose of implementing or furthering an objective of national policy;

- 81 (II) Obligations of this state and any political subdi-82 vision of this state;
- 83 (III) Investments or loans primarily secured by 84 mortgages, or deeds of trust, on residential property 85 located in this state and occupied by nontransients; and

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- (IV) Loans primarily secured by a lien or security agreement on residential property in the form of a mobile home, modular home or double-wide, located in this state and occupied by nontransients.
- (ii) The denominator of which is the average of the monthly beginning and ending account balances of the total assets of the taxpayer as shown on Schedule L of Federal Form 1120, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service or, in the case of partnerships, Schedule L of Federal Form 1065, as filed by the taxpayer with the Internal Revenue Service.
- (3) Commercial domicile.—The term "commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed.
- (4) Commissioner or tax commissioner.—The terms "commissioner" or "tax commissioner" are used interchangeably herein and mean the tax commissioner of the state of West Virginia, or his delegate.
 - (5) Compensation.—The term "compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal services.
- 108 (6) Corporation.—The term "corporation" includes 109 any corporations, S corporation, joint-stock company 110 and any association or other organization which is 111 taxable as a corporation under federal income tax laws 112 or the income tax laws of this state.
 - (7) Delegate.—The term "delegate" in the phrase "or his delegate," when used in reference to the tax commissioner, means any officer or employee of the state tax department duly authorized by the tax commissioner directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority, to perform the functions

mentioned or described in this article or regulations promulgated thereunder.

(8) Doing business.—The term "doing business" means any activity of a corporation or partnership which enjoys the benefits and protection of the government and laws of this state, except the activity of agriculture and farming, which shall mean the production of food, fiber and woodland products (but not timbering activity) by means of cultivation, tillage of the soil and by the conduct of animal, livestock, dairy, apiary, equine or poultry husbandry, horticulture, or any other plant or animal production and all farm practices related, usual or incidental thereto, including the storage, packing, shipping and marketing, but not including any manufacturing, milling or processing of such products by persons other than the producer thereof.

The activity of agriculture and farming shall mean such activity, as above defined, occurring on not less than five acres of land and the improvements thereon, used in the production of the aforementioned activities, and shall mean the production of at least one thousand dollars of products per annum through the conduct of such principal business activities as set forth in section ten, article one-a, chapter eleven of this code.

- (9) Domestic corporation.—The term "domestic corporation" means a corporation organized under the laws of this state, and certain corporations organized under the laws of the state of Virginia before the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred sixty-three. Every other corporation is a foreign corporation.
- (10) Federal Form 1120.—The term "Federal Form 1120" means the annual federal income tax return of any corporation made pursuant to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a corporation, and filed with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In the case of a corporation that elects to file a federal income tax return as part of an affiliated group, but files as a separate corporation under this article, then as to such

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corporation Federal Form 1120 means its pro forma Federal Form 1120.

- (11) Federal Form 1065.—The term "Federal Form 1065" means the annual federal income tax return of a partnership made pursuant to Section 6031 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended or renumbered, or in successor provisions of the laws of the United States, in respect to the taxable income of a partnership, and filed with the federal Internal Revenue Service.
- (12) Fiduciary.—The term "fiduciary" means, and includes, a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity for any person.
- (13) Financial organization.—The term "financial organization" includes any bank, banking association, trust company, industrial loan company, small loan company or licensee, building and loan association, savings and loan association, finance company, investment company, investment broker or dealer, and any other similar business organization at least ninety percent of the assets of which consist of intangible personal property and at least ninety percent of the gross receipts of which consist of dividends, interest and other charges derived from the use of money or credit.
- (14) Fiscal year.—The term "fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on any day other than the last day of December, and on the basis of which the taxpayer is required to report for federal income tax purposes.
- (15) Includes and including.—The term "includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this article shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.
- (16) Parent and subsidiary corporations.—A corporation which owns on average during the taxable year more than fifty percent of the stock of all classes of another corporation is defined to be the "parent corporation" and the corporation which is so owned by the parent is defined to be a "subsidiary corporation."

- 199 (17) Partnership and partner.—The term "partner-200 ship" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture or 201 other unincorporated organization through or by means 202 of which any business, financial operation or venture is 203 carried on, and which is not a trust or estate, a 204 corporation or a sole proprietorship or an unincorpo-205 rated organization which under Section 761 of the 206 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is not 207 treated as a partnership for the taxable year for federal 208 income tax purposes. The term "partner" includes a 209 member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture 210 or other unincorporated organization which is a 211 partnership.
- 212 (18) Person.—The term "person" includes any corpo-213 ration or partnership.
- 214 (19) Pro forma return.—The term "pro forma return"
 215 when used in this article means the return which the
 216 taxpayer would have filed with the Internal Revenue
 217 Service had it not elected to file federally as part of a
 218 consolidated group.
- 219 (20) Sales.—The term "sales" means all gross receipts 220 of the taxpayer that are "business income," as defined 221 in this section.
- 222 (21) State.—The term "state" means a state of the 223 United States, the District of Columbia, the Common-224 wealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of 225 the United States, and any foreign country or political 226 subdivision thereof.

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- (22) Stock.—The term "stock" includes shares in a corporation, association or joint-stock company. It shall not include nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends, or treasury stock. "Stock owned by a corporation" shall include stock owned directly by such corporation and stock which is subject to an option to acquire stock.
- (23) Taxable year.—The term "taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in

- case of a return made for a fractional part of a year (short taxable year) under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.
- 242 (24) Taxable in another state.—The term "taxable in another state" for purposes of apportionment under this article, means a taxpayer who:
- 245 (A) Is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax 246 measured by net income, a franchise tax for the 247 privilege of doing business or a corporate stock tax; or
- 248 (B) Would be subject to a net income tax if such other 249 state imposed such a tax.
- 250 (25) Taxpayer.—The term "taxpayer" means any 251 person (as defined in this section) subject to the tax 252 imposed by this article.
- 253 (26) This code.—The term "this code" means the code 254 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, 255 as amended.
- 256 (27) This state.—The term "this state" means the state 257 of West Virginia.
- 258 (28) Treasury stock.—The term "treasury stock"
 259 means shares of a corporation which have been issued
 260 and have been subsequently acquired by and belong to
 261 such corporation, and have not been canceled or restored
 262 to the status of authorized but unissued shares. Treasury
 263 stock is deemed to be issued shares, but not outstanding
 264 shares.

§11-23-3a. Meaning of terms; general rule.

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1 Any term used in this article shall have the meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the 2 United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a 3 different meaning is clearly required by the context or 4 5 by definition of this article. Any reference in this article to the laws of the United States, or to the Internal 6 Revenue Code, or to the federal income tax law shall 7 mean the provisions of the laws of the United States as 8 related to the determination of income for federal 9

income tax purposes. All amendments made to the laws

- 11 of the United States prior to the first day of January.
- 12 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be given
- 13 effect in determining the taxes imposed by this article
- 14 for the tax period beginning the first day of January.
- one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and thereafter, 15
- 16 but no amendment to laws of the United States made
- 17 on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine
- 18 hundred eighty-nine, shall be given effect.

CHAPTER 199

(H. B. 2709-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk. By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article twentyfour, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the corporation net income tax and updating the meaning of certain terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article twenty-four, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, he amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-3. Meaning of terms; general rule.

- (a) Any term used in this article shall have the same 1
- meaning as when used in a comparable context in the 2 laws of the United States relating to federal income
- 3 taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly required by
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- the context or by definition in this article. Any reference 5
- in this article to the laws of the United States shall mean 6
- the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. as 7
- amended, and such other provisions of the laws of the 8 United States as relate to the determination of income
- 9 for federal income tax purposes. All amendments made 10
- to the laws of the United States prior to the first day 11
- of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 12
- shall be given effect in determining the taxes imposed 13

- 14 by this article for any taxable year beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight. 15
- and thereafter, but no amendment to the laws of the 16
- 17 United States effective on or after the first day of
- 18 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall
- 19 be given any effect.

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- (b) The term "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the Internal Revenue Code of the United States enacted by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" and includes the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, and in effect when the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986" was enacted, that were not amended or repealed by the "Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986." Except when inappropriate, any references in any law, executive order, or other document:
 - (1) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 shall include reference to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and
 - (2) To the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall include a reference to the provisions of law formerly known as the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

CHAPTER 200

(S. B. 481—Originating in the Committee on Ways and Means)

[Passed April 4, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-four, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, relating to the corporation net income tax; providing special rules for motor carriers to apportion their business income; permitting tax commissioner to specify other special formula or formulae: and providing effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-four, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-a, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-7a. Special apportionment rules.

(a) General.—The Legislature hereby finds that the 2 general formula set forth in section seven of this article 3 for apportioning the business income of corporations 4 taxable in this as well as in another state is inapprop-5 riate for use by certain businesses due to the particular 6 characteristics of those businesses or the manner in 7 which such businesses are conducted. Accordingly, the 8 general formula set forth in section seven of this article 9 may not be used to apportion business income when a 10 specific formula established under this section applies 11 to the business of the taxpayer. The Legislature further 12 finds that the tax commissioner has the authority under 13 chapter eleven of this code to promulgate by legislative 14 regulations special formula or formulae by which a 15 specified classification of taxpavers is required to 16 apportion its business income. Accordingly, this section 17 shall not be construed as prohibiting the tax commis-18 sioner from exercising his authority to promulgate 19 legislative regulations which set forth such other special 20 formula or formulae and in that regulation requiring a 21 specified classification of taxpayers to apportion their 22 business income as provided in that special formula, 23 instead of apportioning their business income employing the general formula set forth in section seven of this 24 article, when he believes that such formula or formulae 25 26 will more fairly and more reasonably allocate and 27 apportion to this state the adjusted federal taxable income of the taxpayer. Additionally, nothing in this 28 section shall prevent the tax commissioner from 29 requiring the use, or the taxpayer from petitioning to 30 use, as the case may be, some other method of allocation 31 or apportionment as provided in subsection (h), section 32 seven of this article. Permission granted to a taxpayer 33 under subsection (h), section seven of this article to use 34 another method of allocation or apportionment shall be 35

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valid for a period of five consecutive taxable years, beginning with the taxable year for which such authorization is granted, provided there is no material change of fact or law which materially affects the fairness and reasonableness of the result reached under such other method of allocation or apportionment. Upon expiration of any such authorization the taxpayer may again petition under section seven of this article to use another method of apportionment. A material change of fact or law which materially affects the fairness and reasonableness of the result reached under such other method of allocation or apportionment automatically revokes authorization to use that other method beginning with the taxable year in which the material change of fact occurred or the taxable year for which a material change in law first takes effect, whichever occurs first.

- (b) Motor carriers.-Motor carriers of property or passengers shall apportion the business income component of their adjusted federal taxable income to this state by the use of the ratio which their total vehicle miles in this state during the taxable year bears to total vehicle miles of the corporation everywhere during the taxable year, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.
- (1) Definitions.—For purposes of this subsection (b):
 - (A) "Motor carrier" means any person engaging in the transportation of passengers or property or both, for compensation by motor propelled vehicle over roads in this state, whether traveling on a scheduled route or otherwise.
 - (B) "Vehicle mile" means the operation of a motor carrier over a distance of one mile, whether owned or operated by a corporation.
- (2) The provisions of this subsection (b) shall not apply to a motor carrier: 70
 - (A) Which neither owns nor rents real or tangible personal property located in this state, which has made no pick-ups or deliveries within this state, and which has traveled less than fifty thousand vehicle miles in this state during the taxable year; or

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(B) Which neither owns nor rents any real or tangible personal property located in this state, except vehicles, and which makes no more than twelve trips into or through this state during a taxable year.

The mileage traveled under fifty thousand miles or the mileage traveled in this state during the twelve trips into or through this state may not represent more than five percent of the total motor vehicle miles traveled in all states during the taxable year.

- (c) The manner in which the taxpayer is required or permitted to apportion its business income under this article does not control or otherwise affect how that taxpayer apportions its capital for purposes of the business franchise tax imposed by article twenty-three of this chapter.
- 91 (d) Effective date.—The provisions of this section shall 92 apply to all taxable years beginning on or after the first 93 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, 94 and to all years that begin prior to that date which are 95 still open to audit and assessment.

CHAPTER 201

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 303—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, J. Manchin, Jones and Loehr)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; to amend and reenact section nine, article twelve of said chapter; to amend article thirteen-d of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; to amend and reenact sections two, four-b, seven, eight-a, nine, nine-b, nine-c, nine-d, eighteen and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; to amend and reenact sections three-b, three-c, three-d and twenty-

nine, article fifteen-a of said chapter: to further amend said article fifteen-a by adding thereto two new sections. designated sections two-a and six-a: to amend and reenact section twelve, article twenty-one of said chapter; to amend article twenty-four of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section ninec; and to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter seventeen of said code, all relating to the Tax Act of 1989; allowing tax commissioner to be represented by staff attorneys in legal proceedings; limiting the penalty for failure to renew business registration certificates; allowing credit for research and development projects to be applied against corporation net income taxes: amending definitions of terms used in consumers sales tax; making purchaser liable for payment of sales tax due that was not paid to vendor; equalizing sales tax burden on property use in business as between integrated and nonintegrated businesses; providing transition rules; requiring registration of security for payment of sales tax and from nonresident contractors: amending existing exemptions from sales tax and adding several new exemptions; providing methods for claiming exemptions; making issuance of direct pay permits discretionary; combining consumers sales tax and use tax direct pay permit returns; providing rules for filing such returns; dedicating sales tax on aviation fuel to state aeronautical commission for use to obtain federal funds for airports; specifying effective dates; equalizing use tax burden on property in business as between integrated used nonintegrated businesses: providing methods for claiming use tax exemptions; making issuance of direct pay permits discretionary; combining use tax, direct pay permit and sales tax direct pay permits to be combined and providing return due dates; requiring certain other out-of-state retailers to collect use taxes on sales of property or taxable services to customers in this state; specifying effective dates; providing additional adjustments to federal adjusted gross income for personal income tax purposes; allowing credit against corporation net income taxes for research and development expenditures; amending definition of "road", "public road" and "highway"; making other technical corrections; and specifying effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia. one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten-a; that section nine, article twelve of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article thirteen-d of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b; that sections two, four-b, seven, eight-a, nine, nine-b, nine-c, nine-d, eighteen and thirty-three, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section. designated section eight-b; that sections three-b, three-c, threed and twenty-nine, article fifteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections two-a and sixa: that section twelve, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-c: and that section three, article one, chapter seventeen be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 11. Taxation.
- 17. Roads and Highways.

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 10. Procedure and Administration.
- 12. Business Registration Tax.
- 13D. Business and Occupation Tax Credit for Industrial Expansion and Revitalization and for Research and Development Projects.
- Consumers Sales Tax.
- 15.A. Use Tax.
- 21. Personal Income Tax.
- 24. Corporation Net Income Tax.

ARTICLE 10. PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION.

§11-10-10a. Legal services.

- 1 Notwithstanding anything in this code to the contrary,
- 2 the tax commissioner may utilize any full-time attorney

- 3 or attorneys employed by the tax department as staff
- 4 counsel to institute, prosecute, or defend any suits,
- actions, or other legal proceedings, and it shall be in the 5
- sole judgment and discretion of the tax commissioner
- whether to utilize such staff attorney or attorneys or the 7
- 8 attorney general, whether on a case by case basis or for
- all of the needs of the department for legal services: 9
- Provided. That nothing contained herein may be 10
- construed to authorize the administrator to engage, hire 11
- or employ outside counsel without first obtaining the
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- 13 permission of the attorney general.

ARTICLE 12. BUSINESS REGISTRATION TAX.

§11-12-9. Penalties.

- 1 In addition to the provisions of article ten of this
- chapter, any person engaging in or prosecuting any 2
- 3 business contrary to the provisions of this article,
- whether without obtaining a business registration 4
- certificate therefor before commencing the same, or by 5
- continuing the same after the termination of the 6
- 7 effective period of any such certificate may, in addition
- 8 to paying the business registration tax, additions to tax,
- penalties and interest, be liable for a penalty of fifty 9
- dollars for each month or fraction thereof during which 10
- he has been in default of the business registration tax. 11
- It shall be the duty of the tax commissioner to collect 12
- the full amount of the business registration tax, 13
- additions to tax, interest, and all penalties imposed: 14
- Provided, That in no event may the total penalty for 15
- failure to renew a business registration certificate 16
- exceed fifty dollars per registration certificate. 17

ARTICLE 13D. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CREDIT FOR INDUSTRIAL EXPANSION AND REVITALIZA-TION AND FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT PROJECTS.

§11-13D-3b. Application of credit after June 30, 1989.

- For taxable years ending on and after the first day 1
- 2 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the
- credits allowed under section three shall continue to be 3
- applied as provided in section three-a. In addition, the 4
- credit allowed under subsection (f) of section three that 5

- 6 remains after its application as provided in section
- 7 three-a of this article shall be applied to reduce the tax
- 8 imposed by article twenty-four of this chapter: Provided,
- 9 That this credit may not reduce by more than fifty
- 10 percent the amount of the net tax liability of the
- 11 taxpayer for the taxable year under article twenty-four
- 12 of this chapter, which amount of net tax liability shall
- 13 be determined before application of the credit allowed
- 14 by article thirteen-c of this chapter.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

- §11-15-2. Definitions.
- §11-15-4b. Liability of purchaser; assessment and collection.
- §11-15-7. Tax on gross proceeds of sales or value of manufactured, etc., products.
- §11-15-8a. Contractors.
- §11-15-8b. Nonresident contractor-Registration, bond, etc.
- §11-15-9. Exemptions.
- §11-15-9b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.
- §11-15-9c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.
- §11-15-9d. Direct pay permits.
- §11-15-18. Tax on gasoline and special fuel.
- §11-15-33. Effective date.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purpose of this article:
- 2 (a) "Persons" means any individual, partnership,
- 3 association, corporation, state or its political subdivi-
- 4 sions or agency of either, guardian, trustee, committee,
- 5 executor or administrator.
- 6 (b) "Tax commissioner" means the state tax commissioner;
- 8 (c) "Gross proceeds" means the amount received in money, credits, property or other consideration from
- 9 money, credits, property or other consideration from 10 sales and services within this state, without deduction
- on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid for
- 12 interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever.
- 13 Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund
- 14 made for goods returned may be deducted.
- 15 (d) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of
- 16 the possession or ownership of tangible personal

- 17 property for a consideration, including a lease or rental.
- 18 when the transfer or delivery is made in the ordinary
- 19 course of the transferor's business and is made to the 20 transferee or his agent for consumption or use or any
- 21 other purpose.

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- 22 (e) "Vendor" means any person engaged in this state 23 in furnishing services taxed by this article or making 24 sales of tangible personal property.
 - (f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" means a person who uses or consumes services or personal property.
 - (g) "Business" includes all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of the state and its political subdivisions which involve sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of services when those service activities compete with or may compete with the activities of other persons.
 - (h) "Tax" includes all taxes, interest and penalties levied hereunder.
 - (i) "Service" or "selected service" includes all nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a service as distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but shall not include contracting, personal services or the services rendered by an employee to his employer or any service rendered for resale.
 - (j) "Purchaser" means a person who purchases tangible personal property or a service taxed by this article.
 - (k) "Personal service" includes those:
 - (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the ordinary course of employment:
 - (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without, at the same time, selling tangible personal property, such as nursing, barbering, shoe shining, manicuring and similar services.
 - (l) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for the tax imposed by this article.

- 55 (m) "Drugs" includes all sales of drugs or appliances 56 to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or 57 dentist and any other professional person licensed to 58 prescribe.
 - (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources means used or consumed in those activities or operations which constitute an integral and essential part of such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished from those activities or operations which are simply incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.
 - (2) Uses of property or consumption of services which constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources includes only:
 - (A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product resulting from manufacturing production or the production of natural resources;
 - (B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other change upon property undergoing manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- 79 (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing 80 transportation, communication, transmission, manufac-81 turing production, or production of natural resources;
 - (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (E) Physically controlling or directing the physical movement or operation of property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of property undergoing transportation, communication,

- 92 transmission, manufacturing production or production 93 of natural resources;
- 94 (G) Producing energy for property directly used in 95 transportation, communication, transmission, manufac-96 turing production or production of natural resources;
- 97 (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam 98 or electricity from the point of their diversion to 99 property directly used in transportation, communica-100 tion, transmission, manufacturing production or produc-101 tion of natural resources;

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- (I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric conditions required for transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- (J) Serving as an operating supply for property undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, or for property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- (K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- (L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources;
 - (M) Pollution control or environmental quality or protection activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources and personnel, plant, product or community safety or security activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, transmission or the production of natural resources; or
- 127 (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential 128 part of transportation, communication, transmission, 129 manufacturing production or production of natural 130 resources.

- 130 (3) Uses of property or services which would not
- 131 constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of
- 132 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communi-
- 133 cation or the production of natural resources includes.
- 134 but are not limited to:
- 135 (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings:
- 136 (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities:
- 137 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;
- 138 (D) Production planning, scheduling of work, or 139 inventory control:
- 140 (E) Marketing, general management, supervision,
- 141 finance, training, accounting and administration; or
- 142 (F) An activity or function incidental or convenient to
- 143 transportation, communication, transmission, manufac-
- turing production or production of natural resources. 144
- 145 rather than an integral and essential part of such
- 146 activities.
- 147 (o) "Contracting."
- 148 (1) In general,—"Contracting" means and includes the
- furnishing of work, or both materials and work, for 149
- another (by a sole contractor, general contractor, prime 150
- contractor or subcontractor) in fulfillment of a contract 151
- for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or 152
- 153 improvement of a new or existing building or structure,
- 154 or any part thereof, or for removal or demolition of a
- 155 building or structure, or any part thereof, or for the
- 156 alteration, improvement or development of real
- 157 property.
- (2) Form of contract not controlling.—An activity that 158
- falls within the scope of the definition of contracting 159
- shall constitute contracting regardless of whether such 160
- contract governing the activity is written or verbal and 161
- regardless of whether it is in substance or form a lump
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- sum contract, a cost-plus contract, a time and materials 163
- contract (whether or not open-ended), or any other kind 164
- of construction contract. 165

- 166 (3) Special rules.—For purposes of this definition:
- (A) The term "structure" includes, but is not limited to, everything built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner and attached or affixed to real property, or which adds utility to real property or any part thereof, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of property and is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.
- 174 (B) The term "alteration" means and is limited to 175 alterations which are capital improvements to a build-176 ing or structure or to real property.

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- (C) The term "repair" means and is limited to repairs which are capital improvements to a building or structure or to real property.
- (D) The term "decoration" means and is limited to decorations which are capital improvements to a building or structure or to real property.
- (E) The term "improvement" means and is limited to improvements which are capital improvements to a building or structure or to real property.
- (F) The term "capital improvement" means improvements that are affixed to or attached to and become a part of a building or structure or the real property or which add utility to real property or any part thereof and that last, or are intended to be relatively permanent. As used herein, "relatively permanent" means lasting at least a year or longer in duration without the necessity for regularly scheduled recurring service to maintain such capital improvement. "Regular recurring service" means regularly scheduled service intervals of less than one year.
- (G) Contracting does not include the furnishing of work, or both materials and work in the nature of hookup, connection, installation or other services if such service is incidental to the retail sale of tangible personal property from the service provider's inventory: *Provided*, That such hookup, connection or installation of the foregoing is incidental to the sale of the same and performed by the seller thereof or performed in

205 accordance with arrangements made by the seller 206 thereof. Examples of transactions that are excluded 207 from the definition of contracting pursuant hereto 208 include, but are not limited to, the sale of wall-to-wall 209 carpeting and the installation of wall-to-wall carpeting. 210 the sale, hookup, and connection of mobile homes. window air conditioning units, dishwashers, clothing 211 212 washing machines or dryers, other household applian-213 ces, drapery rods, window shades, venetian blinds, 214 canvas awnings, free standing industrial or commercial 215 equipment and other similar items of tangible personal 216 property. Repairs made to the foregoing are within the 217 definition of contracting if such repairs involve perman-218 ently affixing to or improving real property or some-219 thing attached thereto which extends the life of the real 220 property or something affixed thereto or allows or is 221 intended to allow such real property or thing perman-222 ently attached thereto to remain in service for a year 223 or longer.

(p) "Manufacturing" means a systematic operation or integrated series of systematic operations engaged in as a business or segment of a business which transforms or converts tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed.

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- (q) "Transportation" means the act or process of conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or goods from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location.
- (r) "Transmission" means the act or process of causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be conveyed from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location through a pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.
- (s) "Communication" means all telephone, radio, light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other communication or means of communication, whether used for voice communication, computer data transmission or other encoded symbolic information transfers

- and shall include commercial broadcast radio, commercial broadcast television and cable television.
- 248 (t) "Production of natural resources" means the 249 performance, by either the owner of the natural 250 resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, 251 developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession 252 and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial 253 use of any natural resource products and any reclama-254 tion, waste disposal or environmental activities asso-255 ciated therewith.

§11-15-4b. Liability of purchaser; assessment and collection.

1 If any purchaser refuses or otherwise does not pay to 2 the vendor the tax imposed by section three of this 3 article, or in the case of a sale subject to section nine-4 c of this article, a purchaser refuses to sign and present 5 to the vendor a proper certificate indicating the sale is 6 not subject to this tax, or signs or presents to the vendor 7 a false certificate, or after signing and presenting a 8 proper certificate uses the items purchased in such 9 manner that the sale would be subject to the tax, he 10 shall be personally liable for the amount of tax appli-11 cable to the transaction or transactions: Provided. That 12 nothing herein relieves any purchaser who owes the tax 13 and who has not paid the tax imposed by section three 14 of this article from liability therefor.

In such cases the tax commissioner has authority to make an assessment against such purchaser, based upon any information within his possession or that may come into his possession. This assessment and notice thereof shall be made and given in accordance with sections seven and eight, article ten of this chapter.

This section may not be construed as relieving the vendor from liability for the tax.

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§11-15-7. Tax on gross proceeds of sales or value of manufactured, etc., products.

(a) A person exercising the privilege of producing for sale, profit or commercial use, any natural resources, product or manufactured product, and either engaged in the business of selling such product not otherwise

5 exempted herein, or engaged in a business or activity 6 in which such natural resource, product or manufac-7 tured product is used or consumed by him and such use 8 or consumption is not otherwise exempt under this 9 article, shall make returns of the gross proceeds of such 10 sales or, in the absence of sale, the gross value of the 11 natural resource, product or manufactured product, so 12 used or consumed by him, and pay the tax imposed by 13 this article.

- (b) The tax commissioner shall promulgate such uniform and equitable rules as he deems necessary for determining the gross value upon which the tax imposed by this article is levied in the absence of a sale, which value shall correspond as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or character by the same person or by another person.
- 21 (c) The provisions of this section, as amended by this 22 act, shall apply to natural resources, products or 23 manufactured products, used or consumed by the 24 producer or manufacturer thereof on or after the first 25 day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§11-15-8a. Contractors.

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- (a) The provisions of this article shall not apply to contracting services. However, purchases by a contractor of tangible personal property or taxable services for use or consumption in the providing of a contracting service shall be taxable beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, except as otherwise provided in this article.
- 8 (b) Transition rules.—The exemption from payment 9 of tax on purchases of tangible personal property or 10 taxable services directly used or consumed in the 11 activity of contracting, as defined in section two of this 12 article, which expires as of the first day of March, one 13 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall nevertheless 14 remain in effect with respect to:
- 15 (1) Tangible personal property or taxable services 16 purchased by a contractor on or after said first day of 17 March in fulfillment of a written contract for contract-

 ing, as defined in section two of this article, that was executed and legally binding on the parties thereto on or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; or in fulfillment of a written contract entered into after the said fifteenth day of February pursuant to a written bid for contracting that was made on or before the said fifteenth day of February that was binding on the contractor, but only to the extent that the bid is subsequently incorporated into a written contract; or

- (2) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor on or after the said first day of March pursuant to a written contract executed on or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to purchase in specified quantities identified tangible personal property or specified taxable services; or
- (3) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor for consumption or use in fulfillment of a written contract entered into before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, when such contract is for the construction of a new improvement to real property the construction or operation of which was approved by a federal or state regulatory body prior to the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, or pursuant to a federal grant awarded prior to such first day of February.
- (c) Renewals and extensions.—A renewal of any contract shall constitute a new contract for purposes of this section, and the date of entry into a contract renewal by the parties, the date or dates of tender of consideration and the time of performance of any contractual obligations under a renewed contract shall be treated as the dates for determining application of this section to the renewed contract. Extensions of time granted or agreed upon by the parties to a contract for performance of the contract or for tender of consideration under the contract shall not be treated as contract renewals. Contracts to which such extensions apply shall be treated under these transition rules as if the original

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- 59 contractual provisions for performance and tender of consideration remain in effect.
 - (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - (1) The term "contract" or "contracts" means written agreements reciting or setting forth a fixed price consideration or a consideration based upon cost plus a stated percentage or a stated monetary increment. This term shall not mean or include ongoing sales contracts, contracts whereby any element of the consideration or the property or services sold or to be rendered in performance of the contract are undefined, or determined, as to either nature or quantity, subsequent to the making of the contract, or any open-ended contract.
 - (2) The term "contract renewal" or "renewal" means a covenant or agreement entered into or assumed by parties which have a current contractual relation or which have had a past contractual relation, whereby the parties agree to incur obligations beyond those which they were, or would have been, required, at the minimum, to carry out under their current or past contractual relation.

§11-15-8b. Nonresident contractor—Registration, bond, etc.

- (a) Every nonresident contractor shall register with the tax commissioner prior to engaging in the performance of a contract in this state.
- (b) (1) At the time of registration, the contractor shall deposit with the tax commissioner six percent of the amount the contractor is to receive for the performance of the contract which shall be held within a Contractors Use Tax Fund pending the completion of the contract, the determination of the taxes due this state under this article and article fifteen-a of this chapter because of such contract and the payment of the tax.
- (2) In lieu of the deposit, the contractor may provide a corporate surety bond to be approved by the tax commissioner as to form, sufficiency, value, amount, stability, and other features necessary to provide a guarantee of payment of the compensating tax due this state.

18 (c) In addition, within thirty days after registration. 19 under this section, the contractor shall file a statement 20 with the tax commissioner itemizing the machinery. 21 materials, supplies, and equipment that he has or will 22 have on hand at the time he begins the fulfillment of 23 the contract, including where such tangible personal property has been brought, shipped, or transported from 24 25 outside this state upon which neither the tax imposed 26 by this article nor article fifteen-a of this chapter has 27 been paid, and shall pay the tax due thereon at the time 28 of filing and thereafter shall report and pay the taxes 29 as required by this article and article fifteen-a of this 30 chapter.

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

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- The following sales and services are exempt:
- 2 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to consumers through mains or pipes, and sales of electricity;
- 4 (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of 5 the schools of this state or in any institution in this state 6 which qualifies as a nonprofit or educational institution 7 subject to the West Virginia department of education or 8 West Virginia board of regents;
- 9 (c) Sales of property or services to the state, its 10 institutions or subdivisions, and to the United States, 11 including agencies of federal, state or local governments 12 for distribution in public welfare or relief work;
 - (d) Sales of vehicles which are titled by the department of motor vehicles and which are subject to the tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code, or like tax;
 - (e) Sales of property or services to churches and bona fide charitable organizations who make no charge whatsoever for the services they render: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for meals and materials directly used or consumed by these organizations, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

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- (f) Sales of tangible personal property or services to a corporation or organization which has a current registration certificate issued under article twelve of this chapter is exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and is:
- 31 (1) A church or a convention or association of 32 churches as defined in section 170 of the Internal 33 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (2) An elementary or secondary school which maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and has a regularly enrolled body of pupils or students in attendance at the place in this state where its educational activities are regularly carried on;
 - (3) A corporation or organization which annually receives more than one half of its support from any combination of gifts, grants, direct or indirect charitable contributions, or membership fees; or
- 43 (4) An organization which has no paid employees and 44 its gross income from fund raisers, less reasonable and 45 necessary expenses incurred to raise such gross income 46 (or the tangible personal property or services purchased 47 with such net income), is donated to an organization 48 which is exempt from income taxes under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 49 50 as amended:
- 51 (5) For purposes of this subsection:
- 52 (A) The term "support" includes, but is not limited to:
- 53 (i) Gifts, grants, contributions or membership fees;
 - (ii) Gross receipts from fund raisers which include receipts from admissions, sales of merchandise, performance of services or furnishing of facilities in any activity which is not an unrelated trade or business (within the meaning of section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended);
- 60 (iii) Net income from unrelated business activities,

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- whether or not such activities are carried on regularly as a trade or business;
 - (iv) Gross investment income as defined in section 509(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (v) Tax revenues levied for the benefit of a corporation or organization either paid to or expended on behalf of such organization; and
 - (vi) The value of services or facilities (exclusive of services or facilities generally furnished to the public without charge) furnished by a governmental unit referred to in section 170(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to an organization without charge. This term does not include any gain from the sale or other disposition of property which would be considered as gain from the sale or exchange of a capital asset, or the value of an exemption from any federal, state or local tax or any similar benefit;
 - (B) The term "charitable contribution" means a contribution or gift to or for the use of a corporation or organization, described in section 170(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
 - (C) The term "membership fee" does not include any amounts paid for tangible personal property or specific services rendered to members by the corporation or organization;
 - (6) The exemption allowed by this subsection (f) does not apply to sales of gasoline or special fuel or to sales of tangible personal property or services to be used or consumed in the generation of unrelated business income as defined in section 513 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The provisions of this subsection as amended by this act shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials used or consumed in the activities for which such organizations qualify as tax exempt organizations under the Internal Revenue Code by these

organizations and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;

102 (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged 103 in this state in the business of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the produc-104 tion of natural resources: Provided, That the exemption 105 herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery. 106 107 supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the 108 businesses or organizations named above, and shall not 109 apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided. however. That on and after the first day of July, one 110 111 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the exemption 112 provided in this subsection shall apply only to services. 113 machinery, supplies and materials directly used or 114 consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transpor-115 tation, transmission, communication or the production of 116 natural resources in the businesses or organizations 117 named above and shall not apply to purchases of 118 gasoline or special fuel;

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- (h) An isolated transaction in which any taxable service or any tangible personal property is sold. transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account. such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative: Provided. That nothing contained herein may be construed to prevent an owner who sells, transfers or offers for sale tangible personal property in an isolated transaction through an auctioneer from availing himself or herself of the exemption provided herein, regardless where such isolated sale takes place. The tax commissioner may adopt such legislative rule pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code he deems necessary for the efficient administration of this exemption:
- (i) Sales of tangible personal property or of any taxable services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the commercial production of an agricultural product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the tax imposed by this article or which would

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have been subject to tax under this article: *Provided*,
That sales of tangible personal property and services to
be used or consumed in the construction of or permanent
improvement to real property and sales of gasoline and
special fuel shall not be exempt;

(j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable except when the sale is to another distributor for resale: Provided, however, That sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to any person engaging in the activity of contracting, as defined in this article, which is to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent into any real property, building or structure shall not be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of tangible personal property to a person engaging in the activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract with the United States, this state, or with a political subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation created by the Legislature or by another government entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a building or structure (or improvement thereto) or other improvement to real property that is or will be owned and used by the governmental entity for a governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorporates such property in such building, structure or improvement shall, with respect to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the vendor of such property to the governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules and regulations as the tax commissioner may promulgate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontractor who, pursuant to a written subcontract with a prime contractor who qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, or materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor is treated with respect to the prime contract under this exception and the legislative rules and regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner;

- (k) Sales of property or services to nationally chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- (1) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house equipment, including construction and automotive, made to any volunteer fire department organized and incorporated under the laws of the state of West Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable:
- (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumersby route carriers;
 - (n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and sales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
 - (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of goods or services;
 - (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;
 - (q) Casual and occasional sales of property or services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by a corporation or organization which is exempt from tax under subsection (f) of this section on its purchases of tangible personal property or services:
 - (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "casual and occasional sales not conducted in repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character" means sales of tangible personal property or services at fund raisers sponsored by a corporation or organization which is exempt, under subsection (f) of this section, from payment of the tax imposed by this article on its purchases, when such fund raisers are of limited duration and are held no more than six times during any twelve-month period and limited duration means no more than eighty-four consecutive hours;

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- 221 (2) The provisions of this subsection (q), as amended 222 by this act, shall apply to sales made after the thirtieth 223 day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine;
 - (r) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the West Virginia board of regents to award degrees, which has its principal campus in this state, and which is exempt from federal and state income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
 - (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers as their principal year-round residence and dwelling: *Provided*, That these mobile homes shall be subject to tax at the three percent rate;
 - (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by the state lottery commission, under the provisions of article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
 - (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date:
 - (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the contrary, sales of property and services to persons subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or thirteen-b of this chapter: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
 - (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not pass

- on the same to the consumer, but to make application and receive refund of such tax from the tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen of this article or any other provisions of such article to the contrary;
- (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or services purchased after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States Code, §2011, et seq.. as amended, or with drafts issued through the West Virginia special supplemental food program for women. infants and children codified in 42 United States Code. §1786;
 - (y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by elementary and secondary schools located within this state;
 - (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and related software: *Provided*, That for the purposes of this subsection (z) "electronic data processing services" means (1) the processing of another's data, including all processes incident to processing of data such as keypunching, keystroke verification, rearranging or sorting of previously documented data for the purpose of data entry or automatic processing, and changing the medium on which data is sorted, whether these processes are done by the same person or several persons; and (2) providing access to computer equipment for the purpose of processing data or examining or acquiring data stored in or accessible to such computer equipment;
 - (aa) Tuition charged for attending educational summer camps;
 - (bb) Sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to an organization qualified under section 501 (c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which are to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such organization or its agent into real property, or into a building or structure which is or will be used as permanent low-income housing, transitional housing, emergency homeless shelter,

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domestic violence shelter or emergency children and youth shelter if such shelter is owned, managed, developed or operated by an organization qualified under section 501(c)(3) or (c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended:

(cc) Dispensing of services performed by one corporation for another corporation when both corporations are members of the same controlled group. Control means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of the stock of a corporation entitled to vote or ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing fifty percent or more of the value of the corporation;

(dd) Food for the following shall be exempt:

- (1) Food purchased or sold by public or private schools, school sponsored student organizations, or school sponsored parent-teacher associations to students enrolled in such school or to employees of such school during normal school hours; but not those sales of food made to the general public;
- (2) Food purchased or sold by a public or private college or university or by a student organization officially recognized by such college or university to students enrolled at such college or university when such sales are made on a contract basis so that a fixed price is paid for consumption of food products for a specific period of time without respect to the amount of food product actually consumed by the particular individual contracting for the sale and no money is paid at the time the food product is served or consumed;
- (3) Food purchased or sold by a nonprofit organization or a governmental agency under a program funded by a state or the United States to low-income elderly persons at or below cost;
- (4) Food sold in an occasional sale by a charitable or nonprofit organization including volunteer fire departments and rescue squads, if the purpose of the sale is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of the organization and the revenue so obtained is actually expended for that purpose;

- 340 (5) Food sold by any religious organization at a social 341 or other gathering conducted by it or under its auspices. 342 if the purpose in selling the food is to obtain revenue 343 for the functions and activities of the organization and 344 the revenue obtained from selling the food is actually 345 used in carrying on such functions and activities: 346 Provided. That purchases made by such organizations 347 shall not be exempt as a purchase for resale:
- (ee) Sales of food by little leagues, midget football 348 349 leagues, youth football or soccer leagues and similar 350 types of organizations including scouting groups and 351 church youth groups if the purpose in selling the food 352 is to obtain revenue for the functions and activities of 353 the organization and the revenues obtained from selling 354 the food is actually used in supporting or carrying on 355 functions and activities of the groups: Provided, That 356 such purchases made by such organizations shall not be 357 exempt as a purchase for resale;
- 358 (ff) Charges for room and meals by fraternities and 359 sororities to their members: *Provided*, That such 360 purchases made by a fraternity or sorority shall not be 361 exempt as a purchase for resale;
- 362 (gg) Sales of or charges for the transportation of 363 passengers in interstate commerce;
- 364 (hh) Sales of tangible personal property or services to 365 any person which this state is prohibited from taxing 366 under the laws of the United States or under the 367 constitution of this state; and
- 368 (ii) Sales of tangible personal property or services to 369 any person who claims exemption from the tax imposed 370 by this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter 371 pursuant to the provisions of any other chapter of this 372 code.

§11-15-9b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.

1 (a) Any person having a right or claim to any exemption set forth in section nine of this article except

those exemptions set forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), and (ii) of said section nine, or the exemption of sales of property or services to churches under subsection (e) of said section nine, shall pay to the vendor the tax imposed by this article and may exercise or assert such exemption only in accordance with subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this section.

- (b) Any person who has paid the tax imposed by this article and who may lawfully claim exemption from the tax under a subsection of section nine of this article not enumerated in subsection (a) of this section may exercise or assert such claim by filing a claim for refund of consumers sales and service tax overpayments on such form and in such manner as the tax commissioner may require and in accordance with the requirements of this section. The tax commissioner shall cause a refund to be made within thirty days of receipt of a lawful and accurate claim.
- (c) In lieu of filing a claim for refund of consumers sales and service tax overpayments, the taxpayer may, at his option, file a claim for credit on such form and in such manner as the tax commissioner may require and credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments against certain payments of tax due in accordance with the requirements of this section as follows:
- (1) If the taxpayer is required to remit the tax imposed under this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter pursuant to section five or subsection (b) of section nine-d of this article or subsection (b) of section three-d of said article fifteen-a, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments against the remittance of the tax imposed under said articles otherwise due; or
- (2) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of part (1) of this

- subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen otherwise due; or
 - (3) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twelve-a of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1) and (2) of this subsection against the taxpayer's annual or semiannual remittance of the tax imposed under said article twelve-a otherwise due: or
 - (4) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen-a of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen-a otherwise due; or
 - (5) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen-b of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen-b otherwise due; or
 - (6) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this subsection against the taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-four and otherwise due under section seventeen, article twenty-four of this chapter; or
 - (7) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of this subsection against the taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-one and otherwise due under section fifty-six, article twenty-one of this chapter; or

(8) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection against the taxpayer's annual remittance of the tax imposed under said article twenty-three and otherwise due: or

- (9) If the taxpayer is required to deduct and withhold tax under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of consumers sales and service tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of this subsection against the taxpayer's monthly remittance of the tax withheld under said article twenty-one and otherwise due.
- (d) Any person asserting or exercising a claim of exemption from the tax imposed by this article under subsections (b) or (c) of this section shall file with the tax commissioner an application for exemption in such form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe and such affidavits, invoices, sales slips, records or documents as the tax commissioner may require to prove or verify the taxpayer's right and entitlement to such exemption. The tax commissioner may inspect or examine the records, books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips and invoices of a taxpayer or any other person to verify the truth and accuracy of any report or return or to ascertain whether the tax imposed by this article has been paid.

In addition to the powers of the tax commissioner set forth in article ten of this chapter, as a further means of obtaining the records, books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips or invoices of a taxpayer or any other person and ascertaining the amount of taxes paid or due under this article or any report, form, document or affidavit required under this article, the commissioner shall have the power to examine witnesses under oath; and if any witness shall fail or refuse at the request of the commissioner to grant access to the books, records, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips or invoices requested by the commissioner, the commis-

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- sioner shall certify the facts and the names to the circuit court of the county having jurisdiction over the party and such court shall thereupon issue a subpoena duces tecum to such party to appear before the commissioner, at a place designated within the jurisdiction of such court, on a day fixed.
 - (e) All claims for refund of consumers sales and service tax overpayments under subsection (b) of this section shall be filed within the time limitation for filing claims for refund set forth in section fourteen, article ten of this chapter. Any claim for such refund or claim of entitlement to such refund made or asserted after the said time limitation shall be null and void, and if the consumers sales and service tax overpayment has not otherwise been credited against tax remittances in accordance with this section, the said claims shall be forfeited.
 - (f) Any credit of consumers sales and service tax overpayments against taxes under subsection (c) of this section shall be taken within one year after the payment of the said consumers sales and service tax by the consumer to the vendor. Any such credit or claim of entitlement to such credit made or asserted more than one year after the payment of such tax by the consumer to the vendor shall be null and void, and such consumers sales and service tax overpayments shall be forfeited unless refunded under subsection (b) of this section.
 - (g) Any assignment of the right or entitlement to a refund or credit arising under this section shall be subject to strict proof, and any assignee claiming a right or entitlement to an assigned refund or credit shall submit an affidavit in such form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe signed by the assignor acknowledging the assignment. The assignee shall attest to the assignment and the terms thereof on his signed application filed under subsection (d) of this section for refund or credit, and will be subject to the penalties provided under West Virginia law for perjury for any falsehood set forth therein and will be subject to the penalties set forth in article nine of this chapter for any violation thereof. Except as provided in this subsection

- 165 (g), no payment of a refund arising under this section 166 shall be made to any person other than the taxpayer 167 making the original overpayment of consumers sales 168 and service tax.
- (h) No refund shall be due and no credit shall be allowed under this section unless the taxpayer or assignee shall have filed a claim for refund or a claim for credit, as appropriate, with the tax commissioner in accordance with this section.
- 174 (i) Any claim for a refund of consumers sales and 175 service tax overpayments or for a tax credit for 176 consumers sales and service tax overpayments which is 177 not timely filed or not filed in proper form or in 178 accordance with the requirements of this section shall 179 not be construed to constitute a moral obligation of the 180 state of West Virginia for payment. No overpayment of 181 consumers sales and service tax made under this section 182 shall be subject to subsection (d), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter or subdivision (1), subsection 183 184 (e), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter.
- 185 (j) The provisions of this section become effective after 186 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 187 eighty-seven.

§11-15-9c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.

1 Persons having a right or claim to any exemption set 2 forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), 3 4 (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), and (ii) of section nine of this 5 article shall, in lieu of paying the tax imposed by this 6 article, execute a certificate of exemption in such form 7 as the tax commissioner may require, and such executed exemption certificate shall be delivered to the vendor in 8 such manner as the tax commissioner may require: 9 Provided. That the tax commissioner may identify 10 exemptions for which exemption certificates are not 11 required and as soon as practical may specify by 12 regulation exemptions for which exemption certificates 13 are not required. 14

§11-15-9d. Direct pay permits.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2 article, the tax commissioner may, pursuant to rules and 3 regulations promulgated by him in accordance with 4 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 5 authorize a person (as defined in section two) that is a 6 user, consumer, distributor or lessee to which sales or 7 leases of tangible personal property are made or services 8 provided, to pay any tax levied by this article or article 9 fifteen-a of this chapter directly to the tax commissioner 10 and waive the collection of the tax by that person's 11 vendor. No such authority shall be granted or exercised except upon application to the tax commissioner and 12 13 after issuance by the tax commissioner of a direct pay 14 permit. Upon issuance of such direct pay permit, 15 payment of the tax imposed or assertion of the exemp-16 tions allowed by this article or article fifteen-a of this 17 chapter on sales and leases of tangible personal property 18 and sales of taxable services from the vendors thereof 19 shall be made directly to the tax commissioner by the 20 permit holder.
- 21 (b) On or before the fifteenth day of each month, every 22 permit holder shall make and file with the tax commis-23 sioner a consumer sales and use tax direct pay permit 24 return for the preceding month in the form prescribed 25 by the tax commissioner showing the total value of the 26 tangible personal property so used, the amount of 27 taxable services purchased, the amount of consumers 28 sales and use taxes due from the permit holder, which 29 amount shall be paid to the tax commissioner with such 30 return, and such other information as the tax commis-31 sioner deems necessary: Provided, That if the amount of 32 consumers sales and use taxes due averages less than 33 one hundred dollars per month, the tax commissioner may permit the filing of quarterly returns in lieu of 34 35 monthly returns and the amount of tax shown thereon to be due shall be remitted on or before the fifteenth day 36 following the close of the calendar quarter; and if the 37 amount due averages less than fifty dollars per calendar 38 quarter, the tax commissioner may permit the filing of 39 an annual direct pay permit return and the amount of 40

41 tax shown thereon to be due shall be remitted on or 42 before the last day of January each year. The tax 43 commissioner, upon written request by the permit 44 holder, may grant a reasonable extension of time, upon 45 such terms as the tax commissioner may require, for the 46 making and filing of direct pay permit returns and paying the tax due. Interest on such tax shall be 47 chargeable on every such extended payment at the rate 48 49 specified in section seventeen, article ten of this chapter.

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- (c) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall continue to be valid until expiration of the taxpayers registration year under article twelve of this chapter. This permit shall automatically be renewed when the taxpayers business registration certificate is issued for the next succeeding fiscal year, unless the permit is surrendered by the holder or canceled for cause by the tax commissioner.
- (d) Persons who hold a direct payment permit which has not been canceled shall not be required to pay the tax to the vendor as otherwise provided in this article or article fifteen-a of this chapter. Such persons shall notify each vendor from whom tangible personal property is purchased or leased or from whom services are purchased of their direct payment permit number and that the tax is being paid directly to the tax commissioner. Upon receipt of such notice, such vendor shall be absolved from all duties and liabilities imposed by this chapter for the collection and remittance of the tax with respect to sales of tangible personal property and sales of services to such permit holder. Vendors who make sales upon which the tax is not collected by reason of the provisions of this section shall maintain records in such manner that the amount involved and identity of each such purchaser may be ascertained.
 - (e) Upon the expiration, cancellation or surrender of a direct payment permit, the provisions of this chapter, without regard to this section, shall thereafter apply to the person who previously held such permit, and such person shall promptly so notify in writing vendors from whom tangible personal property or services are purchased or leased of such cancellation or surrender.

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- 82 Upon receipt of such notice, the vendor shall be subject
- 83 to the provisions of this chapter, without regard to this
- 84 section, with respect to all sales, distributions, leases or
- 85 storage of tangible personal property, thereafter made
- 86 to or for such person.

§11-15-18. Tax on gasoline and special fuel.

- (a) General.—All sales of gasoline or special fuel by 1 2 distributors or importers, except when to another 3 distributor for resale in this state, when delivery is 4 made in this state, shall be subject to the tax imposed by this article, notwithstanding any provision of this 5 6 article to the contrary. Sales of gasoline or special fuel 7 by a person who paid the tax imposed by this article on 8 his purchases of fuel, shall not thereafter be again taxed 9 under the provisions of this article. This section shall be 10 construed so that all gallons of gasoline or special fuel 11 sold and delivered, or delivered, in this state are taxed 12 one time.
 - (b) Measure of tax.—The measure of tax on sales of gasoline or special fuel by distributors or importers shall be the average wholesale price as defined and determined in subsection (c), section thirteen, article fifteen-a of this chapter. For purposes of maintaining revenue for highways, and recognizing that the tax imposed by this article is generally imposed on gross proceeds from sales to ultimate consumers, whereas the tax on gasoline and special fuel herein is imposed on the average wholesale price of such gasoline and special fuel; in no case, for the purposes of taxation under this article, shall such average wholesale price be deemed to be less than ninety-seven cents per gallon of gasoline or special fuel for all gallons of gasoline and special fuel sold during the reporting period, notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary.
 - (c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Aircraft" shall include any airplane or helicopter that lands in this state on a regular or routine basis, and transports passengers or freight.
- 33 (2) "Aircraft fuel" shall mean gasoline and special fuel suitable for use in any aircraft engine.

- (3) "Distributor" shall mean and include every person:
- (A) Who produces, manufactures, processes or other wise alters gasoline or special fuel in this state for use
 or for sale; or
- 39 (B) Who engages in this state in the sale of gasoline 40 or special fuel for the purpose of resale or for distribu-41 tion; or
 - (C) Who receives gasoline or special fuel into the cargo tank of a tank wagon in this state for use or sale by such person.
 - (4) "Gasoline" shall mean and include any product commonly or commercially known as gasoline, regardless of classification, suitable for use as fuel in an internal combustion engine, except special fuel as hereinafter defined, including any product obtained by blending together any one or more products, with or without other products, if the resultant product is capable of the same use.
 - (5) "Importer" shall mean and include every person, resident or nonresident, other than a distributor, who receives gasoline or special fuel outside this state for use, sale or consumption within this state, but shall not include the fuel in the supply tank of a motor vehicle that is not a motor carrier.
 - (6) "Motor carrier" shall mean and include: (A) Any passenger vehicle which has seats for more than nine passengers in addition to the driver, any road tractor, tractor truck or any truck having more than two axles, which is operated or caused to be operated, by any person on any highway in this state using gasoline or special fuel; and (B) any aircraft, barge or other watercraft, or locomotive transporting passengers or freight in or through this state.
 - (7) "Motor vehicle" shall mean and include automobiles, motor carriers, motor trucks, motorcycles and all other vehicles or equipment, engines or machines which are operated or propelled by combustion of gasoline or special fuel.

- 73 (8) "Retail dealer of gasoline or special fuel" shall 74 mean and include any person not a distributor, who sells 75 gasoline or special fuel from a fixed location in this state 76 to users.
 - (9) "Special fuel" shall mean and include any gas or liquid, other than gasoline, used or suitable for use as fuel in an internal combustion engine. The term "special fuel" shall include products commonly known as natural or casinghead gasoline and shall include gasoline and special fuel for heating any private residential dwelling, building or other premises; but shall not include any petroleum product or chemical compound such as alcohol, industrial solvent, heavy furnace oil, lubricant, etc., not commonly used nor practicably suited for use as fuel in an internal combustion engine.
 - (10) "Supply tank" shall mean any receptacle on a motor vehicle from which gasoline or special fuel is supplied for the propulsion of the vehicle or equipment located thereon, exclusive of a cargo tank. A supply tank includes a separate compartment of a cargo tank used as a supply tank, and any auxiliary tank or receptacle of any kind or cargo tank, from which gasoline or special fuel is supplied for the propulsion of the vehicle, whether or not such tank or receptacle is directly connected to the fuel supply line of the vehicle.
 - (11) "Tank wagon" shall mean and include any motor vehicle or vessel with a cargo tank or cargo tanks ordinarily used for making deliveries of gasoline or special fuel, or both, for sale or use.
- 102 (12) "Taxpayer" shall mean any person liable for the tax imposed by this article.
- 104 (13) "User" shall mean any person who purchases 105 gasoline or special fuel for use or consumption.
 - (d) Tax due.—The tax on sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be paid by each taxpayer on or before the twenty-fifth day of each month, by check, bank draft, certified check or money order, payable to the tax commissioner for the amount of tax due for the

- preceding month, notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary.
- 113 (e) Monthly return.—On or before the twenty-fifth day
 114 of each month, the taxpayer shall make and file a return
 115 for the preceding month showing such information as
 116 the tax commissioner may require, notwithstanding any
 117 provision of this article to the contrary.

- (f) Compliance.—To facilitate ease of administration and compliance by taxpayers, the tax commissioner may require distributors, importers and other persons liable for the tax imposed by this article on sales of gasoline or special fuel, to file a combined return and make a combined payment of the tax due under this article on sales of gasoline and special fuel, and the tax due under article fourteen of this chapter, on gasoline and special fuel. In order to encourage use of a combined return each month and the making of a single payment each month for both taxes, the due date of the return and tax due under article fourteen of this chapter is hereby changed from the last day of each month to the twenty-fifth day of each month, notwithstanding any provision in article fourteen of this chapter to the contrary.
- (g) Dedication of tax to highways.—All tax collected under the provisions of this section after deducting the amount of any refunds lawfully paid, shall be deposited in the "road fund" in the state treasurer's office, and shall be used only for the purpose of construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of highways, and payment of principal and interest on state bonds issued for highway purposes: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, any tax collected on the sale of aircraft fuel shall be deposited in the state treasurer's office and transferred to the state aeronautical commission to be used for the purpose of matching federal funds available for the reconstruction, maintenance and repair of public airports and airport runways.
- (h) Construction.—This section shall not be construed as taxing any sale of gasoline or special fuel which this state is prohibited from taxing under the constitution of

- this state or the constitution or laws of the United States.
- 153 (i) Effective date.—The provisions of chapter one 154 hundred seventy-nine of the Acts of the Legislature, one
- thousand nine hundred eighty-three, shall take effect on
- the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-
- 157 three. The amendments to this section made by the
- 158 Legislature in the Regular Session, one thousand nine
- 159 hundred eighty-nine, shall be effective on the first day
- 160 of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§11-15-33. Effective date.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article as amended or added
- by Senate Bill No. 1 took effect on the first day of
 March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and
- 4 apply to all sales made on or after that date: *Provided*.
- 5 That if an effective date was expressly provided in a
- 6 provision of such act, that specific effective date
- 7 controlled in lieu of this general effective date provision.
- 8 (b) The provisions of this article as amended or added
- 9 by this act shall take effect on the first day of July, one
- 10 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to all
- 11 sales made on or after that date: Provided, That if an
- 12 effective date is expressly provided in such provision,
- 13 that specific effective date shall control in lieu of this
- 14 general effective date provision.

ARTICLE 15A. USE TAX.

- §11-15A-2a. Tax on value of property used or consumed in this state.
- §11-15A-3b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.
- §11-15A-3c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.
- §11-15A-3d. Direct pay permits.
- §11-15A-6a. Collection by certain other retailers.
- §11-15A-29. Effective date.

§11-15A-2a. Tax on value of property used or consumed in this state.

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise provided, a person who
- 2 produces for sale, profit or commercial use, any natural
- 3 resource, product or manufactured product, and uses or
- 4 consumes such natural resource, product or manufac-

tured product, in this state shall make returns of the gross value of the natural resource, product or manufactured product, so used or consumed by him in this state, and pay the tax imposed by this article, when such use or consumption is not otherwise exempt under this article.

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- (b) The tax commissioner shall promulgate such uniform and equitable rules as he deems necessary for determining the gross value upon which the tax imposed by this article is levied in the absence of a sale, which value shall correspond as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or character by the same person or by another person.
- 18 (c) A person who purchases or leases machinery or 19 equipment or other tangible personal property for use 20 in another state and then uses or consumes such 21 property in this state shall pay the tax imposed by this 22 article on the value of the property so used or consumed 23 in this state. The tax commissioner shall promulgate 24 such uniform and equitable rules as he deems necessary 25 for determining the measure of the tax imposed by this 26 article with respect to such property.
- 27 (d) The provisions of this section shall apply to 28 property used or consumed in this state on or after the 29 first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§11-15A-3b. Method for claiming exemptions, refunds of tax, credit against other taxes.

- 1 (a) Any person having a right or claim to an exemp-2 tion from the tax imposed by this article by reason of any exemption set forth in section nine, article fifteen 3 of this chapter except those exemptions set forth in 4 subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), 5 (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), 6 (ee), (ff) (gg), (hh) and (ii) of said section nine, shall pay 7 8 to the vendor the tax imposed by this article and may exercise or assert such exemption only in accordance 9 10 with subsection (b) or subsection (c) of this section.
- 11 (b) Any person who has paid the tax imposed by this article and who may lawfully claim under section three

of this article any exemption set forth under a subsection of section nine of article fifteen not enumerated in subsection (a) of this section may exercise or assert such claim by filing a claim for refund of use tax overpayments on such form and in such manner as the tax commissioner may require and in accordance with the requirements of this section.

- (c) In lieu of filing a claim for refund of use tax overpayments, the taxpayer may, at his option, file a claim for credit on such form and in such manner as the tax commissioner may require and credit the amount of use tax overpayments against certain payments of tax due in accordance with the requirements of this section as follows:
- (1) If the taxpayer is required to remit the tax imposed under this article or article fifteen of this chapter pursuant to section five or subsection (b) of section nine-d of said article fifteen or subsection (b) of section three-d of this article, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments against the remittance of the tax imposed under said articles otherwise due; or
- (2) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of part (1) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen otherwise due; or
- (3) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twelve-a of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1) and (2) of this subsection against the taxpayer's annual or semiannual remittance of the tax imposed under said article twelve-a otherwise due; or
- (4) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen-a of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly

remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen-a otherwise due; or

- (5) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article thirteen-b of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this subsection against the taxpayer's quarterly or monthly remittance of the tax imposed under said article thirteen-b otherwise due: or
- (6) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-four of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this subsection against the taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-four and otherwise due under section seventeen, article twenty-four of this chapter; or
- (7) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) of this subsection against the taxpayer's installment of estimated tax imposed under said article twenty-one and otherwise due under section fifty-six, article twenty-one of this chapter; or
- (8) If the taxpayer is subject to the tax imposed under article twenty-three of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection against the taxpayer's annual remittance of the tax imposed under said article twenty-three and otherwise due; or
- (9) If the taxpayer is required to deduct and withhold tax under article twenty-one of this chapter, the taxpayer may credit the amount of use tax overpayments remaining after application of parts (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7) and (8) of this subsection against the taxpayer's monthly remittance of the tax withheld under said article twenty-one and otherwise due.

92 (d) Any person asserting or exercising a claim of 93 exemption from the tax imposed by this article under 94 subsections (b) or (c) of this section shall file with the 95 tax commissioner an application for exemption in such 96 form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe and such 97 affidavits, invoices, sales slips, records or documents as 98 the tax commissioner may require to prove or verify the 99 taxpayer's right and entitlement to such exemption. The 100 tax commissioner may inspect or examine the records. 101 books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips and 102 invoices of a taxpaver or any other person to verify the 103 truth and accuracy of any report or return or to 104 ascertain whether the tax imposed by this article or 105 article fifteen of this chapter has been paid.

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In addition to the powers of the tax commissioner set forth in article ten of this chapter, as a further means of obtaining the records, books, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips or invoices of a taxpayer or any other person and ascertaining the amount of taxes paid or due under this article or article fifteen of this chapter or any report, form, document or affidavit required under this article or article fifteen of this chapter, the commissioner shall have the power to examine witnesses under oath; and if any witness shall fail or refuse at the request of the commissioner to grant access to the books. records, papers, documents, affidavits, sales slips or invoices requested by the commissioner, the commissioner shall certify the facts and the names to the circuit court of the county having jurisdiction of the party, and such court shall thereupon issue a subpoena duces tecum to such party to appear before the commissioner, at a place designated within the jurisdiction of such court, on a day fixed.

(e) All claims for refund of use tax overpayments under subsection (b) of this section shall be filed within the time limitation for filing claims for refund set forth in section fourteen, article ten of this chapter. Any claim for such refund or claim of entitlement to such refund made or asserted after the said time limitation shall be null and void, and if the use tax overpayment has not otherwise been credited against tax remittances in

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accordance with this section, the said claims shall be forfeited.

- (f) Any credit of use tax overpayments against taxes under subsection (c) of this section shall be taken within one year after the payment of the tax by the taxpayer to the vendor. Any such credit or claim of entitlement to such credit made or asserted more than one year after the payment of such tax by the taxpayer to the vendor shall be null and void, and such tax overpayments shall be forfeited.
- (g) Any assignment of the right or entitlement to a refund or credit arising under this section shall be subject to strict proof, and any assignee claiming a right or entitlement to an assigned refund or credit shall submit an affidavit in such form as the tax commissioner shall prescribe signed by the assignor acknowledging the assignment. The assignee shall attest to the assignment and the terms thereof of his signed application filed under subsection (e) of this section for refund or credit, and will be subject to the penalties provided under West Virginia law for perjury for any falsehood set forth therein and will be subject to the penalties set forth in article nine of this chapter for any violation thereof. Except as provided in this subsection (h), no payment of a refund arising under this section shall be made to any person other than the taxpayer making the original overpayment of consumers sales and service tax.
- (h) No refund shall be due and no credit shall be allowed unless the taxpayer or assignee shall have filed a claim for refund or a claim for credit, as appropriate, with the tax commissioner in accordance with this section.
- (i) Any claim for a refund of use tax overpayments or a tax credit for use tax overpayments which is not timely filed or not filed in proper form or in accordance with the requirements of this section shall not be construed to constitute a moral obligation of the state of West Virginia for payment. No overpayment of use tax made under this section shall be subject to subsec-

- 173 tion (d), section seventeen, article ten of this chapter, or 174 subdivision (1), subsection (e), section seventeen, article
- 175 ten of this chapter.
- 176 (j) The provisions of this section become effective after
- 177 the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
- 178 eighty-seven.

§11-15A-3c. Delivery of a certificate of exemption in lieu of tax.

- 1 Persons having a right or claim under section three
- 2 of this article, to any exemption set forth in subsections 3
 - (a), (b), (c), (d), (f), (h), (i), (j), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r),
- 4 (s), (t), (u), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (cc), (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg),
- 5 (hh) and (ii), section nine, article fifteen of this chapter
- 6 shall, in lieu of paying the tax imposed by this article,
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- execute a certificate of exemption in such form as the 8 tax commissioner may require, and such executed
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- exemption certificate shall be delivered to the vendor in
- 10 such manner as the tax commissioner may require:
- 11 Provided, That the tax commissioner may identify
- 12 exemptions for which exemption certificates are not
- 13 required and as soon as practical may specify by
- 14 regulation exemptions for which exemption certificates
- 15 are not required.

§11-15A-3d. Direct pay permits.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 2 article, the tax commissioner may, pursuant to rules and 3
- regulations promulgated by him in accordance with
- 4 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code,
- 5 authorize a person (as defined in section two of article
- 6 fifteen) that is a user, consumer, distributor or lessee to
- 7 which sales or leases of tangible personal property are
- 8 made or services provided to pay any tax levied by this
- 9 article or article fifteen of this chapter directly to the
- 10 tax commissioner and waive the collection of the tax by 11 that person's vendor. No such authority shall be granted
- or exercised except upon application to the tax commis-12
- 13 sioner and after issuance by the tax commissioner of a
- direct pay permit. Upon issuance of such direct pay 14
- 15 permit, payment of the tax imposed or assertion of the
- exemptions allowed by this article or article fifteen of 16
- this chapter on sales and leases of tangible personal 17

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property and sales of taxable services from the vendors thereof shall be made directly to the tax commissioner by the permit holder.

- (b) On or before the fifteenth day of each month, every permit holder shall make and file with the tax commissioner a consumers sales and use tax direct pay permit return for the preceding month in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner showing the total value of the tangible personal property so used, the amount of taxable services purchased, the amount of tax due from the permit holder, which amount shall be paid to the tax commissioner with such return, and such other information as the tax commissioner deems necessary: Provided, That if the amount of consumers sales and use taxes due averages less than one hundred dollars per month, the tax commissioner may permit the filing of quarterly returns in lieu of monthly returns and the amount of tax shown thereon to be due shall be remitted on or before the fifteenth day following the close of the calendar quarter; and if the amount due averages less than fifty dollars per calendar quarter, the tax commissioner may permit the filing of an annual direct pay permit return and the amount of tax shown thereon to be due shall be remitted on or before the last day of January each year. The tax commissioner, upon written request filed by the permit holder before the due date of the return, may grant a reasonable extension of time, upon such terms as the tax commissioner may require, for the making and filing of direct pay permit returns and paying the tax due. Interest on such tax shall be chargeable on every such extended payment at the rate specified in section seventeen, article ten of this chapter.
- (c) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall continue to be valid until expiration of the taxpayer's registration year under article twelve of this chapter. This permit shall automatically be renewed when the taxpayer's business registration certificate is issued for the next succeeding fiscal year, unless the permit is surrendered by the holder or canceled for cause by the tax commissioner.
 - (d) Persons who hold a direct payment permit which

59 has not been canceled shall not be required to pay the 60 tax to the vendor as otherwise provided in this article 61 or article fifteen of this chapter. Such persons shall 62 notify each vendor from whom tangible personal 63 property is purchased or leased or from whom services 64 are purchased of their direct payment permit number 65 and that the tax is being paid directly to the tax 66 commissioner. Upon receipt of such notice, such vendor 67 shall be absolved from all duties and liabilities imposed 68 by this chapter for the collection and remittance of the 69 tax with respect to sales, distributions, leases or storage 70 of tangible personal property and sales of services to such permit holder. Vendors who make sales upon 71 72 which the tax is not collected by reason of the provisions 73 of this section shall maintain records in such manner that the amount involved and identity of each such 74 75 purchaser may be ascertained.

76 (e) Upon the expiration, cancellation or surrender of 77 a direct payment permit, the provisions of this chapter. 78 without regard to this section, shall thereafter apply to 79 the person who previously held such permit, and such 80 person shall promptly so notify in writing vendors from whom tangible personal property or services are 81 82 purchased of such cancellation or surrender. Upon 83 receipt of such notice, the vendor shall be subject to the 84 provisions of this chapter, without regard to this section. 85 with respect to all sales of tangible personal property 86 or taxable services, thereafter made to or for such person.

§11-15A-6a. Collection by certain other retailers.

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- (a) Duty to collect tax.—For purposes of this article and for collection of use tax required under section six of this article, a retailer engaging in business in this state also means and includes any of the following:
- (1) Any retailer soliciting orders from persons located in this state for the sale of tangible personal property or taxable services by means of a telecommunication or television shopping system which utilizes a telephone or mail ordering system, including toll free telephone numbers, reverse charge telephone systems or other

telephone ordering systems and which is intended by the retailer to be broadcast by cable television or other means of broadcasting, to consumers located in this state: *Provided*, That such retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that provides the necessary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.

- (2) Any retailer who solicits orders from persons located in this state for the sale of tangible personal property or taxable services by means of advertising that is broadcast from, printed at, or distributed from, a location in this state if the advertising is primarily intended to be disseminated to consumers located in this state and is only secondarily or incidentally disseminated to bordering jurisdictions. For purposes of this paragraph, advertising which is broadcast from a radio or television station located in this state or is printed in or distributed by a newspaper published in this state is rebuttably presumed to be primarily intended for dissemination to consumers located in this state: Provided. That such retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that provides the necessary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.
- (3) Any retailer soliciting orders from persons located in this state for the sale of tangible personal property or taxable services by mail if the solicitations are substantial and recurring and if the retailer economically benefits from any banking, financing, debt collection, telecommunication or marketing activities occurring in this state or economically benefits from the location in this state of an authorized installation, servicing or repair facility, regardless of whether such facility is owned or operated by such retailer or by a related or unrelated person: *Provided*, That such retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state,

- or any other presence that provides the necessary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.
 - (4) Any retailer having a franchisee or licensee operating in this state under the retailer's trade name, if the franchisee or licensee is required to collect the tax imposed by this article or article fifteen of this chapter: *Provided*, That such retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that provides the necessary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.
 - (5) Any retailer who, pursuant to a contract with a cable television operator located in this state, solicits from persons located in this state orders for the sale of tangible personal property or taxable services by means of advertising which is transmitted or distributed over a cable television system in this state: *Provided*, That such retailer has physical presence in this state in the form of employees, offices, agents or sales outlets in this state, or any other presence that provides the necessary minimum contacts for a constitutionally sufficient nexus for a state to require such a retailer to collect and remit use taxes.
 - (b) Exemption from payment of business registration tax.—Any retailer required to collect use tax under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be required to obtain a business registration certificate, as provided in article twelve of this chapter, but shall be exempt from payment of the tax levied by subsection (b), section three of said article twelve, unless the retailer has sufficient presence in this state so that required payment of the tax does not violate any provision of the constitution or laws of this state or of the United States.
 - (c) Effective date.—The provisions of this section shall become effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to sales of tangible personal property or taxable services made on or after that date.

§11-15A-29. Effective date.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article as amended or added 2 by Senate Bill No. 1 took effect on the first day of 3 March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and 4 apply to all purchases made or used in this state on or 5 after that date: Provided, That if an effective date was expressly provided in a provision of such act, that 6 7 specific effective date controlled in lieu of this general 8 effective date provision.
- 9 (b) The provisions of this article as amended or added 10 by this act shall take effect on the first day of July, one 11 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to all 12 purchases made or used in this state on or after that 13 date: Provided, That if an effective date is expressly provided in such provision, that specific effective date 14 15 shall control in lieu of this general effective date 16 provision.

ARTICLE 21. PERSONAL INCOME TAX.

§11-21-12. West Virginia adjusted gross income of resident individual.

- 1 (a) General.—The West Virginia adjusted gross income of a resident individual means his federal adjusted gross income as defined in the laws of the United States for the taxable year with the modifications specified in this section.
- 6 (b) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross 7 income.—There shall be added to federal adjusted gross 8 income unless already included therein the following 9 items:
- 10 (1) Interest income on obligations of any state other 11 than this state, or of a political subdivision of any such 12 other state unless created by compact or agreement to 13 which this state is a party;
- 14 (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or 15 securities of any authority, commission or instrumental-16 ity of the United States, which the laws of the United 17 States exempt from federal income tax but not from 18 state income taxes;

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- 19 (3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and not credited against federal income tax: *Provided*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
 - (4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities the income from which is exempt from tax under this article, to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income;
 - (5) Interest on a depository institution tax-exempt savings certificate which is allowed as an exclusion from federal gross income under section 128 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the federal taxable year;
 - (6) The amount allowed as a deduction from federal gross income under section 221 of the Internal Revenue Code by married couples who file a joint federal return for the federal taxable year: *Provided*, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
 - (7) The deferral value of certain income that is not recognized for federal tax purposes, which value shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the amount allowed as a deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the accelerated cost recovery system under section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code for the federal taxable year, with the percentage of the federal deduction to be added as follows with respect to the following recovery property: Three-year propertyno modification; five-year property-ten percent; tenyear property-fifteen percent; fifteen-year public utility property-twenty-five percent; and fifteen-year real property-thirty-five percent: Provided, That this modification shall not apply to any person whose federal deduction is determined by the use of the straight line method: Provided, however, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirtyfirst day of December, one thousand nine hundred

60 eighty-six; and

- (8) The amount of a lump sum distribution for which the taxpayer has elected under section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to be separately taxed for federal income tax purposes.
- (c) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross income.—There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income to the extent included therein:
- (1) Interest income on obligations of the United States and its possessions to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
- (2) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States or of the state of West Virginia to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States or of the state of West Virginia, including federal interest or dividends paid to shareholders of a regulated investment company, under section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years ending after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven;
- (3) Any gain from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher fair market value on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, than the adjusted basis at said date for federal income tax purposes: Provided, That the amount of this adjustment is limited to that portion of any such gain which does not exceed the difference between such fair market value and such adjusted basis: Provided, however, That if such gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to forty percent of such portion of the gain: Provided further, That this modification shall not be made for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;

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- 97 (4) The amount of any refund or credit for overpay-98 ment of income taxes imposed by this state, or any other 99 taxing jurisdiction, to the extent properly included in 100 gross income for federal income tax purposes;
 - (5) Annuities, retirement allowances, returns of contributions and any other benefit received under the West Virginia public employees retirement system, the West Virginia state teachers retirement system and all forms of military retirement, including regular armed forces, reserves and national guard, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes: Provided, That notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary this modification shall be limited to the first two thousand dollars of benefits received under the West Virginia public employees retirement system, the West Virginia state teachers retirement system and all forms of military retirement including regular armed forces, reserves and national guard, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes for taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six; and the first two thousand dollars of benefits received under any federal retirement system to which Title 4 USC § 111 applies: Provided, however, That the total modification under this paragraph shall not exceed two thousand dollars per person receiving such retirement benefits and this limitation shall apply to all returns or amended returns filed after the last day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight;
 - (6) Retirement income received in the form of pensions and annuities after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine, under any West Virginia police, West Virginia firemen's retirement system or the West Virginia department of public safety death, disability and retirement fund, including any survivorship annuities derived therefrom, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;
 - (7) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of

138 eight thousand dollars received from any source after 139 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine 140 hundred eighty-six, by any person who has attained the 141 age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the taxable year, or by any person certified by proper authority as 142 permanently and totally disabled, regardless of age, on 143 144 or before the last day of the taxable year, to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross income for federal 145 tax purposes: Provided, That if a person has a medical 146 147 certification from a prior year and he is still perman-148 ently and totally disabled, a copy of the original 149 certificate is acceptable as proof of disability. A copy of 150 the form filed for the federal disability income tax 151 exclusion is acceptable: Provided, however, That

(i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is eight thousand dollars per person or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision; and

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- (ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5) and (6) of this subsection is less than eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for all gross income received by such person shall be limited to the difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum of modifications under such subdivisions:
 - (8) Federal adjusted gross income in the amount of eight thousand dollars received from any source after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, by the surviving spouse of any person who had attained the age of sixty-five or who had been certified as permanently and totally disabled, to the extent includible in federal adjusted gross income for federal tax purposes: *Provided*, That
- (i) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is eight thousand dollars or more, no deduction shall be allowed under this subdivision; and
- (ii) Where the total modification under subdivisions (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7) of this subsection is less than

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- eight thousand dollars per person, the total modification allowed under this subdivision for all gross income received by such person shall be limited to the difference between eight thousand dollars and the sum of such subdivisions;
- 182 (9) Any pay or allowances received, after the thirty-183 first day of December, one thousand nine hundred 184 seventy-nine, by West Virginia residents who have not 185 attained the age of sixty-five, as compensation for active 186 service in the armed forces of the United States: 187 Provided. That such deduction shall be limited to an 188 amount not to exceed four thousand dollars: Provided, however, That this modification shall not be made for 189 190 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 191 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
- 192 (10) Gross income to the extent included in federal 193 adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal 194 Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes: 195 Provided, That this modification shall not be made for 196 taxable years beginning after the thirty-first day of 197 December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six;
 - (11) The amount of any lottery prize awarded by the West Virginia state lottery commission, to the extent properly included in gross income for federal income tax purposes; and
 - (12) Any other income which this state is prohibited from taxing under the laws of the United States.
 - (d) Modification for West Virginia fiduciary adjustment.—There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income, as the case may be, the taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the West Virginia fiduciary adjustment determined under section nineteen of this article.
 - (e) Partners and S corporation shareholders.—The amounts of modifications required to be made under this section by a partner or an S corporation shareholder, which relate to items of income, gain, loss or deduction of a partnership or an S corporation, shall be determined under section seventeen of this article.

216 (f) Husband and wife.—If husband and wife deter-217 mine their federal income tax on a joint return but 218 determine their West Virginia income taxes separately, 219 they shall determine their West Virginia adjusted gross 220 incomes separately as if their federal adjusted gross 221 incomes had been determined separately.

ARTICLE 24. CORPORATION NET INCOME TAX.

§11-24-9c. Research and development credit against primary tax.

1 A credit shall be allowed against the primary tax 2 imposed by this article, which shall be the research and 3 development credit as provided in sections three and 4 three-b, article thirteen-d of this chapter for taxable 5 years beginning after the thirty-first day of December, 6 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight: Provided, That 7 the amount of this credit may not reduce by more than 8 fifty percent the amount of the net tax liability of the 9 taxpayer for the taxable year: Provided, however, That 10 one-tenth of the entire amount of the eligible investment, 11 upon which the credit is predicated pursuant to sections 12 three and three-b, article thirteen-d of this chapter. 13 taken as a deduction in determining its federal taxable income for the taxable year shall be an adjustment 14 increasing federal taxable income under section six of 15 this article: Provided further, That the taxpayer may at 16 17 its option elect in lieu of claiming the credit allowable 18 by this section to not increase its federal taxable income 19 under section six of this article and thereby take as a full deduction under this article for the taxable year the 20 amount of its eligible investment in research and 21 development for the taxable year, which was taken as 22 a deduction on its federal return for such taxable year. 23

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.

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§17-1-3. "Road"; "public road"; "highway."

- The words or terms "road," "public road," or "high
 - way" shall be deemed to include, but shall not be limited
- 3 to, the right-of-way, roadbed and all necessary culverts,

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4 sluices, drains, ditches, waterways, embankments, 5 slopes, retaining walls, bridges, tunnels and viaducts 6 necessary for the maintenance of travel, dispatch of 7 freight and communication between individuals and 8 communities; and such public road or highway shall be 9 taken to include any road to which the public has access 10 and which it is not denied the right to use, or any road 11 or way leading from any other public road over the land 12 of another person, and which shall have been established 13 pursuant to law. Any road shall be conclusively pre-14 sumed to have been established when it has been used 15 by the public for a period of ten years or more, and 16 public moneys or labor have been expended thereon. 17 whether there be any record of its conveyance, dedica-18 tion or appropriation to public use or not. In the absence 19 of any other mark or record, the center of the traveled 20 way shall be taken as the center of the road and the 21 right-of-way shall be designated therefrom an equal 22 distance on each side, but a road may be constructed on 23 any part of the located right-of-way when it is deemed 24 advisable so to do.

The Legislature notes that there are public highways that run over the surface of this land, over and through the navigable streams, rivers and waterways on this earth and above the surface of this earth in the form of highways in the sky, commonly known as airways. The Legislature finds that each of these types of public highways are essential to the development of this state and that the health and safety of each of the citizens of this state are affected daily by the availability of each of these three types of public highways, and that it is the best interests of the people of this state that each of these be recognized and included within the meaning of public highways. The Legislature further recognizes that airports are an important and integral part of the public highways existing above the surface of this state, and that airports are necessary to access such highways, and therefore airports, including runways, taxiways, parking ramps, access roads and air traffic control facilities located at airports, are hereby declared to be part of the public highway system of this state.

CHAPTER 202

(H. B. 2604—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers)

[Passed March 30, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven, ten and seventeen-b, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section eleven, article seven, chapter twenty-one-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections nineteen and twenty-one, article ten, chapter twenty-one-a of said code; and to further amend said article ten by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, all relating to unemployment compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven, ten and seventeen-b, article five, chapter twenty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section eleven, article seven, chapter twenty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections nineteen and twenty-one, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article ten be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 21A. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION.

Article

- 5. Employer Coverage and Responsibility.
- 7. Claim Procedure.
- 10. General Provisions.

ARTICLE 5. EMPLOYER COVERAGE AND RESPONSIBILITY.

§21A-5-7. Joint and separate accounts.

§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

§21A-5-17b. Comity in collection of past-due payments and overpayments.

§21A-5-7. Joint and separate accounts.

1 (1) The commissioner shall maintain a separate

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account for each employer, and shall credit his account with all contributions paid by him prior to July first. one thousand nine hundred sixty-one. On and after July first, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, the commissioner shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and shall credit said employer's account with all contributions of such employer in excess of seven tenths of one percent of taxable wages; and on and after July first, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, the commissioner shall maintain a separate account for each employer, and shall credit said employer's account with all contributions of such employer in excess of four tenths of one percent of taxable wages: Provided. That any adjustment made in any employer's account after the computation date shall not be used in the computation of the balance of an employer until the next following computation date: Provided, however, That nothing in this chapter shall be construed to grant an employer or individual in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund, either on his behalf or on behalf of such individuals. The account of any employer which had been inactive for a period of four consecutive calendar years shall be terminated for all purposes.

(2) Benefits paid to an eligible individual for regular and extended total or partial unemployment beginning after the effective date of this article shall be charged to the account of the last employer with whom he has been employed as much as thirty working days, whether or not such days are consecutive: Provided, That no employer's account shall be charged with benefits paid to any individual who has been separated from a noncovered employing unit in which he was employed as much as thirty days, whether or not such days are consecutive: Provided, however, That no employer's account shall be charged with more than fifty percent of the benefits paid to an eligible individual as extended benefits under the provisions of article six-a of this chapter: Provided further, That state and local government employers shall be charged with one hundred percent of the benefits paid to an eligible individual as extended benefits. Beginning on July one, one thousand

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nine hundred eighty-four, benefits paid to an individual are to be charged to the accounts of his employers in the base period, the amount of such charges, chargeable to the account of each such employer, to be that portion of the total benefits paid such individual as the wages paid him by such employer in the base period are to the total wages paid him during his base period for insured work by all his employers in the base period. For the purposes of this section, no base period employer's account shall be charged for benefits paid under this chapter to a former employee, provided such base period employer furnishes separation information within fourteen days from the date the notice was mailed or delivered, which results in a disqualification under the provision set forth in subsection one, section three, article six, or subsection two, section three, article six of this chapter or would have resulted in a disqualification under such subsection except for a subsequent period of covered employment by another employing unit. Further, no contributory base period employer's experience rating account shall be charged for benefits paid under this chapter to an individual who has been continuously employed by that employer on a part-time basis, if the part-time employment continues while the individual is separated from other employment and is otherwise eligible for benefits. One half of extended benefits paid to an individual after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, and subsequent years are to be charged to the accounts of his employers, except state and local government employers, in the base period in the same manner provided for the charging of regular benefits. Effective the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, the entire state share of extended benefits paid to an individual shall be charged to the accounts of his base period employers. The provisions of this section permitting the noncharging of contributory employers' accounts have no application to benefit charges imposed upon reimbursable employers.

(3) The commissioner shall, for each calendar year hereafter, classify employers in accordance with their actual experience in the payment of contributions on

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86 their own behalf and with respect to benefits charged 87 against their accounts, with a view of fixing such 88 contribution rates as will reflect such experiences. For 89 the purpose of fixing such contribution rates for each 90 calendar year, the books of the department shall be 91 closed on July thirty-one of the preceding calendar year, 92 and any contributions thereafter paid, as well as 93 benefits thereafter paid with respect to compensable 94 weeks ending on or before June thirty of the preceding 95 calendar year, shall not be taken into account until the 96 next annual date for fixing contribution rates: Provided, 97 That if an employer has failed to furnish to the 98 commissioner on or before July thirty-one of such 99 preceding calendar year the wage information for all 100 past periods necessary for the computation of the 101 contribution rate, such employer's rate shall be, if it is 102 immediately prior to such July thirty-one, less than three and three-tenths percent, increased to three and 103 three-tenths percent: Provided, however, That any 104 payment made or any information necessary for the 105 106 computation of a reduced rate furnished on or before the 107 termination of an extension of time for such payment or 108 reporting of such information granted pursuant to a 109 regulation of the commissioner authorizing such exten-110 sion, shall be taken into account for the purposes of fixing contribution rates: Provided further, That when 111 the time for filing any report or making any payment 112 required hereunder falls on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal 113 holiday, the due date shall be deemed to be the next 114 succeeding business day: And provided further, That 115 whenever, through mistake or inadvertence, erroneous 116 credits or charges are found to have been made to or 117 against the reserved account of any employer, the rate 118 shall be adjusted as of January one of the calendar year 119 in which such mistake or inadvertence is discovered, but 120 payments, made under any rate assigned prior to 121 January one of such year, shall not be deemed to be 122 123 erroneously collected.

(4) The commissioner may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and sname in accordance with such regulations and upon app

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- by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- 132 (5) State and local government employers are hereby 133 authorized to enter into joint accounts and to maintain 134 such joint account or accounts as if it or they constituted 135 a single employer's account or accounts.
- 136 (6) Effective on and after July one, one thousand nine 137 hundred eighty-one, if an employer has failed to furnish 138 to the commissioner on or before August thirty-one of 139 one thousand nine hundred eighty, and each year 140 thereafter, with the exception of one thousand nine 141 hundred eighty-one, which due date shall be September 142 thirty, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, the wage 143 information for all past periods necessary for the 144 computation of the contribution rate, such employer's 145 rate shall be, if it is immediately prior to July one, one 146 thousand nine hundred eighty-one, less than seven and 147 five-tenths percent, increased to seven and five-tenths 148 percent.

§21A-5-10. Experience ratings; decreased rates; adjustment of accounts and rates; debit balance account rates.

On and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, an employer's payment shall remain two and seven-tenths percent, until:

- (1) There have elapsed thirty-six consecutive months immediately preceding the computation date throughout which an employer's account was chargeable with benefits.
- 9 years exceed the benefits charged to his account for all past
 10 amount equal to at least the percent of his average
 11 annual payroll as shown in Column B of Table II. His
 12 rate shall be the amount appearing in Column C of
 13 Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.
- When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred percent

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but are less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the average benefit payments from the trust fund for the three preceding calendar years, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column D of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred twenty-five percent but are less than one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column E of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

When the total assets of the fund as of January one of a calendar year equal or exceed one hundred fifty percent, an employer's rate shall be the amount appearing in Column F of Table II on line with the percentage in Column B.

TABLE II

33	Col. A	Col. B	Col. C	Col. D	Col. E	Col. F
34		Percentage of				
35		Average				
36		Annual Payroll				
37	_	By which	.			
38	Rate	Credits Exceed	Employer's			
39	Class	Charges	Rate	0.5	0.5	1 -
40	(1)	0.0 to 6.0	4.5	3.5	2.5	1.5
41	(2)	6.0	4.1	3.1	2.1	1.1
42	(3)	7.0	3.9	2.9	1.9	0.9
43	(4)	8.0	3.7	2.7	1.7	0.7
44	(5)	9.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	0.5
45	(6)	10.0	3.3	2.3	1.3	0.3
46	(7)	10.5	3.1	2.1	1.1	0.1
47	(8)	11.0	2.9	1.9	0.9	0.0
48	(9)	11.5	2.7	1.7	0.7	0.0
49	(10)	12.0	2.5	1.5	0.5	0.0
50	(11)	12.5	2.3	1.3	0.3	0.0
51	(12)	13.0	2.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
52	(13)	14.0	1.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
53	(14)	16.0	1.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
54	(15)	18.0 and over	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.0

All employer accounts in which charges for all past years exceed credits for such past years shall be

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57 adjusted effective June thirty, one thousand nine 58 hundred sixty-seven, so that as of said date, for the 59 purpose of determining such employer's rate of contri-60 bution, the credits for all past years shall be deemed to 61 equal the charges to such accounts.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, the noncredited contribution identified in section seven of this article shall not be added to the employer's debit balance to determine the employer contribution rate.

Effective on and after the computation date of June thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment: except that effective on and after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount up to and including five percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of five and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment.

Effective on or after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, all employers with a debit balance account in which the benefits charged to their account for all past years exceed the payments credited to their account for such past years by an amount in excess of five percent but less than ten percent of their average annual payroll, shall make payments to the unemployment compensation fund at the rate of six and five-tenths percent of wages paid by them with respect to employment.

Effective on and after the computation date of June

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97 thirty, one thousand nine hundred sixty-seven, all 98 employers with a debit balance account in which the 99 benefits charged to their account for all past years 100 exceed the payments credited to their account for such 101 past years by an amount of ten percent or above of their 102 average annual payroll, shall make payments to the 103 unemployment compensation fund at the rate of three 104 and three-tenths percent of wages paid by them with 105 respect to employment; except that effective on and 106 after July one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, 107 such payments to the unemployment compensation fund 108 shall be at the rate of seven and five-tenths percent of 109 wages paid by them with respect to employment or at 110 such other rate authorized by this article.

"Debit balance account" for the purpose of this section means an account in which the benefits charged for all past years exceed the payments credited for such past years.

"Credit balance account" for the purposes of this section means an account in which the payments credited for all past years exceed the benefits charged for such past years.

Once a debit balance account rate is established for an employer's account for a year, it shall apply for the entire year.

"Due date" means the last day of the month next following a calendar quarter. In determining the amount in the fund on any due date, contributions received, but not benefits paid, for such month next following the end of a calendar quarter shall be included.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall, in addition to any other tax provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect to employment, beginning January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, until such time that the commissioner determines that the fund assets equal or exceed the average benefits payments from the fund for the

- preceding three calendar years at which time such surtax shall be discontinued, and the commissioner shall so notify the employers subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- 141 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 142 section, every debit balance employer subject to the 143 provisions of this chapter, and any foreign corporation 144 or business entity engaged in the construction trades which has not been an employer in the state of West 145 146 Virginia for thirty-six consecutive months ending on the computation date, shall, in addition to any other tax 147 provided for in this section, pay contributions at the rate 148 149 of one percent surtax on wages paid by him with respect 150 to employment for a period of eight years, beginning 151 January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six.
- 152 (c) Effective June thirty, one thousand nine hundred 153 eighty-five, and each computation date thereafter, the 154 reserve balance of a debit balance employer shall be 155 reduced to fifteen percent if such balance exceeds fifteen 156 percent. The amount of noncredited tax shall be reduced 157 by an amount equal to the eliminated charges. If the 158 eliminated charges exceed the amount of noncredited 159 tax, the noncredited tax shall be reduced to zero.

§21A-5-17b. Comity in collection of past-due payments and overpayments.

The courts of this state shall recognize and enforce 1 2 liabilities for unemployment contributions imposed by other states which extend a like comity to this state. The 3 4 commissioner in the name of this state is hereby empowered to sue in the courts of any other jurisdiction 5 which extends such comity, to collect unemployment 6 contributions and interest due this state. The officials of 7 other states which by statute or otherwise extend a like 8 comity to this state may sue in the courts of this state, 9 to collect for such contributions and interest and 10 penalties if any, due such state; in any such case the 11 commissioner of employment security of this state may 12 through his legal assistant or assistants institute and 13 conduct such suit for such other state. 14

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter,

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- 16 the commissioner may recover an overpayment of
- 17 benefits paid to any individual under this state or
- 18 another state law or under an unemployment benefit
- 19 program of the United States.

ARTICLE 7. CLAIM PROCEDURE.

§21A-7-11. Benefits pending appeal.

- 1 Benefits found payable by decision of a deputy, appeal 2 tribunal, the board or court shall be immediately paid 3 in accordance therewith up to the week in which a 4 subsequent appellate body renders a decision, by order. 5 finding that benefits were not or are not payable. If, at 6 any appeal stage, benefits are found to be payable which 7 were found before such appeal stage to be not payable. 8 the commissioner shall immediately reinstate the 9 payment benefits. If the final decision in any case 10 determines that a claimant was not lawfully entitled to 11 benefits paid to him pursuant to a prior decision, such 12 amount of benefits so paid shall be deemed overpaid. 13 The commissioner shall recover such amount by civil 14 action or in any manner provided in this code for the 15 collection of past-due payment and shall withhold, in 16 whole or in part, as determined by the commissioner, 17 any future benefits payable to the individual and credit 18 such amount against the overpayment until it is repaid 19 in full. If the final decision in any case determines that 20 the claimant was not lawfully entitled to the benefits 21 paid to him pursuant to a prior order, any benefits so 22 paid pursuant to such prior order shall not be charge-23 able to the employer's account.
 - (a) Whenever the commissioner finds that a claimant has received back pay at his customary wage rate from his employer such employee shall be liable to repay the benefits, if any, paid to such individual for the time he was unemployed. In any case in which, under this section, an employee is liable to repay benefits to the commissioner, such sum shall be collectible by civil action in the name of the commissioner.
 - (b) Whenever an employer subject to this chapter is required to make a payment of back pay to an individual who has received unemployment compensation benefits

- 35 during the same period covered by the back pay award.
- the employer shall withhold an amount equal to the 36
- unemployment compensation benefits and shall repay 37
- 38 the amount withheld to the unemployment compensation
- 39 trust fund. If an employer fails to comply with this
- 40 section, the commissioner shall have the right to recover
- from the employer the amount of unemployment 41
- 42 compensation benefits which should have been withheld
- 43 by a civil action.

ARTICLE 10. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.
- §21A-10-21. Recovery of benefits paid through error; limitation.
- §21A-10-22. Disclosure of information to department of housing and urban development.

§21A-10-19. Disclosure of information to child support agencies.

- 1 (1) The department of employment security shall
- 2 disclose, upon request, to officers or employees of any
- state or local child support enforcement agency, to
- 4 employees of the secretary of health and human services.
- any wage information with respect to an identified 5
- individual which is contained in its records. 6
- 7 The term "state or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of a state or political 8
- subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan 9
- described in sections 453 and 454 of the Social Security 10
- Act, which has been approved by the secretary of health 11
- 12 and human services under Part D. Title IV of the Social
- 13 Security Act.
- 14 (2) The requesting agency shall agree that such
- information is to be used only for the purpose of 15
- establishing and collecting child support obligations 16
- from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations 17 which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described 18
- in sections 453 and 454 of the Social Security Act which 19
- has been approved by the secretary of health and human 20
- services under Part D, Title IV of the Social Security 21
- 22 Act.
- (3) The information shall not be released unless the 23

- requesting agency agrees to reimburse the costs involved for furnishing such information.
- 26 (4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all other requirements with respect to confidentiality of information obtained in the administration of this chapter and the sanctions imposed on improper disclosure shall apply to the use of such information by officers and employees of child support agencies.

§21A-10-21. Recovery of benefits paid through error; limitation.

1 A person who, by reason of error, irrespective of the 2 nature of said error, has received a sum as a benefit 3 under this chapter, shall either have such sum deducted 4 from a future benefit payable to him or shall repay to 5 the commissioner the amount which he has received. Collection shall be made in the same manner as 6 7 collection of past due payment: Provided, That such 8 collection or deduction of benefits shall be barred after 9 the expiration of two years.

§21A-10-22. Disclosure of information to department of housing and urban development.

- 1 (1) The department of employment security shall 2 disclose, upon request, to officers and employees of the department of housing and urban development and to 3 4 representatives of public housing agencies, any wage 5 information with respect to an identified individual which is contained in its records. The term "public 6 housing agencies" means any agency described in 7 section 3(b)(6) of the United States Housing Act of 1937. 8
- 9 (2) The requesting agency shall agree that such information is to be used only for the purpose of determining an individual's eligibility for benefits, or the amount of benefits under any housing assistance program of the department of housing and urban development.
- 15 (3) The information shall not be released unless the 16 requesting agency agrees to reimburse the costs 17 involved for furnishing such information.

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(4) In addition to the requirements of this section, all other requirements with respect to confidentiality of information obtained in the administration of this chapter and the sanctions imposed on improper disclosure shall apply to the use of such information by officers and employees of any public housing agency or the department of housing and urban development.

CHAPTER 203

(S. B. 40-By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed March 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one hundred six, article three, chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the definition of sum certain.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one hundred six, article three, chapter fortysix of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. COMMERCIAL PAPER.

PART 1. SHORT TITLE, FORM AND INTERPRETATION.

§46-3-106. Sum certain.

- 1 (1) The sum payable is a sum certain even though it 2 is to be paid:
- 3 (a) With stated interest or by stated installments; or
- 4 (b) With stated different rates of interest before and after default or a specified date; or
- 6 (c) With a stated discount or addition if paid before or after the date fixed for payment; or
- (d) With exchange or less exchange, whether at a
 fixed rate or at the current rate; or
- (e) With costs of collection or an attorney's fee or both
 upon default; or

- 12 (f) With a variable interest rate; or
- 13 (g) With the current interest rate; or
- (h) With a bank interest rate: *Provided*, That the name and location of the bank are stated on the instrument.
- 16 (2) Nothing in this section shall validate any term which is otherwise illegal.

CHAPTER 204

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 41-By Senator Tucker, Mr. President)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four hundred one and four hundred seven, article nine, chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code, all relating to uniform commercial code; secured transactions; redefining the place of filing to perfect security interests; raising filing fees; establishment of an account to maintain the uniform commercial code program; and creation of rule and fee setting authority of the secretary of state.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four hundred one and four hundred seven, article nine, chapter forty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 46. Uniform Commercial Code.
- 59. Fees, Allowances and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.

CHAPTER 46. UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE.

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ARTICLE 9. SECURED TRANSACTIONS; SALES OF ACCOUNTS AND CHATTEL PAPERS.

§46-9-401. Place of filing; erroneous filing; removal of collateral. §46-9-407. Information from filing officer; central indexing system for recording security interest in farm products; contents.

§46-9-401. Place of filing; erroneous filing; removal of collateral.

- 1 (1) The proper place to file in order to perfect a security interest is as follows:
- 3 (a) When the collateral is consumer goods, then in the 4 office of the secretary of state and in the office of the 5 clerk of the county commission of the debtor's residence 6 or if the debtor is not a resident of this state then in 6 the office of the clerk of the county commission where 8 the goods are kept;
- 9 (b) When the collateral is timber to be cut or is 10 minerals or the like (including oil and gas) or accounts 11 subject to the provisions of subsection five, section one 12 hundred three of this article, or when the financing 13 statement is filed as a fixture filing subject to the 14 provisions of section three hundred thirteen of this article, and the collateral is goods which are or are to 15 become fixtures, then in the office where a mortgage on 16 the real estate would be filed or recorded: 17
- 18 (c) In all other cases, in the office of the secretary of state.
- 20 (2) A filing which is made in good faith in an 21 improper place or not in all of the places required by 22 this section is nevertheless effective with regard to any collateral as to which the filing complied with the 23 requirements of this article and is also effective with 24 regard to collateral covered by the financing statement 25 26 against any person who has knowledge of the contents 27 of such financing statement.
 - (3) A filing which is made in the proper county continues effective after a change to another county of the debtor's residence or place of business or the location of the collateral, whichever controlled the original filing.

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- A change in the use of the collateral does not impair the effectiveness of the original filing.
- 34 (4) The rules stated in section one hundred three of 35 this article determine whether filing is necessary in this 36 state.
- 37 (5) Notwithstanding the preceding subsections, and 38 subject to the provisions of subsection three, section 39 three hundred two of this article, the proper place to file 40 in order to perfect a security interest in collateral, 41 including fixtures, of a transmitting utility is the office 42 of the secretary of state. This filing constitutes a fixture 43 filing as to the collateral described therein which is or 44 is to become fixtures.
- 45 (6) For the purposes of this section, the residence of 46 an organization is its place of business if it has one or 47 its chief executive office if it has more than one place 48 of business.

§46-9-407. Information from filing officer; central indexing system for recording security interest in farm products; contents.

- (1) If the person filing any financing statement, termination statement, statement of assignment, or statement of release, furnishes the filing officer a copy thereof, the filing officer shall upon request note upon the copy the file number and date and hour of the filing of the original and deliver or send the copy to such person.
- 8 (2) Upon request of any person, the secretary of state 9 shall issue his certificate showing whether there is on file in his office on the date and hour stated therein, any 10 presently effective financing statement naming a 11 particular debtor and any statement of assignment 12 13 thereof and if there is, giving the date and hour of filing 14 of each such statement and the names and addresses of each secured party therein. The uniform fee for such a 15 certificate shall be three dollars if the request for the 16 17 certificate is in the standard form prescribed by the secretary of state and otherwise shall be five dollars plus 18 fifty cents for each financing statement and for each 19

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statement of assignment reported therein. Upon request the filing officer shall furnish a copy of any filed financing statement or statement of assignment for a uniform fee of fifty cents per page.

- (3) The secretary of state shall develop and implement a central indexing system containing the information filed with his office pursuant to subsection four, section three hundred seven of this article. Under this system, the secretary shall record the date and time of filing and compile the information into a master list organized according to farm products. The list shall be organized within each farm product category in alphabetical order according to the last name of the borrower, or in the case of borrowers doing business other than as individuals, the first word in the name of such borrower in numerical order according to the social security or taxpaver identification number of the borrower, geographically by county and by crop year. The master list shall also contain the name and address of the secured party, the name and address of the borrower, a description of the farm products, including amount where applicable, subject to the security interest, and a reasonable description of the real estate, including the county where or upon which the farm products are located.
- (4) The secretary of state shall maintain a list of all buyers of farm products, commission merchants and selling agents who register with the secretary of state indicating an interest in receiving the lists described in subsection five of this section.
- (5) The secretary of state shall distribute on a regular basis as determined by the secretary of state to each buyer, commission merchant and selling agent registered under subsection four, a copy in written or printed form of those portions of the master list which the buyer, commission merchant or selling agent has indicated an interest in receiving.
- (6) Upon the request of any person, the secretary of state shall provide within twenty-four hours an oral confirmation of the filing of the form described in

- subsection four, section three hundred seven of this article, followed by a written confirmation.
- 62 (7) All fees and moneys collected by the secretary of 63 state pursuant to the provisions of this article shall be 64 deposited by the secretary of state in a separate fund 65 in the state treasury and shall be expended solely for 66 the purposes of this article, unless otherwise provided 67 by appropriation or other action of the Legislature.
- 68 (8) The secretary of state shall, pursuant to the 69 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 70 code, promulgate rules and set fees, not otherwise 71 provided for by general law, to carry out the duties 72 associated with this article.

CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS: LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

§59-1-2. Fees to be charged by secretary of state.

1 2 3 4 5	Except as may be otherwise provided in artic chapter thirty-one of this code, the secretary of shall charge for services rendered in his offit following fees to be paid by the person to who service is rendered at the time it is done:	f state ce the
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	For each certificate of incorporation or copy thereof, including restatements of any such certificates issued on new agreements, and/ or consolidations or all certificates of merger or consolidation or certificates authorizing a foreign corporation to do business within this state	\$ 10.00
13 14	For each certified copy of certificate of incorporation, not to exceed ten pages	10.00
15 16	If such copy contains in excess of ten pages, for each additional page	.20
17	For filing and recording a trademark	5.00
18 19 20 21	For each certificate of change of name, of increase or decrease of authorized capital stock, of change of principal office, or of amendment to certificate of incorporation	5.00
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22 23	For recording a power of attorney and certificate thereof	3.00
24 25	For any other certificate, whether required by law or made at the request of any person	5.00
26 27 28 29	The foregoing fees shall include the tax on the great seal or the less seal impressed on any such document, as well as the filing, recording and indexing of the same.	
30 31 32 33	For endorsing and filing reports of corporations, and all other papers, which shall include the indexing of the same, for each report or paper filed	1.00
34	For any search, not less than	1.00
35 36 37	For searches of more than one hour, for each hour or fraction thereof consumed in making such search	5.00
38 39 40	The cost of the search shall be in addition to the cost of any certificate issued pursuant thereto or based thereon.	
41 42	For entering statement of satisfaction of conditional sale contract	1.00
43 44 45 46	For filing each financing, continuation or termination statement or other statement or writing permitted to be filed under chapter forty-six of the code	3.00
47 48	For recording any paper for which no specific fee is prescribed	1.00
49 50	Or at the rate, for each one hundred words recorded, of	.20
51 52 53	For issuing commission to a notary public, or to a commissioner of deeds, which shall include the tax on the state seal thereon and other charges	5.00
54 55	For a testimonial	1.50
56	For a copy of any paper, if one sheet	1.00

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57	For each sheet of copy after the first	.75
58 59	For issuing a commission to a commissioner in any other state	5.00
60 61 62	For any other work or service not herein enumerated, such fee as may be elsewhere prescribed.	

CHAPTER 205

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 509—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter seventeen-e, establishing the Uniform Commercial Driver's License Act; definitions: setting forth limitations on the number of commercial driver's licenses; providing for notification by the driver; setting forth employer responsibilities; requiring a commercial driver's license; establishing exemptions to the commercial driver's license requirements: setting commercial driver license qualification standards; providing for third party testing; indemnification of driver examiners; waiver of skills test; limitations on issuance of license; establishing a commercial driver's instruction permit; setting forth the application requirements and information needed for a commercial driver's license; providing for classifications, endorsements and restrictions; establishing an applicant record check; providing for the notification of license issuance: establishing expiration of license and license renewal procedures: establishing disqualification offenses and cancellation of a commercial motor vehicle license; prohibiting a commercial driver from operating with any alcohol in their system; establishing implied consent requirements for commercial motor vehicle drivers; providing for notification of traffic convictions: requiring driving record information to be furnished:

providing for rule-making authority; providing for authority to enter agreements; providing for reciprocity; setting forth a severability and savings clause; establishing effective dates; providing for funding for the commercial driver's license, providing for fees and establishing a special revolving fund; providing enforcement; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter seventeen-e, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 17E. UNIFORM COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE ACT.

ARTICLE 1. COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE.

- §17E-1-1. Short title.
- §17E-1-2. Statement of intent and purpose.
- §17E-1-3. Definitions.
- §17E-1-4. Limitation on number of driver's licenses.
- §17E-1-5. Notification required by driver.
- §17E-1-6. Employer responsibilities.
- §17E-1-7. Commercial driver's license required.
- \$17E-1-8. Exemptions to the commercial driver's license requirements.
- §17E-1-9. Commercial driver license qualification standards.
- §17E-1-10. Application for commercial driver's license.
- §17E-1-11. Commercial driver's license.
- §17E-1-12. Classifications, endorsements and restrictions.
- §17E-1-13. Disqualification and cancellation.
- §17E-1-14. Commercial drivers prohibited from operating with any alcohol in system.
- §17E-1-15. Implied consent requirements for commercial motor vehicles drivers.
- §17E-1-16. Notification of traffic convictions.
- §17E-1-17. Driving record information to be furnished.
- §17E-1-18. Rule-making authority.
- §17E-1-19. Authority to enter agreements.
- §17E-1-20. Reciprocity.
- §17E-1-21. Severability and savings clause.
- §17E-1-22. Effective dates.
- \$17E-1-23. Funding for the commercial driver's license fees.
- §17E-1-24. Enforcement.
- §17E-1-25. Penalties.

§17E-1-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Uniform Commercial
- 2 Driver's License Act."

§17E-1-2. Statement of intent and purpose.

- The purpose of this article is to implement the federal
- 2 commercial motor vehicle safety act of 1986 (Title XII
- 3 of Public Law 99570) and reduce or prevent commercial
- 4 motor vehicle accidents, fatalities and injuries by:
- 5 (a) Permitting commercial drivers to hold only one 6 license;
- 7 (b) Disqualifying commercial drivers who have committed certain serious traffic offenses; and
- 9 (c) Strengthening licensing and testing standards.
- 10 This article is a remedial law and shall be liberally
- 11 construed to promote the public health, safety and
- 12 welfare. Where this article is silent, the general driver
- 13 licensing provisions apply.

§17E-1-3. Definitions.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, the
- 2 following definitions apply to this article:
- 3 "Alcohol" means:
- 4 (a) Any substance containing any form of alcohol,
- 5 including, but not limited to, ethanol, methanol,
- 6 propanol and isopropanol;
- 7 (b) Beer, ale, port or stout and other similar fer-8 mented beverages (including sake or similar pro-
- 9 ducts) of any name or description containing one half of
- one percent or more of alcohol by volume, brewed or
- 11 produced from malt, wholly or in part, or from any
- 12 substitute therefor;
- 13 (c) Distilled spirits or that substance known as ethyl
- 14 alcohol, ethanol, or spirits of wine in any form (including
- 15 all dilutions and mixtures thereof from whatever source
- 16 or by whatever process produced); or
- 17 (d) Wine of not less than one half of one percent of alcohol by volume.
- 19 "Alcohol concentration" means:

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- 20 (a) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred 21 milliliters of blood; or
- 22 (b) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred 23 ten liters of breath; or
- 24 (c) The number of grams of alcohol per sixty-seven 25 milliliters of urine.
 - "Commercial driver license" means a license issued in accordance with the requirements of this article to an individual which authorizes the individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.
 - "Commercial driver license information system" is the information system established pursuant to the federal commercial motor vehicle safety act to serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.
- "Commercial driver instruction permit" means a permit issued pursuant to subsection (e), section nine of this article.
- "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle designed or used to transport passengers or property:
- 41 (a) If the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating as 42 determined by federal regulation;
- 43 (b) If the vehicle is designed to transport sixteen or 44 more passengers, including the driver; or
- 45 (c) If the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials 46 and is required to be placarded in accordance with 49 47 C.F.R. part 172, sub-part F.
- 48 "Commissioner" means the commissioner of motor 49 vehicles of this state.
 - "Controlled substance" means any substance so classified under the provisions of chapter sixty-a of this code (uniform controlled substances act) and includes all substances listed on Schedules I through V, article two of said chapter sixty-a, as they may be revised from time to time.

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"Conviction" means the final judgment in a judicial or administrative proceeding or a verdict or finding of guilty, a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere, an implied admission of guilt or a forfeiture of bond or collateral upon a charge of a disqualifying offense, as a result of proceedings upon any violation of the requirement of this article.

"Department" means the department of motor vehicles.

"Disqualification" means a prohibition against driving a commercial motor vehicle.

"Drive" means to drive, operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle in any place open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic. For purposes of sections twelve, thirteen and fourteen of this article "drive" includes operation or physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in this state.

"Driver" means any person who drives, operates or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, in any place open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic, or who is required to hold a commercial driver license.

"Driver license" means a license issued by a state to an individual which authorizes the individual to drive a motor vehicle of a specific class.

"Employee" means a person who is employed by an employer to drive a commercial motor vehicle, including independent contractors. An employee who is employed by himself or herself as a commercial motor vehicle driver must comply with both the requirements of this article pertaining to employees and employers.

"Employer" means any person, including the United States, a state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle.

"Farm vehicle" includes a motor vehicle or combination vehicle registered to the farm owner or entity operating the farm and used exclusively in the transpor-

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94 tation of agricultural or horticultural products, lives-95 tock, poultry and dairy products from the farm or 96 orchard on which they are raised or produced to 97 markets, processing plants, packing houses, canneries, 98 railway shipping points and cold storage plants and in 99 the transportation of agricultural or horticultural 100 supplies and machinery to such farms or orchards to be 101 used thereon.

"Farmer" includes, but is not limited to, owner, tenant, lessee, occupant or person in control of the premises used substantially for agricultural or horticultural pursuits, who is at least eighteen years of age with two years licensed driving experience.

"Farmer vehicle driver" means the person employed and designated by the "farmer" to drive a "farm vehicle" as long as driving is not his sole or principal function on the farm, who is at least eighteen years of age with two years licensed driving experience.

112 "Gross vehicle weight rating" means the value 113 specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded 114 weight of a single or a combination (articulated) vehicle. 115 or registered gross weight, whichever is greater. The 116 gross vehicle weight rating of a combination (articulated) vehicle (commonly referred to as the "gross 117 combination weight rating") is the gross vehicle weight 118 rating of the power unit plus the gross vehicle weight 119 120 rating of the towed unit or units.

"Hazardous materials" has the meaning as that found in Section 103 of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (49 App. U.S.C. 1801 et seq.).

"Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is selfpropelled, and every vehicle which is propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolly wires but not operated upon rails.

"Out-of-service order" means a temporary prohibition against driving a commercial motor vehicle.

"Serious traffic violation" means:

131 (a) Operating a motor vehicle under the influence of

- alcohol or a controlled substance in violation of the provisions of section two, article five, chapter seventeenc of this code:
- 135 (b) Failure to stop and render aid and provide 136 required information after involvement in a motor 137 vehicle accident resulting in death, injury or property 138 damage, as provided in section five, article three, 139 chapter seventeen-b and sections one through five, 140 inclusive, article four, chapter seventeen-c of this code;
- 141 (c) A felony in the commission of which a motor 142 vehicle is used; as stated in subsection (2), section five, 143 article three, chapter seventeen-b of this code;
- 144 (d) Excessive speeding defined as fifteen miles per 145 hour in excess of all posted limits;
- 146 (e) Reckless driving as defined in section three, article 147 five, chapter seventeen-c of this code including erratic 148 lane changes and following the vehicle ahead too closely;
- (f) A violation of state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than a parking violation) arising in connection with a fatal traffic accident. Vehicle weight and vehicle defects are excluded as serious traffic violations;
- 154 (g) Violation of an out-of-service order; or
- 155 (h) Any other serious violations as may be determined by the U.S. Secretary of Transportation.
- 157 "State" means a state of the United States and the 158 District of Columbia.
- "At fault traffic accident" means for the purposes of waiving the road test, a determination, by the official filing the accident report, of fault as evidenced by an indication of contributing circumstances in the accident report.

§17E-1-4. Limitation on number of driver's licenses.

- No person who drives a commercial motor vehicle may have more than one driver license at one time
- 3 except during the ten-day period beginning on the date
- 4 the person is issued a driver's license.

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except during the ten-day period beginning on the date
the person is issued a driver's license.

§17E-1-5. Notification required by driver.

- (a) Notification of convictions.
- 2 (1) To state.—Any driver of a commercial motor 3 vehicle holding a driver's license issued by this state, 4 who is convicted of violating any state law or local 5 ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control, in any other state or federal, provincial, territorial or 6 7 municipal laws of Canada, other than parking viola-8 tions, shall notify the West Virginia department of 9 motor vehicles in the manner specified by the commis-10 sioner within thirty days of the date of conviction.
- 11 (2) To employers.—Any driver of a commercial motor 12 vehicle holding a driver's license issued by this state. 13 who is convicted of violating any state law or local 14 ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control in this 15 state or any other state or federal provincial, territorial 16 or municipal laws of Canada, other than parking 17 violations, must notify his or her employer in writing of 18 the conviction within thirty days of the date of 19 conviction.
 - (b) Notification of suspensions, revocations, cancellations and expiration.—Each driver whose driver's license is suspended, revoked, canceled, or expired, by any state, who loses the privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle in any state for any period, or who is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for any period, must notify his or her employer of that fact before the end of the business day following the day the driver received notice of that fact.
- (c) Notification of previous employment.—Each person who applies to be a commercial motor vehicle driver must provide the employer, at the time of the application, with the following information for the ten years preceding the date of application:
 - (1) A list of the names and addresses of the applicant's previous employers for which the applicant was a driver of a commercial motor vehicle;

- 37 (2) The dates between which the applicant drove for 38 each employer; and
- 39 (3) The reason for leaving that employer.
- 40 The applicant must certify that all information
- 41 furnished is true and complete. An employer may
- 42 require an applicant to provide additional information.

§17E-1-6. Employer responsibilities.

- 1 (a) Each employer must require the applicant to 2 provide the information specified in section five of this 3 article.
- 4 (b) No employer may knowingly allow, permit, or authorize a driver to drive a commercial motor vehicle during any period:
- 7 (1) In which the driver has a driver's license sus-8 pended, revoked, or canceled by a state; has lost the 9 privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle in a state, 10 or has been disqualified from driving a commercial
- 11 motor vehicle; or
- 12 (2) In which the driver has more than one driver's
- 13 license at one time except during the ten-day period
- beginning on the date the employee is issued a driver's
- 15 license.

§17E-1-7. Commercial driver's license required.

- 1 (a) On or after the first day of April, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety-two, except when driving under a commercial driver's instruction permit accompanied by 3 the holder of a commercial driver's license valid for the 4 vehicle being driven, no person may drive a commercial 5 motor vehicle unless the person holds a commercial 6 driver's license and applicable endorsements valid for 7 8 the vehicle they are driving.
- 9 (b) No person may drive a commercial motor vehicle 10 while their driving privilege is suspended, revoked, 11 canceled, or expired, while subject to a disqualification, 12 or in violation of an out-of-service order.
- 13 (c) Drivers of a commercial motor vehicle must have 14 a commercial driver's license in their possession at all 15 times while driving.

§17E-1-8. Exemptions to the commercial driver's license requirements.

- 1 (a) Farmers.—Bona fide farmers or farm vehicle
- 2 drivers, as defined, operating a vehicle otherwise 3
- covered by the commercial driver's license requirements
- 4 may be exempted from the provisions of this article only
- 5 if the vehicle used is:
- 6 (1) Driven by a farmer or farm vehicle driver:
- 7 (2) Used only to transport either agricultural pro-
- 8 ducts, farm machinery, farm supplies, to or from a
- 9 farm;
- 10 (3) Not used in the operation of a common or contract 11 motor carrier: and
- (4) Used within one hundred fifty miles of the 12 13 qualifying farm.
- 14 Farmers who wish to be exempted from the commer-
- 15 cial driver's license requirements must apply to the
- 16 department of motor vehicles for a certificate of
- 17 exemption.
- 18 (b) Military personnel.—Military personnel, including
- 19 the national guard and reserve, will be exempt from the
- 20 provision of this article, only:
- 21 (1) When in uniform; and
- 22 (2) Operating equipment owned by the United States
- 23 department of defense, except during declared emergen-
- 24 cies or disaster situations; and
- 25 (3) On duty: and
- 26 (4) In possession of a valid classified military driver's license for the class of vehicle being driven. 27
- 28 (c) Fire fighting and rescue equipment.—Operators of
- vehicles authorized to hold an "authorized emergency 29
- vehicle permit" for use of red signal lights only are 30
- exempt from the provision of this article while the 31
- "authorized emergency vehicle permit" is in force. 32
- Vehicles in this class include, but are not limited to, fire 33
- fighters and rescue equipment: 34

- 35 (1) Owned and operated by state, county and munic-36 ipal fire departments.
- (2) Owned and operated by state, county and munic-37 38 ipal civil defense organizations.
- 39 (3) Owned and operated by a manufacturer engaged 40 in a type of business that requires fire fighter equip-41 ment to protect the safety of their plants and its 42 employees.
- 43 (4) Owned and operated by volunteer fire 44 departments.
- 45 (d) The Commercial Motor Vehicles Safety Act of 46 1986 exempts vehicles used exclusively for personal use 47 such as recreation vehicles and rental trucks used only 48 to transport the driver's personal or household property.

§17E-1-9. Commercial driver license qualification standards.

- 1 (a) On or after the first day of July, one thousand nine 2 hundred eighty-nine, the conversion process will phase 3 out the existing West Virginia chauffeur's license which 4 shall expire by the first day of April, one thousand nine 5 hundred ninety-two. At the expiration of a chauffeur's 6 license between the first day of July, one thousand nine 7 hundred eighty-nine, and the first day of April, one 8 thousand nine hundred ninety-two, an individual must 9 either qualify for a commercial driver's license or renew 10 with an operator's license. Anyone holding an operator's license on the first day of July, one thousand nine 11 hundred eighty-nine, who either drives a commercial 12 motor vehicle or expects to drive a commercial motor 13 vehicle must qualify for a commercial driver's license 14 by the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred 15 16 ninety-two.
- Those who qualify for a commercial driver's license 17 after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 18 eighty-nine, will be issued a provisional commercial 19 driver's license. The provisional commercial driver's 20 license will be valid until the driver's history record has been checked and recorded with the national commer-

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- cial driver's license information system. If the record checks indicate no disqualifying problem, the qualified driver will be issued a full commercial driver's license at no additional fee. All provisional commercial driver licenses will expire no later than the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two.
 - (b) (1) General.—No person may be issued a commercial driver's license unless that person is a resident of this state and has passed a knowledge and skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle which complies with minimum federal standards established by federal regulations enumerated in 49 C.F.R. part 383, sub-parts G and H, and has satisfied all other requirements of the Federal Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act in addition to other requirements imposed by state law or federal regulations. The tests will be administered by the department of public safety according to rules promulgated by the commissioner.
 - (2) Third party testing.—The commissioner may authorize a person, including an agency of this or another state, an employer, private individual or institution, department, agency or instrumentality of local government, to administer the skills test specified by this section: *Provided*, That (i) the test is the same which would otherwise be administered by the state and (ii) the party has entered into an agreement with the state which complies with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 383.75.
 - (3) Indemnification of driver examiners.—No person who has been officially trained and certified by the state as a driver examiner, who administers any such driving test, and no other person, firm or corporation by whom or with which such person is employed or is in any way associated, may be criminally liable for the administration of such tests, or civilly liable in damages to the person tested or other persons or property unless for gross negligence or willful or wanton injury.
 - (4) Monitoring of third party testing will be carried out by the department of public safety according to rules promulgated by the commissioner.

- 63 (c) Waiver of skills test.—The commissioner may 64 waive the skills test specified in this section for a 65 commercial driver license applicant who meets the 66 requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 383.77 and those 67 requirements specified by the commissioner.
- 68 (d) Limitations on issuance of license.—A commercial 69 driver's license or commercial driver's instruction 70 permit may not be issued to a person while the person 71 is subject to a disqualification from driving a commer-72 cial motor vehicle, or while the person's driver's license 73 is suspended, revoked or canceled in any state; nor may 74 a commercial driver's license be issued by any other 75 state unless the person first surrenders all such licenses 76 to the department, which must be returned to the 77 issuing state(s) for cancellation.
- (e) Commercial driver's instruction permit.—(1) A 78 79 commercial driver's instruction permit may be issued to 80 an individual who holds a valid operator or Class "D" 81 driver license who has passed the vision and written 82 tests required for issuance of a commercial driver 83 license. (2) The commercial instruction permit may not 84 be issued for a period to exceed six months. Only one 85 renewal or reissuance may be granted within a two-year 86 period. The holder of a commercial driver's instruction 87 permit may drive a commercial motor vehicle on a highway only when accompanied by the holder of a 88 89 commercial driver license valid for the type of vehicle driven who occupies a seat beside the individual for the 90 91 purpose of giving instruction or testing. (3) A commer-92 cial driver's instruction permit may only be issued to an 93 individual who is at least eighteen years of age and has 94 held an operator's or junior operator's license for at least two years. (4) The applicant for a commercial driver's 95 instruction permit must also be otherwise qualified to 96 hold a commercial driver's license. 97

§17E-1-10. Application for commercial driver's license.

1 (a) The application for a commercial driver's license 2 or commercial driver's instruction permit must include 3 at least the following:

- 4 (1) The full name and current mailing and residential address of the person:
- 6 (2) A physical description of the person including sex,
- 7 height, weight, eye and hair color;
- 8 (3) Date of birth:
- 9 (4) The applicant's social security number:
- 10 (5) The person's signature:
- 11 (6) The person's color photograph;
- 12 (7) Certifications including those required by 49
- 13 C.F.R. part 383.71(a);
- 14 (8) Any other information required by the commis-
- 15 sioner: and
- 16 (9) A consent to release driving record information.
- 17 (b) When a licensee changes his or her name, mailing
- 18 address or residence, an application for a duplicate
- 19 license must be made.
- 20 (c) No person who has been a resident of this state for
- 21 thirty days or more may drive a commercial motor
- 22 vehicle under the authority of a commercial driver's
- 23 license issued by another jurisdiction.

§17E-1-11. Commercial driver's license.

- 1 The commercial driver's license must be marked
- 2 "commercial driver's license" or "CDL," and must be, to
- 3 the maximum extent practicable, tamper proof. It must
- 4 include, but not be limited to, the following information:
- 5 (a) The name and residential address of the person;
- 6 (b) The person's color photograph;
- 7 (c) A physical description of the person including sex,
- 8 height, weight, eye and hair color;
- 9 (d) Date of birth;
- 10 (e) The person's signature;
- 11 (f) The class or type of commercial motor vehicle or
- vehicles which the person is authorized to drive together
- 13 with any endorsement(s) or restriction(s);

- 14 (g) The name of this state:
- 15 (h) The dates between which the license is valid; and
- 16 (i) Social security number.

§17E-1-12. Classifications, endorsements and restrictions.

- Commercial driver's licenses may be issued, with the 1
- 2 following classifications, endorsements, and restrictions:
- 3 the holder of a valid commercial driver's license may
- drive all vehicles in the class for which that license is 4
- 5 issued, and all lesser classes of vehicles and vehicles
- 6 which require an endorsement, unless the proper
- 7 endorsement appears on the license:
- 8 (a) Classifications:
- 9 Class A—Any combination of vehicles with a gross
- vehicle weight rating of twenty-six thousand one pounds 10
- or more, provided the gross vehicle weight rating of the 11
- vehicle(s) being towed is in excess of ten thousand 12
- 13 pounds or is a semi-trailer or a trailer with two or more
- 14 axles.
- 15 Class B-Any single vehicle with a gross vehicle
- weight rating of twenty-six thousand one pounds or 16 more, and any such vehicle towing a vehicle not in 17
- excess of ten thousand pounds or is a semi-trailer or a 18
- 19 trailer with two or more axles.
- 20 Class C—Any single vehicle with a gross vehicle
- weight rating of less than twenty-six thousand one 21 pounds or any such vehicle towing a vehicle with a gross 22
- vehicle weight rating not in excess of ten thousand 23
- 24 pounds comprising:
- (1) Vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more 25 26 passengers, including the driver; and
- (2) Vehicles used in the transportation of hazardous 27 materials which requires the vehicle to be placarded 28 under 49 C.F.R., part 172, sub-part F. 29
- Class D-Automobiles, pickup trucks, and all other 30 motor vehicles not specified in Class A, B, and C. 31

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- 32 (b) Endorsements and restrictions:
- "H" Authorizes the driver to drive a vehicle transport-33 34 ing hazardous materials.
- 35 "K" Restricts the driver to vehicles not equipped with 36 airbrakes.
- "T" Authorizes driving double and triple trailers. 37
- "P" Authorizes driving vehicles carrying passengers. 38
- 39 "N" Authorizes driving tank vehicles.
- "X" Represents a combination of hazardous materials 40 and tank vehicle endorsements. 41
 - (c) Applicant record check.—Before issuing a commercial driver's license, the commissioner must obtain driving record information through the commercial driver's license information system, the national driver register and from each state in which the person has been licensed.
- (d) Notification of license issuance.—Within ten days after issuing a commercial driver's license, the commissioner shall notify the commercial driver's license 50 information system of that fact, providing all information required to ensure identification of the person. 52
 - (e) Expiration of license.—The commercial driver's license shall expire four years from date of issuance.
 - Commercial driver's licenses held by any person in the armed forces which expire while that person is on active duty shall remain valid for thirty days from the date on which that person reestablishes residence in West Virginia.
 - Any person applying to renew a commercial driver's license which has been expired for two years or more must follow the procedures for an initial issuance of a commercial driver's license, including the testing provisions.
 - (f) License renewal procedures.—When applying for renewal of a commercial driver's license, the applicant must complete the application form, providing updated

- 68 information and required certifications. If the applicant
- 69 wishes to retain a hazardous materials endorsement, the
- 70 written test for a hazardous materials endorsement
- 71 must be taken and passed.

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§17E-1-13. Disqualification and cancellation.

- 1 (a) Disqualification offenses.—On or after the first day 2 of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, any
- 3 person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor
- 4 vehicle for a period of not less than one year if convicted of a first violation of:
 - (1) Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- 8 (2) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the 9 alcohol concentration of the person's blood or breath is 10 four hundredths or more:
- 11 (3) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a 12 commercial motor vehicle driven by the person;
- 13 (4) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony as defined in this article;
- 15 (5) Refusal to submit to a test to determine the 16 driver's alcohol concentration while driving a commer-17 cial motor vehicle.
- In addition, the conviction of any of the following offenses as an operator of any vehicle is a disqualification offense:
 - (1) Manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle as defined under the provisions of section five, article three, chapter seventeen-b, and section one, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code;
 - (2) Driving while license is suspended or revoked, as defined under the provisions of section three, article four, chapter seventeen-b of this code;
 - (3) Perjury or making a false affidavit or statement under oath to the department of motor vehicles, as defined under the provisions of subsection (4), section five, article three, and section two, article four, chapter seventeen-b of this code.

- If any of the above violations occurred while transporting a hazardous material required to be placarded, the person is disqualified for a period of not less than three years.
- 38 (b) A person is disqualified for life if convicted of two 39 or more violations of any of the offenses specified in 40 subsection (a) of this section, or any combination of 41 those offenses, arising from two or more separate 42 incidents.
- (c) The commissioner may issue rules establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqual-ification for life under subsection (b) of this section may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years.
- (d) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.
- (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations, or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
- 60 (f) After suspending, revoking or cancelling a com-61 mercial driver's license, the department shall update its 62 records to reflect that action within ten days.

§17E-1-14. Commercial drivers prohibited from operating with any alcohol in system.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 2 article, a person may not drive, operate or be in physical 3 control of a commercial motor vehicle while having any 4 measurable alcohol in his or her system.
- (b) In addition to any other penalties provided by this
 code, a person who drives, operates or is in physical

- 7 control of a commercial motor vehicle while having any
- 8 measurable alcohol in his or her system or who refuses
- 9 to take a preliminary breath test to determine their
- 10 alcohol content as provided by section fifteen of this
- 11 article must be placed out of service for twenty-four
- 12 hours.

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§17E-1-15. Implied consent requirements for commercial motor vehicles drivers.

- (a) A person who drives a commercial motor vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to provisions of section four, article five, chapter seventeen-c of this code, to take a test or tests of that person's blood, breath or urine for the purpose of determining that person's alcohol concentration, or the presence of other drugs.
- 8 (b) A test or tests may be administered at the 9 direction of a law-enforcement officer, who after 10 stopping or detaining the commercial motor vehicle 11 driver, has reasonable cause to believe that driver was 12 driving a commercial motor vehicle while having 13 alcohol in his or her system.
- 14 (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided 15 in subsection (a) of this section must be warned by the 16 law-enforcement officer requesting the test that a 17 refusal to submit to the test will result in that person 18 being disqualified from operating a commercial motor 19 vehicle under section fifteen of this article.
 - (d) If the person refuses testing, or submits to a test which discloses an alcohol concentration of four hundredths or more, that law-enforcement officer must submit a sworn report to the department of motor vehicles certifying that the test was requested pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and that the person refused to submit to testing, or submitted to a test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of four hundredths or more.
- 29 (e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law-30 enforcement officer submitted under subsection (d) of 31 this section, the commissioner must disqualify the driver

- 32 from driving a commercial motor vehicle under section
- 33 fifteen of this article.

§17E-1-16. Notification of traffic convictions.

- 1 Within ten days after receiving a report of the
- 2 conviction of any holder of a commercial driver license
- 3 for any violation of state law or local ordinance relating
- 4 to motor vehicle traffic control, other than parking
- 5 violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, the
- 6 commissioner must notify the driver licensing authority
- 7 in the licensing state of the conviction and the United
- 8 States department of transportation, federal highway
- 9 administration, and the public service commission,
- 10 transportation division.

§17E-1-17. Driving record information to be furnished.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 2 contrary, the commissioner must furnish full informa-
- 3 tion regarding the driving record of any person:
- 4 (a) To the driver license administrator of any other
- 5 state or province or territory of Canada requesting that
- 6 information;
- 7 (b) To any employer or prospective employer;
- 8 (c) To insurers upon request;
- 9 (d) To credit reporting organizations and for other
- 10 legitimate business transactions; or
- 11 (e) The driver himself.

§17E-1-18. Rule-making authority.

- 1 The commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations
- 2 necessary to carry out the provisions of this article.

§17E-1-19. Authority to enter agreements.

- 1 The commissioner may enter into or make agree-
- 2 ments, arrangements or declarations to carry out the
- 3 provisions of this chapter.

§17E-1-20. Reciprocity.

- 1 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person
- 2 may drive a commercial motor vehicle if the person has

- 3 a commercial driver's license by any state in accordance
- 4 with the minimum federal standards for the issuance of
- 5 commercial motor vehicle driver licenses; if the license
- 6 is not suspended, revoked or canceled; and if the person
- 7 is not disqualified from driving a commercial motor
- 8 vehicle, or subject to an "out-of-service" order.

§17E-1-21. Severability and savings clause.

- 1 The provisions of any chapter or parts of chapters of
- 2 this code, which are inconsistent with the provisions of
- 3 this chapter, are repealed to the extent of such incon-
- 4 sistency.

§17E-1-22. Effective dates.

- 1 All provisions of this chapter are effective imme-
- 2 diately on passage except:
- 3 (a) Section seven—the first day of April, one thousand
- 4 nine hundred ninety-two.
- 5 (b) Section eight—the first day of July, one thousand
- 6 nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 7 (c) Section nine—the first day of July, one thousand
- 8 nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 9 (d) Section ten-the first day of July, one thousand
- 10 nine hundred eighty-nine.
- 11 (e) Sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen—the
- 12 first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-
- 13 two.

§17E-1-23. Funding for the commercial driver's license fees.

- 1 Each application for a commercial driver's license
- 2 shall be accompanied by the fees hereafter provided and
- 3 such fees shall be deposited in a special revolving fund
- 4 for the operation by the department of its functions
- 5 established by this chapter.
- 6 The fee for a commercial driver's license shall be
- 7 established by the commissioner to cover all necessary
- 8 costs for program administration. The fees for knowl-
- 9 edge and road testing shall also be established by the

- 10 commissioner to cover all program costs projected to be
- 11 incurred by the department of motor vehicles and the
- 12 department of public safety. The commissioner of motor
- 13 vehicles is authorized and directed to transfer into a
- 14 special revolving fund under the control of the super-
- 15 intendent of the department of public safety such
- 16 amounts required by the department of public safety
- 17 and determined by the commissioner as necessary to
- 18 administer its responsibilities under this article.

§17E-1-24. Enforcement.

- In addition to the officers of the department of public 1
- 2 safety, any police officer, or employee of the department
- 3 of highways designated by the commissioner of high-
- 4 ways as a weight enforcement officer, or any inspector
- 5 of the public service commission, motor carrier division,
 - may enforce the provisions of this article.

§17E-1-25. Penalties.

- 1 It is a misdemeanor for any person to violate any of
- 2 the provisions of this chapter unless such violation is by
- 3 this chapter or other law of this state declared to be a
- 4 felony.
- 5 Unless another penalty is provided in this chapter or
- 6 by the laws of this state, every person convicted of a 7
 - misdemeanor for the violation of any provisions of this
- 8 chapter shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars 9 nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for
- not more than six months in the county jail, or both 10
- fined and imprisoned, except that for the second 11
- violation of section seven of this article and, upon 12
- conviction thereof, the offender shall be fined not less 13
- 14 than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand
- dollars or imprisoned for not less than six months nor 15
- more than nine months in the county jail, or both fined 16 and imprisoned. For the third or any subsequent 17
- conviction for violation of section seven of this article, 18
- upon conviction thereof, the offender shall be fined not 19
- less than one thousand dollars nor more than two 20
- thousand five hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not less 21
- than nine months nor more than one year in the county 22
- iail, or both fined and imprisoned. 23

CHAPTER 206

(H. B. 2003—By Delegates Love and Given)

[Passed March 6, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article ten, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to enacting the uniform determination of death act; establishing standards for the determination of death; mandating uniform construction and application of the act; providing civil and criminal immunity for certain persons; and changing the short title from the uniform brain death act to the uniform determination of death act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 10. UNIFORM DETERMINATION OF DEATH ACT.

- \$16-10-1. Determination of death.
- §16-10-2. Uniformity of construction and application.
- §16-10-3. Civil and criminal immunity.
- §16-10-4. Short title.

§16-10-1. Determination of death.

- 1 An individual who has sustained either (1) irreversible
- 2 cessation of circulatory and respiratory functions or (2)
- 3 irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain,
- 4 including the brain stem, is dead. A determination of
- 5 death must be made in accordance with accepted
- 6 medical standards.

§16-10-2. Uniformity of construction and application.

- 1 This article shall be applied and construed to effec-
- 2 tuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with
- 3 respect to the subject of this article among states
- 4 enacting it.

§16-10-3. Civil and criminal immunity.

1 A physician or any other person authorized by law to

- 2 determine death who makes such determination in
- 3 accordance with section one of this article is not liable
- 4 for damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution
- 5 in any criminal proceeding for his acts or the acts of
- 6 others based on that determination. Any person who acts
- 7 in good faith in reliance on a determination of death is
- 8 not liable for damages in any civil action or subject to
- 9 prosecution in any criminal proceeding for such act.

§16-10-4. Short title.

This article may be cited as the "Uniform Determination of Death Act."

CHAPTER 207

(S. B. 302—By Senators Brackenrich, Parker and Felton)

[Passed April 5, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twenty-two, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section five-a, article one; section two, article six; and section three, article eight, chapter sixty of said code, all relating to the permission of advertising of farm wineries; revising the definition of "farm winery" as inclusive of operating an offsite establishment and as exclusive of young implantations; providing permission for the holder of a farm winery license to sell wine to consumers at the winery and to other sellers without payment of a transport bond; relating to the permission and the regulation of the sale of West Virginia wine at fairs, festivals, restaurants and state stores; and providing for legislative rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twenty-two, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirtyone, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section five-a, article one; section two, article six; and section three, article eight, chapter sixty of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 17. Roads and Highways.
- State Control of Alcoholic Liquors.

CHAPTER 17. ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

ARTICLE 22. OUTDOOR ADVERTISING.

§17-22-7. Exceptions to prohibited signs; standards for excepted signs.

- 1 The provisions of section three of this article shall not
- 2 apply to the following: (a) Directional and other official
- 3 signs and notices required or authorized by law.
- 4 including, but not limited to, signs and notices pertain-
- 5 ing to natural wonders, farm wineries, scenic and
- 6 historical attractions, which such signs and notices shall
- 7 conform to standards respecting lighting, size, number,
- 8 spacing and such other appropriate requirements as
- may be designated and specified by the secretary of 9
- transportation of the United States: Provided. That the 10
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- commissioner of the department of highways shall not
- 12 establish any standards respecting lighting, size,
- 13 number, spacing and other appropriate requirements
- which are stricter than such standards designated and 14
- 15 specified by the secretary of transportation of the
- United States; (b) signs, displays, and devices advertis-16
- ing the sale or lease of property upon which they are 17
- located; and (c) signs, displays, and devices advertising 18
- activities conducted on the property on which they are 19
- located, including markers of underground utility 20
- 21 facilities.

CHAPTER 60. STATE CONTROL OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS.

Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 6. Miscellaneous Provisions.
- Sale of Wines.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§60-1-5a. Farm wineries defined.

- For the purpose of this chapter: "Farm winery" means 1
- an establishment where in any year fifty thousand 2
- gallons or less of wine is manufactured exclusively by 3

4 natural fermentation from grapes, other fruit or honey, 5 with twenty-five percent of such raw products being 6 produced by the owner of such farm winery on the 7 premises of that establishment, and no more than 8 twenty-five percent of such produce originating from any source outside this state: Provided, That a farm 9 10 winery may include one off-farm location: Provided, 11 however, That the owner of a farm winery may provide 12 to the commissioner evidence, accompanied by written 13 findings by the West Virginia agriculture commissioner 14 in support thereof, that the owner has planted on the 15 premises of the farm winery young nonbearing fruit 16 plants. The commissioner may grant permission for one 17 off-farm location in an amount equal to that reasonably 18 expected to be produced when the nonbearing fruit 19 plants planted on the farm winery come into full 20 production. The length of time of the permission to use 21 an off-farm location shall be determined by the commis-22 sioner after consultation with the agriculture commis-23 sioner.

ARTICLE 6. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

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§60-6-2. When lawful to manufacture and sell wine and cider.

- 1 The provisions of this chapter shall not prevent:
- 2 (1) A person from manufacturing wine at his residence for consumption at his residence as permitted by section one of this article;
- 5 (2) A person from manufacturing and selling unfermented cider:
- 7 (3) A person from manufacturing and selling cider 8 made from apples produced by him within this state, to 9 persons holding distillery licenses, but such manufac-10 ture and sale shall be under the supervision and 11 regulation of the commissioner;
 - (4) A person from manufacturing and selling wine made from fruit produced by him within this state to persons holding winery licenses, but such manufacture and sale shall be under the supervision and regulation of the commissioner; and

17 (5) The holder of a farm winery license from selling 18 wine produced by it directly to consumers at the winery 19 and at one off-farm winery location or to any other person who is licensed under this chapter to sell wine 20 21 either at wholesale or at retail: Provided, That the 22 winery may ship wines from the farm winery without 23 the bonding requirements of a transporter: Provided, 24 however, That notwithstanding any other provisions of 25 law to the contrary, an individual or licensee in a state 26 which affords the wineries of this state equal reciprocal 27 shipping privileges may ship for personal use and not 28 for resale not more than two cases of wine per month 29 to any adult resident in this state.

ARTICLE 8. SALE OF WINES.

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§60-8-3. Licenses; fees; general restrictions.

- (a) Except as to farm wineries as defined by section 1 2 five-a, article one of this chapter, no person may engage 3 in business in the capacity of a distributor, retailer or private wine restaurant without first obtaining a license 4 5 from the commissioner, nor shall a person continue to engage in any such activity after his license has expired, 6 7 been suspended or revoked. No person may be licensed simultaneously as a distributor and a retailer, as a 8 9 distributor and a private wine restaurant, or as a 10 retailer and a private wine restaurant.
- 11 (b) The commissioner shall collect an annual fee for 12 licenses issued under this article, as follows:
 - (1) Twenty-five hundred dollars per year for a distributor's license and each separate warehouse or other facility from which a distributor sells, transfers or delivers wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of twenty-five hundred dollars as herein provided.
- 20 (2) One hundred fifty dollars per year for a retailer's license.
- 22 (3) Fifty dollars per year for a wine tasting license.

- 23 (4) Fifty dollars for each sales representative of or employed by a licensed distributor.
 - (5) Two hundred fifty dollars per year for a private wine restaurant license, and each separate restaurant from which a licensee sells wine shall be separately licensed and there shall be collected with respect to each such location the annual license fee of two hundred fifty dollars as herein provided.
 - (c) The license period shall begin on the first day of July of each year and end on the thirtieth day of June of the following year, and if granted for a less period, the same shall be computed semiannually in proportion to the remainder of the fiscal year.
 - (d) No retailer may be licensed as a private club as provided by article seven of this chapter.
 - (e) No retailer may be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code: *Provided*, That a delicatessen which is a grocery store as defined in section two of this article and which is licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer, may be a retailer under this article: *Provided*, *however*, That any delicatessen licensed in both such capacities must maintain average monthly sales exclusive of sales of wine and nonintoxicating beer which exceed the average monthly sales of nonintoxicating beer.
 - (f) A retailer under this article may also hold a wine tasting license authorizing such retailer to serve complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities for tasting. Such retailer shall organize a winetaster's club, which has at least fifty duly elected or approved dues paying members in good standing. Such club shall meet on the retailer's premises not more than one time per week and shall either meet at a time when the premises are closed to the general public, or shall meet in a separate segregated facility on the premises to which the general public is not admitted. Attendance at tastings shall be limited to duly elected or approved dues paying members and their guests.

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(g) A retailer who has more than one place of retail business shall obtain a license for each separate retail establishment. A retailer's license may be issued only to the proprietor or owner of a bona fide grocery store or wine specialty shop.

(h) The commissioner may issue a special license for the retail sale of wine at any festival or fair which is endorsed or sponsored by the governing body of a municipality or a county commission. Such special license shall be issued for a term of no longer than ten consecutive days and the fee therefor shall be two hundred fifty dollars regardless of the term of the license unless the applicant is the manufacturer of said wine on a farm winery as defined in section five-a, article one of this chapter, in which event the fee shall be twenty-five dollars. The application for such license shall contain such information as the commissioner may reasonably require and shall be submitted to the commissioner at least thirty days prior to the first day when wine is to be sold at such festival or fair. A farm winery licensed under this subsection may exhibit, conduct tastings, not to exceed a reasonable serving, and may sell wine only for consumption off the premises of such festival or fair. A special license issued other than to a farm winery may be issued to a "wine club" as defined hereinbelow. The festival or fair committee or the governing body shall designate a person to organize a club under a name which includes the name of the festival or fair and the words "wine club." The license shall be issued in the name of the wine club. A licensee may not commence the sale of wine as provided for in this subsection until the wine club has at least fifty dues paying members who have been enrolled and to whom membership cards have been issued. Thereafter, new members may be enrolled and issued membership cards at any time during the period for which the license is issued. A wine club licensed under the provisions of this subsection may sell wine only to its members, and in portions not to exceed eight ounces per serving. Such sales shall take place on premises or in an area cordoned or segregated so as to be closed to the general public. and the general public shall not be admitted to such

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premises or area. A wine club licensee under the provisions of this subsection shall be authorized to serve complimentary samples of wine in moderate quantities for tasting.

A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall be subject to all other provisions of this article and the rules, regulations and orders of the commissioner relating to such special license: Provided. That the commissioner may by rule, regulation, or order provide for certain waivers or exceptions with respect to such provisions, rules, regulations, or orders as the circumstances of each such festival or fair may require, including, without limitation, the right to revoke or suspend any license issued pursuant to this section prior to any notice or hearing notwithstanding the provisions of section twelve of this article: Provided, however, That under no circumstances shall the provisions of subsections (c) or (d), section twenty of this article be waived nor shall any exception be granted with respect thereto.

A license issued under the provisions of this subsection and the licensee holding such license shall not be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this section.

- (i) A license to sell wine granted to a private wine restaurant under the provisions of this article entitles the operator to sell and serve wine, for consumption on the premises of the licensee, when such sale accompanies the serving of food or a meal to its members and their guests in accordance with the provisions of this article. Such licensees are authorized to keep and maintain on their premises a supply of wine in such quantities as may be appropriate for the conduct of operations thereof. Any sale of wine so made shall be subject to all restrictions set forth in section twenty of this article. A private wine restaurant may also be licensed as a Class A retail dealer in nonintoxicating beer as provided by article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code.
- (j) With respect to subdivisions (h) and (i) of this section, the commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations in regard to the form of the applications, the

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- 144 suitability of both the applicant and location of the licensed premises and such other rules and regulations 145 deemed necessary to carry the provisions of such 146 147 subsections into effect.
- 148 (k) The commissioner shall promulgate rules and 149 regulations in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a to allow restaurants to serve West Virginia wine with 150 151 meals, but not to sell the wine by the bottle. Each restaurant so licensed shall be charged a fee less than that charged for a wine license to a retail outlet, such fees to be set forth in the aforementioned rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this subsection.
- 156 (1) The commissioner shall establish guidelines to 157 permit West Virginia wines to be sold in state stores.
- 158 (m) Farm wineries as defined in section one-a of this 159 article may advertise off premises as provided in section 160 seven, article twenty-two of chapter seventeen and in 161 any other media, including, but not limited to, news-162 paper, radio, television, magazines and direct mail 163 solicitation.

CHAPTER 208

(H. B. 2672—By Delegates M. Burke and Rutledge)

[Passed April 8, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article four, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to workers' compensation: disability and death benefits: providing that employees of the state and its political subdivisions may not simultaneously draw workers' compensation benefits and receive sick leave for the same period of time.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article four, chapter twenty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one. as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

CHAPTER 23. WORKERS' COMPENSATION.

ARTICLE 4. DISABILITY AND DEATH BENEFITS.

§23-4-1. To whom compensation fund disbursed; occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases included in "injury" and "personal injury"; definition of occupational pneumoconiosis and other occupational diseases.

1 Subject to the provisions and limitations elsewhere in 2 this chapter set forth, the commissioner shall disburse 3 the workers' compensation fund to the employees of 4 employers subject to this chapter, which employees have 5 received personal injuries in the course of and resulting 6 from their covered employment or to the dependents, if 7 any, of such employees in case death has ensued, 8 according to the provisions hereinafter made; and also 9 for the expenses of the administration of this chapter. as provided in section two, article one of this chapter: 10 Provided. That in the case of any employees of the state 11 12 and its political subdivisions, including: counties; 13 municipalities; cities; towns; any separate corporation or 14 instrumentality established by one or more counties. cities or towns as permitted by law; any corporation or 15 16 instrumentality supported in most part by counties, 17 cities, or towns; any public corporation charged by law 18 with the performance of a governmental function and 19 whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities or towns; any agency or organization 20 21 established by the department of mental health for the provision of community health or mental retardation 22 services and which is supported in whole or in part by 23 24 state, county or municipal funds; board, agency, commission, department or spending unit including any 25 agency created by rule of the supreme court of appeals, 26 27 who have received personal injuries in the course of and 28 resulting from their covered employment, such employees are ineligible to receive compensation while such 29 employees are at the same time and for the same reason 30 drawing sick leave benefits. Such state employees may 31 only use sick leave for non-job related absences consist-32 ent with sick leave utilization, and may draw workers' 33 compensation benefits only where there is a job related 34

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injury. This proviso shall not apply to permanent 35 36 benefits: Provided, however, That such employees may 37 collect sick leave benefits until receiving temporary 38 total disability benefits. The division of personnel shall 39 promulgate rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of 40 this code relating to use of sick leave benefits by 41 employees receiving personal injuries in the course of 42 and resulting from covered employment: Provided 43 further. That in the event an employee is injured in the 44 course of and resulting from covered employment and 45 such injury results in lost time from work, and such 46 employee for whatever reason uses or obtains sick leave 47 benefits and subsequently receives temporary total 48 disability benefits for the same time period, such 49 employee may be restored sick leave time taken by him 50 or her as a result of the compensable injury by paying to his or her employer the temporary total disability benefits received or an amount equal to the temporary total disability benefits received. Such employee shall be restored sick leave time on a day for day basis which corresponds to temporary total disability benefits paid to the employer: And provided further, That since the intent of this paragraph is to prevent an employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions from collecting both temporary total disability benefits and sick leave benefits for the same time period, nothing herein may be construed to prevent an employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions from electing to receive either sick leave benefits or temporary total disability benefits but not both.

For the purposes of this chapter the terms "injury" and "personal injury" shall include occupational pneumoconiosis and any other occupational disease, as hereinafter defined, and the commissioner shall likewise disburse the workers' compensation fund to the emplovees of such employers in whose employment such employees have been exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease and in this state have contracted occupational pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, or have suffered a perceptible aggravation of an existing pneumoconiosis or other occupational disease, or to the dependents, if

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any, of such employees, in case death has ensued, according to the provisions hereinafter made: Provided. That compensation shall not be payable for the disease of occupational pneumoconiosis, or death resulting therefrom, unless the employee has been exposed to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis in the state of West Virginia over a continuous period of not less than two years during the ten years immediately preceding the date of his last exposure to such hazards, or for any five of the fifteen years immediately preceding the date of such last exposure. An application for benefits on account of occupational pneumoconiosis shall set forth the name of the employer or employers and the time 90 worked for each, and the commissioner may allocate to and divide any charges resulting from such claim 91 among the employers by whom the claimant was 93 employed for as much as sixty days during the period of three years immediately preceding the date of last 94 exposure to the hazards of occupational pneumoconiosis. 96 The allocation shall be based upon the time and degree 97 of exposure with each employer.

For the purposes of this chapter disability or death resulting from occupational pneumoconiosis, as defined in the immediately succeeding sentence, shall be treated and compensated as an injury by accident.

Occupational pneumoconiosis is a disease of the lungs caused by the inhalation of minute particles of dust over a period of time due to causes and conditions arising out of and in the course of the employment. The term "occupational pneumoconiosis" shall include, but shall not be limited to, such diseases as silicosis, anthracosilicosis, coal worker's pneumoconiosis, commonly known as black lung or miner's asthma, silico-tuberculosis (silicosis accompanied by active tuberculosis of the lungs), coal worker's pneumoconiosis accompanied by active tuberculosis of the lungs, asbestosis, siderosis, anthrax and any and all other dust diseases of the lungs and conditions and diseases caused by occupational pneumoconiosis which are not specifically designated herein meeting the definition of occupational pneumoconjosis set forth in the immediately preceding sentence.

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158 159 In determining the presence of occupational pneumoconiosis, X-ray evidence may be considered but shall not be accorded greater weight than any other type of evidence demonstrating occupational pneumoconiosis.

For the purposes of this chapter, occupational disease means a disease incurred in the course of and resulting from employment. No ordinary disease of life to which the general public is exposed outside of the employment shall be compensable except when it follows as an incident of occupational disease as defined in this chapter. Except in the case of occupational pneumoconiosis, a disease shall be deemed to have been incurred in the course of or to have resulted from the employment only if it is apparent to the rational mind, upon consideration of all the circumstances (1) that there is a direct causal connection between the conditions under which work is performed and the occupational disease. (2) that it can be seen to have followed as a natural incident of the work as a result of the exposure occasioned by the nature of the employment, (3) that it can be fairly traced to the employment as the proximate cause. (4) that it does not come from a hazard to which workmen would have been equally exposed outside of the employment. (5) that it is incidental to the character of the business and not independent of the relation of employer and employee, and (6) that it must appear to have had its origin in a risk connected with the employment and to have flowed from that source as a natural consequence, though it need not have been foreseen or expected before its contraction.

No award shall be made under the provisions of this chapter for any occupational disease contracted prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred fortynine. An employee shall be deemed to have contracted an occupational disease within the meaning of this paragraph if the disease or condition has developed to such an extent that it can be diagnosed as an occupational disease.

Claims for occupational disease as hereinbefore defined, except occupational pneumoconiosis, shall be processed in like manner as claims for all other personal injuries.

CHAPTER 209

(S. B. 614—By Senator Dittmar)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to extend the time for the county commission of Calhoun County, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the county an election to extend the additional county levy for emergency services in Calhoun County from between the seventh and twenty-eighth days of March until Thursday, the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- CALHOUN COUNTY COMMISSION MEETING AS A LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO CONTINUE ADDITIONAL LEVY FOR EMERGENCY SERVICES.
- §1. Extending time for Calhoun County commission to meet as levying body for election to continue additional levy for emergency services.
 - 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight,
 - 2 chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one
 - 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the
 - 4 contrary, the county commission of Calhoun County is
 - 5 hereby authorized to extend the time for its meeting as
 - 6 a levying body and certifying its actions to the state tax
 - 7 commissioner from between the seventh and twenty-
 - 8 eighth days of March until Thursday, the first day of
 - 9 June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for the
 - 10 purpose of submitting to the voters of Calhoun County
 - 11 the extension of the additional county levy for emer-
 - 12 gency services in Calhoun County.

CHAPTER 210

(H. B. 2779-By Delegate Willison)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize the transfer by the Doddridge County board of education of the land and buildings of the Krenn School or the St. Clara community building.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- THE KRENN SCHOOL, ALSO KNOWN AS THE ST. CLARA COM-MUNITY BUILDING.
- §1. School board authorized to transfer Krenn School to Historical Society.
 - 1 The school board of Doddridge County is hereby
 - 2 authorized and empowered to convey to the Doddridge
 - 3 County Historical Society for a nominal sum, the one-
 - 4 room frame school building, accompanying outbuild-
 - 5 ings, and surrounding one-quarter acre described on
 - 6 pages seventy-one through seventy-three in Deed Book
 - twenty-nine of the Doddridge County Commission and
 - 8 known collectively as the Krenn School or the St. Clara
 - 9 community meeting place. This conveyance shall be for
- 10 the purpose of the historical preservation of the
- 11 property.

CHAPTER 211

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 591—By Senator J. Manchin)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to authorize Fairmont State College to use the Highgate Carriage House property located in Fairmont, Marion County, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

HIGHGATE CARRIAGE HOUSE.

- §1. Fairmont State College authorized to use Highgate Carriage House property.
 - 1 Fairmont State College is hereby authorized, in the
 - 2 event the Highgate Carriage House property located in
 - 3 Fairmont, Marion County, West Virginia, is purchased
 - 4 by a qualified nonprofit organization approved by the
 - 5 Internal Revenue Service, to enter into contracts and
 - 6 leases permitting the college to occupy, use and
 - 7 maintain portions of said property as desired for
 - 8 operational or administrative purposes and for the

- 9 benefit and enhancement of the community. This
- 10 legislation does not authorize Fairmont State College to
- 11 purchase the property known as Highgate Carriage
- 12 House.

CHAPTER 212

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 141—By Senator Hawse)

[Passed April 7, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the Hardy County commission and the Hardy County board of education to support financially the operation of the Hardy County extension service; authorizing annual levy for such purpose; authorizing contribution of other funds for such purpose; and providing for disposition of funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

HARDY COUNTY EXTENSION SERVICE.

- §1. Levies by county commission and county board of education to support the Hardy County extension service.
- Disposition of funds; participation by West Virginia University extension service.
- §1. Levies by county commission and county board of education to support the Hardy County extension service.
 - 1 In order to provide for the support, maintenance and
 - 2 operation of the Hardy County extension service, Hardy
 - 3 County, West Virginia, the board of education of the
 - 4 county of Hardy and the Hardy County commission,
 - 5 hereinafter described as the supporting agencies, may,
 - 6 if requested by the Hardy County extension service
 - 7 committee, levy annually on each one hundred dollars
 - 8 of assessed valuation of the property taxable according
 - 9 to the last assessment for state and county purposes,
 - 10 amounts as follows: By the board of education of the
- county of Hardy, Class I, two and six-tenths mills; Class
- 12 II, five and two-tenths mills; Class III, ten and four-
- 13 tenths mills; Class IV, ten and four-tenths mills; by the

- county commission of Hardy County, Class I, nine and one-half mills; Class II, nineteen mills; Class III, thirtyeight mills; Class IV, thirty-eight mills.
- 17 Each year the Hardy County extension service 18 committee may request each of the supporting agencies 19 to levy the above rates on each one hundred dollars of 20 assessed valuation of property of the same class, and 21 each of the supporting agencies may levy the rates 22 aforesaid. In addition, each supporting agency may contribute to the extension service any other general or 23 24 specific revenues or excess levy funds.
- §2. Disposition of funds; participation by West Virginia University extension service.
 - Money collected or appropriated by the supporting agencies for the personnel services of the Hardy County extension service shall be transferred to the West Virginia University extension service and disbursed by it for salaries and related expenses.
 - As long as the foregoing levy continues, West Virginia
 University extension service may contribute from its
 funds to the support of three full-time agent positions.

CHAPTER 213

(S. B. 138—By Senators Hawse and Lucht)

[Passed February 24, 1989; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the county commission of Jefferson County to convey a parcel of county-owned land to the Jefferson County Fairgrounds, reserving certain reversionary rights.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

- §1. County commission authorized to convey land to the Jefferson County Fairgrounds.
 - 1 The Legislature hereby recognizes that an adequate

 $\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$

site is necessary for the citizens of Jefferson County to conduct a county fair to enable youth and adults to exhibit livestock, horticultural products, agricultural products and home economics skills. Accordingly, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that transfers of any property, real or personal, made by county commis-sions to any person, organization or corporation for the furtherance of such activities promotes the cultural and educational welfare of the public and, therefore, is a public purpose.

The county commission of Jefferson County is hereby authorized and empowered to transfer and convey unto the Jefferson County Fairgrounds, all that certain parcel of land situated within Middleway District of Jefferson County, West Virginia, more particularly bounded and described as:

DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY FOR JEFFERSON COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS

A tract or parcel of land located in Middleway District, Jefferson County, West Virginia, said tract or parcel situated north of the property presently owned by the Jefferson County Fair Association, Inc., and more particularly bound and described according to a survey and plat thereof made by Appalachian Surveys, Inc., said plat attached hereto and made a part of this description.

Beginning at a 5/8-inch rebar (202) to be set, said rebar SW 21-12-27 822.99 feet from a found stone (1), said stone a corner with the "parent" tract and with The Jefferson County Volunteer Fireman's Association, Inc.; thence two new lines with The Jefferson County Farm NW 74-22-26 508.15 feet to a 5/8 inch rebar (203) to be set; thence SW 21-12-27 300.00 feet to a found 3/8 inch rebar (5) to be set, said rebar a corner with the Jefferson County Farm and the property presently owned by the Jefferson County Association, Inc.; thence with said Association SE 74-22-26 508.15 feet to a 5/8-inch rebar (201) to be set, said rebar NW 74-22-26 41.85 feet from a corner wooden fence post (200); thence

- with the Jefferson County Volunteer Fireman's
- 43 Association, Inc. NE 21-12-27 300.00 feet to the
- point of beginning, containing 3.48 acres.
- 45 Being a part of the same tract or parcel conveyed by
- 46 Minor Hurst and Sarah S. Hurst, husband and wife, to
- 47 the "Overseers of the Poor For the County of Jefferson
- 48 in the State of Virginia" by deed dated December 26th,
- 49 1857 and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of the
- 50 Jefferson County Commission in Deed Book 38 at page
- 51 24.

CHAPTER 214

(H. B. 2663—By Delegates Manuel and Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 22, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to extend the time for the board of education of Jefferson County, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body to certify its actions to the state tax commissioner for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the county an election to increase the county excess levy of eighty-seven and twenty-five one hundredths percent to one hundred percent for textbooks, employees salaries and benefits from Tuesday, the twenty-eighth day of March, until Thursday, the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF JEFFERSON COUNTY MEETING AS LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO INCREASE COUNTY EXCESS LEVY FOR TEXTBOOKS, EMPLOYEES SALARIES AND BENEFITS.
- §1. Extending time for board of education of Jefferson County to meet as a levying body for election to increase levy for textbooks, employee salaries and benefits.
 - 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight,
 - 2 chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one
 - 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the

4 contrary, the board of education of Jefferson County is 5 hereby authorized to extend the time for its meeting as a levying body to certify its actions to the state tax 6 commissioner for the purpose of presenting to the voters 7 8 of the county an election to increase the county excess levy of eighty-seven and twenty-five one hundredths 9 percent to one hundred percent for textbooks, employees 10 salaries and benefits from Tuesday, the twenty-eighth 11 12 day of March, until Thursday, the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. 13

CHAPTER 215

(H. B. 2524—By Delegates Manuel and Mezzatesta)

[Passed April 6, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT authorizing the county commission of Jefferson County to lease a certain parcel of real estate located in Shepherdstown District, Charles Town District and Harpers Ferry District, Jefferson County, West Virginia, for a period of up to ten years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

- §1. County commission authorized to lease Samuel G. Michaels farm located in Shepherdstown District, Charles Town District and Harpers Ferry District.
- The Legislature hereby recognizes that recreation is 1 necessary for the welfare of the people of Jefferson 2 County: and that the 137.424 acres Samuel G. Michaels 3 Farm was conveyed to the county commission of 4 Jefferson County for recreational purposes and that to 5 generate the necessary moneys to develop the farm as 6 a park the county commission of Jefferson County need 7 be authorized to lease all or a portion of it to any person. 8 firm or corporation for a period of up to ten years to 9 generate funds to make necessary recreational improve-10 ments: and that such a rental would promote the general 11 welfare of the public and, therefore, is a public purpose. 12
- 13 The county commission of Jefferson County, West

14 Virginia, is hereby authorized and empowered to lease 15 for a period of up to ten years all or any portion of all 16 that tract of land located on the south side of West 17 Virginia secondary Route 22, being in Shepherdstown. 18 Charles Town and Harpers Ferry District, Jefferson 19 County, West Virginia, designated tract No. 1, as shown 20 upon that certain map entitled "Plat of Survey of 21 Samuel G. Michaels Property, Situated in Shepherd-22 stown, Charles Town, and Harpers Ferry Districts, 23 Jefferson County, West Virginia, containing 138.25 24 Acres By Survey and Being a Part of the Same Property 25 Conveyed by William Engle, Trustee, to Samuel G. 26 Michaels by Deed Dated April 1, 1874 — Deed Book C, 27 Page 123," dated 1-29-76, approved by Samuel P. McClung, L.L.S. #380, and more particularly bounded 28 29 and described as follows:

30 Beginning at corner #1, a corner fence post in the 31 southern right-of-way line of West Virginia secondary Route 22 and a corner common to Robinson Ice and 32 33 Storage Company: thence leaving said road right-of-way 34 with a fence line common to Robinson Ice and Storage 35 Company: S. 21 degrees — 58' W. 2,843.52 feet to corner 36 #2, a corner fence post; thence leaving Robinson Ice and Storage Company land and with a fence line common 37 to William E. Walker, thence N. 84 degrees - 13' W. 38 39 2.832.16 feet to corner #3, a corner fence post on or near 40 the southern right-of-way of West Virginia secondary 41 Route 22 at the intersection of a private road leading 42 onto the William E. Walker 89.66 acre tract; thence leaving William E. Walker land and with the southern 43 44 right-of-way line of West Virginia secondary Route 22 for the following calls: N. 25 degrees - 00' E. 523.13 45 feet to a locust hub, N. 28 degrees - 10' E. 140.44 feet 46 on to a locust hub, N. 37 degrees - 14' E. 226.54 feet 47 to a locust hub. N. 38 degrees - 44 feet E. 929.40 feet 48 to a locust hub, N. 46 degrees - 44' E. 41.65 feet to a 49 locust hub, N. 59 degrees - 54' E. 42.23 feet to a locust 50 hub, N. 68 degrees - 39' E. 31.30 feet to a locust hub. 51 N. 71 degrees -24' E. 504.88 feet to a locust hub, N. 52 69 degrees - 34' E. 256.76 feet to a point in the southern 53 right-of-way line, said point being 15 feet left of and at 54 right angles to centerline station 23+00, thence south-55

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56 erly 25.00 feet to a point 40 feet left of and at right 57 angles to centerline station 23+00, thence northeasterly 58 270.00 feet to a point 45 feet left of and at right angles 59 to centerline station P.T. 20+30.28, thence northeasterly 60 385.00 feet to a point 40 feet left of and at right angles to centerline station P.T. 16+53.94, thence northeasterly 61 272.00 feet to a point 40 feet left of and at right angles 62 to centerline station P.C. 13+45.61, thence N. 78 degrees 63 64 - 15' E. 245.61 feet to a point 40 feet left of and at right 65 angles to centerline station 11+00, thence northeasterly 66 25.00 feet to a point 15 feet left of and at right angles to centerline station 11+00, thence N. 78 degrees -53'67 68 E. 913.58 feet to a locust hub, thence W. 70 degrees — 69 17' E. 183.39 feet to the beginning, containing 137.424 acres, more or less, and being the same property 70 71 conveyed by Samuel G. Michaels to the State of West 72 Virginia by will dated September 22, 1972, and 73 recorded in the Office of the Clerk of Jefferson County in Will Book "P" at page 42, minus 0.826 of an acre 74 additional right-of-way conveyed by the State of West 75 Virginia, Public Land Corporation to the West Virginia 76 Department of Highways by deed dated September 2. 77 78 1977, and recorded in the Office of the Clerk of Jefferson County in Deed Book 431, at page 608. 79

Any lease agreement shall require that all improvements made to said farm shall remain upon the lease terminating. The county commission of Jefferson County, West Virginia, shall deposit all rental moneys received from the lease of this farm or any portion thereof in a special account which moneys may only be used to improve and maintain said farm.

CHAPTER 216

(S. B. 171-By Senators Chafin, Heck, Jones and Tomblin)

[Passed February 20, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to extend the time for the city of Kenova, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the city an election to extend the city levy for the Ceredo-Kenova War Memorial,

Ceredo-Kenova Memorial Public Library, Kenova Volunteer Fire Department, athletics and recreation, and police, fire and other employee salaries, generally, in the city of Kenova from the twenty-eighth day of March until Monday, the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

- CITY OF KENOVA LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO CONTINUE LEVY FOR THE CEREDO-KENOVA WAR MEMORIAL, CEREDO-KENOVA MEMORIAL PUBLIC LIBRARY, KENOVA VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT, ATHLETICS AND RECREATION, AND POLICE, FIRE AND OTHER KENOVA CITY EMPLOYEE SALARIES.
- §1. Extending time for city of Kenova to meet as a levying body for election to continue levy for Ceredo-Kenova War Memorial, Ceredo-Kenova Memorial Public Library, Kenova Volunteer Fire Department, athletics and recreation, and police, fire and other Kenova city employee salaries.
 - Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one
 - 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the
 - 4 contrary, the city council of Kenova is hereby authorized
 - 5 to extend the time for its meeting as a levying body and
 - 6 certifying its actions to the state tax commissioner from
 - 7 the twenty-eighth day of March until Monday, the first
 - 8 day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for
 - 9 the purpose of submitting to the voters of the city of
- 10 Kenova the extension of the city levy for the Ceredo-
- 11 Kenova War Memorial, Ceredo-Kenova Memorial Public
- 12 Library, Kenova Volunteer Fire Department, athletics
- 13 and recreation, and police, fire and other employee
- 14 salaries, generally, in the city of Kenova.

CHAPTER 217

(S. B. 419—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Spears)

[Passed March 20, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to extend the time for the city of Richwood, West Virginia, to meet as a levying body for the purpose of

presenting to the voters of the city an election to extend the city levy to supplement current expense funds for general repairs of existing streets, alleys and sewers; acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of new streets; for services related to protection against loss by fire and street maintenance; and for services related to collection and disposal of garbage in the city of Richwood from Tuesday, the twenty-eighth day of March, until Monday, the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

CITY OF RICHWOOD LEVYING BODY EXTENDED TO CONTINUE LEVY FOR THE SUPPLEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUNDS FOR GENERAL REPAIRS OF EXISTING STREETS, ALLEYS AND SEWERS; ACQUISITION OF RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND CONSTRUCTION OF NEW STREETS; FOR SERVICES RELATED TO PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE AND STREET MAINTENANCE; AND FOR SERVICES RELATED TO COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF GARBAGE IN THE CITY OF RICHWOOD.

§1. Extending time for city of Richwood to meet as a levying body for election to continue levy to supplement current expense funds for general repairs of existing streets, alleys and sewers; acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of new streets; for services related to protection against loss by fire and street maintenance; and for services related to collection and disposal of garbage in the city of Richwood.

Notwithstanding the provisions of article eight, 1 chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia. one 3 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, to the contrary, the city council of Richwood is hereby 4 5 authorized to extend the time for its meeting as a levying body and certifying its actions to the state tax 6 commissioner from Tuesday, the twenty-eighth day of 7 March, until Monday, the first day of May, one thousand 8 nine hundred eighty-nine, for the purpose of submitting 9 to the voters of the city of Richwood the extension of the 10 city levy to supplement current expense funds for 11 general repairs of existing streets, alleys and sewers; 12

- 13 acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of new
- 14 streets; for services related to protection against loss by
- 15 fire and street maintenance; and for services related to
- 16 collection and disposal of garbage in the city of
- 17 Richwood.

RESOLUTIONS

(Only resolutions of general interest are included herein.)

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 19

(By Delegates Martin and Helmick and Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers)

[Adopted March 6, 1989]

Commemorating the 87th birthday of West Virginia's retired United States Senator, the Honorable Jennings Randolph.

Whereas, Jennings Randolph, West Virginia's retired United States Senator served with distinction in the United States Congress for 37 years, as a Senator (27 years) and Congressman (10 years); set an all-time Congressional record of 10,753 roll call votes; authored the 26th Amendment to the United States Constitution giving the right to vote to 18 to 20 year-old Americans; and served with nine United States Presidents, will on the eighth day of March, 1989, celebrate his 87th birthday; and

WHEREAS, This event in the life of this great West Virginia Statesman and American should not go unnoticed by the citizens of West Virginia and its elected representatives of the 69th Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the members of the Legislature do hereby express their congratulations to the distinguished Statesman and fellow West Virginian in the celebration on March 8, 1989, of his 87th birthday and wish him many more such celebrations in the years to come; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution posthaste to Senator Randolph in time to be read on his birthday and that a copy suitable for framing be sent to members of his family as well.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 42

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Susman)

[Adopted April 8, 1989]

Requiring the Joint Committee on Government and Finance to form a Property Tax Study Commission to examine the complete property tax system of the State of West Virginia.

WHEREAS, The Property Tax Limitation and Homestead Exemption Amendment of 1982 required the statewide reappraisal of all property to be completed, certified and published on or before March 31, 1985, for use when directed by the Legislature; and

Whereas, The Legislature has assigned and delegated to the State Tax Commissioner and other public officials responsibilities and duties to conduct the statewide reappraisal, to facilitate the correction of errors or defects and to provide further review of the results of the reappraisal, and to provide for the implementation of the reappraisal; and

Whereas, The matter of implementation of the statewide reappraisal affects every citizen of this State in that property taxation is required by the constitutional mandate of the people to be equal and uniform, and property taxes directly support local government and the public school system of the State: and

WHEREAS, The Legislature specifically delegated responsibility to the State Tax Commissioner to certify, upon completion of the review procedures, that the procedures have been substantially complied with and that the results are substantially correct so that final valuations produced by the reappraisal process may be used; and

WHEREAS, The State Tax Commissioner has not issued the certification as to the review process provided for by general law, the statewide property reappraisal has not been implemented, and the assessments and taxation in place prior to the adoption of the aforesaid Amendment of 1982 remain in effect; and

Whereas, Many citizens and public officials are concerned that the statewide reappraisal contains errors, inconsistencies, and other matters which undermine taxpayer confidence and raise issues as to the fiscal impact of reappraisal implementation upon public schools and local government financing and that continuing review is appropriate even though the reappraisal review procedures may have been substantially complied with and the results thereof may be substantially correct; and

Whereas, The Legislature recognizes that other aspects of state tax policy may also be affected by the property taxation system and that, as the Legislature has considered and enacted major reforms of the State's tax and revenue structure to advance fiscal and economic development policies which benefit the State, the taxation of property by the State should likewise be reviewed to determine whether and how property taxation can be designed to affect and contribute to such policies including innovations in tax policy which might provide appropriate means to ensure a fair distribution of tax burden to concentrated ownership of West Virginia's land, timber and minerals and to encourage rational, long-term planning and use of our State's resources; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature by the creation of the Property Tax Study Commission desires to provide an appropriate forum for the thorough review and consideration of the property tax system, including the statewide reappraisal and the relationship between such system and the State's goals of fiscal responsibility and economic development. This commission shall consist of fifteen members: five of whom shall be members of the State Senate, appointed by the President of the Senate, with no more than four of such members to be of the same political party; five of whom shall be members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, with no more than four of such members to be of the same political party; and five members to be appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be the State Tax Commissioner, with not more than four members to be of the same political party; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Delegates and the Governor shall confer together on their respective appointments prior to the same being made in order to ensure that the membership of the Property Tax Study Commission is reasonably diverse as to experience, knowledge, interest and representation; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Governor shall select one of the members as Chairman, and one as Vice Chairman, and vacancies on the Commission shall be promptly filled by the original appointing authority; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Commission may employ such professional, clerical and technical assistance as it deems necessary in order to perform its duties, and may request information from any State officers or agencies in order to assist the performance of its duties; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Commission shall meet in Charleston or elsewhere as it may deem necessary or appropriate, and it shall convene at least monthly and at such other times as its duties may require. The first meeting shall be called jointly, by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom shall preside temporarily and until a chairman is selected; and, be it

Further Resolved, That compensation shall be paid and actual and necessary expenses shall be paid or reimbursed from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, but no such compensation and expenses shall be incurred, paid or reimbursed without first obtaining the approval of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance; and, be it

Further Resolved. That the Commission is instructed to review and determine the status and quality of the statewide reappraisal review process and make such findings and recommendations as the Commission deems appropriate to provide for an equal and fair property tax system. The Commission shall consult with assessors; county commissioners; representatives of taxpayer groups, including, but not limited to, forestry, coal, and agriculture industries and small businesses; representatives of residential property owners; and other persons who possess knowledge, expertise, or information pertinent to the areas of inquiry identified by the Commission. The Commission or a subcommittee thereof may hold public hearings or meetings at such times and places as it deems appropriate to gather information and provide forums for public comment, in addition to its regular or special meetings. The Commission shall make interim reports

to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance periodically and shall prepare and deliver to the Joint Committee on Government and Finance a final report containing the findings and recommendations of the Commission on or before the 1st day of December, 1989; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Commission is empowered to study, review, and make recommendations as to the following additional matters:

- (1) The benefits, detriments, and viability of applying a twotiered property tax structure to West Virginia's property tax system;
- (2) The implications of adoption of an "excess acreage tax", "nonproduction tax" or similar tax upon land or natural resource holdings in the State;
- (3) The prospects for integration of tax policies and structures to encourage production, processing and manufacturing activities to occur within West Virginia utilizing the natural resources and raw materials found within the State;
- (4) The prospects of "roll back" or similar provisions in the property tax system to ensure fairness and an equitable sharing of the property tax burden when property is sold for development;
- (5) Developing a more efficient system for the operation and training for those responsible for the identification, assessment and collection of real and personal property taxes; and
- (6) Examine the feasibility of setting minimum tax rates so as to guarantee a stable base of tax revenue; and, be it

Further Resolved, That subject to prior approval of the Joint Committee on Government and Finance, the Commission may employ consultants to assist in the analysis and consideration of these subjects. The Commission shall report its findings and recommendations, if any, to the Legislature on the first day of the next Regular Session.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 3

(By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, Chernenko, Loehr, Blatnik and Wiedebusch)

[Adopted March 28, 1989]

Directing that the Wheeling Interstate 470 bridge spanning the Ohio River be hereafter named and referred to as the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Bridge.

Whereas, This state is proud of those Vietnam veterans who served with honor in the armed forces of the United States; and

WHEREAS, There should be a suitable memorial to those Vietnam veterans of this state and other states; and

WHEREAS, The Wheeling Interstate 470 bridge spanning the Ohio River will serve admirably as a memorial honoring those Vietnam veterans; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Wheeling Interstate 470 bridge spanning the Ohio River be hereafter named and known as the Vietnam Veterans Memorial Bridge, as an honor and memorial to Vietnam veterans everywhere; and, be it

Further Resolved That the Clerk is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of the Ohio General Assembly, to the Commissioner of the West Virginia Department of Highways, and to the national headquarters of the Vietnam Veterans of America, the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 22

(By Senators Holliday, Pritt and Rundle)

[Adopted April 8, 1989]

Urging the Congress of the United States to enact legislation to restore interim black lung benefits to disabled coal miners which were put in jeopardy by a recent United States Supreme Court decision.

WHEREAS, It is already an ordeal, sometimes taking up to

five years, for a coal miner suffering from black lung to obtain benefits; and

WHEREAS, It is totally unfair to make it tougher for individuals with black lung to get this interim relief; and

Whereas, Studies involving more than 400 miners have shown that 90 percent to 95 percent of those with more than 20 years of mining experience showed signs of black lung at death; and

WHEREAS, The miners' plight is tough enough without asking them to provide reams of medical and legal paperwork; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Congress of the United States is urged to support Congressman Bob Wise's bill which will allow miners to receive interim benefits by submitting a single piece of evidence supporting a diagnosis of black lung, such as a positive chest X ray, blood test, ventilatory study or doctor's opinion; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution is hereby directed to be sent to the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, to Congressmen Bob Wise, Harley O. Staggers, Nick J. Rahall and Alan Mollohan, to Senators Robert C. Byrd and John D. Rockefeller IV, and to the Vice President and President of the United States.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 26

(By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, Whitlow, Parker, Hylton, Rundle, Holliday, Brackenrich, Chafin and Wagner)

[Adopted March 23, 1989]

Commemorating the passing of James Kee, former U.S. Representative, gentleman and statesman.

WHEREAS, James Kee was born April 15, 1917, at Bluefield, Mercer County, and died in the year 1989 at the age of seventy-one at Montgomery, Fayette County; and

WHEREAS, During his long and colorful life, James Kee served the Congress first as an employee and then as a U.S. Representative and made innumerable contributions to the

state of West Virginia during his thirty-three years of service; and

WHEREAS, Mr. Kee, in giving unselfishly of himself to his community, his state and his country, left this world a better place than it was when he entered it; and

WHEREAS, The passing of James Kee should not go unnoticed; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That regret is hereby expressed by the members at the passing of James Kee, a great West Virginian; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of this body is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the family of Mr. James Kee.

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 12

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Given) (Originating in the House Committee on Constitutional Revision)

[Adopted April 1, 1989]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, amending sections eight and thirteen, article nine thereof; and amending said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections fourteen and fifteen, all relating to municipal and county organization; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at a special election to be held on September ninth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, which proposed amendment is that sections eight and thirteen, article nine, be amended; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated

sections fourteen and fifteen, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE IX. COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

§8. Formation and consolidation of counties; allocation of liabilities.

No new county may hereafter be formed in this state 1 2 except by the consolidation of counties. The Legislature 3 shall provide by law for the consolidation of two or more 4 counties or the division of a county and the consolidation 5 of the division thereof with one or more other counties. No such consolidation may become effective without the 6 7 consent of a majority of the voters residing within each county affected who vote on the question. The former 8 9 areas shall be held responsible for their respective existing liabilities as provided by law. 10

§13. Optional forms of county organization and government; home rule for counties.

1 Notwithstanding any provision of this constitution to the contrary, the Legislature shall provide by law for 2 not less than three forms of county organizations and 3 4 governments, any one of which shall become effective in 5 any county when submitted to the voters thereof in an election held for such purpose and approved by a 6 7 majority of the voters who vote on the question. At least 8 one such form of organization and government shall provide for either a county manager or county executive 9 type of organization and government; at least one form 10 of such organization and government shall be the form 11 12 of government in effect in the counties upon the date of enactment of this amendment and shall include all 13 14 elected county offices in effect as of that date; and at least one form of such organization and government 15 shall provide for the consolidation of the offices and 16 functions of one or more of the elected county officers 17 18 provided for in the constitution and general laws of this state as they exist when this amendment takes effect. 19 All such forms of organizations and governments shall 20 provide for the exercise of all powers vested in, and the 21 performance of all duties imposed upon, counties and 22 county officers by this constitution or by general laws. 23 Any of such forms of organizations and governments 24

- 25 may provide that counties have the power to pass such
- 26 laws and ordinances relating to their local affairs as the
- 27 Legislature may authorize.

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§14. Consolidation of municipalities and counties; powers and duties of governing bodies; allocation of liabilities.

1 The Legislature shall provide by law that two or more 2 municipal governments or municipal and county go-3 vernments may be merged into one consolidated govern-4 ment with one set of officers but, as to a municipal and 5 county merger into one consolidated government, the county shall remain as a geographical area after such 6 consolidation. Such consolidated governments may be 7 formed in a manner prescribed by law. The Legislature 8 9 may provide that such consolidated governments may have all or any part of the combined taxing powers of 10 municipalities and counties, that such consolidated 11 governments may establish taxing districts within their 12 jurisdiction in which different rates of taxes may be 13 imposed based upon the type of services provided within 14 15 each district, and that the officers or governing bodies of such governments may exercise any powers vested in, 16 or perform any duties imposed upon, counties and 17 municipalities and their offices and officers by this 18 19 constitution or by general laws.

No county government shall conduct an election on a merger pursuant to this section without first receiving consent from a majority of the members of the governing body of any municipality proposed to be included in said consolidated government.

No such consolidated government may be formed without the consent of a majority of the electorate voting upon the question and residing within the boundaries of each incorporated municipality that is proposed to be merged into a consolidated government and a majority of the electorate voting upon the question and residing within the boundaries of the proposed consolidated county and not within the boundaries of any incorporated municipality included in the proposed consolidation. If any consolidation under this section includes a

- 35 municipality which has corporate boundaries extending
- 36 into one or more county or counties, the consent of a
- 37 majority of the voters residing in that portion of a
- 38 county or counties not included in the consolidation shall
- 39 be required.
- 40 The former areas shall be held responsible for their
- 41 existing liabilities as provided by law.

§15. Legislature may increase salaries of elected officials during term.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of article six, section
- 2 thirty-eight of this constitution, the salary of a county
- 3 commissioner, clerks of county commissions, clerks of
- 4 circuit courts, sheriffs, prosecuting attorneys, assessors
- 5 and any other official whose office is created pursuant
- 6 to this article may be increased by the Legislature
- 7 during their terms of office. Each commissioner shall
- 8 receive the same salary as the other commissioners of
- 9 the same county.
- 10 Resolved further. That in accordance with the provi-
- 11 sions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West
- 12 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
- 13 amended, such proposed amendment is hereby num-
- 14 bered "Amendment No. 2" and designated as the
- 15 "County Organization Reform Amendment" and the
- 16 purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as
- 17 follows: "To allow alternate forms of local government
- 18 and consolidation."

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 21

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Adopted March 28, 1989.]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, amending section two of article twelve thereof, relating to education and supervision of free schools; eliminating the office of state superintendent of

free schools as a constitutional office and the West Virginia board of education as a constitutional board: providing that the powers and duties of such office and board shall be exercised and performed by such department or person as shall be prescribed by law: numbering and designating such proposed amendment: and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto:

That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at a special election to be held on the ninth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the State the question of ratification or rejection of one or more constitutional amendments, which proposed amendment is that section two of article twelve be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE XII. EDUCATION.

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§2. Supervision of free schools.

The supervision of the free schools of the State shall 1 be vested in such department within the executive 2 3 branch of state government as shall be prescribed by 4 law, which department shall have such powers and perform such duties as shall be prescribed by law. 5 Wherever elsewhere in this Constitution reference is 6 7 made to the West Virginia board of education or superintendent of free schools, such reference shall 8 henceforth be read, construed and understood to mean, 9 respectively, such department or person specified by law 10 as being responsible for the exercise and performance 11 of the powers and duties previously vested in such board 12 13 and superintendent. Until the effective date of such law, the supervision of the free schools shall continue to be 14 vested in the West Virginia board of education, and the 15 state superintendent of free schools shall continue to be 16 the chief school officer of the state.

18 Resolved further, That in accordance with the provi-19 sions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West 20 Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as 21 amended, such proposed amendment is hereby numbered "Amendment No. 1" and designated as the 22 23 "Education Reorganization Amendment." and the 24 purpose of the proposed amendment is summarized as 25 follows: "To amend the state Constitution so as to 26 eliminate the office of the state superintendent of free 27 schools as a constitutional office and the West Virginia 28 board of education as a constitutional board, and to vest 29 the responsibility for the exercise and performance of 30 the powers and duties of the state superintendent and 31 state board in such department of state government or 32 person as shall be prescribed by law."

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 11

(By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Adopted April 6, 1989]

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia, repealing section eight of article twelve and amending sections one, two, four and seventeen of article seven thereof, repealing an archaic provision in the Constitution; relating to the executive department of state government; eliminating the offices of secretary of state, treasurer and commissioner of agriculture as constitutional offices; providing that the powers and duties of such offices shall be exercised and performed by such departments or persons as shall be prescribed by law; limiting the number of terms of office for the auditor and attorney general; providing for vacancies in the executive department, accounting for moneys, and false reporting constituting perjury; numbering and designating such proposed amendment; and providing a summarized statement of the purpose of such proposed amendment.

Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia, two thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto: That the question of ratification or rejection of an amendment to the Constitution of the State of West Virginia be submitted to the voters of the State at a special election to be held on September ninth, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, for the purpose of presenting to the voters of the State the question of ratification or rejection of one or more constitutional amendments, which proposed amendment is that section eight, article twelve be repealed, and that sections one, two, four and seventeen of article seven be amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE VII. EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

§1. Executive department.

1 The executive department shall consist of a governor, 2 auditor and attorney general, who shall be, ex officio. reporter of the court of appeals. Their terms of office 3 4 shall be four years and shall commence on the first 5 Monday after the second Wednesday of January next 6 after their election. They shall reside at the seat of 7 government during their terms of office, keep there the 8 public records, books and papers pertaining to their respective offices and shall perform such duties as may 9 10 be prescribed by law.

The persons holding the offices of secretary of state. 11 treasurer and commissioner of agriculture on the date 12 13 of ratification of the amendment of this section shall continue in office and complete their terms of office, 14 unless vacated by death, resignation or otherwise. 15 Thereafter, the powers and duties previously vested in 16 the secretary of state, treasurer and commissioner of 17 agriculture shall be exercised and performed by such 18 departments or persons in the respective departments of 19 state government as shall be prescribed by law. 20 Wherever elsewhere in this Constitution reference is 21 made to the secretary of state, treasurer or commis-22 sioner of agriculture, such reference shall henceforth be 23 read, construed and understood to mean such depart-24 25 ment or person.

§2. Election.

1 An election for governor, auditor and attorney general

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2 shall be held at such times and places as may be 3 prescribed by law.

§4. Eligibility.

None of the executive officers mentioned in this article shall hold any other office during the term of service.

A person who has been elected or who has served as auditor or attorney general during all or any part of two consecutive terms shall be ineligible for the same office during any part of the term immediately following the second of the two consecutive terms. The person holding the office of auditor or attorney general when this section is ratified shall not be prevented from holding the office during the term immediately following the term being served at the time of ratification.

A person who has been elected or who has served as governor during all or any part of two consecutive terms shall be ineligible for the office of governor during any part of the term immediately following the second of the two consecutive terms.

§17. Vacancies in other executive departments.

1 If the office of auditor or attorney general shall 2 become vacant by death, resignation or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the governor to fill the same by 3 appointment, and the appointee shall hold the office 4 until a successor shall be elected and qualified in such 5 6 manner as may be prescribed by law. The subordinate 7 officers of the executive department and the officers of 8 all public institutions of the state shall keep an account 9 of all moneys received or disbursed by them, respec-10 tively, from all sources and for every service performed, and make a semiannual report thereof to the governor 11 12 under oath or affirmation; and any officer who shall willfully make a false report shall be deemed guilty of 13 14 perjury.

Resolved further, That in accordance with the provisions of article eleven, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

- 18 amended, such proposed amendment is hereby num-
- 19 bered "Amendment No. 3" and designated as the "Better
- 20 Government Amendment," and the purpose of the
- 21 proposed amendment is summarized as follows: "To
- 22 amend the state Constitution so as to eliminate the
- 23 offices of secretary of state, treasurer and commissioner
- 24 of agriculture as constitutional offices; to vest the
- 25 responsibility for the exercise and performance of the
- 26 powers and duties of such offices in such departments
- of state government and persons as shall be prescribed
- 28 by law; to limit the number of terms of office for the
- 29 auditor and attorney general; and to repeal an archaic
- 30 provision in the Constitution.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 12

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk)

[Adopted February 24, 1989]

Relating to empowering the House Committee on the Judiciary to investigate allegations of impeachable offenses against the State Treasurer.

WHEREAS, On the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, House Resolution 9 was presented to the House of Delegates, alleging the loss of an estimated Two Hundred Seventy-nine Million Dollars from the "Consolidated Investment Fund": and

WHEREAS, The said resolution alleges that "[t]he losses incurred by said fund appear to and may be the result of incompetence, neglect of duty or maladministration by the State Treasurer": and

WHEREAS, On the day aforesaid the said resolution as presented to the House of Delegates was referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary; and

WHEREAS, The said resolution raises issues which may relate to acts or omissions in the administration and conduct of the office of the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, by the Treasurer, A. James Manchin, and calls for a determination by the House of Delegates as to whether said acts or omissions by the Treasurer may constitute offenses for which the Treasurer should be impeached pursuant to section nine,

article IV of the Constitution of the State of West Virginia; and

WHEREAS, The matters raised by the said resolution are a proper subject of investigation by the House of Delegates; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That the House Committee on the Judiciary be, and it is by this resolution, empowered (1) To investigate, or cause to be investigated, any allegations or charges raised in the aforesaid resolution which may relate to maladministration, corruption, incompetency, gross immorality, neglect of duty, or any high crime or misdemeanor by the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia; (2) to hold a hearing or hearings thereon; (3) to make findings of fact based upon such investigations and hearings; (4) to report to the House of Delegates its findings of facts and any recommendations which the Committee on the Judiciary may deem proper; and (5) if the recommendation of the committee be to impeach the Treasurer, to present to the House of Delegates a proposed resolution of impeachment and proposed articles of impeachment; and, be it

Further Resolved, That in carrying out its duties pursuant to this resolution, the House Committee on the Judiciary is authorized:

- (1) To examine witnesses, to send for persons and papers, documents and other physical evidence, to order the attendance of any witness, or the production of any paper, document and other physical evidence, and to exercise all other powers described under the provisions of section five, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia;
- (2) To issue summonses, subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum and to enforce obedience to its summonses and subpoenas in accordance with the provisions of section five, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia or by invoking the aid of the courts of this state;
- (3) To administer oaths or affirmations in accordance with the provisions of section six, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia; and
 - (5) To determine whether all or any portion of a meeting or

hearing should be held in an executive session, notwithstanding the provisions of Rule eighty-three of the Rules of the House of Delegates; and, be it

Further Resolved, That in carrying out his duties pursuant to this resolution, the Chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary is authorized:

- (1) To establish or define rules of procedure for the conduct of meetings or hearings held pursuant to this resolution;
- (2) To employ, with the prior approval of the Speaker of the House, a court reporter or stenographer and such other professional or clerical employees as may be reasonably required;
- (3) To designate a subcommittee or subcommittees of the Committee on the Judiciary to assist the Chairman or the Committee in performing his or its duties pursuant to this resolution; and
- (4) To determine the time and place of all meetings or hearings of the Committee and its designated subcommittees; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary, during its inquiry, may entertain such procedural and dispositive motions as may be made in the case of any other bill or resolution referred to that Committee, or, in making its recommendations, if any, pursuant to this resolution, may include any one or more of the following:

- (1) A recommendation that the House of Delegates and its Committee on the Judiciary delay any further consideration of the charges raised in the aforesaid resolution until a time certain:
- (2) A recommendation that the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, A. James Manchin, not be impeached;
- (3) A recommendation (A) That the Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, A. James Manchin, be impeached for maladministration, corruption, incompetency, gross immorality, neglect of duty, or any high crime or misdemeanor, and that the said A. James Manchin be removed from office and be thereafter disqualified from holding any office of honor, trust or profit, under this State; and (B) that the House of

Delegates adopt a resolution of impeachment and formal articles of impeachment as prepared by the Committee on the Judiciary and deliver the same to the Senate in accordance with the procedures of the House of Delegates, for consideration by the Senate according to law; and

(4) A recommendation of proposed legislation to correct any perceived statutory deficiencies found by the Committee.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 19

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Adopted March 29, 1989]

Relating to the impeachment of A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, for maladministration, incompetency, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors in his office as Treasurer of the State of West Virginia.

Resolved, That A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, be impeached for maladministration, incompetency, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors in his office as Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, and that said articles of impeachment, being seventeen in number, be and they are hereby adopted by the House of Delegates, and that the same shall be exhibited to the Senate in the following words and figures, to-wit:

ARTICLES exhibited by the House of Delegates of West Virginia in the name of themselves and all of the people of the State of West Virginia against A. James Manchin, who was at the general election held in November, 1984, duly elected to the office of Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, and on the 14th day of January, 1985, after having duly qualified as such Treasurer of the State of West Virginia by taking the required oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and to faithfully discharge the duties thereof to the best of his skill and judgment, entered upon the discharge of the duties thereof, and continued therein for a full term of four years; and, who was, at the general election held in November, 1988, again duly elected to said office of Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, and on January 16, 1989, after having again

duly qualified as such, by again taking the required oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this State and to faithfully discharge the duties of the office to the best of his skill and judgment, again entered upon the discharge of the duties thereof for a second term of four years, ending January 13, 1993, in maintenance and support of their impeachment against him, the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, for maladministration, incompetency, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors.

Article I

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there, with regard to the discharge of the duties of his office, delegated major elements of supervision to his subordinates, and thereafter failed to exercise reasonable and proper supervisory oversight of said subordinates in regard to the proper discharge of their duties.

Article II

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, failed to use due diligence in protecting securities under his control from loss from any cause.

Article III

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high

office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, made investments of funds of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund) with maturity dates beyond ten years, without the approval of a majority of the members of the West Virginia State Board of Investments, in violation of investment policy guidelines adopted by said Board on February 19, 1985.

Article IV

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, on and after January 14, 1985, continued to maintain, within the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), a reserve for losses (commonly called a reserve account or "rainy day fund") without approval of the West Virginia State Board of Investments, in violation of legislative rules promulgated by the Board pursuant to statutory law.

Article V

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees

under his direct control and supervision, entered into reverse repurchase agreements, through the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), in amounts exceeding the West Virginia State Board of Investments' investment policy guidelines adopted by the Board on February 19, 1985, to-wit: The movement of the total dollar value of reverse repurchase agreements during April, 1987, was as follows:

Date		Amount	Percentage of Total Fund
April 1,	1987	\$996,344,313.00	41%
April 3,	1987	\$797,608,813.00	33%
April 8,	1987	\$822,952,325.00	34%
April 13,	1987	\$623,217,325.00	26%
April 15,	1987	\$619,205,306.00	25%
April 21,	1987	\$514,515,981.00	21%
April 27,	1987	\$ 76,400,000.00	. 3%

Article VI

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, entered into futures or options contracts, through the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), in violation of the West Virginia State Board of Investments' investment policy guidelines adopted by the said Board on December 29, 1986, such options being speculative in nature, to-wit:

The Investments Division of the State Treasurer's office, using funds of the said Consolidated Fund, wrote two options in March, 1987. As the writer of the options, the said Investments Division received premiums paid by the buyers of the options.

The said Investments Division wrote a call option on March 4, 1987, on \$15,000,000.00 of Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) notes due on March 10, 1992, and received a premium of \$37,500.00. The said Investments Division purchased \$67,000,000,00 of FNMA notes on March 10, 1987, maturing on March 10, 1992 (\$15,000,000.00 of which was to cover the call option in the event it was exercised by the buyer). The call option expired on May 4, 1987, without being exercised, meaning the buyer did not buy the FNMA notes. Thereafter, the said Investments Division sold the \$67,000,000.00 of FNMA notes on June 4, 1987, and incurred a loss in the said Consolidated Fund of \$4,284,375.00 of which \$956,250.00 of the loss resulted from the sale of the FNMA notes purchased to cover the call option. The net loss in the said Consolidated Fund was reduced by the premium received, \$37,500.00, to \$918,750.00 on these transactions.

The said Investments Division wrote a put option on March 12, 1987, for \$200,000,000.00 of United States Treasury Notes due on November 15, 1996, and received a premium of \$1,671,875.00. However, the put option was exercised by the buyer of the put on May 12, 1987, meaning the buyer of the put forced the said Investments Division to take possession of the \$200,000,000.00 of United States Treasury Notes. In turn, the said Investments Division sold the investments on the same day and incurred a loss in the said Consolidated Fund of \$15,421,875.00. The net loss in the said Consolidated Fund was reduced by the premium received, \$1,671,875.00, to \$13,750,000.00 on this transaction.

Article VII

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, failed to distribute earnings or allocate losses to the several participants in the

Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund) in an equitable manner, to-wit:

- (1) Prior to May, 1987, the Treasurer's office made apportionments of purported earnings to the several participants in the said Consolidated Fund which were less than the actual amounts which were earned by the said Consolidated Fund.
- (2) Beginning in May, 1987, the Treasurer's office made apportionments of purported earnings to the several participants in the said Consolidated Fund which were greater than the actual amounts which were earned by the said Consolidated Fund.
- (3) Beginning in May, 1987, and for periods thereafter during which the said Consolidated Fund experienced actual losses in earnings income, or negative income, the Treasurer's office did not allocate losses among the several participants in the said Consolidated Fund, but instead made apportionments of purported earnings to the several participants in the said Consolidated Fund.

Article VIII

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, paid costs and expenses from the Investment Service Fees Account which were not incurred in the performance of the functions of the West Virginia State Board of Investments and were therefore not proper charges against, and were not payable on a pro rata basis from, the earnings of the various funds managed by the said Board, to-wit:

(1) The Treasurer's office did pay wages and salaries of some employees of the Treasurer's office from the Investment Service Fees Account, which such wages and salaries were not for personal services rendered by or on behalf of the West Virginia State Board of Investments.

(2) The Treasurer's office did pay expenses of the Treasurer's office and the Treasurer, A. James Manchin, from the Investment Service Fees Account, which such expenses were not incurred by or on behalf of the West Virginia State Board of Investments.

Article IX

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or employees under his direct control and supervision, or both A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision, made charges against purported earnings of the various funds managed by the West Virginia State Board of Investments and deposited the same into the Investment Service Fees Account when, in fact, such earnings did not exist or were overstated.

Article X

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: Notwithstanding that A. James Manchin, as Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, is, by statute, the Executive Secretary of the West Virginia State Board of Investments and the custodian of all funds, securities and assets held by the Board, and notwithstanding that the office of the Treasurer is, by statute, the staff agency for said Board, A. James Manchin and staff of the State Treasurer's office failed, with respect to investments made with funds of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), to exercise that degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which men of experience, prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Article XI

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision violated, with respect to investments made with funds of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), generally and specifically, general investment policies of the West Virginia State Board of Investments as to (1) purpose, (2) standard of care, (3) diversification, (4) permissible investments and (5) social responsibility.

Article XII

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: That the said A. James Manchin and his employees under his direct control and supervision generally and specifically violated, with respect to investments made with funds of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), the general investment policies of the West Virginia State Board of Investments as to (1) preservation of capital, (2) stability, (3) liquidity and (4) turnover.

Article XIII

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in

the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: Notwithstanding that A. James Manchin, as State Treasurer, as a member of, and Executive Secretary of, the West Virginia State Board of Investments, and as chief executive officer of the staff agency for said Board, had a fiduciary duty to recognize investment losses as they occurred within the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund) and to timely report such losses to said Board, A. James Manchin breached said duty by failing to recognize and report such losses after being informed by trusted employees of the Treasurer's office, Mary Jane Lopez and Jack Fuller, in November, 1987, that investment losses had occurred.

Article XIV

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there appointed an individual to manage a multi-billion dollar portfolio of investments, as well as other duties, without care or attention to such person's qualifications, to-wit: A. James Manchin appointed and retained a person to direct the management and investment of funds of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), knowing that the said person had no formal education or training to qualify said person to direct the investment or trading in investments of funds within the said Consolidated Fund, and knowing that the said person had participated as an investments officer in the trading of investments which had resulted in losses within the said Consolidated Fund during the months of April, May and June, 1987.

Article XV

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in

the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: A. James Manchin or his senior staff, or both A. James Manchin and his senior staff, conspired to cover up losses which occurred in April, May and June, 1987, in the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund) and to withhold information as to such losses from the various participants in the said Consolidated Fund and from the people of West Virginia.

Article XVI

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there did the following: Notwithstanding that A. James Manchin had the benefit of numerous warnings concerning bond market conditions during the second quarter of 1987 and the trading position of the Investments Division of the Treasurer's office with regard to the various portfolios of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund) under his control, and notwithstanding that A. James Manchin received direct reports of investment losses in the said Consolidated Fund, A. James Manchin failed, omitted or neglected to recognize and react to these warning signals and reports, to-wit: A. James Manchin failed, omitted or neglected to recognize and react to the following:

- (1) Action taken by the Board of Directors of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund during April, May and June, 1987, to withdraw all of its funds from the said Consolidated Fund, because said bond market conditions and the type of investments held by the said Consolidated Fund had caused the investment portfolio of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund to be "under water" or worth less than par value.
- (2) A letter from John L. O'Grady of Salomon Brothers dated April 3, 1987, directed to Arnold T. Margolin, Assistant Treasurer, with copies thereof directed to the members of the

West Virginia State Board of Investments, of which A. James Manchin was and is a member, wherein Salomon Brothers questioned the position of the said Consolidated Fund in the then-existing bond market and described the potential risks to which the said Consolidated Fund was exposed.

- (3) A letter from Governor Arch A. Moore, Jr., a member of and Chairman of the West Virginia State Board of Investments, dated April 15, 1987, directed to A. James Manchin, who was and is State Treasurer and Executive Secretary of the West Virginia State Board of Investments, expressing great concern with the contents of the Salomon Brothers letter, a copy of which the Governor had received from said O'Grady, expressing concern with the volatility of interest rates existing at that time and the potential effect on the portfolio of the said Consolidated Fund, and expressing particular concern with Arnold T. Margolin's interpretation of investment guidelines of the West Virginia State Board of Investments.
- (4) Meetings and conversations which took place in November, 1987, with Mary Jane Lopez and Jack Fuller, two valued and trusted employees of the Treasurer, wherein A. James Manchin was informed by the said Lopez and Fuller of losses on investments of funds of the said Consolidated Fund made by the said Investments Division.

Article XVII

That the said A. James Manchin, being Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, unmindful of the duties of his high office, and contrary to the oath taken by him to support the Constitution of the State of West Virginia and faithfully discharge the duties of his office as such Treasurer, while in the exercise of the functions of the office of Treasurer, in violation of his oath of office, then and there overdelegated the duties and responsibilities of the office of State Treasurer, to the detriment of the people of West Virginia, to-wit: Throughout his tenure as State Treasurer, A. James Manchin has:

(1) Delegated the substantive duties and responsibilities of the Investments Division of the Treasurer's office, first, to Arnold T. Margolin and, subsequently, to Mary Hudson, without requiring such persons to be accountable for their activities or for their direction of the said Investments Division.

- (2) Attended primarily to self-created ceremonial functions, not required by law to be performed, and not directly related to the discharge of the duties of the office of Treasurer of the State of West Virginia.
- (3) Failed to obtain even a conversational understanding of the functions of the said Investments Division.
- (4) Failed to impose adequate controls upon employees of the Treasurer's office to ensure the proper conduct of their assigned or delegated duties and responsibilities.
- (5) Failed to require that proper internal audits be performed to supervise investment trading and other financial transactions carried out within the office of the Treasurer.
- (6) Failed to establish effective lines of communication within the Treasurer's office necessary to keep himself informed of the manner in which delegated duties and responsibilities were being carried out, and, further, failed to properly pursue issues or questions raised by communications which did come to his attention.
- (7) Allowed inadequate record keeping and improper reporting procedures, as to the performance of the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund), to be established and continued.
- (8) Brought an absence of care and attention to the duties and responsibilities of his office, and failed to have a concern for the discharge of his duties that would reasonably be expected of a person holding the office of State Treasurer or a similar executive office.

Wherefore, the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, failed to discharge the duties of his office, and was and is guilty of maladministration, incompetency, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors.

And the House of Delegates of West Virginia, saving to themselves the liberty and rights of exhibiting at any time hereafter any further articles against the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, as aforesaid, and also of replying to his answers which he may make unto the articles herein preferred against him, and of offering proof to any and all of the articles herein contained, and every part thereof, and to all and every other article, accusation or impeachment, which shall be exhibited by the said House of Delegates as the case may require, do demand that the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer as aforesaid, may be put to answer the maladministration, incompetency, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors, herein charged against him, and that such proceedings, examinations, trials and judgments, may be thereupon had, given and taken, as may be agreeable to the Constitution and laws of the State of West Virginia, and as justice may require.

We, Robert C. Chambers, Speaker of the House of Delegates of West Virginia, and Donald L. Kopp, Clerk thereof, do certify that the above and foregoing Articles of Impeachment preferred by said House of Delegates against A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, were adopted by the House of Delegates on the 29th day of March, 1989.

In Testimony Whereof, we have signed our names hereunto this the 29th day of March, 1989.

ROBERT C. CHAMBERS
Speaker of the House of Delegates
Donald L. Kopp
Clerk of the House of Delegates

HOUSE RESOLUTION 20

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Adopted March 29, 1989]

Recommending the public reprimand and censure of Glen B. Gainer, Jr., Auditor of the State of West Virginia.

WHEREAS, On the twenty-first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, House Resolution 9 was presented to the House of Delegates, alleging the loss of an estimated two hundred seventy-nine million dollars from the "Consolidated Investment Fund"; and

WHEREAS, The said resolution alleges that "[t]he losses incurred by said Fund appear to and may be the result of incompetence, neglect of duty or maladministration by the State Treasurer": and

WHEREAS, On the day aforesaid the said resolution as presented to the House of Delegates was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary: and

Whereas, On the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, House Resolution 12 was adopted by the House of Delegates empowering the Committee on the Judiciary to, among other things, "report to the House of Delegates its findings of facts and any recommendations which the Committee on the Judiciary may deem proper" respecting the matters raised in the said House Resolution 9; and

Whereas, During the course of its proceedings pursuant to said House Resolution 12, the Committee on the Judiciary heard testimony and reviewed documentary evidence concerning the official conduct of members of the West Virginia State Board of Investments, including the official conduct of the Auditor, Glen B. Gainer, Jr., who is a member of said Board, the said Auditor having served in such capacity since January fourteenth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, and continues to so serve; and

WHEREAS, The Committee on the Judiciary has concluded its proceedings with respect to the said House Resolution 12 and, in addition to other recommendations otherwise dealt with, submits the findings and recommendation set forth herein; and

Whereas, As a result of the aforementioned proceedings, the Committee has determined that the said Auditor, Glen B. Gainer, Jr., has: (1) Overdelegated certain of his substantive duties and responsibilities of the office of the Auditor to some members of his staff without establishing effective methods of communication and without requiring such persons to be accountable to and report important activities and information to him; (2) neglected to keep himself adequately informed, as a member of the West Virginia State Board of Investments,

as to the status of the funds within the Consolidated Fund (commonly called the Consolidated Investment Fund); and (3) otherwise failed to effectively participate, in an active manner, as a member of the West Virginia State Board of Investments; and

WHEREAS, The Committee on the Judiciary is of the opinion that the said Glen B. Gainer, Jr., Auditor of the State of West Virginia, should be publicly reprimanded and censured for and because of his aforementioned conduct; therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Delegates:

That Glen B. Gainer, Jr., Auditor of the State of West Virginia, be and he is hereby publicly reprimanded and censured for and because of this aforementioned conduct; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Delegates be and he is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the said Glen B. Gainer, Jr., Auditor of the State of West Virginia.

HOUSE RESOLUTION 21

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Hatcher)

[Adopted April 7, 1989]

Providing for the appointment of a committee of five on the part of the House of Delegates to go before the Senate to impeach A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, for maladministration, incompetence, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors, and, as managers on the part of the House of Delegates, to deliver to the Senate articles of impeachment, and to conduct the impeachment against A. James Manchin.

Resolved, That a committee of five members of the House of Delegates be appointed by the Speaker, and that such committee be and it is hereby directed to go before the Senate, and deliver to the Clerk of the Senate a message whereby the said committee, in the name of the House of Delegates and the people of the State of West Virginia, impeaches A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, for

maladministration, incompetence, neglect of duty, and high crimes and misdemeanors in his office, and acquaint the Senate that the House of Delegates will exhibit particular articles of impeachment against him, the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer of the State of West Virginia, as aforesaid, and make good the same, and that said committee demand that the Senate cause to be served upon the said A. James Manchin a true copy of the articles of impeachment and take order for the appearance of the said A. James Manchin to answer to said impeachment; and, be it

Further Resolved, That said committee of five members of the House of Delegates be and it is hereby directed to act as managers on the part of the House of Delegates to carry and deliver to the Clerk of the Senate the said articles of impeachment; and, be it

Further Resolved, That said committee of five, as managers, be and it is hereby directed to conduct the impeachment against the said A. James Manchin, Treasurer of this State, before the Senate, in accordance with procedural rules adopted by the Senate, with all necessary assistance as may be required and provided by employees of the House or Senate and by such professional, clerical and stenographic assistants as may be engaged by the House or Senate for such purposes.

SENATE RESOLUTION 26

(Originating in the Senate Committee on Rules)

[Adopted April 3, 1989]

Amending Rules of the Senate, relating to "Bill Reading Docket."

Resolved by the Senate:

That the Standing Rules of the Senate be amended by adding thereto a new rule, designated Senate Rule No. 21a, to read as follows:

21a. Upon motion of any member, on any legislative day or the day preceding, the Senate may, by a vote of two thirds of those present, establish a period of time known as "Bill Reading Docket" Such motion shall state each bill to be read, the time and order for such Bill Reading Docket to commence and to conclude, and may provide for the adjournment or recess of the Senate for not more than one legislative day, during which reading of the docket no motion, except a motion to postpone the reading of the bills, by two-thirds vote of those elected, shall be heard. A quorum shall not be required during the Reading of the Docket. Any and all members requesting that a bill be read shall be present at all times in the Chamber during its reading.

All bills read on the Bill Reading Docket shall be considered as having been read fully and distinctly.

SENATE RESOLUTION 35

(By Senator Brackenrich)

[Adopted April 6, 1989]

Directing the West Virginia Department of Natural Resources to make an in-depth study of mandatory hunter safety programs in West Virginia and other states.

WHEREAS, Hunting is a popular sport enjoyed by thousands in West Virginia, and over the past five years we have averaged sixty-five hunter-related accidents and seven fatalities per year; and

WHEREAS, Thirty-nine states, four of which border West Virginia, and six Canadian provinces currently have mandatory hunter education programs; and

WHEREAS, It is in the public interest to address the issue of hunter safety and to develop programs to minimize the danger while enhancing the enjoyment of hunting; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate:

That the West Virginia Department of Natural Resources make an in-depth study of the mandatory hunter safety programs in West Virginia and other states, said report to include the following: Statistics on the effect of mandatory hunter safety programs on hunting accidents; how long other states have required completion of a hunter safety program as a requisite to obtaining a hunting license; and a list of states which have reciprocal agreements with West Virginia

regarding hunting licensing and hunter education programs; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a report on the findings of said study be made to the West Virginia Legislature no later than January 15, 1991; and, be it

Further Resolved, That the Clerk of the Senate is hereby directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Director, Department of Natural Resources, Charleston, West Virginia.

SENATE RESOLUTION 37

(By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, Holliday, Boettner, M. Manchin, Holmes, Pritt, and Brackenrich.)

[Adopted April 7, 1989]

Encouraging the speedy development of the Elk River and its proximity into a national recreational area by the federal and state governments and the citizens of West Virginia.

WHEREAS, By far the greatest recreational opportunity in West Virginia is the development of the Elk River and its tributaries as a first-class national recreational area under the Department of the Interior; and

WHEREAS, The counties most affected are Clay, Pocahontas, Nicholas, Randolph, Webster, Braxton and Kanawha; and

WHEREAS, The Elk River, which is the longest river within the bounds of the state of West Virginia with crystal clear water, has excellent fishing, scenic splendor, in close proximity to modern highways; and

WHEREAS, The development would require additional and improved access highways; and

WHEREAS, By necessity a main headquarters and modern lodge would have to be built; and

WHEREAS, Hunting, boating, hiking, picnicking, camping and other recreation such as golfing, tennis, canoeing, aerial trams, horse riding trails, public swimming areas, and scenic railroads would find an ideal location; and

WHEREAS, New and permanent employment with such a

national recreation area and through necessary supporting businesses, motels, restaurants, gasoline stations, sporting goods stores and general retail stores would increase at a rapid rate and remain at a high and stable level; and

Whereas, Such development would be an important step in solving the economic problems of central West Virginia and the economic impact would, in fact, be statewide in significance; and

WHEREAS, We see scenic overlooks, preserving swinging bridges, historical plays centered about Confederate and Union battles and legends of Indians who lived in the nearby mountains continuing; and

WHEREAS, We are urging immediate steps be taken to begin work on the project; and

WHEREAS, We must be ready for the increased number of people who will be seeking recreation; the increase in per capita income; the increase in per capita leisure time; and the increase in per capita travel; and

WHEREAS, West Virginia contains a charm and alluring atmosphere that is yet to be discovered by millions of people throughout the nation and our state's hospitality is genuine to homefolks and visitors from afar; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate:

That the Senate go on record strongly urging and encouraging the development of the Elk River and its proximity into a national recreational area as soon as possible; and, be it

Further Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the following persons: President George Bush; the National Park Services of the United States; the Interior Department; United States Senators Robert C. Bryd and John D. Rockefeller IV, United States Congressmen Robert Wise, Alan Mollohan, Harley O. Staggers, Jr. and Nick Jo Rahall; and Governor Gaston Caperton, and further released to any organizations and individuals the Senate may deem appropriate.

LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

ACTS

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION, 1989

CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 104—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 1, 1989; in effect July 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section six, article one-a, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article one-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; and to amend and reenact chapter six-b of said code, all relating generally to ethical standards of governmental officials and employees and disclosure of financial interests of such persons; requiring financial disclosure by candidates for public office; the duties and authority of the secretary of state with respect thereto; providing a short title with respect to said chapter six-b; definition of certain terms with respect thereto; providing for certain legislative findings and purposes; clarifying that the remedies provided in said chapter six-b are in addition to other applicable remedies in said code; providing for the severability of the provisions of said chapter; creating within state government a West Virginia ethics commission and providing for its membership; providing for the appointment of such members and their respective

terms of office; requiring that such persons take an oath of office; providing for their compensation and reimbursement of expenses; establishing certain rules with respect to the meetings of the commission; providing rules with respect to voting procedures of the commission and a quorum thereof; describing the powers, duties and authority of the commission and providing for its facilities and staff; requiring the commission to promulgate legislative rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of said chapter sixb and the time within which such rules and regulations are to be promulgated; authorizing the commission to issue advisory opinions and the effect thereof with respect to persons acting pursuant thereto; the powers of the commission with respect to the hearing of complaints brought against public officials and employees; authorizing the commission to employ hearing examiners, issuing subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum: the authority of the commission to impose certain administrative sanctions for violations of said chapter; conciliation agreements; providing for procedures with respect to the filing of complaints against persons subject to said chapter and the conducting of hearings with respect thereto; providing for confidentiality requirements as to commission members and staff; providing for confidentiality of certain proceedings of the commission; penalties; requiring a record of hearings conducted by the commission; penalties; permitting commission members to recuse themselves in certain instances; authority to recommend prosecution; authority to commence civil proceedings; judicial review: civil actions against complainants; effective dates; statute of limitations; providing ethical standards for elected and appointed officials, as well as certain public employees; prohibiting the use of public office for private gain; exceptions; limitation on gifts; exceptions; limiting the right of certain elected and appointed officials or employees to contract with certain governmental agencies and providing for certain exceptions with respect thereto; prohibiting the disclosure of confidential information; limiting the rights of certain public officials and employees to represent certain

persons before any agency by whom such officials and employees are or were employed; exemption; prohibiting certain public officials and employees from seeking employment with persons whom they regulate: exemptions: clarifying when members of the Legislature are required to vote upon disclosure of an interest in a matter before the Legislature: limiting the rights of certain public officials and employees in licensing or rate-making proceedings in certain cases; requiring the filing of financial disclosure statements by certain public officials, public employees and candidates, the contents thereof and the time when such statements are to be filed; providing for the appointment of special prosecutors in certain cases; providing for penalties for violations of said chapter; providing for termination of commission; providing for registration and reporting requirements for lobbyists; defining certain terms relating to lobbyists and lobbying activities; prescribing the information required of lobbyists upon registration; providing for an information booklet identifying registered lobbyists; establishing reporting requirements for lobbyists: providing for registration and reporting by grass roots lobbying campaigns; making it a violation of law to pay a person to lobby who is not registered; describing the duties of lobbyists and defining certain acts which are violations; limiting lobbying within the legislative chambers; defining certain crimes and establishing the penalties therefor; and authorizing municipalities to enact ordinances regulating lobbyists.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article one-a, chapter three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article one-a be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven; and that chapter six-b be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

Chapter

- 3. Elections.
- 6B. Public Officers and Employees; Ethics; Conflicts of Interest: Financial Disclosure.

CHAPTER 3. ELECTIONS.

ARTICLE 1A. STATE ELECTION COMMISSION AND SECRETARY OF STATE.

§3-1A-6. Election rules; powers and duties of secretary of state; exercise of powers by appointees.

§3-1A-7. Candidate's financial disclosure statement.

§3-1A-6. Election rules; powers and duties of secretary of state; exercise of powers by appointees.

1 The secretary of state shall be the chief election 2 official of the state. He shall have authority, after 3 consultation with the state election commission, of which he is a member, to make, amend and rescind such rules. 4 5 regulations and orders as may be necessary to carry out the policy of the Legislature, as contained in this 6 7 chapter. In order to avoid conflicting provisions between 8 regulations promulgated by the secretary of state and 9 the state commission on ethics, the rules and regulations promulgated under this section shall be legislative rules 10 11 and shall be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of 12 chapter twenty-nine-a of the code of West Virginia. All 13 regulations adopted prior to the first day of January, one 14 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall be submitted 15 on or before the first day of August, one thousand nine 16 hundred eighty-nine, to the Legislature for review by

approval by the Legislature.

It shall be the duty of all election officials, county commissions, clerks of county commissions, clerks of circuit courts, boards of ballot commissioners, election commissioners and poll clerks to abide by such rules,

the legislative rule-making review committee and

23 regulations and orders, which shall include:

- 24 (a) Uniform rules of procedure for registrars and 25 other registration officials in the performance of their 26 duties, as to time and manner of performance;
- 27 (b) Uniform rules for the purging of registration 28 records;
- 29 (c) Uniform rules for challenging registrants; and
- 30 (d) Any other rules, regulations or directions neces-

sary to standardize and make effective the administration of the provisions of this chapter.

 The secretary of state also shall have authority to require collection and report of statistical information and to require other reports by county commissions, clerks of county commissions and clerks of circuit courts.

It shall be his further duty to advise with election officials; to furnish to the election officials a sufficient number of indexed copies of the current election laws of West Virginia and the administrative orders and rules and regulations issued or promulgated thereunder; to investigate the administration of election laws, frauds and irregularities in any registration or election; to report violations of election laws to the appropriate prosecuting officials; and to prepare an annual report.

The secretary of state shall also have the power to administer oaths and affirmations, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses, issue subpoena duces tecum to compel the production of books, papers, records, registration records and other evidence, and fix the time and place for hearing any matters relating to the administration and enforcement of this chapter, or the rules, regulations and directions promulgated or issued hereunder by the secretary of state as the chief election official of the state. In case of disobedience to a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, he may invoke the aid of any circuit court in requiring the attendance, evidence and testimony of witnesses and the production of papers, books, records, registration records and other evidence.

All powers and duties vested in the secretary of state under this article may be exercised by appointees of the secretary of state at his discretion, but the secretary of state shall be responsible for their acts.

§3-1A-7. Candidate's financial disclosure statement.

Candidates for election to any state, county or municipal office, county school board, district school board, or to the position of county or district school board superintendent, shall file a financial disclosure

- 5 statement with the ethics commission as may be
- required under subsection (a), section six, article two, 6

chapter six-b of this code.

CHAPTER 6B. PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES: ETHICS; CONFLICTS OF INTEREST: FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

Article

- 1. Short Title; Legislative Findings, Purposes and Intent; Construction and Application of Chapter; Severability.
- 2. West Virginia Ethics Commission; Powers and Duties; Disclosure of Financial Interest by Public Officials and Employees; Appearances Before Public Agencies.
- 3. Lobbyists.

ARTICLE 1. SHORT TITLE; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS, PUR-POSES AND INTENT; CONSTRUCTION AND AP-PLICATION OF CHAPTER; SEVERABILITY.

- §6B-1-1. Short title.
- §6B-1-2. Legislative findings, purpose, declaration and intent.
- §6B-1-3. Definitions.
- §6B-1-4. Remedies and penalties in addition to other applicable remedies and penalties.
- §6B-1-5. Severability.

§6B-1-1. Short title.

- This chapter shall be known as the "West Virginia 1
- Governmental Ethics Act."

§6B-1-2. Legislative findings, purpose, declaration and intent.

- (a) The Legislature hereby finds that the holding of 1
- a public office or public employment is a public trust. 2
- Independence and impartiality of public officials and 3 public employees are essential for the maintenance of
- 4
- the confidence of our citizens in the operation of a 5
- democratic government. The decisions and actions of 6
- public officials and public employees must be made free 7 from undue influence, favoritism or threat, at every
- 8 level of government. Public officials and public em-9
- ployees who exercise the powers of their office or 10
- employment for personal gain beyond the lawful 11
- emoluments of their position or who seek to benefit 12
- narrow economic or political interests at the expense of 13

the public at large undermine public confidence in the integrity of a democratic government.

- (b) It is the purpose of this chapter to maintain confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the governmental process in the state of West Virginia and its political subdivisions and to aid public officials and public employees in the exercise of their official duties and employment; to define and establish minimum ethical standards for elected and appointed public officials and public employees; to eliminate actual conflicts of interest; to provide a means to define ethical standards; to provide a means of investigating and resolving ethical violations; and to provide administrative and criminal penalties for specific ethical violations herein found to be unlawful.
- (c) The Legislature finds that the state government and its many public bodies and local governments have many part-time public officials and public employees serving in elected and appointed capacities; and that certain conflicts of interest are inherent in part-time service and do not, in every instance, disqualify a public official or public employee from the responsibility of voting or deciding a matter; however, when such conflict becomes personal to a particular public official or public employee, such person should seek to be excused from voting, recused from deciding, or otherwise relieved from the obligation of acting as a public representative charged with deciding or acting on a matter.
- (d) It is declared that high moral and ethical standards among public officials and public employees are essential to the conduct of free government; that the Legislature believes that a code of ethics for the guidance of public officials and public employees will help them avoid conflicts between their personal interests and their public responsibilities, will improve standards of public service and will promote and strengthen the faith and confidence of the people of this state in their public officials and public employees.
- (e) It is the intent of the Legislature that in its operations the West Virginia ethics commission created

under this chapter shall protect to the fullest extent possible the rights of individuals affected.

§6B-1-3. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context in which used clearly requires otherwise:

- (a) "Compensation" means money, thing of value or financial benefit. The term "compensation" does not include reimbursement for actual reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of one's official duties.
- (b) "Employee" means any person in the service of another under any contract of hire, whether express or implied, oral or written, where the employer or an agent of the employer or a public official has the right or power to control and direct such person in the material details of how work is to be performed and who is not responsible for the making of policy nor for recommending official action.
- (c) "Ethics commission", "commission on ethics" or "commission" means the West Virginia ethics commission.
- (d) "Immediate family", with respect to an individual, means a spouse residing in the individual's household and any dependent child or children and dependent parent or parents.
- (e) "Ministerial functions" means actions or functions performed by an individual under a given state of facts in a prescribed manner in accordance with a mandate of legal authority, without regard to, or without the exercise of, such individual's own judgment as to the propriety of the action being taken.
- (f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business entity, labor union, association, firm, partnership, limited partnership, committee, club or other organization or group of persons, irrespective of the denomination given such organization or group.
- (g) "Political contribution" means and has the same definition as is given that term under the provisions of article eight, chapter three of this code.

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- 37 (h) "Public employee" means any full-time or part-38 time employee of any governmental body or any political 39 subdivision thereof, including county school boards.
 - (i) "Public official" means any person who is elected or appointed and who is responsible for the making of policy or takes official action which is either ministerial or nonministerial, or both, with respect to (i) contracting for, or procurement of, goods or services, (ii) administering or monitoring grants or subsidies, (iii) planning or zoning, (iv) inspecting, licensing, regulating or auditing any person, or (v) any other activity where the official action has an economic impact of greater than a de minimis nature on the interest or interests of any person.
 - (j) "Respondent" means a person who is the subject of an investigation by the commission or against whom a complaint has been filed with the commission.
 - (k) "Thing of value", "other thing of value", or "anything of value" means and includes (i) money, bank bills or notes. United States treasury notes, and other bills, bonds or notes issued by lawful authority and intended to pass and circulate as money; (ii) goods and chattels: (iii) promissory notes, bills of exchange, orders, drafts, warrants, checks, bonds given for the payment of money or the forbearance of money due or owing; (iv) receipts given for the payment of money or other property; (v) any right or chose in action; (vi) chattels real or personal or things which savor of realty and are, at the time taken, a part of a freehold, whether they are of the substance or produce thereof or affixed thereto. although there may be no interval between the severing and the taking away thereof; (vii) any interest in realty, including, but not limited to, fee simple estates, life estates, estates for a term or period of time, joint tenancies, cotenancies, tenancies in common, partial interests, present or future interests, contingent or vested interests, beneficial interests, leasehold interests, or any other interest or interests in realty of whatsoever nature; (viii) any promise of employment, present or

- 76 future; (ix) donation or gift; (x) rendering of services or
- 77 the payment thereof; (xi) any advance or pledge; (xii) a
- 78 promise of present or future interest in any business or
- 79 contract or other agreement; or (xiii) every other thing
- 80 or item, whether tangible or intangible, having eco-
- 81 nomic worth. "Thing of value", "other thing of value" or
- 82 "anything of value" shall not include anything which is
- 83 de minimis in nature nor a lawful political contribution
- 84 reported as required by law.

§6B-1-4. Remedies and penalties in addition to other applicable remedies and penalties.

- 1 The provisions of this chapter shall be in addition to
- 2 any other applicable provisions of this code and shall not
- 3 be deemed to be in derogation of or as a substitution for
- 4 any other provisions of this code, including, but not
- 5 limited to article five-a, chapter sixty-one of this code
- 6 and the remedies and penalties provided in this chapter
- 7 shall be in addition to any other remedies or penalties
- 8 which may be applicable to any circumstances relevant
- 9 to both.

§6B-1-5. Severability.

- 1 The provisions of subsection (cc), section ten, article
- 2 two, chapter two of this code shall apply to the
- 3 provisions of this chapter to the same extent as if the
- 4 same were set forth in extenso herein.

ARTICLE 2. WEST VIRGINIA ETHICS COMMISSION; POWERS AND DUTIES; DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES; APPEARANCES BEFORE PUBLIC AGENCIES.

- §6B-2-1. West Virginia ethics commission created; members; appointment, term of office and oath; compensation and reimbursement for expenses; meetings and quorum.
- §6B-2-2. Same—General powers and duties.
- §6B-2-3. Advisory opinions.
- §6B-2-4. Complaints; dismissals; hearings; disposition; judicial review.
- §6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.
- §6B-2-6. Financial disclosure statement; filing requirements.
- 86B-2-7. Financial disclosure statement; contents.
- §6B-2-8. Exceptions to financial disclosure requirements and conflicts of interest provisions.

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§6B-2-9. Special prosecutor authorized.

§6B-2-10. Violations and penalties.

§6B-2-11. Termination of commission.

§6B-2-1. West Virginia ethics commission created; members; appointment, term of office and oath; compensation and reimbursement for expenses; meetings and quorum.

- 1 (a) There is hereby created the West Virginia ethics 2 commission, consisting of twelve members, no more than 3 seven of whom shall be members of the same political 4 party. The members of the commission shall be ap-5 pointed by the governor with the advice and consent of 6 the Senate. Within thirty days of the effective date of 7 this section, the governor shall make the initial appoint-8 ments to the commission. No person may be appointed 9 to the commission or continue to serve as a member of 10 the commission, who holds elected or appointed office 11 under the government of the United States, the state of 12 West Virginia or any of its political subdivisions, or who 13 is a candidate for any of such offices, or who is otherwise 14 subject to the provisions of this chapter other than by 15 reason of his or her appointment to or service on the 16 commission. A member may contribute to a political 17 campaign, but no member shall hold any political party 18 office, or participate in a campaign relating to a 19 referendum or other ballot issue.
 - (b) At least two members of the commission shall have served as a member of the West Virginia Legislature; at least two members of the commission shall have been employed in a full-time elected or appointed office in state government; at least one member shall have served as an elected official in a county or municipal government or on a county school board; at least one member shall have been employed full time as a county or municipal officer or employee; and at least two members shall have served part time as a member or director of a state, county or municipal board, commission or public service district and at least four members shall be selected from the public at large. No more than four members of the commission shall reside in the same congressional district.

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- (c) Of the initial appointments made to the commission, two shall be for a term ending one year after the effective date of this section, two for a term ending two years after the effective date of this section, two for a term ending three years after the effective date of this section, three for a term ending four years after the effective date of this section, and three shall be for terms ending five years after the effective date of this section. Thereafter, terms of office shall be for five years, each term ending on the same day of the same month of the year as did the term which it succeeds. Each member shall hold office from the date of his or her appointment until the end of the term for which he or she was appointed or until his or her successor qualifies for office. When a vacancy occurs as a result of death, resignation, or removal in the membership of this commission, it shall be filled by appointment within thirty days of the vacancy for the unexpired portion of the term in the same manner as original appointments. No member shall serve more than two consecutive full or partial terms, and no person may be reappointed to the commission until at least two years have elapsed after the completion of a second successive term.
- (d) Each member of the commission shall take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation required pursuant to Section 5, Article IV of the Constitution of West Virginia. A member may be removed by the governor for substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office or violation of this chapter, after written notice and opportunity for reply.
- (e) The commission shall meet within thirty days of the initial appointments to the commission at a time and place to be determined by the governor, who shall designate a member to preside at that meeting until a chairman is elected. At its first meeting, the commission shall elect a chairman and such other officers as are necessary. The commission shall within ninety days after its first meeting adopt rules for its procedures.
- (f) Seven members of the commission shall constitute a quorum, except that when the commission is sitting as a hearing board pursuant to section four of this

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- article, then five members shall constitute a quorum. Except as may be otherwise provided in this article, a majority of the total membership shall be necessary to act at all times.
 - (g) Members of the commission shall receive one hundred dollars for each day actually devoted to the business of the commission and, in addition thereto, shall be reimbursed for expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of their official duties as such members.
 - (h) The commission shall appoint an executive director to assist the commission in carrying out its functions in accordance with commission rules and regulations and with applicable law. Said executive director shall be paid such salary as may be fixed by the commission or as otherwise provided by law. The commission shall appoint and discharge counsel and employees and shall fix the compensation of employees and prescribe their duties. Counsel to the commission shall advise the commission on all legal matters and on the instruction of the commission may commence such civil actions as may be appropriate: *Provided*, That no counsel shall both advise the commission and act in a representative capacity in any proceeding.
 - (i) The commission may delegate authority to the chairman or executive director to act in the name of the commission between meetings of the commission, except that the commission shall not delegate the power to hold hearings and determine violations to the chairman or executive director.
 - (j) The chairman shall have the authority to designate subcommittees of three persons, no more than two of whom may be members of the same political party. Said subcommittees shall be investigative panels which shall have the powers and duties set forth hereinafter in this article.
 - (k) The principal office of the commission shall be in the seat of government but it or its designated subcommittees may meet and exercise its power at any other place in the state. Meetings of the commission shall be

- public unless such meetings or hearings are required to be private in conformity with the provisions of this chapter relating to confidentiality, except that the commission shall exclude the public from attendance at discussions of commission personnel, planned or ongoing litigation and planned or ongoing investigations.
- 122 (1) Meetings of the commission shall be upon the call 123 of the chairman and shall be conducted by the personal 124 attendance of the commission members and no meeting shall be conducted by telephonic or other electronic 125 conferencing, nor shall any member be allowed to vote 126 127 by proxy: Provided, That telephone conferencing and voting may be held for the purpose of approving or 128 129 rejecting any proposed advisory opinions prepared by 130 the commission, or for voting on issues involving the 131 administrative functions of the commission. Meetings 132 held by telephone conferencing shall require notice to 133 members in the same manner as meetings to be personally attended, shall be electronically recorded, 134 135 and the recordings shall be made a permanent part of 136 the commission records. Members shall not be compensated for meetings other than those personally attended. 137

§6B-2-2. Same—General powers and duties.

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- 1 (a) The commission shall promulgate rules and
 2 regulations to carry out the purposes of this article
 3 within six months of the effective date of this section.
 4 Such rules and regulations shall be legislative rules
 5 subject to legislative rule-making review and subject to
 6 the provisions of the administrative procedures act.
 - (b) The commission may subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance and testimony, administer oaths and affirmations, take evidence and require by subpoena the production of books, papers, records or other evidence needed for the performance of the commission's duties or exercise of its powers, including its duties and powers of investigation.
- 14 (c) The commission shall, in addition to its other duties:

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- 15 (1) Prescribe forms for reports, statements, notices, and other documents required by law;
 - (2) Prepare and publish manuals and guides explaining the duties of individuals covered by this law; and giving instructions and public information materials to facilitate compliance with, and enforcement of, this act; and
- 22 (3) Provide assistance to agencies, officials and employees in administering the provisions of this act.
- 24 (d) The commission may:
 - (1) Prepare reports and studies to advance the purpose of the law;
- 27 (2) Contract for any services which cannot satisfactor-28 ily be performed by its employees;
 - (3) Request the attorney general to provide legal advice without charge to the commission, and the attorney general shall comply with the request;
 - (4) Employ additional legal counsel; and
- 33 (5) Request appropriate agencies of state government 34 to provide such professional assistance as it may require 35 in the discharge of its duties: *Provided*, That any agency 36 providing such assistance other than the attorney 37 general shall be reimbursed by the West Virginia ethics 38 commission the cost of such assistance.

§6B-2-3. Advisory opinions.

A person subject to the provisions of this chapter may 1 2 make application in writing to the ethics commission for 3 an advisory opinion on whether an action or proposed action violates the provisions of this chapter, and would 4 thereby expose the person to sanctions by the commis-5 6 sion or criminal prosecution. The commission shall respond within thirty days from the receipt of the 7 request by issuing an advisory opinion on the matter 8 raised in the request. All advisory opinions shall be 9 published and indexed in the code of state rules by the 10 secretary of state: Provided, That before an advisory 11 opinion is made public, any material which may identify 12 the person who is the subject of the opinion, shall to the 13

14 fullest extent possible, be deleted and the identity of the 15 person shall not be revealed. A person subject to the 16 provisions of this chapter may rely upon the published 17 guidelines or an advisory opinion of the commission, and 18 any person acting in good faith reliance on any such 19 guideline or opinion shall be immune from the sanctions 20 of this chapter, and shall have an absolute defense to any 21 criminal prosecution for actions taken in good faith 22 reliance upon any such opinion or guideline.

§6B-2-4. Complaints; dismissals; hearings; disposition; iudicial review.

- 1 (a) Upon the filing by any person with the commission 2 of a complaint which is duly verified by oath or 3 affirmation, the executive director of the commission or 4 his or her designee shall, within three working days. 5 acknowledge the receipt of the complaint by first class 6 mail, unless the complainant or his or her representative 7 personally filed the complaint with the commission and 8 was given a receipt or other acknowledgement evidenc-9 ing the filing. Within fourteen days after the receipt of 10 a complaint, an investigative panel shall be appointed 11 to investigate the substance of the allegations in the 12 complaint and to determine whether there is probable 13 cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has 14 occurred. The method of selecting and rotating appointments of members to investigative panels shall be 15 16 established by legislative rule of the commission.
 - (b) In the absence of a filed complaint, if the commission otherwise receives or discovers information which may merit an inquiry as to whether a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commission may, by the affirmative vote of seven of its members, appoint an investigative panel on its own initiative to investigate such matters and to determine whether there is probable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred.

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(c) In the case of a filed complaint, the first inquiry of the investigative panel shall be a question as to whether or not the allegations of the complaint, if taken as true, would constitute a violation of law upon which

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- the commission could properly act under the provisions of this chapter. If the complaint is determined by a majority vote of the investigative panel to be insufficient in this regard, the investigative panel shall dismiss the complaint. A dismissal under this subsection shall not preclude the commission from initiating an investigation on its own initiative under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section.
 - (d) After the commission receives a complaint found by the investigative panel to be sufficient, or makes a decision to investigate possible violations on its own initiative, the executive director shall give notice of a pending investigation by the investigative panel to the complainant and respondent. The notice of investigation shall be mailed to the parties, and, in the case of the respondent, shall be mailed as certified mail, return receipt requested, marked "Addressee only, personal and confidential". The notice shall describe the conduct of the respondent which is the basis for an alleged violation of law, and if a complaint has been filed, a copy of the complaint shall be appended to the notice mailed to the respondent. Each notice of investigation shall inform the respondent that the purpose of the investigation is to determine whether probable cause exists to believe that a violation of law has occurred which may subject the respondent to administrative sanctions by the commission, criminal prosecution by the state, or civil liability. The notice shall further inform the respondent that he or she has a right to appear before the investigative panel, and that he or she may respond in writing to the commission within thirty days after the receipt of the notice, but that no fact or allegation shall be taken as admitted by a failure or refusal to timely respond.
- (e) Within the forty-five day period following the mailing of a notice of investigation, the investigative panel shall proceed to consider (1) the allegations raised in the complaint or by the commission's inquiry, (2) any timely received written response of the respondent, and (3) any other competent evidence gathered by or submitted to the commission which has a proper bearing

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on the issue of probable cause. A respondent shall be afforded the opportunity to appear before the investigative panel and make an oral response to the complaint. The commission shall, in promulgating legislative rules pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a), section two of this article, prescribe the manner in which a respondent may present his oral response to the investigatory panel. The commission may request a respondent to disclose specific amounts received from a source, and other detailed information not otherwise required to be set forth in a statement or report filed under the provisions of this chapter, if the information sought is deemed to be probative as to the issues raised by a complaint or an investigation initiated by the commission. Any information thus received shall be confidential. If the person so requested fails or refuses to furnish the information to the commission, the commission may exercise its subpoena power as provided for elsewhere in this chapter, and any subpoena issued thereunder shall have the same force and effect as a subpoena issued by a circuit court of this state, and enforcement of any such subpoena may be had upon application to a circuit court of the county in which the investigatory panel is conducting an investigation, through the issuance of a rule or an attachment against the respondent as in cases of contempt.

- (f) (1) Members of the commission and its staff shall not disclose any information relating to a complaint, including the identity of the complainant or respondent, except that the commission may release any information at any time if the release has been agreed to in writing by the respondent, and the identity of the complainant shall be released to the respondent immediately upon request. No present or former member of the commission or present or former employee of the commission may knowingly and improperly disclose any confidential information acquired by him or her in the course of his or her official duties.
- (2) If, in a specific case, the commission finds that there is a reasonable likelihood that the dissemination of information or opinion in connection with a pending

or imminent proceeding will interfere with a fair hearing or otherwise prejudice the due administration of justice, the commission may order that all or a portion of the information communicated to the commission to cause an investigation and all allegations of ethical misconduct or criminal acts contained in a complaint shall be confidential, and the person providing such information or filing a complaint shall be bound to confidentiality until further order of the commission.

- (g) If a majority of the members of the investigative panel fails to find probable cause, the proceedings shall be dismissed by the commission in an order signed by the majority members of the panel, and copies of the order of dismissal shall be sent to the complainant and the respondent forthwith. If the investigative panel decides by a majority vote that there is probable cause to believe that a violation under this chapter has occurred, the majority members of the investigatory panel shall sign an order directing the commission staff to prepare a statement of charges, to assign the matter for hearing to the commission or a hearing examiner as the commission may subsequently direct, and to schedule a hearing to determine the truth or falsity of the charges, such hearing to be held within ninety days after the date of the order.
- (h) At least eighty days prior to the date of the hearing, the respondent shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, with the statement of charges and a notice of hearing setting forth the date, time and place for the hearing. The scheduled hearing may be continued only upon a showing of good cause by the respondent or under such other circumstances as the commission shall, by legislative rule, direct.
- (i) The commission members who have not served as members of an investigatory panel in a particular case may sit as a hearing board to adjudicate the case or may permit an assigned hearing examiner employed by the commission to preside at the taking of evidence. The commission shall, by legislative rule, establish the general qualifications for hearing examiners. Such legislative rule shall also contain provisions which seek

- to ensure that the functions of a hearing examiner will
- be conducted in an impartial manner, and shall describe
- the circumstances and procedures for disqualification of
- 156 hearing examiners.
- 157 (j) A member of the commission or a hearing exa-158 miner presiding at a hearing may:
- 159 (1) Administer oaths and affirmations, compel the 160 attendance of witnesses and the production of docu-161 ments, examine witnesses and parties, and otherwise 162 take testimony and establish a record;
- 163 (2) Rule on offers of proof and receive relevant 164 evidence;
- 165 (3) Take depositions or have depositions taken when the ends of justice may be served;
- 167 (4) Regulate the course of the hearing;
- 168 (5) Hold conferences for the settlement or simplification of issues by consent of the parties;
- 170 (6) Dispose of procedural requests or similar matters;
- 171 (7) Accept stipulated agreements:

- 172 (8) Take other action authorized by the ethics commission consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- 174 (k) With respect to allegations of a violation under 175 this chapter, the complainant has the burden of proof. 176 The West Virginia rules of evidence as used to govern 177 proceedings in the courts of this state, shall be given like 178 effect in hearings held before the commission or a 179 hearing examiner. The commission shall, by legislative 180 rule, regulate the conduct of hearings so as to provide 181 full procedural due process to a respondent. Hearings 182 before a hearing examiner shall be recorded electronically. When requested by either of the parties, the 183 presiding officer shall make a transcript, verified by 184 oath or affirmation, of each hearing held and so 185 recorded. In the discretion of the commission, a record 186 of the proceedings may be made by a certified court 187 reporter. Unless otherwise ordered by the commission, 188

the cost of preparing a transcript shall be paid by the

party requesting the transcript. Upon a showing of indigency, the commission may provide a transcript without charge. Within fifteen days following the hearing, either party may submit to the hearing examiner that party's proposed findings of fact. The hearing examiner shall thereafter prepare his or her own proposed findings of fact, and make copies of the findings available to the parties. The hearing examiner shall then submit the entire record to the commission for final decision.

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- (l) The recording of the hearing or the transcript of testimony, as the case may be, and the exhibits, together with all papers and requests filed in the proceeding, and the proposed findings of fact of the hearing examiner and the parties, constitute the exclusive record for decision by the commission, unless by leave of the commission a party is permitted to submit additional documentary evidence or take and file depositions or otherwise exercise discovery.
- (m) The commission shall set a time and place for the hearing of arguments by the complainant and respondent, or their respective representatives, and shall notify the parties thereof, and briefs may be filed by the parties in accordance with procedural rules promulgated by the commission. The final decision of the commission shall be made in writing within forty-five days of the receipt of the entire record of a hearing held before a hearing examiner or, in the case of an evidentiary hearing held by the board in lieu of a hearing examiner, within twenty-one days following the close of the evidence.
- (n) A decision to impose sanctions must be approved by at least six members of the commission.
- (o) Members of the commission shall recuse themselves from a particular case upon their own motion with the approval of the commission or for good cause shown upon motion of a party. The remaining members of the commission shall, by majority vote, select a temporary member of the commission to replace a recused member.

- 230 (p) A complainant may be assisted by a member of 231 the commission staff assigned by the commission after 232 a determination of probable cause.
 - (q) No member of the commission staff may participate in the commission deliberations or communicate with commission members concerning the merits of a complaint after being assigned to prosecute a complaint.
 - (r) If the commission finds by evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that the facts alleged in the complaint are true and constitute a material violation of this article, it may impose one or more of the following sanctions:
- 242 (1) Public reprimand;

- (2) Cease and desist orders;
- (3) Orders of restitution for money, things of value, or services taken or received in violation of this chapter; or
 - (4) Fines not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation.

In addition to imposing such sanctions, the commission may recommend to the appropriate governmental body that a respondent be terminated from employment or removed from office.

The commission may institute civil proceedings in the circuit court of the county wherein a violation occurred for the enforcement of sanctions.

- (s) At any stage of the proceedings under this section, the commission may enter into a conciliation agreement with a respondent if such agreement is deemed by a majority of the members of the commission to be in the best interest of the state and the respondent.
- (t) Decisions of the commission involving the issuance of sanctions may be appealed to the circuit court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, or to the circuit court of the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred, only by the respondent, and only upon the grounds set forth in section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

(u) In the event the commission finds in favor of the person complained against, the commission shall order reimbursement of all actual costs incurred, including, but not limited to, attorney fees to be paid to the person complained against by the complainant, if the commission finds that the complaint was brought or made in bad faith. In addition, the aggrieved party shall have a cause of action and be entitled to compensatory damages, punitive damages, costs and attorney fees for a complaint made or brought in bad faith.

- (v) If at any stage in the proceedings under this section, it appears to an investigative panel, a hearing examiner or the commission that a criminal violation may have been committed by a respondent, such situation shall be brought before the full commission for its consideration. If, by a vote of two-thirds of the full commission, it is determined that probable cause exists to believe a criminal violation has occurred, it may recommend to the appropriate county prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction over the case that a criminal investigation be commenced. Deliberations of the commission with regard to a recommendation for criminal investigation by a prosecuting attorney shall be private and confidential. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, once a referral for criminal investigation is made under the provisions of this subsection, the ethics proceedings shall be held in abevance until such referral proceedings are concluded. If the commission determines that a criminal violation has not occurred, the commission shall remand the matter to the investigating panel, the hearing examiner or the commission itself as a hearing board, as the case may be, for further proceedings under this article.
- (w) The provisions of this section shall apply to violations of this chapter occurring after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, and within one year before the filing of a complaint under subsection (a) of this section or the appointment of an investigative panel by the commission under subsection (b) of this section.

§6B-2-5. Ethical standards for elected and appointed officials and public employees.

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- (a) Persons subject to section—The provisions of this section apply to all elected and appointed public officials and public employees, whether full or part time, in state, county, municipal governments and their respective boards, agencies, departments, and commissions and in any other regional or local governmental agency, including county school boards.
- (b) Use of public office for private gain—(1) A public official or public employee may not intentionally use his or her office or the prestige of his or her office for his or her own private gain or that of another person. The performance of usual and customary constituent services, without compensation, does not constitute the use of prestige of office for private gain.
- 15 (2) The Legislature, in enacting this subsection (b), 16 relating to the use of public office or public employment 17 for private gain, recognizes that there may be certain 18 public officials or public employees who bring to their 19 respective offices or employment their own unique 20 personal prestige which is based upon their intelligence, education, experience, skills and abilities, or other 21 22 personal gifts or traits. In many cases, these persons 23 bring a personal prestige to their office or employment which inures to the benefit of the state and its citizens. 24 Such persons may, in fact, be sought by the state to 25 serve in their office or employment because, through 26 27 their unusual gifts or traits, they bring stature and 28 recognition to their office or employment and to the state itself. While the office or employment held or to 29 be held by such persons may have its own inherent 30 prestige, it would be unfair to such individuals and 3132 against the best interests of the citizens of this state to deny such persons the right to hold public office or be 33 publicly employed on the grounds that they would, in 34 addition to the emoluments of their office or employ-35 ment, be in a position to benefit financially from the 36 personal prestige which otherwise inheres to them. 37 Accordingly, the commission is directed, by legislative 38 rule, to establish categories of such public officials and 39

public employees, identifying them generally by the office or employment held, and offering persons who fit within such categories the opportunity to apply for an exemption from the application of the provisions of this subsection. Such exemptions may be granted by the commission, on a case-by-case basis, when it is shown that: (1) The public office held or the public employment engaged in is not such that it would ordinarily be available or offered to a substantial number of the citizens of this state; (2) the office held or the employ-ment engaged in is such that it normally or specifically requires a person who possesses personal prestige; and (3) the person's employment contract or letter of appointment provides or anticipates that the person will gain financially from activities which are not a part of his or her office or employment.

- (c) Gifts—(1) An official or employee of the state may not solicit any gift. No official or employee may knowingly accept any gift, directly or indirectly, from any person whom the official or employee knows or has reason to know:
- 61 (A) Is doing or seeking to do business of any kind with 62 his or her agency;

- (B) Is engaged in activities which are regulated or controlled by his or her agency;
 - (C) Has financial interests which may be substantially and materially affected, in a manner distinguishable from the public generally, by the performance or nonperformance of his official duties.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a person who is a public official or public employee may accept a gift described in this subdivision, and there shall be a presumption that the receipt of such gift does not impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person. This presumption may be rebutted only by direct objective evidence that the gift did impair the impartiality and independent judgment of the person or that the person knew or had reason to know that the gift was offered with the intent to impair his or her impartiality and independent

- 30 judgment. The provisions of subdivision (1) of this81 subsection do not apply to:
- 82 (A) Meals and beverages;

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- 83 (B) Ceremonial gifts or awards which have insignif-84 icant monetary value;
- 85 (C) Unsolicited gifts of nominal value or trivial items 86 of informational value:
 - (D) Reasonable expenses for food, travel, and lodging of the official or employee for a meeting at which the official or employee participates in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting;
 - (E) Gifts of tickets or free admission extended to a public official or public employee to attend charitable, cultural or political events, if the purpose of such gift or admission is a courtesy or ceremony customarily extended to the office:
 - (F) Gifts that are purely private and personal in nature; or
- 98 (G) Gifts from relatives by blood or marriage, or a 99 member of the same household.
 - (3) The acceptance of an honorarium by an elected public official is prohibited. The commission shall, by legislative rule, establish guidelines for the acceptance of reasonable honorariums by all other public officials and public employees other than elected public officials.
 - (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to prohibit the giving of a lawful political contribution as defined by law.
- 108 (5) The governor or his designee, may, in the name of the state of West Virginia, accept and receive gifts from any public or private source. Any such gift so obtained shall become the property of the state and shall, within thirty days of the receipt thereof, be registered with the commission and the Department of Culture and History.
- 114 (6) The commission by regulation may define further 115 exemptions from this section as necessary or 116 appropriate.

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- (d) Interests in public contracts—(l) In addition to the provisions of section fifteen, article ten, chapter sixtyone of this code, no elected or appointed public official or public employee or member of his or her immediate family or business with which he or she is associated may be a party to or have an interest in the profits or benefits of a contract with the governmental body over which he or she has direct authority or with which he or she is employed: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or make unlawful the employment of any person with any governmental body: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a member of the Legislature from entering into a contract with any governmental body.
- (2) In the absence of bribery or a purpose to defraud, an elected or appointed public official or public employee or a member of his or her immediate family or a business with which he or she is associated shall not be considered as having an interest in a public contract when such a person has a limited interest as an owner, shareholder or creditor of the business which is the contractor on the public contract involved. A limited interest for the purposes of this section is an interest not exceeding ten percent of the partnership or the outstanding shares of a corporation or thirty thousand dollars, whichever is the lesser, or an interest as a creditor not exceeding ten percent of the total indebtedness of a business or thirty thousand dollars, whichever is the lesser.
- (3) Where the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection would result in the loss of a quorum in a public body or agency, in excessive cost, undue hardship, or other substantial interference with the operation of a state, county, municipality, county school board or other governmental agency, the affected governmental body or agency may make written application to the ethics commission for an exemption from subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.
- (e) Confidential information—No present or former public official or employee may knowingly and improperly disclose any confidential information acquired by

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- him or her in the course of his or her official duties nor use such information to further his or her personal interests or the interests of another person.
 - (f) Prohibited representation—No present or former elected or appointed public official or public employee shall during or after his or her public employment or service represent a client or act in a representative capacity with or without compensation on behalf of any person in a contested case, rate-making proceeding, license or permit application, regulation filing or other specific matter which arose during his or her period of public service or employment and in which he or she personally participated in a decision-making, advisory or staff support capacity.
 - (g) Limitation on practice before a board, agency, commission or department—(1) No elected or appointed public official and no full-time staff attorney or accountant shall, during his or her public service or public employment or for a period of six months after the termination of his or her public service or public employment with a governmental entity authorized to hear contested cases or promulgate regulations, appear in a representative capacity before the governmental entity in which he or she serves or served or is or was employed in the following matters:
- 183 (A) A contested case involving an administrative sanction, action or refusal to act;
- 185 (B) To support or oppose a proposed regulation;
- 186 (C) To support or contest the issuance or denial of a license or permit;
- 188 (D) A rate-making proceeding; and
- 189 (E) To influence the expenditure of public funds.
- 190 (2) As used in this subsection, "represent" includes 191 any formal or informal appearance before, or any 192 written or oral communication with, any public agency 193 on behalf of any person: *Provided*, That nothing 194 contained in this subsection shall prohibit, during any 195 period, a former public official or employee from being

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 retained by or employed to represent, assist, or act in a representative capacity on behalf of the public agency by which he or she was employed or in which he or she served. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a former public official or employee from representing another state, county, municipal or other governmental entity before the governmental entity in which he or she served or was employed within six months after the termination of his or her employment or service in the entity.

- (3) A present or former public official or employee may appear at anytime in a representative capacity before the Legislature, a county commission, city or town council or county school board in relation to the consideration of a statute, budget, ordinance, rule, resolution or enactment.
- (4) Members and former members of the Legislature and professional employees and former professional employees of the Legislature shall be permitted to appear in a representative capacity on behalf of clients before any governmental agency of the state, or of county or municipal governments including county school boards.
- (5) An elected or appointed public official, full-time staff attorney or accountant who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection (g) may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the six months prohibition against appearing in a representative capacity, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption or reducing the time period, but shall decide each application on a case-by-case basis.
- (h) Seeking employment with regulated person prohibited—(1) No full-time public official or full-time public employee who exercises policymaking, nonministerial or regulatory authority may seek employment with, or

236 allow himself or herself to be employed by, any person 237 who is or may be regulated by the governmental body 238 which he or she serves while he or she is employed or 239 serves in the governmental agency. The term "employ-240 ment" within the meaning of this section includes 241 professional services and other services rendered by the 242 public official or public employee whether rendered as 243 an employee or as an independent contractor.

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- (2) No person regulated by a governmental agency shall offer employment to a full-time public official or full-time public employee of the regulating governmental agency during the period of time the public official or employee works or serves in such agency.
- (3) A full-time public official or full-time public employee who would be adversely affected by the provisions of this subsection may apply to the ethics commission for an exemption from the prohibition against seeking employment with a person who is or may be regulated, when the person's education and experience is such that the prohibition would, for all practical purposes, deprive the person of the ability to earn a livelihood in this state outside of the governmental agency. The ethics commission shall by legislative rule establish general guidelines or standards for granting an exemption, but shall decide upon each application on a case-by-case basis.
- (i) Members of the Legislature required to vote—Members of the Legislature who have asked to be excused from voting or who have made inquiry as to whether they should be excused from voting on a particular matter and who are required by the presiding officer of the House of Delegates or Senate of West Virginia to vote under the rules of the particular house shall not be guilty of any violation of ethics under the provisions of this section for a vote so cast.
- (j) Limitations on participation in licensing and ratemaking proceedings—No public official or employee may participate within the scope of his duties as a public official or employee, except through ministerial functions as defined in section three, article one of this

276 chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that 277 directly affects the license or rates of any person. 278 partnership, trust, business trust, corporation, or 279 association in which the public official or employee or 280 his immediate family owns or controls more than ten 281 percent. No public official or public employee may 282 participate within the scope of his duties as a public 283 official or public employee, except through ministerial 284 functions as defined in section three, article one of this 285 chapter, in any license or rate-making proceeding that 286 directly affects the license or rates of any person to 287 whom the public official or public employee or his 288 immediate family, or a partnership, trust, business 289 trust, corporation, or association of which he or his 290 immediate family owns or controls more than ten 291 percent, has sold goods or services totaling more than 292 one thousand dollars during the preceding year, unless 293 the public official or public employee has filed a written 294 statement acknowledging such sale with the public 295 agency and the statement is entered in any public record of the agency's proceedings. This subsection shall not be 296 297 construed to require the disclosure of clients of attorneys 298 or of patients or clients of persons licensed pursuant to 299 articles three, eight, fourteen, fourteen-a, fifteen, 300 sixteen, twenty, twenty-one or thirty-one, chapter thirty 301 of this code.

§6B-2-6. Financial disclosure statement; filing requirements.

(a) The requirements for filing a financial disclosure 1 2 statement shall become initially effective on the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred ninety, for all 3 persons holding public office or employment on that 4 date and who are otherwise required to file such 5 statement under the provisions of this section. The 6 initial financial disclosure statement shall cover the 7 period from the first day of July, one thousand nine 8 hundred eighty-nine, for the period ending the thirty-9 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety. 10 Thereafter, the financial disclosure statement shall be 11 filed on the first day of February of each calendar year 12 to cover the period of the preceding calendar year, 13

except insofar as may be otherwise provided herein. The following persons must file the financial disclosure statement required by this section with the ethics commission:

- (1) All elected officials in this state, including, but not limited to, all persons elected statewide, all county elected officials, municipal elected officials in municipalities which have, by ordinance, opted to be covered by the disclosure provisions of this section, all members of the several county or district boards of education and all county or district school board superintendents;
- (2) All members of state boards, commissions and agencies appointed by the governor; and
- (3) Secretaries of departments, commissioners, deputy commissioners, assistant commissioners, directors, deputy directors, assistant directors, department heads, deputy department heads and assistant department heads.

A person who is required to file a financial disclosure statement under this section by virtue of becoming an elected or appointed public official whose office is described in subdivisions (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection, and who assumes the office less than ten days before a filing date established herein or who assumes the office after the filing date, shall file a financial disclosure statement for the previous twelve months no later than thirty days after the date on which the person assumes the duties of the office, unless the person has filed a financial disclosure statement with the commission during the twelve month period before he or she assumed office.

(b) A candidate for public office shall file a financial disclosure statement for the previous twelve months with the state ethics commission no later than ten days after he or she files a certificate of candidacy, but in all circumstances, not later than ten days prior to the election, unless he or she has filed a financial disclosure statement with the state ethics commission during the previous twelve months.

The ethics commission shall file a duplicate copy of the financial disclosure statement required in this section in the following offices within ten days of the receipt of the candidate's statement of disclosure:

- (1) Municipal candidates in municipalities which have opted, by ordinance, to be covered by the disclosure provisions of this section, in the office of the clerk of the municipality in which the candidate is seeking office;
- (2) Legislative candidates in single county districts and candidates for a county office or county school board in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the candidate is seeking office;
- (3) Legislative candidates from multicounty districts and congressional candidates in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county of the candidate's residence.

After a ninety day period following any election, the clerks who receive the financial disclosure statements of candidates, may destroy or dispose of those statements filed by candidates who were unsuccessful in the election.

- (c) No candidate for public office may maintain his or her place on a ballot and no public official may take the oath of office or enter or continue upon his or her duties or receive compensation from public funds, unless he or she has filed a financial disclosure statement with the state ethics commission as required by the provisions of this section.
- (d) The state ethics commission may, upon request of any person required to file a financial disclosure statement, and for good cause shown, extend the deadline for filing such statement for a reasonable period of time: *Provided*, That no extension of time shall be granted to a candidate who has not filed a financial disclosure statement for the preceding filing period.
- (e) No person shall fail to file a statement required by this section.
- (f) No person shall knowingly file a materially false statement that is required to be filed under this section.

§6B-2-7. Financial disclosure statement; contents.

- 1 The financial disclosure statement required under this 2 article shall contain the following information:
- $\mathbf{3}$ (1) The name, residential and business addresses of 4 the person filing the statement and all names under 5 which the person does business.
- 6 (2) The name and address of each employer of the 7 person.
- (3) The identification, by category, of every source of 8 9 income over five thousand dollars received during the 10 preceding calendar year, in his or her own name or by any other person for his or her use or benefit, by the 11 person filing the statement, and a brief description of 12 13 the nature of the services for which the income was received. This subdivision does not require a person 14 filing the statement who derives income from a business, 15 profession or occupation to disclose the individual 16 17 sources and items of income that constitute the gross 18 income of that business, profession or occupation.
- (4) If the person profited or benefited in the year prior to the date of filing from a contract for the sale of goods 20 or services to a state, county, municipal or other local governmental agency either directly or through a 22 partnership, corporation or association in which such 23 person owned or controlled more than ten percent, the 24 person shall describe the nature of the goods or services 25 and identify the governmental agencies which pur-26 chased the goods or services. 27

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(5) Each interest group or category listed below doing 28 29 business in this state with which the person filing the statement did business or furnished services and from 30 which the person received more than twenty percent of 31 the person's gross income during the preceding calendar 32 33 year. The groups or categories are electric utilities, gas utilities, telephone utilities, water utilities, cable 34 television companies, interstate transportation compan-35 ies, intrastate transportation companies, oil or gas retail 36 37 companies, banks, savings and loan associations, loan or

 finance companies, manufacturing companies, surface mining companies, deep mining companies, mining equipment companies, chemical companies, insurance companies, retail companies, beer, wine or liquor companies or distributors, recreation related companies, timbering companies, hospitals or other health care providers, trade associations, professional associations, associations of public employees or public officials, counties, cities or towns, labor organizations, waste disposal companies, wholesale companies, groups or associations seeking to legalize gambling, advertising companies, media companies, race tracks and promotional companies.

- (6) The names of all persons, excluding that person's immediate family, parents, or grandparents residing or transacting business in the state to whom the person filing the statement owes, on the date of execution of this statement in the aggregate in his or her own name or in the name of any other person more than twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall require the disclosure of a mortgage on the person's primary and secondary residences or of automobile loans on automobiles maintained for the use of the person's immediate family nor shall this section require the disclosure of debts which result from the ordinary conduct of such person's business, profession, or occupation.
- (7) The names of all persons except immediate family members, parents and grandparents residing or transacting business in the state (other than a demand or savings account in a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or building and loan association or other similar depository) who owes on the date of execution of this statement, more, in the aggregate, than twenty-five thousand dollars to the person filing the statement, either in his or her own name or to any other person for his or her use or benefit. This subdivision does not require the disclosure of debts owed to the person filing the statement which debts result from the ordinary conduct of such person's business, profession or occupation.

79 (8) The source of each gift having a value of over five 80 hundred dollars received from a person having an interest in a governmental activity by the person filing 81 82 the statement when such gift is given to the person filing 83 the statement in his or her name or by any other person for his or her use or benefit during the preceding 84 85 calendar year, except gifts received by will or by virtue 86 of the laws of descent and distribution, or received from 87 one's spouse, child, grandchild, parents or grandparents, 88 or received by way of distribution from an inter vivos 89 or testamentary trust established by the spouse or child. 90 grandchild, or by an ancestor of the person filing the 91 statement. As used in this subdivision any series or 92 plurality of gifts which exceeds in the aggregate the sum of five hundred dollars from the same source or 93 donor, either directly or indirectly, and in the same 94 calendar year, shall be regarded as a single gift in 95 96 excess of that aggregate amount.

§6B-2-8. Exceptions to financial disclosure requirements and conflicts of interest provisions.

- 1 (a) Any person regulated by the provisions of this 2 article need not report the holdings of or the source of 3 income from any of the holdings of:
- 4 (1) any qualified blind trust; or
- 5 (2) a trust—
- 6 (A) which was not created directly by such individual, 7 his spouse, or any dependent child, and
- 8 (B) the holdings or sources of income of which such 9 individual, or a member of his or her immediate family 10 have no knowledge.
- Failure to report the holdings of or the source of income of any trust referred to herein in good faith reliance upon this section shall not constitute a violation of sections six or seven of this article.
- (b) The provisions of subsection (d), section five of this article shall not apply to holdings which are assets within the trusts referred to in subsection (a) of this section.

- 19 (c) For purposes of this section, the term "qualified 20 blind trust" includes a trust in which a regulated person 21 or immediate family has a beneficial interest in the 22 principal or income, and which meets the following 23 requirements:
 - (1) The trustee of the trust is a financial institution, an attorney, a certified public accountant, a broker, or an investment adviser, who (in the case of a financial institution or investment company, any officer or employee involved in the management or control of the trust)—
 - (A) is independent of and unassociated with any interested party so that the trustee cannot be controlled or influenced in the administration of the trust by any interested party;
 - (B) is not or has not been an employee of any interested party, or any organization affiliated with any interested party and is not a partner of, or involved in any joint venture or other investment with, any interested party; and
 - (C) is not a relative of any interested party.
 - (2) Any asset transferred to the trust by an interested party is free of any restriction with respect to its transfer or sale unless such restriction is expressly approved by the ethics commission;
 - (3) The trust instrument which establishes the trust provides that—
 - (A) except to the extent provided in paragraph (F) of this subdivision the trustee in the exercise of his authority and discretion to manage and control the assets of the trust shall not consult or notify any interested party;
 - (B) the trust shall not contain any asset the holding of which by an interested party is prohibited by any law or regulation:
 - (C) the trustee shall promptly notify the regulated person and the ethics commission when the holdings of any particular asset transferred to the trust by any interested party are disposed of;

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(D) the trust tax return shall be prepared by the trustee or his designee, and such return and any information relating thereto (other than the trust income summarized in appropriate categories necessary to complete an interested party's tax return), shall not be disclosed to any interested party;

- (E) an interested party shall not receive any report on the holdings and sources of income of the trust, except a report at the end of each calendar quarter with respect to the total cash value of the interest of the interested party in the trust or the net income or loss of the trust or any reports necessary to enable the interested party to complete an individual tax return required by law, but such report shall not identify any asset or holding;
- (F) except for communications which solely consist of requests for distribution of cash or other unspecified assets of the trust, there shall be no direct or indirect communication between the trustee and an interested party with respect to the trust unless such communication is in writing and unless it relates only (i) to the general financial interest and needs of the interested party (including, but not limited to, an interest in maximizing income or long-term capital gain), (ii) to the notification of the trustee of a law or regulation subsequently applicable to the reporting individual which prohibits the interested party from holding an asset, which notification directs that the asset not be held by the trust, or (iii) to directions to the trustee to sell all of an asset initially placed in the trust by an interested party which in the determination of the reporting individual creates a conflict of interest or the appearance thereof due to the subsequent assumption of duties by the reporting individual (but nothing herein shall require any such direction); and
- (G) the interested parties shall make no effort to obtain information with respect to the holdings of the trust, including obtaining a copy of any trust tax return filed or any information relating thereto except as otherwise provided in this subsection.
 - (4) The proposed trust instrument and the proposed

98 trustee is approved by the ethics commission and 99 approval shall be given if the conditions of this section are met.

§6B-2-9. Special prosecutor authorized.

- 1 (a) If the ethics commission finds as the result of an 2 investigation of a complaint that a pattern of ethics 3 violations or criminal violations under this chapter or 4 under article five-a, chapter sixty-one of this code, exists 5 in a state, county or covered municipal government. 6 county school board or one of their respective depart-7 ments, agencies, boards or commissions, and also finds 8 that the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the 9 violation occurred is, for some reason, unable or 10 unwilling to take appropriate action, the chairman of 11 the ethics commission may, upon a two-thirds vote of the 12 members of the ethics commission, petition the approp-13 riate circuit court for the appointment of a special prosecutor for the purpose of conducting an investiga-14 15 tion to determine whether a violation of the criminal law 16 of this state has occurred.
- 17 (b) A special prosecutor shall have the same authority 18 as a county prosecutor to investigate and prosecute 19 persons subject to this act for criminal violations 20 committed in connection with their public office or 21 employment which constitute felonies.
 - (c) The ethics committee shall be authorized to employ and assign the necessary professional and clerical staff to assist any such special prosecutor in the performance of his or her duties and to pay and to set the compensation to be paid to a special prosecutor in an amount not to exceed seventy-five dollars per hour up to a maximum of fifty thousand dollars per annum.
- 29 (d) The special prosecutor shall be empowered to 30 make a presentment to any regularly or specially 31 impaneled grand jury in the appointing circuit court. 32 The special prosecutor shall be empowered to prosecute 33 any person indicted by such grand jury.

§6B-2-10. Violations and penalties.

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1 (a) If any person violates the provisions of subsections

- 2 (e), (f), or (g), section five of this article, or violates the 3 provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (f), section four 4 of this article, such person, upon conviction thereof, shall 5 be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by confinement in the county jail for a period not to exceed 6 7 six months or shall be fined not more than one thousand 8 dollars, or both such confinement and fine. If any person 9 violating the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (f). section four of this article shall be a member of the 10 11 commission or an employee thereof, he or she shall, upon 12 conviction, be subject to immediate removal or 13 discharge.
 - (b) If any person violates the provisions of subsection (f), section six of this article by willfully and knowingly filing a false financial statement, such person shall, upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of false swearing and shall be punished as provided in section three, article five, chapter sixty-one of this code.
 - (c) If any person knowingly fails or refuses to file a financial statement required by section six of this article, such person, upon conviction thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.
- 25 (d) If any complainant violates the provisions of subdivision (2), subsection (f), section four, article two of this chapter by knowingly and willfully disclosing any information made confidential by an order of the commission, he or she shall be subject to administrative sanction by the commission as provided for in subsection (r), section four of this article.

§6B-2-11. Termination of commission.

- 1 The West Virginia ethics commission shall be termi-
- 2 nated by the provisions of article ten, chapter four of
- 3 this code on the first day of July, one thousand nine
- 4 hundred ninety-two, unless sooner terminated or unless
- 5 continued or reestablished pursuant to that article.

ARTICLE 3. LOBBYISTS.

§6B-3-1. Definitions.

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§6B-3-2. Registration of lobbyists.

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- §6B-3-3. Photograph and information-booklet-publication.
- §6B-3-4. Reporting by lobbyists.
- §6B-3-5. Grass roots lobbying campaigns.
- §6B-3-6. Employment of unregistered persons.
- §6B-3-7. Duties of lobbyists.
- §6B-3-8. Limitation on persons lobbying in legislative chambers.
- §6B-3-9. Penalties.
- §6B-3-10. Provisions may be adopted by local governments.

§6B-3-1. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless the context in which used clearly indicates otherwise:
- 3 (1) "Compensation" means money or any other thing 4 of value received or to be received by a lobbyist from 5 an employer for services rendered.
- 6 (2) "Employer" or "lobbyist's employer" means any person who employs or retains a lobbyist.
 - (3) "Expenditure" means payment, distribution, loan, advance deposit, reimbursement, or gift of money, real or personal property or any other thing of value; or a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable.
 - (4) "Government officer or employee" means a member of the Legislature, a legislative employee, the governor and other members of the board of public works, heads of executive departments, and any other public officer or public employee under the legislative or executive branch of state government who is empowered or authorized to make policy and perform non-ministerial functions. In the case of elected offices included herein, the term "government officer or employee" shall include candidates who have been elected but who have not yet assumed office.
 - (5) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the Legislature, and includes any other matters that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the Legislature and all bills or resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval or veto by the governor.

- (6) "Lobbying" or "lobbying activity" means the act of communicating with a government officer or employee to promote, advocate or oppose or otherwise attempt to influence:
 - (i) The passage or defeat or the executive approval or veto of any legislation which may be considered by the Legislature of this state; or
 - (ii) The adoption or rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard, rate, fee, or other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be taken or withheld by any executive department.
 - (7)(A) "Lobbyist" means a person who, through communication with a government officer or employee, promotes, advocates or opposes or otherwise attempts to influence:
 - (i) The passage or defeat or the executive approval or veto of any legislation which may be considered by the Legislature of this state; or
 - (ii) The adoption or rejection of any rule, regulation, legislative rule, standard, rate, fee, or other delegated legislative or quasi-legislative action to be taken or withheld by any executive department.
 - (B) The term "lobbyist" shall not include the following persons, who shall be exempt from the registration and reporting requirements set forth in this article, unless such persons engage in activities which would otherwise subject them to the registration and reporting requirements:
 - (i) Persons who limit their lobbying activities to appearing before public sessions of committees of the Legislature, or public hearings of state agencies, are exempt.
 - (ii) Persons who engage in news or feature reporting activities and editorial comment as working members of the press, radio, or television, and persons who publish or disseminate such news, features or editorial comment through a newspaper, book, regularly published periodical, radio station, or television station, are exempt.

- (iii) Persons who lobby without compensation or other consideration for acting as lobbyists, when such persons make no expenditure for or on behalf of any government officer or employee in connection with such lobbying. are exempt. The exemption contained in this subpara-graph (iii) is intended to permit and encourage citizens of this state to exercise their constitutional rights to assemble in a peaceable manner, consult for the common good, instruct their representatives, and apply for a redress of grievances. Accordingly, such persons may lobby without incurring any registration or reporting obligation under this article. Any person exempt under this subparagraph (iii) may at his or her option register and report under this article.
 - (iv) Persons who lobby on behalf of a nonprofit organization with regard to legislation, without compensation, and who restrict their lobbying activities to no more than twenty days or parts thereof during any regular session of the Legislature, are exempt. The commission may promulgate a legislative rule to require registration and reporting by persons who would otherwise be exempt under this subparagraph, if it determines that such rule is necessary to prevent frustration of the purposes of this article. Any person exempt under this subparagraph may at his or her option register and report under this article.

- (v) The governor, members of the governor's staff, members of the board of public works, officers and employees of the executive branch who communicate with a member of the Legislature on the request of that member, or who communicate with the Legislature, through the proper official channels, requests for legislative action or appropriations which are deemed necessary for the efficient conduct of the public business or which are made in the proper performance of their official duties, are exempt.
 - (vi) Members of the Legislature are exempt.
- 107 (vii) Persons employed by the Legislature for the purpose of aiding in the preparation or enactment of

- 109 legislation or the performance of legislative duties are 110 exempt.
- 111 (viii) Persons rendering professional services in
- drafting proposed legislation or in advising or rendering 112
- 113 opinions to clients as to the construction and effect of
- 114 proposed or pending legislation, are exempt.
- (8) "Person" means any individual, partnership, trust, 115
- 116 estate, business trust, association, or corporation; any
- department, commission, board, publicly supported 117
- college or university, division, institution, bureau, or any 118
- 119 other instrumentality of the state; or any county,
- 120 municipal corporation, school district, or any other
- 121 political subdivision of the state.

§6B-3-2. Registration of lobbyists.

- 1 (a) Before engaging in any lobbying activity, or
- within thirty days after being employed as a lobbyist, 2 whichever occurs first, a lobbyist shall register with the 3
- ethics commission by filing a lobbyist registration 4
- statement, signed under oath or affirmation. The 5
- 6 registration statement shall contain such information
- and be in such form as the ethics commission may 7
- 8 prescribe by legislative rule, including, but not limited
- 9 to, the following information:
- (1) The registrant's name, business address, telephone 10
- 11 numbers and any temporary residential and business
- 12 addresses and telephone numbers used or to be used by
- the registrant while lobbying during a legislative 13
- 14 session:
- 15 (2) The name, address and occupation or business of the registrant's employer: 16
- 17 (3) A statement as to whether the registrant is
- 18 employed or retained by his or her employer solely as a lobbyist or is a regular employee performing services 19
- for the employer which include, but are not limited to, 20
- lobbying; 21
- (4) A statement as to whether the registrant is 22
- employed or retained by his or her employer under any 23
- agreement, arrangement or understanding according to 24

- which the registrant's compensation, or any portion thereof, is or will be contingent upon the success of his or her lobbying activity;
 - (5) The general subject or subjects, if known, on which the registrant will lobby or employ some other person to lobby in a manner which requires registration under this article;
 - (6) An appended written authorization from each of the lobbyist's employers confirming the lobbyist's employment and the subjects on which the employer is to be represented.
 - (b) A registrant who lobbys with regard to matters before the Legislature must file duplicate copies of the lobbyist's registration statement required by subsections (a) or (d) of this section with the Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Delegates contemporaneously with the filing with the ethics commission before engaging in any lobbying activity.
 - (c) Any lobbyist who receives or is to receive compensation from more than one person for services as a lobbyist shall file a separate notice of representation with respect to each person compensating him or her for services performed as a lobbyist. When a lobbyist whose fee for lobbying with respect to the same subject is to be paid or contributed by more than one person, then such lobbyist may file a single statement, in which he shall detail the name, business address and occupation of each person so paying or contributing.
 - (d) Whenever a change, modification, or termination of the lobbyist's employment occurs, the lobbyist shall, within one week of such change, modification or termination, furnish full information regarding the same by filing with the commission an amended registration statement.
 - (e) Each lobbyist who has registered shall file a new registration statement, revised as appropriate, on the second Monday in January of each odd-numbered year, and failure to do so shall terminate his registration. Until such registration is renewed, the person may not

- 64 engage in lobbying activities unless he or she is 65 otherwise exempt under paragraph (B), subdivision (7),
- 66 section one of this article.

§6B-3-3. Photograph and information-booklet-publication.

1 Each lobbyist shall, at the time he or she registers, 2 submit to the commission a recent photograph of the 3 lobbyist of a size and format as determined by rule of the commission, together with the name of the lobbyist's 4 employer, a brief biographical description, and any 5 other information the lobbyist may wish to submit, not 6 7 to exceed fifty words in length. Such photograph and information shall be published at least annually in a 8 booklet form by the commission for distribution to 9 10 government officers or employees, lobbyists, and to the 11 public. The method of distribution shall be in the 12 discretion of the commission, which shall not be required to compile and maintain a distribution list of 13 14 all persons who may be entitled to receive such booklet. 15 Each lobbyist, upon registering, shall pay a fee of 16 twenty dollars to the commission to help defray the costs 17 of preparing such booklet.

§6B-3-4. Reporting by lobbyists.

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- (a) A lobbyist shall file with the commission reports 1 2 of his lobbying activities, signed under oath or affirma-3 tion by the lobbyist. Lobbyists who are required under 4 this article to file copies of their registration statements 5 with the clerks of the respective houses of the Legisla-6 ture shall also contemporaneously file copies of all 7 reports required under this section with the clerks. The reports shall be made in the form and manner pres-8 cribed by legislative rule of the commission. Such 9 reports shall be filed as follows: 10
 - (1) On or before the second Monday in January of each year, a lobbyist shall file an annual report of all lobbying activities which he or she engaged in during the preceding calendar year; and
- 15 (2) If a lobbyist engages in lobbying with respect to legislation, then:
- 17 (A) Between the fortieth and forty-fifth days of any

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- regular session of the Legislature in which any such lobbying occurred, the lobbyist shall file a report describing all of his or her lobbying activities which occurred since the beginning of the calendar year; and
- 22 (B) Within twenty-one days after the adjournment 23 sine die of any regular or extraordinary session of the 24 Legislature in which any such lobbying occurred, the 25 lobbyist shall file a report describing all of his or her 26 lobbying activities which occurred since the beginning 27 of the calendar year or since the filing of the last report 28 required by this section, whichever is later.
 - (b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, each report filed by a lobbyist shall show the total amount of all expenditures for lobbying made or incurred by such lobbyist, or on behalf of such lobbyist by the lobbyist's employer, during the period covered by the report. The report shall also show subtotals segregated according to financial category, including meals and beverages; living accommodations; advertising; travel; contributions; gifts to government officers or employees or to members of the immediate family of such persons; and other expenses or services.
 - (2) Lobbyists are not required to report the following:
- 41 (A) Unreimbursed personal living and travel ex-42 penses not incurred directly for lobbying;
- 43 (B) Any expenses incurred for his or her own living accommodations:
- 45 (C) Any expenses incurred for his or her own travel 46 to and from public meetings or hearings of the legisla-47 tive and executive branches;
 - (D) Any expenses incurred for telephone, and any office expenses, including rent and salaries and wages paid for staff and secretarial assistance; and
- 51 (E) Separate expenditures to or on behalf of a 52 government officer or employee in an amount of less 53 than five dollars.
- (c) If a lobbyist is employed by more than one employer, the report shall show the proportionate

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amount of such expenditures in each category incurredon behalf of each of his employers.

- (d) The report shall describe the subject matter of the lobbying activities in which the lobbyist has been engaged during the reporting period.
- (e) If, during the period covered by the report, the lobbyist made expenditures, other than for travel, food. lodging and entertainment governed by subsection (f) of this section, which expenditures total more than five hundred dollars to or on behalf of any particular government officer or employee, the lobbyist shall report the name of the government officer or employee to whom or on whose behalf the expenditures were made, the total amount of the expenditures, and the subject matter of the lobbying activity, if any. Under this subsection (e), no portion of the amount of an expenditure for a dinner, party, or other function sponsored by a lobbyist or a lobbyist's employer need be attributed to or counted toward the reporting amount of five hundred dollars for a particular government officer or employee who attends such function if the sponsor has invited to the function all the members of (1) the Legislature, (2) either house of the Legislature, (3) a standing or select committee of either house, or (4) a joint committee of the two houses of the Legislature. However, the amount spent for such function shall be added to other expenditures for the purpose of determining the total amount of expenditures reported under subsection (b) of this section.
 - (f) If, during the period covered by the report, the lobbyist made expenditures for travel, food, lodging, and scheduled entertainment totaling more than five hundred dollars for or on behalf of a particular government officer or employee in return for the participation of the government officer or employee in a panel or speaking engagement at the meeting, the lobbyist shall report the name of the government officer or employee to whom or on whose behalf the expenditures were made and the total amount of the expenditures.

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96 (g) Such other information relevant to lobbying 97 activities as the commission shall by legislative rule 98 prescribe. Information supporting such activities as are 99 required to be reported is subject to audit by the 100 commission.

§6B-3-5. Grass roots lobbying campaigns.

- 1 (1) Any person who has made expenditures, not 2 required to be reported under other sections of this 3 chapter, exceeding five hundred dollars in the aggre-4 gate within any three-month period or exceeding two 5 hundred dollars in the aggregate within any one-month 6 period in presenting a program addressed to the public. 7 a substantial portion of which is intended, designed or 8 calculated primarily to influence legislation, shall be 9 required to register and report, as provided in subsec-10 tion (2) of this section, as a sponsor of a grass roots 11 lobbying campaign.
- 12 (2) Within thirty days after becoming a sponsor of a 13 grass roots lobbying campaign, the sponsor shall register by filing with the ethics commission a registra-14 15 tion statement, in such detail as the commission shall 16 prescribe, showing:
- (a) The sponsor's name, address and business or occupation, and, if the sponsor is not an individual, the 18 19 names, addresses, and titles of the controlling persons responsible for managing the sponsor's affairs;
 - (b) The names, addresses and business or occupation of all persons organizing and managing the campaign. or hired to assist the campaign, including any public relations or advertising firms participating in the campaign, and the terms of compensation for all such persons:
 - (c) The names and addresses of each person contributing twenty-five dollars or more to the campaign and the aggregate amount contributed;
 - (d) The purpose of the campaign, including the specific legislation, rules, rates, standards or proposals that are the subject matter of the campaign:

- 33 (e) The totals of all expenditures made or incurred to 34 date on behalf of the campaign, which totals shall be 35 segregated according to financial category, including, but not limited to, the following: Advertising, segre-36 gated by media, and, in the case of large expenditures 37 38 (as provided by legislative rule of the commission), by 39 outlet; contributions; entertainment, including meals 40 and beverages; office expenses, including rent and the salaries and wages paid for staff and secretarial 41 42 assistance, or the proportionate amount thereof paid or incurred for lobbying campaign activities: consultants: 43 and printing and mailing expenses. 44
- 45 (3) Every sponsor who has registered under this 46 section shall file reports with the commission, which 47 reports shall be filed for the same time periods required 48 for the filing of lobbyists' reports under the provisions 49 of section four of this article.
- 50 (4) When the campaign has been terminated, the 51 sponsor shall file a notice of termination with the final 52 monthly report, which notice shall state the totals of all 53 contributions and expenditures made on behalf of the 54 campaign, in the same manner as provided for in the 55 registration statement.

§6B-3-6. Employment of unregistered persons.

It shall be a violation of this chapter for any person to employ for pay or any consideration, or pay or agree to pay any consideration to, a person to lobby who is not registered under this chapter except upon condition that such person register as a lobbyist as provided by this chapter, and such person does in fact so register as soon as practicable.

§6B-3-7. Duties of lobbyists.

A person required to register as a lobbyist under this chapter shall also have the following obligations, the violation of which shall constitute cause for revocation of his registration, and may subject such person, and such person's employer, if such employer aids, abets, ratifies, or confirms any such act, to other civil liabilities, as provided by this chapter.

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- 8 (1) Such persons shall obtain and preserve all ac-9 counts, bills, receipts, books, papers and documents 10 necessary to substantiate the financial reports required 11 to be made under this article for a period of at least five 12 years from the date of the filing of the statement 13 containing such items, which accounts, bills, receipts. 14 books, papers, and documents shall be made available 15 for inspection by the commission at any time: Provided. That if a lobbyist is required under the terms of his 16 17 employment contract to turn any records over to his 18 employer, responsibility for the preservation of such 19 records under this subsection shall rest with such 20 employer.
- 21 (2) In addition, a person required to register as a 22 lobbyist shall not:
 - (A) Engage in any activity as a lobbyist before registering as such;
 - (B) Knowingly deceive or attempt to deceive any government officer or employee as to any fact pertaining to a matter which is the subject of lobbying activity;
 - (C) Cause or influence the introduction of any legislation for the purpose of thereafter being employed to secure its defeat;
 - (D) Exercise any undue influence, extortion, or unlawful retaliation upon any government officer or employee by reason of such government officer or employee's position with respect to, or his vote upon, any matter which is the subject of lobbying activity;
 - (E) Exercise undue influence upon any legislator or other privately employed government officer or employee through communications with such person's employer;
 - (F) Give a gift to any government officer or employee in excess of or in violation of any limitations on gifts set forth in subsection (c), section five, article two of this chapter, or give any gift, whether lawful or unlawful, to a government officer or employee without such government officer or employee's knowledge and consent.

§6B-3-8. Limitation on persons lobbying in legislative chambers.

Former legislators and other persons having the privilege of the floor are prohibited from lobbying upon

3 the floor of either house of the Legislature or the foyer

4 thereof while such house is in session.

§6B-3-9. Penalties.

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- (a) A person who is required under the provisions of this article to file a statement or report is guilty of false swearing when such person willfully and knowingly, under oath or affirmation, files a false statement or report concerning a matter or thing material. Any person who violates the provisions of this subsection (a) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined or fined and confined in accordance with the provisions of section three, article five, chapter sixty-one of this code.
- 11 (b) A person who is subject to the registration and 12 reporting requirements of this article and who fails or refuses to register or who fails or refuses to file a 13 14 required statement or report or who otherwise violates 15 the provisions of this article may be the subject of a 16 complaint filed with the ethics commission and may be 17 proceeded against in the same manner and to the same 18 ends as a public officer or public employee under the 19 provisions of this chapter.
- 20 (c) A person who willfully and knowingly files a false 21 report under the provisions of this article is liable in a 22 civil action to any government officer or employee who 23 sustains damage as a result of the filing or publication 24 of the report.

§6B-3-10. Provisions may be adopted by local governments.

An incorporated municipality may enact lobbyist regulation provisions substantially similar to the provisions of this article which may be modified to the extent necessary to make the provisions relevant to that jurisdiction and which may be further modified to the extent deemed necessary and appropriate by and for that jurisdiction.

CHAPTER 2

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 1—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed January 31, 1989; in effect March 1, 1989. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-g, two-h, two-i, two-j, two-k and two-l, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal sections three-a and eleven, article fifteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one, two, two-d, two-e and two-m, article thirteen, chapter eleven of said code; to further amend said article thirteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-n; to amend and reenact section three, article thirteen-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, three and nine, article fifteen of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and thirty-three; to amend and reenact section two, article fifteen-a of said chapter; to further amend said article fifteen-a by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; and to amend and reenact sections six and seventeen, article twenty-three of said chapter, all relating to the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1989; amending and reenacting existing provisions of the business and occupation tax. the severance tax, the consumers sales and service tax, the use tax and the business franchise tax; eliminating the expiration of the temporary one cent increase in the consumers sales and service tax and the use tax, making the increase in these taxes permanent, preserving the dedication of certain additional revenues therefrom for repayment of pneumoconiosis fund debt; defining terms used in the business and occupation tax; imposing the business and occupation tax, beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, upon the service of gas storage and prescribing the rate thereof and due dates of installment payments; setting forth an alternative method of calculating the business and occupation tax due from electric power and light

companies and from generators of electric power: imposing such tax based on the number of kilowatt hours of electric power generated or sold within this state: specifying different rates of tax and exempting from tax kilowatt hours of electric power sold for certain purposes; requiring tax to be computed based on current law and under the alternative method, with liability for tax being the greater of the two: increasing the severance tax rates effective the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: eliminating the exemption from the consumers sales and service tax and use tax for sales of property or services to persons in the business of contracting when such property or services are directly used in the activities of contracting: eliminating references to contracting in the definition of "directly used and consumed" for purposes of the consumers sales and service tax and the use tax: providing that property installed, fixed or incorporated into realty by a contractor is not subject to the consumers sales and service tax exemption for resale; removing the sales tax exemption for food intended for human consumption; providing an exemption mandated under Title forty-two. United States Code section one thousand seven hundred eighty-six; providing transition rules: making the effective date for all such changes to the consumers sales and service and use tax laws the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eightynine: eliminating the credit against the business franchise tax for the amount of tax that would be attributable to the portion of the business franchise tax base giving rise to a severance tax liability for taxable years ending after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, prorating the credit as to months before the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; increasing the rate of the business franchise tax for taxable years beginning on or after specified date; permitting proration of tax when taxable year is less than twelve months; providing for a minimum tax; clarifying that charitable organizations and churches may continue to be exempt from sales and use tax on purchases of food for meals for which no charge is made; and providing that certain sales to persons engaged in contracting or subcontracting pursuant to a written contract with this state, a political subdivision thereof or a public corporation are exempt from the sales and use tax in certain instances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two-a, two-b, two-c, two-g, two-h, two-i, twoj, two-k and two-l, article thirteen, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections three-a and eleven, article fifteen of said chapter eleven be repealed; that sections one, two, two-d, two-e and two-m, article thirteen, chapter eleven of said code be amended and reenacted: that said article thirteen be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-n; that section three, article thirteena of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three and nine, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that said article fifteen be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections eight-a and thirty-three; that section two, article fifteen-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article fifteena be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-nine; and that sections six and seventeen, article twenty-three of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11. TAXATION.

Article

- 13. Business and Occupation Tax.
- 13A. Severance Taxes.
- 15. Consumers Sales Tax.
- 15A. Use Tax.
- 23. Business Franchise Tax.

ARTICLE 13. BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX.

§11-13-1.	Definitions.
§11-13-2.	Imposition of privilege tax.
§11-13-2d.	Public service or utility business.
§11-13-2e.	Business of gas storage; effective date.
§11-13-2m.	Business of generating or producing electric power; exception:
	rates.
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§11-13-2n. Business of generating or producing or selling electric power; exemptions; rates.

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§11-13-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) General.—When used in this article, or in the 2 administration of this article, the terms defined in 3 subsection (b) shall have the meanings ascribed to them 4 by this section, unless a different meaning is clearly required by either the context in which the term is used 6 or by specific definition.
 - (b) Terms defined.
 - (1) "Person" or the term "company," herein used interchangeably, includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, trust or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intention to give a more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
 - (2) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" includes any transfer of or title to property or electricity, whether for money or in exchange for other property.
 - (3) "Taxpayer" means any person liable for any tax hereunder.
- 20 (4) "Gross income" means the gross receipts of the 21 taxpayer, received as compensation for personal services 22 and the gross receipts of the taxpayer derived from 23 trade, business, commerce or sales and the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible 24 25 property (real or personal), or service, or both, and all receipts by reason of the investment of the capital of the 26 27 business engaged in, including rentals, royalties, fees, reimbursed costs or expenses or other emoluments 28 however designated and including all interest, carrying 29 charges, fees or other like income, however denomi-30 nated, derived by the taxpayer from repetitive carrying 31 of accounts, in the regular course and conduct of his 32 business, and extension of credit in connection with the 33 sale of any tangible personal property or service, and 34 without any deductions on account of the cost of 35 property sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, 36 taxes, royalties paid in cash or in kind or otherwise, 37 interest or discount paid or any other expenses what-38 39 soever.

- 40 (5) "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value, whether 41 in money or other property, actually proceeding from 42 the sale of tangible property without any deduction on 43 account of the cost of property sold or expenses of any 44 kind.
 - (6) "Business" shall include all activities engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or economic benefit, either direct or indirect. "Business" shall include the rendering of gas storage service by any person for the gain or economic benefit of any person, including, but not limited to, the storage operator, whether or not incident to any other business activity.
 - (7) "Gas" means either natural gas unmixed, or any mixture of natural and artificial gas or any other gas.
 - (8) "Storage reservoir" means that portion of any subterranean sand or rock stratum or strata into which gas is or may be injected for the purpose of storage.
 - (9) "Gas storage service" means the injection of gas into a storage reservoir, the storage of gas for any period of time in a storage reservoir, or the withdrawal of gas from a storage reservoir. Such gas may be owned by the storage operator or any other person.
 - (10) "Gas storage operator" means any person who operates a storage reservoir or provides a storage service as defined herein, either as owner or lessee.
 - (11) "Month" or "tax month" means the calendar month.
 - (12) "Dekatherm" means the thermal energy unit equal to one million British thermal units (BTU's) or the equivalent of one thousand cubic feet of gas having a heating content of one thousand BTU's per cubic foot.
 - (13) "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which tax liability is computed under this article. "Taxable year" means, in case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this article, or under regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner, the period for which such return is made.

§11-13-2. Imposition of privilege tax.

- 1 (a) Periods before July 1, 1987.—For taxable years or 2 months thereof ending prior to the first day of July, one 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes 4 5 against the persons, on account of the business and other 6 activities, and in the amounts to be determined by the 7 application of rates against values or gross income as set 8 forth in sections two-a to two-m, both inclusive, of this 9 article and the application of the surtax rate against 10 gross income as set forth in section two-k: Provided. 11 That on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 12 eighty-five, the taxes imposed by this section, at the 13 rates set forth in sections two-b through two-m, both 14 inclusive, of this article, and in effect on the first day 15 of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five. exclusive of any surtaxes, shall be reduced by five 16 17 percent for taxable months beginning on and after said 18 first day of July: Provided, however. That on and after 19 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-20 five, the rate of tax under section two-b of this article 21 shall not be less than eight tenths of one percent: 22 Provided further. That there shall be no such reduction 23 of the rates set forth in section two-a or two-l of this 24 article.
- 25 (b) Periods after June 30, 1987.—For taxable years or months beginning after the thirtieth day of June, one 26 27 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, there is hereby 28 levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes 29 against the persons, on account of the business and other 30 activities, and in the amount to be determined by the 31 application of rates against values or gross income as set 32 forth in sections two-d and two-m of this article: Provided, That on and after the first day of July, one 33 thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the rates applica-34 ble to the privileges exercised in sections two-d and two-35 m of this article shall be restored and returned to those 36 which were in effect as to such privileges on the first 37 day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five: 38 Provided, however, That for taxable months or taxable 39 years beginning after the twenty-eighth day of Febru-40

- ary, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, there is hereby levied and shall be collected annual privilege taxes against the persons, on account of the business and other activities, and in the amount to be determined by the application of rates against the measure of the tax as set forth in sections two-d, two-e, two-m and two-n of this article.
 - (c) If any person liable for any tax under section twom shall ship or transport his products or any part thereof out of the state without making sale of such products, the value of the products in the condition or form in which they exist immediately before transportation out of the state shall be the basis for the assessment of the tax imposed in such section, except in those instances in which another measure of the tax is expressly provided. The tax commissioner shall prescribe equitable and uniform rules for ascertaining such value.
 - (d) In determining value, however, as regards sales from one to another of affiliated companies or persons, or under other circumstances where the relation between the buyer and seller is such that the gross proceeds from the sale are not indicative of the true value of the subject matter of the sale, the tax commissioner shall prescribe uniform and equitable rules for determining the value upon which such privilege tax shall be levied, corresponding as nearly as possible to the gross proceeds from the sale of similar products of like quality or character where no common interest exists between the buyer and seller but the circumstances and conditions are otherwise similar.

§11-13-2d. Public service or utility business.

(a) Upon any person engaging or continuing within this state in any public service or utility business. except railroad, railroad car, express, pipeline, telephone and telegraph companies, water carriers by steamboat or steamship and motor carriers, the tax imposed by section two of this article shall be equal to the gross income of the business derived from such activity or activities multiplied by the respective rates as follows:

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- 9 (1) Street and interurban and electric railways, one and four-tenths percent;
- 11 (2) Water companies, four and four-tenths percent, 12 except as to income received by municipally owned 13 water plants;
 - (3) Electric light and power companies, four percent on sales and demand charges for domestic purposes and commercial lighting and four percent on sales and demand charges for all other purposes, and except as to income received by municipally owned plants producing or purchasing electricity and distributing same: Provided, That electric light and power companies which engage in the supplying of public service but which do not generate or produce in this state the electric power they supply shall be taxed on the gross income derived from sales of power which they do not generate in this state at the rate of three percent on sales and demand charges for domestic purposes and commercial lighting and three percent on sales and demand charges for all other purposes, except as to income received by municipally owned plants: Provided, however, That the sale of electric power under this section shall be taxed at the rate of two percent on that portion of the gross proceeds derived from the sale of electric power to a plant location of a customer engaged in a manufacturing activity, if the contract demand at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year, or if the usage of such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year: Provided further, That the sale of electric power under this section shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this section and section two of this article if it is separately metered and consumed in an electrolytic process for the manufacture of chlorine in this state, or is separately metered and consumed in the manufacture of ferroalloy in this state, and the rate reduction herein provided to the taxpayer shall be passed on to the manufacturer of the chlorine or ferroalloy. As used in this section, the term "ferroalloy" means any of various alloys of iron and one or more other elements used as a raw material in the production

of steel: And provided further, That the term does not include the final production of steel;

- (4) Natural gas companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent on the gross income: *Provided*, That the sale of natural gas under this section shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this section and section two of this article to the extent that the natural gas is separately metered and is gas from which the purchaser derives hydrogen and carbon monoxide for use in the manufacture of chemicals in this state, and the full economic benefit of the exception herein provided to the taxpayer shall be passed on to such purchaser of the natural gas: *Provided*, *however*, That there shall be no exemption for the sale of any natural gas from which the purchaser derives carbon monoxide or hydrogen for the purpose of resale;
- (5) Toll bridge companies, four and twenty-nine hundredths percent; and
- (6) Upon all other public service or utility business, two and eighty-six hundredths percent.
- (b) The measure of this tax shall not include gross income derived from commerce between this state and other states of the United States or between this state and foreign countries. The measure of the tax under this section shall include only gross income received from the supplying of public service. The gross income of the taxpayer from any other activity shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed upon such other activity by the appropriate section or sections of this article.
- (c) Beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, electric light and power companies shall determine their liability for payment of tax under this section and sections two-m and two-n of this article. If for taxable months beginning on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, liability for tax under section two-n of this article is equal to or greater than the sum of the power company's liability for payment of tax under paragraph (3), subsection (a) of this section and section two-m of this article, then the company shall pay the tax due

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90 under section two-n of this article and not the tax due 91 under paragraph (3), subsection (a) of this section and 92 section two-m of this article. If tax liability under 93 section two-n is less, then tax shall be paid under 94 paragraph (3), subsection (a) of this section and section two-m of this article and the tax due under section two-95 n shall not be paid. The provisions of paragraph (3), 96 97 subsection (a) of this section shall expire and become 98 null and void for taxable years beginning on or after the 99 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-100 eight.

§11-13-2e. Business of gas storage; effective date.

- 1 (a) Rate of tax.—Upon every person engaging or 2 continuing within this state in any gas storage business 3 utilizing one or more gas storage reservoirs located 4 within this state, the tax imposed by section two of this 5 article shall be equal to five cents multiplied by the sum 6 of (1) the number of dekatherms of gas injected into such 7 a gas storage reservoir during a tax month and (2) the 8 number of dekatherms of gas withdrawn from such a 9 gas storage reservoir during a tax month, whether or 10 not such gas is owned by, or is injected or withdrawn 11 for, the storage operator or any other person. Fractional parts of dekatherms shall be included in the measure 12 13 of tax as provided in regulations promulgated by the tax 14 commissioner.
 - (b) Effective date.—The measure of tax under this section shall include gas injected into, or withdrawn from, a gas storage reservoir after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eightynine.
 - (c) Administration; installment payments.—The tax due under this section shall be administered, collected and enforced as provided in this article and articles nine and ten of this chapter. The tax due under this section shall be remitted in periodic installments as provided in section four of this article, except that such periodic installment payments shall be remitted on or before the twentieth day of the month following the month or quarter in which the tax accrues.

§11-13-2m. Business of generating or producing electric power; exception; rates.

- (a) Upon every person engaging or continuing within this state in the business of generating or producing electric power for sale, profit or commercial use, either directly or through the activity of others, in whole or in part, when the sale thereof is not subject to tax under section two-d of this article, the amount of the tax to be equal to the value of the electric power, as shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof by the generator or producer of the same multiplied by a rate of four percent, except that the rate shall be two percent on that portion of the gross proceeds derived from the sale of electric power to a plant location of a customer engaged in a manufacturing activity, if the contract demand at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year, or if the usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year.
 - (b) The measure of this tax shall be the value of all electric power generated or produced in this state for sale, profit or commercial use, regardless of the place of sale or the fact that transmission may be to points outside this state: *Provided*, That the gross income received by municipally owned plants generating or producing electricity shall not be subject to tax under this article.
 - (c) Beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, every person taxable under this section shall determine their liability for payment of tax under this section and under paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d of this article and section two-n of this article. If for taxable months beginning on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such person's liability for payment of tax under this section and paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d of this article is less than the amount of such person's liability for payment of tax under section two-n of this article, then such person shall pay the tax due under section two-n and not the sum of the amount of tax due under this section and under

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- paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d of this article. If the tax due under section two-n of this article is less, then the amount of tax due under this section and paragraph (3), subsection (a), section two-d of this
- article shall be paid. The provisions of this section shall expire and become null and void for taxable years
- 46 beginning on or after the first day of January, one
- 47 thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

§11-13-2n. Business of generating or producing or selling electric power; exemptions; rates.

- (a) Rate of tax.—Upon every person engaging or continuing within this state in the business of generating or producing electricity for sale, profit or commercial use, either directly or indirectly through the activity of others, in whole or in part, or in the business of selling electricity to consumers, or in both businesses, the tax imposed by section two of this article shall be equal to:
- 8 (1) Two tenths of one cent times the kilowatt hours of 9 net generation available for sale that was generated or 10 produced in this state by the taxpayer during the taxable year, except that this rate shall be five hun-11 12 dredths of one cent times the kilowatt hours of net generation available for sale that was generated or 13 14 produced in this state by the taxpayer and sold to a 15 plant location of a customer engaged in manufacturing 16 activity if the contract demand at such plant location 17 exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per 18 year or if the usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred thousand kilowatts per hour in a year: Pro-19 20 vided, That in order to encourage the development of industry to improve the environment of this state, the 21 22 tax imposed by this section on any person generating or 23 producing electric power and an alternative form of energy at a facility located within this state substan-24 tially from gob or other mine refuse shall be equal to 25 five hundredths of one cent times the kilowatt hours of 26 net generation or production available for sale. The 27 measure of tax under this paragraph shall be equal to 28 the total kilowatt hours of net generation available for 29 sale that was generated or produced in this state by the 30 taxpayer after the twenty-eighth day of February, one 31

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- thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, regardless of the place of sale or use, or the fact that transmission may be made to points outside this state.
- 35 (2) Fifteen hundredths of one cent times the kilowatt 36 hours of electricity sold to consumers in this state that 37 were not generated or produced in this state by the 38 taxpayer, except that the rate shall be five hundredths 39 of one cent times the kilowatt hours of electricity not 40 generated or produced in this state by the taxpayer 41 which is sold to a plant location in this state of a 42 customer engaged in manufacturing activity if the 43 contract demand at such plant location exceeds two 44 hundred thousand kilowatts per hour per year or if the 45 usage at such plant location exceeds two hundred 46 thousand kilowatts per hour in a year. The measure of 47 tax under this paragraph shall be equal to the total 48 kilowatt hours of electricity sold to consumers in this 49 state after the twenty-eighth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, that were not 50 51 generated or produced in this state by the taxpayer, to 52 be determined by subtracting from the total kilowatt 53 hours of electricity sold to consumers in the state the net 54 kilowatt hours of electricity generated or produced in 55 the state by the taxpaver during the taxable year.
- 56 (b) Exemptions.—The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
 - (1) Kilowatt hours of electricity generated and sold, or purchased and resold, by a municipally owned plant.
 - (2) Kilowatt hours of electric power that are separately metered and consumed in an electrolytic process for the manufacture of chlorine.
 - (3) Kilowatt hours of electric power that are separately metered and consumed in the manufacture of ferroalloy. As used in this paragraph, the term "ferroalloy" means any of the various alloys of iron and one or more other elements used as a raw material in the production of steel but shall not include electric power used in the production of steel.
 - (4) The full economic benefits provided to the tax-

- 71 payer by paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection shall 72 be passed on to the manufacturer of the chlorine or 73 ferroalloy.
- 74 (c) Credit.—Any person taxable under paragraph (2), 75 subsection (a) of this section shall be allowed a credit 76 against the amount of tax due under that paragraph for 77 any electric power generation taxes paid by the 78 taxpayer with respect to such electric power to the state 79 in which such power was generated or produced. The 80 amount of credit allowed shall not exceed the tax 81 liability arising under paragraph (2), subsection (a) of 82 this section with respect to the sale of such power.
- 83 (d) Transition rule.—Beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, electric 84 85 light and power companies shall determine their 86 liability for payment of tax under this section and 87 sections two-d and two-m of this article. If for taxable 88 months beginning on or after the first day of March, one 89 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, liability for tax 90 under section two-n of this article is equal to or greater than the sum of the power company's liability for 91 92 payment of tax under paragraph (3), subsection (a), 93 section two-d and section two-m of this article, then the 94 company shall pay the tax due under section two-n of 95 this article and not the tax due under paragraph (3), 96 subsection (a) of section two-d and section two-m of this 97 article. If tax liability under section two-n is less, then 98 tax shall be paid under paragraph (3), subsection (a), 99 section two-d and section two-m of this article and the 100 tax due under section two-n shall not be paid. The 101 provisions of this subsection (d) shall expire and become null and void for taxable years beginning on or after the 102 103 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-104 eight.

ARTICLE 13A. SEVERANCE TAXES.

§11-13A-3. Imposition of privilege tax; phase-in of modified rates and effective dates therefor.

1 (a) Upon every person exercising the privilege of engaging or continuing within this state in severing,

- 3 extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use any natural resource 4 5 product or products, there is hereby imposed a tax in 6 the amount to be determined by the application of rates 7 against the gross value of the articles produced, as 8 shown by the gross proceeds derived from the sale 9 thereof by the producer, except as otherwise provided, 10 multiplied by the rates, in the classifications and 11 according to the effective dates in subsection (b) of this 12 section.
- 13 (b) Tax rates; classifications; effective dates.—Begin-14 ning on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine 15 hundred eighty-seven, and for each date, as specified 16 below, the rates of tax on each respective classification 17 and for each respective year are as follows:
- 18 (1) On coal, and including the thirty-five one hun-19 dredths (.35) of one percent additional severance tax on 20 such coal for the benefit of counties and municipalities, 21 as provided in section six of this article, on
- July 1, 1987—three and eighty-five one hundredths (3.85) percent;
- July 1, 1988—three and eighty-eight one hundredths (3.88) percent; and
- 26 March 1, 1989—and thereafter five (5.0) percent.
- 27 (2) On limestone or sandstone quarried or mined, on
- July 1, 1987—two and two-tenths (2.2) percent;
- July 1, 1988—two and fifty-six one hundredths (2.56) percent;
- July 1, 1989—two and ninety-two one hundredths 32 (2.92) percent;
- July 1, 1990—three and twenty-eight one hundredths (3.28) percent;
- July 1, 1991—three and sixty-four one hundredths 36 (3.64) percent;
- 37 July 1, 1992—four (4.0) percent;
- July 1, 1993—four and fifty one hundredths (4.5) percent; and

- July 1, 1994—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
- 41 (3) On oil, on
- 42 July 1, 1987—four and thirty-four one hundredths
- 43 (4.34) percent;
- July 1, 1988—four and two hundred seventy-two one
- 45 thousandths (4.272) percent; and
- March 1, 1989—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
- 47 (4)(a) On natural gas, on
- July 1, 1987—six and five-tenths (6.5) percent;
- 49 July 1, 1988—six (6.0) percent:
- July 1, 1989—five and five-tenths (5.5) percent; and
- July 1, 1990—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
- 52 (4)(b) On natural gas produced from new wells drilled
- 53 and placed in service on and after July 1, 1987, on
- 54 July 1, 1987—four (4.0) percent; and
- 55 March 1, 1989—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
- 56 (5) On sand, gravel or other mineral product not quarried or mined, on
- July 1, 1987—four and thirty-four one hundredths
- 59 (4.34) percent;
- July 1, 1988—four and two hundred seventy-two one
- 61 thousandths (4.272) percent; and
- March 1, 1989—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
- 63 (6) On timber, on
- July 1, 1987—two and five-tenths (2.5) percent; and
- March 1, 1989—and thereafter—three and twenty-two
- 66 hundredths (3.22) percent.
- 67 (7) On other natural resources, on
- July 1, 1987—two and eighty-six one hundredths (2.86)
- 69 percent;

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- July 1, 1988—three and eighty-eight one thousandths (3.088) percent;
- July 1, 1989—three and three hundred sixteen one thousandths (3.316) percent;
- July 1, 1990—three and five hundred forty-four one thousandths (3.544) percent;
- July 1, 1991—three and seven hundred seventy-two one thousandths (3.772) percent;
- 78 July 1, 1992—four (4.0) percent;
- July 1, 1993—four and fifty one hundredths (4.5) percent; and
- July 1, 1994—and thereafter—five (5.0) percent.
 - (c) Tax in addition to other taxes.—The taxes imposed by this article shall apply to all persons severing or processing (or both severing and processing) natural resources in this state and shall be in addition to all other taxes imposed by law.
 - (d) Statement of purpose; relationship to existing contracts.—It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this article to continue the imposition of the tax upon exercising the privilege of engaging in or continuing within this state the business of severing, extracting, reducing to possession and producing for sale, profit or commercial use, natural resource products, which was imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, by such act. The provisions of any contract entered into prior to the effective date of this act and relating to the allocation, reimbursement, payment or assessment of the tax imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter, formerly, shall apply with full force and effect to the tax imposed by this article: it being the intent of the Legislature that, for purposes of any such contractual provision, the tax imposed by this article shall be considered the same as the tax imposed by section two-a, article thirteen of this chapter prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.

ARTICLE 15. CONSUMERS SALES TAX.

- §11-15-2. Definitions.
- §11-15-3. Amount of tax; allocation of tax and transfers.
- §11-15-8a. Contractors.
- §11-15-9. Exemptions.
- §11-15-33. Effective date.

§11-15-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Persons" shall mean any individual, partnership,
- 3 association, corporation, municipal corporation,
- guardian, trustee, committee, executor or administrator. 4
- (b) "Tax commissioner" shall mean the state tax 5 commissioner. 6
- 7 (c) "Gross proceeds" shall mean the amount received in money, credits, property or other consideration from 8
- sales and services within this state, without deduction 9
- 10 on account of the cost of property sold, amounts paid for 11 interest or discounts or other expenses whatsoever.
- Losses shall not be deducted, but any credit or refund 12
- 13 made for goods returned may be deducted.
- (d) "Sale," "sales" or "selling" shall include any 14
- 15 transfer of the possession or ownership of tangible personal property for a consideration, including a lease 16
- 17 or rental, when the transfer or delivery is made in the
- ordinary course of the transferor's business and is made
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- 19 to the transferee or his agent for consumption or use or
- 20 any other purpose.
- (e) "Vendor" shall mean any person engaged in this 21 22 state in furnishing services taxed by this article or
- making sales of tangible personal property. 23
- (f) "Ultimate consumer" or "consumer" shall mean a 24
- person who uses or consumes services or personal 25
- property. 26
- (g) "Business" shall include all activities engaged in 27
- or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain or 28
- economic benefit, direct or indirect, and all activities of 29 the state and its political subdivisions which involve
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- sales of tangible personal property or the rendering of 31

- services when those service activities compete with or may compete with the activities of other persons.
 - (h) "Tax" shall include all taxes, interest and penalties levied hereunder.
 - (i) "Service" or "selected service" shall include all nonprofessional activities engaged in for other persons for a consideration, which involve the rendering of a service as distinguished from the sale of tangible personal property, but shall not include contracting, personal services or the services rendered by an employee to his employer or any service rendered for resale.
 - (j) "Purchaser" shall mean a person who purchases tangible personal property or a service taxed by this article.
 - (k) "Personal service" shall include those:
- 48 (1) Compensated by the payment of wages in the ordinary course of employment; and
- 50 (2) Rendered to the person of an individual without, 51 at the same time, selling tangible personal property, 52 such as nursing, barbering, shoeshining, manicuring 53 and similar services.
- (1) "Taxpayer" shall mean any person liable for the tax imposed by this article.
 - (m) "Drugs" shall include all sales of drugs or appliances to a purchaser, upon prescription of a physician or dentist and any other professional person licensed to prescribe.
 - (n) (1) "Directly used or consumed" in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources shall mean used or consumed in those activities or operations which constitute an integral and essential part of such activities, as contrasted with and distinguished from those activities or operations which are simply incidental, convenient or remote to such activities.
 - (2) Uses of property or consumption of services which

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- constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources shall include only:
 - (A) In the case of tangible personal property, physical incorporation of property into a finished product resulting from manufacturing production or the production of natural resources;
 - (B) Causing a direct physical, chemical or other change upon property undergoing manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (C) Transporting or storing property undergoing transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (D) Measuring or verifying a change in property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (E) Physically controlling or directing the physical movement or operation of property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (F) Directly and physically recording the flow of property undergoing transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
 - (G) Producing energy for property directly used in transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;
- 98 (H) Facilitating the transmission of gas, water, steam 99 or electricity from the point of their diversion to 100 property directly used in transportation, communica-101 tion, transmission, manufacturing production or produc-102 tion of natural resources;
 - (I) Controlling or otherwise regulating atmospheric conditions required for transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources;

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- 107 (J) Serving as an operating supply for property 108 undergoing transmission, manufacturing production or 109 production of natural resources or for property directly 110 used in transportation, communication, transmission, 111 manufacturing production or production of natural 112 resources:
- 113 (K) Maintenance or repair of property directly used 114 in transportation, communication, transmission, manu-115 facturing production or production of natural resources;
- 116 (L) Storage, removal or transportation of economic 117 waste resulting from the activities of manufacturing, 118 transportation, communication, transmission or the 119 production of natural resources:
- 120 (M) Pollution control or environmental quality or protection activity directly relating to the activities of 121 122 manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-123 mission or the production of natural resources and 124 personnel, plant, product or community safety or 125 security activity directly relating to the activities of manufacturing, transportation, communication, trans-126 127 mission or the production of natural resources; or
- (N) Otherwise be used as an integral and essential 128 129 part of transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural 130 131 resources.
- (3) Uses of property or services which would not constitute direct use or consumption in the activities of 133 manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources shall include, but not be limited to:
- (A) Heating and illumination of office buildings; 137
- (B) Janitorial or general cleaning activities; 138
- 139 (C) Personal comfort of personnel;
- (D) Production planning, scheduling of work, or 140 141 inventory control;
- (E) Marketing, general management, supervision, 142 finance, training, accounting and administration; or 143

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- (F) An activity or function incidental or convenient to transportation, communication, transmission, manufacturing production or production of natural resources, rather than an integral and essential part of such activities.
 - (o) "Contracting" shall mean the furnishing of work, or both materials and work, in fulfillment of a contract for the construction, alteration, repair, decoration or improvement of a new or existing building or structure, or any part thereof, or for removal or demolition of a building or structure, or any part thereof, or for the alteration, improvement or development of real property. For purposes of this definition, the term "structure" shall include, but not be limited to, everything built up or composed of parts joined together in some definite manner and attached to real property, or which adds utility to a particular parcel of property and is intended to remain there for an indefinite period of time.
 - (p) "Manufacturing" shall mean a systematic operation or integrated series of systematic operations engaged in as a business or segment of a business which transforms or converts tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed.
 - (q) "Transportation" shall mean the act or process of conveying, as a commercial enterprise, passengers or goods from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location.
 - (r) "Transmission" shall mean the act or process of causing liquid, natural gas or electricity to pass or be conveyed from one place or geographical location to another place or geographical location through a pipeline or other medium for commercial purposes.
 - (s) "Communication" shall mean all telephone, radio, light, light wave, radio telephone, telegraph and other communication or means of communication, whether used for voice communication, computer data transmission or other encoded symbolic information transfers

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- 184 and shall include commercial broadcast radio, commer-185 cial broadcast television and cable television.
- 186 (t) "Production of natural resources" shall mean the 187 performance, by either the owner of the natural 188 resources or another, of the act or process of exploring, 189 developing, severing, extracting, reducing to possession 190 and loading for shipment for sale, profit or commercial 191 use of any natural resource products and any reclama-192 tion, waste disposal or environmental activities asso-193 ciated therewith.

§11-15-3. Amount of tax: allocation of tax and transfers.

- 1 (a) For the privilege of selling tangible personal 2 property and of dispensing certain selected services 3 defined in sections two and eight of this article, the 4 vendor shall collect from the purchaser the tax as 5 provided under this article, and shall pay the amount 6 of tax to the tax commissioner in accordance with the 7 provisions of this article.
 - (b) Beginning on the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the general consumers sales and service tax imposed by this article shall be at the rate of six cents on the dollar of sales or services. excluding gasoline and special fuel sales, which remain taxable at the rate of five cents on the dollar of sales.
- 14 (c) There shall be no tax on sales where the monetary 15 consideration is five cents or less. The amount of the tax 16 shall be computed as follows:
- (1) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is 18 from six cents to sixteen cents, both inclusive, one cent.
- 19 (2) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is from seventeen cents to thirty-three cents, both inclu-20 21 sive, two cents.
- 22 (3) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is 23 from thirty-four cents to fifty cents, both inclusive, three 24 cents.
- 25 (4) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is from fifty-one cents to sixty-seven cents, both inclusive, 26 27 four cents.

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- (5) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is from sixty-eight cents to eighty-four cents, both inclusive, five cents.
 - (6) On each sale, where the monetary consideration is from eighty-five cents to one dollar, both inclusive, six cents.
 - (7) If the sale price is in excess of one dollar, six cents on each whole dollar of sale price, and upon any fractional part of a dollar in excess of whole dollars as follows: One cent on the fractional part of the dollar if less than seventeen cents; two cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of sixteen cents but less than thirty-four cents; three cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of thirty-three cents but less than fifty-one cents; four cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of fifty cents but less than sixtyeight cents; five cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of sixty-seven cents but less than eighty-five cents; and six cents on the fractional part of the dollar if in excess of eighty-four cents. For example, the tax on sales from one dollar and one cent to one dollar and sixteen cents, both inclusive, seven cents; on sales from one dollar and seventeen cents to one dollar and thirtythree cents, both inclusive, eight cents; on sales from one dollar and thirty-four cents to one dollar and fifty cents. both inclusive, nine cents; on sales from one dollar and fifty-one cents to one dollar and sixty-seven cents, both inclusive, ten cents: on sales from one dollar and sixtyeight cents to one dollar and eighty-four cents, both inclusive, eleven cents and on sales from one dollar and eighty-five cents to two dollars, both inclusive, twelve cents.
 - (d) Separate sales, such as daily or weekly deliveries, shall not be aggregated for the purpose of computation of the tax even though such sales are aggregated in the billing or payment therefor. Notwithstanding any other provision, coin-operated amusement and vending machine sales shall be aggregated for the purpose of computation of this tax.
 - (e) Of the taxes collected under the provisions of this

68 article, one sixth of such taxes collected for the period 69 subsequent to the thirty-first day of May, one thousand 70 nine hundred eighty-eight, prior to the first day of July, 71 one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and not attrib-72 utable to or resulting from the repeal of section eleven 73 of this article or attributable to tax on purchases of 74 gasoline and special fuel, shall be reasonably allocated. 75 with allowance for refunds and net of reasonable costs 76 of administration, to and deposited by the tax commis-77 sioner in the special account created in the treasury by 78 section eight-a, article four-b, chapter twenty-three of 79 this code, not to exceed the amount sufficient for making 80 timely repayment of the principal and interest under the 81 first payment due, by the thirtieth day of June, one 82 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, in repayment for 83 the moneys previously transferred from such pneumo-84 conjosis fund

§11-15-8a. Contractors.

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- 1 (a) The provisions of this article shall not apply to contracting services. However, purchases by a contractor of tangible personal property or taxable services for use or consumption in the providing of a contracting service shall be taxable beginning the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, except as otherwise provided in this article.
 - (b) Transition rules.—The exemption from payment of tax on purchases of tangible personal property or taxable services directly used or consumed in the activity of contracting, as defined in section two of this article, which expires as of the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, shall nevertheless remain in effect with respect to:
 - (1) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor on or after said first day of March in fulfillment of a written contract for contracting, as defined in section two of this article, that was executed and legally binding on the parties thereto on or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; or in fulfillment of a written contract entered into after the said fifteenth day of

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- 23 February pursuant to a written bid for contracting that 24 was made on or before the said fifteenth day of February that was binding on the contractor, but only 25 26 to the extent that the bid is subsequently incorporated 27 into a written contract; or
 - (2) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor on or after the said first day of March pursuant to a written contract executed on or before the fifteenth day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, to purchase in specified quantities identified tangible personal property or specified taxable services.
 - (3) Tangible personal property or taxable services purchased by a contractor for consumption or use in fulfillment of a written contract entered into before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, when such contract is for the construction of a new improvement to real property the construction or operation of which was approved by a federal or state regulatory body prior to the first day of February, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
- (c) Renewals and extensions.—A renewal of any contract shall constitute a new contract for purposes of this section, and the date of entry into a contract renewal by the parties, the date or dates of tender of consideration and the time of performance of any contractual obligations under a renewed contract shall be treated as the dates for determining application of this section to the renewed contract. Extensions of time granted or agreed upon by the parties to a contract for performance of the contract or for tender of consideration under the contract shall not be treated as contract renewals. Contracts to which such extensions apply shall be treated under these transition rules as if the original contractual provisions for performance and tender of consideration remain in effect. 58
 - (d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
 - (1) The term "contract" or "contracts" means written agreements reciting or setting forth a fixed price consideration or a consideration based upon cost plus a

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- 63 stated percentage or a stated monetary increment. This 64 term shall not mean or include ongoing sales contracts. 65 contracts whereby any element of the consideration or 66 the property or services sold or to be rendered in 67 performance of the contract are undefined, or deter-68 mined, as to either nature or quantity, subsequent to the 69 making of the contract, or any open-ended contract.
- 70 (2) The term "contract renewal" or "renewal" means 71 a covenant or agreement entered into or assumed by 72 parties which have a current contractual relation or 73 which have had a past contractual relation, whereby the 74 parties agree to incur obligations beyond those which 75 they were, or would have been, required, at the 76 minimum, to carry out under their current or past 77 contractual relation

§11-15-9. Exemptions.

- 1 (a) Sales of gas, steam and water delivered to consu-2 mers through mains or pipes, and sales of electricity;
- (b) Sales of textbooks required to be used in any of 4 the schools of this state:
 - (c) Sales of property or services to the state. its institutions or subdivisions, and to the United States, including agencies of federal, state or local governments for distribution in public welfare or relief work;
- 9 (d) Sales of motor vehicles which are titled by the 10 department of motor vehicles and which are subject to 11 the tax imposed by section four, article three, chapter 12 seventeen-a of the code:
- 13 (e) Sales of property or services to churches and bona 14 fide charitable organizations who make no charge 15 whatsoever for the services they render: Provided. That 16 the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies, food for meals and 17 18 materials directly used or consumed by these organiza-19 tions, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or 20 special fuel:
- (f) Sales of property or services to corporations or 21 22 organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, who make casual and occasional sales not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, equipment, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the activities for which such organizations qualify as tax exempt organizations under the Internal Revenue Code by these organizations and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:

- (g) Sales of property or services to persons engaged in this state in the business of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or in the production of natural resources: Provided, That the exemption herein granted shall apply only to services, machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the businesses or organizations named above, and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel: Provided. however, That on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the exemption provided in this subsection shall apply only to services. machinery, supplies and materials directly used or consumed in the activities of manufacturing, transportation, transmission, communication or the production of natural resources in the businesses or organizations named above and shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel:
- (h) An isolated transaction in which any tangible personal property is sold, transferred, offered for sale or delivered by the owner thereof or by his representative for the owner's account, such sale, transfer, offer for sale or delivery not being made in the ordinary course of repeated and successive transactions of like character by such owner or on his account by such representative;
- (i) Sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection with the business of dispensing a service subject to tax under this article and sales of tangible personal property and services rendered for use or consumption in connection

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64 with the commercial production of an agricultural 65 product the ultimate sale of which will be subject to the 66 tax imposed by this article or which would have been 67 subject to tax under this article: Provided, That sales of 68 tangible personal property and services to be used or 69 consumed in the construction of or permanent improve-70 ment to real property and sales of gasoline and special 71 fuel shall not be exempt;

(j) Sales of tangible personal property to a person for the purpose of resale in the form of tangible personal property: Provided, That sales of gasoline and special fuel by distributors and importers shall be taxable except when the sale is to another distributor for resale: Provided, however, That sales of building materials or building supplies or other property to any person engaging in the activity of contracting, as defined in this article, which is to be installed in, affixed to or incorporated by such person or his agent into any real property, building or structure shall not be exempt under this subsection, except that sales of tangible personal property to a person engaging in the activity of contracting pursuant to a written contract with this state, or with a political subdivision thereof, or with a public corporation created by the Legislature or by another government entity pursuant to an act of the Legislature, for a building or structure (or improvement thereto) or other improvement to real property that is or will be owned and used by the governmental entity for a governmental or proprietary purpose, who incorporates such property in such building, structure or improvement shall, with respect to such tangible personal property, nevertheless be deemed to be the vendor of such property to the governmental entity and any person seeking to qualify for and assert this exception must do so pursuant to such legislative rules. and regulations as the tax commissioner may promulgate and upon such forms as the tax commissioner may prescribe. A subcontractor who, pursuant to a written subcontract with a prime contractor who qualifies for this exception, provides equipment, or materials, and labor to such a prime contractor shall be treated in the same manner as the prime contractor is treated with

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- respect to the prime contract under this exception and the legislative rules and regulations promulgated by the tax commissioner;
- (k) Sales of property or services to nationally chartered fraternal or social organizations for the sole purpose of free distribution in public welfare or relief work: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable:
- (1) Sales and services, fire fighting or station house equipment, including construction and automotive, made to any volunteer fire department organized and incorporated under the laws of the state of West Virginia: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- 120 (m) Sales of newspapers when delivered to consumers 121 by route carriers;
- 122 (n) Sales of drugs dispensed upon prescription and 123 sales of insulin to consumers for medical purposes;
 - (o) Sales of radio and television broadcasting time, preprinted advertising circulars and newspaper and outdoor advertising space for the advertisement of goods or services;
- 128 (p) Sales and services performed by day-care centers;
- (q) Casual and occasional sales of property or services not conducted in a repeated manner or in the ordinary course of repetitive and successive transactions of like character by corporations or organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or under section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- (r) Sales of property or services to a school which has approval from the West Virginia board of regents to award degrees, which has its principal campus in this state, and which is exempt from federal and state income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: *Provided*, That sales of gasoline and special fuel shall be taxable;
- (s) Sales of mobile homes to be utilized by purchasers

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- as their principal year-round residence and dwelling:
 Provided, That these mobile homes shall be subject to
 tax at the three percent rate;
- 147 (t) Sales of lottery tickets and materials by licensed 148 lottery sales agents and lottery retailers authorized by 149 the state lottery commission, under the provisions of 150 article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
 - (u) Leases of motor vehicles titled pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter seventeen-a of this code to lessees for a period of thirty or more consecutive days. This exemption shall apply to leases executed on or after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and to payments under long-term leases executed before such date, for months thereof beginning on or after such date;
 - (v) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section or any provisions of this article to the contrary, sales of property and services to persons subject to tax under article thirteen, thirteen-a or thirteen-b of this chapter: *Provided*, That the exemption herein granted shall apply both to property or services directly or not directly used or consumed in the conduct of privileges which are subject to tax under such articles but shall not apply to purchases of gasoline or special fuel;
 - (w) Sales of propane to consumers for poultry house heating purposes, with any seller to such consumer who may have prior paid such tax in his price, to not pass on the same to the consumer, but to make application and receive refund of such tax from the tax commissioner, pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be promulgated by the tax commissioner; and notwithstanding the provisions of section eighteen of this article or any other provisions of such article to the contrary;
 - (x) Any sales of tangible personal property or services purchased after the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, and lawfully paid for with food stamps pursuant to the federal food stamp program codified in 7 United States Code, §2011, et seq., as amended, or with drafts issued through the West

- 184 Virginia special supplemental food program for women,
- infants and children codified in 42 United States Code,
- 186 §1786;
- (y) Sales of tickets for activities sponsored by elementary and secondary schools located within this state; and
- 189 (z) Sales of electronic data processing services and 190 related software: Provided, That for the purposes of this 191 subsection (z) "electronic data processing services" 192 means (1) the processing of another's data, including all 193 processes incident to processing of data such as key-194 punching, keystroke verification, rearranging or sorting 195 of previously documented data for the purpose of data 196 entry or automatic processing, and changing the 197 medium on which data is sorted, whether these pro-198 cesses are done by the same person or several persons: 199 and (2) providing access to computer equipment for the 200 purpose of processing data or examining or acquiring 201 data stored in or accessible to such computer equipment.

§11-15-33. Effective date.

- 1 The provisions of this article as amended or added by
- 2 this act shall take effect on the first day of March, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to all
- 4 taxable years ending after that date: Provided, That if
- 5 an effective date is expressly provided in such provision,
- 6 that specific effective date shall control in lieu of this
- 7 general effective date provision.

ARTICLE 15A. USE TAX.

- §11-15A-2. Imposition of tax; six percent tax rate beginning March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; inclusion of services as taxable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; transition rules; allocation of tax and transfers.
- §11-15A-29. Effective date.
- §11-15A-2. Imposition of tax; six percent tax rate beginning March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; inclusion of services as taxable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; transition rules; allocation of tax and transfers.

\$11-15A-29. Effective date.

- §11-15A-2. Imposition of tax; six percent tax rate beginning March one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine; inclusion of services as taxable on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven; transition rules; allocation of tax and transfers.
 - (a) An excise tax is hereby levied and imposed on the use in this state of tangible personal property or taxable services, to be collected and paid as hereinafter provided, at the rate of six percent of the purchase price of such property or taxable services, beginning on the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, except that sales of gasoline and special fuel shall remain taxable at five percent. "Taxable services," for the purposes of this article, means services of the nature that are subject to the tax imposed by article fifteen of this chapter. In this article, wherever the words "tangible personal property" or "property" appear, the same shall include the words "or taxable services," where the context so requires.
 - (b) Such tax is hereby imposed upon every person using tangible personal property or taxable services within this state. That person's liability is not extinguished until such tax has been paid. A receipt with the tax separately stated thereon issued by a retailer engaged in business in this state, or by a foreign retailer who is authorized by the tax commissioner to collect the tax imposed by this article, relieves the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which the receipt refers.
 - (c) Purchases of tangible personal property or taxable services made for the government of the United States or any of its agencies by ultimate consumers shall be subject to the tax imposed by this section. Industrial materials and equipment owned by the federal government within the state of West Virginia of a character not ordinarily readily obtainable within the state shall not be subject to use tax when sold, if such industrial materials and equipment would not be subject to use

41 (f) Of the taxes collected under the provisions of this 42 article, one sixth of such taxes collected for the period 43 subsequent to the thirty-first day of May, one thousand 44 nine hundred eighty-eight, and prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and not 45 attributable to or resulting from the repeal of section 46 47 eleven, article fifteen of this chapter or attributable to 48 tax on gasoline and special fuel, shall be reasonably allocated, with allowances for refunds and net of 49 reasonable costs of administration, to, and deposited by 50 51 the tax commissioner in the special account created in 52 the treasury by section eight-a, article four-b, chapter twenty-three of this code, not to exceed the amount 53 sufficient for making timely repayment of the principal 54 55 and interest under the first payment due, by the 56 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eightynine, in repayment for the moneys previously trans-57 58 ferred from such pneumoconiosis fund.

§11-15A-29. Effective date.

- The provisions of this article as amended or added by this act shall take effect on the first day of March, one
- 3 thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and apply to all
- 4 taxable years ending after that date: *Provided*. That if
- 5 an effective date is expressly provided in such provision,
- 6 that specific effective date shall control in lieu of this
- 7 general effective date provision.

ARTICLE 23. BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX.

- §11-23-6. Imposition of tax; change in rate of tax.
- §11-23-17. Credits against tax; expiration of credits.

§11-23-6. Imposition of tax; change in rate of tax.

- 1 (a) General.—An annual business franchise tax is
- 2 hereby imposed on the privilege of doing business in this
- 3 state and in respect of the benefits and protections
- 4 conferred. Such tax shall be collected from every
- 5 domestic corporation, every corporation having its
- 6 commercial domicile in this state, every foreign or
- domestic corporation owning or leasing real or tangible
- 8 personal property located in this state or doing business
- 9 in this state and from every partnership owning or
- 10 leasing real or tangible personal property located in this

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- state or doing business in this state, effective on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven.
 - (b) Amount of tax and rate; effective date.
 - (1) On and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-seven, the amount of tax shall be the greater of fifty dollars or fifty-five one hundredths of one percent of the value of the tax base, as determined under this article: Provided, That when the taxpayer's first taxable year under this article is a short taxable year, the taxpayer's liability shall be prorated based upon the ratio which the number of months in which such short taxable year bears to twelve: Provided, however, That this subdivision (1) shall not apply to taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.
 - (2) Taxable years after December 31, 1988.—For taxable years beginning on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the amount of tax due under this article shall be the greater of fifty dollars or seventy-five one hundredths of one percent of the value of the tax base as determined under this article: Provided, That when the taxpayer's taxable year for federal income tax purposes is a short taxable year, the tax determined by application of the tax rate to the taxpayer's tax base shall be prorated based upon the ratio which the number of months in such short taxable year bears to twelve: Provided, however. That when the taxpayer's first taxable year under this article is less than twelve months, the taxpayer's liability shall be prorated based upon the ratio which the number of months taxpayer was doing business in this state bears to twelve but in no event shall the tax due be less than fifty dollars.

§11-23-17. Credits against tax; expiration of credits.

1 (a) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed 2 by this article equal to the amount of franchise tax 3 liability due under this article, for the taxable year 4 (determined before application of other allowable

5 credits) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which

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- is the gross income of the business subject to tax under article thirteen-a of this chapter and the denominator of which is the total amount of gross receipts derived from or attributable to all of taxpayer's activity in West Virginia.
 - (b) For taxable years ending after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, a credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this article equal to the amount of franchise tax liability due under this article, for the taxable year (determined before application of other allowable credits) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross income of the business subject to tax under article thirteen of this chapter and the denominator of which is the total amount of gross receipts derived from or attributable to all of taxpayer's activity in West Virginia: Provided, That such credit shall be prorated and only that amount attributable to months of the taxable year beginning after June thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, shall be allowed as a credit.
 - (c) A parent taxpayer who files a separate return under this article shall be allowed a credit against such taxpayer's liability for the tax under this article for the amount of net taxes that would have been paid without regard to the adjustment required by subparagraph (D), paragraph (2), subsection (b), section three of this article for the taxable year by a subsidiary corporation or partnership: Provided, That the amount of credit allowed shall not exceed the amount of tax that would have been paid, without regard to such adjustment, under this article by the subsidiary or partnership, multiplied by the percentage of the parent's ownership of the subsidiary corporation or partnership. In the case of corporations, this percentage shall be equal to the percentage of stock of all classes owned by the parent. In no case shall any credit allowable by this section, which is not used on an annual return, be carried forward or back, but instead the same shall be forfeited.
 - (d) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by this article for the taxable year equal to the amount

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of liability of the taxpayer for the taxable year for the full amount of any tax imposed pursuant to article eight of this chapter on the capital of the business, as determined under sections fourteen and fourteen-a, article three of this chapter.

(e) Expiration of credits.—The credits authorized in subsection (a) of this section shall expire and not be authorized or allowed for any taxable month beginning on or after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. For taxable years beginning before said first day of March and ending after such date, the annual credit heretofore allowed by subsection (a) of this section shall be prorated by the number of months in the taxable year and only that portion of the credit attributable to months ending prior to said first day of March shall be allowable under this section.

CHAPTER 3

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 2—By Senators Tucker, Mr. President, and Harman, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed February 1, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter five-f. relating to the reorganization of the executive branch of state government; setting forth certain legislative findings and declarations: providing a rule of construction; creating seven new departments in the executive branch of state government; creating the office of secretary as the administrative head of each such department; specifying the appointment, term, oath, bond and compensation of each such secretary and funding for expenditures for personal services of the secretary's office; defining terms; providing for the transfer to and incorporation in such departments of numerous state agencies and boards and their allied, advisory, affiliated and related entities and funds; retaining the existence, powers,

authority, duties and status of administrators, agencies and boards; providing for code references elsewhere; relating to the powers and authority of the secretary of each such department; providing rule-making authority; making special provisions for federal law or regulation, federal-state programs or federally delegated programs; specifying the appointment, term, qualifications, oath, bond and compensation of administrators of all transferred and incorporated agencies and boards; authorizing dual office-holding; providing for the transfer of records, property and personnel; providing for a report to the Legislature concerning further reorganization of the executive branch of state government; providing operative date for implementation; and providing a severability clause.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter five-f, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 5F. REORGANIZATION OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF STATE GOVERNMENT.

Article

- 1. General provisions.
- 2. Transfer of Agencies and Boards.
- 3. Future Reorganizations; Severability.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §5F-1-1. Legislative findings and declarations.
- \$5F-1-2. Executive departments created; offices of secretary created; funds.
- §5F-1-3. Oath; bond; compensation.
- §5F-1-4. Definitions.

§5F-1-1. Legislative findings and declarations.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that 2 state government must be made more responsive to the
- 2 state government must be made more responsive to the 3 citizens of the state; that the various agencies and
- 4 boards responsible for the execution of the laws of this
- 5 state must be improved; that more effective manage-
- 6 ment of the executive branch of state government must
- 7 be achieved; that the efficiency of the operations of the
- 8 agencies and boards of state government must be

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9 increased; and that in view of the financial crisis facing 10 the state of West Virginia, it is essential to compel a 11 curtailment and reduction of governmental expenses 12 and hold them within reasonable bounds consistent with 13 the economical and efficient administration of govern-14 mental services and to ensure the strictest economy in 15 the matter of governmental expenditures to the end that 16 agencies and boards of government may not be com-17 pelled to abdicate their responsibilities or cease to 18 function but that in carrying out their responsibilities 19 they shall not place upon the public any expense which 20 is not necessary. The Legislature further hereby finds 21 and declares that in order to achieve these purposes, it 22 is essential to reorganize the executive branch of state 23 government so as to:

- (1) Promote the execution of the laws, the more effective management of the executive branch and of its agencies, boards and functions, and the expeditious administration of the public business;
- (2) Reduce expenditures and promote economy to the fullest extent consistent with the efficient operation of state government;
- 31 (3) Increase the efficiency of the operations of state 32 government to the fullest extent practicable;
 - (4) Group, coordinate and consolidate agencies and functions of state government, as nearly as may be, according to purposes;
 - (5) Consolidate or combine those agencies having similar or complementary functions under a single head, and, after observing and analyzing the operation of such consolidated or combined agencies for a period of time, abolish by legislative act, where legislative action is required, such agencies or functions thereof as are determined not to be necessary or desirable for the efficient conduct of the state government;
 - (6) Eliminate duplication of effort;
- 45 (7) Provide for appropriate legislative oversight as mandated in the constitution of this state; and

- (8) Provide for a spirit of cooperation and unity 47 48 between the executive and legislative branches in 49
- addressing and developing solutions to the problems
- 50 facing the state.
- 51 (b) This chapter is enacted in view and because of the
- 52 findings and declarations set forth in subsection (a) of
- 53 this section and shall be construed in the light thereof.

§5F-1-2. Executive departments created; offices of secretary created: funds.

- (a) There are hereby created, within the executive 1
- 2 branch of the state government, the following
- 3 departments:
- 4 (1) Department of administration:
- 5 (2) Department of commerce, labor and environmen-6 tal resources:
- 7 (3) Department of education and the arts:
- 8 (4) Department of health and human resources;
- 9 (5) Department of public safety:
- (6) Department of tax and revenue; and 10
- 11 (7) Department of transportation.
- 12 (b) Each department shall be headed by a secretary
- 13 who shall be appointed by the governor by and with the
- 14 advice and consent of the Senate and who shall serve at
- 15 the will and pleasure of the governor.

§5F-1-3. Oath; bond; compensation.

- (a) Each person appointed to serve as a secretary shall 1
- take the oath or affirmation prescribed by section five, 2
- 3 article four of the constitution, and such oath shall be
- certified by the person who administers the same and 4
- filed in the office of the secretary of state. 5
- (b) Each person so appointed shall give bond in the 6
- penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars conditioned for 7 the faithful performance of the duties of the office,
- 8 which bond shall be approved by the attorney general 9
- as to form and by the governor as to sufficiency. The
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- surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety company, in which case the premium shall be paid out of the appropriation made for the administration of the department.
 - (c) Each secretary shall receive an annual salary as shall be fixed from time to time by the governor within the limit of funds appropriated to the department and available for such purpose.
 - (d) The salary and expenses necessary for each secretary and all expenditures for personal services for the office of secretary shall be paid from and within existing appropriations made to the agencies and boards transferred to the department headed by that secretary, and revised expenditure schedules shall be submitted to the commissioner of finance and administration and the legislative auditor stating the amount and source of funds to be expended: *Provided*, That for fiscal years beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, such amounts shall follow the procedures described in chapter five-a of this code.

§5F-1-4. Definitions.

- 1 (a) As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly 2 requires a different meaning:
- 3 (1) "Administrator" means any person who fills a 4 statutorily created position within or related to an agency or board (other than a board member) and who 5 is designated by statute as commissioner, deputy 6 commissioner, assistant commissioner, director, chancel-7 lor, chief, executive director, executive secretary, 8 superintendent, deputy superintendent, or other admi-9 10 nistrative title, however designated;
- 12 (2) "Agency" means any department, division, fund, 12 office, position, system, survey or other entity of state 13 government, however designated, transferred to and 14 incorporated in one of the departments created in 15 section two of this article;
- 16 (3) "Board" means any board, commission, authority, 17 council, or other body, however designated, consisting of 18 two or more members, transferred to and incorporated

- in one of the departments created in section two of this article:
- 21 (4) "Code" means the code of West Virginia, one 22 thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as heretofore and 23 hereafter amended; and
- 24 (5) "Secretary" means the administrative head of one of the departments created in section two of this article.
- 26 (b) Although each term defined in subsection (a) of 27 this section is in the singular, the plural of any term 28 shall have the same meaning.

ARTICLE 2. TRANSFER OF AGENCIES AND BOARDS.

- §5F-2-1. Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards.
- §5F-2-2. Power and authority of secretary of each department.
- §5F-2-3. Administrators; appointment; oath; bond; compensation.
- §5F-2-4. Transfer of records, property and personnel.

§5F-2-1. Transfer and incorporation of agencies and boards.

- 1 (a) The following agencies and boards, including all
- 2 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and
- 3 funds associated with any such agency or board, are
- 4 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 5 administered as a part of the department of
- 6 administration:
- 7 (1) Building commission provided for in article six, 8 chapter five of this code;
- 9 (2) Records management and preservation advisory 10 committee provided for in article eight, chapter five of 11 this code;
- 12 (3) Public employees retirement system and board of 13 trustees provided for in article ten, chapter five of this 14 code;
- (4) Public employees insurance agency and public
 employees advisory board provided for in article sixteen,
 chapter five of this code;
- 18 (5) Department of finance and administration and 19 council of finance and administration provided for in 20 article one, chapter five-a of this code;

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- 21 (6) Employee suggestion award board provided for in article one-a, chapter five-a of this code;
- 23 (7) Governor's mansion advisory committee provided for in article four-a, chapter five-a of this code;
 - (8) Advisory commission to the information system services division in the department of finance and administration provided for in article seven, chapter five-a of this code;
- 29 (9) Teachers retirement system and teachers' retire-30 ment board provided for in article seven-a, chapter 31 eighteen of this code;
- 32 (10) Commission on uniform state laws provided for in article one-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 34 (11) Department of personnel of the civil service 35 system and the civil service commission provided for in 36 article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 37 (12) Education and state employees grievance board 38 provided for in article twenty-nine, chapter eighteen 39 and article six-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 40 (13) Board of risk and insurance management pro-41 vided for in article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this 42 code;
- 43 (14) Boundary commission provided for in article twenty-three, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 45 (15) Public legal services council provided for in 46 article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 47 (16) Division of personnel which may be hereafter created by the Legislature; and
- 49 (17) The West Virginia ethics commission which may 50 be hereafter created by the Legislature.
- 51 (b) The following agencies and boards, including all
 52 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and
 53 funds associated with any such agency or board, are
 54 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be
 55 administered as a part of the department of commerce,
 56 labor and environmental resources:

- 57 (1) Forest management review commission provided for in article twenty-four, chapter five of this code:
- 59 (2) Department of commerce provided for in article one, chapter five-b of this code;
- 61 (3) Office of community and industrial development 62 provided for in article two, chapter five-b of this code;
- 63 (4) Enterprise zone authority provided for in article two-b, chapter five-b of this code;
- 65 (5) Office of federal procurement assistance provided for in article two-c, chapter five-b of this code;
- 67 (6) Export development authority provided for in article three, chapter five-b of this code;
- 69 (7) Labor-management council provided for in article four, chapter five-b of this code;
- 71 (8) Industry and jobs development corporation pro-72 vided for in article one, chapter five-c of this code;
- 73 (9) Public energy authority and board provided for in chapter five-d of this code;
- 75 (10) Air pollution control commission provided for in article twenty, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 77 (11) Resource recovery—solid waste disposal author-78 ity provided for in article twenty-six, chapter sixteen of 79 this code;
- 80 (12) Division of forestry and forestry commission 81 provided for in article one-a, chapter nineteen of this 82 code;
- 83 (13) Department of natural resources and natural 84 resources commission provided for in article one, 85 chapter twenty of this code;
- 86 (14) Water resources board provided for in article 87 five, chapter twenty of this code;
- 88 (15) Water development authority and board provided 89 for in article five-c, chapter twenty of this code;
- 90 (16) Department of labor provided for in article one, 91 chapter twenty-one of this code;

- 92 (17) Labor-management relations board provided for 93 in article one-b, chapter twenty-one of this code:
- 94 (18) Public employees occupational safety and health 95 advisory board provided for in article three-a, chapter 96 twenty-one of this code;
- 97 (19) Minimum wage rate board provided for in article 98 five-a, chapter twenty-one of this code;
- 99 (20) Board of manufactured housing construction and safety provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-one of this code;
- 102 (21) Department of energy provided for in article one, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 104 (22) Reclamation board of review provided for in article four, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 106 (23) Board of appeals provided for in article five, 107 chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 108 (24) Board of coal mine health and safety and coal 109 mine safety and technical review committee provided 110 for in article six, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 111 (25) Shallow gas well review board provided for in 112 article seven, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 113 (26) Oil and gas conservation commission provided for in article eight, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 115 (27) Board of miner training, education and certifica-116 tion provided for in article nine, chapter twenty-two of 117 this code;
- 118 (28) Mine inspectors' examining board provided for in 119 article eleven, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 120 (29) Oil and gas inspectors' examining board provided 121 for in article thirteen, chapter twenty-two of this code;
- 122 (30) Geological and economic survey provided for in 123 article two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 124 (31) Blennerhassett historical park commission pro-125 vided for in article eight, chapter twenty-nine of this 126 code;

- 127 (32) Tourist train and transportation board provided 128 for in article twenty-four, chapter twenty-nine of this 129 code;
- 130 (33) Economic development authority provided for in article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code:
- 132 (34) Board of members of the forest industries 133 industrial foundation provided for in article sixteen, 134 chapter thirty-one of this code:
- 135 (35) Department of banking provided for in article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code;
- 137 (36) Board of banking and financial institutions 138 provided for in article three, chapter thirty-one-a of this 139 code;
- 140 (37) Consumer affairs advisory council provided for in 141 article seven, chapter forty-six-a of this code; and
- 142 (38) Lending and credit rate board provided for in 143 chapter forty-seven-a of this code.
- 144 (c) The following agencies and boards, including all 145 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 146 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 147 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 148 administered as a part of the department of education 149 and the arts:
- 150 (1) Library commission provided for in article one, 151 chapter ten of this code;
- 152 (2) Educational broadcasting authority provided for 153 in article five, chapter ten of this code;
- 154 (3) Board of regents provided for in article twenty-six, 155 chapter eighteen of this code; and
- 156 (4) Department of culture and history, archives and 157 history commission and commission on the arts provided 158 for in article one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
- 159 (d) The following agencies and boards, including all 160 of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 161 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 162 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be

- administered as a part of the department of health and human resources:
- 165 (1) Human rights commission provided for in article eleven, chapter five of this code;
- 167 (2) Department of human services provided for in article two, chapter nine of this code;
- 169 (3) Department of veterans' affairs and veterans' council provided for in article one, chapter nine-a of this code;
- 172 (4) Department of health and board of health pro-173 vided for in article one, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 174 (5) Health care planning council provided for in 175 article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 176 (6) Office of emergency medical services and advisory 177 council thereto provided for in article four-c, chapter 178 sixteen of this code;
- 179 (7) Continuum of care board for the elderly, disabled 180 and terminally ill provided for in article five-d, chapter 181 sixteen of this code;
- 182 (8) Hospital finance authority provided for in article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 184 (9) Health care cost review authority provided for in article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of this code;
- 186 (10) Structural barriers compliance board provided 187 for in article ten-f, chapter eighteen of this code;
- 188 (11) Department of employment security, state advi-189 sory council thereto and board of review provided for 190 in chapter twenty-one-a of this code;
- 191 (12) Office of workers' compensation commissioner, 192 advisory board thereto and workers' compensation 193 appeal board provided for in chapter twenty-three of 194 this code;
- 195 (13) Commission on aging provided for in article 196 fourteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 197 (14) Commission on mental retardation and advisory

- committee thereto provided for in article fifteen, that the chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 200 (15) Women's commission provided for in article twenty, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and
- 202 (16) Commission on children and youth provided for in article six-c, chapter forty-nine of this code.
- 204 (e) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of public safety:
- 210 (1) Crime victims compensation fund provided for in 211 article two-a, chapter fourteen of this code;
- 212 (2) Adjutant general's department provided for in 213 article one-a, chapter fifteen of this code;
- 214 (3) Armory board provided for in article six, chapter 215 fifteen of this code;
- 216 (4) Military awards board provided for in article one-217 g, chapter fifteen of this code;
- 218 (5) Department of public safety and commission on 219 drunk driving prevention provided for in article two, 220 chapter fifteen of this code;
- 221 (6) Office of emergency services and emergency 222 services advisory council provided for in article five, 223 chapter fifteen of this code;
- 224 (7) Sheriffs' bureau provided for in article eight, 225 chapter fifteen of this code;
- 226 (8) Department of corrections provided for in chapter 227 twenty-five of this code;
- 228 (9) Fire commission and state fire administrator 229 provided for in article three, chapter twenty-nine of this 230 code;
- 231 (10) Regional jail and prison authority provided for in article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code; and

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- 233 (11) Board of probation and parole provided for in article twelve, chapter sixty-two of this code.
- 235 (f) The following agencies and boards, including all of 236 the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and 237 funds associated with any such agency or board, are 238 hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be 239 administered as a part of the department of tax and 240 revenue:
- 241 (1) Tax department provided for in article one, 242 chapter eleven of this code;
- 243 (2) Appraisal control and review commission provided for in article one-a, chapter eleven of this code;
 - (3) Office of nonintoxicating beer commissioner provided for in article sixteen, chapter eleven of this code;
 - (4) Board of investments provided for in article six, chapter twelve of this code;
- (5) Municipal bond commission provided for in article
 three, chapter thirteen of this code;
- 252 (6) Racing commission provided for in article twenty-253 three, chapter nineteen of this code;
 - (7) Lottery commission and position of lottery director provided for in article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 257 (8) Agency of insurance commissioner provided for in 258 article two, chapter thirty-three of this code;
 - (9) Office of alcohol beverage control commissioner provided for in article two, chapter sixty of this code; and
 - (10) Division of professional and occupational licenses which may be hereafter created by the Legislature.
 - (g) The following agencies and boards, including all of the allied, advisory, affiliated or related entities and funds associated with any such agency or board, are hereby transferred to and incorporated in and shall be administered as a part of the department of transportation:

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- 270 (1) Road commission provided for in article two, 271 chapter seventeen of this code:
- 272 (2) Department of highways provided for in article 273 two-a, chapter seventeen of this code:
- 274 (3) Turnpike commission provided for in article 275 sixteen-a, chapter seventeen of this code:
- 276 (4) Department of motor vehicles provided for in 277 article two, chapter seventeen-a of this code:
- 278 (5) Driver's licensing advisory board provided for in 279 article two, chapter seventeen-b of this code:
 - (6) Motorcycle safety standards and specifications board provided for in article fifteen, chapter seventeenc of this code:
- 283 (7) Aeronautics commission provided for in article 284 two-a, chapter twenty-nine of this code:
- (8) Railroad maintenance authority provided for in 285 286 article eighteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code; and
 - (9) Port authority which may be hereafter created by the Legislature.
 - (h) Except for such powers, authority and duties as have been delegated to the secretaries of the departments by the provisions of section two of this article, the existence of the position of administrator and of the agency and the powers, authority and duties of each administrator and agency shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter.
- (i) Except for such powers, authority and duties as have been delegated to the secretaries of the departments by the provisions of section two of this article, the 299 existence, powers, authority and duties of boards and the membership, terms and qualifications of members of such boards shall not be affected by the enactment of this chapter, and all boards which are appellate bodies or were otherwise established to be independent decision-makers shall not have their appellate or independent decision-making status affected by the enactment of this chapter.

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307 (j) Wherever elsewhere in this code, in any act, in 308 general or other law, in any rule or regulation, or in any 309 ordinance, resolution or order, reference is made to any 310 department transferred to and incorporated in a 311 department created in section two, article one of this 312 chapter, such reference shall henceforth be read. 313 construed and understood to mean a division of the 314 appropriate department so created, and any such 315 reference elsewhere to a division of a department so 316 transferred and incorporated shall henceforth be read, 317 construed and understood to mean a section of the 318 appropriate division of the department so created.

§5F-2-2. Power and authority of secretary of each department.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the secretary of each department shall have plenary power and authority within and for the department to:
 - (1) Employ and discharge within the office of the secretary such employees as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the secretary, which employees shall serve at the will and pleasure of the secretary;
- 9 (2) Cause the various agencies and boards to be 10 operated effectively, efficiently and economically, and 11 develop goals, objectives, policies and plans that are 12 necessary or desirable for the effective, efficient and 13 economical operation of the department;
- 14 (3) Eliminate or consolidate positions, other than 15 positions of administrators or positions of board 16 members, and name a person to fill more than one 17 position;
- 18 (4) Delegate, assign, transfer or combine responsibil-19 ities or duties to or among employees, other than 20 administrators or board members;
- 21 (5) Reorganize internal functions or operations;
- 22 (6) Formulate comprehensive budgets for considera-23 tion by the governor, and transfer within the depart-

ment funds appropriated to the various agencies of the department which are not expended due to cost savings resulting from the implementation of the provisions of this chapter: Provided. That no more than twenty-five percent of the funds appropriated to any one agency or board may be transferred to other agencies or boards within the department: Provided, however, That no funds may be transferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, capital expenditure account or any other account or funds specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer, except that the use of appropriations from the state road fund transferred to the office of the secretary of the department of transportation is not a use other than the purpose for which such funds were dedicated and is permitted: Provided further, That if the Legislature by subsequent enactment consolidates agencies, boards or functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly appropriated to such agency, board or function in order to implement such consolidation. The authority to transfer funds under this section shall expire on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine:

- (7) Enter into contracts or agreements requiring the expenditure of public funds, and authorize the expenditure or obligating of public funds as authorized by law: *Provided*, That the powers granted to the secretary to enter into contracts or agreements and to make expenditures or obligations of public funds under this provision shall not exceed or be interpreted as authority to exceed the powers heretofore granted by the Legislature to the various commissioners, directors or board members of the various departments, agencies or boards that comprise and are incorporated into each secretary's department under this chapter;
- (8) Acquire by lease or purchase property of whatever kind or character, and convey or dispose of any property of whatever kind or character as authorized by law: *Provided*, That the powers granted to the secretary to lease, purchase, convey or dispose of such property shall not exceed or be interpreted as authority to exceed the powers heretofore granted by the Legislature to the

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- various commissioners, directors or board members of the various departments, agencies or boards that comprise and are incorporated into each secretary's department under this chapter;
 - (9) Conduct internal audits;
 - (10) Supervise internal management;
 - (11) Promulgate rules, as defined in section two, article one, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to implement and make effective the powers, authority and duties granted and imposed by the provisions of this chapter, such promulgation to be in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 77 (12) Grant or withhold written consent to the proposal 78 of any rule, as defined in section two, article one, 79 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, by any administra-80 tor, agency or board within the department, without 81 which written consent no proposal of a rule shall have 82 any force or effect;
 - (13) Delegate to administrators such duties of the secretary as the secretary may deem appropriate from time to time to facilitate execution of the powers, authority and duties delegated to the secretary; and
 - (14) Take any other action involving or relating to internal management not otherwise prohibited by law.
 - (b) The secretaries of the departments hereby created shall engage in a comprehensive review of the practices, policies, and operations of the agencies and boards within their departments to determine the feasibility of cost reductions and increased efficiency which may be achieved therein, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (1) The elimination, reduction and restrictions in the use of the state's vehicle or other transportation fleet;
 - (2) The elimination, reduction and restrictions in the preparation of state government publications, including annual reports, informational materials, and promotional materials;

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- 102 (3) The termination or renegotiation of terms con-103 tained in lease agreements between the state and private 104 sector for offices, equipment and services;
 - (4) The adoption of appropriate systems for accounting, including consideration of an accrual basis financial accounting and reporting system;
 - (5) The adoption of revised procurement practices to facilitate cost effective purchasing procedures, including consideration of means by which domestic businesses may be assisted to compete for state government purchases; and
 - (6) The computerization of the functions of the state agencies and boards.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, none of the powers granted to the secretaries herein shall be exercised by the secretary if to do so would violate or be inconsistent with the provisions of any federal law or regulation, any federal-state program or federally delegated program or jeopardize the approval, existence or funding of any such program, and the powers granted to the secretary shall be so construed.
 - (d) The layoff and recall rights of employees within the classified service of the state as provided in subsections five and six, section ten, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code shall be limited to the organizational unit within the agency or board and within the promotional series of the agency or board in which the employee was employed prior to the agency or board's transfer or incorporation into the department. The duration of recall rights provided in this subsection shall be limited to two years or the length of tenure, whichever is less. Except as provided in this subsection, nothing contained in this section shall be construed to abridge the rights of employees within the classified service of the state as provided in sections ten and tena, article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code or the right of classified employees of the board of regents to the procedures and protections set forth in article twenty-six-b, chapter eighteen of this code.

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§5F-2-3. Administrators; appointment; oath; bond; compensation.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 2 (including subsections (h) and (i), section one of this 3 article) to the contrary, each administrator required by 4 other provisions of this code to be appointed by the 5 governor shall:
- 6 (1) Continue to be appointed by the governor by and 7 with the advice and consent of the Senate and each such 8 administrator shall serve at the will and pleasure of the 9 governor, and the governor may appoint a person to fill 10 more than one such position of administrator and may 11 appoint a secretary to fill one or more positions of such 12 administrator, but each person appointed as such an 13 administrator must possess whatever qualifications are 14 elsewhere specified in this code as being required for 15 appointment to such position:
 - (2) Take the oath of office or affirmation prescribed by section five, article four of the constitution, and such oath shall be certified by the person who administers the same and filed in the office of the secretary of state;
 - (3) Give bond in the penalty of fifteen thousand dollars conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of the office, which bond shall be approved by the attorney general as to form and by the secretary as to sufficiency. The surety of such bond may be a bonding or surety company, in which case the premium shall be paid out of the appropriation made for the administration of the department; and
 - (4) Receive an annual salary as shall be fixed from time to time by the governor and secretary within the limit of funds appropriated to the department and available for such purpose.
 - (b) Each administrator required by other provisions of this code to be appointed in any manner other than by the governor shall continue to be appointed, shall take such oath of office, give such bond and receive such salary as shall be so specified by such other provisions of this code.

§5F-2-4. Transfer of records, property and personnel.

- 1 All records, assets and property, of whatever kind or
- 2 character, owned by or utilized in the administration of
- 3 the agencies and boards and all of the personnel utilized
- 4 in the administration of such agencies and boards,
- 5 including the administrators, are hereby transferred to
- 6 the respective department to and in which such agencies
- 7 and boards are transferred and incorporated.

ARTICLE 3. FUTURE REORGANIZATION; SEVERABILITY.

- §5F-3-1. Recommendations for further reorganization.
- §5F-3-2. Operative dates.
- §5F-3-3. Severability.

§5F-3-1. Recommendations for further reorganization.

- 1 The governor shall submit to the Legislature on or
- 2 before the first day of January, one thousand nine
- 3 hundred ninety-one, a report setting forth the reorgan-
- 4 ization implemented by executive action pursuant to this
- 5 chapter and resulting cost savings as determined by the
- 6 governor, any recommendations for further reorganiza-
- 7 tion requiring legislative action and drafts of recom-
- 8 mended legislation to implement the reorganization
- 9 requiring legislative action.

§5F-3-2. Operative dates.

- 1 The provisions of this chapter shall become operative
- 2 as to any department created in section two, article one
- 3 of this chapter upon the appointment of the secretary
- 4 of such department.

§5F-3-3. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this chapter or the application
- 2 thereof to any person or circumstance is held unconsti-
- 3 tutional or invalid, such unconstitutionality or invalidity
- 4 shall not affect other provisions or applications of the
- 5 chapter, and to this end the provisions of this chapter
- 6 are declared to be severable.

CHAPTER 4

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 102—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk, By Request of the Executive)

[Passed January 31, 1989; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section seven-a, article fourteen-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections three and fifteen, article fourteen of said chapter eleven: to further amend said article fourteen by adding thereto a new section, designated section fivea; to amend and reenact sections five and seven of said article fourteen-a: and to further amend said article fourteen-a by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and twenty-eight, all relating generally to gasoline and motor fuel excise taxes; increasing the rate of tax to fifteen and one-half cents per gallon of gasoline or special fuel beginning the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine: exempting from gasoline and special fuel excise tax and from consumers sales tax bulk sales of gasoline or special fuel to interstate motor carriers provided the motor carrier road tax and the use tax are paid on such gallons used in this state: providing administrative procedures for this exemption and its effective date; repealing the motor carrier road tax surtax as of the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eightynine; establishing primary liability for payment of registration fees and motor carrier road tax when motor carrier is leased or rented; requiring annual reports from motor carriers operating solely in this state in lieu of quarterly reports; providing for issuance of temporary trip permits and issuance of annual transporters permits, and setting fees therefor; imposing criminal penalties: authorizing exchange of motor carrier information between certain agencies when purpose of exchange is to administer a combined trip permit program; authorizing issuance of combined trip permits and specifying fee therefor; dedicating the sum of twenty-five million dollars to bridge replacement or

repair; authorizing the use of the proceeds to be used to match federal amounts available for expenditure on the Appalachian Highway System, providing that amounts remaining after funding the foregoing priorities shall be used for the maintenance, construction, repair and reconstruction of state highways; and specifying effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven-a, article fourteen-a, chapter eleven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections three and fifteen, article fourteen of said chapter eleven be amended and reenacted; that said article fourteen be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; that sections five and seven of said article fourteen-a be amended and reenacted; and that said article fourteen-a be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections three-a and twenty-eight, all to read as follows:

Article

- 14. Gasoline and Special Fuel Excise Tax.
- 14A. Motor Carrier Road Tax.

ARTICLE 14. GASOLINE AND SPECIAL FUEL EXCISE TAX.

- §11-14-3. Imposition of tax.
- §11-14-5a. Exemption for bulk sales to interstate motor carriers.
- §11-14-15. Disposition of tax collected.

§11-14-3. Imposition of tax.

- 1 There is hereby levied an excise tax of ten and one-
- 2 half cents per gallon on all gasoline or special fuel,
- 3 which tax shall be computed in accordance with the
- 4 appropriate measure of tax as hereinafter prescribed in
- 5 this article: Provided, That beginning the first day of
- 6 April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, the tax
- 7 levied by this article shall be fifteen and one-half cents
- 8 per gallon.

§11-14-5a. Exemption for bulk sales to interstate motor carriers.

- 1 (a) In general.—There shall be exempt from the taxes
- 2 imposed by this article and by article fifteen of this code

3 all gallons of gasoline or special fuel sold by a distrib-4 utor to an interstate motor carrier having fuel storage 5 tanks in this state which are used solely for the purpose 6 of fueling motor carriers owned, leased or operated by 7 the motor carrier, when the purchase is delivered in 8 bulk quantities of one thousand gallons or more into 9 such fuel storage tanks and is purchased for the motor 10 carrier's exclusive use: Provided, That this exemption 11 shall not relieve the person owning or operating a motor 12 carrier from payment of any taxes imposed by article 13 fourteen-a or fifteen-a of this chapter on gasoline or 14 special fuel used or consumed in this state by the motor 15 carrier.

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(b) Surety bond; release of surety; new bond.—The commissioner may in his discretion require an interstate motor carrier having fuel storage tanks in this state to file a continuous surety bond in an amount to be fixed by the commissioner, except that the amount thereof shall not be less than one thousand dollars. Upon completion of the filing of such surety bond an annual notice of renewal, only, shall be required thereafter. The surety must be authorized to engage in business within this state. This bond shall be conditioned upon the motor carrier's faithful compliance with the provisions of this article and articles fourteen-a and fifteen-a of this chapter with respect to such gasoline or special fuel, including the filing of the returns and payment of all tax due with respect to such gasoline or special fuel. Such bond shall be approved by the commissioner as to sufficiency and by the attorney general as to form, and shall indemnify the state against any loss arising from the failure of the taxpayer for whatever reason to pay any tax imposed by article fourteen-a or fifteen-a of this chapter on gasoline or special fuel purchased as provided in this section which was used or consumed in operation of the motor carrier in this state: Provided, That a noninterest bearing cash deposit may be accepted by the commissioner in lieu of such bond. The cash deposit shall be in an amount to be fixed by the commissioner, except the amount thereof may not be less than one thousand dollars.

44 (c) Revocation of suspension of exemption.

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- 45 (1) The tax commissioner may revoke or suspend 46 application of this exemption to a motor carrier if:
 - (A) The motor carrier filed a false or fraudulent return for the tax imposed by article fourteen-a or fifteen-a of this chapter on gasoline or special fuel it used or consumed in this state.
 - (B) The motor carrier willfully refused or willfully neglected to file a tax return or willfully failed to report information required by the tax commissioner, concerning gasoline or special fuel which it used or consumed in this state, on or before the date specified for filing the return or report.
 - (C) The motor carrier willfully refused or willfully neglected to pay any tax, additions to tax, penalties or interest, or any part thereof, with respect to gasoline or special fuel used or consumed in this state when they became due and payable under this chapter, determined with regard to any authorized extension of time for payment.
 - (2) Before cancelling or suspending this exemption, the tax commissioner shall give written notice to the motor carrier of his intent to suspend or cancel this exemption, the reason for the suspension or cancellation, the effective date of the suspension or cancellation, and the date, time and place where the taxpayer may appear at an informal hearing and show cause why this exemption should not be suspended or canceled. This written notice shall be served on the taxpayer in the same manner as a notice of assessment is served under article ten of this chapter, not less than twenty days prior to the date of such informal hearing. The taxpayer may appeal suspension or cancellation of its exemption under this section in the same manner as a notice of assessment is appealed under article ten of this chapter: Provided, That the filing of a petition for appeal shall not stay the effective date of the suspension or cancellation. A stay may be granted only after a hearing is held on a motion to stay filed by the motor carrier, upon finding that state revenues will not be jeopardized by

- the granting of the stay. The tax commissioner may, in his discretion and upon such terms as he may specify, agree to stay the effective date of the suspension or cancellation until another date certain.
- 88 (3) The tax commissioner shall promptly give notice 89 to distributors in this state of the name and mailing 90 address of every motor carrier whose exemption under 91 this section is suspended or cancelled. The effective date 92 of such suspension or cancellation shall be included, and 93 if this exemption is suspended, the date the suspension 94 expires shall also be provided. The affected motor 95 carrier shall promptly give similar written notice to all 96 distributors from whom he purchases gasoline or special 97 fuel exempt from tax as provided in subsection (a) of 98 this section.
- 99 (4) A motor carrier whose exemption under this 100 section is cancelled may, after the cancellation has been 101 in effect for twelve months, petition the tax commis-102 sioner for reinstatement of exemption under this section. 103 The tax commissioner may, in his discretion, and upon 104 such terms as he may require reinstate this exemption, 105 but only if he reasonably believes that the motor carrier 106 will fully and timely comply with this article and the 107 provisions of articles fourteen-a and fifteen-a of this 108 chapter. Upon reinstatement, the motor carrier shall provide his distributor with a true copy of the tax 109 110 commissioner's order reinstating the exemption.
- (d) Effective date.—The provisions of this section shall apply to gasoline or special fuel delivered after the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

§11-14-15. Disposition of tax collected.

All tax collected under the provisions of this article 1 shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be used 2 only for the purpose of construction, reconstruction. 3 maintenance and repair of highways, matching of 4 federal moneys available for highway purposes and 5 payment of the interest and sinking fund obligations on 6 state bonds issued for highway purposes: Provided, that 7 for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine-8

- 9 ninety, twenty-five million dollars shall be used only for
- 10 bridge repair and replacement and all amounts remain-
- 11 ing shall next be used for payment of the interest and
- 12 sinking fund obligations on state bonds issued for
- highway purposes: Provided, however, that any amounts 13
- 14 remaining after funding these priorities shall next be
- 15 used in matching any federal amounts available for
- 16 expenditure on the Appalachian highway system in this
- State: Provided further, that any amounts remaining 17
- after funding these priorities shall be used for the 18
- 19 maintenance, reconstruction and construction of state
- 20 highways.
- Unless necessary for such bond requirements, five 21
- 22 fourteenths of the tax collected under the provisions of
- 23 this article shall be used for feeder and state local
- 24 service highway purposes.

ARTICLE 14A. MOTOR CARRIER ROAD TAX.

- §11-14A-3a. Leased motor carriers.
- Reports of carriers; joint reports; records; examination of §11-14A-5. records; subpoenas and witnesses.
- Identification markers: fees: criminal penalty. §11-14A-7.
- §11-14A-28. Effective date.

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§11-14A-3a. Leased motor carriers.

- (a) Motor carriers leased for less than thirty days.— 1
- A lessor of motor carriers who is regularly engaged in 2
- the business of leasing or renting motor carriers with 3
- or without drivers to licensees or other lessees for a 4
- period of less than thirty days is primarily liable for 5
 - payment of the taxes and fees imposed by this article.
- (b) Motor carriers leased for thirty days or more.—A 7 licensee or other lessee who leases or rents a motor 8 carrier with or without drivers for a period of thirty 9 days or more is primarily liable for payment of the taxes 10
- and fees imposed by this article. 11
- (c) The provision of subsections (a) and (b) of this 12 section shall govern the primary liability of lessors and 13 licensees or other lessees of motor carriers. If a lessor 14 or licensee or other lessee primarily liable fails, in whole 15 or in part, to discharge his liability, such failing party 16 and other party to the transaction, whether denominated

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18 as a lessor, licensee or other lessee, shall be jointly and 19 severally responsible and liable for compliance with the 20 provisions of this article and for payment of any tax or 21 fees due under this article: Provided, That the aggregate 22 of taxes and fees collected by the commissioner shall not 23 exceed the total amount or amounts of taxes and fees 24 due under this article on account of the transactions in 25 question plus such interest, additions to tax, other 26 penalties and costs, if any, that may be imposed: 27 Provided, however, That no person, other than the person 28 primarily responsible for the taxes and fees under this 29 article, may be assessed penalties or additions to tax 30 resulting from the failure of the party primarily liable 31 for such taxes and fees to pay: Provided further, That 32 once such other party to the transaction who is not 33 primarily liable for the taxes under this article but who 34 is made jointly and severally liable under this subsection 35 for such taxes is assessed for those taxes and fees and 36 fails to discharge such assessment within the time 37 prescribed therefor, or within thirty days after receiving such assessment if no time is so prescribed, nothing 38 39 herein shall prohibit the commissioner from imposing 40 additions to tax or penalties upon that person for failing 41 to pay the assessment issued in his name.

§11-14A-5. Reports of carriers; joint reports; records; examination of records; subpoenas and witnesses.

- (a) Every taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by this article, except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, shall on or before the twenty-fifth day of January, April, July and October of every calendar year make to the commissioner such reports of its operations during the quarter ending the last day of the preceding month as the commissioner may require and such other reports from time to time as the commissioner may deem necessary. For good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the time for filing said reports for a period not exceeding thirty days.
- (b) Every motor carrier which operates exclusively in this state during a fiscal year that begins on the first day of July of one calendar year and ends on the thirtieth day of June of the next succeeding calendar

16 year and during such fiscal year consumes in its 17 operation only gasoline or special fuel upon which the 18 tax imposed by article fourteen of this chapter has been 19 paid shall, in lieu of filing the quarterly reports 20 required by subsection (a), file an annual report for such 21 fiscal year on or before the last day of July each 22 calendar year. For good cause shown, the commissioner 23 may extend the time for filing such report for a period 24 of thirty days.

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- (c) Two or more taxpayers regularly engaged in the transportation of passengers on through buses on through tickets in pool operation may, at their option and upon proper notice to the commissioner, make joint reports of their entire operations in this state in lieu of the separate reports required by subsection (a) of this section. The taxes imposed by this article shall be calculated on the basis of such joint reports as though such taxpayers were a single taxpayer; and the taxpayers making such reports shall be jointly and severally liable for the taxes shown thereon to be due. Such joint reports shall show the total number of highway miles traveled in this state and the total number of gallons of gasoline or special fuel purchased in this state by the reporting taxpayers. Credits to which the taxpayers making a joint return are entitled shall not be allowed as credits to any other taxpayer; but taxpayers filing joint reports shall permit all taxpayers engaged in this state in pool operations with them to join in filing joint reports.
- (d) A taxpayer shall keep such records necessary to verify the highway miles traveled within and without the state of West Virginia, the number of gallons of gasoline and special fuel used and purchased within and without West Virginia and any other records which the commissioner by regulation may prescribe.
- (e) In addition to the tax commissioner's powers set forth in sections five-a and five-b, article ten of this chapter, the commissioner may inspect or examine the records, books, papers, storage tanks, meters and any equipment records or records of highway miles traveled within and without West Virginia and the records of any

- other person to verify the truth and accuracy of any statement or report to ascertain whether the tax imposed by this article has been properly paid.
- 60 (f) In addition to the tax commissioner's powers set 61 forth in sections five-a and five-b, article ten of this 62 chapter, and as a further means of obtaining the 63 records, books and papers of a taxpayer or any other 64 person and ascertaining the amount of taxes and reports 65 due under this article, the commissioner shall have the 66 power to examine witnesses under oath; and if any 67 witness shall fail or refuse at the request of the 68 commissioner to grant access to the books, records and 69 papers, the commissioner shall certify the facts and 70 names to the circuit court of the county having jurisdic-71 tion of the party and such court shall thereupon issue 72 a subpoena duces tecum to such party to appear before 73 the commissioner, at a place designated within the 74 jurisdiction of such court, on a day fixed.

§11-14A-7. Identification markers; fees; criminal penalty.

(a) Registration of motor carriers.-No person may 1 2 operate, or cause to be operated, in this state any motor 3 carrier subject to this article without first securing from 4 the commissioner an identification marker for each such 5 motor carrier, except as provided in subsection (b) or (c) of this section. Each identification marker for a 6 7 particular motor carrier shall bear a number. This 8 identification marker shall be displayed on the driver's side of the motor carrier as required by the commis-9 sioner. The commissioner, after issuance of any identi-10 fication marker to a motor carrier, shall cause an 11 internal cross-check to be made in his office as to any 12 state tax which he administers, to aid in determination 13 of any noncompliance in respect to failure to file returns 14 or payment of tax liabilities. The identification markers 15 herein provided for shall be valid for the period of one 16 year, ending June thirtieth of each year. A fee of five 17 dollars shall be paid to the commissioner for issuing 18 each identification marker which is reasonably related 19 to the commissioner's costs of issuing such identification. 20 All tax or reports due under this article shall be paid 21 or reports filed before the issuance of a new identifica-22

tion marker. Failure by a taxpayer to file the returns or pay the taxes imposed by this article shall give cause to the commissioner to revoke or refuse to renew the identification marker previously issued.

- (b) Trip permit.—A motor carrier that does not have a motor carrier identification marker issued under subsection (a) of this section may obtain a trip permit which authorizes the motor carrier specified therein to be operated in this state without an identification marker for a period of not more than ten consecutive days beginning and ending on the dates specified on the face of the permit. The fee for this permit shall be twenty-four dollars.
- (1) Fees for trip permits shall be in lieu of the tax otherwise due under this article on account of the vehicles specified in the permit operating in this state during the period of the permit, and no reports of mileage shall be required with respect to that vehicle.
- (2) A trip permit shall be issued if, in the course of the motor carrier's operations, it operates on the public roads or highways in this state no more than thee times in any one fiscal year of this state, and a motor carrier may obtain no more than three such trip permits in any fiscal year of this state.
- (3) A trip permit shall be carried in the cab of the motor vehicle for which it was issued at all times while it is in this state.
- (4) A trip permit may be obtained from the commissioner or from wire services authorized by the commissioner to issue such permits. The cost of the telegram or similar transmissions shall be the responsibility of the motor carrier requesting the trip permit.
- (c) Transportation permit.—The commissioner is hereby authorized to grant, in his discretion, a special permit to a new motor vehicle dealer for use on new motor vehicles driven under their own power from the factory or distributing place of a manufacturer, or other dealer, to a place of business of the new vehicle dealer, or from the place of business of a new vehicle dealer to

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- 62 a place of business of another dealer, or when delivered 63 from the place of business of the new vehicle dealer to 64 the place of business of a purchaser to whom title passes 65 on delivery. A transporter's permit must be carried in 66 the cab of the motor vehicle being transported. A person 67 to whom a transporter's permit is issued shall file the 68 reports required by section five of this article and pay 69 any tax due. The fee for such transporter's permit shall 70 be fifteen dollars and a transporter's permit is valid for 71 the fiscal year for which it is issued unless surrendered 72 or revoked by the tax commissioner.
 - (d) Criminal penalty.—Any person, whether such person be the owner, licensee or lessee, or the employee, servant or agent thereof, who operates or causes to be operated in this state, a motor carrier in violation of this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars; and each day such violation continues or reoccurs shall constitute a separate offense.
- 81 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section five-d, 82 article ten of this chapter, the commissioner shall 83 deliver to or receive from the commissioner of the department of motor vehicles and the commissioner of 84 85 the public service commission, the information con-86 tained in the application filed by a motor carrier for a 87 trip permit under this section, when the information is 88 used to administer a combined trip permit registration program for motor carriers operating in this state. 89 which program may be administered by one agency or 90 any combination of the three agencies, as embodied in 91 a written agreement executed by the head of each 92 agency participating in the program. Such agencies 93 have authority to enter into such an agreement notwith-94 standing any provision of this code to the contrary; and 95 the fee for such combined trip permit shall be twenty-96 four dollars, which shall be in lieu of the fee set forth 97 98 in subsection (b) of this section.

§11-14A-28. Effective date.

The provisions of this act shall take effect on the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine.

DISPOSITION OF BILLS ENACTED

The first column gives the number of the bill and the second column gives the chapter assigned to it.

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