# **ACTS**

OF THE

# LEGISLATURE

OF

# **WEST VIRGINIA**



Regular Session, 1996 First Extraordinary Session, 1996

> Volume I Chapters 1 — 149

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GREGORY M. GRAY
Clerk & Parliamentarian

# Eddie Hambrick Editor

BILLIE J. KIDD

Legislative Assistants
BOBBY HOOVER
ANDREW PRIEST

NANCY J. REYNOLDS

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#### **FOREWORD**

These volumes contain the Acts of the Second Regular Session and the First Extraordinary Session of the 72nd Legislature, 1996.

#### Second Regular Session, 1996

The Second Regular Session of the 72nd Legislature convened on January 10, 1996. The Constitutional sixty-day limit on the duration of the session was midnight, March 9, 1996. The Governor issued a proclamation on March 6, 1996, extending the session for a period of seven days for the purpose of considering the Budget and supplementary appropriation bills, and the Legislature adjourned *sine die* on March 15, 1996.

Bills totaling 1,645 were introduced in the two houses during the session (1,039 House, 168 of which were carryover bills from the 1995 Regular Session, and 606 Senate). The Legislature passed 275 bills, 149 House and 126 Senate.

The Governor vetoed eleven bills (H. B. 4484, Restricting municipal powers to limit the rights of persons with respect to firearms and ammunition; H. B. 4535, Authorizing the regional jail and correctional jail authority to assess a penalty against certain courts when such courts fail to remit moneys collected in proceedings; H. B. 4547, Supplemental appropriation to the Board of Investments, Acct. No. Fund 0513 FY 1996 Org 0920; H. B. 4645, Changing the closure date of Colin Anderson Center from December 31, 1996, to March 15, 1997; S. B. 37, Relating to exemptions from excise taxes and compliance generally; S. B. 87. Relating to certificate of title for factory-built homes; automobile auctions: S. B. 94, Relating to public defender services generally; S. B. 257, Permitting professional firefighters to run for office; exceptions; S. B. 412, Requiring sloped roofs on public-funded buildings; S. B. 427, Prohibiting change orders on state contracts exceeding certain percentage of original bid; and S. B. 588, Relating to procedural and administrative matters affecting exercise of judicial authority). The Legislature amended and again passed H. B. 4547, S. B. 37, S. B. 94 and S. B. 588. The Governor again vetoed S. B. 588. Two bills (H. B. 4795) and S. B. 326) were found to be technically deficient and void after having been signed by the Governor, leaving a net total of 265 bills, 145 House and 120 Senate, which became law.

Twenty-one House bills became law without the Governor's signature.

There were 94 Concurrent Resolutions introduced during the session, 55 House and 39 Senate, of which 17 House and 10

Senate were adopted. Twenty-one House Joint Resolutions and eight Senate Joint Resolutions were introduced, proposing amendments to the State Constitution. One House Joint Resolution, H. J. R. 22, Safe Roads Amendment of 1996, was adopted by the Legislature. The House introduced 24 House Resolutions and the Senate introduced 45 Senate Resolutions, of which 21 House and 44 Senate were adopted.

The Senate failed to pass 72 House bills passed by the House, and 32 Senate bills failed passage by the House. Two House bills and two Senate bills died in conference: H. B. 4011, Prohibiting passing in a center turn lane; H. B. 4369, Requiring employment of a certified full-time county director of school attendance; S. B. 149, Creating Court-Appointed Special Advocate; and S. B. 360, Removing excise tax on special dyed diesel fuel.

#### First Extraordinary Session, 1996

The Proclamation calling the Legislature into Extraordinary Session at 12:00 P.M., Noon, July 14, 1996, contained nine items for consideration.

The Governor issued a supplemental proclamation on July 16, 1996, containing an additional item for consideration by the Legislature, concerning enhanced emergency telephone systems.

The Legislature passed 9 bills, 5 House and 4 Senate. The Legislature adopted one Concurrent Resolution. The House adopted 3 House Resolutions and the Senate adopted 4 Senate Resolutions.

The Legislature adjourned the Extraordinary Session sine die on July 16, 1996.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

These volumes will be distributed as provided by sections thirteen and nineteen, article one, chapter four of the Code of West Virginia.

These Acts may be purchased from the Office of the Clerk of the House or from the Department of Administration, Purchasing Division Section, State Capitol, Charleston, West Virginia 25305.

GREGORY M. GRAY
Clerk of the House and
Keeper of the Rolls.

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#### MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

#### **REGULAR SESSION, 1996**

#### **OFFICERS**

Speaker—Robert C. Chambers, Huntington Clerk—Gregory M. Gray, Charleston Sergeant at Arms—Oce Smith, Fairmont Doorkeeper—IJohn A. Roberts, Charles Town

District	Name	Address	Prior Legislative Service
First	Sam Love (D)	Weirton	66th-71st
	Tamara Pettit (D)	New Cumberland	Appt. 11/20/89, 69th; 70th-71st
Second	Timothy R. Ennis (D)	Wellsburg	
	Roy E. Givens (D)	Wellsburg	64th-69th
Third	Tal Hutchins (D)	Wheeling	
	Greg Martin (R)	Wheeling	70th
Fourth	Donald A. Haskins (R)	Glen Dale	70th
	Scott G. Varner (D)	Moundsville	71st
Fifth	Charles Clements (R)	New Martinsville	
Sixth	James E. Willison (R)	Sistersville	69th-71st
Seventh	Otis A. Leggett (R)	St. Marys	68th-71st
Eighth	Everette W. Anderson, Jr. (R)	Williamstown	71st
Ninth	Larry Border (R)	Davisville	70th-71st
Tenth	Tom Azinger (R)	Vienna	
	J. D. Beane (D)	Parkersburg	70th-71st
	Edward B. Kime (R)	Vienna	Appt. 12/1/94
Eleventh	Bob Ashley (R)	Spencer	67th-71st
Twelfth	Karen L. Facemyer (R)	Ripley	71st
Thirteenth	Jerry K. Kelley (D)	Red House	
	Gary Otho Tillis (D)	Bancroft	
Fourteenth	Kelly Given (R)	Hurricane	
	Mike Hall (R)		
Fifteenth	Robert Chambers (D)	Huntington	64th-71st
	Arley R. Johnson (D)	Huntington	
	Margarette R. Leach (D)	Huntington	71st
Sixteenth	Susan Hubbard (D)	Huntington	
	Evan H. Jenkins (D)	Huntington	
	Jody G. Smirl (R)	Huntington	58th-61st; 67th
Seventeenth	Kenneth R. Adkins (D)	Huntington	Appt. 1/20/92; 70th-71st
Eighteenth	Larry Jack Heck (D)	Huntington	71st
Nineteenth	K. Steven Kominar (D)	Kermit	
	Grant Preece (D)	Ragland	70th-71st
Twentieth	Tracy Dempsey (D)	Harts	70th-71st
	Danny L. Ellis (D)	. Chapmanville	71st
	Tom Rose Tomblin (D)		
	David E. Whitman (D)	. Chapmanville	Appt. 2/17/89, 69th; 71st
Twenty-first			
Twenty-second.	<sup>2</sup> Gloría B. Stewart (D)	. Gary	
	Emily W. Yeager (D)		
Twenty-third			
	W. Richard Staton (D)		
Twenty-fourth .			
Twenty-fifth			
	Elizabeth Osborne (D)		
Twenty-sixth			· - ·
Twenty-seventh			
	Warren R. McGraw II (D)		
	Robert P. Pulliam (D)	Beckley	. 71st
	Arnold W. Ryan (D) Ron Thompson (D)		

Twenty-eighth	James J. Rowe (D)	Lewisburg	69th-71st
	Bill Wallace (R)	Clintonville	69th-71st
Twenty-ninth	Tom Louisos (D)	Oak Hill	67th-68th; 70th-71st
	Bruce N. Petersen (D)	Fayetteville	71st
	John Pino (D)	Oak Hill	67th-68th; 70th-71st
Thirtieth	Jon Amores (D)	Charleston	
	Ann Calvert (R)	Charleston	70th
	Joe Farris (D)	Charleston	70th-71st
	Dan Greear (R)	South Charleston	
	Margaret Miller (R)	South Charleston	69th-71st
	Rudy Seacrist (D)	Charleston	Appt. 6/25/77, 63rd; 65th-69th
	Vic Sprouse (R)	South Charleston	
Thirty-first	Mark A. Hunt (D)	Charleston	
Thirty-second	Steve Harrison (R)	Nitro	71st
	Dick Henderson (R)	St. Albans	71st
	Jay Nesbitt (R)		71st
	Ronald Neal Walters (R)		71st
Thirty-third	Clinton N. Nichols (D)	Clay	Appt. 10/14/93, 71st
Thirty-fourth	Marjorie H. Burke (D)	Sand Fork	Appt. 4/13/78, 63rd; 64th-69th
Thirty-fifth	George Kallai (D)	Summersville	
Thirty-sixth	Joseph B. Talbott (D)	Webster Springs	71st
Thirty-seventh.	Joe Martin (D)		Appt. 6/15/78, 63rd; 64th-71st
	William D. Proudfoot (D)	Elkins	70th-71st
Thirty-eighth	Douglas K. Stalnaker (R)	Weston	
Thirty-ninth	Dale F. Riggs (R)	Buckhannon	69th-71st
Fortieth	Richard H. Everson (D)	Philippi	71st
Forty-first	Samuel J. Cann (D)	Bridgeport	
	Ron Fragale (D)	Clarksburg	70th-71st
	Larry A. Linch (D)	Bridgeport	71st
	Barbara A. Warner (D)		69th-71st
Forty-second	Edward Kerns (D)	Grafton	
Forty-third	Nick Fantasia (D)	Kingmont	52nd-53rd; 57th-60th; 62nd; 69th;
			Appt. 2/26/93, 71st
	Roman W. Prezioso (D)		69th-71st
	Paul E. Prunty (D)	Fairmont	61st; 63rd-65th; 67th-68th; 70th
Forty-fourth	Robert C. Beach (D)		Appt. 7/27/90, 69th; 70th-71st
	Eric T. Blass (R)	Morgantown	
	Barbara Evans Fleischauer (D)		
	Brian Gallagher (D)	Morgantown	Appt. 5/22/89, 69th; 70th-71st
Forty-fifth	Larry A. Williams (D)	Tunnelton	Appt. 10/08/93, 71st
Forty-sixth	David Collins (D)	Davis	70th-71st
Forty-seventh	Harold K. Michael (D)	Moorefield	69th-71st
Forty-eighth	Allen V. Evans (R)	Dorcas	70th-71st
Forty-ninth	Carl Thomas (R)	Keyser	(0.1. 71-4
Fiftieth	Jerry L. Mezzatesta (D)	Romney	68th-71st
Fifty-first	Charles S. Trump IV (R)	Berkeley Springs	71st
Fifty-second	Vicki V. Douglas (D)	Martinsburg	70th-71st
Fifty-third	Larry V. Faircloth (R)	Inwood	65th-71st 67th-71st
Fifty-fourth	John Overington (R)	Martinsburg	66th-71st
Fifty-fifth	John Dolye (D)	Shepherdstown Charles Town	69th-71st
Fifty-sixth	Dale Manuel (D)	Charles TOWN	OMP / Int
	) Democrats		69
(D)	) Democrats		31
(R)	Republicans		
	TOTAL	***************************************	100

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Elected Feb. 7, 1996, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Don Yoak.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Appointed Feb. 1, 1996, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Ernest C. Moore.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Appointed May 4, 1995, to fill the vacancy created by the death of John F. Bennett and subsequently appointed to the state Senate to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of David E. Miller.
Samuel A. Morasco appointed April 26, 1996, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Edward Kerns.

#### MEMBERS OF THE SENATE

#### **REGULAR SESSION, 1996**

#### **OFFICERS**

President—Earl Ray Tomblin, Logan Clerk—Darrell E. Holmes, Charleston Sergeant at Arms—Tony DeRaimo, Leewood Doorkeeper—¹Andrew J. Trail, Charleston

District	Name	Address	Prior Legislative Service		
First	Thais Blatnik (D)	Wheeling	(House 63rd; 65th-67th); 69th-71st		
	Edwin J. Bowman (D)	Weirton			
Second	Don Macnaughtan (D)	New Martinsville	70th-71st		
	Larry Wiedebusch (D)	Glen Dale	(House 62nd-67th); 69th-71st		
Third	Donna Jean Boley (R)	St. Marys	Appt. 5/14/85, 67th; 68th-71st		
	J. Frank Deem (R)	Vienna	(House 52nd-56th); 57th-62nd; 64th-65th; (House 69th)		
Fourth	Oshel B. Craigo (D)	Hurricane	(House 65th); 66th-71st		
	Robert L. Dittmar (D)	Ravenswood	69th-71st		
Fifth	Robert H. Plymale (D)	Ceredo	71st		
	Thomas F. Scott (R)	Huntington			
Sixth	H. Truman Chafin (D)	Williamson	66th-71st		
	A. Keith Wagner (D)	Iaeger	69th-71st		
Seventh	Lloyd G. Jackson II (D)		68th-69th		
	Earl Ray Tomblin (D)		(House 62nd-64th); 65th-71st		
Eighth	Jack Buckalew (R)	Charleston	•		
	David Grubb (D)	Charleston	(House 69th-70th); 71st		
Ninth	Billy Wayne Bailey, Jr. (D)	Alpoca	Appt. 1/8/91, 70th; 71st		
	William R. Wooton (D)		(House 63rd-67th; 69th); 70th-71st		
Tenth	Leonard W. Anderson (D)	-			
	Tony E. Whitlow (D)	Princeton	(House 60th-61st; 63rd-66th); 67th-71s		
Eleventh	Shirley D. Love (D)				
	Randy Schoonover (D)	. Clay	(House 69th-70th); Appt. 9/13/89, 71st		
Twelfth	William R. Sharpe, Jr. (D)	. Weston	55th-64th; 67th-71st		
	Rebecca I. White (D)				
Thirteenth	Joe Manchin III (D)	, Fairmont	(House 66th); 68th-71st		
	Michael A. Oliverio II (D)	. Morgantown	(House 71st)		
Fourteenth	<sup>2</sup> David E. Miller (D)	Kingwood	. (House 69th-70th); Appt. 9/27/93, 71st		
	Sarah M. Minear (R)	Parsons	•		
Fifteenth	Walt Helmick (D)	Marlinton	. (House 1 yr., 69th); Appt. 9/25/89, 69th; 70th-71st		
	Mike Ross (D)	Coalton	. 71st		
Sixteenth	Harry E. Dugan (R)	Martinsburg	•		
	John C. Yoder (R)	Harpers Ferry	. 71st		
Seventeenth	Larry Kimble (R)	Charleston			
	Martha Yeager Walker (D)	Charleston	(House 70th); 71st		
	(D) Democrais				
(1)	,				
(f			<u>8</u>		
	TOTAL		34		

Appointed to fill the vacancy created by the death of Porter Cotton.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Edward Kerns appointed on April 1, 1996, to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of David E. Miller.

#### COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES

#### Regular Session, 1996

#### **STANDING**

#### AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Beach (Chair of Agriculture), Dempsey (Vice Chair of Agriculture), Love (Chair of Natural Resources), Fragale (Vice Chair of Natural Resources), Ball, Burke, Ennis, Everson, Heck, Linch, Nichols, Osborne, Proudfoot, Prunty, Thompson, Tomblin, Williams, Anderson, Border, Evans, Facemyer, Henderson, Leggett, Riggs and Willison.

#### BANKING AND INSURANCE

Farris (Chair of Banking), Beane (Vice Chair of Banking), Gallagher (Chair of Insurance), Adkins (Vice Chair of Insurance), Cann, Dempsey, Douglas, Fantasia, Hunt, Hutchins, Kominar, Louisos, McGraw, Michael, Seacrist, Stewart, Thompson, Tillis, Azinger, Clements, Faircloth, Greear, Hall, Nesbitt and Walters.

#### CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION

Doyle (Chair), Talbott (Vice Chair), Browning, Collins, Ellis, Fleischauer, Frederick, Givens, Kelley, Jenkins, Leach, Linch, McGraw, Petersen, Preece, Pulliam, Ryan, Calvert, Given, Harrison, Overington, Smirl, Sprouse, Stalnaker and Wallace.

#### **EDUCATION**

Prezioso (Chair), Proudfoot (Vice Chair), Ball, Beach, Collins, Dempsey, Ellis, Ennis, Hubbard, Kallai, Kerns, Kuhn, Leach, McGraw, Stewart, Williams, Yeager, Anderson, Blass, Hall, Haskins, Henderson, Leggett, G. Martin and Overington.

#### FINANCE

Kiss (Chair), Browning (Vice Chair), Burke, Compton, Doyle, Farris, Frederick, Gallagher, Kelley, Leach, Mezzatesta, Petersen, Pettit, Seacrist, Talbott, Tomblin, Warner, Border, Clements, Evans, Facemyer, Leggett, Miller, Wallace and Walters.

#### GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION

J. Martin (Chair), Varner (Vice Chair), Adkins, Cann, Everson, Fantasia, Fragale, Heck, Kominar, Louisos, Love, Michael, Nichols, Osborne, Prunty, Pulliam, Thompson, Azinger, Calvert, Given, Harrison, Nesbitt, Sprouse, Stalnaker and Willison.

#### HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

Compton (Chair), Petersen (Vice Chair), Amores, Beach, Burke, Douglas, Doyle, Ellis, Fleischauer, Gallagher, Hubbard, Hunt, Hutchins, Leach, Manuel, Osborne, Pulliam, Warner, Given, Haskins, Henderson, G. Martin, Miller, Sprouse and Thomas.

#### INDUSTRY AND LABOR

Pettit (Chair), Whitman (Vice Chair), Beane, Cann, Farris, Frederick, Heck, Johnson, Kelley, Kuhn, Louisos, Prunty, Talbott, Tillis, Tomblin, Williams, Yeager, Azinger, Blass, Haskins, Kime, G. Martin, Overington, Thomas and Walters.

#### **JUDICIARY**

Staton (Chair), Pino (Vice Chair), Amores, Beane, Collins, Douglas, Fleischauer, Givens, Hunt, Hutchins, Jenkins, Johnson, Linch, Manuel, Preece, Ryan, Tillis, Whitman, Faircloth, Greear, Kime, Riggs, Smirl, Thomas and Trump.

#### POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Manual (Chair), Collins (Vice Chair), Ball, Fantasia, Fragale, Givens, Jenkins, Johnson, Kallai, Kerns, Kuhn, Pettit, Proudfoot, Ryan, Seacrist, Varner, Yeager, Anderson, Calvert, Facemyer, Harrison, Smirl, Stalnaker, Trump and Willison.

#### ROADS AND TRANSPORTATION

Warner (Chair), Preece (Vice Chair), Adkins, Amores, Compton, Ennis, Everson, Hubbard, Kallai, Kerns, Kominar, Leach, Love, Nichols, Pino, Varner, Whitman, Blass, Border, Clements, Evans, Greear, Hall, Kime and Nesbitt.

#### RULES

Chambers (Chair), Kiss, J. Martin, Mezzatesta, Michael, Prezioso, Rowe, Staton, Ashley, Faircloth, Miller and Riggs.

#### JOINT

#### **ENROLLED BILLS**

Seacrist (Chair), Fantasia (Vice Chair), Overington and Willison.

#### GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE

Chambers (Chair), Kiss, J. Martin, Rowe, Staton, Ashley and Trump.

#### **GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS**

J. Martin (Chair), Varner, Love, Nesbitt and Stalnaker.

#### LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE

Douglas (Chair), Linch (Vice Chair), Compton, Gallagher, Faircloth and Riggs.

#### PENSIONS AND RETIREMENT

Browning (Chair), Prezioso (Vice Chair), Frederick, Seacrist, Williams, Haskins and Wallace.

#### RULES

Chambers (Cochair), Rowe and Ashley.

#### STATUTORY LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONS

#### FOREST MANAGEMENT REVIEW COMMISSION

J. Martin (Chair), Douglas, Mezzatesta, Michael and Willison.

#### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Beane (Chair), Doyle, Farris, Fleischauer, Jenkins, Greear and Walters.

#### JUVENILE LAW

Givens (Chair), Douglas and Trump.

## OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON EDUCATION ACCOUNTABILITY

Prezioso (Chair), Browning, Mezzatesta, Proudfoot, Yeager and Anderson.

# OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES ACCOUNTABILITY

Compton (Chair), Gallagher, Kiss, J. Martin, Petersen and Ashley.

# OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON REGIONAL JAIL AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Manuel (Chair), Leach, Pino, Whitman, Clements and Thomas.

#### SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS

Chambers (Chair), J. Martin, Rowe, Faircloth and Trump.

#### COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE

Regular Session, 1996

#### **STANDING**

#### AGRICULTURE

Whitlow (Chair), White (Vice Chair), Anderson, Dittmar, Helmick, Love, Miller, Ross, Dugan and Minear.

#### BANKING AND INSURANCE

Manchin (Chair), Helmick (Vice Chair), Blatnik, Chafin, Craigo, Dittmar, Sharpe, Wagner, Wiedebusch, Wooton, Kimble, Scott and Yoder.

#### CONFIRMATIONS

Blatnik (Chair), Grubb (Vice Chair), Chafin, Jackson, Love, Oliverio, Wooton, Deem and Yoder.

#### EDUCATION

Jackson (Chair), Miller (Vice Chair), Bailey, Blatnik, Grubb, Helmick, Oliverio, Plymale, Schoonover, Wagner, White, Boley, Dugan and Minear.

### ENERGY, INDUSTRY AND MINING

Sharpe (Chair), Oliverio (Vice Chair), Anderson, Bowman, Jackson, Macnaughtan, Manchin, Ross, Schoonover, Wagner, Whitlow, Deem, Dugan and Minear.

#### FINANCE

Craigo (Chair), Manchin (Vice Chair), Bailey, Blatnik, Chafin, Helmick, Jackson, Love, Macnaughtan, Plymale, Sharpe, Walker, Whitlow, Boley, Dugan, Kimble and Minear.

#### GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION

Wagner (Chair), Bowman (Vice Chair), Bailey, Jackson, Macnaughtan, Manchin, Miller, Plymale, Walker, White, Wiedebusch, Wooton, Buckalew, Scott and Yoder.

#### **HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES**

Walker (Chair), Macnaughtan (Vice Chair), Blatnik, Craigo, Grubb, Jackson, Manchin, Plymale, Ross, Sharpe, Wooton, Boley, Kimble and Scott.

#### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Grubb (Chair), Anderson (Vice Chair), Bowman, Schoonover, Whitlow, Deem and Scott.

#### JUDICIARY

Wooton (Chair), Wiedebusch (Vice Chair), Anderson, Bowman, Dittmar, Grubb, Miller, Oliverio, Ross, Schoonover, Wagner, White, Buckalew, Deem, Scott and Yoder.

#### LABOR

Macnaughtan (Chair), Schoonover (Vice Chair), Bailey, Bowman, Love, Miller, Wagner, Wiedebusch, Deem and Minear.

#### **MILITARY**

Helmick (Chair), Bailey (Vice Chair), Dittmar, Love, Oliverio, Wiedebusch, Wooton, Buckalew and Kimble.

#### NATURAL RESOURCES

Dittmar (Chair), Whitlow (Vice Chair), Anderson, Bowman, Craigo, Grubb, Macnaughtan, Miller, Ross, White, Wiedebusch, Deem, Minear and Yoder.

#### PENSIONS

Plymale (Chair), Helmick (Vice Chair), Jackson, Manchin, Walker, Boley and Kimble.

#### RULES

Tomblin (Chair), Anderson, Chafin, Craigo, Manchin, Sharpe, Walker, Wooton, Boley and Buckalew.

#### SMALL BUSINESS

Anderson (Chair), Ross (Vice Chair), Blatnik, Craigo, Love, Oliverio, Plymale, Sharpe, Walker, Dugan, Scott and Yoder.

#### TRANSPORTATION

Miller (Chair), Love (Vice Chair), Dittmar, Oliverio, Plymale, Schoonover, Whitlow, Buckalew and Dugan.

#### **JOINT**

#### **ENROLLED BILLS**

Schoonover (Chair), Bailey, Walker, White and Kimble.

#### **GOVERNMENT AND FINANCE**

Tomblin (Chair), Chafin, Craigo, Sharpe, Wooton, Boley and Deem.

#### **GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS**

Wagner (Chair), Bowman, Wiedebusch, Minear and Yoder.

#### LEGISLATIVE RULE-MAKING REVIEW COMMITTEE

Ross (Chair), Grubb (Vice Chair), Anderson, Macnaughtan, Boley and Buckalew.

#### PENSIONS AND RETIREMENT

Plymale (Chair), Helmick (Vice Chair), Jackson, Manchin, Walker, Boley and Kimble.

#### RULES

Tomblin (Chair), Chafin and Boley.

#### STATUTORY LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONS

#### FOREST MANAGEMENT REVIEW COMMISSION

Plymale (Chair), Helmick, Miller, Ross and Whitlow.

#### INTERSTATE COOPERATION

Grubb (Chair), Anderson (Vice Chair), Bowman, Schoonover, Whitlow, Deem and Scott.

#### JUVENILE LAW

Wiedebusch (Chair), Bowman and Yoder.

# OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON EDUCATION ACCOUNTABILITY

Jackson (Chair), Bailey, Blatnik, Craigo, Wagner and Dugan.

# OVERSIGNT COMMISSION ON HEALTH & HUMAN RESOURCES ACCOUNTABILITY

Walker (Chair), Blatnik, Craigo, Macnaughtan, Sharpe and Scott.

# OVERSIGHT COMMISSION ON REGIONAL JAIL AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Blatnik (Chair), Craigo, Helmick, Love, Wiedebusch and Yoder.

#### SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS

Tomblin (Chair), Blatnik, Wooton, Buckalew and Boley.

### LEGISLATURE OF WEST VIRGINIA

# **ACTS**

### **SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 1996**

### CHAPTER 1

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4141—By Delegates Givens, Louisos, Osborne, Prunty, Varner, Calvert and Given)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-c; and to amend article seven, chapter fifty-five of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, all relating to establishing a central abuse registry; defining terms; requiring certain individuals convicted of a felony or misdemeanor offense with respect to a child or incapacitated adult to be placed on registry; requiring prosecuting attorneys to report certain convictions; permitting disclosure of certain information; providing for expungement of listings in certain circumstances; establishing user fees for registry purposes; establishing service provider responsibilities; and providing limited immunity from suit for residential care facilities, day care centers and home care service providers disclosing employment information.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thou-

sand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article two-c; and that article seven, chapter fifty-five of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eighteen, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 15. Public Safety.
- 55. Actions, Suits and Arbitration; Judicial Sale.

#### CHAPTER 15. PUBLIC SAFETY.

#### ARTICLE 2C. CENTRAL ABUSE REGISTRY.

- §15-2C-1. Definitions.
- §15-2C-2. Central abuse registry; required information; procedures.
- §15-2C-3. Reports of certain convictions by prosecuting attorneys.
- §15-2C-4. Disclosure of information.
- §15-2C-5. Expungement of registry listing.
- §15-2C-6. Fees.
- §15-2C-7. Registration of home care agencies required; form of registration; information to be provided.
- §15-2C-8. Service provider responsibilities.

#### §15-2C-1. Definitions.

- 1 The following words when used in this article have meanings ascribed to them in this section, except in those 2 3 instances where the context clearly indicates a different meaning: 4
- 5 (a) "Central abuse registry" or "registry" means the registry created by this article which shall contain the 6 names of individuals who have been convicted of a felony 7 or a misdemeanor offense constituting abuse, neglect or 8 misappropriation of the property of a child or an incapacitated adult.
- 10
- 11 (b) "Child abuse and neglect" or "child abuse or ne-12 glect" means those terms as defined in section three, article one, chapter forty-nine of this code, and shall include any 13 act with respect to a child which is a crime against the 14 person pursuant to article two, chapter sixty-one of this
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- code, any act which is unlawful pursuant to article eight-d 16

of said chapter sixty-one, and any offense with respect to a child which is enumerated in section three of this article.

- (c) "Abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult" means "abuse" "neglect" and "incapacitated adult" as those terms are defined in section one, article six, chapter nine, and shall include any act with respect to an incapacitated adult which is a crime against the person pursuant to article two, chapter sixty-one of this code, and any offense with respect to an incapacitated adult which is enumerated in section three of this article.
- (d) "Conviction" of a felony or a misdemeanor means an adjudication of guilt by a court or jury following a hearing on the merits, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.
- (e) "Residential care facility" means any facility where a child or an incapacitated adult resides which is subject to registration, licensure or certification by the department of health and human resources, and shall include nursing homes, personal care homes, residential board and care homes, adult family care homes, group homes, legally unlicensed service providers, residential child care facilities, family based foster care homes, specialized family care homes and intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded.
- (f) "Misappropriation of property" means any act which is a crime against property under article three, chapter sixty-one of this code with respect to a child in a residential care facility or an incapacitated adult in a residential care facility or a child or an incapacitated adult who is a recipient of home care services.
- (g) "Home care" or "home care services" means services provided to children or incapacitated adults in the home through a hospice provider, a community care provider, a home health agency, through the medicaid waiver program, or through any person when that service is reimbursable under the state medicaid program.

53 (h) "Requester" means any residential care facility, any state licensed day care center, or any provider of home 54 55 care services providing to the central abuse registry the 56 name of an individual and other information necessary to 57 identify that individual, and either (1) certifying that the 58 individual is being considered for employment by the 59 requester or for a contractual relationship with the request-60 er wherein the individual will provide services to a child or 61 an incapacitated adult for compensation; or (2) certifying that an allegation of abuse, neglect or misappropriation of 62 63 property has been made against the individual.

### §15-2C-2. Central abuse registry; required information; procedures.

- 1 (a) The criminal identification bureau of the West
  2 Virginia state police shall establish a central abuse registry,
  3 to contain information relating to criminal convictions
  4 following reports of child abuse or neglect, abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult, and misappropriation of
  6 property.
- 7 (b) The central abuse registry shall contain, at a mini-8 mum, information relating to: (1) Convictions of a misde-9 meanor or a felony constituting abuse, neglect or misap-10 propriation of property, by an individual performing services for compensation, within the scope of the individ-11 12 ual's employment or contract to provide services, in a residential care facility, in a licensed day care center, or in 13 14 connection with the provision of home care services; (2) 15 information relating to individuals convicted of specific 16 offenses enumerated in subsection (a), section three of this 17 article with respect to a child or an incapacitated adult; and (3) information relating to all individuals required to reg-18 ister with the West Virginia state police as sex offenders 19 20 pursuant to the provisions of article eight-f, chapter 21 sixty-one of this code. The central abuse registry shall contain the following information with respect to an indi-22 23 vidual found to have committed an act of abuse, neglect or 24 misappropriation of property, or an individual convicted 25 of a felony offense:

- 26 (1) The individual's full name;
- 27 (2) Sufficient information to identify the individual, 28 including date of birth, social security number and finger-29 prints, if available;
- 30 (3) Identification of the criminal offense constituting 31 abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property of a child 32 or an incapacitated adult:
- 33 (4) For cases involving abuse, neglect or misappropri-34 ation of property of a child or an incapacitated adult in a 35 residential care facility or a day care center, or of a child 36 or an incapacitated adult receiving home care services, 37 sufficient information to identify the location where such 38 documentation of any investigation by the department of 39 health and human resources is on file and the location of 40 pertinent court files: and
- 41 (5) Any statement by the individual disputing the 42 conviction, if he or she chooses to make and file one.
- 43 (c) Upon conviction in the criminal courts of this state 44 of a misdemeanor or a felony offense constituting child abuse or neglect or abuse or neglect of an incapacitated 45 adult, the individual so convicted shall be placed on the 46 47 central abuse registry.

### §15-2C-3. Reports of certain convictions by prosecuting attorneys.

- (a) The central abuse registry shall maintain informa-1 tion relating to child abuse or neglect, abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult, and misappropriation of property with respect to individuals convicted of certain offenses 4 pursuant to this code, when the victim of the crime is a 5 6 child or an incapacitated adult, to include:
- (1) First or second degree murder pursuant to section 8 one, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 9 (2) Voluntary manslaughter pursuant to section four, 10 article two, chapter sixty-one of this code;

- 11 (3) Attempt to kill or injure by poison pursuant to section seven, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code:
- 13 (4) Malicious or unlawful assault pursuant to section nine, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 15 (5) Assault during commission of or attempt to com-16 mit a felony pursuant to section ten, article two, chapter 17 sixty-one of this code;
- 18 (6) Extortion by threats pursuant to section thirteen, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 20 (7) Abduction of a person or kidnapping or conceal-21 ing a child pursuant to section fourteen, article two, chap-22 ter sixty-one of this code;
- 23 (8) Enticing away or otherwise kidnapping any person 24 pursuant to section fourteen-a, article two, chapter 25 sixty-one of this code;
- 26 (9) A misdemeanor or felony sexual offense pursuant 27 to article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 28 (10) Filming of sexually explicit conduct of minors 29 pursuant to article eight-c, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 30 (11) Misdemeanor or felony child abuse pursuant to 31 article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of this code;
- 32 (12) A violent crime against the elderly which is an 33 offense under the provisions of section nine or ten, article 34 two, chapter sixty-one of this code which is subject to the 35 sentencing provisions of section ten-a of said article two; 36 or
- 37 (13) A property offense pursuant to article three, chapter sixty-one of this code, with respect to a child in a 38 39 residential care facility or an incapacitated adult in a resi-40 dential care facility or a child or an incapacitated adult 41 who is a recipient of home care services, when the individ-42 ual committing the offense was providing services for 43 compensation in the residential care facility or within the 44 home.

- 45 (b) The prosecuting attorneys in each of the fifty-five 46 counties within the state, upon conviction of a misdemean-47 or, a felony or a lesser included misdemeanor offense for 48 those specific offenses set forth in subsection (a) of this 49 section, shall report the conviction to the central abuse 50 registry, together with such additional information, provid-51 ed in such form, as may be required by the criminal iden-52 tification bureau for registry purposes. Reporting proce-53 dures shall be developed by the criminal identification bureau in conjunction with the prosecuting attorneys' 54 55 institute and the office of the administrator of the supreme 56 court of appeals.
- 57 (c) Information relating to convictions prior to the 58 effective date of this section of a misdemeanor or a felony 59 constituting child abuse or abuse or neglect of an incapac-60 itated adult shall, to the extent which is feasible and practicable, be placed on the central abuse registry. When any 61 62 requester requests information related to a named individ-63 ual, the criminal identification bureau may search and release other information maintained by the bureau to 64 65 determine whether that individual has been convicted of 66 offenses which are subject to inclusion on the registry.

### §15-2C-4. Disclosure of information.

(a) The information contained in the central abuse 1 registry is confidential, and may not be disclosed except as 2 specifically provided in this section. The criminal identifi-3 4 cation bureau shall disclose the information described in 5 subdivisions (1) through (3) and subdivision (5), subsec-6 tion (b), section two of this article to any requester, except 7 that the name of the victim of the act alleged shall not appear on the information disclosed and shall be stricken 8 from any statement filed by an individual. The depart-9 10 ment of health and human resources shall certify, not later than fifteen days following the effective date of this sec-11 tion, the list of requesters authorized to obtain registry 12 information, and shall inform the criminal identification 13 bureau promptly of subsequent additions and deletions 14 from the list. The information contained in the registry 15

16 with respect to an individual shall be provided to that indi-17 vidual promptly upon request. Individuals on the registry 18 requesting registry information shall be afforded the op-19 portunity to file statements correcting any misstatements 20 or inaccuracies contained in the registry. The criminal 21 identification bureau may disclose registry information to 22 authorized law-enforcement and governmental agencies of 23 the United States and its territories, of foreign states and of 24 the state of West Virginia upon proper request stating that 25 the information requested is necessary in the interest of 26 and will be used solely in the administration of official 27 duties and the criminal laws. Agreements with other states 28 providing for the reciprocal sharing of abuse registry 29 information are specifically authorized.

30 (b) An active file on requests for information by re-31 questers shall be maintained by the criminal identification 32 bureau for a period of one year from the date of a re-33 quest. If an individual who is the subject of the request is 34 placed on the registry with respect to any conviction with-35 in one year of the date of the request, that information 36 shall promptly be disclosed to the requester.

### §15-2C-5. Expungement of registry listing.

Registry listings of abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property with respect to an individual shall promptly be expunged in cases where a conviction is vacated or overturned following appeal by a court having jurisdiction; where the record of a conviction is expunged by a court having jurisdiction; or in cases where the individual so convicted is granted executive elemency with respect to the conviction.

#### §15-2C-6. Fees.

The criminal identification bureau may charge, and any requester shall pay a user charge of ten dollars for each request for information made by a requester to the central abuse registry. In order to expedite requests by requesters, the criminal identification bureau may establish a procedure permitting service providers to deposit funds

- 7 with the bureau in anticipation of requests. Fees pursuant
- 8 to this section shall be paid into a special account in the
- 9 state treasury to be expended for registry purposes: Pro-
- 10 vided, That for and after the fiscal year ending the thirtieth
- 11 day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight, all
- 12 expenditures shall be made in accordance with appropria-
- 13 tion by the Legislature. Amounts collected which are
- 14 found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for
- 15 central abuse registry purposes may be transferred to
- 16 other accounts or funds and redesignated for other pur-
- 17 poses by appropriation of the Legislature.

# §15-2C-7. Registration of home care agencies required; form of registration; information to be provided.

- 1 (a) In order to permit providers of home care services 2 not otherwise required to be licensed, certified or regis-
- 3 tered with the department of health and human resources
- 4 by other provision of this code to access information in
- 5 the central abuse registry, all home care service providers
- 6 not currently licensed, certified or registered by the de-
- 7 partment shall register with the office of health facilities
- 8 licensure and certification. No fee may be charged for
- 9 registration. Registration information shall be provided 10 on a registration form, but no provision of information
- 11 shall be deemed to meet the registration requirement until
- 12 the signature of the service provider is recorded on the
- 13 registration form.
- (b) Information required for registration shall includethe following:
- (1) Name, address and telephone number of the ser-vice provider;
- 18 (2) The geographic area where services are provided 19 to consumers, the number of homes where services are
- 20 provided and the number of consumers provided service;
- 21 and
- 22 (3) The services, such as nursing care or personal assistance, provided to consumers.

#### §15-2C-8. Service provider responsibilities.

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All residential care facilities, day care centers and home care service providers authorized to operate in West Virginia shall:

- (1) Provide notice to current employees of the agency and other persons providing services under a contract with the agency within sixty days of the effective date of this article, and provide notice to any newly hired employee or person at the time an employment or contractual relationship is entered into, which notice shall be in the following form: "NOTICE: All service providers in the state of West Virginia are subject to provisions of law creating a central abuse registry. Any person providing services for compensation to children or to incapacitated adults, who is convicted of a misdemeanor or felony offense constituting abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property of a child or an incapacitated adult, is subject to listing on the central abuse registry. The fact that a person is listed on the registry may be disclosed in specific instances provided by law. Listing on the registry may limit future employment opportunities, including opportunities for employment with residential care facilities, day care centers and home care agencies. It is the policy of \_ [name of agency] to promptly report all suspected instances of abuse, neglect or misappropriation of property to the proper authorities and to cooperate fully in the prosecution of these offenses."
  - (2) Cooperate fully with law enforcement, prosecuting attorneys and court personnel in criminal prosecutions of acts of child abuse or neglect or abuse or neglect of an incapacitated adult.
  - (3) Respond promptly to all requests by other service providers for references for former or present employees of the agency, which response may include a subjective assessment as to whether the individual for whom the reference is sought is suited to provide services to children or incapacitated adults.

## CHAPTER 55. ACTIONS, SUITS AND ARBITRATION; JUDICIAL SALE.

#### ARTICLE 7. ACTIONS FOR INJURIES.

§55-7-18. Limiting liability of home care service providers, day care centers and residential care facilities disclosing certain employment information.

- When a residential care facility required to be regis-1 tered, licensed or certified under the laws of the state, a 3 licensed day care center, or an agency providing services in the home to children or incapacitated adults is asked to 4 provide an employment reference with respect to a named 5 individual who provided services to children or incapacitated adults for compensation, no person shall be liable for disclosing information related to the named individual's 8 employment history, including a subjective assessment of 10 whether the named individual is suited to provide services to children or incapacitated adults, unless it is alleged and 11 proven that the information disclosed was false and dis-12
- 13 closed with knowledge that the information was false.

### **CHAPTER 2**

(H. B. 4344—By Delegates Beach and Riggs)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, six and ten, article two-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to agriculture; inspection of meat and poultry; definitions; inspections; additional prohibitions; and criminal offenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, six and ten, article two-b, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2B. INSPECTION OF MEAT AND POULTRY.

§19-2B-2. Definitions.

§19-2B-6. Inspection, marking, labeling, branding, etc.; quarantine; segregation; scheduling of operations; disposition of carcasses, etc.; reinspection; health examination; rejection tags.

§19-2B-10. Additional prohibitions.

#### §19-2B-2. Definitions.

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- Unless the context in which used clearly requires a different meaning, as used in this article:
- (a) "Department" means the department of agriculture
   of the state of West Virginia;
- 5 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri-6 culture of the state of West Virginia and duly authorized 7 representatives;
- 8 (c) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corpo-9 ration, association, or other entity;
  - (d) "Contract veterinarian" means a graduate of a school of veterinary medicine accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association who provides services for the department under contract;
  - (e) "Veterinary supervisor" means a graduate of a school of veterinary medicine accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association, employed by the department and authorized by the commissioner to perform on his or her behalf any inspection and supervisory functions under this article;
- 20 (f) "Inspector" means an individual employed by the 21 department and authorized by the commissioner to per-22 form on his or her behalf any inspection functions under 23 this article:
- 24 (g) "State inspection" means inspection services con-25 ducted by the department at or in connection with estab-26 lishments required to be licensed by this article;
- 27 (h) "W. Va. condemned," or abbreviation thereof, 28 means the animal or poultry so marked has been inspected 29 and found to be in a dying condition, or to be affected

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- with any other condition or disease that would require condemnation of its carcass;
- 32 (i) "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or abbreviation 33 thereof, means that the carcass, meat product or poultry 34 product, so marked or so identified, is adulterated and 35 shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by the com-36 missioner;
  - (j) "W. Va. retained" means that the carcass, meat product or poultry product or any ingredient used in processing, or any direct or indirect container used for meat products or poultry products so identified is held for further examination by a veterinary supervisor or contract veterinarian to determine its disposal;
  - (k) "W. Va. suspect" means that the animal or poultry so marked and identified is suspected of being affected with a disease or condition which may require its condemnation, in whole or in part, when slaughtered, and is subject to further examination by a contract veterinarian or veterinary supervisor to determine its disposal;
  - (l) "W. Va. inspected and passed," or abbreviation thereof, means that the carcass, meat product or poultry product so marked or so identified, was at the time it was so marked or so identified found to be wholesome;
  - (m) "Country" when used in the name of a meat product or poultry product means that such meat product or poultry product was actually prepared on a farm;
  - (n) "Federal inspection" means the meat and poultry inspection service conducted by the food safety and inspection service of the United States department of agriculture;
  - (o) "Federal Meat Inspection Act" means the act so entitled, approved March four, one thousand nine hundred seven, as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act;
  - (p) "Federal Poultry Products Inspection Act" means the act of Congress approved August twenty-eighth, one thousand nine hundred fifty-seven, as amended;

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- (q) "Inspection legend" means a mark or a statement
  on a carcass, meat product or poultry product indicating
  the same has been inspected and passed in this state under
  the provisions of this article;
  - (r) "Label" means a display of written, printed or graphic matter on a container indicating the carcass, meat product or poultry product contained therein has been inspected and passed in this state under the provisions of this article;
  - (s) "Official inspection mark" means any symbol prescribed by the commissioner for the purpose of identifying the inspection status of any meat product or poultry product so inspected;
  - (t) "Establishment number" means an official number assigned by the commissioner to each establishment and included on the inspection legend and label to identify all inspected and passed carcasses, meat product or poultry product handled in that establishment;
  - (u) "Container" and "package" shall include, but not be limited to, any box, can, tin, cloth, plastic or any other receptacle, wrapper or cover;
- (v) "Sell" means offer for sale, expose for sale, have in possession for sale, exchange, barter or trade;
- (w) "Animals" mean cattle, swine, sheep and goats;
  - (x) "Carcass" means all or any part of a slaughtered animal or poultry, including viscera, which is capable of being used for human consumption;
- 93 (y) "Meat" means the edible part of the muscle of 94 animals which is skeletal or which is found in the tongue, 95 in the diaphragm, in the heart or in the esophagus, with or without the accompanying or overlying fat, and the por-96 97 tions of bone, skin, sinew nerve and blood vessels which 98 normally accompany the muscle tissue and which are not separated from it in the process of dressing; it does not 99 include the muscle found in the lips, snout or ears; 100
- 101 (z) "Meat food product" means any article of food for 102 human consumption or any article which enters into the

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- 103 composition of food for human consumption, which is derived or prepared in whole or in part from any portion 104 105 of any animal except organotherapeutic substances, meat 106 juices, meat extract and the like which are only for medici-107 nal purposes and are advertised only to the medical profession; any edible part of the carcass which has been 108 109 manufactured, cured, smoked, processed or otherwise 110 treated shall be considered a meat food product;
- 111 (aa) "Meat by-product" means any edible part of an 112 animal or poultry other than meat or meat food product;
- (bb) "Meat product" means any meat, meat food product, and meat by-product capable of use as human food;
  - (cc) "Poultry" means any domesticated bird which is used or intended to be used for human consumption;
- (dd) "Poultry meat" means the carcass or parts of such carcass of any poultry;
- 119 (ee) "Poultry food product" means any product of 120 poultry, other than eggs, capable of use as human food 121 which is made wholly or in part from any poultry meat or 122 other portion of the carcass of poultry;
  - (ff) "Poultry by-product" means any part or parts of poultry, other than eggs, capable of use as human food, other than poultry carcass which have been derived from one or more birds;
- (gg) "Poultry product" means any poultry meat, poultry food product, and poultry by-product capable of use as human food;
- (hh) "Process" means to cut up, bone, chop, mix, grind, slice, cook, smoke, cure, salt, marinate, dry, can, or otherwise manufacture, or package any meat product or poultry product;
- (ii) "Denature" means the uniform application of sufficient quantities of crude carbolic acid, cresylic disinfectant, or any other agent approved by the commissioner upon and into the freely slashed flesh of any carcass or product condemned;

- 139 (jj) "Decharacterization" means the uniform applica-140 tion of sufficient quantities of dye, charcoal, malodorous 141 fish oil, or any other agent approved by the commissioner, 142 upon and into the freely slashed flesh of carcasses or meat not being rendered, so as to unequivocally preclude its use 143 144 for human food:
- 145 (kk) "Inedible" means the carcass, meat product or 146 poultry product derived from 4-D or condemned animals 147 or poultry, or meat products or poultry products which 148 have deteriorated or are otherwise unfit for human con-149 sumption;
- (ll) "4-D animal or 4-D poultry" means an animal or 150 151 poultry that is dead, dying, down or diseased on arrival at 152 the slaughterhouse;

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- (mm) "Commercial slaughterer" means a person en-154 gaged for profit in this state in the business of slaughtering animals or poultry for human consumption which are 156 to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet 157 or establishment, and shall include a person who in addition to such commercial slaughtering also engages in the 159 business of a custom slaughterer;
- (nn) "Custom slaughterer" means a person engaged 161 for profit in this state in the business of slaughtering ani-162 mals or poultry for human consumption which are not to 163 be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet, 164 commercial establishment, distributor, or to an individual, 165 and shall include the boning or cutting up of carcasses of 166 such animals or poultry and the grinding, chopping and mixing of the carcasses thereof;
- 168 (00) "Slaughterhouse" shall include, but not be limited 169 to, all buildings, structures and facilities used in the 170 slaughtering of animals or poultry for human consump-171 tion;
- 172 (pp) "Distributor" means a person engaged for profit 173 in this state in the business where carcasses, meat products 174 or poultry products are received from state inspected es-175 tablishments, or establishments inspected by the United 176 States department of agriculture and who stores and dis-

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- tributes to commercial outlets, processors or individuals 177 178 and who conducts no processing;
- 179 (qq) "Processor" means a person who engages for profit in this state in the business of processing carcasses, 180 181 meat products or poultry products for human consump-182 tion;
- 183 (rr) "Commercial processor" means a processor for 184 commercial outlets or distributors and shall include the business of custom processing; 185
- 186 (ss) "Custom processor" means a processor in which 187 the carcass, meat products or poultry products derived 188 through processing cannot be sold or offered for sale 189 through a commercial outlet, commercial establishment, 190 distributor, or to an individual;
- 191 (tt) "Processing plant" shall include, but not be limited 192 to, all buildings, structures, chill rooms, aging rooms, pro-193 cessing rooms, sanitary facilities, other facilities, and utensils, used by or in connection with the operations of a 194 195 processor:
- 196 (uu) "Establishment" means any slaughterhouse, pro-197 cessing plant or distributor in this state;
  - (vv) "Related industries" means rendering plants, refrigerated meat warehouses, food lockers, meat and poultry wholesalers, brokers, pet food manufacturers, other animal food manufacturers, animal impoundments whose main source of food supply is derived from the raw meats, transportation firms and private carriers;
  - (ww) "Commercial outlet" means a place of business in this state and shall include all retail stores and public eating places in which carcasses, meat products or poultry products are stored, sold or offered for sale for human consumption by the purchaser or other individual consumers:
- (xx) "Commercial dealer" means any person who 210 211 operates one or more commercial outlets and who sells or offers for sale thereat any carcasses, meat products or poultry products for human consumption, and who does 213 not can, cook, cure, dry, smoke or render any carcass,

meat products or poultry products at such outlets and who conducts no slaughtering or preparing of carcasses, meat products or poultry products at such outlets other than boning or cutting up of carcasses, and other than grinding, chopping and mixing operations at such outlets with respect to trim or meat derived only from such boning or cutting up operations;

- (yy) "Custom slaughtered carcass, meat or poultry" or custom processed meat products or poultry products" mean, respectively, carcasses, meat products or poultry products which were slaughtered, or processed by a custom slaughterer;
- 227 (zz) "Wholesome" means sound, healthful, clean, and otherwise fit for human consumption;
- 229 (aaa) "Adulterated" means and shall apply to any 230 carcass, part thereof, meat product or poultry product 231 under one or more of the following circumstances:

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- (1) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance, such carcass, meat product or poultry product shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance in or on such carcass, meat product or poultry product does not ordinarily render it injurious to health;
  - (2) (A) If it bears or contains (by reason of administration of any substance to the live animal or poultry or otherwise) any added poisonous or added deleterious substance (other than one which is a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; a food additive; or a color additive) which may, in the judgment of the commissioner make such carcass, meat product or poultry product unfit for human food;
  - (B) If it is, in whole or in part, a raw agricultural commodity and such commodity bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;

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- 251 (C) If it bears or contains any food additive which is 252 unsafe within the meaning of the federal Food, Drug and 253 Cosmetic Act;
- 254 (D) If it bears or contains any color additive which is 255 unsafe within the meaning of the federal Food, Drug and 256 Cosmetic Act: Provided, That a carcass, meat product or 257 poultry product which is not adulterated under paragraph 258 (B), (C) or (D) of this subsection, shall nevertheless be 259 deemed adulterated if use of the pesticide chemical, food 260 additive, or color additive in or on such carcass, meat 261 product or poultry product is prohibited by rules in estab-262 lishments at which inspection is maintained:
- 263 (3) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, pu-264 trid, or decomposed substance or is for any other reason 265 unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome, or otherwise unfit for 266 human food;
- 267 (4) If it has been processed, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth or pathogenic microorganisms, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health;
- 271 (5) If it is, in whole or in part, the product of an ani-272 mal or poultry which has died otherwise than by slaughter;
  - (6) If its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health;
  - (7) If it has been intentionally subjected to radiation, unless the use of the radiation was in conformity with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;
  - (8) If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom; or if any substance has been substituted, wholly or in part therefor; or if damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner; or if any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better or of greater value than it is;
    - (bbb) "Antemortem" means before death;

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- 289 (ccc) "Postmortem" means after death;
- 290 (ddd) "Reinspection" means inspection of the process-291 ing of carcass, meat products and poultry products, as well 292 as a reexamination of products previously inspected;
- 293 (eee) "Licensee" means any person licensed under the provisions of this article;
- 295 (fff) "Misbranded" applies to any carcass, meat prod-296 uct or poultry product under one or more of the following 297 circumstances:
- 298 (1) If its labeling is false or misleading in any particu-299 lar;
- 300 (2) If it is offered for sale under the name of another 301 meat product or poultry product;
- 302 (3) If it is an imitation of another meat product or poultry product; unless its label bears, in type of uniform 304 size and prominence, the word "imitation" and immediate-305 ly thereafter, the name of the meat product or poultry product imitated;
- 307 (4) If its container is made, formed or filled as to be misleading;
  - (5) Unless it bears a label showing: (A) The name and place of business of the establishment; and (B) an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight, measure or numerical count;
  - (6) If any word, statement or other information required by or under authority of this article to appear on the label or other labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs or devices, in the labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;
- 321 (7) If it purports to be or is represented as a meat 322 product or poultry product for which a definition and 323 standard of identity or composition has been prescribed 324 by rules promulgated by the commissioner unless: (A) It 325 conforms to such definition and standards; and (B) its 326 label bears the name of the meat product or poultry prod-

- uct specified in the definition and standard of identity and the common names of optional ingredients (other than spices, flavoring and coloring) present in such products;
- 330 (8) If it is not subject to the provisions of subsection 331 (7), unless its label bears: (A) The common or usual name 332 of the meat product or poultry product, if any there be, and (B) in case it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, the common or usual name of each such ingredient; 335 except that spices, flavorings and colorings may be designated as such without naming each;
- 337 (9) If it purports to be or is represented for special 338 dietary uses, unless its label bears such information con-339 cerning its vitamin, mineral and other dietary properties as 340 the commissioner determines to be necessary in order 341 fully to inform purchasers as to its value for such uses;
- 342 (10) If it bears or contains any artificial flavoring, 343 artificial coloring, or chemical preservative, unless it bears 344 labeling stating that fact; or
- 345 (11) If it fails to bear, directly thereon or on its con-346 tainer, as the commissioner may by rules prescribe, the 347 inspection legend and, unrestricted by any of the forego-348 ing, such other information as the commissioner may require in such rules to assure that it will not have false or 349 350 misleading labeling and that the public will be informed 351 of the manner of handling required to maintain the meat 352 product or poultry product in a wholesome condition.

# §19-2B-6. Inspection, marking, labeling, branding, etc.; quarantine; segregation; scheduling of operations; disposition of carcasses, etc.; reinspection; health examination; rejection tags.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall provide antemortem and 2 postmortem inspection of all animals and poultry which 3 are to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial 4 outlet, establishment or distributor.
- 5 (b) The commissioner shall provide reinspection of 6 carcasses, meat products and poultry products during 7 further processing which have previously been inspected.

- 8 (c) All inspections under the provisions of this article 9 shall be performed in accordance with reasonable rules 10 promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (d) The commissioner shall inspect all establishments under state inspection to make certain that they are operating in accordance with the provisions of this article and all reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (e) When one inspector is assigned to make inspections at two or more establishments where few animals or poultry are slaughtered, or where small quantities of carcasses, meat products or poultry products are processed, or where the operations at such establishments are sporadic, and such establishments in any of such cases are in reasonable close proximity to one another, the commissioner, giving full consideration to the convenience of the licensees of such establishments and considering the available inspection work force, may by written notice to such licensees specify a reasonable schedule for such operations: *Provided*, That the commissioner may not require operations other than during normal working hours.
  - (f) Every conveyance used by any establishment under state inspection, and, notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this article, every conveyance used by any slaughterhouse, processing plant or distributor inspected by the United States department of agriculture, for the transportation of carcasses, meat products or poultry products shall be maintained in a clean and sanitary condition and may be inspected in accordance with the provisions of this article and reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (g) The commissioner shall require such quarantine and segregation of animals or poultry, carcasses, meat products or poultry products in establishments as is deemed necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article.
  - (h) The head, tongue, tail, thymus glands, viscera, blood and other parts of any slaughtered animal shall be retained in such a manner as to preserve their identity until after the postmortem inspection has been completed.

- (i) Each licensee shall pay for such devices for the affixing of marks, brands, or stamps and for such labels as may be prescribed for his or her establishment by the commissioner. Such devices and labels shall be under the exclusive control and supervision of the commissioner. The label used by any licensee shall be of the form and size prescribed by reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner.
  - (j) Each animal carcass that has been inspected and passed in this state by the commissioner shall be marked at the time of inspection with the inspection legend. Any animal or poultry carcass which is not passed shall be marked conspicuously by the commissioner at the time of inspection in the following manner: "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or any abbreviation thereof.
  - (k) Each primal part of an animal carcass that has been inspected and passed shall be marked with the inspection legend, and each liver, beef heart and beef tongue that has been inspected and passed shall be branded with the inspection legend at the time of final inspection. Meat that has been boned out, cut from primal parts or otherwise changed so that the inspection legend is no longer plainly visible, and meat products and poultry products that are too small to be marked with the inspection legend shall be packed in closed containers to which shall be affixed the label indicating that the meat products or poultry products contained therein have been inspected and passed. Upon removal of the contents of such containers bearing such label, the label shall be defaced to prevent its reuse.
  - (1) All carcasses, and meat products which have been derived from an animal slaughtered by a custom slaughterer or processed by a custom slaughterer or custom processor shall be marked "W. Va. custom slaughtered" in letters not less than three eighths of an inch in height.
  - (m) Each official inspection mark shall contain the establishment number of the establishment involved, unless otherwise authorized by rules promulgated by the commissioner.

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(n) The commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to seize and destroy: (1) Any animal or poultry to be slaughtered in this state and thereafter sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor which cannot be made fit for human consumption; (2) any animal or poultry, carcass, meat product or poultry product slaughtered or processed in this state in violation of the provisions of this article or any reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner; (3) any carcass, meat product or poultry product that does not bear an inspection legend or label provided for by this article or which has not been inspected and passed under inspection provided by the United States department of agriculture and which is intended to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor; and (4) any animal or poultry, carcass, meat product or poultry product which is adulterated.

Where appropriate, the commissioner may, in lieu of destruction as aforesaid, denature, decharacterize, mutilate or slash any carcass, meat product or poultry product intended to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor. The commissioner is also authorized and empowered to seize and retain under a retained tag any animal or poultry, carcass, meat product or poultry product until the commissioner determines to destroy, denature, decharacterize, mutilate, slash or release the same. Whenever the commissioner is authorized or empowered to take any of the actions specified in this subsection, he or she may order and direct the person having custody or possession of such animal or poultry, carcass, meat product or poultry product, or the licensee of the establishment in which it is found, to be responsible for the disposition thereof, as well as any necessary storage, handling or other incidentals related thereto. Such disposition shall be carried out only under the direction and supervision of the commissioner.

(o) Whenever practicable, the commissioner shall forego the actions authorized in the immediately preceding subsection and permit reprocessing if such reprocessing will correct or eliminate the conditions which would have justified any of such actions. Any such reprocessing in

- this state shall be under the supervision of the commissioner.
- 129 (p) Whenever the commissioner has good cause to 130 believe that any carcass, meat product or poultry product 131 whether fresh, frozen, or processed, and which is intended 132 to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet 133 or distributor, may be adulterated or otherwise injurious to 134 health, he or she may inspect or reinspect the same under 135 the provisions of this article and any reasonable rules 136 promulgated by him or her, even though such carcass. 137 meat product or poultry product may have been previous-138 ly inspected and passed.
- 139 (q) No licensee shall employ in any establishment any 140 person who has any communicable disease or infected wounds or who is a carrier of any communicable disease. 141 142 To enforce the provisions of this subsection, the commis-143 sioner may require any employee or prospective employee to submit to a health examination by a physician and 144 145 furnish to the commissioner a certificate from such physi-146 cian concerning his or her findings. The cost of conduct-147 ing such examination and furnishing such certificate shall be borne by the licensee concerned. 148

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- (r) Whenever the commissioner inspects any room, compartment, equipment or utensil in any establishment subject to state inspection and finds the same not to be clean and sanitary or finds the same to be otherwise unsuitable for the slaughtering or processing operations carried on in such establishment, he or she shall affix thereto a rejection tag or rejection notice. No such rejected room, compartment, equipment or utensil shall be used until the deficiencies requiring such rejection shall have been fully and completely corrected and the rejection tag or rejection notice has been removed. No person other than the commissioner shall remove any such rejection tag or notice.
- (s) When any animal or poultry, carcass, meat product or poultry product has been inspected hereunder, the appropriate official inspection mark shall be affixed thereto, and no person shall remove the same unless authorized so to do by the commissioner.

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#### §19-2B-10. Additional prohibitions.

- In addition to any other prohibitions contained in this 1 2 article, it shall be unlawful:
- 3 (a) For any person to operate any establishment under 4 state inspection which is not clean and sanitary;
- 5 (b) To slaughter any adulterated animal or poultry intended to be sold or offered for sale through a commer-6 cial outlet or distributor;
- (c) To sell or offer for sale through a commercial 8 9 outlet or distributor any carcass, meat product or poultry product for human consumption which is adulterated; 10
- 11 (d) To slaughter for human consumption any animal or poultry tagged or permanently identified as "W. Va. 12 condemned," or abbreviation thereof; 13
- (e) To process, sell or offer for sale for human consumption any carcass, meat product or poultry product 15 which is mislabeled with intent to deceive or which is 16 marked "W. Va. inspected and condemned," or abbrevia-17 tion thereof:
  - (f) To process in an establishment under state inspection for sale through any commercial outlet or distributor any carcass, meat product or poultry product intended for human consumption and derived in whole or in part from any calf, pig, kid, lamb, chicken or turkey which is so immature as to be lacking in nutritional value;
  - (g) To knowingly or intentionally expose any carcass, meat product and poultry product in any establishment under state inspection to insects, live animals or any contamination:
- (h) To add kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or 29 other equine meat to any animal meat, meat product or 30 poultry product and to be sold or offered for sale through 31 commercial outlets or distributors for human consump-32 33 tion:
- (i) To remove any hide, skin or any other part of an 34 unborn or stillborn animal in the confines of a room in an 35 establishment where any animals or poultry, carcasses, 36

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- meat products or poultry products are slaughtered or processed, as the case may be, or to be sold or offered for sale through a commercial outlet or distributor;
  - (j) To process for human consumption in any establishment subject to state inspection any carcass, meat product and poultry product derived from any animal or poultry which died other than by slaughter;
  - (k) To transport to any commercial outlet or distributor for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale therein, any carcass, meat product or poultry product which is not marked, branded or stamped as having been inspected and passed by the commissioner or by the United States department of agriculture;
  - (l) For any commercial outlet or distributor to receive, for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale therein, any carcass, meat product or poultry product which is not marked, branded or stamped as having been inspected and passed by the commissioner or by the United States department of agriculture;
  - (m) To slaughter any horse, mule or other equine in any establishment under state inspection in which animals or poultry are slaughtered for human consumption for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale through commercial outlets;
  - (n) To bring any kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or other equine meat into any establishment under state inspection where animal or poultry carcasses, meat products or poultry products are processed for human consumption for the purpose of being sold or offered for sale through commercial outlets;
  - (o) To transport, process, sell or offer for sale any kangaroo meat, horse meat, mule meat or other equine meat within this state for human consumption unless it is conspicuously and plainly identified or stamped as such;
  - (p) For any person to use an establishment number not assigned to him or her or to use an establishment number in connection with operations concerning which a different establishment number was assigned by the commissioner;

- 76 (q) To remove from any article any retained tag affixed by the commissioner, unless such removal is authorized by him or her:
  - (r) To remove from any room, compartment, equipment or utensil any rejection tag or rejection notice affixed by the commissioner, unless such removal is authorized by him or her;
  - (s) For a licensee to use any container bearing an official inspection mark unless it contains the exact carcass, meat product or poultry product which was in the container at the time such contents were inspected and passed: *Provided*, That such a container may be otherwise used if such official inspection mark thereon is removed, obliterated or destroyed, and such other use is authorized by reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner;
  - (t) For any person, other than the commissioner, to possess, keep or use, except as authorized by the commissioner, any label or device for the affixing of a mark, brand or stamp prescribed for inspection purposes hereunder;
  - (u) For any person, with intent to deceive, to possess, keep or use any label, mark, brand or stamp similar in character or import to an official label, mark, brand or stamp prescribed by the commissioner hereunder or to an official label, mark, brand or stamp used by the United States department of agriculture;
- (v) To falsely make, falsely issue, falsely publish, alter, forge, simulate or counterfeit any inspection certificate, memorandum, label, mark, brand, or stamp, or device for making an inspection mark, brand or stamp, or to possess, keep or use the same, with intent to deceive;
- (w) For any person to refuse to permit the commissioner to enter and inspect at any time, upon presentation of appropriate credentials, an establishment under state inspection, or to interfere with any such lawful entry or inspection;
- (x) For any person to refuse to permit the commissioner, upon presentation of appropriate credentials, to examine and copy the records described in section five of this article:

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- 116 (y) For a person to prevent or fail to decharacterize or denature carcasses, meat products or poultry products as 118 prescribed by reasonable rules promulgated by the commissioner;
- 120 (z) For a person to transport offal, blood, or inedible 121 and condemned parts of animal and poultry carcasses 122 from slaughterhouses, processing plants or other related 123 industries: Provided. That such products may be trans-124 ported if placed in suitable containers with tight covers, or 125 watertight tanks so as not to contaminate the public high-126 ways or private roadways while going to or from the 127 points of pickup:
- 128 (aa) For a person to store offal, blood, or inedible and 129 condemned parts of animal and poultry carcasses from 130 slaughterhouses, processing plants or other related indus-131 tries during interim transit movement in refrigerated ware-132 houses, food lockers or other related industries: Provided. 133 That such products may be otherwise stored if properly marked "NOT FOR HUMAN FOOD" "FOR ANIMAL 134 135 FOOD ONLY" and identified as approved products to be 136 used for animal food:
  - (bb) For a person knowingly to deliver, a dead or dying animal or poultry to an establishment in this state;
  - (cc) For any person to transport carcasses, meat products and poultry products that are intended for human consumption in a manner which would permit the products to become adulterated;
  - (dd) For any person who forcibly assaults, resists, opposes, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with the commissioner or his or her representative while engaged in or on account of the performances of his or her official duties;
  - (ee) For any person to deliver, with intent to deceive, any graded meat product or poultry product to a state institution that does not meet the grade specifications for that grade when a specified grade is required in a contract.

# **CHAPTER 3**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4106—By Delegates Kiss and Riggs)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and two, article seven, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to state aid for fairs; increasing the amount of state aid for certain exhibits encouraging agriculture; and increasing the aggregate amount authorized in each county.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and two, article seven, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7. STATE AID FOR FAIRS.

§19-7-1. Amount of state aid.

§19-7-2. State aid where more than one fair in county.

# §19-7-1. Amount of state aid.

- 1 For the purpose of encouraging agriculture, any in-
- 2 corporated agricultural association conforming to the
- 3 requirements of this article shall receive from the state of
- 4 West Virginia an annual sum equal to the amount paid by
- 5 the association for exhibits of agriculture, horticulture,
- 6 flora culture, livestock and home economics at its annual
- 7 exhibition not to exceed twenty thousand dollars.

# §19-7-2. State aid where more than one fair in county.

- In case there is more than one association holding
- 2 annual exhibitions in a county and eligible to receive the
- 3 benefits of this article, the association is entitled to receive
- 4 from the state a sum, not exceeding in the aggregate fifty
- 5 thousand dollars, to be apportioned among the associa-
- 6 tions according to the amount paid for the exhibits as are
- 7 mentioned in section one of this article, at the annual exhi-
- 8 bition of the associations.

# **CHAPTER 4**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4472-By Delegates Beach and Riggs)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and nine, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to removing licensing requirements and fees for agents of nurserymen or dealers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and nine, article twelve, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 12. INSECT PESTS, PLANT DISEASES AND NOXIOUS WEEDS.

- §19-12-2. Definitions.
- §19-12-9. Certificate of registration for nurserymen, dealers, etc.; refusal, suspension, etc., of certificates; annual registration fees.

#### §19-12-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following definitions shall apply in the interpreta-
- 2 tion and enforcement of this article. All words shall be
- 3 construed to import either the plural or the singular, as the
- 4 case demands:
- 5 (a) "Certificate" means a document issued or autho-
- 6 rized by the commissioner indicating that a regulated
- 7 article is not contaminated with a pest.
- 8 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agri-
- 9 culture of the state of West Virginia and his or her duly
- 10 authorized representatives.
- 11 (c) "Compliance agreement" means a written agree-
- 12 ment between the department and any person engaged in

- growing, handling or moving articles, plants or plant products regulated under this article, wherein the person agrees to comply with stipulated requirements.
- 16 (d) "Dealer" means any person who buys, receives on 17 consignment or otherwise acquires and has in his or her 18 possession nursery stock which that person has not grown 19 from propagative material such as tissue culture plants, 20 cuttings, liners, seeds or transplanted nursery stock for the 21 purpose of offering or exposing for sale, reselling, reship-22 ping or distributing same. Each separate location shall 23 constitute a dealership.
- (e) "Department" means the department of agricultureof the state of West Virginia.
- 26 (f) "Genetically modified organism" means any organ-27 ism altered or produced through genetic modification 28 from a donor, vector or recipient organism using modern 29 molecular techniques.
- 30 (g) "Host" means any plant or plant product upon 31 which a pest is dependent for completion of any portion 32 of its life cycle.
- 33 (h) "Infested area" means any area of uncontrolled 34 growth of insects, plant diseases, noxious weeds or other 35 plant pests.
- 36 (i) "Noxious weed" means any living plant, or part 37 thereof, declared by the commissioner, after public hear-38 ing, to be detrimental to crops, other desirable plants, wa-39 terways, livestock, land or other property, or to be injuri-40 ous to public health or the economy.
- 41 (j) "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or in 42 which nursery stock is being propagated or grown for sale 43 or distribution, including any grounds or premises on or 44 in which nursery stock is being fumigated, treated, packed 45 or stored or otherwise prepared or offered for sale or 46 movement to other localities.

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- 47 (k) "Nurseryman" means and includes any person who 48 owns, leases, manages or is in charge of a nursery.
- (l) "Nursery stock" means all trees, shrubs and woody 50 vines, including ornamentals, bush fruits, grapevines, fruit trees and nut trees, whether cultivated, native or wild, and 52 all buds, grafts, scions, fruit pits and cuttings from such plants. It also means sod, including sod plugs and sod-producing plants, and such herbaceous plants, including strawberry plants, narcissus plants and narcissus bulbs 56 as the commissioner declares by rule to be so included whenever he or she considers control of the movement of 57 58 such plants and bulbs necessary for the control of any destructive plant pest. Florists' or greenhouse plants for inside culture or use, unless declared otherwise by the commissioner, as herein authorized, shall not be considered nursery stock, except that all woody plants, whether 63 greenhouse or field grown, if for outside planting, are hereby defined as nursery stock.
  - (m) "Permit" means a document issued or authorized by the commissioner to provide for a movement of regulated articles to restricted destinations for limited handling, utilization or processing.
  - (n) "Person" means any individual or combination of individuals, partnership, corporation, company, society, association, governmental organization or other business entity and each officer, agent or employee thereof.
  - (o) "Plant and plant products" means trees, shrubs, vines; forage, fiber, cereal plants and all other plants; cuttings, grafts, scions, buds and lumber and all other parts of plants and plant products; and fruit, vegetables, roots, bulbs, seeds and wood.
  - (p) "Plant pest" means any living stage of: Any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa or other invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, other parasitic plants or reproductive parts thereof, viruses or any organisms similar to or allied with any of the foregoing, or any infectious substances, and any genetically modified organisms

- for which there is reason to believe may directly or indi-84
- rectly injure or cause disease or damage in any plants or 85
- parts thereof, or any processed, manufactured or other 86
- products of plants. 87
- (q) "Quarantine" means a legal declaration by the 88 89 commissioner which specifies:
- 90 (1) The plant pest or noxious weeds.
- 91 (2) The articles to be regulated.
- 92 (3) Conditions governing movement.
- 93 (4) The area or areas quarantined.
- (5) Exemptions. 94
- 95 (r) "Regulated article" means any article of any char-
- acter, as described in quarantine or other order of the 96
- commissioner carrying or capable of carrying a pest. 97

## §19-12-9. Certificate of registration for nurserymen, dealers, etc.; refusal, suspension, etc., of certificates; annual registration fees.

- It shall be unlawful for any nurseryman or dealer to 1 expose or offer for sale, sell, deliver or give away any 2 plants or parts of plants commonly known as nursery 3 stock unless such person shall have first secured from the 4 commissioner a certificate of registration. The commis-5
- sioner may refuse, suspend or cancel any certificate upon 6
- satisfactory evidence that any of the provisions of this 7
- article or rules governing the sale of nursery stock within 8
- the state have been violated. The commissioner shall for 9
- 10 each certificate of registration issued and for each renewal
- thereof, collect an annual registration fee in the amount of 11
- ten dollars for each nurseryman and twenty dollars for 12
- each dealer. All certificates or registration shall expire on 13
- the thirtieth day of June next after issue. 14

# **CHAPTER 5**

(H. B. 4751—By Delegates Beach and Riggs, By Request)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section nine-a, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to reducing the number of days an animal which has bitten a person must be quarantined for rabies observation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section nine-a, article twenty, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 20. DOGS AND CATS.

# §19-20-9a. Dogs, cats, etc.; rabies observation.

domesticated animal, whether licensed or unlicensed, which bites any person, shall forthwith confine and quarantine the animal for a period of ten days for rabies observation. If such animal is not so confined and quarantined, the humane officer, dog warden or sheriff may cause such animal to be placed in the custody and

Any person who owns or harbors any dog, cat or other

- 8 care of a licensed veterinarian for such purpose at the
- 9 owner's expense. The penalty for any violation of this
- 10 section shall be a fine of fifty dollars or confinement in
- 11 the county jail for a period of no less than two nor more
- 12 than three days.

# **CHAPTER 6**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4119—By Delegate Kiss)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seven, article twenty-one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to soil conservation districts; providing for the appointment of supervisors; payment of expenses; increasing the per diem of supervisors; providing for surety bonds; and removal of supervisors.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seven, article twenty-one-a, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 21A. SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICTS.

§19-21A-7. Supervisors to constitute governing body of district; qualifications and terms of supervisors; powers and duties.

The governing body of the district shall consist of the supervisors, appointed or elected, as provided in this article. The two supervisors appointed by the committee shall be persons who are by training and experience qualified to perform the specialized skilled services which will be required of them in the performance of their duties under this section and must be legal residents and landowners of the district.

The supervisors shall designate a chairman and may, from time to time, change the designation. The term of office of each supervisor is three years. A supervisor shall hold office until his or her successor has been elected, or appointed. In case a new county or portion of a county is added to a district the committee may appoint a supervisor to represent it until such time as the next regular election of supervisors for the district takes place. In case a

vacancy occurs among the elected supervisors of a district the committee shall appoint a successor from the same county to fill the unexpired term. The appointment shall be made from a name or list of names submitted by local farm organizations and agencies. When any county or portion of a county lying within the boundaries of a district has in effect eight hundred or more signed agreements of cooperation with occupiers of land located within the county, then at the next regular election of supervisors the land occupiers within the county or portion of the county are entitled to elect two supervisors to represent the county instead of one for the term and in the manner prescribed in this section. A majority of the supervisors constitutes a quorum and the concurrence of a majority in any matter within their duties shall be required for its determination. A supervisor is entitled to expenses, and a per diem not to exceed twenty dollars when engaged in the performance of his or her duties.

The supervisors may, with the approval of the state committee, employ a secretary, technical experts, and any other officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, as they may require, and shall determine their qualifications, duties and compensation. The supervisors may delegate to their chairman, to one or more supervisors or to one or more agents, or employees, those administrative powers and duties they consider proper. The supervisors shall furnish to the state soil conservation committee, upon request, copies of the ordinances, rules, regulations, orders, contracts, forms, and other documents they adopt or employ, and any other information concerning their activities as it may require in the performance of its duties under this article.

The supervisors shall provide for the execution of surety bonds for all employees and officers who shall be entrusted with funds or property; shall provide for the keeping of a full and accurate record of all proceedings and of all resolutions, regulations and orders issued or adopted; and shall provide for an annual audit of the accounts of receipts and disbursements. Any supervisor may be removed by the state soil conservation committee

- 57 upon notice and hearing, for neglect of duty or malfea-58 sance in office, but for no other reason.
- The supervisors may invite the legislative body of any municipality or county located near the territory comprised within the district to designate a representative to advise and consult with the supervisors of a district on all questions of program and policy which may affect the property, water supply or other interests of the municipali-
- 65 ty or county.



(S. B. 585—By Senators Wooton, Anderson, Bowman, Dittmar, Grubb, Oliverio and Ross)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to alcoholic liquors; licenses to private clubs; prohibiting certain acts of licensees; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 7. LICENSES TO PRIVATE CLUBS.

### §60-7-12. Certain acts of licensee prohibited; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful for any licensee, or agent, employee 2 or member thereof, on such licensee's premises to:
- (1) Sell or offer for sale any alcoholic liquors other
   than from the original package or container;
- 5 (2) Authorize or permit any disturbance of the peace; 6 obscene, lewd, immoral or improper entertainment, con-7 duct or practice, gambling or any slot machine, multiple

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- 8 coin console machine, multiple coin console slot machine 9 or device in the nature of a slot machine;
- 10 (3) Sell, give away or permit the sale of, gift to or the 11 procurement of any nonintoxicating beer, wine or alco-12 holic liquors for or to, or permit the consumption of non-13 intoxicating beer, wine or alcoholic liquors on the licens-14 ee's premises, by any person less than twenty-one years of 15 age;
- 16 (4) Sell, give away or permit the sale of, gift to or the 17 procurement of any nonintoxicating beer, wine or alco-18 holic liquors, for or to any person known to be deemed 19 legally incompetent, or for or to any person who is physi-20 cally incapacitated due to consumption of nonintoxicating 21 beer, wine or alcoholic liquor or the use of drugs;
- 22 (5) Sell, give or dispense nonintoxicating beer, wine or 23 alcoholic liquors in or on any licensed premises or in any 24 rooms directly connected therewith, between the hours of 25 three o'clock a.m. and one o'clock p.m. on any Sunday;
- 26 (6) Permit the consumption by, or serve to, on the 27 licensed premises any nonintoxicating beer, wine or alco-28 holic liquors, covered by this article, to any person who is 29 less than twenty-one years of age;
- 30 (7) With the intent to defraud, alter, change or misrep-31 resent the quality, quantity or brand name of any alcohol-32 ic liquor;
  - (8) Sell or offer for sale any alcoholic liquor to any person who is not a duly elected or approved dues paying member in good standing of said private club or a guest of such member;
- 37 (9) Sell, offer for sale, give away, facilitate the use of 38 or allow the use of carbon dioxide, cyclopropane, ethyl39 ene, helium or nitrous oxide for purposes of human consumption except as authorized by the commissioner;
- 41 (10) (A) Employ any person who is less than eighteen 42 years of age in a position where the primary responsibility

- for such employment is to sell, furnish or give nonintoxicating beer, wine or alcoholic liquors to any person;
- (B) Employ any person who is between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one who is not directly supervised by a person aged twenty-one or over in a position where the primary responsibility for such employment is to sell, furnish or give nonintoxicating beer, wine or alcoholic liquors to any person; or
- 51 (11) Violate any reasonable rule of the commissioner.
- 52 (b) It is unlawful for any licensee to advertise in any 53 news media or other means, outside of the licensee's pre-54 mises, the fact that alcoholic liquors may be purchased 55 thereat.
- (c) Any person who violates any of the foregoing provisions is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for a period not to exceed one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

# **CHAPTER 8**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 25—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Boley) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 15, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making appropriations of public money out of the treasury in accordance with section fifty-one, article six of the constitution.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### Title

- I. General Provisions.
- II. Appropriations.
- III. Administration.

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## TITLE I-GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §1. General policy.
- §2. Definitions.
- §3. Classification of appropriations.
- §4. Method of expenditure.
- §5. Maximum expenditures.

### TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Section 1. General policy.—The purpose of this bill is to appropriate money necessary for the economical and efficient discharge of the duties and responsibilities of the state and its agencies during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.

# Sec. 2. Definitions.—For the purpose of this bill:

"Governor" shall mean the governor of the state of West Virginia.

4 "Code" shall mean the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.

"Spending unit" shall mean the department, division, office, board, commission, agency or institution to which an appropriation is made.

The "fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven" shall mean the period from the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, through the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.

"General revenue fund" shall mean the general operating fund of the state and includes all moneys received or collected by the state except as provided in section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code or as otherwise provided.

"Special revenue funds" shall mean specific revenue sources which by legislative enactments are not required to be accounted for as general revenue, including federal funds.

"From collections" shall mean that part of the totalappropriation which must be collected by the spending

- unit to be available for expenditure. If the authorized amount of collections is not collected, the total appropria-tion for the spending unit shall be reduced automatically by the amount of the deficiency in the collections. If the amount collected exceeds the amount designated "from collections", the excess shall be set aside in a special sur-plus fund and may be expended for the purpose of the spending unit as provided by article two, chapter five-a of the code.
  - Sec. 3. Classification of appropriations.—An appropriation for:

"Personal services" shall mean salaries, wages and other compensation paid to full-time, part-time and temporary employees of the spending unit but shall not include fees or contractual payments paid to consultants or to independent contractors engaged by the spending unit.

Unless otherwise specified, appropriations for "personal services" shall include salaries of heads of spending units.

"Annual increment" shall mean funds appropriated for "eligible employees" and shall be disbursed only in accordance with article five, chapter five of the code.

Funds appropriated for "annual increment" shall be transferred to "personal services" or other designated items only as required.

"Employee benefits" shall mean social security matching, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, pension and retirement contributions, public employees insurance matching, personnel fees or any other benefit normally paid by the employer as a direct cost of employment. Should the appropriation be insufficient to cover such costs, the remainder of such cost shall be transferred by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item to its "employee benefits" line item. If there is no appropriation for "employee benefits", such costs shall be transferred by each spending unit from its "personal services" line item or its "unclassified" line item. Each spending unit is hereby authorized

- and required to make such payments in accordance with
   the provisions of article two, chapter five-a of the code.
- Each spending unit shall be responsible for all contributions, payments or other costs related to coverage and claims of its employees for unemployment compensation. Such expenditures shall be considered an employee bene-

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- "Current expenses" shall mean operating costs other than personal services and shall not include equipment, repairs and alterations, buildings or lands.
- Each spending unit shall be responsible for and charged monthly for all postage meter service and shall reimburse the appropriate revolving fund monthly for all such amounts. Such expenditures shall be considered a current expense.
- "Equipment" shall mean equipment items which have an appreciable and calculable period of usefulness in excess of one year.
- "Repairs and alterations" shall mean routine maintenance and repairs to structures and minor improvements to property which do not increase the capital assets.
- "Buildings" shall include new construction and major alteration of existing structures and the improvement of lands and shall include shelter, support, storage, protection or the improvement of a natural condition.
- "Lands" shall mean the purchase of real property orinterest in real property.
  - "Capital outlay" shall mean and include buildings, lands or buildings and lands, with such category or item of appropriation to remain in effect as provided by section twelve, article three, chapter twelve of the code.
  - From appropriations made to the spending units of state government, upon approval of the governor there may be transferred to a special account an amount sufficient to match federal funds under any federal act.

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65 Appropriations classified in any of the above catego-66 ries shall be expended only for the purposes as defined 67 above and only for the spending units herein designated: 68 Provided, That the secretary of each department shall have 69 the authority to transfer within the department those gen-70 eral revenue funds appropriated to the various agencies of 71 the department: Provided, however, That no more than 72 five percent of the general revenue funds appropriated to 73 any one agency or board may be transferred to other 74 agencies or boards within the department: Provided fur-75 ther, That the secretary of each department and the direc-76 tor, commissioner, executive secretary, superintendent, 77 chairman or any other agency head not governed by a 78 departmental secretary as established by chapter five-f of 79 the code shall have the authority to transfer funds appro-80 priated to "personal services" and "employee benefits" to other lines within the same account and no funds from 81 other lines shall be transferred to the "personal services" 82 83 line: And provided further, That if the Legislature by 84 subsequent enactment consolidates agencies, boards or 85 functions, the secretary may transfer the funds formerly 86 appropriated to such agency, board or function in order to 87 implement such consolidation. No funds may be trans-88 ferred from a special revenue account, dedicated account, 89 capital expenditure account or any other account or fund specifically exempted by the Legislature from transfer, 90 91 except that the use of the appropriations from the state 92 road fund transferred to the office of the secretary of the 93 department of transportation is not a use other than the 94 purpose for which such funds were dedicated and is per-95 mitted.

Appropriations otherwise classified shall be expended only where the distribution of expenditures for different purposes cannot well be determined in advance or it is necessary or desirable to permit the spending unit the freedom to spend an appropriation for more than one of the above classifications.

Sec. 4. Method of expenditure.—Money appropriated by this bill, unless otherwise specifically directed, shall be appropriated and expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code or according to

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5 any law detailing a procedure specifically limiting that 6 article.

Funds of the state of West Virginia not heretofore classified as to purpose and existing within the funds of the treasury shall be determined by the governor and transferred to a special account for the purpose of expenditure as part of the general fund of the state.

Sec. 5. Maximum expenditures.—No authority or requirement of law shall be interpreted as requiring or permitting an expenditure in excess of the appropriations set out in this bill.

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#### TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.

#### ORDER OF SECTIONS

- SECTION 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
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- SECTION 12. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.
- SECTION 13. Sinking fund deficiencies.
- SECTION 14. Appropriations for local governments.
- SECTION 15. Total appropriations.
- SECTION 16. General school fund.

Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.

-From the state fund, general revenue, there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.

#### LEGISLATIVE

#### 1—Senate

#### Account No.

## Fund 0165 FY 1997 Org 2100

		Activity		General Revenue Fund
1	Compensation of Members (R)	. 003	\$	816,200
2	Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees (R).	. 005		1,816,000
4	Employee Benefits (R)	. 010		360,000
5 6	Current Expenses and Contingent Fund (R)	. 021		560,000
7	Repairs and Alterations (R)	. 064		40,000
8	Computer Supplies (R)	. 101		15,000
9	Computer Systems (R)	. 102		80,000
10	Printing Blue Book (R)	. 103		150,000
11	Expenses of Members (R)	. 399	_	445,000
12	Total		\$	4,282,200
13 14 15 16 17	The appropriations for the se 1995-96 are to remain in full for hereby reappropriated to June 30, reappropriated may be transferred 1996-97 accounts.	rce and 1997. A	effe ny l	ect and are balances so

Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the senate and not included in the appropriation bill, for supplies and services incurred in preparation for the opening, the conduct of the business and after adjournment of any regular or extraordinary session, and for the necessary operation of the senate offices, the requisitions for which are to be accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel during any session of the Legislature as shall be needed in addition to staff personnel authorized by the senate resolution adopted during any such session. The clerk of the senate, with the written approval of the president, or the president of the senate shall have authority to employ such staff personnel between sessions of the Legislature as shall be needed, the compensation of all staff personnel during and between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding any such senate resolution, to be fixed by the president of the senate. The clerk is hereby authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor for the payment of all such staff personnel for such services, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

For duties imposed by law and by the senate, the clerk of the senate shall be paid a monthly salary as provided by the senate resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the president, payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the senate.

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The distribution of the blue book shall be by the office of the clerk of the senate and shall include seventy-five copies for each member of the Legislature and two copies for each classified and approved high school and junior high school and one copy for each elementary school within the state.

### 2—House of Delegates

#### Account No.

### Fund 0170 FY 1997 Org 2200

	1 und <u>0170</u> 1 1 <u>1777</u> Olg	<u> </u>		
1	Compensation of Members (R)	003	\$	2,200,000
2	Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees (R)	005		521,162
4 5	Current Expenses and Contingent Fund (R)	021		2,000,000
6	Expenses of Members (R)	399		1,120,000
7	Total		\$	5,841,162
8 9 10 11 12	The appropriations for the house fiscal year 1995-96 are to remain in and are hereby reappropriated to J balances so reappropriated may be to ed to the 1996-97 accounts.	full foune 30	orce ), 19	and effect 997. Any

Upon the written request of the clerk of the house of delegates, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.

The clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker, is authorized to draw his or her requisitions upon the auditor, payable out of the Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates, for any bills for supplies and services that may have been incurred by the house of delegates and not included in the appropriation bill, for bills for services and supplies incurred in preparation for the opening of the session and after adjournment, and for the necessary operation of the house of delegates' offices, the requisitions for which are to be

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27 accompanied by bills to be filed with the auditor.

28 The speaker of the house of delegates, upon approval 29 of the house committee on rules, shall have authority to 30 employ such staff personnel during and between sessions 31 of the Legislature as shall be needed, in addition to per-32 sonnel designated in the house resolution, and the com-33 pensation of all personnel shall be as fixed in such house 34 resolution for the session, or fixed by the speaker, with the 35 approval of the house committee on rules, during and 36 between sessions of the Legislature, notwithstanding such 37 house resolution. The clerk of the house is hereby authorized to draw requisitions upon the auditor for such servic-38 39 es, payable out of the appropriation for the Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Ex-40 41 penses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

For duties imposed by law and by the house of delegates, including salary allowed by law as keeper of the rolls, the clerk of the house of delegates shall be paid a monthly salary as provided in the house resolution, unless increased between sessions under the authority of the speaker, with the approval of the house committee on rules, and payable out of the appropriation for Compensation and Per Diem of Officers and Employees or Current Expenses and Contingent Fund of the house of delegates.

## 3—Joint Expenses

(WV Code Chapter 4)

#### Account No.

## Fund <u>0175</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>2300</u>

1	Joint Committee on		
2	Government and Finance (R) .	104	\$ 4,590,155
3	Legislative Printing (R)	105	940,000
4	Legislative Rule-Making		
5	Review Committee (R)	106	232,600
6	Work Force Development		
7	Council (R)	529	100,000

8	Legislative Computer System (R) .	107	1,001,009	
9 10	Joint Standing Committee on Education (R)	108	54,125	
11 12	Joint Commission on Vocational- Technical-Occupational	100	<b>50</b> 000	
13	Education (R)	109	50,000	
14	Southern Legislative Conference	377	20,000	
15	Total		\$ 6,987,889	
16 17 18 19 20	The appropriations for the joint of year 1995-96 are to remain in full are hereby reappropriated to June 30 es so reappropriated may be transfithe 1996-97 accounts.	force ), 1997	and effect and . Any balanc-	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Upon the written request of the clerk of the senate, with the approval of the president of the senate, and the clerk of the house of delegates, with the approval of the speaker of the house of delegates, and a copy to the legislative auditor, the auditor shall transfer amounts between items of the total appropriation in order to protect or increase the efficiency of the service.			
28 29 30 31 32 33	The reappropriation for the Tax all Funding Increased Compliance (Tactivity 642) is intended for possil reductions or the offsetting of any funding for state programs. It is not appropriation for expenditure by the	RAFFI ble ge reduct intend	C) (fund 0175, neral state tax ions in federal ed as a general	

# JUDICIAL

# 4—Supreme Court—General Judicial

## Account No.

# Fund <u>0180</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>2400</u>

1	Personal Services (R)	001	\$ 27,079,388
2	Annual Increment (R)	004	367,365
3	Social Security Matching (R)	011	2,088,162

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t 1	.,	

4 5	Public Employees' Insurance Matching (R)	012	2,790,646		
6 7	Public Employees' Retirement Matching (R)	016	2,593,190		
8	Other Expenses (R)	029	3,457,000		
9	Judges' Retirement System (R)	110	4,909,943		
10	Other Court Costs (R)	111	2,400,000		
11	Judicial Training Program (R)	112	375,000		
12	Mental Hygiene Fund (R)	113	975,000		
13	Guardianship Attorney Fees (R)	588	125,000		
14	Family Law Master Program (R)	190	950,000		
15	Total		\$ 48,110,694		
16 17 18 19 20 21	for the fiscal years 1989-90, 1990-91, 1991-92, 1992-93, 1993-94, 1994-95 and 1995-96 are to remain in full force and effect and are hereby reappropriated to June 30, 1997. Any balances so reappropriated may be transferred				
22 23 24 25 26	ministrative director of the supreme court of appeals, who shall draw his requisitions for warrants in payment in the form of payrolls, making deductions therefrom as re-				
27 28 29 30 31	The appropriation for the Judge is to be transferred to the consolidation board, in accordance with the law requisition of the administrative discourt of appeals.	ated pu relating	iblic retirement g thereto, upon		

# **EXECUTIVE**

5—Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Account No.

Fund <u>0101</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0100</u>					
1	Salary of Governor	002	\$	80,261	
2	Personal Services	001		1,469,111	
3	Annual Increment	004		15,500	
4	Employee Benefits	010		401,611	
5	National Governors' Association	123		63,600	
6	Southern States Energy Board	124		28,732	
7	Unclassified	099		584,860	
8 9	Publication of Papers and Transition Expenses	465		150,000	
10	Total		\$	2,793,675	
6—Governor's Office—Custodial Fund					
(WV Code Chapter 5)					
Account No.					
	Fund <u>0102</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0100</u>				
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	410,258	
2 3 4 5 6	Any unexpended balance remain tion for Unclassified-Surplus-Total 098) at the close of the fiscal year reappropriated for expenditure du 1996-97.	(fund ar 1995	010 5-96	2, activity is hereby	
7 8 9	To be used for current general compensation of employees, househouse				

# 7—Governor's Office—

occasioned by such official functions.

# Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Account No.

# Fund 0104 FY 1997 Org 0100

I	Governor's Cabinet on Children		
2	and Families—Total (R)	116	\$ 300,000

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Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation (fund 0104, activity 116) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

# 8—Governor's Office—

### Civil Contingent Fund

(WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Account No.

### Fund <u>0105</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1 Civil Contingent Fund—Total (R) . 114 \$ 150,000

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-2 3 ations for Civil Contingent Fund-Total (fund 0105, activity 114, and activity 125); Unclassified-Surplus-Total 5 (fund 0105, activity 098) Flood Recovery Assistance for Agriculture (fund 0105, activity 239) Civil Contingent 6 Fund-Infrastructure and Economic Development Pro-7 jects—(fund 0105, activity 247), Flood Victims Assistance (fund 0105, activity 499) Civil Contingent Fund-Total 9 (fund 0105, activity 114) Civil Contingent Fund-Surplus 10 (fund 0105, activity 263), and Flood Recovery and Miti-11 gation Loans (Disaster Recovery Trust Fund) (fund 0105, 12 activity 289) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are 13 hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal 14 year 1996-97. 15

From this appropriation there may be expended, at the discretion of the governor, an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars as West Virginia's contribution to the interstate oil compact commission.

The above appropriation is intended to provide contingency funding for accidental, unanticipated, emergency or unplanned events which may occur during the fiscal year and is not to be expended for the normal day-to-day

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24 operations of the governor's office.

# 9-Governor's Office-Infrastructure Improvements

(WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Account No.

## Fund 0106 FY 1997 Org 0100

1 Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified—Total (fund 0106, activity 096) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97 and is to be expended to fund grants and loans for water, sewage and soil conservation projects.

### 10-Auditor's Office-General Administration

(WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Account No.

### Fund 0116 FY 1997 Org 1200

1	Salary of Auditor	002	\$	57,446
2	Personal Services	001		1,668,463
3	Annual Increment	004		50,523
4	Employee Benefits	010		561,075
5	Unclassified (R)	099		650,733
6	Office Automation (R)	117	_	790,000
7	Total		\$	3,778,240

Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0116, activity 099), Office Automation (fund 0116, activity 117) and Image Process-10 ing and Printer Replacement (fund 0116, activity 240) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappro-12 priated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

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Unclassified—Total

\$ 450,000

# 11—Auditor's Office— Family Law Masters Administration Fund

(WV Code Chapter 48A)

#### Account No.

### Fund 0117 FY 1997 Org 1200

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2	The above appropriation shall be expended for the
3	administrative expenses of the family law masters pro-
4	gram, excluding personal services and employee benefits.

096

### 12—Treasurer's Office

(WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Account No.

### Fund 0126 FY 1997 Org 1300

1	Salary of Treasurer	002	\$ 57,099
2	Personal Services	001	493,960
3	Annual Increment	004	12,356
4	Employee Benefits	010	169,720
5	Unclassified	099	254,575
6	Abandoned Property Program	118	325,877
7	Hardware/Software Upgrade	518	 54,000
8	Total		\$ 1,367,587

Any unexpended balances remaining in the surplus appropriations for Check Encoder (fund 0126, activity 441) and Check Encoder (fund 0126, activity 668) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97 and redesignated as Imaging System (fund 0126, activity 006). The redesignation of the line item shall be effective upon the effective date of this bill.

#### 13—Department of Agriculture

# (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0131 FY 1997 Org 1400

1	Salary of Commissioner	002	\$	57,446	
2	Personal Services	001		2,904,859	
3	Annual Increment	004		60,945	
4	Employee Benefits	010		1,037,202	
5	Unclassified (R)	099		996,531	
6	Gypsy Moth Program (R)	119		784,383	
7	Farmers Market-Weston	421		50,000	
8 9	Mingo County Surface Mine Project	296		150,000	
10	Predator Control	470		50,000	
11	Charleston Farmers Market	476		150,000	
12	Total		\$	6,241,366	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Gypsy Moth Program (fund 0131, activity 119), and the surplus appropriations for Mingo County Surface Mine Development Project-Total (fund 0131, activity 657) and Charleston Capitol Marketplace-Total (fund 0131, activity 671) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.				
21 22 23 24 25 26	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for Unclassified (fund 0131, activity 099) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97 for the purpose of funding building improvements for the Moorefield Field Office.				

A portion of the Unclassified appropriation may be transferred to a special revenue fund for the purpose of 27 28

29 matching federal funds for marketing and development 30 activities.

# 14—Department of Agriculture— State Soil Conservation Committee

# (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

Fund	0132	FY	<u> 1997</u>	Org	1400
------	------	----	--------------	-----	------

1	Personal Services	001	\$	394,045
2	Annual Increment	004		10,550
3	Employee Benefits	010		122,290
4	Unclassified (R)	099		284,758
5	Maintenance of Flood			
6	Control Projects (R)	522		1,700,000
7	Soil Conservation Projects (R)	120		2,500,000
8	Total		\$	5,011,643
9	Any unexpended balances remain	ining i	n the	e appropri-
10	ations for Unclassified (fund 0132,			
11	structure Projects-Total (fund 0538	, activ	ity 5	16), Main-
12	tenance of Flood Control Projects	(fund	013	2, activity
13	522) and Soil Conservation Projects	s (fund	013	32, activity
14	120) at the close of the fiscal year	r 1995	-96	are hereby
15	reappropriated for expenditure du	ring t	he f	iscal year
16	1996-97.			

# 15—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0135</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1400</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 350,629
2	Annual Increment	004	8,696

3	Employee Benefits
4	Unclassified
5	Total
6 7 8	Any part or all of this appropriation may be transferred to a special revenue fund for the purpose of matching federal funds for the above-named program.
	16—Department of Agriculture— Agricultural Awards
	(WV Code Chapter 19)
	Account No.
	Fund <u>0136</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1400</u>
1	Agricultural Awards
2	Fairs and Festivals
3	Total
	17—Attorney General
	(WV Code Chapters 5, 14, 46A and 47)
	Account No.
•	Fund <u>0150</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1500</u>
1	Salary of Attorney General 002 \$ 61,689
2	Personal Services (R) 001 1,995,790
3	Annual Increment (R) 004 27,850
4	Employee Benefits (R) 010 561,533
5	Unclassified (R) 099 <u>595,648</u>
6	Total
7 8 9	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.
10 11	When legal counsel or secretarial help is appointed by the attorney general for any state spending unit, this ac-

12	count shall be reimbursed from such spending unit's spe-
13	cifically appropriated account or from accounts appropri-
14	ated by general language contained within this bill: Pro-
15	vided, That the spending unit shall reimburse at a rate and
16	upon terms agreed to by the state spending unit and the
17	attorney general: Provided, however, That if the spending
18	unit and the attorney general are unable to agree on the
19	amount and terms of the reimbursement, the spending unit
20	and the attorney general shall submit their proposed reim-
21	bursement rates and terms to the joint committee on gov-
22	ernment and finance for final determination.

# 18—Secretary of State

(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0155</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1600</u>

1	Salary of Secretary of State	002	\$	53,204		
2	Personal Services	001		547,001		
3	Annual Increment	004		10,600		
4	Employee Benefits	010		197,585		
5	Unclassified (R)	099	_	299,179		
6	Total		\$	1,107,569		
7	Any unexpended balances rema	ining i	n the	e appropri-		
8	ations for Unclassified (fund 0155,	activity	099	) Adminis-		
9	trative Law Improvements (fund 0)					
10	Imaging and Computerization Upgra					
11	ity 244) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby					
12	The property of the same of th					
13	1996-97.					

# 19-State Elections Commission

(WV Code Chapter 3)

Account No.

Fund <u>0160</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1601</u>

549,176

099

Ch. 8]	Appropriations			69
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	12,000
	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINIST	TRAT	ION	
	20—Department of Administr Office of the Secretary		-	
	(WV Code Chapter 5F)	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0186</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0201		
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	238,261
	21—Consolidated Public Retiren	ent B	oard	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)			
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0195</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0205</u>		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	The division of highways, division bureau of employment programs, pursion and other departments or divisions are special revenue funds and/or federal proportionate share of the retirements spective divisions. When specific a made, such payments may be made the various special revenue funds in appropriations.	blic sessions of funds nt cost ppropr from t	ervice operate shall as for interest for int	commis- ing from pay their their re- is are not alances in
	22—Division of Financ	:e		
	(WV Code Chapter 5A	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0203</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0209		
1 2	Personal Services	001 004	\$	512,554 11,090
3	Employee Benefits	010		142,770

Unclassified .....

70	<b>A</b>			r.Cl. 0	
70	O APPROPRIATIONS			[Ch. 8	
5	GAAP Project (R)	125		1,251,095	
6	Total		\$	2,466,685	
7 8 9 10	8 tion for GAAP Project (fund 0203, activity 125) at the 9 close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated				
	23—Division of General Se	rvices			
	(WV Code Chapter 5A	.)			
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>0230</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0211			
1	Personal Services	001	\$	452,028	
2	Annual Increment	004		20,300	
3	Employee Benefits	010		196,238	
4	Unclassified	099		706,441	
5	Fire Service Fee	126		13,440	
6	Capitol Complex Capital Outlay	417		1,000,000	
7	Total		\$	2,388,447	
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Capitol Building Preservation (fund 0230, activity 503), and for surplus appropriations for Capitol Building Preservation (fund 0230, activity 675), Capital Improvements-Capitol Complex (fund 0230, activity 676) and Capitol Complex Master Plan-Total (fund 0230, activity 606) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.					
	24—Division of Purchas	sing			
	(WV Code Chapter 5A	<b>(</b> )			
Account No.					
	Fund <u>0210</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0213</u>			
1	Personal Services	001	\$	549,463	

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

,	•

2	Annual Increment	004		13,526
3	Employee Benefits	010		161,718
4	Unclassified	099		52,800
5	Total		\$	777,507
6 7 8 9 10	The division of highways shall refied appropriation (fund 2031, actidivision of purchasing for all actupursuant to the provisions of section chapter seventeen of the code.	ivity 0 al exp	99) v enses	within the incurred

# 25—Commission on Uniform State Laws

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0214</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0217</u>

1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	20,000
	To pay expenses of members of uniform state laws.	of the	commi	ission on

# 26—Board of Risk and Insurance Management

(WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0217</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0218</u>

1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	-0-
2	Unclassified	099		10,454,116
3	Retro Payments	523		4,850,000
4	Total		\$	15,304,116
5 6 7 8 9 10	The above appropriation inclupurpose of paying premiums, self-adjustment expenses and loss preventor property, casualty and fidelity it out state agencies, except those of revenue funds, with such special revenue.	insuran ntion ei nsuranc perating	ce l ngin ce fo g fr	losses, loss leering fees or the vari- om special

be billed by the board of risk and insurance management and with such costs to be a proper charge against such spending units.

These funds may be transferred to a special account

for the payment of premiums, self-insurance losses, loss adjustment expenses and loss prevention engineering fees and may be transferred to a special account for disbursement for payment of premiums and insurance losses.

# 27—Education and State Employees' Grievance Board

#### (WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 0220 FY 1997 Org 0219

1	Personal Services	001	\$	647,970	
2	Annual Increment	004		7,683	
3	Employee Benefits	010		180,505	
4	Unclassified	099	_	169,678	
5	Total		\$	1,005,836	
	28—Ethics Commission	n			
	(WV Code Chapter 6B)				
	. Account No.				
	Fund <u>0223</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0220			
1	Personal Services	001	\$	187,238	
2	Annual Increment	004		1,250	
3	Employee Benefits	010		48,283	
4	Unclassified	099	_	125,340	
5	Total		\$	362,111	

# 29—Public Defender Services

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0226</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0221</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	246,747
2	Annual Increment	004		3,950
3	Employee Benefits	010		75,737
4	Unclassified (R)	099		98,455
5 6 7 8	Appointed Counsel Fees and Public Defender Corporations (R)	127		1 <u>4,210,905</u> 14,635,794
9 10 11 12 13 14	Any unexpended balances remains ations for Unclassified (fund 0226, pointed Counsel Fees and Public D (fund 0226, activity 127) at the classified are hereby reappropriated ing the fiscal year 1996-97.	activity Defende ose of	099 r Co the	e) and Ap- orporations fiscal year

# 30—Committee for the Purchase of Commodities and Services from the Handicapped

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0233</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0224</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 4,656

# 31—Public Employees Insurance Agency

(WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0200 FY 1997 Org 0225

The division of highways, division of motor vehicles, bureau of employment programs, public service commis-

3 4 5 6 7 8 9	special revenue funds and/or federal funds shall pay their proportionate share of the public employees health insur- ance cost for their respective divisions. When specific appropriations are not made, such payments may be made from the balances in the various special revenue funds in		
	32—West Virginia Prosecutor's		
	Institute Association		
	(WV Code Chapter 7)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>0557</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0228</u>		
1 2	Forensics Examination Laboratory—Total 491	\$	250,000
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
	33—State Department of Education—	-	
	School Lunch Program		
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 0303 FY 1997 Org 0402		
1	Personal Services 001	\$	158,751
2	Annual Increment 004		2,842
3	Employee Benefits 010		50,097
4	Unclassified 099	_	1,732,193
5	Total	\$	1,943,883
34—State FFA-FHA Camp and			

# Conference Center

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Account No.

Fund <u>0306</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	99,511
2	Annual Increment	004		4,035
3	Employee Benefits	010		50,401
4	Unclassified	099		157,484
5	Total		\$	311,431
6 7 8 9 10	Any unexpended balance rema appropriation for Cedar Lakes-Tota 638) at the close of the fiscal yeareappropriated for expenditure du 1996-97.	l (fund ar 199:	0306 5-96	6, activity is hereby

# 35—State Department of Education

# (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

# Account No.

# Fund <u>0313</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 2,328,274
2	Annual Increment	004	45,411
3	Employee Benefits	010	732,947
4	Unclassified	099	4,000,000
5	WV Education Information		
6	System (WVEIS)	138	2,658,356
7	34/1000 Waiver	139	500,000
8	Increased Enrollment	140	2,000,000
9	Coordinator—Educational		
10	Medical Services	141	62,823
11	Governor's Honors Academy	478	190,000
12	County Boards of		
13	Education Lawsuits	128	-0-
14	Implementation of Norm		
15	Referenced Testing Program	297	1,695,900

16 17	National Science Foundation Match	142	139,500
18	WVGC Writing Project	482	25,000
19	Micro Computer Network	506	150,000
20 21	Technology and Telecom- munications Initiative (R)	596	2,001,706
22	Professional Certification	615	25,000
23 24	County Boards of Education- Tax Assessment Error	430	600,000
25	Adult Advisory Council	621	263,651
26 27	Pickens School Support and Hacker Valley School	622	250,000
28	Principals Mentorship	649	12,000
29	Safe Schools	143	2,000,000
30 31	Technology Repair and Modernization	298	500,000
32 33	Curriculum Technology Resource Center	300	250,000
34 35	Employment Programs Rate Relief	471	1,000,000
36 37	Technology Demonstration Project	301	150,000
38	Total		\$ 21,580,568
39 40	The above appropriation include education and their executive office.		state board of
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri- ations for Computer Basic Skills (fund 0313, activity 145), Computer Basic Skills-Surplus (fund 0313, activity 674) Technology and Telecommunications Initiative (fund 0313, activity 596) and County Board of Education Law- suits (fund 0313, activity 128) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure			

48 during the fiscal year 1996-97.

# 36-State Department of Education-

# Aid for Exceptional Children

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0314</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Special Education—Counties	159	\$	7,336,561
2	Special Education—Institutions	160		2,680,023
3 4	Education of Institutionalized Juveniles	161		-0-
5 6	Education of Institutionalized Juveniles and Adults	472		4,319,049
7 8	Education of Juveniles Held in Predispositional Juvenile			
9	Detention Centers	302		150,000
10	Total		\$	14,485,633
Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropria- tion for Education of Institutionalized Juveniles (fund 0314, activity 161) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97 for the purpose of funding the education of youths at Davis-Stuart.				

# 37—State Department of Education— State Aid to Schools

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0317 FY 1997 Org 0402

1	Professional Educators	151	\$ 677,577,454
2	Service Personnel	152	209,019,083
3	Fixed Charges	153	78,552,457

78	Appropriations			[Ch. 8
4	Transportation	154	3	1,295,302
5	Administration	155		7,547,178
6	Other Current Expenses	022	9	9,115,736
7	Improve Instructional Programs	156		32,520,994
8	Basic Foundation Allowances		1,13	35,628,204
9	Less Local Share	332	(23	3,945,032)
10	Total Basic State Aid		90	1,683,172
11	Public Employees Insurance Match	012	12	20,210,002
12	Teachers' Retirement System	019	18	30,103,532
13	School Building Authority	453	2	23,352,844
14	Safe Schools	143		0-
15	Total		\$1,22	25,349,550
	38—State Board of Educa Vocational Division	tion—	-	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and	1 18A	)	
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0390</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0402	٤	
1	Personal Services	001	\$	697,839
2	Annual Increment	004		14,602
3	Employee Benefits	010		227,219
4	Unclassified	099		546,652
5	Wood Products—			
6 7	Forestry Vocational Program (R)	146		63,024
8	Albert Yanni Vocational Program .	147		139,300
9	Vocational Aid	148		11,530,319
10	Adult Basic Education	149		2,360,207

л. ој	APPROPRIATIONS			19
11	Equipment Replacement	150		1,019,750
12	Program Modernization	305		500,000
13	Aquaculture Support Program	307		200,000
14	Total		<b>\$</b> 1	17,298,912
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Any unexpended balances remains ations for Wood Products—Forestry (fund 0390, activity 146) and the for Program Modernization-Total 598) at the close of the fiscal year reappropriated for expenditure du 1996-97.	Voca surplus (fund 1995	tiona s app 039 -96	or Program propriation 0, activity are hereby
	39—West Virginia Schools Deaf and the Blind	for the	?	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and	18A)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0320</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0403</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	5,747,304
2	Annual Increment	004		3,850
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,943,663
4	Unclassified	099	_	1,040,416
5	Total		\$	8,735,233
I	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS			
40—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary				
	(WV Code Chapter 5F	F)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0294</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0431		

1 Unclassified (R) ...... 099 \$ 697,151

2	Center for Professional Development (R)	115	2,000,042	
4 5 6	Center for Professional Development-Principals Academy	415	500,000	
7 8	Technical Preparation Program (R)	440	832,397	
9	Arts Programs	500	40,000	
10	WV Humanities Council	168	250,000	
11	Community Schools/Mini Grants .	530	300,000	
12 13 14 15	Marshall and West Virginia University Faculty and Course Development International Study Projects	, 549	35,000	
	3	144	-0-	
16	Child Care Development			
17	Hospitality Training	600	550,000	
18	MA Public Health Program	623	75,000	
19	Hospitality ABE Jobs	663	-0-	
20	Total		\$ 5,279,590	
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 0294, activity 099), except fiscal year 1993-94, Center for Professional Development (fund 0294, activity 115), Technical Preparation Program (fund 0294, activity 440) and Rural Health Initiative Site Support (fund 0294, activity 295) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.				

**APPROPRIATIONS** 

[Ch. 8

80

41—Office of the Secretary— Higher Education Efficiency Fund Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Fund <u>0556</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0431</u>

1 2	Strategic Planning and Compliance Institutions 447 \$ 9,386,064
3 4	Strategic Planning and Compliance Central Office and WVNET 449
5	Total
6 7 8 9 10	The above appropriations to strategic planning and compliance—institutions, (fund 0556, activity 447) and strategic planning and compliance—central office and WVNET, (fund 0556, activity 449) shall be made in compliance with the provisions of chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia.

# 42-Division of Culture and History

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0293</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0432</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	1,487,826
2	Annual Increment	004		36,425
3	Employee Benefits	010		489,226
4	Unclassified	099		546,468
5	Fairs and Festivals	122		1,000,000
6	Capitol Tourism Programs	601		150,000
7	Historical Preservation Grants	311		101,889
8	Grants for Competitive			
9	Arts Programs	624		1,000,000
10	West Virginia Public Theater	312		100,000
11	Theater Arts of West Virginia	464	_	315,000
12	Total		\$	5,226,834
13 14 15	Any unexpended balances rema ations for Capital Outlay, Repairs 0293, activity 589) and the surplus	and Eq	uip	ment (fund

ital Outlay, Repairs and Equipment (fund 0293, activity
677) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby
reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year
1996-97.

The Unclassified appropriation includes funding for the arts funds, department programming funds, grants, fairs and festivals and camp Washington Carver and shall be expended only upon authorization of the division of culture and history and in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter five-a, and chapter twelve of the code.

All federal moneys received as reimbursement to the division of culture and history for moneys expended from the general revenue fund for the arts fund and historical preservation are hereby reappropriated for the purposes as originally made, including personal services, current expenses and equipment.

#### 43—Library Commission

# (WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0296</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0433</u>

1	Personal Services	\$ 1,029,682
2	Annual Increment 004	37,500
3	Employee Benefits 010	351,031
4	Unclassified 099	230,984
5	Books and Films 179	150,000
6	Services to State Institutions 180	156,310
7	Services to Blind and Handicapped 181	42,729
8	Grants to Public Libraries 182	6,738,884
9	Libraries—Special Projects 625	 300,000
10	Total	\$ 9,037,120

# 44—Educational Broadcasting Authority

# (WV Code Chapter 10)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0300</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0439</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	3,123,186
2	Annual Increment	004		70,851
3	Employee Benefits	010		913,150
4	Unclassified	099		1,230,801
5	Capital Improvements-			
6	600 Capitol Street	313		<u>597,000</u>
7	Total		\$	5,934,988
8 9 10 11	9 appropriation for Capital Improvements-Total (fund 0300, activity 672) is hereby reappropriated for expenditure			
12 13 14	These funds may be transferred to special revenue accounts for matching college, university, city, county, federal and/or other generated revenues.			
	J			
	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Dir State College System Central Office	ersity !	-	
	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Dir State College System	ersity l rectors	of ti	
	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Dir State College System Central Office	ersity l rectors	of ti	
	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Dir State College System Central Office (WV Code Chapters 18B and	ersity i rectors d 18C)	of ti	
1	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Din State College System Central Office (WV Code Chapters 18B and Account No.	ersity i rectors d 18C)	of ti	
1 2 3	45—Board of Trustees of the Univ of West Virginia and Board of Dir State College System Central Office (WV Code Chapters 18B and Account No. Fund 0333 FY 1997 Org	ersity in ectors d 18C)	of ti	he

84	Appropriations		[Ch. 8		
5	Minority Doctoral Fellowship	166	100,000		
6 7	Underwood-Smith Scholarship Program—Student Awards	167	95,000		
8	WVNET	169	2,252,842		
9 10	Governing Boards' System Funds - SB547	157	-0-		
11	Health Sciences - SB547	158	0-		
12	Total		\$ 11,816,326		
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri- ation for Higher Education Grant Program (fund 0333, activity 164) and Tuition Contract Program (fund 0333, activity 165) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.					
46—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia Control Account					
	(WV Code Chapter 18	3B)			
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>0327</u> FY <u>1997</u> Or	g <u>0461</u>			
1	Unclassified	099	\$153,346,509		
3	Marshall University— Southern WV Community and Technical College 2+2 Program (R)	. 170	250,000		
	6 Marshall University— 7 Autism Training Center		475,000		
	8 Marshall University— 9 Forensic Lab	. 572	450,000		
1	0 Jackson's Mill	. 461	350,000		

West Virginia University-

11

*** *** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
West Virginia Institute of
Technology Base Transfer
from Board of Directors 458 <u>9.622,254</u>
Total
The above appropriation for West Virginia Universi-
ty—West Virginia Institute of Technology—Base Transfer
from Board of Directors, (fund 0327, activity 458) is pur-
suant to enrolled senate bill no. 591, regular session 1996
and shall be used solely for the purpose of implementing
the provisions of section nine, article two, chapter
eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia.
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-
ations for Marshall University-Southern WV Community
and Technical College 2+2 Program (fund 0327, activity
170) and Colin Anderson Center (fund 0327, activity 435)
at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappro-
priated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

# 47—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia— University of West Virginia Health Sciences Account Control Account

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0323</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0478</u>

1	Medical Education	178	\$	-0-
2	School of Osteopathic Medicine	172	5	5,787,752
3	Marshall Medical School	173	10	,419,602
4	WVU-School of Health Sciences	174	37	,191,097
5 6	WVU-School of Health Sciences -Charleston Division	175	3	3,667,636
7 8	WVU Charleston Division— Poison Control Hot Line	510		290,000

48—Board of Directors of the State College System Control Account

during the fiscal year 1996-97.

ations for Primary Health Education Program Support (fund 0323, activity 177) and Rural Health Initiative Site

Support (fund 0323, activity 295) at the close of the fiscal

year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure

30

31

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33

34

(WV Code Chapter 18B)

Account No.

Fund 0330 FY 1997 Org 0481

1	Unclassified	099	\$ 73,642,136
2	West Virginia University Institute of		
3	Technology Transfer to Board of		
4	Trustees-West Virginia University		
5	Institute of Technology Resource		
6	Allocation Policy Adjustment .	454	284,526
7	Total		\$ 73,926,662
8	The above appropriation for Wes	t Virgi	inia University
9	Institute of Technology Transfer to	Board	d of Trustees-
10	West Virginia University Institute of		
11	Allocation Policy Adjustment, (fund 0	330,	activity 454) is
12	pursuant to enrolled senate bill no. 5	91 and	I shall be used
13	solely for the purpose of implementi		
14	section nine, article two, chapter eight	teen-b	of the code of
15	West Virginia.		

# 49—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services

(WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0310 FY 1997 Org 0932

1	Personal Services	001	\$	4,087,653
2	Annual Increment	004		124,961
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,392,449
4	Case Services	162		2,826,365
5	Workshop Development	163	_	1,449,000
6	Total		\$	9,880,428

# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

# 50—Department of Health and Human Resources— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

#### Account No.

	Account No.			
Fund <u>0400</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0501</u>				
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	146,442	
	51—Division of Health— Central Office			
	(WV Code Chapter 16)			
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0407</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0506</u>			
1	Personal Services	\$	6,109,973	
2	Annual Increment 004		132,457	
3	Employee Benefits 010		2,362,591	
4	Unclassified 099		3,885,035	
5 6	Corporate Nonprofit Community Health Centers—F.M.H.A.			
7	Mortgage Finance 184		167,968	
8	State Aid to Local Agencies 209		7,880,684	
9 10 11	Maternal and Child Health Clinics, Clinicians and Medical Contracts and Fees 575		4,673,043	
12	Pediatric Dental Services		150,000	
13	Appalachian State Low Level		130,000	
14	Radioactive Waste Commission 185		48,000	
15	Safe Drinking Water Program 187		451,710	
16	Women, Infants and Children 210		75,000	
17	Vaccine for Children 551		431,480	
18	Adult Influenza Vaccine 552		65,000	
19	Cancer Registry 225		192,487	
20	Revolving Loan Fund Assistance		100.000	

Technology ..... 323

100,000

21

Ch. 8	] Appropriations		89	
22	Tuberculosis Control	553	248,534	
23	Epidemiology Support	626	438,914	
24	EMS Area Entity	554	756,320	
25	Rural EMS Equipment			
26	and Training	627	610,000	
27	Regional EMS Entities	557	630,000	
28	Early Intervention	223	2,018,357	
29	Primary Care Support	628	6,862,084	
30	Black Lung Clinics	467	200,000	
31	Total		\$ 38,489,637	
	52—Consolidated Medical Ser	vice Fi	und	
	(WV Code Chapter 16	<b>(</b> )		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0525</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0506</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,204,389	
2	Annual Increment	004	19,779	
3	Employee Benefits	010	14,046,991	
4	Special Olympics	208	26,074	
5 6	Behavioral Health Program— Unclassified	219	11,457,975	
7	Family Support Act	221	1,088,605	
8	Institutional Facilities Operations .	335	32,499,687	
9	Total		\$ 60,343,500	
The secretary of the department of health and human resources, prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor and the department of administration an expenditure schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which has been consolidated into the above account and which receives a portion of the				

16	above appropriation for Institutional Facilities Operations.
17	The secretary shall also, within fifteen days after the close
18	of the six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the
	legislative auditor and the department of administration an
20	itemized report of expenditures made during the preced-
21	ing six-month period.

Additional funds have been appropriated in fund 5156, fiscal year 1997, organization 0506, for the operation of the institutional facilities. The secretary of the department of health and human resources is authorized to utilize up to ten percent of the funds from the Institutional Facilities Operations line item to facilitate cost effective and cost saving services at the community level.

29 From the above appropriation to Institutional Facilities 30 Operations, together with available funds from the division 31 of health—hospital services revenue account (fund 5156, activity 335), on July 1, 1996, the sum of two hundred 32 33 thousand dollars shall be transferred to the department of 34 agriculture—land division as advance payment for the purchase of food products; actual payments for such pur-35 chases shall not be required until such credits have been 36 completely expended. 37

# 53—Commission on Aging

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0420</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0508</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 114,507
2	Annual Increment	004	2,833
3	Employee Benefits	010	51,696
4	Unclassified	099	437,600
5	Local Programs Service		
6	Delivery Costs	200	2,475,250
7	Senior Citizens Centers-Land		
8	Acquisition, Construction and		
9	Repairs and Alterations (R)	201	-0-

Ch. 8	] Appropriations			91
10	Silver Haired Legislature	202		14,400
11	Area Agencies Administration	203		87,429
12 13	Foster Grandparents Stipends and Travel	205		57,734
14 15	In-Home Services for Senior Citizens	224		700,000
16	Total		\$	3,941,449
17 18 19 20 21 22	Any unexpended balance remains tion for Senior Citizens Centers—Lastruction and Repairs and Alteration 201) at the close of the fiscal year reappropriated for expenditure du 1996-97.	and Ac s (fund ar 199:	quis 1 042 5-96	ition, Con- 20, activity is hereby
	54—Human Rights Comm	ission		
	(WV Code Chapter 5)	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0416</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0510</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	520,739
2	Annual Increment	004		10,350
3	Employee Benefits	010		159,294
4	Unclassified	099	_	147,971
5	Total		\$	838,354
	55—Division of Human Se	rvices		
	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 a	nd 49)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0403</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org			
1	Personal Services	001	<b>\$</b> 1	16,839,565
2	Annual Increment	004		461,616
3	Employee Benefits	010		5,772,579

<b>4 5</b>	Medical Services Contracts and Office of Managed Care 183	1,501,363
6	Medicaid Management	
7	Information Technology 186	400,000
8	Unclassified	12,766,753
9	OSCAR and RAPIDS 515	3,165,201
10	Medical Services 189	162,045,670
11 12	In-Home Services for Senior Citizens	-0-
13	Women's Commission 191	80,351
14 15	Grants for Domestic Violence Shelters	280,000
16	Commission on Hearing Impaired 192	150,702
17	Public Assistance	27,601,731
18	Emergency Assistance 194	1,510,216
19	Social Services 195	19,901,180
20	Family Preservation Program 196	1,565,000
21	JOBS Program	3,730,069
22	Child Advocate 602	657,867
23	Child Welfare System 603	2,533,695
24	Child Protective Services and	
25	Medicaid Auditing 604	609,177
26	Child Care Development 144	1,300,000
27	Family Foster Care Payments 630	4,799,168
28 29		4,583,307
30	Total	\$272,255,210
31 32	9 F	I, section two

33	human resources	shall have	the authori	ty to	transfer	funds
34	within the above	account:	Provided,	That	no more	than

35 ten percent of the funds appropriated to one line item may

36 be transferred to other line items: Provided, however,

37 That no funds from other line items shall be transferred to

38 the personal services line item.

# DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY

# 56—Department of Military Affairs and Public Safety-Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0430 FY 1997 Org 0601

1	Unclassified—Total	 096	\$	141,702
-	Oncidobiliod Total	 0,0	•	,

# 57—Adjutant General—State Militia

(WV Code Chapter 15)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 0433 FY 1997 Org 0603

	<u></u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 324,477
2	Annual Increment	004	9,150
3	Employee Benefits	010	108,360
4	Unclassified	099	3,416,324
5	College Education Fund	232	1,798,400
6	Armory Capital Improvements	325	 300,000
7	Total		\$ 5,956,711
8 9	Any unexpended balance rema		

10 Total (fund 0433, activity 669) at the close of the fiscal

11 year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure

during the fiscal year 1996-97. 12

13 14 15 16 17 18 19	the total annual appropriation for awarding scholarships. The secretary of the department of military affairs and public safety shall devise a method to equitably reimburse all eligible participants on a pro rata basis should the appropriation be insufficient to cover total annual eligible			
	58—West Virginia Parole E	Board		
	(WV Code Chapter 62)	)		
	Account No.			
-	Fund <u>0440</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0605</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	48,348
2	Annual Increment	004		1,400
3	Employee Benefits	010		72,122
4	Unclassified	099		52,375
5 6	Salaries of Members of West Virginia Parole Board	227		200,000
7	Total		\$	374,245
	59—Office of Emergency S	ervices	<b>!</b>	
	(WV Code Chapter 15	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0443</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0606</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	154,522
2	Annual Increment	004		4,750
3	Employee Benefits	010		58,403
4	Unclassified	099		10,952
5 6		188		237,610
7	Total		\$	466,237

# 60—Division of Corrections— Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0446</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0608</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	349,734
2	Annual Increment	004		8,260
3	Employee Benefits	010		107,458
4	Unclassified	099	_	111.004
5	Total		\$	576,456

# 61—Division of Corrections— Correctional Units

(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)

# Account No.

# Fund <u>0450</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0608</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 12,130,887
2	Annual Increment	004	229,088
3	Employee Benefits	010	4,618,727
4	Unclassified	099	6,320,228
5	Payment to Counties and/or		
6	Regional Jails	229	1,666,250
7	Denmar Facility	448	2,402,991
8	Mt. Olive Correctional Complex	533	15,442,911
9	Northern Correctional Facility	534	5,154,519
10	Inmate Medical Expense	535	3,679,100
11	Capital Improvements (R)	338	0-
12	Total		\$ 51,644,701

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Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Capital Improvements (fund 0450, activity 338) and the surplus appropriation for Capital Improvements (fund 0450, activity 661) are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

The commissioner of corrections, prior to the begin-19 ning of the fiscal year, shall file with the legislative auditor 20 and the department of administration an expenditure 21 schedule for each formerly separate spending unit which 22 has been consolidated into the above account and which 23 receives a portion of the above appropriation. The com-24 missioner shall also, within fifteen days after the close of 25 each six-month period of said fiscal year, file with the 26 legislative auditor and the department of administration an 27 itemized report of expenditures made during the preced-28 ing six-month period. Such report shall include the total 29 of expenditures made for personal services, annual incre-30 ment, current expenses (inmate medical expenses and 31 other), repairs and alterations and equipment.

From the above appropriation to Unclassified, on July 1, 1996, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to the department of agriculture — land division as advance payment for the purchase of food products; actual payments for such purchases shall not be required until such credits have been completely expended.

# 62-West Virginia State Police

(WV Code Chapter 15)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0453</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 20,967,426
2	Annual Increment	004	140,944
3	Employee Benefits	010	3,402,086
4	Unclassified	099	5,175,817
5 6	Barracks Maintenance and Construction (R)	494	113,947

7 8	Communications and Other Equipment	558	2,715,000
9	Overtime and Wage Court Awards.	568	2,000,000
10	Vehicle Purchase	451	1,000,000
11	Trooper Retirement Fund	605	7,366,721
12	COPS Program-Federal Match	327	76,561
13	DNA Laboratory	479	200,000
14	Total		\$ 43,158,502
15 16 17 18 19	Any unexpended balance remain tion for Barracks Maintenance and 0453, activity 494) at the close of this hereby reappropriated for expending year 1996-97.	d Consider fisca	struction (fund al year 1995-96

# 63-Division of Veterans' Affairs

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

# Account No.

# Fund <u>0456</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0613</u>

	E		
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 671,639
2	Annual Increment	004	20,100
3	Employee Benefits	010	285,341
4	Unclassified	099	15,919
5	Veterans' Field Offices	228	129,692
6 7	Veterans' Toll Free Assistance Line (R)	328	25,000
8 9	Veterans' Reeducation Assistance (R)	329	270,000
10 11	Veterans' Field Office Improvements (R)	331	105,000
12	Veterans' Grant Program (R)	342	150,000

				•	
13 14	Barboursville Veterans' Home Improvements (R)	466		450,000	
15	Total		\$ :	2,122,691	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Veterans' Toll Free Assistance Line (fund 0456, activity 328), Veterans' Reeducation Assistance (fund 0456, activity 329), Veterans' Field Office Improvements (fund 0456, activity 331) and Barboursville Veterans' Home Improvements (fund 0456, activity 466), Veterans' Grant Program (fund 0456, activity 342) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for				
	64—Regional Jail and Corre Facility Authority	ctional	!		
	(WV Code Chapter 31)	<b>)</b>			
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>0536</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0615			
1 2	Regional Jail—Capital Outlay— Total (R)	577	\$ 1	0,000,000	
3 4 5 6	Any unexpended balance remain tion (fund 0536, activity 577) at the year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriately the fiscal year 1996-97.	e clos	e of	the fiscal	
65—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home					
(WV Code Chapter 9A)					
Account No.					
	Fund <u>0460</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0618			
	Personal Services	001	\$	635,879	
2		004		16,050	
3	1 7	010		288,555	
4		099		160,234	
5	Total		\$	1,100,718	

#### 66—Fire Commission

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0436 FY 1997 Org 0619

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 533,000
2	Annual Increment	004	11,800
3	Employee Benefits	010	160,799
4	Unclassified	099	140,601
5	Office Relocation Expense	428	 65,000
6	Total		\$ 911,200

#### 67—Division of Criminal Justice and Highway Safety

#### (Executive Order)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0546 FY 1997 Org 0620

1	Personal Services	001	\$	92,002
2	Annual Increment	004		2,425
3	Employee Benefits	010		28,029
4	Unclassified	099		110,068
5	Statistical Analysis Program	597	_	50,000
6	Total		\$	282,524

#### DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

# 68—Department of Tax and Revenue— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0465</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0701</u>

1	Unclassified—Total		096	\$	163,017
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#### 69—Tax Division

#### (WV Code Chapter 11)

#### Account No.

#### Fund <u>0470</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0702</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$	9,481,699
2	Annual Increment	004		222,224
3	Employee Benefits	010		3,014,232
4	Unclassified	099		6,034,282
5	Automation Project (R)	442	_	-0-
6	Total		\$	18,752,437
7 8 9 10 11	Any unexpended balances remarkations for Automation Project (fund and the surplus appropriation for Total (fund 0470, activity 673) at year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriating the fiscal year 1996-97.	d 0470 Auton the clos	), ac nationse o	ctivity 442) on Project- of the fiscal

# 70—Division of Professional and Occupational Licenses— State Athletic Commission

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Account No.

Fund 0523 FY 1997 Org 0933

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 4,719

# DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# 71—Department of Transportation— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Account No.

Fund <u>0500</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0801</u>

Ch. 8	] Appropriations			101	
1	Unclassified	099	\$	155,272	
2	Civil Air Patrol	234		86,952	
3	Port Authority (R)	443		523,725	
4 5	Potomac Highlands Airport Authority	444		120,000	
6 7	Coal Heritage Trail Interpretive Center	475		105,000	
8	Total		\$	990,949	
Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Port Authority (fund 0500, activity 443) and Aeronautics Commission (fund 0500, activity 450) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.					
14 15 16 17	two hundred fifty-five thousand five hundred twenty-five dollars which may be used to match federal or other funds				
	72—State Rail Authorit	ty			
(WV Code Chapter 29)					
	Account No.				

# Fund 0506 FY 1997 Org 0804

I	Unclassified—Total 090 \$ 442,211
2	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-
3	ations for Capital Improvement and Equipment (fund
4	0506, activity 632), Capital Outlay-Railroad Maintenance
5	Authority (fund 0506, activity 309), Hampshire County
6	Railroad Siding (fund 0506, activity 497) and Duffield
7	Station (fund 0506, activity 559) at the close of the fiscal
8	year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure
9	during the fiscal year 1996-97.

# 73—Division of Public Transit

(WV Code Chapter 17)

#### Account No. Fund <u>0510</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0805</u> Unclassified—Total 1 \$ 872,680 096 **BUREAU OF COMMERCE** 74—Division of Forestry (WV Code Chapter 19) Account No. Fund <u>0250</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0305</u> Personal Services ...... 001 1,308,956 Annual Increment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 29,800 2 004 463,413 3 Employee Benefits ...... 010 -0-4 502 Communications Equipment (R) . . 404,243 5 Unclassified ..... 099 2,206,412 \$ 6 Out of the above appropriation a sum may be used to 7 match federal funds for cooperative studies or other funds 8 9 for similar purposes. Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropria-10 tion for Communications Equipment (fund 0250, activity 11 502) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby 12 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 13 1996-97. 14 75—Geological and Economic Survey (WV Code Chapter 29) Account No. Fund <u>0253</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0306</u> 1,158,066 001 \$ Personal Services ..... 1 29,866 004 2 352,934

Employee Benefits .....

3

010

Ch. 8] Ar	PROPRIATIONS 103
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4	Unclassified	099		151,859
5	Mineral Mapping System (R)	207		697,517
6 7	Geographic Information System (R)	214		500,000
8	Computer Upgrade	349	_	57,000
9	Total		\$	2,947,242
10 11 12 13 14 15	Any unexpended balances remappropriations for Mineral Mapping activity 610), Geographic Information activity 611), and Capital Outlay 20253, activity 679) at the close of the are hereby reappropriated for expriscal year 1996-97.	g Syste on Syste and Equie fisca	m (i em ( uipn l ye:	fund 0253, fund 0253, nent (fund ar 1995-96
17 18 19 20 21	The above Unclassified appropring to secure federal and other contransferred to a special revolving function (1999) for the purpose of providing such contracts.	ontracts d (func	s an 1310	d may be 05, activity

# 76-West Virginia Development Office

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

# Account No.

# Fund <u>0256</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0307</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,935,486
2	Annual Increment	004	30,800
3	Employee Benefits	010	523,490
4	Unclassified	099	2,475,624
5	Partnership Grants (R)	131	4,300,000
6	National Youth Science Camp	132	200,000
7 8	Local Economic Development Partnerships (R)	133	1,000,000
9	ARC Assessment	136	167,308

10	Guaranteed Work Force Grant (R) 242	1,080,000
11 12	Leverage Technology and Small Business Development Program 525	800,000
13	WV Film Development Office 498	100,351
14 15	Empowerment Zone/Enterprise Community (R)	-0-
16 17	Tourism Development Representatives	140,660
18 19		370,000
20	Small Business Financial Assistance 360	300,000
2	Industrial Park Assistance 480	800,000
2: 2: 2: 2: 2:	Advanced Flexible Manufactur- ing—Manufacturing Technology	
	Advanced Technologies 367	700,000
2	28 Total	\$ 14,923,719
	Any unexpended balances remaining in ations for Partnership Grants (fund 0256, Competitive Grants (fund 0256, activity 13 Work Force Grant (fund 0256, activity 24 nomic Development Partnerships (fund 133) and Empowerment Zone/Enterpris (fund 0256, activity 218) at the close of 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for exing the fiscal year 1996-97.	activity 131), 0), Guaranteed 2), Local Eco- 0256, activity se Community the fiscal year spenditure dur-
	The above appropriation to Local Econ ment Partnerships shall be used by the Work velopment office for the award of funding county and regional economic development or authorities created under the plan decouncil for community and economic development the provisions of section three, article two	est Virginia de- ng assistance to ent corporations eveloped by the velopment under

- of the code. The West Virginia development office shall award the funding assistance through a matching grant program, based upon criteria developed under the provisions of section three, article two, chapter five-b of the code and based upon a formula whereby funding assistance may not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per county served by a regional economic development cor-
- 52 poration or authority.

#### 77—Division of Labor

#### (WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)

#### Account No.

## Fund <u>0260</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0308</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,012,273
2	Annual Increment	004	19,277
3	Employee Benefits	010	380,356
4	Unclassified	099	604,019
5	Weights and Measures Program	483	 450,000
6	Total		\$ 2,465,925

# 78—Division of Natural Resources

# (WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0265</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 7,914,521
2	Annual Increment	004	253,244
3	Employee Benefits	010	3,237,954
4	Unclassified	099	207,883
5	Nongame Wildlife	527	550,000
6	Total		\$ 12,163,602
7	Any revenue derived from min	eral ex	traction at any

8	state pa	ırk shall	be	deposited	in a	a sp	ecial	revenue	account
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- 9 of the division of natural resources, first for bond debt
- 10 payment purposes and with any remainder to be for park
- 11 operation and improvement purposes.

# 79—Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training

(WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0277 FY 1997 Org 0314

1	Personal Services	001	\$	3,101,583
2	Annual Increment	004		49,600
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,049,367
4	Unclassified	099	_	266,810
5	Total		\$	4,467,360
	80—Board of Coal Mi Health and Safety	ne		
	(WV Code Chapter 22	2)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>0280</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0319		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	94,600
2	Annual Increment	004		1,200
3	Employee Benefits	010		25,102
4	Unclassified	099	-	17,480
5	Total		\$	138,382

# 81—Coal Mine Safety and Technical Review Committee

(WV Code Chapter 22)

Account No.

	Fund <u>0285</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0320</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total	\$	71,303
	BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENT		
	82—Environmental Quality Board		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>0270</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0311</u>		
1	Personal Services	\$	62,331
2	Annual Increment		200
3	Employee Benefits		19,062
4	Unclassified	_	32,786
5	Total	\$	114,379
	83—Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>0263</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0313</u>		
1 2 3	West Virginia's Contribution to the Interstate Commission on Potomac River Basin—Total 134	\$	39,675
	84—Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>0264</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0313</u>		
1 2 3	West Virginia's Contribution to the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission—Total 135	\$	112,600

# 85-Division of Environmental Protection

(WV Code Chapter 22)

#### Account No.

Fund <u>0273</u>	FY 1997	Org <u>0313</u>
------------------	---------	-----------------

1	Personal Services	001	\$	4,065,513
2	Annual Increment	004		78,608
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,266,424
4	Unclassified	099		675,372
5	Black Fly Control	137		240,148
6	Dam Safety	607	_	123,351
7	Total		\$	6,449,416

# 86-Air Quality Board

(WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0550</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0325</u>

Unclassified—Total ..... 096 \$ 75,786

# MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

# 87—Board of Investments

(WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Account No.

# Fund 0513 FY 1997 Org 0920

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,041,964
2	Annual Increment	004	22,500
3	Employee Benefits	010	330,493
4	Unclassified	099	1,215,995
5	Debt Payment on Morris Street		
6	Workers' Compensation		
7	Building	`290	 2,000,000
8	Total		\$ 4,610,952

# 88—Board of Investments— School Building Sinking Fund

(WV Code Chapter 12)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>0526</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0920</u>

1	Debt Service—Total (R) 310 <u>\$ 10.242.000</u>
2 3 4 5 6 7	Any unexpended balance remaining in the above appropriation for Board of Investments—School Building Sinking Fund-Debt Service-Total (fund 0526, activity 310) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.
1 2	Total TITLE II, Section 1—  General Revenue
1 2 3 4 5 6	Sec. 2. Appropriations from state road fund.—From the state road fund there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

# 89-Division of Motor Vehicles

(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 17D, 20 and 24A)

## Account No.

# Fund <u>9007</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0802</u>

			State Road
		Activity	Fund
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 4,721,776
2	Annual Increment	004	80,501
3	Employee Benefits	010	1,697,009

110	Appropriations	[Ch. 8
4	Unclassified	14,435,400
5	International Fuel Tax Agreement 536	620,000
6	Capital Outlay-Building 222	2,125,000
7	Total	\$ 23,679,686
	90—Division of Highways	
	(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)	
	Account No.	
	Fund 9017 FY 1997 Org 0803	
1	Debt Service	\$ 39,300,000
2	ARC Assessment	794,000
3 4	Maintenance, Expressway, Trunkline and Feeder 270	82,823,000
5 6	Maintenance, State Local Services	122,433,000
7 8 9	Maintenance, Contract Paving and Secondary Road Maintenance	52,000,000
10	Bridge Repair and Replacement 273	30,000,000
11	Inventory Revolving 275	1,250,000
12	Equipment Revolving 276	15,000,000
13	General Operations 277	35,619,614
14	Interstate Construction 278	20,000,000
15	Other Federal Aid Programs 279	100,000,000
16	Appalachian Programs 280	100,000,000
17	Nonfederal Aid Construction 281	30,000,000
18	Highway Litter Control 282	1,504,000
19	Total	\$630,723,614
26	The above appropriations are to be ex	xpended in ac-

21 cordance with the provisions of chapters seventeen and
22 seventeen-c of the code.

The commissioner of highways shall have the authority to operate revolving funds within the state road fund for the operation and purchase of various types of equipment used directly and indirectly in the construction and maintenance of roads and for the purchase of inventories and materials and supplies.

There is hereby appropriated within the above items sufficient money for the payment of claims, accrued or arising during this budgetary period, to be paid in accordance with sections seventeen and eighteen, article two, chapter fourteen of the code.

It is the intent of the Legislature to capture and match all federal funds available for expenditure on the Appalachian highway system at the earliest possible time. Therefore, should amounts in excess of those appropriated be required for the purposes of Appalachian programs, funds in excess of the amount appropriated may be made available upon recommendation of the commissioner and approval of the governor. Further, for the purpose of Appalachian programs, funds appropriated to line items may be transferred to other line items upon recommendation of the commissioner and approval of the governor.

# 91—Division of Highways— Federal Aid Highway Matching Fund

(WV Code Chapters 17 and 17C)

#### Account No.

# Fund 9018 FY 1997 Org 0803

1	Interstate Construction	278	\$ 20,000,000
2	Appalachian Program	280	100,000,000
3	Other Federal Aid Programs	279	200,000,000
4	Total		\$ 320,000,000
1	Total TITLE II, Section 2—		
2	State Road Fund		\$ 974,403,300

Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.—From the funds designated there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.

#### **LEGISLATIVE**

## 92—Crime Victims Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 14)

#### Account No.

# Fund 1731 FY 1997 Org 2300

		Activity		Other Funds
1	Personal Services	001	\$	145,096
2	Annual Increment	004		1,625
3	Employee Benefits	010		48,400
4	Unclassified	099		32,000
5 6	Economic Loss Claim Payment Fund (R)	334		2,000,000
7	Total		\$	2,227,121
8 9 10 11 12	Any unexpended balance remation for Economic Loss Claim Pay activity 334) at the close of the hereby reappropriated for expendiguear 1996-97.	ment Fu fiscal y	ind ( ear	(fund 1731, 1995-96 is

# 93—Tax Reduction and Federal Funding Increased Compliance Transfer Account— Division of Human Services

Account No.

Fund 1732 FY 1997 Org 2300

1 2 3 4	Transfer to Division of Human Services Medical Services Trust Fund (5185)— Total	487	\$	10,000,000
	94—Auditor's Office- Land Operating Fund			
	(WV Code Chapters 11A, 12	and 30	5)	
	Account No.			
	Fund 1206 FY 1997 Org	<u>1200</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	32,748
2	Annual Increment	004		3,000
3	Employee Benefits	010		14,591
4	Unclassified	099		98,994
5	Total		\$	149,333
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriate from the special revenue fund out of as provided by law.	priation f fees	n sh and	all be paid collections
	95—Auditor's Office- Securities Regulation Fi			
	(WV Code Chapter 32	2)		
	Account No.			
	Fund 1225 FY 1997 Org	1200		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	218,700
2	Annual Increment	004		4,722
3	Employee Benefits	010		62,116
4	Unclassified	099		168,943
5	Total		<b>\$</b>	454,481
			•	,

#### 96—Department of Agriculture

# (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund 1401 FY 1997 Org 1400

1	Personal Services	001	\$	346,491
2	Annual Increment	004		3,243
3	Employee Benefits	010		110,227
4	Unclassified	099	_	816,851
5	Total		\$	1,276,812

# 97—Department of Agriculture— West Virginia Rural Rehabilitation Program

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund 1408 FY 1997 Org 1400

1 Student and Farm Loans—Total . . 235 \$ 535,984

# 98—Department of Agriculture— General John McCausland Memorial Farm

# (WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund 1409 FY 1997 Org 1400

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 20,684
2	Annual Increment	004	1,400
3	Employee Benefits	010	11,215
4	Unclassified	099	 51.493
5	Total		\$ 84,792

The above appropriation shall be expended in accordance with article twenty-six, chapter nineteen of the code.

99—Department of Agriculture—	•
Farm Operating Fund	

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Account No.

Fund 1412 FY 1997 Org 1400

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 950,000

100—Attorney General— Anti-Trust Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Account No.

Fund 1507 FY 1997 Org 1500

Ţ	Personal Services	001	Þ	210,400
2	Annual Increment	004		935
3	Employee Benefits	010		60,892

4 Unclassified ...... 099 \_\_\_\_\_\_177,882

# 101—Attorney General— Preneed Funeral Regulation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Account No.

Fund 1513 FY 1997 Org 1500

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 138,019

102—Attorney General— Preneed Funeral Guarantee Fund

(WV Code Chapter 47)

Account No.

Fund 1514 FY 1997 Org 1500

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 290,000

# DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

# 103—Division of Information Services and Communications

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

#### Account No.

# Fund 2220 FY 1997 Org 0210

1	Personal Services	001	\$	4,120,418
2	Annual Increment	004		84,385
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,265,538
4	Unclassified	099		1,613,547
5	Total		\$	7,083,888
6 7 8 9	The total amount of this approfrom a special revenue fund out of the division of information services as provided by law.	colle	ction	ns made by
10 11 12 13 14 15	There is hereby appropriated fr tion to the above appropriation, the the expenditure of funds other tha employee benefits to enable the div mation processing services to user a es include, but are not limited to, ment, office automation and telecon	neces n pers vision to gencie data p	sary onal to pr s. T roces	amount for services or covide infor- these servic- ssing equip-
17 18 19 20	Each spending unit operating to nue fund, from special revenue fur bursement for postage from the fe be charged monthly for all postage	nds or deral g	rec	eiving reim- rnment shall

# 104—Division of Purchasing— Revolving Fund

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amounts.

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Account No.

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#### Fund 2320 FY 1997 Org 0216

1	Personal Services	001	\$	706,686
2	Annual Increment	004		33,802
3	Employee Benefits	010		269,039
4	Unclassified	099	_	746,223
5	Total		\$	1,755,750
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriate from a special revenue fund out of the division of purchasing as provide	collec	ction	

There is hereby appropriated from this fund, in addition to the above appropriation, the necessary amount for the expenditure of funds other than personal services or employee benefits to enable the division to provide printing, publishing and document services and for the purchase of supplies for resale to user agencies. These services include, but are not limited to, offset printing, electronic duplication/copying, microfilming, records storage and the sale of general office supplies.

# 105—Division of Personnel

# (WV Code Chapter 29)

#### Account No.

# Fund 2440 FY 1997 Org 0222

1	Personal Services	001	\$	2,060,908
2	Annual Increment	004		60,100
3	Employee Benefits	010		589,942
4	Unclassified	099	_	762,121
5	Total		\$	3,473,071
6	The total amount of this appro			

from a special revenue fund out of fees collected by the division of personnel.

# 106-WV Prosecuting Attorneys Institute

(WV Code Chapter 7)

#### Account No.

# Fund 2521 FY 1997 Org 0228

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 150,814

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

# 107—State Department of Education— School Building Authority

(WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Account No.

# Fund 3959 FY 1997 Org 0402

1	Personal Services	001	\$	394,395
2	Annual Increment	004		5,200
3	Employee Benefits	010		107,896
4	Unclassified	099	_	284,210
5	Total		\$	791,701
6 7	The above appropriation for to penses of the school building author			
8	the interest earnings on debt serv	vice r	eserv	e accounts
9	maintained on behalf of said author	ity.		

# 108—State Department of Education— FFA-FHA Camp and Conference Center

(WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>3960</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 694,039
2	Annual Increment	004	13,817
3	Employee Benefits	010	280,678

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4	Unclassified	099	_	944,383
5	Total		\$	1,932,917

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

109—State College and University Systems—
State Systems Registration Fee—
Revenue Bond Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Account No.

# Fund 4033 FY 1997 Org 0453

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and the 1995-96 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to section eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-b of the code.

# 111—State College and University Systems— State Systems Tuition Fee— Revenue Bond Construction Fund

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>4041</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0453</u>

Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and the 1995-96 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the proceeds of revenue bonds issued pursuant to section eight, article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code.

112—State University System—
State System Registration Fee—
Special Capital Improvement Fund
(Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund)

#### Control Account

## (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Account No.

	Fund 4007 FY 1997 Org 0461	
1	Debt Service (R) 040	\$ 3,879,386
2	Capital Repairs and Alterations (R) 251	2,740,356
3	Miscellaneous Projects (R) 252	400,000
<b>4 5</b>	Computer and Telecommunications Technology (R)	736,427
6 7 8 9	West Virginia Institute of Technology Base Transfer from Board of Directors	305,500
10	Total	\$ 8,061,669
11 12 13 14	Any unexpended balances remaining years' and the 1995-96 appropriations (exce 1994-95, activity 251 and activity 438) are propriated for expenditure during the fiscal	pt fiscal year hereby reap-
15 16 17 18 19	The total amount of this appropriation from the special capital improvement fur section eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-benefit projects are to be paid on a cash basis and n from the date of passage.	nd created in of the code.
20 21 22	The above appropriations, except for deb be transferred to special revenue funds for provement projects at university system insti-	or capital im-
23 24	Pursuant to the provisions of enrolled serious regular session 1996, section nine, article	

Pursuant to the provisions of enrolled senate bill 591, regular session 1996, section nine, article two, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, the amount of one hundred eleven thousand eight hundred eighty-nine dollars shall be transferred from the West Virginia university institute of technology base transfer from board of directors line (fund 4007, activity 458) to the state college system—state system registration fee—special capital im-

31	provement	fund	(capital	improvement	and	bond	retire-
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ment fund) control account, fund 4289, fiscal year

33 1996-97, organization 0481 for the purpose of bonded

34 indebtedness liability attributable to West Virginia univer-

35 sity institute of technology.

21 date of passage.

# 113—State University System— State System Tuition Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund) Control Account

## (WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

#### Account No.

# Fund 4008 FY 1997 Org 0461

	Tulid 4000 1.1 1337 Oig 0401
1	Debt Service (R) 040 \$ 5,078,144
2	Building and Campus Renewal (R) 258 10,874,640
3 4	Facilities Planning and Administration (R)
5 6	Computer and Telecommunications Technology (R)
7 8 9 10	West Virginia University Institute of Technology Base Transfer from Board of Directors
11	Total
12 13 14 15 16	Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and the 1995-96 appropriations (except fiscal year 1994-95, activity 258 and fiscal year 1994-95, activity 438) are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.
17 18 19 20	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created in article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the

22	The above appropriations, except for debt service, may
23	be transferred to special revenue funds for capital im-
24	provement projects at university system institutions.

Pursuant to the provisions of enrolled senate bill 591, 26 regular session 1996, section nine, article two, chapter 27 eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, the amount of 28 two hundred sixty-one thousand two hundred dollars shall 29 be transferred from the West Virginia university institute 30 of technology base transfer from board of directors line 31 activity 458, to the state college system—state system tui-32 tion fee—special capital improvement fund (capital im-33 provement and bond retirement fund) control account, 34 fund 4290, fiscal year 1996-97, organization 0481, for the 35 purpose of bonded indebtedness liability attributable to 36 West Virginia university institute of technology.

# 114—State University System— West Virginia University Health Sciences Center Spending Authority

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Account No.

# Fund 4179 FY 1997 Org 0463

1 Unclassified—Total (R) ..... 096 \$ 14,974,000

Any unexpended balance remaining in the fiscal year 3 1995-96 appropriation for the West Virginia University 4 Health Sciences Center is hereby reappropriated for ex-

penditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

115—State College System— State System Registration Fee— Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund) Control Account

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Account No.

Fund 4289 FY 1997 Org 0481

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ogy.

1	Debt Service (R) 040 \$ 2,055,959
2	Capital Repairs and Alterations (R) 251 1,460,389
3 4 5 6	West Virginia University Institute of Technology Debt Service Transfer from Board of Trustees
8 9 10	Any unexpended balances remaining in the prior years' and 1995-96 appropriations are hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.
11 12 13 14 15	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created in section eight, article ten, chapter eighteen-b of the code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of passage.
16 17 18	The above appropriations, except for debt service, may be transferred to special revenue funds for capital im- provement projects at college system institutions.
19 20 21 22 23	Pursuant to the provisions of enrolled senate bill no. 591, regular session 1996, section nine, article two, chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, the above appropriation in the amount of one hundred eleven thousand eight hundred eighty-nine dollars in the West Virginia

116—State College System— State System Tuition Fee-Special Capital Improvement Fund (Capital Improvement and Bond Retirement Fund) Control Account

university institute of technology debt service transfer

from board of trustees line, activity 459, shall be used

solely for the purpose of the bonded indebtedness liability

attributable to West Virginia university institute of technol-

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18B)

Account No.

Fund 429	O FY	1997	Org	0481
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1	Debt Service (R)	040	\$	2,240,592
2	Capital Improvements (New) (R)	259		1,052,040
3 4 5	Building and Campus Renewal and Facilities Planning and Administration (R)	538		2,404,700
6 7	Capital Contingencies and Emergencies (R)	537		222,900
8 9	West Virginia University Institute of Technology Debt Service			
10 11	Transfer from Board of Trustees	450		261,200
1 1	Board of Trustees	439		201,200
12	Total		\$	6,181,432
13 14 15	Any unexpended balances requests' and 1995-96 appropriations ated for expenditure during the fisc	are hei	reby	reappropri-

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special capital improvement fund created in article twelve-b, chapter eighteen of the code. Projects are to be paid on a cash basis and made available from the date of passage.

The above appropriations, except for debt service, may be transferred to special revenue funds for capital improvement projects at college system institutions.

Pursuant to the provisions of enrolled senate bill no. 24 25 591, regular session 1996, section nine, article two, chapter 26 eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, the amount of 27 two hundred sixty-one thousand two hundred dollars in 28 the West Virginia institute of technology debt service transfer from the board of trustees line, activity 459, shall 29 be used solely for the purpose of the bonded indebtedness 30 liability attributable to West Virginia university institute of 31 32 technology.

117—State Board of Rehabilitation—
Division of Rehabilitation Services—

# West Virginia Rehabilitation Center Special Account

## (WV Code Chapter 18)

#### Account No.

# Fund 8664 FY 1997 Org 0932

1	Personal Services	\$	350,000
2	Workshop Development 163		450,000
3 4	Medical Services Trust Fund-Transfer	:	2,000,000
5	Workshop-Supported Employment 484		50,000
6	Total	\$ 2	2,850,000

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES

## 118-Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists

(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)

#### Account No.

# Fund 5425 FY 1997 Org 0505

1	Personal Services	\$	181,520
2	Annual Increment 004		4,661
3	Employee Benefits 010		57,705
4	Unclassified 099		103,550
5	Total	\$	347,436
6 7 8 9	The total amount of this appropriation from a special revenue fund out of collect the board of barbers and cosmetologists as law.	ions	made by

# 119—Division of Health— Vital Statistics

(WV Code Chapter 16)

Account No.

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# Fund 5144 FY 1997 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$	205,300
2	Annual Increment	004		8,203
3	Employee Benefits	010		99,871
4	Unclassified	099	_	82,650
5	Total		•	396 024

# 120—Division of Health— Hospital Services Revenue Account

(Special Fund)

# (Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)

## (WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Account No.

# Fund 5156 FY 1997 Org 0506

1	Debt Service (R)	040	\$	2,740,000
2	Broad Based Provider Tax (R)	566		2,750,000
3 4	Institutional Facilities Operations (R)	335		37,171,693
5	Medical Services Trust			
6	Fund—Transfer (R)	512	_	23,300,000
7	Total		\$	65,961,693
8	Any unexpended balance remai	ning i	n th	e appropria-
9	tion for hospital services revenue a			
10	the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby			
11		~ ~ ~ ~		
	penditure during the fiscal year 19			
12	5156, activity 261 (fiscal year 1992	-93), f	und	5156, activ-
	5156, activity 261 (fiscal year 1992 ity 335 (fiscal year 1993-94), and fi	-93), f und 51	und 56,	5156, activactivity 040,
12	5156, activity 261 (fiscal year 1992	-93), f und 51	und 56,	5156, activactivity 040,
12 13	5156, activity 261 (fiscal year 1992 ity 335 (fiscal year 1993-94), and fi	-93), f und 51	und 56,	5156, activactivity 040,

from the hospital services revenue account special fund

created by section fifteen-a, article one, chapter sixteen of

the code, and shall be used for operating expenses and for

- 20 improvements in connection with existing facilities and 21 bond payments.
- The secretary of the department of health and human resources is authorized to utilize up to ten percent of the
- resources is authorized to utilize up to ten percent of the funds from the above appropriation for Institutional Facil-
- 14 runds from the above appropriation for institutional racii-
- 25 ities Operations line to facilitate cost effective and cost
- 26 saving services at the community level.

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40 41 Necessary funds from the above appropriation may be used for medical facilities operations, either in connection with this account or in connection with the line item designated Institutional Facilities Operations in the consolidated medical service fund (fund 0525, fiscal year 1997, organization 0506).

From the above appropriation to Institutional Facilities Operations, together with available funds from the consolidated medical services fund (fund 0525, activity 335), on July 1, 1996, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars shall be transferred to the department of agriculture—land division as advance payment for the purchase of food products; actual payments for such purchases shall not be required until such credits have been completely expended.

# 121—Division of Health— Laboratory Services

(WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>5163</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0506</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 424,568
2	Annual Increment	004	9,450
3	Employee Benefits	010	141,586
4	Unclassified	099	 450,000
5	Total		\$ 1.025.604

# 122—Division of Health— Health Facility Licensing

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

## Account No.

# Fund 5172 FY 1997 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 162,952
2	Annual Increment	004	2,250
3	Employee Benefits	010	57,791
4	Unclassified	099	 102,904
5	Total		\$ 325,897

# 123—Division of Health— Hepatitis B Vaccine

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

## Account No.

# Fund 5183 FY 1997 Org 0506

1	Personal Services	001	\$	49,300
2	Annual Increment	004		900
3	Employee Benefits	010		15,751
4	Unclassified	099		1,600,000
5	Vaccine for Volunteer Squads	565		50,000
6	Total		\$	1,715,951
		4	•.	

# 124—Health Care Cost Review Authority

# (WV Code Chapter 16)

#### Account No.

# Fund 5375 FY 1997 Org 0507

	Fund 53/5 F1 199/ Org	<u> </u>	
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,151,577
2	Annual Increment	004	11,328
3	Employee Benefits	010	386,119
4	Unclassified	099	 1.871,972
5	Total		\$ 3,420,996

The above appropriation is to be expended in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code and from the special revolving fund designated health care cost review fund.

# 125—Division of Human Services— Health Care Provider Tax

(WV Code Chapter 11)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 5090 FY 1997 Org 0511

1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$ 127,250,459
2	Office Code Enhancements	389	750,000
3	Total		\$ 128,000,459
4 5 6 7	From the above appropriation, a ceed two hundred thousand dollars a special revenue account in the tredepartment of health and human reso	shall be easury ources	e transferred to for use by the for administra-
8	tive purposes. The remainder of all		
9	the fund shall be transferred to the V	Vest V	irginia medical
0	services fund.		

# 126—Division of Human Services— Child Support Enforcement

(WV Code Chapter 48A)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>5094</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ -0-
2	Annual Increment	004	-0-
3	Employee Benefits	010	-0-
4	Unclassified	096	 21,181,935
5	Total		\$ 21,181,935

# 127—Division of Human Services— Medical Services Trust Fund

# (WV Code Chapter 9)

#### Account No.

# Fund 5185 FY 1997 Org 0511

	rulid <u>2163</u> FT <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0311</u>		
1	Eligibility Expansion	582	\$	5,420,911
2	State Institutions DPSH Payments .	583		4,466,156
3	Hospice Services	584		340,115
4	Match Drop	585	_	5,400,000
5	Total		\$	15,627,182
6 7 8 9	The Match Drop line item above junction with funds appropriated to services in the Medical Services activity 189).	the div	visio	on of human
	DEPARTMENT OF MILITAR AND PUBLIC SAFET		AII	RS
	128—State Armory Boa General Armory Fun			
	(WV Code Chapter 1	5)		
	Account No.			
	Fund 6102 FY 1997 Or	g <u>0604</u>	:	
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	325,000
	129—West Virginia Division of Parolee Supervision F		tion	:s—
	(WV Code Chapter 6	(2)		
	Account No.			
	Fund 6362 FY 1997 Or	g <u>0608</u>	<u>}</u>	
1	Personal Services	001	\$	82,928

Employee Benefits .....

35,664

010

3	Current Expenses	3
4	Total	)
	130—West Virginia State Police— Motor Vehicle Inspection Fund	
	(WV Code Chapter 17C)	
	Account No.	
	Fund 6501 FY 1997 Org 0612	
1	Personal Services 001 \$ 626,191	
2	Annual Increment	,
3	Employee Benefits 010 177,755	
4	Unclassified	
5	Total	
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of fees collected for inspection stickers as provided by law.	
	131—West Virginia State Police— Drunk Driving Prevention Fund	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)	
	Account No.	
	Fund 6513 FY 1997 Org 0612	
1	Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 1,034,000	ı
2 3 4 5 6	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of receipts collected pursuant to sections nine-a and sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven of the code and paid into a revolving fund account in the state treasury.	
	132—West Virginia State Police—	

# 132—West Virginia State Police— Surplus Real Property Proceeds Fund

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Account No.

1	2	2
T	J	4

## **APPROPRIATIONS**

# [Ch. 8

Personal

391,785

#### Account No.

Fund <u>61</u>	<u>52</u>	FY	1997	Org	<u>0619</u>	
Services					001	\$

2	Annual Increment	004	5,200
3	Employee Benefits	010	116,075

4 Unclassified ...... 099 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 296,080

Any unexpended cash balance remaining in fund 6152 at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby available for expenditure as part of the fiscal year 1996-97 appropriation.

#### DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

# 137—Division of Banking— Lending and Credit Rate Board

(WV Code Chapter 47A)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>3040</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0303</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 10,586
2	Employee Benefits	010	4,411
3	Unclassified	099	 10,648
4	Total		\$ 25,645

# 138-Division of Banking

(WV Code Chapter 31A)

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>3041</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0303</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,110,253
2	Annual Increment	004	11,800
3	Employee Benefits	010	331,828

134	APPROPRIATIONS		[Ch. 8
4	Unclassified 099		525,540
5	Total	\$	1,979,421
	139—Tax Division— Office of Chief Inspector		
	(WV Code Chapter 6)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>7067</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>070</u>	<u>2</u>	
1	Personal Services 001	<b>\$</b>	1,463,400
2	Annual Increment	1	24,100
3	Employee Benefits 010	)	449,289
4	Unclassified 099	9	486,807
5	Total	\$	2,423,596
	140—Tax Division— Cemetery Company Account		
	(WV Code Chapter 35)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 7071 FY 1997 Org 070	)2	
1	Personal Services 00	1 \$	16,116
2	Employee Benefits 01	0	4,966
3	Unclassified 09	9 _	10.918
4	Total	\$	32,000
	141—Tax Division— Special Audit and Investigative	Unit	
	(WV Code Chapter 11)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 7073 FY 1997 Org 07	<u>02</u>	
:	Personal Services 0	01 \$	645,846

Ch. 8	APPROPRIATIONS		135
2	Annual Increment 004		3,000
3	Employee Benefits 010		216,503
4	Unclassified 099		346,021
5	Total	\$	1,211,370
	142—Insurance Commissioner— Examination Revolving Fund	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 33)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 7150 FY 1997 Org 0704		
1	Personal Services 001	\$	409,390
2	Annual Increment 004		300
3	Employee Benefits 010		100,930
4	Unclassified 099	_	313,500
5	Total	\$	824,120
	143—Insurance Commissioner— Consumer Advocate	•	
	(WV Code Chapter 33)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 7151 FY 1997 Org 0704		
1	Personal Services 001	\$	73,500
2	Annual Increment 004		450
3	Employee Benefits 010		29,226
4	Unclassified		117.521
5	Total	\$	220,697
144—Insurance Commissioner			
	(WV Code Chapter 33)		

Account No.

1

57,000

Fund 7152	FY 1997	Org <u>0704</u>
-----------	---------	-----------------

	-		
1	Personal Services	001	\$ 1,581,988
2	Annual Increment	004	28,150
3	Employee Benefits	010	573,216
4	Unclassified	099	 852,900
5	Total		\$ 3,036,254
6 7	The total amount of this approfrom a special revenue fund out of		

# 145—Racing Commission— Relief Fund

charges as provided by law.

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

## Fund 7300 FY 1997 Org 0707

Medical Expenses—Total . . . . . 245 \$

2 3 4	The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from the special revenue fund out of collections of license fees and fines as provided by law.
5	
6	except for hospitalization, medical care and/or funeral
7	expenses for persons contributing to this fund.

# 146—Racing Commission— Administration and Promotion

(WV Code Chapter 19)

#### Account No.

# Fund 7304 FY 1997 Org 0707

1	Personal Services	001	\$ '	53,700
2	Annual Increment	004		850
3	Employee Benefits	010		22,947

Ch. 8	] Appropriations			137
4	Unclassified	099	_	47,408
5	Total		\$	124,905
	147—Racing Commission General Administration			
	(WV Code Chapter 19)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 7305 FY 1997 Org 0	707		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	1,016,300
2	Annual Increment	004		14,900
3	Employee Benefits	010		291,353
4	Unclassified	)99		130,000
5	Total		\$	1,452,553
	148—Racing Commission Administration, Promotion and Educ		n Fu	ınd
	(WV Code Chapter 19)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 7307 FY 1997 Org 0	<u>707</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total (	96	\$	35,000
	149—Alcohol Beverage Control Adm Wine License Special Fun		atio	n—
	(WV Code Chapter 60)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 7351 FY 1997 Org 0	<u>708</u>		

1	Personal Services	001	\$	200,408
2	Annual Increment	004		2,450
3	Employee Benefits	010		47,328
4	Unclassified	099	_	183,477
5	Total		\$	433,663

# 150—Alcohol Beverage Control Administration

(WV Code Chapter 60)

#### Account No.

## Fund 7352 FY 1997 Org 0708

1	Personal Services	001	\$	2,455,256
2	Annual Increment	004		70,401
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,364,785
4	Unclassified	099	_	2,023,296
5	Total		\$	5,913,738
6 7	The total amount of this appro- from a special revenue fund out of l			
8 9 10	The above appropriation inclu commissioner and the salaries, expe administrative offices, warehouses a	nses ai	nd eq	uipment of
11 12 13	There is hereby appropriated from addition to the above appropriation, for the purchase of liquor as provide	the no	ecess	

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## 151—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver's License Reinstatement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 17B)

#### Account No.

# Fund 8213 FY 1997 Org 0802

1	Personal Services	001	\$	-0-
2	Annual Increment	004		-0-
3	Employee Benefits	010		-0-
4	Unclassified	099	_	444,773
5	Total		\$	444,773

## 152—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver Rehabilitation

(WV Code Chapter 17C)

#### Account No.

## Fund 8214 FY 1997 Org 0802

1	Personal Services	001	\$ -0-
2	Annual Increment	004	-0-
3	Employee Benefits	010	-0-
4	Unclassified	099	 889,950
5	Total		\$ 889,950

## 153—Division of Motor Vehicles— Insurance Certificate Fees

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

## Fund 8215 FY 1997 Org 0802

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 559,600
2	Annual Increment	004	13,400
3	Employee Benefits	010	234,911
4	Unclassified	099	 205,000
5	Total		\$ 1,012,911

## 154—Division of Motor Vehicles— Motorboat Licenses

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

# Fund 8216 FY 1997 Org 0802

1	Personal Services	 001	\$ -0-
2	Annual Increment	004	-0-

140	Appropriations			[Ch. 8
3	Employee Benefits 01	0		-0-
4	Unclassified 09	99		145,938
5	Total		\$	145,938
	155—Division of Motor Vehicle Returned Check Fees	es—		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)			
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8217</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>08</u>	<u> 802</u>		
1	Personal Services 0	01	\$	-0-
2	Annual Increment 0	04		-0-
3	Employee Benefits 0	10		-0-
4	Unclassified 0	99	_	28,919
5	Total		\$	28,919
	BUREAU OF COMMERC	Œ		
	156—Division of Forestry	y		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 3081 FY 1997 Org 0	<u> 305</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	272,688
2	Annual Increment	004		3,650
3	B Employee Benefits	010		71,948
4	Unclassified	099	_	353,789
:	Total		\$	702,075
	157—Division of Forestry Timberland Enforcement Ope		ons	
	(WV Code Chapter 19)	)		
	Account No.			

	Fund 3082 FY 1997 Org 0305
1	Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 250,000
	158—Division of Forestry— Severance Tax Operations
	(WV Code Chapter 11)
	Account No.
	Fund 3084 FY 1997 Org 0305
1	Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 2,524,352
	159—Geological and Economic Survey
	(WV Code Chapter 29)
	Account No.
	Fund 3100 FY 1997 Org 0306
1	Personal Services
2	Annual Increment
3	Employee Benefits 010 7,112
4	Unclassified
5	Total
6 7 8	The above appropriation shall be used in accordance with section four, article two, chapter twenty-nine of the code.
	160—West Virginia Development Office— Energy Assistance
	(WV Code Chapter 5B)
	Account No.
	Fund 3144 FY 1997 Org 0307
1 2 3 4	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropriations for Unclassified (fund 3144, activity 099), and Energy Assistance-Total (fund 3144, activity 647) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are hereby reappropriated

142	APPROPRIATIONS	[Ch. 8

5 Tot expenditure during the lister year 1990-9	5	for expenditure	during	the	fiscal	year	1996-97
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## 161—Division of Labor— Contractor Licensing Board Fund

(WV Code Chapter 21)

#### Account No.

Fund 3187 FY 1997 Org	g <u>0308</u>
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1	Personal Services	001	\$ 723,969
2	Annual Increment	004	9,928
3	Employee Benefits	010	282,828
4	Unclassified	099	 780,063
5	Total		\$ 1,796,788

# 162—Division of Labor— Elevator Safety Act

(WV Code Chapter 21)

#### Account No.

# Fund 3188 FY 1997 Org 0308

1	Personal Services	001	\$	185,205
2	Annual Increment	004		2,249
3	Employee Benefits	010		66,438
4	Unclassified	099	_	289,328
5	Total		\$	543,220

# 163-Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

# Fund 3200 FY 1997 Org 0310

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 5,966,736
2	Annual Increment	004	141,632

Ch.	81
$\sim$ 11.	ΟI

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

1	A	2
Ł	4	. 3

3	Employee Benefits 010	)	2,306,718
4	Unclassified 099	)	3,522,244
5 6	Capital Improvements and Land Purchase (R) 248	·	1,149,443
7	Total	\$	13,086,773
8 9 10	The total amount of this appropriate from a special revenue fund out of fees division of natural resources.		
11 12 13 14 15	Any unexpended balances remaining ations for Renovation of Dams (fund 32 and Capital Improvements and Land Pura activity 248) at the close of the fiscal yhereby reappropriated for expenditure year 1996-97.	00, ac hase ( ear 1	etivity 414) (fund 3200, 995-96 are
	164—Division of Natural Resource Game, Fish and Aquatic Life Fu		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 3202 FY 1997 Org 0310	)	
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	6,000
	165—Division of Natural Resource Nongame Fund	es—	
	(WV Code Chapter 20)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 3203 FY 1997 Org 0310	2	
1	Personal Services 001	\$	83,522
2	Annual Increment 004		1,000
3	Employee Benefits 010	)	27,571
4	Unclassified 099	_	31,603
5	Total	\$	143,696

## 166—Division of Natural Resources— Planning and Development Division

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

Fund	3205	FY 199	7 Org <u>0310</u>
1 4114	<u> </u>	1 1 1//	<u> </u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 203,148
2	Annual Increment	004	3,250
3	Employee Benefits	010	78,792
4	Unclassified	099	 341,351
5	Total		\$ 626,541

## 167—Division of Natural Resources— Whitewater Study and Improvement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

# Fund 3253 FY 1997 Org 0310

1	Unclassified-Total		096	\$	95,000
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# 168—Division of Natural Resources— Recycling Assistance Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

# Fund 3254 FY 1997 Org 0310

	1 und <u>525+</u> 11 1551 O.B	0010		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	110,268
2	Annual Increment	004		2,300
3	Employee Benefits	010		47,772
4	Unclassified (R)	099	_	2,639,914
5	Total		\$	2,800,254
6 7	Any unexpended balance remai tion for Unclassified (fund 3254, act	ning ir tivity 0	the 199)	appropria- at the close

16

management.

8 of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.

## 169—Division of Natural Resources— Whitewater Advertising and Promotion Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 3256 FY 1997 Org 0310

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 20,000

## **BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS**

### 170—Bureau of Employment Programs— Workers' Compensation Fund

(WV Code Chapter 23)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 3440 FY 1997 Org 0322

1	Personal Services	001	\$	15,114,407
2	Annual Increment	004	•	337,253
3	Employee Benefits	010		5,511,946
4	Unclassified (R)	099		29,176,878
5	Employer Excess Liability Fund	226	_	112,798
6	Total		\$	50,253,282
7 8 9 10	Any unexpended balance remain tion for Unclassified (fund 3440, act of the fiscal year 1995-96 is here expenditure during the fiscal year 1	ivity 0 by rea	99) ppr	at the close
11 12 13 14 15	There is hereby authorized to be appropriation the amount necessary bonds given by the treasurer as be protection of the workers' compensations that the board of	for the nd cut ation f	stoc und	oremiums on dian for the l. This sum

#### **BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENT**

## 171-Solid Waste Management Board

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

Fund 3288 FY 1997 Org 03
--------------------------

	Fund 3288 FY 1997 Org 0312						
1	Personal Services	001	\$	273,984			
2	Annual Increment	004		3,200			
3	Employee Benefits	010		89,389			
4	Landfill Assistance	488		1,000,000			
5	Unclassified	099	_	1,971,455			
6	Total		\$	3,338,028			
	172—Division of Environmental Protection— Special Reclamation Fund						
	(WV Code Chapter 22)	<b>A</b> )					
	Account No.						
	Fund 3321 FY 1997 Org	<u>0313</u>					
1	Personal Services	001	\$	289,100			
2	Annual Increment	004		6,900			
3	Employee Benefits	010		96,349			
4	Unclassified	099		13,194,038			
5	Total		\$	13,586,387			
	173—Division of Environmental Protection— Oil and Gas Reclamation Trust						
	00 T C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C						

# (WV Code Chapter 22B)

Account No.

Fund <u>3322</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0313</u>	Fund	<u>3322</u>	FY	<u> 1997</u>	Org <u>0313</u>
---	------	-------------	----	--------------	-----------------

096 \$ 465,000 Unclassified—Total ..... 1

# 174—Division of Environmental Protection— Oil and Gas Operating Permits

(WV Code Chapter 22B)

	Account No.				
	Fund 3323 FY 1997 Org 0313				
1	Personal Services 001	\$	206,500		
2	Annual Increment 004		3,200		
3	Employee Benefits 010		66,187		
4	Unclassified 099	_	487,466		
5	Total	\$	763,353		
	175—Division of Environmental Protec Mines and Minerals Operations Fu		_		
	(WV Code Chapter 22)				
	Account No.				
	Fund 3324 FY 1997 Org 0313				
1	Personal Services 001	\$	2,250,951		
2	Annual Increment 004		36,582		
3	Employee Benefits 010		678,237		
4	Unclassified 099	_	954,929		
5	Total	\$	3,920,699		
	176—Division of Environmental Protection— Underground Storage Tanks Administrative Fund				
	(WV Code Chapter 20)				
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>3325</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0313</u>				
1	Personal Services 001	\$	312,050		
2	Annual Increment 004		4,675		

148	Appropriations			[Ch. 8
3	Employee Benefits	010		103,621
4	Unclassified	099		156,356
5	Total		\$	576,702
	177—Division of Environmental I Hazardous Waste Emergency and R			
•	(WV Code Chapter 20)	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>3331</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0313</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	344,028
2	Annual Increment	004		6,125
3	Employee Benefits	010		109,343
4	Unclassified	099	_	1,008,331
5	Total		\$	1,467,827
	178—Division of Environmental Solid Waste Reclamation Environmental Response	and	tion-	_
	(WV Code Chapter 20	))		
	Account No.			
	Fund 3332 FY 1997 Org	0313		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	155,584
2	Annual Increment	004		1,900
3	Employee Benefits	010		47,278
4	Landfill Assistance	488		1,000,000
5	Sludge Study	432		45,025
(	Unclassified	099	_	960,720
•	7 Total		\$	2,210,507

# 179—Division of Environmental Protection— Solid Waste Enforcement Fund

(WV Code Chapter 20)

# Account No.

Fund 3333 FY 1997 Org 0	g 0313
-------------------------	--------

	Fund 3333 FY 1997 Org 0313				
1	Personal Services	\$ 1,787,292			
2	Annual Increment 004	28,581			
3	Employee Benefits 010	576,488			
4	Unclassified 099	1,332,767			
5	Litter Control-Conservation Officers 564	200,000			
6	Total	\$ 3,925,128			
	180—Division of Environmental Protection— Fees and Operating Expenses				
	(WV Code Chapter 16)				
	Account No.				
	Fund 3336 FY 1997 Org 0313				
1	Personal Services	\$ 2,571,800			
2	Annual Increment 004	2,900			
3	Employee Benefits	746,421			
4	Unclassified	1.165,434			
5	Total	\$ 4,486,555			
	181—Division of Environmental Protectio Environmental Laboratory Certification Fund	n—			
	(WV Code Chapter 22)				
	Account No.				
	Fund 3343 FY 1997 Org 0313				
1	Personal Services	\$ 87,324			

150	APPROPRIATIONS			[Ch. 8	
2	Annual Increment	004		1,250	
3	Employee Benefits	010		27,588	
4	Unclassified	099		34,188	
5	Total		\$	150,350	
	182—Oil and Gas Conservation	Comm	ission	:	
	(WV Code Chapter 22	)			
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>3371</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0315</u>			
1	Personal Services	001	\$	149,335	
2	Annual Increment	004		1,200	
3	Employee Benefits	010		26,833	
4	Unclassified	099		49,074	
5	Total		\$	226,442	
	MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND	СОМ	MISS	IONS	
	183—Hospital Finance Au	thority	,		
	(WV Code Chapter 16	5)			
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>5475</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	0509			
1	Personal Services	001	\$	50,219	
2	Annual Increment	004		200	
3	Employee Benefits	010		15,228	
4	Unclassified	099	_	67,116	
5	Total		\$	132,763	
6 7 8 9	7 from the special revenue fund out of fees and collections 8 as provided by article twenty-nine-a, chapter sixteen of the				

# 184-Municipal Bond Commission

(WV Code Chapter 13)

Account No.

	Fund 7253 FY 1997 Org 0706		
1	Personal Services 001	\$	107,470
2	Annual Increment 004		2,700
3	Employee Benefits 010		37,424
4	Unclassified 099	_	54,550
5	Total	\$	202,144
	185—WV State Board of Examine for Licensed Practical Nurses	rs	
	(WV Code Chapter 30)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8517 FY 1997 Org 0906		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	330,118
	186—WV Board of Examiners for Registered Professional Nurses	r	
	(WV Code Chapter 30)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8520 FY 1997 Org 0907		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	805,823
	187—West Virginia Cable Televisio Advisory Board	n	
	(WV Code Chapter 5)		
	Account No.		

Account No.

Fund <u>8609</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0924</u>

152	Appropriations			[Ch. 8
1	Personal Services	001	\$	151,640
2	Annual Increment	004		4,000
3	Employee Benefits	010		42,370
4	Unclassified	099	_	60,268
5	Total		\$	258,278
	188—Public Service Comm	ission		
	(WV Code Chapter 24	)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8623</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0926</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	6,178,316
2	Annual Increment	004		90,279
3	Employee Benefits	010		1,904,176
4	Unclassified	099		2,452,000
5	750 KV Transmission Line Study .	608		-0-
6	Sewage Plant Assistance	400	_	175,000
. 7	Total		\$	10,799,771
8 9 10 11	The total amount of this appro- from a special revenue fund out of license fees from public service cor- by law.	collect	ions	s for special
	189—Public Service Commi Gas Pipeline Division		-	
	(WV Code Chapter 24)	B)		
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8624</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org	<u>0926</u>		
1	Personal Services	001	\$	133,750
2	Annual Increment	004		5,556
3	Employee Benefits	010		40,232

The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by the public service commission pursuant to and in the exercise of regulatory authority over pipeline companies as provided by law.  190—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division  (WV Code Chapter 24A)  Account No.  Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org 0926  Personal Services	4	Unclassified	099	_	98,500
from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by the public service commission pursuant to and in the exercise of regulatory authority over pipeline companies as provided by law.  190—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division  (WV Code Chapter 24A)  Account No.  Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org 0926  Personal Services	5	Total		\$	278,038
Motor Carrier Division  (WV Code Chapter 24A)  Account No.  Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org 0926  Personal Services	7 8 9	from a special revenue fund out of or by the public service commission exercise of regulatory authority ov	receip pursua	ets c	collected for to and in the
Account No.  Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org 0926  Personal Services				-	
Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org 0926  1 Personal Services		(WV Code Chapter 24.	A)		
1 Personal Services		Account No.			
2 Annual Increment		Fund 8625 FY 1997 Org	<u>0926</u>		
Employee Benefits	1	Personal Services	001	\$	1,337,796
4 Unclassified	2	Annual Increment	004		34,723
5 Total	3	Employee Benefits	010		405,827
The total amount of this appropriation shall be paid from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for or by the public service commission pursuant to and in the exercise of regulatory authority over motor carriers as	4	Unclassified	099		670,500
7 from a special revenue fund out of receipts collected for 8 or by the public service commission pursuant to and in the 9 exercise of regulatory authority over motor carriers as	5	Total		\$	2,448,846
	7 8 9	from a special revenue fund out of or by the public service commission exercise of regulatory authority ov	receipt pursua	s contract	ollected for and in the

# 191—Public Service Commission— Consumer Advocate

(WV Code Chapter 24)

# Account No.

# Fund <u>8627</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0926</u>

1	Personal Services	001	\$ 368,595
2	Annual Increment	004	3,350
3	Employee Benefits	010	106,740

154	Appropriations			[Ch. 8
4	Unclassified 09	99		336,784
5	Total	;	\$	815,469
6 7 8	The total amount of this appropriation a special revenue fund out of conthe public service commission.			
	192—Real Estate Commissi	on		
	(WV Code Chapter 47)			
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8635</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>09</u>	<u>927</u>		
1	Personal Services 0	01	\$	289,132
2	Annual Increment	04		3,600
3	Employee Benefits	10		91,906
4	Unclassified	)99		269,400
5	Total		\$	654,038
6 7	The total amount of this appropr out of collections of license fees as pro			
	193-WV Board of Respirator	y Car	·e	
	(WV Code Chapter 30)			
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8676</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0</u>	935		
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	190,000
	194—Dietitians' Licensure E	Board	!	
	Account No.			
	Fund <u>8680</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0</u>	<u>936</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	105,000
1	·		<b>.</b>	24 270 040
2				34,379,840
	Sec. 4. Appropriations from lott	ery n	et pro	ofits.—Net

- profits of the lottery, not to exceed fifty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars, are to be deposited by the lottery director to the following accounts in the amounts indicated. The auditor shall prorate each deposit of net profits by the lottery director among fund numbers 1020, 3067, 3267, 3951, 3963, 4030, 5405 and 5063 in the
- proportion the appropriation for each account bears to the

9 total of the appropriations for the eight accounts.

#### 195-Governor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 5)

#### Account No.

#### Fund 1020 FY 1997 Org 0100

		Lottery	
	Activity	Funds	
1 2	Center for Arts, Sciences and Education-Total 230 \$	-0-	
	196—West Virginia Development Office— Tourism Commission	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 5B)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 3067 FY 1997 Org 0304		
1	Tourism—Unclassified (R) 662 \$	2,906,092	
2	Tourism—Advertising (R) 618	2,240,000	
3	Tourism—Telemarketing Center 463	100,000	
4	State Parks and		
5	Recreation Advertising (R) 619	560,000	
6	Total	5,806,092	
7 8 9	Any unexpended balances remaining in thations for Unclassified (fund 3067, acti Tourism-Advertising (fund 3067, activity 618),	vity 099),	
10 11	and Recreation Advertising (fund 3067, act Tourism-Unclassified (fund 3067, activity	tivity 619),	

- 12 Advertising-Total (fund 3073, activity 541) are hereby
- 13 reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year

14 1996-97.

#### 197—Division of Natural Resources

(WV Code Chapter 20)

#### Account No.

## Fund <u>3267</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1	Capital Outlay—Parks (R)	288	\$	-0-
2	Coopers Rock—Land Acquisition (R)	439		200,000
4	Parks Operations—Unclassified	645	. —	1,473,908
5	Total		\$	1,673,908
6 7 8	Any unexpended balances rema ations for Unclassified (fund 3267, Outlay — Parks (fund 3267, activ	activi	ty 09	99), Capital
9	Rock — Land Acquisition (fund 326	57, act	ivity	439) at the
10	close of the fiscal year 1995-96 are	hereb	y rea	ppropriated
11	for expenditure during the fiscal year			

# 198-State Department of Education

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

#### Account No.

## Fund 3951 FY 1997 Org 0402

-	
2	Any unexpended balances remaining in the appropri-
3	ation for Elementary Computer Education-Total (fund
4	3951, activity 285), Computer Basic Skills — Total (fund
5	3951, activity 567) and Computer Basic Skills — Total
6	(fund 3964, activity 567) at the close of the fiscal year
7	1995-96 are hereby reappropriated for expenditure dur-

ing the fiscal year 1996-97.

1 Computer Basic Skills—Total (R) . 567 \$ 7.500,000

## 199—State Department of Education— School Building Authority

(WV Code Chapter 18)

Account No.

Fund 3963 FY 1997 Org 0402

> 200—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System Control Account

> > (WV Code Chapter 18B)

Account No.

Fund 4030 FY 1997 Org 0453

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 3,520,000

## 201—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Account No.

Fund 3505 FY 1997 Org 0431

1 Strategic Planning and Compliance-

2 Health Sciences . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 489 \$ 200,000

202-Commission on Aging

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Account No.

Fund 5405 FY 1997 Org 0508

1 In-Home Services for

2 Senior Citizens—Total ..... 286 \$ -0-

158	Appropriations [Ch. 8
4	Transfer to Division of Human
5	Services for Health Care
6	and Title XIX
7	Waiver for Senior Citizens 539 8,500,000
8	Senior Citizen Centers
9	and Programs
10	Total
11	The above appropriation for Health Care and Title
	XIX Waiver for Senior Citizens shall be used to expand
13	the Title XIX waiver program statewide but not to increase
14 15	
1.5	AIX providers.
	203—Division of Human Services— Health Care and Title XIX Waiver for Senior Citizens
	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)
	Account No.
	Fund <u>5063</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0511</u>
1	Health Care and Title XIX Waiver
2	for Senior Citizens—Total 434 \$ -0-
3	The above appropriation shall be used to expand the
4	Title XIX waiver program statewide but not to increase the
5	rates of reimbursement for services provided by Title XIX
6	providers.
	204—Education, Arts, Sciences and Tourism  Debt Service Fund
	(WV Code Chapter 5)
	Account No.
	Fund 2252 FY 1997 Org 0211
1	Debt Service—Total
1	Total TITLE II, Section 4—
2	Lottery Funds

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.—In accordance with article eleven, chapter four of the code, from federal funds there are hereby appropriated conditionally upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of the code the following amounts, as itemized, for expenditure during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.				
	LEGISLATIVE				
	205—Crime Victims Compensation Fund				
	(WV Code Chapter 14)				
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>8738</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>2300</u>				
	Federal Activity Funds				
1	Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 920,000				
	JUDICIAL				
	206—Supreme Court— General Judicial				
	Account No.				
	Fund 8805 FY 1997 Org 2400				
1	Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 123,584				
	EXECUTIVE				
	207—Governor's Office— Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families				
	(WV Code Chapter 5)				
	Account No.				
	Fund <u>8792</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0100</u>				

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 528,000

# 208—Governor's Office— Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families— Office of Economic Opportunity

Ch. 8

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Account No.

Fund 8797 FY 1997 Org 0100

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 4,228,397

209—Governor's Office—
Commission for National and Community Service

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Account No.

Fund 8800 FY 1997 Org 0100

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 892,000

210-Auditor's Office

(WV Code Chapter 12)

Account No.

Fund 8807 FY 1997 Org 1200

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 3,900,000

211—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Account No.

Fund 8735 FY 1997 Org 1400

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 20,000

212—Department of Agriculture

(WV Code Chapter 19)

Account No.

Fund 8736 FY 1997 Org 1400

Ch. 8	Appropriations		161
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	2,813,085
	213—Department of Agriculture— Meat Inspection	-	
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>8737</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>1400</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	610,311
	214—Department of Agriculture— State Soil Conservation Committee		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8783 FY 1997 Org 1400		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	94,000
	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	1	-
	215—State Department of Education	n	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8712 FY 1997 Org 0402		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	9,150,000
	216—State Department of Education School Lunch Program	—	
	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)		
	Account No.		

Fund <u>8713</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0402</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 58,483,000

## 217—State Board of Education— Vocational Division

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Account No.

Fund 8714 FY 1997 Org 0402

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 12,635,000

## 218—State Department of Education— Aid for Exceptional Children

(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)

Account No.

Fund 8715 FY 1997 Org 0402

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 25,000,000

#### DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS

## 219—Division of Culture and History

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Account No.

Fund 8718 FY 1997 Org 0432

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 2,048,255

220—Library Commission

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Account No.

Fund <u>8720</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0433</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 1,992,560

# 221—Educational Broadcasting Authority

(WV Code Chapter 10)

Account No.

Fund 8721 FY 1997 Org 0439

Ch. 8]	Appropriations		163			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	425,250			
222—State Board of Rehabilitation— Division of Rehabilitation Services						
	(WV Code Chapter 18)					
	Account No.					
	Fund <u>8734</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0932</u>	2				
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	39,577,969			
DEP	ARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	R	ESOURCES			
	223-Consolidated Medical Service l	runc	i			
	(WV Code Chapter 16)					
	Account No.					
	Fund 8723 FY 1997 Org 0506	į				
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	3,300,000			
	224—Division of Health—					
	Central Office					
	(WV Code Chapter 16)					
	Account No.					
	Fund 8802 FY 1997 Org 0506					
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	51,180,033			
	225—Commission on Aging					

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Account No.

Fund 8724 FY 1997 Org 0508

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 11,585,000

226—Human Rights Commission

(WV Code Chapter 5)

Account No.

164	Appropriations	[Ch. 8	
	Fund <u>8725</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>051</u>	<u>0</u>	
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	151,352
	227—Division of Human Service	es	
	(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 4	9)	
	Account No.		
	Fund 8722 FY 1997 Org 051	1	
_			
1	Unclassified 099		
2	Medical Services 189		869,123,506
3 4	Behavioral Health  Medical Services 664		145,021,240
5	Public Assistance		, ,
6	JOBS Program		•
7	Total		1,245,464,569
,	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY A	-	, , ,
	AND PUBLIC SAFETY	r ir Ai	IKS
	228—Adjutant General—State M	ilitid	7
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>8726</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>060</u>	<u>3</u>	
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	16,704,646
	229—Office of Emergency Serv	ices	
	(WV Code Chapter 15)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8727 FY 1997 Org 060	<u>)6</u>	
Unc	lassified—Total 096	\$	1,400,000

#### 230—West Virginia State Police

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Account No.

Fund <u>8741</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0612</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 4,879,531

231—Division of Veterans' Affairs— Veterans' Home

(WV Code Chapter 9A)

Account No.

Fund 8728 FY 1997 Org 0618

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 496,000

232—Division of Criminal Justice and Highway Safety

(Executive Order)

Account No.

Fund 8803 FY 1997 Org 0620

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 12,300,000

#### DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE

233—Tax Division

(WV Code Chapter 11)

Account No.

Fund <u>7069</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0702</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 75,000

#### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

234—Department of Transportation— Office of the Secretary

(WV Code Chapter 5F)

	Account No.		
	Fund <u>8782</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0801</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	405,000
	235—State Rail Authority		
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8733 FY 1997 Org 0804		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	1,096,279
	236—Division of Public Transit		
	(WV Code Chapter 17)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8745 FY 1997 Org 0805		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	6,171,045
	<b>BUREAU OF COMMERCE</b>		
	237—Division of Forestry		
	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8703 FY 1997 Org 0305		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	1,073,500
	238—Geological and Economic Sur	vey	
	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8704 FY 1997 Org 0306		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	542,221
	239—West Virginia Development Of	fice	

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Account No.

	Fund <u>8705</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0307</u>			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	10,623,512	
	240—Division of Labor			
	(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 8706 FY 1997 Org 0308			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	319,000	
	241—Division of Natural Resource	es.		
	(WV Code Chapter 20)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 8707 FY 1997 Org 0310			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	8,261,711	
	242—Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training			
	(WV Code Chapter 22)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 8709 FY 1997 Org 0314			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	530,332	
	BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENT			
	243—Division of Environmental Prote	ctio	n	
	(WV Code Chapter 22)			
	Account No.			
	Fund 8708 FY 1997 Org 0313			
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	112,901,239	
:	MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COM	MIS	SSIONS	
244—Public Service Commission— Motor Carrier Division				

#### (WV Code Chapter 24A)

#### Account No.

# Fund 8743 FY 1997 Org 0926

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 890,388

## 245—Public Service Commission— Gas Pipeline Division

(WV Code Chapter 24B)

#### Account No.

## Fund 8744 FY 1997 Org 0926

- 1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 255,764 1 Total TITLE II, Section 5— 2 Federal Funds ..... \$ 1,654,047,533
- 1 Sec. 6. Appropriations from federal block grants.
- 2 —The following items are hereby appropriated from fed-
- 3 eral block grants to be available for expenditure during

4 the fiscal year 1996-97.

#### 246—Governor's Office— Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families

#### Account No.

# Fund <u>8799</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0100</u>

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 7,136,077

# 247—West Virginia Development Office— Community Development

Account No.

## Fund 8746 FY 1997 Org 0307

1 Unclassified—Total ...... 096 \$ 21,000,000

## 248—Bureau of Employment Programs— Job Training Partnership Act

Account No.

	Fund 8749 FY 1997 Org 0323		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	46,500,000
	249—State Department of Educatio Education Grant	n—	
	Account No.		
	Fund 8748 FY 1997 Org 0402		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	74,470,000
	250—Division of Health— Maternal and Child Health		
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>8750</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0506</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	7,500,000
	251—Division of Health— Preventive Health		
	Account No.		
	Fund 8753 FY 1997 Org 0506		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	1,650,000
	252—Division of Health— Substance Abuse Prevention and Treat	mei	ıt
	Account No.		
	Fund 8793 FY 1997 Org 0506		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	9,000,000
	253—Division of Health— Community Mental Health Service.	s	
	Account No.		
	Fund <u>8794</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0506</u>		
1	Unclassified—Total 096	\$	2,800,000

# 254—Division of Human Services— Energy Assistance

Δ	^	cc	111	n	t '	N	^
~		C.	113	ш		ıv	"

Fund §	8755	FY	1997	Ога	0511
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# 255-Division of Human Services-Child Care and Development

#### Account No.

### Fund 8756 FY 1997 Org 0511

Unclassified—Total ..... 096 \$ 6.900.000

#### 256—Division of Human Services— Social Services

#### Account No.

#### Fund <u>8757</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0511</u>

# 257—Division of Human Services— Empowerment Zone and Enterprise Community Program

#### Account No.

## Fund 8806 FY 1997 Org 0511

- 1 Unclassified—Total ..... 096 \$ 2,000,000
- Total TITLE II. Section 6-1
- \$ 210,356,077 2 Federal Block Grants
- 1 Sec. 7. Awards for claims against the state.—There 2 are hereby appropriated for the remainder of the fiscal year 1995-96 and to remain in effect until the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, 4 from the funds as designated, in the amounts as specified and for the claimants named in enrolled house bill no. 4660, regular session, one thousand nine hundred
- ninety-six, crime victims compensation funds of \$86,500
- for payment of claims against the state.

There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1996-97 from the funds as designated in the amounts as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled sen-ate bill no. 567, regular session, one thousand nine hun-dred ninety-six, and enrolled house bill no. 4661, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, general revenue funds in the amount of \$911.929.52. The total of general revenue funds do not include payment for claims in the amount of \$3,950 from the supreme court-general iudicial account no. fund 0180, FY 1996, org 2400, spe-cifically made payable from the appropriation for fiscal year 1995-96.

There are hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1996-97 from the funds as designated, in the amounts as specified and for the claimants as named in enrolled senate bill no. 567, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, special revenue funds in the amount of \$50,488.43; state road funds in the amount of \$223.790.54.

Sec. 8. Appropriations from surplus accrued.—The following items are hereby appropriated from the state fund, general revenue, and are to be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97 out of surplus funds only, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this section.

It is the intent and mandate of the Legislature that the following appropriations be payable only from surplus accrued as of the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. In the event that surplus revenues available on the thirty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, are not sufficient to meet all of the appropriations made pursuant to this section, then the appropriations shall be made to the extent that surplus funds are available as of the date mandated and shall be allocated first to provide the necessary funds to meet the first appropriation of this section; next, to provide the funds necessary for the second appropriation of this section; and subsequently to provide the funds necessary for each appropriation in succession before any funds are provided for the next subsequent appropriation.

## 258—West Virginia State Police

(WV Code Chapter 15)

Account No.

Fund 0453 FY 1997 Org 0612

1	Capital Outlay		
2	and Equipment-Surplus-Total	231	\$ -0

259—Division of Natural Resources
(WV Code Chapter 20)

Account No.

Fund <u>0265</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0310</u>

1 Capital Outlay-Parks-Surplus . . . . . 233 \$ -0-260—Department of Education and the Arts—

Office of the Secretary
(WV Code Chapter 5F)

Account No.

Fund <u>0294</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0431</u>

1 Capital Outlay-Library Construction-

261—Division of Human Services

(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)

Account No.

Fund <u>0403</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0511</u>

1 Child Care Development—Surplus . . 505 \$ 700,000

262—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System—
Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 18B and 18C)
Account No.

### Fund <u>0333</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0452</u>

1 Higher Education Technology

2 Initiative—Surplus (R) ..... 508 \$ 1,000,000

263—Board of Risk and Insurance Management

(WV Code Chapter 29)

Account No.

#### Fund 0217 FY 1997 Org 0218

1 County Boards of Education

2 Retro Payments—Surplus . . . . 509 \$ 1,000,000

### 264-Division of General Services

(WV Code Chapter 5A)

Account No.

### Fund 0230 FY 1997 Org 0211

1 Capitol Complex Capital

# 265—Board of Trustees of the University System of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the State College System— Central Office

(WV Code Chapters 18B and 18C)

Account No.

### Fund 0333 FY 1997 Org 0452

1 Higher Education Technology

2 Initiative—Surplus (R) ..... 508 \$ 1,000,000

### 266-West Virginia Development Office

(WV Code Chapter 5B)

Account No.

Fund 0256 FY 1997 Org 0307

1 2	Guaranteed Work Force Grant—Surplus (R)
	267—Department of Education and the Arts— Office of the Secretary
	(WV Code Chapter 5)
	Account No.
	Fund <u>0294</u> FY <u>1997</u> Org <u>0431</u>
1 2	Community Schools/Mini Grants—Surplus
1 2	Total TITLE II, Section 7— Appropriations from
3	Surplus Accrued
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	ter five-a of the code, with due consideration to the digest of legislative intent of the budget bill prepared pursuant to article one, chapter four, unless the spending unit has filed with the director of the budget, the auditor and the legislative auditor prior to the beginning of each fiscal year:
16 17	
18 19	` '
1 2 3 4	<ul> <li>Bequests or donations of nonpublic funds, received by the governor on behalf of the state during the fiscal year</li> </ul>

of making studies and recommendations relative to improvements of the administration and management of spending units in the executive branch of state government, shall be deposited in the state treasury in a separate account therein designated state improvement fund.

There are hereby appropriated all moneys so deposited during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven to be expended as authorized by the governor, for such studies and recommendations which may encompass any problems of organization, procedures, systems, functions, powers or duties of a state spending unit in the executive branch, or the betterment of the economic, social, educational, health and general welfare of the state or its citizens.

- Sec. 11. Specific funds and collection accounts.—A fund or collection account which by law is dedicated to a specific use is hereby appropriated in sufficient amount to meet all lawful demands upon the fund or collection account and shall be expended according to the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of the code.
- Sec. 12. Appropriations for refunding erroneous payment.—Money that has been erroneously paid into the state treasury is hereby appropriated out of the fund into which it was paid, for refund to the proper person.

When the officer authorized by law to collect money for the state finds that a sum has been erroneously paid, he or she shall issue his or her requisition upon the auditor for the refunding of the proper amount. The auditor shall issue his or her warrant to the treasurer and the treasurer shall pay the warrant out of the fund into which the amount was originally paid.

Sec. 13. Sinking fund deficiencies.—There is hereby appropriated to the governor a sufficient amount to meet any deficiencies that may arise in the mortgage finance bond insurance fund of the West Virginia housing development fund which is under the supervision and control of the municipal bond commission as provided by section twenty-b, article eighteen, chapter thirty-one of the code, or in the funds of the municipal bond commission be-

cause of the failure of any state agency for either general obligation or revenue bonds or any local taxing district for general obligation bonds to remit funds necessary for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements. The governor is authorized to transfer from time to time such amounts to the municipal bond commission as may be necessary for these purposes.

The municipal bond commission shall reimburse the state of West Virginia through the governor from the first remittance collected from the West Virginia housing development fund or from any state agency or local taxing district for which the governor advanced funds, with interest at the rate carried by the bonds for security or payment of which the advance was made.

Sec. 14. Appropriations for local governments.

—There are hereby appropriated for payment to counties, districts and municipal corporations such amounts as will be necessary to pay taxes due counties, districts and municipal corporations and which have been paid into the treasury:

- 7 (a) For redemption of lands;
- 8 (b) By public service corporations;
- 9 (c) For tax forfeitures.
- Sec. 15. Total appropriations.—Where only a total sum is appropriated to a spending unit, the total sum shall include personal services, annual increment, employee benefits, current expenses, repairs and alterations, equipment and capital outlay, where not otherwise specifically provided and except as otherwise provided in TITLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS, Sec. 3.
  - Sec. 16. General school fund.—The balance of the proceeds of the general school fund remaining after the payment of the appropriations made by this act is appropriated for expenditure in accordance with section sixteen, article nine-a, chapter eighteen of the code.

#### TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION.

- §1. Appropriations conditional.
- §2. Constitutionality.

#### TITLE III—ADMINISTRATION.

- Section 1. Appropriations conditional.—The expenditure of the appropriations made by this act, except those appropriations made to the legislative and judicial branches of the state government, are conditioned upon the compliance by the spending unit with the requirements of article two, chapter five-a of the code.
- Where spending units or parts of spending units have been absorbed by or combined with other spending units, it is the intent of this act that reappropriations shall be to the succeeding or later spending unit created, unless otherwise indicated.
  - Sec. 2. Constitutionality.—If any part of this act is declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, its decision shall not affect any portion of this act which remains, but the remaining portion shall be in full force and effect as if the portion declared unconstitutional had never been a part of the act.

# **CHAPTER 9**

(H. B. 4742—By Delegates Burke, Frederick, Talbott, Border, Evans, Facemyer and Leggett)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of agriculture, account no. fund 0131, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of agriculture, account no. fund 0131, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by four hundred ten thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	13—Department of Agriculture
4	(WV Code Chapter 19)
5	Fund 0131 FY 1996 Org 1400
6 7 8	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
9	5 Unclassified
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding four hundred ten thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for the department of agriculture, account no. fund 0131, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, to be used for capital outlay, equipment and related costs for the Moorefield laboratory building and office.

(H. B. 4664—By Delegates Mezzatesta, Pettit, Border, Clements, Evans, Leggett and Walters)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the state fund, general revenue, to legislative, joint expenses, account no. fund 0175, fiscal year 1996, organization 2300, and governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, first regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill", and expiring the sum of ten million dollars from joint expenses, account no. fund 0175, fiscal year 1996, organization 2300, to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, and making a supplemental appropriation in the amount of ten million dollars from the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the amount of ten million dollars be reduced from legislative, joint expenses, account no. fund 0175, fiscal year 1996, organization 2300.

1 TITLE II — APPROPRIATIONS.

2 Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.

3 3—Joint Expenses

4 (WV Code Chapter 4)

5 Account No.

180	Appropriations [Ch. 10
6	Fund <u>0175</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>2300</u>
7	14 Tax Reduction and
8	15 Federal Funding
9	16 Increased Compliance 642 \$ 10,000,000
10	And, that the items of total appropriation from the
11	general revenue, fund account no. fund 0105, fiscal year
12	1996, organization 0100, be amended and increased in the
13	line item as follows:
14	8—Governor's Office —
15	Civil Contingent Fund
16	(WV Code Chapter 5)
17	Account No.
18	Fund <u>0105</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0100</u>
19	8 Flood victims' assistance \$ 10,000,000
20	The purpose of this bill is to reduce the total
21	appropriation to the item designated "tax reduction and

federal funding increased compliance" in joint expenses, 22 account no. fund 0175, fiscal year 1996, organization 23 2300. by ten million dollars. The further purpose of the 24 25 bill is to appropriate ten million dollars to the governor's 26 office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0101, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100 to a new line item, 27 28 designated "flood victims' assistance" to be used to provide 29 funding assistance to flood victims. The bill also provides 30 for the transfer of ten million dollars from the tax reduction and federal funding increased compliance 31 32 appropriation to a special fund, account no. fund 1732. The transfer of funds authorized by this bill shall be 33 completed on or before the fifteenth day of June, one 34 thousand nine hundred ninety-six. All transferred funds 35 shall be available for expenditure immediately upon the 36 37 effective date of this bill.

(S. B. 570—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from other funds to the department of administration, division of purchasing—revolving fund, account no. fund 2320, fiscal year 1996, organization 0216, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from other funds to account no. fund 2320, fiscal year 1996, organization 0216, be amended and reduced in the line item as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
4	100—Division of Purchasing—
5	Revolving Fund
6	(WV Code Chapter 5A)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 2320 FY 1996 Org 0216
9	Act- Other
10	ivity Funds
11	4 Unclassified 099 \$ 111,110
12 13	And, that the items of the total appropriations from other funds to account no. fund 2320, fiscal year 1996,

The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement, amend, reduce and transfer between existing items in the aforesaid account for the designated spending unit. The item for unclassified is reduced by one hundred eleven thousand one hundred ten dollars. The item for personal services is increased by ninety-one thousand one hundred seventy-nine dollars. The item for employee benefits is increased by nineteen thousand nine hundred thirty-one dollars. The amounts as itemized for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall be available for expenditure immediately upon the effective date of this bill.

(S. B. 569—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the general revenue fund to the department of administration, ethics commission, account no. fund 0223, fiscal year 1996, organization 0220, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the general revenue fund to account no. fund 0223, fiscal year 1996, organization 0220, be amended and reduced in the line item as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	S	ection 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.
3		DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
4		28—Ethics Commission
5		(WV Code Chapter 6B)
6		Account No.
7		Fund 0223 FY 1996 Org 0220
8 9 10		General Act- Revenue ivity Fund
11	4	Unclassified 099 \$ 19,485

12 13 14 15	And, that the items of the total appropriations from the general revenue fund to account no. fund 0223, fiscal year 1996, organization 0220, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:
16	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
17	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.
18	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
19	28—Ethics Commission
20	(WV Code Chapter 6B)
21	Account No.
22	Fund 0223 FY 1996 Org 0220
23	General
24	Act- Revenue
25	ivity Fund
26	1 Personal Services 001 \$ 14,500
27	3 Employee Benefits 010 4,985
28	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
29	is to supplement, amend, reduce and transfer between
30	existing items in the aforesaid account for the designated
31	spending unit. The item for unclassified is reduced by
32	nineteen thousand four hundred eighty-five dollars. The
33	item for personal services is increased by fourteen
34	thousand five hundred dollars. The item for employee
35 36	benefits is increased by four thousand nine hundred
37	eighty-five dollars. The amounts as itemized for
38	expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall be
39	available for expenditure immediately upon the effective
40	date of this hill

(H. B. 4544—By Delegates Kiss, Mezzatesta, Gallagher, Leach, Miller, Walters and Wallace)

[Passed February 28, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of administration, public defender services, account no. fund 0226, fiscal year 1996, organization 0221, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The Governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document, dated January 10, 1996, which included a statement of the state fund, general revenue, setting forth therein the cash balance and investments as of July 1, 1995, and further included the estimate of revenues for fiscal year 1995-96, less net appropriation balances forwarded and regular appropriations for fiscal year 1995-96; and

WHEREAS, It thus appearing from the Governor's executive budget document there now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 0226, fiscal year 1996, organization 0221, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by three million five hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
4	29—Public Defender Services
5	(WV Code Chapter 29)

86	Appropriations	[Ch. 14
6	Account No.	
7	Fund <u>0226</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0221</u>	
8 9 10	Act- ivity	
11 12	<ul><li>5 Appointed Counsel Fees and</li><li>6 Public Defender Corporations (R) . 127</li></ul>	\$ 3,500,000
13 14 15 16 17	Any unexpended balance remaining appropriation for Appointed Counsel Fees Defender Corporations (fund 0226, activity close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reafor expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97	and Public 127) at the appropriated
18 19 20 21 22 23	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this the budget act for fiscal year ending the third June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, three million five hundred thousand dollars to appropriation for the payment of appointed cand public defender corporations.	ieth day of by adding the existing

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# **CHAPTER 14**

(H. B. 4743-By Delegates Burke, Compton, Frederick, Kelley, Warner, Clements and Facemyer)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the division of forestry, account no. fund 0250, fiscal year 1996, organization 0305.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the

thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the division of forestry, account no. fund 0250, fiscal year 1996, organization 0305, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	73—Division of Forestry
4	(WV Code Chapter 19)
5	Fund <u>0250</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0305</u>
6 7 8	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
9	4a Communications Equipment 502 \$ 375,000
10 11 12 13 14 15	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding three hundred seventy-five thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for the division of forestry, account no. fund 0250, fiscal year 1996, organization 0305, to be used for communications equipment.

# **CHAPTER 15**

(H. B. 4848—By Delegates Kiss, Mezzatesta, Talbott, Warner, Evans, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, geological and economic survey, account no. fund 0253, fiscal year 1996, organization 0306.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, geological and economic survey, account no. fund 0253, fiscal year 1996, organization 0306, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by seven hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	74—Geological and Economic Survey
4	(WV Code Chapter 29)
5	Account No.
6	Fund <u>0253</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0306</u>
7 8 9	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
10	4a Mineral Mapping System 207 \$750,000
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding seven hundred fifty thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for the bureau of commerce, geological and economic survey, account no. fund 0253, fiscal year 1996, organization 0306, to be used for the mineral mapping system.

(H. B. 4847—By Delegates Talbott, Seacrist, Burke, Frederick, Tomblin, Clements and Facemyer)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia development office, account no. fund 0256, fiscal year 1996, organization 0307.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia development office, account no. fund 0256, fiscal year 1996, organization 0307, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	75—West Virginia Development Office—
4	(WV Code Chapter 5B)
5	Account No.
6	Fund 0256 FY 1996 Org 0307
7 8 9	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
10 11	19a Empowerment Zone/Enterprise 19b Community 218 \$1,000,000

- The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth
- 14 day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by
- 15 adding one million dollars to the existing appropriation
- 16 for the West Virginia development office, account no.
- 17 fund 0256, fiscal year 1996, organization 0307, to be used
- 18 for the empowerment zone/enterprise community.



(S. B. 593—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of education and the arts, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0294, fiscal year 1996, organization 0431, activity 663, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, tourism section, account no. fund 0555, fiscal year 1996, organization 0304.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of education and the arts, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0294, fiscal year 1996, organization 0431, activity 663, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine

hundred ninety-six to the department of education and the arts, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0294, fiscal year 1996, organization 0431, activity 663, be amended and decreased by expiring the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the unappropriated balance of the state fund, general revenue and a new appropriation be added for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, for the West Virginia development office—tourism section, account no. fund 0555, fiscal year 1996, organization 0304, in the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	Bureau of Commerce.
4	75a—West Virginia Development Office—
5	Tourism Section
6	(WV Code Chapter 5B)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 0555 FY 1996 Org 0304
9 10 11	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
12	1 Telemarketing Center—Total 255 \$ 250,000
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of education and the arts, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0294, fiscal year 1996, organization 0431, activity 663, and supplement account no. fund 0555, fiscal year 1996, organization 0304, in the budget act for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding two hundred fifty thousand

(H. B. 4662—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Compton, Doyle, Mezzatesta, Border and Miller)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring amounts between appropriations from surplus accrued deposited in existing accounts of the department of education, account no. fund 3968, organization 0402, and account no. fund 3967, organization 0402 and transferring the total balances to the school building authority, school construction fund, account no. fund 3965, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, and making an appropriation of public moneys in the amount of thirty-three million two hundred ninety thousand forty-two dollars to the school construction fund, account no. fund 3965, organization 0402, supplementing chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, first regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total balance from surplus accrued be transferred from the 1996 construction account, fund 3968, to the unappropriated balance in the school construction fund, fund 3965, and that the total balance be transferred from the 1995 construction account, fund 3967, to the unappropriated balance in the school construction fund, fund 3965, and making an appropriation of public moneys in the amount of thirty-three million two hundred ninety thousand forty-two dollars to the school construction fund, account no. fund 3965, organization 0402.

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 8. Appropriations from surplus accrued
3	245—State Department of Education
4	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)
5	Account No.

6	Fund <u>0313</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0402</u>
7 8	1 School Building Authority— Total
9 10 11 12	Any appropriation to the school building authority from surplus accrued shall be transferred from the 1996 construction account, fund 3968, and the 1995 school construction account, fund 3967, and deposited into the school construction fund, fund 3965.
1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	102a—School Building Authority—
4	School Construction Fund
5	(WV Code Chapter 18)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 3965 FY 1996 Org 0402
8	1 Hampshire County School Construction \$4,000,000
9	2 Jefferson County School Construction 10,600,000
10	3 Mason County School Construction 14,439,600
11	4 Monroe County School Construction <u>4,250,442</u>
12	5 Total\$33,290,042
13 14 15 16 17 18	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to create a new account in the state budget and make an appropriation to the school building authority in the amount of thirty-three million two hundred ninety thousand forty-two dollars in the line items as designated herein for the construction of schools. The further purpose of the bill is to amend the budget act for the fiscal year end-
20 21 22	ing the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by striking out language in the state department of education, account no. fund 0313, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402

(H. B. 4744—By Delegates Browning, Compton, Farris, Frederick, Pettit, Leggett and Miller)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of education, account no. fund 0313, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of education, account no. fund 0313, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by seven hundred thirteen thousand three hundred seven dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general rev	enue.
3	34—State Department of Education	!
4	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)	
5	Fund <u>0313</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0402</u>	
6 7 8	Act- ivity	General Revenue Funds
9 10	24a County Boards of Education  Lawsuits 655	\$ 713,307

- The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account
- 13 in the budget act for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of
- 14 June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding
- 15 seven hundred thirteen thousand three hundred seven
- 16 dollars to the existing appropriation for the department of
- 17 agriculture, account no. fund 0313, fiscal year 1996, orga-
- 18 nization 0402, to be used for payment of county boards
- 19 of education lawsuits.



(H. B. 4635—By Delegates Kiss, Mezzatesta, Talbott, Burke, Facemyer, Evans and Wallace)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of education, West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind, account no. fund 0320, fiscal year 1996, organization 0403.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of education, West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind, account no. fund 0320, fiscal year 1996, organization 0403, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	38—West Virginia Schools for the
4	Deaf and Blind
5	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 0320 FY 1996 Org 0403
8 9	General Act- Revenue
10	ivity Funds
11	4a Roof repair and replacement 254 \$250,000
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for the department of education, West Virginia schools for the deaf and blind, account no. fund 0320, fiscal year 1996, organization 0403, to be used for the repair and replacement of roofs.

(H. B. 4864—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Gallagher, Petersen, Facemyer, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the general revenue fund to the department of health and human resources, division of human services, account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular

session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and reduced in the line items as follows:

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS
Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
53—Division of Human Services—
(WV Code Chapters 9, 48 and 49)
Account No.
Fund <u>0403</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0511</u>
General Act- Revenue ivity Fund
14 Public Assistance
And, that the items of the total appropriations from general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:  TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:  TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.  Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.  DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:  TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.  Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.  DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
general revenue fund to account no. fund 0403, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:  TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.  Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue fund.  DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES  53—Division of Human Services—

(S. B. 602—By Senators Blatnik, Boley, Chafin, Dugan, Helmick, Jackson, Kimble, Love, Minear, Sharpe and Whitlow)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the state fund, general revenue to the department of health and human resources, division of health, central office, account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, and department of health and human resources, consolidated medical service fund, account no. fund 0525, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the state fund, general revenue to account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996,

organization 0506, be amended and reduced in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRI	ATIONS	<b>S</b> .	
2	Section 1. Appropriations from	n genera	l rev	enue.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH RESOURCES		iUM.	AN
5	49—Division of He	alth—		
6	Central Office	i		
7	(WV Code Chapte	r 16)		
8	Account No.			
9	Fund <u>0407</u> FY <u>1996</u> C	org <u>0506</u>		
10 11 12		Act- ivity		General Revenue Fund
13	4 Unclassified	. 099	\$	55,804
14 15 16 17	And, that the items of the total a state fund, general revenue to acceyear 1996, organization 0506, be am the line items as follows:	ount no.	052	5, fiscal
18	TITLE II—APPROPRIA	ATIONS		
19	Section 1. Appropriations from	general	reve	enue.
20 21	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH RESOURCES	AND H	UMA	N
22	50—Consolidated Medical S	Service 1	Fund	
23	Account No.			
24	Fund <u>0525</u> FY <u>1996</u> O	rg <u>0506</u>		
25 26 27		Act- ivity		General Revenue Fund
28	14 Institutional Facilities			
29	15 Operations	. 335	\$	83,996

30 31 32 33	And, that the items of the total appropriations from the state fund, general revenue to account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, be amended and increased in the line items as follows:
34	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
35	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
36 37	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
38	49—Division of Health—
39	Central Office
40	(WV Code Chapter 16)
41	Account No.
42	Fund <u>0407</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0506</u>
43 44 45	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
46	1 Personal Services
47	3 Employee Benefits 010 31.800
	3 Employee Benefits 010 31,800

(H. B. 4849—By Delegates Kelley, Seacrist, Frederick, Tomblin, Facemyer, Talbott and Leggett)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of tax and revenue, tax division, account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996, organization 0702.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of tax and revenue, tax division, account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996, organization 0702, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.			
3	68—Tax Division—			
4		(WV Code Cha	pter 11)	
5		Account N	lo.	
6		Fund <u>0407</u> FY <u>1990</u>	6 Org <u>0702</u>	
7				General
8 9			Act- ivity	Revenue Funds
10	4a	Automation Project	442	\$1,000,000

11	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account
12	in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth
13	day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by
14	adding one million dollars to the existing appropriation
	for the department of tax and revenue, tax division
	account no. fund 0407, fiscal year 1996, organization
	0702, to be used for the automation project

(H. B. 4836—By Delegates Kiss, Seacrist, Tomblin, Evans, Facemyer, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the state fund, general revenue, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, first regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the state fund, general revenue, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608, be amended and reduced in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY
5	60—Division of Corrections—
6	Correctional Units
7	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)
8	Fund <u>0450</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0608</u>

9 10 11		Act- ivity	General Revenue Fund
12	4 Unclassified	099	\$ 50,000
13	12 Mt. Olive Correctional Complex	533	\$400,000
14 15 16 17 18 19	And, that the items of the total apstate fund, general revenue, to the daffairs and public safety, divisi correctional units, account no. fun 1996, organization 0608, be amended line items as follows:	epartmen on of d 0450,	t of military corrections, fiscal year
20	TITLE II—APPROPRIA	TIONS.	
21	Sec. 1. Appropriations from g	eneral re	venue.
22 23	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFF SAFETY	AIRS AI	ND PUBLIC
24	60—Division of Correc	tions—	
25	Correctional Unit	'S	
26	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28,	49 and 6	52)
27	Fund <u>0450</u> FY <u>1996</u> Or	g <u>0608</u>	
28 29 30		Act- vity	General Revenue Fund
31	8 Payments to Counties and/or		
32	9 Regional Jails	229	\$ 450,000
33 34 35 36 37 38	The purpose of this supplementa is to supplement, amend, reduce as existing items in the aforesaid accou- spending unit. The item for unclass fifty thousand dollars. The item for N complex is reduced by four hundred. The item for payments to counties an increased by four hundred fifty tho	nd transint for the sified is Mt. Olive d thous do not be determined to the side of the si	fer between e designated reduced by correctional and dollars. ional jails is

(H. B. 4843—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Burke, Leach, Warner, Border and Wallace)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of one million dollars from the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1995, organization 0608, activity 338, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608.

Whereas, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1995, organization 0608, activity 338, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1995, organization 0608, activity 338, be amended and decreased by expiring the amount of one

million dollars to the unappropriated balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. l. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY
5	60—Division of Corrections—
6	Correctional Units
7	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)
8	Account No.
9	Fund <u>0450</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0608</u>
10 11 12	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
13 14	8 Payments to Counties and/or 9 Regional Jails
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of one million dollars from the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, correctional units, account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1995, organization 0608, activity 338, and supplement account no. fund 0450, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608, in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding one million dollars to the existing appropriation for payments to counties and/or regional jails.

(H. B. 4649—By Delegates Kiss, Burke, Frederick, Talbott, Clements, Leggett and Wallace)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of criminal justice and highway safety, account no. fund 0546, fiscal year 1996, organization 0620.

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of criminal justice and highway safety, account no. fund 0546, fiscal year 1996, organization 0620, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by forty-four thousand four hundred seventy-five dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY
5	65—Division of Criminal Justice and Highway Safety
6	(Executive Order)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 0546 FY 1996 Org 0620

9 10 11	Act- ivity	General Revenue Fund
12	1 Personal Services	\$ 6,500
13	2 Annual Increment 004	72
14	3 Employee Benefits	1,948
15	4 Unclassified	35,955

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22 23 The purpose of this bill is to supplement the department of military affairs and public safety, division of criminal justice and highway safety, account no. fund 0546, fiscal year 1996, organization 0620, by adding thereto the sum of forty-four thousand four hundred seventy-five dollars to be used for the purpose of drawing down federal funds. These sums shall be available for immediate expenditure upon passage.

# **CHAPTER 27**

(H. B. 4549—By Delegates Browning, Clements, Farris, Pettit, Warner, Kelley and Miller)

[Passed February 29, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated in the state fund, general revenue, in the amount of five hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred fifty-four dollars and seventy-one cents, and transferring a like amount to the bureau of employment programs, workers' compensation fund, account no. fund 0554, fiscal year 1996, organization 0322, as originally appropriated by chapter one, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 0554, fiscal year 1996, organization 0322, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by five hundred sixty-four thousand eight hundred fifty-four dollars and seventeen cents as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2,	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	<b>BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS</b>
4	87a—Bureau of Employment Programs
5	Workers' Compensation Fund
6	(WV Code Chapter 23)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 0554 FY 1996 Org 0322
9 10 11	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
12 13	1 Transfer to Workers' 2 Compensation Fund—Total . 253 \$564,854.17
14 15 16 17 18	The purpose of this bill is to transfer the moneys collected in the civil action against former governor Arch A. Moore, Jr., and others, to the workers' compensation administrative claims fund, as it has been determined that this account was harmed by the wrongful actions giving rise to the civil action.

(S. B. 580—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the state road fund to the department of transportation, division of motor vehicles, account no. fund 9007, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the state road fund to account no. fund 9007, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, be amended and reduced in the line item as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 2. Appropriations from state road fund.			
3	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
4	88—Division of Motor Vehicles			
5	(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 17D, 20 and 24A)			
6	Account No.			
7	Fund <u>9007</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0802</u>			
8	State			
9	Act- Road			
10	ivity Fund			
11	5 Optic Scan System 283 \$ 500,000			
12	And, that the items of the total appropriations from the			
13	state road fund to account no. fund 9007, fiscal year			
14	1996, organization 0802, be amended and increased in the			
15	line items as follows:			

210	APPROPRIATIONS [C	ch. 28	
16	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
17	Sec. 2. Appropriations from state road fund.		
18	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
19	88—Division of Motor Vehicles		
20	(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B, 17C, 17D, 20 and	24A)	
21	Account No.		
22			
	Fund 9007 FY 1996 Org 0802		
23		ate	
24		oad	
25	ivity Fu	ınd	
26	1 Personal Services 001 \$ 46	9,000	
27	3 Employee Benefits 010 19	8,852	
28	4 Unclassified	7,250	
29	9a Capital Outlay	8,000	
30 31 32 33	The appropriation for capital outlay (fund 9007, activity 511) shall not be reappropriated into fiscal year 1996-97, but shall expire the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.		
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	is to supplement, amend, reduce and transfer be existing items in the aforesaid account for the design spending unit. The item for the optic scan syst reduced by five hundred thousand dollars. The item personal services is increased by four hundred sixty thousand dollars. The item for employee benefits	tween gnated em is m for y-nine fits is	
41	increased by one bundled linear sight thousand	aiaht	

increased by one hundred ninety-eight thousand eight 41 hundred fifty-two dollars. The item for unclassified is 42 increased by seven hundred seven thousand two hundred 43 fifty dollars. A new item for capital outlay is added for 44 one million ninety-eight thousand dollars. The amounts 45 as itemized for expenditure in fiscal year ending the 46 thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 47 ninety-six, shall be available for expenditure immediately 48 49 upon the effective date of this bill.

(H. B. 4871--By Delegate Kiss)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of five million dollars from the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, activity 999, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the balance of funds available in the revenue shortfall reserve fund exceeds the funds needed for the purposes for which the fund was created, therefore pursuant to section two, article two, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, the amount of this supplementary appropriation is being redesignated for the purposes set forth herein; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the revenue shortfall reserve fund has a sufficient balance available for appropriation in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, activity 999, be decreased by expiring the amount of five million dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the

total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by five million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue.			
3	8—Governor's Office—			
4	Civil Contingent Fund			
5	(WV Code Chapter 5A)			
6	Account No.			
7	Fund <u>0105</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0100</u>			
8 9 10	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund			
11 12 13	<ul> <li>Flood Recovery and Mitigation</li> <li>Loans (Disaster Recovery</li> <li>Trust Fund)</li></ul>			
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of five million dollars from the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, activity 999, and to supplement the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding five million dollars to a new activity for flood recovery and mitigation loans (disaster recovery trust fund).			

(S. B. 577—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of administration, division of personnel, account no. fund 2440, fiscal year 1996, organization 0222, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of administration, division of personnel, account no. fund 2440, fiscal year 1996, organization 0222, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 2440, fiscal year 1996, organization 0222, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by four hundred fifty thousand dollars in the line item as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.		
3	DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION		
4	101—Division of Personnel		
5	(WV Code Chapter 29)		
6	Account No.		
7	Fund 2440 FY 1996 Org 0222		

214	Appropriations [Ch. 31]
8 9	Act- Other ivity Funds
10	4 Unclassified
11	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
12	is to supplement this account in the budget act for the
13	fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand
14	nine hundred ninety-six, by adding four hundred fifty
15	thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for the
16	development of a human resource information system
17	(HRIS).

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4168—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Kiss, J. Martin, Mezzatesta, Michael, Rowe and Ashley)

[Passed January 26, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of three million five hundred thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and four million dollars from the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, activity 999, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office—civil contingent fund, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and WHEREAS, The revenue shortfall reserve fund has a sufficient balance available for appropriation in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; and

WHEREAS, By the provisions of this legislation there now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, be decreased by expiring the amount of three million five hundred thousand dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, activity 999, be decreased by expiring the amount of four million dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by seven million five hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2		Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.		
3		8—Governor's Office		
4	Civil Contingent Fund			
5		(WV Code Chapter 5A)		
6		"WVFIMS" Account Number		
7		Fund 0105 FY 1996 Org 0100		
8 9 10		Act- ivity	General Revenue Fund	
11	1	Civil Contingent Fund—Total 125	\$ 7,500,000	

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The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of three million five hundred thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and four million dollars from the revenue shortfall reserve fund, account no. fund 2038, organization 0201, and to supplement the governor's office, civil contingent fund, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, in the budget act for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding seven million five hundred thousand dollars to the existing appropriation to be expended for infrastructure projects and assistance to areas of the state adversely affected by excessive snowfall and flooding.

# **CHAPTER 32**

(H. B. 4187—By Delegates Burke, Compton, Gallagher, Pettit, Clements, Evans and Wallace)

[Passed February 20, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of two million five hundred thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of agriculture, soil conservation committee, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0132, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund exceeds the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore,

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, be decreased by expiring the amount of two million five hundred thousand dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0132, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two million five hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	14—Department of Agriculture			
3	Soil Conservation Committee			
4	(WV Code Chapter 19)			
5	Account No.			
6	Fund 0132 FY 1996 Org 1400			
7 8 9	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund			
10	6 Soil Conservation Projects (R) 120 \$ 2,500,000			
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of two million five hundred thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and supplement the department of agriculture, soil conservation committee, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0132, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding two million five hundred thousand dollars for soil conservation projects.			

(H. B. 4603—By Delegates Kiss, Farris, Pettit, Warner, Border, Wallace and Walters)

[Passed February 28, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of eight million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and the sum of one million four hundred thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, the general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, and creating a new line item therefor, entitled the civil contingent fund—infrastructure projects and economic development projects.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which that fund was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund number 3384, be decreased

by expiring the amount of eight million two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of one million four hundred thousand dollars, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by twelve million two hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.

2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	8—Governor's Office
4	Civil Contingent Fund
5	(WV Code Chapter 5)
6	Fund <u>0105</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0100</u>
7 8 9	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
10 11 12	A 1 Civil Contingent Fund - Infrastructure A 2 and Economic Development Projects
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	A 3 Civil Contingent Fund-Infrastructure- A 4 and Economic Development A 5 Projects-surplus

(S. B. 383—By Senators Craigo, Manchin, Blatnik, Boley, Dugan, Helmick, Jackson, Kimble, Love, Macnaughtan, Minear, Plymale, Sharpe, Walker and Whitlow)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office—civil contingent fund, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund exceeds the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, be decreased by expiring the amount of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred

ninety-six, to "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the appropriation by seven hundred fifty thousand dollars to read as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	8-Governor's Office				
3	Civil Contingent Fund				
4	(WV Code Chapter 5)				
5	Account No.				
6	Fund 0105 FY 1996 Org 0100				
7					
8 9 10	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund				
11	1a Flood Recovery Assistance				
12	for Agriculture				
13 14 15 16 17	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation for flood recovery assistance (fund 0105, activity 239) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.				
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars from the West Virginia infrastructure general obligation debt service fund, fund no. 3384, and to supplement the governor's office civil contingent fund, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, by adding seven hundred fifty thousand dollars for flood recovery assistance in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.				

(H. B. 4741—By Delegates Browning, Mezzatesta, Warner, Evans, Facemyer, Leggett and Miller)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without the signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated surplus balance in the lottery net profits fund, to the department of education, state department of education, account no. fund 3951, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document, dated the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which included a statement of the lottery net profits fund, setting forth therein the cash balance and investments as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, and further included the estimate of revenues for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, less net appropriation balances forwarded and regular appropriations for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, It thus appearing from the governor's executive budget document there now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 3951, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by eight million eight hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 4. Appropriations from lottery net profits.			
3	189—State Department of Education			
4	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)			
5	Fund 3951 FY 1996 Org 0402			
6 7	Act- Lottery ivity Funds			
8 9	1 Computer Basic Skills— 2 Total (R)			
10 11 12 13	Any unexpended balance remaining in the appropriation (fund 3951, activity 567) at the close of the fiscal year 1995-96 is hereby reappropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year 1996-97.			
14 15 16 17 18	The purpose of this bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding eight million eight hundred thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for computer technology in middle schools and high schools.			

(H. B. 4740—By Delegates Browning, Doyle, Kelley, Evans, Leggett, Miller and Walters)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated surplus balance in the lottery net profits fund, to the department of education and the arts, board of education and the arts, board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia and board of directors of the state college system central office, account no. fund

4055, fiscal year 1996, organization 0452, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

Whereas, The governor submitted to the Legislature the executive budget document, dated the tenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which included a statement of the lottery net profits fund, setting forth therein the cash balance and investments as of the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, and further included the estimate of revenues for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, less net appropriation balances forwarded and regular appropriations for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; and

WHEREAS, It thus appearing from the governor's executive budget document there now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill", be supplemented and amended by adding to title two, section four thereof, as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 4. Appropriations from lottery net profits.
3	191a—Board of Trustees of the University System
4	Of West Virginia and Board of Directors of the
5	State College System
6	Central Office
7	(WV Code Chapter 18B)
8	"WVFIMS" Account no.
9	Fund 4055 FY 1996 Org 0452

10		Act-	Lottery
11		ivity	Funds
12	1 Higher Education Grant		
13	Program (R)	164	\$ 3,000,000
14	Any unexpended balance	remainin	g in the
15	appropriation (fund 4055, activity 1		
16	fiscal year ending the thirtieth day		
17	nine hundred ninety-six, is here	• • •	•
18	expenditure during the fiscal year e		
19	of June, one thousand nine hundred	ninety-sev	en.
20	The purpose of this bill is to s	upplement	the budget
21	act for the fiscal year ending the thi	rtieth day	of June, one
22	thousand nine hundred ninety-six, b		
23	item of appropriation to be es		
24	appropriate lottery net profit funds		
25	year ending the thirtieth day of Ju		
26	hundred ninety-six, to provide fun		
27	three million dollars for the hi	gher educ	ation grant
28	program.		

(H. B. 4863—By Delegates Kiss, Farris, Gallagher, Petersen, Pettit, Warner and Border)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of health and human resources, division of health, hospital services revenue account (special fund) (capital improvement, renovation and operations), account no. fund 5156, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of health

and human resources, division of health, hospital services revenue account (special fund), (capital improvement, renovation and operations), account no. fund 5156, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, account no. fund 5156, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by nine million four hundred sixty-eight thousand one hundred forty-one dollars in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN
4	RESOURCES
5	115—Division of Health—
6	Hospital Services Revenue Account
7	(Special Fund)
8	(Capital Improvement, Renovation and Operations)
9	(WV Code Chapter 16)
10	Account No.
11	Fund 5156 FY 1996 Org 0506
12	Act- Other
13	ivity Funds
13 14	ivity         Funds           a Foster Care-Transfer         256         \$4,965,939
14	a Foster Care-Transfer
14 15	a Foster Care-Transfer

- The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill
- 24 is to supplement this account in the budget act for the
- 25 fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand
- 26 nine hundred ninety-six, by adding nine million four
- 27 hundred sixty-eight thousand one hundred forty-one
- 28 dollars to the existing appropriation for foster care, WV
- 29 works pilot project and child support enforcement.

(S. B. 603—By Senators Blatnik, Boley, Chafin, Dugan, Helmick, Jackson, Kimble, Love, Minear, Sharpe and Whitlow)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of health and human resources, division of health—laboratory services, account no. fund 5163, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of health and human resources, division of health—laboratory services, account no. fund 5163, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 5163, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one hundred sixty thousand dollars in the line items as follows:

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## **CHAPTER 39**

wage payments and increased testing levels.

(H. B. 4665—By Delegates Doyle, Leach, Warner, Border, Facemyer, Miller and Walters)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of seven million eight hundred eighty-six thousand one hundred seventy-five dollars in the medical services trust fund, account no. 5185, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, There remains an unappropriated balance in the division of human services, medical services trust fund, account no. fund 5185, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, which may be used for medicaid disproportionate share matching payment; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation to the division of human services, medical services trust fund, account no. fund 5185, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation in the amount of seven million eight hundred eighty-six thousand one hundred seventy-five dollars in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3	13—Division of Human Services—
4	Medical Services Trust Fund
5	(WV Code Chapter 9)
6	Account No.
7	Fund <u>5185</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0511</u>
8 9 10	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
11 12	2a Payment to Nonstate Hospitals 2b DSH Match
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The purpose of this bill is to supplement the division of human services, medical services trust fund, account no. fund 5185, fiscal year 1996, organization 0511, in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding seven million eight hundred eighty-six thousand one hundred seventy-five dollars to a new line item entitled "Payments to nonstate hospitals DSH Match" to make disproportionate share payments to nonstate hospitals.

(H. B. 4869—By Delegates Leach, Seacrist, Tomblin, Border, Clements, Leggett and Miller)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of three million five hundred thousand dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia control account, account no. fund 0327, fiscal year 1996, organization 0461.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, exceeds the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, be decreased by expiring the amount of three million five hundred thousand dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and

that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia control account, account no. fund 0327, fiscal year 1996, organization 0461, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by three million five hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND THE ARTS
4	44—Board of Trustees of the
5	University System of West Virginia
6	Control Account
7	(WV Code Chapter 18B)
8	Account No.
9	Fund <u>0327</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0461</u>
10 11 12	General Act- Revenue ity Fund
13 14	10a Colin Anderson Childrens Center
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of three million five hundred thousand dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, and to supplement the department of education and the arts, board of trustees of the university system of West Virginia, account no. fund 0327, fiscal year 1996, organization

(H. B. 4841—By Delegates Kiss, Doyle, Leach, Warner, Facemyer, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed March 15, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of two hundred thousand dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account fund no. 5375, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of education and the arts, board of directors of the state college system control, account no. fund 0330, fiscal year 1996, organization 0481.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, exceeds the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, be decreased by expiring the amount of two hundred thousand dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of education and the arts, board of directors of the state college system control account, account no. fund 0330, fiscal year 1996, organization 0481, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	46—Board of Directors of the
4	State College System
5	(WV Code Chapter 18B)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 0330 FY 1996 Org 0481
8 9 10	General Act- Revenue ivity Fund
11	1 Unclassified
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of two hundred thousand dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, and to supplement the department of education and the arts, board of directors of the state college system control account, account no. fund 0330, fiscal year 1996, organization 0481, by adding two hundred thousand dollars to be used for science equipment at Shepherd College.
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(S. B. 605—By Senators Biatnik, Boley, Chafin, Dugan, Helmick, Jackson, Kimble, Love, Minear, Sharpe and Whitlow)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of one hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375.

fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance to the department of health and human resources, commission on aging, account no. fund 0420, fiscal year 1996, organization 0508.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, be decreased by expiring the amount of one hundred fifty thousand dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of health and human resources, commission on aging, account no. fund 0420, fiscal year 1996, organization 0508, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Section 1. Appropriations from general revenue
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5	51-Commission on Aging
6	(WV Code Chapter 29)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 0420 FY 1996 Org 0508

9 10 11	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
12	6a Berkeley County Commission
13	on Aging
14	The purpose of this bill is to expire the amount of one
15	hundred fifty thousand dollars from the health care cost
16	review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996,
17	organization 0507, and to supplement the department of
18	health and human resources, commission on aging,
19	account no. fund 0420, fiscal year 1996, organization
20	0508, by adding the amount of one hundred fifty
21	thousand dollars for the Berkeley County commission on
22	aging.

(H. B. 4870—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Burke, Doyle, Mezzatesta, Petersen and Wallace)

[Passed March 15, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, available for

expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million eight hundred thousand dollars in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5	119—Health Care Cost Review Authority
6	(WV Code Chapter 16)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 5375 FY 1996 Org 0507
9	Act- Other
10	ivity Funds
11	1 Personal Services
12	4 Unclassified
13 14 15	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the

(S. B. 571---Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of health and human resources—board of barbers and cosmetologists, account no. fund 5425, fiscal year 1996, organization 0505, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

Whereas, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of health and human resources—board of barbers and cosmetologists, account no. fund 5425, fiscal year 1996, organization 0505, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 5425, fiscal year 1996, organization 0505, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by fifteen thousand dollars in the line item as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES
5	113—Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists
6	(WV Code Chapters 16 and 30)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 5425 FY 1996 Org 0505

9 10	Act- Other ivity Funds
11	1 Personal Services 001 \$ 15,000
12 13	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the
14	fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand
15	nine hundred ninety-six, by adding fifteen thousand
16	dollars to the existing appropriation for the payment of



per diem for board members.

17

(H. B. 4545—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Doyle, Farris, Warner, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed February 28, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of four hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, the general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the state department of education, aid for exceptional children, account no. fund 0314, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of four hundred fifty thousand dollars, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the state department of education, aid for exceptional children, account no. fund 0314, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by four hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	35—State Department of Education
4	Aid for Exceptional Children
5	(WV Code Chapters 18 and 18A)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 0314 FY 1996 Org 0402
8 9 10	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
11 12	3 Education of Institutionalized 4 Juveniles
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of four hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and to supplement the state department of education, aid for exceptional children, account no. fund 0314, fiscal year 1996, organization 0402, by adding thereto the four hundred fifty thousand dollars to be used to educate youths in state custody at Davis-Stuart, a residential child care facility in Lewisburg and to develop a model alternative education program for chronically disruptive students.

(H. B. 4546—By Delegates Kiss, Border, Doyle, Pettit, Warner, Miller and Wallace)

[Passed February 28, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of six hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred ninety-eight dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, the general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the auditor's office, general administration, account no. fund 0116, fiscal year 1996, organization 1200.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established: and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of six hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred ninety-eight dollars, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the auditor's office, general administration, account no. fund 0116, fiscal year 1996, organization 1200, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by six hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred ninety-eight dollars as follows:

1	, TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3 4	10—Auditor's Office General Administration
5	(WV Code Chapter 12)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 0116 FY 1996 Org 1200
8 9 10	Act- General ivity Revenue Fund
11 12	6a Image Processing and Printer Replacement
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of six hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred ninety-eight dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and to supplement the auditor's office, general administration, account no. fund 0116, fiscal year 1996, organization 1200, by adding thereto six hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred ninety-eight dollars to be used by the auditor's office for printer replacement and image processing.

(H. B. 4547—By Delegates Kiss, Compton, Doyle, Browning, Gallagher, Leach and Wallace)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of four hundred fifty thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, the general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to miscellaneous boards and commissions, board of investments, account no. fund 0513, fiscal year 1996, organization 0920.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of four hundred fifty thousand dollars, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to miscellaneous boards and commissions, board of investments, account no. fund 0513, fiscal year 1996, organization 0920, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by four hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
3	MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS
4	85—Board of Investments
5	(WV Code Chapter 12)
6	Account No.
7	Fund 0513 FY 1996 Org 0920

8 9	Act ivity	
10		Fund
11	4a Contractual Investments	
12	Advisors 24	1 \$ 450,000
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	The purpose of this bill is to expire thundred fifty thousand dollars from the deand revenue, racing commission, general fund, account no. fund 7305, and the miscellaneous boards and commission investments, account no. fund 0513, fis organization 0920, by adding thereto the hundred fifty thousand dollars to be used investments to pay for contract investment to oversee the state's investment portfolio.	epartment of tax administration to supplement ons, board of cal year 1996, he sum of four by the board of

(H. B. 4548—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Farris, Mezzatesta, Miller, Wallace and Walters)

[Passed February 28, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of eighty thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, the general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the secretary of state, account no. fund 0155, fiscal year 1996, organization 1600.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of eighty thousand dollars, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the secretary of state, account no. fund 0155, fiscal year 1996, organization 1600, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by eighty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.		
3	18—Secretary of State		
4	(WV Code Chapters 3, 5 and 59)		
5	Account No.		
6	Fund <u>0155</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>1600</u>		
7	Ac	t- General	
8	ivit	y Revenue	
9		Fund	
10	4a Imaging and Computerization		
11	Upgrade 24	4 \$80,000	
12	The purpose of this bill is to expire the	he sum of eighty	
13	thousand dollars from the department of tax and revenue,		
14	racing commission, general administration fund, account		
15	no. fund 7305, and to supplement the secretary of state,		
	no. fund 7305, and to supplement the se	ecretary of state,	
16	no. fund 7305, and to supplement the se account no. fund 0155, fiscal year 19	ecretary of state, 96, organization	
16 17	no. fund 7305, and to supplement the se account no. fund 0155, fiscal year 19 1600, by adding thereto eighty thousand	ecretary of state, 96, organization nd dollars to be	
	no. fund 7305, and to supplement the se account no. fund 0155, fiscal year 19	ecretary of state, 96, organization nd dollars to be	

(S. B. 572—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission—general administration, account no. fund 7305, fiscal year 1996, organization 0707, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission—general administration, account no. fund 7305, fiscal year 1996, organization 0707, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 7305, fiscal year 1996, organization 0707, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by fifty-three thousand fifteen dollars in the line item as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.		
3	DEPARTMENT OF TAX AND REVENUE		
4	141—Racing Commission—		
5	General Administration		
6	(WV Code Chapter 19)		
7	Account No.		

8	Fund <u>7305</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0707</u>		
9	Act- Other		
10	ivity Funds		
11	4 Unclassified		
12	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill		
13	is to supplement this account in the budget act for the		
14	fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand		
15	nine hundred ninety-six, by adding fifty-three thousand		
16	fifteen dollars to the existing appropriation for the		
17	payment of additional current expenses.		

(H. B. 4223—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Burke, Doyle, Miller, Wallace and Walters)

[Passed March 15, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of three hundred ten thousand five hundred ninety dollars from the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, fund no. 7305, and in the amount of one hundred fourteen thousand four hundred ten dollars from the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance to the department of transportation, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0500, fiscal year 1996, organization 0801.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established; and WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, exceeds that which is necessary for the purposes for which the account was established: and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available in the department of tax and revenue, racing commission, general administration fund, account no. fund 7305, be decreased by expiring the amount of three hundred ten thousand five hundred ninety dollars and that the balance of funds available in the department of health and human resources, health care cost review authority, account no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, be decreased by expiring the amount of one hundred fourteen thousand four hundred ten dollars to the unappropriated surplus balance of the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of transportation, office of the secretary, account no. fund 0500, fiscal year 1996, organization 0801, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by four hundred twenty-five thousand dollars as follows:

1		TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2		Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.		
3		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
4	70—Office of the Secretary			
5	(WV Code Chapter 5F)			
6		Account No.		
7	Fund <u>0500</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0801</u>			
8 9 10		Act- ivity	General Revenue Fund	
11	5a	Aeronautics commission 450	\$425,000	

12 The purpose of this bill is to expire the amount of 13 three hundred ten thousand five hundred ninety dollars 14 from the department of tax and revenue, racing 15 commission, general administration fund, fund no. 7305, 16 and the amount of one hundred fourteen thousand four 17 hundred ten dollars from the department of health and 18 human services, health care cost review authority, account 19 no. fund 5375, fiscal year 1996, organization 0507, and to 20 supplement the department of transportation, office of the 21 secretary, account no. fund 0500, fiscal year 1996, 22 organization 0801, by adding the amount of four hundred 23 twenty-five thousand dollars in a new line for the 24 aeronautics commission.

# CHAPTER 51

(S. B. 579—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the department of transportation, division of motor vehicles—driver rehabilitation, account no. fund 8214, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

Whereas, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the department of transportation, division of motor vehicles—driver rehabilitation, account no. fund 8214, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8214, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by fifty-two thousand dollars in the line items as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.			
3	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
4 5	146—Division of Motor Vehicles— Driver Rehabilitation			
6	(WV Code Chapter 17C)			
7	Account No.			
8	Fund 8214 FY 1996 Org 0802			
9 10	Act- Other ivity Funds			
11	1 Personal Services 001 \$ 40,000			
12	3 Employee Benefits 010 12,000			
13 14 15 16 17	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six by adding fifty-two thousand dollars to the existing appropriation for a program coordinator and temporary help.			

(H. B. 4842—By Delegates Kiss, Burke, Farris, Petersen, Pettit, Clements and Wallace)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of one million dollars from the board of investments, investment legal loss account, account no. fund 8563, and in the amount of one million dollars from the board of investments, securities lending, account no. fund 8565, and making a supplementary appropriation

of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, West Virginia development office, account no. fund 0256, fiscal year 1996, organization 0307.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balances in the board of investments, investment legal loss account, and board of investments, securities lending, exceed the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the accounts were established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the board of investments, investment legal loss account, account no. fund 8563, be decreased by expiring the amount of one million dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the board of investments, securities lending, account no. fund 8565, be decreased by expiring the amount of one million dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, West Virginia development office, account no. fund 0256, fiscal year 1996, organization 0307, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenu		
3	75—West Virginia Development Office—		
4	(WV Code Chapter 5B)		
5	"WVFIMS" Account No.		
6	Fund 0256 FY 1996 Org 0307		

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General

,	General
8	Act- Revenue
9	ivity Fund
10	10 Guaranteed Work
11	11 Force Grant (R)
12	Any unexpended balance remaining in the
13	appropriation for guaranteed work force grant (fund
14	0256, activity 242) at the close of the fiscal year ending
15	the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred
16	ninety-six, is hereby reappropriated for expenditure
17	during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one
18	thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.
19	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of one
20	million dollars from the board of investments, investment
21	legal loss, account no. fund 8563, and to expire the sum
22	of one million dollars from the board of investments,

securities lending, account no. fund 8565, and to supplement the bureau of commerce, West Virginia

development office, account no. fund 0256, fiscal year

1996, organization 0307, by adding thereto the two

million dollars to fund the guaranteed work force grant.

## **CHAPTER 53**

(H. B. 4846—By Delegates Kiss, Compton, Frederick, Kelley, Leggett, Wallace and Walters)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the board of investments, investment legal loss account, account no. fund 8563, and the sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the board of investments, securities lending, account no. fund 8565, and making a supplementary appropriation in the amount of one million

two hundred fifty thousand dollars of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and from the balance of moneys remaining as an unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, to the governor's office, civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balances in the board of investments, investment legal loss account, and board of investments, securities lending, exceed the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the accounts were established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the board of investments, investment legal loss account, account no. fund 8563, be decreased by expiring the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and that the board of investments, securities lending, account no. fund 8565, be decreased by expiring the amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars to the state fund, general revenue; that a supplementary appropriation in the amount of one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the unappropriated balance in the state fund, general revenue, be made to the account as provided herein; and that the civil contingent fund, account no. fund 0105, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars as follows:

- 1 TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.
- 3 8—Governor's Office—

(H. B. 4868—By Delegates Kiss, Compton, Seacrist, Warner, Kelley, Leggett and Walters)

[Passed March 15, 1996; in effect from passage, Became law without signature of Governor,]

AN ACT expiring funds to the unappropriated surplus balance in the state fund, general revenue, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the amount of one million dollars from the board of investments, federal cash management/interest fund.

account no. fund 8569, and making a supplementary appropriation of public moneys out of the treasury from the unappropriated surplus balance for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of administration, division of general services, account no. fund 0230, fiscal year 1996, organization 0211.

WHEREAS, The Legislature finds that the account balance in the board of investments, federal cash management/interest fund, exceeds the amount which is necessary for the purposes for which the accounts were established; and

WHEREAS, There now remains an unappropriated surplus balance in the state treasury which is available for appropriation during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six: therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the balance of funds available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the board of investments, federal cash management/interest fund, account no. fund 8569, be decreased by expiring the amount of one million dollars to the state fund, general revenue, and that the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of administration, division of general services, account no. fund 0230, fiscal year 1996, organization 0211, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by one million dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 1. Appropriations from general revenue.			
3	23—Division of General Services—			
4	(WV Code Chapter 5A)			
5	Account No.			
6	Fund <u>0230</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0211</u>			
7	General			
8	Act- Revenue			
a	ivity Fund			

10	7 Capital Improvements-
11	8 Capitol Complex 593 \$1,000,000
12	The purpose of this bill is to expire the sum of one
13	million dollars from the board of investments, federal cash
14	management/interest fund, account fund no. 8569, and to
15	supplement the department of finance and administration,
16	division of general services, account no. fund 0230, fiscal
17	year 1996, organization 0211, by adding thereto the one
18	million dollars to fund capital improvements to the capitol
19	complex.

(S. B. 574—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, in the public service commission, account no. fund 8623, fiscal year 1996, organization 0926, all supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established that there now remains an unappropriated balance in the public service commission, account no. fund 8623, fiscal year 1996, organization 0926, available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8623, fiscal year 1996, organization 0926, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two hundred eighty thousand dollars in the line item as follows:

TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
Sec. 3. Appropriations from other funds.		
MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS		
180—Public Service Commission		
(WV Code Chapter 24)		
Account No.		
Fund 8623 FY 1996 Org 0926		
Act- Other		
ivity Funds		
4 Unclassified		
The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding two hundred eighty thousand dollars to the existing appropriation to replace existing heating and cooling control boxes throughout the building and replace a chiller in the HVAC system.		

(S. B. 575—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, to the bureau of commerce, division of labor, account no. fund 8706, fiscal year 1996, organization 0308, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8706, fiscal year 1996, organization 0308, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by sixty-eight thousand four hundred sixty-eight dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.			
3	BUREAU OF COMMERCE			
4	226—Division of Labor			
5	(WV Code Chapters 21 and 47)			
6	Account No.			
7	Fund 8706 FY 1996 Org 0308			
8 9	Act- Federal ivity Funds			
10	1 Unclassified—Total			

(S. B. 576—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the bureau of commerce, division of miners' health, safety and training, account no. fund 8709, fiscal year 1996, organization 0314, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8709, fiscal year 1996, organization 0314, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by two hundred six thousand eight hundred ninety-three dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.				
3	<b>BUREAU OF COMMERCE</b>				
4	228—Division of Miners' Health, Safety and Training				
5	(WV Code Chapter 22)				
6	Account No.				
7	Fund 8709 FY 1996 Org 0314				

8 9		Act- ivity		Federal Funds
10	1 Unclassified—Total	. 096	\$	206,893
11 12 13 14 15 16	The purpose of this supplement is to supplement this account in fiscal year ending the thirtieth day nine hundred ninety-six, by addithousand eight hundred ninety-existing appropriation for support training program.	the budg of June ling two three d	get a , one hui lollar	ct for the thousand ndred six to the

(S. B. 604—By Senators Blatnik, Boley, Chafin, Dugan, Helmick, Jackson, Kimble, Love, Minear, Sharpe and Whitlow)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of health and human resources, consolidated medical service fund, account no. fund 8723, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS. The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8723, fiscal year 1996, organization 0506, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by six hundred thousand dollars as follows:

(S. B. 592—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of agriculture, account no. fund 8736, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, supplementing and

amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, account no. fund 8736, fiscal year 1996, organization 1400, be supplemented and amended by increasing the appropriation by forty-five thousand two hundred fifty dollars to read as follows:

TITLE II ADDRODDIATIONS

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations from federal funds.				
3	199—Department of Agriculture				
4	(WV Code Chapter 19)				
5	Account No.				
6	Fund 8736 FY 1996 Org 1400				
7 8	Act- Federal ivity Funds				
9	1 Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 45,250				
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding forty-five thousand two hundred fifty dollars to the existing appropriation for a pesticide recordkeeping project and pesticide laboratory equipment. These moneys shall be available for expenditure upon passage of this bill.				

(H. B. 4636 —By Delegates Kiss, Seacrist, Compton, Evans, Clements, Leggett and Wallace)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the Legislature, Crime Victims Compensation Fund, account no. fund 8738, fiscal year 1996, organization 2300, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the crime victims compensation fund, account no. fund 8738, fiscal year 1996, organization 2300, be supplemented and amended by increasing the appropriation by six hundred thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPRO	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.		
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.		
3	200—Crime Victims Co	200—Crime Victims Compensation Fund		
4	(WV Code Ch	(WV Code Chapter 14)		
5	Fund <u>8738</u> FY <u>19</u>	96 Org 2300		
6		Act-	Federal	
7		ivity	Funds	
Q	1 Unclassified	096	\$600,000	

9 The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill 10 is to supplement this account in the budget act for the 11 fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding six hundred thousand 12 13 dollars to the existing appropriation to authorize the 14 agency to spend additional federal moneys received. 1.5 These moneys shall be available for expenditure upon passage of this bill. 16

# CHAPTER 61

(S. B. 582—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of transportation, division of motor vehicles, account no. fund 8787, fiscal year 1996, organization 0802, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill", be supplemented and amended by adding to Title II, section five thereof, as follows:

- 1 TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.

04	APPROPRIATIONS [Ch. 62]
3	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
4	222a—Division of Motor Vehicles
5	(WV Code Chapters 17, 17A, 17B,
6	17C, 17D, 20 and 24A)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 8787 FY 1996 Org 0802
9	Act- Federal
10	ivity Funds
10 11	ivity Funds 1 Unclassified—Total

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## **CHAPTER 62**

(S. B. 578—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

ANACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office—governor's cabinet on children and families, account no. fund 8792, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8792, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by thirty-five thousand five hundred fifty dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.			
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.			
3	EXECUTIVE			
4 5	196—Governor's Office— Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families			
6	(WV Code Chapter 5)			
7	Account No.			
8	Fund 8792 FY 1996 Org 0100			
9 10	Act- Federal ivity Funds			
11	1 Unclassified—Total			
12 13 14 15 16 17	The purpose of this supplementary appropriation bill is to supplement this account in the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by adding thirty-five thousand five hundred fifty dollars to the existing appropriation for a teletechnology community awareness project.			

(S. B. 606—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the governor's office—governor's cabinet on children and families, account no. fund 8792, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to account no. fund 8792, fiscal year 1996, organization 0100, be supplemented and amended by increasing the total appropriation by twenty thousand dollars as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.	
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.	
3	EXECUTIVE	
4	196—Governor's Office—	
5	Governor's Cabinet on Children and Families	
6	(WV Code Chapter 5)	
7	Account No.	
8	Fund <u>8792</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0100</u>	

9 10			Act- ivity		Federal Funds
11	1	Unclassified—Total	096	\$	20,000
12 13 14 15 16 17	fis- nir do	The purpose of this supplementar to supplement this account in the cal year ending the thirtieth day of the hundred ninety-six, by addin the distribution appropriation poration grant.	budget June, o g twent	ac one ty	t for the thousand thousand

(S. B. 573—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of military affairs and public safety—fire commission, account no. fund 8804, fiscal year 1996, organization 0619, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill: therefore

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill", be supplemented and amended by adding to Title II, section five thereof, as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.
3 4	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY
5	218a—Fire Commission
6	(WV Code Chapter 29)
7	Account No.
8	Fund 8804 FY 1996 Org 0619
9 10	Act- Federal ivity Funds
l 1	1 Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 5,850
12 13 14 15 16 17	The purpose of this bill is to supplement the budget act for the fiscal year 1995-96 by providing for a new item of appropriation to be established therein to appropriate federal funds available in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to provide funding in the amount of five thousand eight hundred fifty dollars for computer

(S. B. 302—Originating in the Committee on Finance.)

[Passed February 19, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of federal moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to a new item of appropriation designated auditor's office, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 8807, fiscal year 1996, organization 1200, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill; therefore

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the total appropriation for fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to a new item of appropriation designated auditor's office, "WVFIMS" account no. fund 8807, fiscal year 1996, organization 1200, be supplemented and amended by increasing the appropriation by six hundred thousand dollars as follows:

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1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.				
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.				
3	EXECUTIVE				
4	200a—Auditor's Office				
5	(WV Code Chapter 12)				
6	"WVFIMS" Account No.				
7	Fund 8807 FY 1996 Org 1200				
8 9	Act- Federal ivity Funds				
10	1 Unclassified 096 \$ 600,000				
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The purpose of this bill is to supplement the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by providing for a new item of appropriation to be established therein to appropriate federal funds available in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to provide funding in the amount of six hundred thousand dollars for the national white collar crime center. These moneys shall be available for expenditure upon passage of this bill.				

(H. B. 4845—By Delegates Kiss, Farris, Frederick, Gallagher, Leach, Mezzatesta and Pettit)

[Passed March 14, 1996; in effect from passage. Became law without signature of Governor.]

AN ACT making a supplementary appropriation of federal funds out of the treasury from the balance of moneys remaining unappropriated for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to the department of military affairs and public safety, division of corrections, central office, account no. fund 8812, fiscal year 1996, organization 0608, supplementing and amending the appropriation for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

WHEREAS, The Governor has established the availability of federal funds for continuing programs now available for expenditure in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are hereby appropriated by the terms of this supplementary appropriation bill: therefore

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, known as the "Budget Bill", be supplemented and amended by adding to Title II, section five thereof, as follows:

1	TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
2	Sec. 5. Appropriations of federal funds.
3	DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS AND PUBLIC SAFETY
5	215a—Division of Corrections—
6	Central Office
7	(WV Code Chapters 25, 28, 49 and 62)
8	Account No.

9	Fund <u>8812</u> FY <u>1996</u> Org <u>0608</u>
10 11 12	General Act- Revenue ivity Funds
13	1 Unclassified—Total 096 \$ 5,546
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	The purpose of this bill is to supplement the budget act for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, by providing for a new item of appropriation to be established therein to appropriate federal funds available in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, to provide funding in the amount of five thousand five hundred forty-six dollars for the criminal alien assistance program.

(S. B. 581—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT supplementing, amending, reducing and transferring between items of the existing appropriations from the state road fund to the department of transportation, division of highways, account no. fund 9017, fiscal year 1996, organization 0803, as originally appropriated by chapter eight, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, known as the "Budget Bill".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the items of the total appropriations from the state road fund to account no. fund 9017, fiscal year 1996, organization 0803, be amended and reduced in the line items as follows:

- 1 TITLE II—APPROPRIATIONS.
- 2 Sec. 2. Appropriations from state road fund.
- 3 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

272	Appropriations		[Ch. 67
4	89—Division of Highways		
5	(WV Code Chapters 17	and 17C	)
6	Account No.		
7	Fund 9017 FY 1996	Org 080	3
8 9 10		Act- ivity	State Road Fund
11	16 Other Federal Aid Programs	279	\$25,000,000
12	17 Appalachian Programs	280	13,000,000
13 14 15 16	And, that the items of the total apstate road fund to account no. fu 1996, organization 0803, be amended line items as follows:	nd 9017	, fiscal year
17	TITLE II—APPROPRI	ATIONS	
18	Sec. 2. Appropriations from	state roa	d fund.
19	DEPARTMENT OF TRANS	PORTA	TION
20	89—Division of Hig	hways	
21	(WV Code Chapters 17	and 17C	C)
22	Account No.		
23	Fund 9017 FY 1996	Org 080	3
24 25 26		Act- ivity	State Road Fund
27 28	<ul><li>Maintenance, Expressway,</li><li>Trunkline and Feeder</li></ul>	270	\$ 11,400,000
29 30	<ul><li>Maintenance, State</li><li>Local Services</li></ul>	271	11,600,000
31 32 33	<ul> <li>7 Maintenance, Contract Paving</li> <li>8 and Secondary Road</li> <li>9 Maintenance</li></ul>	272	2,000,000

35 11 Replacement 273	6,000,000
36 15 Interstate Construction 278	6,000,000
37 18 Nonfederal Aid Construction 281	2,000,000
38 The purpose of this supplementary apprise to supplement, amend, reduce and tra existing items in the aforesaid account for spending unit. The item for other federal a reduced by twenty-five million dollars. The application programs is reduced by thirteen rate that the item for maintenance, expressway trunk er is increased by eleven million four hund dollars. The item for maintenance, state low increased by eleven million six hundred that the item for maintenance, contract paving road maintenance is increased by two million item for bridge repair and replacement is in million dollars. The item for interstate of increased by six million dollars. The item for interstate of increased by six million dollars. The item aid construction is increased by two million amounts as itemized for expenditure in fisce the thirtieth day of June, one thousand ninety-six, shall be available for expenditure upon the effective date of this bill.	nsfer between the designated aid programs is ne item for appullion dollars. It is a services is bus and secondary in dollars. The acreased by six construction is for nonfederal in dollars. The all year ending nine hundred

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 320—By Senators Whitlow, Helmick, Ross, Miller and Anderson)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article two-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the licensure of auctioneers; fees; required bond; creation of special revenue fund for administration and enforcement and continuing education; licensure renewals; service of process; and depos-

iting auctioneer application fees to the department of agriculture.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two-c, chapter nineteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2C. AUCTIONEERS.

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# §19-2C-3. Procedure for license; department of agriculture as statutory agent for licensees; fee.

Any person who wishes to conduct an auction as an 1 2 auctioneer may apply for a license on forms prescribed by the commissioner and containing such information as the commissioner may require by a legislative rule promulgated in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. A nonreturnable application fee of fifty dollars shall accompany each application as well as a license fee of fifty dollars. All fees collected under this article shall be paid into a special revenue fund in the state treasury to be used by the department of agriculture for 10 the expressed purpose of administering and enforcing this 11 article and for providing continuing education for auc-12 13 tioneers: Provided. That for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred 14 15 ninety-seven, fees collected under this article shall be paid into the state fund, general revenue. 16

In addition to the payment of fees, an applicant shall file with his or her application a bond as required in section four of this article.

The commissioner shall, within thirty days after the receipt of an application, notify the applicant of his or her eligibility to be examined at the next regularly scheduled examination, as well as the date of the examination.

In the event the license is denied, the commissioner shall refund the license fee submitted with the application to the applicant.

Licenses issued expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year but are renewable upon the payment

29 of the annual license fee within sixty days of the 30 expiration date. Renewals received more than sixty days

- 31 after the expiration date are subject to a late renewal fee of
- 32 twenty-five dollars in addition to the annual renewal fee.
- 33 The commissioner shall not renew licenses which have
- 34 been expired for more than two years and the auctioneer
- 35 or apprentice auctioneer shall take the written and oral
- examination and pay the examination fee in order to 36
- 37 renew his or her license. The commissioner shall not
- renew a license unless the applicant complies with the 38
- 39 other requirements of this article.

request. .

- 40 Where an auctioneer or apprentice auctioneer requires a duplicate or replacement license or a license reflecting a 41 change in information, the auctioneer or apprentice 42 43 auctioneer shall submit a fee of five dollars with the 44
- The state department of agriculture is the agent for the 45 purpose of service of process on any licensed auctioneer 46 for any action occasioned by the performance of the 47
- duties of the auctioneer. Every licensed auctioneer, by 48
- virtue of his or her application for a license, shall be 49
- considered to have consented to the statutory agency. 50

## **CHAPTER 69**

(S. B. 306-By Senators Ross, Anderson, Buckalew, Sharpe, Bowman. Helmick, Blatnik, Dugan, Yoder and Schoonover)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section four, article ten, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to increasing amounts for authorized exemptions of property in bankruptcy proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four, article ten, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

# ARTICLE 10. FEDERAL TAX LIENS; ORDERS AND DECREES IN BANKRUPTCY.

#### §38-10-4. Exemptions of property in bankruptcy proceedings.

- Pursuant to the provisions of 11 U.S.C. 522(b)(1), this
- 2 state specifically does not authorize debtors who are
- 3 domiciled in this state to exempt the property specified
- 4 under the provisions of 11 U.S.C. 522(d).
- Any person who files a petition under the federal bankruptcy law may exempt from property of the estate in a bankruptcy proceeding the following property:
- 8 (a) The debtor's interest, not to exceed fifteen 9 thousand dollars in value, in real property or personal 10 property that the debtor or a dependent of the debtor uses 11 as a residence, in a cooperative that owns property that the 12 debtor or a dependent of the debtor uses as a residence or 13 in a burial plot for the debtor or a dependent of the 14 debtor.
- 15 (b) The debtor's interest, not to exceed two thousand 16 four hundred dollars in value, in one motor vehicle.
- 17 (c) The debtor's interest, not to exceed four hundred dollars in value in any particular item, in household 18 furnishings, household goods, wearing apparel, appliances, 19 books, animals, crops or musical instruments, that are held 20 primarily for the personal, family or household use of the 21 debtor or a dependent of the debtor: Provided, That the 2.2 total amount of personal property exempted under this 23 subsection shall not exceed eight thousand dollars. 24
- 25 (d) The debtor's interest, not to exceed one thousand 26 dollars in value, in jewelry held primarily for the personal, 27 family or household use of the debtor or a dependent of 28 the debtor.

- 29 (e) The debtor's interest, not to exceed in value eight 30 hundred dollars plus any unused amount of the 31 exemption provided under subsection (a) of this section in 32 any property.
- 33 (f) The debtor's interest, not to exceed one thousand 34 five hundred dollars in value, in any implements, 35 professional books or tools of the trade of the debtor or 36 the trade of a dependent of the debtor.
- 37 (g) Any unmatured life insurance contract owned by38 the debtor, other than a credit life insurance contract.
- thousand dollars less any amount of property of the estate transferred in the manner specified in 11 U.S.C. 542(d), in any accrued dividend or interest under, or loan value of, any unmatured life insurance contract owned by the debtor under which the insured is the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is a dependent.
- 46 (i) Professionally prescribed health aids for the debtor or a dependent of the debtor.
- 48 (j) The debtor's right to receive:
- 49 (1) A social security benefit, unemployment 50 compensation or a local public assistance benefit;
- 51 (2) A veterans' benefit;
- 52 (3) A disability, illness or unemployment benefit;
- 53 (4) Alimony, support or separate maintenance, to the 54 extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor 55 and any dependent of the debtor;
- 56 (5) A payment under a stock bonus, pension, profit 57 sharing, annuity or similar plan or contract on account of 58 illness, disability, death, age or length of service, to the 59 extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor 60 and any dependent of the debtor, unless:

- 61 (A) Such plan or contract was established by or under 62 the auspices of an insider that employed the debtor at the 63 time the debtor's rights under such plan or contract arose:
- 64 (B) Such payment is on account of age or length of 65 service; and
- 66 (C) Such plan or contract does not qualify under 67 section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408 or 409 of the Internal 68 Revenue Code of 1954
- 69 (k) The debtor's right to receive, or property that is 70 traceable to:
- 71 (1) An award under a crime victim's reparation law;

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- 72 (2) A payment on account of the wrongful death of an individual of whom the debtor was a dependent, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor;
  - (3) A payment under a life insurance contract that insured the life of an individual of whom the debtor was a dependent on the date of such individual's death, to the extent reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent of the debtor;
  - (4) A payment, not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars on account of personal bodily injury, not including pain and suffering or compensation for actual pecuniary loss, of the debtor or an individual of whom the debtor is a dependent; or
- 86 (5) A payment in compensation of loss of future 87 earnings of the debtor or an individual of whom the 88 debtor is or was a dependent, to the extent reasonably 89 necessary for the support of the debtor and any dependent 90 of the debtor.
- This section shall not be construed to affect the applicability of any provision of the federal bankruptcy law other than 11 U.S.C. 552(d).

S. B. 326—By Senators Manchin, Helmick, Craigo, Dittmar, Sharpe, Wagner, Kimble, Scott, Blatnik, Chafin, Wiedebusch and Yoder)

Clerk's Note: It has been determined that S. B. 326, originally styled as Chapter 70, occupying pages 279 through 304, was not properly enacted and that the purported act as presented to the Governor was not passed by both houses in identical form. Therefore, the text of the document has been omitted to avoid confusion on the part of the user of these Acts.

Page 280 blank Next Page No 305

# CHAPTER 71

(H. B. 4624—By Delegates Farris, Beane, Hunt, Hutchins, Azinger, Hall and Walters)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections four, thirteen and fourteen, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, four, six, eight, twenty and twenty-six, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections twelve, twelve-b, fifteen and sixteen, article eight of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; and to amend and reenact section one hundred ten, article three, chapter forty-six-a of said code, all relating to banks and banking: defining terms; protection of financial institution condition records from disclosure; entry of voluntary assurances of compliance; the imposition of injunctions and civil penalties; use of the term "bank" or "banc"; issuance of bank stock prior to conducting business; access to audit workpapers and electronic data procedure review materials; the ability of banks to invest in certain securities and derivatives; criteria for establishing a nonsurviving interim bank or resulting branches in a bank merger or acquisition transaction; citizenship of a majority of the bank's directors; renewal of oaths by bank directors upon their re-election; permissible use of telecommunication and computer technology for home and office banking services; nonbanking point-of-sale terminals; the increase in fines for criminal violations; the element of willfulness in criminal violations; and clarification of the limitation on prepayment penalties in loans or credits secured by land.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections four, thirteen and fourteen, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, four, six, eight, twenty and twenty-six, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections twelve, twelve-b, fifteen and sixteen, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-a; and that section one hundred ten, article three, chapter forty-six-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 31A. Banks and Banking.
- 46A. West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act.

#### CHAPTER 31A, BANKS AND BANKING.

#### Article.

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 2. Division of Banking.
- 3. Board of Banking and Financial Institutions.
- 4. Banking Institutions and Services Generally.
- 8. Hearings; Administrative Procedures; Judicial Review; Unlawful Acts; Penalties.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

### \*§31A-1-2. Definitions.

- As used in this chapter, unless the context in which used plainly requires a different meaning:
- 3 (a) The word "action," in the sense of a judicial pro-4 ceeding, means any proceeding in a court of competent
- 5 jurisdiction in which rights are adjudicated and deter-
- 6 mined and shall embrace and include recoupment, coun-
- 7 terclaim, setoff and other related, similar and summary
- 8 proceedings;
- 9 (b) The words "bank" and "banking institution" mean a corporation heretofore or hereafter chartered to conduct

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 280 (Chapter 72), which passed subsequent to this act.

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ness in this state:

- 11 a banking business under the laws of West Virginia or an 12 association heretofore or hereafter authorized to conduct a 13 banking business in West Virginia under the laws of the 14 United States and having its principal office in this state 15 and shall embrace and include a savings bank, savings and 16 loan association, trust company or an institution combin-17 ing banking and trust company facilities, functions and services so chartered or authorized to conduct such busi-18
  - (c) The words "bankers' bank" mean a banking institution, insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the stock of which is owned exclusively by banks and other depository institutions, and such banking institution and all subsidiaries thereof are engaged exclusively in providing services for banks and other depository institutions and their officers, directors and employees;
    - (d) The term "banking business" means the functions, services and activities contained, detailed and embraced in sections thirteen and fourteen, article four of this chapter, and as elsewhere defined by law;
- 31 (e) The word "board" means the West Virginia board 32 of banking and financial institutions;
  - (f) The words "branch bank" mean an office or other place at which a bank performs any or all banking business. For purposes of this chapter, a branch bank does not include:
- 37 (1) A bank's principal place of business;
- 38 (2) Any customer bank communication terminals 39 installed and operated pursuant to section twelve-b, article 40 eight of this chapter; and
- 41 (3) Any loan origination office authorized by section 42 twelve-c, article eight of this chapter;
- 43 (g) The words "commissioner" or "commissioner of 44 banking" mean the commissioner of banking of West 45 Virginia;
- (h) The word "community" means a city, town or other incorporated area, or, where not so incorporated, a trading area:

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- 49 (i) The word "department" means the department of banking of West Virginia;
- 51 (j) The words "deputy commissioner" or "deputy commissioner of banking" mean the deputy commissioner of banking of West Virginia;
  - (k) The word "fiduciary" means any trustee, agent, executor, administrator, curator, committee, guardian or conservator, special commissioner, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for creditors, or any holder of a similar position of trust or responsibility;
  - (1) The words "financial institutions" mean banks, building and loan associations, industrial banks, industrial loan companies, supervised lenders, credit unions and all other similar institutions, whether persons, firms or corporations, which are by law under the jurisdiction and supervision of the commissioner of banking;
  - (m) The word "officer" when referring to any financial institution, means any person designated as such in the bylaws and includes, whether or not so designated, any executive officer, the chairman of the board of directors, the chairman of the executive committee, and any trust officer, assistant vice president, assistant treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant trust officer, assistant cashier, assistant comptroller, or any other person who performs the duties appropriate to those offices, and the terms "executive officer" as herein used, when referring to banking institutions, mean an officer of a bank whose duties involve regular, active and substantial participation in the daily operations of such institution and who, by virtue of his position, has both a voice in the formulation of the policy of the bank and responsibility for implementation of the policy, such responsibility of and functions performed by the individual, and not his title or office, being determinative of whether he is an "executive officer";
  - (n) The words "person" or "persons" mean any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, company, public or private corporation, state, governmental agency, bureau, department, division or instrumentality, political subdivision, county commission, municipality,

- 88 trust, syndicate, estate or any other legal entity whatsoever,
- 89 formed, created or existing under the laws of this state or
- 90 any other jurisdiction;
- 91 (o) The words "safe-deposit box" mean a safe-deposit
- 92 box, vault or other safe-deposit receptacle maintained by a
- 93 lessor bank, and the rules relating thereto apply to proper-
- 94 ty or documents kept therein in the bank's vault under the
- 95 joint control of lessor and lessee;
- 96 (p) The words "state bank" or "state banking institu-
- 97 tion" mean a bank chartered under the laws of West Vir-
- 98 ginia, as distinguished from a national banking associa-
- 99 tion; and
- 100 (q) The words "trust business" mean the functions,
- 101 services and activities contained, detailed and embraced in
- 102 section fourteen, article four of this chapter, and as else-
- 103 where defined by law and as may be included within the
- 104 meaning of the term "banking business."

#### ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF BANKING.

- §31A-2-4. Jurisdiction of commissioner; powers, etc., of department transferred to commissioner; powers and duties of commissioner.
- §31A-2-13. Enforcement of orders of the commissioner against financial institutions.
- §31A-2-14. Banking interests of and acceptance of gratuities by officers and employees of department.

# §31A-2-4. Jurisdiction of commissioner; powers, etc., of department transferred to commissioner; powers and duties of commissioner.

- 1 (a) Subject to the powers vested in the board by article
- 2 three of this chapter, the commissioner shall have supervi-
- 3 sion and jurisdiction over state banks, industrial loan com-
- 4 panies, building and loan associations, supervised lenders,
- 5 credit unions, and all other persons now or hereafter made
- 6 subject to his supervision or jurisdiction. All powers, du-
- 7 ties, rights and privileges vested in the department are
- 8 hereby vested in the commissioner. He shall be the chief
- 9 executive officer of the department of banking and shall
- 10 be responsible for the department's organization, services
- 11 and personnel, and for the orderly and efficient adminis-
- 12 tration, enforcement and execution of the provisions of

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this chapter and all laws vesting authority or powers in or prescribing duties or functions for the department or the commissioner.

#### (b) The commissioner shall:

- (1) Maintain the office for the department at the state capitol, and there keep a complete record of all the department's transactions, of the financial conditions of all financial institutions and such records of the activities of other persons as the commissioner may deem important. Notwithstanding any other provision of the code of West Virginia. heretofore or hereafter enacted, the records relating to the financial condition of any financial institution and any information contained therein shall be confidential for the use of the commissioner and authorized personnel of the department of banking. No person shall divulge any information contained in any such records except as hereafter authorized in response to a valid subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued pursuant to law in a criminal proceeding or in a civil enforcement action brought by the state or federal regulatory authorities. Subpoenas shall first be directed to the commissioner, who shall authorize disclosure of relevant records and information therefrom for good cause, upon imposing terms and conditions as are deemed necessary to protect the confidential nature of the records, the financial integrity of the financial institution or the person to which the records relate, and the legitimate privacy interests of any individual named in such records. Conformity with federal procedures shall be sought where the institution maintains federal deposit insurance. The commissioner shall have and may exercise reasonable discretion as to the time, manner and extent the other records in his office and the information contained therein shall be available for public examination;
  - (2) Require all financial institutions to comply with all the provisions of this chapter and other applicable laws, or any rule and regulation promulgated or order issued thereunder; and
- 50 (3) Investigate all alleged violations of this chapter and all other laws which he is required to enforce and of any

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- rule and regulation promulgated or order issued thereunder.
- (c) In addition to all other authority and powers vested in the commissioner by provisions of this chapter and other applicable laws, the commissioner is authorized and empowered:
  - (1) To provide for the organization of the department and the procedures and practices thereof and implement the same by the promulgation of rules and regulations and forms as appropriate, which rules and regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 64 (2) Employ, direct, discipline, discharge and establish 65 qualifications and duties for all personnel for the depart-66 ment, including, but not limited to, examiners, assistant 67 examiners, conservators and receivers, to establish the 68 amount and condition of bonds for such thereof as he 69 deems appropriate and to pay the premiums thereon, and 70 if he so elects, to have all such personnel subject to and 71 under the classified service of the state personnel depart-72 ment:
  - (3) To cooperate with organizations, agencies, committees and other representatives of financial institutions of the state in connection with schools, seminars, conferences and other meetings to improve the responsibilities, services and stability of the financial institutions;
  - (4) In addition to the examinations required by section six of this article, to inspect, examine and audit the books, records, accounts and papers of all financial institutions at such times as circumstances in his opinion may warrant;
- (5) To call for and require all such data, reports and information from financial institutions under his jurisdiction, at such times and in such form, content and detail, deemed necessary by him in the faithful discharge of his duties and responsibilities in the supervision of the financial institutions;
  - (6) Subject to the powers vested in the board by article three of this chapter, to supervise the location, organiza-

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- tion, practices and procedures of financial institutions and,
  without limitation on the general powers of supervision
  thereof, to require financial institutions to:
- 93 (A) Maintain their accounts consistent with such regula-94 tions as he may prescribe and in accordance with general-95 ly accepted accounting practices;
- 96 (B) Observe methods and standards which he may pre-97 scribe for determining the value of various types of assets;
  - (C) Charge off the whole or any part of an asset which at the time of his action could not lawfully be acquired;
- 100 (D) Write down an asset to its market value;
- 101 (E) Record or file writings creating or evidencing liens 102 or other interests in property;
- 103 (F) Obtain financial statements from prospective and 104 existing borrowers;
- 105 (G) Obtain insurance against damage and loss to real estate and personal property taken as security;
- 107 (H) Maintain adequate insurance against such other 108 risks as he may deem and determine to be necessary and 109 appropriate for the protection of depositors and the public:
- (I) Maintain an adequate fidelity bond or bonds on its officers and employees;
  - (J) Take such other action as may in his judgment be required of the institution in order to maintain its stability, integrity and security as required by law and all rules and regulations promulgated by him; and
- 117 (K) Verify any or all asset or liability accounts;
- 118 (7) Subject to the powers vested in the board by article
  119 three of this chapter, to receive from any person or per120 sons and to consider any request, petition or application
  121 relating to the organization, location, conduct, services,
  122 policies and procedures of any financial institution and to
  123 act thereupon in accordance with any provisions of law
  124 applicable thereto;

- (8) In connection with the investigations required by subdivision (3), subsection (b) of this section, to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum, administer oaths, examine persons under oath, and hold and conduct hear-ings, any such subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum to be issued, served and enforced in the manner provided in section one, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any person appearing and testifying at such a hearing may be accompanied by an attorney employed by him;
  - (9) To issue declaratory rulings in accordance with the provisions of section one, article four, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
    - (10) To study and survey the location, size and services of financial institutions, the geographic, industrial, economic and population factors affecting the agricultural, commercial and social life of the state, and the needs for reducing, expanding or otherwise modifying the services and facilities of financial institutions in the various parts of the state, and to compile and keep current data thereon to aid and guide him in the administration of the duties of his office;
  - (11) To implement all of the provisions of this chapter (except the provisions of article three) and all other laws which he is empowered to administer and enforce by the promulgation of rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
  - (12) To implement the provisions of chapter forty-six-a of this code applicable to consumer loans and consumer credit sales by the promulgation of rules and regulations in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code so long as said rules and regulations do not conflict with any rules and regulations promulgated by the state's attorney general;
  - (13) To foster and encourage a working relationship between the department of banking and financial institutions, credit, consumer, mercantile and other commercial and finance groups and interests in the state in order to

- make current appraisals of the quality, stability and availability of the services and facilities of financial institutions;
- 165 (14) To provide to financial institutions and the public copies of the West Virginia statutes relating to financial institutions, suggested drafts of bylaws commonly used by financial institutions, and such other forms and printed materials as may be found by him to be helpful to financial institutions, their shareholders, depositors and patrons, and to make reasonable charges therefor;
- (15) To delegate the powers and duties of his office. other than the powers and duties in this subsection herein-after excepted, to qualified department personnel, who shall act under the direction and supervision of the com-missioner and for whose acts he shall be responsible, but the commissioner may delegate to the deputy commissioner of banking and to no other department personnel the following powers, duties and responsibilities, all of which are hereby granted to and vested in the commis-sioner and for all of which the commissioner shall likewise be responsible:
  - (A) To order any person to cease violating any provision or provisions of this chapter or other applicable law or any rule and regulation promulgated or order issued thereunder;
  - (B) To order any person to cease engaging in any unsound practice or procedure which may detrimentally affect any financial institution or depositor thereof;
  - (C) To revoke the certificate of authority, permit or license of any financial institution except a banking institution in accordance with the provisions of section thirteen of this article; and
  - (D) To accept an assurance in writing that the person will not in the future engage in the conduct alleged by the commissioner to be unlawful, which conduct could be subject to an order under the provisions of this chapter. Such assurance of voluntary compliance shall not be considered an admission of violation for any purpose, except that if a person giving such assurance fails to comply with its terms, the assurance is prima facie evidence that prior to

- 201 such assurance the person engaged in conduct described 202 in such assurance:
- 203 (16) To seek and obtain from courts, civil penalties 204 against any person who violates this chapter, the rules 205 issued pursuant thereto, or any orders lawfully entered by the commissioner or board of banking and financial insti-206 207 tutions in an amount not less than fifty dollars nor more 208 than five thousand dollars for each violation:
- 209 (17) To receive from state banking institutions applica-210 tions to change the locations of their principal offices and 211 to approve or disapprove such applications; and
- 212 (18) To take such other action as he may deem neces-213 sary to enforce and administer the provisions of this chapter (except the provisions of article three) and all other 214 215 laws which he is empowered to administer and enforce, 216 and to apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for 217 appropriate orders, writs, processes and remedies.

### §31A-2-13. Enforcement of orders of the commissioner against financial institutions.

- 1 (a) If any financial institution shall fail or refuse to comply with any order of the commissioner, entered pur-2 3 suant to the provisions of paragraphs (A) or (B), subdivision (15), subsection (c), section four of this article, the 4 commissioner may apply to any court having jurisdiction 5 6 for a prohibitory or mandatory injunction or other appropriate remedy to compel obedience to such order; or may 7 apply to the board of banking and financial institutions 8 9 for appropriate relief.
- 10 (b) In addition, if any financial institution other than a state bank shall fail or refuse to comply with any order of 11 12 the commissioner, entered pursuant to the provisions of 13 paragraphs (A) or (B), subdivision (15), subsection (c), section four of this article, the commissioner may make 14 and enter an order revoking the certificate of authority, 15 permit or license of such institution to engage in the busi-16 17
- ness of a financial institution in this state.

# §31A-2-14. Banking interests of and acceptance of gratuities by officers and employees of department.

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1 No officer or employee of the department of banking 2 shall be an officer, director, trustee, attorney, owner, shareholder, or partner in or of any financial institution. Nor shall any officer or employee of the department receive, directly or indirectly, any payment or gratuity from any financial institution, or be engaged in any manner in the 7 negotiation of loans for others therewith. Nothing herein shall prohibit said persons from having shares as a result 8 of membership in a credit union, mutual savings associa-9 tion, or similar depository institution by virtue of being a 10 customer; nor shall it prohibit the receipt of interest or 11 other payments on accounts made in the regular course of 12 business. 13

#### ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF BANKING AND FINANCIAL INSTITU-TIONS.

### §31A-3-2. General powers and duties.

- 1 (a) In addition to other powers conferred by this chap-2 ter, the board shall have the power to:
  - (1) Regulate its own procedure and practice;
- 4 (2) Promulgate reasonable rules to implement any 5 provision of this article, such rules to be promulgated in 6 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter 7 twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 8 (3) Advise the commissioner in all matters within his jurisdiction;
- 10 (4) Study the organization, programs and services of 11 financial institutions and the laws relating thereto in this 12 state and in other jurisdictions, and to report and recom-13 mend to the governor and the Legislature all such changes 14 and amendments in laws, policies and procedures relating 15 thereto as may be by it deemed proper;
  - (5) Grant permission and authority to a financial institution:
- 18 (A) To participate in a public agency hereafter created 19 under the laws of this state or of the United States, the 20 purpose of which is to afford advantages or safeguards to 21 financial institutions or to depositors therein, and to com-

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- ply with all lawful requirements and conditions imposed 22 23 upon such participants;
- 24 (B) To engage in any financial institution activity, 25 services, procedures and practices in which financial insti-26 tutions of the same type subject to the jurisdiction of the 27 federal government may hereafter be authorized by federal laws, rules or regulations to engage, notwithstanding any 28 29 contrary provision of this code; and
- 30 (C) To pay interest on demand deposits of the United States or any agency thereof, if the payment of such inter-31 est shall be permitted under any applicable federal law, 32 33 rule or regulation.

Any permission and authority granted by the board pursuant to this subdivision shall cease and terminate upon the adjournment of the next regular session of the Legislature, unless the Legislature shall at such session enact legislation authorizing the financial institution participation, activity, services and procedures or payment of interest with respect to which such permission and authority were granted, in which event such permission and authority shall continue in effect until the effective date of such legislation; and

- (6) Seek judicial enforcement to compel compliance with any of its orders and to seek and obtain civil penalties as set forth under this chapter.
- 47 (b) The board shall further have the power, by enter-48 ing appropriate orders, to:
- (1) Restrict the withdrawal of deposits from any financial institution when, in the judgment of the board, ex-50 traordinary circumstances make such restrictions necessary for the protection of creditors of and depositors in 52 the affected institution:
  - (2) Compel the holder of shares in any corporate financial institution to refrain from voting said shares on any matter when, in the judgment of the board, such order is necessary to protect the institution against reckless, incompetent or careless management, to safeguard funds of depositors in the institution or to prevent willful violation

of any applicable law or of any rule and regulation or order issued thereunder. In such a case the shares of such a holder shall not be counted in determining the existence of a quorum or a percentage of the outstanding shares necessary to take any corporate action;

- (3) Approve or disapprove applications to incorporate and organize state banking institutions in accordance with the provisions of sections six and seven, article four of this chapter;
- (4) Approve or disapprove applications to incorporate and organize state-chartered bankers' banks in accordance with the provisions of sections six and seven, article four of this chapter;
- (5) Exempt a bankers' bank from any provision of this chapter if the board finds that such provision is inconsistent with the purpose for which a bankers' bank is incorporated and organized and that the welfare of the public or any banking institution or other financial institution would not be jeopardized thereby;
- (6) Revoke the certificate of authority, permit, certificate or license of any state banking institution to engage in business in this state if such institution shall fail or refuse to comply with any order of the commissioner entered pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (A) or (B), subdivision (15), subsection (c), section four, article two of this chapter, or at the board's election to direct the commissioner to apply to any court having jurisdiction for a prohibitory or mandatory injunction or other appropriate remedy to compel obedience to such order;
- (7) Suspend or remove a director, officer or employee of any financial institution who is or becomes ineligible to hold such position under any provision of law or rule and regulation or order, or who willfully disregards or fails to comply with any order of the board or commissioner made and entered in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or who is dishonest or grossly incompetent in the conduct of financial institution business;
- (8) To receive from state banking institutions applications to establish branch banks by the purchase of the

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- business and assets and assumption of the liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with, another banking institution, or by the construction, lease or acquisition of branch bank facilities in an unbanked area; examine and investigate such applications, to hold hearings thereon, and to approve or disapprove such applications, all in accordance with section twelve, article eight of this chapter;
  - (9) Approve or disapprove the application of any state bank to purchase the business and assets and assume the liabilities of, or merge or consolidate with, another state banking institution in accordance with the provisions of section seven, article seven of this chapter;
  - (10) Approve or disapprove the application of any state bank to purchase the business and assets and assume the liabilities of a national banking association, or merge or consolidate with a national banking association to form a resulting state bank in accordance with the provisions of section seven, article seven of this chapter; and
  - (11) In addition to any authority granted pursuant to section twelve, article eight of this chapter, incident to the approval of an application pursuant to subdivisions (7) or (8) of this subsection, permit the bank the application of which is so approved to operate its banking business under its name from the premises of the bank the business and assets of which have been purchased and the liabilities of which have been assumed by such applicant bank or with which such applicant bank has merged or consolidated: Provided, That such permission may be granted only if the board has made the findings required by subsection (f), section three of this article and such applicant bank has no common directors or officers nor common ownership of stock exceeding ten percent of total outstanding voting stock with the bank whose business and assets are being purchased and liabilities assumed, or with whom such applicant bank is being merged.
    - (c) No provision of this section shall be construed to alter, reduce or modify the rights of shareholders, or obligations of a banking institution in regard to its shareholders, as set forth in section one hundred seventeen, article one, chapter thirty-one of this code and section seven,

- article seven of this chapter, and other applicable provisions of this code.
- (d) Any order entered by the West Virginia board of
- 142 banking and financial institutions pursuant to this section
- 143 is a matter of public record.

# ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

- §31A-4-2. Use of terms; unlawfully engaging in banking business; penalties; enforcement.
- §31A-4-4. Majority of stock to be paid in full before engaging in business; sale of additional stock; organizational expense fund; affidavit of incorporators; penalties; stockholder preemptive rights.
- §31A-4-6. Examination and investigation of proposed bank by board.
- §31A-4-8. Directors, their qualifications and oaths.
- §31A-4-20. Stockholders' annual meeting; financial statement; appointment, duties and report of examining committee; employment of accountants; examiners may require presence of executive or examining committee.
- §31A-4-26. Limitation on loans and extensions of credit; limitation on investments; loans to executive officers and directors of banks and employees of the banking department; exceptions; valuation of securities.

# §31A-4-2. Use of terms; unlawfully engaging in banking business; penalties; enforcement.

- 1 (a) No person doing business in this state, except a
- 2 banking institution or a person authorized by the commis-
- 3 sioner under the terms of this section, shall use or advertise
- 4 in connection with such business, or as a designation or
- 5 title thereof, the term "bank," "banker," "banking," "bank-
- 6 ing company," "industrial bank," "savings bank," or "trust
- 7 company," or engage in the banking or trust business in
- 8 this state.
- 9 (b) It shall be unlawful for any such person other than 10 banking institutions as herein excepted, to advertise or
- 11 hold himself, itself, or themselves, as the case may be, out
- 12 to the public in any manner indicating, directly, indirectly
- 13 or by implication, that any of them is engaged in the
- 14 banking or trust business or is authorized and approved to
- 15 engage therein in this state.

- 16 (c) The commissioner may authorize a person to utilize the term "bank" or "banc" in connection with 17 18 non-profit organizations or medical businesses where the 19 term would have a common meaning separate and apart 20 from a financial institution and would not result in confu-21 sion to the public (e.g., food bank; medical databank); 22 and in connection with bank holding companies or their 23 non-banking affiliates where the term denotes the entities' 24 common affiliation and would not result in confusion to 25 the public.
- (d) Any violation of the provisions of this section shall
   constitute a misdemeanor offense, punishable as provided
   in section fifteen, article eight of this chapter.
- 29 (e) The commissioner of banking or any one or more 30 banking institutions, acting individually or jointly, may 31 petition the circuit court of the county in which any violation of the provisions of this section occur or are threat-ened to occur for injunction or other appropriate judicial remedies for enforcement of the provisions hereof and the 35 prevention of further or continued violations thereof.

## §31A-4-4. Majority of stock to be paid in full before engaging in business; sale of additional stock; organizational expense fund; affidavit of incorporators; penalties; stockholder preemptive rights.

(a) The majority of the capital stock of every banking institution, chartered under the laws of this state, shall be 2 3 paid in full in cash and issued to the ultimate subscribers, not an agent or broker acting on behalf of the organizers, before it shall be authorized to engage in business, except 5 such business as is incidental and necessary preliminary to 6 its organization. Authorized but unissued stock may be 7 8 issued from time to time to employees of the bank pursuant to a stock option or stock purchase plan approved by 9 the commissioner or may be issued for such other purpos-10 es and consideration as may be approved by the board of 11 directors of said bank. The commissioner shall establish 12 the minimum amount of authorized capital stock which 13 shall be paid in full in cash and issued prior to opening 14 the bank for business. 1.5

- 16 (b) Each subscriber at the time he or she subscribes to 17 the stock of a proposed banking institution shall pay in 18 cash a sum at least equal to five percent of the par value of 19 such stock into a fund to be used to defray the expenses 20 of organization of said institution. No organizational 21 expenses shall be paid out of any other funds of the bank. 22 The amount of any organizational expenses which are 23 accumulated and recorded on the newly organized bank's 24 accounting records as an asset to be amortized over a 25 period of time according to generally accepted accounting 26 principles shall be added to the capital requirement for 27 incorporation of the bank as determined by the West Vir-28 ginia board of banking and financial institutions pursuant 29 to subsection (a), section three, article four of this chapter. 30 Upon the grant of a charter to the institution any unex-31 pended balance in the organizational expense fund shall 32 be transferred to undivided profits of the institution. If 33 the charter application is finally denied, any unexpended 34 balance in said fund shall be distributed among the contri-35 butors in proportion to their respective payments.
- 36 (c) A majority of the incorporators shall file with the 37 West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions 38 at the time of filing of the charter application an affidavit: 39 (1) Setting forth all expenses incurred or to be incurred in 40 connection with the organization of the institution, sub-41 scriptions for its shares and sale of its shares, and (2) stat-42 ing that no fee, compensation or commission prohibited 43 by this section has been or will be paid or incurred. The 44 board may disapprove the charter application on account 45 of any violation of this section and order the incorporators 46 to restore any sum expended for other than proper organizational expense. In addition, violations hereof shall 47 constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable as prescribed 48 49 in section fifteen, article eight of this chapter.
- (d) Unless otherwise provided in the charter, whenever additional stock is offered for sale, stockholders of record on the date of the offer shall have the right to subscribe to such proportion of the shares as the stock held by them bears to the total of the outstanding stock. This right shall be transferable but shall terminate if not exercised within sixty days of the offer. If the right be not exercised, the

- 57 stock shall not be offered for sale to others at a lower price
- 58 without the stockholders again being accorded a preemp-
- 59 tive right to subscribe. No banking institution shall sell its
- 60 shares of stock at less than par, but may sell its shares at
- 61 such price above par as may be set by the board of direc-
- 62 tors. The preemptive rights of the stockholders, as provid-
- 63 ed in this paragraph, shall not apply to any stock issued by
- 64 a banking institution, to another bank or financial institu-
- 65 tion or the stockholders thereof, pursuant to a merger or
- 66 consolidation with such other bank or financial institution,
- 67 or to authorized but unissued stock authorized by the
- 68 charter of the banking institution.

# §31A-4-6. Examination and investigation of proposed bank by board.

- 1 (a) When an agreement of incorporation, fully complying with the requirements of this article, has been filed
- 3 with the board, it shall promptly make or cause to be made
  - a careful examination and investigation relative to the following:
- 6 (1) The character, reputation, financial standing and 7 motives of the organizers, incorporators and subscribers in 8 organizing the proposed bank;
- 9 (2) The need for the facilities and services which the 10 proposed bank will offer in the community where it is to 11 be located, giving particular consideration to the adequacy 12 of existing banking and trust facilities and services;
- 13 (3) The present and future ability of the community to 14 support the proposed bank and all other existing banking 15 and trust facilities and services in the community;
- 16 (4) The character, financial responsibility, banking 17 experience and business qualifications of the proposed 18 officers; and
- 19 (5) The character, financial responsibility, business 20 experience and standing of the proposed stockholders and 21 directors.
- 22 (b) The board shall approve or disapprove the applica-23 tion, in the exercise of its reasonable discretion, but shall 24 not approve such application unless it finds:

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- 25 (1) Public convenience and advantage will be promot-26 ed by the establishment of the proposed bank;
- 27 (2) Local conditions assure reasonable promise of 28 successful operation for the proposed bank and those 29 banks already established in the community;
- 30 (3) The proposed capital structure is adequate;
- 31 (4) The proposed officers and directors have sufficient 32 banking experience and trust experience, if the bank pro-33 poses to engage in the trust business, ability, character and 34 standing to assure reasonable promise of successful opera-35 tion;
- 36 (5) The name of the proposed bank or trust company 37 is not so similar as to cause confusion with the name of an 38 existing bank; and
  - (6) Provision has been made for suitable banking house quarters in the community specified in the application.
  - (c) In the course of its examination and investigation, the board may call upon the attorney, agent or other responsible person representing the incorporators and upon the incorporators for additional information and disclosures it deems necessary in taking appropriate action on and making proper disposition of the application.
- 48 (d) Where the agreement of incorporation is for an 49 interim bank organized solely for the purpose of facilitat-50 ing the acquisition of another bank, which interim bank 51 will not survive the acquisition and merger, the board may dispense with further investigation and find the criteria set 52 forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section have been 53 54 met on the basis of its examination of the performance or 55 attributes of the surviving bank.

# §31A-4-8. Directors, their qualifications and oaths.

For every state-chartered banking institution there shall be a board of not less than five nor more than twenty-five directors, who shall meet at least once each month and who shall have power to do, or cause to be done, all things that are proper to be done by the banking

6 institution; and a majority of whom shall at all times be 7 United States citizens and residents of this state. 8 such director shall own capital stock in the banking insti-9 tution of which he is a director. Said director must own 10 shares in the aggregate par value of not less than five hundred dollars, an exception being that if a bank holding 11 company has control of that banking institution, shares 12 owned by a director of the subsidiary bank in the control-13 14 ling bank holding company will satisfy the requirements 15 of this section: Provided, That the director owns, in his own right, common or preferred stock of the controlling 16 17 bank holding company in an amount equal to or greater than any one of the following: (i) Aggregate par value of 18 19 five hundred dollars; (ii) aggregate shareholders' equity of 20 five hundred dollars; or (iii) aggregate fair market value 21 of five hundred dollars. Determination of the fair market 22 value of the controlling bank holding company's stock 23 shall be based upon the value of that stock on the date it 24 was purchased or on the date the person became a direc-25 tor, whichever is greater. If a bank holding company controls more than one bank subsidiary, a director owning at 26 27 least five hundred dollars of the shares of a bank holding 28 company is qualified, if otherwise permitted by applicable 29 law, to serve as a director of every bank subsidiary controlled by that bank holding company. Before entering on 30 31 the discharge of his duties as such director, he shall take 32 an oath that he will, so far as the duty devolves upon him, 33 diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the bank-34 ing institution, and that he will not knowingly or willingly permit to be violated any of the provisions of the laws of 35 36 this state relative to banking and banking institutions, and that the stock standing in his name upon the books of the 37 38 banking institution is not hypothecated or pledged in any 39 way as security for loans obtained from or debts owing to the banking institution of which he is a director, and that 40 the number of shares necessary to qualify a stockholder to 41 be a director are not now, and shall not at any time while 42 he serves as a director be pledged or hypothecated in any 43 manner for any debt or obligation of the director, or any 44 other person; which oath subscribed by him and certified 45 by the officer before whom it was taken shall be filed and 46 preserved in the office of the commissioner of banking. 47

- Should a director fail to subscribe to or renew the oath herein provided within sixty days after notice of his elec-tion or re-election, or at any time after qualifying as such, sell or dispose of, or in any manner hypothecate or pledge as security for a debt or obligation, such qualifying shares, or any number thereof, necessary for his qualification, thereupon the remaining directors shall elect another di-rector in his stead. No person shall serve as a director of any banking institution who has evidenced personal dis-honesty and unfitness to serve as such director by his conduct or practice with another financial institution which resulted in a substantial financial loss or damage thereto or who has been convicted of any crime involving personal dishonesty.
- §31A-4-20. Stockholders' annual meeting; financial statement; appointment, duties and report of examining committee; employment of accountants; examiners may require presence of executive or examining committee.
  - (a) The stockholders of each state banking institution shall meet annually and at such annual meeting it shall be the duty of the cashier or other executive officer of such banking institution to prepare and submit to the stockholders a clear and concise statement of the financial condition of the corporation as of the close of business on the last day of the month next preceding.
  - (b) At such meeting, the stockholders present in person or by proxy shall elect an examining committee composed of not less than three nor more than five persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder either in such banking institution, or, if such banking institution is controlled by a bank holding company, in that bank holding company.
  - (c) At such time or times as it may be directed to do so by the written request of the board of directors or the commissioner of banking, such committee shall immediately proceed to examine the condition of the bank and, upon completion of such examination, shall file its report in writing with the board of directors. Such report shall set forth in detail all items included in the assets of the

- 22 bank which the committee has reason to believe are not of
- 23 the value at which they appear on the books and records
- 24 of the bank, and shall give the value of each of such items
- 25 according to its judgment. The board of directors shall
- 26 cause such report to be retained as a part of the records of
- 27 the bank and shall transmit a duly authenticated copy
- 28 thereof to the commissioner of banking.
- (d) With the consent and approval of the stockholders,
   such committee may employ registered or certified public
   accountants to make such examination or make the same
   in conjunction with any official examination made by any
   supervisory authority.
- (e) The workpapers of any audit, including any materials associated with an audit of the bank's electronic data procedures, shall be made available to the commissioner or to the examiners of the department of banking upon request, and will be accorded confidentiality in conformity with section four, article two of this chapter.
- 40 (f) Any official examiner of the department of bank-41 ing may require the presence of the examining committee 42 or the executive committee during his examination.
- §31A-4-26. Limitation on loans and extensions of credit; limitation on investments; loans to executive officers and directors of banks and employees of the banking department; exceptions; valuation of securities.
  - (a) (1) The total loans and extensions of credit made 1 by a state-chartered banking institution to any one person 2 or common enterprise and not fully secured, as deter-3 mined in a manner consistent with subdivision (2) of this 4 subsection, shall not exceed fifteen percent of the unim-5 paired capital and unimpaired surplus of that 6 state-chartered banking institution initially determined for 7 the period such loan or extension of credit is made. 8
  - 9 (2) Where the total loans and extensions of credit by a 10 state-chartered banking institution to any one person or 11 common enterprise are fully secured by readily market-12 able collateral having a market value, as determined by 13 reliable and continuously available price quotations, at

least equal to the outstanding amount of such loans and extensions, then the bank may provide such loans or ex-tensions of up to ten percent of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of that state-chartered banking institu-tion initially determined for the period such loan or exten-sion is made. This limitation shall be separate from and in addition to the limitation contained in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

### (3) For the purposes of this subsection:

- (A) The term "loans and extensions of credit" shall include all direct or indirect advances of funds to a person made on the basis of any obligation of that person to repay the funds or repayable from specific property pledged by or on behalf of the person and to the extent specified by the commissioner of banking, such terms shall also include any liability of a state-chartered banking institution to advance funds to or on behalf of a person pursuant to a contractual commitment;
- (B) The term "person" shall include an individual, partnership, sole proprietorship, society, association, firm, institution, company, public or private corporation, not-for-profit corporation, state, governmental agency, bureau, department, division or instrumentality, political subdivision, county commission, municipality, trust, syndicate, estate or any other legal entity whatsoever, formed, created or existing under the laws of this state or any other jurisdiction;
- (C) The term "unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus" means the amount of total equity capital outstanding as indicated in the bank's most recent quarterly report of condition and income as filed with the commissioner of banking pursuant to section nineteen of this article, plus the amount of the allowance for loan losses, minus the amount of goodwill or other nonmarketable intangible assets included in such quarterly report pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles. Unrealized gains and losses on the bank's securities and loan portfolios shall be included in the calculation of total equity capital to the extent required by generally accepted

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- accounting principles and applicable federal or state law,
   rule or regulation; and
- 55 (D) The term "common enterprise" includes, but is not 56 limited to, persons and entities who are so related by business or otherwise that the expected source of repayment 58 on the loan or extension of credit is substantially the same 59 for each person or entity.
- 60 (4) The limitations contained in this subsection shall be subject to the following exceptions:
  - (A) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of commercial or business paper evidencing an obligation to the person negotiating it with recourse shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
  - (B) The purchase of bankers' acceptances of the kind described in section thirteen of the Federal Reserve Act and issued by other banks shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
  - (C) Loans and extensions of credit having a term of ten months or less and secured by bills of lading, warehouse receipts, or similar documents transferring or securing title to readily marketable staples shall be subject to a limitation of twenty percent of unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus in addition to the general limitations set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the market value of the staples securing each additional loan or extension of credit at all times equals or exceeds one hundred fifteen percent of the outstanding amount of such loan or extension of credit. The staples shall be fully covered by insurance whenever it is customary to insure such staples. If collateral values of the staples fall below the levels required herein, to the extent that the loan is no longer in conformance with its collateral requirements and exceeds the general fifteen percent limitation, the loan must be brought into conformance within five business days, except where judicial proceedings, regulatory actions or other extraordinary occurrences prevent the bank from taking action;

- (D) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness or treasury bills of the United States or by other such obligations fully guaran-teed as to principal and interest by the United States or by bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness which are general obligations of the state of West Virginia or by other such obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the state of West Virginia shall not be subject to any limi-tation based on capital and surplus;
  - (E) Loans or extensions of credit to or secured by unconditional takeout commitments or guarantees of any department, agency, bureau, board, commission or establishment of the United States or of the state of West Virginia or any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the United States shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
  - (F) Loans or extensions of credit secured by a segregated deposit account in the lending bank shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
  - (G) Loans or extensions of credit to any banking institution or to any receiver, conservator or other agent in charge of the business and property of such banking institution or other federally insured depository institution, when such loans or extensions of credit are approved by the commissioner of banking, shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
  - (H) (i) Loans and extensions of credit arising from the discount of negotiable or nonnegotiable installment consumer paper which carries a full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee by the person or common enterprise transferring the paper shall be subject under this section to a maximum limitation equal to twenty-five percent of such unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection;
- (ii) If the bank's files or the knowledge of its officers of the financial condition of each maker of such consumer paper is reasonably adequate, and an officer of the bank designated for that purpose by the board of directors

- of the bank certifies in writing that the bank is relying primarily upon the responsibility of each maker for payment of such loans or extensions of credit and not upon any full or partial recourse endorsement or guarantee by the transferor, the limitations of this section as to the loans or extensions of credit of each such maker shall be the sole applicable loan limitations:
  - (I) (i) Loans and extensions of credit secured by shipping documents or instruments transferring or securing title covering livestock or giving a lien on livestock when the market value of the livestock securing the obligation is not at any time less than one hundred fifteen percent of the face amount of the note covered, shall be subject under this section, to a maximum limitation equal to twenty-five percent of such unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection;
  - (ii) Loans and extensions of credit which arise from the discount by dealers in livestock of paper given in payment for livestock, which paper carries a full recourse endorsement or unconditional guarantee of the seller and which are secured by the livestock being sold, shall be subject under this section, to a limitation of twenty-five percent of such unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus, notwithstanding the collateral requirements set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection;
  - (iii) If collateral values of the livestock documents, instruments or discount paper fall below the levels required herein, to the extent that the loan is no longer in conformance with its collateral requirements and exceeds the general fifteen percent limitation, the loan must be brought into conformance within thirty business days, except where judicial proceedings, regulatory actions or other extraordinary occurrences prevent the bank from taking action;
  - (J) Loans or extensions of credit to the student loan marketing association shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus; and

- (K) Loans or extensions of credit to a corporation owning the property in which that state-chartered banking institution is located, when that state-chartered banking institution has an unimpaired capital and surplus of not less than one million dollars or when approved in writing by the commissioner of banking, shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus.
  - (5) (A) The commissioner of banking may prescribe rules to administer and carry out the purposes of this subsection including rules to define or further define terms used in this subsection and to establish limits or requirements other than those specified in this subsection for particular classes or categories of loans or extensions of credit;
  - (B) The commissioner of banking may also prescribe rules to deal with loans or extensions of credit, which were not in violation of this section prior to the effective date of this article, but which will be in violation of this section upon the effective date of this article; and
  - (C) The commissioner of banking also shall have authority to determine when a loan putatively made to a person shall for purposes of this subsection be attributed to another person.
  - (b) (1) Except as hereinafter provided or otherwise permitted by law, nothing herein contained shall authorize the purchase by a state-chartered banking institution for its own account of any shares of stock of any corporation: *Provided*, That a state-chartered banking institution may purchase and sell securities and stock without recourse, solely upon the order and for the account of customers.
  - (2) In no event shall the total amount of investment securities of any one obligor or maker held by a state-chartered banking institution for its own account, exceed fifteen percent of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of that state-chartered banking institution.
  - (3) For purposes of this subsection:

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- 206 (A) The term "investment securities" means a market-207 able obligation in the form of a stock, bond, note, or de-208 benture, commonly regarded as an investment security 209 and that is salable under ordinary circumstances with rea-210 sonable promptness at a fair value. "Derivative security" 211 means a type of investment security involving a financial 212 contract whose value depends on the values of one or 213 more underlying assets or indexes of asset values. The 214 term derivative refers inter alia to financial contracts such 215 as collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs"), forwards, 216 futures, forward rate agreements, swaps, options, and caps 217 /floors/collars, whose primary purpose is to transfer price 218 risks associated with fluctuations in asset values:
  - (B) The term "person" shall include any individual, partnership, sole proprietorship, society, association, firm, institution, company, public or private corporation, not-for-profit corporation, state, governmental agency, bureau, department, division or instrumentality, political subdivision, county commission, municipality, trust, syndicate, estate or any other legal entity whatsoever, formed, created or existing under the laws of this state or any other jurisdiction; and
- 228 (C) The term "unimpaired capital and unimpaired 229 surplus" shall have the same meaning as set forth in sub-230 section (a) of this section.
- 231 (4) The limitations contained in this subsection shall be subject to the following exceptions:
- 233 (A) Obligations of the United States or its agencies;
- 234 (B) General obligations of any state or of any political subdivision thereof;
- (C) Obligations issued under authority of the federal Farm Loan Act, as amended, or issued by the thirteen banks for cooperatives or any of them or the federal home loan banks;
- (D) Obligations which are insured by the secretary of housing and urban development under Title XI of the National Housing Act, 12 U.S.C. §1749aaa, et seq.;

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- (E) Obligations which are insured by the secretary of housing and urban development hereafter in this sentence referred to as the "secretary" pursuant to Section 207 of the National Housing Act, 12 U.S.C. §1713, if the debentures to be issued in payment of such insured obligations are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 250 (F) Obligations, participations or other instruments of 251 or issued by the federal national mortgage association or 252 the government national mortgage association, or mort-253 gages, obligations or other securities which are or ever 254 have been sold by the federal home loan mortgage corpo-255 ration pursuant to Section 305 or 306 of the federal 256 Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act, 12 U.S.C. §1454 257 or §1455;
- 258 (G) Obligations of the federal financing bank;
- 259 (H) Obligations or other instruments or securities of the student loan marketing association;
- 261 (I) Obligations of the environmental financing author-262 ity;
- 263 (J) Such obligations of any local public agency, as 264 defined in Section 110(h) of the Housing Act of 1949, 42 265 U.S.C. §1460 (h) as are secured by an agreement between 266 the local public agency and the secretary of housing and 267 urban development in which the local public agency agrees to borrow from said secretary and said secretary 268 agrees to lend to said local public agency, moneys in an 269 aggregate amount which together with any other moneys 270 irrevocably committed to the payment of interest on such 271 obligations, will suffice to pay, when due, the interest on 272 and all installments, including the final installment of the 273 principal of such obligations, which moneys under the 274 terms of said agreement are required to be used for such 275 276 payments;
  - (K) Obligations of a public housing agency as that term is defined in the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, 42 U.S.C. §1437a as are secured:

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- 280 (i) By an agreement between the public housing agency and the secretary in which the public housing agency 281 agrees to borrow from the secretary, and the secretary 282 283 agrees to lend to the public housing agency, prior to the 284 maturity of such obligations, moneys in an amount which. 285 together with any other moneys irrevocably committed to 286 the payment of interest on such obligations, will suffice to 287 pay the principal of such obligations with interest to matu-288 rity thereon, which moneys under the terms of said agree-289 ment are required to be used for the purpose of paying the principal of and the interest on such obligations at 290 291 their maturity;
  - (ii) By a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract between such public housing agency and the secretary if such contract shall contain the covenant by the secretary which is authorized by Section 11, 42 U.S.C. §1437i (a)(1)(B) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, and if the maximum sum and the maximum period specified in such contract pursuant to said section, shall not be less than the annual amount and the period for payment which are requisite to provide for the payment when due of all installments of principal and interest on such obligations; or
- (iii) By a pledge of both annual contributions under 303 304 an annual contributions contract containing the covenant by the secretary which is authorized by Section 11 of the 305 United States Housing Act of 1937, 42 U.S.C. §1437i(a) 306 (1)(B), and a loan under an agreement between the local 307 308 public housing agency and the secretary in which the public housing agency agrees to borrow from the secre-309 tary, and the secretary agrees to lend to the public housing 310 agency, prior to the maturity of the obligations involved, 311 moneys in an amount which, together with any other mon-312 eys irrevocably committed under the annual contributions 313 contract to the payment of principal and interest on such 314 obligations will suffice to provide for the payment when 315 due of all installments of principal and interest on such 316 obligations, which moneys under the terms of the agree-317 ment are required to be used for the purpose of paying 318 the principal and interest on such obligations at their ma-319 320 turity: and

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- 321 (L) Obligations of a corporation owning the property 322 in which that state-chartered banking institution is located 323 when that state-chartered banking institution has an unim-324 paired capital and unimpaired surplus of not less than one 325 million dollars or when approved in writing by the com-326 missioner of banking.
  - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a state-chartered banking institution may purchase for its own account shares of stock issued by a corporation authorized to be created pursuant to Title IX of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. §3931 et seq., and may make investments in a partnership, limited partnership, or joint venture formed pursuant to Section 907 (a) or 907 (c) of that act, 42 U.S.C. §3937 (a) or (c), and may purchase shares of stock issued by any West Virginia housing corporation and may make investments in loans and commitments for loans to any such corporation: Provided, That in no event shall the total amount of such stock held for its own account and such investments in loans and commitments made by the state-chartered banking institution exceed at any time five percent of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of that state-chartered banking institution.
    - (6) Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a state-chartered banking institution may purchase, for its own account, shares of stock of small business investment companies chartered under the laws of this state, which are licensed under the act of Congress known as the "Small Business Investment Act of 1958", as amended, and of business development corporations created and organized under the act of the Legislature known as the "West Virginia Business Development Corporation Act", as amended: *Provided*, That in no event shall any such state-chartered banking institution hold shares of stock in small business investment companies and/or business development corporations in any amount aggregating more than fifteen percent of the unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of that state-chartered banking institution.
    - (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a state-chartered banking institution may purchase

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- 361 for its own account shares of stock of a bankers' bank or a 362 bank holding company which owns or controls such bankers' bank, but in no event shall the total amount of 363 364 such stock held by such state-chartered banking institution 365 exceed at any time fifteen percent of the unimpaired capi-366 tal and unimpaired surplus of that state-chartered banking institution and in no event shall the purchase of such stock 367 result in that state-chartered banking institution acquiring 368 more than twenty percent of any class of voting securities 369 370 of such bankers' bank or of the bank holding company 371 which owns or controls such bankers' bank.
  - (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, a state-chartered banking institution may invest its funds in any investment authorized for national banking associations. Such investments by state-chartered banking institutions shall be on the same terms and conditions applicable to national banking associations: Provided, That (i) the purchase of investment securities under this subdivision shall be made only when in the bank's prudent judgment, which judgment may be based in part on estimates which it believes to be reliable, there is adequate evidence that the obligor will be able to perform all it undertakes to perform in connection with the securities, including all debt service requirements, and that the securities may be sold with reasonable promptness at a price that corresponds to their fair value; and (ii) the purchase conforms to the requirement of subparagraph (9) of this subdivision. The commissioner of banking may, from time to time, provide notice to state-chartered banking institutions of authorized investments under this paragraph.
  - (9) The purchase of investment securities, including derivative securities, in which the investment characteristics are considered distinctly or predominantly speculative, or the purchase of such securities that are in default, whether as to principal or interest, is prohibited. The proper management of interest rate risk through the use of derivative or other investment securities shall not be held a speculative purpose.

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400 (10) The commissioner of banking may prescribe 401 rules to administer and carry out the purposes of this sub-402 section, including rules to define or further define terms 403 used in this subsection and to establish limits or require-404 ments other than those specified in this subsection for 405 particular classes or categories of investment securities.

(c) In the event of a material decline of unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus of a state-chartered bank during any quarterly reporting period of more than twenty percent from that amount reported in the bank's most recent report of income and condition, or where there is a decrease of more than thirty percent in any twelve-month period, the bank shall review its outstanding loans, extensions of credit and investments and report to the commissioner of banking those loans, extensions and investments that exceed the limitations of this section using the bank's current re-evaluated unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus. The report shall detail the bank's position in each such loan, extension of credit, and investment. The commissioner may, within his or her discretion, require that such loans, extensions of credit and investments be brought into conformity with the bank's current re-evaluated legal lending and investment limitation.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in order to ensure a bank's safety and soundness, the commissioner of banking retains the authority to direct any state-chartered bank to recalculate its lending and investment limits at more frequent intervals than otherwise provided herein and to require all outstanding loans, extensions of credit and investments be brought into conformance with the re-evaluated limitations. In such cases, the commissioner will provide the bank a written notice explaining briefly the specific reasons why the determination was made to require the more frequent calculations.

(e) Loans to directors or executive officers are subject to the following limitations:

(1) A director or executive officer of any banking institution may not borrow, directly or indirectly, from a banking institution with which he is connected, any sum of money without the prior approval of a majority of the

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- 440 board of directors or discount committee of the banking 441 institution, or of any duly constituted committee whose duties include those usually performed by a discount 442 443 committee. Such approval shall be by resolution adopted 444 by a majority vote of such board or committee, exclusive 445 of the director or executive officer to whom the loan is 446 made.
- 447 (2) If any director or executive officer of any bank 448 owns or controls a majority of the stock of any corpora-449 tion, or is a partner in any partnership, a loan to such corporation or partnership shall constitute a loan to such director or officer.
- 452 (3) For purposes of this subsection, an "executive 453 officer" means:
  - (A) A person who participates or has authority to participate, other than in the capacity of a director, in major policy-making functions of the company or bank, regardless of any official title, salary or other compensation. The chairman of the board, the president, every vice president, the cashier, the secretary and the treasurer of a company or bank are considered executive officers unless the officer is excluded, by resolution of the board of directors or by the bylaws of the bank or company from participation, other than in the capacity of director, in major policy-making functions of the bank or company, and the officer does not actually participate therein.
  - (B) An executive officer of a company of which the bank is a subsidiary, and any other subsidiary of that company, unless the executive officer of the subsidiary is excluded, by name or by title, from participation in major policy-making functions of the bank by resolutions of the boards of directors of both the subsidiary and the bank and does not actually participate in such major policy-making functions.
  - (f) The commissioner of banking and any employee of the department of banking may not borrow, directly or indirectly, any sum of money from a state-chartered banking institution which is subject to examination by the commissioner or the department.

- (g) Securities purchased by a state-chartered banking 479 institution shall be entered upon the books of the bank at 480 481 actual cost. For the purpose of calculating the undivided 482 profits applicable to the payment of dividends, securities 483 shall not be valued at a valuation exceeding their present 484 cost as determined by amortization of premiums and ac-485 cretion of discounts pursuant to generally accepted ac-486 counting principles, that is, by charging to profit and loss 487 a sum sufficient to bring them to par at maturity: Provid-488 ed, That securities held for trade or permissible market-489 able equity securities and any other types of debt securi-490 ties which pursuant to generally accepted accounting prin-491 ciples are to be carried on the bank's books at fair market 492 value shall have the unrealized market appreciation and 493 depreciation included in the income and capital as permit-494 ted by such generally accepted accounting principles.
- (h) The market value of securities purchased and loans extended by a state-chartered banking institution shall be reported in all public reports and quarterly reports to the commissioner pursuant to section nineteen of this article in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and any applicable state or federal law, rule or regulation.

# ARTICLE 8. HEARINGS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; JUDICIAL REVIEW; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES.

- §31A-8-8a. Unauthorized disclosure of information from a financial institution examination report.
- §31A-8-12. Procedure for authorizing of branch banks; penalties for violation of section.
- §31A-8-12b. Installation and operation of customer bank communication terminals permitted.
- §31A-8-15. General penalties.
- §31A-8-16. Misdemeanors and felonies.

# §31A-8-8a. Unauthorized disclosure of information from a financial institution examination report.

- 1 Any person having a duty to the financial institution
- 2 or to a state agency to maintain the confidentiality of
- 3 examination reports by the department of banking, who
- 4 willfully and knowingly makes an unauthorized public

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5 disclosure of confidential information or records from a 6 state-chartered depository financial institution examina-7 tion report shall be subject to suit by the commissioner or 8 attorney general for civil penalties of up to one thousand 9 dollars: Provided. That no such suit shall lie where the 10 person was ordered to make the disclosure by a court of competent jurisdiction, or lawfully compelled to make the 11 12 disclosure as part of a legislative or executive agency in-13 vestigation. Officials of the financial institution or the 14 commissioner may refer matters of possible wrongdoing 15 discovered by the examination which impact on the insti-16 tution's soundness or financial integrity, or which concern 17 possible criminal conduct to law enforcement officials, or 18 other appropriate governmental regulatory agencies, in-19 cluding appropriate state bar or ethics officials and such 20 referral shall not constitute public disclosure.

# \*§31A-8-12. Procedure for authorizing of branch banks; penalties for violation of section.

- (a) No banking institution shall engage in business at any place other than at its principal office in this state, at a branch bank in this state permitted by this section as a customer bank communication terminal permitted by section twelve-b of this article or at any loan organization office permitted by section twelve-c of this article.
- 7 (1) Acceptance of a deposit or allowing a withdrawal at the banking offices of any subsidiary, as defined in 8 section two, article eight-a of this chapter, for credit or 9 10 debit to the customer's account at any other subsidiary of 11 the same bank holding company is permissible and does 12 not constitute branch banking. In addition, the conduct of activity at bank offices as an agent for any bank subsid-13 14 iary of the same bank holding company shall be permitted to the same extent allowed by federal law for national 15 banks pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1828, and does not constitute 16 branch banking; nor shall such activity constitute a viola-17 tion of section forty-two, article four of this chapter: Pro-18 19 vided. That no banking institution may utilize that agency relationship to evade state consumer protection laws, in-20 cluding usury laws, or any other applicable laws of this 21

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 280 (Chapter 72), which passed subsequent to this act.

state, or to conduct any activity that is not financiallyrelated, as that term is defined by section two, article eight-c of this chapter.

- (2) A banking institution located in a county where there is also a higher educational institution as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code, may establish a temporary business office on the campus of any such educational institution located in such county for the limited purposes of opening accounts and accepting deposits for a period not in excess of four business days per semester, trimester or quarter: *Provided*, That prior to opening any temporary office, a banking institution must first obtain written permission from the institution of higher education. The term "business days," for the purpose of this subsection, means days exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays as defined in section one, article two, chapter two of this code.
  - (3) Any banking institution which on January one, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, was authorized to operate an off-premises walk-in or drive-in facility, pursuant to the law then in effect, may, as of the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, operate such facility as a branch bank and it shall not be necessary, for the continued operation of such branch bank, to obtain additional approvals, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three of this chapter.
- (b) Except for a bank holding company, it shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, trust, syndicate, public or private corporation, or any other legal entity, or combination of entities acting in concert, to directly or indirectly own, control or hold with power to vote, twenty-five percent or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks, or to control in any manner the election of a majority of the directors of two or more banks.
- 58 (c) A banking institution may establish branch banks 59 either by:
- 60 (1) The construction, lease or acquisition of branch 61 bank facilities as follows:

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- (A) After the seventh of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, within the county in which that banking institution's principal office is located or within the county in which that banking institution had prior to January first, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, established a branch bank, pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection; and
- (B) After the thirty-first of December, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, within any county in this state; or
- 71 (2) The purchase of the business and assets and assumption of the liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with, another banking institution.
  - (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, subject to and in furtherance of the board's authority under the provisions of subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three of this chapter, and subsection (g) of this section, the board may approve or disapprove the application of any state banking institution to establish a branch bank.
  - (e) The principal office of a banking institution as of the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, shall continue to be the principal office of such banking institution for purposes of establishing branch banks under this section, notwithstanding any subsequent change in the location of such banking institution's principal office.
  - (f) Any banking institution which is authorized to establish branch banks pursuant to this section may provide the same banking services and exercise the same powers at each such branch bank as may be provided and exercised at its principal banking house.
  - (g) The board shall, upon receipt of any application to establish a branch bank, provide notice of such application to all banking institutions. A banking institution may, within ten days after receipt of such notice, file a petition to intervene and shall, if it so files such petition, thereupon become a party to any hearing relating thereto before the board.

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- 100 (h) The commissioner shall prescribe the form of the 101 application for a branch bank and shall collect an exami-102 nation and investigation fee of one thousand dollars for 103 each filed application for a branch bank that is to be es-104 tablished by the construction, lease or acquisition of a 105 branch bank facility, and two thousand five hundred dol-106 lars for a branch bank that is to be established by the pur-107 chase of the business and assets and assumption of the 108 liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with another 109 banking institution. Notwithstanding the above, if the 110 merger or consolidation is between an existing banking 111 institution and a bank newly incorporated solely for the 112 purpose of facilitating the acquisition of the existing 113 banking institution, the commissioner shall collect an 114 examination and investigation fee of five hundred dollars. 115 The board shall complete the examination and investiga-116 tion within ninety days from the date on which such appli-117 cation and fee are received, unless the board request in 118 writing additional information and disclosures concerning 119 the proposed branch bank from the applicant banking 120 institution, in which event such ninety-day period shall be 121 extended for an additional period of thirty days plus the 122 number of days between the date of such request and the 123 date such additional information and disclosures are re-124 ceived.
  - (i) Upon completion of the examination and investigation with respect to such application, the board shall, if a hearing be required pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, forthwith give notice and hold a hearing pursuant to the following provisions:
  - (1) Notice of such hearing shall be given to the banking institution with respect to which the hearing is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section two, article seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and such hearing and the administrative procedures in connection therewith shall be governed by all of the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be held at a time and place set by the board but shall not be less than ten nor more than thirty days after such notice is given.

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- 140 (2) At any such hearing a party may represent himself 141 or be represented by an attorney at law admitted to prac-142 tice before any circuit court of this state.
  - (3) After such hearing and consideration of all the testimony and evidence, the board shall make and enter an order approving or disapproving the application, which order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served upon all parties to such hearing, and their attorneys of record, if any.
- 152 (i) No state banking institution may establish a branch 153 bank until the board, following an examination, investiga-154 tion, notice and hearing, enters an order approving an 155 application for that branch bank: Provided, That no such 156 hearing shall be required with respect to any application to 157 establish a branch bank which is approved by the board unless a banking institution has timely filed a petition to 158 159 intervene pursuant to subsection (g) of this section. The 160 order shall be accompanied by findings of fact that:
- 161 (1) Public convenience and advantage will be promot-162 ed by the establishment of the proposed branch bank;
  - (2) Local conditions assure reasonable promise of successful operation of the proposed branch bank and of those banks and branches thereof already established in the community;
- 167 (3) Suitable physical facilities will be provided for the branch bank;
- 169 (4) The applicant state-chartered banking institution 170 satisfies such reasonable and appropriate requirements as 171 to sound financial condition as the commissioner or board 172 may from time to time establish by regulation;
  - (5) The establishment of the proposed branch bank would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state; and

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- 177 (6) The establishment of the proposed branch bank 178 would not have the effect in any section of the state of 179 substantially lessening competition, nor tend to create a 180 monopoly or in any other manner be in restraint of trade, 181 unless the anticompetitive effects of the establishment of 182 that proposed branch bank are clearly outweighed in the 183 public interest by the probable effect of the establishment 184 of the proposed branch bank in meeting the convenience 185 and needs of the community to be served by that pro-186 posed branch bank: Provided. That where the branch results from the merger or acquisition of banking institu-187 188 tions, the findings of fact required in subdivisions (1) 189 through (3) hereof may be based on the performance and 190 suitability of the previous banking offices.
  - (k) Any party who is adversely affected by the order of the board shall be entitled to judicial review thereof in the manner provided in section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any such party adversely affected by a final judgment of a circuit court following judicial review as provided in the foregoing sentence may seek review thereof by appeal to the supreme court of appeals in the manner provided in article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
  - (l) Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors and with the prior written approval of the commissioner, a state banking institution may discontinue the operation of a branch bank upon at least thirty days' prior public notice given in such form and manner as the commissioner prescribes.
- 206 (m) Any violation of any provision of this section 207 shall constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable by 208 applicable penalties as provided in section fifteen of this 209 article.

## §31A-8-12b. Installation and operation of customer bank communication terminals permitted.

1 (a) Any banking institution as defined in section two, 2 article one of this chapter, individually or jointly with one 3 or more other banking institutions or other federally in-4 sured financial institutions having their principal offices in

- this state, or any combination thereof, may upon thirty days prior written notice filed with the commissioner, install, operate and engage in banking business by means of one or more customer bank communication terminals. Any banking institution which installs and operates a customer bank communication terminal:
- 11 (1) Shall make such customer bank communication 12 terminal available for use by other banking institutions; 13 and
  - (2) May make such customer bank communication terminal available for use by other federally insured financial institutions, all in accordance with regulations promulgated by the commissioner. Such customer bank communication terminals shall not be considered to be branch banks or branch offices, agencies or places of business or off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking facilities; nor shall the operation of such customer bank communication terminals to communicate with and permit financial transactions to be carried out through a nonexclusive access interchange system be considered to make any banking institution which is part of such a nonexclusive access interchange system to have illegal branch banks or branch offices, agencies or places of business or off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking facilities.
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section, a customer bank communication terminal located on the premises of the principal office or branch bank of a banking institution or on the premises of an authorized off-premises facility need not be made available for use by any other banking institution or its customers.
  - (c) For purposes of this section, "customer bank communication terminal" means any electronic device or machine owned, leased, or operated by a bank, together with all associated equipment, structures and systems, including, without limitation, point of sale terminals, through or by means of which a customer and a banking institution may engage in any banking transactions, whether transmitted to the banking institution instantaneously or otherwise, including, without limitation, the receipt of deposits of every

- kind, the receipt and dispensing of cash, requests to with-draw money from an account or pursuant to a previously authorized line of credit, receiving payments payable at the bank or otherwise transmitting instructions to receive, transfer or pay funds for a customer's benefit. Personal computers, telephones, and associated equipment which enable a bank customer to conduct banking transactions at their home or office through links to their bank's computer or telephone network, do not constitute a "customer bank communication terminal" under this section. transactions initiated through a customer bank communi-cation terminal shall be subject to verification by the banking institution.
  - (d) No person, other than (1) a banking institution authorized to engage in the banking business in this state; or (2) a credit union authorized to conduct business in this state, may operate any automatic teller machine ("ATM") or automatic loan machine ("ALM") located in this state.
  - (e) For the purposes of this section, "point of sale terminal" means a customer bank communication terminal used for the primary purpose of either transferring funds to or from one or more deposit accounts in a banking institution or segregating funds in one or more deposit accounts in a banking institution for future transfer, or both, in order to execute transactions between a person and his customers incident to sales, including, without limitation, devices and machines which may be used to implement and facilitate check guaranty and check authorization programs.
  - (f) Nothing in this section prevents point of sale terminals and associated equipment from being owned, leased, or operated by non-banking entities: *Provided*, *however*, That such persons may not engage in the business of banking by using point of sale devices. The use of a point of sale terminal to enable a customer or other person to withdraw and obtain cash of more than fifty dollars in excess of the sales transaction purchase amount, will be presumed to constitute engaging in the business of banking.

- (g) Except for customer bank communication terminals located on the premises of the principal office or a branch bank of the banking institution or on the premises of an authorized off-premises walk-in or drive-in banking facility, a customer bank communication terminal shall be unattended or attended by persons not employed by any banking institution utilizing the terminal: *Provided*, That:
- 91 (1) Employees of the banking institution may be pres-92 ent at such terminal not located on the premises of an 93 authorized off-premises facility solely for the purposes of 94 installing, maintaining, repairing and servicing same; and
- 95 (2) A banking institution may provide an employee to instruct and assist customers in the operation thereof: *Provided*, That such employee shall not engage in any other banking activity.
- (h) The commissioner shall prescribe by regulation the procedures and standards regarding the installation and operation of customer bank communication terminals, including, without limitation, the procedure for the sharing thereof.

#### §31A-8-15. General Penalties.

- (a) Upon conviction for any misdemeanor offense 1 2 under the provisions of this chapter, an offending financial institution shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars nor less than fifty dollars and may, in the discre-4 tion of the court in consideration of the nature of the 5 offense, be required to forfeit its corporate charter and franchise. Upon conviction of any individual, whether 7 officer, director, agent, employee or any other person 8 connected or not connected with a financial institution, of 9 any misdemeanor offense under the provisions of this 10 chapter, the offending individual shall be fined not more 11 than five thousand dollars nor less than fifty dollars and 12 may, in the discretion of the court, be confined in the 13 14 county jail for not more than twelve months.
- 15 (b) Any person or financial institution which violates 16 the provisions of this chapter, the rules adopted thereun-17 der, or a lawful order of the commissioner or board, shall, 18 unless previously fined under the provisions of subsection

- 19 (a) of this section, be subject to civil penalties in an
- 20 amount not more than five thousand dollars nor less than
- 2.1 fifty dollars in civil actions brought by the commissioner
- 22 or the board

#### §31A-8-16. Misdemeanors and felonies.

- 1 The willful failure to perform any duty required of
- 2 any financial institution or individual pursuant to provi-
- 3 sions of this chapter, or the willful doing of any act by any
- financial institution or individual forbidden by the provi-
- 5 sions of this chapter, shall constitute a misdemeanor of-
- 6 fense, except any act which is made a felony offense by
- specific language of this article. 7

#### CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION ACT.

### ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS. §46A-3-110. Right to prepay.

- (1) Subject to the provisions on rebate upon prepay-2 ment, the consumer may repay in full the unpaid balance 3 of a consumer credit sale or a consumer loan, refinancing 4 or consolidation at any time without penalty.
- 5 (2) Notwithstanding subsection one of this section, it is 6 permissible within the first three years of a credit exten-7 sion or loan to charge a prepayment penalty of up to one 8 percent of the original principal amount in a consumer credit sale subject to the provisions of section one hundred 9 10 two of this article or on a consumer loan secured by an 11 interest in land: Provided, That said prepayment penalty may not be imposed as part of any industrial loan compa-
- 12 13 ny licensee or secondary mortgage lender licensee con-
- tract, and that in no event can a prepayment penalty be 14
- assessed on a refinancing within one year from the date of 15
- 16 the prior loan.
- (3) Housing loans originated by the West Virginia 17
- 18 Housing Development Fund are exempt from the restric-
- tions set forth in this section. 19

## **CHAPTER 72**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 280—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

ACT to repeal section four-a, article eighteen, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections five and eleven, article two of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a: to amend and reenact sections fourteen, fourteen-a and forty-two, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twelve, article eight of said chapter; to amend and reenact article eight-a of said chapter; to further amend said chapter by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles eight-d, eight-e and eight-f; to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter forty-four of said code; to amend and reenact section seven, article ten of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section eleven, article one, chapter forty-four-a of said code, all relating generally to the definition of "bank" and "banking institution"; licensing of financial institutions: trust authority of interstate banks; the acquisition, by in-state and out-of-state bank holding companies, of banks and bank holding companies in West Virginia and the application process, standards for approval, effect on competition, acquisition deposit limitations in lieu of antitrust depository caps, provision of reports, examinations, issuance of rules, business of banking, enforcement and penalties relating thereto; interstate bank branching by merger, and the authority, effect on competition, acquisition deposit limitations, notice and filing requirements, powers and additional branches, examinations, reports, cooperative regulatory agreements and fees, enforcement and rules relating thereto; interstate branch banking by de novo entry; authority for West Virginia state banks to branch interstate de novo or by branch acquisition; authority for out-of-state state banks to branch into West Virginia de novo or by branch acquisition; notice and approval requirements, additional powers for out-of-state branches of West Virginia banks, examinations, reports, cooperative regulatory agreements, fees, enforcement, rules and orders and notices relating to interstate branching; and the establishment and authority of agency and representative offices of foreign banks to conduct limited banking activities, and the examinations, reports, cooperative regulatory agreements, fees, enforcement, rules and orders and notices relating thereto.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section four-a, article eighteen, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted: that sections five and eleven, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve-a; that sections fourteen, fourteen-a and forty-two, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twelve, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article eight-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto three new articles, designated articles eight-d, eight-e and eight-f; that section three, article five, chapter forty-four of said code be amended and reenacted; that section seven, article ten of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section eleven, article one, chapter forty-four-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 31A. Banks and Banking.
  - 44. Administration of Estates and Trusts.
- 44A. West Virginia Guardianship and Conservatorship Act.

#### CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

#### Article

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 2. Division of Banking.
- 4. Banking Institutions and Services Generally.
- 8. Hearings; Administrative Procedures; Judicial Review; Unlawful Acts: Penalties.
- 8A. Acquisitions of Banks By Bank Holding Companies.
- 8D. Interstate Branching By Bank Mergers.
- 8E. Interstate Branching By De Novo Entry and Acquisition of Branches.
- 8F. The West Virginia International Banking Act.

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#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

#### \*§31A-1-2. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context in which used plainly requires a different meaning:

- (a) The word "action", in the sense of a judicial proceeding, means any proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction in which rights are adjudicated and determined and shall embrace and include recoupment, counterclaim, setoff and other related, similar and summary proceedings;
- 9 (b) The words "bank" and "banking institution" mean 10 a corporation or association heretofore or hereafter char-11 tered to conduct a banking business under the laws of the 12 United States or any state, territory, district or possession 13 thereof, which is authorized in West Virginia to accept 14 deposits that the depositor has a legal right to withdraw on 15 demand and is authorized to engage in the business of 16 commercial lending, and meets the criteria set forth in 17 Section 2(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act, as 18 amended, 12 U.S.C. §1841(c), and shall embrace and 19 include a savings bank, savings and loan association, trust 20 company or an institution combining banking and trust 21 company facilities, functions and services so chartered or 22 authorized to conduct such business in this state:
- (c) The words "bankers' bank" mean a banking institution, insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, the stock of which is owned exclusively by banks and other depository institutions, and such banking institution and all subsidiaries thereof are engaged exclusively in providing services for banks and other depository institutions and their officers, directors and employees;
- 30 (d) The term "banking business" means the functions, 31 services and activities contained, detailed and embraced in 32 sections thirteen and fourteen, article four of this chapter, 33 and as elsewhere defined by law;
- (e) The word "board" means the West Virginia boardof banking and financial institutions;

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4624 (Chapter 71), which passed prior to this act.

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- 36 (f) The words "branch bank" mean an office or other 37 place at which a bank performs any or all banking busi-38 ness. For purposes of this chapter, a branch bank does not 39 include:
  - (1) A bank's principal place of business;
- 41 (2) Any customer bank communication terminals 42 installed and operated pursuant to section twelve-b, article 43 eight of this chapter; and
  - (3) Any loan origination office authorized by section twelve-c, article eight of this chapter;
- 46 (g) The words "commissioner" or "commissioner of 47 banking" mean the commissioner of banking of West 48 Virginia;
- 49 (h) The word "community" means a city, town or 50 other incorporated area, or, where not so incorporated, a 51 trading area;
  - (i) The word "department" means the department of banking of West Virginia;
  - (j) The words "deputy commissioner" or "deputy commissioner of banking" mean the deputy commissioner of banking of West Virginia;
  - (k) The word "fiduciary" means any trustee, agent, executor, administrator, curator, committee, guardian or conservator, special commissioner, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for creditors or any holder of a similar position of trust or responsibility;
  - (1) The words "financial institutions" mean banks, building and loan associations, industrial banks, industrial loan companies, supervised lenders, credit unions and all other similar institutions, whether persons, firms or corporations, which are by law under the jurisdiction and supervision of the commissioner of banking;
  - (m) The word "officer" when referring to any financial institution, means any person designated as such in the bylaws and includes, whether or not so designated, any executive officer, the chairman of the board of directors,

72. the chairman of the executive committee, and any trust officer, assistant vice president, assistant treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant trust officer, assistant cashier, assistant comptroller or any other person who performs the duties appropriate to those offices, and the term "executive officer" as herein used, when referring to banking institutions, means an officer of a bank whose duties involve regular. active and substantial participation in the daily operations of such institution and who, by virtue of his position, has both a voice in the formulation of the policy of the bank and responsibility for implementation of the policy, such responsibility of and functions performed by the individu-al, and not his title or office, being determinative of wheth-er he is an "executive officer":

- (n) The words "out-of-state bank" or "out-of-state banking institution" mean a bank chartered under the laws of a state or United States territory, possession or district, other than West Virginia, or organized under federal law and having its main office located in a state, United States territory, possession or district, other than West Virginia;
- (o) The words "person" or "persons" mean any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, company, public or private corporation, state, governmental agency, bureau, department, division or instrumentality, political subdivision, county commission, municipality, trust, syndicate, estate or any other legal entity whatsoever, formed, created or existing under the laws of this state or any other jurisdiction;
- (p) The words "safe-deposit box" mean a safe-deposit box, vault or other safe-deposit receptacle maintained by a lessor bank, and the rules relating thereto apply to property or documents kept therein in the bank's vault under the joint control of lessor and lessee;
- (q) The words "state bank" or "state banking institution" mean, unless the context requires otherwise, a bank chartered under the laws of West Virginia, as distinguished from either an out-of-state bank or a national banking association and is also referred to as a "West Virginia state bank" or "West Virginia state banking institution"; and

- 111 (r) The words "trust business" mean the functions,
- 112 services and activities contained, detailed and embraced in
- 113 section fourteen, article four of this chapter, and as else-
- 114 where defined by law and as may be included within the
- meaning of the term "banking business". 115

#### ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF BANKING.

- §31A-2-5. Certificate or license to engage in business; filing of amendments to charter, bylaws and foreign statutes.
- §31A-2-11. Annual deposit and loan reports by banking institutions.
- §31A-2-12a. Establishment of deposit acquisition limitation.

#### \*§31A-2-5. Certificate or license to engage in business: filing of amendments to charter, bylaws and foreign statutes.

- 1 (a) No person shall engage or continue in the business of a financial institution in this state without a license 3 or certificate to do so issued in accordance with this sec-4 tion, or other applicable law, which license or certificate remains unsuspended, unexpired and unrevoked except 5 6 that a corporation which proposes to apply for such license or certificate may secure its charter, adopt bylaws, 7 elect its directors and officers and perfect its organization.
- (b) Application for such license or certificate shall be 10 upon such forms and contain such information as the commissioner may prescribe. In connection with such 11 12 applications, every corporate financial institution shall file 13 a certified copy of its charter and bylaws, a statement as to the amount of capital that has been subscribed and paid in 14 and a statement of its financial condition duly verified 15 under oath by its president or vice president and its cashier 16 or secretary as the case may be and every financial institu-17 18 tion other than a corporation shall file a verified statement 19 of its financial condition.
- (c) If the application be that of a West Virginia state 20 banking institution, the commissioner of banking shall 21 2.2 examine the information, documents and statements sub-23 mitted and, if he finds that such banking institution has 24 adopted bylaws which provide practical, safe, just and

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 326 (Chapter 70) and S. B. 366 (Chapter 73), which passed subsequent to this act.

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25 equitable rules and methods for the management of its 26 business and it has complied in all respects with the provi-27 sions of this chapter and other applicable laws, he shall 28 issue to it a certificate or license permitting it to engage in 29 business. If the application be that of a financial institu-30 tion other than a banking institution, the commissioner of 31 banking shall examine the information, documents and 32 statements submitted, and, if he finds that such financial 33 institution has adequate resources for the proposed busi-34 ness and has provided practical, safe, just and equitable 35 rules and methods for the management of its business, and it has complied in all respects with the provisions of this 36 37 chapter and other applicable laws and that the public con-38 venience and advantage will be promoted by the issuance 39 of a certificate or license thereto, he shall issue to it a cer-40 tificate or license permitting it to engage in business: 41 Provided. That any supervised lender which is operating 42 in good standing in accordance with the provisions of 43 article four, chapter forty-six-a of this code shall be presumed to have established that the public convenience and 44 45 advantage will be promoted in regard to its application for a certificate of authority to operate as an industrial loan 46 company as defined in article seven, chapter thirty-one of 47 this code in the same location for which it is licensed as a 48 supervised lender. Such certificate or license shall be 49 50 preserved and displayed in the place of business of such banking or other financial institution. 51

(d) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, every foreign corporation applying for a license or certificate to engage in the business of a financial institution in this state, other than an out-of-state banking institution, shall file with the commissioner of banking a copy of the laws of the jurisdiction under which it is organized which pertain to its organization and powers and the conduct of its business. The commissioner shall examine the information, documents and statements submitted by such foreign corporation and if he finds that they provide practical, safe, just and equitable rules and methods for the management of the business of the corporation, that it has adequate resources for the proposed business and it has complied in all respects with the provi-

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66 sions of this chapter and other applicable laws and that the 67 public convenience and advantage will be promoted by 68 the issuance of a license or certificate thereto, he shall issue to such corporation a certificate or license permitting 70 it to engage in business in this state, which certificate or license shall authorize such corporation to engage in the business of the type of financial institution specified there-73 in, until the thirtieth day of the following June. Thereafter 74 a new certificate or license shall be secured annually by 75 The fee for the original any such foreign corporation. 76 and each additional license or certificate issued to a for-77 eign corporation shall be one hundred dollars, unless 78 otherwise provided by statute. A verified statement of the financial condition of every such foreign corporation shall 79 be filed with the commissioner before the issuance of each የበ 81 annual certificate or license. Such certificate or license 82 shall be preserved and displayed in the place of business 83 of such corporation.

- (e) No amendment of the charter or bylaws of any domestic or foreign corporation, other than an out-of-state banking institution, engaging in business in this state as a financial institution shall become effective until the proposed change shall have been submitted to and approved by the commissioner of banking; but, if the commissioner does not disapprove such proposed change within twenty days after it is received by him, it shall be deemed to have been approved.
- (f) Nothing contained in this code shall authorize any person to engage in the banking business in this state except corporations chartered to conduct a banking business under the laws of West Virginia and which hold a license or certificate to do so issued under this section. associations authorized to conduct a banking business in West Virginia under the laws of the United States and having their principal place of business in this state, out-of-state banks authorized to conduct the business of banking in this state pursuant to articles eight-a, eight-d and eight-e of this chapter, or foreign banks authorized to conduct limited banking activities through licensed agency and representative offices in this state pursuant to article eight-f of this chapter or through licensed federal

branches or agencies permitted under section seven, article eight-f of this chapter.

## §31A-2-11. Annual deposit and loan reports by banking insti-

- In addition to other reports that may be required under this chapter, every banking institution with a main office or branch located in this state shall file with the
- 4 commissioner an annual report specifying for its main
- 5 office and each branch (excluding automated teller ma-6 chines) in this state:
- 7 (1) The location of each such office, including county 8 and, where applicable, municipality;
- 9 (2) The amount of deposits held by each such office 10 as of the end of the preceding calendar year; and
- 11 (3) The amount of loans outstanding by each such 12 office at the end of the preceding calendar year.
- The foregoing report shall be based upon the bank's allocation of its deposit base and loan portfolio among its
- 15 offices. The report shall be filed with the commissioner
- 16 on or before the fifteenth day of February of each year on
- 17 forms prescribed by the commissioner. This requirement
- 18 may be met by the filing of such report by the bank's
- 19 bank holding company pursuant to subsection (a), section
- 20 seven, article eight-a of this chapter.

#### §31A-2-12a. Establishment of deposit acquisition limitation.

- After a review of the structure of depository institutions in the state of West Virginia, the Legislature hereby determines that:
- 4 (a) It is in the best interest of this state and its citizens 5 to foster and encourage healthy competition among its 6 domestic depository institutions;
- 7 (b) Obtaining excessive concentration or control of 8 the deposit resources of this state by merger or acquisition 9 is antithetical to fostering a competitive environment; and
- 10 (c) Therefore, an acquisition or merger shall not be

- 11 permitted under this chapter or otherwise if upon consum-
- 12 mation of the transaction, the resulting depository institu-
- 13 tion or its holding company, including any depository
- 14 institution(s) affiliated therewith, would assume sufficient
- 15 additional deposits to cause it to control deposits in this
- 16 state in excess of the following acquisition deposit limita-
- 17 tion amount: Twenty percent of the total amount of all
- 18 deposits held by insured depository institutions, which
- 19 permissible amount shall increase to twenty-five percent of
- 20 such total deposits on the thirty-first day of May, one
- 21 thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.
- 22 (d) The term "depository institutions", as used in this section, shall include, but is not limited to, state-chartered
- 24 banking institutions, national banking associations, federal
- 25 savings and loan associations, bank holding companies,
- 26 savings and loan holding companies, federal savings
- 27 banks, state-chartered credit unions and federally-char-
- 28 tered credit unions.
- 29 (e) Any merger or acquisition contrary to this provi-
- 30 sion is unlawful: Provided, That the commissioner may
- 31 by rule adopt a procedure whereby said acquisition depos-
- 32 it limitation as set forth herein may be waived for good
- 33 cause shown.

## ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

- §31A-4-14. Trust powers of banking institutions.
- §31A-4-14a. Transfer of fiduciary accounts or relationships between affiliated subsidiary banks of a bank holding company.
- §31A-4-42. Unlawful for persons other than banking institutions to engage in the banking business; penalties.

### §31A-4-14. Trust powers of banking institutions.

- 1 (a) Every state banking institution which files the re-
- 2 ports required in the following section and which is not
- 3 otherwise prohibited by the commissioner or federal bank
- 4 regulators from doing so, shall have and exercise the fol-
- 5 lowing powers:
- 6 (1) All the powers, rights and privileges of any state 7 banking institution;

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- 8 (2) To act as trustee, assignee, special commissioner. 9 general or special receiver, guardian, executor, administra-10 tor, committee, agent, curator or in any other fiduciary 11 capacity, and to take, assume, accept and execute trusts of every description not inconsistent with the constitution and 12 13 laws of the United States of America or of this state; and to 14 receive, hold, manage and apply any sinking fund on the 1.5 terms and for the purposes specified in the instrument 16 creating such fund:
  - (3) To act as registrar, transfer agent or dividend or coupon paying agent for any corporation;
    - (4) To make, hold and dispose of investments and establish common trust funds, and account therefor, pursuant to the provisions of chapter forty-four of this code;
    - (5) To purchase and sell and take charge of and receive the rents, issues and profits of any real estate for other persons or corporations;
  - (6) To act as trustee or agent in any collateral trust and in order to secure the payment of any obligations of any person, firm, private corporation, public corporation, public body or public agency to receive and hold in trust any items of personal property (including, without limitation, notes, bonds, debentures, obligations and certificates for shares of stock) with the right in case of default to sell and dispose of such personal property and to collect, settle and adjust any obligations for the payment of money, and at any sale of such personal property held by it, to purchase the same for the benefit of all or any of the holders of the obligations, to secure the payment of which such items of personal property were pledged and delivered to the trustee or agent. Any such sale may be made without any proceedings in any court, and at such times and upon such terms as may be specified in the instrument or instruments creating the trust, or, in the absence of any specification of terms, at such time and upon such terms as the trustee shall deem reasonable; and
  - (7) To do and perform any act or thing requisite or necessary in, or incidental to, the exercise of the general powers herein set forth.

- (b) All national banks having their main office in this state which have been, or hereafter may be, authorized under the laws of the United States to act as trustee and in other fiduciary capacities in the state of West Virginia shall have all the rights, powers, privileges and immunities conferred hereunder, provided they comply with the requirements hereof
- 54 (c) Banks having their main office in another state 55 which lawfully have a branch in this state pursuant to the 56 provisions of federal law or articles eight-d or eight-e of 57 this chapter which have been, or hereafter may be, autho-58 rized under the laws of the United States or the laws of the 59 state in which such bank is chartered to act as trustee and 60 in other fiduciary capacities in the state in which their 61 main office is located shall have all the rights, powers, 62 privileges and immunities conferred hereunder, provided 63 they comply with the requirements hereof.

# §31A-4-14a. Transfer of fiduciary accounts or relationships between affiliated subsidiary banks of a bank holding company.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, 2 and unless the will, deed or other instrument creating a trust or fiduciary account or relationship specifically pro-4 vides otherwise, any affiliate subsidiary which is empowered with and authorized to exercise trust powers, or other-5 6 wise performs fiduciary services for a fee, may, without 7 any order or other action on the part of any court or oth-8 erwise, transfer to any other affiliate subsidiary exercising or authorized to exercise trust powers any or all rights, 9 franchises and interests in its fiduciary accounts or rela-10 tionships including, but not limited to, any or all appoint-11 12 ments, designations and nominations and any other rights, franchises and interests, as trustee, executor, administrator, 13 14 guardian, committee, escrow agent, transfer and paying agent of stocks and bonds and every other fiduciary ca-15 pacity; and the transferee or receiving affiliate subsidiary 16 17 shall hold and enjoy all rights of property, franchises and interests in the same manner and to the same extent as 18 such rights, franchises and interests were held or enjoyed 19 20 by the transferor affiliate subsidiary. As to transfers to an affiliate subsidiary pursuant to this section, the receiving 21 22 affiliate subsidiary shall take, receive, accept, hold, admin-

ister and discharge any grants, gifts, bequests, devises, conveyances, trusts, powers and appointments made by deed, deed of trust, will, agreement, order of court or oth-erwise to, in favor of, or in the name of, the transferor affiliate subsidiary, whether made, executed or entered before or after such transfer and whether to vest or be-come effective before or after such transfer, as fully and to the same effect as if the receiving affiliate subsidiary had been named and in such deed, deed of trust, will, agree-ment, order or other instrument instead of such transferor affiliate subsidiary. All acts taken or performed in its own name or in the name of or on behalf of the transferor affiliate subsidiary by any receiving affiliate subsidiary as trustee, agent, executor, administrator, guardian, deposito-ry, registrar, transfer agent or other fiduciary with respect to fiduciary accounts or relationships transferred pursuant to this section are as good, valid and effective as if made by the transferor affiliate subsidiary.

- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "affiliate subsidiary" means any two or more subsidiaries (as defined in section two, article eight-a of this chapter) which are "banks" or "banking institutions" (as those terms are defined in section two, article one of this chapter) and which have a common bank holding company as their parent company. For purposes of this section, the term "bank holding company" shall have the meaning set forth in section one, article eight-a of this chapter.
- (c) At least thirty days before any transfer authorized by this section, the transferor affiliate subsidiary shall send a statement of intent to transfer together with the name and address of the transferee or receiving affiliated subsidiary by regular United States mail to the most recent known address of all persons who appear in the records of the transferor affiliate subsidiary as having a vested present interest in the trust, fiduciary account or relationship to be transferred.
- 59 (d) This section shall be applicable to both domestic and foreign bank holding company affiliate subsidiaries.

# §31A-4-42. Unlawful for persons other than banking institutions to engage in the banking business; penalties.

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1 No person, except banking institutions chartered under the laws of this state, or authorized to conduct a banking business in this state under the laws of the United 4 States of America or those chartered under the laws of 5 another state or the United States of America with branch offices in this state under the provisions of articles eight-d 6 and eight-e of this chapter, shall engage in the business of banking or the trust business in the state of West Virginia, 9 or shall receive or accept deposits of money, or borrow 10 money by receiving and giving credits for deposits, or by issuing certificates of deposits or certificates of indebted-11 12 ness, or by making and negotiating any writing purporting 13 to be a bond, contract or other obligation, the performance of which requires the holder or other party to make 14 deposits of money with the issuer or receive or accept 15 deposits by means of any other plan, pretext, scheme, shift 16 17 or device.

Nothing contained in this section shall affect the rights, privileges, objects or purposes delegated to other corporations by the general corporation law or other laws of this state.

22 Any corporation or individual who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, 23 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than five 24 thousand dollars, and, in addition to such penalty, every 25 corporation so offending shall forfeit its corporate fran-26 chise, and every individual so offending shall be subject to 27 a further penalty by confinement in jail for not more than 28 29 one year.

- ARTICLE 8. HEARINGS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; JUDICIAL REVIEW; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES.
- \*§31A-8-12. Procedure for authorization of branch banks; temporary offices at colleges and universities; limitations and restrictions; examinations and hearings; standards of review; penalties for violation of section.

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4624 (Chapter 71), which passed prior to this act.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided herein, no banking institution shall engage in business at any place other than at its principal office in this state, at a branch bank in this state, at a customer bank communication terminal permitted by section twelve-b of this article or at any loan origination office permitted by section twelve-c of this article.
- (1) Acceptance of a deposit or allowing a withdrawal at the banking offices of any subsidiary, as defined in section two, article eight-a of this chapter, for credit or debit to the customer's account at any other subsidiary of the same bank holding company is permissible and does not constitute branch banking. In addition, the conduct of activity at branch offices as an agent for any bank subsid-iary of the same bank holding company shall be permitted to the same extent allowed by federal law for national banks pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §1828, and does not consti-tute branch banking; nor shall such activity constitute a violation of section forty-two, article four of this chapter: Provided, That no banking institution may utilize that agency relationship to evade state consumer protection laws, including usury laws, or any other applicable laws of this state, or to conduct any activity that is not financially-related, as that term is defined by section two, article eight-c of this chapter.
  - (2) A banking institution located in a county where there is also a higher educational institution as defined in section two, article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code, may establish a temporary business office on the campus of any such educational institution located in such county for the limited purposes of opening accounts and accepting deposits for a period not in excess of four business days per semester, trimester or quarter: *Provided*, That prior to opening any temporary office, a banking institution must first obtain written permission from the institution of higher education. The term "business days", for the purpose of this subsection, means days exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays as defined in section one, article two, chapter two of this code.
- 39 (3) Any banking institution which on the first day of 40 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, was

- authorized to operate an off-premises walk-in or drive-in facility, pursuant to the law then in effect, may, as of the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, operate such facility as a branch bank and it shall not be necessary, for the continued operation of such branch bank, to obtain additional approvals, notwithstand-ing the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three of this chapter.
  - (b) Except for a bank holding company, it shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, society, association, firm, institution, trust, syndicate, public or private corporation, or any other legal entity, or combination of entities acting in concert, to directly or indirectly own, control or hold with power to vote, twenty-five percent or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks, or to control in any manner the election of a majority of the directors of two or more banks.
  - (c) A banking institution may establish branch banks either by:
  - (1) The construction, lease or acquisition of branch bank facilities within any county of this state; or
  - (2) The purchase of the business and assets and assumption of the liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with, another banking institution.
  - (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, subject to and in furtherance of the board's authority under the provisions of subdivision (6), subsection (b), section two, article three of this chapter, and subsection (g) of this section, the board may approve or disapprove the application of any state banking institution to establish a branch bank.
  - (e) The main office or a branch of a West Virginia state banking institution may not be relocated without the approval by order of the commissioner.
  - (f) Any banking institution which is authorized to establish branch banks pursuant to this section may provide the same banking services and exercise the same

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- powers at each such branch bank as may be provided and exercised at its principal banking house.
- (g) The board shall, upon receipt of any application to establish a branch bank, provide notice of such application to all banking institutions. A banking institution may, within ten days after receipt of such notice, file a petition to intervene and shall, if it so files such petition, thereupon become a party to any hearing relating thereto before the board.
- 88 (h) The commissioner shall prescribe the form of the 89 application for a branch bank and shall collect an exami-90 nation and investigation fee of one thousand dollars for 91 each filed application for a branch bank that is to be es-92 tablished by the construction, lease or acquisition of a 93 branch bank facility, and two thousand five hundred dol-94 lars for a branch bank that is to be established by the purchase of the business and assets and assumption of the 95 liabilities of, or merger or consolidation with another 96 97 banking institution. Notwithstanding the above, if the 98 merger or consolidation is between an existing banking 99 institution and a bank newly incorporated solely for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of the existing 100 banking institution, the commissioner shall collect an 101 examination and investigation fee of five hundred dollars. 102 The board shall complete the examination and investiga-103 tion within ninety days from the date on which such appli-104 cation and fee are received, unless the board requests in 105 writing additional information and disclosures concerning 106 the proposed branch bank from the applicant banking 107 institution, in which event such ninety-day period shall be 108 109 extended for an additional period of thirty days plus the number of days between the date of such request and the 110 date such additional information and disclosures are re-111 112 ceived.
  - (i) Upon completion of the examination and investigation with respect to such application, the board shall, if a hearing be required pursuant to subsection (j) of this section, forthwith give notice and hold a hearing pursuant to the following provisions:
    - (1) Notice of such hearing shall be given to the bank-

given.

- 119 ing institution with respect to which the hearing is to be 120 conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 121 two, article seven, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and 122 such hearing and the administrative procedures in connec-123 tion therewith shall be governed by all of the provisions of 124 article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and shall be 125 held at a time and place set by the board but shall not be 126 less than ten nor more than thirty days after such notice is 127
- 128 (2) At any such hearing a party may represent himself 129 or be represented by an attorney at law admitted to prac-130 tice before any circuit court of this state.
- 131 (3) After such hearing and consideration of all the 132 testimony and evidence, the board shall make and enter an 133 order approving or disapproving the application, which 134 order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and con-135 clusions of law as specified in section three, article five, 136 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of such 137 order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall 138 be served upon all parties to such hearing, and their attor-139 nevs of record, if any.
- (i) No state banking institution may establish a branch 141 bank until the board, following an examination, investiga-142 tion, notice and hearing, enters an order approving an 143 application for that branch bank: Provided, That no such 144 hearing shall be required with respect to any application to 145 establish a branch bank which is approved by the board 146 unless a banking institution has timely filed a petition to 147 intervene pursuant to subsection (g) of this section. The 148 order shall be accompanied by findings of fact that:
- (1) Public convenience and advantage will be promot-149 150 ed by the establishment of the proposed branch bank;
- (2) Local conditions assure reasonable promise of 151 successful operation of the proposed branch bank and of 152 those banks and branches thereof already established in 153 154 the community;
- (3) Suitable physical facilities will be provided for the 155 156 branch bank;

- 157 (4) The applicant state-chartered banking institution 158 satisfies such reasonable and appropriate requirements as 159 to sound financial condition as the commissioner or board 160 may from time to time establish by regulation;
  - (5) The establishment of the proposed branch bank would not result in a monopoly, nor be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state; and
  - (6) The establishment of the proposed branch bank would not have the effect in any section of the state of substantially lessening competition, nor tend to create a monopoly or in any other manner be in restraint of trade, unless the anticompetitive effects of the establishment of that proposed branch bank are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the establishment of the proposed branch bank in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served by that proposed branch bank.

If the branch results from the merger or acquisition of banking institutions, the findings of fact required in subdivisions (1) through (3) of this subsection may be based on the performance and suitability of the previous banking offices.

- (k) Any party who is adversely affected by the order of the board shall be entitled to judicial review thereof in the manner provided in section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. Any such party adversely affected by a final judgment of a circuit court following judicial review as provided in the foregoing sentence may seek review thereof by appeal to the supreme court of appeals in the manner provided in article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (1) Pursuant to the resolution of its board of directors and with the prior written approval of the commissioner, a state banking institution may discontinue the operation of a branch bank upon at least thirty days' prior public notice given in such form and manner as the commissioner prescribes.

- (m) Any violation of any provision of this section
- 196 shall constitute a misdemeanor offense punishable by
- 197 applicable penalties as provided in section fifteen of this
- 198 article.

## ARTICLE 8A. ACQUISITIONS OF BANKS BY BANK HOLDING COMPANIES

- §31A-8A-1. Definitions.
- §31A-8A-2. Scope and statement of legislative intent.
- §31A-8A-3. Permitted acquisitions.
- §31A-8A-4. Required application.
- §31A-8A-5. Standards for approval.
- §31A-8A-6. Procedures relating to applications.
- §31A-8A-7. Reports; examinations.
- §31A-8A-8. Authority to issue rules; cooperative agreements; fees.
- §31A-8A-9. Authority to conduct banking business; credit card processing.
- §31A-8A-10. Penalties.

#### §31A-8A-1. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Acquire" means:
- 3 (1) For a company to merge or consolidate with a 4 bank holding company:
- 5 (2) For a company to assume direct or indirect owner-6 ship or control of:
- 7 (i) More than twenty-five percent of any class of vot-8 ing shares of a bank holding company or a bank, if the 9 acquiring company was not a bank holding company 10 prior to such acquisition;
- 11 (ii) More than five percent of any class of voting 12 shares of a bank holding company or a bank, if the ac-13 quiring company was a bank holding company prior to
- 14 such acquisition; or
- 15 (iii) All or substantially all of the assets of a bank 16 holding company or a bank; or
- (3) For a company to take any other action that results
  in the direct or indirect acquisition of control by such

- 19 company of a bank holding company or a bank.
- 20 (b) "Affiliate" means any company that controls, is 21 controlled by, or is under common control with a bank or 22 another company or otherwise meets the criteria set forth 23 in Section 2(k) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12

24 U.S.C. §1841(k).

- 2.5 (c) "Bank" means a corporation or association hereto-2.6 fore or hereafter chartered to conduct a banking business 27 under the laws of the United States or any state, territory, district or possession thereof, which is authorized to accept 28 29 deposits that the depositor has a legal right to withdraw on 30 demand and is authorized to engage in the business of 31 commercial lending and meets the criteria set forth in 32 Section 2(c) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12 U. 33 S.C. §1841(c).
- 34 (d) "Bank holding company" means any company which has control over any bank or over any company 35 36 that is or becomes a bank holding company as that term is 37 set forth in Section 2(a) of the Bank Holding Company 38 Act, 12 U.S.C. §1841(a), and, unless the context requires otherwise, includes a West Virginia bank holding compa-39 40 ny, an out-of-state bank holding company and a foreign 41 bank holding company.
- 42 (e) "Bank Holding Company Act" means the federal 43 Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, 12 44 U.S.C. §§1841 et seq.
- 45 (f) "Bank supervisory agency" means any of the fol-46 lowing:
- 47 (1) Any agency of another state with primary respon-48 sibility for chartering and supervising banks; and
- 49 (2) The office of the comptroller of the currency, the 50 federal deposit insurance corporation, the board of gover-51 nors of the federal reserve system and any successor to 52 these agencies.
- 53 (g) "Board of Banking and Financial Institutions" 54 means the board created pursuant to article three of this 55 chapter and is referred to herein as "board".

- 56 (h) "Branch" or "branch bank" has the meaning set 57 forth in subsection (f), section two, article one of this 58 chapter.
- 59 (i) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia commis-60 sioner of banking then in office and, where appropriate, 61 all of his or her successors and predecessors in office.
- 62 (j) "Company" has the meaning set forth in Section 63 2(b) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12 U.S.C. 64 §1841(b), and includes a bank holding company.
- 65 (k) "Control" shall be construed consistently with Sec-66 tion 2(a) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12 U.S.C. 67 §1841(a).
- (1) "Deposit" has the meaning set forth in 12 U.S.C. 68 69 §1813(1) plus all deposits held by credit unions within this 70 state.
- 71 (m) "Depository institution" means any institution included for any purpose within the definitions of "in-72 sured depository institution" as set forth in 12 U.S.C. 73 74 §§1813(c)(2) and (3).
- (n) "Foreign bank holding company" means a bank 76 holding company that is organized under the laws of a 77 country other than the United States (including any terri-78 tory or possession thereof).
- 79 (o) "Home state regulator" means, with respect to an 80 out-of-state bank holding company, the bank supervisory 81 agency of the state in which such company maintains its 82 principal place of business.
- 83 (p) "Out-of-state bank holding company" means:
- 84 (1) A bank holding company that is not a West Vir-85 ginia bank holding company; and
- (2) Unless the context requires otherwise, includes a 87 foreign bank holding company.
- 88 (q) "Principal place of business" of a bank holding company means the state in which the total deposits of its 89 bank subsidiaries were the greatest on the later of the first 90

- 91 day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, or the 92 date on which such company became a bank holding
- 93 company.
- 94 (r) "State" means any state, territory or other posses-95 sion of the United States, including the District of Colum-96 bia
- 97 (s) "Subsidiary" has the meaning set forth in Section 98 2(d) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12 U.S.C. 99 §1841(d).
- 100 (t) "West Virginia bank" means a bank that is:
- 101 (1) Organized under the laws of the state of West Vir-102 ginia; or
- 103 (2) Organized under federal law and has its main of-104 fice in this state.
- 105 (u) "West Virginia bank holding company" means a 106 bank holding company that:
- 107 (1) Had its principal place of business in this state on 108 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, 109 or the date on which it became a bank holding company, 110 whichever is later; and
- 111 (2) Is not controlled by a bank holding company other than a West Virginia bank holding company.
- (v) "West Virginia state bank" means a bank organized under the laws of the state of West Virginia.

#### §31A-8A-2. Scope and statement of legislative intent.

- This article sets forth the conditions under which a company may acquire a West Virginia state bank or may
- 3 form or acquire a West Virginia bank holding company.
- 4 This article is intended not to discriminate against
- 5 out-of-state bank holding companies or against foreign
- 6 bank holding companies in any manner that would violate
- 7 Section 3(d) of the Bank Holding Company Act, 12 U.
- 8 S.C. §1842(d), as amended, effective September 29, 1995.
- 9 by Section 101 of the Riegle-Neal Interstate Banking and
- 10 Branching Efficiency Act of 1994, Public Law No.
- 11 103-328.

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#### §31A-8A-3. Permitted acquisitions.

- 1 (a) Except as otherwise expressly permitted by federal 2 law, no company may form a West Virginia bank holding 3 company or acquire a West Virginia state bank or a bank 4 holding company controlling a West Virginia state bank 5 without the prior application and approval upon order of the board.
- 7 (b) The prohibition in subsection (a) of this section 8 shall not apply where the acquisition is made:
  - (1) Solely for the purpose of facilitating an acquisition otherwise permitted under this article;
  - (2) In a transaction arranged by the commissioner with the consent of the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions with another state or federal bank supervisory agency to prevent the insolvency or closing of the acquired bank; or
  - (3) In a transaction in which a national bank or out-of-state state bank forms its own bank holding company, if the ownership rights of the former bank shareholders are substantially similar to those of the shareholders of the new bank holding company.
  - (c) In any transaction involving the acquisition or change in control of a West Virginia bank, West Virginia bank holding company, bank branch located in West Virginia by a bank holding company, the formation of a West Virginia bank holding company or the acquisition of a thrift institution in West Virginia by a bank holding company for which an application to the board for approval is not initially required under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the party seeking the action shall give written notice to the commissioner at the time the application or notice is filed with the responsible federal bank supervisory agency and at least forty-five days before the effective date of the acquisition, unless a shorter period of notice is required under applicable federal law. In addition, the parties shall give the commissioner copies of all final federal and state applications filed in connection with the transaction together with a two hundred fifty dollar filing

- 38 fee. Unless preempted by federal law, the commissioner
- 39 shall have thirty days from receipt of the written notice to
- 40 object to any proposed transaction, require an application
- 41 and request a hearing before the board on the basis that
- 42 the transaction is contrary to applicable West Virginia law.
- 43 The failure to object within thirty days shall be construed
- 44 as consent by the commissioner, or, in his or her discre-
- 45 tion, the commissioner may, at any time, consent in writ-
- 46 ing.
- 47 (d) To the extent that any acquisition under this sec-48 tion involves the merger of a bank with and into a West 49 Virginia state bank, the merger transaction remains subject 50 to the jurisdiction and approval of the board pursuant to
- 51 section seven, article seven of this chapter.
- 52 (e) An acquisition shall not be permitted under this article or otherwise if upon consummation of the transac-53
- 54 tion, the resulting bank or bank holding company, includ-
- 55 ing any depository institution(s) affiliated with the appli-
- 56 cant, would assume sufficient additional deposits to cause
- it to control deposits in this state in excess of that allowed 57
- by section twelve-a, article two of this chapter: Provided. 58
- That the commissioner may by rule adopt a procedure 59
- 60 whereby said acquisition deposit limitation as set forth in
- 61 this code may be waived for good cause shown. The com-62
- missioner shall calculate the acquisition deposit limitation 63 based upon the most recently available reports containing
- such deposit information filed with state or federal author-64
- 65 ities.

#### §31A-8A-4. Required application.

- 1 (a) A company that proposes to make an acquisition 2 under this article shall:
- 3 (1) File with the commissioner a copy of the application that such company has filed with the responsible 4
- 5 federal bank supervisory agency, together with such addi-
- 6 tional information as the commissioner may prescribe:
- 7 and
- 8 (2) Pay to the commissioner a four thousand five 9 hundred dollar application fee.

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- 10 (b) To the extent consistent with the effective dis-11 charge of the commissioner's responsibilities, the forms 12 established under this article for application and reporting 13 shall conform to those established by the board of gover-14 nors of the federal reserve system under the Bank Holding 15 Company Act.
- 16 (c) In connection with an application received under this article, the commissioner shall:
- 18 (1) Require that prior notice of the application be 19 published once in a daily newspaper of general circulation 20 and provide an opportunity for public comment; and
- 21 (2) Make the application available for public inspec-22 tion to the extent required or permitted under applicable 23 state law.
- (d) If the applicant is an out-of-state bank holding company that is not incorporated under the laws of this state, it shall submit with the application proof that the applicant has complied with applicable requirements of West Virginia law requiring foreign corporations to qualify to do business in the state of West Virginia.

#### §31A-8A-5. Standards for approval.

- 1 (a) In deciding whether to approve an application for 2 a proposed acquisition under this article, the board shall 3 consider whether the acquisition may:
  - (1) Be detrimental to the safety and soundness of the West Virginia state bank or the West Virginia bank holding company to be acquired which controls a West Virginia state bank, or be contrary to the best interests of the customers or shareholders of the bank whose shares are affected by the action, taking into consideration the financial and managerial resources and further prospects of the company or companies and the banks concerned;
- 12 (2) Result in a substantial reduction of competition in 13 any section of this state, or result in a monopoly, or would 14 be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy to 15 monopolize or to attempt to monopolize the business of 16 banking in any section of this state;

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- 17 (3) Have a significantly adverse effect on the conve-18 nience and needs of the community or communities in 19 this state that are served by the West Virginia state bank or 20 the West Virginia bank holding company to be acquired: 21 or
- 22 (4) Violate the acquisition deposit limitation set forth 23 in section three of this article.
- 24 (b) The board shall not approve an application for, 25 nor shall the commissioner consent to, an acquisition un-26 der this article unless the West Virginia bank to be ac-27 quired, or all West Virginia bank subsidiaries of the bank 28 holding company to be acquired, have as of the proposed 29 date of acquisition been in existence and in continuous 30 operation for more than two years: Provided, That this 31 limitation shall not apply to acquisitions made on or after 32 the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred 33 ninety-seven.
- 34 (c) The board may approve an application which may 35 lessen competition if the anticompetitive effects of the proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public inter-37 est by the probable effect of the action in meeting the convenience and needs of the community to be served.
- 39 (d) In deciding whether to approve an application for an acquisition under this article, the board shall consider 40 41 the applicant's record of compliance with all applicable 42 state(s) and federal community reinvestment laws.

### §31A-8A-6. Procedures relating to applications.

- 1 (a) The board shall decide whether to approve an 2 acquisition under this article within one hundred twenty days after receipt of a completed application: Provided, 4 That if the board or commissioner requests additional 5 information from the applicant following receipt of a completed application, the time limit for decision by the 6 board shall be the later of: 7
  - (i) The date set forth above in this subsection; or

- 9 (ii) Thirty days after the board's or commissioner's 10 receipt, whichever is applicable, of the requested additional 11 information.
- 12 (b) The board shall, in accordance with its rules, hold a
  13 public hearing in connection with an application and de14 termine any significant issue of law or fact raised with
  15 respect to the proposed acquisition relevant and necessary
  16 for proper disposition of the application.
- 17 (c) If the board holds a full public hearing under the 18 provisions set forth in article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of 19 this code in connection with an application, the time limit 20 specified in subsection (a) of this section shall be extended 21 to the later of thirty days after the conclusion of the public hearing or thirty days after submission of all documents 22 and materials necessary for proper adjudication of the 23 24 matter, including transcripts.
- 25 (d) An application shall be deemed approved if the 26 board takes no action on the application within the time 27 limits specified in this section.

#### §31A-8A-7. Reports; examinations.

- 1 (a) To the extent specified by the commissioner by
  2 rule, order or written request, each bank holding company
  3 that directly or indirectly controls a West Virginia bank,
  4 bank branch in West Virginia or a West Virginia bank
  5 holding company shall submit to the commissioner an
  6 annual report specifying for each bank and branch (ex7 cluding automated teller machines) in this state controlled
  8 by the bank holding company:
- 9 (i) The location of each such office, including county and, where applicable, municipality;
- 11 (ii) The amount of deposits held by each such office 12 as of the end of the preceding calendar year; and
- 13 (iii) The amount of loans outstanding by each such office at the end of the preceding calendar year.
- The foregoing report shall be based upon each bank's allocation of its deposit base and loan portfolio among its main office and branches. The report shall be filed with

- the commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of February of each year on forms prescribed by the commissioner.
  - (b) A parent bank holding company controlling a bank or bank holding company having, or through a subsidiary having, a place of business in this state shall, on or before the thirty-first day of March of each year, register with the commissioner on forms provided or prescribed by said office, which shall include such information with respect to the financial condition, operation, management and intercompany relationships of the parent bank holding company and its subsidiaries and related matters as the commissioner may deem necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article. The information required herein may be supplied by submission of copies of other similar federal or state regulatory filings or forms containing the information, unless otherwise required by order or rule.
  - (c) The commissioner may enter into cooperative agreements with any other bank supervisory agencies to facilitate the examination of any bank holding company that: (i) Has acquired or has an application pending to acquire a West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank holding company pursuant to this article; or (ii) operates a subsidiary doing business in this state which is subject to the jurisdiction or supervision of the commissioner. The commissioner may accept reports of examinations and other records from such other authorities in lieu of conducting his or her own examination of such bank holding companies or their subsidiaries. The commissioner may take any action jointly with other regulatory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over such bank holding companies or subsidiaries, or may take action independently in order to carry out his or her responsibilities under this chapter.
  - (d) When the commissioner considers it necessary, he or she may require any bank holding company that has acquired a West Virginia bank, bank branch in West Virginia or West Virginia bank holding company to submit such reports to the commissioner as he or she determines

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58 to be necessary or appropriate for the purpose of carrying 59 out his or her responsibilities.

60 (e) When the commissioner of banking considers it necessary or appropriate, he or she may examine any 61 62 bank holding company that has acquired or has an application pending to acquire a West Virginia bank, bank 63 64 branch in West Virginia or West Virginia bank holding company. The cost of an examination in connection with 65 an application, if in excess of the initial fee, shall be as-66 sessed against and paid by the bank holding company 67 68 examined. The commissioner may request the bank holding company to be examined pursuant to this subsection 69 70 to advance the estimated cost of such examination. The 71 cost of an examination for a bank holding company controlling a West Virginia bank or West Virginia bank hold-72 ing company regarding compliance with the law of this 73 74 state or safe and sound banking practices shall be assessed against and paid by the bank holding company examined. 75

#### §31A-8A-8. Authority to issue rules; cooperative agreements; fees.

In order to carry out the purposes of this article, the 1 2 commissioner may:

- (a) Adopt rules and issue orders;
- (b) Enter into cooperative, coordinating or informa-4 tion-sharing agreements with any other bank supervisory 5 agency or any organization affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies; 7
- (c) Accept any report of examination or investigation by another bank supervisory agency having concurrent jurisdiction over a West Virginia state bank or a bank 10 holding company that controls a West Virginia state bank 11 in lieu of conducting the commissioner's own examination 12 or investigation of such bank holding company or bank; 13
- (d) Enter into contracts with any bank supervisory 14 agency having concurrent jurisdiction over a West Virgin-15 ia state bank or a bank holding company that controls a 16 West Virginia state bank to engage the services of such 17 agency's examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation, 18

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- or to provide the services of the commissioner's examiners to such agency at a reasonable rate of compensation: *Provided*, That any such contract shall be deemed excluded from the requirements of article three, chapter five-a of this code;
  - (e) Enter into joint examinations or joint enforcement actions with any other bank supervisory agency having concurrent jurisdiction over any West Virginia state bank or any bank holding company that controls a West Virginia state bank: *Provided*, That the commissioner may take any such action independently if the commissioner determines that such action is necessary to carry out his or her responsibilities under this article or to enforce compliance with the laws of this state: *Provided*, *however*, That in the case of an out-of-state bank holding company, the commissioner shall recognize the authority of the home state regulator over corporate governance matters and the primary responsibility of the home state regulator with respect to safety and soundness matters; and
  - (f) Assess supervisory and examination fees that shall be payable by any bank holding company operating a bank or bank branch in West Virginia in connection with the commissioner's performance of his or her duties under The commissioner shall charge and collect this article. from each bank holding company and pay into a special revenue account in the state treasury for the department of banking an annual assessment payable on the fifteenth day of February computed upon the total deposits in this state of the bank holding company as of the last business day in December of the previous year as is set out in section eight, article two of this chapter. The payment of such registration fee shall be accompanied by the report prescribed by the commissioner under subsection (a), section seven of this article. Examination fees may be shared with other bank supervisory agencies or any organizations affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies in accordance with agreements between them and the commissioner.

# §31A-8A-9. Authority to conduct banking business; credit card processing.

- 1 (a) Except as authorized in this article or articles 2 eight-d, eight-e or eight-f of this chapter, no banking 3 institution incorporated under the laws of any other state 4 or having its principal place of business in any other state 5 may receive deposits or transact any banking business of 6 any kind in this state other than the lending of money.
- 7 (b) A bank holding company with its principal place 8 of business in another state or foreign country may estab-9 lish electronic data processing facilities and credit card 10 processing facilities in West Virginia. Such facilities are 11 those established solely for the purpose of processing 12 accounts and/or processing transactions relating to the 13 issuance of credit cards.

### §31A-8A-10. Penalties.

- 1 (a) The commissioner or board may enforce the pro-2 visions of this article by any appropriate action in the circuit court of Kanawha County or other court having 3 proper jurisdiction, including an action for civil money 4 5 penalties or injunctive relief: Provided, That the commissioner shall promptly give notice to the home state regula-6 tor of any enforcement action initiated against an 7 out-of-state bank holding company and, to the extent 8 practicable, shall consult and cooperate with the home 9 state regulator in pursuing and resolving said enforcement 10 action. 11
- 12 (b) Any violation of any provision of this article shall 13 constitute a misdemeanor offense, which, upon conviction 14 thereof, shall be punishable by applicable penalties as 15 provided in section fifteen, article eight of this chapter.

#### ARTICLE 8D. INTERSTATE BRANCHING BY BANK MERGERS.

- §31A-8D-1. Legislative purpose.
- §31A-8D-2. Definitions.
- §31A-8D-3. Authority of West Virginia state banks to establish interstate branches by merger.
- §31A-8D-4. Interstate merger transactions and branching involving out-of-state banks permitted.
- §31A-8D-5. Notice and filing requirements.
- §31A-8D-6. Powers; additional branches.

- §31A-8D-7. Examinations; periodic reports; cooperative agreements; assessment of fees.
- §31A-8D-8. Enforcement.
- §31A-8D-9. Rules and orders.
- §31A-8D-10. Notice of subsequent merger.
- §31A-8D-11. Applicability to thrift institutions.

#### §31A-8D-1. Legislative purpose.

- 1 It is the express intent of this article to permit interstate
- 2 branching by merger under Section 102 of the
- 3 Riegle-Neal Interstate Banking and Branching Efficiency
- 4 Act of 1994, Public Law No. 103-328, in accordance with
- 5 the provisions set forth in this article.

#### §31A-8D-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (a) "Bank" has the meaning set forth in 12 U.S.C.
- 5 §1813(h): *Provided*, That the term "bank" shall not in-6 clude any "foreign bank" as defined in 12 U.S.C. §3101
- 7 (7), except that such term shall include any foreign bank
- (1), except that such term shall include any foreign bank
- 8 organized under the laws of a territory of the United 9 States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa or the Virgin
- 10 Islands, the deposits of which are insured by the federal
- 11 deposit insurance corporation.
- 12 (b) "Bank holding company" has the meaning set 13 forth in 12 U.S.C. §1841(a)(1).
- 14 (c) "Bank supervisory agency" means:
- 15 (1) Any agency of another state with primary respon-16 sibility for chartering and supervising banks; and
- 17 (2) The office of the comptroller of the currency, the
- 18 federal deposit insurance corporation, the board of gover-
- 19 nors of the federal reserve system and any successor to
- 20 these agencies.
- 21 (d) "Board of Banking and Financial Institutions"
- 22 means the board created pursuant to the provisions of

- article three of this chapter and referred to herein as "board".
- 24 (e) "Branch" or "branch bank" has the meaning set 25 forth in subsection (f), section two, article one of this 26 chapter.
- 27 (f) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia commis-28 sioner of banking then in office and, where appropriate, 29 all of his or her successors and predecessors in office.
- 30 (g) "Control" shall be construed consistently with the provisions of 12 U.S.C. §1841(a)(2).
- 32 (h) "Home state" means:
- 33 (1) With respect to a state bank, the state by which the 34 bank is chartered;
- 35 (2) With respect to a national bank, the state in which 36 the main office of the bank is located:
- 37 (3) With respect to a foreign bank, the state deter-38 mined to be the home state of such foreign bank under 12 39 U.S.C. §3103(c).
- 40 (i) "Home state regulator" means, with respect to an out-of-state state bank, the bank supervisory agency of the state in which such bank is chartered.
- 43 (j) "Host state" means a state, other than the home state 44 of a bank, in which the bank maintains, or seeks to estab-45 lish and maintain, a branch.
- 46 (k) "Insured depository institution" has the meaning 47 set forth in 12 U.S.C. §§1813(c)(2) and (3).
- 48 (1) "Interstate merger transaction" means:
- 49 (1) The merger or consolidation of banks with differ-50 ent home states, and the conversion of branches of any 51 bank involved in the merger or consolidation into branch-52 es of the resulting bank; or
- 53 (2) The purchase of all or substantially all of the assets 54 (including all or substantially all of the branches) of a 55 bank whose home state is different from the home state of 56 the acquiring bank.

- 57 (m) "Out-of-state bank" means a bank whose home state is a state other than West Virginia.
- (n) "Out-of-state state bank" means a bank chartered under the laws of any state other than West Virginia.
- 61 (o) "Resulting bank" means a bank that has resulted from an interstate merger transaction under this article.
- (p) "State" means any state of the United States, the
   District of Columbia, any territory of the United States,
   Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands and American Samoa.
- (q) "West Virginia bank" means a bank whose homestate is West Virginia.
- (r) "West Virginia state bank" means a bank chartered under the laws of West Virginia.

# §31A-8D-3. Authority of West Virginia state banks to establish interstate branches by merger.

1 Beginning on the thirty-first day of May, one thou-2 sand nine hundred ninety-seven, and with prior approval upon order of the board, a West Virginia state bank may 3 establish, maintain and operate one or more branches in a 4 5 state other than West Virginia pursuant to an interstate merger transaction in which the West Virginia state bank is 6 the resulting bank. Not later than the date on which the 7 required application for the interstate merger transaction is 8 9 filed with the responsible federal bank supervisory agency, 10 the applicant West Virginia state bank shall file an application on a form prescribed by the commissioner together 11 with a three thousand dollar application fee. The appli-12 cant shall also comply with the applicable provisions of 13 section twelve, article eight of this chapter. If the board 14 15 finds that: (i) The proposed transaction will not be detri-16 mental to the safety and soundness of the applicant or the resulting bank, including that local conditions assure rea-17 sonable promise of successful operation of the proposed 18 19 bank branch; (ii) any new officers and directors of the 20 resulting bank are qualified by character, experience and 21 financial responsibility to direct and manage the resulting bank; (iii) the acquired branch offices of which will pro-22

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23 vide suitable physical facilities for their intended business: 24 (iv) establishment of the proposed branch bank would not 25 result in a substantial reduction of competition in any 26 section of this state unless the anticompetitive effects of 27 the proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public 28 interest by the probable effect of the action in meeting the 29 convenience and needs of the community to be served, or 30 result in a monopoly, or be in furtherance of any combi-31 nation or conspiracy to monopolize, or any attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this 32 33 state; (v) the proposed merger is consistent with the conve-34 nience and needs of the communities to be served by the 35 resulting bank in this state and is otherwise in the public 36 interest; and (vi) the new branch is in conformity with, and 37 would be permitted under the laws of the state where the 38 branch is to be located, it shall approve the interstate 39 merger transaction and the operation of branches outside 40 of West Virginia by the West Virginia state bank. The findings required herein shall supplant any other findings 41 42 of fact otherwise required by subdivisions (1) through (6), 43 subsection (i), section twelve, article eight of this chapter. 44 Such an interstate merger transaction may be consummat-45 ed only after the applicant has received the board's written approval by entry of an order granting the application. 46

# §31A-8D-4. Interstate merger transactions and branching involving out-of-state banks permitted.

- (a) Beginning on the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, one or more West Virginia banks may enter into an interstate merger transaction with one or more out-of-state banks under this article, and an out-of-state bank resulting from such transaction may maintain and operate the branches and offices in West Virginia of a West Virginia bank that participated in such transaction: *Provided*, That the conditions and filing requirements of this article are met.
- (b) A merger transaction shall not be permitted under this article if, upon consummation of such transaction, the resulting bank (including all insured depository institution affiliates of the resulting bank) would assume sufficient additional deposits to cause it to control deposits in this

- 15 state in excess of that allowed by section twelve-a, article 16 two of this chapter: Provided. That the commissioner may 17 by rule adopt a procedure whereby said acquisition depos-18 it limitation as set forth in this code may be waived for 19 good cause shown. The commissioner shall calculate the 20 acquisition deposit limitation based upon the most recent-21 ly available reports containing such deposit information 22 filed with state or federal authorities.
- 23 (c) A merger transaction resulting in the acquisition 24 by an out-of-state bank of a West Virginia state bank, or 25 all or substantially all of the branches of a West Virginia 26 state bank, or resulting in the acquisition by an 27 out-of-state state bank of a West Virginia bank or the 28 change of control over a branch operating in West Virgin-29 ia, shall not be permitted under this article unless: (i) The 30 out-of-state bank confirms in writing to the commissioner 31 that as long as it maintains a branch in West Virginia, it 32 will comply with all applicable laws of this state, including 33 consumer protection laws; (ii) deposits of the resulting 34 bank in this state are insured in conformity with the provi-35 sions of section six, article one of this chapter; and (iii) the 36 resulting bank, if state chartered, meets the capital requirements set forth in section three, article four of this chapter. 37

### §31A-8D-5. Notice and filing requirements.

- 1 (a) Any out-of-state state bank that will be the result-2 ing bank pursuant to a merger transaction involving a 3 West Virginia bank, or will be the resulting bank pursuant 4 to a merger transaction affecting the change of control 5 over a branch operating in West Virginia shall notify the 6 commissioner of the proposed merger not later than the date on which it files an application for the merger trans-7 action with the responsible federal bank supervisory agen-8 cy, and shall submit a copy of that application to the com-9 missioner and pay a filing fee of two hundred fifty dol-10 11 lars.
- 12 (b) Any West Virginia state bank which is a party to an 13 interstate merger transaction shall comply with state law 14 governing shareholder rights and director and officer 15 duties with respect to affecting the merger and with other 16 applicable state and federal laws. In addition, the West

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- Virginia state bank shall give written notice to the commissioner at least forty-five days before the effective date of a merger where the resulting bank will be an out-of-state bank, unless a shorter period of notice is required under applicable federal law.
- 22 (c) Unless preempted by federal law, the commissioner 23 shall have thirty days from receipt of the written notice 24 under subsection (a) of this section to object to the pro-25 posed transaction and request a hearing before the board 26 on the basis that the transaction is contrary to applicable 27 West Virginia law. The failure to object within thirty days 28 shall be construed as consent by the commissioner, or, in 29 his or her discretion, the commissioner may, at any time, consent in writing. The commissioner may also request a 30 31 hearing on the basis that the bank supervisory agency of 32 the home state of the resulting out-of-state bank is without 33 authority or procedures under its state's law to review the 34 transaction, or is not under its state's law viewed as the 35 primary regulator of its chartered banks' out-of-state 36 branches, in which event the criteria, fees and procedures 37 set forth in section three of this article shall apply.
- 38 (d) Any out-of-state state bank which shall be the resulting bank in such an interstate or other merger trans-40 action shall provide satisfactory evidence to the commissioner of compliance with applicable requirements of West Virginia law requiring foreign corporations to qualify to do business in West Virginia.

### §31A-8D-6. Powers; additional branches.

- 1 (a) An out-of-state state bank which establishes and 2 maintains one or more branches in West Virginia under 3 this article may conduct any activities at such branch or 4 branches that are authorized under the laws of this state 5 for West Virginia state banks.
  - (b) A West Virginia state bank may conduct any activities at any branch outside West Virginia that are expressly permissible for a bank chartered by the host state where the branch is located. Prior to commencing any such activities, the West Virginia state bank shall give the commissioner forty-five days advance notice of the intention

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- 12 to exercise any such powers which are not permitted to 13 West Virginia state banks in their operations in this state 14 under state law. This notice shall be made together with a 15 filing providing a written summary with details of the 16 proposed action or program, along with legal analysis for 17 the authority to conduct the activities and how the exercise 18 of the authority will not impair the safety and soundness 19 of the bank and will be kept separate from its operations within West Virginia. Unless, within thirty days after re-20 21 ceipt of the notice and filing, the commissioner objects or 22 requests a hearing on the matter before the board, the 23 exercise of the powers shall be deemed authorized. In the 24 discretion of the commissioner or the board, authorization 25 of such powers may be given in writing at any time.
- 26 (c) An out-of-state bank that has established or ac-27 quired a branch in West Virginia under this article may 28 establish or acquire additional branches in West Virginia to the same extent that any West Virginia bank may estab-29 30 lish or acquire a branch in West Virginia under applicable federal and state law. To the extent that an out-of-state 31 bank has already established or acquired a branch in West 32 33 Virginia and proposes to create additional branches by 34 merger with a West Virginia bank, the provisions of this 35 article govern the transaction.

#### §31A-8D-7. Examinations; periodic reports; cooperative agreements; assessment of fees.

- (a) To the extent consistent with subsection (c) of this section, the commissioner may make such examinations of any branch established and maintained in this state pursuant to this article by an out-of-state state bank as the com-4 missioner may deem necessary to determine whether the branch is being operated in compliance with the laws of this state and in accordance with safe and sound banking practices. The provisions of article two of this chapter shall apply to such examinations.
- (b) The commissioner may prescribe requirements for 10 periodic reports regarding any out-of-state bank that op-11 erates a branch in West Virginia pursuant to this article. 12 The required reports shall be provided by such bank, or 13 upon request of the commissioner by the bank superviso-14

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- ry agency having primary responsibility for such bank. Any reporting requirements prescribed by the commis-sioner under this subsection shall be: (i) Consistent with the reporting requirements applicable to West Virginia state banks; and (ii) appropriate for the purpose of en-2.0 abling the commissioner to carry out his or her responsi-bilities under this article. Unless the information is filed by its bank holding company pursuant to subsection (a), section seven, article eight-a of this chapter, an out-of-state bank with a branch in West Virginia shall also file the information required by said section within the time stated in said section.
  - (c) The commissioner may enter into cooperative, coordinating and information-sharing agreements with any other bank supervisory agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies with respect to the periodic examination or other supervision of any branch in West Virginia of an out-of-state state bank, or any branch of a West Virginia state bank in any host state, and the commissioner may accept such parties' reports of examination and reports of investigation in lieu of conducting his or her own examinations or investigations.
  - (d) The commissioner may enter into contracts with any bank supervisory agency that has concurrent jurisdiction over a West Virginia state bank or an out-of-state state bank operating a branch in this state pursuant to this article to engage the services of such agency's examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation, or to provide the services of the commissioner's examiners to such agency at a reasonable rate of compensation: *Provided*, That any such contract shall be deemed excluded from the requirements of article three, chapter five-a of this code.
- 48 (e) The commissioner may enter into joint examina49 tions or joint enforcement actions with other bank supervi50 sory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over any
  51 branch in West Virginia of an out-of-state state bank or
  52 any branch of a West Virginia state bank in any host state:
  53 Provided, That the commissioner may at any time take
  54 such actions independently if the commissioner deems

- 55 such actions to be necessary or appropriate to carry out
- 56 his or her responsibilities under this article or to ensure
- 57 compliance with the laws of this state: Provided, however,
- 58 That, in the case of an out-of-state state bank, the commis-
- 59 sioner shall recognize the authority of the home state
- 60 regulator over corporate governance matters and the pri-
- 61 mary responsibility of the home state regulator with re-
- 62 spect to safety and soundness matters.
- 63 (f) Each out-of-state state bank that maintains one or 64 more branches in this state may be assessed and, if as-65 sessed, shall pay supervisory and examination fees in ac-66 cordance with the laws of this state and rules of the commissioner. Such fees may be shared with other bank su-67 68 pervisory agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies in 69 70 accordance with agreements between such parties and the
- 71 commissioner.

#### §31A-8D-8. Enforcement.

- 1 If the commissioner determines that a branch main-
- 2 tained by an out-of-state state bank in this state is being
- 3 operated in violation of any provision of the laws of this
- 4 state, or that such branch is being operated in an unsafe
- 5 and unsound manner, the commissioner shall have the
- authority to take all such enforcement actions as he or she would be empowered to take if the branch were a West
- would be empowered to take if the branch were a West Virginia state bank: *Provided*, That the commissioner
- 9 shall promptly give notice to the home state regulator of
- 10 each enforcement action taken against an out-of-state state
- bank and, to the extent practicable, shall consult and coop-
- 12 erate with the home state regulator in pursuing and resolv-
- 13 ing said enforcement action.

### §31A-8D-9. Rules and orders.

- 1 The commissioner and board may promulgate such
- 2 rules and issue such orders as they determine to be neces-
- 3 sary or appropriate to implement the provisions of this
- 4 article.

### §31A-8D-10. Notice of subsequent merger.

- 1 An out-of-state state bank that has established and 2 maintains a branch in this state pursuant to this article, shall give at least forty-five days' prior written notice (or. 4 in the case of an emergency transaction, such shorter notice as is consistent with applicable state or federal law) to 6 the commissioner of any merger, consolidation or other 7 transaction that would cause a change of control with 8 respect to such bank or any bank holding company that 9 controls such bank, with the result that an application 10 would be required to be filed pursuant to the federal 11 Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended, 12 12 U.S.C. §1817(i), or the federal Bank Holding Company 13 Act of 1956, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§1841 et seq., or 14 any successor statutes thereto. Notice under this section
- 17 five of this article, or section three, article eight-a of this

shall not obviate the need the acquiring entity may have to

file with the commissioner or board pursuant to section

18 chapter.

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#### §31A-8D-11. Applicability to thrift institutions.

- 1 This article shall apply to interstate mergers involving
- 2 banks with any savings bank, savings and loan association
- 3 or other thrift institution maintaining federal deposit in-
- 4 surance where the nonthrift bank survives the merger
- 5 transaction.

# ARTICLE 8E. INTERSTATE BRANCHING BY DE NOVO ENTRY AND ACQUISITION OF BRANCHES.

- §31A-8E-1. Legislative purpose.
- §31A-8E-2. Definitions.
- §31A-8E-3. Interstate branching by West Virginia state banks through de novo establishment or acquisition of branches in other states.
- §31A-8E-4. Interstate branching by out-of-state banks through de novo entry or acquisition of branches in West Virginia.
- §31A-8E-5. Requirement of notice.
- §31A-8E-6. Conditions for approval.
- §31A-8E-7. Powers; additional branches.
- §31A-8E-8. Examinations; periodic reports; cooperative agreements; assessment of fees.
- §31A-8E-9. Enforcement.
- §31A-8E-10. Rules and orders.

- §31A-8E-11. Notice of subsequent merger.
- §31A-8E-12. Applicability to thrift institutions.

#### §31A-8E-1. Legislative purpose.

- 1 It is the express intent of this article to permit interstate
- 2 branching under Sections 102 and 103 of the Riegle-Neal
- 3 Interstate Banking and Branching Efficiency Act of 1994,
- 4 Public Law No. 103-328, in accordance with the provi-
- 5 sions set forth in this article and thereby permit interstate
- 6 branch banking through de novo entry or by acquisition
- 7 of branches in transactions not involving a whole bank
- merger or acquisition.

#### §31A-8E-2. Definitions.

- As used in this article, unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:
- 4 (a) "Acquisition of a branch" means the acquisition of 5 a branch located in a host state, without either engaging in 6 an "interstate merger transaction" as defined in article 7 eight-d of this chapter or acquiring all or substantially all 8 of the assets of another bank by merger or purchase.
- 9 (b) "Bank" has the meaning set forth in 12 U.S.C. §1813(h): Provided. That the term "bank" shall not in-10 clude any "foreign bank" as defined in 12 U.S.C. §3101 11 (7), except that such term shall include any foreign bank 12 organized under the laws of a territory of the United 13 States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa or the Virgin 14 Islands, the deposits of which are insured by the federal 15 16 deposit insurance corporation.
- 17 (c) "Bank holding company" has the meaning set forth 18 in 12 U.S.C. §1841(a)(1).
- (d) "Bank supervisory agency" means:
- 20 (1) Any agency of another state with primary respon-21 sibility for chartering and supervising banks; and
- 22 (2) The office of the comptroller of the currency, the 23 federal deposit insurance corporation, the board of gover-

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- 24 nors of the federal reserve system and any successor to 25 these agencies.
- 26 (e) "Board of banking and financial institutions"
  27 means the board created pursuant to the provisions of
  28 article three of this chapter and referred to herein as
  29 "board".
- 30 (f) "Branch" has the meaning set forth in subsection 31 (f), section two, article one of this chapter.
  - (g) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia commissioner of banking then in office and, where appropriate, all of his or her successors and predecessors in office.
- 35 (h) "Control" shall be construed consistently with the 36 provisions of 12 U.S.C. §1841(a)(2).
- 37 (i) "De novo branch" means a branch of a bank locat38 ed in a host state which: (i) Is originally established by the
  39 bank as a branch; and (ii) does not become a branch of
  40 the bank as a result of: (A) The acquisition of another
  41 bank or a branch of another bank; or (B) the merger,
  42 consolidation or conversion involving any such bank or
  43 branch.
  - (j) "Home state" means:
- 45 (1) With respect to a state bank, the state by which the bank is chartered;
- 47 (2) With respect to a national bank, the state in which 48 the main office of the bank is located; or
- 49 (3) With respect to a foreign bank, the state deter-50 mined to be the home state of such foreign bank under 12 51 U.S.C. §3103(c).
  - (k) "Home state regulator" means, with respect to an out-of-state state bank, the bank supervisory agency of the state in which such bank is chartered.
- 55 (1) "Host state" means a state, other than the home state 56 of a bank, in which the bank maintains, or seeks to estab-57 lish and maintain, a branch.

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- 58 (m) "Out-of-state bank" means a bank whose home state is a state other than West Virginia.
- 60 (n) "Out-of-state state bank" means a bank chartered under the laws of any state other than West Virginia.
- (o) "State" means any state of the United States, the
   District of Columbia, any territory of the United States,
   Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands and American Samoa.
- 66 (p) "West Virginia state bank" means a bank chartered 67 under the laws of West Virginia.

# §31A-8E-3. Interstate branching by West Virginia state banks through de novo establishment or acquisition of branches in other states.

- (a) Beginning on the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, and with the prior approval upon order of the board, any West Virginia state bank may establish and maintain a de novo branch or acquire a branch in a state other than West Virginia.
- 6 (b) A West Virginia state bank desiring to establish and maintain a branch in another state under this section 7 8 shall file an application on a form prescribed by the commissioner and pay the branch application fee set forth in 9 10 subsection (h), section twelve, article eight of this chapter. 11 If the board finds that: (i) The applicant has the financial 12 and managerial resources sufficient to undertake the pro-13 posed expansion without adversely affecting its safety or soundness, including that local conditions assure reason-14 15 able promise of successful operation of the proposed bank branch; (ii) any new officers and directors resulting from 16 17 the creation of the branch bank are qualified by character, 18 experience and financial responsibility to direct and man-19 age the expanded bank; (iii) the proposed branch offices 20 will provide suitable physical facilities for their intended business; (iv) establishment of the proposed branch bank 21 22 would not result in a substantial reduction of competition 23 in any section of this state unless the anticompetitive ef-24 fects of the proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the action in 25

26 meeting the convenience and needs of the community to 27 be served, or result in a monopoly, or would be in further-28 ance of any combination or conspiracy to monopolize or 29 to attempt to monopolize the business of banking in any section of this state: (v) the establishment of the proposed 30 31 branch is consistent with the convenience and needs of the 32 communities to be served by the branch and is otherwise 33 in the public interest; and (vi) the new branch is in confor-34 mity with, and would be permitted under the laws of the 35 state where the branch is to be located, it may approve the 36 application. In acting on the application, the board shall 37 consider the views of the appropriate bank supervisory agencies. The applicant bank may establish the branch 38 39 when it has received the board's written approval by entry 40 of an order granting the application. The findings required herein shall supplant any other findings of fact 41 otherwise required by subdivisions (1) through (6), sub-42 section (i), section twelve, article eight of this chapter. 43

# §31A-8E-4. Interstate branching by out-of-state banks through de novo entry or acquisition of branches in West Virginia.

1 Beginning on the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, an out-of-state bank that 2 3 does not operate a branch in this state and that meets the 4 requirements of this article may establish and maintain a de novo branch in this state, and may also establish and 5 maintain a branch in this state through the acquisition of a 6 branch: Provided, That branches may be so established in 7 8 West Virginia by out-of-state banks only if the laws of the 9 home state of the out-of-state bank permit West Virginia state banks to establish and maintain de novo branches or 10 to acquire and maintain branches, as applicable, under 11 12 substantially the same terms and conditions as set forth in 13 this article. If the law of the other state restricts such entry by a West Virginia state bank to that other state, then the 14 board may similarly limit the authority granted by this 15 article for banks having their main office located in that 16 17 state.

### §31A-8E-5. Requirement of notice.

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An out-of-state bank desiring to establish and maintain a de novo branch or to acquire a branch in this state pursuant to this article shall provide written notice of the proposed transaction to the commissioner not later than the date on which the bank applies to the responsible federal or state bank supervisory agency for approval to establish the branch. The filing of such notice shall be accompanied by the filing fee of two hundred fifty dollars.

### §31A-8E-6. Conditions for approval.

No branch of an out-of-state bank may be established in this state under this article, unless:

- (a) The out-of-state bank confirms in writing to the commissioner that as long as it maintains a branch in West Virginia, it will comply with all applicable laws of this state, including consumer protection laws and any acquisition deposit limitations, as well as maintenance of deposit insurance and capital requirements in the same manner as required for West Virginia state banks.
- (b) The applicant provides satisfactory evidence to the commissioner of compliance with the applicable requirements of West Virginia law requiring foreign corporations to qualify to do business in West Virginia.
- 14 (c) The commissioner, acting within thirty days after 15 receiving notice of an application under section five of this article, or within seven days after a decision if a hear-16 17 ing is held, certifies to the responsible federal bank supervisory agency that the requirements of this article have 18 19 been met. Unless preempted by federal law, the commissioner shall have thirty days from receipt of the written 20 notice by the out-of-state bank to object to the proposed 21 transaction and request a hearing before the board on the 22 basis that the transaction is contrary to applicable West 23 Virginia law. The failure to object within thirty days shall 24 25 be construed as consent by the commissioner, or, in his or her discretion, the commissioner may, at any time, consent 26 in writing. The commissioner may also request a hearing 27 28 on the basis that the bank supervisory agency of the home state of the out-of-state bank is without authority or proce-29 dures under its state's law to review the transaction, or is 30

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- 31 not under its state's law viewed as the primary regulator of
- 32 its chartered banks' out-of-state branches, in which event
- 33 the criteria, fees and procedures set forth in section three
- 34 of this article shall apply.

#### §31A-8E-7. Powers: additional branches.

- 1 (a) An out-of-state state bank which establishes and 2 maintains one or more branches in West Virginia under 3 this article may conduct any activities at such branch or 4 branches that are authorized under the laws of this state 5 for West Virginia state banks.
- 6 (b) A West Virginia state bank may conduct any activity at a branch outside West Virginia that is expressly per-7 missible for a bank chartered by the host state where the 8 9 branch is located. Prior to commencing any such activity, 10 the West Virginia state bank shall give the commissioner 11 forty-five days advance notice of the intention to exercise 12 any such powers which are not permitted to West Virginia 13 state banks in their operations in this state under state law. 14 This notice shall be made together with a filing providing a written summary with details of the proposed action or 15 program, along with legal analysis for the authority to 16 17 conduct the activities and how the exercise of the authority will not impair the safety and soundness of the bank and 18 19 will be kept separate from its operations within West Virginia. Unless, within thirty days after receipt of the notice 20 and filing, the commissioner objects or requests a hearing 21 22 on the matter before the board, the exercise of the powers 23 shall be deemed authorized. In the discretion of the commissioner or the board, authorization of such powers may 24 25 be given in writing at any time.
- (c) An out-of-state bank that has established or acquired a branch in West Virginia under this article may establish or acquire additional branches in West Virginia to the same extent that any West Virginia bank may estab-29 lish or acquire a branch in West Virginia under applicable federal and state law. To the extent that an out-of-state bank has already established or acquired a branch in West 32 Virginia and proposes to create additional branches by 33 establishing another de novo branch, or by acquisition of

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another bank's branch in West Virginia, the provisions ofthis article govern the transaction.

## §31A-8E-8. Examinations; periodic reports; cooperative agreements; assessment of fees.

- (a) To the extent consistent with subsection (c) of this section, the commissioner may make such examinations of any branch established and maintained in this state pursuant to this article by an out-of-state state bank as the commissioner may deem necessary to determine whether the branch is being operated in compliance with the laws of this state and in accordance with safe and sound banking practices. The provisions of article two of this chapter shall apply to such examinations.
- 10 (b) The commissioner may require periodic reports regarding any out-of-state bank that has established and 11 12 maintained a branch in this state pursuant to this article. 13 The required reports shall be provided by the bank, or 14 upon request of the commissioner by the bank superviso-15 ry agency having primary responsibility for such bank. 16 Any reporting requirements prescribed by the commissioner under this subsection shall be: (i) Consistent with 17 the reporting requirements applicable to West Virginia 18 19 state banks; and (ii) appropriate for the purpose of enabling the commissioner to carry out his or her responsi-20 bilities under this article. Unless the information is filed 2.1 by its bank holding company pursuant to subsection (a), 22 23 section seven, article eight-a of this chapter, an out-of-state 24 bank with a branch in West Virginia shall also file the 25 information required by said section within the time stated 26 in said section.
- (c) The commissioner may enter into cooperative. 27 coordinating and information-sharing agreements with 28 29 any other bank supervisory agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervi-30 sory agencies with respect to the periodic examination or 31 other supervision of any branch in West Virginia of an 32 out-of-state state bank, or any branch of a West Virginia 33 state bank in any host state, and the commissioner may 34 accept such parties' reports of examination and reports of 35

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investigation in lieu of conducting his or her own examinations or investigations.

- (d) The commissioner may enter into contracts with any bank supervisory agency that has concurrent jurisdiction over a West Virginia state bank or an out-of-state state bank maintaining a branch in this state to engage the services of such agency's examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation, or to provide the services of the commissioner's examiners to such agency at a reasonable rate of compensation: *Provided*, That any such contract shall be deemed excluded from the requirements of article three, chapter five-a of this code.
- (e) The commissioner may enter into joint examinations or joint enforcement actions with other bank supervisory agencies having concurrent jurisdiction over any branch established and maintained in West Virginia by an out-of-state state bank or any branch established and maintained by a West Virginia state bank in any host state: Provided. That the commissioner may at any time take such actions independently if the commissioner deems such actions to be necessary or appropriate to carry out his or her responsibilities under this article or to ensure compliance with the laws of this state: Provided, however, That, in the case of an out-of-state state bank, the commissioner shall recognize the authority of the home state regulator over corporate governance matters and the primary responsibility of the home state regulator with respect to safety and soundness matters.
- (f) Each out-of-state state bank that maintains one or more branches in this state may be assessed and, if assessed, shall pay supervisory and examination fees in accordance with the laws of this state and rules of the commissioner. Such fees may be shared with other bank supervisory agencies or any organization affiliated with or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies in accordance with agreements between such parties and the commissioner.

#### §31A-8E-9. Enforcement.

If the commissioner determines that a branch main-2 tained by an out-of-state state bank in this state is being 3 operated in violation of any provision of the laws of this 4 state, or that such branch is being operated in an unsafe 5 and unsound manner, the commissioner shall have the 6 authority to take all such enforcement actions as he or she would be empowered to take if the branch were a West 7 8 Virginia state bank: Provided. That the commissioner shall promptly give notice to the home state regulator of 9 10 each enforcement action taken against an out-of-state state bank and, to the extent practicable, shall consult and coop-11 12 erate with the home state regulator in pursuing and resolv-13 ing said enforcement action.

#### §31A-8E-10. Rules and orders.

The commissioner and board may promulgate such rules and issue such orders as they determine to be necessary or appropriate in order to implement the provisions of this article.

#### §31A-8E-11. Notice of subsequent merger.

An out-of-state state bank that has established and 1 maintains a branch in this state pursuant to this article, 3 shall give at least forty-five days' prior written notice (or, in the case of an emergency transaction, such shorter no-4 5 tice as is consistent with applicable state or federal law) to the commissioner of any merger, consolidation or other 6 transaction that would cause a change of control with 7 8 respect to such out-of-state bank or any bank holding company that controls such bank, with the result that an 9 application would be required to be filed pursuant to the 10 federal Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended, 11 12 12 U.S.C. §1817(i), or the federal Bank Holding Companv Act of 1956, as amended, 12 U.S.C. §§1841 et seq., or 13 any successor statutes thereto. 14

### §31A-8E-12. Applicability to thrift institutions.

This article shall apply to interstate acquisition of branches of any savings bank, savings and loan association or other thrift institution maintaining federal deposit in-

- 4 surance by a bank where the nonthrift bank survives the
- 5 transaction and maintains the branches.

### ARTICLE 8F. THE WEST VIRGINIA INTERNATIONAL BANKING ACT.

- §31A-8F-1. Legislative purpose.
- §31A-8F-2. Definitions.
- §31A-8F-3. General regulation authority; language; U. S. general accounting principles.
- §31A-8F-4. Operations in this state of banks owned or controlled by foreign banks and other foreign persons.
- §31A-8F-5. Branches by domestic subsidiary banks owned by a foreign bank
- §31A-8F-6. Authority of affiliated bank or branch to act as agent for a foreign bank.
- §31A-8F-7. Direct agency offices of foreign banks; necessity of licensure.
- §31A-8F-8. Application to establish and maintain an agency office; contents,
- §31A-8F-9. Application to establish and maintain an agency office; manner of filing and determination.
- §31A-8F-10. No concurrent maintenance of federal branches or agencies.
- §31A-8F-11. Powers of a foreign bank agency office.
- §31A-8F-12. Representative office of foreign banks; necessity of licensure.
- §31A-8F-13. Representative office; application.
- §31A-8F-14. Representative office; factors for approval of application.
- §31A-8F-15. Representative office; permissible activities.
- §31A-8F-16. Posting of license.
- §31A-8F-17. Licenses not transferable.
- §31A-8F-18. Amended license to establish and maintain a direct agency office or representative office.
- §31A-8F-19. Change of control of foreign bank.
- §31A-8F-20. Relocation of office; written notice necessary.
- §31A-8F-21. Examination; payment of fees.
- §31A-8F-22. Supervision and enforcement.
- §31A-8F-23. Reports.
- §31A-8F-24. Confidentiality of examination reports.
- §31A-8F-25. Books, accounts and records.
- §31A-8F-26. Separate assets.
- §31A-8F-27. Disclosure of lack of federal deposit insurance.
- §31A-8F-28. Capital equivalency deposit.
- §31A-8F-29. Voluntary closure of agency or representative office; application.

### §31A-8F-1. Legislative purpose.

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- 1 (a) This article shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "West Virginia International Banking Act".
- 3 (b) This article is intended generally to provide for 4 state regulation of the participation by foreign banks in 5 certain financial markets of this state.
  - (c) This article is intended:
- 7 (1) To authorize banking activities and operations in 8 West Virginia by foreign banks having separately capital-9 ized and domestically chartered banks in the United States through branches of such domestic banks in this state;
- 11 (2) To authorize agency and representative offices in 12 this state of foreign banks; and
- 13 (3) To ensure that the banking laws and rules of this 14 state otherwise apply to foreign banks, and to West Virgin-15 ia and out-of-state banks and bank holding companies 16 that are owned or controlled by foreign banks, in a man-17 ner consistent with the laws and policies of the United 18 States governing the operations in this country of foreign 19 banks.

#### §31A-8F-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) The term "agency office" or "direct agency office"
  3 means an office of a foreign bank that is exercising the
  4 powers set forth and authorized by sections seven and
  5 eleven of this article.
  - (b) The term "bank supervisory agency" means:
- 7 (1) The office of the comptroller of the currency, the 8 federal deposit insurance corporation, the board of gover-9 nors of the federal reserve system and any successor to 10 these agencies;
- 11 (2) Any agency of another state with primary respon-12 sibility for chartering and supervising banks; and
- 13 (3) Any agency of a country (including any colonies, dependencies, possessions or political subdivisions there-

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- of) other than the United States with primary responsibility for supervising banks.
- 17 (c) The term "federal agency" means an agency of a 18 foreign bank that is licensed by the comptroller of the 19 currency pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of the 20 federal International Banking Act, 12 U.S.C. §3102.
- 21 (d) The term "foreign bank" means any company 22 organized under the laws of a foreign country that engag-23 es directly in the business of banking. The term includes 24 foreign commercial banks, foreign merchant banks and 25 other foreign institutions that engage in banking activities 26 usually in connection with the business of banking in the 27 countries where such foreign institutions are organized or 28 operating.
- 29 (e) The term "federal branch" means a branch of a 30 foreign bank that is licensed by the comptroller of the 31 currency pursuant to the provisions of Section 4 of the 32 federal International Banking Act, 12 U.S.C. §3102.
- 33 (f) The term "federal International Banking Act"
  34 means the federal International Banking Act of 1978, as
  35 amended, 12 U.S.C. §§3101 et seq.
- 36 (g) The term "foreign person" means a natural or 37 juridical person who is a citizen or national of one or 38 more countries (including any colonies, dependencies or 39 possessions of such countries) other than the United 40 States.
  - (h) The term "Interstate Banking and Branching Efficiency Act" means the federal Riegle-Neal Interstate Banking and Branching Efficiency Act of 1994, Public Law No. 103-328, 108 Stat. 2338-2381 (September 29, 1994) (codified at various sections of Title 12, U. S. C.).
- 46 (i) The term "interstate branch" means a branch of a
  47 bank or a branch of a foreign bank, as the context may
  48 require, which is established after the twenty-ninth day of
  49 September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, pur50 suant to the authority contained in the Interstate Banking
  51 and Branching Efficiency Act, outside the home state of

- 52 the bank or foreign bank. In the case of a foreign bank, 53 the term shall not include a limited branch.
- (j) The term "limited branch" means a branch of a foreign bank that accepts only such deposits as would be permissible for a corporation organized under Section 25a of the federal Reserve Act in accordance with the provisions of Section 5 (a)(7) of the federal International Banking Act, 12 U.S.C. §3103(a)(7).
- 60 (k) The term "out-of-state bank" means a bank orga-61 nized under the laws of the United States having its main 62 office in a state other than West Virginia or organized under the laws of a state other than West Virginia, which is 63 authorized to engage in the business of banking including 64 the taking of insured retail deposits. For purposes of this 65 definition "state" shall include the District of Columbia 66 and any territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, 67 68 the Virgin Islands and American Samoa.
- (1) The term "representative office" shall have the same meaning as is set forth in Section 1(b)(15) of the federal International Banking Act, 12 U.S.C. §3101(15), and the term "West Virginia representative office" shall mean any such office that is located in this state.

# §31A-8F-3. General regulation authority; language; U.S. general accounting principles.

- 1 (a) The commissioner is authorized and empowered to 2 issue such rules and orders to perform his or her duties 3 and functions under this article and to administer and 4 carry out the provisions and purposes of this article and to 5 prevent evasions thereof.
- (b) It shall be required that all banks, including for-6 eign banks, operating offices in this state use or make 7 available on request the English language version of any 8 customer contract or agreement when the customer is a 9 United States corporation, citizen or resident. Upon de-10 mand of the commissioner of banking any bank or finan-11 cial affiliate in West Virginia under the jurisdiction of the 12 commissioner of banking shall provide at their own ex-13 pense the translation of any document or record it holds 14

- 15 into the English language. Unless otherwise provided for
- 16 West Virginia licensed domestic banking institutions, all
- 17 foreign banking offices licensed under the provisions of
- 18 this article shall abide by U.S. general accounting princi-
- 19 ples in the maintenance of their financial records.

### §31A-8F-4. Operations in this state of banks owned or controlled by foreign banks and other foreign persons.

- 1 (a) The laws and rules of this state governing the ac-2 quisition or ownership of controlling or other interests in
  - West Virginia banks or in out-of-state banks seeking to
- 3 4 establish and maintain one or more interstate branches in
- 5 this state shall not generally prohibit ownership of such
- 6 institutions by, or otherwise discriminate against, foreign
- 7 banks or other foreign persons.
- 8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 9 this section, the commissioner is authorized to apply any 10 standards or requirements of the laws and rules of this 11 state governing the ownership, control or operations of 12 West Virginia banks, including residency requirements for directors of West Virginia state-chartered banks, even if 13 applicable specifically or exclusively to foreign banks or 14 other foreign persons, to the extent such standards or 15
- 16 requirements are determined by the commissioner to be
- 17 either:
- 18 (1) Substantially equivalent to, or consistent with, the standards or requirements governing the ownership, con-19 trol or operations of state or national banks in West Vir-20
- ginia by foreign banks or other foreign persons under 21
- applicable United States federal laws or regulations; or 22
- (2) Otherwise consistent with the laws and policies of 23
- the United States, including its international agreements 24
- 25 governing financial services.

### §31A-8F-5. Branches by domestic subsidiary banks owned by a foreign bank.

- An out-of-state bank which is a domestic subsidiary 1
- of, or controlled by a foreign bank, may establish branch-2
- es in this state through merger, de novo entry or the acqui-

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- 4 sition of branches on the same terms as any other bank
- 5 sharing that same home state pursuant to articles eight-d
- 6 and eight-e of this chapter.

# §31A-8F-6. Authority of affiliated bank or branch to act as agent for a foreign bank.

- 1 (a) A West Virginia bank or branch of any out-of-state 2 bank owned or controlled by a foreign bank may at its 3 main or branch offices in West Virginia receive deposits. 4 renew time deposits, close loans, service loans and receive 5 payments on loans and other obligations as an agent for 6 any depository institution affiliate of such foreign bank. 7 including branch, agency and other offices of that same 8 foreign bank located in other states, generally in accor-9 dance with the same terms, conditions, procedures and 10 requirements that are applicable under the laws and rules 11 of this state to such agency activities that may be conduct-12 ed by West Virginia state banks.
  - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of the laws or rules of this state no foreign controlled bank, branch or agency office shall be authorized by this article to accept retail deposits on behalf of a foreign bank or branch which is not authorized to take federally insured deposits, nor to act as agent on behalf of any affiliated foreign bank other than its controlling foreign bank or one which has been licensed to transact business in this state pursuant to this article.
- (c) A bank or branch of any bank owned or controlled by a foreign bank may not at its main or branch
   offices in West Virginia:
  - (1) Conduct any activity as an agent under this section which such office is prohibited from conducting as a principal under any applicable federal or state law, including, but not limited to, the acceptance of impermissible deposits; or
- 30 (2) As a principal, have an agent conduct any activity 31 under this section which such office is prohibited from 32 conducting under any applicable federal or state law, in-

- cluding, but not limited to, the acceptance of impermissible deposits.
- 35 (d) Any agency relationship permitted under this 36 section involving a depository institution affiliate or other 37 affiliate of such foreign bank shall in any event be on 38 terms that are consistent with safe and sound banking 39 practices and all applicable rules and orders of the com-40 missioner.

### §31A-8F-7. Direct agency offices of foreign banks; necessity of licensure.

- 1 (a) A foreign bank may directly transact certain bank2 ing business in this state as permitted under this article
  3 upon obtaining a license to establish and maintain a West
  4 Virginia state agency office.
  - (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not prohibit:
- 6 (1) Any foreign bank which establishes and maintains
  7 a federal agency or federal branch in this state from trans8 acting at such federal agency or federal branch such
  9 banking business as it may be authorized to transact under
  10 applicable federal laws and rules; or
- 11 (2) Any foreign bank which does not maintain a
  12 branch or agency office in West Virginia from making or
  13 enforcing loans in this state including loans secured by
  14 liens on real or personal property located in this state, as
  15 long as such lending is not conducted from an office in
  16 this state, and the loan, if a consumer loan, is governed by
  17 West Virginia law.

# §31A-8F-8. Application to establish and maintain an agency office; contents.

A foreign bank seeking to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency office shall submit an application to the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions. Such application shall contain:

5 (a) The same information as required by the board of governors of the federal reserve system for an application to establish an agency in the United States;

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- 8 (b) An instrument irrevocably appointing the West 9 Virginia secretary of state or his or her successors in office
- 10 to be such foreign bank's agent, representative and attor-
- 11 ney to receive service of any lawful judicial and adminis-
- 12 trative process; and
- 13 (c) Such additional information as the board or com-14 missioner may require.

# §31A-8F-9. Application to establish and maintain an agency office; manner of filing and determination.

- 1 (a) A foreign bank making an application under this 2 article for a license to establish and maintain a West Vir-3 ginia state agency shall deliver to the West Virginia board 4 of banking and financial institutions:
- 5 (1) At least two duplicate originals of the foreign bank's application on the form prescribed by the board;
- 7 (2) At least two copies of its charter or articles of in-8 corporation and all amendments thereto, duly authenticat-9 ed by the proper officer of the country of such foreign 10 bank's organization together with translation of such doc-
- 11 uments if they are in a language other than English, which
- 12 translation is attested to for accuracy before a notary pub-
- 13 lic or other verifying official;
- 14 (3) A letter or resolution from its governing body or 15 chief executive officer guaranteeing that the foreign 16 bank's entire capital and surplus is and shall be available 17 for all liabilities and obligations of its agency office doing 18 business in this state;
  - (4) An application fee of one thousand dollars payable by check or money order to the West Virginia board of banking and financial institutions;
- 22 (5) A document granting power of attorney in favor 23 of the person designated to be in charge of the business 24 and affairs of the proposed office; and
- 25 (6) Proof of fidelity bond coverage for active officers 26 and employees, and the oath of the managing officer of 27 the West Virginia office(s) to obey state banking laws as

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- would be required were the institution a bank incorporated in this state.
- 30 (b) The board may approve issuance of a license to a 31 foreign bank to establish and maintain a West Virginia 32 state agency office if it finds:
- 33 (1) That the foreign bank is of sound financial stand-34 ing;
- 35 (2) That the management of the foreign bank and the 36 proposed management of the West Virginia state agency 37 office are adequate and are of good reputation and char-38 acter;
- 39 (3) That the convenience and needs of persons to be 40 served by the proposed West Virginia state agency office 41 will be promoted;
  - (4) That the foreign bank has committed to allocate and assign to its agency office within this state a capital equivalency deposit of not less than the greater of five hundred thousand dollars or five percent of the total liabilities of the agency, excluding accrued expenses, intercompany liabilities and any amounts due the foreign bank: *Provided*, That the board may in its discretion require a higher deposit amount or rate to ensure the agency office's financial safety or soundness;
- 51 (5) That the proposed office is not being formed for 52 other than legitimate motives and purposes;
  - (6) That the bank supervisory agency of the foreign bank's country of organization does not object to the application;
- 56 (7) That the applicant has submitted a legal opinion 57 indicating that the proposed agency office will be permis-58 sible under both the laws of the foreign bank's country of 59 organization and the United States; and
  - (8) That the foreign bank has complied with this section and satisfies such other standards as the board may establish by rule.

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- 63 (c) If the board after investigation, notice and hearing
  64 determines to issue a license to a foreign bank to establish
  65 and maintain a West Virginia state agency office, it shall
  66 issue a written order granting the application and autho67 rize the commissioner of banking on its behalf upon pay68 ment of all fees required under this article to:
  - (1) Endorse on each document filed as part of the application the word "Filed", and the date of the filing thereof and return to the foreign bank a copy of each document so endorsed;
  - (2) File in the office of the commissioner of banking one of the duplicate originals of the application and copies of the charter or articles of incorporation and amendments thereto; and
  - (3) Issue a license to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency office to such foreign bank.
  - (d) Each license issued to a foreign bank to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency shall state fully the name of the foreign bank to which such license is issued, the place of business for the licensee's office and all such other information as the commissioner may require.
    - (e) The board may, by rule or order, prescribe abbreviated application procedures and standards applicable to applications by foreign banks that have already established an initial West Virginia state agency office, subsequently to establish additional intrastate West Virginia state agency offices, as the case may be.
- 91 (f) Each licensee must register with the West Virginia 92 secretary of state as a foreign corporation qualified to do 93 business in this state and provide proof of such registra-94 tion to the commissioner of banking prior to conducting 95 business under its license.

# §31A-8F-10. No concurrent maintenance of federal branches or agencies.

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- 1 (a) No foreign bank which is licensed under this arti-2 cle to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency 3 shall concurrently maintain a federal branch or federal 4 agency office in this state.
- 5 (b) No foreign bank which maintains a federal branch 6 or federal agency office in this state shall concurrently be 7 licensed under this article to maintain a West Virginia state 8 agency office.

#### §31A-8F-11. Powers of a foreign bank agency office.

- 1 (a) A West Virginia state agency office of a foreign 2 bank established under this article may engage in the 3 business of making loans and guaranteeing obligations for 4 the financing of the international movement of goods and 5 services and for all operational needs including working 6 capital and short-term operating needs and for the acquisi-7 tion of fixed assets. In addition, such agency may also:
- 8 (1) Borrow funds from banks and other financial 9 institutions;
- 10 (2) Buy and sell foreign exchange;
- 11 (3) Receive checks, bills, drafts, acceptances, notes, 12 bonds, coupons and other securities for collection abroad 13 and collect such instruments in the United States for cus-14 tomers abroad:
- 15 (4) Hold securities for safekeeping for, or buy and sell 16 securities upon the order and for the risk of, customers 17 abroad;
  - (5) Act as paying agent for securities issued by foreign governments or other organizations organized under foreign law and not qualified under the laws of the United States, or any state or the District of Columbia to do business in the United States;
- 23 (6) In order to prevent the loss on debts previously 24 contracted, an agency may acquire shares in a corpora-25 tion: *Provided*, That the shares are disposed of as soon as 26 practicable, but in no event later than two years from the 27 date of acquisition;

- 28 (7) Issue letters of credit and create acceptances; and
- 29 (8) Conduct activities which are necessary and inci-
- 30 dental to the above-enumerated power: Provided, That
- 31 the commissioner maintains the authority to determine
- 32 whether the power or activity sought or undertaken is
- 33 necessary and incidental.
- 34 (b) No West Virginia state agency office may take 35 deposits on behalf of any affiliated bank or other deposi-
- 36 tory institution.
- 37 (c) Any loan limitation or restriction based on the
- 38 capital stock and surplus of a bank shall be deemed to
- refer, as applied to a West Virginia state agency, to the 39
- United States dollar equivalent of the capital and stock 40
- 41 surplus of the parent foreign bank, and not to the capital
- 42 equivalency deposit in section twenty-eight of this article.

## §31A-8F-12. Representative office of foreign banks; necessity of licensure.

- (a) No foreign bank shall establish or maintain a West 1
- 2 Virginia state representative office unless the foreign bank
- is licensed by the commissioner to maintain a West Virgin-3
- 4 ia representative office.
- (b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall be 5 deemed to prohibit a foreign bank which maintains a 6
- federal agency or federal branch in this state from estab-7
- lishing or maintaining one or more West Virginia repre-8
- sentative offices. 9

# §31A-8F-13. Representative office; application.

- (a) The application for a license to establish and main-1
- tain a West Virginia representative office shall be in writ-2 ing under oath and shall be in such form and contain such
- information as the commissioner may require by regula-4
- tion or order. The application shall be accompanied by a 5
- fee of two hundred fifty dollars.
- (b) Each application to establish and maintain a West 7 Virginia representative office shall include an instrument
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- irrevocably appointing the West Virginia secretary of state 9
- or his or her successors in office to be such foreign bank's 10

- 11 agent, representative and attorney to receive service of any
- 12 lawful judicial and administrative process.

# §31A-8F-14. Representative office; factors for approval of application.

- (a) A foreign bank making an application for a license 2
- to establish and maintain a West Virginia representative 3
- office shall deliver to the commissioner two (or more as
- 4 the commissioner may require in writing) duplicate origi-
- 5 nals of the foreign bank's application.
- 6 (b) The commissioner may issue a license to a foreign 7 bank to establish and maintain a West Virginia representa-8 tive office if he or she finds:
- 9 (1) That the foreign bank is of sound financial stand-10 ing;
- 11 (2) That the management of the foreign bank and the 12 proposed management of the West Virginia representative
- 13 office are adequate and are of good reputation and char-14 acter:
- 15 (3) That the proposed office is not being formed for other than legitimate motives and purposes; and 16
- 17 (4) That the convenience and needs of persons to be 18 served by the proposed West Virginia representative office 19 will be promoted.
- 20 (c) If the commissioner determines to issue a license to 21 a foreign bank to establish and maintain a West Virginia 22 representative office, he or she shall, when all fees have 23 been paid as required under this article:
- 24 (1) Endorse on each duplicate original of the applica-25 tion the word "Filed", and the date of the filing thereof and 26 return to the foreign bank one such duplicate original so 27 endorsed:
- 28 (2) File in his or her office one of such duplicate orig-29 inals of the application; and
- 30 (3) Issue a license to establish and maintain a West 31 Virginia representative office to such foreign bank.

- 32 (d) Each license issued to a foreign bank to establish 33
- and maintain a West Virginia representative office shall 34
- state fully the name of the foreign bank to which such
- 35 license is issued, the address or addresses at which the West
- 36 Virginia representative office is to be located and all other
- 37 information as the commissioner may require.

# §31A-8F-15. Representative office; permissible activities.

- 1 (a) A foreign bank which is licensed to establish and 2 maintain a West Virginia representative office may, subject
- 3 to such rules as the commissioner may prescribe, engage
- 4 in the following activities:
- 5 (1) Solicitation for loans and in connection therewith
- 6 the assembling of credit information, making of property 7 inspections and appraisals, securing of title information,
- 8 preparing of applications for loans including making
- 9 recommendations with respect to action thereon,
- solicitating of investors to purchase loans from the foreign 10
- 1 I bank and searching for such investors to contract with the
- 12 foreign bank for servicing of such loans;
- 13 (2) The solicitation of new business;
- 14 (3) The conduct of research; and
- 15 (4) Back office administrative functions as may be
- 16 more specifically defined in rules issued by the commis-
- 17 sioner.
- 18 (b) Any other activity which the foreign bank seeks to
- 19 conduct at such office shall be subject to the prior written
- 20 approval of the commissioner upon finding that the char-
- acter of such other business is such that the granting of the 21
- 22 authority would not facilitate evasions of this article or
- 23 chapter or the rules or orders lawfully made hereunder.

# §31A-8F-16. Posting of license.

- Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish and
- maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia 2
- representative office shall post its license in a conspicuous 3
- place at the office.

# §31A-8F-17. Licenses not transferable.

No license issued by the commissioner in accordance with this article shall be transferable or assignable.

# §31A-8F-18. Amended license to establish and maintain a direct agency office or representative office.

- 1 (a) A foreign bank which is licensed to establish and 2 maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia 3 representative office must secure an amended license if it 4 changes its corporate name, changes corporate control, 5 changes the duration of its corporate existence or desires 6 to pursue in this state other or additional purposes than those set forth in its prior application under this article for 7 a license, by making application therefor to the commis-8 9 sioner.
- 10 (b) The requirements with respect to the form and 11 contents of an application under subsection (a) of this 12 section, the manner of its execution, the filing of duplicate 13 originals thereof with the commissioner, the issuance of an 14 amended license and the effect thereof shall be the same as in the case of an initial application for a license to es-15 16 tablish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office, except as may be provided 17 by the commissioner in the case of a change of control 18 which results merely from a corporate reorganization. 19

# §31A-8F-19. Change of control of foreign bank.

A foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office shall file with the commissioner a written notice and request an amended license under section eighteen of this article no later than fourteen calendar days after the foreign bank becomes aware of any acquisition of control of the foreign bank or the bank merges with another foreign or domestic bank.

# §31A-8F-20. Relocation of office; written notice necessary.

No foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office shall relocate any office unless the foreign bank provides prior written notice to the commis-

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- 5 sioner and the commissioner has approved such relocation6 in writing.
- §31A-8F-21. Examination; payment of fees.
  - 1 (a) A West Virginia state agency or West Virginia 2 representative office shall be subject to examination by the 3 commissioner at intervals and in a manner as he or she 4 shall establish by rule or order. Unless otherwise provided 5 by rule or order the examinations may be conducted an-6 nually.
  - 7 (b) In conducting an examination pursuant to this section, the commissioner shall:
  - 9 (1) Have full access to the offices, books, accounts and 10 records of each office located in this state as well as all of 11 the books, accounts and records maintained in this state of 12 any office not located in this state of such foreign bank; 13 and
    - (2) Have authority to require the attendance of and to examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required relative to the activities of such office.
    - (c) A foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office shall be assessed a reasonable fee for the expenses incurred by the commissioner in making an examination of the office.
    - (d) A foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office shall be subject to all reasonable fees and expenses in such amounts as the commissioner may require by rule or order.
  - 27 (e) The commissioner may require a West Virginia 28 state agency or West Virginia representative office to be 29 audited by an independent accountant licensed to practice 30 by the state of West Virginia. The accountant must have 31 knowledge and experience with respect to auditing books 32 of international corporations. The audit must be based on 33 generally accepted accounting standards without limitation

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on its scope. The cost of the audits must be paid by the 34 35 foreign bank.

# §31A-8F-22. Supervision and enforcement.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall have all of the powers 2 granted to him or her by the laws of this state to the extent appropriate to enable him or her to supervise each West 4 Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative of-5 fice.
- (b) If, after notice and a hearing, the commissioner finds that any person has violated any provision of this article or any regulation or order issued under this article, he or she may, in addition to any other remedy or action 10 available to the commissioner under the laws of this state, seek a civil penalty in an amount in accordance with this chapter and rules thereunder.
  - (c) In order to carry out the purposes under this article, the commissioner may:
    - (1) Enter into cooperative, coordinating or information-sharing agreements with any other bank supervisory agency or any organization affiliated or representing one or more bank supervisory agencies;
    - (2) With respect to periodic examination or other supervision of a foreign bank that maintains a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office, accept reports of examinations performed by, and reports submitted to, other bank supervisory agencies in lieu of conducting examinations, or of receiving reports, as might otherwise be required under this article;
    - (3) Enter into joint examinations or joint enforcement actions with any other bank supervisory agency having concurrent jurisdiction over any foreign bank: Provided, That the commissioner may at any time take any actions independently if the commissioner determines that the actions are necessary or appropriate to carry out his or her responsibilities under this article and to ensure compliance with the laws of this state:

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- 34 (4) Enter into contracts with any bank supervisory 35 agency having concurrent regulatory or supervisory juris-36 diction over a foreign bank maintaining a West Virginia 37 state agency or West Virginia representative office, to 38 engage the services of such agency's examiners at a rea-39 sonable rate of compensation or provide the services of 40 the commissioner's examiners at a reasonable rate of com-41 Provided, That any such contract shall be deemed excluded from the requirements of article three, 42 43 chapter five-a of this code; and
- 44 (5) Assess supervisory and examination fees that shall be payable by foreign banks maintaining a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office in connection with the commissioner's performance of his or her duties under this article and in accordance with rules 48 49 adopted by the commissioner.
- (d) Supervisory or examination fees assessed by the 50 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this 51 article may be shared with other bank supervisory agen-52 cies or any organizations affiliated with or representing 53 54 one or more bank supervisory agencies in accordance with agreements between the commissioner and such agencies 55 56 or organizations.

# §31A-8F-23. Reports.

- (a) Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish 1 and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia 2 representative office shall file with the commissioner such 3 reports as and when the commissioner may require. 4
- (b) Each report filed with the commissioner under this 5 article or any rule or order issued under this article shall 6 be in such form and contain such information, shall be signed in such manner, and shall be verified in such man-8 ner, as the commissioner may reasonably require.

# §31A-8F-24. Confidentiality of examination reports.

All reports of examinations and other records relating 1 to the financial condition of any foreign bank, branch. 2 agency office or representative office shall be confidential 3 and subject to subpoena in the same manner as those ex-

- 5 aminations and records of other financial institutions pur-
- 6 suant to section four, article two of this chapter.

## §31A-8F-25. Books, accounts and records.

- Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia
  - representative office shall maintain or make available at
- 4 any such office appropriate books, accounts and records
- 5 in the English language reflecting: (i) All transactions
- 6 effected by or on behalf of such office; and (ii) all actions
- 7 taken in this state by employees of the foreign banking
- B corporation located in this state to effect transactions on
- 9 behalf of any office of the foreign bank located outside
- 10 this state.

## §31A-8F-26. Separate assets.

- 1 (a) Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish
- 2 and maintain a West Virginia state agency in this state shall
- 3 keep the assets of its business in this state separate and
- 4 apart from the assets of its business outside this state as
- 5 though the West Virginia office was conducted as a sepa-
- 6 rate and distinct entity.
- 7 (b) The creditors of a foreign bank arising out of
- 8 transactions with, and recorded on the books of, its West 9 Virginia state agency shall be entitled to absolute prefer-
- 10 ence and priority over the creditors of the foreign bank's
- 11 offices located outside this state with respect to the assets
- 12 of the foreign bank in this state.

# §31A-8F-27. Disclosure of lack of federal deposit insurance.

- 1 Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish and
- 2 maintain a West Virginia state agency shall clearly and
- 3 conspicuously disclose that moneys held by or credit
- 4 balances in such office are not insured by the federal
- 5 deposit insurance corporation.

# §31A-8F-28. Capital equivalency deposit.

- 1 (a) Each foreign bank which is licensed to establish
- 2 and maintain a West Virginia state agency office shall
- 3 keep on deposit with an unaffiliated West Virginia bank(s)
- 4 as the foreign bank may designate and the commissioner

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- may approve, the capital equivalency deposit required by section nine of this article in the form of interest-hearing stocks and bonds, notes, debentures or other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. or guaranteed by the United States, or of this state, or of a city, county, town, village, school district, or instrumentality of this state or guaranteed by this state, or dollar depos-its or obligations of the international bank for reconstruction and development, or obligations issued by the interAmerican development bank, or obligations of the Asian development bank, or obligations issued by the African development bank, or other assets as the commis-sioner may by rule or order permit, based upon principal amount or market value, whichever is lower, in the case of the above-described securities, and subject to the limita-tions as he or she shall prescribe.
  - (b) The West Virginia bank designated to hold the assets in deposit shall issue a written receipt addressed and delivered to the commissioner reciting that the deposit is being held for the sole benefit of the United States domiciled creditors of the foreign bank's West Virginia state agency office and that the deposit is subject to the commissioner's order without offset for the payment of the creditors. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "creditor" shall not include any other offices, branches, subsidiaries or affiliates of the foreign bank.
  - (c) So long as it shall continue business in the ordinary course, such foreign bank shall be permitted to collect interest on the securities deposited under this section and from time to time exchange, examine and compare such securities.
    - (d) The commissioner in his or her discretion may require additional capital equivalency deposits if: (i) The financial condition of either the office(s) or the foreign bank warrants such additional protection; or (ii) other circumstances exist which may impair the office(s) or foreign bank's safety or soundness.
    - (e) West Virginia state agency offices must maintain a capital equivalency ledger showing the amount of net liabilities requiring capital equivalency coverage for each

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45 business day. On the last day of business of each month 46 the average daily balance shall be computed, and based 47 upon this computation, an increase in the deposit, if neces-48 sary to maintain the deposit at the level required by this 49 section, shall be made. Any such required increase must 50 be made within the first two business days of the following 51 month. For foreign banks having more than one agency 52 office in this state, the deposit required shall be deter-53 mined on an aggregate basis for all such agency offices in 54 this state. If securities comprise all or part of the deposit, 55 and interest rate changes or a decline in credit quality of 56 the security results in the depreciation of its market value. 57 the security shall be replaced with an instrument that qual-58 ifies under subsection (a) of this section or other appropri-59 ate action shall be taken to ensure the capital equivalency 60 deposit is adequately maintained.

# §31A-8F-29. Voluntary closure of agency or representative office: application.

- (a) No foreign bank which is licensed to establish and maintain a West Virginia state agency or West Virginia representative office shall close the office without filing an application with, and obtaining the prior approval of, the commissioner. The failure of an agency or representative office to remain open to the public for business at least six hours per day four days per week (excluding legal holidays) shall, unless previous approval for lesser hours has been granted by the commissioner, constitute a closing, 9 10 and may result in a suspension or revocation of license.
  - (b) If the commissioner finds, with respect to an application by a foreign bank under this section, that the closing of the office will not be substantially detrimental to the public convenience and advantage, the commissioner shall approve the application. If the commissioner finds otherwise, he or she shall deny the application.
  - (c) Whenever an application by a foreign bank under this section has been approved and all conditions precedent to the closing have been fulfilled, such foreign bank may close the office and shall promptly thereafter surrender to the commissioner the license which authorized the foreign bank to maintain the office.

# CHAPTER 44. ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES AND TRUSTS.

#### Article

- 5. General Provisions as to Fiduciaries.
- 10. Guardians and Wards Generally.

#### ARTICLE 5. GENERAL PROVISIONS AS TO FIDUCIARIES.

# §44-5-3. Appointment of nonresident; bond; service of notice and process; fees; penalty.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no 2 individual who is a nonresident of this state, nor any bank-3 ing institution which does not maintain a main office or 4 branch office within this state nor any corporation having 5 its principal office or place of business outside this state, 6 may be appointed or act as executor, administrator, curator, testamentary guardian, guardian or conservator in this 8 state, except that:
- Q (1) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed ancillary administrator of a nonresident 10 11 decedent's assets situate in this state if such nonresident individual is lawfully acting as executor in said decedent's 12 13 state of domicile and submits letters of probate authenti-14 cated by the probate authorities of the decedent's state of domicile to the clerk of the county commission of any 15 county of this state wherein ancillary administration is 16 17 sought;
- 18 (2) An individual who is a nonresident of this state 19 may be appointed ancillary administrator of a nonresident decedent's assets situate in this state if such nonresident 20 individual is acting as administrator in said decedent's 21 state of domicile and submits letters of administration 22 authenticated by the probate authorities of the decedent's 23 state of domicile to the clerk of the county commission of 24 any county of this state wherein ancillary administration is 25 26 sought:
- 27 (3) An individual who is a nonresident of this state 28 may be appointed and act as testamentary guardian of a 29 nonresident infant and thereby exercise dominion and

- control over such nonresident infant's assets situate in this state upon submission of authenticated documentation that such nonresident testamentary guardian was so appointed at the place of domicile of the nonresident infant. Such authenticated documentation shall be submitted to the clerk of the county commission of any county of this state wherein assets belonging to such nonresident infant are situate:
- 38 (4) An individual who is a nonresident of this state and who is named executor by a resident decedent may qualify and act as executor in this state;
  - (5) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed and act as administrator of a resident decedent's assets in this state if appointed in accordance with the provisions of section four, article one of this chapter;
  - (6) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed as the testamentary guardian of a resident infant if appointed in accordance with the provisions of section one, article ten of this chapter; and
  - (7) An individual who is a nonresident of this state may be appointed as guardian or conservator of a resident incompetent: *Provided*, That such appointment is made in accordance with the provisions of article two, chapter forty-four-a of this code and if such nonresident individual may otherwise qualify as guardian or conservator.
  - (b) Nonresident individuals enumerated in subsection (a) of this section shall give bond with corporate surety thereon, qualified to do business in this state, and the amount of such bond shall not be less than double the value of the personal assets and double the value of any real property authorized to be sold or double the value of any rents and profits from any real property which the nonresident individual is authorized to receive, except that:
  - (1) Any nonresident individual enumerated in subsection (a) of this section who is the spouse, parent, sibling, lineal descendent or sole beneficiary of a resident or nonresident decedent shall give bond with corporate surety

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thereon qualified to do business in this state, with such penalty as may be fixed pursuant to the provisions of section seven, article one of this chapter, as approved by the clerk of the county commission;

- (2) Where the terms of a decedent's will directs that a nonresident individual enumerated in subdivisions (1), (3), (4) and (6), subsection (a) of this section named in a decedent's will shall not give bond or give bond at a specified amount, it shall not be required or shall be required only to the extent required under the terms of the will, unless at the time the will is admitted to record or at any time subsequently, on the application of any person interested, or from the knowledge of the commission or clerk admitting the will to record, it is deemed proper that greater bond be given.
- 83 (c) When a nonresident individual is appointed as 84 executor, administrator, testamentary guardian, guardian 85 or conservator pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) 86 of this section, said individual thereby constitutes the clerk 87 of the county commission wherein such appointment was 88 made as his true and lawful attorney-in-fact upon whom 89 may be served all notices and process in any action or 90 proceeding against him as executor, administrator, testa-91 mentary guardian, guardian or conservator or with respect 92 to such estate, and such qualification shall be a manifesta-93 tion of said nonresident individual's agreement that any 94 notice or process, which is served in the manner hereinaf-95 ter provided in this subsection, shall be of the same legal 96 force and validity as though such nonresident was person-97 ally served with notice and process within this state. Ser-98 vice shall be made by leaving the original and two copies 99 of any notice or process together with a fee of five dollars 100 with the clerk of such county commission. The fee of five 101 dollars shall be deposited with the county treasurer. Such clerk shall thereupon endorse upon one copy thereof the 102 day and hour of service and shall file such copy in his 103 office and such service shall constitute personal service 104 upon such nonresident: Provided, That the other copy of 105 such notice or process shall be forthwith sent by registered 106 or certified mail, return receipt requested, deliver to ad-107 dressee only, by said clerk or to such nonresident at the 108

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109 address last furnished by him to said clerk and either: (1) 110 Such nonresident's return receipt signed by him; or (2) 111 the registered or certified mail bearing thereon the stamp 112 of the post office department showing that delivery there-113 fore was refused by such nonresident is appended to the 114 original notice or process filed therewith in the office of 115 the clerk of the county commission from which such no-116 tice or process was issued. No notice or process may be 117 served on such clerk of the county commission or accept-118 ed by him less than thirty days before the return date 119 thereof. The clerk of such county commission shall keep 120 a record in his office of all such notices and processes and 121 the day and hour of service thereof. The provision for 122 service of notice or process herein provided is cumulative 123 and nothing herein contained shall be construed as bar to 124 service by publication where proper or the service of no-125 tice or process in any other lawful mode or manner.

- (d) The personal estate of a resident decedent, infant or incompetent may not be removed from this state until the inventory or appraisement of that resident decedent's, infant's, or incompetent's assets have been filed and any new or additional bond required to satisfy the penalty specified in subsection (b) of this section has been furnished. The liability of a nonresident executor, administrator, testamentary guardian, guardian or conservator and of any such surety shall be joint and several and a civil action on any such bond may be instituted and maintained against the surety, notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, even though no civil action has been instituted against such nonresident.
- 139 (e) Any such nonresident who removes from this state assets administered in and situate in this state without com-140 141 plying with the provisions of this section, the provisions of 142 article eleven of this chapter or any other requirement pertaining to fiduciaries generally, shall be guilty of a 143 144 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 145 not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the 146 county jail for not more than one year, or, in the discre-147 tion of the court, by both such fine and imprisonment.

148 (f) If a nonresident appointed pursuant to subsection 149 (a) of this section fails or refuses to file an accounting 150 required by this chapter, and the failure continues for two 151 months after the due date, he may, upon notice and hear-152 ing, be removed or subjected to any other appropriate 153 order by the county commission, and if his failure or 154 refusal to account continues for six months, he shall be 155 removed by the county commission.

#### ARTICLE 10. GUARDIANS AND WARDS GENERALLY.

# §44-10-7. Management of ward's estate; maintenance, education and custody; duration of guardianship; settlement.

1 Every guardian who is appointed as aforesaid, and 2 gives bond when it is required, shall have the possession, 3 care and management of his ward's estate, real and per-4 sonal, and out of the proceeds of such estate shall provide 5 for his maintenance and education; and shall have also. 6 except as otherwise provided in this article, the custody of 7 his ward. Unless the guardian shall die, be removed or 8 resign his trust (and the court before which he qualified 9 may allow him to resign), he shall continue in office until 10 his ward shall attain the age of eighteen years notwithstanding the ward may marry before that time, or, in the 11 12 case of a testamentary guardianship, until the termination 13 of the period limited therefor. At the expiration of his 14 trust, he shall deliver and pay all the estate and money in 15 his hands, or with which he is chargeable, to the person or 16 persons entitled thereto. But the father or mother of any 17 minor child or children shall be entitled to the custody of the person of such child or children, and to the care of his 18 19 or their education. If living together, the father and mother shall be the joint guardians of the person of their minor 20 21 child or children, with equal powers, rights and duties in 22 respect to the custody, control, services, earnings and care 23 of the education of such minor child or children; and 24 neither the father nor the mother shall have any right 25 paramount to that of the other in respect to such custody, 26 control, services or earnings and care of the education of 27 such minor child or children. If the father and mother be living apart, the court to which application is made from 28 the appointment of a guardian, or before which any such 29 matter comes in question, shall appoint, as guardian of the 30

31 person of the minor child or children of such father and 32 mother, that parent who is, in the court's opinion, best 33 suited for the trust, considering the welfare and best inter-34 ests of such minor child or children. No corporation or 35 trust company shall be guardian of any minor child or 36 children be entitled to the custody, control, services, earn-37 ings and care of the education of such minor child or 38 children, and when any corporation or trust company is 39 guardian of the estate of any minor child or children and 40 neither of the parents of such child or children is living, or 41 is a suitable person to act as guardian of the person of such child or children, then the court shall appoint a 42 43 guardian of the person of such child or children who shall be entitled to the custody, control, services, earnings and 44 45 care of the education of such minor child or children. 46 Any corporation or trust company appointed as guardian of the estate of any minor child or children shall, unless 47 48 for such minor child or children a nonresident of this state 49 may be appointed guardian, be a corporation organized 50 under the laws of this state and doing business in this state, 51 or an authorized banking institution, defined as one au-52 thorized to exercise trust and fiduciary powers within this 53 state under section fourteen, article four, chapter 54 thirty-one-a of this code.

# CHAPTER 44A. WEST VIRGINIA GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP ACT.

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

# §44A-1-11. Guardian or conservator who resides out of state to designate resident agent.

A guardian or conservator who is or who later be-2 comes a nonresident of this state shall file with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the proceeding is 3 pending or where he or she was appointed guardian/con-4 servator a designation of an agent residing in this state to 5 accept service of process. Such filing shall be made 6 promptly following the change of residence. 7 authorized to execute trust powers or engage in trust busi-8 ness in this state shall be considered to be a nonresident of 9 this state for purposes of this section regardless of the 10 location of the main office of the bank. 11

# **CHAPTER 73**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 366—By Senators Manchin, Helmick, Blatnik, Chafin, Craigo, Dittmar, Sharpe, Wagner, Wiedebusch, Wooton, Kimble, Scott and Yoder)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

N ACT to repeal article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections five and six, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections five and eight, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section two, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twelve-a, article eight of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one hundred two and one hundred three, article one, chapter forty-six-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections one hundred four and one hundred eleven, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one hundred one, one hundred two, one hundred three, one hundred four, one hundred five, one hundred seven, one hundred eight, one hundred nine, one hundred ten, one hundred eleven, one hundred twelve and one hundred thirteen, article four of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section one hundred ten-a; to amend and reenact sections one hundred one and one hundred three, article five of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one hundred three and one hundred fifteen, article seven of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one hundred one, article eight of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section five-d, article six, chapter forty-seven of said code, all relating to the supervision and regulation of banking institutions; eliminating separate licensing requirements for supervised lenders and industrial loan companies; creating a license requirement for regulated consumer lenders; defining and redefining terms; making certain technical revisions consistent with new terminology; removing obsolete and conflicting language; establishing the annual assessment for regulated consumer lenders; establishing limitations on finance charges; requiring the rebate of portion of unearned prepaid finance charges; requiring the registration and licensing of consumer lending offices other than mortgage loan companies operating in West Virginia; setting forth licensure requirements for regulated consumer lenders and establishing a fee therefor; when license may be revoked, suspended or forfeited; licensee to maintain records and file annual report with commissioner; providing for the examination by the commissioner of loans, business and records of every licensee at least every eighteen months; limiting authorized finance charges for regulated consumer lenders; setting forth restrictions on security interests; permissible conduct other than making loans; prohibiting certain conduct; substantial benefit required when refinancing at higher rate; exceptions; providing for the continuation of and for the combination of certain licenses; setting forth civil and criminal liability; establishing civil and criminal penalties; providing for the division of administrative powers to enforce consumer credit and protection laws; notification to state tax commissioner; establishing operative date of legislative enactment; authorizing certain deductions upon rebate of unearned finance charges; and clarifying definition of "loan or credit investigation fees".

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections five and six, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections five and eight, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twenty-two, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section two, article seven of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twelve-a, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one hundred two and one hundred three, article one, chapter forty-six-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one hundred four and one hundred eleven, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one hundred one, one hundred two, one hundred three, one hundred four, one hundred five, one hundred seven, one hundred eight, one hundred nine, one hundred ten, one hundred eleven, one hundred twelve and one hundred thirteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one hundred ten-a; that sections one hundred one and one hundred three, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one hundred three and one hundred fifteen, article seven of

said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one hundred one, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section five-d, article six, chapter forty-seven of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

# Chapter

- 31A. Banks and Banking.
- 46A. West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act.
  - 47. Regulation of Trade.

## CHAPTER 31A. BANKS AND BANKING.

#### Article

- 1. General Provisions and Definitions.
- 2. Division of Banking.
- 4. Banking Institutions and Services Generally.
- 7. Regulation of Failing Financial Institutions.
- 8. Hearings; Administrative Procedures; Judicial Review; Unlawful Acts; Penalties.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.

- §31A-1-5. Lending and investing powers and authority of fiduciaries, financial institutions, governmental entities and other persons.
- §31A-1-6. Deposit insurance required for banking and other depository institutions.

# §31A-1-5. Lending and investing powers and authority of fiduciaries, financial institutions, governmental entities and other persons.

- 1 The state of West Virginia, counties, municipalities,
- 2 political subdivisions and agencies and instrumentalities of
- 3 any of them, fiduciaries, building and loan associations,
- 4 regulated consumer lenders, insurance companies, frater-
- 5 nal benefit societies and other persons lawfully engaging
- 6 in the lending and investing business and services shall
- 7 have and are hereby authorized and empowered to exer-
- 8 cise the same lawful rights and privileges as are banking 9 institutions under provisions of sections twenty-seven.
- twenty-eight and twenty-nine, article four of this chapter.
- §31A-1-6. Deposit insurance required for banking and other

depository institutions.

All credit unions established pursuant to article ten, chapter thirty-one of this code and all banking institutions governed by the provisions of this chapter shall qualify for and obtain federal deposit insurance, or shall obtain insurance as approved by the commissioner of banking in an amount equal to that provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation for eligible institutions.

8 Each such institution which fails to obtain deposit 9 insurance as required herein by the first day of July, one 10 thousand nine hundred seventy-eight, shall be prohibited 11 from conducting any business as a lending institution until 12 such insurance is obtained, except that the commissioner 13 may grant continuances for compliance with this section for any institution showing good cause for such a continu-14 15 ance.

#### ARTICLE 2. DIVISION OF BANKING.

- §31A-2-5. Certificate or license to engage in business; filing of amendments to charter, bylaws and foreign statutes.
- §31A-2-8. Commissioner's assessments and examination fund; assessments, costs and expenses of examinations; collection.

# \*§31A-2-5. Certificate or license to engage in business; filing of amendments to charter, bylaws and foreign statutes.

- 1 (a) No person shall engage or continue in the business of a financial institution in this state without a license or certificate to do so issued in accordance with this section, or other applicable law, which license or certificate remains unsuspended, unexpired and unrevoked except that a corporation which proposes to apply for such license or certificate may secure its charter, adopt bylaws, elect its directors and officers and perfect its organization.
- 9 (b) No person shall operate an office in West Virgin-10 ia which regularly makes consumer loans in this state 11 other than first mortgage loans unless they are a financial 12 institution, licensed pawnbroker or a federally insured 13 depository institution authorized and qualified to do busi-14 ness in this state. The purchase of consumer paper does 15 not constitute the making of consumer loans for the pur-

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 280 (Chapter 72) and S. B. 326 (Chapter 70), which passed prior to this act.

- poses of this subsection, unless the purchase is made by a business affiliated with the credit provider pursuant to a standing arrangement.
- 19 (c) Application for such license or certificate shall be 20 upon such forms and contain such information as the 2.1 commissioner may prescribe. In connection with such 2.2 applications every corporate financial institution shall file 23 a certified copy of its charter and bylaws, a statement as to 24 the amount of capital that has been subscribed and paid in 25 and a statement of its financial condition duly verified under oath by its president or vice president and its cashier 26 27 or secretary as the case may be and every financial institu-28 tion other than a corporation shall file a verified statement 29 of its financial condition.
- 30 (d) If the application be that of a West Virginia state 31 banking institution, the commissioner of banking shall 32 examine the information, documents and statements sub-33 mitted and, if he finds that such banking institution has 34 adopted bylaws which provide practical, safe, just and 35 equitable rules and methods for the management of its 36 business and it has complied in all respects with the provi-37 sions of this chapter and other applicable laws, he shall issue to it a certificate or license permitting it to engage in 38 39 business. If the application be that of a financial institu-40 tion other than a banking institution, the commissioner of 41 banking shall examine the information, documents and 42 statements submitted, and, if he finds that such financial 43 institution has adequate resources for the proposed business and has provided practical, safe, just and equitable 44 45 rules and methods for the management of its business, and 46 it has complied in all respects with the provisions of this chapter and other applicable laws, and that the public 47 48 convenience and advantage will be promoted by the issu-49 ance of a certificate or license thereto, he shall issue to it a certificate or license permitting it to engage in business. 50 Such certificate or license shall be preserved and the origi-51 nal or copy thereof displayed in all the places of business 52 of such banking or other financial institution located in 53 54 this state.
  - (e) In addition to the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section, every foreign corporation applying

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57 for a license or certificate to engage in the business of a 58 financial institution in this state, other than an out-of-state 59 banking institution, shall file with the commissioner of 60 banking a copy of the bylaws under which it operates, 61 together with a cite to the statutes of the jurisdiction where 62 it is organized which pertain to its organization and pow-63 ers and the conduct of its business. The commissioner 64 shall examine the information, documents and statements submitted by such foreign corporation and if he finds that 65 66 they provide practical, safe, just and equitable rules and 67 methods for the management of the business of the corporation, that it has adequate resources for the proposed 68 69 business and it has complied in all respects with the provi-70 sions of this chapter and other applicable laws, and that the 71 public convenience and advantage will be promoted by 72 the issuance of a license or certificate thereto, he shall 73 issue to such corporation a certificate or license permitting 74 it to engage in business in this state, which certificate or 75 license shall authorize such corporation to engage in the 76 business of the type of financial institution specified there-77 in, until the thirtieth day of the following June. Thereafter a new certificate or license shall be secured annually by 78 any such foreign corporation, except where annual renew-79 80 al of the license or certificate is specifically not required 81 for the type of institution involved. The fee for the original and each additional license or certificate issued to a 82 83 foreign corporation shall be one hundred dollars, unless 84 otherwise provided by statute. A verified statement of the financial condition of every such foreign corporation shall 85 86 be filed with the commissioner before the issuance of each 87 annual certificate or license. Such certificate or license shall be preserved and the original or copy thereof dis-88 played in the West Virginia place of business of such cor-89 90 poration.

(f) Unless the institution is a federally insured depository institution or it is otherwise provided for by statute, a new certificate or license shall be secured annually by all domestic state financial institutions, and the fee for the original and each additional license or certificate shall be one hundred dollars.

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- 97 (g) No amendment of the charter or bylaws of any 98 domestic or foreign corporation, other than an out-of-state 99 banking institution, engaging in business in this state as a 100 financial institution shall become effective until the pro-101 posed change shall have been submitted to and approved 102 by the commissioner of banking; but, if the commissioner does not disapprove such proposed change within twenty 103 104 days after it is received by him, it shall be deemed to have 105 been approved.
- 106 (h) Unless specifically provided for by this chapter, 107 nothing contained in this code shall authorize any person 108 to engage in the banking business in this state except corporations chartered to conduct a banking business under 109 110 the laws of West Virginia and which hold a license or cer-111 tificate to do so issued under this section or associations authorized to conduct a banking business in West Virginia 112 113 under the laws of the United States and having their principal place of business in this state. 114

# §31A-2-8. Commissioner's assessments and examination fund; assessments, costs and expenses of examinations; collection.

(a) All moneys collected by the commissioner from financial institutions and bank holding companies for assessments, examination fees, investigation fees or other necessary expenses incurred by the commissioner in administering such duties shall be paid to the commissioner and paid by the commissioner to the treasurer of the state to the credit of a special revenue account to be known as the "Commissioner's Assessment and Examination Fund" which is hereby established. The assessments and fees paid into this account shall be appropriated by law and used to pay the costs and expenses of the division of banking and all incidental costs and expenses necessary for its operations. At the end of each fiscal year, if the fund contains a sum of money in excess of twenty percent of the appropriated budget of the division of banking, the amount of the excess shall be transferred to the general revenue fund of the state. The Legislature may appropriate money to start the special revenue account.

19 (b) The commissioner of banking shall charge and collect from each state banking institution or other financial institution or bank holding company and pay into a special revenue account in the state treasury for the division of banking assessments as follows:

(1) For each state banking institution, a semiannual assessment payable on the first day of January and the first day of July, each year, computed upon the total assets of the banking institution shown on the report of condition of the banking institution filed as of the preceding thirtieth day of June and the thirty-first day of December, respectively, as follows:

31		Total	Asse	ts						
32			Bu	Of Excess						
33	Over		Over		This				Over	
34	, Mi	llion	M	illion	A	mount	Plus		Million	
35	\$	0	\$	2	\$	0	.0016450	020	0	
36		2		20		3,290	.000205	628	2	
37		20		100		6,991	.000164	502	20	
38		100		200		20,151	.000106	926	100	
39		200		1,000		30,844	.000090	476	200	
40	1	,000		2,000		103,225	.000074	026	1,000	
41	2	,000		6,000		177,251	.000065	801	2,000	
42	6	,000	2	20,000		440,454	.000055	988	6,000	
43	20	,000	4	0,000	1,	224,292	.000052	670	20,000	

(2) For each regulated consumer lender an annual assessment payable on the first day of July, each year, computed upon the total outstanding gross loan balances and installment sales contract balances net of unearned interest of the regulated consumer lender shown on the report of condition of the regulated consumer lender as of the preceding thirty-first day of December, respectively, as follows:

52	Total Out	standing H	Balances		
53		<b>But Not</b>	This		Of Excess
54	Over	Over	Amount	Plus	Over

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55	\$ 0	\$ 1,000,000	800	-	-
56	1,000,000	5,000,000	800	.000400	1,000,000
57	5,000,000	10,000,000	2,400	.000200	5,000,000
58	10,000,000	-	4,200	.000100	10,000,000

If a regulated consumer lender's records or documents are maintained in more than one location in this state, then eight hundred dollars may be added to the assessment for each additional location.

63 (3) For each credit union, an annual assessment as 64 provided for in section six, article ten, chapter thirty-one 65 of this code as follows:

66		To				
67			<b>But Not</b>	This		Of Excess
68	Ove	er	Over	Amount	Plus	Over
69	\$	0	\$ 100,000	100	-	-
70	10	0,000	500,000	300	-	-
71	50	0,000	1,000,000	500	-	-
72	1,00	0,000	5,000,000	500	.000400	1,000,000
73	5,00	0,000	10,000,000	2,100	.000200	5,000,000
74	10,00	0,000	-	3,100	.000100	10,000,000

- (4) For each bank holding company, an annual assessment as provided for in section five, article eight-a of this chapter. The annual assessment shall not exceed ten dollars per million dollars in deposits rounded off to the nearest million dollars.
- (c) The commissioner shall each December and each June prepare and send to each state banking institution a statement of the amount of the assessment due. The commissioner shall, further, each June, prepare and send to each regulated consumer lender and each state credit union a statement of the amount of the assessment due. The commissioner shall, annually, during the month of January, prepare and send to each bank holding company a statement of the amount of the assessment due.

Assessments shall be prescribed annually, not later than the fifteenth day of June, by written order of the

- 91 commissioner, but shall not exceed the maximums as set 92 forth in subsection (b) of this section. In setting the as-93 sessments the primary consideration shall be the amount 94 appropriated by the Legislature for the division of bank-95 ing for the corresponding annual period. Reasonable 96 notice of the assessments shall be made to all interested 97 parties. All orders of the commissioner for the purpose of 98 setting assessments are not subject to the provisions of the 99 West Virginia administrative procedures act, under chapter 100 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 101 (d) For making an examination within the state of any 102 other financial institution for which assessments are not 103 provided by this code, the commissioner of banking shall 104 charge and collect from such other financial institution 105 and pay into the special revenue account for the division 106 of banking the actual and necessary costs and expenses 107 incurred in connection therewith, as fixed and determined 108 by the commissioner.
- 109 (e) If the records of an institution are located outside 110 this state, the institution at its option shall make them avail-111 able to the commissioner at a convenient location within 112 the state, or pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for 113 the commissioner or his or her representatives to examine them at the place where they are maintained. The com-114 115 missioner may designate representatives, including comparable officials of the state in which the records are located, 116 117 to inspect them on his or her behalf.
- 118 (f) The commissioner of banking may maintain an 119 action for the recovery of all assessments, costs and ex-120 penses in any court of competent jurisdiction.

# ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.

# §31A-4-22. Reserves required of banking institutions; reports; penalties.

- Each state banking institution shall at all times maintain on hand as a reserve in lawful money of the United
- 3 States of America an amount equal to at least seven per-
- 4 cent of the aggregate of all of its deposits which are sub-

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ject to withdrawal on demand and three percent of its time deposits. Whenever the commissioner of banking shall 7 determine that the maintenance of sound banking practic-8 es or the prevention of injurious credit expansion or contraction makes such action advisable, he may by rule from 9 time to time change such requirements as to reserves 10 against demand or time deposits, or both, but the reserves 11 12 so prescribed shall in no event be less than those specified 13 in this section nor more than twice those specified. When-14 ever such reserve shall fall below that required, the institu-15 tion shall not thereafter make any new loan or investment 16 until the required reserve shall be restored. For the purpose of computing such reserve, all deposits requiring 17 18 notice of thirty days or more for withdrawal and time 19 certificates of deposit and Christmas savings shall be 20 deemed time deposits, and all checking accounts, certified 21 checks, cashier's checks, demand certificates of deposit 22 and balances due other banks shall be deemed demand deposits. But in lieu of lawful money on hand, four fifths 23 of such reserve may consist of balances payable on de-24 mand from any national or state bank doing business in 25 this state or solvent banking institutions in other states. 26 The reserve balances required herein shall be computed 27 on the basis of average daily net deposit balances and 28 average daily currency and coin during biweekly periods. 29 The required reserve balance of each bank shall be com-30 puted at the close of business each day based upon its net 31 deposit balances and currency and coin at the opening of 32 business on the same day. The biweekly period shall end 33 at the close of business on days to be fixed by the com-34 missioner in his promulgated rules. When, however, the 35 reserve computation period ends with a nonbusiness day, 36 or two or more consecutive nonbusiness days, such non-37 business day or days may, at the option of the banking 38 institution, and whether or not it had a deficiency in re-39 serve balances in such computation period, be included in 40 the next biweekly computation period. 41

The commissioner shall, by rule and regulation, require regular reports from such banking institutions, which reports shall be submitted at such times and contain such information as will enable the commissioner to ade-

- 46 quately supervise the maintenance of reserves under this 47 section. Penalties for any deficiencies in the required reserves of any banking institution shall be assessed monthly 48 49 by the commissioner on the basis of average daily defi-50 ciencies during each of the computation periods ending in 51 the preceding calendar month. Such penalties shall be 52 assessed at a rate of two percent per annum above the 53 lowest rate applicable to borrowings by member banks 54 from the federal reserve bank of the district in which such 55 deficient institution is located on the first day of the calen-56 dar month in which the deficiencies occurred. Such penalties shall be paid by the commissioner into the treasury 57 58 of the state of West Virginia and credited to the general 59 fund.
- 60 Compliance on the part of any banking institution 61 with the reserve requirements of the federal reserve act, as 62 amended prior to the thirty-first day of January, one thou-63 sand nine hundred eighty-one, shall be considered full 64 compliance with the provisions of this section. No such bank may be required to carry or maintain a reserve other 65 66 than such as required under terms of the federal reserve 67 act, as amended prior to the thirty-first day of January, 68 one thousand nine hundred eighty-one.

## ARTICLE 7. REGULATION OF FAILING FINANCIAL INSTITU-TIONS.

# §31A-7-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of bank-3 ing of West Virginia and any authorized deputy or em-4 ployee thereof;
- (b) "Federal law" means all the provisions of Title XII
  of the United States Code and all rules and regulations
  promulgated pursuant thereto;
- 8 (c) "Financial institution" means any bank, building 9 and loan association, industrial bank, regulated consumer 10 lender, credit union and any other person, firm or corpo-11 ration doing business under the jurisdiction and supervi-12 sion of the commissioner of banking of West Virginia;

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- (d) A financial institution is "about to be insolvent"
  when it would be unable to meet the demands of its depositors or to make adequate provision for the timely payment of its depositors if it were immediately closed for the purpose of liquidation;
  - (e) A financial institution is "insolvent" when it is unable to pay its debts to its depositors and other creditors in the ordinary and usual course of business or when it is in a state of balance sheet insolvency; and
- 22 (f) "Balance sheet insolvency" exists when the assets of 23 a financial institution are less than its liabilities, exclusive 24 of capital. For the purposes of ascertaining balance sheet 25 insolvency, assets shall be valued at their book value, un-26 less the commissioner of banking determines that the assets are insufficient to meet liabilities within a reasonable 27 28 time making probable the liquidation of assets; and if any 29 such determination is made, the assets shall be valued at fair market value. 30
- ARTICLE 8. HEARINGS; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES; JUDICIAL REVIEW; UNLAWFUL ACTS; PENALTIES.
- §31A-8-12a. Banking from mobile units prohibited; prohibition not to include messenger services; limitation of messenger services.

It is illegal for any banking institution, building and 1 loan association, or regulated consumer lender to conduct its business in a facility that is a mobile unit not permanently attached to the real estate upon which it is located, except that such mobile units may be used as temporary 5 banking quarters pending construction of a permanent bank building on the same or adjacent property thereto if 7 a charter for said bank has previously been approved. 8 This section shall not be construed or interpreted to prohibit a financial institution from providing messenger services to its customers by which items are received by 11 mail, armored car service or other courier or delivery 12 service for subsequent deposit: Provided, That all such 13 messenger services are confined to the territorial bound-14 aries of the county in which the principal office of such 15

- 16 financial institution is located or within twenty-five miles
- 17 of the principal office of such financial institution.

# CHAPTER 46A. WEST VIRGINIA CONSUMER CREDIT AND PROTECTION ACT.

#### Article

- 1. Short Title, Definitions and General Provisions.
- 3. Finance Charges and Related Provisions.
- 4. Regulated Consumer Lenders.
- 5. Civil Liability and Criminal Penalties.
- 7. Administration.
- 8. Operative Date and Provisions for Transition.

# ARTICLE 1. SHORT TITLE, DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §46A-1-102. General definitions.
- §46A-1-103. Effect of chapter on powers of persons making consumer credit sales and consumer loans, and others; consumer protection generally.

#### \*§46A-1-102. General definitions.

- 1 In addition to definitions appearing in subsequent 2 articles, in this chapter:
- 3 (1) "Actuarial method" means the method, defined by 4 rules adopted by the commissioner, of allocating pay-
- 5 ments made on a debt between principal or amount fi-6 nanced and loan finance charge or sales finance charge
- 7 pursuant to which a payment is applied first to the accu-
- 8 mulated loan finance charge or sales finance charge and
- 9 the balance is applied to the unpaid principal or unpaid
- 10 amount financed.
- 11 (2) "Agreement" means the bargain of the parties in
- 12 fact as found in their language or by implication from
- 13 other circumstances including course of dealing or usage
- 14 of trade or course of performance. A "consumer credit
- 15 agreement" is an agreement where credit is granted.
- 16 (3) "Agricultural purpose" means a purpose related to
- 17 the production, harvest, exhibition, marketing, transporta-
- 18 tion, processing or manufacture of agricultural products

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4371 (Chapter 160), which passed prior to this act.

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- 19 by a natural person who cultivates, plants, propagates or nurtures the agricultural products. "Agricultural products" 20 21 includes agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and dairy 22 products, livestock, wildlife, poultry, bees, forest products. 23 fish and shellfish, and any products thereof, including 24 processed and manufactured products, and any and all 25 products raised or produced on farms and any processed
- 26 or manufactured products thereof.
- 27 (4) "Amount financed" means the total of the follow-28 ing items to the extent that payment is deferred:
- 29 (a) The cash price of the goods, services or interest in 30 land, less the amount of any down payment whether made in cash or in property traded in;
- 32 (b) The amount actually paid or to be paid by the 33 seller pursuant to an agreement with the buyer to dis-34 charge a security interest in or a lien on property traded in: and
  - (c) If not included in the cash price:
- 37 (i) Any applicable sales, use, privilege, excise or docu-38 mentary stamp taxes;
- 39 (ii) Amounts actually paid or to be paid by the seller for registration, certificate of title or license fees; and 40
- 41 (iii) Additional charges permitted by this chapter.
  - (5) "Average daily balance" in a billing cycle for which a sales finance charge or loan finance charge is made is the sum of the amount unpaid each day during that cycle divided by the number of days in that cycle. The amount unpaid on a day is determined by adding to the balance, if any, unpaid as of the beginning of that day all purchases and other debits and deducting all payments and other credits made or received as of that day.
  - (6) The "cash price" of goods, services or an interest in land means the price at which the goods, services or interest in land are offered for sale by the seller to cash buvers in the ordinary course of business, and may include: (a) Applicable sales, use, privilege, and excise and documentary stamp taxes; (b) the cash price of accessories or related

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- 56 services such as delivery, installation, servicing, repairs, alterations and improvements; and (c) amounts actually 57 58 paid or to be paid by the seller for registration, certificate
- 59 of title or license fees.
- 60 (7) "Closing costs" with respect to a debt secured by an 61 interest in land include:
- 62 (a) Fees or premiums for title examination, title insur-63 ance or similar purposes including surveys;
- 64 (b) Fees for preparation of a deed, deed of trust, mort-65 gage, settlement statement or other documents;
- 66 (c) Escrows for future payments of taxes and insur-67 ance:
  - (d) Official fees and fees for notarizing deeds and other documents:
- 70 (e) Appraisal fees; and
- 71 (f) Credit reports.
- 72 (8) "Code" means the official code of West Virginia, 73 one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended.
  - (9) "Commercial facsimile transmission" means the electronic or telephonic transmission in the state to a facsimile device to encourage a person to purchase goods, realty or services.
- 78 (10) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of 79 banking of West Virginia.
- 80 (11) "Conspicuous": A term or clause is conspicuous 81 when it is so written that a reasonable person against whom it is to operate ought to have noticed it. Whether a term or 82 83 clause is conspicuous or not is for decision by the court.
- 84 (12) "Consumer" means a natural person who incurs 85 debt pursuant to a consumer credit sale or a consumer 86 loan, or debt or other obligations pursuant to a consumer lease.

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- 88 (13) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), "consumer credit sale" is a sale of goods, services or an interest in land in which:
- 91 (i) Credit is granted either by a seller who regularly 92 engages as a seller in credit transactions of the same kind 93 or pursuant to a seller credit card;
  - (ii) The buyer is a person other than an organization;
- 95 (iii) The goods, services or interest in land are pur-96 chased primarily for a personal, family, household or 97 agricultural purpose;
- 98 (iv) Either the debt is payable in installments or a sales 99 finance charge is made; and
- (v) With respect to a sale of goods or services, the amount financed does not exceed forty-five thousand dollars or the sale is of a factory-built home as defined in section two, article fifteen, chapter thirty-seven of this code.
- (b) "Consumer credit sale" does not include a sale in which the seller allows the buyer to purchase goods or services pursuant to a lender credit card or similar arrangement.
- 109 (14) (a) "Consumer lease" means a lease of goods:
- (i) Which a lessor regularly engaged in the business of leasing makes to a person, other than an organization, who takes under the lease primarily for a personal, family, household or agricultural purpose;
  - (ii) In which the total of payments under the lease, excluding payments for options to renew or buy, do not exceed forty-five thousand dollars or in which the lease is of a factory-built home as defined in section two, article fifteen, chapter thirty-seven of this code; and
- (iii) Which is for a term exceeding four months.
- (b) "Consumer lease" does not include a lease madepursuant to a lender credit card or similar arrangement.

- 122 (15) "Consumer loan" is a loan made by a person 123 regularly engaged in the business of making loans in 124 which:
- 125 (a) The debtor is a person other than an organization;
- 126 (b) The debt is incurred primarily for a personal, fam-127 ily, household or agricultural purpose;
- 128 (c) Either the debt is payable in installments or a loan 129 finance charge is made; and
- 130 (d) Either the principal does not exceed forty-five 131 thousand dollars or the debt is secured by an interest in 132 land or a factory-built home as defined in section two. 133 article fifteen, chapter thirty-seven of this code.
- 134 (16) "Cosigner" means a natural person who assumes 135 liability for the obligation on a consumer credit sale or 136 consumer loan without receiving goods, services or money 137 in return for the obligation or, in the case of a revolving 138 charge account or revolving loan account of a consumer, 139 without receiving the contractual right to obtain extensions 140 of credit under the account. The term cosigner includes 141 any person whose signature is requested as a condition to 142 granting credit to a consumer or as a condition for for-143 bearance on collection of a consumer's obligation that is 144 in default. The term cosigner does not include a spouse 145 whose signature is required to perfect a security interest. 146 A person who meets the definition in this paragraph is a 147 "cosigner" whether or not the person is designated as such 148 on the credit obligation.
- (17) "Credit" means the privilege granted by a creditor 149 to a debtor to defer payment of debt or to incur debt and 150 defer its payment.
- 152 (18) "Earnings" means compensation paid or payable 153 to an individual or for his account for personal services rendered or to be rendered by him, whether denominated 154 155 as wages, salary, commission, bonus or otherwise, and 156 includes periodic payments pursuant to a pension, retire-157 ment or disability program.

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- 158 (19) "Facsimile device" means a machine that receives 159 and copies reproductions or facsimiles of documents or 160 photographs that have been transmitted electronically or 161 telephonically over telecommunications lines.
- 162 (20) "Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act" means 163 the "Consumer Credit Protection Act" (Public Law 90-321; 164 82 Stat. 146), as amended, and includes regulations issued 165 pursuant to that act.
  - (21) "Goods" includes goods not in existence at the time the transaction is entered into and gift and merchandise certificates, but excludes money, chattel paper, documents of title and instruments.
- 170 (22) "Home solicitation sale" means a consumer credit 171 sale in excess of twenty-five dollars in which the buyer 172 receives a solicitation of the sale at a place other than the 173 seller's business establishment at a fixed location and the 174 buyer's agreement or offer to purchase is there given to 175 the seller or a person acting for the seller. The term does 176 not include a sale made pursuant to a preexisting 177 open-end credit account with the seller in existence for at 178 least three months prior to the transaction, a sale made 179 pursuant to prior negotiations between the parties at the 180 seller's business establishment at a fixed location, a sale of 181 motor vehicles, mobile homes or farm equipment or a sale 182 which may be rescinded under the federal Truth in Lend-183 ing Act (being Title I of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act). A sale which would be a home solicita-184 185 tion sale if credit were extended by the seller is a home solicitation sale although the goods or services are paid 186 187 for, in whole or in part, by a consumer loan in which the 188 creditor is subject to claims and defenses arising from the 189 sale.
  - (23) Except as otherwise provided, "lender" includes an assignee of the lender's right to payment but use of the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any obligation of the lender.
- 194 (24) "Lender credit card or similar arrangement" 195 means an arrangement or loan agreement, other than a 196 seller credit card, pursuant to which a lender gives a debtor

- the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit or other credit confirmation or identification in transactions out of which debt arises:
- 200 (a) By the lender's honoring a draft or similar order for the payment of money drawn or accepted by the consumer;
- 203 (b) By the lender's payment or agreement to pay the consumer's obligations; or
- 205 (c) By the lender's purchase from the obligee of the consumer's obligations.
- 207 (25) "Loan" includes:
- 208 (a) The creation of debt by the lender's payment of or agreement to pay money to the consumer or to a third 210 party for the account of the consumer other than debts created pursuant to a seller credit card;
- 212 (b) The creation of debt by a credit to an account with 213 the lender upon which the consumer is entitled to draw 214 immediately;
- 215 (c) The creation of debt pursuant to a lender credit 216 card or similar arrangement; and
- 217 (d) The forbearance of debt arising from a loan.
- 218 (26) (a) "Loan finance charge" means the sum of: (i) All charges payable directly or indirectly by the debtor 219 and imposed directly or indirectly by the lender as an 220 221 incident to the extension of credit, including any of the 222 following types of charges which are applicable: Interest 223 or any amount payable under a point, discount or other 224 system of charges, however denominated, premium or 225 other charge for any guarantee or insurance protecting the lender against the consumer's default or other credit loss; 226 227 and (ii) charges incurred for investigating the collateral or 228 credit worthiness of the consumer or for commissions or 229 brokerage for obtaining the credit, irrespective of the 230 person to whom the charges are paid or payable, unless 231 the lender had no notice of the charges when the loan was made. The term does not include charges as a result of 232

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- default, additional charges, delinquency charges or deferral charges.
- (b) If a lender makes a loan to a consumer by purchasing or satisfying obligations of the consumer pursuant to a lender credit card or similar arrangement, and the purchase or satisfaction is made at less than the face amount of the obligation, the discount is not part of the loan finance charge.
- 241 (27) "Merchandise certificate" or "gift certificate"
  242 means a writing issued by a seller or issuer of a seller cred243 it card, not redeemable in cash and usable in its face
  244 amount in lieu of cash in exchange for goods or services.
- 245 (28) "Official fees" means:
  - (a) Fees and charges prescribed by law which actually are or will be paid to public officials for determining the existence of or for perfecting, releasing, terminating or satisfying a security interest related to a consumer credit sale or consumer loan; or
    - (b) Premiums payable for insurance or fees escrowed in a special account for the purpose of funding self-insurance or its equivalent in lieu of perfecting a security interest otherwise required by the creditor in connection with the sale, lease or loan, if such premium or fee does not exceed the fees and charges described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision which would otherwise be payable.
  - (29) "Organization" means a corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, trust, estate, partnership, cooperative or association.
- 262 (30) "Payable in installments" means that payment is required or permitted by agreement to be made in: (a) 263 Two or more periodic payments, excluding a down pay-264 ment, with respect to a debt arising from a consumer credit 265 sale pursuant to which a sales finance charge is made: (b) 266 four or more periodic payments, excluding a down pay-267 ment, with respect to a debt arising from a consumer credit 268 sale pursuant to which no sales finance charge is made: or 269 (c) two or more periodic payments with respect to a debt 270

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- 271 arising from a consumer loan. If any periodic payment 272 other than the down payment under an agreement requir-273 ing or permitting two or more periodic payments is more 274 than twice the amount of any other periodic payment. 275 excluding the down payment, the consumer credit sale or 276 consumer loan is "payable in installments".
- 277 (31) "Person" or "party" includes a natural person or 278 an individual, and an organization.
- (32) "Person related to" with respect to an individual 279 280 means: (a) The spouse of the individual; (b) a brother, brother-in-law, sister or sister-in-law of the individual; (c) 281 282 an ancestor or lineal descendant of the individual or his 283 spouse; and (d) any other relative, by blood or marriage, 284 of the individual or his spouse who shares the same home 285 with the individual. "Person related to" with respect to an 286 organization means: (a) A person directly or indirectly 287 controlling, controlled by or under common control with 288 the organization; (b) an officer or director of the organization or a person performing similar functions with re-289 290 spect to the organization or to a person related to the or-291 ganization; (c) the spouse of a person related to the orga-292 nization; and (d) a relative by blood or marriage of a 293 person related to the organization who shares the same 294 home with him.
- 295 (33) "Precomputed loan". A loan, refinancing or 296 consolidation is "precomputed" if:
- 297 (A) The debt is expressed as a sum comprising the principal and the amount of the loan finance charge computed in advance; or
  - (B) The loan is expressed in terms of the principal amount; the loan installment payments are a scheduled, fixed amount including principal and interest and assume payment on the installment due date; and interest payments will not vary or result in an adjustment during the term of the loan or at its final payment as a result of the actual installment payment dates.
  - (34) "Precomputed sale". A sale, refinancing or consolidation is "precomputed" if:

- 309 (A) The debt is expressed as a sum comprising the 310 amount financed and the amount of the sales finance charge computed in advance; or
- 312 (B) The debt is expressed in terms of the principal amount; the debt installment payments are a scheduled, 314 fixed amount including principal and interest and assume payment on the installment due date; and interest payments will not vary or result in an adjustment during the 317 term of the debt or at its final payment as a result of the actual installment payment dates.
- 319 (35) "Presumed" or "presumption" means that the trier 320 of fact must find the existence of the fact presumed unless 321 and until evidence is introduced which would support a 322 finding of its nonexistence.
- 323 (36) "Principal" of a loan means the total of:
- 324 (a) The net amount paid to, receivable by or paid or 325 payable for the account of the debtor;
- 326 (b) The amount of any discount excluded from the 327 loan finance charge; and
- 328 (c) To the extent that payment is deferred:
- 329 (i) Amounts actually paid or to be paid by the lender 330 for registration, certificate of title or license fees if not 331 included in paragraph (a) of this subdivision; and
- 332 (ii) Additional charges permitted by this chapter.
- 333 (37) "Regulated consumer lender" means a person 334 authorized to make or take assignments of regulated con-335 sumer loans.
- (38) "Regulated consumer loan" means a consumer 336 loan, including a loan made pursuant to a revolving loan 337 account, in which the rate of the loan finance charge ex-338 ceeds eighteen percent per year as determined according 339 to the actuarial method, except where the loan qualifies for 340 federal law preemption from state interest rate limitations. 341 including federal law bank parity provisions, or where the 342 lender is specifically permitted by state law other than 343 article four of this chapter to make the loan at that rate 344

without a requirement the lender hold a regulated consumer lender license.

- (39) "Revolving charge account" means an agreement between a seller and a buyer by which: (a) The buyer may purchase goods or services on credit or a seller credit card; (b) the balances of amounts financed and the sales finance and other appropriate charges are debited to an account; (c) a sales finance charge if made is not precomputed but is computed periodically on the balances of the account from time to time; and (d) there is the privilege of paying the balances in installments.
- (40) "Revolving loan account" means an arrangement between a lender and a consumer including, but not limited to, a lender credit card or similar arrangement, pursuant to which: (a) The lender may permit the consumer to obtain loans from time to time; (b) the unpaid balances of principal and the loan finance and other appropriate charges are debited to an account; (c) a loan finance charge if made is not precomputed but is computed periodically on the outstanding unpaid balances of the principal of the consumer's account from time to time; and (d) there is the privilege of paying the balances in installments.
- (41) "Sale of goods" includes any agreement in the form of a bailment or lease of goods if the bailee or lessee agrees to pay as compensation for use a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate value of the goods involved and it is agreed that the bailee or lessee will become, or for no other or a nominal consideration has the option to become, the owner of the goods upon full compliance with his obligations under the agreement.
- (42) "Sale of an interest in land" includes a lease in which the lessee has an option to purchase the interest and all or a substantial part of the rental or other payments previously made by him are applied to the purchase price.
- (43) "Sale of services" means furnishing or agreeing to furnish services and includes making arrangements to have services furnished by another.

- (44) "Sales finance charge" means the sum of: (a) All charges payable directly or indirectly by the buyer and imposed directly or indirectly by the seller or issuer of a seller credit card as an incident to the extension of credit. including any of the following types of charges which are applicable: Time-price differential, however denominated, including service, carrying or other charge, premium or other charge for any guarantee or insurance protecting the seller against the buyer's default or other credit loss; and (b) charges incurred for investigating the collateral or credit worthiness of the buyer or for commissions or bro-kerage for obtaining the credit, irrespective of the person to whom the charges are paid or payable; unless the seller had no notice of the charges when the credit was granted. The term does not include charges as a result of default, additional charges, delinquency charges or deferral charg-es. If the seller or issuer of a seller credit card purchases or satisfies obligations of the consumer and the purchase or satisfaction is made at less than the face amount of the obligation, the discount is not part of the sales finance charge.
  - (45) Except as otherwise provided, "seller" includes an assignee of the seller's right to payment but use of the term does not in itself impose on an assignee any obligation of the seller.
  - (46) "Seller credit card" means an arrangement pursuant to which a person gives to a buyer or lessee the privilege of using a credit card, letter of credit, or other credit confirmation or identification primarily for the purpose of purchasing or leasing goods or services from that person, that person and any other person or persons, a person related to that person, or others licensed or franchised or permitted to do business under his business name or trade name or designation or on his behalf.
  - (47) "Services" includes: (a) Work, labor and other personal services; (b) privileges with respect to transportation, use of vehicles, hotel and restaurant accommodations, education, entertainment, recreation, physical culture, hospital accommodations, funerals, cemetery accommodations, and the like; and (c) insurance.

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423 (48) "Supervised financial organization" means any 424 organization, corporation or person, other than an insur-425 ance company or other organization primarily engaged in an insurance business, which is required under state law to 426 427 register or obtain a license from the commissioner of 428 banking before conducting business in this state; or which 429 is authorized under federal law to make consumer loans 430 without a license from the state commissioner of banking, 431 provided such loans are subject to supervision and exami-432 nation by an official or agency of the United States.

# §46A-1-103. Effect of chapter on powers of persons making consumer credit sales and consumer loans, and others; consumer protection generally.

- (1) This chapter prescribes maximum charges for all 1 2 creditors, except lessors and those excluded, making consumer credit sales and consumer loans, and sales and loans 4 made subject to the provisions of this chapter by agree-5 ment, and except as otherwise provided by this chapter displaces any existing limitations and provisions regulat-7 ing maximum interest and charges, minimum charges, additional charges, delinquency charges, deferral charges, 8 allocation of charges and methods of computing rebates Q 10 upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation with respect to consumer credit sales and consumer loans, and the 11 debtors' remedies and penalties provided by this chapter 12 13 displace all existing provisions relating to remedies, penalties and forfeitures for usury and usurious contracts as to 14 15 transactions covered by this chapter.
  - (2) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section or elsewhere in this chapter, this chapter does not displace powers or limitation on powers which supervised financial organizations are authorized to exercise under the laws of the United States or other laws of this state in effect after the operative date of this chapter.
- 22 (3) This chapter also prescribes in various articles 23 protective measures for consumers in transactions not 24 necessarily involving consumer credit.

### ARTICLE 3. FINANCE CHARGES AND RELATED PROVISIONS.

- §46A-3-104. Finance charge for loans other than loans made pursuant to revolving loan accounts; finance charge on assigned contracts; exceptions.
- §46A-3-111. Application of payments on account; rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation; judgments and interest on judgments.

# §46A-3-104. Finance charge for loans other than loans made pursuant to revolving loan accounts; finance charge on assigned contracts; exceptions.

- 1 (1) With respect to a consumer loan, other than a con-2 sumer loan made pursuant to a revolving loan account: (a) 3 A bank, as defined in section two, article one, chapter 4 thirty-one-a of this code, may contract for and receive a 5 loan finance charge not exceeding the charge or interest 6 permitted by the provisions of section thirty, article four. 7 chapter thirty-one-a or by the provisions of sections five. 8 five-a or five-b, article six, chapter forty-seven of this 9 code, or that allowed under section sixteen, article ten. 10 chapter thirty-one of this code; (b) a regulated consumer 11 lender may contract for and receive a loan finance charge 12 not exceeding the aggregate of the interest and charges 13 permitted by section one hundred seven, article four, 14 chapter forty-six-a of this code or by the provisions of 15 sections five, five-a or five-b, article six, chapter forty-seven of this code; (c) a credit union, as defined in 16 17 section one, article ten, chapter thirty-one of this code, 18 may contract for and receive a loan finance charge not 19 exceeding the charge or interest permitted by the provi-20 sions of section sixteen, article ten, chapter thirty-one of 21 this code, or by the provisions of section five, article six, 22 chapter forty-seven of this code; and (d) any other lender 23 may contract for and receive a loan finance charge not 24 exceeding the charge or interest permitted by the provi-25 sions of sections five, five-a or five-b, article six, chapter 26 forty-seven of this code.
- 27 (2) This section does not limit or restrict the manner 28 of calculating the loan finance charge, whether by way of 29 add-on, discount or otherwise, so long as the rate of loan 30 finance charge does not exceed that permitted by this 31 section.
  - (3) If the loan is precomputed:

- 33 (a) The loan finance charge may be calculated on the assumption that all scheduled payments will be made when 35 due; and
  - (b) The effect of prepayment, refinancing or consolidation is governed by the provisions on rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation contained in section one hundred eleven of this article.
  - (4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the lender may contract for and receive a minimum loan finance charge of not more than five dollars when the amount loaned does not exceed seventy-five dollars, or seven dollars and fifty cents when the amount loaned exceeds seventy-five dollars.
  - (5) An assignee of a consumer credit sale contract may collect, receive or enforce the sales finance charge provided in said contract, and any such charge so collected, received or enforced by an assignee shall not be deemed usurious or in violation of this chapter or any other provision of this code if such sales finance charge does not exceed the limits permitted to be charged by a seller under the provisions of this chapter.
  - (6) Notwithstanding subsection (5) of this section, a resident lender who is the assignee of a consumer credit sales contract from a credit grantor in another state, and said contract was executed in such other state to finance a retail purchase made by the consumer when the consumer was in that other state, may collect, receive or enforce the sales finance charge and other charges including late fees provided in said contract under the laws of the state where executed. Such charge shall not be deemed to be usurious or in violation of the provisions of this chapter or any other provisions of this code.

# §46A-3-111. Application of payments on account; rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation; judgments and interest on judgments.

(1) When a consumer credit sale or consumer loan is precomputed all payments on account shall be applied to installments in the order in which they fall due, except as

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- 4 provided in subsection (3), section one hundred twelve of 5 this article. When the total amount is payable in substan-6 tially equal consecutive monthly installments, the portion 7 of the sales finance charge or loan finance charge attribut-ጸ able to any particular monthly installment period shall be Q that proportion of the sales finance charge or loan finance charge originally contracted for, as the balance scheduled 10 11 to be outstanding on the last day of the monthly install-12 ment period before deducting the payment, if any, sched-13 uled to be made on that day bears to the sum of all the 14 monthly installment balances under the original schedule 15 of payments. (This method of allocation is the sum of the 16 digits method, commonly referred to as the "Rule of 78").
  - (2) Upon prepayment in full of a precomputed consumer credit sale or consumer loan by cash, a new loan, refinancing, consolidation or otherwise, the creditor shall rebate to the consumer that portion of the sales finance charge or loan finance charge in the manner specified in section five-d, article six, chapter forty-seven of this code: *Provided*, That no rebate of less than one dollar need be made.
- 25 (3) Upon prepayment in full of a precomputed or 26 nonprecomputed consumer credit sale or consumer loan 27 by cash, execution of a new loan, refinancing, consolida-28 tion or otherwise, except where the loan is a purchase 29 money loan secured by a first lien mortgage on residential property, or is made by a federally-insured depository 30 institution, the creditor shall rebate to the consumer that 31 32 portion of the unearned prepaid finance charges attributable to loan or credit investigations fees, origination fees 33 or points in the manner specified in subsection (c), section 34 35 five-d, article six, chapter forty-seven of this code: Provided. That no rebate of less than one dollar need be 36 made: Provided, however. That if the loan was made in 37 furtherance of aiding or abetting a person to whom the 38 loan is assigned, evade this rebate, then the rebate required 39 40 herein shall apply.
  - (4) If the maturity of a precomputed consumer credit sale or consumer loan is accelerated for any reason and judgment is obtained, the debtor is entitled to the same

- 44 rebate as if the payment had been made on the date judg-
- 45 ment is entered and such judgment shall bear interest until
- 46 paid at the rate of ten percent per annum.

#### ARTICLE 4. REGULATED CONSUMER LENDERS.

- §46A-4-101. Authority to make loans.
- §46A-4-102. License to make regulated consumer loans.
- §46A-4-103. Revocation, suspension or forfeiture of license.
- §46A-4-104. Records; annual reports.
- §46A-4-105. Examinations; assessments and investigations.
- §46A-4-107. Loan finance charge for regulated consumer lenders.
- §46A-4-108. Use of multiple loan agreements.
- §46A-4-109. Restrictions on interest in land as security; assignment of earnings to regulated consumer lender prohibited; when security interest on household furniture goods not valid; prohibitions as to renegotiation of loan discharged in bankruptcy.
- §46A-4-110. Conduct of business other than making loans.
- §46A-4-110a. Prohibited conduct.
- §46A-4-111. Substantial benefit upon refinancing of a loan at higher rate.
- §46A-4-112. Code reference to supervised lenders and industrial loan companies; authority of the commissioner.
- §46A-4-113. Continuation of licensing.

### §46A-4-101. Authority to make loans.

- 1 Unless a person has first obtained a license from the
- 2 commissioner authorizing him to make regulated consum-
- 3 er loans, he shall not engage in the business of:
- 4 (1) Making regulated consumer loans; or
- 5 (2) Taking assignments of and undertaking direct
- 6 collection of payments from or enforcement of rights
- 7 against consumers arising from regulated consumer loans.

### §46A-4-102. License to make regulated consumer loans.

- 1 (1) The commissioner shall receive and act on all
  - 2 applications for licenses to make regulated consumer
- 3 loans under this chapter. Applications shall be under oath,
- 4 be filed in the manner prescribed by the commissioner,
- 5 and contain the information the commissioner requires to
- 6 make an evaluation of the financial responsibility, experi-
- 7 ence, character and fitness of the applicant, and the find-

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- 8 ings required of him before he may issue a license. At the 9 time of the filing of the application, the sum of seven 10 hundred fifty dollars shall be paid to the commissioner as 11 an investigation fee.
- 12 (2) No license shall be issued to a supervised financial 13 organization other than to one primarily engaged in the 14 business of making consumer loans through offices locat-15 ed within this state, or to one licensed under the provisions 16 of the West Virginia secondary mortgage loan act as contained in article seventeen, chapter thirty-one of this code, 17 18 or to any banking institution as defined by the provisions 19 of section two, article one, chapter thirty-one-a of this 20 No license will be granted to any office located outside this state: Provided, That the limitation of licens-21 ing contained in this subsection shall not prevent any 22 23 supervised financial organization from making regulated 24 consumer loans when the applicable state or federal stat-25 ute, law, rule or regulation permits. No license shall be 26 issued to any person unless the commissioner, upon inves-27 tigation, finds that the financial responsibility, experience, 28 character and fitness of the applicant, and of the members 29 thereof (if the applicant is a copartnership or association) and of the officers and directors thereof (if the applicant is 30 31 a corporation), are such as to command the confidence of 32 the community and to warrant belief that the business will 33 be operated honestly, fairly and efficiently, within the 34 purposes of this chapter, and the applicant has available 35 for the operation of the business at least ten thousand dollars in capital and has, for each specified location of 36 37 operation assets of at least two thousand dollars.
  - (3) Upon written request, the applicant is entitled to a hearing on the question of his qualifications for a license if: (a) The commissioner has notified the applicant in writing that his application has been denied; or (b) the commissioner has not issued a license within sixty days after the application for the license was filed. A request for a hearing may not be made more than fifteen days after the commissioner has mailed a writing to the applicant notifying him that the application has been denied and stating in substance the commissioner's findings supporting denial of the application.

- 49 (4) Not more than one place of business shall be 50 maintained under the same license, but the commissioner 51 may issue more than one license to the same licensee upon 52 compliance with all the provisions of this article governing 53 an original issuance of a license, for each such new license. Each license shall remain in full force and effect 55 until surrendered, forfeited, suspended or revoked.
- 56 (5) Upon giving the commissioner at least fifteen days' 57 prior written notice, a licensee may: (a) Change the location of any place of business located within a municipality 58 59 to any other location within that same municipality; or (b) 60 change the location of any place of business located outside of a municipality to a location no more than five 61 miles from the originally licensed location, but in no case 62 may a licensee move any place of business located outside 63 a municipality to a location within a municipality. A li-64 65 censee may not move the location of any place of business located within a municipality to any other location outside 66 67 of that municipality.
- 68 (6) A licensee may conduct the business of making 69 regulated consumer loans only at or from a place of busi-70 ness for which he holds a license and not under any other 71 name than that stated in the license.
- 72 (7) A license issued under the provisions of this sec-73 tion shall not be transferable or assignable.
- 74 (8) A licensee must be incorporated under the laws of 75 this state. The licensee may, however, be a subsidiary of 76 an out-of-state company or financial institution.

### §46A-4-103. Revocation, suspension or forfeiture of license.

1 (1) The commissioner may issue to a person licensed 2 to make regulated consumer loans an order to show cause 3 why his license should not be revoked or should not be 4 suspended for a period not in excess of six months. The 5 order shall state the place for a hearing and set a time for 6 the hearing that is no less than ten days from the date of 7 the order. After the hearing the commissioner shall re-8 voke or suspend the license if he finds that:

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- 9 (a) The licensee has repeatedly and willfully violated 10 this chapter or any rule or order lawfully made or issued 11 pursuant to this article;
- 12 (b) The licensee has failed to remit their required 13 annual assessment, or to maintain their status as a business 14 in good standing with the office of the secretary of state, 15 notwithstanding notification in writing by the commission-16 er sent by certified mail to the licensee's last known ad-17 dress providing for thirty days to rectify such failure;
- 18 (c) The licensee has forfeited their license by failing to 19 remain open for regulated consumer lending business in 20 conformity with the rules or order of the commissioner; or
- 21 (d) Facts or conditions exist which would clearly have 22 justified the commissioner in refusing to grant a license 23 had these facts or conditions been known to exist at the 24 time the application for the license was made.
- 25 (2) No revocation or suspension of a license under this 26 article is lawful unless prior to institution of proceedings 27 by the commissioner notice is given to the licensee of the 28 facts or conduct which warrant the intended action, and 29 the licensee is given an opportunity to show compliance 30 with all lawful requirements for retention of the license.
  - (3) If the commissioner finds that probable cause for revocation of a license exists and that enforcement of this article requires immediate suspension of the license pending investigation, he may, after a hearing upon five days' written notice, enter an order suspending the license for not more than thirty days.
  - (4) Nothing in this section limits the authority of the commissioner to take action against a regulated consumer lender pursuant to chapter thirty-one-a of this code.
- 40 (5) Whenever the commissioner revokes or suspends a 41 license, he shall enter an order to that effect and forthwith 42 notify the licensee of the revocation or suspension. Within 43 five days after the entry of the order he shall mail by reg-44 istered or certified mail or deliver to the licensee a copy of 45 the order and the findings supporting the order.

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- 46 (6) Any person holding a license to make regulated 47 consumer loans may relinquish the license by notifying 48 the commissioner in writing of its relinquishment, but this 49 relinquishment shall not affect his liability for acts previ-50 ously committed.
- 51 (7) No revocation, suspension, forfeiture or relinquish-52 ment of a license shall impair or affect the obligation of 53 any preexisting lawful contract between the licensee and 54 any consumer.
- 55 (8) The commissioner may reinstate a license, termi-56 nate a suspension or grant a new license to a person whose 57 license has been revoked or suspended if no fact or condi-58 tion then exists which clearly would have justified the 59 commissioner in refusing to grant a license.

### §46A-4-104. Records; annual reports.

- 1 (1) Every licensee shall maintain records in conformi-2 ty with generally accepted accounting principles and prac-3 tices in a manner which will enable the commissioner to 4 determine whether the licensee is complying with the pro-5 visions of this article. The record-keeping system of a 6 licensee shall be sufficient if he makes the required infor-7 mation reasonably available. The records need not be 8 kept in the place of business where regulated consumer 9 loans are made, if the commissioner is given free access to the records wherever located. The records pertaining to 10 any loan need not be preserved for more than two years 11 after making the final entry relating to the loan, but in the 12 case of a revolving loan account such two-year period is 13 14 measured from the date of each entry.
  - (2) On or before the fifteenth day of February each year, every licensee shall file with the commissioner a composite annual report in the form prescribed by the commissioner relating to all regulated consumer loans made by him. The commissioner shall consult with comparable officials in other states for the purpose of making the kinds of information required in annual reports uniform among the states. Information contained in annual reports shall be confidential and may be published only in composite form.

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### §46A-4-105. Examinations; assessments and investigations.

- 1 (1) The commissioner shall examine at least every 2 eighteen months the loans, business and records of every licensee. In addition, for the purpose of discovering viola-3 4 tions of this article or securing information lawfully re-5 quired, the attorney general or the commissioner may at 6 any time investigate the loans, business and records of any 7 regulated consumer lender. For these purposes he shall 8 have free and reasonable access to the offices, places of 9 business and records of the lender.
  - (2) If the lender's records are located outside this state. the lender at his option shall make them available to the commissioner at a convenient location within this state, or pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for the commissioner or his representatives to examine them at the place where they are maintained. The commissioner may designate representatives, including comparable officials of the state in which the records are located, to inspect them on his behalf.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the commissioner may administer oaths or affirmations, and upon his own 20 motion or upon request of any party, may subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, adduce evidence and 22 require the production of any matter which is relevant to 23 the investigation, including the existence, description, 24 nature, custody, condition and location of any books, 25 documents or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts, or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.
  - (4) Upon failure without lawful excuse to obey a subpoena or to give testimony and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the commissioner may apply to any circuit court of this state for an order compelling compliance.
- (5) The commissioner of banking shall charge and 35 collect from each regulated consumer lender and pay into 36 a special revenue account in the state treasury for the de-37 partment of banking an annual assessment payable on the 38

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- first day of July, computed upon the total outstanding 39
- 40 gross loan balances and installment sales contract balances
- net of unearned interest as is set out in section eight, article 41
- 42 two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

### §46A-4-107. Loan finance charge for regulated consumer lenders.

- (1) With respect to a regulated consumer loan, includ-2 ing a revolving loan account, a regulated consumer lender may contract for and receive a loan finance charge not 3 exceeding that permitted by this section. 4
  - (2) On a loan of two thousand dollars or less, which is unsecured by real property, the loan finance charge, calculated according to the actuarial method, may not exceed thirty-one percent per year on the unpaid balance of the principal amount.
- 10 (3) On a loan of greater than two thousand dollars or 11 which is secured by real property, the loan finance charge, 12 calculated according to the actuarial method, may not 13 exceed twenty-seven percent per year on the unpaid balance of the principal amount: Provided, That the loan 14 finance charge on any loan greater than ten thousand 15 dollars may not exceed eighteen percent per year on the 16 unpaid balance of the principal amount. Loans made by 17 regulated consumer lenders shall be subject to the restric-18 19 tions and supervision set forth in this article irrespective of 20 their rate of finance charges.
- 21 (4) Where the loan is nonrevolving and is greater than 22 two thousand dollars, the permitted finance charge may include a charge of not more than a total of two percent of 23 the amount financed for any origination fee, points, or 24 investigation fee: Provided, That where any loan, revolv-25 ing or nonrevolving, is secured by real estate, the permit-26 ted finance charge may include a charge of not more than 27 28 a total of five percent of the amount financed for any origination fee, points or investigation fee. In any loan 29 secured by real estate, such charges may not be imposed 30 again by the same or affiliated lender in any refinancing 31 of that loan made within twenty-four months thereof, 32 unless these earlier charges have been rebated by payment 33

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34 or credit to the consumer under the actuarial method, or 35 the total of the earlier and proposed charges does not 36 exceed five percent of the amount financed. Charges 37 permitted under this subsection shall be included in the 38 calculation of the loan finance charge. The financing of 39 such charges shall be permissible and shall not constitute 40 charging interest on interest. In a revolving home equity 41 loan, the amount of the credit line extended shall for pur-42 poses of this subsection constitute the amount financed. 43 Other than herein provided, no points, origination fee, 44 investigation fee or other similar prepaid finance charges 45 attributable to the lender or its affiliates may be levied. 46 Except as provided for by section one hundred nine, arti-47 cle three of this chapter, no additional charges may be 48 made; nor may any charge permitted by this section be 49 assessed unless the loan is made. To the extent that this section overrides the preemption on limiting points and 50 51 other such charges on first lien residential mortgages con-52 tained in Section 501 of the United States Depository 53 Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980, the state law limitations contained in this section 54 55 shall apply. If the loan is precomputed:

- 56 (a) The loan finance charge may be calculated on the 57 assumption that all scheduled payments will be made when 58 due; and
  - (b) The effect of prepayment, refinancing or consolidation is governed by the provisions on rebate upon prepayment, refinancing or consolidation contained in section one hundred eleven, article three of this chapter.
- (5) For the purposes of this section, the term of a loan 63 commences on the date the loan is made. Differences in 64 the lengths of months are disregarded and a day may be 65 counted as one thirtieth of a month. Subject to classifica-66 tions and differentiations the licensee may reasonably 67 establish, a part of a month in excess of fifteen days may 68 69 be treated as a full month if periods of fifteen days or less are disregarded and if that procedure is not consistently 70 used to obtain a greater yield than would otherwise be 71 72 permitted.
  - (6) With respect to a revolving loan account:

- 74 (a) A charge may be made by a regulated consumer 75 lender in each monthly billing cycle which is one twelfth 76 of the maximum annual rates permitted by this section 77 computed on an amount not exceeding the greatest of:
  - (i) The average daily balance of the debt; or
  - (ii) The balance of the debt at the beginning of the first day of the billing cycle, less all payments on and credits to such debt during such billing cycle and excluding all additional borrowings during such billing cycle. For the purpose of this subdivision a billing cycle is monthly if the billing statement dates are on the same day each month or do not vary by more than four days therefrom.
  - (b) If the billing cycle is not monthly, the maximum loan finance charge which may be made by a regulated consumer lender is that percentage which bears the same relation to an applicable monthly percentage as the number of days in the billing cycle bears to thirty.
  - (c) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subsection, if there is an unpaid balance on the date as of which the loan finance charge is applied, the licensee may contract for and receive a charge not exceeding fifty cents if the billing cycle is monthly or longer, or the pro rata part of fifty cents which bears the same relation to fifty cents as the number of days in the billing cycle bears to thirty if the billing cycle is shorter than monthly, but no charge may be made pursuant to this subdivision if the lender has made an annual charge for the same period as permitted by the provisions on additional charges.
  - (7) As an alternative to the loan finance charges allowed by subsections (2) and (4) of this section, a regulated consumer lender may on a loan of one thousand two hundred dollars or less contract for and receive interest at a rate of up to thirty-one percent per year on the unpaid balance of the principal amount, together with a nonrefundable loan processing fee of not more than two percent of the amount financed: *Provided*, That no other finance charges are imposed on the loan.

112 (8) Notwithstanding any contrary provision in this 113 section, a licensed regulated consumer lender who is the 114 assignee of a nonrevolving consumer loan unsecured by 115 real property located in this state, which loan contract was 116 applied for by the consumer when he or she was in anoth-117 er state, and which was executed and had its proceeds 118 distributed in that other state, may collect, receive and 119 enforce the loan finance charge and other charges, includ-120 ing late fees, provided in said contract under the laws of 121 the state where executed: Provided, That the consumer 122 was not induced by the assignee or its in-state affiliates to 123 apply and obtain the loan from an out-of-state source 124 affiliated with the assignee in an effort to evade the con-125 sumer protections afforded by this chapter. Such charges 126 shall not be deemed to be usurious or in violation of the 127 provisions of this chapter or any other provisions of this 128 code.

### §46A-4-108. Use of multiple loan agreements.

A regulated consumer lender may not use multiple 2 loan agreements with intent to obtain a higher loan fi-3 nance charge than would otherwise be permitted by the provisions of this article. A regulated consumer lender 5 uses multiple loan agreements if, with intent to obtain a higher loan finance charge than would otherwise be per-6 mitted, he allows any person, or husband and wife, to become obligated in any way under more than one loan agreement with the regulated consumer lender for a regu-9 10 lated consumer loan under this article.

The excess amount of the loan finance charge provided for in agreements in violation of this section is an excess charge for the purposes of the provisions on effect of violations on rights of parties.

§46A-4-109. Restrictions on interest in land as security; assignment of earnings to regulated consumer lender prohibited; when security interest on household furniture goods not valid; prohibitions as to renegotiation of loan discharged in bankruptcy.

- 1 (1) No consumer loan of two thousand dollars or less
  2 may be secured by an interest in land, other than a pur3 chase money loan for that land, unless the lender is li4 censed in this state as a regulated consumer lender or as a
  5 secondary mortgage lender, or is a federally insured de6 pository institution permitted to conduct lending in West
  7 Virginia. A security interest taken in violation of this sub8 section is void.
  - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of section one hundred sixteen, article two of this chapter, no regulated consumer lender shall take any assignment of or order for payment of any earnings to secure any loan made by any regulated consumer lender under this article. An assignment or order taken in violation of this subsection is void. This subsection does not prohibit a court from ordering a garnishment to affect recovery of moneys owed by a borrower to a lender as part of a judgment in favor of said lender.
  - (3) Other than for a purchase money lien, no regulated consumer lender may take a security interest in household goods in the possession and use of the borrower. Where federal law permits a security interest in certain nonpurchase items deemed not to be household goods, the security agreement creating such security interest must be in writing, signed in person by the borrower, and if the borrower is married, signed in person by both husband and wife: *Provided*, That the signature of both husband and wife shall not be required when they have been living separate and apart for a period of at least five months prior to the making of such security agreement. A security interest taken in violation of this subsection is void.
  - (4) A regulated consumer lender may not renegotiate the original loan, or any part thereof, or make a new contract covering the original loan, or any part thereof, with any borrower, who has received a discharge in bankruptcy of the original loan or any balance due thereon at the time of said discharge from any court of the United States of America exercising jurisdiction in insolvency and bankruptcy matters, unless said regulated consumer lender shall pay to and deliver to the borrower the full amount of the

loan shown on said note, promise to pay, or security, less any deductions for charges herein specifically authorized.

### §46A-4-110. Conduct of business other than making loans.

- 1 (1) No licensee shall conduct the business of making 2 loans under the provisions of this article within any office, 3 room or place of business in which any other business is 4 solicited or engaged in, or in association or conjunction 5 therewith, except as may be authorized in writing by the 6 commissioner upon his finding that the character of such 7 other business is sufficiently related to that of a financial 8 institution and is such that the granting of such authority 9 would not facilitate evasions of this article or of the rules lawfully made hereunder, except nothing herein shall 10 prohibit the licensee from purchasing installment sales 11 contracts or the sale or provision of insurance authorized 12 by section one hundred nine, article three of this chapter, 13 or from making loans authorized under the provisions of 14 15 the West Virginia secondary mortgage loan act as set forth in article seventeen, chapter thirty-one of this code, or 16 from engaging in any business previously approved by 17 the commissioner prior to the first day of September, one 18 19 thousand nine hundred ninety-six.
- 20 (2) A licensee may purchase, hold and convey real 21 property as follows:
- 22 (a) As shall be necessary for the convenient transac-23 tion of its business;
- 24 (b) As is mortgaged to it in good faith by way of secu-25 rity for loans made by or money due to such regulated 26 consumer lender:
- (c) As is conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings;
- 29 (d) As is acquired by the sale on execution or judg-30 ment or decree of any court in its favor.
- 31 (3) A licensee shall not purchase, hold or convey any 32 real property in any other case or for any other purpose 33 whatsoever. Real property shall be conveyed only by 34 authority of the board of directors of any such regulated

- 35 consumer lender. No real property acquired upon fore-
- 36 closure in the cases contemplated in subdivision (b), or
- 37 acquired under subdivisions (c) and (d) of this section
- 38 shall be held for a longer time than ten years, unless such
- 39 period shall be extended by the commissioner of banking.

#### §46A-4-110a. Prohibited conduct.

- 1 (1) A regulated consumer lender shall not:
- 2 (a) Accept or receive deposits or sell or offer for sale 3 its secured or unsecured evidences or certificates of in-4 debtedness; or
- 5 (b) Pay any fees, bonuses, commissions, rewards or 6 other consideration to any person, firm or corporation for 7 the privilege of using any plan of operation, scheme or device for the organization or carrying on of business 8 under this article, or the use of any name, trademark or 9 copyright to be so used: Provided. That nothing herein 10 prevents a regulated consumer lender from agreeing in 11 connection with a loan to pay a broker fee, finders fee or 12 13 dealer participation fee, or to split the origination fee or points paid: Provided, however, That the fee or fee split is 14 15 disclosed to the borrower and where proper is included in 16 the finance charge.
- (2) Unless preempted by federal law, no consumer 17 18 loan by a regulated consumer lender may contain any scheduled balloon payment as set forth in this chapter. 19 Nor may any regulated consumer lender loan contain 20 terms of repayment which result in negative amortization: 21 Provided, That nothing herein prevents unequal payment 22 23 schedules resulting from a variable rate loan or a revolving line of credit. 24
- 25 (3) A regulated consumer lender may not make re-26 volving loans for the retail purchase of consumer goods 27 and services by use of a lender credit card.

## §46A-4-111. Substantial benefit upon refinancing of a loan at higher rate.

1 (1) Any nonrevolving consumer loan or credit that is 2 refinanced and consolidated with a new loan under this

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- article after the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, at a higher finance rate than allowed merchants by section one hundred one, article three of this chapter, must either provide the consumer with a substantial benefit or provide the disclosures set forth in this section. A substantial benefit accrues to the consumer if the transaction:
- 10 (a) Provides the consumer at least five hundred dollars 11 in new funds for the consumer's own use, excluding any 12 charges connected with the loan; or
- 13 (b) Provides the consumer with new funds in an amount equal to the original amount of the loan or credit.
  - (2) If no substantial benefit is provided, the lender must comply with the following requirements, except where such an agreement would violate section one hundred eight of this article:
- 19 (a) The lender must in a fixed rate transaction give the 20 following disclosures in writing to the borrower prior to 21 the execution of the new agreement:
- "If you do agree to consolidate your existing obligation, you will be paying an annual percentage rate of
  "% on the existing balance of \$\_\_\_\_\_, instead of the
  rate of \_\_\_\_\_% which you are now paying.
- I acknowledge receipt of this information (initials of borrower).";
- 28 (b) The lender must allow the borrower the choice of 29 repaying his or her existing loan/credit balance at the 30 originally agreed upon rate and obtaining any additional 31 extension of credit as a separate agreement, notwithstand-32 ing any law other than section one hundred eight of this 33 article which may limit the borrower's ability to have mul-34 tiple loan agreements with the same lender;
- 35 (c) The lender, where it holds the prior agreement, 36 must refund or credit to the borrower's account any un-37 earned finance charge and any returned insurance premi-38 upon cancellation of the insurance sold in connection 39 with the prior agreement;

- 40 (d) The lender shall, where applicable, provide the 41 borrower prior to the loan's execution, conspicuous writ-42 ten notice of the provisions of subdivisions (a), (b) and (c) 43 of this subsection;
- 44 (e) The commissioner may provide and require a
  45 modified disclosure form for similar transactions involv46 ing adjustable or variable rates, and where applicable, prior
  47 to the loan's execution, the borrower must be given con48 spicuous written notice of the provisions of subdivisions
  49 (b) and (c) of this subsection, together with the disclosure
  50 form as may be required by this section; and
- 51 (f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the receipt of 52 goods or services by the borrower at the time the consoli-53 dated loan agreement is made, nor shall this section pro-54 hibit or pertain to any loan where the refinancing results 55 in the consumer paying a lower finance charge rate.

## §46A-4-112. Code reference to supervised lenders and industrial loan companies; authority of the commissioner.

All references in other chapters of this code to supervised loans, supervised lenders, industrial loans, industrial loan companies and licensees thereof, as well as to article seven, chapter thirty-one of this code, shall, after the operative date of this chapter, and despite the repeal of said statute, be read, construed and understood to mean and to have reference, respectively, to regulated consumer loans, regulated consumer lenders, regulated consumer lender licensees, and to this article.

All authority vested by this chapter in the commissioner shall be deemed to be in addition to, and not in limitation of, the authority vested in the commissioner of banking by provisions contained in other chapters of this code.

### §46A-4-113. Continuation of licensing.

All persons licensed under the provisions of article seven, chapter thirty-one of this code, or as supervised lenders under the prior provisions of this article on the operative date of this chapter, are licensed to make regulated consumer loans under the provisions of this article

- and all provisions of this article shall after the operative date of this chapter apply to the persons so previously licensed, including, without limitation, the provisions gov-
- 9 erning notification contained in article seven of this chap-
- 10 ter.
- The commissioner may, but is not required to, deliver evidence of licensing to the persons so previously li-
- 13 censed. Persons holding both supervised lender and in-
- dustrial loan company licenses, or operating such a li-
- 15 censed business in the same office will be combined and
- 16 provided a single regulated lender license.

### ARTICLE 5. CIVIL LIABILITY AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES.

§46A-5-101. Effect of violations on rights of parties; limitation of actions. §46A-5-103. Willful violations

### §46A-5-101. Effect of violations on rights of parties; limitation of actions.

1 (1) If a creditor has violated the provisions of this chapter applying to collection of excess charges, security 2 3 in sales and leases, disclosure with respect to consumer leases, receipts, statements of account and evidences of 4 5 payment, limitations on default charges, assignment of 6 earnings, authorizations to confess judgment, illegal, 7 fraudulent or unconscionable conduct, any prohibited debt collection practice, or restrictions on interest in land 8 9 as security, assignment of earnings to regulated consumer lender, security agreement on household goods for benefit 10 of regulated consumer lender, and renegotiation by regu-11 lated consumer lender of loan discharged in bankruptcy, 12 the consumer has a cause of action to recover actual dam-13 ages and in addition a right in an action to recover from 14 the person violating this chapter a penalty in an amount 15 determined by the court not less than one hundred dollars 16 nor more than one thousand dollars. With respect to vio-17 lations arising from consumer credit sales or consumer 18 loans made pursuant to revolving charge accounts or re-19 volving loan accounts, or from sales as defined in article 20 six of this chapter, no action pursuant to this subsection 21 may be brought more than four years after the violations 22 occurred. With respect to violations arising from other 23

consumer credit sales or consumer loans, no action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more than one year after the due date of the last scheduled payment of the agreement.

- (2) If a creditor has violated the provisions of this chapter respecting authority to make regulated consumer loans, the loan is void and the consumer is not obligated to pay either the principal or the loan finance charge. If he has paid any part of the principal or of the finance charge, he has a right to recover in an action the payment from the person violating this chapter or from an assignee of that person's rights who undertakes direct collection of payments or enforcement of rights arising from the debt. With respect to violations arising from regulated consumer loans made pursuant to revolving loan accounts, no action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more than four years after the violation occurred. With respect to violations arising from other regulated consumer loans, no action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more than one year after the due date of the last scheduled payment of the agreement pursuant to which the charge was paid.
- (3) A consumer is not obligated to pay a charge in excess of that allowed by this chapter, and if he has paid an excess charge he has a right to a refund. A refund may be made by reducing the consumer's obligation by the amount of the excess charge. If the consumer has paid an amount in excess of the lawful obligation under the agreement, the consumer may recover in an action the excess amount from the person who made the excess charge or from an assignee of that person's rights who undertakes direct collection of payments from or enforcement of rights against the consumer arising from the debt.
- (4) If a creditor has contracted for or received a charge in excess of that allowed by this chapter, the consumer may, in addition to recovering such excess charge, also recover from the creditor or the person liable in an action a penalty in an amount determined by the court not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. With respect to excess charges arising from con-

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- 64 sumer credit sales or consumer loans made pursuant to 65 revolving charge accounts or revolving loan accounts, no 66 action pursuant to this subsection may be brought more 67 than four years after the time the excess charge was made. 68 With respect to excess charges arising from other consum-69 er credit sales or consumer loans no action pursuant to this 70 subsection may be brought more than one year after the 71 due date of the last scheduled payment of the agreement 72 pursuant to which the charge was made.
- 73 (5) Except as otherwise provided, a violation of this chapter does not impair rights on a debt.
- 75 (6) If an employer discharges an employee in viola-76 tion of the provisions prohibiting discharge, the employee 77 may within ninety days bring a civil action for recovery of 78 wages lost as a result of the violation and for an order 79 requiring the reinstatement of the employee. Damages 80 recoverable shall not exceed lost wages for six weeks.
  - (7) A creditor has no liability for a penalty under subsection (1) or subsection (4) of this section if within fifteen days after discovering an error, and prior to the institution of an action under this section or the receipt of written notice of the error, the creditor notifies the person concerned of the error and corrects the error. If the violation consists of a prohibited agreement, giving the consumer a corrected copy of the writing containing the error is sufficient notification and correction. If the violation consists of an excess charge, correction shall be made by an adjustment or refund.
- 92 (8) If the creditor establishes by a preponderance of 93 evidence that a violation is unintentional or the result of a 94 bona fide error of fact notwithstanding the maintenance of 95 procedures reasonably adapted to avoid any such violation 96 or error, no liability is imposed under subsections (1), (2) 97 and (4) of this section, and the validity of the transaction is 98 not affected.

### §46A-5-103. Willful violations.

1 (1) A regulated consumer lender who willfully makes 2 charges in excess of those permitted by the provisions of

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- 3 article four of this chapter, pertaining to regulated consumer lenders, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 4 5 conviction, shall be fined not more than five thousand 6 dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both 7 fined and imprisoned.
- 8 (2) A person who willfully engages in the business of 9 making regulated consumer loans without a license in 10 violation of the provisions of article four of this chapter, applying to authority to make regulated consumer loans 11 12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, 13 shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or 14 imprisoned not more than one year, or both fined and 15 imprisoned.
- (3) A person who willfully engages in the business of making consumer credit sales or consumer loans, or of 18 taking assignments of rights against consumers arising 19 therefrom and undertakes direct collection of payments or 20 enforcement of these rights, without complying with the provisions of section one hundred fifteen, article seven of this chapter, concerning notification, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars.
- 25 (4) Any person who willfully violates any of the provi-26 sions of sections one hundred twenty-three through one 27 hundred twenty-eight, inclusive, article two of this chapter, by committing any of the specifically described and enu-28 merated acts contained therein, shall be guilty of a misde-29 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not 30 more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the 31 32 county jail not more than one year, or both fined and 33 imprisoned.

#### ARTICLE 7. ADMINISTRATION.

§46A-7-103. Division of administrative powers; investigation and administration.

§46A-7-115. Notification.

### §46A-7-103. Division of administrative powers; investigation and administration.

- 1 (1) With respect to regulated consumer lenders and 2 other supervised financial organizations, the powers of 3 examination and investigation and administrative enforce-4 ment shall be exercised by the official or agency to whose 5 supervision the organization is subject. All other powers of 6 the attorney general under this chapter may be exercised 7 by him with respect to any financial organization whether 8 or not a supervised financial organization. Notwithstand-9 ing the first sentence of this subsection and notwithstand-10 ing subsection (3) of this section, the attorney general may 11 pursue any investigation, prosecute any suit and take any 12 other proper action relating to the enforcement of any 13 consumer protection provision in this chapter.
- 14 (2) If the attorney general receives a complaint or 15 other information concerning noncompliance with this 16 chapter by any supervised financial organization, he shall 17 inform the official or agency having supervisory authority 18 over the organization concerned. The attorney general 19 may request information about financial organizations 20 from the officials or agencies supervising them.
- 21 (3) The attorney general and any official or agency of 22 this state having supervisory authority over a financial 23 organization are authorized and directed to consult and assist one another in maintaining compliance with this 24 25 chapter. They may jointly pursue investigations, prose-26 cute actions and take other official actions, as they deem appropriate, if either of them otherwise is empowered to 27 28 take the action.

### §46A-7-115. Notification.

1 (1) Every person engaged in this state in making con-2 sumer credit sales or consumer loans, including any person subject to the provisions of section five-a, article 3 twenty-three, chapter eleven of this code, as a result of 4 their consumer lending or any person who regularly pur-5 chases retail installment contracts or other consumer paper 6 from a business with which it is affiliated, and every per-7 son having an office or place of business in this state who takes assignments of and undertakes direct collection of 9 payments from or enforcement of rights against debtors 10 arising from such sales or loans, shall file notification with 11

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- 12 the state tax department within thirty days after commenc-
- 13 ing business in this state, and, thereafter, on or before the
- thirty-first day of January of each year. A notification 14
- 15 shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section if
- 16 the information hereinafter required is given in an appli-
- 17 cation for a business registration certificate provided for in
- section four, article twelve, chapter eleven of this code. 18
- 19 The state tax commissioner shall make any information
- required by this section available to the attorney general 20
- 21 or commissioner upon request. The notification shall state:
- 22 (a) Name of the person;
- 23 (b) Name in which business is transacted if different 24 from subdivision (a) of this subsection:
- 2.5 (c) Address of principal office, which may be outside 26 this state:
  - (d) Address of all of its offices, if any, in this state at which consumer loans are made, or in the case of a lender credit card, a description of its affiliation to any store chain, or national or regional credit card acceptance system, or in the case of a person taking assignments of obligations, the offices or places of business within this state at which business is transacted:
  - (e) If consumer credit sales or consumer loans, including loans secured by real property, are made otherwise than at its retail store or office in this state, a brief description of the manner in which they are made;
- (f) Address of designated agent upon whom service of 38 39 process may be made in this state; and
- 40 (g) Whether regulated consumer loans are made.
- (2) If information in a notification becomes inaccurate 41 after filing, accurate information must be filed within 42 43 thirty days.
- 44 (3) The provisions of this section are not applicable to a seller whose credit sales consist entirely of sales made 45 pursuant to a seller's credit card so long as the issuer of the 46 card has fully complied with the provisions of this section, 47 nor are the provisions of this section applicable to a per-48

- 49 son whose consumer lending in West Virginia is incidental
- 50 and confined to access through a nonproprietary automat-
- 51 ic teller machine or similar electronic communication
- 52 terminal

#### ARTICLE 8. OPERATIVE DATE AND PROVISIONS FOR TRAN-SITION.

## §46A-8-101. Time of becoming operative; provisions for transition; enforceability of prior transactions.

- 1 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, this 2 chapter shall become operative at 12:01 a.m. on the first 3 day of September, one thousand nine hundred 4 seventy-four.
- 5 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) 6 of this section, in order to allow sufficient time to prepare 7 for the implementation and operation of this chapter and 8 to act on applications for licenses to make regulated consumer loans under this chapter as amended, the provisions 9 of article four of this chapter, relating to regulated con-10 sumer lenders, and the provisions of article seven of this 11 chapter, relating to their administration, shall, to the extent 12 necessary, become operative for such purposes at 12:01 13 a.m. on the first day of September, one thousand nine 14 15 hundred ninety-six.
- (3) Transactions entered into before this chapter be-16 comes operative and the rights, duties and interests flowing 17 from them thereafter may be terminated, completed, con-18 summated or enforced as required or permitted by any 19 statute, rule of law or other law amended. repealed or 20 modified by this chapter as though the repeal, amendment 21 or modification had not occurred, but this chapter applies 22 23 to:
- 24 (a) Refinancings and consolidations made after this 25 chapter becomes operative of consumer credit sales, con-26 sumer leases and consumer loans whenever made;
- 27 (b) Consumer credit sales or consumer loans made 28 after this chapter becomes operative pursuant to revolving 29 charge accounts or revolving loan accounts entered into,

- 30 arranged or contracted for before this chapter becomes 31 operative; and
- 32 (c) All consumer credit transactions made before this
- 33 chapter becomes operative insofar as this chapter limits the
- 34 remedies of creditors.

### CHAPTER 47. REGULATION OF TRADE.

#### ARTICLE 6. MONEY AND INTEREST.

# §47-6-5d. Rebate upon prepayment, refinancing, consolidation or otherwise; liability and penalties for excess charges.

- 1 (a) Upon prepayment in full of a precomputed loan,
- 2 credit sale or transaction, forbearance or similar transac-
- 3 tion repayable according to its original terms over a peri-
- 4 od of thirty-six months or less, the creditor shall rebate
- 5 that portion of the finance charge attributable to the pre-
- 6 paid periodic installment periods. When the total is pay-
- 7 able in substantially equal consecutive monthly install-
- 8 ments, the portion of such finance charge attributable to
- 9 any particular monthly installment period shall be that
- 10 proportion of charge originally contracted for, as the
- balance scheduled to be outstanding on the last day of the
- 12 monthly installment period before deducting the payment,
- 13 if any, scheduled to be made on that day bears to the sum
- 14 of all the monthly installment balances under the original
- 15 schedule of payments. (This method of allocation is the
- 16 sum of the digits method, commonly referred to as the
- 17 "Rule of 78"). For prepayment in full of a precomputed
- 18 loan, credit sale or transaction, forbearance or similar
- 19 transaction: (i) Repayable according to its original terms
- 20 over a period of thirty-six months or less; (ii) in which
- 21 unequal or irregular or other than substantially equal
- 22 consecutive monthly installments are payable, the commis-
- 23 sioner of banking shall prescribe by rule the method or
- 24 procedure for the allocation of charges and the calculation
- or rebates consistent with the Rule of 78.
- 26 (b) Upon prepayment in full of a precomputed loan, credit sale or transaction, forbearance or similar transac-
- 28 tion, repayable by its original terms over a period of great-

29 er than thirty-six months, an amount shall be rebated of 30 not less than the unearned portion of the finance charge 31 calculated by applying the rate of finance charge which 32 was required by applicable law to be disclosed in the trans-33 action according to the actuarial method to the unpaid 34 balance for the time remaining as originally scheduled or 35 as extended by deferral or otherwise for the period follow-36 ing prepayment. In instances where no rate of finance charge was required by law or otherwise to be disclosed, 37 38 the unearned portion of the finance charge shall be calcu-39 lated by applying the finance charge which was charged in 40 the transaction according to the actuarial method to the 41 unpaid balance for the time remaining as originally sched-42 uled or as extended by deferral or otherwise for the period 43 following prepayment.

44 (c) Unearned prepaid finance charges upon prepay-45 ment includes all prepaid finance charges for points, loan 46 or credit origination fees, or loan or credit investigation fees retained by the lender or creditor or its affiliates: 47 48 Provided, That: (i) In calculating the rebate for a con-49 sumer loan or credit sale unsecured by real property 50 where such prepaid finance charges have been imposed, 51 the lender or creditor may deduct such charges up to a 52 maximum of two percent of the amount financed; and (ii) 53 in calculating the rebate for a consumer loan or credit sale secured by real property where such prepaid finance 54 charges have been imposed, the lender or creditor may 55 deduct such charges up to a maximum of five percent of 56 the amount financed: Provided, however, That no such 57 deduction totaling more than five percent of the amount 58 59 financed may be made by the same lender within a twenty-four month period as a result of a refinancing. 60 61 Upon prepayment in full of a consumer loan or credit sale, any unearned prepaid finance charges may be rebat-62 ed by using the Rule of 78 where the original loan term is 63 64 thirty-six months or less. Where the original loan term is 65 greater than thirty-six months, any such charges shall be 66 rebated by using the actuarial method. To the extent that 67 this section overrides the preemption on limiting points 68 and other such charges on first lien residential mortgages 69 for nonpurchase money loans contained in Section 501 of

- the United States Depository Institutions Deregulation and Monetary Control Act of 1980, the state law limitations contained in this section shall apply: *Provided further*, That this subsection does not apply to loans made by federally-insured depository institutions.
  - (d) For purposes of the rebate of unearned finance charges as required by this section, a prepayment in full shall include repayment by a new loan, extension of credit, refinancing, consolidation, forbearance or otherwise. The term "loan or credit investigation fees" does not include the reasonable costs of credit reports paid to third parties as part of the bona fide closing costs in real estate transactions, where such costs are not included as part of the finance charge.
  - (e) As an alternative to the Rule of 78 method of rebate of determining the unearned finance charge required by this section, a creditor may rebate unearned finance charges under any other method which gives a greater rebate to the debtor than the rebate determined by the Rule of 78.
  - (f) The provisions governing rebates as set forth in this section shall apply to all transactions entered into on or after the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. For transactions entered into prior to the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the provisions in effect prior to the effective date of this section of the respective chapters of this code shall be utilized to determine the rebate of unearned finance charges.
  - (g) For consumer credit sales or consumer loans subject to the provisions of chapter forty-six-a of this code, the provisions of article five of said chapter, govern the imposition of liability and penalties for charging interest or a finance charge in excess of the maximum rate allowed under the provisions of this section. In all other instances, the provisions of this article govern the imposition of liability and penalties for charging interest or a finance charge in excess of the maximum allowed under this section.

### CHAPTER 74

(H. B. 4657—By Delegates Thompson, Faircloth, Amores, Hunt, Trump, Hutchins and Clements)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-five, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to reproduction of checks and other records; admissibility of copies in evidence; disposition of originals; assessing costs of record production; and record production generally.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-five, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.
- §31A-4-35. Reproduction of checks and other records; admissibility of copies in evidence; disposition of originals; record production generally.
  - 1 (a) Any bank may cause to be copied or reproduced,
  - 2 by any photographic, photostatic, microphotographic or
  - 3 by similar miniature photographic process or by
  - nonerasable optical image disks (commonly referred to as
  - 5 compact disks) or by other records retention technology
  - 6 approved by rule of the commissioner of banking, all or
  - 7 any number of its checks, and all or any part of its docu-
  - 8 ments, books, records, correspondence and all other in-9 struments, papers and writings, in any manner relating to
  - 10 the operation of its business, other than its notes, bonds,
  - 11 mortgages and other securities and investments, and may
  - 12 substitute such copies or reproductions either in positive
  - 13 or negative form for the originals thereof. Thereafter,
  - 14 such copy or reproduction in the form of a positive print
  - 15 thereof, shall be deemed for all purposes to be an original
- 16 counterpart of and shall have the same force and effect as

the original thereof and shall be admissible in evidence in all courts and administrative agencies in this state, to the same extent, and for the same purposes as the original thereof, and the banking institution may destroy or other-wise dispose of the original, but every banking institution shall retain either the originals or such copies or reproduc-tions of its records of final entry, including, without limit-ing the generality of the foregoing, cards used under the card system and deposit tickets for deposits made, for a period of at least six years from the date of the last entry on such books or the date of making of such deposit tick-ets and card records, or, in the case of a banking institu-tion exercising trust or fiduciary powers, until the expira-tion of six years from the date of termination of any trust or fiduciary relationship by a final accounting, release, court decree or other proper means of termination. 

All circumstances surrounding the making or issuance of such checks, documents, books, records, correspondence and other instruments, papers or writings, or the photographic, photostatic or microphotographic copies or optical disks or other permissible reproductions thereof, when the same are offered in evidence, may be shown to affect the weight but not the admissibility thereof.

Any device used to copy or reproduce such documents and records shall be one which correctly and accurately reproduces the original thereof in all details and any disk or film used therein shall be of durable material.

(b) When a subpoena duces tecum is served upon a custodian of records of any bank in an action or proceeding in which the bank is neither a party nor the place where any cause of action is alleged to have arisen and the subpoena requires the production of all or any part of the records of the bank relating to the conduct of its business with its customers, the bank shall be entitled to a search fee not to exceed ten dollars, together with reimbursement for costs incurred in the copying or other reproduction of any such record or records which have already been reduced to written form, in an amount not to exceed seventy-five cents per page. Any and all such costs shall be borne by the party requesting the production of the record or records.

# **CHAPTER 75**

(H. B. 4644—By Delegates Hunt, Tomblin, Tillis, Seacrist and Amores)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-five, relating to authorizing banking institutions to refuse to open checking accounts for potential customers convicted of violations involving worthless checks; authorizing specific criminal background investigation; civil immunity; and confidentiality.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four, chapter thirty-one-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section forty-five, to read as follows:

- ARTICLE 4. BANKING INSTITUTIONS AND SERVICES GENERALLY.
  - §31A-4-45. Refusal of banking institutions to open checking accounts for certain individuals convicted of worthless check violations; authorizing criminal background investigation by banking institutions; civil immunity; and confidentiality.
  - 1 (a) Any banking institution may refuse to open an 2 account with a potential customer based on its actual or 3 constructive knowledge, or when through background 4 investigation it has acquired information or knowledge, 5 that the customer has previously been convicted of two or 6 more violations of section thirty-nine or section
  - 7 thirty-nine-a, article three, chapter sixty-one of this code,
  - 8 involving obtaining property in return for a worthless 9 check or issuance of a worthless check within five years
  - 10 prior to the request to open the account, or during that
  - 11 period has been convicted of two violations of such activi-
  - 12 ty under federal law or the laws of another state. This

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provision shall not impair the bank's ability to refuse to open an account for a potential customer for any other lawful reason, including, but not limited to, past experience with that customer involving overdrawn accounts of checks returned for insufficient funds

- (b) Any banking institution acting pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be immune from civil liability for refusing to open an account based on the potential customer's past conviction for obtaining property in return for a worthless check or issuance of a worthless check: *Provided*, That this immunity shall not apply to any violations of subsection (c) of this section.
- 25 (c) Any and all nonpublic records or credit information obtained by the bank, its employees or agents 26 in conducting a background investigation on a customer's 27 28 or potential customer's previous convictions for violation 29 of section thirty-nine or section thirty-nine-a, article three, 30 chapter sixty-one of this code, or convictions under 31 federal law or the laws of another state involving obtaining 32 property in return for a worthless check or issuance of a 33 worthless check, shall remain confidential and no agent or 34 employee of the banking institution shall publicly disclose 35 or publish any such information obtained.

# **CHAPTER 76**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 89-By Senators Oliverio, Minear, Chafin and Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-a, relating to creating a child bicycle safety act; setting forth a short title; establishing legislative findings and purpose; defining terms; requiring helmets to meet certain specifications; requiring use of a helmet by children under the age of fifteen riding on public roads; requiring labeling to certify conformance with safety standards on helmets sold;

failure to wear helmet not admissible in civil actions; providing for penalties including a fine and community service for a violation; waiver for first offense; financial affidavit to be filed as evidence of inability to pay for a helmet; permitting municipalities to enact ordinances; and bicycle safety program.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eleven-a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 11A. CHILD BICYCLE SAFETY ACT.

- §17C-11A-1. Short title.
- §17C-11A-2. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §17C-11A-3. Definitions.
- §17C-11A-4. Requirements for helmet use.
- §17C-11A-5. Sale of bicycle helmets.
- §17C-11A-6. Civil actions.
- §17C-11A-7. Penalties.
- §17C-11A-8. Ordinances.
- §17C-11A-9. Bicycle safety program.

### §17C-11A-1. Short title.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the Child Bicycle Safety Act".

# §17C-11A-2. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that:
- 2 (1) Disability and death of children resulting from 3 injuries sustained in bicycling accidents are a serious
- 4 threat to the public health, welfare and safety of the people
- 5 of this state, and the prevention of such disability and
- 6 death is a goal of such people;
- 7 (2) Head injuries are the leading cause of disability 8 and death from bicycling accidents; and
- 9 (3) The risk of head injury from bicycling accidents is 10 significantly reduced for bicyclists who wear proper 11 protective bicycle helmets; yet helmets are worn by fewer
- 12 than five percent of child bicyclists nationwide.

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- 13 (b) The purpose of this article is to reduce the 14 incidence of disability and death resulting from injuries 15 incurred in bicycling accidents by requiring that while 16 riding on a bicycle on public roads, public bicycle paths and other public rights-of-way of this state, all bicycle 17 18 operators and passengers under fifteen years of age wear
- approved protective bicycle helmets. 19

### §17C-11A-3. Definitions.

As used in this article:

- (a) "Bicycle" means a human-powered vehicle with wheels designed to transport, by the action of pedaling, one or more persons seated on one or more saddle seats on its frame. Such term also includes a human-powered vehicle, and any attachment to such vehicle designed to transport by pedaling when the vehicle is used on a public roadway, public bicycle path or other public right-of-way, but does not include a tricycle.
- (b) "Tricycle" means a three-wheeled human-powered vehicle designed for use as a toy by a single child under the age of six years, the seat of which is no more than two feet from ground level.
- 14 (c) "Public roadway" means a right-of-way under the jurisdiction and control of this state or a local political 15 16 subdivision thereof for use primarily by motor vehicles.
- 17 (d) "Public bicycle path" means a right-of-way under 18 the jurisdiction and control of this state or a local political 19 subdivision thereof for use primarily by bicycles and 20 pedestrians.
- (e) "Other public right-of-way" means any right-of-way other than a public roadway or public bicycle path that is under the jurisdiction and control of 24 this state or a local political subdivision thereof and is designed for use and used by vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
  - (f) "Protective bicycle helmet" means a piece of headgear which meets or exceeds the impact standards for protective bicycle helmets set by the American national standards institute (ANSI) or the snell memorial

- 31 foundation's standards for protective headgear or
- 32 American society for testing and materials (ASTM) for
- 33 use in bicycling.
- (g) "Passenger" means any person who travels on abicycle in any manner except as an operator.
- 36 (h) "Operator" means a person who travels on a bicycle seated on a saddle seat from which that person is intended to and can pedal the bicycle.

# §17C-11A-4. Requirements for helmet use.

- 1 (a) It is unlawful for any person under fifteen years of 2 age to operate or be a passenger on a bicycle or any 3 attachment to a bicycle used on a public roadway, public 4 bicycle path or other public right-of-way unless at all 5 times when the person is so engaged he or she wears a 6 protective bicycle helmet of good fit, fastened securely 1 upon the head with the straps of the helmet.
- 8 (b) It is unlawful for any parent or legal guardian of a 9 person under fifteen years of age to knowingly permit 10 such person to operate or be a passenger on a bicycle or on any attachment to a bicycle used on a public roadway, 11 public bicycle path or other public right-of-way unless at 12 13 all times when the person is so engaged he or she wears a protective bicycle helmet of good fit, fastened securely 14 upon the head with the straps of the helmet. 15

# §17C-11A-5. Sale of bicycle helmets.

Any helmet sold or offered for sale for use by operators and passengers of bicycles shall be conspicuously labeled in accordance with the standard

4 described in subsection (f), section three of this article,

5 which shall constitute the manufacturer's certification that

6 the helmet conforms to the applicable safety standards.

# §17C-11A-6. Civil actions.

A violation of section four of this article is not admissible as evidence of negligence or contributory negligence or comparative negligence in any civil action or proceeding for damages, and shall not be admissible in mitigation of damages.

#### §17C-11A-7. Penalties.

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- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section one, article eighteen of this chapter, any parent or legal guardian violating any requirement set forth in section four of this article shall be fined ten dollars or be required to perform two hours in community service related to a child injury prevention program which includes injury prevention education or both fined and required to perform such community service. Notwithstanding the provisions of section one, article eleven, chapter eight of this code, no court costs may be assessed to any person violating the requirements of section four of this article.
- (b) In the case of a first violation of section four of this article, the court may waive the fine upon receipt of satisfactory proof that the person has a helmet or within a reasonable time from the date of the violation, purchased or otherwise obtained, a protective bicycle helmet.
- 17 (c) It is an absolute defense to a charge for a violation 18 of this article that a parent or legal guardian is unable to 19 pay for the protective bicycle helmet. Inability to pay 20 may be demonstrated by the filing of a financial affidavit 21 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c), section one, article two, chapter fifty-nine of this code. 22 person who demonstrates inability to pay shall be referred 23 24 to the governor's highway safety program for assistance in 25 obtaining the appropriate helmet or helmets.

### §17C-11A-8. Ordinances.

Nothing in this article shall limit the right of any municipality to enact an ordinance on the use of bicycle helmets.

# §17C-11A-9. Bicycle safety program.

- (a) Commencing on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the governor's highway safety program shall initiate and conduct an educational and public awareness program designed to encourage people to comply with the requirements of this article.
- 6 (b) The governor's highway safety program shall make 7 application for grants or any other funding to subsidize 8 the costs of purchasing helmets for people who qualify 9 under the provisions of subsection (c), section seven of 10 this article.

# CHAPTER 77

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4479—By Delegates Kiss and Michael)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, six-a, ten, eleven, twelve-a, thirteen, fifteen and twenty-four, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and to amend and reenact sections four, eleven, twelve, fifteen and twenty-two, article twenty-one of said chapter, all relating to charitable bingo and raffles; establishing venue requirements for bingo and raffle occasions; same, exceptions; providing bingo and raffle license application procedures and time periods; increasing amount of prizes which may be awarded at a super bingo and regular bingo occasions; restricting eligibility for bingo and raffle license; exception for junior fire fighters to general rule that persons under eighteen years of age may not participate in conduct of bingo games; changing allowable compensation and number of employees; compensation for bingo concessionaire and concession workers only if net proceeds are donated for charitable or public service purposes; tax commissioner authorized to disapprove certain contracts and leases; disapproved contracts and leases void; same, attempt by licensee to complete grounds for revocation or suspension of license; limitations on super bingo occasions; clarifying reporting requirements; bingo and raffle licensee may file compilation or review instead of both; removing cap on raffle prizes allowed; amending compensation provisions for persons conducting raffles; and prohibiting commingling of funds in cases of joint bingo and raffle occasions conducted simultaneously.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, six-a, ten, eleven, twelve-a, thirteen, fifteen and twenty-four, article twenty, chapter forty-seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further

amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a; and that sections four, eleven, twelve, fifteen and twenty-two, article twenty-one of said chapter be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### Article

- 20. Charitable Bingo.
- 21. Charitable Raffles

#### ARTICLE 20. CHARITABLE BINGO.

- §47-20-2. Definitions.
- §47-20-3. Who may hold bingo games; application for license; licenses not transferable.
- §47-20-5a. Venue.
- §47-20-6a. Super bingo license.
- Limits on prizes awarded—General provisions. §47-20-10.
- §47-20-11. Operator of bingo games and related concessions.
- Compensation of bingo operator, number of employees. §47-20-12a.
- §47-20-13. Concessions exception.
- §47-20-15. Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds: net proceeds disbursement.
- §47-20-24. Filing of reports.

### §47-20-2. Definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this article, unless specified otherwise:
- 2 (a) "Bingo" means the game wherein participants pay consideration for the use of one or more cards bearing 3
- 4 several rows of numbers in which no two cards played in
- any one game contain the same sequence or pattern. When 5
- the game commences, numbers are selected by chance, 6
- one by one, and announced. The players cover or mark 7
- those numbers announced as they appear on the card or 8
- cards which they are using. The player who first an-
- nounces that he or she has covered a predetermined se-10
- quence or pattern which had been preannounced for that 11
- game is, upon verification that he or she has covered the 12
- predetermined sequence or pattern, declared the winner of 13
- 14 that game.
- (b) "Bingo occasion" or "occasion" means a single 15
- gathering or session at which a series of one or more suc-16
- cessive bingo games is conducted by a single licensee. 17

- 18 (c) "Charitable or public service activity or endeavor" 19 means any bona fide activity or endeavor which directly 20 benefits a number of people by:
- 21 (1) Assisting them to establish themselves in life as 22 contributing members of society through education or 23 religion:
- 24 (2) Relieving them from disease, distress, suffering, 25 constraint, or the effects of poverty:
- 26 (3) Increasing their comprehension of and devotion to 27 the principles upon which this nation was founded and to 28 the principles of good citizenship;

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- (4) Making them aware of or educating them about issues of public concern so long as the activity or endeav-30 or is not aimed at influencing legislation or supporting or participating in the campaign of any candidate for public office:
- 34 (5) By lessening the burdens borne by government or voluntarily supporting, augmenting or supplementing 35 36 services which government would normally render to the 37 people;
- 38 (6) Providing or supporting nonprofit community activities for youth, senior citizens or the disabled; or 39
- (7) Providing or supporting nonprofit cultural or 40 41 artistic activities.
  - (d) "Charitable or public service organization" means a bona fide, not for profit, tax-exempt, benevolent, educational, philanthropic, humane, patriotic, civic, religious, fraternal, or eleemosynary incorporated or unincorporated association or organization; or a volunteer fire department, rescue unit or other similar volunteer community service organization or association; but does not include any nonprofit association or organization, whether incorporated or not, which is organized primarily for the purposes of influencing legislation or supporting or promoting the campaign of any candidate for public office.
- 53 An organization or association is tax-exempt if it is. and has received from the Internal Revenue Service a 54

55 determination letter that is currently in effect stating that 56 the organization is, exempt from federal income taxation 57 under subsection 501(a) and described in subsection 58 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(8), 501(c)(10), 501(c)(19) or 59 501(d) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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- (e) "Commissioner" means the state tax commissioner.
- (f) "Concession" means any stand, booth, cart, counter or other facility, whether stationary or movable, where 62 63 beverages, both alcoholic and nonalcoholic, food, snacks, 64 cigarettes or other tobacco products, newspapers, souvenirs 65 or any other items are sold to patrons by an individual 66 operating the facility. Notwithstanding anything con-67 tained in subdivision (2), subsection (a), section twelve, article seven, chapter sixty of this code to the contrary, 68 69 "concession" includes beverages which are regulated by 70 and are subject to the provisions of chapter sixty of this code: Provided, That in no case may the sale or the con-71 72 sumption of alcoholic beverages or nonintoxicating beer 73 be permitted in any area where bingo is conducted.
  - (g) "Conduct" means to direct the actual playing of a bingo game by activities including, but not limited to, handing out bingo cards, collecting fees, drawing the numbers, announcing the numbers, posting the numbers. verifying winners and awarding prizes.
- 79 (h) "Expend net proceeds for charitable or public service purposes" means to devote the net proceeds of a 80 81 bingo occasion or occasions to a qualified recipient orga-82 nization or as otherwise provided by this article and ap-83 proved by the commissioner pursuant to section fifteen of 84 this article
  - (i) "Gross proceeds" means all moneys collected or received from the conduct of bingo at all bingo occasions held by a licensee during a license period; this term shall not be considered to include any moneys collected or received from the sale of concessions at bingo occasions.
- (j) "Joint bingo occasion" means a single gathering or 90 91 session at which a series of one or more successive bingo games is conducted by two or more licensees. 92

- 93 (k) "Licensee" means any organization or association 94 granted an annual, limited occasion or state fair bingo 95 license pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- (1) "Net proceeds" means all moneys collected or received from all the conduct of bingo at bingo occasions held by a licensee during a license period after payment of expenses authorized by sections ten, thirteen, fifteen and twenty-two of this article; this term shall not be considered to include moneys collected or received from the sale of concessions at bingo occasions.
  - (m) "Person" means any individual, association, society, incorporated or unincorporated organization, firm, partnership or other nongovernmental entity or institution.

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- (n) "Patron" means any individual who attends a bingo occasion other than an individual who is participating in the conduct of the occasion or in the operation of any concession, whether or not the individual is charged an entrance fee or plays any bingo games.
- 111 (o) "Qualified recipient organization" means any bona fide, not for profit, tax-exempt, as defined in subdivision 112 113 (d) of this section, incorporated or unincorporated association or organization which is organized and functions 114 exclusively to directly benefit a number of people as pro-115 vided in subparagraphs (1) through (7), subdivision (c) of 116 this section. "Qualified recipient organization" includes 117 without limitation any licensee which is organized and 118 119 functions exclusively as provided in this subdivision.
- (p) "Venue" means the location in which bingo occasions are held.

# §47-20-3. Who may hold bingo games; application for license; licenses not transferable.

Any charitable or public service organization which has been in existence in this state two years prior to filing an application for a bingo license issued pursuant to section four or five of this article may hold bingo occasions in accordance with the provisions of this article during the time it holds a valid license.

Application for a bingo license shall be made to the tax commissioner and shall be on a form which shall be supplied by him or her. The application shall contain the information required by section seven of this article and any other information which the commissioner considers necessary. An application shall be filed not less than sixty days before the date when the applicant intends to hold its first bingo occasion.

15 No bingo occasion may be held until an application 16 filed in accordance with this article has been approved by the tax commissioner, and the bingo license has been 17 18 received: Provided. That under no circumstances may a 19 licensee organization conduct a bingo occasion before the 20 sixty day filing period between the filing of the applica-21 tion and date of the first bingo occasion has elapsed: Pro-22 vided, however, That the date the application is received 23 by the tax commissioner shall begin the sixty day filing 24 period. The tax commissioner shall send the applicant its 25 license within five days after approval of the bingo application. If the filing period has elapsed, and the application 26 27 has not been denied by the tax commissioner, and the 28 license has not been received by the applicant, the appli-29 cant may consider the application approved and begin to 30 hold bingo occasions. The tax commissioner shall send a 31 bingo license to the applicant within five days after the 32 expiration of the filing period if the application has not 33 been otherwise denied.

No bingo license issued pursuant to this article may be transferred.

### §47-20-5a. Venue.

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Any charitable or public service organization or any of its auxiliaries or other organizations otherwise affiliated with it possessing an annual or limited occasion bingo license or a super bingo license shall conduct a bingo occasion only in the county within which the organization is principally located.

Any licensee which, in good faith, finds itself unable to comply with this requirement shall apply to the tax commissioner for permission to conduct a bingo occasion in a location other than the county within which the organization is principally located: *Provided*, That the location

- 12 shall be in a contiguous county, or, if not in a contiguous
- 13 county, and not in the county where the licensee organiza-
- 14 tion has its principal location, the location of the proposed
- bingo occasion may be no more than thirty air miles from
- 16 the county within which the organization is principally
- 17 located. The application shall be made on a form provid-
- 18 ed by the tax commissioner and shall include the particu-
- 19 lars of the requested change and the reasons for the
- 20 change. The application shall be filed no later than sixty
- 21 days before any scheduled bingo occasion.
- For purposes of this section, the principal location of a
- 23 licensee is the address of the licensee shown on the licens-
- 24 ee's West Virginia business registration certificate.

### §47-20-6a. Super bingo license.

- 1 Any charitable or public service organization may, upon payment of a five thousand dollar license fee, apply to the tax commissioner for issuance of an annual super bingo license. All revenue from the license fee shall be 4 deposited in the special revenue account established under 6 the authority of section two-a, article nine, chapter eleven of this code and used to support the investigatory activities provided for in that section. The tax commissioner shall 8 promulgate legislative rules in accordance with article 9 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code specifying those 10 organizations which qualify as charitable or public service 11 12 organizations.
- A holder of a super bingo license may conduct one super bingo occasion each month during the period of the license at which up to fifty thousand dollars in prizes may be awarded, notwithstanding the ten thousand dollar limitation on prizes specified in section ten of this article.
- A charitable or public service organization that has a regular or limited occasion bingo license may apply for a super bingo license.

# §47-20-10. Limits on prizes awarded — General provisions.

Except as otherwise provided in section twenty-two of this article, during the period of a license the average total prizes awarded by a licensee, or in the aggregate by two or

- 4 more limited occasion licensees holding a joint bingo occasion, for any bingo occasion held pursuant to an annual or limited occasion license, may not exceed ten thousand dollars in value.
- Prizes may be money or merchandise other than beer, nonintoxicating beer, wine, spirits or alcoholic liquor as defined in section five, article one, chapter sixty of this code. If the prizes are merchandise, the value assigned to them is their fair market value at the time of purchase.

### §47-20-11. Operator of bingo games and related concessions.

1 Except as provided in sections thirteen and twenty-two 2 of this article, only persons, as defined in section two of 3 this article, who are residents of this state and who are active members of the licensee organization or its autho-4 rized auxiliary organization and who have been active 6 members in good standing of the licensee organization or 7 its authorized auxiliary for at least two years prior to the date of filing of the application for a charitable bingo 8 license or the most recent filing of an application for re-9 newal of the license may participate in any manner in the 10 conduct of any bingo game or operate any concession in 11 12 conjunction with a bingo occasion: Provided, That not-13 withstanding anything contained in this article to the contrary, no individual under the age of eighteen years may 14 directly or indirectly participate in the conduct of a bingo 15 game except for junior firefighters, in accordance with the 16 17 provisions of this article.

# §47-20-12a. Compensation of bingo operator; number of employees.

(a) Within the guidelines set forth in subsections (b), 1 2 (c) and (d) of this section, a licensee may pay a salary, the minimum of which shall be established at the federal mini-3 mum wage, and the maximum being six dollars and fifty 4 cents per hour, to operators of bingo games who are active 5 6 members of the licensee organization and who have been active members in good standing for at least two years 7 prior to the date of filing of the application for a charita-8 ble bingo license or the most recent filing of an applica-9 tion for renewal of the license. 10

- (b) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions equal or exceed one hundred thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid to not more than eight operators.
  - (c) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occasions are less than one hundred thousand dollars, but equal or exceed fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may be paid to not more than five operators.
- 20 (d) If the licensee's gross receipts from bingo occa-21 sions are less than fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's 22 most recently filed annual financial report, a salary may 23 be paid to not more than three operators.
  - (e) If the licensee also possesses a super bingo license, it may pay a salary to not more than fifteen operators during the super bingo occasion.
- 27 (f) In the case of a licensee lawfully holding a charitable bingo occasion simultaneously with a charitable raffle 28 29 occasion, the number of paid charitable bingo operator 30 employees allowed under this limitation for bingo licens-31 ees shall be in addition to the number of charitable raffle 32 operator employees allowed under section fifteen, article twenty-one of this chapter. Licensees holding simulta-33 neous occasions shall pay bingo operators from the pro-34 ceeds of bingo operations and shall pay raffle operators 35 from the proceeds of raffle operations, and the charitable 36 bingo fund and the charitable raffle fund and payments 37 38 from the funds shall not be commingled.
- (g) For purposes of the limitations set forth in this
  section, the term "operator" or "bingo operator" or "raffle
  operator" shall not include concession stand workers.
  Wages paid to concession workers shall not exceed six
  dollars and fifty cents per hour.

# §47-20-13. Concessions exception.

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A licensee may allow any individual, firm, partnership or corporation to operate concessions in conjunction with bingo occasions, and to be compensated for the operation, only if the individual, firm, partnership or corporation

- 5 agrees to donate all net proceeds received from the sale of
- 6 the concessions and all compensation received from the
- 7 licensee organization to charitable or public service pur-
- 8 poses as specified under section two, subsection (c) of this
- 9 article.

# §47-20-15. Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds; net proceeds disbursement.

- 1 (a) The reasonable, necessary and actual expenses
- 2 incurred in connection with the conduct of bingo occa-
- 3 sions, not to exceed twenty-five percent of the gross pro-
- 4 ceeds collected during a license period, may be paid out
- 5 of the gross proceeds of the conduct of bingo, including,
- 6 but not limited to:
- 7 (1) Rent paid for the use of the premises: Provided,
- 8 That a copy of the rental agreement was filed with the
- 9 bingo license application and any changes to the rental
- 10 agreement were filed within ten days of being made:
- 11 Provided, however, That in no event may the rent paid for
- 12 the use of any premises exceed the fair market value of
- 13 rent for the premises;
- 14 (2) The cost of custodial services:
- 15 (3) The cost to the licensee organization for equip-16 ment and supplies used to conduct the bingo occasion;
- 17 (4) The cost to the licensee organization for advertis-18 ing the bingo occasion;
- 19 (5) The cost of hiring security personnel, licensed 20 pursuant to the provisions of article eighteen, chapter 21 thirty of this code; and
- 22 (6) The cost of providing child care services to the 23 raffle patrons: *Provided*, That any proceeds received 24 from the provision of child care services shall be handled 25 the same as raffle proceeds.
- 26 (b) The actual cost to the licensee for prizes, not to exceed the amounts as specified in section ten of this article, may be paid out of the gross proceeds of the conduct of bingo.

- (c) The cost of any refreshments, souvenirs or any other item sold or otherwise provided through any concession to the patrons may not be paid for out of the gross proceeds from the bingo occasion. The licensee shall expend all net bingo proceeds and any interest earned on the proceeds for the charitable or public service purposes stated in the application within one year after the expiration of the license under which the bingo occasions were conducted. A licensee which does not qualify as a qualified recipient organization may apply to the commissioner at the time it applies for a bingo license or as provided in subsection (e) of this section for permission to apply any or all of its net proceeds to directly support a charitable or public service activity or endeavor which it sponsors.
  - (d) No gross proceeds from any bingo operation may be devoted or in any manner used by any licensee or qualified recipient organization for the construction or acquisition of real or personal property except that which is used exclusively for one or more charitable or public service purposes or as provided in subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section.
  - (e) The tax commissioner has the authority to disapprove any contract for sale of goods or services to any charitable bingo licensee for use in or with relation to any charitable bingo operation or occasion, or any lease of real or tangible personal property to any charitable bingo licensee for use in or with relation to any charitable bingo operation or occasion, if the contract or lease is unreasonable or not representative of fair market value. Contracts or leases which are disapproved shall be considered to be in contravention of this article, and are void. Any attempt by any charitable bingo licensee to engage in transactions under the terms of any lease or contract that has been disapproved is grounds for revocation or suspension of the charitable bingo license and for refusal by the tax commissioner to renew the charitable bingo license.
  - (f) If a property owner or lessee, including his or her agent, has entered into a rental contract to hold super bingo occasions on his or her premises, the premises shall be rented, for super bingo occasions, to not more than

four super bingo licensees during any period of four 70 consecutive calendar weeks: Provided, That each of the 71 72 charitable or public service organizations desiring to hold 73 a super bingo occasion must possess its own super bingo license. Subject to this limitation, the premises may be 74 75 used for super bingo occasions during two consecutive days during a conventional weekend. For purposes of this 76 77 subsection, the term "conventional weekend" means Satur-78 day and Sunday: Provided, however, That the super bingo 79 occasions may occur at the same facility no more often 80 than alternating weekends during a calendar month.

(g) Any licensee which, in good faith, finds itself unable to comply with the requirements of this provision shall apply to the commissioner for permission to expend its net proceeds for one or more charitable or public service purposes other than that stated in its license application or for permission to expend its net proceeds later than the one-year time period specified in this section. The application shall be on a form furnished by the commissioner and shall include the particulars of the requested changes and the reasons for the changes. The application shall be filed no later than sixty days before the end of the one-year period specified in this section. In the case of an application to extend the time in which the net proceeds are to be expended for a charitable or public service purpose, the licensee shall file such periodic reports with the commissioner as the commissioner directs until the proceeds are expended.

# §47-20-24. Filing of reports.

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1 Each licensee holding an annual license shall file with 2 the tax commissioner a quarterly and an annual financial 3 report summarizing its bingo operations for the time peri-4 od covered by the report. Each quarterly report shall be filed within twenty days after the end of the quarter which 5 it covers. The annual report shall be filed within thirty 6 days after the expiration of the license under which the 7 operations covered by the report were held. The time 8 period covered by the annual report is the full license year 9 or, at the election of a licensee receiving state or federal 10

- 11 funding, the most recently ended state or federal fiscal 12 year.
- 13 Each licensee holding a limited occasion license or 14 state fair license shall file with the tax commissioner a
- 15 financial report summarizing its bingo operations for the 16
- license period within thirty days after the expiration of the
- license under which the operations covered by the report 17
- 18 are held. The report shall contain the name, address and
- 19 social security number of any individual who receives,
- 20 during the course of a bingo occasion, prizes, the aggre-
- gate value of which exceeds one hundred dollars, and 21 22
- other information required by the commissioner: Provid-
- 23 ed. That any licensee failing to file the report when due is
- liable for a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each month 24
- or fraction of a month during which the failure continues, 25
- the penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars: Provided, 26
- 27 however, That annual financial reports must contain either
- a compilation or review of the financial report by a certi-28
- fied or licensed public accountant, or may be audited by a 29
- certified or licensed public accountant, if a licensee's gross 30
- receipts exceed fifty thousand dollars. 31

#### ARTICLE 21. CHARITABLE RAFFLES.

- Who may hold raffles; application for license; licenses not §47-21-4. transferable.
- §47-21-11. Limits on prizes awarded—General provisions.
- §47-21-12. Compensation.
- Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds; net proceeds §47-21-15. disbursement.
- §47-21-22. Filing of reports.

# §47-21-4. Who may hold raffles; application for license; licenses not transferable.

- (a) Except as provided in section three of this article, 1
  - 2 only persons, as defined in section two of this article, who
- are residents of this state and who are active members of 3
- any charitable or public service organization which has 4
- been in existence in this state for at least two years prior to
- filing an application for a raffle license issued pursuant to
- section five or six of this article may hold raffle occasions

- 8 in accordance with the provisions of this article during the time it holds a valid license.
- 10 (b) Application for a raffle license shall be made to 11 the tax commissioner and shall be on a form supplied by 12 him or her. The application shall contain the information 13 required by section eight of this article and any other 14 information which the commissioner considers necessary. 15 No raffle may be held and no tickets may be sold pursuant to this article until the raffle application has been ap-16 17 proved by the tax commissioner and the license has been 18 received by the applicant: Provided, That no raffle occa-19 sion may be held and no raffle tickets may be sold until a sixty day filing period, which is that time period between 20 the receipt of that application by the tax commissioner 21 22 and the first raffle occasion, has expired: Provided, how-23 ever. That the tax commissioner shall send the applicant its 24 license within five days after the application is approved. 25 If the sixty day filing period has expired and the applica-26 tion has not been denied and the raffle license has not 27 been received by the applicant, the applicant may consider 28 the application approved and begin to sell tickets for the 29 raffle or hold the raffle occasion. The tax commissioner 30 shall send the applicant its license within five days after the expiration of the filing period if the application has not 31 32 been otherwise denied.
- 33 (c) For purposes of this article, any application for an 34 annual license or a limited occasion license received prior 35 to the effective date of this article is considered filed on 36 the effective date.
- (d) No raffle license issued pursuant to this article maybe transferred.

# §47-21-11. Limits on prizes awarded — General provisions.

Prizes may be money, real or personal property or merchandise other than beer, wine, spirits or alcoholic liquor as defined in section five, article one, chapter sixty of this code. If the prizes are real or personal property or merchandise, the value assigned to them is their fair market value at the time of acquisition for the raffle or at the

7 time of purchase.

### §47-21-12. Compensation.

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- 1 (a) A licensee may pay a salary, the minimum of 2 which shall be established at the federal minimum wage, and the maximum which shall be six dollars and fifty 3 4 cents per hour, to operators of charitable raffle games who 5 are active members of the licensee organization and who 6 have been active members in good standing for at least two years prior to the date of filing of the application for a 7 8 charitable raffle license or the most recent filing of an 9 application for renewal of the license.
- 10 (b) If the licensee's gross receipts from raffle occa-11 sions equal or exceed one hundred thousand dollars for 12 the licensee's most recently filed annual financial report, a 13 salary may be paid to not more than eight operators.
- 14 (c) If the licensee's gross receipts from charitable raf-15 fle occasions are less than one hundred thousand dollars, 16 but equal or exceed fifty thousand dollars for the licens-17 ee's most recently filed annual financial report, a salary 18 may be paid to not more than five operators.
- 19 (d) If the licensee's gross receipts from charitable 20 raffle occasions are less than fifty thousand dollars for the licensee's most recently filed annual financial report, a 22 salary may be paid to no more than three operators.
- 23 (e) In the case of a licensee lawfully holding a charitable bingo occasion simultaneously with a charitable raffle 24 occasion, the number of paid charitable raffle operator 25 employees allowed under this limitation for charitable 26 27 raffle licensees is in addition to the number of charitable bingo operator employees allowed under section twelve-a, 28 article twenty of this chapter. Licensees holding simulta-29 neous occasions shall pay bingo operators from the pro-30 ceeds of bingo operations and shall pay raffle operators 31 from the proceeds of raffle operations, and the charitable 32 bingo fund and the charitable raffle fund and payments 33 from the funds shall not be commingled. 34
- 35 (f) For purposes of the limitations set forth in this section, the term "operator" or "bingo operator" or "raffle 36

- 37 operator" shall not include concession stand workers.
- 38 Wages paid to concession workers shall not exceed six
- 39 dollars and fifty cents per hour.

# §47-21-15. Payment of reasonable expenses from proceeds; net proceeds disbursement.

- 1 (a) The reasonable, necessary and actual expenses
- 2 incurred in connection with the conduct of raffle occa-
- 3 sions, not to exceed twenty-five percent of the gross pro-
- 4 ceeds collected during a license period, may be paid out
- 5 of the gross proceeds of the conduct of raffle, including,
- 6 but not limited to:
- 7 (1) Rent paid for the use of the premises: Provided,
- 8 That a copy of the rental agreement was filed with the
- 9 raffle license application with any modifications to the
- 10 rental agreement to be filed within ten days of being
- 11 made: Provided, however, That in no event may the rent
- 12 paid for the use of any premises exceed the fair market
- value of rent for the premises;
- 14 (2) The cost of custodial services;
- 15 (3) The cost to the licensee organization for equip-
- 16 ment and supplies used to conduct the raffle occasion;
- 17 (4) The cost to the licensee organization for advertis-18 ing the raffle occasion;
- 19 (5) The cost of hiring security personnel, licensed
- 20 pursuant to the provisions of article eighteen, chapter
- 21 thirty of this code; and
- 22 (6) The cost of providing child care services to the
- 23 raffle patrons: Provided, That any proceeds received
- 24 from the provision of child care services shall be handled
- 25 the same as raffle proceeds.
- 26 (b) The actual cost to the licensee for prizes, not to
- 27 exceed the amounts as specified in section eleven of this
- 28 article, may be paid out of the gross proceeds of the con-
- 29 duct of raffle.

- 30 (c) The cost of any refreshments, souvenirs or any 31 other item sold or otherwise provided through any conces-32 sion to the patrons may not be paid for out of the gross 33 proceeds from the raffle occasion. The licensee shall ex-34 pend all net raffle proceeds and any interest earned on the 35 net raffle proceeds for the charitable or public service 36 purposes stated in the application within one year after the 37 expiration of the license under which the raffle occasions 38 were conducted. A licensee which does not qualify as a 39 qualified recipient organization may apply to the commis-40 sioner at the time it applies for a raffle license or as provided in subsection (e) of this section for permission to 41 42 apply any or all of its net proceeds to directly support a 43 charitable or public service activity or endeavor which it 44 sponsors.
- (d) No gross proceeds from any raffle operation may
  be devoted or in any manner used by any licensee or
  qualified recipient organization for the construction, acquisition, or improvement, of real or personal property
  except that which is used exclusively for one or more
  charitable or public service purposes or as provided in
  subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section.
- 52 (e) The tax commissioner has the authority to disapprove any contract for sale of goods or services to any 53 charitable raffle licensee for use in or with relation to any 54 55 charitable raffle operation or occasion, or any lease of real or tangible personal property to any charitable raffle li-56 57 censee for use in or with relation to any charitable raffle operation or occasion, if the contract or lease is unreason-58 able or not representative of fair market value. Disap-59 proved contracts or leases shall be considered to be in 60 contravention of this article, and are void. Any attempt by 61 62 any charitable raffle licensee to engage in transactions under the terms of any disapproved lease or contract is 63 grounds for revocation or suspension of the charitable 64 65 raffle license and for refusal by the tax commissioner to renew the charitable raffle license. 66
  - (f) Any licensee which, in good faith, finds itself unable to comply with the requirements of the subsections

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(a) through (e) of this section shall apply to the commissioner for permission to expend its net proceeds for one or more charitable or public service purposes other than that stated in its license application or for permission to expend its net proceeds later than the one-year time peri-od specified in this section. The application shall be on a form furnished by the commissioner and shall include the particulars of the requested changes and the reasons for the changes. The application shall be filed no later than sixty days before the end of the one-year period specified in this section. In the case of an application to extend the time in which the net proceeds are to be expended for a charitable or public service purpose, the licensee shall file such periodic reports with the commissioner as the com-missioner directs until the proceeds are expended.

### §47-21-22. Filing of reports.

Each licensee holding an annual, limited or state fair license shall file with the commissioner a financial report summarizing its raffle operations within thirty days after the expiration date of the license. The time period covered by an annual report is the full license year or, at the election of a licensee receiving state or federal funding, the most recently ended state or federal fiscal year.

The reports required by this section shall contain the name, address and social security number of any individual who received during the course of a raffle occasion prizes the aggregate value of which exceeded one hundred dollars, and other information required by the commissioner: *Provided*, That any licensee failing to file the report when due is liable for a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each month or fraction of a month during which the failure continues, the penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars: *Provided*, *however*, That annual financial reports must contain either a compilation or review of such financial report by a certified or licensed public accountant, or may be audited by a certified or licensed public accountant, if a licensee's gross receipts exceed fifty thousand dollars.

# **CHAPTER 78**

(Com. Sub for S. B. 449—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, five, eight and ten, article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven-a; to amend article six, chapter twelve of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; and to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of said code, all relating to authorizing the state building commission to borrow funds; clarifying the deposit and disbursement of funds by the commission; authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds; setting forth the terms and conditions of the issuance of bonds; authorizing the acquisition of specified property; clarifying the trust provisions for existing bondholders; requiring the expenditure of bond proceeds for capital expenditures at state institutions of higher education; establishing a committee to certify arts and sciences projects by a date certain; requiring notice and public hearings to be conducted by the committee; authorizing the committee to certify whether a portion of bond proceeds will be expended for constructing and equipping an arts and sciences center in West Virginia; setting forth the conditions upon which proceeds may be used for an arts and sciences center; requiring the committee to determine whether projects will be funded by a date certain; authorizing the balance of bond proceeds to be expended for capital projects at the state parks, the capitol complex or other tourism sites in this state; establishing a committee to certify capital improvement projects by a date certain; requiring notice and public hearings to be conducted by the committee; creating a special account in the state treasury for debt service; authorizing the state board of investments to loan money to the state building commission for acquisition of specified property, to refinance projects and for construction and improvements of regional jails and correctional facilities; setting forth an interest rate for the loans; establishing method of repayment of loans; authorizing board of investments to fix annual amount of loan; setting forth priorities for loans; encouraging liquidity in the consolidated fund; dedicating lottery proceeds for the repayment of bonds issued by the building commission; establishing maximum amount of lottery proceeds to be dedicated for bond repayment; and making this dedication a second-in-priority lien on the proceeds of the state lottery fund.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five, eight and ten, article six, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article, be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eleven-a; that article six, chapter twelve of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; and that section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works; Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.

# CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.

#### ARTICLE 6. STATE BUILDING COMMISSION.

- §5-6-4. Powers of commission.
- §5-6-5. Deposit and disbursement of funds of commission; security for deposits; audits.
- §5-6-8. Commission empowered to issue state building revenue bonds after legislative authorization; form and requirements for bonds; procedure for issuance; temporary bonds; funds, grants and gifts.
- §5-6-10. Trust existing in favor of existing bondholders.
- §5-6-11a. Special power of commission to transfer or expend bond proceeds for capital improvements at institutions of higher education,

state parks and the capitol complex and to construct and lease a center for arts and sciences of West Virginia; limitations; state building commission authorized to issue revenue bonds; fund created; use of funds to pay for development of education, arts, sciences and tourism projects.

### §5-6-4. Powers of commission.

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- 1 The commission has the power:
- 2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded;
- 3 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name of the commission or of the state, by purchase, lease, 5 lease-purchase or otherwise, real property or rights or easements necessary or convenient for its corporate purposes and to exercise the power of eminent domain to accomplish those purposes;
- 10 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of personal property for its corporate purposes; 11
- (5) To make bylaws for the management and regula-12 13 tion of its affairs:
- (6) With the consent of the attorney general of the 14 state of West Virginia, to use the facilities of his or her 15 office, assistants and employees in all legal matters relating 16 to or pertaining to the commission; 17
- (7) To appoint officers, agents and employees, and fix 18 19 their compensation;
- (8) To make contracts, and to execute all instruments 20 necessary or convenient to effectuate the intent of, and to 21 exercise the powers granted to it by this article; 22
- (9) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it whenever, due to a change in situation, it appears to the 24 commission that its interests will be best served;
- (10) To construct a building or buildings on real 26 property, which it may acquire, or which may be owned 27 by the state of West Virginia, in the city of Charleston, as 28 convenient as may be to the capitol building, together with 29 incidental approaches, structures and facilities, subject to 30

the consent and approval of the city of Charleston in any 32 case as may be necessary; and, in addition, to acquire or 33 construct a warehouse, including office space in the ware-34 house, in Kanawha County for the West Virginia alcohol 35 beverage control commissioner, and equip and furnish the 36 office space; and to acquire or construct, through lease, 37 purchase, lease-purchase or bond financing, hospitals or 38 other facilities, buildings, or additions or renovations to 39 buildings as may be necessary for the safety and care of 40 patients, inmates and guests at facilities under the jurisdiction of and supervision of the division of health and at 41 42 institutions under the jurisdiction of the division of correc-43 tions or the regional jail and correctional facilities authori-44 ty; and to formulate and program plans for the orderly 45 and timely capital improvement of all of the hospitals and institutions and the state capitol buildings; and to construct 46 47 a building or buildings in Kanawha County to be used as a general headquarters by the division of public safety to 48 49 accommodate that division's executive staff, clerical offic-50 es, technical services, supply facilities and dormitory ac-51 commodations; and to develop, improve and expand state 52 parks and recreational facilities to be operated by the 53 division of natural resources; and to establish one or more 54 systems or complexes of buildings and projects under 55 control of the commission; and, subject to prior agree-56 ments with holders of bonds previously issued, to change 57 the systems, complexes of buildings and projects from 58 time to time, in order to facilitate the issuance and sale of bonds of different series on a parity with each other or 59 having such priorities between series as the commission 60 may determine; and to acquire by purchase, eminent do-61 main or otherwise all real property or interests in the real 62 property necessary or convenient to accomplish the pur-63 poses of this subdivision. The rights and powers set forth 64 in this subdivision shall not be construed as in derogation 65 of any rights and powers now vested in the West Virginia 66 alcohol beverage control commissioner, the department of 67 health and human resources, the division of corrections or 68 the division of natural resources: 69

(11) To maintain, construct and operate a project 70 71 authorized under this article:

72 (12) To charge rentals for the use of all or any part of 73 a project or buildings at any time financed, constructed, 74 acquired or improved in whole or in part with the pro-75 ceeds of sale of bonds issued pursuant to this article, sub-76 ject to and in accordance with such agreements with bond-77 holders as may be made as provided in this article: Pro-78 vided. That on and after the effective date of the amend-79 ments to this section, to charge rentals for the use of all or 80 any part of a project or buildings at any time financed. 81 constructed, acquired, maintained or improved in whole or 82 in part with the proceeds of sale of bonds issued pursuant 83 to this article, subject to and in accordance with such 84 agreements with bondholders as may be made as in this 85 section provided, or with any funds available to the state 86 building commission, including, but not limited to, all buildings and property owned by the state of West Virgin-87 88 ia or by the state building commission, but no rentals shall 89 be charged to the governor, attorney general, secretary of 90 state, state auditor, state treasurer, the Legislature and the 91 members of the Legislature, the supreme court of appeals, 92 nor for their offices, agencies, official functions and du-93 ties:

(13) To issue negotiable bonds and to provide for the rights of the holders of the negotiable bonds;

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- 96 (14) To accept and expend any gift, grant or contribu-97 tion of money to, or for the benefit of, the commission, 98 from the state of West Virginia or any other source for 99 any or all of the purposes specified in this article or for 100 any one or more of such purposes as may be specified in 101 connection with the gift, grant or contribution;
- 102 (15) To enter on any lands and premises for the pur-103 pose of making surveys, soundings and examinations;
  - (16) To invest in United States government obligations, on a short-term basis, any surplus funds which the commission may have on hand pending the completion of any project or projects;
- 108 (17) To issue revenue bonds in accordance with the applicable provisions of this article for the purposes set 110 forth in section eleven-a of this article; and

111 (18) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry 112 out the powers given in this article.

# §5-6-5. Deposit and disbursement of funds of commission; security for deposits; audits.

Except as provided in sections five-a and eleven-a of 1 2 this article, all moneys of the commission from whatever source derived shall be paid to the treasurer of the state of .3 West Virginia who shall not commingle the moneys, but 4 5 shall deposit them to a special revenue fund to be known 6 as the "state building commission fund". The moneys in the account shall be impressed with and subject to the lien 7 or liens on the moneys in favor of the bondholders pro-8 vided in the proceedings for issuance of bonds pursuant to 9 this article. The moneys in the account shall be paid out 10 on check of the treasurer on requisition of the chairman 11 of the commission, or of such other person as the commis-12 sion may authorize to make the requisition. All deposits 13 14 of the moneys shall, if required by the treasurer or the commission, be secured by obligations of the United 15 States, of the state of West Virginia, or of the commission, 16 of a market value equal at all times to the amount of the 17 18 deposit, and all banking institutions are authorized to give 19 such security for the deposits. The legislative auditor and his or her legally authorized representatives are hereby 20 authorized and empowered from time to time to examine 21 the accounts and books of the commission, including its 22 receipts, disbursements, contracts, leases, sinking funds, 23 investments and any other matters relating to its financial 24 25 standing.

# §5-6-8. Commission empowered to issue state building revenue bonds after legislative authorization; form and requirements for bonds; procedure for issuance; temporary bonds; funds, grants and gifts.

1 (a) The commission is hereby empowered to raise the
2 cost of a project, as defined in this article, by the issuance
3 of state building revenue bonds of the state, the principal
4 of and interest on which shall be payable solely from the
5 special revenue fund provided in section five of this article
6 for the payment. Subject to the proceedings pursuant to
7 which any bonds outstanding were authorized and issued

8 pursuant to this article, the commission shall pledge the 9 moneys in the special revenue fund, except that part of the 10 proceeds of sale of any bonds to be used to pay the cost of a project and for the payment of the principal of and 11 12 interest on bonds issued pursuant to this article. 13 pledge shall apply equally and ratably to separate series of 14 bonds or upon the priorities as the commission shall deter-15 mine. The bonds shall be authorized by resolution of the 16 commission. The resolution shall recite an estimate by the 17 commission of the cost, and shall provide for the issuance 18 of bonds in an amount sufficient, when sold as provided in 19 this section, to produce the cost, less the amount of any 20 funds, grant or grants, gift or gifts, contribution or contri-21 butions received, or in the opinion of the commission 22 expected to be received, from the United States of Ameri-23 ca or from any other source. The acceptance by the com-24 mission of any and all funds, grants, gifts and contributions, whether in money or in land, labor or materials, is 25 26 hereby expressly authorized. All bonds shall have and are 27 hereby declared to have all the qualities of negotiable 28 instruments. The bonds shall bear interest at not more 29 than twelve percent per annum, payable semiannually, and 30 shall mature in not more than forty years from their date 31 or dates, and may be made redeemable at the option of the 32 state, to be exercised by the commission, at the price and 33 under the terms and conditions, all as the commission may 34 fix prior to the issuance of the bonds. The commission 35 shall determine the form of the bonds, including coupons, 36 if any, to be attached to the bonds to evidence the right of 37 interest payments. The bonds shall be signed by the chairman and secretary of the commission, under the great 38 seal of the state, attested by the secretary of state, and the 39 40 coupons, if any, attached to the bonds shall bear the fac-41 simile signature of the chairman of the commission. In 42 case any of the officers whose signatures appear on the 43 bonds or coupons issued as authorized by this section 44 shall cease to be officers before the delivery of the bonds, 45 the signatures are nevertheless valid and sufficient for all 46 purposes the same as if they had remained in office until 47 the delivery. The commission shall fix the denominations of the bonds, the principal and interest of which shall be 48 payable at the office of the treasurer of the state of West 49

50 Virginia, at the capitol of the state, or, at the option of the 51 holder, at some bank or trust company within or without 52 the state of West Virginia to be named in the bonds, in 53 such medium as may be determined by the commission. 54 The bonds and interest on the bonds are exempt from 55 taxation by the state of West Virginia, or any county or 56 municipality in the state. The commission may provide 57 for the registration of the bonds in the name of the owners 58 as to principal alone, and as to both principal and interest 59 under the terms and conditions as the commission may 60 determine, and shall sell the bonds in the manner as it may 61 determine to be for the best interest of the state, taking 62 into consideration the financial responsibility of the pur-63 chaser, and the terms and conditions of the purchase, and especially the availability of the proceeds of the bonds 64 65 when required for payment of the cost of the project. The 66 sale shall be made at a price not lower than a price which, 67 computed upon standard tables of bond values, will show a 68 net return of not more than thirteen percent per annum to 69 the purchaser upon the amount paid for the bonds. 70 proceeds of the bonds shall be used solely for the pay-71 ment of the cost of the project for which bonds were is-72 sued, and shall be deposited and checked out as provided 73 by section five of this article, and under further restric-74 tions, if any, as the commission may provide. If the pro-75 ceeds of bonds issued for a project or a specific group of 76 projects exceeds the cost of the project or projects, the 77 surplus shall be paid into the fund provided for in section 78 five of this article for payment of the principal and interest 79 of the bonds. The fund may be used for the purchase of 80 any of the outstanding bonds payable from the fund at the 81 market price, but at not exceeding the price, if any, at 82 which the bonds are in the same year redeemable, and all 83 bonds redeemed or purchased shall be canceled immedi-84 ately, and shall not again be issued. Prior to the prepara-85 tion of definitive bonds, the commission may, under like 86 restrictions, issue temporary bonds with or without cou-87 pons, exchangeable for definitive bonds upon the issuance of the latter. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 88 89 nine and ten, article six, chapter twelve of this code, revenue bonds issued under the authority granted in this sec-90 tion are eligible as investments for the workers' compensa-91

tion fund, teachers retirement fund, division of public safety, death, disability and retirement fund, West Virginia public employees retirement system and as security for the deposit of all public funds. The revenue bonds may be issued without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things other than those proceedings, conditions and things which are specified and required by this article, or by the constitution of the state. For all projects authorized under the provisions of this article, other than projects to be leased by the commission to the regional jail and correctional facilities authority or projects authorized pursuant to section eleven-a of this article, the aggregate amount of all issues of bonds outstanding at one time shall not exceed sixty-two million five hundred thousand dollars, including the renegotiation, reissuance or refinancing of any bonds, and no project in connection with which bonds are to be issued shall be initiated by the commission unless and until the Legislature, through enactment of general law, approves the purpose, the amount of bonds to be issued and the total cost for the project, construction or acquisition.

For projects which are to be leased by the commission to the regional jail and correctional facilities authority, legislative approval pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be required if the projects have otherwise been approved by the Legislature in accordance with the provisions of subsection (m), section five, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, and the limitations on the amount of revenue bonds which may be issued by the commission and the project costs shall be governed by the terms of any concurrent resolution adopted pursuant to that subsection.

(b) Notwithstanding anything in this article to the contrary, the commission is authorized to issue bonds, or otherwise finance or refinance the following projects, including the costs of issuance and sale of the bonds or financing, all necessary financial and legal expenses and creation of debt service reserve funds, in an amount not to exceed twenty-one million dollars:

- 131 (1) Any or all of the state office buildings and adjoin-132 ing real property being lease-purchased in Beckley, 133 Charleston, Clarksburg, Fairmont, Huntington and 134 Parkersburg;
- 135 (2) A facility to be obtained or constructed by the commission and leased to the division of motor vehicles; and
- 138 (3) Property and buildings needed for state spending units in an amount not to exceed three million dollars.
- 140 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this sec-141 tion, the commission is authorized to issue bonds for the 142 purposes set forth in section eleven-a of this article in the 143 aggregate amount of one hundred million dollars, includ-144 ing the renegotiation, reissuance or refinancing of any 145 bonds issued for that purpose. If the proceeds of bonds 146 issued under this subsection exceeds the cost of the project 147 or projects, the surplus shall be paid into the education, 148 arts, sciences and tourism fund established in section 149 eleven-a of this article.
- (d) The commission shall acquire the property being lease-purchased in the city of Charleston, located at 601 Morris Street, through a loan from the consolidated fund. The loan shall be under the terms and conditions set forth in section nineteen, article six, chapter twelve of this code.

# §5-6-10. Trust existing in favor of existing bondholders.

1 The properties and interests in properties, real, person-2 al and mixed, tangible and intangible, standing or held in 3 the name of or for and in behalf of, or for the benefit of, the commission, or the state of West Virginia to the extent 4 5 that the properties and interests in properties were ac-6 quired or improved by the expenditure of the proceeds of bonds previously issued by the commission, and the mon-7 eys, deposits, securities and choses in action and other 8 rights held in the name of or for and in behalf of, or for 10 the benefit of, the commission, other than moneys, deposits, securities, choses in action and other rights, or which 11 are investments of: (1) Proceeds of bonds previously 12 issued by the commission held for expenditure for com-13

pletion of now existing projects of the commission; or (2) 15 revenues of the commission from existing projects of the commission which, after provision for operation and 16 maintenance expenses and coverage requirements not 17 otherwise provided for, are in excess of sums required to 18 19 pay the principal of and interest on the bonds of the com-20 mission previously issued, as and when due and payable; 21 or (3) proceeds of bonds of the commission issued after the effective date of this section; or (4) revenues pledged 22 23 for the repayment of bonds issued pursuant to section 24 eleven-a of this article; or (5) revenues of the commission 25 from projects acquired after the effective date of this sec-26 tion or constructed by the commission, are declared to be 27 subject to and shall be held by the commission in trust for 28 the satisfaction of the obligations evidenced by the bonds 29 previously issued by the commission and the interest cou-30 pons on the bonds: Provided, That nothing in this article shall be taken to validate or to attempt to validate rights 31 32 under any existing lease or other agreement entered into 33 under the former provisions of this article between the 34 commission and the state of West Virginia or any officer. 35 department or agency of this state to the extent that the 36 lease or agreement provides for payments from general 37 tax revenues of the state. Until the satisfaction in full of 38 the obligations evidenced by bonds previously issued by 39 the commission, the commission shall hold, manage and 40 operate the trust properties and interests in properties, 41 moneys, deposits, securities and choses in action and other 42 rights, separate from all other properties and interests in 43 properties, moneys, deposits, securities and choses in ac-44 tion and other rights that may after the effective date of this section be held and owned by the commission. Upon 45 46 the satisfaction of all of the obligations of the commission, all of the trust properties and interests in properties, mon-47 eys, deposits, securities and choses in action and other 48 49 rights shall become and be free and clear of the trust.

§5-6-11a. Special power of commission to transfer or expend bond proceeds for capital improvements at institutions of higher education, state parks and the capitol complex and to construct and lease a center for arts and sciences of West Virginia;

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limitations; state building commission authorized to issue revenue bonds; fund created; use of funds to pay for development of education, arts, sciences and tourism projects.

- (a) The Legislature finds and declares that in order to attract new business and industry to this state, to retain existing business and industry providing the citizens of this state with economic security and to advance the business prosperity and economic welfare of this state it is necessary to promote adequate higher education, arts, sciences and tourism facilities, including infrastructure. for: (1) State-of-the-art educational opportunities for all citizens of this state; (2) tourism enhancements at state parks, the capitol complex or other tourism sites throughout the state; (3) hands-on arts and sciences training for the youth of West Virginia; and (4) programs using the performing arts as an educational tool. Therefore, in order to promote education, arts, sciences and tourism, the Legislature finds that public financial support should be provided for constructing, equipping, improving and maintaining capital improvement projects which promote education, arts, sciences and tourism in this state.
- 19 (b) The state building commission shall, by resolution, 20 in accordance with the provisions of this article, issue revenue bonds of the commission from time to time, to pay for a portion of the cost of constructing, equipping, improving or maintaining capital improvement projects under this section or to refund the bonds, at the discretion of the authority. The principal amount of the bonds issued under this section shall not exceed, in the aggregate, one hundred million dollars. Any revenue bonds issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, which are secured by lottery proceeds shall mature at a time or times not exceeding twenty-five years from their respective dates. The principal of, and the interest and redemption premium, if any, on the bonds shall be payable solely from the special fund provided in 33 this section for the payment.
  - (c) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revenue fund named the "education, arts, sciences and

37 tourism debt service fund" into which shall be deposited 38 on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hun-39 dred ninety-six, the amounts specified in section eighteen. 40 article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code. All 41 amounts deposited in the fund shall be pledged to the 42 repayment of the principal, interest and redemption pre-43 mium, if any, on any revenue bonds or refunding revenue 44 bonds authorized by this section. The commission may 45 further provide in the resolution and in the trust agree-46 ment for priorities on the revenues paid into the education. 47 arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund as may be 48 necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the 49 holders of bonds issued at different times under the provi-50 sions of this section. The bonds issued pursuant to this 51 section shall be separate from all other bonds which may 52 be or have been issued from time to time under the provi-53 sions of this article. The education, arts, sciences and 54 tourism debt service fund shall be pledged solely for the 55 repayment of bonds issued pursuant to this section. On or prior to the first day of May of each year, commencing 56 the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred 57 58 ninety-six, the commission shall certify to the state lottery 59 director the principal and interest and coverage ratio re-60 quirements for the following fiscal year on any revenue 61 bonds or refunding revenue bonds issued pursuant to this 62 section, and for which moneys deposited in the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund have been 63 pledged, or will be pledged, for repayment pursuant to this 64 65 section.

After the commission has issued bonds authorized by this section, and after the requirements of all funds have been satisfied, including coverage and reserve funds established in connection with the bonds issued pursuant to this section, any balance remaining in the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds issued under this section which, by their terms, are then redeemable or for the purchase of the outstanding bonds at the market price, but not to exceed the price, if any, at which redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall be immediately canceled and shall not again be issued.

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(d) The commission shall expend twenty-five million dollars of the bond proceeds for certified capital improvement projects at state institutions of higher education. For the purposes of certifying the projects which will receive funds from the bond proceeds, a committee shall be established and comprised of the governor, or his or her designee, the secretary of the department of administration, the secretary of the department of education and the arts, the chancellor of the university of West Virginia board of trustees and the chancellor of the board of directors of the state college system. The committee shall meet as often as necessary and take recommendations from any source whatever regarding the capital improvement projects at state institutions of higher education. The committee shall meet within forty-five days of the effective date of this section. Prior to making its recommendations, the committee shall conduct at least two public hearings, one of which must be held outside of Kanawha County. Notice of the time, place, date and purpose of the hearing shall be published in at least one newspaper in each of the three congressional districts at least fourteen days prior to the date of the public hearing. On or before the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the committee shall certify to the commission a list of those capital improvement projects at state institutions of higher education which will receive funds from the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this section. Once certified, the list may not thereafter be altered or amended other than by legislative enactment.

(e) The commission shall expend up to twenty-six million dollars from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this section to pay a portion of the costs of projects certified under this subsection for development, maintenance or promotion of arts and sciences or constructing and equipping a center for arts and sciences of West Virginia located on a site acquired for that purpose. Any proceeds expended to pay a portion of project costs to construct and equip a center for arts and sciences of West Virginia shall not exceed forty percent of the total cost of the project and permanent endowments for operation and maintenance, and bond proceeds shall not be expended

119 until sixty percent of the total cost has been committed 120 from sources other than bond proceeds. For the purposes 121 of certifying the projects which will receive funds from the 122 bond proceeds under this subsection, a committee shall be 123 established and comprised of the governor, or his or her 124 designee, the secretary of the department of administra-125 tion, the director of the division of natural resources, the 126 director of the West Virginia development office and a 127 representative of the capitol building commission, other 128 than the secretary of the department of administration, 129 who shall be selected by the capitol building commission. 130 The capitol building commission shall select its represen-131 tative within thirty days of the effective date of this sec-132 tion. The committee shall meet as often as necessary and 133 take recommendations from any source whatever regard-134 ing which projects should be certified. The committee 135 shall meet within forty-five days of the effective date of 136 this section. Prior to making its determination, the com-137 mittee shall conduct one public hearing on the projects to 138 be certified under this subsection. Notice of the time, place, date and purpose of the hearing shall be published 139 140 in at least one newspaper in each of the three congressional districts at least fourteen days prior to the date of the 141 142 public hearing. The committee shall make its determination as to whether bond proceeds will be expended for the 143 purposes set forth in this subsection and the amount to be 144 145 expended for each project, on or before the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. Thereaf-146 ter, the decision may not be altered or amended other than 147 by legislative enactment. The commission is authorized to 148 acquire by purchase or lease real property to be used as 149 the site for a center for arts and sciences of West Virginia; 150 151 and notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this 152 article, enter into a long-term lease agreement with a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of this state 153 for operation and maintenance of the center. The non-154 profit corporation shall, as consideration for any long-155 term lease agreement, complete the construction and 156 157 equipping of the center and demonstrate to the satisfaction 158 of the commission its financial ability to operate and maintain the center during the term of the lease agree-159 ment. The nonprofit corporation shall have at least nine 160

161 members on its board of directors which are appointed by 162 the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. 163 Of the nine appointed members, three shall be selected 164 from each congressional district: Provided, That none of 165 the appointed members shall be a resident of Kanawha 166 County. The members appointed by the governor with 167 the advice and consent of the Senate shall serve on the 168 board for three-year staggered terms. Of the members 169 first appointed by the governor, one from each congressional district will serve a three-year term, one from each 170 congressional district will serve a two-year term and one 171 172 from each congressional district shall serve a one-year 173 term.

174 (f) The commission shall expend the balance of the 175 bond proceeds for certified projects at state parks, the capitol complex or other tourism sites. The committee 176 177 established in subsection (e) of this section shall certify to 178 the commission on or before the fifteenth day of Septem-179 ber, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, a list of those 180 capital improvement projects at state parks, the capitol 181 complex or other tourism sites which will receive funds 182 from the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to this sec-183 tion. The committee shall meet as often as necessary and take recommendations from any source whatever regard-184 185 ing the capital improvement projects at state parks, the capitol complex or other tourism sites in this state. The 186 committee shall meet within forty-five days of the effec-187 188 tive date of this section. Prior to making its recommendations, the committee shall conduct at least two public hear-189 190 ings on the projects to be certified under this subsection, one of which must be held outside of Kanawha County. 191 Notice of the time, place, date and purpose of the hearing 192 shall be published in at least one newspaper in each of the 193 three congressional districts at least fourteen days prior to 194 the date of the public hearing. Once certified, the list may 195 not thereafter be altered or amended other than by legisla-196 197 tive enactment.

### CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

ARTICLE 6. WEST VIRGINIA STATE BOARD OF INVEST-MENTS.

### §12-6-19. Authorization for loans by the state board of investments.

- 1 (a) The state board of investments, upon request of the 2 state building commission, shall transfer moneys as a loan to the state building commission in an amount not to ex-4 ceed in the aggregate twenty-one million dollars for the purposes of financing or refinancing the projects specified in subsections (b) and (d), section eight, article six, chapter 7 five of this code. The money borrowed shall bear interest during the term of the loan at a fixed rate not to exceed the interest rate on treasury notes, bills or bonds of the 9 10 same term as the term of the loan the week of closing on 11 the loan as reported by the treasury of the United States. 12 Loans made under this subsection shall be repaid in regu-13 lar monthly or semiannual payments and shall be paid in 14 full not later than twenty-five years from the date the loans 15 are made with terms and conditions mutually agreed upon 16 by the state building commission and the state board of 17 investments.
- 18 (b) The state board of investments shall upon request 19 of the state building commission transfer moneys as a loan 20 to the state building commission in an amount not to ex-21 ceed in the aggregate eighty million dollars for the pur-22 poses of financing construction of regional jails, correc-23 tional facilities, or building extensions or improvements to 24 regional jails and correctional facilities. Prior to the ex-25 penditure of any loan proceeds, the regional jail and correctional facility authority shall certify a list of projects to 26 the state building commission and the joint committee on 27 28 government and finance that are to be funded from loan 29 proceeds. This certified list cannot thereafter be altered or amended other than by legislative enactment. Upon re-30 31 ceipt of the certified list of projects, the state building commission shall transfer the loan proceeds to the region-32 33 al jail and correctional facility authority. The money 34 borrowed shall bear interest during the term of the loan at a fixed rate not to exceed the interest rate on treasury 35 36 notes, bills or bonds of the same term as the term of the 37 loan the week of closing on the loan as reported by the 38 treasury of the United States.

39 (c) Loans made under this section for the projects 40 specified in subsection (b) of this section and in subsec-41 tion (d), section eight, article six, chapter five of this code, shall be repaid in annual payments of not less than twelve 42 43 million dollars per year by appropriation of the Legisla-44 ture to the board of investments. The amount transferred 45 for loans under subsection (a) or (b) of this section shall 46 not exceed that amount which the board of investments 47 determines is reasonable given the cash flow needs of the 48 consolidated fund. The board shall make transfers for 49 loans first for the project specified in subsection (d), sec-50 tion eight, article six, chapter five of this code, second for 51 the projects specified in subsection (b) of this section and 52 third for projects specified in subsection (b), section eight, article six, chapter five of this code, which are in imminent 53 54 danger of default in payment. The board shall take the 55 steps necessary to increase the liquidity of the consolidat-56 ed fund over a period of the next five years to allow for the loans provided in this section without increasing the 57 risk of loss in the consolidated fund. 58

# CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

#### ARTICLE 22. STATE LOTTERY ACT.

- §29-22-18. State lottery fund; appropriations and deposits; not part of general revenue; no transfer of state funds after initial appropriation; use and repayment of initial appropriation; allocation of fund for prizes, net profit and expenses; surplus; state lottery education fund; state lottery senior citizens fund; allocation and appropriation of net profits.
  - (a) There is hereby continued a special revenue fund 1 in the state treasury which shall be designated and known 2 as the "state lottery fund". The fund shall consist of all 3 appropriations to the fund and all interest earned from 4 investment of the fund and any gifts, grants or contributions received by the fund. All revenues received from the 6 sale of lottery tickets, materials and games shall be depos-7 ited with the state treasurer and placed into the "state lot-8 tery fund". The revenue shall be disbursed in the manner 9

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- provided in this section for the purposes stated in this section and shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state.
- 13 (b) No appropriation, loan or other transfer of state 14 funds may be made to the commission or lottery fund 15 after the initial appropriation.
- 16 (c) A minimum annual average of forty-five percent 17 of the gross amount received from each lottery shall be 18 allocated and disbursed as prizes.
- 19 (d) Not more than fifteen percent of the gross amount 20 received from each lottery shall be allocated to and may 21 be disbursed as necessary for fund operation and adminis-22 tration expenses.
- 23 (e) The excess of the aggregate of the gross amount 24 received from all lotteries over the sum of the amounts 25 allocated by subsections (c) and (d) of this section shall be 26 allocated as net profit. In the event that the percentage allotted for operations and administration generates a 27 28 surplus, the surplus shall be allowed to accumulate to an 29 amount not to exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars. On a monthly basis, the director shall report to the joint 30 31 committee on government and finance of the Legislature any surplus in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dol-32 lars and remit to the state treasurer the entire amount of 33 34 those surplus funds in excess of two hundred fifty thou-35 sand dollars which shall be allocated as net profit.
  - (f) After first satisfying the requirements for funds dedicated to the school building debt service fund in subsection (h) of this section to retire the ten-year bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to section eight, article nine-d, chapter eighteen of this code, and then satisfying the requirements for funds dedicated to the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund in subsection (i) of this section to retire the bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to section eleven-a, article six, chapter five of this code, the Legislature shall annually appropriate all of the remaining amounts allocated as net profits in subsection (e) of this section, in such proportions as it considers beneficial to the citizens of this state, to: (1) The lottery edu-

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cation fund created in subsection (g) of this section; (2) the school construction fund created in section six, article nine-d, chapter eighteen of this code; (3) the lottery senior citizens fund created in subsection (j) of this section; and (4) the division of natural resources created in section four, article five, chapter twenty of this code and the West Virginia development office as created in section one. article two, chapter five-b of this code, in accordance with subsection (k) of this section. No transfer to any account other than the school building debt service account and the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund may be made in any period of time in which a default exists in respect to debt service on bonds issued by the school building authority and the state building commission which are secured by lottery proceeds. No additional transfer shall be made to any account other than the school building debt service account and the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund when net profits for the preceding twelve months are not at least equal to one hundred fifty percent of debt service on bonds issued by the school building authority and the state building commission which are secured by net profits.

(g) There is hereby continued a special revenue fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "lottery education fund". The fund shall consist of the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, which shall be deposited into the lottery education fund by the state treasurer. The lottery education fund shall also consist of all interest earned from investment of the lottery education fund and any other appropriations, gifts, grants, contributions or moneys received by the lottery education fund from any source. The revenues received or earned by the lottery education fund shall be disbursed in the manner provided below and shall not be treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the revenues received or earned by the lottery education fund to the state system of public and higher education for such educational programs as it considers beneficial to the citizens of this state.

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89 (h) On or before the twenty-eighth day of each month 90 through the twentieth day of June, two thousand five, the lottery director shall allocate to the school building debt 92 service fund created pursuant to the provisions of section six, article nine-d, chapter eighteen of this code, as a first 94 priority from the net profits of the lottery for the preced-95 ing month, an amount equal to one tenth of the projected annual principal, interest and coverage ratio requirements 97 on any and all revenue bonds and refunding bonds issued. 98 or to be issued, on or after the first day of April, one thou-99 sand nine hundred ninety-four, as certified to the lottery 100 director in accordance with the provisions of section six, 101 article nine-d, chapter eighteen of this code. In no event shall the monthly amount allocated exceed one million 102 103 eight hundred thousand dollars, nor shall the total allocation of the net profits to be paid into the school building 104 105 debt service fund, as provided in this section, in any fiscal year exceed the lesser of the principal and interest requirements certified to the lottery director or eighteen million 108 dollars. In the event there are insufficient funds available 109 in any month to transfer the amount required to be trans-110 ferred pursuant to this subsection to the school debt service fund, the deficiency shall be added to the amount transferred in the next succeeding month in which revenues are available to transfer the deficiency. A lien on the proceeds of the state lottery fund up to a maximum amount equal to the projected annual principal, interest and coverage ratio requirements, not to exceed twenty-seven million dollars annually, may be granted by the school building authority in favor of the bonds it issues which are secured by the net lottery profits.

(i) Beginning on or before the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and continuing on or before the twenty-eighth day of each succeeding month thereafter through the twenty-eighth day of June. two thousand twenty-one, the lottery director shall allocate to the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund created pursuant to the provisions of section eleven-a, article six, chapter five of this code, as a second priority from the net profits of the lottery for the preceding month, an amount equal to one tenth of the projected

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169 170 annual principal, interest and coverage ratio requirements on any and all revenue bonds and refunding bonds issued, or to be issued, on or after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, as certified to the lottery director in accordance with the provisions of that section. In no event shall the monthly amount allocated exceed one million dollars nor shall the total allocation paid into the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund, as provided in this section, in any fiscal year exceed the lesser of the principal and interest requirements certified to the lottery director or ten million dollars. In the event there are insufficient funds available in any month to transfer the amount required pursuant to this subsection to the education, arts, sciences and tourism debt service fund, the deficiency shall be added to the amount transferred in the next succeeding month in which revenues are available to transfer the deficiency. A second-in-priority lien on the proceeds of the state lottery fund up to a maximum amount equal to the projected annual principal, interest and coverage ratio requirements, not to exceed fifteen million dollars annually, may be granted by the state building commission in favor of the bonds it issues which are secured by the net lottery profits.

(i) There is hereby continued a special revenue fund in the state treasury which shall be designated and known as the "lottery senior citizens fund". The fund shall consist of the amounts allocated pursuant to subsection (f) of this section, which shall be deposited into the lottery senior citizens fund by the state treasurer. The lottery senior citizens fund shall also consist of all interest earned from investment of the lottery senior citizens fund and any other appropriations, gifts, grants, contributions or moneys received by the lottery senior citizens fund from any source. The revenues received or earned by the lottery senior citizens fund shall be disbursed in the manner provided below and shall not be treated by the auditor or treasurer as part of the general revenue of the state. Annually, the Legislature shall appropriate the revenues received or earned by the lottery senior citizens fund to such senior citizens medical care and other programs as it considers beneficial to the citizens of this state.

171	(k) The division of natural resources and the West
172	Virginia development office, as appropriated by the
173	Legislature, may use the amounts allocated to it pursuant
174	to subsection (f) of this section for one or more of the
175	following purposes: (1) The payment of any or all of the
176	costs incurred in the development, construction,
177	reconstruction, maintenance or repair of any project or
178	recreational facility, as these terms are defined in section
179	four, article five, chapter twenty of this code, pursuant to
180	the authority granted to it under article five, chapter
181	twenty of this code; (2) the payment, funding or
182	refunding of the principal of, interest on or redemption
183	premiums on any bonds, security interests or notes issued
84	by the parks and recreation section of the division of
85	natural resources under article five, chapter twenty of this
186	code; or (3) the payment of any advertising and
187	marketing expenses for the promotion and development
188	of tourism or any tourist facility or attraction in this state.

### **CHAPTER 79**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2353—By Delegates Hunt, Seacrist, Amores, Farris, Greear, Trump and Tillis)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article five, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, all relating to prohibiting courts from ordering a name change for certain felons; prohibiting certain felons from applying for a name change; and providing for penalties including fines or incarceration for violations of the provision.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article five, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. CHANGE OF NAME.

- §48-5-3. When court may order change of name.
- §48-5-7. Unlawful change of name by certain felons.

### §48-5-3. When court may order change of name.

Upon the filing of such petition, and upon proof of 2 the publication of such notice and of the matters set forth 3 in the petition, and being satisfied that no injury will be 4 done to any person by reason of such change, that 5 reasonable and proper cause exists for changing the name 6 of petitioner, and that such change is not desired because 7 of any fraudulent or evil intent on the part of the 8 petitioner, the court or judge thereof in vacation may 9 order a change of name as applied for except as provided by the provisions of this section. The court may not grant 10 any change of name for any person convicted of any 11 12 felony during the time that the person is incarcerated. 13 The court may not grant any change of name for any 14 person required to register with the state police pursuant to 15 the provisions of article eight-f, chapter sixty-one of this 16 code during the period that such person is required to 17 register. The court may not grant a change of name for 18 persons convicted of first degree murder in violation of 19 section one, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code for 20 a period of ten years after the person is discharged from 21 imprisonment or is discharged from parole, whichever 22 occurs later. The court may not grant a change of name 23 of any person convicted of violating any provision of 24 section fourteen-a, article two, chapter sixty-one of this 25 code for a period of ten years after the person is 26 discharged from imprisonment or is discharged from 27 parole, whichever occurs later.

### §48-5-7. Unlawful change of name by certain felons.

1 (a) It is unlawful for any person convicted of first
2 degree murder in violation of section one, article two,
3 chapter sixty-one of this code, and for any person
4 convicted of violating any provision of section fourteen-a,
5 article two, chapter sixty-one of this code, for which a
6 sentence of life imprisonment is imposed, to apply for a

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- change of name for a period of ten years after the person is discharged from imprisonment or is discharged from 8 9 parole, whichever occurs later.
- 10 (b) It is unlawful for any person required to register with the state police pursuant to the provisions of article 11 eight-f, chapter sixty-one of this code to apply for a 12 change of name during the period that the person is 13 14 required to register.
- (c) It is unlawful for any person convicted of a felony 16 to apply for a change of name during the period that such 17 person is incarcerated.
- 18 (d) A person who violates the provisions of subsections (a), (b) or (c) of this section is guilty of a 19 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 20 not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than ten 21 22 thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county or regional jail for not more than one year, or both fined and 23 24 incarcerated.

### **CHAPTER 80**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4170—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashley) [By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one through eleven, inclusive, article two-b, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section fourteen of said article, all relating to duties of the department of human services for the welfare of children; definitions; creating a three-tiered regulatory structure for child care; creating a new classification for family day care facilities serving seven through twelve children and providing for less stringent certification requirements to be established by rule; and changing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one through eleven, article two-b, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section fourteen of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 2B. DUTIES OF COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SER-VICES FOR CHILD WELFARE.

- §49-2B-1. Policy and purpose; transfer of powers of child welfare licensing board.
- §49-2B-2. Definitions.
- §49-2B-3. Licensure, certification, approval and registration requirements.
- §49-2B-4. Rules.
- §49-2B-5. Penalties; injunctions.
- §49-2B-6. Conditions of licensure, certification approval and registration.
- §49-2B-7. Waivers and variances to rules.
- §49-2B-8. Application for license, certification or approval.
- §49-2B-9. Supervision and consultation required.
- §49-2B-10. Investigative authority.
- §49-2B-11. Revocation; provisional licensure, certification and approval.
- §49-2B-14. Annual reports; directory; licensing reports and recommenda-

# §49-2B-1. Policy and purpose; transfer of powers of child welfare licensing board.

- 1 (a) It is the policy of the state to assist a child and the 2 child's family as the basic unit of society through efforts 3 to strengthen and preserve the family unit. In the event of 4 a temporary or permanent absence of parents or the 5 separation of a child from the family unit for care or 6 treatment purposes, it is the policy of the state to assure 7 that a child receives care and nurturing as close as possible 8 to society's expectations of a family's care and nurturing 9 of its child. The state has a duty to assure that proper and appropriate care is given and maintained.
  - 11 (b) It is also the policy of this state to ensure that those 12 persons and entities offering quality child care services are 13 not over-encumbered by licensure, certification and 14 registration requirements and that the extent of regulation 15 of child care facilities be moderately proportionate to the 16 size of the facility.
  - 17 (c) Through licensure, approval, certification and 18 registration of child care facilities and child welfare

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- 19 agencies, the state exercises its benevolent police power to
- 20 protect the user of a service from risks against which he or 21 she would have little or no competence for self protection.
- 22
- Licensure, approval, certification and registration
- processes shall therefore continually balance the child's 23
- rights and need for protection with the interests, rights and 24
- 25 responsibility of the service providers.
- 26 (d) In order to carry out the above policy, the 27 Legislature enacts this article to protect and prevent harm 28 to children separated from their families and to enhance 29 their continued growth and well-being while in care.
- 30 (e) The purposes of this article are:
- 31 (1) To protect the health, safety and well-being of 32 children in substitute care by preventing improper and 33 harmful care:
- 34 (2) To establish statewide rules for regulating 35 programs as defined in this article;
- (3) To encourage and assist in the improvement of 36 37 child care programs;
  - (4) To ensure that persons and entities offering child care services are not unduly burdened by licensure, certification and regulation requirements; and
  - (5) To ensure that all child care programs be safe, reliable and geared to the ages and needs of the children they serve, meet basic health and safety standards, and employ people who have the training and experience needed to work with children.
- (f) In order to carry out these purposes, the powers of 46 the child welfare licensing board created by chapter 47 nineteen, acts of the Legislature, one thousand nine 48 hundred forty-five, are hereby transferred to the 49 commissioner of human services, along with the other 50 51 powers granted by this article.

#### §49-2B-2. Definitions.

1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 2 requires:

- (a) "Approval" means a finding by the commissioner that a facility operated by the state has met the requirements set forth in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
  - (b) "Certificate of approval" means a statement of the commissioner that a facility operated by the state has met the requirements set forth in the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
  - (c) "Certificate of license" means a statement issued by the commissioner authorizing an individual, corporation, partnership, voluntary association, municipality or county, or any agency thereof, to provide specified services for a limited period of time in accordance with the terms of the certificate.
- (d) "Certificate of registration" means a statement issued by the commissioner to a family day care home upon receipt of a self-certification statement of compliance with the rules promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- (e) "Certification" means a statement issued by the commissioner to a family day care facility upon satisfactory inspection, approval and certification that the facility has complied with the applicable rules promulgated by the commissioner.
- (f) "Child" means any person under eighteen years of age.
- (g) "Child care" means responsibilities assumed and services performed in relation to a child's physical, emotional, psychological, social and personal needs and the consideration of the child's rights and entitlements.
- (h) "Child placing agency" means a child welfare agency organized for the purpose of placing children in private family homes for foster care or for adoption. The function of a child placing agency may include the investigation and certification of foster family homes and foster family group homes as provided in this chapter. The function of a child placing agency may also include

- the supervision of children who are sixteen or seventeen years old and living in unlicensed residences.
- (i) "Child welfare agency" means any agency or facility maintained by the state or any county or municipality thereof, or any agency or facility maintained by an individual, firm, corporation, association or organization, public or private, to receive children for care and maintenance or for placement in residential care facilities, including without limitation, private homes, or any facility that provides care for unmarried mothers and their children:
- 51 (j) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human 52 services.
  - (k) "Day care center" means a facility operated by a child welfare agency for the care of thirteen or more children on a nonresidential basis.
  - (l) "Department" means the state department of human services.
  - (m) "Facility" means a place or residence, including personnel, structures, grounds and equipment used for the care of a child or children on a residential or other basis for any number of hours a day in any shelter or structure maintained for that purpose.
  - (n) "Family day care home" means a facility which is used to provide nonresidential child care for compensation in other than the child's own home. The provider may care for four to six children, including children who are living in the household, who are under six years of age. No more than two of the total number of children may be under twenty-four months of age.
  - (o) "Family day care facility" means any facility which is used to provide nonresidential child care for compensation for seven to twelve children, including children who are living in the household, who are under six years of age. No more than four of the total number of children may be under twenty-four months of age.
  - (p) "Foster family group home" means a private residence which is used for the care on a residential basis

- 78 of six, seven or eight children who are unrelated by blood, 79 marriage, or adoption to any adult member of the 80 household.
- (q) "Foster family home" means a private residence which is used for the care on a residential basis of no more than five children who are unrelated by blood, marriage, or adoption to any adult member of the household.
- 85 (r) "Group home" means any facility, public or private, 86 which is used to provide residential care for ten or fewer 87 children.
- 88 (s) "Group home facility" means any facility, public or 89 private, which is used to provide residential care for eleven 90 or more children.
- 91 (t) "License" means the grant of official permission to 92 a facility to engage in an activity which would otherwise 93 be prohibited.
- 94 (u) "Registration" means the process by which a family 95 day care home self-certifies compliance with the rules 96 promulgated pursuant to this article.
- 97 (v) "Residential child care" or "child care on a 98 residential basis" means child care which includes the 99 provision of nighttime shelter and the personal discipline 100 and supervision of a child by guardians, custodians or 101 other persons or entities on a continuing or temporary 102 basis.
- 103 (w) "Rule" means a statement issued by the 104 commissioner of the standard to be applied in the various areas of child care.
- 106 (x) "Variance" means a declaration that a rule may be 107 accomplished in a manner different from the manner set 108 forth in the rule.
- (y) "Waiver" means a declaration that a certain rule is inapplicable in a particular circumstance.

## §49-2B-3. Licensure, certification, approval and registration requirements.

- (a) Any person, corporation, or child welfare agency other than a state agency, which operates a residential child care facility, a child placing agency or a day care center shall obtain a license from the department.
  - (b) Any residential child care facility, day care center or any child placing agency operated by the state shall obtain approval of its operations from the commissioner. Such facilities and placing agencies shall maintain the same standards of care applicable to licensed facilities, centers or placing agencies of the same category.
  - (c) Any family day care facility which operates in this state, including family day care facilities approved by the department for receipt of funding, shall obtain a statement of certification from the department.
  - (d) Every family day care home which operates in this state, including family day care homes approved by the department for receipt of funding, shall obtain a certificate of registration from the department.
    - (e) This section does not apply to:
  - (1) A kindergarten, preschool or school education program which is operated by a public school or which is accredited by the state department of education, or any other kindergarten, preschool or school programs which operate with sessions not exceeding four hours per day for any child;
  - (2) An individual or facility which offers occasional care of children for brief periods while parents are shopping, engaging in recreational activities, attending religious services or engaging in other business or personal affairs;
- (3) Summer recreation camps operated for children
   attending sessions for periods not exceeding thirty days;
- 33 (4) Hospitals or other medical facilities which are 34 primarily used for temporary residential care of children 35 for treatment, convalescence or testing; or
- 36 (5) Persons providing family day care solely for 37 children related to them.

- (a) The commissioner shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding the licensure, approval, certification and registration of child care facilities and the 4 implementation of the provisions of this article.
- 6 (b) The commissioner shall review the rules 7 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this article at 8 least once every five years, making revisions when necessary or convenient.

### §49-2B-5. Penalties; injunctions.

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- (a) Any individual or corporation which operates a child welfare agency, residential child care facility or day care center without a license when a license is required is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in jail not exceeding one year, or a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (b) Any family day care facility which operates without certification when certification is required is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars.
- 12 (c) Where a violation of this article or a rule 13 promulgated by the commissioner may result in serious harm to children under care, the commissioner may seek 14 injunctive relief against any person, corporation, child 15 welfare agency, child placing agency, day care center, 16 family day care facility, family day care home or 17 governmental official through proceedings instituted by 18 the attorney general, or the appropriate county 19 prosecuting attorney, in the circuit court of Kanawha 20 County or in the circuit court of any county where the 21 children are residing or may be found. 22

### §49-2B-6. Conditions of licensure, certification approval and registration.

(a) A license or approval is effective for a period of two years from the date of issuance, unless revoked or modified to provisional status based on evidence of a failure to comply with the provisions of this article or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article. The license or

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- 6 approval shall be reinstated upon application to the commissioner and a determination of compliance.
  - (b) A statement of certification is effective for a period of two years from the date of issuance, unless revoked or modified to provisional status based on evidence of a failure to comply with the provisions of this article or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article. The statement of certification shall be reinstated upon application to the commissioner and a determination of compliance.
  - (c) A certificate of registration is effective for a period of two years from the date of issuance, unless revoked based on evidence of a failure to comply with the provisions of this article or any rules promulgated pursuant to this article. The certificate of registration shall be reinstated upon application to the commissioner, including a statement of assurance of continued compliance with the rules promulgated pursuant to this article.
  - (d) The license, approval, certification or registration issued under this article is not transferable and applies only to the facility and its location stated in the application. The license, approval or certification shall be publicly displayed: *Provided*, That family day care homes, foster family homes, foster family group homes and group homes shall be required to display licenses, statements of certification or registration certificates upon request rather than by posting.
- 33 (e) A provisional license, certification or approval may 34 be issued as:
  - (1) An initial license, certification or approval to a new facility which has been unable to demonstrate full compliance because the facility is not fully operational; or
  - (2) A temporary license, certification or approval to an established licensed or certified facility which is temporarily unable to conform to the provisions of this article or the rules promulgated hereunder.
  - (f) A provisional license, certification or approval shall expire six months from the date of issuance and may be

- reinstated no more than two times. The issuance of a provisional license, certification or approval shall be contingent upon the submission to the commissioner of an acceptable plan to overcome identified deficiencies within the period of the provisional license or approval.
- 49 (g) Provisional certificates of registration shall be 50 issued to family day care homes.
- 51 (h) The commissioner, as a condition of issuing a 52 license, certification, registration or approval, may:
- 53 (1) Limit the age, sex or type of problems of children 54 allowed admission to a particular facility;
- 55 (2) Prohibit intake of any children; or
- 56 (3) Reduce the number of children which the agency, 57 facility or home operated by the agency is licensed, 58 approved, certified or registered to receive.

#### §49-2B-7. Waivers and variances to rules.

Waivers or variances of rules may be granted by the commissioner if the health, safety or well-being of a child would not be endangered thereby. The commissioner shall promulgate by rule criteria and procedures for the granting of waivers or variances so that uniform practices may be maintained throughout the state.

### §49-2B-8. Application for license, certification or approval.

- 1 (a) Any person or corporation, or any governmental agency intending to act as a child welfare agency shall 2 3 apply for a license, statement of certification, approval or 4 registration certificate to operate child care facilities regulated by this article. Applications for licensure, 5 6 certification, approval or registration shall be made 7 separately for each child care facility to be licensed, 8 approved, certified or registered.
- 9 (b) The commissioner may prescribe forms and 10 reasonable application procedures.
- 12 (c) Before issuing a license, certification or approval, 12 the commissioner shall investigate the facility, program 13 and persons responsible for the care of children. The

- investigation shall include, but not be limited to, review of resource need, reputation, character and purposes of applicants, a check of personnel criminal records, if any, and personnel medical records, the financial records of applicants, and consideration of the proposed plan for child care from intake to discharge.
- 20 (d) Before a family day care home registration is 21 granted, the commissioner shall make inquiry as to the 22 facility, program and persons responsible for the care of 23 children. The inquiry shall include self-certification by 24 the prospective family day care home of compliance with 25 standards including, but not limited to:
- 26 (1) Physical and mental health of persons present in 27 the home while children are in care;
- 28 (2) Criminal and child abuse or neglect history of persons present in the home while children are in care;
- 30 (3) Discipline;
- 31 (4) Fire and environmental safety;
- 32 (5) Equipment and program for the children in care;
- 33 (6) Health, sanitation and nutrition.
- (e) Further inquiry and investigation may be made asthe commissioner may direct.
- 36 (f) The commissioner shall make a decision on each 37 application within sixty days of its receipt and shall 38 provide to unsuccessful applicants written reasons for the 39 decision.

### §49-2B-9. Supervision and consultation required.

1 (a) The commissioner shall provide supervision to ascertain compliance with the rules promulgated pursuant to this article through regular monitoring, visits to facilities, documentation, evaluation and reporting. The commissioner shall be responsible for training and education, within fiscal limitations, specifically for the improvement of care in family day care homes and facilities. The commissioner shall consult with applicants, the personnel of child welfare agencies, and children

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- 10 under care to assure the highest quality child care 11 possible.
- 12 (b) The director of the department of health and the 13
- state fire marshal shall cooperate with the commissioner in the administration of the provisions of this article by 14
- 15 providing such reports and assistance as may be requested
- 16 by the commissioner.

### §49-2B-10. Investigative authority.

- (a) The commissioner shall enforce the provisions of this article.
- 3 (b) An on-site evaluation of every facility regulated 4 pursuant to this article, except certified family day care facilities and registered family day care homes, shall be 5 conducted no less than once per year by announced or unannounced visits.
- 8 (c) Every certified family day care facility shall be satisfactorily inspected by the department prior to issuance 9 10 of certification. Future inspections shall occur at not 11 longer than two year intervals or upon receipt by the 12 department of a complaint about the facility.
- (d) A random sample of not less than five percent of 14 registered family day care homes shall be monitored annually through on-site evaluations.
  - (e) The commissioner shall have access to the premises, personnel, children in care and records of each facility subject to inspection, including, but not limited to, case records, corporate and financial records and board minutes. Applicants for licenses, approvals, certifications and certificates of registration shall consent to reasonable on-site administrative inspections, made with or without prior notice, as a condition of licensing, approval, certification or registration.
  - (f) When a complaint is received by the commissioner alleging violations of licensure, approval, certification or registration requirements, the commissioner shall investigate the allegations. The commissioner may notify the facility's director before or after a complaint is

- investigated and shall cause a written report of the results of the investigation to be made.
- 32 (g) The commissioner may enter any unlicensed, 33 uncertified, unregistered or unapproved child care facility
- 34 or personal residence for which there is probable cause to
- 35 believe that the facility or residence is operating in
- 36 violation of this article. Such entries shall be made with a
- 37 law-enforcement officer present. The commissioner may
- 38 enter upon the premises of any unregistered residence
- 39 only after two attempts by the commissioner to bring this
- 40 facility into compliance.

## §49-2B-11. Revocation; provisional licensure, certification and approval.

- 1 (a) The commissioner may revoke or make
- 2 provisional the licensure or certification of any facility or
- 3 child welfare agency regulated pursuant to this article if a
- 4 facility materially violates any provision of this article, or
- 5 any terms or conditions of the license, certification or
- 6 approval issued, or fails to maintain established
- 7 requirements of child care: *Provided*, That the provisions
- 8 of this section shall not apply to family day care homes.
- 9 (b) The commissioner may revoke the certificate of 10 registration of any family day care home if a facility
- 11 materially violates any provision of this article, or any
- 12 terms or conditions of the registration certificate issued, or
- 13 fails to maintain established requirements of child care.

# §49-2B-14. Annual reports; directory; licensing reports and recommendations.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall submit on or before the
- 2 first day of January of each year a report to the governor,
- 3 and upon request to members of the Legislature,
- 4 concerning the regulation of child welfare agencies, child
- 5 placing agencies, day care centers, family day care facilities, family day care homes and child care facilities
- 7 during the year. The report shall include, but not be
- 8 limited to, data on the number of children and staff at
- 9 each facility (except family day care homes), applications
- 10 received, types of licenses, certifications, approvals and
- 11 registrations granted, denied, made provisional or revoked
- 12 and any injunctions obtained or facility closures ordered.

- 13 (b) The commissioner also shall compile annually a
  14 directory of licensed, certified and approved child care
  15 providers including a brief description of their program
  16 and facilities, the program's capacity and a general profile
  17 of children served. A listing of family day care homes
  18 shall also be compiled annually.
- 19 (c) Licensing reports and recommendations for 20 licensure and certification which are a part of the yearly 21 review of each licensed facility shall be sent to the facility 22 director. Copies shall be available to the public upon 23 written request to the commissioner.

### **CHAPTER 81**

(S. B. 562—By Senators Walker, Anderson, Bailey, Ross, Wooton, Jackson, Plymale, Blatnik, Sharpe, Dittmar, Bowman, Oliverio, Minear, Kimble, Yoder, Whitlow, Helmick and Tomblin, Mr. President)

[Passed March 2, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to children with special health care needs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one, two, three, four, five and six, article four, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 4. CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL HEALTH CARE NEEDS.

- §49-4-1. Purpose.
- §49-4-2. Children to whom article applies.
- §49-4-3. Powers of state bureau.
- §49-4-4. Report of birth of special health care needs child.
- §49-4-5. Assistance by other agencies.
- §49-4-6. Cost of treatment.

### §49-4-1. Purpose.

- The purpose of this article is to provide for the continuation and development of services for children
- 2 continuation and development of services for children
- 3 with special health care needs. The state bureau of public
- 4 health within the department of health and human
- 5 resources shall formulate and apply administrative policies
- 6 concerning the care and treatment of children with special
- 7 health care needs and shall cooperate with other agencies
- 8 responsible for such care and treatment.
- 9 In the development of administrative policies, the state
- 10 bureau shall cooperate with the United States department
- 11 of health and human services and shall comply with the
- 12 regulations that agency prescribes under the authority of
- 13 the "Social Security Act", and is hereby authorized to
- 14 receive and expend federal funds for these services.

### §49-4-2. Children to whom article applies.

- 1 It is the intention of this article that services for
- 2 children with special health care needs shall be extended
- 3 only to those children for whom adequate care, treatment
- 4 and rehabilitation are not available from other than public
- 5 sources

### §49-4-3. Powers of state bureau.

- In the care and treatment of children with special
- 2 health care needs the state bureau of public health shall, so
- 3 far as funds are available for the purpose:
- 4 (1) Locate children with special health care needs
- 5 requiring medical, surgical or other corrective treatment
- 6 and provide competent diagnosis to determine the
- 7 treatment required.
- 8 (2) Supply to children with special health care needs 9 treatment, including hospitalization and aftercare leading
- 10 to correction and rehabilitation.
- 11 (3) Guide and supervise children with special health
- 12 care needs to assure adequate care and treatment.

### §49-4-4. Report of birth of special health care needs child.

- Within thirty days after the birth of a child with a congenital deformity, the physician, midwife or other person attending the birth shall report to the state bureau of public health, on forms prescribed by them, the birth of such child.
- The report shall be solely for the use of the state department of health and human resources and shall not be open for public inspection.

### §49-4-5. Assistance by other agencies.

- 1 So far as practicable, the services and facilities of the
- 2 state departments of health and human services, education,
- 3 vocational rehabilitation and corrections or their
- 4 successors shall be available to the state bureau of public
- health for the purposes of this article.

#### §49-4-6. Cost of treatment.

All payments from any corporation, association, program or fund providing insurance coverage or other payment for medicine, medical, surgical and hospital treatment, crutches, artificial limbs and such other and additional approved mechanical appliances and devices as may be reasonably required for a child with special health care needs, shall be applied toward the total cost of treatment.

### **CHAPTER 82**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2500—By Delegates Thompson, Ryan, J. Martin, Stalnaker, Tillis, Amores and Pulliam)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections one-a and one-b, article five, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one, two, ten, seventeen and eighteen of said article; and to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections nineteen and twenty, all relating

to juvenile proceedings; definitions which are used in this article; jurisdiction of courts in juvenile proceedings; constitutional guarantees for juveniles; hearings, evidence and transcripts of juvenile proceedings; waiver and transfer of juvenile proceedings from the juvenile jurisdiction to the criminal jurisdiction of the courts; confidentiality of juvenile records; expungement of juvenile records; prohibiting discrimination against persons who have been involved in juvenile proceedings whose records have been expunged; juvenile after-care plans; and criminal penalties.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one-a and one-b, article five, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections one, two, ten, seventeen and eighteen of said article be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections nineteen and twenty, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

- §49-5-1. Definitions.
- §49-5-2. Juvenile jurisdicton of circuit courts, magistrate courts and municipal courts; constitutional guarantees; hearings; evidence and transcripts.
- §49-5-10. Waiver and transfer of jurisdiction.
- §49-5-17. Confidentiality of juvenile records.
- §49-5-18. Expungement of juvenile records.
- §49-5-19. Discrimination prohibited.
- §49-5-20. After-care plans.

### §49-5-1. Definitions.

- 1 (a) As used in this article, the term "adult" means a 2 person who is at least eighteen years of age.
- 3 (b) As used in this article, the term "child" means a 4 person who has not attained the age of eighteen years, or a 5 person who is otherwise subject to the juvenile jurisdiction 6 of a court pursuant to this article.
- 7 (c) As used in this article, the term "extrajudicial statement" means any utterance, written or oral, which was made outside of court.

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- 10 (d) As used in this article, the term "juvenile" shall 11 have the same meaning as the term "child."
- 12 (e) As used in this article, the term "res gestae" means 13 a spontaneous declaration made by a person immediately 14 after an event and before the person has had an 15 opportunity to conjure a falsehood.
- (f) As used in this article, the term "violation of a 16 17 traffic law of West Virginia" means a violation of any provision of chapters seventeen-a, seventeen-b, seventeen-c 18 19 or seventeen-d of this code except a violation of chapter 20 seventeen-c, article four, sections one and two (hit and 21 run) or of chapter seventeen-c, article five, sections one 22 (negligent homicide), two (driving under the influence of 23 alcohol, controlled substances or drugs) or three (reckless 24 driving).

# §49-5-2. Juvenile jurisdiction of circuit courts, magistrate courts and municipal courts; constitutional guarantees; hearings; evidence and transcripts.

- 1 (a) The circuit court shall have original jurisdiction of proceedings brought under this article.
  - (b) If during a criminal proceeding in any court, it is ascertained or appears that the defendant is under the age of nineteen years and was under the age of eighteen years at the time of the alleged offense, the matter shall be immediately certified to the juvenile jurisdiction of the circuit court. The circuit court shall assume jurisdiction of the case in the same manner as cases which are originally instituted in the circuit court by petition.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, 11 12 magistrate courts shall have concurrent juvenile 13 jurisdiction with the circuit court for a violation of a traffic 14 law of West Virginia or for any violation of chapter twenty 15 of this code. Juveniles shall be liable for punishment for 16 violations of such laws in the same manner as adults 17 except that magistrate courts shall have no jurisdiction to 18 impose a sentence of incarceration for the violation of 19 such laws.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, municipal courts shall have concurrent invenile jurisdiction with the circuit court for a violation of any regulating traffic or for any municipal ordinance municipal curfew ordinance which is enforceable. Municipal courts may impose the same punishment for such violations as a circuit court exercising its juvenile jurisdiction could properly impose, except that municipal courts shall have no iurisdiction to impose a sentence of incarceration for the violation of such laws.
  - (e) A juvenile may be brought before the circuit court for proceedings under this article only by the following means:
- 33 (1) By a juvenile petition requesting that the juvenile 34 be adjudged neglected or delinquent;
  - (2) By certification or transfer to the juvenile jurisdiction of the circuit court from the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit court, from any foreign court, or from any magistrate court or municipal court in West Virginia; or
  - (3) By a warrant, capias or attachment which charges a juvenile with an act of delinquency, is issued by a judge, referee or magistrate, and is returnable to the circuit court.
  - (f) If a juvenile commits an act which would be a crime if committed by an adult, and the juvenile is adjudged a delinquent for such act, the jurisdiction of the court which adjudged the juvenile a delinquent shall continue until the juvenile becomes twenty-one years of age. The court shall have the same power over the person that it had before he or she became an adult, and shall have the further power to sentence the person to a term of incarceration which cannot exceed six months. This authority shall not preclude the court from exercising criminal jurisdiction over the person if he or she violates the law after becoming an adult or if the proceedings have been transferred to the court's criminal jurisdiction pursuant to section ten of this article.
  - (g) A juvenile shall be entitled to be admitted to bail or recognizance in the same manner as an adult and shall

- have the protection guaranteed by Article III of the WestVirginia Constitution.
  - (h) A juvenile shall have the right to be effectively represented by counsel at all stages of proceedings under the provisions of this article. If the juvenile or the juvenile's parents or custodian executes an affidavit showing that the juvenile cannot afford an attorney the court shall appoint an attorney, who will be paid in accordance with article twenty-one, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
  - (i) In all proceedings under this article, the juvenile shall have a meaningful opportunity to be heard. This includes the opportunity to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses. The general public shall be excluded from all such proceedings except persons whose presence is requested by the parties and other persons whom the circuit court determines have a legitimate interest in the proceedings.
  - (j) At all adjudicatory hearings held under this article, all procedural rights afforded to adults in criminal proceedings shall be applicable unless specifically provided otherwise in this chapter.
  - (k) At all adjudicatory hearings held under this article, the rules of evidence applicable in criminal cases shall apply, including the rule against written reports based upon hearsay.
- (1) Extrajudicial statements, other than res gestae, which were made by a juvenile under fourteen years of age to law-enforcement officials or while in custody shall not be admissible unless such statements were made in the presence of the juvenile's counsel. Extrajudicial statements, other than res gestae, which were made by a juvenile who is at least fourteen years of age to law-enforcement officials or while in custody shall not be admissible unless such statements were made in the presence of the juvenile's counsel or in the presence of, and with the consent of, the juvenile's parent or custodian who has been fully informed regarding the juvenile's right to a prompt detention hearing, the juvenile's right to counsel, including

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- appointed counsel if the juvenile cannot afford counsel,and the juvenile's privilege against self-incrimination.
- 100 (m) A transcript or recording shall be made of all transfer, adjudicatory and dispositional hearings. At the 101 conclusion of any hearing, the circuit court shall make 102 103 findings of fact and conclusions of law, both of which 104 shall appear on the record. The court reporter shall 105 furnish a transcript of the proceedings at no charge to any 106 indigent invenile who seeks review of any proceeding under this article if an affidavit is filed stating that neither 107 108 the juvenile nor the juvenile's parents or custodian have the ability to pay for the transcript. 109

### §49-5-10. Waiver and transfer of jurisdiction.

- (a) Upon written motion of the prosecuting attorney 1 filed at least eight days prior to the adjudicatory hearing and with reasonable notice to the child, the parents, 3 4 guardians or custodians of the child and the child's 5 counsel, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine if juvenile jurisdiction should or must be waived and the proceeding transferred to the criminal jurisdiction of the 7 8 court. Any motion filed in accordance with this section shall state, with particularity, the grounds for the requested 9 transfer, including the grounds relied upon set forth in 10 subsections (d), (e), (f) and (g) of this section and the 11 burden shall be upon the state to establish such grounds 12 by clear and convincing proof. Any hearing held under 13 the provisions of this section shall be held within seven 14 days of the filing of the motion for transfer unless it is 1.5 continued for good cause. 16
  - (b) No inquiry relative to admission or denial of the allegations of the charge or the demand for jury trial shall be made by or before the court until a decision shall have been made relative to whether the proceeding is to be transferred to criminal jurisdiction.
  - (c) The court shall transfer a juvenile proceeding to criminal jurisdiction if a child who has attained the age of fourteen years shall make a demand on the record to be transferred to the criminal jurisdiction of the court. Such

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- 26 cases may then be referred to a magistrate for trial, if 27 otherwise cognizable by a magistrate.
- 28 (d) The court shall transfer a juvenile proceeding to criminal jurisdiction if there is probable cause to believe 30 that:
- 31 (1) The child is at least fourteen years of age and has 32 committed the crime of treason under section one, article 33 one, chapter sixty-one of this code; the crime of murder 34 under sections one, two and three, article two of said 35 chapter; the crime of robbery involving the use or presenting of firearms or other deadly weapons under 36 37 section twelve of said article; the crime of kidnapping 38 under section fourteen-a of said article; the crime of first 39 degree arson under section one, article three of said 40 chapter; or the crime of sexual assault in the first degree 41 under section three, article eight-b of said chapter; or
  - (2) The child is at least fourteen years of age and has committed an offense of violence to the person which would be a felony if the child were an adult: *Provided*, That the child has been previously adjudged delinquent for the commission of an offense of violence to the person which would be a felony if the child were an adult; or
  - (3) The child is at least fourteen years of age and has committed an offense which would be a felony if the child were an adult: *Provided*, That the child has been twice previously adjudged delinquent for the commission of an offense which would be a felony if the child were an adult.
  - (e) The court may transfer a juvenile proceeding to criminal jurisdiction if there is probable cause to believe that the child would otherwise satisfy the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (d) of this section, but who is younger than fourteen years of age.
- (f) The court may, upon consideration of the child's mental and physical condition, maturity, emotional attitude, home or family environment, school experience and similar personal factors, transfer a juvenile proceeding to criminal jurisdiction if there is probable cause to believe that the child would otherwise satisfy the provisions of

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- 64 subdivision (2) or (3), subsection (d) of this section, but 65 who is younger than fourteen years of age.
- 66 (g) The court may, upon consideration of the child's 67 mental and physical condition, maturity, emotional 68 attitude, home or family environment, school experience 69 and similar personal factors, transfer a juvenile proceeding 70 to criminal jurisdiction if there is probable cause to believe 71 that:
- 72 (1) The child, who is at least fourteen years of age, has committed an offense of violence to the person which would be a felony if the child were an adult; or
- 75 (2) The child, who is at least fourteen years of age, has 76 committed an offense which would be a felony if the child 77 were an adult: Provided. That the child has been 78 previously adjudged delinquent for the commission of a 79 crime which would be a felony if the child were an adult; 80 OΓ
  - (3) The child, who is at least fourteen years of age, used or presented a firearm or other deadly weapon during the commission of a felony; or
  - (4) The child has committed a violation of the provisions of section four hundred one, article four, chapter sixty-a of this code which would be a felony if the child were an adult involving the manufacture, delivery or possession with the intent to deliver a narcotic drug. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "narcotic drug" shall have the same definition as that set forth in section one hundred one, article one of said chapter.
  - (h) For purposes of this section, the term "offense of violence" means an offense which involves the use or threatened use of physical force against a person.
  - (i) If, after a hearing, the court directs the transfer of any juvenile proceeding to criminal jurisdiction, it shall state on the record the findings of fact and conclusions of law upon which its decision is based or shall incorporate such findings of fact and conclusions of law in its order directing transfer.

101 (i) The child shall have the right to directly appeal an 102 order of transfer to the supreme court of appeals of the 103 state of West Virginia: Provided, That notice of intent to appeal and a request for transcript be filed within ten days 104 105 from the date of the entry of any such order and the 106 petition for appeal shall be presented to the supreme court 107 of appeals within forty-five days from the entry of such 108 order, and that, in default thereof, the right of appeal and 109 the right to object to such order of transfer shall be waived 110 and may not thereafter be asserted. The provisions of 111 article five, chapter fifty-eight of this code pertaining to 112 the appeals of judgments in civil actions shall apply to appeals under this chapter except as herein modified. 113 114 The court may, within forty-five days of the entry of the 115 order of transfer, by appropriate order, extend and 116 re-extend the period in which to file the petition for 117 appeal for such additional time, not to exceed a total 118 extension of sixty days, as in the court's opinion may be 119 necessary for preparation of the transcript: Provided, 120 however, That the request for such transcript was made by 121 the party seeking appeal within ten days of entry of such order of transfer. In the event any such notice of intent to 122 123 appeal and request for transcript be timely filed, 124 proceedings in criminal court shall be stayed upon motion 125 of the defendant pending final action of the supreme 126 court of appeals thereon.

### § 49-5-17. Confidentiality of juvenile records.

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- 1 (a) Records of a juvenile proceeding conducted under 2 this chapter are not public records, and therefore they 3 shall not be disclosed to anyone unless disclosure is 4 otherwise authorized by this section.
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, a copy of a juvenile's records shall automatically be disclosed to certain school officials, subject to the following terms and conditions:
- 9 (1) Only certain types of juvenile records shall be 10 disclosed. These include and are limited to cases in which:

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- 11 (A) The juvenile has been charged with an offense 12 which would be a crime if it was committed by an adult; 13 and
- 14 (i) The offense involves violence against another 15 person;
- (ii) The offense involves possession of a dangerous ordeadly weapon; or
- 18 (iii) The offense involves possession or delivery of a 19 controlled substance as that term is defined in chapter 20 60A-1-101(d) of this code; and
- 21 (B) The juvenile case has proceeded to a point where one or more of the following has occurred:
  - (i) A judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed the offense as charged;
- 26 (ii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the juvenile on probation for the offense;
- 28 (iii) A judge, magistrate or referee has placed the 29 juvenile into an improvement period in accordance with 30 section nine, article five, chapter forty-nine of this code; or
- 31 (iv) Some other type of disposition has been made of 32 the case other than dismissal.
  - (2) The circuit court for each judicial circuit in West Virginia shall designate one person to supervise the disclosure of juvenile records to certain school officials.
- 36 (3) If the juvenile attends a West Virginia public 37 school, the person designated by the circuit court shall 38 automatically disclose all records of a juvenile case to the 39 county superintendent of schools in the county in which the juvenile attends school. The person designated by the 40 41 circuit court shall also automatically disclose all records of 42 a juvenile case to the principal of the school which the 43 juvenile attends.
- 44 (4) If the juvenile attends a private school in West 45 Virginia, the person designated by the circuit court shall 46 determine the identity of the highest ranking person at

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47 that school, and shall automatically disclose all records of48 a juvenile's case to that person.

- (5) If the juvenile does not attend school at the time the juvenile's case is pending, the person designated by the circuit court shall not transmit the juvenile's records to any school. However, the person designated by the circuit court shall transmit the juvenile's records to any school in West Virginia which the juvenile subsequently attends.
- (6) The person designated by the circuit court shall not automatically transmit juvenile records to a school which is not located in West Virginia. Instead, the person designated by the circuit court shall contact the out-of-state school, inform it that iuvenile records exist. and make an inquiry regarding whether the laws of that state permit the disclosure of juvenile records. If so, the person designated by the circuit court shall consult with the circuit judge who presided over the case to determine whether the juvenile records should be disclosed to the out-of-state school. The circuit judge shall have discretion in determining whether to disclose the juvenile records, and shall consider whether the other state's law regarding disclosure provides for sufficient confidentiality of juvenile records, using this section as a guide. If the circuit judge orders the juvenile records to be disclosed, they shall be disclosed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (7) of this subsection.
- (7) The person designated by the circuit court shall transmit the juvenile's records to the appropriate school official under cover of a letter emphasizing the confidentiality of such records and directing the official to consult this section of the code. A copy of this section of the code shall be transmitted with the juvenile's records and cover letter.
- 80 (8) Juvenile records must be treated as absolutely 81 confidential by the school official to whom they are 82 transmitted, and nothing contained within the juvenile's 83 records shall be noted on the juvenile's permanent 84 educational record. The juvenile records are to be 85 maintained in a secure location and are not to be copied under any circumstances. However, the principal of a

school to whom the records are transmitted shall have the duty to disclose the contents of those records to any teacher who teaches a class in which the subject juvenile is enrolled and to the regular driver of a school bus in which the subject juvenile is regularly transported to or from school. Furthermore, any school official to whom the iuvenile's records are transmitted may disclose the contents of such records to any adult within the school system who. in the discretion of the school official, has the need to be aware of the contents of those records.

(9) If for any reason a juvenile ceases to attend a school which possesses that juvenile's records, the appropriate official at that school shall seal the records and return them to the circuit court which sent them to that school. If the juvenile has changed schools for any reason, the former school shall inform the circuit court of the name and location of the new school which the juvenile attends or will be attending. If the new school is located within West Virginia, the person designated by the circuit court shall forward the juvenile's records to the juvenile's new school in the same manner as provided in subdivision (7) of this subsection. If the new school is not located within West Virginia, the person designated by the circuit court shall handle the juvenile records in accordance with subdivision (6) of this subsection.

If the juvenile has been found to be not guilty of an offense for which records were previously forwarded to the juvenile's school on the basis of a finding of probable cause, the circuit court shall not forward those records to the juvenile's new school. However, this shall not affect records related to other prior or future offenses. If the juvenile has graduated or quit school, or will otherwise not be attending another school, the circuit court shall retain the juvenile's records and handle them as otherwise provided in this article.

- (10) Under no circumstances shall one school transmit a juvenile's records to another school.
- 124 (11) Under no circumstances shall juvenile records be 125 automatically transmitted to a college, university or other 126 post-secondary school.

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- 127 (12) No one shall suffer any penalty, civil or criminal, 128 for accidentally or negligently attributing certain juvenile 129 records to the wrong person. However, such person shall 130 have the affirmative duty to promptly correct any mistake 131 that he or she has made in disclosing juvenile records 132 when the mistake is brought to his or her attention. A 133 person who intentionally attributes false information to a 134 certain person shall be subjected to both criminal and civil 135 penalties, in accordance with subsection (d) of this section.
  - (13) If a judge, magistrate or referee has determined that there is probable cause to believe that a juvenile has committed an offense but there has been no final adjudication of the charge, the records which are transmitted by the circuit court shall be accompanied by a notice which clearly states in bold print that there has been no determination of delinquency and that our legal system requires a presumption of innocence.
- 144 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, juvenile records may be disclosed, subject to the following terms and conditions:
  - (1) If a juvenile case is transferred to the criminal jurisdiction of the circuit court, the juvenile records of that particular case may be disclosed if the juvenile who is transferred fails to timely file an appeal of the transfer order; files a timely appeal of the transfer order but the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia refuses to hear the appeal; or files a timely appeal of the transfer order which is affirmed by the Supreme Court of Appeals of West Virginia. All records of the case shall be open to public inspection following any of these occurrences. These records shall be handled pursuant to all of the same strictures, guidelines and requirements of law which exist regarding disclosure of records for adults.
  - (2) Upon a written petition and pursuant to a written order, the circuit court may permit disclosure of juvenile records to:
- (A) A court which has juvenile jurisdiction and has the 163 164 juvenile before it in a juvenile proceeding;

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- 165 (B) A court exercising criminal jurisdiction over the juvenile which requests such records for the purpose of a presentence report or disposition proceeding;
- 168 (C) The juvenile, the juvenile's parents or legal guardian, or the juvenile's counsel;
- 170 (D) The officials of a public institution to which the juvenile is committed if they require such records for transfer, parole or discharge; or
- 173 (E) A person who is conducting research. However, 174 juvenile records shall be disclosed for research purposes 175 only upon the condition that information which would 176 identify the subject juvenile or the juvenile's family shall 177 not be disclosed.
- 178 (d) Any person who willfully violates this section shall 179 be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof 180 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars. 181 incarcerated not more than six months, or be both fined 182 and incarcerated. Furthermore, a violator of this section 183 shall be liable for damages in the amount of three 184 hundred dollars or the actual amount of damages. 185 whichever is greater.

# §49-5-18. Expungement of juvenile records.

- (a) One year after the juvenile's eighteenth birthday, or one year after personal or juvenile jurisdiction has terminated, whichever is later, the records of a juvenile proceeding conducted under this chapter, including, but not limited to, law-enforcement files and records, shall be expunged by operation of law.
- (b) To expunge juvenile records they shall be returned to the circuit court in which the case was pending and be kept in a separate confidential file. The records shall be physically marked to show that they have been expunged and shall be securely sealed and filed in such a manner that no one can determine the identity of the juvenile.
- (c) Expunged records cannot be opened except uponorder of the circuit court.

- 15 (d) Expungement of juvenile records has the legal 16 effect of extinguishing the offense as if it never occurred.
- 17 (e) The records of a juvenile convicted under the 18 criminal jurisdiction of the circuit court pursuant to 19 subdivision (1), subsection (d), section ten of this article 20 shall not be expunged.
- 21 (f) Any person who willfully violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 22 23 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars, 24 incarcerated not more than six months, or be both fined 25 and incarcerated. Furthermore, a violator of this section 26 shall be liable for damages in the amount of three 2.7 hundred dollars or the actual amount of damages, 28 whichever is greater.

### §49-5-19. Discrimination prohibited.

- 1 (a) No individual, firm, corporation or other entity
  2 shall discriminate against any person in any manner due
  3 to that person's prior involvement in a proceeding under
  4 this article if that person's records have been expunged
  5 pursuant to the provisions of this article. This includes, but
  6 is not limited to, discrimination relating to employment,
  7 housing, education, obtaining credit, and contractual
  8 rights.
- 9 (b) Any person who willfully violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, 10 11 shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars. 12 incarcerated not more than six months, or be both fined 13 and incarcerated. Furthermore, a violator of this section 14 shall be liable to the person who has been discriminated against for damages in the amount of three hundred 15 dollars or the actual amount of damages, whichever is 16 17 greater.

# §49-5-20. After-care plans.

1 (a) At least forty-five days prior to the discharge of a 2 juvenile from any institution or facility to which the 3 juvenile was committed pursuant to subdivision (5), (6) or 4 (7) of subsection (b), section thirteen of this article, the 5 director of the institution or facility shall forward a copy

- of the juvenile's proposed after-care plan to the circuit court which committed the juvenile. A copy of the plan shall also be sent to: (1) The juvenile's parents or legal guardian; (2) the juvenile's lawyer; (3) the juvenile's probation officer or community mental health center professional; (4) the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the original commitment proceedings were held; and (5) the principal of the school which the juvenile will attend. The plan shall have a list of the names and addresses of these persons attached to it.
  - (b) The after-care plan shall contain a detailed description of the education, counseling and treatment which the juvenile received while at the institution or facility and it shall also propose a plan for education, counseling and treatment for the juvenile upon the juvenile's discharge. The plan shall also contain a description of any problems the juvenile has, including the source of those problems and it shall propose a manner for addressing those problems upon discharge.
  - (c) Within twenty-one days of receiving the plan, the juvenile's probation officer or community mental health center professional shall submit written comments upon the plan to the circuit court which committed the juvenile. Any other person who received a copy of the plan pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may submit written comments upon the plan to the circuit court which committed the juvenile. Any person who submits comments upon the plan shall send a copy of those comments to every other person who received a copy of the plan.
  - (d) Within twenty-one days of receiving the plan, the juvenile's probation officer or community mental health center professional shall contact all persons, organizations and agencies which are to be involved in executing the plan to determine whether they are capable of executing their responsibilities under the plan and to further determine whether they are willing to execute their responsibilities under the plan.
- 43 (e) If adverse comments or objections regarding the 44 plan are submitted to the circuit court, it shall, within 45 forty-five days of receiving the plan, hold a hearing to

- consider the plan and the adverse comments or objections. Any person, organization or agency which has responsi-bilities in executing the plan, or their representatives, may be required to appear at the hearing unless they are ex-cused by the circuit court. Within five days of the hearing, the circuit court shall issue an order which adopts the plan as submitted or as modified in response to any comments or objections.
  - (f) If no adverse comments or objections are submitted, a hearing need not be held. In that case, the circuit court shall consider the plan as submitted and shall within forty-five days of receiving the plan, issue an order which adopts the plan as submitted.
  - (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of this section, the plan which is adopted by the circuit court shall be in the best interests of the juvenile and shall also be in conformity with West Virginia's interest in youth as embodied in subsection (b), section thirteen of this article.
  - (h) The circuit court which committed the juvenile shall appoint the juvenile's probation officer or a community mental health center professional to act as supervisor of the plan. The supervisor shall report the juvenile's progress under the plan to the circuit court every sixty days, or until the circuit court determines that no report or no further care is necessary.

# **CHAPTER 83**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4138—By Delegates Douglas and Givens)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and three, article five-d, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections two, three, five and eleven, article six of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto

a new section, designated section twelve; to amend and reenact section three, article six-d of said chapter; to amend and reenact section eleven-a, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of said code; and to amend and reenact section nine, article eight-d of said chapter, all relating to abuse and neglect of children: restricting requirement of meetings for certain cases; requiring that prior to temporary custody person found to be fit to receive custody; requiring that hearing be held within sixty days of expiration of improvement period: changing provisions relating to length and terms of improvement period: requiring respondent to move for improvement period and restricting the ability of the court to grant an improvement period prior to finding that child is abused or neglected; limiting length of improvement period; requiring release of information; termination of improvement period; extension of improvement period; family case plans; and convictions for offenses against children to require adjudication of status as abusing parent.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and three, article five-d, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, five and eleven, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article six be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twelve; that section three, article six-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section eleven-a, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section nine, article eight-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

- 49. Child Welfare.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

### CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

#### Article

- 5D. Multidiscipinary Teams.
  - 6. Procedure in Cases of Child Neglect or Abuse.
- 6D. West Virginia Child Protective Services Act.

#### ARTICLE 5D. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAMS.

- §49-5D-1. Purpose; additional cases and teams.
- §49-5D-3. Multidisciplinary treatment planning process.

### §49-5D-1. Purpose; additional cases and teams.

- (a) The purpose of this article is to provide a system 1 2 for evaluation of and coordinated service delivery for children who may be victims of abuse or neglect and chil-3 dren undergoing delinquency proceedings. It is the fur-4 ther purpose of this article to establish, as a complement to 6 other programs of the department of health and human resources, a multidisciplinary screening, advisory and 7 planning system to assist courts in facilitating permanency planning, following the initiation of judicial proceedings, 10 to recommend alternatives and to coordinate evaluations and in-community services. It is the further purpose of 11 12 this article to ensure that children are safe from abuse and neglect and to coordinate investigation of alleged child 13 abuse offenses and competent criminal prosecution of 14 offenders to ensure that safety, as determined appropriate 15 16 by the prosecuting attorney.
- 17 (b) Nothing in this article precludes any multidiscip-18 linary team from considering any case upon the consent 19 of the members of the team.

### §49-5D-3. Multidisciplinary treatment planning process.

- 1 (a) On or before the first day of January, one thou2 sand nine hundred ninety-five, a multidisciplinary treat3 ment planning process shall be established within each
  4 county of the state, either separately or in conjunction with
  5 a contiguous county by the secretary of the department
  6 with advice and assistance from the prosecutor's advisory
  7 council as set forth in section four, article four, chapter
  8 seven of this code.
- Treatment teams shall assess, plan and implement a comprehensive, individualized service plan for children who are victims of abuse or neglect and their families when a judicial proceeding has been initiated involving the child or children and for children and their families involved in delinquency proceedings.

- 15 (b) Each treatment team shall be convened and direct-16 ed by the child's or family's case manager. The treatment 17 team shall consist of the child's custodial parent(s) or 18 guardian(s), other immediate family members, the attor-19 ney(s) representing the parent(s) of the child, if assigned 20 by a judge of the circuit court, the child, if the child is 21 over the age of twelve, and if the child's participation is 22 otherwise appropriate, the child, if under the age of twelve 23 when the team determines that the child's participation is 24 appropriate, the guardian ad litem, the prosecuting attor-25 ney or his or her designee, and any other agency, person 26 or professional who may contribute to the team's efforts to 27 assist the child and family.
- 28 (c) The treatment team shall coordinate their activities 29 and membership with local family resource networks, and 30 coordinate with other local and regional child and family 31 service planning committees to assure the efficient plan-32 ning and delivery of child and family services on a local 33 and regional level.
- 34 (d) State, county and local agencies shall provide the 35 multidisciplinary treatment teams with any information 36 requested in writing by the team as allowable by law or 37 upon receipt of a certified copy of the circuit court's order 38 directing said agencies to release information in its posses-39 sion relating to the child. The team shall assure that all 40 information received and developed in connection with 41 the provisions of this article remain confidential. For pur-42 poses of this section, the term "confidential" shall be con-43 strued in accordance with the provisions of section one, 44 article seven of this chapter.

# ARTICLE 6. PROCEDURE IN CASES OF CHILD NEGLECT OR ABUSE.

- §49-6-2. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Right to counsel; improvement period; hearing; priority of proceeding; transcript.
- §49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused—Temporary custody.
- §49-6-5. Disposition of neglected or abused children.
- §49-6-11. Conviction for offenses against children.
- §49-6-12. Improvement period in cases of child neglect or abuse.

# §49-6-2. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused--Right to counsel; improvement period; hearing; priority of proceeding; transcript.

1 (a) In any proceeding under the provisions of this 2 article, the child, his or her parents, and his or her legally 3 established custodian or other persons standing in loco 4 parentis to him, such persons other than the child being 5 hereinafter referred to as other party or parties, shall have 6 the right to be represented by counsel at every stage of the 7 proceedings and shall be informed by the court of their 8 right to be so represented and that if they cannot pay for 9 the services of counsel, that counsel will be appointed. If 10 the other parties have not retained counsel and the other 11 parties cannot pay for the services of counsel, the court 12 shall, by order entered of record, at least ten days prior to 13 the date set for hearing, appoint an attorney or attorneys 14 to represent the other party or parties and so inform the 15 parties. Under no circumstances may the same attorney 16 represent both the child and the other party or parties, nor 17 shall the same attorney represent both parents or custodi-18 ans. However, one attorney may represent both parents or 19 custodians where both parents or guardians consent to this 20 representation after the attorney fully discloses to the 21 client the possible conflict, and where the attorney assures 22 the court that she or he is able to represent each client 23 without impairing her or his professional judgment; how-24 ever, if more than one child from a family is involved in 25 the proceeding, one attorney may represent all the chil-26 dren. The court may allow to each attorney so appointed a 27 fee in the same amount which appointed counsel can re-28 ceive in felony cases. Any attorney appointed pursuant to 29 this section shall by the first day of July, one thousand 30 nine hundred ninety-three, and three hours per year each 31 year thereafter, receive a minimum of three hours of con-32 tinuing legal education training on representation of chil-33 dren, child abuse and neglect: Provided, That where no attorney who has completed this training is available for 34 35 such appointment, the court shall appoint a competent attorney with demonstrated knowledge of child welfare 36 law to represent the child. Any attorney appointed pursu-37 ant to this section shall perform all duties required as an 38

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attorney licensed to practice law in the state of West Virginia.

- (b) In any proceeding brought pursuant to the provisions of this article, the court may grant any respondent an improvement period in accord with the provisions of this article. During such period, the court may require temporary custody with a responsible person which has been found to be a fit and proper person for the temporary custody of the child or children, or the state department or other agency during the improvement period. An order granting such improvement period shall require the department to prepare and submit to the court a family case plan in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six-d of this chapter.
- (c) In any proceeding pursuant to the provisions of this article, the party or parties having custodial or other parental rights or responsibilities to the child shall be afforded a meaningful opportunity to be heard, including opportunity to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses. The petition shall not be taken as confessed. A transcript or recording shall be made of all proceedings unless waived by all parties to the proceeding. The rules of evidence shall apply. Where relevant, the court shall consider the efforts of the state department to remedy the alleged circumstances. At the conclusion of the hearing the court shall make a determination based upon the evidence and shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law as to whether such child is abused or neglected, which shall be incorporated into the order of the court. The findings must be based upon conditions existing at the time of the filing of the petition and proven by clear and convincing proof.
- (d) Any petition filed and any proceeding held under the provisions of this article shall, to the extent practicable, be given priority over any other civil action before the court, except proceedings under article two-a, chapter forty-eight of this code and actions in which trial is in progress. Any petition filed under the provisions of this article shall be docketed immediately upon filing. Any hearing to be held at the end of an improvement period

and any other hearing to be held during any proceedings under the provisions of this article shall be held as nearly as practicable on successive days and, with respect to said hearing to be held at the end of an improvement period, shall be held as close in time as possible after the end of said improvement period and shall be held within sixty days of the termination of such improvement period.

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(e) Following the court's determination, it shall be inquired of the parents or custodians whether or not appeal is desired and the response transcribed. A negative response shall not be construed as a waiver. The evidence shall be transcribed and made available to the parties or their counsel as soon as practicable, if the same is required for purposes of further proceedings. If an indigent person intends to pursue further proceedings, the court reporter shall furnish a transcript of the hearing without cost to the indigent person if an affidavit is filed stating that he cannot pay therefor.

# §49-6-3. Petition to court when child believed neglected or abused — Temporary custody.

1 (a) Upon the filing of a petition, the court may order that the child alleged to be an abused or neglected child 2 3 be delivered for not more than ten days into the custody 4 of the state department or a responsible person found by 5 the court to be a fit and proper person for the temporary care of the child pending a preliminary hearing, if it finds 6 7 that: (1) There exists imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child; and (2) there are no reasonably 8 available alternatives to removal of the child, including, 9 but not limited to, the provision of medical, psychiatric, 10 psychological or homemaking services in the child's pres-11 ent custody: Provided, That where the alleged abusing 12 person, if known, is a member of a household, the court 13 shall not allow placement pursuant to this section of the 14 child or children in said home unless the alleged abusing 15 person is or has been precluded from visiting or residing 16 in said home by judicial order. In a case where there is 17 more than one child in the home, or in the temporary care, 18 custody or control of the alleged offending parent, the 19 petition shall so state, and notwithstanding the fact that the 20

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21 allegations of abuse or neglect may pertain to less than all 22 of such children, each child in the home for whom relief is 23 sought shall be made a party to the proceeding. Even 24 though the acts of abuse or neglect alleged in the petition 25 were not directed against a specific child who is named in 26 the petition, the court shall order the removal of such 27 child, pending final disposition, if it finds that there exists 28 imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child 29 and a lack of reasonable available alternatives to removal. 30 The initial order directing such custody shall contain an 31 order appointing counsel and scheduling the preliminary 32 hearing, and upon its service shall require the immediate 33 transfer of custody of such child or children to the state 34 department or a responsible relative which may include 35 any parent, guardian, or other custodian. The court order 36 shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is contrary 37 to the best interests of the child and why; and (2) whether 38 or not the state department made a reasonable effort to 39 prevent the placement or that the emergency situation 40 made such efforts unreasonable or impossible. The order 41 may also direct any party or the department to initiate or 42 become involved in services to facilitate reunification of 43 the family.

(b) Whether or not the court orders immediate transfer of custody as provided in subsection (a) of this section, if the facts alleged in the petition demonstrate to the court that there exists imminent danger to the child, the court may schedule a preliminary hearing giving the respondents at least five days' actual notice. If the court finds at the preliminary hearing that there are no alternatives less drastic than removal of the child and that a hearing on the petition cannot be scheduled in the interim period, the court may order that the child be delivered into the temporary custody of the state department or a responsible person or agency found by the court to be a fit and proper person for the temporary care of the child for a period not exceeding sixty days: Provided, That the court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is contrary to the best interests of the child and state the reasons therefor: (2) whether or not the department made reasonable efforts to prevent the child's removal from his or her

62 home; (3) whether or not the state department made a 63 reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or 64 65 impossible; and (4) what efforts should be made by the 66 department to facilitate the child's return home: Provided. however. That if the court grants an improvement period 68 as provided in section twelve of this article, the sixty-day 69 limit upon temporary custody is waived.

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(c) If a child or children shall, in the presence of a child protective service worker, be in an emergency situation which constitutes an imminent danger to the physical well-being of the child or children, as that phrase is defined in section three, article one of this chapter, and if such worker has probable cause to believe that the child or children will suffer additional child abuse or neglect or will be removed from the county before a petition can be filed and temporary custody can be ordered, the worker may, prior to the filing of a petition, take the child or children into his or her custody without a court order: Provided, That after taking custody of such child or children prior to the filing of a petition, the worker shall forthwith appear before a circuit judge or a juvenile referee of the county wherein custody was taken, or if no such judge or referee be available, before a circuit judge or a juvenile referee of an adjoining county, and shall immediately apply for an order ratifying the emergency custody of the child pending the filing of a petition. The circuit court of every county in the state shall appoint at least one of the magistrates of the county to act as a juvenile referee, who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the appointing court, and who shall perform the functions prescribed for such position by the provisions of this subsection. The parents, guardians or custodians of the child or children may be present at the time and place of application for an order ratifying custody, and if at the time the child or children are taken into custody by the worker, the worker knows which judge or referee is to receive the application, the worker shall so inform the parents, guardians or custodians. The application for emergency custody may be on forms prescribed by the supreme court of appeals or prepared by the prosecuting attorney or the applicant, and

103 shall set forth facts from which it may be determined that 104 the probable cause described above in this subsection 105 exists. Upon such sworn testimony or other evidence as 106 the judge or referee deems sufficient, the judge or referee may order the emergency taking by the worker to be 107 ratified. If appropriate under the circumstances, the order 108 109 may include authorization for an examination as provided 110 for in subsection (b), section four of this article. If a refer-111 ee issues such an order, the referee shall by telephonic 112 communication have such order orally confirmed by a circuit judge of the circuit or an adjoining circuit who 113 114 shall on the next judicial day enter an order of confirma-115 tion. If the emergency taking is ratified by the judge or 116 referee, emergency custody of the child or children shall 117 be vested in the state department until the expiration of the 118 next two judicial days, at which time any such child taken 119 into emergency custody shall be returned to the custody of his or her parent or guardian or custodian unless a 120 petition has been filed and custody of the child has been 121 transferred under the provisions of section three of this 122 123 article.

### §49-6-5. Disposition of neglected or abused children.

1 (a) Following a determination pursuant to section two 2 of this article wherein the court finds a child to be abused 3 or neglected, the department shall file with the court a copy of the child's case plan, including the permanency 4 plan for the child. The term case plan means a written document that includes, where applicable, the require-6 ments of the family case plan as provided for in section 7 three, article six-d of this chapter and that also includes at 8 least the following: A description of the type of home or 9 institution in which the child is to be placed, including a 10 discussion of the appropriateness of the placement and 11 12 how the agency which is responsible for the child plans to assure that the child receives proper care and that services 13 are provided to the parents, child and foster parents in 14 order to improve the conditions in the parent(s) home. 15 facilitate return of the child to his or her own home or the 16 17 permanent placement of the child, and address the needs of the child while in foster care, including a discussion of 18 19 the appropriateness of the services that have been provided

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- 20 to the child. The term permanency plan refers to that part 21 of the case plan which is designed to achieve a permanent 22 home for the child in the least restrictive setting available. 23 The plan must document efforts to ensure that the child is 24 returned home within approximate time lines for reunifi-25 cation as set out in the plan. If reunification is not the 26 permanency plan for the child, the plan must state why 27 reunification is not appropriate and detail the alternative 28 placement for the child to include approximate time lines 29 for when such placement is expected to become a perma-30 nent placement. This case plan shall serve as the family 31 case plan for parents of abused or neglected children. 32 Copies of the child's case plan shall be sent to the child's 33 attorney and parent, guardian or custodian or their coun-34 sel at least five days prior to the dispositional hearing. The 35 court shall forthwith proceed to disposition giving both the petitioner and respondents an opportunity to be heard. 36 The court shall give precedence to dispositions in the 37 38 following sequence:
- 39 (1) Dismiss the petition;
- 40 (2) Refer the child, the abusing parent, or other family 41 members to a community agency for needed assistance 42 and dismiss the petition;
  - (3) Return the child to his or her own home under supervision of the state department;
  - (4) Order terms of supervision calculated to assist the child and any abusing parent or parents or custodian which prescribe the manner of supervision and care of the child and which are within the ability of any parent or parents or custodian to perform;
- 50 (5) Upon a finding that the abusing parent or parents 51 are presently unwilling or unable to provide adequately 52 for the child's needs, commit the child temporarily to the custody of the state department, a licensed private child 53 54 welfare agency or a suitable person who may be appointed 55 guardian by the court. The court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is contrary to the best interests 56 of the child and why; (2) whether or not the state depart-57 ment made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement to 58

59 include a statement of what efforts were made or that the 60 emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or 61 impossible; and (3) the specific circumstances of the situa-62 tion which makes such efforts unreasonable if services 63 were not offered by the department. The court order shall 64 also determine under what circumstances the child's com-65 mitment to the department shall continue. Considerations pertinent to the determination include whether the child 66 should: (1) Be continued in foster care for a specified 67 68 period; (2) should be considered for adoption; (3) be-69 cause of a child's special needs or circumstances, be con-70 tinued in foster care on a permanent or long-term basis; or (4) be continued in foster care until reunification is 71 72 achieved. The court may order services to meet the spe-73 cial needs of the child. Whenever the court transfers cus-74 tody of a youth to the department, an appropriate order of 75 financial support by the parents or guardians shall be 76 entered in accordance with section five, article seven of 77 this chapter; or

78 (6) Upon a finding that there is no reasonable likeli-79 hood that the conditions of neglect or abuse can be sub-80 stantially corrected in the near future, and when necessary for the welfare of the child, terminate the parental, custodi-81 82 al or guardianship rights and/or responsibilities of the abusing parent and commit the child to the permanent 83 84 sole custody of the nonabusing parent, if there be one, or, 85 if not, to either the permanent guardianship of the state department or a licensed child welfare agency. If the court 86 87 shall so find, then in fixing its dispositional order, the 88 court shall consider the following factors: (1) The child's 89 need for continuity of care and caretakers; (2) the amount 90 of time required for the child to be integrated into a stable 91 and permanent home environment; and (3) other factors 92 as the court considers necessary and proper. Notwithstand-93 ing any other provision of this article, the permanent parental rights shall not be terminated if a child fourteen 94 95 years of age or older or otherwise of an age of discretion as determined by the court, objects to such termination. 96 No adoption of a child shall take place until all proceed-97 ings for termination of parental rights under this article 98 and appeals thereof are final. In determining whether or 99

not parental rights should be terminated, the court shall consider the efforts made by the department to provide remedial and reunification services to the parent. The court order shall state: (1) That continuation in the home is not in the best interest of the child and why; (2) why reunification is not in the best interests of the child; (3) whether or not the state department made a reasonable effort to prevent the placement or that the emergency situation made such efforts unreasonable or impossible; and (4) whether or not the state department made a rea-sonable effort to reunify the family including a descrip-tion of what efforts were made or that such efforts were unreasonable due to specific circumstances.

- (b) As used in this section, "no reasonable likelihood that conditions of neglect or abuse can be substantially corrected" shall mean that, based upon the evidence before the court, the abusing adult or adults have demonstrated an inadequate capacity to solve the problems of abuse or neglect, on their own or with help. Such conditions shall be deemed to exist in the following circumstances, which shall not be exclusive:
- (1) The abusing parent or parents have habitually abused or are addicted to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, to the extent that proper parenting skills have been seriously impaired and such person or persons have not responded to or followed through the recommended and appropriate treatment which could have improved the capacity for adequate parental functioning;
- (2) The abusing parent or parents have willfully refused or are presently unwilling to cooperate in the development of a reasonable family case plan designed to lead to the child's return to their care, custody and control;
- (3) The abusing parent or parents have not responded to or followed through with a reasonable family case plan or other rehabilitative efforts of social, medical, mental health or other rehabilitative agencies designed to reduce or prevent the abuse or neglect of the child, as evidenced by the continuation or insubstantial diminution of conditions which threatened the health, welfare or life of the child;

- 140 (4) The abusing parent or parents have abandoned the 141 child;
- 142 (5) The abusing parent or parents have repeatedly or seriously injured the child physically or emotionally, or 143 144 have sexually abused or sexually exploited the child, and the degree of family stress and the potential for further 145 146 abuse and neglect are so great as to preclude the use of 147 resources to mitigate or resolve family problems or assist 148 the abusing parent or parents in fulfilling their responsi-149 bilities to the child; or
- 150 (6) The abusing parent or parents have incurred emo-151 tional illness, mental illness or mental deficiency of such 152 duration or nature as to render such parent or parents 153 incapable of exercising proper parenting skills or suffi-154 ciently improving the adequacy of such skills.
- 155 (c) The court may as an alternative disposition allow to the parents or custodians an improvement period not to 156 exceed six months. During this period the parental rights 157 158 shall not be permanently terminated and the court shall 159 require the parent to rectify the conditions upon which the determination was based. The court may order the child to 160 be placed with the parents, or any person found to be a fit 161 and proper person for the temporary care of the child 162 during the period. At the end of the period the court shall 163 hold a hearing to determine whether the conditions have 164 been adequately improved, and at the conclusion of such 165 hearing, shall make a further dispositional order in accor-166 dance with this section. 167

### §49-6-11. Conviction for offenses against children.

In any case where a person is convicted of an offense described in section twelve, article eight, chapter sixty-one 2 3 of this code or articles eight-b or eight-d of said chapter against a child and the person has custodial, visitation or 4 5 other parental rights to the child who is the victim of the offense or to any child who resides in the same household 6 as the victim, the court shall, at the time of sentencing, find 7 that the person is an abusing parent within the meaning of 8 this chapter as to the child victim, and may find that the 9 person is an abusing parent as to any child who resides in 10

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- 11 the same household as the victim, and the court shall take
- 12 such further steps as are required by this article.

### §49-6-12. Improvement period in cases of child neglect or abuse.

- (a) A court may grant a respondent an improvement period of a period not to exceed three months prior to .3 making a finding that a child is abused or neglected pursuant to section two of this article only when:
  - (1) The respondent files a written motion requesting the improvement period;
- (2) The respondent demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that the respondent is likely to fully participate in the improvement period and the court further makes a finding, on the record, of the terms of the 10 11 improvement period;
- 12 (3) In the order granting the improvement period, the 13 court (A) orders that a hearing be held to review the matter within sixty days of the granting of the improvement 14 15 period, or (B) orders that a hearing be held to review the 16 matter within ninety days of the granting of the improvement period and that the department submit a report as to 17 the respondent's progress in the improvement period with-18 19 in sixty days of the order granting the improvement peri-20 od: and
  - (4) The order granting the improvement period requires the department to prepare and submit to the court an individualized family case plan in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six-d of this chapter;
- 25 (b) After finding that a child is an abused or neglected child pursuant to section two of this article, a court may 26 grant a respondent an improvement period of a period not 27 to exceed six months when: 28
- (1) The respondent files a written motion requesting 29 30 the improvement period;
- (2) The respondent demonstrates, by clear and con-31 vincing evidence, that the respondent is likely to fully 32 participate in the improvement period and the court fur-33

34 ther makes a finding, on the record, of the terms of the35 improvement period;

- (3) In the order granting the improvement period, the court (A) orders that a hearing be held to review the matter within sixty days of the granting of the improvement period, or (B) orders that a hearing be held to review the matter within ninety days of the granting of the improvement period and that the department submit a report as to the respondent's progress in the improvement period within sixty days of the order granting the improvement period;
- (4) Since the initiation of the proceeding, the respondent has not previously been granted any improvement period or the respondent demonstrates that since the initial improvement period, the respondent has experienced a substantial change in circumstances. Further, the respondent shall demonstrate that due to that change in circumstances the respondent is likely to fully participate in a further improvement period; and
- (5) The order granting the improvement period requires the department to prepare and submit to the court an individualized family case plan in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six-d of this chapter.
- (c) The court may grant an improvement period not to exceed six months as a disposition pursuant to section five of this article when:
- (1) The respondent moves in writing for the improvement period;
  - (2) The respondent demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that the respondent is likely to fully participate in the improvement period and the court further makes a finding, on the record, of the terms of the improvement period;
- (3) In the order granting the improvement period, the court (A) orders that a hearing be held to review the matter within sixty days of the granting of the improvement period, or (B) orders that a hearing be held to review the matter within ninety days of the granting of the improve-

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ment period and that the department submit a report as to the respondent's progress in the improvement period with-74 in sixty days of the order granting the improvement period:

- (4) Since the initiation of the proceeding, the respondent has not previously been granted any improvement period or the respondent demonstrates that since the initial improvement period, the respondent has experienced a substantial change in circumstances. Further, the respondent shall demonstrate that due to that change in circumstances, the respondent is likely to fully participate in the improvement period; and
- (5) The order granting the improvement period shall require the department to prepare and submit to the court an individualized family case plan in accordance with the provisions of section three, article six-d of this chapter.
- (d) When any improvement period is granted to a respondent pursuant to the provisions of this section, the respondent shall be responsible for the initiation and completion of all terms of the improvement period. The court may order the state department to pay expenses associated with the services provided during the improvement period when the respondent has demonstrated that he or she is unable to bear such expenses.
- (e) When any improvement period is granted to a respondent pursuant to the provisions of this section, the respondent shall execute a release of all medical information regarding that respondent, including, but not limited to, information provided by mental health and substance abuse professionals and facilities. Such release shall be accepted by any such professional or facility regardless of whether the release conforms to any standard required by that facility.
- (f) When any respondent is granted an improvement period pursuant to the provisions of this article, the department shall monitor the progress of such person in the improvement period. When the respondent fails to participate in any service mandated by the improvement period, the state department shall initiate action to inform the

- court of that failure. When the department demonstrates that the respondent has failed to participate in any provision of the improvement period, the court shall forthwith terminate the improvement period.
- (g) A court may extend any improvement period 115 116 granted pursuant to subsections (b) or (c) of this section for a period not to exceed three months when the court 117 118 finds that the respondent has substantially complied with 119 the terms of the improvement period; that the continuation 120 of the improvement period will not substantially impair 121 the ability of the department to permanently place the 122 child; and that such extension is otherwise consistent with 123 the best interest of the child
- (h) Upon the motion by any party, the court shall terminate any improvement period granted pursuant to this section when the court finds that respondent has failed to fully participate in the terms of the improvement period.
- (i) This section may not be construed to prohibit a court from ordering a respondent to participate in services designed to reunify a family or to relieve the department of any duty to make reasonable efforts to reunify a family required by state or federal law.
- (j) Any hearing scheduled pursuant to the provisions of this section may be continued only for good cause upon a written motion properly served on all parties. When a court grants such continuance, the court shall enter an order granting the continuance which shall specify a future date when the hearing will be held.
- 140 (k) Any hearing to be held at the end of an improve-141 ment period shall be held as nearly as practicable on suc-142 cessive days and shall be held as close in time as possible 143 after the end of said improvement period and shall be held 144 no later than sixty days of the termination of such im-145 provement period.

# ARTICLE 6D. WEST VIRGINIA CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES ACT.

§49-6D-3. Family case plans for parents of abused or neglected children.

- (a) The department shall develop a family case plan 1 2 for every family wherein a person has been referred to the department after being allowed an improvement period 4 under the provisions of section twelve, article six of this chapter. The department may also prepare a family case plan for any person who voluntarily seeks child abuse and neglect services from the department, or who is referred to 8 the department by another public agency or private orga-9 nization. The family case plan is to clearly set forth an 10 organized, realistic method of identifying family problems 11 and the logical steps to be used in resolving or lessening 12 those problems. Every family case plan prepared by the 13 department shall contain the following:
- 14 (1) A listing of specific, measurable, realistic goals to be achieved;
  - (2) An arrangement of goals into an order of priority;
- 17 (3) A listing of the problems that will be addressed by each goal;
- 19 (4) A specific description of how the assigned case-20 worker or caseworkers and the abusing parent, guardian or 21 custodian will achieve each goal;
- 22 (5) A description of the departmental and community 23 resources to be used in implementing the proposed actions 24 and services;
- 25 (6) A list of the services which will be provided;
- 26 (7) Time targets for the achievement of goals or por-27 tions of goals;
- 28 (8) An assignment of tasks to the abusing or neglect-29 ing parent, guardian or custodian, to the caseworker or 30 caseworkers and to other participants in the planning pro-31 cess; and
- (9) A designation of when and how often tasks will beperformed.
- 34 (b) In cases where the family has been referred to the 35 department by a court under the provisions of this chapter, 36 and further action before the court is pending, the family 37 case plan described in subsection (a) of this section shall

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be furnished to the court within thirty days after the entry of the order referring the case to the department, and shall be available to counsel for the parent, guardian or custodian and counsel for the child or children. The department shall encourage participation in the development of the family case plan by the parent, guardian or custodian, and, if the child is above the age of twelve years and the child's participation is otherwise appropriate, by the child. It shall be the duty of counsel for the participants to participate in the development of the family case plan. The family case plan may be modified from time to time by the department to allow for flexibility in goal development, and in each such case the modifications shall be submitted to the court in writing. The court shall examine the proposed family case plan or any modification thereof, and upon a finding by the court that the plan or modified plan can be easily communicated, explained and discussed so as to make the participants accountable and able to understand the reasons for any success or failure under the plan, the court shall inform the participants of the probable action of the court if goals are met or not met.

- (c) (1) In addition to the family case plan provided for under the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, the department shall prepare, as an appendix to the family case plan, an expanded "worker's case plan". As utilized by the department under the provisions of this section, the worker's case plan shall consist of the following:
- (A) All of the information contained in the family case plan described in subsection (c) of this section;
  - (B) A prognosis for each of the goals projected in the family case plan, assessing the capacity of the parent, guardian or custodian to achieve the goal and whether available treatment services are likely to have the desired outcome:
- 72 (C) A listing of the criteria to be used to assess the degree to which each goal is attained;
  - (D) A description of when and how the department will decide when and how well each goal has been attained;

- 77 (E) If possible, a listing of alternative methods and 78 specific services which the caseworker or caseworkers may 79 consider using if the original plan does not work; and
  - (F) A listing of criteria to be used in determining when the family case plan should be terminated.
  - (2) Because the nature of the information contained in the worker's case plan described in subdivision (1) of this subsection may, in some cases, be construed to be negative with respect to the probability of change, or may be viewed as a caseworker's attempt to impose personal values into the situation, or may raise barriers of hostility and resistance between the caseworker and the family members, the worker's case plan shall not be made available to the court or to persons outside of the department, but shall be used by the department for the purpose of confirming the effectiveness of the family case plan or for determining that changes in the family case plan need to be made.
  - (d) In furtherance of the provisions of this article, the department shall, within the limits of available funds, establish programs and services for the following purposes:
  - (1) For the development and establishment of training programs for professional and paraprofessional personnel in the fields of medicine, law, education, social work and other relevant fields who are engaged in, or intend to work in, the field of the prevention, identification and treatment of child abuse and neglect; and training programs for children, and for persons responsible for the welfare of children, in methods of protecting children from child abuse and neglect;
  - (2) For the establishment and maintenance of centers, serving defined geographic areas, staffed by multidisciplinary teams and community teams of personnel trained in the prevention, identification, and treatment of child abuse and neglect cases, to provide a broad range of services related to child abuse and neglect, including direct support and supervision of satellite centers and attention homes, as well as providing advice and consultation to individuals, agencies and organizations which request such services;

- 116 (3) For furnishing services of multidisciplinary teams 117 and community teams, trained in the prevention, identifi-118 cation and treatment of child abuse and neglect cases, on a 119 consulting basis to small communities where such services 120 are not available;
- (4) For other innovative programs and projects that show promise of successfully identifying, preventing or remedying the causes of child abuse and neglect, including, but not limited to, programs and services designed to improve and maintain parenting skills, programs and projects for parent self-help, and for prevention and treatment of drug-related child abuse and neglect; and
- (5) Assisting public agencies or nonprofit private organizations or combinations thereof in making applications for grants from, or in entering into contracts with, the secretary of the federal department of health and human services for demonstration programs and projects designed to identify, prevent and treat child abuse and neglect.
- 135 (e) Agencies, organizations and programs funded to 136 carry out the purposes of this section shall be structured so 137 as to comply with any applicable federal law, any regula-138 tion of the federal department of health and human servic-139 es or the secretary thereof, and any final comprehensive plan of the federal advisory board on child abuse and 140 141 neglect. In funding organizations, the department shall, to 142 the extent feasible, ensure that parental organizations com-143 bating child abuse and neglect receive preferential treat-144 ment.

### CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

#### Article

- 8B. Sexual Offenses.
- 8D. Child Abuse.

### ARTICLE 8B. SEXUAL OFFENSES.

## §61-8B-11a. Convictions for offenses against children.

- 1 In any case where a person is convicted of an offense
- 2 described in this article against a child and the person has
- 3 custodial, visitation or other parental rights to the child

- 4 who is the victim of the offense or any child who resides
- in the same household as the victim, the court shall, at the
- 6 time of sentencing, find that the person is an abusing
- 7 parent within the meaning of article six, chapter forty-nine
- 8 of this code as to the child victim, and may find that the
- 9 person is an abusing parent as to any child who resides in
- 10 the same household as the victim, and shall take such
- 11 further action in accord with the provisions of said article.

### ARTICLE 8D. CHILD ABUSE.

### §61-8D-9. Convictions for offenses against children.

In any case where a person is convicted of an offense described in this article against a child and the person has custodial, visitation or other parental rights to the child who is the victim of the offense or any child who resides in the same household as the victim, the court shall, at the time of sentencing, find that the person is an abusing parent within the meaning of article six, chapter forty-nine of this code as to the child victim, and may find that the person is an abusing parent as to any child who resides in the same household as the victim, and shall take such further action in accord with the provisions of said article.

# **CHAPTER 84**

(H. B. 4474—By Delegates Douglas, Trump, Jenkins and Manuel)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five-d, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections five, six and seven, all relating to the establishment of the state child fatality review team; rule-making authority; requirement to submit annual reports to the governor and Legislature; contents of reports; investigation of deaths; review team reports; cooperation of governmental agencies; and confidentiality.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five-d, chapter forty-nine of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto three new sections, designated sections five, six and seven, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5D. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAMS.

- §49-5D-5. Child fatality review team.
- §49-5D-6. Other agencies of government required to cooperate.
- §49-5D-7. Law enforcement; prosecution; interference with performance of duties.

### §49-5D-5. Child fatality review team.

- 1 (a) The state child fatality review team is hereby estab-
- 2 lished under the office of medical examinations which
- 3 shall be a multidisciplinary team created to review the
- 4 deaths of children under the age of eighteen years as pro-
- 5 vided for in this section. It shall include among its mem-
- 6 bership the following, appointed by the governor, to serve
- 7 three-year terms:
- 8 (1) The state medical examiner, who shall serve as the 9 chairperson of the state child fatality review team;
- 10 (2) One prosecuting attorney or his or her designee;
- 11 (3) The state superintendent of the West Virginia state police or his or her designee;
- 13 (4) One law-enforcement official other than a member 14 of the West Virginia state police;
- 15 (5) One child protective services worker currently 16 employed in investigating reports of child abuse or ne-17 glect;
- 18 (6) One health care provider, specializing in the prac-19 tice of pediatric medicine or family medicine; and
- 20 (7) One social worker who may be employed in the 21 area of public health.
- Members of the state child fatality review team shall, unless sooner removed, continue to serve until their re-

24 spective terms expire and until their successors have been 25 appointed and have qualified. Each appointment of a 26 prosecuting attorney, whether for a full term or to fill a 27 vacancy, shall be made by the governor from among three 28 nominees therefor selected by the West Virginia prosecut-29 ing attorneys institute. Each appointment of a law-en-30 forcement officer, whether for a full term or to fill a va-31 cancy, shall be made by the governor from among three 32 nominees therefor selected by the state fraternal order of 33 police. Each appointment of a child protective services 34 worker and a social worker, whether for a full term or to 35 fill a vacancy, shall be made by the governor from among 36 three nominees therefor selected by the West Virginia 37 social work licensing board. Each appointment of a phy-38 sician, whether for a full term or to fill a vacancy, shall be 39 made by the governor from among three nominees there-40 for selected by the West Virginia state medical association. 41 When an appointment for a full term, the nomination shall 42 be submitted to the governor not later than eight months 43 prior to the date on which the appointment shall become 44 effective. In the case of an appointment to fill a vacancy, 45 such nominations shall be submitted to the governor with-46 in thirty days after the request for the nomination has 47 been made by the governor to the chairperson or presi-48 dent of the organization. When an association fails to 49 submit to the governor nominations for the appointment 50 in accordance with the requirements of this section, the 51 governor may make the appointment without nomina-52 tions.

Each member of the state child fatality review team shall serve without additional compensation and may not be reimbursed for any expenses incurred in the discharge of the duties under the provisions of this article.

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- (b) The state child fatality review team shall, pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a, promulgate rules applicable to the following:
- 60 (1) The standard procedures for the establishment, 61 formation and conduct of the state child fatality review 62 team:

- 63 (2) Guidelines for hospitals, physicians and other 64 health-care providers to utilize in order to report the 65 deaths of children to the state child fatality review team; 66 and
- 67 (3) Recommend protocols for the review of child 68 fatalities where other than natural causes are suspected.
- 69 (c) The state child fatality review team shall submit an 70 annual report to the governor and to the Legislature con-71 cerning its activities and the incidents of child fatalities 72 within the state. The first such report shall be due on the 73 first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven. 74 Thereafter, a report shall be due annually on the first day 75 of July. The report shall include statistics setting forth the 76 number of child fatalities. Such statistical analysis may 77 include information regarding the causes of child fatalities in the state. The report shall also include the number of 78 79 children whose deaths have been determined to have been 80 unexpected or unexplained and whether court proceed-81 ings regarding criminal prosecution have commenced.
- 82 (d) The local multidisciplinary team created pursuant to the provisions of section two of this article shall review 83 all cases referred to the team pursuant to the provisions of 84 85 that section: Provided, That a local team may refer any or all cases for review of deaths to the state multidisciplinary 86 team. Further, the local multidisciplinary team shall pro-87 vide all information to the state child fatality review team 88 necessary for the state child fatality review team to create 89 90 and submit any report required by this section.
- 91 (e) All information and records acquired by the state 92 team or by a local team in the exercise of its purpose and 93 duties pursuant to this article shall be confidential. For 94 purposes of this section, the term confidential shall be 95 defined consistent with the definition set forth in section 96 one, article seven, chapter forty-nine of this code.

# §49-5D-6. Other agencies of government required to cooperate.

1 State, county and local agencies shall provide the 2 multi-disciplinary teams with any information requested in writing by the team as allowable by law or upon receipt of 3 4 a certified copy of the circuit court's order directing said agencies to release information in its possession relating to 5 6 the child. The team shall assure that all information 7 received and developed in connection with the provisions of this article remain confidential. For purposes of this section, the term "confidential" shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of section one, article seven 10 of this chapter. 11

# §49-5D-7. Law enforcement; prosecution; interference with performance of duties.

No multidisciplinary team may take any action which, in the determination of the prosecuting attorney or his or

3 her assistant, impairs the ability of the prosecuting

4 attorney, his or her assistant, or any law-enforcement

officer to perform his or her statutory duties.

# CHAPTER 85

(H. B. 4661—By Delegates Seacrist, Burke, Compton, Clements and Evans)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the department of agriculture; department of education; division of corrections; division of culture and history; division of health; division of human services; division

of labor: division of motor vehicles: and education and state employees grievance board to be moral obligations of the state and directing payments thereof. The Legislature has heretofore made findings of fact that the state has received the benefit of the commodities received and/or services rendered by certain claimants herein and has considered these claims against the state, and agencies thereof, which have arisen due to overexpenditures of the departmental appropriations by officers of such state spending units. such claims having been previously considered by the court of claims which also found that the state has received the benefit of the commodities received and/or services rendered by the claimants, but were denied by the court of claims on the purely statutory grounds that to allow such claims would be condoning illegal acts contrary to the laws of the state. The Legislature pursuant to its findings of fact and also by the adoption of the findings of fact by the court of claims as its own, and, while not condoning such illegal acts, hereby declares it to be the moral obligation of the state to pay these claims in the amounts specified below, and directs the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices, statements or other satisfactory documents as required by section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the payments thereof out of any fund appropriated and available for the purpose.

	(a) Claim against the Department of Agriculture:		
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
1	(1) Geraldine Eberbaugh\$	396.00	
	(b) Claims against the Department of Education	tion:	
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
1	(1) Gail Balcourt\$	222.75	
2	(2) Bonnie Kaye Coleman\$	756.00	
3	(3) Rosalee Dorsey \$	360.00	

592	CLAIMS	[Ch. 85	
4.	(4) Lynne Dunmire\$	408.00	
5	(5) Susan E. Garnett \$	245.00	
6	(6) Deborah Halsey\$	470.00	
7	(7) Kevin B. Hedinger \$	1,260.00	
8	(8) Karen Karr	300.00	
9	(9) Rebecca Kittle\$	714.00	
10	(10) Gilmer Marcum\$	308.50	
11	(11) Debra Diane Mills\$	714.00	
12	(12) Mary Beth Blosser Moore \$	357.00	
13	(13) James N. Oliveto \$	378.00	
14	(14) Barbara Perez\$	235.00	
15	(15) Regina Marie Perfin\$	245.00	
16	(16) Jennifer L. Reed \$	624.00	
17	(17) Jacqueline Rife \$	310.00	
.18	(18) Jamie L. Riffe \$	490.00	
19	(19) Cheryll R. Roberts\$	411.00	
20	(20) Margaret J. Roush\$	450.50	
21	(21) Elizabeth Saunders \$	711.00	
22	(22) Wilma Jean Sexton \$	756.00	
23	(23) Donald L. Smith \$	291.00	
24	(24) Elizabeth M. Thompson\$	655.00	
25	(25) Margaret Vance\$	360.00	
26	(26) John M. Vidovich \$	75.00	
(c) Claims against the Division of Corrections:			
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)		
1	(1) Anthony Creek Rescue Squad \$	1,208.00	
2	(2) Marshall County Sheriff's Department . \$	1,572.52	
3	(3) Medical Services, Inc	508.60	
4	(4) Robert B. Miller, M.D \$	325.00	

5	(5) Professional Imaging, Inc \$ 177.00
6	(6) Rizzo & Bonasso, M.D.'s Inc 2,100.00
7	(7) Roentgen Diagnostics, Inc \$ 19.00
8	(8) United Hospital Center, Inc \$ 569.15
9	(9) WVSOM Clinic, Inc
10	(10) West Virginia University Hospitals, Inc \$50,682.43
11	(11) Wheeling Hospital
	(d) Claims against the Division of Culture and History:
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
1	(1) Division of Highways
2	(2) Gateway 2000
3	(3) Xerox Corporation
	(e) Claim against the Division of Health:
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
1	(1) Olympic Center-Preston \$ 6,840.00
	(f) Claim against the Division of Human Services:
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
1	(1) Wood County Commission \$ 27,425.50
	(g) Claim against the Division of Labor:
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
1	(I) AT & T GBCS \$ 1,241.74
	(h) Claim against the Division of Motor Vehicles:
	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)
1	(1) Allied Capital Lease Administration \$ 1,689.68
	(i) Claim against the Education and State Employees Grievance Board:
	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
1	(1) Pitney Bowes, Inc

# CHAPTER 86

(S. B. 567—By Senators Whitlow, Helmick, Blatnik, Manchin, Chafin, Dugan, Kimble, Love, Minear, Plymale and Sharpe)

[Passed March 6, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims against the state and its agencies to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE.

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§1. Finding and declaring certain claims against the alcohol beverage control administration; attorney general's office; bureau of commerce; department of administration; department of agriculture; department of education; department of tax and revenue; division of corrections; division of culture and history; division of environmental protection; division of health; division of highways; division of human services; division of labor; division of motor vehicles; division of natural resources; division of personnel; division of rehabilitation services; division of tourism; insurance commission; municipal bond commission; office of miners' health, safety and training; office of the governor; public service commission: real estate commission; regional jail and correctional facility authority; state of West Virginia; West Virginia state police; the West Virginia supreme court of appeals; and the board of barbers and cosmetologists; to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

The Legislature has considered the findings of fact and recommendations reported to it by the court of claims concerning various claims against the state and agencies thereof, and in respect to each of the following claims the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, and in

6 respect of certain claims herein, the Legislature has inde-

8 9 10 11 12	awa the belo payi	rd and hereby declares it to be the moral obligated and hereby declares it to be the moral obligated to pay each such claim in the amount sow, and directs the auditor to issue warrants ment thereof out of any fund appropriated as for the purpose.	gation of specified for the
13 14		(a) Claim against the Alcohol Beverage Consistration:	itrol Ad-
15		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
16	(1)	Kelli D. Talbott \$	160.00
17		(b) Claim against the Attorney General:	
18		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	
19	(1)	System Design Associates \$	924.00
20		(c) Claim against the Bureau of Commerce:	
21		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
22	(1)	AT & T	4,626.09
23 24	tion	(d) Claims against the Department of Adv	ninistra-
25		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
26 27 28 29	(1) (2) (3) (4)	Government Data Publications, Inc \$ Manpower Temporary Services \$	25.00 84.95 314.80 1,473.97
30		(e) Claim against the Department of Agricu	lture:
31		(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	
32		From Account No. 1403	
33	(1)	Phyllis N. Voorhees \$	972.00
34		(f) Claims against the Department of Educa	ition:
35		(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	)
36	(1)	Donald Bucher \$	369.00

596	CLAIMS	[Ch. 86
37 38 39	(2) Division of Rehabilitation Services \$ (3) Shirley L. Dodson \$ (4) Desirae M. Smith \$	575.00 320.00 690.00
40 41	(g) Claim against the Department of Tax a nue:	nd Reve-
42	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	ı
43	(1) Tommy Diamond \$	597.02
44	(h) Claims against the Division of Correction	ıs:
45	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)	)
46 47 48	<ol> <li>Barbour County Commission \$</li> <li>Cabell County Commission \$</li> <li>Camden-Clark Memorial Hospital \$</li> </ol>	4,475.00 1,666.56 304.50
49		8,482.77
50	(5) Grafton City Hospital\$	127.30
51	(6) Mammen Kovoor, M.D \$	25.00
52	(7) Mountain State Temporary	
53	Services, dba Manpower	
54	Temporary Services \$	580.08
55	(8) Radiology, Inc \$	220.00
56	(9) Regional Jail and Correctional	
57	Facility Authority \$14	
58	(10) Bret Rosenblum, M.D \$	215.00
59	(11) Romeo B. Tan, M.D	
60	(12) University Health Associates \$ 3	55,930.00
61	(13) West Virginia University	24 050 62
62 63	Hospitals, Inc	
	(14) Workers' Compensation Fund \$23	
64	(i) Claim against the Division of Culture and	1 History:
65	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND	)
66	(1) Xerox Corporation \$	607.00
67 68	(j) Claims against Division of Environmentation:	al Protec-
69	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)	)

70 71	(1) Division of Highways		2,269.92 502.25
72	(k) Claim against the Division of Health		
73	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FU		
74		,	
75	(1) National-Interstate Council of State Boards of		
76	Cosmetology, Inc	\$	500.00
77	(1) Claims against the Division of Highwa		
78	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND	)	
79	(1) Keith L. Adkins	\$	765.94
80	(2) Margaret Bailey		89.54
81	(3) Bruce A. Balcar,	•	
82	dba B.K. Mining and		
83	Construction	\$12	6,339.58
84	(4) Wendell D. and Debra Y. Brown	\$	300.00
85	(5) C. W. Stickley, Inc	\$	1,428.37
86	,	\$	1,124.03
87	(7) Ginger B. Compton	\$	500.00
88	(0)	\$ :	3,500.00
89	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	500.00
90			3,000.00
91	(,	\$	500.00
92	(12,200)	\$	432.00
93	,	\$	250.00
94	(-,,	\$	500.00
95	(10) = 011111	\$	250.00
96	( /	\$	314.80
97	(11,11111111111111111111111111111111111	\$	224.13
98	( /	\$	109.12
99	(,	\$	500.00
00			1,432.08
01	•	\$	750.00
02			1,000.00
03			1,290.00
04 05	( )	\$ \$	1,939.04 2,671.65
U)	(ZD) Eddie E. Nabier	Τ.	Z.O / L.O.3

598	CLAIMS [Ch. 86
106 107 108 109 110 111	(26) Julie Parsley       \$ 251.70         (27) Patricia Parsons-Mills       \$ 1,200.00         (28) Anita Geraldine Priest       \$ 363.55         (29) Gregory and Linda Sellards       \$ 196.19         (30) Edna Marie Sheppard       \$ 1,497.12         (31) Sally Spoor Stevens       \$ 213.82         (32) Steve L. Stover       \$ 3,024.05
113 114 115	(33) Robert H. and Lori A. Trail       \$ 1,952.42         (34) Marilyn D. Wickline       \$ 119.09         (35) Doris Woody       \$ 250.00
116	(m) Claims against the Division of Human Services:
117	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
118 119	(1) Tennant Funeral Home
120	(n) Claim against Division of Labor:
121	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
122	(1) Bell Atlantic-West Virginia, Inc \$ 627.86
123	(0) Claims against the Division of Motor Vehicles:
124	(TO BE PAID FROM STATE ROAD FUND)
125 126	(1) Polaroid Corporation       \$ 62,447.64         (2) South Berkeley Auto Sales       \$ 875.00
127 128	(p) Claims against the Division of Natural Resources:
129	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
130 131	(1) Contemporary Galleries
132	(q) Claim against the Division of Personnel:
133	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
134 135	(1) Tele. Communications Innov. dba The Telemanagement Group \$ 789.32

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136 137	(r) Claim against the Division of Rehabilitation Services:
138	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
139	(1) Division of Highways \$ 3,756.36
140	(s) Claim against the Division of Tourism:
141	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
142	(1) Division of Highways \$ 253.21
143	(t) Claim against the Insurance Commission:
144	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
145	(1) Lanier Worldwide, Inc
146	(u) Claim against the Municipal Bond Commission:
147	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
148	(1) System Design Associates \$ 1,173.00
149 150	(v) Claim against the Office of Miners' Health, Safety and Training:
151	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
152	(1) Workers' Compensation Fund \$121,736.11
153	(w) Claim against the Office of the Governor:
54	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
155	(1) Central Service \$ 320.20
156	(x) Claim against the Public Service Commission:
57	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
58	(1) Gary M. Hellems
59	(y) Claim against the Real Estate Commission:
60	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
61	(1) WV Assoc. of Rehabilitation  Facilities, Inc

163 164	(z) Claim against the Regional Jail and Correctional Facility Authority:
165	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
166	(1) City Hospital, Inc
167	(aa) Claims against the State of West Virginia:
168	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
169 170	(1) Bell Atlantic-West Virginia, Inc \$ 4,989.25 (2) David Hill \$ 5,415.00
171	(bb) Claims against the West Virginia State Police:
172	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
173 174	(1) AT & T
175	dba GE Cap. Modular Space \$ 1,300.00
176 177	(cc) Claims against the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals:
178	(TO BE PAID FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND)
179 180 181	<ul> <li>(1) Mercer County Commission \$ 1,950.00</li> <li>(2) Pennsylvania Council of Children's Services \$ 2,000.00</li> </ul>
182 183	(dd) Claim against the Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists:
184	(TO BE PAID FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND)
185	(1) Terri W. Wood \$ 106.50
186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	The Legislature finds that the above moral obligations and the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall be the full compensation for all claimants, and that prior to the payments to any claimant provided for in this bill, the court of claims shall receive a release from said claimant releasing any and all claims for moral obligations arising from the matters considered by the Legislature in the finding of the moral obligations and the making of the appropriations for said claimant. The court of claims shall deliver all releases obtained from claimants to the department against which the claim was allowed.

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# **CHAPTER 87**

(H. B. 4660—By Delegates Seacrist, Burke, Compton, Clements and Evans)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring certain claims for compensation of innocent victims of crimes occurring in West Virginia to be moral obligations of the state and directing the auditor to issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### COMPENSATION AWARDS TO VICTIMS OF CRIMES.

§1. Finding and declaring certain crime victims claims for compensation to be moral obligations of the state and directing payment thereof.

1 The Legislature has duly considered the findings of fact and recommendations for awards reported to it by the court of claims in respect to the following named claimants who were innocent victims of crime within this state and entitled to compensation; and in respect to each of such named claimants the Legislature adopts those findings of fact as its own, hereby declares it to be the moral 7 obligation of the state to pay each such claimant in the 8 amount specified below, and directs the auditor to issue 9 warrants for the payment thereof out of any fund appro-10 11 priated and available for the purpose.

12 Claims for crime victims compensation awards:

13 (TO BE PAID FROM CRIME VICTIMS COMPENSATION FUND)

14 (1) Annette K. Clark ...... \$15,000.00

15 (2) Jeffrey L. Nichols ...... \$ 5,000.00

16 (3) Wilma J. Peak ...... \$ 7,500.00

17 (4) Sherri C. Rakes ...... \$ 5.000.00

18 (5) Anthony Ramey ...... \$ 9,000.00

19 (6) Rebecca L. Ray, as guardian of

20 James Adams . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 5,000.00

21 22	(7)	Rebecca L. Ray, as guardian of Kristine Adams \$ 5,000.00
23	(8)	Robert L. Rohrer \$10,000.00
24	(9)	Cathy Lynn Spencer \$ 5,000.00
25	(10)	Stanley Gerald Spencer, II \$ 5,000.00
26	(11)	Frank L. Spiker, III, & Tamela Leigh
27		Spiker, as guardians of
28		Matthew A. Spiker
29		TOTAL
30	T	he Legislature finds that the above moral obligations
31	and t	the appropriations made in satisfaction thereof shall
32	be th	e full compensation for all claimants herein.

# **CHAPTER 88**

(H. B. 4844—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Farris, Wallace and Walters)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT finding and declaring that the judgments entered by the Circuit Court of Kanawha County in the case of Gribben v. Kirk, Civil Action No. 94-MISC.-160; in the case of Cordle v. Kirk, Civil Action No. 83-P. MISC.-662; and in the case of Adams v. Mooney, Civil Action No. MISC.-77-342, are moral obligations of the state and directing the manner in which the auditor may issue warrants for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Legislature finds and declares that certain judgments against the state by the Circuit Court of Kanawha County in the cases of *Gribben v. Kirk*, Civil Action No. 94-MISC.-160; the case of *Cordle v. Kirk*, Civil Action No. 83-P. MISC.-662; and the case of *Adams v. Mooney*, Civil Action No. MISC.-77-342, are moral obligations of the state and directs that payment be made in accordance with the provisions set forth herein. The Legislature further finds and declares that it is not abrogating the state's sovereign immunity from suit by declaring

this judgment a moral obligation of the state. The Legislature further finds that the separation of powers provision found in West Virginia Constitution, Section one, Article V. prohibits payments from being made from the state treasury absent a lawful appropriation by the Legislature. Therefore, in order that other constitutional officers are not required to abrogate their constitutional duties, the Legislature directs the auditor to issue warrants upon receipt of properly executed requisitions supported by itemized invoices, statements or other satisfactory documents as required by section ten, article three, chapter twelve of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, for the payments thereof out of the specific line item appropriations made therefor in the budget act for each fiscal year. The Legislature finds that the following amounts will be considered a payment in full of the moral obligation of this state for the payments of the judgments:

1	(1) Gribben v. Kirk — total	\$1,508,848
2	(2) Cordle v. Kirk — total	\$3,148,491

3 (3) Adams v. Mooney — total ..... \$312,995

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26 27 It is the intent of the Legislature that payments on the above-stated amounts will be made in accordance with a line item appropriation in the budget for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, in an amount of at least two million dollars. The Legislature finds that an appropriate schedule for payment of the moral obligation declared herein would be an appropriation of two million dollars per fiscal year until the moral obligation has been satisfied.

The Legislature finds that the above amounts do not include payments for interest accrued after the twentieth day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. The Legislature finds that it is under no obligation to pay amounts for interest which may have heretofore or may hereafter accrue. The Legislature declares that it may toll the running on interest or choose to pay no interest on the judgment in its discretion. The provisions of this act are deemed to be severable and the rules for construction of statutes provided for in subsection (cc), section ten, article two, chapter two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, shall be applicable as if that subsection were included herein in extenso.

# CHAPTER 89

(H. B. 4391—By Delegates Gallagher and Fleischauer)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section one, article nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section one, article four, chapter twenty-nine of said code; and to repeal section fifteen, article six, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to obsolete provisions of the code of West Virginia; horse trading near fairs or religious meetings; notaries in office on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one; power of notaries regarding negotiable instruments; common drinking cups; and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article nine, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section one, article four, chapter twenty-nine of said code be repealed; and that section fifteen, article six, chapter sixty-one be repealed, all to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 16.

#### ARTICLE 9. OFFENSES GENERALLY.

- §1. Repeal of section relating to common drinking cup prohibited.
  - 1 Section one, article nine, chapter sixteen of the code
  - 2 of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as
  - 3 amended, is hereby repealed.

#### CHAPTER 29.

## ARTICLE 4. NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS.

§1. Repeal of section relating to notaries in office on January 1, 1931.

- Section one, article four, chapter twenty-nine of the
- 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
- 3 thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.

#### CHAPTER 61.

#### ARTICLE 6. CRIMES AGAINST THE PEACE.

- §1. Repeal of section relating to horse trading near fairs or religious meetings.
  - Section fifteen, article six, chapter sixty-one of the
  - 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
  - 3 thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.

# **CHAPTER 90**

(H. B. 4395 --- By Delegates Gallagher and Kerns)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections six and seven, article fifteen, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to new motor vehicles to be equipped with reflectors; stop lamps required on new motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 15. EQUIPMENT.

- §1. Repeal of sections relating to requiring new vehicles to have stop lamps and reflectors.
  - 1 Sections six and seven, article fifteen, chapter
  - 2 seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand
  - 3 nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, are hereby repealed.

# **CHAPTER 91**

(H. B. 4602—By Delegates Trump, Kiss, Evans, Manuel, Linch and Thomas)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section eleven, article six, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to crimes against the peace and employment of nonresidents as police.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

#### ARTICLE 6. CRIMES AGAINST THE PEACE.

- §1. Repeal of section relating to the prohibition of employment of nonresidents as police.
  - 1 Section eleven, article six, chapter sixty-one of the
  - 2 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
  - 3 thirty-one, as amended, is hereby repealed.

# CHAPTER 92

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4605—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article eleven-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend chapter twenty-two of said code by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two; and to amend and reenact section four, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code, all relating generally to remediation of contaminated property; adding the remediation of contaminated property; adding the remediation of contaminated property as projects eligible for tax increment financing; legislative findings and purpose; defining terms; authorizing the director to

promulgate legislative rules; establishing the voluntary remediation program; establishing eligibility requirements and the application process for the remediation of contaminated property; authorizing the director to establish application fees and other costs; making information available to the public; providing for confidentiality of trade secrets; creating criminal penalties for violating confidentiality of trade secrets; establishing requirements for site assessments; establishing the criteria under which the director may reject an application; providing for notice and partial return of application fee if the application is denied; establishing brownfield remediation program, application process and fee; providing for application for remediation loans for brownfield sites; allowing access to information in possession of the director; creating voluntary remediation administrative fund; providing for disbursements from the fund; establishing brownfield revolving fund; providing for disbursements from the fund; authorizing employment of specialized persons to administer and manage the fund; providing for voluntary remediation agreements; requiring the use of licensed remediation specialist; establishing the requirements of voluntary remediation agreements; creating applicants right to appeal to the environmental quality board upon failure to reach a voluntary remediation agreement; providing that no enforcement action will be undertaken when property is in compliance with a voluntary remediation agreement unless there is imminent threat to the public; requiring that voluntary remediation work plans and reports must be submitted to the director for review; allowing the remediator to terminate the remediation agreement; allowing the director to recover the remediation costs incurred prior to termination; providing for suit in circuit court of Kanawha County or the circuit court where the site is situated for recovery of clean-up costs; authorizing the director to take samples at brownfield and voluntary remediation sites, and share the samples with the remediator; authorizing the director to inspect and make reports; providing the director access to all records relating to brownfield and voluntary remediation sites; requiring license issued by the director in order to work as a remediation specialist; specifying licensure requirements: specifying licensed remediation specialist duties, responsibilities and limitations; providing for licenses renewal. revocation or suspension; providing for civil and criminal penalties, license revocation and enforcement orders for licensing remediation specialists; providing for issuance of certificate of completion; providing for land-use covenants to be issued by the director; providing that the land-use covenant be recorded in the deed; establishing criminal penalty for violating land-use covenants; providing for reopening a remediation agreement for a brownfield site for future action; requiring the assessors of each county and allowing citizens to notify the director when use of property changes; providing for notification of the public when a remediation site is being considered; providing for environmental liability protection; establishing and limiting the responsibilities of remediation contractors; establishing affirmative defenses; providing that nothing in this article effects the rights, duties, immunities, other defenses or causes of action; and adding site assessment and site remediation cost to the definition of "costs of establishing an industrial development project".

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article eleven-b, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that chapter twenty-two of said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two; and that section four, article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

## Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 22. Environmental Resources.
- 31. Corporations.

## CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

# ARTICLE 11B. WEST VIRGINIA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT.

## §7-11B-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, the term or phrase:
- 2 (a) "Agency" means a county or municipal develop-
- 3 ment agency established by section one, article twelve,
- 4 chapter seven of this code.

- (b) "Base assessed value" means the taxable assessed value of real and tangible personal property of a project developer within a development project area as shown upon the landbook and personal property records of the assessor on the first day of July of the year preceding the effective date of the order authorizing the tax increment financing plan.
- (c) "Current assessed value" means the annual taxable assessed value of real and tangible personal property of a project developer within a development project area as shown upon the landbook and personal property records of the assessor.
- (d) "Development project" means a project undertaken by a county commission in a development project area in accordance with a tax increment financing plan.
- (e) "Development project area" means an area to be designated by one or more agencies as a development project area, which may include one or more counties, municipalities or combination thereof.
- (f) "Private project" means any project which is subject to ad valorem property taxes in the state undertaken by a project developer in accordance with a tax increment financing plan in a development project area.
- (g) "Project" means any facility requiring an investment of capital, including extensions, additions or improvements to existing facilities including water or waste water facilities, and the remediation of contaminated property as provided for in article twenty-two, chapter twenty-two of this code, but does not include performance of any governmental service by a county or municipal government or any housing facility to be rented or used as a permanent residence.
- 37 (h) "Project developer" means any person or corpora-38 tion which engages in the development of projects in the 39 state.
- 40 (i) "Tax increment" means the amount of tax attribut-41 able to the amount by which the current assessed value of 42 a private project in a development project area exceeds the

- base assessed value, if any, of such private project, less the portion of tax allocated to the state.
- 45 (j) "Tax increment obligation" means any bond or 46 note issued by a county commission in accordance with 47 section six of this article:
- 48 (k) "Tax increment financing plan" means a plan
  49 proposed by either an agency or a project developer re50 questing that a specific development project be developed
  51 in conjunction with a private project of such project devel52 oper, which plan is approved by the county commission
  53 for the county in which the development project area is
  54 located in accordance with the procedures set forth in
- 56 (1) "Taxing unit" means a municipal corporation, a county commission or a county board of education.

### CHAPTER 22. ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES.

## ARTICLE 22. VOLUNTARY REMEDIATION AND REDEVELOP-MENT ACT.

- §22-22-1. Legislative findings; legislative statement of purpose.
- §22-22-2. Definitions.
- §22-22-3. Rule-making authority of the director.

section four of this article.

- §22-22-4. Voluntary remediation program; eligibility application and fee; information available to public; confidentiality of trade secrets; information; criminal penalties; requirements of site assessment; rejection or return of application; appeal of rejection.
- §22-22-5. Brownfield application; remediation process; brownfield remediation; eligibility; application; remediation loan; and obtaining information from director.
- §22-22-6. Voluntary remediation administrative fund established; voluntary remediation fees authorized; brownfields revolving fund established; disbursement of funds moneys; employment of specialized persons authorized.
- §22-22-7. Voluntary remediation agreement; required use of licensed remediation specialist; required provisions of a voluntary remediation agreement; failure to reach agreement; appeal to the environmental quality board; no enforcement action when subject of agreement.
- §22-22-8. Voluntary remediation work plans and reports.
- §22-22-9. Termination of agreement; cost of recovery; legal actions.
- §22-22-10. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses.

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- §22-22-11. Licensed remediation specialist, licensure procedures.
- §22-22-12. Enforcement orders for licensed remediation specialists; cease and desist order; criminal penalties.
- §22-22-13. Certificate of completion.
- §22-22-14. Land-use covenant; criminal penalties.
- §22-22-15. Reopeners.
- §22-22-16. Duty of assessor and citizens to notify director when change of property use occurs.
- §22-22-17. Public notification for brownfields.
- §22-22-18. Environmental liability protection.
- §22-22-19. Establishing and limiting the responsibilities of remediation contractors.
- §22-22-20. Affirmative defenses.
- §22-22-21. Savings clause.

## §22-22-1. Legislative findings; legislative statement of purpose.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds there is property in West 2 Virginia that is not being put to its highest productive use 3 because it is contaminated or it is perceived to be contam-4 inated as a result of past activity on the property.
  - (b) The Legislature further finds that abandonment or under use of contaminated or potentially contaminated industrial sites results in inefficient use of public facilities and services and increases the pressure for development of uncontaminated pristine land. Since existing industrial areas frequently have transportation networks, utilities and an existing infrastructure, it can be less costly to society to redevelop existing industrial areas than to relocate amenities for industrial areas at pristine sites.
  - (c) The Legislature further finds that the existing legal structure creates uncertainty regarding the legal effect of remediation upon liability. Legal uncertainty serves as a further disincentive to productive redevelopment of brownfields. Therefore, incentives should be put in place to encourage voluntary redevelopment of contaminated or potentially contaminated sites.
- 21 (d) The Legislature further finds that an administrative program should be established to encourage persons to voluntarily develop and implement remedial plans without the need for enforcement action by the division of environmental protection. Therefore, it is the purpose of this article to:

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- 27 (1) Establish an administrative program to facilitate voluntary remediation activities and brownfield revitalization:
- 30 (2) Provide financial incentives to entice investment at brownfield sites; and
  - (3) Establish limitations on liability under environmental laws and rules for those persons who remediate sites in accordance with applicable standards established under this article.

## §22-22-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless otherwise provided or 2 indicated by the context:
  - (a) "Applicable standards", mean the remediation levels established in or pursuant to section three of this article;
- 6 (b) "Brownfield" means any industrial or commercial 7 property which is abandoned or not being actively used by the owner as of the effective date of this article, but shall not include any site subject to a unilateral enforcement order under §104 through §106 of the "Comprehen-10 11 sive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability 12 Act", 94 Stat. 2779, 42 U.S.C. §9601, as amended, or 13 which has been listed or proposed to be listed by the United States environmental protection agency on the priori-14 ties list of Title I of said act, or subject to a unilateral en-15 forcement order under §3008 and §7003 of the "Resource 16 17 Conservation Recovery Act" or any unilateral enforcement 18 order for corrective action under this chapter;
  - (c) "Certified laboratory" means any laboratory approved by the director under laboratory certification rules adopted pursuant to section fifteen, article one of this chapter;
  - (d) "Contaminant" or "contamination" means any man made or man induced alteration of the chemical, physical or biological integrity of soils, sediments, air and surface water or groundwater resulting from activities regulated under this article, in excess of applicable stan-

- dards in this chapter, including any hazardous substance, petroleum, or natural gas;
- 30 (e) "Controls" means to apply engineering measures, 31 such as capping or treatment, or institutional measures, 32 such as deed restrictions, to contaminated sites;
  - (f) "Development authority" means any authority as defined in article twelve, chapter seven of this code or the state development office as defined in article two, chapter five-b of this code.
  - (g) "Director" means the director of the division of environmental protection or such other person to whom the director has delegated authority or duties pursuant to this article;
  - (h) "Division" means the division of environmental protection of the state of West Virginia;
  - (i) "Engineering controls" means remedial actions directed exclusively toward containing or controlling the migration of contaminants through the environment. These include, but are not limited to, slurry walls, liner systems, caps, leachate collection systems and groundwater recovery trenches;
  - (j) "Hazardous substance" means any substance identified as a hazardous substance pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act", 94 Stat. 2779, 42 U.S.C. §9601, as amended;
  - (k) "Institutional controls" means legal or contractual restrictions on property use that remain effective after the remediation action is completed and are used to meet applicable standards. The term may include, but is not limited to, deed and water use restrictions;
  - (l) "Industrial activity" means commercial, manufacturing, public utility, mining or any other activity done to further either the development, manufacturing or distribution of goods and services, intermediate and final products and solid waste created during such activities, including, but not limited to, administration of business activities, research and development, warehousing, shipping, transport, remanufacturing, stockpiling of raw materials, stor-

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66 age, repair and maintenance of commercial machinery or 67 equipment and solid waste management:

- 68 (m) "Land-use covenant" means a document or deed 69 restriction issued by the director on remediated sites which 70 have attained and demonstrate continuing compliance with 71 site-specific standards for any contaminants at the site. 72 The covenant shall be recorded by deed in the office of 73 the county clerk of the county wherein the site is situated. 74 The document or covenant shall be included by any 75 grantor or lessor in any deed or other instrument of con-76 veyance or any lease or other instrument whereby real 77 property is let for a period of one year or more, as more 78 fully set forth in sections thirteen and fourteen of this 79 article:
  - (n) "Licensed remediation specialist" means a person certified by the director pursuant to rules adopted under section three of this article as qualified to perform professional services and to supervise the remediation of contaminated sites:
  - (o) "Mitigation measure" means any remediation action performed by a person prior to or during implementation of a remediation plan to protect human health and the environment:
  - (p) "Natural gas" means natural gas, natural gas liquids, liquefied natural gas, coalbed methane, synthetic gas usable for fuel or mixtures of natural gas and synthetic gas:
- (q) "Nonresidential property" means any real property 94 on which commercial, industrial, manufacturing or any other activity is done to further the development, manu-96 facturing or distribution of goods and services, intermediate and final business activities, research and development, warehousing, shipping, transport, remanufacturing, stock-99 piling of raw materials, storage, repair and maintenance of 100 commercial machinery and equipment, and solid waste management. This term shall not include schools, day 102 care centers, nursing homes, or other residential-style 103 facilities or recreational areas:

- (r) "Owner" means any person owning or holding legal or equitable title or possessory interest in property or, where title or control of property was conveyed due to bankruptcy, foreclosure, tax delinquency, abandonment, or similar means to this state or a political subdivision of this state, or any person who owned the property before the conveyance;
  - (s) "Operator" means the person responsible for the overall operation of a facility site;
- 113 (t) "Person" means any public or private corporation. 114 institution, association, firm or company organized or 115 existing under the laws of this or any other state or coun-116 try: state of West Virginia; governmental agency, includ-117 ing federal facilities: political subdivision: county com-118 mission: municipal corporation; partnership; trust; estate; 119 person or individuals acting individually or as a group; or 120 any legal entity whatever;
- 121 (u) "Petroleum" means oil or petroleum of any kind 122 and in any form, including, without limitation, crude oil or 123 any fraction thereof, oil sludge, oil refuse, used oil, sub-124 stances or additives in the refining or blending of crude 125 petroleum or petroleum stock;
- 126 (v) "Practical quantitation level" means the lowest 127 analytical level that can be reliably achieved within speci-128 fied limits of precision and accuracy under routine labora-129 tory conditions for a specified matrix. It is based on quantitation, precision and accuracy under normal opera-130 131 tion of a laboratory and the practical need in a compliance-monitoring program to have a sufficient num-132 133 ber of laboratories available to conduct the analyses:
- (w) "Property" means any parcel of real property, andany improvements thereof;
- 136 (x) "Related" means the persons who are related to the third degree of consanguinity or marriage;
- (y) "Release" means any spilling, leaking, pumping,
   pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, migrating, dumping or disposing of any
   contaminant or regulated substance into the environment,

- including, without limitation, the abandonment or improper discarding of barrels, containers or any other closed receptacle containing any contaminant;
- (z) "Remediation" means to cleanup, mitigate, correct, abate, minimize, eliminate, control and contain or prevent a release of a contaminant into the environment in order to protect the present or future public health, safety, welfare, or the environment, including preliminary actions to study or assess the release:
- 151 (aa) "Remediation contractor" means any person who
  152 enters into and is carrying out a contract to cleanup,
  153 remediate, respond to or remove a release or threatened
  154 release of a contaminant and includes any person who the
  155 contractor retained or hired to provide services under a
  156 remediation contract:
- 157 (bb) "Residential" means any real property or portion 158 thereof which is designed for the housing of human be-159 ings and does not meet the definition of "nonresidential" 160 property set forth above;
- 161 (cc) "Risk" means the probability that a contaminant, 162 when released into the environment, will cause an adverse 163 effect in exposed humans or other living organisms;
- 164 (dd) "Site" means any property or portion thereof 165 which contains or may contain contaminants and is eligi-166 ble for remediation as provided under this article;
- 167 (ee) "Unilateral enforcement order" means a written 168 final order issued by a federal or state agency charged 169 with enforcing environmental law, which compels the 170 fulfillment of an obligation imposed by law, rule against a 171 person without their voluntary consent; and
- 172 (ff) "Voluntary remediation" means a series of mea-173 sures that may be self-initiated by a person to identify 174 and address potential sources of contamination of proper-175 ty and to establish that the property complies with applica-176 ble remediation standards.

# §22-22-3. Rule-making authority of the director.

Within one year after the effective date of this section, the director, in accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of

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- this code, shall propose, and subsequently may amend, suspend or rescind, rules that do the following:
- 5 (a) Establish an administrative program for both 6 brownfield revitalization and voluntary remediation, in-7 cluding application procedures;
  - (b) Establish procedures for the licensure of remediation specialists, including, but not limited to establishing licensing fees, testing procedures, disciplinary procedures and methods for revocation of licenses:
- 12 (c) Establish procedures for community notification 13 and involvement;
- 14 (d) Establish risk-based standards for remediation;
- 15 (e) Establish standards for the remediation of proper-16 ty;
- 17 (f) Establish a risk protocol for conducting risk as-18 sessments and establishing risk-based standards. The risk 19 protocol shall:
  - (1) Require consideration of existing and reasonably anticipated future human exposures based on current and reasonably anticipated future land and water uses and significant adverse effects to ecological receptor health and viability;
  - (2) Include, at a minimum, both central tendency and reasonable upper bound estimates of exposure;
- 27 (3) Require risk assessments to consider, to the extent 28 practicable, the range of probabilities of risks actually 29 occurring, the range or size of populations likely to be 30 exposed to risk, and quantitative and qualitative descrip-31 tions of uncertainties;
- 32 (4) Establish criteria for what constitutes appropriate sources of toxicity information;
- 34 (5) Address the use of probabilistic modeling;
- 35 (6) Establish criteria for what constitutes appropriate 36 criteria for the selection and application of fate and trans-37 port models;

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- 38 (7) Address the use of population risk estimates in addition to individual risk estimates;
- 40 (8) To the extent deemed appropriate and feasible by 41 the director considering available scientific information, 42 define appropriate approaches for addressing cumulative 43 risks posed by multiple contaminants or multiple exposure 44 pathways;
- 45 (9) Establish appropriate sampling approaches and data quality requirements; and
  - (10) This protocol shall include public notification and involvement provisions so that the public can understand how remediation standards are applied to a site and provide for clear communication of site risk issues, including key risk assessment assumptions, uncertainties, populations considered, the context of site risks to other risks and how the remedy will address site risks;
  - (g) Establish chemical and site specific information, where appropriate for purpose of risk assessment. Risk assessments should use chemical and site specific data and analysis, such as toxicity, exposure and fate and transport evaluations in preference to default assumptions. Where chemical and site specific data are not available, a range and distribution of realistic and plausible assumptions should be employed;
  - (h) Establish criteria to evaluate and approve methods for the measurement of contaminants using the practical quantitation level and related laboratory standards and practices to be used by certified laboratories;
    - (i) Establish standards and procedures for the utilization of certificates of completion, land use covenants and other legal documents necessary to effectuate the purposes of this article; and
- 70 (j) Establish any other rules necessary to carry out the requirements and the legislative intent of this act.
- §22-22-4. Voluntary remediation program; eligibility application and fee; information available to public; confidentiality of trade secrets; information; criminal penalties; requirements of site assess-

# ment; rejection or return of application; appeal of rejection.

- (a) Any site is eligible for participation in the voluntary remediation program, except those sites subject to a federal environmental protection agency unilateral enforcement order, under §104 through §106 of the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act", 94 Stat. 2779, 42 U.S.C. §9601, as amended, or have been listed or proposed to be listed by the United States environmental protection agency on the priorities list of Title I of said act, or subject to a unilateral enforcement order under §3008 and §7003 of the "Resource Conservation Recovery Act" or any unilateral enforcement order for corrective action under this chapter: Provided. That the release which is subject to remediation was not created through gross negligence or willful misconduct. In order to participate in the voluntary remediation program, a person must submit an application to the director and enter into a voluntary remediation agreement as set forth in section seven of this article.
- (b) Any person who desires to participate in the voluntary remediation program must submit to the division an application and an application fee established by the director. The application shall be on a form provided by the director and contain the following information: The applicant's name, address, financial and technical capability to perform the voluntary remediation, a general description of the site, a site assessment of the actual or potential contaminants made by a licensed remediation specialist and all other information required by the director.
- (c) The director shall promulgate a legislative rule establishing a reasonable application fee. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited to the credit of the voluntary remediation fund in the state treasury as established in section six of this article.
- (d) Information obtained by the division under this article shall be available to the public, unless the director certifies such information to be confidential. The director may make such certification where any person shows, to

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39 the satisfaction of the director, that the information or parts thereof, if made public, would divulge methods, 40 processes or activities entitled to protection as trade se-41 42 crets. In submitting data under this article, any person 43 required to provide such confidential data may designate 44 the data which that person believes is entitled to protection 45 under this section and submit such designated data sepa-46 rately from other data submitted under this article. This 47 designation request shall be made in writing. Any person 48 who divulges or discloses any information entitled to pro-49 tection under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, 50 upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than five 51 thousand dollars or imprisoned in a county jail for not 52 more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

- (e) The site assessment must include a legal description of the site; a description of the physical characteristics of the site and the general operational history of the site to the extent that the history is known by the applicant, and information of which the applicant is aware concerning the nature and extent of any known contamination at the site and immediately contiguous to the site, or wherever the contamination came to be located.
- 61 (f) The director may reject or return an application if:
- 62 (1) A federal requirement precludes the eligibility of 63 the site;
  - (2) The application is not complete and accurate; or
- 65 (3) The site is ineligible under the provisions of this article.
  - (g) The director shall act upon all applications within forty-five days of receipt, unless an extension of time is mutually agreed to and confirmed in writing. If an application is returned by the director because it is not complete or accurate, the director shall provide the applicant a list of all information that is needed to make the application complete or accurate. The applicant may resubmit an application without submitting an additional application fee.

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- 76 (h) If the director rejects the application, then he or 77 she shall notify the applicant that the application has been 78 rejected and provide an explanation of the reasons for the 79 rejection. The applicant may, within twenty-five days of 80 rejection, indicate his desire to resubmit the application. 81 Upon final determination by the director, if the applica-82 tion is rejected, the director shall return one half of the application fee. The applicant may appeal the director's 83 84 rejection of the application to the environmental quality 85 board established under article three, chapter twenty-two-b 86 of this code
- 87 (i) Upon withdrawal of an application, the applicant is entitled to the refund of one half of the application fee.

# §22-22-5. Brownfield application; remediation process; brownfield remediation; eligibility; application; remediation loan; and obtaining information from director.

- (a) For brownfield property, any environmental 1 2 remediation undertaken pursuant to this article, by a de-3 velopment authority or any person who did not cause or 4 contribute to the contamination on the property shall 5 comply with the appropriate standards established by the 6 director pursuant to this article and rules promulgated 7 hereunder. After conferring with the director, the person may apply to the director for a site assessment loan under 8 9 section six of this article. A site assessment must be con-10 ducted to establish existing contamination of the site. An 11 application for brownfield remediation must be submitted along with the application fee. The procedures established 12 13 for voluntary remediation set forth in section four must be followed. The director shall establish a reasonable appli-14 15 cation fee.
  - (b) Brownfield sites being remediated by persons who did not cause or contribute to the contamination of the site are eligible for consideration for remediation loans established under article fifteen, chapter thirty-one of this code.
- 20 (c) Persons undertaking brownfield remediation, who 21 did not cause or contribute to the contamination of the 22 brownfield site, may obtain all information relating to

- contamination at the site in the possession of the director prior to engaging in a site assessment.
- §22-22-6. Voluntary remediation administrative fund established; voluntary remediation fees authorized; brownfields revolving fund established; disbursement of funds moneys; employment of specialized persons authorized.
  - (a) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revenue fund known as the "Voluntary Remediation Administrative Fund". The fund shall operate as a special fund whereby all deposits and payments thereto do not expire to the general revenue fund, but shall remain in the fund and be available for expenditure in succeeding fiscal years. This fund shall consist of fees collected by the director in accordance with the provisions of this article as well as interest earned on investments made from moneys deposited in the fund. Moneys from this fund shall be expended by the director for the administration, licensing, enforcement, inspection, monitoring, planning, research and other activities required by this article.

The director shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code establishing a schedule of voluntary remediation fees applicable to persons who conduct activities subject to the provisions of this article. The fees may include an appropriate assessment of other program costs not otherwise attributable to any specific site but necessary for the administrative activities required to carry out the provisions of this article.

(b) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special revenue fund known as the "Brownfields Revolving Fund". The fund shall be comprised of moneys allocated to the state by the federal government expressly for the purposes of establishing and maintaining a state brownfields redevelopment revolving fund, all receipts from loans made from the fund, any moneys appropriated by the Legislature, all income from the investment of moneys held in the fund, and all other sums designated for deposit to the fund from any source, public or private.

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34 The fund shall operate as a special fund whereby all deposits and payments thereto do not expire to the general 35 36 revenue fund, but shall remain in the account and be 37 available for expenditure in succeeding fiscal years. 38 Moneys in the fund, to the extent that moneys are 39 available, shall be used solely to make loans to persons to 40 finance site assessments of eligible brownfield sites and 41 such other activities as authorized by any federal grant 42 received or any legislative appropriation: Provided, That 43 moneys in the fund may be utilized to defray those costs 44 incurred by the division in administering the provisions of 45 this subsection. The director shall promulgate rules in 46 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of 47 this code, to govern the disbursement of moneys from the 48 fund, and establish a state brownfields redevelopment 49 assistance program to direct the distribution of loans from 50 the fund, and establish the interest rates and repayment 51 terms of such loans: Provided, however, That amounts in 52 the fund, other than those appropriated by the federal 53 government, and which are found from time to time to 54 exceed the amount needed for the purposes set forth in 55 this article, may be transferred to other accounts or funds 56 and redesignated for other purposes 57 appropriations of the Legislature.

In order to carry out the administration and management of the fund, the division is authorized to employ officers, agents, advisors and consultants including attorneys, financial advisors, engineers, other technical advisors and public accountants and, not withstanding any provisions of this code to the contrary, to determine their duties and compensation without the approval of any other agency or instrumentality.

§22-22-7. Voluntary remediation agreement; required use of licensed remediation specialist; required provisions of a voluntary remediation agreement; failure to reach agreement; appeal to the environmental quality board; no enforcement action when subject of agreement.

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Upon acceptance of an application, the director shall enter into an agreement with the applicant for the remediation of the site which sets forth the following:

- (a) A person desiring to participate in the voluntary remediation program must enter into a voluntary remediation agreement that sets forth the terms and conditions of the evaluation of the reports and the implementation of work plans;
- (b) Any voluntary remediation agreement approved by the director shall provide for the services of a licensed remediation specialist for supervision of all activities described in the agreement;
- 13 (c) A voluntary remediation agreement must provide 14 for cost recovery of all reasonable costs incurred by the 15 division in review and oversight of the person's work plan 16 and reports as a result of field activities or attributable to 17 the voluntary remediation agreement, which are in excess 18 of the fees submitted by the applicant along with a schedule of payments; appropriate tasks, deliverables and 19 schedules for performance of the remediation; a listing of 2.0 21 all statutes and rules for which compliance is mandated; a 22 description of any work plan or report to be submitted for review by the director, including a final report that 23 24 provides all information necessary to verify that all work 25 contemplated by the agreement has been completed; the 26 licensed remediation specialist's supervision of 27 remediation contractors; and a listing of the technical 28 standards to be applied in evaluating the work plans and 29 reports, with reference to the proposed future land use to 30 be achieved. The voluntary remediation agreement may also provide for alternate dispute resolutions between the 31 32 parties to the agreement, including, but not limited to, 33 arbitration or mediation of any disputes under this 34 agreement:
  - (d) No voluntary remediation agreement may be modified or amended, unless the amendment or modification is reduced to writing and mutually agreed upon by the parties to the agreement: *Provided*, That when the director determines that there is an imminent

- threat to the public, he or she may unilaterally modify or amend the agreement;
- 42 (e) Upon acceptance of an application, the director 43 and the applicant shall develop a remediation agreement. If an agreement is not reached between the applicant and 44 45 the director on or before the thirty-first day after the 46 application has been accepted, either party may withdraw 47 from negotiations. Should this occur, the agency retains 48 the application fee. The applicant may appeal the failure 49 to reach agreement to the environmental quality board as 50 established under article three, chapter twenty-two-b of 51 By mutual agreement, when it becomes this code. 52 impractical to reach an agreement within thirty-one days,
- (f) The division may not initiate an enforcement action against a person who is in compliance with this section for the contamination that is the subject of the voluntary remediation agreement or for the activity that resulted in the contamination, unless there is an imminent threat to the public.

## §22-22-8. Voluntary remediation work plans and reports.

the time limit may be extended in writing; and

After signing a voluntary remediation agreement, the person undertaking remediation shall prepare and submit the appropriate work plans and reports to the director. The director shall review and evaluate the work plans and reports for accuracy, quality and completeness. The director may approve a voluntary remediation work plan or report or disapprove and notify the person of additional information needed to obtain approval.

# §22-22-9. Termination of agreement; cost of recovery; legal actions.

The person undertaking remediation may, in their sole discretion, terminate the agreement as provided by the terms of the agreement and by giving fifteen days advance written notice of termination. Only those costs incurred or obligated by the director before notice of termination of the agreement are recoverable, if the agreement is terminated. The termination of the agreement does not affect any right the director may have under any other law

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9 to recover costs. The person undertaking the remediation 10 must pay the division's costs associated with the voluntary remediation within thirty-one days after receiving notice 11 12 that the costs are due and owing. The director may bring 13 an action in Kanawha County circuit court or in the circuit 14 court in the county wherein the property is situated to 15 recover the amount owed to the division and reasonable 16 legal expenses.

# §22-22-10. Inspections; right of entry; sampling; reports and analyses.

- 1 (a) The director, upon presentation of proper 2 credentials may enter any building, property, premises, 3 place or facility where brownfield or voluntary 4 remediation activities are being or have been performed 5 for the purpose of making an inspection to ascertain the compliance by any person with the provisions of this article or the rules promulgated by the director.
  - (b) The director shall make periodic inspections at sites subject to this article. After an inspection is made, a report shall be filed with the director and a copy shall be provided to the person who is responsible pursuant to the voluntary agreement for remediation activities. The reports shall not disclose any confidential information protected under the provisions of subsection (d), section four of this article. The inspection reports shall be available to the public in accordance with the provisions of article one, chapter twenty-nine-b of this code.
- 18 (c) The director may, upon presentation of proper 19 credentials, enter any building, motor vehicle, property, 20 premises or site where brownfield or voluntary remediation activities are being or have been performed 21 and take samples of wastes, soils, air, surface water and 22 23 groundwater. In taking such samples, the director may 24 utilize such sampling methods as are necessary in exercising good scientific technique. Following the taking 25 of any sample, the director shall give the person 26 responsible in the voluntary agreement for remediation 27 activities a receipt describing the sample obtained and if 28 requested, a portion of each sample equal in volume or 29 weight to the portion retained. The director shall 30

- 31 promptly provide a copy of any analysis made to the
- 32 responsible person named in the voluntary agreement.
- 33 (d) Upon presentation of proper credentials, the
- 34 director shall be given access to all records relating to a
- 35 brownfield or voluntary remediation.

# §22-22-11. Licensed remediation specialist, licensure procedures.

- 1 (a) No person may practice as a licensed remediation 2 specialist without a license issued by the director. Any 3 violation of this provision shall be subject to the 4 enforcement orders as set forth in section twelve of this 5 article.
- 6 (b) To obtain a license, a person must apply to the 7 director in writing on forms approved and supplied by the 8 director. Each application for examination for license 9 shall contain:
- 10 (1) The full name of the person applying for the 11 license:
- 12 (2) The principal business address of the applicant;
- 13 (3) All formal academic education and experience of 14 the applicant to demonstrate professional expertise of the 15 applicant;
- 16 (4) If waiver of the examination is being requested, 17 any license or certification that the person desires to be 18 considered as part of the waiver request;
- 19 (5) The examination fee; and
- 20 (6) Any other necessary information prescribed by 21 the director.
- 22 (c) The director shall establish the date, time and location of licensed remediation specialist examinations.
- 24 (d) The applicant must demonstrate that he or she 25 possesses a practical knowledge of the remediation 26 activities; procedures necessary to remediate a site; and the 27 management of contaminants at a site, including, but not 28 limited to, site investigation, health and safety protocol,
- 28 limited to, site investigation, health and safety protocol quality assurance, feasibility studies and remedial design.

- (e) If the director does not certify the remediation specialist applicant, the director shall inform the applicant in writing of the reasons therefor. The director may not deny a license without cause.
  - (f) It is the licensed remediation specialist's duty to protect the safety, health and welfare of the public as set forth in this article, in the performance of his or her professional duties. The licensed remediation specialist is responsible for any release of contaminants during remediation activities undertaken pursuant to the approved remediation agreement, work plans or reports. If a licensed remediation specialist faces a situation where he or she is unable to meet this duty, the licensed remediation specialist may either sever the relationship with the client or employer or refuse professional responsibility for work plan, report or design. The specialist shall notify the division, if there is a threat to the environment or the health, safety or welfare of the public.
  - (g) A licensed remediation specialist shall only perform assignments for which the specialist is qualified by training and experience in those specific technical fields; be objective in work plans, reports and opinions; and avoid any conflict of interest with employer, clients and suppliers. A licensed remediation specialist shall not solicit or accept gratuities, directly or indirectly from contractors, agents or other parties dealing directly with the employer or client in regard to professional services being performed at the work site; accept any type of bribe; falsify or permit misrepresentation of professional qualifications; intentionally provide false information to the director; or knowingly associate with one who is engaging in business or professional practices of a fraudulent or dishonest nature.
  - (h) A licensed remediation specialist shall not charge any special fees above usual and customary professional rates for being licensed.
  - (i) The license issued by the director may be renewed every two years for any licensed remediation specialist in good standing. The director, by rule, shall establish license fees.

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70 (j) The director is authorized to revoke a license; 71 suspend a license for not more than five years or impose 72 lesser sanctions as may be appropriate for acts or 73 omissions in violation of this article.

# §22-22-12. Enforcement orders for licensed remediation specialists; cease and desist order; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) If the director, upon inspection, investigation or 2 through other means observes, discovers or learns that a 3 licensed remediation specialist has violated the provisions 4 of this article or any rules promulgated hereunder, the 5 director may:
  - (1) Issue an order stating with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time. An order under this section includes, but is not limited to, orders suspending or revoking licenses, orders requiring a person to take remedial action or cease and desist orders; or
  - (2) Request the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the alleged violation occurred bring a criminal action as provided for herein.
  - (b) Any person issued an order may file a request for reconsideration with the director within seven days of the receipt of the order. The director shall conduct a hearing on the merits of the order within ten days of the filing of the request for reconsideration. The filing of a notice of request for reconsideration does not stay or suspend the execution or enforcement of the order.
  - (c) Any licensed remediation specialist who fraudulently misrepresents that work has been completed and such action results in an unjustified and inexcusable disregard for the safety of others, thereby placing another in imminent danger or contributing to ongoing harm to the environment, he or she shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than fifty thousand dollars or imprisoned not less than one nor more than two years, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- (d) If any person associated with remediation of a
   brownfield or voluntary remediation site engages in

- 33 fraudulent acts or representations to the division, he or she
- 34 shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
- 35 shall be fined not more than fifty thousand dollars or
- 36 imprisoned not less than one nor more than two years, or
- 37 both.

#### §22-22-13. Certificate of completion.

- 1 (a) The licensed remediation specialist shall issue a
  2 final report to the person undertaking the voluntary
  3 remediation when the property meets the applicable
  4 standards and all work has been completed as
  5 contemplated in the voluntary remediation agreement or
  6 the site assessment shows that all applicable standards are
  7 being met. Upon receipt of the final report, the person
  8 may seek a certificate of completion from the director.
- 9 (b) The director may delegate the responsibility for 10 issuance of a certificate of completion to a licensed 11 remediation specialist in limited circumstances, as 12 specified by rule pursuant to this article.
- 13 (c) The certificate of completion shall contain a 14 provision relieving a person who undertook the 15 remediation and subsequent successors and assigns from 16 all liability to the state as provided under this article which 17 shall remain effective as long as the property complies 18 with the applicable standards in effect at the time the 19 certificate of completion was issued. This certificate is 20 subject to reopener provisions of section fifteen of this 21 article and may, if applicable, result in a land-use covenant 22 as provided in section fourteen of this article.

#### §22-22-14. Land-use covenant; criminal penalties.

1 (a) The director shall establish by rule, criteria for 2 deed recordation of land-use covenants and containing all 3 necessary deed restrictions. The director shall cause all land-use covenants to appear in the chain of title by deed to be properly recorded in the office of the county clerk 5 6 where the remediation site is located. If institutional and 7 engineering controls are used, in whole or in part, to 8 achieve a remediation standard, the director shall direct that a land-use covenant be applied. The covenant shall 9 include whether residential or nonresidential exposure 10

- factors were used to comply with the site-specific standard.
- 12 The covenant shall contain a provision relieving the
- 13 person who undertook the remediation and subsequent 14
- successors and assigns from all civil liability to the state as 15
- provided under this article and shall remain effective as
- 16 long as the property complies with the applicable
- 17 standards in effect at the time the covenant was issued
- 18 (b) Whoever knowingly violates a land-use covenant 19 by converting nonresidential property to residential
- 20 property is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
- thereof, shall be fined not more than twenty-five thousand 21
- 22 dollars, imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

#### §22-22-15. Reopeners.

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1 Any person who completes remediation in 2 compliance with this article shall not be required to undertake additional remediation actions for contaminants 4 subject to the remediation, unless the director demon-5 strates that:

- (a) Fraud was committed in demonstrating attainment of a standard at the site that resulted in avoiding the need for further remediation of the site:
- (b) New information confirms the existence of an area of a previously unknown contamination which contains contaminants that have been shown to exceed the standards applied to the previous remediation at the site;
- 13 (c) The level of risk is increased significantly beyond 14 the established level of protection at the site due to 15 substantial changes in exposure conditions, such as, a 16 change in land use, or new information is obtained about 17 a contaminant associated with the site which revises 18 exposure assumptions beyond the acceptable range. Any person who changes the use of the property causing the 19 20 level of risk to increase beyond established protection levels shall be required by the division to undertake 21 additional remediation measures under the provisions of 22 23 this article;
- 24 (d) The release occurred after the effective date of this 25 article on a site not used for industrial activity prior to the

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- effective date of this article; the remedy relied, in whole or in part, upon institutional or engineering controls instead of treatment or removal of contamination; and treatment, removal or destruction has become technically and economically practicable; or
- 31 (e) The remediation method failed to meet the 32 remediation standard or combination of standards.

In the event that any of the foregoing circumstances occur, the remediation agreement will be reopened and revised to the extent necessary to return the site to its previously agreed to state of remediation or other appropriate standard.

## §22-22-16. Duty of assessor and citizens to notify director when change of property use occurs.

1 If an assessor in any county becomes aware of a 2 change of remediated property use from nonresidential 3 property to residential, the assessor shall check the land 4 record of the county to ascertain if a land-use covenant 5 appears to have been violated. Should it appear that a violation has occurred, the assessor shall notify the 7 director in writing of the suspected violation. If any citizen 8 becomes aware of a change of property use from 9 nonresidential to residential, the citizen may check the land record of the county to ascertain if a land use 10 11 covenant appears to have been violated and may notify the 12 director in writing. The director shall then investigate and 13 proceed with any necessary enforcement action.

#### §22-22-17. Public notification for brownfields.

Persons undertaking the remediation and revitalization of brownfield sites shall comply with the following public notice and review requirements:

(a) A notice of intent to remediate a site shall be submitted to the division which provides, to the extent known, a brief description of the location of the site, a listing of the contaminants involved and the proposed remediation measures. The division shall publish an acknowledgment noting the receipt of the notice of intent in a division publication of general circulation. At the

- 11 time a notice of intent to remediate a site is submitted to
- the division, a copy of such notice shall be provided to the
- 13 municipality and the county in which the site is located
- 14 and a summary of the notice of intent shall be published
- 15 in a newspaper of general circulation serving the area in
- 16 which the site is located.
- 17 (b) The notice required by this subsection shall 18 include a thirty-day public, county and municipal
- 19 comment period during which the public, county and
- 20 municipality can request to be involved in the
- 21 development of the remediation and reuse plans for the
- 22 site. If requested by the public, county, municipality or
- 23 the director, the person undertaking the remediation shall
- 24 develop and implement a public involvement program
- 25 plan which meets the requirements set forth by the
- 26 director.

#### §22-22-18. Environmental liability protection.

- 1 (a) Any person demonstrating compliance with the 2 applicable standards established in section three of this
  - article, whether by remediation or where the site
- 4 assessment shows that the contamination at the site meets applicable standards, shall be relieved of further liability
- 6 for the remediation of the site under this chapter.
- 7 Contamination identified in the remediation agreement
- 8 submitted to and approved by the division shall not be
- 9 subject to citizen suits or contribution actions. The
- 10 protection from further remediation liability provided by
- 11 this article applies to the following persons:
- 12 (1) The current or future owner or operator of the site, including development authorities and fiduciaries who
- 14 participated in the remediation of the site;
- 15 (2) A person who develops or otherwise occupies the 16 site:
- 17 (3) A successor or assign of any person to whom the
- (3) A successor or assign of any person to whom theliability protection applies;

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- 19 (4) A public utility, as defined in section two, article 20 one, chapter twenty-four of this code, and for the purpose 21 of this article, a utility engaged in the storage and 22 transportation of natural gas, to the extent the public 23 utility performs activities on the site;
- 24 (5) A remediation contractor;
- 25 (6) A licensed remediation specialist; and
- 26 (7) A lender or developer who engages in the routine 27 practices of commercial lending, including, but not limited 28 to, providing financial services, holding of security 29 interests, workout practices, foreclosure or the recovery of 30 funds from the sale of a site.
- 31 (b) A person shall not be considered a person 32 responsible for a release or a threatened release of 33 contaminants simply by virtue of conducting or having a 34 site assessment conducted. Nothing in this section relieves 35 a person of any liability for failure to exercise due 36 diligence in performing a site assessment.

## §22-22-19. Establishing and limiting the responsibilities of remediation contractors.

- (a) A person who is engaged in the business of remediation contractor under this article is not responsible for a release or threatened release of contaminants at the site described in the voluntary remediation agreement for work properly performed pursuant to the agreement.
  - (b) A person who is engaged in the business of remediation contractor under this article is not liable for any harm, damage or injury caused by a release of a contaminant which occurred prior to the contractor undertaking work at the site.
- 11 (c) Limitation of liability, pursuant to subsections (a)
  12 and (b) of this section does not apply to a release or
  13 threatened release of contaminants at the site described in
  14 the voluntary remediation agreement that is directly
  15 caused by an act or omission which constitutes gross

- 16 negligence or by the willful misconduct of the 17 remediation contractor.
- 18 (d) A remediation contractor is not required to obtain 19 a permit for remediation activities, if a permit is required 20 under article five, eleven, fifteen or eighteen of this 21 chapter. However, an owner or operator of the site to be 22 remediated is not relieved of the permit requirements, if 23 any, for remediation activities undertaken at the site. A 24 remediation contractor must comply with all applicable 25 state and federal laws in the transportation, treatment, 26 storage and disposal of contaminants generated as a 27 consequence of the remediation activities.
- 28 (e) A remediation contractor is not a "generator" for 29 the purposes of the generator assessments imposed 30 pursuant to article twenty of this chapter.

#### §22-22-20. Affirmative defenses.

- Any person who is alleged to have violated an environmental law or the common law equivalent, which occurred while acting pursuant to this article, may affirmatively plead the following in response to an alleged violation:
- 6 (a) An act of God;
- 7 (b) An intervening act of a public agency;
- 8 (c) Migration from property owned by a third party;
- 9 (d) Actions taken or omitted in the course of 10 rendering care, assistance or advice in accordance with the 11 environmental laws or at the direction of the division;
- 12 (e) An act of a third party who was not an agent or 13 employee of the lender, fiduciary, developer, remediation 14 contractor or development authority; or
- (f) If the alleged liability for a lender, fiduciary, developer or development authority arises after foreclosure, and the lender, fiduciary, developer or development authority exercised due care with respect to the lender's, fiduciary's, developer's or development

- 20 authority's knowledge about the contaminants, and took
- 21 reasonable precautions based upon such knowledge
- 22 against foreseeable actions of third parties and the
- 23 consequences arising therefrom. A lender, fiduciary,
- 24 developer, remediation contractor or development
- 25 authority may avoid liability by proving any other defense
- 26 which may be available to it.

#### §22-22-21. Savings clause.

- 1 Nothing in this article shall affect the rights, duties,
- 2 defenses, immunities or causes of action under other
- 3 statutes or the common law of this state which may be
- 4 applicable to persons conducting remediation of a site.

#### CHAPTER 31, CORPORATIONS.

### ARTICLE 15. WEST VIRGINIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.

#### §31-15-4. Definitions.

- 1 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, as used 2. in this article:
- 3 (a) "Authority" means the West Virginia economic4 development authority;
- (b) "Board" means the governing body of the authority;
- 7 (c) "Board of investments" means the board of 8 investments established by article six, chapter twelve of this 9 code;
- 10 (d) "Bonds" means bonds or other debt instruments of 11 the authority issued under this article, whether the interest 12 thereon is taxable or tax-exempt for federal income tax
- 13 purposes;
- 14 (e) "Business plan" means a document detailing the 15 sales, production and distribution plans of an enterprise,
- 16 together with the expenditures necessary to carry out those
- 17 plans (including budget and cash flow projections) on an
- 18 annual basis, and an employment plan setting forth steps
- 19 to be taken by the enterprise to retain jobs or reduce
- 20 unemployment in this state;

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- 21 (f) "Costs of establishing an industrial development 22 project" means the cost of acquiring existing facilities, cost 23 of machinery, cost of equipment and fixtures, the cost of 24 construction, including with out limitation, cost of 25 improvements, repairs, and renovations, costs of all lands, 26 water areas, property rights and easements, financing 27 charges, interest prior to and during construction, cost of 28 architectural, engineering, legal and financial or other 29 consulting services, plans, site assessments, site remediation 30 costs, specifications and surveys, estimates of costs and any other expenses necessary or incident to determining the 31 32 feasibility or practicability of any project, together with such other costs and expenses as may be necessary or 33 34 incidental to the financing and the construction or 35 acquisition of the project and the placing of the same in 36 operation;
  - (g) "County" means any county of this state;
- (h) "Enterprise" means an entity which is or proposes 38 to be engaged in this state in any business activity for 39 profit. The entity may be owned, operated, controlled or 40 under the management of a person, partnership, 41 corporation, trust, community-based development 42 43 organization or council, local commerce group, employee stock ownership plan, pension or profit-sharing plan, a 44 group of participating employees who desire to own an 45 entity which does not presently exist, or any similar entity 46 47 or organization;
- (i) "Federal agency" means the United States of America and any department, corporation, agency or 49 instrumentality created, designated or established by the 50 United States of America:
- (j) "Financing plan" means a plan designed to meet 52 the financing needs of an enterprise as reflected in the 53 54 business plan;
- (k) "Fund" means the economic development fund 55 provided for in section twenty-three of this article: 56
- (1) "Government" means state and federal government, 57 and any political subdivision, agency or instrumentality 58 thereof, corporate or otherwise; 59

- 60 (m) "Industrial development agency" means any incorporated organization, foundation, association or agency to whose members or shareholders no profit inures, which has as its primary function the promotion, encouragement and development of industrial, commercial, manufacturing and tourist enterprises or projects in this state;
  - (n) "Insurance fund" means the insurance fund created in this article;
  - (o) "Loan" means an extension of financing by the authority to an industrial development agency or an enterprise, including, but not limited to, a loan, a lease or an installment sale:
  - (p) "Municipality" means any city or town in this state;
  - (q) "Notes" means any notes, including commercial paper, of the authority issued under this article whether the interest thereon is taxable or tax-exempt for federal income tax purposes;
    - (r) "Project" means a commercial or industrial undertaking and all of the assets reasonably and necessarily required therefor, all as determined by the authority, which determination shall be conclusive, and shall include, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, industrial projects and commercial projects as presently defined in section three, article two-c, chapter thirteen;
    - (s) "Revenues" means all fees, premiums, charges, moneys, profits, payment or principal of or interest on, loans and other investments, gifts, grants, appropriations, contributions and all other income derived or to be derived by the authority under this article; and
    - (t) "Security interest" means an interest in the loan portfolio of the authority which interest is secured by an underlying loan or loans and is evidenced by a note issued by the authority.

### **CHAPTER 93**

(S. B. 452—By Senator Buckalew)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven hundred four, seven hundred six and seven hundred seven, article seven, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to allowing seized or forfeited assets to be deposited into interest-bearing depositories insured by an agency of the federal government.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven hundred four, seven hundred six and seven hundred seven, article seven, chapter sixty-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7. WEST VIRGINIA CONTRABAND FORFEITURE ACT.

- §60A-7-704. Procedures for seizure of forfeitable property.
- §60A-7-706. Disposition of forfeited moneys, securities or other negotiable instruments; distribution of proceeds.
- §60A-7-707. Disposition of other forfeited property; distribution of proceeds.

#### §60A-7-704. Procedures for seizure of forfeitable property.

- 1 (a) Seizure of property made subject to forfeiture by
- the provisions of this article may be made upon process
- 3 issued by any court of record having jurisdiction over the
- 4 property.
- 5 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a)
- 6 of this section, seizure of property subject to forfeiture by
- 7 the provisions of this article may be made without process
- 8 if:
- 9 (1) The seizure is incident to a lawful arrest or pursu-
- 10 ant to a search under a search warrant or an inspection
- 11 warrant;

- 12 (2) The property subject to seizure has been the sub-13 ject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a forfeiture 14 proceeding based upon this article;
- 15 (3) The appropriate person has probable cause to 16 believe that the property is directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety; or
- 18 (4) The appropriate person has probable cause to 19 believe that the property was used or intended for use in 20 violation of this chapter.
- 21 (c) In the event of seizure pursuant to subsection (b) 22 of this section, forfeiture proceedings shall be instituted 23 within ninety days of the seizure thereof.
- (d) Property taken or detained under this section shall not be subject to replevin, but is deemed to be in the custody of the appropriate person, subject only to the orders and decrees of the court having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings. When property is seized under this article, the appropriate person may:
- 30 (1) Place the property under seal;
- 31 (2) Remove the property to a place designated by 32 him:
- 33 (3) Require the appropriate law-enforcement agency 34 to take custody of the property and remove it to an appro-35 priate location for disposition in accordance with law; or
- 36 (4) In the case of seized moneys, securities or other 37 negotiable instruments, place the assets in any 38 interest-bearing depository insured by an agency of the 39 federal government.
- The requirements of this subsection pertaining to the removal of seized property are not mandatory in the case of real property and appurtenances thereto.
- §60A-7-706. Disposition of forfeited moneys, securities or other negotiable instruments; distribution of proceeds.

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- 1 (a) Whenever moneys, securities or other negotiable 2 instruments are forfeited under the provisions of this arti-3 cle, such proceeds shall be distributed as follows:
  - (1) Ten percent of the proceeds shall be tendered to the office of the prosecuting attorney which initiated the forfeiture proceeding;
  - (2) The balance shall be deposited in a special law-enforcement investigation fund. The fund may be placed in any interest-bearing depository insured by an agency of the federal government. The fund shall be administered by the chief of the law-enforcement agency that seized the forfeited property.
- 13 (b) No funds shall be expended from the special 14 law-enforcement investigation fund except as follows:
  - (1) In the case of the funds belonging to the department of public safety, the funds shall only be expended at the direction of the superintendent of the department and in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen, article two, chapter five-a of this code and the provisions of subsection (j), section two, article two, chapter twelve of this code;
  - (2) In the case of funds belonging to the office of either the sheriff or prosecuting attorney of any county in which the special fund has been created, the funds therein may only be expended in the manner provided in sections four and five, article five, chapter seven of this code; and
- 27 (3) In the case of funds belonging to the police de-28 partment of any municipality in which the special fund 29 has been created, the funds therein may only be expended 30 in the manner provided in section twenty-two, article thir-31 teen, chapter eight of this code.

## §60A-7-707. Disposition of other forfeited property; distribution of proceeds.

1 (a) When property other than that referred to in sec-2 tion seven hundred six of this article is forfeited under this 3 article, the circuit court ordering the forfeiture, upon 4 application by the prosecuting attorney or the chief of the

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- 5 law-enforcement agency that seized said forfeited proper-6 ty, may direct that:
- (1) Title to the forfeited property be vested in the 8 law-enforcement agency so petitioning; or
  - (2) The law-enforcement agency responsible for the seizure retain the property for official use; or
    - (3) The forfeited property shall be offered at public auction to the highest bidder for cash. Notice of such public auction shall be published as a Class III legal advertisement in accordance with article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code. The publication area shall be the county where the public auction will be held.
    - (b) When a law-enforcement agency receives property pursuant to this section, the court may, upon request of the prosecuting attorney initiating the forfeiture proceeding, require the law-enforcement agency to pay unto the office of said prosecuting attorney a sum not to exceed ten percent of the value of the property received to compensate said office for actual costs and expenses incurred.
- (c) The proceeds of every public sale conducted pursuant to this section shall be paid and applied as follows: First, to the balance due on any security interest preserved by the court; second, to the costs incurred in the storage, 28 maintenance and security of the property; third, to the costs incurred in selling the property.
- 30 (d) Any proceeds of a public sale remaining after 31 distribution pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall 32 be distributed as follows:
- 33 (1) Ten percent of such proceeds shall be tendered to the office of the prosecuting attorney who initiated the 34 35 forfeiture proceeding.
  - (2) The balance shall be deposited in a special law-enforcement investigation fund. Such fund shall be administered by the chief of the law-enforcement agency that seized the forfeited property sold and shall take the form of an interest-bearing account with any interest earned to be compounded to the fund. Any funds deposited in the special law-enforcement investigative fund

- pursuant to this article shall be expended only to defray the costs of protracted or complex investigations, to pro-vide additional technical equipment or expertise, to provide matching funds to obtain federal grants or for such other law-enforcement purposes as the chief of the law-enforcement agency may deem appropriate; however. these funds may not be utilized for regular operating needs.
  - (e) If more than one law-enforcement agency was substantially involved in effecting the seizure and forfeiture of property, the court wherein the petition for forfeiture was filed shall equitably distribute the forfeited property among the law-enforcement agencies. In the event of a public sale of such property pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the court shall equitably distribute any proceeds remaining after distribution pursuant to subsection (c) and subdivision (1), subsection (d) of this section among such law-enforcement agencies for deposit into their individual special law-enforcement investigative fund. Equitable distribution shall be based upon the overall contribution of the individual law-enforcement agency to the investigation which led to the seizure.
  - (f) Upon the sale of any forfeited property for which title or registration is required by law, the state shall issue a title or registration certificate to any bona fide purchaser at a public sale of the property conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. Upon the request of the law-enforcement agency receiving, pursuant to the order of the court, or electing to retain, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, any forfeited property for which title or registration is required by law, the state shall issue a title or registration certificate to the appropriate governmental body.
  - (g) Any funds expended pursuant to the provisions of this section, shall only be expended in the manner provided in subsection (b), section seven hundred five of this article.
- 80 (h) Every prosecuting attorney or law-enforcement 81 agency receiving forfeited property or proceeds from the 82 sale of forfeited property pursuant to this article shall

submit an annual report to the body which has budgetary authority over such agency. Such report shall specify the type and approximate value of all forfeited property and the amount of proceeds from the sale of forfeited property received in the preceding year. No county or municipality may use anticipated receipts of forfeited property in their budgetary process.

- (i) In lieu of the sale of any forfeited property subject to a bona fide security interest preserved by an order of the court, the law-enforcement agency receiving the forfeited property may pay the balance due on any security interest preserved by the court from funds budgeted to the office or department or from the special fund and retain possession of the forfeited property for official use pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- (j) In every case where property is forfeited, disposition of the forfeited property, in accordance with this article, shall be made within six months of the date upon which the court of jurisdiction orders forfeiture. Should the office or agency receiving the property fail either to place the property in official use or dispose of the property in accordance with law, the court of jurisdiction shall cause disposition of the property to be made with any proceeds therefrom to be awarded to the state.
- (k) No disposition shall occur until all applicable periods for filing a notice of intent to appeal has expired and no party in interest shall have filed such notice. The filing of the notice of intent to appeal shall stay any such disposition until the appeal has been finally adjudicated or until the appeal period of one hundred eighty days has expired without an appeal having actually been taken or filed, unless a valid extension of the appeal has been granted by the circuit court under the provisions of section seven, article four, chapter fifty-eight of this code.
- (1) The special law-enforcement investigative funds of each law-enforcement agency may be placed in an interest-bearing depository insured by the federal government.

### **CHAPTER 94**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4735-By Delegates Trump and Staton)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eleven, article four, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend article five, chapter forty-nine of said code, by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-d, all relating to juvenile offenders; escape; permitting or aiding the escape of an inmate of a center for housing youthful offenders; creating pilot project for certain status offenders as an alternative to disposition; and criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eleven, article four, chapter twenty-five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that article five, chapter forty-nine of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section thirteen-d, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 25. Division of Corrections.
- 49. Child Welfare.

#### CHAPTER 25. DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS.

## ARTICLE 4. CENTERS FOR HOUSING YOUTHFUL MALE LAW OFFENDERS.

#### §25-4-11. Escape; aiding escape.

- 1 (a) Any inmate of a center who shall escape from said
- 2 center or the custody of an officer or employee of such
- 3 center shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction
- 4 thereof, be committed to the custody of the commissioner

- 5 of corrections for not more than five years. A term of
- 6 incarceration imposed pursuant to the provisions of this
- 7 section shall be imposed as a consecutive sentence and not
- 8 served concurrently with any sentence or period of con-
- 9 finement previously imposed.
- 10 (b) Any person who willfully permits or aids any in-
- 11 mate of such center to escape therefrom or conceals him
- 12 with the intent of enabling him to elude pursuit is guilty of
- 13 a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be committed
- 14 to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for not
- 15 more than five years.

#### CHAPTER 49. CHILD WELFARE.

#### ARTICLE 5. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

#### §49-5-13d. Teen court program.

- 1 (a) Any child who has committed an act of delin-
- 2 quency which would not be a criminal offense if commit
  - ted by an adult, and who is otherwise subject to the provi-
- 4 sions of this article shall be given the option of choosing
- 5 disposition in a teen court program as an alternative to a
- 6 disposition provided by section thirteen of this article.
- 7 The decision to enter the teen court program as an alterna-
- 8 tive disposition shall be made jointly by the circuit court,
- 9 juvenile probation officer, and parent, guardian or custo-
- 10 dian of the child. The circuit court shall find, prior to
- admission into the program, that the offender is a suitable
- 12 candidate for the program. Any child who does not suc-
- 13 cessfully cooperate in and complete the teen court pro-
- 14 gram and any disposition imposed therein shall be re-
- 15 turned to the circuit court for disposition provided by
- 16 section thirteen of this article.
- 17 (b) The teen court program shall be administered by 18 the governor's committee on crime and delinquency.
- 19 (c) The following provisions shall apply to all teen
- 20 court programs:

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- 21 (1) The judge for each teen court proceeding shall be 22 an acting or retired circuit court judge or an active mem-23 ber of the West Virginia state bar, who shall serve on a 24 voluntary basis. Bar members shall be offered continuing 25 legal education credit for such service.
- 26 (2) Any child who selects the teen court program as an alternative disposition shall agree to serve thereafter on at least two occasions as a teen court juror.
- 29 (3) Volunteer students from grades ten through twelve 30 of high schools within the county shall be selected to serve 31 as defense attorney, prosecuting attorney, court clerk and 32 bailiff for each proceeding.
- 33 (4) Disposition in a teen court proceeding shall consist 34 of requiring the child to perform sixteen to forty hours of 35 community service, the duration and type of which shall 36 be determined by the teen court jury, from a standard list of available community service programs provided by the 37 county juvenile probation system. The performance of the 38 39 child shall be monitored by the county juvenile probation 40 system. The child shall also perform two sessions of teen court jury service, and, if deemed appropriate by the 41 42 judge, the child shall participate in an education program.
  - (d) The rules for administration, procedure and admission of evidence shall be determined by the chief circuit judge. A copy of such rules shall be provided to every teen court participant.
- 47 (e) Teen court programs are pilot projects to be utilized from the effective date of this section until the first 48 49 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight, in the circuit courts in three of the counties of this state. The 50 supreme court of appeals is to determine the counties in 51 52 which the pilot projects will be utilized based upon its determination of those counties which have recently expe-53 rienced the most significant increases in the commission 54 of criminal and status offenses by children. 55

### **CHAPTER 95**

(H. B. 4160—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Johnson, Fragale and Manuel)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three-ff, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section sixteen, article twelve, chapter eight of said code; to amend and reenact section sixteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine of said code; to amend and reenact section nine-a, article seventeen, chapter thirty-three of said code; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-b, all relating to the authority of county commissions and municipalities to require clearance of refuse and debris or to repair, vacate, close, remove, improve, demolish or otherwise alter buildings on private lands; removing the obligation of county commissions to require clearance of refuse or debris; providing for the filing of a judgment lien in an amount not to exceed the assessed value of the property; providing for notification to the landowner; authorizing county commissions and municipalities to adopt ordinances requiring landowners to pay costs, providing for the filing of liens and creating a cause of action for the reimbursement of costs; authorizing the state fire marshal to notify county or municipal officials respecting fire hazards; providing for notification and disbursement of certain insurance proceeds; and making certain technical revisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three-ff, article one, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section sixteen, article twelve, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that section sixteen, article three, chapter twenty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted; that section nine-a, article seventeen, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended and reenacted; and

that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine-b, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

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- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 29. Miscellaneous Boards and Officers.
- 33. Insurance.

#### CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

#### ARTICLE 1. COUNTY COMMISSIONS GENERALLY.

- §7-1-3ff. Clearance of refuse and debris from private lands; demolition of buildings and recovery of costs incurred; notice of demand thereof; procedure to contest demand.
  - (a) County commissions, as set forth in this article, 1 county health officers, as set forth in section two, article 3 two, chapter sixteen of this code, and state fire marshals as set forth in section twelve, article three, chapter 4 5 twenty-nine of this code, are hereby authorized to require clearance of any refuse or debris consisting of remnants 6 or remains of any unused or unoccupied dwelling, cement 7 foundation, piping, basements, intact chimneys, nonfarm 8 building, structure or manmade appurtenance on all pri-9 vate lands within their respective scopes of authority by 10 the owners thereof that has accumulated as the result of 11 any natural or manmade fire, force or effect which pres-12 ents a safety or health hazard including the removal of 13 toxic or contaminant spillage and seepage: Provided, That 14 upon request from a landowner and a written determina-15 tion and approval from the state fire marshal, where ap-16 propriate, a landowner may fill the remains of a basement 17 to ground level with inert fill material in lieu of complete 18 removal of such cement foundation, piping and basement. 19
    - (b) Upon determination by the state fire marshal that substantial accumulations of refuse, debris or destroyed structures or appurtenances, as described above, exist on the property as a result of a natural or manmade fire, notice shall be given by the fire marshal and forwarded to the owner immediately informing the landowner of the

requirements of this article to effect repair, removal, closure or demolition of the fire damaged property within ninety days of the receipt of such notice.

- (c) Upon a determination by a county commission or county health officer that substantial accumulations of refuse or the presence of debris, as described above exist on any such private lands, notice shall be forwarded to the landowner advising him or her:
- (1) Of the commission's or health officer's demand to remove all refuse and debris within ninety days of the receipt of notice unless an extension be granted by the county commission or health officer for good cause shown;
- (2) Of the landowner's right to contest such demand and of the proper procedure in which to do so;
- (3) That if the landowner fails to both properly contest and comply with the commission's or health officer's demand, that removal will be achieved otherwise and that the reasonable costs incurred thereto will become a civil debt owed by the landowner to the county; and
- (4) That if the county incurs costs of removal and the landowner fails to pay such costs within ninety days of the removal, then the county may file a judgment lien on the subject property, for an amount not to exceed the assessed value of the property as recorded in the office of the county assessor, in the office of the clerk of the county commission of the county in which the property is located.
- (d) The commission or health officer shall send notice as described in subsection (c) of this section by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the most recent address of the landowner on file in the office of the county asses-sor of the county in which the subject property is located. If, for any reason, the certified mail is returned without evidence of proper receipt thereof, then in such event, a Class III-0 legal advertisement shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county wherein the subject land is situated in order to render proper notice in

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64 accordance with this section. In addition, the commission 65 or health officer shall post the notice on the front door or 66 other conspicuous location on the subject property: Pro-67 vided, That if the commission or health officer determines. 68 after notice and inquiry as provided herein, that the refuse 69 or debris was created by someone other than the present 70 landowner, without the landowner's expressed or implied 71 permission, the commission or health officer shall remove 72 any such refuse or debris and shall apply to and be eligi-73 ble to receive from the solid waste reclamation and envi-74 ronmental response fund created under section eleven. 75 article fifteen, chapter twenty-two of this code for reim-76 bursement for all reasonable costs incurred for removal.

- (e) The county commission of every county shall have plenary power and authority to adopt an ordinance requiring the owner or owners of any nonfarm dwelling or building, under order of the county commission or county health officer or determination by the state fire marshal as provided for in subsection (a) of this section, to pay for the costs of clearing any refuse or debris or of repairing, vacating, closing, removing, demolishing or otherwise altering any dwelling or nonfarm building. The county commission shall also have the power and authority to seek reimbursement for such costs by filing a lien against the real property in question for an amount not to exceed the assessed value of the property as recorded in the office of the county assessor, or to institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the landowner or other responsible party for all costs incurred by the county with respect to the property and for reasonable attorney fees and court costs incurred in the prosecution of the action.
- (f) Not less than ten days prior to instituting a civil action as provided for in this section, the county commission shall send notice to the landowner by certified mail, return receipt requested, advising the landowner of the county commission's intention to institute such action. The notice shall be sent to the most recent address of the landowner of record in the office of the assessor of the county where the subject property is located. If, for any reason, such certified mail is returned without evidence of proper

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- receipt thereof, then in such event, the county commission shall cause a Class III-0 legal advertisement to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county wherein the subject property is located and post notice on the front door or other conspicuous location on the subject property.
- ject property.(g) In the event any landowner desires to contest any
- owner shall do so in accordance with article three, chapter

demand brought forth pursuant to this section, the land-

#### 114 fifty-eight of this code.

#### CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

- ARTICLE 12. GENERAL AND SPECIFIC POWERS, DUTIES AND ALLIED RELATIONS OF MUNICIPALITIES, GOVERNING BODIES AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES; SUITS AGAINST MUNICIPALITIES.
- §8-12-16. Ordinances regulating the repair, closing, demolition, etc., of dwellings or buildings unfit for human habitation; procedures.
  - (a) Plenary power and authority are hereby conferred 1 upon every municipality to adopt ordinances regulating 2 the repair, alteration or improvement, or the vacating and 3 closing or removal or demolition, or any combination 4 thereof, of any dwellings or other buildings unfit for hu-5 6 man habitation due to dilapidation, defects increasing the hazard of fire, accidents or other calamities, lack of venti-7 lation, light or sanitary facilities or any other conditions 8 prevailing in any dwelling or building, whether used for 9 human habitation or not, which would cause such dwell-10 ings or other buildings to be unsafe, unsanitary, dangerous 11 12 or detrimental to the public safety or welfare.
    - (b) The governing body in formally adopting such ordinances shall designate the enforcement agency, which shall consist of the mayor, the municipal engineer or building inspector and one member at large, to be selected by and to serve at the will and pleasure of the mayor. The ranking health officer and fire chief shall serve as ex officio members of such enforcement agency.

- (c) Any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions of this section shall provide fair and equitable rules of procedure and any other standards deemed necessary to guide the enforcement agency, or its agents, in the investigation of dwelling or building conditions, and in conducting hearings: *Provided*, That any entrance upon premises for the purpose of making examinations shall be made in such manner as to cause the least possible inconvenience to the persons in possession.
- (d) The governing body of every municipality shall have plenary power and authority to adopt an ordinance requiring the owner or owners of any dwelling or building under determination of the state fire marshal, as provided in section twelve, article three, chapter twenty-nine of this code, or under order of the enforcement agency of the municipality, to pay for the costs of repairing, altering, or improving, or of vacating and closing, removing or demolishing any dwelling or building. Every municipality shall also have the right to file a lien against the real property in question for an amount not to exceed the assessed value of the property as recorded in the office of the county assessor, or to institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the landowner or other responsible party for all costs incurred by the municipality with respect to the property and for reasonable attorney fees and court costs incurred in the prosecution of the action.

Not less than ten days prior to instituting a civil action as provided for in this section, the governing body of the municipality shall send notice to the landowner by certified mail, return receipt requested, advising the landowner of the governing body's intention to institute such action. The notice shall be sent to the most recent address of the landowner of record in the office of the assessor of the county where the subject property is located. If, for any reason, such certified mail is returned without evidence of proper receipt thereof, then in such event, the governing body shall cause a Class III-0 legal advertisement to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county wherein the subject property is located and post

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60 notice on the front door or other conspicuous location on 61 the subject property.

In the event any landowner desires to contest any demand brought forth pursuant to this section, the landowner may seek relief in a court of competent jurisdiction.

All orders issued by the enforcement agency shall be served in accordance with the law of this state concerning the service of process in civil actions, and shall, in addition thereto, be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises affected by the complaint or order: Provided, That no ordinance shall be adopted without providing therein for the right to apply to the circuit court for a temporary injunction restraining the enforcement agency pending final disposition of the cause. In the event such application 74 is made, a hearing thereon shall be had within twenty days, or as soon thereafter as possible, and the court shall enter 75 76 such final order or decree as the law and justice may require.

#### CHAPTER 29. MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND OFFICERS.

#### ARTICLE 3. FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

#### §29-3-16. Work to be done at expense of owner or occupant upon failure to comply with repair or demolition order; action to recover.

In the event any owner of any building or premises 1 served with a copy of an order as provided in sections 2 3 fourteen and fifteen of this article shall fail substantially to comply with such order within thirty days from the date of 4 issuance thereof, or within thirty days after any appeal 5 6 from such order has been affirmed by the state fire com-7 mission or by the court, the state fire marshal may enter into and upon the premises affected by such order and 8 cause the building, structure or premises to be repaired, 9 torn down, materials removed and all dangerous condi-10 tions to be remedied, as the case may be, at the expense of 11 the owner and with any administrative charges as estab-12 lished by the commission also being borne by the owner, 13 and if such person shall fail or neglect to repay the state 14 fire marshal the expense and administrative charge there-15

- 16 by incurred by him, within thirty days after written de-
- 17 mand shall have been delivered or mailed to the said own-
- 18 er as provided in section fifteen of this article, the state fire
- 19 marshal is hereby authorized to bring an action in the
- 20 name of the state to recover such expenses, with interest,
- 21 and any administrative charge as established by the com-
- 22 mission, in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- Upon a determination by the state fire marshal that the provisions of sections fourteen and fifteen of this article
- 25 have not been met, and that such property constitutes a
- 26 hazard to health or public safety, in lieu of initiating an
- 27 order as therein provided, the state fire marshal may notify
- 28 the county commission or the county health officer in
- 29 order that they may perform their duties pursuant to sec-
- 30 tion three-ff, article one, chapter seven of this code. The
- 31 fire marshal may also, in lieu thereof, notify the munici-
- 32 pality where the property is located so that the municipali-
- 33 ty may perform its duties pursuant to section fourteen,
- 34 article twelve, chapter eight of this code.

#### CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

#### ARTICLE 17. FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

- §33-17-9a. Notice of insurance proceeds.
- §33-17-9b. Disbursement of insurance proceeds.

#### §33-17-9a. Notice of insurance proceeds.

- 1 Upon notice of a claim of an insured total loss to a
- 2 structure located in this state, insurance companies must
- 3 notify the insured, and the municipality or county in
- which the structure is located, of any coverage in the insurance policy providing cleanup, removal of any refuse,
- 5 surance policy providing cleanup, removal of any refuse, 6 debris, remnants or remains of the dwelling and appurte-
- 7 nances and securing the structure. The notification shall
- 8 be by letter to the insured, mailed within ten days of the
- 9 notification of the claim, and shall include, but not be
- 10 limited to:
- 11 (a) The terms and limits of coverage designated by the 12 insurance policy for securing, cleanup and removal; and
- 13 (b) Any time limitations imposed on the insured for securing, cleanup and removal.

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#### §33-17-9b. Disbursement of insurance proceeds.

No proceeds shall be paid by an insurance company which has issued a policy which provides coverage for debris removal for cleanup, removal of refuse, debris, remnants, or remains of a dwelling or structure upon a claim of total loss unless and until the insurance company receives certification that the refuse, debris, remnants, or remains of the dwelling or structure have been cleaned up, removed or otherwise disposed of. In the event the insurance company receives, within six months of the date of loss, certification that such cleanup, removal or disposal 10 11 costs have been incurred by a municipality, county or other governmental entity, rather than the policyholder, 12 13 such debris removal and cleanup proceeds shall be paid to 14 the municipality, county or other government entity which 15 has incurred such costs.

16 No insurance company subject to this section which complies with this section may be held liable for any claim 17 that may arise out of the cleanup, removal or disposal of 18 19 debris pursuant to this section.

An insurance company subject to this section which complies with this section shall be deemed to have fully 22 satisfied all contractual obligations to the policyholder regarding debris removal.

24 In no event shall an insurance company be required to 25 pay moneys in excess of policy limits for debris removal.

### CHAPTER 96

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 382-By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Wooton, Jackson, Wagner, Manchin, Anderson, Bailey, Schoonover, Plymale, Dittmar and Yoder)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections five and six, article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact sections one, three, four and six-b of said article; and to amend and reenact section seventeen, article one, chapter eleven-a of said code, all relating to the classification of counties and the compensation of elected county officials and county commissioners as related to the classification system.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections five and six, article seven, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that sections one, three, four and six-b of said article be amended and reenacted; and that section seventeen, article one, chapter eleven-a, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 11A. Collection and Enforcement of Property Taxes.

#### CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

- ARTICLE 7. TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR COUNTY EMPLOY-EES, ETC.; COMPENSATION OF ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS; COUNTY ASSISTANTS, DEPUTIES AND EMPLOYEES, THEIR NUMBER AND COMPENSATION.
- §7-7-1. Legislative findings and purpose.
- §7-7-3. Classification of counties for purpose of determining compensation of elected county officials.
- §7-7-4. Compensation of elected county officials and county commissioners for each class of county; effective date.
- §7-7-6b. Additional compensation of assessors according to county classification.

### §7-7-1. Legislative findings and purpose.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares that the county
- 2 officials' association, the county commissioners' associa-
- 3 tion, the prosecuting attorneys' association, the county
- 4 clerks' association, the assessors' association, the sheriffs
- 5 association and the circuit clerks association approached
- 6 the Legislature requesting that the state's fifty-five counties
- 7 be reclassified and requested that all county officials be
- 8 given increases in compensation. Inasmuch as these vari-
- 9 ous county associations have better insight into the needs

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at the county level, the Legislature finds that there is a need to reclassify the fifty-five counties into groups which more accurately reflect the assessed valuations of property of all classes in the counties and to provide increases in compensation to the various county officials to reflect the class of county by which they are employed.

The Legislature hereby further finds that it has consistently and annually imposed upon the county commissioners, sheriffs, county and circuit clerks, assessors and prosecuting attorneys in each county broad, new and additional duties by the enactment of new provisions and amendments to this code. The new and additional duties imposed upon the aforesaid county officials by these enactments are such that they would justify the increases in compensation as provided in section four of this article, without violating the provisions of section 38, article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia.

The Legislature hereby further finds that there are, from time to time, additional duties imposed upon all county officials through the acts of the Congress of the United States, and that such acts constitute new and additional duties for county officials and, as such, justify the increases in compensation as provided by section four of this article, without violating the provisions of section 38, article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia.

35 The Legislature hereby further finds that there is a 36 direct correlation between the total assessed property valu-37 ations of a county on which the salary levels of the county 38 commissioners, sheriffs, county and circuit clerks, asses-39 sors and prosecuting attorneys are based, and the new and additional duties that each of these officials is required to 40 perform as they serve the best interests of their respective 41 42 counties. Inasmuch as the reappraisal of the property valuations in each county has now been accomplished, the 43 Legislature finds that a change in classification of counties 44 by virtue of increased property valuations will occur on an 45 infrequent basis. However, it is the further finding of the 46 Legislature that when such change in classification of 47 counties does occur, that new and additional programs, 48 economic developments, requirements of public safety 49

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- 50 and the need for new services provided by county officials 51 all increase, that the same constitute new and additional 52 duties for county officials as their respective counties 53 reach greater heights of economic development, as exem-54 plified by the substantial increases in property valuations 55 and, as such, justify the increases in compensation provid-56 ed in section four of this article, without violating the pro-57 visions of section 38, article VI of the Constitution of West 58 Virginia.
- The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that the amendments made by this act to this article are intended to modify the provisions of this article so as to cause the same to be in full compliance with the provisions of the Constitution of West Virginia, and to be in full compliance with the decisions of the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia.

## §7-7-3. Classification of counties for purpose of determining compensation of elected county officials.

(a) For the purpose of determining the compensation of elected county officials, the counties of the state of West Virginia are hereby grouped into seven classes based on their assessed valuation of property, all classes. These seven classes and the minimum and maximum valuation of property, all classes, established to determine the classification of each county are as follows:

8 9 10	Class	Minimum Assessed Valuation of Property All Classes	Maximum Assessed Valuation of Property All Classes
11	Class I	\$600,000,000	No Limit
12	Class II	\$450,000,000	\$599,999,999
13	Class III	\$200,000,000	\$449,999,999
14	Class IV	\$100,000,000	\$199,999,999
15	Class V	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 99,999,999
16	Class VI	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 49,999,999
17	Class VII	<b>\$</b> 0	\$ 14,999,999

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The assessed valuation of property, all classes, that shall be used as the base to determine the class of a county shall be the assessed valuation of property, all classes, of the county as certified by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk prior to the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two.

Prior to the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred seventy-four, and each second year thereafter, the county court [county commission] of each county, shall determine if the assessed valuation of property, all classes, of the county, as certified by the county assessor, 29 state auditor and county clerk, is within the minimum and 30 maximum limits of a class above or below the class in 31 which the county then is. If the county court so deter-32 mines, it shall record the new classification of the county 33 with the state auditor and state tax commissioner and re-34 cord its action on its county court [county commission] 35 record.

The classification of each county shall be subject to review by the state tax commissioner. He shall determine if the classification of each county is correct based on the final assessed valuation of property, all classes, certified to him by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk. If he finds that a county is incorrectly classified, he shall notify the county court [county commission] of that county promptly of his finding and in any case shall notify the county court prior to the thirtieth day of June of that current fiscal year. Any county court [county commission] so notified shall correct its classification immediately and make any necessary corrections in the salaries of its elected county officials for the next fiscal year. Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing an increase in compensation except at such time as the affected county officer begins a new term of office.

(b) Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and thereafter, for the purpose of determining the compensation of elected county officials, the counties of the state of West Virginia will be grouped into ten classes based on their assessed valuation of property, all classes. These ten classes and the minimum and

58	maximum valuation of property, all classes, established to
59	determine the classification of each county are as follows:

60 61 62	Class	Minimum Assessed Valuation of Property All Classes	operty Valuation of Property	
63	Class I	\$ 2,000,000,000	No Limit	
64	Class II	\$ 1,500,000,000	\$ 1,999,999,999	
65	Class III	\$ 1,000,000,000	\$ 1,499,999,999	
66	Class IV	\$ 700,000,000	\$ 999,999,999	
67	Class V	\$ 600,000,000	\$ 699,999,999	
68	Class VI	\$ 500,000,000	\$ 599,999,999	
69	Class VII	\$ 400,000,000	\$ 499,999,999	
70	Class VIII	\$ 300,000,000	\$ 399,999,999	
71	Class IX	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 299,999,999	
72	Class X	\$ -0-	\$ 199,999,999	

The assessed valuation of property, all classes, that shall be used as the base to determine the class of a county shall be the assessed valuation of property, all classes, of the county as certified by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk prior to the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

Prior to the twenty-ninth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight, and each second year thereafter, the county commission of each county shall determine if the assessed valuation of property, all classes, of the county, as certified by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk is within the minimum and maximum limits of a class above or below the class in which the county then is. If the county commission so determines, it shall record the new classification of the county with the state auditor and state tax commissioner and record its action on its county commission record.

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90 The classification of each county shall be subject to 91 review by the state tax commissioner. He shall determine if 92 the classification of each county is correct based on the 93 final assessed valuation of property, all classes, certified to 94 him by the county assessor, state auditor and county clerk. 95 If he finds that a county is incorrectly classified, he shall 96 notify the county commission of that county promptly of 97 his finding and in any case shall notify the county prior to 98 the thirtieth day of June of that current fiscal year. Any 99 county commission so notified shall correct its classification immediately and make any necessary corrections in 100 101 the salaries of its elected county officials for the next fiscal 102 year.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this article, whenever any other provision of this code refers to classifications of counties for purposes of imposing any right, duty or responsibility, the classification system set forth in subsection (a) of this section shall be utilized for determining the classification of a particular county.

# §7-7-4. Compensation of elected county officials and county commissioners for each class of county; effective date.

1 (a) (1) All county commissioners shall be paid com-2 pensation out of the county treasury in amounts and ac-3 cording to the schedule hereafter set forth for each class 4 of county as determined by the provisions of section three 5 of this article: Provided. That as to any county having a tribunal in lieu of a county commission, the county com-6 7 missioners of the county may be paid less than the mini-8 mum compensation limits of the county commission for the particular class of such county.

10	Class I	\$20,000
11	Class II	\$15,500
12	Class III	\$14,000
13	Class IV	\$10,000
14	Class V	\$ 7,000
15	Class VI	\$ 4,000

The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to each county commissioner. Within each county, every county commissioner whose term of office commenced prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, shall receive the same annual compensation as commissioners commencing a term of office on or after that date by virtue of the new duties imposed upon county commissioners pursuant to the provisions of chapter fifteen, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.

(2) For the purpose of determining the compensation to be paid to the elected county officials of each county, the following compensations for each county office by class are hereby established and shall be used by each county commission in determining the compensation of each of their county officials other than compensation of members of the county commission:

35			County	Circuit	1	Prosecuting
36		Sheriff	Clerk	Clerk	Assessor	Attorney
37	Class I	\$24,200	\$31,300	\$31,300	\$24,200	\$41,500
38	Class II	\$24,200	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$39,500
39	Class III	\$24,200	\$28,000	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$30,000
40	Class IV	\$22,300	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$22,300	\$26,500
41	Class V	\$20,400	\$22,000	\$22,000	\$20,400	\$23,500
42	Class VI	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,200	\$17,000

Any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, if any, county assessor, sheriff and prosecuting attorney of a Class I county, any assessor of a Class II and Class III county, any sheriff of a Class II and Class III county and any prosecuting attorney of a Class II county shall devote full time to his or her public duties to the exclusion of any other employment: *Provided*, That any public official, whose term of office begins when his or her county's classification im-

poses no restriction on his or her outside activities, shall not be restricted on his or her outside activities during the remainder of the term for which he or she is elected. The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, to each elected county official.

In the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount twenty-five percent higher than the compensation would be fixed for the county clerk if it had separate offices of county clerk and circuit clerk.

The Legislature finds as a fact that the duties imposed upon county clerks by the provisions of chapter sixty-four, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and by chapter fifteen, acts of the Legislature, first extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, constitute new and additional duties for county clerks and as such justify the additional compensation provided in this section without violating the provisions of section 38, article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia.

The Legislature further finds as a fact that the duties imposed upon circuit clerks by the provisions of chapters sixty-one and one hundred eighty-two, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, and by chapter sixty, acts of the Legislature, regular session, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three, constitute new and additional duties for circuit clerks and as such justify the additional compensation provided by this section without violating the provisions of section 38, article VI of the Constitution of West Virginia.

(b) Prior to the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, and for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, or for any subsequent fiscal year if the approval set out herein is not granted for any fiscal year, and at least thirty days prior to the meeting to approve the county budget, the commission shall provide notice to the public of the date and time of the meeting

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92 and that the purpose of the meeting of the county com-93 mission is to decide upon their budget certification to the 94 tax department. Upon submission by the county commis-95 sion to the chief inspector division of the department of 96 tax and revenue of a proposed annual budget which con-97 tains anticipated receipts into the county's general revenue 98 fund, less anticipated moneys from the unencumbered 99 fund balance, equal to anticipated receipts into the coun-100 ty's general revenue fund, less anticipated moneys from 101 the unencumbered fund balance and any federal or state 102 special grants, for the immediately preceding fiscal year, 103 plus such additional amount as is necessary for payment 104 of the increases in the salaries set out herein and related 105 employment taxes over that paid for the immediately 106 preceding fiscal year, and upon approval thereof by the 107 chief inspector, which approval shall not be granted for 108 any proposed annual budget containing anticipated re-109 ceipts which are unreasonably greater or lesser than that of 110 the immediately preceding fiscal year, for the purpose of 111 determining the compensation to be paid to the elected 112 county officials of each county office by class are hereby 113 established and shall be used by each county commission 114 in determining the compensation of each of their county 115 officials: Provided, That as to any county having a tribu-116 nal in lieu of a county commission, the county commis-117 sioners of the county may be paid less than the minimum 118 compensation limits of the county commission for the 119 particular class of the county.

120	COUNTY COMMISSIONER				
121	Class I	\$24,000			
122	Class II	\$18,600			
123	Class III	\$16,800			
124	Class IV	\$12,000			
125	Class V	\$ 8,400			

If the approval set out hereinabove is granted, the compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to each county commissioner. Within each

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county, every county commissioner shall receive the same annual compensation by virtue of the new duties imposed upon county commissioners pursuant to the provisions of chapter one hundred seventy-two, acts of the Legislature, second regular session, one thousand nine hundred ninety, and chapter five, acts of the Legislature, third extraordinary session, one thousand nine hundred ninety.

137 OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

138 139		Sheriff	County Clerk	Circuit Clerk	Assessor	Prosecuting Attorney
140	Class I	\$29,040	\$37,560	\$37,560	\$29,040	\$59,500
141	Class II	\$29,040	\$33,600	\$33,600	\$29,040	\$59,500
142	Class III	\$29,040	\$33,600	\$33,600	\$29,040	\$36,000
143	Class IV	\$26,760	\$28,800	\$28,800	\$26,760	\$31,800
144	Class V	\$24,480	\$26,400	\$26,400	\$24,480	\$28,200
145	Class VI	\$24,480	\$26,400	\$26,400	\$24,480	\$28,200

Any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, if any, county assessor, sheriff and prosecuting attorney of a Class I county, any assessor of a Class II and Class III county, any sheriff of a Class II and Class III county and any prosecuting attorney of a Class II county shall devote full time to his or her public duties to the exclusion of any other employment: Provided, That any public official, whose term of office begins when his or her county's classification imposes no restriction on his or her outside activities, shall not be restricted on his or her outside activities during the remainder of the term for which he or she is elected. If the approval set out hereinabove is granted, the compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to each elected county official.

In the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount twenty-five percent higher than the compensation would be fixed for

the county clerk if it had separate offices of county clerkand circuit clerk.

Prior to the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-two, in the case of a Class III, Class IV or Class V county which has a part-time prosecuting attorney, the county commission may find that such facts and circumstances exist that require the prosecuting attorney to devote full time to his or her public duties for the four-year term, beginning the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. If the county commission makes such a finding, it may by proper order adopted and entered, require the prosecuting attorney who takes office on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, to devote full time to his or her public duties and the county commission shall then compensate said prosecuting attorney at the same rate of compensation as that of a prosecuting attorney in a Class II county.

For any county: (1) Which on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, is classified as a Class II county; and (2) which prior to such date was classified as a Class III, Class IV or Class V county and maintained a part-time prosecuting attorney, the county commission may elect to maintain the prosecuting attorney as a part-time prosecuting attorney: *Provided*, That prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the county commission shall make a finding, by proper order and entered, whether to maintain a full-time or part-time prosecuting attorney. The part-time prosecuting attorney shall be compensated at the same rate of compensation as that of a prosecuting attorney in the class for the county prior to being classified as a Class II county.

(c) Prior to the primary election in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and for the fiscal year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, or for any subsequent fiscal year if the approval set out herein is not granted for any fiscal year, and at least thirty days prior to the meeting to approve the county budget, the commission shall provide notice to the

206 public of the date and time of the meeting and that the 207 purpose of the meeting of the county commission is to 208 decide upon their budget certification to the tax depart-209 ment. Upon submission by the county commission to the 210 chief inspector division of the department of tax and reve-211 nue of a proposed annual budget which contains anticipat-212 ed receipts into the county's general revenue fund, less 213 anticipated moneys from the unencumbered fund balance. 214 equal to anticipated receipts into the county's general 215 revenue fund, less anticipated moneys from the unencum-216 bered fund balance and any federal or state special grants, 217 for the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one 218 thousand nine hundred ninety-six, plus such additional 219 amount as is necessary for payment of the increases in the 220 salaries set out herein and related employment taxes over 221 that paid for the immediately preceding fiscal year, and 222 upon approval thereof by the chief inspector, which ap-223 proval shall not be granted for any proposed annual bud-224 get containing anticipated receipts which are unreasonably 225 greater or lesser than that of the immediately preceding 226 fiscal year for the purpose of determining the compensa-227 tion to be paid to the elected county officials of each 228 county office by class are hereby established and shall be 229 used by each county commission in determining whether 230 county revenues are sufficient to pay the compensation 231 mandated herein for their county officials: Provided, That 232 as to any county having a tribunal in lieu of a county 233 commission, the county commissioners of the county may 234 be paid less than the minimum compensation limits of the 235 county commission for the particular class of the county: 236 Provided, however. That should there be an insufficient 237 projected increase in revenues to pay the compensation 238 and related employment taxes mandated herein, then the 239 compensation of that county's elected officials shall re-240 main at the level in effect at the time certification was 241 sought.

242	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS			
243	Class I	\$ 28,000		
244	Class II	\$ 27,500		
245	Class III	\$ 27,000		

COUNTY COMMISSIONS	669
Class IV	\$ 26,500
Class V	\$ 26,000
Class VI	\$ 21,500
Class VII	\$ 21,000
Class VIII	\$ 19,000
Class IX	\$ 18,500
Class X	\$ 15,000
	Class V Class VI Class VII Class VIII Class IX

The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, to each county commissioner. Within each county, every county commissioner whose term of office commenced prior to or on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, shall receive the same annual compensation by virtue of legislative findings of extra duties as set forth in section one of this article.

For the purpose of determining the compensation to be paid to the elected county officials of each county, the following compensations for each county office by class are hereby established and shall be used by each county commission in determining the compensation of each of their county officials other than compensation of members of the county commission:

#### OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

270			County	Circuit	F	Prosecuting
271		Sheriff	Clerk	Clerk	Assessor	Attorney
272	Class I	\$34,000	\$42,000	\$42,000	\$34,000	\$76,000
273	Class II	\$33,500	\$41,500	\$41,500	\$33,500	\$74,000
274	Class III	\$33,250	\$40,500	\$40,500	\$33,250	\$72,000
275	Class IV	\$33,000	\$40,250	\$40,250	\$33,000	\$70,000
276	Class V	\$32,750	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$32,750	\$68,000
277	Class VI	\$32,500	\$37,500	\$37,500	\$32,500	\$45,000

278	Class VII	\$32,250	\$37,000	\$37,000	\$32,250	\$43,000
279	Class VIII	\$32,000	\$36,500	\$36,500	\$32,000	\$41,000
280	Class IX	\$31,750	\$36,000	\$36,000	\$31,750	\$38,000
281	Class X	\$29,000	\$32,000	\$32,000	\$29,000	\$35,000

The compensation hereinabove provided shall be paid on and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, to each elected county official. Any county clerk, circuit clerk, joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, if any, county assessor or sheriff of a Class I through Class V county, inclusive, any assessor or any sheriff of a Class VI through Class IX county, inclusive, shall devote full time to his or her public duties to the exclusion of any other employment: *Provided*, That any public official, whose term of office begins when his or her county's classification imposes no restriction on his or her outside activities, shall not be restricted on his or her outside activities during the remainder of the term for which he or she is elected.

In the case of a county that has a joint clerk of the county commission and circuit court, the compensation of the joint clerk shall be fixed in an amount twenty-five percent higher than the compensation would be fixed for the county clerk if it had separate offices of county clerk and circuit clerk.

Any prosecuting attorney of a Class I through Class V county, inclusive, shall devote full time to his or her public duties to the exclusion of any other employment: *Provided*, That any county which under the prior provisions of this section was classified as a Class II county and elected to maintain a part-time prosecutor may continue to maintain a part-time prosecutor, until such time as the county commission, on request of the part-time prosecutor, approves and makes a finding, by proper order entered, that the prosecuting attorney shall devote full time to his or her public duties. The county commission shall then compensate said prosecuting attorney at the same rate of compensation as that of a prosecuting attorney in a Class V county: *Provided*, *however*, That any county which under the

- 316 prior provisions of this section was classified as a Class II
- 317 county and which did not elect to maintain a part-time
- 318 prosecutor shall maintain a full-time prosecuting attorney
- 319 and shall compensate said prosecuting attorney at the
- 320 same rate of compensation as that of a prosecuting attor-
- 321 ney in a Class V county: Provided further, That, until the
- 322 first day of January, two thousand one, when a vacancy
- 323 occurs in the office of prosecuting attorney prior to the
- 324 end of a term, the county commission of a Class IV or
- 325 Class V county may elect to allow the position to become
- 326 part time for the end of that term, and thereafter the posi-
- 327 tion of prosecuting attorney shall become full time.

# §7-7-6b. Additional compensation of assessors according to county classification.

- 1 For the purpose of determining the additional com-
- 2 pensation to be paid to the county assessor of each county
- 3 for the additional duties provided by section six-a of this
- 4 article, the following compensations for each county asses-
- 5 sor by class, as provided in section three of this article, are
- 6 hereby established and shall be used by each county com-
- 7 mission in determining the compensation of each county
- 8 assessor; for assessors in Class I V counties, inclusive,
- 9 fifteen thousand dollars; for assessors in Class VI and VII
- 10 counties, ten thousand dollars; for assessors in Class VIII
- 11 and IX counties, nine thousand dollars; for assessors in
- 12 Class X counties, six thousand five hundred dollars.
- 13 Notwithstanding this section or any other section of
- 14 the code to the contrary, in no event shall the additional
- 15 compensation paid to the county assessors for perfor-
- 16 mance of additional duties as provided in section six-a of
- this article be less than the additional compensation such
   county assessors received on the first day of January, one
- 19 thousand nine hundred seventy-six.

# CHAPTER 11A. COLLECTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF PROPERTY TAXES.

ARTICLE 1. ACCRUAL AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

§11A-1-17. Sheriff's commission for collection.

After the sheriff has collected eighty-five percent of 1 the combined total of all taxes assessed on real and personal property, he shall, in addition to the salary and com-4 pensation now authorized by law, be allowed a commission as follows: Two and one-half percent on the remain-5 der of the taxes actually collected up to ninety percent of 7 the combined total of all taxes assessed on real and personal property, three and one-half percent of the remain-8 der collected above ninety percent and up to ninety-five percent of the combined total of all taxes assessed on real 10 and personal property, and five percent on the remainder 11 12 of taxes collected above ninety-five percent of the combined total of all taxes assessed on real and personal prop-13 erty. In all cases the taxes collected on which any com-14 mission shall be paid will be exclusive of interest and 15 charges thereon, if the collection be made before the de-16 linquent list has been approved by the county commis-17 sion: Provided, That the total amount of commissions 18 paid to any sheriff shall not exceed the sum of fifteen 19 20 thousand dollars in any one year. The commission so allowed shall be determined by the county commission 21 and charged against the various funds for which the taxes 22 are collected 23

# CHAPTER 97

(S. B. 422—By Senators Bowman, Wiedebusch, Schoonover, Buckalew, Miller, Dittmar, Bailey, Wagner and Blatnik)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section seventeen, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section seventeen, article fourteen-b of said chapter; to amend and reenact section twenty, article fourteen, chapter eight of said code; and to amend and reenact section twenty-five, article fifteen of said chapter, all relating to the recovery of reasonable attorney fees by a deputy sheriff, police officer, firefighter or correctional officer in a civil service proceeding and a subsequent appeal therefrom where the applicable civil service commission or a court has determined that the deputy sheriff, police officer, firefighter or correctional officer has been unlawfully removed, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section seventeen, article fourteen, chapter seven of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section seventeen, article fourteen-b of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section twenty, article fourteen, chapter eight of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-five, article fifteen of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

- 7. County Commissions and Officers.
- 8. Municipal Corporations.

#### CHAPTER 7. COUNTY COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS.

#### Article

- 14. Civil Service for Deputy Sheriffs.
- 14B. Civil Service for Correctional Officers.

#### ARTICLE 14. CIVIL SERVICE FOR DEPUTY SHERIFFS.

# §7-14-17. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; hearing; attorney fees; appeal; reduction in force; mandatory retirement age.

- 1 (a) No deputy sheriff of any county subject to the
- 2 provisions of this article may be removed, discharged,
- 3 suspended or reduced in rank or pay except for just cause,
- 4 which may not be religious or political, except as provided
- 5 in section fifteen of this article; and no such deputy may
- be removed, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or
   pay except as provided in this article and in no event until
- 8 the deputy has been furnished with a written statement of
- 9 the reasons for the action. In every case of such removal,
- 10 discharge, suspension or reduction, a copy of the state-
- 11 ment of reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto,
- 12 if the deputy desires to file such written answer, shall be

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13 furnished to the civil service commission and entered 14 upon its records. If the deputy demands it, the civil ser-1.5 vice commission shall grant a public hearing, which hear-16 ing shall be held within a period of ten days from the 17 filing of the charges in writing or the written answer there-18 to, whichever shall last occur. At the hearing, the burden 19 shall be upon the sheriff to justify his or her action, and in the event the sheriff fails to justify the action before the commission, then the deputy shall be reinstated with full 22 pay, forthwith and without any additional order, for the entire period during which the deputy may have been 23 24 prevented from performing his or her usual employment. 25 and no charges may be officially recorded against the 26 deputy's record. The deputy, if reinstated or exonerated, 27 shall, if represented by legal counsel, be awarded reason-28 able attorney fees to be determined by the commission 29 and paid by the sheriff from county funds. A written 30 record of all testimony taken at the hearing shall be kept 31 and preserved by the civil service commission, which re-32 cord shall be sealed and not be open to public inspection 33 unless an appeal is taken from the action of the commis-34 sion.

(b) In the event the civil service commission sustains the action of the sheriff, the deputy has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court of the county. In the event that the commission reinstates the deputy, the sheriff has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. In the event either the sheriff or the deputy objects to the amount of the attorney fees awarded to the deputy, the objecting party has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. Any appeal must be taken within ninety days from the date of entry by the civil service commission of its final order. Upon an appeal being taken and docketed with the clerk of the circuit court of the county, the circuit court shall proceed to hear the appeal upon the original record made before the commission and no additional proof may be permitted to be introduced. The circuit court's decision is final, but the deputy or sheriff, as the case may be, against whom the decision of the circuit court is rendered has the right to petition the supreme court of appeals for a review of the circuit court's decision as in other civil cases.

- The deputy or sheriff also has the right, where appropriate,
- 55 to seek, in lieu of an appeal, a writ of mandamus. The
- 56 deputy, if reinstated or exonerated by the circuit court or
- 57 by the supreme court of appeals, shall, if represented by
- 58 legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attorney fees as ap-
- 59 proved by the court and the fees shall be paid by the sher-
- 60 iff from county funds.
- 61 (c) The removing sheriff and the deputy shall at all 62 times, both before the civil service commission and upon 63 appeal, be given the right to employ counsel to represent 64 them.
- 65 (d) If for reasons of economy or other reasons it is 66 deemed necessary by any appointing sheriff to reduce the 67 number of his or her deputies, the sheriff shall follow the 68 procedure set forth in this subsection. The reduction in the numbers of the deputy sheriffs of the county shall be 69 70 effected by suspending the last person or persons, includ-71 ing probationers, who have been appointed as deputies. 72 The removal shall be accomplished by suspending the 73 number desired in the inverse order of their appointment: 74 Provided, That in the event the number of deputies is increased in numbers to the strength existing prior to the 75 reduction of deputies, the deputies suspended under the 76 77 terms of this subsection shall be reinstated in the inverse 78 order of their suspension before any new appointments of 79 deputy sheriffs in the county are made.
- 80 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this arti-81 cle to the contrary, no deputy sheriff in any county sub-92 ject to the provisions of this article may serve as a deputy 93 sheriff in any county subject to the provisions of this arti-94 cle after attaining the age of sixty-five years.

#### ARTICLE 14B. CIVIL SERVICE FOR CORRECTIONAL OFFI-CERS.

# §7-14B-17. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; appeal; reduction in force; mandatory retirement age.

1 (a) No correctional officer of any county subject to 2 the provisions of this article, may be removed, discharged,

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suspended or reduced in rank or pay except for just cause, which may not be religious or political, except as provided in section fifteen of this article; and no such correctional officer may be removed, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay except as provided in this article and in no event until the correctional officer has been furnished with a written statement of the reasons for the action. In every case of such removal, discharge, suspension or reduction, a copy of the statement of reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto, if the correctional officer desires to file such written answer, shall be furnished to the civil service commission and entered upon its records. If the correctional officer demands it, the civil service commission shall grant him a public hearing, which hearing shall be held within a period of ten days from the filing of the charges in writing or the written answer thereto, whichever shall last occur. At the hearing, the burden shall be upon the sheriff to justify his or her action, and in the event the sheriff fails to justify the action before the commission, then the correctional officer shall be reinstated with full pay, forthwith and without any additional order, for the entire period during which the officer may have been prevented from performing his or her usual employment, and no charges may be officially recorded against the officer's record. The correctional officer, if reinstated or exonerated, shall, if represented by legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attorney fees to be determined by the commission and paid by the sheriff from county funds. A written record of all testimony taken at the hearing shall be kept and preserved by the civil service commission, which record shall be sealed and not be open to public inspection, unless an appeal is taken from the action of the commission.

(b) In the event the civil service commission sustains the action of the sheriff, the correctional officer has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court of the county. In the event that the commission reinstates the correctional officer, the sheriff has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. In the event either the sheriff or the correctional officer objects to the amount of the attorneys fees awarded to the correctional officer, the objecting

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44 party has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. 45 Any appeal must be taken within ninety days from the 46 date of entry by the civil service commission of its final 47 order. Upon an appeal being taken and docketed with the 48 clerk of the circuit court of the county, the circuit court 49 shall proceed to hear the appeal upon the original record 50 made before the commission and no additional proof may 51 be permitted to be introduced. The circuit court's decision 52 is final, but the correctional officer or sheriff, as the case 53 may be, against whom the decision of the circuit court is 54 rendered has the right to petition the supreme court of 55 appeals for a review of the circuit court's decision as in 56 other civil cases. The correctional officer or sheriff also 57 has the right, where appropriate, to seek in lieu of an ap-58 peal, a writ of mandamus. The correctional officer, if rein-59 stated or exonerated by the circuit court or the supreme court of appeals, shall, if represented by legal counsel, be 60 61 awarded reasonable attorney fees as approved by the court 62 and the fees shall be paid by the sheriff from county 63 funds.

- (c) The removing sheriff and the correctional officer shall at all times, both before the civil service commission and upon appeal, be given the right to employ counsel to represent them.
- (d) If for reasons of economy or other reasons it is deemed necessary by any appointing sheriff to reduce the number of his or her correctional officers, the sheriff shall follow the procedure set forth in this subsection. The reduction in the numbers of the correctional officers of the county shall be effected by suspending the last person or persons, including probationers, who have been appointed as correctional officers: *Provided*, That in the event the number of correctional officers is increased in numbers to the strength existing prior to the reduction of correctional officers, the correctional officers suspended under the terms of this subsection shall be reinstated in the inverse order of their suspension before any new appointments of correctional officers in the county are made.
- 82 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article 83 to the contrary, no correctional officer in any county

- 84 subject to the provisions of this article may serve as a cor-
- 85 rectional officer in any county subject to the provisions of
- 86 this article after attaining the age of sixty-five years.

#### CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

#### Article

- 14. Law and Order; Police Force or Departments; Powers, Authority and Duties of Law-Enforcement Officials and Policemen; Police Matrons; Special School Zone and Parking Lot or Parking Building; Police Officers; Civil Service for Certain Police Departments.
- Fire Fighting; Fire Companies and Departments; Civil Service for Paid Fire Departments.
- ARTICLE 14. LAW AND ORDER; POLICE FORCE OR DEPARTMENTS; POWERS, AUTHORITY AND DUTIES
  OF LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS AND
  POLICEMEN; POLICE MATRONS; SPECIAL
  SCHOOL ZONE AND PARKING LOT OR PARKING BUILDING; POLICE OFFICERS; CIVIL
  SERVICE FOR CERTAIN POLICE DEPARTMENTS.
- §8-14-20. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; hearing; attorney fees; appeal; reduction in number of members.
  - 1 (a) No member of any paid police department subject
  - 2 to the civil service provisions of this article may be re-
  - 3 moved, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay
  - 4 except for just cause, which may not be religious or politi-
  - 5 cal, except as provided in section nineteen of this article;
  - 6 and no such member may be removed, discharged, sus-
  - 7 pended or reduced in rank or pay except as provided by
  - 8 the civil service provisions of this article, and in no event
  - 9 until the member has been furnished with a written state-
  - 10 ment of the reasons for the action. In every case of such
  - 11 removal, discharge, suspension or reduction, a copy of the
  - 12 statement of reasons therefor and of the written answer
  - 13 thereto, if the member desires to file such written answer,
  - 14 shall be furnished to the policemen's civil service commis-
  - 15 sion and entered upon its records. If the member de-
  - 16 mands it, the commission shall grant a public hearing,
  - 17 which hearing shall be held within a period of ten days
  - 18 from the filing of the charges in writing or the written

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19 answer thereto, whichever shall last occur. At the hearing, 20 the burden shall be upon the removing, discharging, sus-21 pending or reducing officer, hereinafter in this section 22 referred to as "removing officer", to show just cause for his 23 or her action, and in the event the removing officer fails to 24 show just cause for the action before the commission, then 25 the member shall be reinstated with full pay, forthwith and 26 without any additional order, for the entire period during 27 which the member may have been prevented from per-28 forming his or her usual employment, and no charges 29 may be officially recorded against the member's record. 30 The member, if reinstated or exonerated, shall, if repre-31 sented by legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attorney 32 fees to be determined by the commission and paid by the 33 governing body. A written record of all testimony taken 34 at the hearing shall be kept and preserved by the commission, which record shall be sealed and not be open to pub-35 36 lic inspection unless an appeal is taken from the action of 37 the commission.

(b) In the event the commission sustains the action of the removing officer, the member has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court of the county wherein the city or the major portion of the territory thereof is located. In the event that the commission reinstates the member, the removing officer has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. In the event either the removing officer or the member objects to the amount of the attorney fees awarded to the member, the objecting party has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. Any appeal must be taken within ninety days from the date of entry by the commission of its final order. Upon an appeal being taken and docketed with the clerk of the circuit court of the county, the circuit court shall proceed to hear the appeal upon the original record made before the commission and no additional proof may be permitted to be introduced. The circuit court's decision is final, but the member or removing officer, as the case may be, against whom the decision of the circuit court is rendered has the right to petition the supreme court of appeals for a review of the circuit court's decision as in other civil cases. The member or removing officer also has the right, where

- appropriate, to seek, in lieu of an appeal, a writ of mandamus. The member, if reinstated or exonerated by the circuit court or by the supreme court of appeals, shall, if represented by legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attorney fees as approved by the court and the fees shall be paid by the governing body.
- 66 (c) The removing officer and the member shall at all 67 times, both before the commission and upon appeal, be 68 given the right to employ counsel to represent them.
- 69 (d) If for reasons of economy or other reasons it is deemed necessary by any Class I or Class II city to reduce 70 71 the number of paid members of its paid police depart-72 ment, the city shall follow the procedure set forth in this 73 subsection. The reduction in members of the paid police 74 department of the city shall be effected by suspending the last person or persons, including probationers, who have 75 been appointed to the paid police department. 76 77 moval shall be accomplished by suspending the number 78 desired in the inverse order of their appointment: Provided. That in the event the said paid police department is 79 80 increased in numbers to the strength existing prior to the 81 reduction of members, the members suspended under the 82 terms of this subsection shall be reinstated in the inverse 83 order of their suspension before any new appointments to 84 said paid police department are made.

#### ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DE-PARTMENTS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

# §8-15-25. Removal, discharge, suspension or reduction in rank or pay; hearing; attorney fees; appeal; reduction in number of members.

1 (a) No member of any paid fire department subject to
2 the civil service provisions of this article may be removed,
3 discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay except
4 for just cause, which may not be religious or political,
5 except as provided in section twenty-four of this article;
6 and no such member may be removed, discharged, suspended or reduced in rank or pay except as provided by
8 the civil service provisions of this article, and in no event

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until the member has been furnished with a written statement of the reasons for the action. In every case of such removal, discharge, suspension or reduction, a copy of the statement of reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto, if the member desires to file such written answer. shall be furnished to the firemen's civil service commission and entered upon its records. If the member demands it, the commission shall grant a public hearing, which hearing shall be held within a period of ten days from the filing of the charges in writing or the written answer thereto, whichever shall last occur. At the hearing, the burden shall be upon the removing, discharging, suspending or reducing officer, hereinafter in this section referred to as "removing officer", to show just cause for his or her action, and in the event the removing officer fails to show just cause for the action before the commission, then the member shall be reinstated with full pay, forthwith and without any additional order, for the entire period during which the member may have been prevented from performing his or her usual employment, and no charges may be officially recorded against the member's record. member, if reinstated or exonerated, shall, if represented by legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attorney fees to be determined by the commission and paid by the governing body. A written record of all testimony taken at the hearing shall be kept and preserved by this commission. which record shall be sealed and not be open to public inspection unless an appeal is taken from the action of the commission.

(b) In the event the commission sustains the action of the removing officer, the member has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court of the county wherein the municipality or the major portion of the territory thereof is located. In the event that the commission reinstates the member, the removing officer has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. In the event either the removing officer or the member objects to the amount of the attorney fees awarded to the member, the objecting party has an immediate right of appeal to the circuit court. Any appeal must be taken within ninety days from the date of

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entry by the commission of its final order. Upon an ap-49 50 peal being taken and docketed with the clerk of the circuit 51 court of the county, the circuit court shall proceed to hear 52 the appeal upon the original record made before the com-53 mission and no additional proof may be permitted to be 54 introduced. The circuit court's decision is final, but the 55 member or removing officer, as the case may be, against 56 whom the decision of the circuit court is rendered has the 57 right to petition the supreme court of appeals for a review of the circuit court's decision as in other civil cases. The 58 59 member or removing officer also has the right, where 60 appropriate, to seek, in lieu of an appeal, a writ of manda-61 mus. The member, if reinstated or exonerated by the cir-62 cuit court or by the supreme court of appeals, shall, if 63 represented by legal counsel, be awarded reasonable attor-64 ney fees as approved by the court and the fees shall be 65 paid by the governing body.

- (c) The removing officer and the member shall at all times, both before the commission and upon appeal, be given the right to employ counsel to represent them.
- (d) If for reasons of economy or other reasons it is deemed necessary by any such municipality to reduce the number of paid members of its paid fire department, the municipality shall follow the procedure set forth in this subsection. The reduction in members of the paid fire department of the municipality shall be effected by suspending the last person or persons, including probationers, who have been appointed to the paid fire department. The removal shall be accomplished by suspending the number desired in the inverse order of their appointment: Provided. That in the event the said paid fire department is increased in numbers to the strength existing prior to the reduction of members, the members suspended under the terms of this subsection shall be reinstated in the inverse order of their suspension before any new appointments to said paid fire department are made.

# **CHAPTER 98**

(H. B. 4527—By Delegates Farris, Seacrist, Cann, Douglas, Fantasia, Faircloth and Greear)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal article ten, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter thirty-one-c, all relating generally to providing for the organization, operation, and supervision of cooperative, nonprofit thrift and credit associations to be known as credit unions; and to define their powers.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten, chapter thirty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that said code be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated chapter thirty-one-c, all to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 31C. CREDIT UNIONS.

#### Article

- 1. Supervision and Regulation.
- 2. Formation of Credit Union.
- 3. Powers of Credit Union.
- 4. Membership.
- 5. Direction of Credit Union Affairs.
- 6. Accounts.
- 7. Loans.
- 8. Other Member Services.
- 9. Investments and Reserve Allocations.
- 10. Change in Corporate Status.
- 11. Corporate Credit Union.
- 12. Penalties.

#### ARTICLE 1. SUPERVISION AND REGULATION.

- §31C-1-1. Definitions.
- §31C-1-2. Authority of commissioner and board of banking and financial institutions.

- §31C-1-3. Powers of commissioner.
- §31C-1-4. Suspension; involuntary liquidation.
- §31C-1-5. Examinations.
- §31C-1-6. Records.
- §31C-1-7. Reports.

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§31C-1-8. Assessments.

#### §31C-1-1. Definitions.

- 1 In construing this chapter, the following definitions 2 shall apply unless such application would produce a result 3 clearly inconsistent with the context of the statutory provi-4 sion.
- 5 (a) "Board of banking and financial institutions" means the board created pursuant to section one, article 7 three, chapter thirty-one-a of this code and is referred to 8 herein as "board."
- (b) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia com-10 missioner of banking.
- 11 (c) "Corporate credit union" means a credit union whose field of membership consists primarily of other 12 13 credit unions.
- (d) "Credit union" means a cooperative, nonprofit corporation, incorporated under this chapter, for the purposes of encouraging thrift among its members, creating a source of credit at fair and reasonable rates of interest, and providing an opportunity for its members to use and con-18 trol their own money on a democratic basis in order to 19 improve their economic and social condition.
- (e) "Deposit account" means a balance held by a 21 credit union and established by a member, another credit 22 union or a governmental unit in accordance with standards 23 specified by the credit union including balances designat-24 ed as deposits, deposit certificates, checking accounts or 25 other names. Ownership of a deposit account does not 26 confer membership or voting rights and does not repre-27 sent an interest in the equity capital of the credit union 28 upon dissolution or conversion to another type of institu-29 tion. A deposit account is a debt owed by the credit union 30 to the account holder. 31

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- 32 (f) "Equity capital" means reserves, loan loss and 33 investment loss allowance accounts, and undivided earn-34 ings.
- 35 (g) "Fixed asset" means a structure, land, computer 36 hardware and software, furniture, office equipment and 37 heating and cooling equipment that is affixed to premises.
- 38 (h) "Governmental unit" means any board, agency, 39 department, authority, instrumentality or other unit or 40 organizations of the federal, state, county, municipal or 41 other level of government.
- (i) "Immediate family" means one's wife or husband, 43 and children, brothers, sisters or parents of the member or their spouse. The term "children" also includes stepchildren, foster children and adopted children.
- 46 (j) "Insolvent" means the condition that results when 47 the institution is unable to pay its debts to its depositors, 48 members and other creditors in the ordinary and usual 49 course of business or when it is in a state of balance sheet 50 insolvency such that its assets are less than its liabilities, exclusive of equity capital. The term "about to be insol-51 52 vent" means the institution would be unable to meet the 53 demands of its depositors or members, or to make ade-54 quate provision for their timely payment if it were imme-55 diately closed for the purpose of liquidation.
  - (k) "Insuring organization" means an organization that provides aid and financial assistance to credit unions that are in the process of liquidation or are incurring financial difficulty in order that the share and deposit accounts in the credit unions shall be protected or guaranteed against loss either without limit or up to a specified level for each account.
  - (1) "Membership share" means a balance held by a corporate credit union and established by a member in accordance with standards specified by the corporate credit union. Ownership of a membership share represents an interest in the capital of the corporate credit union upon dissolution or conversion to another type of institution.

- 69 (m) "Organization" means any corporation, associa-70 tion, partnership, society, firm, syndicate, trust or other 71 legal entity.
- (n) "Person" means any natural person, organization or governmental unit.
- 74 (o) "Reserves" means allocations of retained income 75 and includes regular and special reserves, except for any 76 allowances for loan losses and investment losses.
- (p) "Risk assets" means all assets other than cash on hand, deposits and/or shares in federally or state-insured banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions that have a remaining maturity of five years or less, or which otherwise qualify as risk assets as set forth in 12 CFR 700.1(i) and shall include membership shares in corporate credit unions.
- 84 (q) "Share account" or "shares" means a balance held by a credit union and established by a member in accor-85 86 dance with standards specified by the credit union includ-87 ing balances designated as shares, share certificates, share 88 draft accounts or other names. However, it does not in-89 clude membership shares issued by a corporate credit 90 union. Ownership of a share account confers membership 91 and voting rights and represents an interest in the equity 92 capital of the credit union upon dissolution or conversion 93 to another type of institution.

# §31C-1-2. Authority of commissioner and board of banking and financial institutions.

The commissioner of the department of banking shall be responsible for the supervision and regulation of credit unions incorporated under this chapter or previously incorporated under this code. The commissioner is specifically charged with administering the supervisory and regulatory responsibilities set forth in this chapter, in conjunction with the board of banking and financial institutions as set forth in section two, article three, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

## §31C-1-3. Powers of commissioner.

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- 1 (a) The commissioner may prescribe rules to imple-2 ment any provision of this chapter and to define any term 3 not defined in the chapter. Such rules shall serve to foster 4 and maintain an effective level of credit union services and 5 the security of member accounts.
  - (b) The commissioner may restrict the withdrawal of share or deposit accounts or both from any credit union having determined circumstances make such restriction necessary for the proper protection of shareholders or depositors.
  - (c) The commissioner may issue cease and desist orders pursuant to section four, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code if a credit union is engaged or has engaged, or when the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe the credit union is about to engage, in an unsafe or unsound practice, or is violating or has violated or the commissioner has reasonable cause to believe is about to violate a material provision of any law, rule or any condition imposed in writing by the commissioner or any written agreement made with the commissioner.
  - (d) The commissioner may suspend from office and prohibit from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of a credit union any director, officer or committee member who has committed any violation of a law, rule or of a cease and desist order or who has engaged or participated in any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the credit union or who has committed or engaged in any act, omission or practice which constitutes a breach of that person's fiduciary duty as such director, officer or committee member, when the commissioner has determined that such action or actions have resulted or will result in substantial financial loss or other damage that seriously prejudices the interests of the members.
  - (e) The commissioner shall have the power to subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, require the production of evidence, administer oaths and examine any person under oath in connection with any subject relating to a duty imposed upon or a power vested in the commissioner.

- 41 (f) The commissioner may enter into cooperative, 42 coordinating or information-sharing agreements with any 43 other state or federal credit union supervisory agency or 44 any organization affiliated with or representing one or 45 more credit union supervisory agencies.
  - (g) The commissioner shall also in connection with the supervision of credit unions have all powers set forth in article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code relating to the regulation of credit unions as financial institutions and to any subsidiary or affiliate organization of such credit union.

# §31C-1-4. Suspension; involuntary liquidation.

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- 1 (a) If it appears that any credit union is bankrupt, 2 insolvent, about to be insolvent or that it has willfully vio-3 lated this chapter, or is operating in an unsafe or unsound 4 manner, the commissioner may, without prior hearing, 5 issue an order temporarily suspending the credit union's 6 operations. The credit union's board of directors shall be 7 given notice by registered mail of such suspension, which 8 notice shall include a list of the reasons for such suspen-9 sion, and a list of the specific violations of this chapter, if 10 The commissioner shall also notify the insuring 11 organization and the board of banking and financial insti-12 tutions of any suspension.
  - (b) Upon receipt of such suspension notice, the credit union shall cease all operations, except those authorized by the commissioner. The credit union's board of directors shall then file with the commissioner a reply to the suspension notice within five business days of its receipt, and must therein request a hearing to be held within sixty days to present a plan of corrective actions proposed if they desire to continue operations. Alternatively, the credit union's board of directors may request that the credit union be declared insolvent and a liquidating agent be appointed.
  - (c) Upon receipt from the suspended credit union of evidence that the conditions causing the order of suspension have been corrected, the commissioner may revoke the suspension notice, permit the credit union to resume

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normal operations, and notify the insuring organization and the board of banking and financial institutions of such action.

- 31 (d) If the commissioner, after issuing notice of sus-32 pension and providing an opportunity for a hearing, re-33 jects the credit union's plan to continue operations, or if 34 the commissioner after accepting or directing a plan for 35 continued operations finds that the credit union has failed 36 to comply with the plan's substantive corrective provisions. 37 then the commissioner may issue a notice of involuntary 38 liquidation and appoint a liquidating agent. The credit 39 union shall be given at least sixty days in which to take 40 corrective action upon acceptance or issuance of any cor-41 rective plan by the commissioner. The credit union may 42 request the appropriate court to stay execution of an in-43 voluntary liquidation sought under this subsection. How-44 ever, nothing in this section prevents the commissioner 45 from appointing a conservator pursuant to section three, article seven, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, including a 46 47 temporary appointment of a conservator pending the 48 correction of the conditions causing the suspension, or 49 appointing a receiver and seeking to liquidate the credit 50 union pursuant to section four, article seven, chapter thirty-one-a of this code when necessary in order to pro-51 52 tect the interest of the credit union's members and deposi-53 tors.
- (e) If, within the suspension period, the credit union fails to answer the suspension notice or request a hearing, the commissioner may then revoke the credit union's charter, appoint a liquidating agent and liquidate the credit union.
  - (f) In the event of liquidation, the assets of the credit union or the proceeds from any disposition of the assets shall be applied and distributed in the following sequence:
- 62 (1) Secured creditors up to the value of their collater-63 al;
- 64 (2) Costs and expenses of liquidation;
- 65 (3) Wages due the employees of the credit union;

- 66 (4) Costs and expenses incurred by creditors in suc-67 cessfully opposing the release of the credit union from 68 certain debts as allowed by the commissioner;
- 69 (5) Taxes owed to the United States or any other 70 governmental unit;
  - (6) Debts owed to the United States:
- 72 (7) General creditors, secured creditors to the extent 73 their claims exceed the value of their collateral and owners 74 of deposit accounts to the extent such accounts are unin-75 sured:
- 76 (8) Members, to the extent of uninsured share accounts and the organization that insured the accounts of the credit union; and
- 79 (9) Members of a corporate credit union, to the ex-80 tent of membership shares.

81 As soon as the appointed liquidating agent deter-82 mines that all assets from which there is a reasonable ex-83 pectancy of realization have been liquidated and distribut-84 ed as set forth in this section, a certificate of dissolution 85 shall be executed on a form prescribed by the commissioner and filed with the secretary of state, which shall 86 87 after filing and indexing same, be forwarded to the com-88 missioner, whereupon the credit union shall be dissolved. 89 The liquidating agent shall return all pertinent books and records of the liquidating credit union to the commission-90 91 er.

#### §31C-1-5. Examinations.

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- 1 (a) The commissioner shall annually examine or 2 cause to be examined each credit union. A credit union 3 and any of its officers and agents shall be required to give 4 the commissioner or the commissioner's representatives 5 full access to all books, papers, securities, records and other sources of information under their control.
  - (b) A report of such examination shall be forwarded to the credit union's board of directors within thirty days after completion. Said report shall contain comments relative to the management of the affairs of the credit

11 union and the general condition of its assets. Within thirty 12 days after the receipt of such report, the directors and 13 committee members shall meet to consider matters con-14 tained in the report. Every official communication from 15 the commissioner to any such institution, or to any officer 16 thereof, relating to an examination or an investigation of 17 the affairs of such institution conducted by the commis-18 sioner or containing suggestions or recommendations as 19 to the manner of conducting the business of the institu-20 tion, shall be read to the board of directors at the next 21 meeting after the receipt thereof, and the president, or 22 other executive officer, of the institution shall within four-23 teen days of such meeting notify the commissioner in 24 writing of the presentation and reading of the communica-25 tion and of any action taken thereon by the institution.

26 (c) In lieu of making an examination of a credit 27 union, the commissioner may accept an examination or 28 audit report of the condition of the credit union made by 29 the national credit union administration.

## §31C-1-6. Records.

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- (a) A credit union shall maintain all books, records, accounting systems and procedures in accordance with such rules as the commissioner from time to time prescribes. In prescribing such rules, the commissioner shall consider the relative size of a credit union and its reasonable capability of compliance. Unless otherwise required or permitted by a specific rule, credit unions shall follow the record retention requirements set forth in section thirty-five, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.
- (b) A credit union is not liable for destroying records after the expiration of the record retention time prescribed by subsection (a) of this section, except for any records involved in an official investigation or examination about which the credit union has received notice.
- (c) Reproduction of any credit union records shall be admissible as evidence of transactions with the credit union as provided in section seven-b, article one, chapter fifty-seven; and section thirty-five, article four, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

#### §31C-1-7. Reports.

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- 1 (a) Credit unions shall report to the commissioner semi-annually during January and July of each calendar year on a date set by the commissioner for the business 4 periods ending the thirtieth day of June and the thirty-first day of December respectively on forms supplied by the 5 6 commissioner for that purpose. Additional reports may 7 also be required.
- (b) A charge of one hundred dollars shall be levied for each day a credit union fails to provide a required report, unless it is excused for cause by the commissioner 10 or courts.
- 12 (c) The fiscal year of each credit union incorporated 13 under this chapter shall end on the last day of December.
- 14 (d) In addition to other reports that may be required 15 under this chapter, every credit union with a main office or branch located in this state shall file with the commis-16 sioner an annual report specifying for its main office and 17 18 each branch (excluding automated teller machines) in this 19 state:
- 20 (i) The location of each such office, including coun-21 ty and, where applicable, municipality;
- 22 (ii) The amount of deposits and shares held by each 23 such office as of the end of the preceding calendar year; 24
- 25 (iii) The amount of loans outstanding by each such 26 office at the end of the preceding calendar year.

The foregoing report shall be based upon the credit 27 union's allocation of its deposit and share base and loan 28 portfolio among its offices. The report shall be filed with 29 the commissioner on or before the fifteenth day of Febru-30 31 ary of each year on forms prescribed by the commission-32 eг.

## §31C-1-8. Assessments.

The commissioner of banking shall charge and 1 collect from each credit union and pay into a special revenue account in the state treasury for the department of

- 4 banking an annual assessment payable on the first day of
- July computed upon the total assets of the credit union
- shown on the report of condition of the credit union as of
- 7 the last business day in December of the previous year as
- 8 is set out in section eight, article two, chapter thirty-one-a
- of this code.

# ARTICLE 2. FORMATION OF CREDIT UNION.

- §31C-2-1. Organization procedure.
- §31C-2-2. Certification of charter; and certificate of authority.
- §31C-2-3. Articles and bylaws.
- §31C-2-4. Use of name exclusive.
- §31C-2-5. Branches and other service facilities.
- §31C-2-6. Out-of-state credit unions.
- §31C-2-7. Conducting business outside this state.
- §31C-2-8. Tax exemption.
- §31C-2-9 Credit unions heretofore organized need not obtain new charter; actions validated.

# §31C-2-1. Organization procedure.

- 1 (a) Any eight or more residents of this state, of legal
  2 age, who share the common bond referred to in section
  3 one, article four of this chapter, may organize a credit
  4 union and become charter members thereof by complying with this section.
- 6 (b) The incorporators shall prepare, adopt and exe-7 cute in duplicate articles of incorporation and agree to the 8 terms thereof. The articles shall state:
- 9 (1) The credit union's name and the address of the proposed credit union's principal place of business;
- 11 (2) That the existence of the credit union shall be 12 perpetual;
- 13 (3) The names and addresses of the incorporators to 14 the articles of incorporation, and the number of shares 15 subscribed to by each, which for each incorporator shall 16 be not less than one share; and
- 17 (4) The par value of each share to be issued.
- 18 (c) The incorporators shall prepare, adopt and exe-19 cute in duplicate bylaws consistent with this chapter for the

- 20 general government of the credit union. The bylaws shall 21 state:
- 22 (1) The conditions and qualifications of member-23 ship;
- (2) The conditions upon which shares may be issued,transferred and withdrawn;

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- (3) The number of directors, their powers and duties; and the compensation and duties of all officers;
- (4) The date of the annual meeting and requirements as to notice and manner of conducting such meeting;
- (5) The term of service for directors, which terms shall be staggered so that an approximately equal number expire each year;
- (6) The number and term of service for supervisory committee members, together with their powers and duties;
- (7) The number and the term of service for credit committee members, unless the bylaws provide for the board of directors to act as the credit committee, and their respective powers and duties;
- 39 (8) The purposes and conditions upon which loans 40 may be made;
- 41 (9) The manner of a member's appeal for a loan 42 application disapproved by a loan officer, if the bylaws 43 provide for the appointment of loan officers; and
- (10) The par value of shares, and where applicable in corporate credit unions, any membership shares.
  - (d) The incorporators shall select at least five persons who are eligible for membership and who agree to become members and serve on the board of directors, and at least three other persons who are eligible for membership and who agree to become members and serve on the supervisory committee. The persons selected to serve on the board of directors and supervisory committee shall execute an agreement to serve in these capacities until the first annual meeting or until the election of their respective successors, whichever is later.

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- 56 (e) The incorporators shall provide to the commissioner an affidavit of the expenses incurred or anticipated in the organization of the credit union.
- (f) In their application to obtain a certificate of charter the incorporators shall forward to the commissioner the duplicate articles of incorporation and bylaws and the agreements to serve. The submission of these documents shall be accompanied by an investigation fee of one hundred dollars payable to the commissioner.

# §31C-2-2. Certification of charter; and certificate of authority.

- 1 (a) The commissioner shall review the incorporation 2 agreement and bylaws together with other information 3 submitted as the commissioner may prescribe and com-4 plete the examination and investigation on an application 5 to charter a credit union within ninety days, unless a writ-6 ten request for additional information or disclosures are 7 made by the commissioner, in which event, the period of 8 ninety days shall be extended an additional thirty days. 9 Upon public hearing and obtaining written approval by 10 order of the commissioner, the agreement and bylaws, 11 both executed in duplicate, together with a certified copy 12 of the order and applicable corporation chartering fees shall be forwarded to the secretary of state for processing 13 14 as in the case of any other corporate charter application. 15 A certificate of charter shall be approved by the commissioner if the articles and bylaws are in conformity with this 16 17 chapter and the commissioner is satisfied that:
  - (1) The characteristics of the common bond set forth in the proposed bylaws are favorable to the economic viability of the proposed credit union;
    - (2) The proposed capital structure is adequate;
- 22 (3) Provision has been made for suitable quarters 23 from which to conduct the business of a credit union; and
  - (4) The reputation, character and abilities of the initial board of directors and supervisory committee provide assurance that the credit union's affairs will be properly administered.
  - (b) The secretary of state shall upon receipt of any applicable fees, file and record the incorporation charter,

and return a copy of the bylaws and one of the duplicate originals of the articles of incorporation to the incorporators or their representatives. The original articles and bylaws shall be preserved in the permanent files of the credit union.

- (c) Any order to grant or deny a certificate of charter shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law upon which the decision was based. If a certificate of charter is denied by the commissioner, he or she shall notify the incorporators and provide a copy of the order, which shall set forth reasons for the denial. The commissioner's decision may be appealed to the board of banking and financial institutions within thirty days, and if no appeal is made of an order to deny the application, the agreement of incorporation, the corporation chartering fees, and any other papers filed therewith shall be promptly returned to the attorney, agent or other responsible person representing the incorporators in the application.
- (d) Upon receipt of a certificate of charter, the incorporators of the credit union shall promptly apply to the commissioner for a certificate of authority to engage in business and comply with the provisions of section five, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code, in advance to the issuance of the credit union's certificate of authority. The incorporators shall likewise comply with other provisions of this chapter relating to completion of its corporate organization, and the corporation's readiness to commence business as a credit union.
- (e) Upon the credit union's application, and the examination, approval and receipt of a certificate of authority from the commissioner, a credit union may commence to engage in business. The procedure and criteria for the certificate of authority licensure shall be those set forth in section five, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code for nonbank financial institutions.
- (f) The certificate of authority shall be preserved and displayed in the place of business of the credit union.
- (g) If a certificate of authority is denied by the commissioner, he or she shall notify the applicant and set forth reasons for the denial. The credit union may appeal

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70 the commissioner's decision to the board of banking and 71 financial institutions within thirty days.

# §31C-2-3. Articles and bylaws.

- (a) In order to simplify the organization of credit 1 2 unions, the commissioner may cause to be prepared model 3 articles of incorporation and bylaws, consistent with this chapter, which may be used by credit union incorporators 4 for their guidance. Such articles of incorporation and 5 bylaws shall be available to persons desiring to organize a 6 7 credit union.
- (b) The articles of incorporation and the bylaws may be amended as provided in the articles and bylaws, respec-9 tively. Amendments to the articles of incorporation or 10 bylaws shall be submitted to the commissioner who shall approve or disapprove the proposed amendments within sixty days.
- 14 (c) Amendments shall become effective upon approval in writing by the commissioner. If the commis-15 sioner disapproves any proposed amendment, the credit 16 17 union may appeal the decision to the board within thirty 18 days.

## §31C-2-4. Use of name exclusive.

- (a) The name of every credit union organized under this chapter shall include the phrase "credit union." No credit union may adopt a name either identical to the 3 name of any other credit union doing business in this state 4 or so similar to the name of any other credit union doing 5 business in this state as to be misleading or to cause confusion.
- (b) No person, other than a credit union incorporat-8 ed under this chapter, the Federal Credit Union Act or a 9 credit union authorized to do business in this state under 10 section six, article two of this chapter, an association of 11 credit unions, or an organization, corporation or associa-12 13 tion whose membership or ownership is primarily limited to credit unions or credit union organizations, may use a 14 name or title containing the phrase "credit union" or any 15 derivation thereof, represent itself as a credit union, or 16 17 conduct business as a credit union.

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- 18 (c) Violation of this section constitutes a misde-19 meanor punishable by a fine of not more than one hun-20 dred dollars for each day of illegal use of such name, by 21 imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.
- 22 (d) The commissioner may petition a court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin a violation of this section.

#### §31C-2-5. Branches and other service facilities.

- (a) A credit union may change its principal place of business within this state upon notice to, and approval in writing of, the commissioner.
- 4 (b) A credit union may maintain other service facili-5 ties and branches, including automated teller machines 6 (ATMs), at locations other than its principal office upon 7 notice to and approval in writing of the commissioner. 8 The maintenance of such facilities must be reasonably 9 necessary to furnish service to its members. The creation of such facilities must be approved by a majority vote of 10 11 the credit union's board of directors.
- 12 (c) A credit union may, upon notice and approval in 13 writing of the commissioner, join with one or more other 14 credit unions or other financial organizations in the opera-15 tion of automated teller machines (ATMs) or other service 16 facilities. The joint operation of such facilities must be 17 approved by a majority of the credit union's board of 18 directors.
- 19 (d) To the extent that a credit union provides its 20 members access to their accounts through a remote service 21 unit, such as an ATM or point-of-sale (POS) device, the 22 credit union shall be governed by the same rules of the 23 commissioner pertaining to banks operating through cus-24 tomer bank communication terminals (CBCTs).

# §31C-2-6. Out-of-state credit unions.

- 1 (a) A credit union organized under the laws of another state or territory of the United States may conduct 3 business as a credit union through a branch or service 4 facility in this state with the approval by written order of 5 the commissioner, provided credit unions incorporated
- 6 under this chapter are allowed to do business in the other

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- state under conditions similar to these provisions. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "territory of the United States" shall, as used in this chapter, include the District of Columbia. Before granting the approval, the commissioner must, upon public hearing, find that the applicant out-of-state credit union:
  - (1) Is a credit union organized and operating under standards recognized as appropriate pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- 16 (2) Is financially solvent and has an adequate capital structure;
  - (3) Has account insurance as required for credit unions incorporated under this chapter;
  - (4) Has a board of directors and supervisory committee with the reputation, character and abilities to provide assurance that the credit union's affairs will be properly administered;
  - (5) Has in connection with any office of operations in this state made provision for suitable quarters from which to conduct the business of a credit union;
  - (6) Is examined and supervised by a regulatory agency of the state or territory in which it is organized; and
- 30 (7) Needs to conduct business in this state to ade-31 quately serve its members in this state.
- 32 (b) No out-of-state credit union may conduct busi-33 ness in this state unless it:
- 34 (1) Complies with the limits on finance charges 35 applicable to credit unions set forth in section two, article 36 seven of this chapter when making loans in this state;
  - (2) Complies with the consumer protection statutes and rules applicable to credit unions incorporated under this chapter;
- 40 (3) Agrees to furnish the commissioner a copy of 41 the report of examination of its regulatory agency, and if 42 deemed necessary by the commissioner, to submit to an

- examination by the commissioner, the cost of which shall be paid for by the credit union; and
- 45 (4) Designates and maintains an agent for the service 46 of process in this state.
- 47 (c) The commissioner may revoke the approval of a 48 credit union to conduct business in this state if the com-49 missioner finds that:
- 50 (1) The credit union no longer meets the require-51 ments of subsection (a) of this section;
  - (2) The credit union has violated the laws of this state or lawful rules or orders issued by the commissioner;
- 54 (3) The credit union has engaged in a pattern of unsafe or unsound credit union practices; or
  - (4) Continued operation by the credit union is likely to have a substantially adverse impact on the financial, economic or other interests of residents of this state.

## §31C-2-7. Conducting business outside this state.

1 A credit union incorporated under this chapter may 2 conduct business outside of this state in other states or territories where it is permitted to conduct business as a 4 credit union. The activities and records of such credit union business conducted outside this state remain fully under the jurisdiction and supervision of the commission-Prior to the establishment of any branch or service 7 8 facility outside this state, a credit union shall provide no-9 tice to, and obtain written approval of, the commissioner. The creation of such facilities must be approved by a 10 11 majority vote of the credit union's board of directors.

# §31C-2-8. Tax exemption.

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1 (a) Any credit union organized under this or any other credit union act and all shares and deposits therein 3 shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by this state or any taxing authority within this state. No law which taxes corporations in any form, or the shares or deposits thereof, or the accumulation thereon, shall apply to any such credit union; except that any real property and any tangible personal property owned by any

- 9 such credit union shall be subject to taxation to the same
- 10 extent as other similar property is taxed: Provided, That
- 11 this exception shall not permit the imposition of any sales
- 12 or use taxes on the credit union.
- 13 (b) The shares of any such credit union shall not be 14 subject to stock, transfer taxes, either when issued or when
- 15 transferred from one member to another.
- 16 (c) The participation by a credit union in any gov-
- 17 ernment program providing unemployment, social securi-
- 18 ty, old age pension or other benefits shall not be deemed a
- 19 waiver of the taxation exemption hereby granted.

# §31C-2-9. Credit unions heretofore organized need not obtain new charter; actions validated.

- 1 All credit unions which have been heretofore legally
- 2 organized under chapter thirty-six of the acts of the Legis-
- 3 lature of one thousand nine hundred twenty-five, and
- 4 which are in existence on the effective date of this section:
- 5 and all credit unions which have been heretofore legally
- 6 organized under article ten of chapter thirty-one of the
- 7 code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred
- 8 thirty-one, as amended, and which are in existence on the
- 9 effective date of this section, shall upon the effective date
- 10 of this section be considered to have been organized un-
- 11 der the provisions of this article, and shall not be required
- to obtain a new charter or to reorganize hereunder. All acts and things done by any such credit unions, insofar as
- acts and things done by any such credit unions, insofar as such acts and things shall not have constituted any viola-
- 15 tion of law as it shall heretofore have existed, shall be
- 15 tion of law as it shall heretofore have existed, and deemed valid and effective.

#### ARTICLE 3. POWERS OF CREDIT UNION.

- §31C-3-1. General powers.
- §31C-3-2. Incidental powers.
- §31C-3-3. Advantageous federal powers.

# §31C-3-1. General powers.

- In addition to the powers mentioned elsewhere in this
- 2 chapter, a credit union may:

- (a) Enter into contracts necessary for the conduct of
  its business as authorized under this statute;
  - (b) Sue and be sued;

- (c) Adopt, use and display a corporate seal;
- (d) Acquire, lease, hold, assign, sell, discount or otherwise dispose of property or assets, either in whole or in part, necessary or incidental to its operation;
- (e) Borrow from any source: *Provided*, That a credit union must obtain approval of the commissioner in writing of its intention to borrow in excess of an aggregate of twenty percent of its equity capital and shares, and in no event shall its borrowing be in excess of an aggregate of fifty percent of its equity capital and shares;
  - (f) Purchase the assets of another credit union;
- (g) Offer related financial services, including, but not limited to, electronic fund transfers, safe deposit boxes, leasing and correspondent arrangements with other financial institutions;
- (h) Hold membership in other credit unions organized under this or other acts, and in associations and organizations controlled by or fostering the interests of credit unions, including a central liquidity facility organized under state or federal law.
- (i) Engage in activities and programs as requested by any governmental unit;
  - (j) Act as fiscal agent for and receive payments on share and deposit accounts from a governmental unit;
- (k) Make contributions to any nonprofit civic, charitable or service organizations;
- (1) Receive the savings of its members either as payment on shares, or as deposits (including the right to conduct Christmas clubs, vacation clubs and other thrift organizations within the membership);
- (m) Make loans for provident, productive, nonspeculative purposes to members, including a coopera-

- 38 tive society or other organization having membership in
- 39 the credit union.

## §31C-3-2. Incidental powers.

- 1 A credit union may exercise all incidental powers
- 2 that are convenient, suitable or necessary to enable it to
- 3 carry out its purposes.

## §31C-3-3. Advantageous federal powers.

- 1 Unless exercise of a power is specifically denied, the
- 2 commissioner may prescribe rules authorizing credit un-
- 3 ions to exercise any of the powers conferred upon federal
- 4 credit unions if the commissioner deems it appropriate for
- 5 the purposes of credit unions in this state and a benefit to
- 6 their members.

#### ARTICLE 4. MEMBERSHIP.

- §31C-4-1. Membership defined.
- §31C-4-2. Organizations.
- §31C-4-3. Membership applications.
- §31C-4-4. Members who cease to be eligible.
- §31C-4-5. Liability and expulsion of members.
- §31C-4-6. Meetings of members.
- §31C-4-7. Calling of special meeting.

# §31C-4-1. Membership defined.

- 1 (a) The membership of a credit union shall consist
- 2 of those persons who share a common bond set forth in
- 3 the bylaws, have been duly admitted members, have paid
- 4 any required one-time or periodic membership fee, or
- 5 both, have subscribed to one or more shares and have
- 6 complied with such other requirements as the articles of
- 7 incorporation and bylaws specify.
- 8 (b) Credit union membership shall be limited to,
- 9 persons within one or more groups having a common
- 10 bond or bonds of similar occupation, employer, associa-
- 11 tion or interest, and members of the immediate family of
- 12 such persons.

# §31C-4-2. Organizations.

- (a) Organizations comprised primarily of individuals 1 2 who are eligible for membership in the credit union, and 3 corporations whose total number of stockholders or whose 4 majority stockholders are comprised primarily of such 5 individuals, may be admitted to membership in the same 6 manner and under the same conditions as individuals. Likewise, organizations one of whose principal functions 7 8 is to provide services to persons who are eligible for mem-9 bership in the credit union may be admitted to member-10 ship. Other organizations having a commonality of inter-11 est with the credit union may be admitted to membership 12 with the approval of the commissioner.
- 13 (b) Any corporate credit union organized under this 14 chapter may accept as a member any other credit union 15 organized under this or any other act.

# §31C-4-3. Membership applications.

1 The board of directors of the credit union shall act 2 upon applications for membership or appoint one or more 3 membership officers to approve applications for membership under such conditions as the board prescribes. 4 record of the actions taken by a membership officer shall be made available in writing to the board of directors for 7 inspection. A person denied membership by a member-8 ship officer may appeal the denial to the credit union's board of directors. 9

## §31C-4-4. Members who cease to be eligible.

Members who cease to be eligible for membership may be permitted to retain their membership in the credit union, under reasonable standards established by the credit union's board of directors.

## §31C-4-5. Liability and expulsion of members.

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- 1 (a) The members of the credit union shall not be 2 personally or individually liable for the payment of its 3 debts solely by virtue of holding membership.
  - (b) Any member may be expelled by a two-thirds vote of its members present at any regular meeting or a special meeting called to consider the matter, but only

- 7 after an opportunity has been given the member to be 8 heard.
- 9 (c) The credit union's board of directors may expel 10 a member pursuant to a written policy adopted by it. All 11 members shall be given written notice of the terms of any 12 such policy upon becoming a member. Any person ex-13 pelled by the credit union's board of directors shall have
- 14 the right to request a hearing before it to reconsider the
- 15 expulsion.

#### §31C-4-6. Meetings of members.

- 1 (a) The annual meeting and any special meetings of 2 the members of the credit union shall be held in accordance with the bylaws.
- 4 (b) At all such meetings a member shall have but 5 one vote, irrespective of the member's shareholdings. No 6 member may vote by proxy, but a member may vote by absentee ballot, mail or other method if the bylaws of the 8 credit union so provide.
- 9 (c) The credit union's board of directors may estab-10 lish a minimum age, not greater than eighteen years of 11 age, as a qualification of eligibility to vote at meetings of 12 the members or to hold office, or both.
- 13 (d) An organization having membership in the cred-14 it union, may be represented and have its vote cast by one 15 of its members or shareholders, provided such person has 16 been so authorized by the organization's governing body.

# §31C-4-7. Calling of special meeting.

- (a) The supervisory committee by a majority vote 1 2 may call a special meeting of the members to consider any 3 violation of this chapter, the credit union's articles of incorporation or bylaws, or any practice of the credit union 4 deemed by the supervisory committee to be unsafe or 5 unauthorized; and may call a special meeting to consider 6 the suspension or removal of any officer or director of the 7 credit union as provided for in this chapter. 8
- 9 (b) The bylaws may also prescribe the manner in 10 which a special meeting of the members may be called by

- 11 the members or by the credit union's board of directors or 12 both.
- 13 (c) The commissioner may also require the directors
- 14 of a credit union to call a special meeting of the members
- 15 pursuant to his or her authority under section nine, article
- 16 two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

#### ARTICLE 5. DIRECTION OF CREDIT UNION AFFAIRS.

- §31C-5-1. Authority and responsibility of directors.
- §31C-5-2. Election of directors and selection of supervisory and credit committee members.
- §31C-5-3. Record of officials; and filling vacancies.
- §31C-5-4. Compensation of officials; and conflicts of interests.
- §31C-5-5. Officers.
- §31C-5-6. Executive committee.
- §31C-5-7. Credit committee and loan officers.
- §31C-5-8. Audits.
- §31C-5-9. Fidelity bonds, required oaths and hazard insurance.
- §31C-5-10. Suspension and removal of officials.

#### §31C-5-1. Authority and responsibility of directors.

- The credit union's board of directors shall have the authority and responsibility for directing the business affairs, funds and records of the credit union. In addition to the duties found elsewhere in this article, it shall be the special duty of the credit union's board of directors to:
- 6 (a) Purchase adequate fidelity coverage for the chief 7 executive officer and for other active officers and employ-8 ees handling or having custody of funds or property;
- 9 (b) Authorize the employment and compensation of 10 the chief executive officer who shall hire such other per-11 sons necessary to carry on the business of the credit un-
- 12 ion;
- (c) Approve an annual operating budget for thecredit union;
- 15 (d) Authorize the conveyance of property;
- (e) Borrow or lend money to carry on the functionsof the credit union;

- 18 (f) Appoint any special committees deemed neces-19 sary;
- 20 (g) Perform such other duties as the members from 21 time to time direct, and perform or authorize any action 22 not inconsistent with this chapter and not specifically re-23 served by the bylaws for the members.

The credit union's board of directors shall meet each month. The board may meet at other times as is necessary. Board meetings may be conducted by means of telephone as provided in the bylaws in a manner consistent with state law.

# §31C-5-2. Election of directors and selection of supervisory and credit committee members.

- 1 (a) The credit union's board shall consist of an odd 2 number of directors, at least five in number, to be elected 3 by and from the members. Elections shall be held at the 4 annual meeting or in such other manner as the bylaws 5 provide. All members of the credit union's board shall 6 hold office for such terms as the bylaws provide, except 7 that terms shall be staggered so that an approximately 8 equal number expire each year.
- 9 (b) A supervisory committee of not less than three 10 persons shall either be elected by the membership at the 11 annual meeting or appointed by the credit union's board of directors at the organization meeting held within thirty 13 days following each annual election for such terms as the bylaws provide.
- 15 (c) At the same organization meeting, the credit 16 union's board of directors shall appoint a credit committee, unless the bylaws provide for the board of directors to 18 act as the credit committee. The committee shall consist 19 of an odd number, not less than three, whose terms shall 20 be as the bylaws provide.

# §31C-5-3. Record of officials; and filling vacancies.

1 (a) Within twenty days after each organization meet-2 ing, a record of the names and addresses of the members 3 of the board and such other committees and officials, as

- 4 required by the commissioner, shall be filed with the commissioner.
- 6 (b) The credit union's board of directors shall fill any 7 vacancies occurring in the board until successors elected at 8 the next annual election have qualified. The credit union's 9 board shall also fill vacancies in the credit committee and, 1.0 if appointed by them, the supervisory committee. If the supervisory committee is elected by the members, then 11 12 any vacancies thereon shall be filled by selection by the 13 remaining supervisory committee members.

## §31C-5-4. Compensation of officials; and conflicts of interests.

- 1 (a) No officer, director or committee member, other 2 than an employee, may be compensated for services, except as provided in section one, article five of this chapter. 3 However, providing reasonable life, health, accident and 5 similar insurance protection shall not be considered com-6 pensation. Directors, officers and committee members 7 may be reimbursed for necessary expenses incidental to the performance of official business of the credit union. 8
- 9 (b) No director, committee member, officer, agent or 10 employee of the credit union shall in any manner, directly or indirectly, participate in the deliberation upon or the 11 12 determination of any question affecting that person's pe-13 cuniary interest or the pecuniary interest of any corporation, partnership or association (other than the credit un-14 ion) in which that person is directly or indirectly interest-15 16 ed.

## §31C-5-5. Officers.

1 (a) At their organization meeting held within thirty
2 days following each annual election, the credit union's
3 board of directors shall elect from their own number a
4 chairman of the board, one or more vice chairmen, a trea5 surer and a secretary. The office of secretary and treasur6 er may, if the bylaws so provide, be held by one person.
7 They shall also elect any other officials that are specified
8 in the bylaws.

- 9 (b) The terms of the officers shall be one year, or 10 until their successors are chosen and have been duly qualitied.
- 12 (c) The duties of the officers shall be prescribed in 13 the bylaws.
- 14 (d) The credit union's board of directors shall ap-15 point a president to act as the chief executive officer of the 16 credit union and be in active charge of its operations.
- 17 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 18 chapter, a credit union may use any titles it chooses for the officials holding the positions described in this chapter, as 20 long as such titles are not misleading.

## §31C-5-6. Executive committee.

- The credit union's board of directors may appoint from its own number an executive committee, consisting
- 3 of not less than three directors, which may be authorized
- 4 to act for the board in all respects. These actions are sub-
- 5 ject to subsequent review by the full credit union's board
- 6 of directors and any other conditions or limitations pre-
- 7 scribed by the board of directors.

# §31C-5-7. Credit committee and loan officers.

- 1 (a) The credit committee shall have the general su-2 pervision of all loans to members. It may approve or 3 disapprove loans, subject to written policies established by 4 the board of directors.
- 5 (b) The credit committee shall meet as often as the 6 business of the credit union requires to consider applica7 tions for loans and/or review the work of the loan officers.
  8 No loan shall be made by the credit committee unless it is approved by a disinterested majority of the committee who are present at the meeting at which the application is considered.
- 12 (c) If the bylaws so provide, the board of directors 13 may act as the credit committee.
- 14 (d) The credit union's board of directors or credit 15 committee may appoint one or more loan officers and 16 delegate the power to approve or disapprove loans, subject

- to such limitations or conditions as the credit committee or
   credit union's board of directors prescribes.
- 19 (e) A member whose application was disapproved by 20 a loan officer may appeal such action to the credit committee or credit union's board of directors, as appropriate 22 under the bylaws.

#### §31C-5-8. Audits.

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- (a) The supervisory committee shall make or cause to be made a comprehensive annual audit of the books and affairs of the credit union. It shall submit a report of each annual audit to the credit union's board of directors and a summary of that report to the members at the next annual meeting of the credit union. Such reports shall be filed and preserved with the records of the corporation.
- (b) The supervisory committee of not less than three elected or appointed members shall make or cause to be made such supplementary audits, examinations and verifications of members' accounts as it deems necessary or as are required by the commissioner or by the credit union's board of directors, and submit reports of these supplementary audits to the credit union's board of directors.
- 15 (c) The workpapers of any audit, including any materials associated with an audit of the credit union's electronic data procedures, shall be made available to the commissioner or to the examiners of the department of banking upon request, and will be accorded confidentiality in conformity with section four, article two, chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

# §31C-5-9. Fidelity bonds, required oaths and hazard insurance.

1 (a) As a condition precedent to qualification or entry
2 upon the discharge of their duties, all active officers, as
3 well as every person appointed or elected to any position
4 requiring the receipt, payment or custody of money or
5 other personal property owned by a credit union or in its
6 custody or control as collateral or otherwise, shall give a
7 bond in some responsible corporate surety company,
8 licensed to do business in this state, in such sufficient

- amount as the credit union directors shall require and approve. The bonds shall provide for indemnity to the credit union on account of any losses sustained by it as the result of any dishonest, fraudulent or criminal act or omission by such persons acting independently or in collusion or combination with others. The bonds may be in individual, schedule or blanket form, and the premiums therefor shall be paid by the credit union.
  - (b) No officer or employee who is required to give bond shall be deemed qualified nor shall be permitted to enter upon the discharge of their duties until their bond shall have been approved by a majority of the credit union's board of directors
  - (c) The credit union's board of directors shall also direct and require suitable insurance protection to the credit union against burglary, robbery, theft and other insurable hazards to which the credit union may be exposed in the operations of its business on the premises or elsewhere.
  - (d) The credit union's board of directors shall be responsible for prescribing at least once each year the amount or penal sum of the bonds or policies and the sureties or underwriters thereon, after giving due and careful consideration to all known elements and factors constituting such risk or hazard. This action shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors. At any time the commissioner may require additional bond or security, when, in his or her opinion, the bonds then executed and approved are insufficient.
  - (e) Upon their election or appointment each director, officer and member of a committee shall individually make an oath that they will, as far as the duty devolves upon them, diligently and honestly administer the affairs of the credit union, and will not knowingly violate, or willingly permit to be violated, any of the provisions of law applicable to the credit union, and that they are each the owner in good faith in their own right on the books of the credit union of at least one share therein. This oath shall be subscribed by the individual making it, and be certified by the officer before whom it was taken, and shall

immediately be transmitted to the commissioner and filed and preserved in his or her office.

## §31C-5-10. Suspension and removal of officials.

- 1 (a) The supervisory committee by a two-thirds vote
  2 of the entire committee may suspend any member of the
  3 credit committee and shall report such action to the credit
  4 union's board of directors. The credit union's board of
  5 directors shall meet not less than seven nor more than
  6 twenty-one days after such suspension to take appropriate
  7 action.
- 8 (b) The supervisory committee by a two-thirds vote 9 of the entire committee may recommend suspension of 10 any officer or member of the credit union's board of di-11 rectors. A meeting of a quorum of the remaining board 12 members shall convene in person and take action on the 13 recommendation, which meeting shall be held not less 14 than seven nor more than twenty-one days after such pro-15 posed suspension. The suspension matter shall be acted upon at the board meeting and the person shall either be 16 17 removed for cause or restored to office. If the supervisory 18 committee is not satisfied with the board's action, it 19 may call a special meeting of the members or elect to 20 bring the matter before the next member's regular meet-21 ing, and the issue will be acted upon at the meeting by the 22 members and the person shall either be removed for cause 23 or reaffirmed to office. At any such member's meeting 24 the person at issue shall have the right to appear and be 25 heard.
- (c) Any member of the supervisory committee or of the credit committee may be suspended or removed for cause by the board of directors by a two-thirds vote of those present at a meeting for failure to perform duties in accordance with this chapter, the articles of incorporation or the bylaws. The committee member shall have the right to appear and be heard at such meeting.

#### ARTICLE 6. ACCOUNTS.

- §31C-6-1. Share accounts and membership shares.
- §31C-6-2. Dividends.
- §31C-6-3. Deposit accounts.

- §31C-6-4. Minor accounts.
- §31C-6-5. Joint accounts.
- §31C-6-6. Trust accounts.
- §31C-6-7. Payable-on-death accounts.
- §31C-6-8. Liens.
- §31C-6-9. Share and deposit insurance.
- §31C-6-10. Reduction in shares.

#### §31C-6-1. Share accounts and membership shares.

- 1 (a) Share accounts and membership shares (if any)
  2 shall be subscribed to and paid for in such a manner as the
  3 bylaws prescribe.
- 4 (b) A corporate credit union may require its mem-5 bers to subscribe to and make payments on membership 6 shares.
- 7 (c) The par value of shares and any membership 8 shares shall be as prescribed in the bylaws. Par value of 9 shares shall not be less than one dollar nor more than ten 10 dollars per share.
- 11 (d) Membership shares may not be pledged as secu-12 rity on any loan.
- 13 (e) A credit union may limit the number of shares 14 which may be owned by a member, but any such limit 15 shall apply alike to all members.

# §31C-6-2. Dividends.

- 1 (a) The credit union's board of directors shall estab-2 lish the dividend period. Rates of dividends and the terms 3 of payment may be established in advance by action of 4 the board of directors. Dividends may be paid at various 5 rates with due regard to the conditions that pertain to each 6 type of account such as minimum balance, notice and time 7 requirements.
- 8 (b) The commissioner may, if circumstances warrant, 9 establish the maximum dividend that a credit union or 10 corporate credit union may pay in each classification of its 11 savings.

# §31C-6-3. Deposit accounts.

- (a) A credit union may accept deposit accounts from its members, other credit unions and governmental units subject to the terms, rates and conditions established by the board of directors.
- (b) Interest may be paid on deposit accounts at various rates with due regard to the conditions that pertain to each type of account such as minimum balance, notice and time requirements.
- 9 (c) Funds in share and deposit accounts may be
  10 withdrawn for payment to the account holder or to third
  11 parties, in such manner and in accordance with such pro12 cedures as are established by the board of directors, sub13 ject to any rules the commissioner prescribes.
- (d) Share and deposit accounts shall be subject to
   any withdrawal notice requirement which is imposed pursuant to the bylaws.
- 17 (e) A membership share may not be redeemed or 18 withdrawn except subject to the terms set forth by the 19 corporate credit union.

#### §31C-6-4. Minor accounts.

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Payments on share and deposit accounts may be received from a minor who may withdraw funds from such accounts including the dividends and interest there-on. Payments on share and deposit accounts by a minor and withdrawals thereof by the minor shall be valid in all respects. For such purposes a minor is deemed of full majority age.

## §31C-6-5. Joint accounts.

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- (a) A member may designate any person or persons to own a share or deposit account with the member in joint tenancy with the right of survivorship, as a tenant in common or under any other form of joint ownership permitted by law, but no co-owner, unless a member in their own right, shall be permitted to vote, obtain loans, or hold office or be required to pay a membership fee.
- 8 (b) Payment of part or all of such accounts to any of 9 the co-owners shall, to the extent of such payment, dis-

- 10 charge the liability to all unless: (1) The account agree-
- 11 ment contains a prohibition or limitation on such pay-
- 12 ment; or unless (2) the credit union had received notice in
- 13 writing signed by any one of such joint tenants not to pay
- 14 such deposit in accordance with the terms thereof, prior to
- 15 its payment. The commissioner may promulgate rules
- 16 regarding notice to joint account holders of their rights
- 17 and liabilities under this section.

#### §31C-6-6. Trust accounts.

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- 1 (a) Share and deposit accounts may be owned by a 2 member in trust for a beneficiary, or owned by a non-member in trust for a beneficiary who is a member.
- 4 (b) Beneficiaries may be minors, but no beneficiary 5 unless a member in that person's own right, shall be permitted to vote, obtain loans, hold office or be required to 7 pay a membership fee.
- 8 (c) Payment of part or all of such a trust account to
  9 the party in whose name the account is held shall, to the
  10 extent of such payment, discharge the liability of the cred11 it union to that party and to the beneficiary, and the credit
  12 union shall be under no obligation to see to the applica13 tion of such payment.
  - (d) In the event of the death of the party who owns a trust account, if the credit union has been given no other written notice of the existence or terms of any trust and has not received a court order as to disposition of the account, account funds and any dividends or interest thereon shall be paid to the beneficiary.
- 20 (e) The operation of trust accounts as permitted in 21 this section does not constitute engaging in a trust business 22 as set forth in chapter thirty-one-a of this code.

# §31C-6-7. Payable-on-death accounts.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law a credit union may establish share and deposit accounts payable to one or more persons during their lifetimes and on the death of all of them to one or more payable-on-death payees. An account established under this section must be identified as a "payable-on-death" account or abbreviated

- 7 as a "p.o.d." account. Any transfer to a payable-on-death
- 8 payee is effective by reason of the account contract and
- 9 shall not be considered to be a testamentary transfer.

## §31C-6-8. Liens.

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1 The credit union shall have a general lien on the 2 share accounts, any membership shares, and accumulated dividends of a member for any sum owed the credit union 3 by said member and for any loan endorsed by that mem-4 ber. The credit union shall also have a right of immediate set-off with respect to every deposit account. The credit union may also refuse to allow withdrawals from any share 7 or deposit account. The credit union may waive its rights 8 to a lien, to immediate set-off, to restrict withdrawals, or to 9 any combination of such rights with respect to any share 10 or deposit account or groups of such accounts. 11

# §31C-6-9. Share and deposit insurance.

- (a) Before the incorporators of a credit union forward the corporate documents to the commissioner under subsection (d), section two, article two of this chapter they shall apply for insurance on share and deposit accounts from the national credit union administration under Title II of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. §1781 et seq.).
- (b) A credit union which has lost its commitment for such insurance shall within thirty days commence steps to either liquidate, or merge with an insured credit union or apply in writing to the commissioner for additional time to obtain another insurance commitment. The commissioner may grant one or more extensions of time to obtain the insurance commitment upon satisfactory evidence that the credit union has made or is making a substantial effort to achieve the conditions precedent to issuance of the commitment.
- (c) No persons shall be granted a certificate of authority to engage in business by the commissioner to operate a credit union unless they have obtained a commitment for insurance of its share and deposit accounts.
- (d) The commissioner may make available reports of condition and examination findings to the appropriate

- insuring organization and may accept any report of examination made on behalf of such organization.
- 26 (e) A state-chartered corporate credit union must
- 27 only apply for and maintain share and deposit insurance
- 28 in the amounts and of the same kind as would be required
- 29 for a similarly situated federally chartered corporate credit
- 30 union.

#### §31C-6-10. Reduction in shares.

- 1 (a) Whenever the losses of any credit union, result-
- 2 ing from a depreciation in value of its loans or investments 3 or otherwise, exceed the aggregate of its undivided earn-
- 4 ings, reserves and membership shares if any, so that the
- 5 estimated value of its assets is less than the total amount of
- 6 share accounts, and the board of directors determines that
- the credit union may be subject to involuntary liquidation.
- 8 the credit union board may propose a reduction in shares.
- 9 The credit union may by a three-fourths majority vote of
- 10 those voting on the proposition order a reduction in the
- 11 share accounts of each of its shareholders to divide the
- 12 loss in proportion to the shareholdings held by sharehold-
- 13 ers in their respective share accounts.
- 14 (b) If the credit union thereafter realizes from such
- 15 assets a greater amount than was fixed by the order of
- 16 reduction, such excess shall be proportionately restored to
- 17 the shareholders whose assets were reduced, but only to
- 18 the extent of such reduction.

#### ARTICLE 7. LOANS.

- §31C-7-1. Purpose and conditions of loans.
- §31C-7-2. Finance charge.
- §31C-7-3. Additional charges.
- §31C-7-4. Applications.
- §31C-7-5. Loan limit; collateral requirements; and repayment.
- §31C-7-6. Line of credit.
- §31C-7-7. Participation loans.
- §31C-7-8. Other loan programs.
- §31C-7-9. Loans to officials.

# §31C-7-1. Purpose and conditions of loans.

- 1 A credit union may loan to members for such pur-2 poses and upon such conditions as the bylaws may pro-
- vide. The board of directors shall establish written policies 3 with respect to the granting of loans and the extending of
- 5 lines of credit, including the terms, conditions and accept-
- able forms of security.

## §31C-7-2. Finance charge.

- 1 The finance charges imposed by the credit union on
- 2 loans shall be determined by the credit union's board of
- 3 directors, subject to the limitations established by this state.
- Unless otherwise permitted or prescribed by this code, the 4
- finance charge rate shall not exceed one and one-half 5
  - percent per month, computed on unpaid balances.

## §31C-7-3. Additional charges.

- (a) In addition to interest on loans, a credit union 1 may charge members reasonable expenses in connection 3
- with the making, closing, disbursing, extending or renewing of loans. 4
- (b) A credit union may assess charges to members, in accordance with the bylaws, for failure to meet their 7 obligations to the credit union in a timely manner. A credit union may also assess charges for other benefits, including insurance, as allowed for lenders under law. 9
- (c) Any charges in connection with a consumer loan, 10 including late charges and deferral charges, permitted 11
- under this section shall conform and be limited to those 12
- allowed under article three, chapter forty-six-a of this 13
- 14 code.

# §31C-7-4. Applications.

- Except as provided for in section six, article seven of 1
- this chapter, every application for a loan shall be made in
- writing upon a form prescribed by the credit union and
- shall state the purpose of the loan as well as the security or
- collateral offered, if any. Each loan shall be evidenced by
- a written document.

# §31C-7-5. Loan limit; collateral requirements; and repayment.

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- (a) The aggregate of loans to any one member shall be limited to ten percent of the credit union's assets. This limit shall not apply to loans which are fully secured by assignments of shares or deposits in the credit union.
- (b) Loans to members which in the aggregate exceed the amount shown in the schedule below shall be secured by such collateral having a value which is at least equal to any amount exceeding the limits in the following schedule, except that all loans exceeding five thousand dollars not subject to collateral shall be supported by a sworn financial statement:
- 12 (1) Five hundred dollars in credit unions with assets of less than five thousand dollars;
  - (2) One thousand dollars in credit unions with assets of five thousand dollars and less than twenty-five thousand dollars;
  - (3) Two thousand dollars in credit unions with assets of twenty-five thousand dollars and less than one hundred thousand dollars:
- 20 (4) Five thousand dollars in credit unions with assets 21 of one hundred thousand dollars and less than five hun-22 dred thousand dollars;
- 23 (5) Seven thousand dollars in credit unions with 24 assets of five hundred thousand dollars and less than one 25 million dollars; and
- 26 (6) Ten thousand dollars in credit unions with assets
  27 of one million dollars or more: *Provided*, That the com28 missioner may, upon request and at his or her discretion,
  29 approve in writing a higher unsecured loan limit amount
  30 for credit unions having assets of one million dollars or
  31 more.
- 32 (c) A borrower may pay the whole or part of the 33 borrower's loan on any day the credit union is open for 34 business.

- (a) Upon written application by a member, the credit committee or loan officer may approve a line of credit, and loan advances may be granted to the member within the limit of such line of credit. Access to the line of credit may be by use of a lender credit card. Where a line has been approved, no additional credit application is required as long as the aggregate indebtedness does not exceed the approved limit.
- 9 (b) Lines of credit shall be subject to periodic re-10 view by the credit union, in accordance with the written 11 policies of the credit union's board of directors, and ap-12 proved or disapproved as to the granting of further loan 13 advances.

## §31C-7-7. Participation loans.

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A credit union may participate in loans to credit union members jointly with other credit unions, credit union organizations or other organizations pursuant to written policies established by the credit union's board of directors. A credit union which originates such a loan shall retain an interest of at least ten percent of the face amount of the loan.

# §31C-7-8. Other loan programs.

- 1 (a) A credit union may participate in any guaranteed 2 loan program of the federal or state government under the 3 terms and conditions specified in the law under which 4 such a program is provided.
- 5 (b) A credit union may purchase the conditional 6 sales contracts, notes and similar instruments of its mem7 bers.
- 8 (c) A credit union may finance for any person the 9 sale of its personal property, including property obtained 10 as a result of defaults in obligations owed to it, under the 11 terms, conditions and rates provided by this chapter.

# §31C-7-9. Loans to officials.

1 (a) A credit union may permit officers, directors, 2 and members of its supervisory and credit committees to 3 act as comakers, guarantors or endorsers of loans to other

- members, subject to the requirements of subsection (b) of 4 5 this section
- 6 (b) A credit union may make loans to its officers. 7 directors and members of its supervisory and credit com-ጸ mittees: Provided. That:
- 9 (1) The loan complies with all requirements of this chapter and is not on terms more favorable than those 10 extended to other borrowers: and 11
- (2) The aggregate of loans to or guaranteed by all such officials combined, excepting those secured by shares or deposits, may not exceed twenty percent of the 14 credit union's assets, and shall be shown in aggregate as a separate item in the reports rendered by the credit union and filed with the commissioner pursuant to section seven. article one of this chapter.
- (c) No credit union officer, director, or member of 19 20 its supervisory or credit committee may participate in making a credit approval of a loan in which they have a 21 self-interest. If any member of the credit committee 22 23 makes an application to borrow money from the credit union or becomes surety for any other member whose 24 25 application for a loan is under consideration, the supervisory committee shall appoint a substitute to act on the 26 credit committee in place of that member, during the con-27 28 sideration of the application.

#### ARTICLE 8. OTHER MEMBER SERVICES.

- §31C-8-1. Insurance for members.
- §31C-8-2. Indemnification of officers.
- §31C-8-3. Group purchasing.

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- §31C-8-4. Money-type instruments.
- §31C-8-5. Retirement accounts and trust authority.

#### §31C-8-1. Insurance for members.

- A credit union may purchase or make available cred-1
- it life or other credit insurance for its members either on
- an individual or group basis.

#### §31C-8-2. Indemnification of officers.

A credit union may indemnify its officers, directors 1 2 or employees by purchase of insurance or otherwise, to 3 the extent that such indemnification is permitted to that 4 institution under federal law. Indemnification articles or 5 bylaws must conform to, or be more restrictive than, that set forth in section nine, article one, chapter thirty-one of 6 7 this code. The commissioner reserves the right to prohibit or limit, by regulation or order, any indemnification pay-8 ment for reasons of safety and soundness or nonconfor-9 10 mity to the credit union's articles of incorporation or bylaws or to the restrictions placed on indemnification con-11 12 tained in this section or other applicable state law.

## §31C-8-3. Group purchasing.

A credit union may enter into marketing arrangements and joint ventures with other credit unions, organizations or financial institutions to facilitate its members' voluntary purchase of goods, insurance and other services from third parties, consistent with the purposes of the credit union. A credit union may be compensated for services so provided.

## §31C-8-4. Money-type instruments.

A credit union may collect, receive and disburse moneys in connection with the providing of negotiable checks, money orders, travelers' checks and other money-type instruments, and the providing of these services through automated teller machines (ATMs) and for such other purposes as may provide benefit or convenience to its members. A credit union may charge fees for such services.

## §31C-8-5. Retirement accounts and trust authority.

A credit union may provide pension savings programs and deferred income accounts, including individual retirement accounts. In order to carry out its authority under this section, a credit union may:

5 (a) Contract for the provision of trust services to its 6 members with a trust company or other organization with 7 trust powers authorized to do business in this state. For 8 this purpose, the trust company or other organization with

- 9 trust powers may serve credit union members at credit 10 union facilities on a full-time or part-time basis; and
- 11 (b) Act as trustees of member funds permitted by 12 federal law to be deposited in a credit union in the form of
- 13 share deposits either as a deferred compensation or
- 14 tax-deferral device, provided the credit union obtains the
- 15 prior approval to conduct such activity from the board of
- 16 banking and financial institutions upon hearing and writ-
- 17 ten order

#### ARTICLE 9. INVESTMENTS AND RESERVE ALLOCATIONS.

- §31C-9-1. Investment and deposit of funds.
- §31C-9-2. Authorized investments.
- §31C-9-3. Reserve funds.

#### §31C-9-1. Investment and deposit of funds.

- 1 (a) The credit union's board of directors shall have
- 2 charge of the investment of funds, except that they may
- 3 designate an investment committee or investment officer
- 4 to make investments in its behalf, under written investment
- 5 policies established by the credit union's board.
- 6 (b) The credit union's board of directors shall designate a depository or depositories for the funds of the cred-
- 8 it union.

#### §31C-9-2. Authorized investments.

- Funds not used in loans to members may be invested:
- 2 (a) In securities, obligations or other instruments of
- 2 (a) In securities, obligations or other instruments of 3 or issued by or fully guaranteed as to principal and inter-
- 4 est by the United States of America or any agency or
- 5 instrumentality thereof or in any trust or trusts established
- 6 for investing directly or collectively in the same;
- 7 (b) In securities, obligations, or other instruments of 8 any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
- 9 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the several territories
- 10 organized by Congress or any political subdivision there-
- 11 of:
- 12 (c) In deposits, obligations or other accounts of
- 13 banking institutions organized under state or federal law;

- 14 (d) In loans to or in shares or deposits of other credit 15 unions or corporate credit unions;
- 16 (e) In deposits in, loans to, or shares of any federal reserve bank or of any central liquidity facility established under state or federal law:
  - (f) In shares, stocks, deposits in, loans to or other obligations of any organization, corporation or association providing services associated with the general purposes of the credit union or engaging in activities incidental to the operations of a credit union. Such investments in the aggregate may not exceed two percent of the credit union's equity capital and shares without written permission of the commissioner:
- 27 (g) In any investment legal for banking institutions 28 or trust funds chartered in this state:
- 29 (h) In participation loans with other credit unions, 30 credit union organizations or other organizations;
- 31 (i) In fixed assets, not to exceed five percent of the 32 credit union's equity capital and shares, unless with the 33 prior written approval of the commissioner.

#### §31C-9-3. Reserve funds.

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1 (a) At the end of each accounting period the credit 2 union shall determine its gross income and from this 3 amount shall set aside and transfer funds to a regular re-4 serve. The credit union shall transfer to the reserve 5 amounts as required under a schedule set by the national 6 credit union administration (NCUA) or its successor. If 7 no such schedule is set, then the reserve shall be at a rate of ten percent of gross income until such time as the re-8 serve fund reaches five percent of risk assets; then the 9 formula is decreased to seven percent of gross income 10 until such time as the reserve fund reaches six percent of 11 risk assets; and then the formula is decreased to five per-12 13 cent of gross income until the reserve fund attains a maximum of seven percent of risk assets, with subsequent trans-14 fers required only to maintain the seven percent maxi-15 mum. The reserves established under this section shall 16

- belong to the credit union and shall be held to meet contingencies or losses in its business.
- 19 (b) Special reserves to protect the interest of mem-20 bers may be required by the commissioner by rule, or
- when found by the credit union's board of directors or by
- 22 the commissioner, in any special case, to be necessary for
- 23 that purpose. These may include allowances for loan
- 24 losses and investment losses.

#### ARTICLE 10. CHANGE IN CORPORATE STATUS.

- §31C-10-1. Voluntary liquidation.
- §31C-10-2. Merger of credit unions.
- §31C-10-3. Conversion.

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# §31C-10-1. Voluntary liquidation.

- 1 (a) A credit union may elect to dissolve voluntarily 2 and liquidate its affairs in the manner prescribed in this 3 section.
  - (b) If it decides to begin the procedure, the board of directors shall adopt a resolution recommending the credit union be dissolved voluntarily, and directing that the question of liquidation be submitted to the members.
  - (c) Within ten days after the board of directors decides to submit the question of liquidation to the members, the president shall notify the commissioner and the insuring organization in writing, setting forth the reasons for the proposed liquidation. Within ten days after the members act on the question of liquidation, the president shall notify the commissioner and the insuring organization in writing as to the action of the members on the proposal.
  - (d) As soon as the board of directors decides to submit the question of liquidation to the members, payments on, withdrawal of, and making any transfer of share and deposit accounts to loans and interest, making investments of any kind, and granting loans may be restricted or suspended pending action by members on the proposal to liquidate. On approval by the members of such proposal, all such business transactions shall be permanently discontinued. Necessary expenses of operation shall, however.

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- 25 continue to be paid on authorization of the board of di-26 rectors or liquidating agent during the period of liquida-27 tion.
  - (e) For a credit union to enter voluntary liquidation, approval by a majority of the members in writing or by a two-thirds majority of the members present at a regular or special meeting of the members is required. When authorization for liquidation is to be obtained at a meeting of the members, notice in writing shall be given to each member, by first class mail, at least ten days prior to such meeting.
- 36 (f) A liquidating credit union shall continue in exis-37 tence for the purpose of discharging its debts, collecting on loans and distributing its assets, and doing all acts re-38 39 quired in order to wind up its business and may sue and be sued for the purpose of enforcing such debts and obli-40 41 gations until its affairs are fully concluded.
  - (g) The board of directors or the liquidating agent shall distribute the assets of the credit union or the proceeds of any disposition of the assets in the sequence described in subsection (f), section four, article one of this chapter.
- 47 (h) As soon as the board of directors or the liquidat-48 ing agent determines that all assets from which there is a 49 reasonable expectancy of realization have been liquidated 50 and distributed as set forth in this section, a certificate of 51 dissolution shall be executed on a form prescribed by the 52 commissioner and filed with the secretary of state, which shall after filing and indexing same, be forwarded to the 53 54 commissioner, whereupon such credit union shall be dis-55 solved. The liquidating agent shall return all pertinent books and records of the liquidating credit union to the 56 57 commissioner.

# §31C-10-2. Merger of credit unions.

(a) A credit union organized under this chapter may, with the approval of the commissioner and regardless of common bond, merge with one or more other credit un-3 ions organized under this chapter, the laws of another state

or territory of the United States or the laws of the UnitedStates.

- (b) When two or more credit unions merge, they shall either designate one of them as the continuing credit union, or they shall structure a totally new credit union and designate it as the new credit union. If the latter procedure is followed, the new credit union shall be organized under article two of this chapter. All participating credit unions other than the continuing or new credit union shall be designated as merging credit unions.
- (c) Any merger of credit unions shall be done according to a plan of merger. After approval by the boards of directors of all participating credit unions, the plan shall be submitted to the commissioner for review and hearing to grant preliminary approval. If the plan includes the creation of a new credit union, all documents required by section one, article two of this chapter shall be submitted as part of the plan. In addition to any other documents or information required by the commissioner, each participating credit union shall submit the following:
- (1) The time and place of the meeting of the board of directors at which the plan was agreed upon;
- (2) The vote of the directors in favor of the adoption of the plan; and
- (3) A copy of the resolution or other action by which the plan was agreed upon.
- (d) The commissioner shall after review and hearing, grant preliminary approval by written order, if: (i) The plan has been approved properly by each board of directors; (ii) the documentation required to form a new credit union, if any, complies with section one, article two of this chapter; (iii) the action would not result or tend to create a monopoly, or substantially lessen competition, or otherwise further a restraint of trade, unless the anticompetitive effects of the proposed action are clearly outweighed in the public interest by the probable effect of the action in meeting the convenience and needs of the members to be served; and (iv) taking into consideration the financial and managerial resources and further prospects of the credit

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44 unions concerned, the action would not be contrary to the best interests of the community whose shares are affected by such action, nor detrimental to the safety and soundness of the credit union to be acquired.

- (e) After the commissioner grants preliminary approval, each merging credit union shall, unless waived by the commissioner, conduct a membership vote on its participation in the plan. The vote shall be conducted either at a special membership meeting called for that purpose or by mail ballot. If a majority of the members voting approve the plan, the credit union shall submit a record of that fact to the commissioner indicating the vote by which the members approved the plan and either the time and place of the membership meeting or the mailing date and closing date of the mail ballot.
- (f) The commissioner may waive the membership vote described in subsection (e) of this section for any credit union upon determining that the credit union is insolvent or about to be insolvent.
- (g) The commissioner shall grant final approval of the plan of merger after determining that the requirements of subsection (e) of this section in the case of each merging credit union have been met. If the plan of merger includes the creation of a new credit union, the commissioner must approve the organization of the new credit union under section two, article two of this chapter as part of the approval of the plan of consolidation. The commissioner shall notify all participating credit unions of the approval of the plan.
- (h) Upon final approval of the plan by the commissioner and the filing of the proper documents with the office of the secretary of state, all property, property rights, and members' interests in each merging credit union shall vest in the continuing or new credit union as applicable without deed, endorsement, or other instrument of transfer, and all debts, obligations and liabilities of each merging credit union shall be deemed to have been assumed by the continuing or new credit union. The rights and privileges of the members of each participating credit union shall remain intact; however, if a person is a mem-

- ber of more than one of the participating credit unions,
  that person shall be entitled to only a single set of membership rights in the continuing or new credit union.
  - (i) If the surviving or new credit union created by the transaction is chartered by another state or territory of the United States, it shall, in addition to the criteria set forth in subsection (c) of this section, be subject to the requirements of section six, article two of this chapter. No merger resulting in an out-of-state credit union acquiring a West Virginia credit union shall be permitted unless that other state or territory permits a West Virginia credit union to merge or acquire credit unions in their state or territory on terms that are, on the whole, substantially no more restrictive than those established under the terms of this section: *Provided*, That no such merger shall be approved where the West Virginia credit union to be acquired has been in operation for less than two years.
  - (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may, without prior hearing, authorize a merger or consolidation of a credit union which is insolvent or is about to be insolvent with any other credit union or may authorize a credit union to purchase any of the assets of, or assume any of the liabilities of, any other credit union which is insolvent or about to be insolvent if the commissioner is satisfied that:
- 109 (1) An emergency requiring expeditious action 110 exists with respect to such other credit union;
- 111 (2) Other alternatives are not reasonably available; 112 and
  - (3) The public interest would best be served by approval of such merger, consolidation, purchase or assumption.
  - (k) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner may authorize an institution whose deposits or accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to purchase any of the assets of, or assume any of the liabilities of, a credit union which is insolvent or about to be insolvent, except that prior to exercising this

- authority the commissioner should consider attempting to effect a merger or consolidation with, or purchase and assumption by, another credit union as provided in subsection (j) of this section; and
- 126 (1) For purposes of the authority contained in subsec-127 tion (k) of this section, insured share and deposit accounts 128 of the credit union may upon consummation of the pur-129 chase and assumption be converted to insured deposits or other comparable accounts in the acquiring institution, 130 131 and the commissioner and the insuring organization shall 132 be absolved of any liability to the credit union's members 133 with respect to those accounts.

#### §31C-10-3. Conversion.

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- (a) A credit union incorporated under the laws of this state may be converted to a credit union organized under the laws of any other state or under the laws of the United States, by complying with the following requirements:
- (1) The proposition for such conversion shall first 6 7 be approved, and a date set for a vote thereon by the members, (either at a meeting to be held on such date or by written ballot to be filed on or before such date), by a 9 majority of the directors of the said West Virginia state 10 credit union. Written notice of the proposition and of the 11 12 date set for the vote shall then be delivered in person to 13 each member, or mailed to each member at the address for 14 such member appearing on the records of the credit union, not more than thirty or less than seven days prior to 15 16 such date. Approval of the proposition for conversion shall be by the affirmative vote of two thirds of the mem-17 18 bers, in person or in writing;
- 19 (2) A statement of the results of the vote, verified by the affidavits of the president or vice president and the 20 21 secretary, shall be filed with the commissioner of banking within ten days after the vote is taken. However, no West 22 Virginia state chartered credit union may convert its char-23 ter to that of another state, unless: (i) The conversion is 24 approved by the commissioner of banking in writing after 25 notice and hearing on the matter; (ii) the other state allows 26

- conversions of its credit unions to a West Virginia state charter on a reciprocal basis; and (iii) the majority, or in the event the credit union operates offices in more than two states, the plurality, of the credit union's members are residents of that other state. To the extent that an out-of-state credit union created by conversion seeks to conduct business through a branch or service facility in West Virginia, the provisions of section six, article two of this chapter shall apply;
  - (3) Promptly after the vote approving the conversion is taken, or after approval of the commissioner of banking, where such approval is required, and in no event later than ninety days thereafter, the credit union shall take such action as may be necessary under the applicable federal or state law to make it a federal credit union or credit union of another state, and within ten days after receipt of the federal credit union charter or out-of-state credit union charter there shall be filed with the commissioner of banking a copy of the charter thus issued. Upon such filing, the credit union shall cease to be a West Virginia state chartered credit union;
    - (4) The successor federal credit union or out-of-state chartered credit union shall be vested with all the assets and shall continue to be responsible for all of the obligations of the West Virginia state credit union to the same extent as though the conversion had not taken place.
  - (b) A credit union organized under the laws of the United States or of any other state may convert to a credit union incorporated under the laws of this state. To effect such a conversion, a credit union must comply with all the requirements of the jurisdiction under which it was originally organized and the requirements of the laws and rules of this state, and file proof of such compliance with the commissioner. The commissioner shall generally treat the conversion to a West Virginia state chartered credit union as a formation of a new credit union pursuant to article two of this chapter, and the procedures and requirements therein shall be followed to the extent applicable.

- §31C-11-1. Incorporation.
- §31C-11-2. Purposes.
- §31C-11-3. Membership.
- §31C-11-4. Organization.
- §31C-11-5. Powers and privileges.
- §31C-11-6. Participation in central system.
- §31C-11-7. Security interest.
- §31C-11-8. Meetings.
- §31C-11-9. Fees.
- §31C-11-10. Reserves.
- §31C-11-11. Annual audit.
- §31C-11-12. Securities exemption.

#### §31C-11-1. Incorporation.

- 1 A corporate credit union may be incorporated under
- 2 this article. All parts of this chapter not inconsistent with
- 3. this article shall apply to it.

#### §31C-11-2. Purposes.

- 1 The purposes of the corporate credit union are to:
- 2 (a) Accumulate and prudently manage the liquidity 3 of its member credit unions through interlending and 4 investment services:
- 5 (b) Act as an intermediary for credit union funds 6 between members and other corporate credit unions;
- 7 (c) Obtain liquid funds from other credit union orga-8 nizations, financial intermediaries and other sources;
- 9 (d) Foster and promote in cooperation with other 10 state, regional and national corporate credit unions and 11 credit union organizations or associations the economic
- 12 security, growth and development of member credit un-
- 13 ions:
- 14 (e) Provide payment systems and correspondent 15 services to its members; and
- 16 (f) Perform such other services of benefit to its mem-17 bers which are authorized by the commissioner.

# §31C-11-3. Membership.

- 1 (a) Membership in the corporate credit union shall 2 consist of and be limited to the credit union subscribers to 3 the articles of incorporation, credit unions incorporated 4 under this chapter, the Federal Credit Union Act or any other credit union act, organizations or associations of 6 credit unions, and such other organizations provided for in the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
- 8 (b) A member of the corporate credit union shall 9 designate one person to be its authorized representative to attend meetings of the corporate credit union and to vote 11 on behalf of the member. A credit union member of the 12 corporate credit union may only designate as its authorized representative a member of its own credit union.

## §31C-11-4. Organization.

- 1 (a) Application to form a corporate credit union 2 shall be made in writing to the commissioner. The application shall contain the names of at least ten percent of the credit unions in the proposed field of membership, but in 5 no case less than fifty credit unions that have agreed to subscribe to shares in the corporate credit union at the 17 time the application is made.
- 8 (b) The application shall be accompanied by articles 9 of incorporation and bylaws.
- 10 (c) The bylaws shall provide for the selection of a
  11 board of directors of at least five persons, all of whom
  12 shall be authorized representatives of members. The by13 laws shall require those applying for membership to sub14 scribe to membership shares or other shares, or both, in a
  15 minimum amount as specified in the bylaws.

# §31C-11-5. Powers and privileges.

1 (a) The corporate credit union shall enjoy the pow-2 ers and privileges of any other credit union incorporated 3 under this chapter in addition to those powers enumerated

in this article, notwithstanding any limitations or restric-4 tions found elsewhere in this chapter. 5

(b) The corporate credit union may:

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- 7 (1) Accept funds, either as shares or deposits, from a member and from any credit union incorporated by this 8 9 state, by another state or territory of the United States or 10 by the United States, whether or not such credit union is a member of the corporate credit union, or from a similar 11 12 institution incorporated under the laws of another country;
- 13 (2) Make loans to or invest in a member or in any credit union incorporated by this state, by another state or 14 territory of the United States or by the United States, 15 16 whether or not such credit union is a member of the cor-17 porate credit union:
  - (3) Make loans to or place deposits in a bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association incorporated by this state, by another state or territory of the United States or by the United States:
- (4) Provide payment systems and correspondent 22 23 services for the benefit of its members:
- (5) Participate with any credit union incorporated 24 by this state, another state or territory of the United States 25 or the United States in making loans to its members or to 26 members of any other participating credit union, under 27 the terms and conditions to which the participating credit unions agree;
- (6) Purchase, sell, and hold investment securities 30 which are marketable obligations in the form of bonds, 31 notes or debentures which are salable under ordinary 32 circumstances with reasonable promptness at a fair value. 33 All investments and related contracts and agreements shall 34 be made in accordance with written investment policies 35 established by the board of directors, and shall conform to 36 those investments permitted under section two, article nine 37 of this chapter; 38

- 39 (7) Borrow from any source, at the discretion of its 40 board of directors:
- 41 (8) Authorize its board of directors to delegate the authority to set interest rates on loans and deposits and to determine dividends on shares:
- (9) Contract for penalties for payment of loans prior to their scheduled maturity;
- 46 (10) Sell all or a part of its assets to another deposi-47 tory financial institution, purchase all or part of the assets of another depository financial institution and assume the 48 49 liabilities of the selling depository financial institution and 50 those of its members or depositors. To the extent that the 51 action results in a merger, the commissioner shall direct 52 that the appropriate provisions of section two, article ten of 53 this chapter be followed:
- 54 (11) Act as intermediary for the funds of members, 55 credit unions and other corporate credit unions;
- 56 (12) Act as agent for members, other credit unions 57 and credit union organizations in paying, receiving, trans-58 ferring the assets and liabilities received and invested as 59 permitted in this article;
- 60 (13) Receive and hold in safekeeping the securities 61 and other assets of its members and, in connection there-62 with, make such disposition of such assets as may be 63 agreed to or directed by the member; and
- 64 (14) Exercise all incidental powers that are conve-65 nient, suitable or necessary to enable it to carry out its 66 purposes.
- 67 (c) The corporate credit union may exercise the 68 powers or privileges granted a federal corporate credit 69 union, subject to the approval of the commissioner.

## §31C-11-6. Participation in central system.

The corporate credit union may enter into agreements and subscribe to any required shares for the pur-

- 3 pose of participation in the national credit union adminis-
- 4 tration central liquidity facility created by Public Law
- 5 95-630 or any other state or federal central liquidity facil-
- 6 ity or central financial system available to credit unions. It
- 7 may also enter into agreements with any third parties to
- 8 aid credit unions to obtain additional sources of liquidity.

# §31C-11-7. Security interest.

- 1 The corporate credit union may require and accept
- 2 security for loans to a member in the form of a pledge,
- 3 assignment, hypothecation or mortgage of any assets of
- 4 the member or a guarantor.

# §31C-11-8. Meetings.

- 1 The board of directors of the corporate credit union
- 2 shall meet each month. The board may meet at other
- 3 times as is necessary. Board meetings may be conducted
- 4 by means of telephone as provided in the bylaws in a
- 5 manner consistent with state law.

#### §31C-11-9. Fees.

- 1 Corporate credit unions shall pay the assessment and
- 2 fees set for credit unions under this code to defray the
- 3 costs to the commissioner and board for their supervision,
- 4 examination and administration. The assessments and
- 5 operating fees established by the commissioner or Legisla-
- 6 ture may make allowances for the special purposes and
- 7 operations of the corporate credit union.

## §31C-11-10. Reserves.

- 1 (a) The corporate credit union shall be exempt from
  - the regular reserve requirements of subsection (a), section
- 3 three, article nine of this chapter but at the end of each
- 4 accounting period and prior to paying a dividend or inter-
- 5 est refund (or, at the option of the credit union, on a
- 6 monthly basis if dividends or interest refunds are paid
- 7 more frequently than monthly) sums shall be set aside in a
- 8 regular reserve in accordance with the following schedule:

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- 9 (1) When the credit union's regular reserve and undi-10 vided earnings are less than two percent of assets at the 11 end of the transfer period, the credit union shall set aside 12 an amount equal to .0015 times the credit union's average 13 daily assets for the transfer period, times the number of 14 days in the transfer period, divided by three hundred 15 sixty-five.
- 16 (2) When the regular reserve and undivided earnings 17 are equal to or greater than two percent of assets, but the 18 regular reserve is less than four percent of assets, the credit union shall set aside an amount equal to .0010 times the 19 20 credit union's average daily assets for the transfer period. 2.1 times the number of days in the transfer period, divided by three hundred sixty-five. 2.2
- 23 (b) Charges may be made to the regular reserve for loan losses and for investment losses caused by factors other than trading losses or market fluctuations. Other charges to the regular reserve may only be made with the 26 prior approval of the commissioner.
- 28 (c) Additional reserves for corporate credit unions 29 may be required by the commissioner when in his or her 30 discretion, circumstances make such additional reserves 31 necessary and prudent for the protection of shareholders 32 and depositors.

### §31C-11-11. Annual audit.

- The supervisory committee of the corporate 2 credit union shall cause an annual audit to be made by an independent certified public accountant and shall submit the annual audit report to the board of directors. A sum-4 5 mary of the audit report shall be submitted to the mem-
- 6 bership at the next annual meeting.
- 7 (b) A copy of the audit report shall be submitted to 8 the commissioner within thirty days after receipt by the board of directors.

### §31C-11-12. Securities exemption.

The corporate credit union shall be exempt from the 1 2 securities laws of this state.

### ARTICLE 12. PENALTIES.

- §31C-12-1. Criminal liability.
- §31C-12-2. Penalty for false reports.
- §31C-12-3. Civil penalties.

### §31C-12-1. Criminal liability.

- Any credit union officer, director, employee or agent, who willfully does any of the following, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and may, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned not less than one year nor more than five years, or both:
- 7 (a) With intent to deceive, falsifies any books of ac-8 count, report, statement, record or other document of a 9 credit union whether by alteration, false entry, omission or 10 otherwise;
- 11 (b) Signs, issues, publishes or transmits to a govern-12 ment agency any book of account, report, statement, re-13 cord or other document which that person knows to be 14 false;
- 15 (c) By means of deceit, obtains a signature to a writ-16 ing which is the subject of forgery;
- 17 (d) With intent to deceive, destroys any credit union 18 book of account, report, statement, record or other docu-

### §31C-12-2. Penalty for false reports.

Whoever maliciously and knowingly spreads false reports about the management or finances of any credit union shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than two hundred dollars or be imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or both.

### §31C-12-3. Civil penalties.

Any person who violates this chapter, the rules issued pursuant thereto, or any orders lawfully entered by the commissioner or board of banking and financial institutions may be subject to civil penalties in an action brought by the commissioner or board in an amount not less than fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars for each

7 violation.

### **CHAPTER 99**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4133—By Delegates Douglas, Jenkins, Hutchins, Kime. Trump and Smirl)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article five-a of said chapter, all relating to driving a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs and while having a child under the age of sixteen years in the vehicle at the time of the offense; penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article five, chapter seventeen-c of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section two, article five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 5. Serious Traffic Offenses.
- 5A. Administrative Procedures for Suspension and Revocation of Licenses for Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol, Controlled Substances or Drugs.

### ARTICLE 5. SERIOUS TRAFFIC OFFENSES.

- §17C-5-2. Driving under influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; penalties.
  - 1 (a) Any person who:
  - 2 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while:
  - 3 (A) He is under the influence of alcohol; or
  - 4 (B) He is under the influence of any controlled sub-
  - 5 stance; or
  - 6 (C) He is under the influence of any other drug; or

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- (D) He is under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 9 (E) He has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 10 of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and
- 12 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or 12 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of 13 such vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the 14 death of any person within one year next following such 15 act or failure; and
- 16 (3) Commits such act or failure in reckless disregard of the safety of others, and when the influence of alcohol, 17 18 controlled substances or drugs is shown to be a 19 contributing cause to such death, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned 20 in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than ten 21 years and shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars 22 23 nor more than three thousand dollars.
- 24 (b) Any person who:
- 25 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while:
- 26 (A) He is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 27 (B) He is under the influence of any controlled sub-28 stance; or
- 29 (C) He is under the influence of any other drug; or
- 30 (D) He is under the combined influence of alcohol and 31 any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 32 (E) He has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 33 of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and
  - (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of such vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes the death of any person within one year next following such act or failure, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than ninety days nor more than one year and shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.
- 43 (c) Any person who:

- 44 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while:
- 45 (A) He is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 46 (B) He is under the influence of any controlled sub-47 stance; or
- 48 (C) He is under the influence of any other drug; or
- (D) He is under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 51 (E) He has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 52 of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and
- 53 (2) When so driving does any act forbidden by law or 54 fails to perform any duty imposed by law in the driving of such vehicle, which act or failure proximately causes 55 56 bodily injury to any person other than himself, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 57 58 confined in jail for not less than one day nor more than 59 one year, which jail term shall include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not 60 less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand 61 62 dollars.
- 63 (d) Any person who:
- 64 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while:
- 65 (A) He is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 66 (B) He is under the influence of any controlled sub-67 stance; or
- 68 (C) He is under the influence of any other drug; or
- (D) He is under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 71 (E) He has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 72 of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;
- 73 (2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 74 thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less than one day 75 nor more than six months, which jail term shall include 76 actual confinement of not less than twenty-four hours, and 77 shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more 78 than five hundred dollars.

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- 79 (e) Any person who, being an habitual user of narcotic 80 drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, drives a 81 vehicle in this state, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 82 conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not less 83 than one day nor more than six months, which jail term 84 shall include actual confinement of not less than 85 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one 86 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.
- 87 (f) Any person who:
- 88 (1) Knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be driven 89 in this state by any other person who is:
- 90 (A) Under the influence of alcohol; or
- 91 (B) Under the influence of any controlled substance; 92 or
- 93 (C) Under the influence of any other drug; or
- 94 (D) Under the combined influence of alcohol and any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 96 (E) Has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of 97 ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight;
  - (2) Is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not more than six months and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.
- 102 (g) Any person who:

Knowingly permits his or her vehicle to be driven in this state by any other person who is an habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not more than six months and shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars.

(h) Any person under the age of twenty-one years who drives a vehicle in this state while he or she has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight, shall, for a first offense under this subsection, be guilty of a misdemeanor

and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 116 117 twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars. 118 For a second or subsequent offense under this subsection. 119 such person is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 120 conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for 121 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than one 122 hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. A 123 person who is charged with a first offense under the 124 provisions of this subsection may move for a continuance 125 of the proceedings from time to time to allow the person 126 to participate in the vehicle alcohol test and lock program 127 as provided for in section three-a, article five-a of this 128 chapter. Upon successful completion of the program, the 129 court shall dismiss the charge against the person and 130 expunge the person's record as it relates to the alleged 131 In the event the person fails to successfully 132 complete the program, the court shall proceed to an 133 adjudication of the alleged offense. A motion for a continuance under this subsection shall not be construed 134 135 as an admission or be used as evidence.

136 A person arrested and charged with an offense under 137 the provisions of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or 138 (i) of this section may not also be charged with an offense 139 under this subsection arising out of the same transaction 140 or occurrence.

- 141 (i) Any person who:
- 142 (1) Drives a vehicle in this state while:
- 143 (A) He is under the influence of alcohol; or
- 144 (B) He is under the influence of any controlled sub-145 stance; or
- (C) He is under the influence of any other drug; or
- 147 (D) He is under the combined influence of alcohol and 148 any controlled substance or any other drug; or
- 149 (E) He has an alcohol concentration in his or her blood 150 of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight; and
- 151 (2) The person when so driving has on or within the 152 motor vehicle one or more other persons who are 153 unemancipated minors who have not reached their

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- 154 sixteenth birthday, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, 155 upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail for not 156 less than two days nor more than twelve months, which jail 157 term shall include actual confinement of not less than forty-eight hours, and shall be fined not less than two 158 159 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars
- 160 (j) A person violating any provision of subsection (b), 161 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section shall, for the 162 second offense under this section, be guilty of a 163 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 164 confined in iail for a period of not less than six months 165 nor more than one year, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of not less than one thousand 166 167 dollars nor more than three thousand dollars
  - 168 (k) A person violating any provision of subsection (b). 169 (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (i) of this section shall, for the third 170 or any subsequent offense under this section, be guilty of 171 a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned 172 in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than 173 three years, and the court may, in its discretion, impose a fine of not less than three thousand dollars nor more than 174 175 five thousand dollars.
  - (1) For purposes of subsections (j) and (k) of this 177 section relating to second, third and subsequent offenses, the following types of convictions shall be regarded as convictions under this section:
  - 180 (1) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection 181 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) of the prior enactment of this 182 section for an offense which occurred on or after the first 183 day of September, one thousand nine hundred eighty-one, 184 and prior to the effective date of this section;
  - (2) Any conviction under the provisions of subsection 185 (a) or (b) of the prior enactment of this section for an 186 offense which occurred within a period of five years 187 immediately preceding the first day of September, one 188 189 thousand nine hundred eighty-one; and
  - 190 (3) Any conviction under a municipal ordinance of this state or any other state or a statute of the United States 191 or of any other state of an offense which has the same 192

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- elements as an offense described in subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section, which offense occurred after the tenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three.
- 197 (m) A person may be charged in a warrant or indictment or information for a second or subsequent 198 199 offense under this section if the person has been 200 previously arrested for or charged with a violation of this section which is alleged to have occurred within the 201 202 applicable time periods for prior offenses, notwithstanding 203 the fact that there has not been a final adjudication of the 204 charges for the alleged previous offense. In such case, the 205 warrant or indictment or information must set forth the 206 date, location and particulars of the previous offense or 207 offenses. No person may be convicted of a second or 208 subsequent offense under this section unless the 209 conviction for the previous offense has become final.
- (n) The fact that any person charged with a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of this section, or any person permitted to drive as described under subsection (f) or (g) of this section, is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this section.
  - (o) For purposes of this section, the term "controlled substance" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in chapter sixty-a of this code.
- (p) The sentences provided herein upon conviction for 220 221 a violation of this article are mandatory and shall not be 222 subject to suspension or probation: Provided, That the 223 court may apply the provisions of article eleven-a, chapter 224 sixty-two of this code to a person sentenced or committed 225 to a term of one year or less. An order for home 226 detention by the court pursuant to the provisions of article 227 eleven-b, chapter sixty-two of this code may be used as an 228 alternative sentence to any period of incarceration 229 required by this section.

ARTICLE 5A. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF LICENSES FOR DRIVING UNDER THE

## INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL, CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR DRUGS.

### §17C-5A-2. Hearing; revocation; review.

- 1 (a) Upon the written request of a person whose license 2 to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 3 suspended under the provisions of section one of this 4 article or section seven, article five of this chapter, the 5 commissioner of motor vehicles shall stay the imposition 6 of the period of revocation or suspension and afford the person an opportunity to be heard. The written request 7 must be filed with the commissioner in person or by 8 9 registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, within 10 ten days after receipt of a copy of the order of revocation or suspension. The hearing shall be before the com-11 missioner or a hearing examiner retained by the 12 commissioner who shall rule on evidentiary issues and 13 14 submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law 15 for the consideration of said commissioner and all of the pertinent provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a 16 of this code shall apply: Provided, That in the case of a 17 resident of this state the hearing shall be held in the 18 19 county wherein the arrest was made in this state unless the 20 commissioner or the commissioner's authorized deputy or agent and the person agree that the hearing may be held 21 22 in some other county.
- 23 (b) Any such hearing shall be held within twenty days 24 after the date upon which the commissioner received the 25 timely written request therefor, unless there is a 26 postponement or continuance. The commissioner may postpone or continue any hearing on the commissioner's 27 own motion, or upon application for each person for good 28 cause shown. The commissioner shall adopt and 29 implement by a procedural rule written policies governing 30 the postponement or continuance of any such hearing on 31 the commissioner's own motion or for the benefit of any 32 law-enforcement officer or any person requesting the 33 hearing, and such policies shall be enforced and applied to 34 all parties equally. For the purpose of conducting the 35 hearing, the commissioner shall have the power and 36 authority to issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 37 in accordance with the provisions of section one, article 38

- five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*. That the notice of hearing to the appropriate law-enforcement officers by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, shall constitute a subpoena to appear at the hearing without the necessity of payment of fees by the division of motor vehicles. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall be issued and served within the time and for the fees and shall be enforced, as specified in section one, article five of said chapter twenty-nine-a, and all of the said section one provisions dealing with subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum shall apply to subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued for the purpose of a hearing hereunder.
  - (c) Law-enforcement officers shall be compensated for the time expended in their travel and appearance before the commissioner by the law-enforcement agency by whom they are employed at their regular rate if they are scheduled to be on duty during said time or at their regular overtime rate if they are scheduled to be off duty during said time.
  - (d) The principal question at the hearing shall be whether the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or did refuse to submit to the designated secondary chemical test, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight.

The commissioner may propose a legislative rule in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, which rule may provide that if a person accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his

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blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 80 weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by 81 82 weight, intends to challenge the results of any secondary 83 chemical test of blood, breath or urine, or intends to 84 cross-examine the individual or individuals who 85 administered the test or performed the chemical analysis, the person shall, within an appropriate period of time prior 86 87 to the hearing, notify the commissioner in writing of such 88 intention. The rule may provide that when there is a 89 failure to comply with the notice requirement, the results 90 of the secondary test, if any, shall be admissible as though 91 the person and the commissioner had stipulated the 92 admissibility of such evidence. Any such rule shall 93 provide that the rule shall not be invoked in the case of a 94 person who is not represented by counsel unless the 95 communication from the commissioner to the person establishing a time and place for the hearing also 96 informed the person of the consequences of the person's 97 98 failure to timely notify the commissioner of the person's intention to challenge the results of the secondary 99 100 chemical test or cross-examine the individual or individuals who administered the test or performed the 101 102 chemical analysis.

(e) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or accused of driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to: (1) Whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been driving while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or to have been driving a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his or her blood of two

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- 122 hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less 123 than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight; (2) 124 whether the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an 125 offense involving driving under the influence of alcohol. 126 controlled substances or drugs, or was lawfully taken into 127 custody for the purpose of administering a secondary test; 128 and (3) whether the tests, if any, were administered in 129 accordance with the provisions of this article and article 130 five of this chapter.
- 131 (f) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive 132 a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. 133 controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor 134 vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the 135 person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more. 136 by weight, or did drive a motor vehicle while under the 137 age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in 138 his blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by 139 weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by 140 weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance 141 of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act 142 forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by 143 law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a 144 person and was committed in reckless disregard of the 145 safety of others, and if the commissioner further finds that 146 the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs or the alcoholic concentration in the blood was a 147 contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall 148 revoke the person's license for a period of ten years: 149 150 Provided. That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the 151 152 provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 153 154 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 155 person.
  - (g) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when so

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163 driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately 164 165 caused the death of a person, the commissioner shall 166 revoke the person's license for a period of five years: 167 Provided, That if the commissioner has previously 168 suspended or revoked the person's license under the 169 provisions of this section or section one of this article 170 within the ten years immediately preceding the date of 171 arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the 172 person.

- 173 (h) If, in addition to a finding that the person did 174 drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. 175 controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor 176 vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the 177 person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, 178 by weight, the commissioner also finds by a pre-179 ponderance of the evidence that the person when so 180 driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a 181 duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused bodily injury to a person other than himself or 182 183 herself, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of two years: Provided, That if the com-184 185 missioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or 186 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 187 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 188 189 be ten years: Provided, however, That if the commissioner 190 has previously suspended or revoked the person's license more than once under the provisions of this section or 191 192 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 193 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 194 be for the life of the person.
  - (i) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, or finds that the person, being an habitual user of narcotic drugs or amphetamine or any derivative thereof, did drive a motor vehicle, or finds that the person knowingly permitted the

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204 person's vehicle to be driven by another person who was 205 under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or 206 drugs, or knowingly permitted the person's vehicle to be 207 driven by another person who had an alcoholic 208 concentration in his or her blood of ten hundredths of one 209 percent or more, by weight, the commissioner shall revoke 210 the person's license for a period of six months: Provided, 211 That if the commissioner has previously suspended or 212 revoked the person's license under the provisions of this 213 section or section one of this article within the ten years 214 immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: Provided, however, That if 215 216 the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked 217 the person's license more than once under the provisions 218 of this section or section one of this article within the ten 219 years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period 220 of revocation shall be for the life of the person.

- (i) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person when so driving did an act forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by law, which act or failure proximately caused the death of a person, and if the commissioner further finds that the alcoholic concentration in the blood was a contributing cause to the death, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a period of five years: *Provided*, That if the commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the person's license under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.
- (k) If, in addition to a finding that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner also finds by a preponderance of the

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245 evidence that the person when so driving did an act 246 forbidden by law or failed to perform a duty imposed by 247 law, which act or failure proximately caused bodily injury 248 to a person other than himself or herself, and if the 249 commissioner further finds that the alcoholic con-250 centration in the blood was a contributing cause to the 251 bodily injury, the commissioner shall revoke the person's 252 license for a period of two years: Provided, That if the 253 commissioner has previously suspended or revoked the 254 person's license under the provisions of this section or 255 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 256 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 257 be ten years: Provided, however. That if the commissioner 258 has previously suspended or revoked the person's license 259 more than once under the provisions of this section or 260 section one of this article within the ten years immediately 261 preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall 262 be for the life of the person.

- (1) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person did drive a motor vehicle while under the age of twenty-one years with an alcohol concentration in his blood of two hundredths of one percent or more, by weight, but less than ten hundredths of one percent, by weight, the commissioner shall suspend the person's license for a period of sixty days.
- 270 (m) If, in addition to a finding that the person did 271 drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol. 272 controlled substances or drugs, or did drive a motor 273 vehicle while having an alcoholic concentration in the 274 person's blood of ten hundredths of one percent or more, 275 by weight, the commissioner also finds by 276 preponderance of the evidence that the person when so 277 driving did have on or within the motor vehicle another person who has not reached his or her sixteenth birthday, 278 the commissioner shall revoke the person's license for a 279 period of one year: Provided, That if the commissioner 280 has previously suspended or revoked the person's license 281 under the provisions of this section or section one of this 282 283 article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be ten years: 284 Provided, however, That if the commissioner has 285

- previously suspended or revoked the person's license more than once under the provisions of this section or section one of this article within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest, the period of revocation shall be for the life of the person.
  - (n) For purposes of this section, where reference is made to previous suspensions or revocations under this section, the following types of criminal convictions or administrative suspensions or revocations shall also be regarded as suspensions or revocations under this section or section one of this article:
  - (1) Any administrative revocation under the provisions of the prior enactment of this section for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
  - (2) Any suspension or revocation on the basis of a conviction under a municipal ordinance of another state or a statute of the United States or of any other state of an offense which has the same elements as an offense described in section two, article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
  - (3) Any revocation under the provisions of section seven, article five of this chapter, for conduct which occurred within the ten years immediately preceding the date of arrest.
  - (o) In the case of a hearing wherein a person is accused of refusing to submit to a designated secondary test, the commissioner shall make specific findings as to:
    (1) Whether the arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) whether the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (3) whether the person refused to submit to the secondary test finally designated in the manner provided in section four, article five of this chapter; and (4) whether the person had been given a written statement advising the

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person that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be revoked for at least one year and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test finally designated in the manner provided in section four, article five of this chapter.

- (p) If the commissioner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that: (1) The arresting law-enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs; (2) the person was lawfully placed under arrest for an offense relating to driving a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs: (3) the person refused to submit to the secondary chemical test finally designated; and (4) the person had been given a written statement advising the person that the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state would be revoked for a period of at least one year and up to life if the person refused to submit to the test finally designated, the commissioner shall revoke the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state for the periods specified in section seven, article five of this chapter.
- (q) If the commissioner finds to the contrary with respect to the above issues, the commissioner shall rescind his or her earlier order of revocation or shall reduce the order of revocation to the appropriate period of revocation under this section, or section seven, article five of this chapter.

A copy of the commissioner's order made and entered following the hearing shall be served upon the person by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested. During the pendency of any such hearing, the revocation of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle in this state shall be stayed.

If the commissioner shall after hearing make and enter an order affirming the commissioner's earlier order of revocation, the person shall be entitled to judicial review as set forth in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, except that the commissioner shall not stay enforcement of the

- 366 order; and, pending the appeal, the court may grant a stay
- 367 or supersedeas of the order only upon motion and
- 368 hearing, and a finding by the court upon the evidence
- 369 presented, that there is a substantial probability that the
- 370 appellant shall prevail upon the merits, and the appellant
- 371 will suffer irreparable harm if the order is not stayed:
- 372 Provided, That in no event shall the stay or supersedeas of
- 373 the order exceed thirty days.
- 374 (r) In any revocation or suspension pursuant to this
- 375 section, if the driver whose license is revoked or suspended
- 376 had not reached the driver's eighteenth birthday at the
- 377 time of the conduct for which the license is revoked or
- 378 suspended, the driver's license shall be revoked or
- 379 suspended until the driver's eighteenth birthday, or the
- 380 applicable statutory period of revocation or suspension
- 381 prescribed by this section, whichever is longer.
- 382 (s) Funds for this section's hearing and appeal process
- 383 may be provided from the drunk driving prevention fund,
- 384 as created by section sixteen, article fifteen, chapter eleven
- 385 of this code, upon application for such funds to the
- 386 commission on drunk driving prevention.



(Com. Sub. for S. B. 156-By Senators Whitlow and Bailey)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-five, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to prohibiting persons from digging cultivated ginseng on lands of another without the owner's consent; land must be posted; and penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-five, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

### §61-3-35. Digging cultivated ginseng; penalty.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person to dig cultivated
- 2 ginseng or prospect for the same, on the lands of another
- 3 without the consent of the owner or owners thereof first
- 4 obtained. The property must be properly posted with "No
- 5 Trespassing" signs, "Private Property" signs, or other signs
- 6 that explain to a person to stay off the property. The
- 7 signs must be of reasonable size to be read by an average
- 8 person and must be posted at reasonable intervals of at
- 9 least two hundred feet around the property.
- Any person violating this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined
- 12 not less than one hundred dollars.

### CHAPTER 101

(S. B. 384—By Senators Bowman, Plymale, Macnaughtan, Ross and Scott)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-two, relating to making it a felony to remove or injure timber valued at more than one thousand dollars; making it a misdemeanor to remove or injure timber valued at one thousand dollars or less; creating penalties; and creating exemptions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

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### §61-3-52. Wrongful injuries to timber; criminal penalties.

- (a) Any person who willfully and maliciously and with intent to do harm unlawfully enters upon the lands of another, cuts down, injures, removes or destroys any timber valued at more than one thousand dollars, without the permission of the owner or his or her representative is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than three times the value of timber injured, removed or destroyed, or imprisoned in a regional jail for thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.
- (b) Any person who willfully and maliciously and with intent to do harm unlawfully enters upon the lands of another, cuts down, injures, removes or destroys any timber valued at one thousand dollars or less, without the permission of the owner or his or her representative is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or imprisoned in the county or regional jail for not more than thirty days.
- (c) The necessary trimming and removal of timber to permit the construction, repair, maintenance, cleanup and operations of pipelines and utility lines and appurtenances of public utilities, public service corporations and to aid registered land surveyors and professional engineers in the performance of their professional services, and municipalities, and pipeline companies, or lawful operators and product purchasers of natural resources other than timber shall not be deemed a willful and intentional cutting down, injuring, removing or destroying of timber.
- (d) The necessary trimming and removal of timber for boundary line maintenance, for the construction, maintenance and repair of streets, roads and highways or for the control and regulation of traffic thereon by the state and its political subdivisions or registered land surveyors and professional engineers shall not be deemed a willful and intentional cutting down, injuring, removing or destroying of timber.
- (e) No fine or imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section shall be construed to limit any cause of action by a landowner for recovery of damages otherwise allowed by law.

### **CHAPTER 102**

(S. B. 400—By Senators Bowman, Wooton, Anderson, Buckalew, Deem, Dittmar, Miller, Oliverio, Ross, Scott and Wiedebusch)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal sections seven and eight, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-e, all relating to criminal offenses involving explosives; definitions; penalties cumulative; illegal possession of destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; criminal use of destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; causing death or injury, penalties; causing death or injury to an explosives detection animal; manufacture, purchase, sale, advertising for sale, transporting or possession or use of hoax bomb; possession or use of hoax bomb in commission of a felony; theft of explosive material from storage magazines or buildings; receipt, possession, storage, sale or transportation of stolen explosive material; wanton endangerment involving destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; exemptions; contraband, seizure and forfeiture; legislative findings; and criminal penalties.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article three-e, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 3E. OFFENSES INVOLVING EXPLOSIVES.

- §61-3E-1. Definitions.
- §61-3E-2. Penalties cumulative.
- §61-3E-3. Illegal possession of destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; penalty.
- §61-3E-4. Criminal use of destructive device, explosive material or incendiary device; penalty.
- §61-3E-5. Causing death or injury; penalties.
- §61-3E-6. Causing death or injury to an explosives detection animal; penalty.

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- §61-3E-7. Manufacture, purchase, sale, advertising for sale, transporting or possession or use of a hoax bomb; possession or use in commission of a felony; penalty.
- §61-3E-8. Theft of explosive material from storage magazines or buildings; penalty.
- §61-3E-9. Receipt, possession, storage, sale or transportation of stolen explosive material; penalty.
- §61-3E-10. Wanton endangerment involving destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; penalty.
- §61-3E-11. Exemptions.
- §61-3E-12. Contraband, seizure, forfeiture.
- §61-3E-13. Legislative findings.

### §61-3E-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise 2 requires:
- (a) "Destructive device" means any bomb, grenade, 4 mine, rocket, missile, pipebomb or similar device containing an explosive, incendiary, explosive gas or expanding 5 gas which is designed or so constructed as to explode by 6 such filler and is capable of causing bodily harm or property damage; any combination of parts, either designed or 8 intended for use in converting any device into a destruc-9 tive device and from which a destructive device may be 10 11 readily assembled.
  - "Destructive device" does not include a firearm as such is defined in section two, article seven of this chapter or model rockets and their components as defined in section twenty-three, article three, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
  - (b) "Explosive material" means any chemical compound, mechanical mixture or device that is commonly used or can be used for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packaging that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, by detonator or by any part of the compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases. These materials include, but are not limited to, powders for blasting, high or low explosives,
- 27 blasting materials, blasting agents, blasting emulsions,
- 28 blasting fuses other than electric circuit breakers, detona-

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- 29 tors, blasting caps and other detonating agents and black 30 or smokeless powders not manufactured or used for lawful 31 sporting purposes or fireworks defined in section 32 twenty-three, article three, chapter twenty-nine of this code 33 which are not used in violation of this article. Also includ-34 ed are all explosive materials listed annually by the office 35 of the state fire marshal and published in the state register, 36 said publication being hereby mandated.
- (c) "Hoax bomb" means any device or object that by its design, construction, content or characteristics appears to be, or is represented to be or to contain a destructive device, explosive material or incendiary device as defined 40 in this section, but is, in fact, an inoperative facsimile or 42 imitation of such a destructive device, explosive material 43 or incendiary device.
- 44 (d) "Incendiary device" means a container containing 45 gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, or derivative thereof, or other 46 flammable or combustible material, having a wick or other 47 substance or device which, if set or ignited, is capable of 48 igniting such gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, or derivative 49 thereof, or other flammable or combustible material: 50 Provided. That no similar device commercially manufac-51 tured and used solely for the purpose of illumination shall 52 be deemed to be an incendiary device.
- (e) "Legal authority" means that right as expressly 53 54 stated by statute or law.
- 55 (f) "Person" shall mean an individual, corporation, 56 company, association, firm, partnership, society or joint 57 stock company.
- (g) "Storage magazine" is defined to mean any build-58 59 ing or structure, other than an explosives manufacturing 60 building, approved by the legal authority for the storage 61 of explosive materials.

### §61-3E-2. Penalties cumulative.

It is the intention of the Legislature in enacting this 1 2 article that all criminal offenses and penalties defined in this article shall be cumulative and shall be in addition to 3 any other offenses and penalties provided for by law. The Legislature contemplates and authorizes separate and

- 6 consecutive sentences for the offenses defined in this arti-
- 7 cle and other offenses provided for or defined by law.
- 8 The Legislature declares as a matter of law that for the
- 9 offenses defined in this article that involve injuries or
- 10 death to persons those offenses are separate offenses as to
- 11 each person whose injury or death results from the con-
- 12 duct proscribed by this article.

# §61-3E-3. Illegal possession of destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; penalty.

Any person who possesses or manufactures any explo-

2 sive material without first obtaining a permit to use explo-

3 sives from the office of the state fire marshal or who pos-

4 sesses or manufacturers any destructive device or incendi-

ary device shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction

6 thereof, shall be committed to the custody of the division

7 of corrections for not less than one nor more than ten

8 years or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or

9 both.

# §61-3E-4. Criminal use of destructive device, explosive material or incendiary device; penalty.

Any person who unlawfully and intentionally damages

the property of another or attempts to damage the proper-

3 ty of another by the use of a destructive device, explosive

4 material or incendiary device shall be guilty of a felony

and, upon conviction thereof, shall be committed to the custody of the division of corrections for not less than two

nor more than ten years, or fined not more than ten thou-

8 sand dollars, or both.

### §61-3E-5. Causing death or injury; penalties.

- 1 (a) Any person who violates the provisions of this
- article which violation causes bodily injury to any person
   shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
- 4 shall be committed to the custody of the division of cor-
- 5 rections for not less than two nor more than ten years, or
- 6 fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both.
- 7 (b) Any person who violates the provisions of this
- 8 article which violation causes serious bodily injury to any
- 9 person shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction

- 10 thereof, shall be committed to the custody of the division
- of corrections for not less than three nor more than fifteen 11
- years, or fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or 12
- 13 both.
- 14 (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this
- 15 article which violation causes the death of any person shall
- 16 be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- be committed to the custody of the division of corrections 17
- 18 for a definite term of years of not less than ten years nor
- 19 more than forty years. No person sentenced to a period
- of imprisonment pursuant to the provisions of this subsec-20
- tion shall be eligible for parole prior to having served a 21
- 22 minimum of ten years.

### §61-3E-6. Causing death or injury to an explosives detection animal; penalty.

- 1 Any person who violates the provisions of this article
- 2 which violation causes death, serious or debilitating bodily
- injury to an explosives detection animal owned or used by
- a law-enforcement agency, shall be guilty of a felony and, 4
- upon conviction thereof, be committed to the custody of 5
- the division of corrections for not less than one year nor
- more than five years or fined not more than five thousand
- 8 dollars, or both.

### §61-3E-7. Manufacture, purchase, sale, advertising for sale, transporting or possession or use of a hoax bomb; possession or use in commission of a felony; penalty.

- (a) Any person who knowingly manufactures, purchases, sells, advertises for sale, transports or possesses a 2 hoax bomb with intent to violate any provision of this 3
- code shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any person con-
- victed of a violation of this section shall be incarcerated in 5
- a county or regional jail for not less than six months nor 6 7
  - more than one year, or fined five thousand dollars, or
- 8 both.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 9 this section, any person who possesses or uses a hoax 10 bomb to commit or attempt to commit any felony shall be 11

- 12 guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
- 13 committed to the custody of the division of corrections for
- 14 not less than one nor more than ten years, or fined not
- 15 more than ten thousand dollars, or both.

# §61-3E-8. Theft of explosive material from storage magazines or buildings; penalty.

- 1 Any person who breaks and enters or shall enter with-
- 2 out breaking any storage magazine, shop, office, store-
- 3 house, warehouse or any other building or out-house
- 4 adjoining thereto, any railcar, boat, vessel or motor vehicle
- 5 within the jurisdiction of any county within this state
- 6 where explosive material is stored, with the intent to com-
- 7 mit larceny shall be guilty of a felony and, upon convic-
- 8 tion thereof, shall be committed to the custody of the
- 9 division of corrections for not less than one nor more than
- 10 ten years or fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or
- 11 both.

# §61-3E-9. Receipt, possession, storage, sale or transportation of stolen explosive material; penalty.

- 1 Any person who receives, conceals, transports, ships,
- 2 stores, barters, sells or disposes of any explosive material
- 3 knowing or have reason to know that such materials is
- 4 stolen is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof,
- 5 shall be committed to the custody of the division of cor-
- 6 rections for not less than one nor more than ten years or
- 7 fined not more than ten thousand dollars, or both.

# §61-3E-10. Wanton endangerment involving destructive devices, explosive materials or incendiary devices; penalty.

- 1 Any person who wantonly performs any act with a
- 2 destructive device, explosive material or incendiary device
- 3 which creates substantial risk of death or serious bodily
- 4 injury to another shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
- 5 conviction thereof, shall be committed to the custody of
- 6 the division of corrections for not less than two years nor
- 7 more than ten years or fined not more than ten thousand
- 8 dollars, or both.

### §61-3E-11. Exemptions.

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- (a) Unless specifically prohibited by any provision of this code or the laws of the United States, nothing in this article shall prohibit the authorized manufacture, sale, transportation, distribution, use or possession of any explosive material by any person holding a permit for such issued by the office of the state fire marshal. Any person performing a lawful activity pursuant to or regulated by the terms of a permit issued by the division of environmental protection, or any office thereof, shall be exempt 10 from the provisions of this article.
- 11 (b) Unless specifically prohibited by any other provision of this code or the laws of the United States, nothing 12 13 in this section shall prohibit the authorized manufacture, 14 transportation, distribution, use or possession of any ex-15 plosive, destructive device or incendiary device by a mem-16 ber of the armed forces or law-enforcement officers when-17 ever such persons are acting lawfully and in the line of 18 duty; nor shall it prohibit the manufacture, transportation, 19 distribution, use or possession of any explosive material, 20 destructive device or incendiary device to be used solely 21 for lawful scientific research or lawful educational purpos-22 es. Any person engaged in otherwise lawful blasting activ-23 ities failing to obtain a permit or in possession of an ex-24 pired permit issued by the office of the state fire marshal shall not be construed to be in violation of the article. 25

### §61-3E-12. Contraband, seizure, forfeiture.

1 Any destructive device, explosive material, incendiary 2 device or hoax bomb possessed, involved in, used or in-3 tended to be used in a violation of this article or any viola-4 tion of any criminal law or regulation of this state are 5 hereby declared to be contraband and any property interest therein shall be vested in the state of West Virginia. Said contraband may be seized by the office of the state 7 8 fire marshal or other law-enforcement agency conducting said investigation and upon application to the circuit court 9 of the county in which said contraband is seized be for-10 feited to the state of West Virginia for destruction or for 11 training purposes by the office of the state fire marshal or 12 other law-enforcement agency.

### §61-3E-13. Legislative findings.

- The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the seizure and use of items under the provisions of this article is not contemplated to be a forfeiture as the same is used in section five, article XII of the Constitution of West Virginia and to the extent that such seizure and use may be found to be such a forfeiture, the Legislature hereby finds and declares that the proceeds from a seizure and use under this article is not part of net proceeds as the same is contemplated by section five, article XII of the
- 10 Constitution of West Virginia.

### **CHAPTER 103**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4110-By Delegates Ashley, Trump, Rowe and Staton)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article five, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to the crime of perjury and creating the felony offenses of perjury and subordination of perjury for willfully testifying falsely before a grand jury which is considering a felony presentment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article five, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

### §61-5-1. Perjury and subornation of perjury defined.

- 1 (a) Any person who is under an oath or affirmation 2 which has been lawfully administered and who willfully
- 3 testifies falsely regarding a material matter in a trial of any
- 4 person, corporation or other legal entity for a felony, or
- 5 before any grand jury which is considering a felony
- 6 indictment, shall be guilty of the felony offense of
  - 7 perjury.

12 13 (b) Any person who induces or procures another person to testify falsely regarding a material matter in a trial of any person, corporation or other legal entity for a felony, or before any grand jury which is considering a felony indictment, shall be guilty of the felony offense of subornation of perjury.

### **CHAPTER 104**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4077—By Delegates Linch, Staton, Manuel, Amores, J. Martin, Riggs and Thomas)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections four, five and six, article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to licensing requirements for carrying concealed deadly weapons; shifting concealed deadly weapons licensing authority from circuit judges to sheriffs; changing license issuance requirements; preventing those persons either adjudicated mentally incompetent, with criminal charges pending, charged or serving sentences for domestic violence, or subject to a domestic violence petition from receiving concealed weapons licenses; modifying applicants background check verification requirements; requiring all concealed weapons applicants to receive training; modifying the appeal process for denied concealed weapons licenses; establishing authority of sheriffs to revoke concealed weapons licenses; directing that certain license fees paid to the sheriff be deposited in a special fund to be administered by the sheriff; providing a portion of the licensing fee be distributed to the state police; directing the state police to develop concealed weapons license cards and application forms; creating a criminal penalty for false swearing for falsifying a permit application; allowing military handgun training to be utilized in meeting training requirements for concealed handgun or revolver license; modifying training program requirements; creating criminal penalties for concealed weapons licensee for failure to have identification

and concealed weapon license in his or her possession when carrying a concealed weapon; allowing certain current licensees to renew their license without paying application fees; excluding retired state police officers from certain licensing requirements; and adding certain retired circuit judges to persons who can carry a concealed weapon without a license.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections four, five and six, article seven, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7. DANGEROUS WEAPONS.

- §61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.
- §61-7-5. Revocation of license.
- §61-7-6. Exceptions as to prohibitions against carrying concealed deadly weapons.

### §61-7-4. License to carry deadly weapons; how obtained.

- (a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this 1 2
  - section, any person desiring to obtain a state license to
- carry a concealed deadly weapon shall apply to the sheriff of his or her county for such license, and shall pay to the 4
- sheriff, at the time of application, a fee of sixty dollars.
- Each applicant shall file with the sheriff, a complete
- 7 application, as prepared by the superintendent of the West
- Virginia state police, in writing, duly verified, which sets 8
- 9 forth only the following licensing requirements:
- 10 (1) The applicant's full name, date of birth, social security number and a description of the applicant's 11
- 12 physical features;
- 13 (2) That, on the date the application is made, the applicant is a bona fide resident of this state and of the
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- county in which the application is made and has a valid 1.5
- driver's license or other state issued photo identification 16
- 17 showing such residence;
- 18 (3) That the applicant is eighteen years of age or 19 older:

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- 20 (4) That the applicant is not addicted to alcohol, a controlled substance or a drug, and is not an unlawful user thereof;
- 23 (5) That the applicant has not been convicted of a 24 felony or of an act of violence involving the misuse of a 25 deadly weapon;
- 26 (6) That the applicant has no criminal charges 27 pending and is not currently serving a sentence of 28 confinement, parole, probation or other court ordered 29 supervision, because of a charge of domestic violence as 30 provided for in section twenty-eight, article two of this 31 chapter, or is the subject of a restraining order as a result 32 of a domestic violence act as defined in that section, or because of a verified petition of domestic violence as 33 provided for in article two-a, chapter forty-eight of this 34 35 code or is subject to a protective order as provided for in 36 that article:
- 37 (7) That the applicant is physically and mentally 38 competent to carry such weapon;
- 39 (8) That the applicant has not been adjudicated to be 40 mentally incompetent;
  - (9) That the applicant has qualified under the minimum requirements set forth in subsection (d) of this section for handling and firing such weapon: *Provided*, That this requirement shall be waived in the case of a renewal applicant who has previously qualified.
  - (10) That the applicant authorizes the sheriff of the county, or his or her designee, to conduct an investigation relative to the information contained in the application.
- (b) The sheriff shall conduct an investigation which shall verify that the information required in subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5), (6), (8) and (9) of subsection (a) are true and correct.
  - (c) The sixty dollar application fee and any fees for replacement of lost or stolen licenses received by the sheriff shall be deposited by the sheriff into a concealed weapons license administration fund. Such fund shall be administered by the sheriff and shall take the form of an

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- 58 interest bearing account with any interest earned to be 59 compounded to the fund. Any funds deposited in this 60 concealed weapon license administration fund are to be 61 expended by the sheriff to pay for the costs associated 62 with issuing concealed weapons licenses. Any surplus in the fund on hand at the end of each fiscal year may be 63 64 expended for other law-enforcement purposes or 65 operating needs of the sheriffs office, as the sheriff may 66 deem appropriate.
  - (d) All persons applying for a license must complete a training course in handling and firing a handgun. The successful completion of any of the following courses fulfills this training requirement:
- 71 (1) Any official national rifle association handgun 72 safety or training course:
- (2) Any handgun safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by an official law-enforcement organization, community college, junior college, college, or private or public institution or 76 77 organization or handgun training school utilizing instructors duly certified by such institution;
  - (3) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted by a handgun instructor certified as such by the state or by the national rifle association;
  - (4) Any handgun training or safety course or class conducted by any branch of the United States military, reserve or national guard.

A photocopy of a certificate of completion of any of the courses or classes or an affidavit from the instructor, school, club, organization, or group that conducted or taught said course or class attesting to the successful completion of the course or class by the applicant or a copy of any document which shows successful completion of the course or class, shall constitute evidence of qualification under this section.

(e) All concealed weapons license applications must be notarized by a notary public duly licensed under article four, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Falsification of any portion of the application constitutes false swearing

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97 and is punishable under the provisions of section two, 98 article five, chapter sixty-one of this code.

- (f) If the information in the application is found to be true and correct, the sheriff shall issue a license. The sheriff shall issue or deny the license within thirty days after the application is filed if all required background checks authorized by this section are completed, and no later than forty-five days regardless of whether these background checks have been completed.
- (g) Before any approved license shall be issued or become effective, the applicant shall pay to the sheriff a fee in the amount of fifteen dollars which the sheriff shall forward to the superintendent of the West Virginia state police within thirty days of receipt. Any such license shall be valid for five years throughout the state, unless sooner revoked.
- 113 (h) All persons holding a current and valid concealed 114 weapons license as of the sixteenth day of December, one 115 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, shall continue to hold 116 a valid concealed weapons license until his or her license 117 expires or is revoked as provided for in this article: 118 Provided, That all reapplication fees shall be waived for 119 applications received by the first day of January, one 120 thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, for any person 121 holding a current and valid concealed weapons license as 122 of sixteenth day of December, one thousand nine hundred 123 ninety-five, which contains use restrictions placed upon 124 the license as a condition of issuance by the issuing circuit 125 court. Any licenses reissued pursuant to this subsection 126 will be issued for the time period of the original license.
  - (i) Each license shall contain the full name, social security number and address of the licensee and a space upon which the signature of the licensee shall be signed with pen and ink. The issuing sheriff shall sign and attach his or her seal to all license cards.
- (i) The superintendent of the West Virginia state police shall prepare uniform applications for licenses and license 133 cards showing that such license has been granted and shall 134 do any other act required to be done to protect the state 135 136 and see to the enforcement of this section.
- (k) In the event an application is denied, the specific 137

- reasons for the denial shall be stated by the sheriff denying the application. Any person denied a license may file, in the circuit court of the county in which the application was made, a petition seeking review of the denial. Such petition shall be filed within thirty days of the denial. The court shall then determine whether the applicant is entitled to the issuance of a license under the criteria set forth in this section. The applicant may be represented by counsel, but in no case shall the court be required to appoint counsel for an applicant. The final order of the court shall include the court's findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the final order upholds the denial, the applicant may file an appeal in accordance with the rules of appellate procedure of the supreme court of appeals.
  - (l) In the event a license is lost or destroyed, the person to whom the license was issued may obtain a duplicate or substitute license for a fee of five dollars by filing a notarized statement with the sheriff indicating that the license has been lost or destroyed.
  - (m) The sheriff shall, immediately after the license is granted as aforesaid, furnish the superintendent of the West Virginia state police a certified copy of the approved application. It shall be the duty of the sheriff to furnish to the superintendent of the West Virginia state police at any time so requested, a certified list of all such licenses issued in the county. The superintendent of the West Virginia state police shall maintain a registry of all persons who have been issued concealed weapons licenses.
  - (n) All licensees must carry with them a state issued photo identification card with the concealed weapons license whenever the licensee is carrying a concealed weapon. Any licensee who fails to have in his or her possession a state issued photo identification card and a current concealed weapons license while carrying a concealed weapon shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty or more than two hundred dollars for each offense.
  - (o) The sheriff shall deny any application or revoke any existing license upon determination that any of the

- 176 licensing application requirements established in this 177 section have been violated by the licensee.
- 178 (p) No person who is engaged in the receipt, review, or 179 in the issuance or revocation of a concealed weapon license shall incur any civil liability as the result of the 180 181 lawful performance of his or her duties under this article.
- 182 (q) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 183 this section, with respect to application by a former law-enforcement officer honorably retired from agencies 184 185 governed by article fourteen, chapter seven; article 186 fourteen, chapter eight: article two, chapter fifteen; and article seven, chapter twenty of this code, an honorably 187 188 retired officer is exempt from payment of fees and costs as otherwise required by this section, and the application 189 of the honorably retired officer shall be granted without 190 191 proof or inquiry by the sheriff as to those requirements set forth in subdivision (9) of subsection (b) of this section, if 192 the officer meets the remainder of the requirements of this 193 section and has the approval of the appropriate chief 194 law-enforcement officer. 195

### §61-7-5. Revocation of license.

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A license to carry a deadly weapon shall be deemed 1 revoked at such time as the person licensed becomes unable to meet the criteria for initial licensure set forth in section four of this article. Any person licensed under the provisions of this article shall immediately surrender his or 5 her license to the issuing sheriff upon becoming ineligible for continued licensure.

#### Exceptions as to prohibitions against carrying **§61-7-6.** concealed deadly weapons.

The licensure provisions set forth in this article shall 1 2 not apply to:

(1) Any person carrying a deadly weapon upon his own premises; nor shall anything herein prevent a person from carrying any firearm, unloaded, from the place of purchase to his or her home, residence or place of business or to a place of repair and back to his or her home, residence or place of business, nor shall anything

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- 9 herein prohibit a person from possessing a firearm while 10 hunting in a lawful manner or while traveling from his or 11 her home, residence or place of business to a hunting site, 12 and returning to his or her home, residence or place of 13 business:
- 14 (2) Any person who is a member of a properly 15 organized target-shooting club authorized by law to 16 obtain firearms by purchase or requisition from this state. 17 or from the United States for the purpose of target 18 practice, from carrying any pistol, as defined in this article. 19 unloaded, from his home, residence or place of business to 20 a place of target practice, and from any such place of 21 target practice back to his home, residence or place of business, for using any such weapon at such place of 22 23 target practice in training and improving his skill in the 24 use of such weapons;
- 25 (3) Any law-enforcement officer or law-enforcement 26 official as such are defined in section one, article 27 twenty-nine, chapter thirty of this code;
  - (4) Any employee of the West Virginia department of corrections duly appointed pursuant to the provisions of section five, article five, chapter twenty-eight of this code while such employee is on duty;
- 32 (5) Any member of the armed forces of the United 33 States or the militia of this state while such member is on 34 duty;
  - (6) Any circuit judge, including any retired circuit judge designated senior status by the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia, prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney or a duly appointed investigator employed by a prosecuting attorney;
- 40 (7) Any resident of another state, who has been issued 41 a license to carry a concealed weapon by that state or a 42 political subdivision thereof, shall be exempt from the 43 licensing requirements of section four of this article: 44 *Provided*, That such state or political subdivision thereof 45 shall likewise recognize and honor West Virginia licenses 46 issued pursuant to section four of this article.

# **CHAPTER 105**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 100—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, all relating to the definition of terms; creating a forensic medical examination fund; administration of the fund by the West Virginia prosecuting attorneys institute; reimbursement of institute for expenses; payment from the forensic medical examination fund of the costs of forensic medical exams given to victims of certain sexual offenses; directing a study regarding reimbursement from private insurance companies; development and maintenance of a database; disclosure; confidentiality; and development of rules, instructional manuals and forms by the institute.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article eight-b, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto four new sections, designated sections fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 8B. SEXUAL OFFENSES.

§61-8B-1. Definition of terms.

§61-8B-15. Creation of a forensic medical examination fund.

§61-8B-16. Payment for costs of forensic medical examination.

§61-8B-17. Study of reimbursement; recordkeeping; disclosure; confidentiality.

§61-8B-18. Rule-making authority.

#### §61-8B-1. Definition of terms.

- In this article, unless a different meaning plainly is
- 2 required:

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- (1) "Forcible compulsion" means:
- (a) Physical force that overcomes such earnest resistance as might reasonably be expected under the circumstances; or
- (b) Threat or intimidation, expressed or implied, placing a person in fear of immediate death or bodily injury to himself or herself or another person or in fear that he or she or another person will be kidnapped; or
- 11 (c) Fear by a person under sixteen years of age caused 12 by intimidation, expressed or implied, by another person 13 who is at least four years older than the victim.

14 For the purposes of this definition "resistance" in-15 cludes physical resistance or any clear communication of 16 the victim's lack of consent.

- (2) "Married", for the purposes of this article in addi-17 tion to its legal meaning, includes persons living together 18 19 as husband and wife regardless of the legal status of their 20 relationship.
  - (3) "Mentally defective" means that a person suffers from a mental disease or defect which renders that person incapable of appraising the nature of his or her conduct.
- 24 (4) "Mentally incapacitated" means that a person is rendered temporarily incapable of appraising or control-26 ling his or her conduct as a result of the influence of a 27 controlled or intoxicating substance administered to that person without his or her consent or as a result of any 29 other act committed upon that person without his or her consent.
  - (5) "Physically helpless" means that a person is unconscious or for any reason is physically unable to communicate unwillingness to an act.
- 34 (6) "Sexual contact" means any intentional touching, 35 either directly or through clothing, of the anus or any part of the sex organs of another person, or the breasts of a 36 female or intentional touching of any part of another 37 38 person's body by the actor's sex organs, where the victim is 39 not married to the actor and the touching is done for the 40 purpose of gratifying the sexual desire of either party.
- 41 (7) "Sexual intercourse" means any act between per-42 sons not married to each other involving penetration, how-

- ever slight, of the female sex organ by the male sex organ or involving contact between the sex organs of one person and the mouth or anus of another person.
- 46 (8) "Sexual intrusion" means any act between persons
  47 not married to each other involving penetration, however
  48 slight, of the female sex organ or of the anus of any per49 son by an object for the purpose of degrading or humili50 ating the person so penetrated or for gratifying the sexual
  51 desire of either party.
- 52 (9) "Bodily injury" means substantial physical pain, 53 illness or any impairment of physical condition.
- 54 (10) "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury
  55 which creates a substantial risk of death, which causes
  56 serious or prolonged disfigurement, prolonged impair57 ment of health or prolonged loss or impairment of the
  58 function of any bodily organ.
- 59 (11) "Deadly weapon" means any instrument, device 60 or thing capable of inflicting death or serious bodily inju-61 ry, and designed or specially adapted for use as a weapon, 62 or possessed, carried or used as a weapon.
- 63 (12) "Forensic medical examination" means an ex-64 amination provided to a possible victim of a violation of 65 the provisions of this article by medical personnel quali-66 fied to gather evidence of the violation in a manner suit-67 able for use in a court of law, to include: An examination 68 for physical trauma; a determination of penetration or 69 force; a patient interview; and the collection and evalua-70 tion of other evidence that is potentially relevant to the 71 determination that a violation of the provisions of this 72 article occurred and to the determination of the identity of 73 the assailant.

### §61-8B-15. Creation of a forensic medical examination fund.

There is hereby created "The Forensic Medical Examination Fund" created as a special fund in the state treasury into which shall be deposited the appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature. Expenditures from the fund shall be made by the West Virginia prosecuting attorneys institute, created by the provisions of section six, article four, chapter seven of this code, for the payment of

- 8 the costs of forensic medical examinations as they are 9 defined in section sixteen of this article and for the reim-
- 10 bursement to the institute of its expenses in administering
- 11 the payment of the costs from the fund.

### §61-8B-16. Payment for costs of forensic medical examination.

- 1 (a) When any person alleges that he or she has been 2 the victim of an offense proscribed by this article, the West
- 3 Virginia prosecuting attorneys institute shall pay to a li-
- 4 censed medical facility from the forensic medical exami-
- 5 nation fund the cost of the forensic medical examination
- 6 for this person on the following conditions and in the
- 7 following manner:
- 8 (1) The payment shall cover all reasonable, custom-9 ary and usual costs of the forensic medical examination;
- 10 (2) The costs of additional nonforensic procedures 11 performed by the licensed medical facility, including, but 12 not limited to, prophylactic treatment, treatment of inju-13 ries, testing for pregnancy and testing for sexually trans-14 mitted diseases, may not be paid from the fund;
- 15 (3) The forensic medical examination must have 16 been conducted within seventy-two hours of the alleged
- 17 violation:
- 18 (4) The licensed medical facility must apply for pay-19 ment of the costs of a forensic medical examination from 20 the fund within ninety days of the examination;
- 21 (5) The licensed medical facility shall submit a state-22 ment of charges to the prosecuting attorney in the county 23 in which the alleged offense occurred and the prosecuting 24 attorney shall certify, if proper, that the forensic medical 25 examination was conducted as a part of a criminal investi-26 gation; and
- 27 (6) The prosecuting attorney shall, within sixty days 28 of receipt of a statement of charges from the licensed 29 medical facility, forward the statement of charges and the 30 certification to the West Virginia prosecuting attorneys 31 institute for payment from the fund and for the reim-

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- 32 bursement of the institute from the fund for the reason-33 able costs of processing and recording the payment.
- 34 (b) No licensed medical facility may collect the costs 35 of a forensic medical examination from the victim of an 36 alleged violation of this article if the reasonable, custom-37 ary and usual costs of the forensic medical examination 38 qualifies for payment from the forensic medical examina-

tion fund as set forth in subsection (a) of this section.

# §61-8B-17. Study of reimbursement; recordkeeping; disclosure: confidentiality.

- (a) The West Virginia prosecuting attorneys institute 2 is hereby directed to undertake a study of the viability of the state seeking reimbursement from private insurance
- 4 companies for the cost of forensic medical examinations.
- 5 The study shall be completed prior to the first day of the 6 regular legislative session, one thousand nine hundred 7 ninety-seven, and provided to the president of the Senate
- 8 and the speaker of the House of Delegates.
- 9 (b) The West Virginia prosecuting attorneys institute 10 shall develop and maintain a database for use by
- 11 law-enforcement personnel, prosecuting attorneys and 12 persons engaged in lawful research of the information
- collected pursuant to its administration of the forensic 13
- 14 medical examination fund. The database shall include the
- 15 number of examinations performed, the facilities perform-
- ing the examination and where feasible, other information 16
- 17 considered to be of assistance to law enforcement and the
- prosecution of sexual offenses. The database shall be 18
- 19 maintained in a manner which assures the confidentiality
- 20 of the information.

# §61-8B-18. Rule-making authority.

- 1 The executive council of the West Virginia prosecut-
- ing attorneys institute, created by the provisions of section 2
- six, article four, chapter seven of this code, shall promul-3
- gate rules in accordance with article three, chapter 4
- twenty-nine-a of this code, for the administration of the 5
- forensic medical examination fund, establishing qualifica-

- 7 tions for medical personnel performing a forensic medical
- 8 examination and any other rules necessary to the
- 9 implementation of this program. The institute shall also
- 10 create and distribute to all licensed medical facilities,
- 11 law-enforcement agencies and prosecuting attorneys'
- 12 offices the instructional manuals and forms necessary to
- 13 perform forensic medical examinations and to receive
- 14 payment from the fund. From the effective date of this
- 15 section until the date of the promulgation of these rules.
- 16 the executive council of the West Virginia prosecuting
- 17 attorneys institute may file rules as emergency rules in
- 18 accordance with the applicable provisions of this code in
- 19 order to govern during this period of time the
- 20 administration of the fund.

# **CHAPTER 106**

(H. B. 2458—By Delegates Kallai, Rowe, Michael, Everson, Given and Hubbard)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and four, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to crime; child abuse resulting in injury; child abuse creating risk of injury; child neglect resulting in injury; child neglect creating risk of injury; and changing the criminal penalty.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and four, article eight-d, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 8D. CHILD ABUSE.

§61-8D-3. Child abuse resulting in injury; child abuse or neglect creating risk of injury; criminal penalties.

§61-8D-4. Child neglect resulting in injury; child neglect creating risk of injury; criminal penalties.

### §61-8D-3. Child abuse resulting in injury; child abuse or neglect creating risk of injury; criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall abuse a 2 child and by such abuse cause such child bodily injury as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of this 4 chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 5 6 fined not less than one hundred nor more than one 7 thousand dollars and committed to the custody of the 8 division of corrections for not less than one nor more than 9 five years, or in the discretion of the court, be confined in 10 the county or regional jail for not more than one year.
- 11 (b) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall abuse a 12 child and by such abuse cause said child serious bodily 13 injury as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or 14 15 custodian shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 16 thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand nor 17 more than five thousand dollars and committed to the 18 custody of the division of corrections not less than two nor 19 more than ten years.
- 20 (c) Any person who abuses a child and by the abuse creates a substantial risk of serious bodily injury or of 21 22 death to the child is guilty of a felony and, upon 23 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than three 24 thousand dollars and confined to the custody of the division of corrections for not less than one nor more than 25 26 five years.

#### §61-8D-4. Child neglect resulting in injury; child neglect creating risk of injury; criminal penalties.

- (a) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall neglect a 1 child and by such neglect cause said child bodily injury, as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of 3 this chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall 4
- be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall

- 6 be fined not less than one hundred nor more than one
  7 thousand dollars or committed to the custody of the
  8 division of corrections for not less than one nor more than
  9 three years, or in the discretion of the court, be confined
  10 in the county jail for not more than one year, or both such
  11 fine and confinement or imprisonment.
  - (b) If any parent, guardian or custodian shall neglect a child and by such neglect cause said child serious bodily injury, as such term is defined in section one, article eight-b of this chapter, then such parent, guardian or custodian shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than three hundred nor more than three thousand dollars or committed to the custody of the division of corrections for not less than one nor more than ten years, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 22 (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply if the 23 neglect by the parent, guardian or custodian is due 24 primarily to a lack of financial means on the part of such 25 parent, guardian or custodian.
  - (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any parent, guardian or custodian who fails or refuses, or allows another person to fail or refuse, to supply a child under the care, custody or control of such parent, guardian or custodian with necessary medical care, when such medical care conflicts with the tenets and practices of a recognized religious denomination or order of which such parent, guardian or custodian is an adherent or member.
  - (e) Any person who grossly neglects a child and by the gross neglect creates a substantial risk of serious bodily injury or of death to the child is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than three thousand dollars and confined to the custody of the division of corrections for not less than one nor more than five years.

# CHAPTER 107

(Com. Sub. for S. B . 130—By Senators Bowman, Ross, Buckalew, Anderson, Dittmar, Yoder, Whitlow, Helmick, Sharpe, Blatnik, Kimble, Schoonover, Love, Minear and Walker)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, article eight-f, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; and to amend and reenact section eight, article eleven-a of said chapter, all relating to requiring sex offender registration and notification; expanding crimes for which persons are required to register; expanding information included in registration; designating state police as agency to register such persons; requiring state police to maintain central register; distributing information provided at registration; permitting state police to furnish information to other law-enforcement and governmental agencies; providing for limited immunity for distribution of information; removing requirement that offense be second offense; listing duties of officials to obtain written acknowledgment of duty to register; release of information when person moves out-of-state; failure to register; penalties for failure to register; registration of out-of-state offenders; and expansion of victim notification.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight, article eight-f, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; and that section eight, article eleven-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 8F. Sex Offender Registration Act.
- 11A. Victim Protection Act of 1984.

#### ARTICLE 8F. SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION ACT.

- §61-8F-2. Registration.
- §61-8F-3. Change of address.
- §61-8F-4. Duration.
- §61-8F-5. Distribution of information.
- §61-8F-6. Duties of institution officials.
- §61-8F-7. Information shall be released when person moves out of state.
- §61-8F-8. Failure to register; penalty.
- §61-8F-9. Registration of out-of-state offenders.

#### §61-8F-2. Registration.

- (a) Any person who has been convicted of a violation 2 of the provisions of article eight-b, eight-c or eight-d of 3 this chapter, or of section fourteen, article two, or of sec-4 tion thirteen, article eight of this chapter, or of a similar 5 provision in another jurisdiction shall be required to be 6 registered as set forth in this article. Any person who has 7 been convicted of an attempt to commit any of the offens-8 es set forth in this section shall also be required to register 9 as set forth in this article.
- 10 (b) On the date that any person convicted of the 11 crimes listed herein is released, is granted probation, is 12 granted a suspended sentence, is released on parole or 13 probation, or is ordered to be placed on home detention, 14 the commissioner of corrections, regional jail supervisor 15 or city or sheriff operating a jail which releases such per-16 son and any parole or probation officer who releases such 17 person or supervises such person following the release 18 shall obtain all information required by this subsection 19 prior to the release of the person and shall send written 20 notice of the release of the person to the state police. The 2.1 notice shall include:
- 22 (1) The full name of the person;
- 23 (2) The address where the person shall reside;
- 24 (3) The person's social security number;

- 25 (4) A recent photograph of the person; and
- 26 (5) A brief description of the crime for which the person was convicted.
- 28 (c) At the time the person is convicted of the crimes 29 set forth in subsection (a) of this section, the person shall 30 sign in open court, a statement acknowledging that he or 31 she understands the requirements imposed by this article. 32 The court shall inform the person so convicted of the 33 requirements to register imposed by this article and shall 34 further satisfy itself by interrogation of the defendant or 35 his or her counsel that the defendant has received notice 36 of the provisions of this article and that the defendant 37 understands such provisions. Such statement, when signed 38 and witnessed shall constitute prima facie evidence that the
- (d) When a person required to register under this article is released following incarceration, the commissioner of corrections, the regional jail supervisor or the city or sheriff or any other person supervising the operation of the place of confinement shall inform the state police of such release and provide such further information as is required by this article.

person had knowledge of the requirements of this article.

47 (e) The state police shall maintain a central registry of 48 all persons who register under this article and shall release 49 information only as provided in this article.

### §61-8F-3. Change of address.

When any person required to register under this article changes his or her residence or address, he or she shall inform the West Virginia state police of his or her new address, in writing, within ten days.

### §61-8F-4. Duration.

- 1 Any person required to register under this article shall
- 2 be required to do so for a period of ten years after convic-
- 3 tion for the offense defined herein if not imprisoned, and
- 4 if imprisoned, for a period of ten years after release from

- 5 prison by discharge or parole. A person is no longer
- 6 required to register at the expiration of ten years from the
- 7 date of initial registration, when that convicted person is
- 8 not otherwise required, during such period, to register. A
- 9 person whose conviction is overturned for the offense
- 10 which required them to register under this article shall be
- 11 permitted to petition the court for removal of their name
- 12 from the registry.

#### §61-8F-5. Distribution of information.

- 1 (a) Within five working days after receiving any notifi-2 cation as described in this article, the state police shall 3 distribute a copy of the notification statement to:
- 4 (1) The supervisor of each county and municipal law-5 enforcement office in the city and county where the per-6 son will reside;
- 7 (2) The county superintendent of schools where the person will reside;
- 9 (3) The child protective services office charged with 10 investigating allegations of child abuse or neglect in the 11 county where the person will reside; and
- 12 (4) All community organizations or religious organi-13 zations which regularly provide services to youths in the 14 county where the person will reside.
- 15 (b) The information and documentation required in 16 connection with the registration may be provided to any 17 other person upon application to the circuit court in the 18 county where an applicant seeking the information resides, 19 when that court finds that the information is sufficiently 20 relevant to public safety to outweigh the importance of 21 maintaining confidentiality of this article. When the court 22 orders the release of that information, the court shall fur-23 ther order to what extent the applicant may provide for the release of the information to third parties. 24
- 25 (c) The state police may furnish information and doc-26 umentation required in connection with the registration to

- authorized law-enforcement and governmental agencies of 27 28
- the United States and its territories, of foreign countries
- 29 duly authorized to receive the same, of other states within
- 30 the United States and of the state of West Virginia upon
- 31 proper request stating that the records will be used solely
- 32 for law-enforcement related purposes.
- 33 (d) An elected public official, public employee or
- 34 public agency is immune from civil liability for damages 35 arising out of any action relating to the provisions of this
- section except when the official, employee or agency 36
- 37 acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.

#### §61-8F-6. Duties of institution officials.

- In addition to the duties imposed by sections two and 1
- 2 four of this article, any person required to register under
- this article, before parole or release, shall be informed of
- their duty to register by the official in charge of the place
- of confinement. Further, the official shall obtain a state-
- ment signed by the person acknowledging that the person
- has been informed of their duty to register.

#### §61-8F-7. Information shall be released when person moves out of state.

- 1 When a person who is required to register pursuant to
- 2 the provisions of this article notifies any law-enforcement
- official or corrections official, that he or she is moving to
- another state, the official shall notify law-enforcement 4
- officials where the person indicates he or she shall reside
- of the information provided by the person under the pro-
- visions of this article.

# §61-8F-8. Failure to register; penalty.

- Any person required to register under this article who 1
- knowingly fails to register or knowingly fails to provide a 2 change of address as required by this section, is guilty of a 3
- misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 4
- not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than ten 5
- thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not 6
- more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned: Pro-

- 8 vided, That each time such person changes residence and
- 9 fails to register, such failure shall constitute a separate
- 10 offense.

#### §61-8F-9. Registration of out-of-state offenders.

When any probation or parole officer accepts supervision of and has legal authority over any person required

3 to register under this article from another state under the

4 terms and conditions of the uniform act for out-of-state

5 parolee supervision established under article six, chapter

6 twenty-eight of this code, such officer shall give the per-

7 son written notice of the registration requirements of this

section and obtain a signed statement from the person

9 required to register acknowledging the receipt of the no-

10 tice.

#### ARTICLE 11A. VICTIM PROTECTION ACT OF 1984.

#### §61-11A-8. Victim notification of defendant's release.

- 1 (a) At the time a complaint is sworn out and again at
- the time when any person is convicted for a charge of murder, aggravated robbery, sexual assault in the first
- 4 degree, kidnapping, arson, sexual offenses against minors
- 5 or any violent crime against a spouse, former spouse, child
- 6 or stepchild, the prosecuting attorney shall provide written 7 notice to the victim or victim's family member that he or
- 8 she may be notified prior to and upon the release of the
- 9 defendant from confinement in any correctional facility,
- 10 work release, home confinement, probation, parole, or
- 11 upon the escape of the defendant from any correctional
- 12 facility. The notice shall include instructions on how to
- 13 request the notification.
- 14 (b) The commissioner of corrections, regional jail 15 supervisors, city or sheriff operating a jail which releases
- any person shall, from which they have received a written
- 17 request for notification, provide written notice to the last
- 18 known address or addresses provided by the victim, or in
- 19 the case of a minor child, to the custodial parent of the
- 20 child, upon release of the defendant. Additionally, notice
- 21 provided in the case of escape shall be by telephone.

# **CHAPTER 108**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4771—By Delegate Mezzatesta)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage, Approved by the Governor,]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article fourteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen-a, all relating to establishing the West Virginia interpreter for the deaf act; defining terms; requiring appointment of interpreters for deaf persons in certain proceedings; providing for notification of need; requiring interpreters to make oaths of true interpretation; providing for fee schedule to be promulgated by legislative rule; and changing the name of the West Virginia commission for the hearing-impaired to the West Virginia commission for the deaf and hard-of-hearing.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article fourteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fourteen-a, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 14. West Virginia Commission For The Deaf And Hard-of-Hearing.
- 14A. West Virginia Interpreter For The Deaf Act.

# ARTICLE 14. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSION FOR THE DEAF AND HARD-OF-HEARING.

### §5-14-3. Continuation of commission; membership.

- 1 There is hereby continued within the executive
- 2 department the "West Virginia Commission for the
- 3 Hearing-Impaired" which shall be known as the "West
- 4 Virginia Commission for the Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing",
- 5 consisting of fifteen persons, eight of whom shall serve ex
- 6 officio, to be appointed by the governor within sixty days

- 7 after the effective date of this article by and with the
- 8 advice and consent of the Senate. The commission shall
- 9 meet no less than four times annually. All meetings and
- 10 activities held by the commission shall be attended by at
- 11 least two qualified interpreters who shall be hired at the
- 12 commission's expense or provided free of charge by
- 13 agencies, organizations or individuals willing to volunteer
- 14 qualified interpreters. The members are:
- 15 (a) The commissioner, or his or her designee, of the
- 16 bureau of human resources; the commissioner, or his or
- 17 her designee, of the division of labor; the director, or his
- 18 or her designee, of the bureau of public health; the state
- 19 superintendent of schools, or his or her designee, of the
- 20 state board of education; the director, or his or her
- 21 designee, of the division of rehabilitation; the director, or
- 22 his or her designee, of the division of handicapped
- 23 children's services in the division of human services; the
- 24 chairman, or his or her designee, of the advisory council
- 25 for the education of exceptional children; and the
- 26 superintendent, or his or her designee, of the West Virginia
- 27 school for the deaf, all of whom shall serve ex officio;
- 28 (b) Seven persons appointed by the governor, at least
- 29 three of whom are deaf or hard-of-hearing, one of whom
- 30 is the parent of a deaf child, one of whom is a certified
- teacher of the hearing-impaired, one audiologist and one otolaryngologist. Of the three deaf people, at least two
- 32 otolaryngologist. Of the three deaf people, at least two 33 shall be selected from a list of four people recommended
- shall be selected from a list of four people recommended by the board of the West Virginia association of the deaf.

# ARTICLE 14A. WEST VIRGINIA INTERPRETER FOR THE DEAF

- §5-14A-1. Short title.
- §5-14A-2. Definitions.
- §5-14A-3. Appointment of interpreter in court action or grand jury proceeding.
- §5-14A-4. Arrests Appointment of an interpreter.
- §5-14A-5. Administrative proceedings Appointment of interpreter.
- §5-14A-6. Notice of necessity of interpreter Proof of deafness.
- §5-14A-7. Processing request for interpreter Duties and responsibilities.
- §5-14A-8. Confirmation of accuracy of interpretation.
- §5-14A-9. Interpreter fee; authority for legislative rules.

#### **§5-14A-1.** Short title.

This article shall be known and may be cited as the "West Virginia Interpreter for the Deaf Act."

#### §5-14A-2. Definitions.

11

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Deaf person" means one whose sense of hearing is nonfunctional for the ordinary purposes of life; 3
- 4 (b) "Qualified interpreter" means an interpreter 5 certified by the national association of the deaf (NAD) or registry of interpreters for the deaf (RID), or, in the event 6 7 an interpreter so certified is not available, an interpreter whose qualifications are otherwise determined; 8
- (c) "Oral interpreter" means a person who interprets 9 language through facial and lip movements; and 10
- 11 (d) "Appointing authority" means any court, department, board, commission, agency, licensing 12 13 authority, political subdivision or municipality of the state required to provide an interpreter. 14

### §5-14A-3. Appointment of interpreter in court action or grand jury proceeding.

- (a) In any case before any court or the grand jury, 2 wherein any deaf person is a complainant, defendant or 3 witness, a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings to the deaf person and interpret his or her testimony or 4 5 statements and to assist in preparation with counsel shall be appointed as provided under the provisions of section 6 7 seven, article five, chapter fifty-seven of this code. The court shall work closely with West Virginia commission 8 for the deaf and hard-of-hearing in finding the right 9 interpreter for any duty in court. 10
- (b) Efforts to obtain the services of a qualified 12 interpreter certified with a legal skills certificate, or a comprehensive oral interpreting certificate will be made 13 prior to accepting services of an interpreter with lesser 14 certification. No qualified interpreter shall be appointed 15 unless the appointing authority and the deaf person make 16

- 17 a preliminary determination that the interpreter is able to
- 18 communicate readily with the deaf person and is able to
- 19 interpret accurately the statement of the deaf person and
- 20 interpret the proceedings in which a deaf person may be
- 21 involved.

# §5-14A-4. Arrests — Appointment of an interpreter.

- 1 (a) In the event a person who is deaf is arrested and
  2 taken into custody for any alleged violation of a criminal
  3 law of this state, the arresting officer or his or her
  4 superiors shall procure a qualified interpreter in order to
  5 interrogate properly such deaf person and to interpret
  6 such person's statements. No statement taken from the
  7 deaf person before an interpreter is present may be
  8 admissible in court.
- 9 (b) An oral interpreter shall be provided upon the 10 request of a deaf person entitled to an interpreter under 11 this article, but who does not communicate in sign 12 language. The right of a deaf person to an interpreter may not be waived except by a deaf person who does not 13 14 use sign language and who initiates the request for waiver 15 in writing. The waiver is subject to approval of legal counsel for the deaf person, if any, and is subject to 16 approval of the appointing authority. 17

# §5-14A-5. Administrative proceedings — Appointment of interpreter.

- (a) In any proceeding before any department, board, 1 2 commission, agency or licensing authority of the state, in any political subdivision or municipality, wherein any deaf 3 person is a defendant, the department, board, commission, 4 agency, licensing authority, political subdivision or 5 6 municipality shall appoint a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings to the deaf person and to 7 8 interpret his or her testimony or statements if said deaf 9 person requests an interpreter.
- 10 (b) In a proceeding before any department, board, 11 commission, agency or licensing authority of the state, in 12 any political subdivision or municipality, wherein any deaf 13 person is an applicant, complainant or principal witness,

- 14 the department, board, commission, agency, licensing
- 15 authority, political subdivision or municipality may
- 16 appoint a qualified interpreter to interpret the proceedings
- 17 to the deaf person and to interpret his or her testimony or
- 18 statements if said deaf person requests an interpreter.

# §5-14A-6. Notice of necessity of interpreter — Proof of deafness.

1 Every deaf person whose appearance in any 2 proceeding entitles him or her to an interpreter shall 3 notify the appointing authority of his or her desire for an interpreter at least forty-eight hours prior to any 4 5 appearance and may request at the time the services of an interpreter: Provided, That if a deaf person reasonably 6 7 expects the need for an interpreter for a period greater than a single day, he or she shall notify the appointing 8 authority and the notification shall be sufficient for the 9 duration of his or her participation in the proceedings. 10

An appointing authority may require a person requesting the appointment of an interpreter to furnish reasonable proof of his or her deafness when the appointing authority has reason to believe that the person is not deaf.

# §5-14A-7. Processing request for interpreter — Duties and responsibilities.

It shall be the responsibility of the appointing authority to channel requests for qualified interpreters through the West Virginia commission for the deaf and hard-of-hearing except as provided under the provisions of section seven, article five, chapter fifty-seven of this code. This listing shall be made available to authorities in possible need of interpreter service as provided in this article.

# §5-14A-8. Confirmation of accuracy of interpretation.

Before a qualified interpreter may participate in any proceedings under the provisions of this article, the interpreter shall make an oath or affirmation that he or she will make a true interpretation in an understandable manner to the deaf person for whom he or she is

- 6 appointed and that he or she will interpret the statements
- 7 of the deaf person desiring that statements be made, in the
- 8 English language to the best of his or her skill and judg-
- ment. The appointing authority shall provide recess peri-9
- 10 ods as necessary for the interpreter when the interpreter so
- 11 indicates. Any and all information that the interpreter
- 12 gathers from the deaf person pertaining to any proceeding 13
- then pending shall at all times remain confidential and
- 14 privileged, or on a equal basis with the attorney-client
- 15 privilege, unless the deaf person desired that the informa-
- 16 tion be communicated to other persons.

# §5-14A-9. Interpreter fee; authority for legislative rules.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven, arti-
- 2 cle five, chapter fifty-seven with respect to fees, an inter-
- 3 preter appointed under the provisions of this article shall
- be entitled to a reasonable fee to be established by the 4
- 5 West Virginia commission for the deaf and hard-of-hear-
- ing under a fee schedule promulgated by legislative rule 6
- pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this 7
- code. When the interpreter is appointed, the fee shall be 8
- paid out of funds available to the appointing authority.

# CHAPTER 109

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 154-By Senators Wiedebusch, Love, Kimble, Schoonover, Miller, Oliverio and Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three-a, ten-b, ten-c and ten-d, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b, all relating to prevention of domestic violence; divorce actions; providing for temporary relief by magistrates in cases where a temporary order has been entered in an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance; clarifying that it is a crime to abuse a party or children or be physically present at a location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of a protective order whether it is issued by a magistrate, a family law master or a circuit judge; violations of protective order; criminal complaints; and arrest for violation of protective orders, repeat offenses, penalties.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three-a, ten-b, ten-c and ten-d, article two-a, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-b, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2A. PREVENTION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

- §48-2A-3a. Divorce actions.
- §48-2A-3b. Proceedings in magistrate court when temporary divorce, annulment or separation order is in effect.
- §48-2A-10b. Violations of protective orders; criminal complaints.
- §48-2A-10c. Arrest for violations of protective orders.
- §48-2A-10d. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

#### §48-2A-3a. Divorce actions.

- 1 (a) During the pendency of a divorce action, a person 2 may file for and be granted relief provided by this article, 3 until an order is entered in the divorce action pursuant to 4 section thirteen, article two of this chapter.
- (b) If a person who has been granted relief under this 5 6 article should subsequently become a party to an action for divorce, separate maintenance or annulment, such person shall remain entitled to the relief provided under 8 this article including the right to file for and obtain any further relief, so long as no temporary order has been 10 entered in the action for divorce, annulment and separate 11 maintenance, pursuant to section thirteen, article two of 12 13 this chapter.
- 14 (c) Except as provided in section three-b of this article
  15 for a petition and a temporary emergency protective or16 der, no person who is a party to a pending action for di17 vorce, separate maintenance or annulment in which an
  18 order has been entered pursuant to section thirteen, article
  19 two of this chapter, shall be entitled to file for or obtain

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- relief against another party to that action under this article until after the entry of a final order which grants or dismisses the action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in subsec-tion (b), section six of this article, any order issued pursu-ant to this section where a subsequent action is filed seek-ing a divorce, annulment or separate maintenance, shall remain in full force and effect by operation of this statute until a temporary or final order is issued pursuant to sec-tion thirteen, article two of this chapter or a final order granting or dismissing the action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance.

# §48-2A-3b. Proceedings in magistrate court when temporary divorce, annulment or separation order is in effect.

- (a) The provisions of this section apply where a temporary order has been entered by a family law master or judge in an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c), section three-a of this article.
- (b) A person who is a party in an action for divorce, annulment or separate maintenance in which a temporary order has been entered pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter may petition magistrate court for a temporary emergency protective order pursuant to this section for any violation of the provisions of this article occurring after the date of entry of the temporary order.
- (c) The only relief that a magistrate may award pursuant to this section is a temporary emergency protective order directing the respondent to refrain from abusing the petitioner and/or minor children, to order the respondent to refrain from entering the school, business or place of employment of the petitioner or household members or family members for the purpose of violating the protective order and to order the respondent to refrain from contacting, telephoning, communicating, harassing or verbally abusing the petitioner in any public place. Such order may modify an award of custody or visitation only upon a showing, by clear and convincing evidence, of the respondent's abuse of a child, as abuse is defined in section two

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of this article. Any such modification shall be clearly described in the order as to which party has custody and why custody or visitation arrangements were changed.

(d) A copy of any temporary emergency protective order issued by a magistrate pursuant to this section, together with a copy of the petition, shall be transmitted forthwith by mail or by facsimile machine to the family law master before whom the action is pending and to law-enforcement agencies. Upon receipt of the petition and order, the master shall examine its provisions. Within ten days of the magistrate's issuance of the temporary emergency protective order, the master shall issue an order either to extend such emergency protection for a time certain or to vacate the magistrate's order. The master shall forthwith give notice to all parties and to the issuing magistrate court. The magistrate court clerk shall forward a copy of the master's order to law-enforcement agencies.

If no temporary order pursuant to section thirteen, article two of this chapter has been entered, the master shall forthwith return the order with such explanation to the issuing magistrate. The magistrate who issued the order shall vacate the order, noting thereon the reason for termination. The magistrate court clerk shall transmit a copy of the vacated order to the parties and law-enforcement agencies.

# §48-2A-10b. Violations of protective orders; criminal complaints.

- (a) When a respondent abuses the petitioner and/or minor children or is physically present at any location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of a temporary or final protective order issued by a magistrate, a circuit court judge or a family law master under the provisions of this article or subdivision (12), subsection (a), section thirteen, article two of this chapter granting the relief pur-suant to the provisions of this article, any person autho-rized to file a petition pursuant to the provisions of section four of this article or the legal guardian or guardian ad litem may file a petition for civil contempt as set forth in section ten-a of this article.
- 13 (b) When any such violation of a valid order has oc-14 curred, the petitioner may file a criminal complaint. If the

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court finds probable cause upon the complaint, the court shall issue a warrant for arrest of the person charged.

### §48-2A-10c. Arrest for violations of protective orders.

- (a) When a law-enforcement officer observes any 2 respondent abuse the petitioner and/or minor children or 3 the respondent's physical presence at any location in 4 knowing and willful violation of the terms of a temporary 5 or final protective order issued by a magistrate, a circuit court judge or a family law master under the provisions of 7 this article or subdivision (12), subsection (a), section 8 thirteen, article two of this chapter granting the relief pur-Q suant to the provisions of this article, he or she shall imme-10 diately arrest the respondent.
  - (b) When a family or household member is alleged to have committed a violation of the provisions of section ten-d of this article, a law-enforcement officer may arrest the perpetrator for said offense where:
- 15 (1) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible 16 corroborative evidence, as defined in subsection (b), sec-17 tion fourteen of this article, that the offense has occurred; 18 and
- 19 (2) The law-enforcement officer has received, from 20 the victim or a witness, a verbal or written allegation of the 21 facts constituting a violation of section ten-d of this article; 22 or
- (3) The law-enforcement officer has observed credible
   evidence that the accused committed the offense.
  - (c) Any person who observes a violation of a protective order as described in this section, or the victim of such abuse or unlawful presence, may call a local law-enforcement agency, which shall verify the existence of a current order, and shall direct a law-enforcement officer to promptly investigate the alleged violation.
- 31 (d) Where there is an arrest, the officer shall take the
  32 arrested person before a court or a magistrate and, upon a
  33 finding of probable cause to believe a violation of an
  34 order as set forth in this section has occurred, the court or
  35 magistrate shall set a time and place for a hearing in ac36 cordance with the West Virginia rules of criminal proce37 dure.

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# §48-2A-10d. Misdemeanor offenses for violation of protective order, repeat offenses, penalties.

- (a) A respondent who abuses the petitioner and/or minor children or who is physically present at any location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of a temporary or final protective order issued by a magistrate, a circuit court judge or a family law master under the provisions of this article or subdivision (12), subsection (a), section thirteen, article two of this chapter granting the relief pursuant to the provisions of this article, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 9 confined in the county or regional jail for a period of not 10 less than one day nor more than one year, which jail term 11 shall include actual confinement of not less than 12 13 twenty-four hours, and shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than two thousand dollars. 14
- 15 (b) When a respondent previously convicted of the 16 offense described in subsection (a) of this section abuses 17 the petitioner and/or minor children or is physically pres-18 ent at any location in knowing and willful violation of the terms of a temporary or final protective order issued un-19 der the provisions of this article, the respondent is guilty 20 of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 21 22 imprisoned in the county or regional jail for not less than three months nor more than one year, which jail term shall 23 include actual confinement of not less than twenty-four 24 hours, and fined not less than five hundred dollars nor 25 26 more than three thousand dollars, or both.

# **CHAPTER 110**

(S. B. 359-By Senators Wooton, Anderson, Buckalew, Deem, Dittmar, Miller, Schoonover, Scott, Ross, White and Yoder)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section six, article two-c, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section three-a, article one,

chapter forty-eight-a of said code; to repeal section seventeen, article two of said chapter; to repeal section seven, article four of said chapter: to amend and reenact sections fifteen, fifteen-a and thirty-two, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code; to amend and reenact section three, article one, chapter forty-eight-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections one, four, twenty and twenty-three, article four of said chapter: to further amend said chapter by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles one-a and one-b; to amend and reenact sections eleven and twenty-eight-a, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code; and to amend and reenact section twenty-nine, article five, chapter sixty-one of said code, all relating to domestic relations and support obligations generally; reorganizing portions of the domestic relations law to provide a new methodology for calculating child support based on income shares; providing for relief upon ordering divorce, annulment or separate maintenance; providing for medical support; establishing a valuation date for contingent and other future earned fees that are marital property: defining certain terms that have application to support enforcement; establishing guidelines for child support awards; prescribing the method of calculating a child support order; setting forth a table of monthly basic child support obligations; providing for child health care as a part of support; providing for work-related child care costs as a part of support; computing child support order in a sole custody case; computing child support in shared physical custody case; computing child support in split physical custody case; adjustment for social security benefits sent directly to a child; application of guidelines; providing for modification of support orders; allocation of tax exemption; defining indebtedness; specifying when support guidelines may be disregarded; presenting information on income based on monthly amounts; creating an additional part-time family law master; providing for circuit court review of a law master's recommended order; prescribing fees to be charged by the clerk of the circuit court; disposition of fees; and defining criminal offense of failure to meet obligation to provide support, and providing penalties therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section six, article two-c, chapter forty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that section three-a, article one, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be repealed; that section seventeen, article two of said chapter be repealed; that section seven, article four of said chapter be repealed; that sections fifteen, fifteen-a and thirty-two, article two, chapter forty-eight of said code be amended and reenacted; that section three, article one, chapter forty-eight-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections one, four, twenty and twenty-three, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto two new articles, designated articles one-a and one-b; that sections eleven and twenty-eight-a, article one, chapter fifty-nine of said code be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-nine, article five, chapter sixty-one of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Chapter

- 48. Domestic Relations.
- 48A. Enforcement of Family Obligations.
- 59. Fees, Allowances and Costs; Newspapers; Legal Advertisements.
- 61. Crimes and Their Punishment.

#### CHAPTER 48. DOMESTIC RELATIONS.

# ARTICLE 2. DIVORCE, ANNULMENT AND SEPARATE MAINTE NANCE.

- §48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.
- §48-2-15a. Medical support enforcement.
- §48-2-32. Marital property disposition.

# §48-2-15. Relief upon ordering divorce or annulment or granting decree of separate maintenance.

- 1 (a) Upon ordering a divorce or granting a decree of
- 2 separate maintenance, the court may require either party
- 3 to pay alimony in the form of periodic installments, or a
- 4 lump sum, or both, for the maintenance of the other party.
- 5 Payments of alimony are to be ordinarily made from a
- 6 party's income, but when the income is not sufficient to
- 7 adequately provide for those payments, the court may,

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- 8 upon specific findings set forth in the order, order the 9 party required to make those payments to make them 10 from the corpus of his or her separate estate. An award of 11 alimony shall not be disproportionate to a party's ability to 12 pay as disclosed by the evidence before the court.
- 13 (b) Upon ordering the annulment of a marriage or a 14 divorce or granting of decree of separate maintenance, the 15 court may further order all or any part of the following 16 relief:
- 17 (1) The court may provide for the custody of minor 18 children of the parties, subject to such rights of visitation, both in and out of the residence of the custodial parent or 19 20 other person or persons having custody, as may be appropriate under the circumstances. In every action where 21 visitation is awarded, the court shall specify a schedule for 22 23 visitation by the noncustodial parent: Provided, That with respect to any existing order which provided for visitation 24 but which does not provide a specific schedule for visita-25 tion by the noncustodial parent, upon motion of any par-26 27 ty, notice of hearing and hearing, the court shall issue an order which provides a specific schedule of visitation by 28 29 the noncustodial parent:
  - (2) When the action involves a minor child or children, the court shall require either party to pay child support in the form of periodic installments for the maintenance of the minor children of the parties in accordance with support guidelines promulgated pursuant to section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of this code. Payments of child support are to be ordinarily made from a party's income, but in cases when the income is not sufficient to adequately provide for those payments, the court may, upon specific findings set forth in the order, order the party required to make those payments to make them from the corpus of his or her separate estate;
  - (3) When the action involves a minor child or children, the court shall provide for medical support for any minor children in accordance with section fifteen-a of this article;
- 45 (4) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimo-46 ny or child support, the court may order either party to

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47 continue in effect existing policies of insurance covering 48 the costs of health care and hospitalization of the other party: Provided, That if the other party is no longer eligi-49 50 ble to be covered by such insurance because of the grant-51 ing of an annulment or divorce, the court may require a 52 party to substitute such insurance with a new policy to 53 cover the other party or may consider the prospective cost 54 of such insurance in awarding alimony to be paid in peri-55 odic installments. Payments made to an insurer pursuant 56 to this subdivision, either directly or by a deduction from wages, shall be deemed to be alimony or installment pay-57 58 ments for the distribution of marital property, in such 59 proportion as the court shall direct: Provided, however, 60 That if the court does not set forth in the order that a por-61 tion of such payments is to be deemed installment pay-62 ments for the distribution of marital property, then all 63 such payments made pursuant to this subdivision shall be 64 deemed to be alimony: Provided further, That the desig-65 nation of insurance coverage as alimony under the provi-66 sions of this subdivision shall not, in and of itself, give rise 67 to a subsequent modification of the order to provide for 68 alimony other than insurance for covering the costs of 69 health care and hospitalization:

(5) The court may grant the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home to one of the parties, together with all or a portion of the household goods, furniture and furnishings reasonably necessary for such use and occupancy. Such use and occupancy shall be for a definite period, ending at a specific time set forth in the order, subject to modification upon the petition of either party. Except in extraordinary cases supported by specific findings set forth in the order granting relief, a grant of the exclusive use and occupancy of the marital home shall be limited to those situations when such use and occupancy is reasonably necessary to accommodate the rearing of minor children of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of home loan installments, land contract payments, rent, property taxes and insurance coverage if the amount of such coverage is reduced to a fixed monetary amount set forth in the court's order. When such third party payments are or-

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dered, the court shall specify whether such payments or 89 portions of payments are alimony, child support, a partial 90 distribution of marital property or an allocation of marital debt: Provided, That if the court does not set forth in the 92 order that a portion of such payments is to be deemed 93 child support or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, then all such payments made pursuant 95 to this subdivision shall be deemed to be alimony. When such third party payments are ordered, the court shall specify whether such payments or portions of payments are alimony, child support, a partial distribution of marital property or an allocation of marital debt. If the payments are not designated in an order and the parties have waived any right to receive alimony, the court may designate the payments upon motion by any party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract:

- (6) As an incident to requiring the payment of alimony, the court may grant the exclusive use and possession of one or more motor vehicles to either of the parties. The court may require payments to third parties in the form of automobile loan installments or insurance coverage if available at reasonable rates, and any such payments made pursuant to this subdivision for the benefit of the other party shall be deemed to be alimony or installment payments for the distribution of marital property, as the court may direct. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall abrogate an existing contract between either of the parties and a third party or affect the rights and liabilities of either party or a third party under the terms of such contract;
- (7) When the pleadings include a specific request for specific property or raise issues concerning the equitable division of marital property as defined in section one of this article, the court shall order such relief as may be required to effect a just and equitable distribution of the property and to protect the equitable interests of the parties therein;

- (8) Unless a contrary disposition is ordered pursuant to other provisions of this section, then upon the motion of either party, the court may compel the other party to deliver to the moving party any of his or her separate estate which may be in the possession or control of the respondent party and may make such further order as is necessary to prevent either party from interfering with the separate estate of the other:
  - (9) When allegations of abuse have been proven, the court shall enjoin the offending party from molesting or interfering with the other, or otherwise imposing any restraint on the personal liberty of the other or interfering with the custodial or visitation rights of the other. Such order may permanently enjoin the offending party from entering the school, business or place of employment of the other for the purpose of molesting or harassing the other; or from contacting the other, in person or by telephone, for the purpose of harassment or threats; or from harassing or verbally abusing the other in a public place;
  - (10) The court may order either party to take necessary steps to transfer utility accounts and other accounts for recurring expenses from the name of one party into the name of the other party or from the joint names of the parties into the name of one party. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall affect the liability of the parties for indebtedness on any such account incurred before the transfer of such account.
  - (c) When an annulment or divorce is denied, the court shall retain jurisdiction of the case and may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.
  - (d) When a divorce or annulment is granted in this state upon constructive service of process and personal jurisdiction is thereafter obtained of the defendant in such case, the court may order all or any portion of the relief provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this section which has been demanded or prayed for in the pleadings.

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166 (e) After the entry of an order pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court may revise the order concerning the maintenance of the parties and enter a new order concerning the same, as the circumstances of the parties may require.

171 The court may also from time to time afterward, upon 172 motion of either of the parties and upon proper service. 173 revise such order to grant relief pursuant to subdivision 174 (9), subsection (b) of this section, and enter a new order 175 concerning the same, as the circumstances of the parties 176 and the benefit of children may require. The court may 177 also from time to time afterward, upon the motion of ei-178 ther of the parties or other proper person having actual or 179 legal custody of the minor child or children of the parties, 180 revise or alter the order concerning the custody and sup-181 port of the children, and make a new order concerning the 182 same, issuing it forthwith, as the circumstances of the par-183 ents or other proper person or persons and the benefit of 184 the children may require: Provided, That all orders modi-185 fying child support shall be in conformance with the re-186 quirements of support guidelines promulgated pursuant to 187 article one-b, chapter forty-eight-a of this code: Provided, 188 however. That an order providing for child support pay-189 ments may be revised or altered for the reason, inter alia, 190 that the existing order provides for child support pay-191 ments in an amount that is less than eighty-five percent or 192 more than one hundred fifteen percent of the amount that 193 would be required to be paid under the child support 194 guidelines promulgated pursuant to the provisions of said 195 section.

In granting relief under this subsection, the court may, when other means are not conveniently available, alter any prior order of the court with respect to the distribution of marital property, if such property is still held by the parties, and if necessary to give effect to a modification of alimony, child support or child custody or necessary to avoid an inequitable or unjust result which would be caused by the manner in which the modification will affect the prior distribution of marital property.

- (f) When a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the death of the payor party or to cease in such event. When alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the death of the payor party or is to cease, or when the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the death of the payor party or cease.
  - (g) When a separation agreement is the basis for an award of alimony, the court, in approving the agreement, shall examine the agreement to ascertain whether it clearly provides for alimony to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or to cease in such event. When alimony is to be paid pursuant to the terms of a separation agreement which does not state whether the payment of alimony is to continue beyond the remarriage of the payee party or is to cease, or when the parties have not entered into a separation agreement and alimony is to be awarded, the court shall specifically state as a part of its order whether such payments of alimony are to be continued beyond the remarriage of the payee party or cease.
  - (h) In addition to the disclosure requirements set forth in section thirty-three of this article, the court may order accounts to be taken as to all or any part of marital property or the separate estates of the parties and may direct that the accounts be taken as of the date of the marriage, the date upon which the parties separated or any other time in assisting the court in the determination and equitable division of property.
  - (i) In determining whether alimony is to be awarded, or in determining the amount of alimony, if any, to be awarded under the provisions of this section, the court shall consider and compare the fault or misconduct of either or both of the parties and the effect of such fault or misconduct as a contributing factor to the deterioration of

- 245 the marital relationship. However, alimony shall not be
- 246 awarded when both parties prove grounds for divorce and
- 247 are denied a divorce, nor shall an award of alimony under
- 248 the provisions of this section be ordered which directs the
- 249 payment of alimony to a party determined to be at fault,
- 250 when, as a grounds granting the divorce, such party is
- 251 determined by the court:
- 252 (1) To have committed adultery; or
- 253 (2) To have been convicted for the commission of a crime which is a felony, subsequent to the marriage if such
- 255 conviction has become final; or
- 256 (3) To have actually abandoned or deserted his or her spouse for six months.
- 258 (j) Whenever under the terms of this section or section 259 thirteen of this article a court enters an order requiring the
- payment of alimony or child support, if the court antici-
- pates the payment of such alimony or child support or any portion thereof to be paid out of "disposable retired
- 263 or retainer pay" as that term is defined in 10 U.S.C.
- 264 §1408, relating to members or former members of the
- 265 uniformed services of the United States, the court shall
- 266 specifically provide for the payment of an amount, ex-
- 267 pressed in dollars or as a percentage of disposable retired
- 268 or retainer pay, from the disposable retired or retainer pay
- 269 of the payor party to the payee party.
- 270 (k) Any order which provides for the custody or sup-
- 271 port of a minor child shall include:
- 272 (1) The name of the custodian;
- 273 (2) The amount of the support payments;
- 274 (3) The date the first payment is due;
- 275 (4) The frequency of the support payments;
- 276 (5) The event or events which trigger termination of the support obligation;
- 278 (6) A provision regarding wage withholding;
- (7) The address where payments shall be sent;

- (8) A provision for medical support; and
- 281 (9) When child support guidelines are not followed, a specific written finding pursuant to section eight, article two, chapter forty-eight-a of this code.
  - (1) Unless the best interests of the child require otherwise, every final order and every modification order which provides for the custody of a minor child of the parties shall also provide for the following:
  - (A) The custodial parent shall be required to authorize school authorities in the school in which the child is enrolled to release to the noncustodial parent copies of any and all information concerning the child which would otherwise be properly released to the custodial parent;
  - (B) The custodial parent shall be required, promptly after receipt, to transmit to the noncustodial parent a copy of the child's grades or report card and copies of any other reports reflecting the status or progress of the child;
  - (C) The custodial parent shall be required, when practicable, to arrange appointments for parent-teacher conferences at a time when the noncustodial parent can be present;
  - (D) The custodial parent shall be required to authorize medical providers to release to the noncustodial parent copies of any and all information concerning medical care provided to the child which would otherwise be properly released to the custodial parent;
  - (E) The custodial parent shall be required to promptly inform the noncustodial parent of any illness of the child which requires medical attention; or, if the child is in the actual physical custody of the noncustodial parent during a period of visitation, the noncustodial parent shall be required to promptly inform the custodial parent of any illness of the child which requires medical attention;
  - (F) The custodial parent shall be required to consult with the noncustodial parent prior to any elective surgery being performed on the child; and in the event emergency medical procedures are undertaken for the child which

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- 317 require the parental consent of either parent, if time per-318 mits, the other parent shall be consulted, or if time does 319 not permit such consultation, the other parent shall be 320 promptly informed of such emergency medical proce-321 dures: Provided, That the same duty to inform the custo-322 dial parent applies to the noncustodial parent in the event 323 that the emergency medical procedures are required while 324 the child is in the physical custody of the noncustodial 325 parent during a period of visitation: Provided, however, 326 That nothing contained herein shall be deemed to alter or 327 amend the law of this state as it otherwise pertains to phy-328 sicians or health care facilities obtaining parental consent 329 prior to providing medical care or performing medical 330 procedures.
- 331 (2) In the event a custodial parent shall fail or refuse 332 to authorize the release of school or medical records as 333 provided for by subdivision (1) of this subsection, then 334 upon the ex parte application of the noncustodial parent, 335 the family law master shall prepare an order for entry by 336 the circuit court which appoints the family law master as a 337 special commissioner authorized to execute a consent for 338 the release of such records and direct it to the appropriate school authorities or medical providers. 339

## §48-2-15a. Medical support enforcement.

- (a) For the purposes of this section:
- (1) "Custodian for the children" means a parent, legal guardian, committee or other third party appointed by court order as custodian of child or children for whom child support is ordered.
- 6 (2) "Obligated parent" means a natural or adoptive 7 parent who is required by agreement or order to pay for 8 insurance coverage and medical care, or some portion 9 thereof, for his or her child.
- 10 (3) "Insurance coverage" means coverage for medical, 11 dental, including orthodontic, optical, psychological, psychiatric or other health care service.
- 13 (4) "Child" means a child to whom a duty of child support is owed.

- 15 (5) "Medical care" means medical, dental, optical, psychological, psychiatric or other health care service for children in need of child support.
- 18 (6) "Insurer" means any company, health maintenance 19 organization, self-funded group, multiple employer wel-20 fare arrangement, hospital or medical services corporation, 21 trust, group health plan, as defined in 29 U.S.C. §1167, 22 Section 607(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Secu-23 rity Act of 1974 or other entity which provides insurance 24 coverage or offers a service benefit plan.
  - (b) In every action to establish or modify an order which requires the payment of child support, the court shall ascertain the ability of each parent to provide medical care for the children of the parties. In any temporary or final order establishing an award of child support or any temporary or final order modifying a prior order establishing an award of child support, the court shall order one or more of the following:
  - (1) The court shall order either parent or both parents to provide insurance coverage for a child, if such insurance coverage is available to that parent on a group basis through an employer or through an employee's union. If similar insurance coverage is available to both parents, the court shall order the child to be insured under the insurance coverage which provides more comprehensive benefits. If such insurance coverage is not available at the time of the entry of the order, the order shall require that if such coverage thereafter becomes available to either party, that party shall promptly notify the other party of the availability of insurance coverage for the child.
  - (2) If the court finds that insurance coverage is not available to either parent on a group basis through an employer, multi-employer trust or employees' union, or that the group insurer is not accessible to the parties, the court may order either parent or both parents to obtain insurance coverage which is otherwise available at a reasonable cost.
- 52 (3) Based upon the respective ability of the parents to 53 pay, the court may order either parent or both parents to

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- 54 be liable for reasonable and necessary medical care for a 55 child. The court shall specify the proportion of the medi-56 cal care for which each party shall be responsible.
  - (4) If insurance coverage is available, the court shall also determine the amount of the annual deductible on insurance coverage which is attributable to the children and designate the proportion of the deductible which each party shall pay.
  - (5) The order shall require the obligor to continue to provide the child support enforcement division created by article two, chapter forty-eight-a of this code with information as to his or her employer's name and address and information as to the availability of employer-related insurance programs providing medical care coverage so long as the child continues to be eligible to receive support.
  - (c) The cost of insurance coverage shall be considered by the court in applying the child support guidelines provided for in article one-b, chapter forty-eight-a of this code.
- (d) Within thirty days after the entry of an order requiring the obligated parent to provide insurance coverage for the children, that parent shall submit to the custodian 76 for the child written proof that the insurance has been obtained or that an application for insurance has been 79 made. Such proof of insurance coverage shall consist of, at a minimum:
- 81 (1) The name of the insurer;
- 82 (2) The policy number;
- 83 (3) An insurance card;
- (4) The address to which all claims should be mailed; 84
- 85 (5) A description of any restrictions on usage, such as prior approval for hospital admission, and the manner in 86 which to obtain such approval; 87
- 88 (6) A description of all deductibles; and

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- (7) Five copies of claim forms.
- 90 (e) The custodian for the child shall send the insurer 91 or the obligated parent's employer the children's address 92 and notice that the custodian will be submitting claims on 93 behalf of the children. Upon receipt of such notice, or an 94 order for insurance coverage under this section, the obli-95 gated parent's employer, multi-employer trust or union 96 shall, upon the request of the custodian for the child, re-97 lease information on the coverage for the children, includ-98 ing the name of the insurer.
  - (f) A copy of the court order for insurance coverage shall not be provided to the obligated parent's employer or union or the insurer unless ordered by the court, or unless:
  - (1) The obligated parent, within thirty days of receiving effective notice of the court order, fails to provide to the custodian for the child written proof that the insurance has been obtained or that an application for insurance has been made:
  - (2) The custodian for the child serves written notice by mail at the obligated parent's last known address of intention to enforce the order requiring insurance coverage for the child; and
  - (3) The obligated parent fails within fifteen days after the mailing of the notice to provide written proof to the custodian for the child that the child has insurance coverage.
  - (g) (1) Upon service of the order requiring insurance coverage for the children, the employer, multi-employer trust or union shall enroll the child as a beneficiary in the group insurance plan and withhold any required premium from the obligated parent's income or wages.
  - (2) If more than one plan is offered by the employer, multi-employer trust or union, the child shall be enrolled in the same plan as the obligated parent at a reasonable cost.
- 124 (3) Insurance coverage for the child which is ordered 125 pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be ter-

- minated except as provided in subsection (j) of this section.
- (h) Where a parent is required by a court or administrative order to provide health coverage, which is available through an employer doing business in this state, the employer is required:
- 132 (1) To permit the parent to enroll under family coverage any child who is otherwise eligible for coverage without regard to any enrollment season restrictions;
- 135 (2) If the parent is enrolled but fails to make applica-136 tion to obtain coverage of the child, to enroll the child 137 under family coverage upon application by the child's 138 other parent, by the state agency administering the medic-139 aid program or by the child support enforcement division;
- 140 (3) Not to disenroll or eliminate coverage of any such 141 child unless the employer is provided satisfactory written 142 evidence that:
- 143 (A) The court or administrative order is no longer in 144 effect;
- 145 (B) The child is or will be enrolled in comparable 146 coverage which will take effect no later than the effective 147 date of disenrollment; or
- 148 (C) The employer has eliminated family health cover-149 age for all of its employees;
- (4) To withhold from the employee's compensation the employee's share, if any, of premiums for health coverage and to pay this amount to the insurer: *Provided*, That the amount so withheld may not exceed the maximum amount permitted to be withheld under 15 U.S.C. \$1673, Section 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act.
- 157 (i) (1) The signature of the custodian for the child 158 shall constitute a valid authorization to the insurer for the 159 purposes of processing an insurance payment to the pro-160 vider of medical care for the child.

- 161 (2) No insurer, employer or multi-employer trust in 162 this state may refuse to honor a claim for a covered service 163 when the custodian for the child or the obligated parent 164 submits proof of payment for medical bills for the child.
  - (3) The insurer shall reimburse the custodian for the child or the obligated parent who submits copies of medical bills for the child with proof of payment.
    - (4) All insurers in this state shall comply with the provisions of section sixteen, article fifteen, chapter thirty-three of this code and section eleven, article sixteen of said chapter and shall provide insurance coverage for the child of a covered employee notwithstanding the amount of support otherwise ordered by the court and regardless of the fact that the child may not be living in the home of the covered employee.
  - (j) When an order for insurance coverage for a child pursuant to this section is in effect and the obligated parent's employment is terminated, or the insurance coverage for the child is denied, modified or terminated, the insurer shall in addition to complying with the requirements of article sixteen-a, chapter thirty-three of this code, within ten days after the notice of change in coverage is sent to the covered employee, notify the custodian for the child and provide an explanation of any conversion privileges available from the insurer.
  - (k) A child of an obligated parent shall remain eligible for insurance coverage until the child is emancipated or until the insurer under the terms of the applicable insurance policy terminates said child from coverage, whichever is later in time, or until further order of the court.
  - (1) If the obligated parent fails to comply with the order to provide insurance coverage for the child, the court shall:
  - (1) Hold the obligated parent in contempt for failing or refusing to provide the insurance coverage or for failing or refusing to provide the information required in subsection (d) of this section;

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- 198 (2) Enter an order for a sum certain against the obli-199 gated parent for the cost of medical care for the child and 200 any insurance premiums paid or provided for the child 201 during any period in which the obligated parent failed to 202 provide the required coverage;
  - (3) In the alternative, other enforcement remedies available under sections two and three, article five, chapter forty-eight-a of this code, or otherwise available under law, may be used to recover from the obligated parent the cost of medical care or insurance coverage for the child;
  - (4) In addition to other remedies available under law, the child support enforcement division may garnish the wages, salary or other employment income of, and withhold amounts from state tax refunds to any person who:
- 212 (A) Is required by court or administrative order to 213 provide coverage of the cost of health services to a child 214 eligible for medical assistance under medicaid; and
- 215 (B) Has received payment from a third party for the costs of such services but has not used the payments to 216 reimburse either the other parent or guardian of the child 217 218 or the provider of the services, to the extent necessary to 219 reimburse the state medicaid agency for its costs: Provided, That claims for current and past due child support 220 shall take priority over these claims.
- 222 (m) Proof of failure to maintain court ordered insur-223 ance coverage for the child constitutes a showing of sub-224 stantial change in circumstances or increased need pursuant to section fifteen of this article, and provides a basis 225 for modification of the child support order. 226

## §48-2-32. Marital property disposition.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon every judgment of annulment, divorce or separation, the 2 court shall divide the marital property of the parties equal-3 ly between the parties.
- (b) In cases where the parties to an action commenced 5 under the provisions of this article have executed a separa-6 tion agreement, then the court shall divide the marital

- 8 property in accordance with the terms of the agreement,9 unless the court finds:
- 10 (1) That the agreement was obtained by fraud, duress or other unconscionable conduct by one of the parties; or
- 12 (2) That the parties, in the separation agreement, have 13 not expressed themselves in terms which, if incorporated 14 into a judicial order, would be enforceable by a court in 15 future proceedings; or
- 16 (3) That the agreement, viewed in the context of the actual contributions of the respective parties to the net value of the marital property of the parties, is so inequitable as to defeat the purposes of this section, and such agreement was inequitable at the time the same was executed.
- (c) In the absence of a valid agreement, the court shall presume that all marital property is to be divided equally between the parties, but may alter this distribution, without regard to any attribution of fault to either party which may be alleged or proved in the course of the action, after a consideration of the following:
- 28 (1) The extent to which each party has contributed to 29 the acquisition, preservation and maintenance, or increase 30 in value of marital property by monetary contributions, 31 including, but not limited to:
- 32 (A) Employment income and other earnings; and
- 33 (B) Funds which are separate property.
- 34 (2) The extent to which each party has contributed to 35 the acquisition, preservation and maintenance or increase 36 in value of marital property by nonmonetary contribu-37 tions, including, but not limited to:
- 38 (A) Homemaker services;
- 39 (B) Child care services;
- 40 (C) Labor performed without compensation, or for 41 less than adequate compensation, in a family business or

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- 42 other business entity in which one or both of the parties 43 has an interest:
- 44 (D) Labor performed in the actual maintenance or 45 improvement of tangible marital property; and
- 46 (E) Labor performed in the management or invest-47 ment of assets which are marital property.
- 48 (3) The extent to which each party expended his or 49 her efforts during the marriage in a manner which limited 50 or decreased such party's income-earning ability or in-51 creased the income-earning ability of the other party, 52 including, but not limited to:
- 53 (A) Direct or indirect contributions by either party to 54 the education or training of the other party which has 55 increased the income-earning ability of such other party; 56 and
  - (B) Foregoing by either party of employment or other income-earning activity through an understanding of the parties or at the insistence of the other party.
    - (4) The extent to which each party, during the marriage, may have conducted himself or herself so as to dissipate or depreciate the value of the marital property of the parties: *Provided*, That except for a consideration of the economic consequences of conduct as provided for in this subdivision, fault or marital misconduct shall not be considered by the court in determining the proper distribution of marital property.
    - (d) After considering the factors set forth in subsection (c) of this section, the court shall:
- 70 (1) Determine the net value of all marital property of 71 the parties as of the date of the commencement of the action or as of such later date determined by the court to 72 be more appropriate for attaining an equitable result: 73 74 Provided. That for contractual rights to contingent and other future earned fees that are considered to be marital 75 property, the valuation date is the date the parties separat-76 ed. Contractual agreements for contingent or other future 77 earned fees entered into during the marriage and before 78

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- the parties separated is marital property. The court shall not delay a division of marital property by retaining continuing jurisdiction over the matter until the amount of the contingent or other future earned fee has been ultimately decided, but shall make a valuation of the contractual agreement contemporaneously with the valuation of other marital property;
- 86 (2) Designate the property which constitutes marital 87 property, and define the interest therein to which each 88 party is entitled and the value of their respective interest 89 therein. In the case of an action wherein there is no agree-90 ment between the parties and the relief demanded requires 91 the court to consider such factors as are described in sub-92 divisions (1), (2), (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this section. if a consideration of factors only under said subdivisions 93 94 (1) and (2) would result in an unequal division of marital 95 property, and if an examination of the factors described in said subdivisions (3) and (4) produce a finding that a 96 97 party: (A) Expended his or her efforts during the mar-98 riage in a manner which limited or decreased such party's 99 income-earning ability or increased the income-earning 100 ability of the other party; or (B) conducted himself or herself so as to dissipate or depreciate the value of the 101 102 marital property of the parties, then the court may, in the 103 absence of a fair and just alimony award under the provisions of section fifteen of this article which adequately 104 105 takes into account the facts which underlie the factors 106 described in subdivisions (3) and (4), subsection (c) of this 107 section, equitably adjust the definition of the parties' inter-108 est in marital property, increasing the interest in marital 109 property of a party adversely affected by the factors considered under said subdivisions who would otherwise be 110 awarded less than one half of the marital property, to an 111 interest not to exceed one half of the marital property; 112
  - (3) Designate the property which constitutes separate property of the respective parties or the separate property of their children;
  - (4) Determine the extent to which marital property is susceptible to division in accordance with the findings of

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- 118 the court as to the respective interests of the parties therein;
- 119 (5) In the case of any property which is not suscepti-120 ble to division, ascertain the projected results of a sale of 121 such property;
- 122 (6) Ascertain the projected effect of a division or 123 transfer of ownership of income-producing property, in 124 terms of the possible pecuniary loss to the parties or other 125 persons which may result from an impairment of the 126 property's capacity to generate earnings; and
  - (7) Transfer title to such component parts of the marital property as may be necessary to achieve an equitable distribution of the marital property. To make such equitable distribution, the court may:
- 131 (A) Direct either party to transfer their interest in spe-132 cific property to the other party:
- (B) Permit either party to purchase from the other 134 party their interest in specific property;
  - (C) Direct either party to pay a sum of money to the other party in lieu of transferring specific property or an interest therein, if necessary to adjust the equities and rights of the parties, which sum may be paid in installments or otherwise, as the court may direct:
    - (D) Direct a party to transfer his or her property to the other party in substitution for property of the other party of equal value which the transferor is permitted to retain and assume ownership of; or
    - (E) Order a sale of specific property and an appropriate division of the net proceeds of such sale: Provided, That such sale may be by private sale, or through an agent or by judicial sale, whichever would facilitate a sale within a reasonable time at a fair price.
- 149 (e) In order to achieve the equitable distribution of 150 marital property, the court shall, unless the parties other-151 wise agree, order, when necessary, the transfer of legal title 152 to any property of the parties, giving preference to effect-153 ing equitable distribution through periodic or lump sum 154 payments: Provided, That the court may order the trans-

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155 fer of legal title to motor vehicles, household goods and the former marital domicile without regard to such prefer-156 ence where the court determines it to be necessary or con-157 158 venient. In any case involving the equitable distribution 159 of: (1) Property acquired by bequest, devise, descent, 160 distribution or gift; or (2) ownership interests in a business 161 entity, the court shall, unless the parties otherwise agree, 162 give preference to the retention of the ownership interests 163 in such property. In the case of such business interests, the court shall give preference to the party having the 164 165 closer involvement, larger ownership interest or greater dependency upon the business entity for income or other 166 167 resources required to meet responsibilities imposed under 168 this article, and shall also consider the effects of transfer or 169 retention in terms of which alternative will best serve to preserve the value of the business entity or protect the 170 business entity from undue hardship or from interference 171 172 caused by one of the parties or by the divorce, annulment 173 or decree of separate maintenance: Provided, however, 174 That the court may, unless the parties otherwise agree, 175 sever the business relationship of the parties and order the 176 transfer of legal title to ownership interests in the business entity from one party to the other, without regard to the 177 178 limitations on the transfer of title to such property other-179 wise provided in this subsection, if such transfer is re-180 quired to achieve the other purposes of this article: Pro-181 vided further, That in all such cases the court shall order or the agreement of the parties shall provide for equitable 182 payment or transfer of legal title to other property, of fair 183 value in money or moneys' worth, in lieu of any owner-184 185 ship interests in a business entity which are ordered to be transferred under this subsection: And provided further. 186 That the court may order the transfer of such business 187 interests to a third party (such as the business entity itself 188 or another principal in the business entity) where the inter-189 190 ests of the parties under this article can be protected and at 191 least one party consents thereto.

> (f) In any order which divides or transfers the title to any property, determines the ownership or value of any property, designates the specific property to which any party is entitled or grants any monetary award, the court

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shall set out in detail its findings of fact and conclusions of law, and the reasons for dividing the property in the manner adopted.

- (g) If an order entered in accordance with the provisions of this article requires the transfer of title to property and a party fails or refuses to execute a deed or other instrument necessary to convey title to such property, the deed or other instrument shall be executed by a special commissioner appointed by the court for the purpose of effecting such transfer of title pursuant to section seven, article twelve, chapter fifty-five of this code.
- (h) As to any third party, the doctrine of equitable distribution of marital property and the provisions of this article shall be construed as creating no interest or title in property until and unless an order is entered under this article judicially defining such interest or approving a separation agreement which defines such interest. Neither this article nor the doctrine of equitable distribution of marital property shall be construed to create community property nor any other interest or estate in property except those previously recognized in this state. A husband or wife may alienate property at any time prior to the entry of an order under the provisions of this article or prior to the recordation of a notice of lis pendens in accordance with the provisions of section thirty-five of this article, and at anytime and in any manner not otherwise prohibited by an order under this article, in like manner and with like effect as if this article and the doctrine of equitable distribution had not been adopted: Provided, That as to any transfer prior to the entry of an order under the provisions of this article, a transfer other than to a bona fide purchaser for value shall be voidable if the court finds such transfer to have been effected to avoid the application of the provisions of this article or to otherwise be a fraudulent conveyance. Upon the entry of any order under this article or the admission to record of any notice with respect to an action under this article, restraining the alienation of property of a party, a bona fide purchaser for value shall take such title or interest as he or she might have taken prior to the effective date of this section and no purchaser for value need see to the application of the

proceeds of such purchase except to the extent he or she would have been required so to do prior to the effective date of this section: Provided. however. That as to third parties nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or otherwise defeat the interests or rights to property which any husband or wife would have had in property prior to the enactment of this section or prior to the adoption of the doctrine of equitable distribution by the supreme court of appeals on the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eighty-three: Provided further. That no order entered under this article shall be construed to de-feat the title of a third party transferee thereof except to the extent that the power to effect such a transfer of title or interest in such property is secured by a valid and duly perfected lien and, as to any personal property, secured by a duly perfected security interest.

- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter eleven of this code, no transfer of interest in or title to property under this section shall be taxable as a transfer of property without consideration nor, except as to alimony, create liability for sales, use, inheritance and transfer or income taxes due the state or any political subdivision nor require the payment of the excise tax imposed under article twenty-two, chapter eleven of this code.
- (j) Whenever under the terms of this article a court enters an order requiring a division of property, if the court anticipates the division of property will be effected by requiring sums to be paid out of "disposable retired or retainer pay" as that term is defined in 10 U.S.C. §1408, relating to members or former members of the uniformed services of the United States, the court shall specifically provide for the payment of an amount, expressed in dollars or as a percentage of disposable retired or retainer pay, from the disposable retired or retainer pay of the payor party to the payee party.
- (k) The amendments to this section effected by the reenactment of this section during the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, are to be applied prospectively and shall have no application to any action for annulment, divorce or separate mainte-

277 nance that was commenced on or before the effective date of this section.

## CHAPTER 48A. ENFORCEMENT OF FAMILY OBLIGATIONS.

#### Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 1A. Definitions.
- 1B. Guidelines for Child Support Awards.
- 4. Proceedings Before a Master.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

#### §48A-1-3. Calculation of interest.

- If an obligation to pay interest arises under this chap-
- 2 ter, the rate of interest is that specified in section
- 3 thirty-one, article six, chapter fifty-six of this code. Inter-
- 4 est shall accrue only upon the outstanding principal of
- 5 such obligation. On and after the ninth day of June, one
- 6 thousand nine hundred ninety-five, this section shall be
- 7 construed to permit the accumulation of simple interest,
- 8 and may not be construed to permit the compounding of
- 9 interest. Interest which accrued on unpaid installments
- 10 accruing before the ninth day of June, one thousand nine
- 11 hundred ninety-five, may not be modified by any court,
- 12 irrespective of whether such installment accrued simple or compound interest: *Provided*, That unpaid installments
- 14 upon which interest was compounded before the effective
- date of this section shall accrue only simple interest there-
- on on and after the ninth day of June, one thousand nine
- 17 hundred ninety-five.

#### ARTICLE 1A. DEFINITIONS.

- §48A-1A-1. Application of definitions.
- §48A-1A-2. Adjusted gross income.
- §48A-1A-3. Attributed income.
- §48A-1A-4. Automatic data processing and retrieval system.
- §48A-1A-5. Basic child support obligation.
- §48A-1A-6. Chief judge.
- §48A-1A-7. Child support enforcement division.
- §48A-1A-8. Children's advocate.
- §48A-1A-9. Combined adjusted gross income.
- §48A-1A-10. Contingent fee agreement.

- §48A-1A-11. Court.
- §48A-1A-12. Court of competent jurisdiction.
- §48A-1A-13. Custodial parent.
- §48A-1A-14. Director.
- §48A-1A-15. Domestic relations matter.
- §48A-1A-16. Employer.
- §48A-1A-17. Extraordinary medical expenses.
- §48A-1A-18. Family law master.
- §48A-1A-19. Gross income.
- §48A-1A-20. Guardian of the property of a child.
- §48A-1A-21. Individual entitled to support enforcement services under the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act.
- §48A-1A-22. Obligee.
- §48A-1A-23. Obligor.
- §48A-1A-24. Primary caretaker of a child.
- §48A-1A-25. Secretary.
- §48A-1A-26. Shared physical custody.
- §48A-1A-27. Source of income.
- §48A-1A-28. Split physical custody.
- §48A-1A-29. Support.
- §48A-1A-30. Support order.
- §48A-1A-31. Unreimbursed health care expenses.
- §48A-1A-32. Work-related child care costs.

## §48A-1A-1. Application of definitions.

- 1 For purposes of this chapter and chapter forty-eight of
- this code, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the
   words and phrases defined in the following sections of this
- words and phrases defined in the following sections of this
- 4 article, and any variations of those words and phrases
- 5 required by the context, shall have the meanings ascribed
- 6 to them in this article.

## §48A-1A-2. Adjusted gross income.

- 1 (a) "Adjusted gross income" means gross income less 2 the payment of previously ordered child support, spousal
- 3 support or separate maintenance.
- 4 (b) A further deduction from gross income for addi-
- 5 tional dependents may be allowed by the court or master
- 6 if the support obligor has legal dependents other than 7 those for whom support is being determined. An adjust-

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8 ment may be used in the establishment of a child support 9 order or in a review of a child support order. However, in 10 cases where a modification is sought, the adjustment 11 should not be used to the extent that it results in a support 12 amount lower than the previously existing order for the 13 children who are the subject of the modification. 14 court or master may elect to use the following adjustment 15 because it allots equitable shares of support to all of the support obligor's legal dependents. Using the income of 16 17 the support obligor only, determine the basic child sup-18 port obligation (from the Table of Basic Child Support Obligations in section three, article one-b of this chapter) 19 20 for the number of additional legal dependents living with 21 the support obligor. Multiply this figure by 0.75 and 22 subtract this amount from the support obligor's gross 23 income.

#### §48A-1A-3. Attributed income.

- (a) "Attributed income" means income not actually earned by an obligor, but which may be attributed to the obligor because he or she is unemployed, is not working full time, or is working below full earning capacity. Income may be attributed to an obligor if the court or master evaluates the obligor's earning capacity in the local economy (giving consideration to relevant evidence that pertains to the obligor's work history, qualifications, education and physical or mental condition) and determines that the obligor is unemployed, is not working full time, or is working below full earning capacity.
- (b) If an obligor: (1) Voluntarily leaves employment 12 or voluntarily alters his or her pattern of employment so 13 as to be unemployed, underemployed or employed below 14 full earning capacity; (2) is able to work and is available 15 for full-time work for which he or she is fitted by prior 16 training or experience; and (3) is not seeking employment 17 in the manner that a reasonably prudent person in his or 18 her circumstances would do, then an alternative method 19 for the court or master to determine gross income is to 20 attribute to the person an earning capacity based on his or 21 her previous income. If the obligor's work history, quali-22 fications, education or physical or mental condition can-23

- not be determined, or if there is an inadequate record of the obligor's previous income, the court or master may, as a minimum, base attributed income on full-time employment (at forty hours per week) at the federal minimum wage in effect at the time the support obligation is established.
- 30 (c) Income shall not be attributed to an obligor who is 31 unemployed or underemployed or is otherwise working 32 below full earning capacity if any of the following condi-33 tions exist:
- 34 (1) The parent is providing care required by the chil-35 dren to whom the parties owe a joint legal responsibility 36 for support, and such children are of preschool age or are 37 handicapped or otherwise in a situation requiring particu-38 lar care by the parent;
- 39 The parent is pursuing a plan of economic 40 self-improvement which will result, within a reasonable 41 time, in an economic benefit to the children to whom the 42 support obligation is owed, including, but not limited to, 43 self-employment or education: Provided, That if the parent is involved in an educational program, the court or 44 master shall ascertain that the person is making substantial 45 46 progress toward completion of the program;
- 47 (3) The parent is, for valid medical reasons, earning an income in an amount less that previously earned; or
- 49 (4) The court or master makes a written finding that 50 other circumstances exist which would make the attribution of income inequitable: *Provided*, That in such case, 52 the court or master may decrease the amount of attributed income to an extent required to remove such inequity.

## §48A-1A-4. Automatic data processing and retrieval system.

- 1 (a) "Automatic data processing and retrieval system"
  2 means a computerized data processing system designed to
  3 do the following:
- 4 (1) To control, account for and monitor all of the factors in the support enforcement collection and paternity determination process, including, but not limited to:

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- 7 (A) Identifiable correlation factors (such as social 8 security numbers, names, dates of birth, home addresses and mailing addresses of any individual with respect to 9 10 whom support obligations are sought to be established or 11 enforced and with respect to any person to whom such 12 support obligations are owing) to assure sufficient com-13 patibility among the systems of different jurisdictions to 14 permit periodic screening to determine whether such indi-15 vidual is paying or is obligated to pay support in more 16 than one jurisdiction;
- 17 (B) Checking of records of such individuals on a periodic basis with federal, interstate, intrastate and local agencies;
  - (C) Maintaining the data necessary to meet applicable federal reporting requirements on a timely basis; and
  - (D) Delinquency and enforcement activities;
  - (2) To control, account for and monitor the collection and distribution of support payments (both interstate and intrastate) the determination, collection and distribution of incentive payments (both interstate and intrastate), and the maintenance of accounts receivable on all amounts owed, collected and distributed:
  - (3) To control, account for and monitor the costs of all services rendered, either directly or by exchanging information with state agencies responsible for maintaining financial management and expenditure information;
  - (4) To provide access to the records of the department of health and human resources or aid to families with dependent children in order to determine if a collection of a support payment causes a change affecting eligibility for or the amount of aid under such program;
- 38 (5) To provide for security against unauthorized ac-39 cess to, or use of, the data in such system;
  - (6) To facilitate the development and improvement of the income withholding and other procedures designed to improve the effectiveness of support enforcement through the monitoring of support payments, the maintenance of

- 44 accurate records regarding the payment of support and
- 45 the prompt provision of notice to appropriate officials
- 46 with respect to any arrearage in support payments which
- 47 may occur; and
- 48 (7) To provide management information on all cases
- 49 from initial referral or application through collection and
- 50 enforcement.

## §48A-1A-5. Basic child support obligation.

- 1 "Basic child support obligation" means the base
- 2 amount of child support due by both parents as deter-
- 3 mined by the table of basic child support obligations set
- 4 forth in section three, article one-b of this chapter, based
- 5 upon the combined adjusted gross income of the parents
- and the number of children to whom support is due.

#### §48A-1A-6. Chief judge.

- 1 "Chief judge" means the circuit judge in a judicial
- 2 circuit that has only one circuit judge, or the chief judge
  - of the circuit court in a judicial circuit that has two or
- 4 more circuit judges.

## §48A-1A-7. Child support enforcement division.

- 1 "Child support enforcement division" means the agen-
- 2 cy created under the provisions of article two of this chap-
- ter, or any public or private entity or agency contracting
   to provide a service. The "child advocate office" or "child
- 5 support enforcement division" is that agency intended by
- 6 the Legislature to be the single and separate organizational
- the Legislature to be the single and separate organizational
   unit of state government administering programs of child
- 8 and spousal support enforcement and meeting the staffing
- 9 and organizational requirements of the secretary of the
- 10 federal department of health and human services. A refer-
- 11 ence in this chapter and elsewhere in this code to the
- 12 "child advocate office" shall be interpreted to refer to the
- 13 child support enforcement division.

## §48A-1A-8. Children's advocate.

- 1 "Children's advocate" or "advocate" means any public
- 2 or private agency, entity or person providing child support 3 enforcement services required by this chapter. The term

- 4 includes those persons or agencies or entities providing
- 5 services under the direction of or pursuant to a contract
- 6 with the child support enforcement division as provided
- 7 for in article two of this chapter and in any such contract.

#### §48A-1A-9. Combined adjusted gross income.

- 1 "Combined adjusted gross income" means the com-
- 2 bined monthly adjusted gross incomes of both parents.

#### §48A-1A-10. Contingent fee agreement.

- 1 (a) "Contingent fee agreement" means a contract un-
- 2 der which an attorney may be compensated for work in
- 3 progress, dependent on the occurrence of some future
- 4 event which is not certain and absolute. As such, a contin-
- 5 gent fee agreement is not an asset, but is potential income
- 6 or income capacity. This potential income may have
- 7 current value, and a portion of that current value, if any,
- 8 may be considered to be a marital asset. In the event a
- o may be considered to be a marital asset. In the event a
- 9 party seeks to quantify the current value of a particular
- 10 contingent fee agreement for the purpose of establishing
- the value of the agreement as marital property, the court must find that the party has proved such value by a pre-
- ponderance of the evidence. Factors to be considered by
- 14 the court include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 15 (1) The nature of the particular case or claim which 16 underlies the agreement;
- 17 (2) The jurisdiction or venue of any projected trial or 18 proceeding;
- 19 (3) Any historical data relevant to verdicts or settle-
- 20 ments within the jurisdiction where the case or claim is
- 21 pending or may be brought;
- 22 (4) The terms and particulars of the agreement;
- 23 (5) The status of the case or claim at valuation date;
- 24 (6) The amount of time spent working on the case or
- 25 claim prior to the valuation date, and an analysis of the
- 26 nature of how that time was spent, including, but not limit-
- 27 ed to, such activities such as investigation, research, discov-
- 28 ery, trial or appellate practice;

- 29 (7) The extent of the person's active role in the work 30 in process, whether as an actual participant or as an indi-
- 31 rect participant such as a partner, local counsel or other
- 32 ancillary role;
- 33 (8) The age of the case or claim;
- 34 (9) The expenses accrued or projected to bring the
- 35 case or claim to resolution, including any office overhead
- 36 attributable to case or claim; and
- 37 (10) The probable tax consequences attendant to a
- 38 successful resolution of the case or claim.
- 39 (b) The provisions of this section as enacted during
- 40 the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine
- 41 hundred ninety-six, are to be applied prospectively and
- 42 shall have no application to any action for annulment.
- 43 divorce or separate maintenance that was commenced on
- 44 or before the effective date of this section.

#### §48A-1A-11. Court.

- 1 "Court" means a circuit court of this state, unless the
- 2 context in which such term is used clearly indicates that
- 3 reference to some other court is intended.

## §48A-1A-12. Court of competent jurisdiction.

- 1 "Court of competent jurisdiction" means a circuit court
- 2 within this state or a court or administrative agency of
- 3 another state having jurisdiction and due legal authority to
- 4 deal with the subject matter of the establishment and en-
- 5 forcement of support obligations. Whenever in this chap-
- 6 ter reference is made to an order of a court of competent
- 7 jurisdiction, or similar wording, such language shall be
- 8 interpreted so as to include orders of an administrative
- 9 agency entered in a state where enforceable orders may by
- 10 law be properly made and entered by such administrative
- 11 agency.

## §48A-1A-13. Custodial parent.

- 1 "Custodial parent" or "custodial parent of a child"
- 2 means a parent who has been granted custody of a child
- 3 by a court of competent jurisdiction. "Noncustodial par-

- 4 ent" means a parent of a child with respect to whom custo-
- 5 dy has been adjudicated with the result that such parent
- 6 has not been granted custody of the child.

#### §48A-1A-14. Director.

- 1 "Director" means any person appointed pursuant to
- 2 section thirteen, article two of this chapter, who directs all
- 3 child support establishment and enforcement services for
- 4 the child support enforcement division.

#### §48A-1A-15. Domestic relations matter.

- 1 "Domestic relations matter" means any circuit court
- 2 proceeding involving child custody, child visitation, child
- 3 support or alimony.

## §48A-1A-16. Employer.

- 1 "Employer" means any individual, sole proprietorship,
- 2 partnership, association, public or private corporation, the
- 3 United States or any federal agency, this state or any polit-
- 4 ical subdivision of this state, any other state or a political
- 5 subdivision of another state and any other legal entity
- 6 which hires and pays an individual for his services.

## §48A-1A-17. Extraordinary medical expenses.

- 1 "Extraordinary medical expenses" means reasonable
- 2 uninsured medical expenses in excess of two hundred fifty
- 3 dollars per year per child which are recurring and can
- 4 reasonably be predicted by the court or master at the time
- 5 of establishment or modification of a child support order.
- 6 Nonrecurring or subsequently occurring uninsured medi-
- 7 cal expenses in excess of two hundred fifty dollars per
- 8 year per child shall be separately divided between the
- 9 parties in proportion to their adjusted gross incomes.
- 10 Such expenses shall include, but not be limited to, insur-
- 11 ance copayments and deductibles, reasonable costs for
- 12 necessary orthodontia, dental treatment, asthma treatments,
- 13 physical therapy, and any uninsured chronic health prob-
- 14 lem.

## §48A-1A-18. Family law master.

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1 "Family law master" or "master" means a person ap-2 pointed to such position under the provisions of section 3 one, article four of this chapter.

#### §48A-1A-19. Gross income.

- 1 (a) "Gross income" means all earned and unearned 2 income. When determining whether an income source 3 should be included in the child support calculation, the 4 court or master should consider the income source if it 5 would have been available to pay child-rearing expenses 6 had the family remained intact or, in cases involving a nonmarital birth, if a household had been formed.
  - (b) "Gross income" includes, but is not limited to, the following:
- 10 (1) Earnings in the form of salaries, wages, commis-11 sions, fees, bonuses, profit sharing, tips and other income 12 due or to be due in the future to an obligor from his em-13 ployer and successor employers;
  - (2) Any payment due or to be due in the future to an obligor from a pension plan, an insurance contract, an annuity, social security benefits, unemployment compensation, supplemental employment benefits, workers' compensation benefits, and state lottery winnings and prizes;
  - (3) Interest paid on any debt owing to the obligor as a debt from an individual, partnership, association, public or private corporation, the United States or any federal agency, this state or any political subdivision of this state, any other state or a political subdivision of another state or any other legal entity;
  - (4) Expense reimbursements or in-kind payments such as business expense accounts, business credit accounts, and tangible property such as automobiles and meals, to the extent that they provide the obligor with property or services he or she would otherwise have to provide;
- 31 (5) Attributed income of the parent, calculated in 32 accordance with the provisions of section three, article 33 one-a of this chapter;

- 34 (6) Compensation paid for personal services as over-35 time pay: *Provided*, That overtime compensation may be 36 excluded from gross income if the obligor with the over-47 time income demonstrates to the court or master that the 38 overtime work is voluntarily performed and that he or she 39 did not have a previous pattern of working overtime hours 40 prior to divorce or birth of a nonmarital child;
- 41 (7) Income from self-employment or the operation of 42 a business, minus ordinary and necessary expenses which 43 are not reimbursable, and which are lawfully deductible in 44 computing taxable income under applicable income tax 45 laws;
- 46 (8) Income from seasonal employment or other spo-47 radic sources: Provided, That the amount of monthly 48 income to be included in gross income shall be deter-49 mined by averaging the income from seasonal employ-50 ment or other sporadic sources received during the previ-51 ous thirty-six-month period or during a period beginning 52 with the month in which the obligor first received such 53 compensation, whichever period is shorter; and
- 54 (9) Alimony and separate maintenance receipts.
- 55 (c) Depending on the circumstances of the particular 56 case, the court or master may also include severance pay, 57 capital gains, and net gambling, gifts or prizes as gross 58 income.
- 59 (d) "Gross Income" does not include:
- 60 (1) Income received by other household members 61 such as a new spouse;
- 62 (2) Child support received for the children of another 63 relationship;
- 64 (3) Means-tested assistance such as aid to families 65 with dependent children, supplemental security income 66 and food stamps; and
- 67 (4) A child's income unless the court or master deter-68 mines that the child's income substantially reduces the 69 family's living expenses.

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## §48A-1A-20. Guardian of the property of a child.

- 1 "Guardian of the property of a child" means a person
- 2 lawfully invested with the power, and charged with the
- duty, of managing and controlling the estate of a child.

# §48A-1A-21. Individual entitled to support enforcement services under the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act.

"Individual entitled to support enforcement services
under the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of
Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act" means:

- (1) An individual who has applied for or is receiving services from the child support enforcement division and who is the custodial parent of a child, or the primary caretaker of a child, or the guardian of the property of a child when:
- 9 (A) Such child has a parent and child relationship with 10 an obligor who is not such custodial parent, primary care-11 taker or guardian; and
- 12 (B) The obligor with whom the child has a parent and 13 child relationship is not meeting an obligation to support 14 the child, or has not met such obligation in the past; or
- 15 (2) An individual who has applied for or is receiving 16 services from the child support enforcement division and 17 who is an adult or an emancipated minor whose spouse or 18 former spouse has been ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction to pay spousal support to the individual. 19 20 whether such support is denominated alimony or separate 21 maintenance, or is identified by some other terminology, 22 thus establishing a support obligation with respect to such 23 spouse, when the obligor required to pay such spousal support is not meeting the obligation, or has not met such 24 25 obligation in the past; or
- 26 (3) Any individual who is an obligee in a support 27 order, entered by a court of competent jurisdiction after 28 the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hun-29 dred ninety-three.

## §48A-1A-22. Obligee.

- 1 "Obligee" means:
- 2 (1) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is
- 3 alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has
- 4 been issued or a judgment determining parentage has
- 5 been rendered:
- 6 (2) A state or political subdivision to which the rights
- 7 under a duty of support or support order have been as-
- 8 signed or which has independent claims based on financial
- 9 assistance provided to an individual obligee; or
- 10 (3) An individual seeking a judgment determining 11 parentage of the individual's child.

#### §48A-1A-23. Obligor.

- 1 "Obligor" means an individual or the estate of a dece-
- 2 dent:
- 3 (1) Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
- 4 (2) Who is alleged, but has not been adjudicated, to be
- 5 a parent of a child; or
- 6 (3) Who is liable under a support order.

## §48A-1A-24. Primary caretaker of a child.

- 1 "Primary caretaker of a child" means a parent or other
- 2 person having actual physical custody of a child without a
- 3 court order granting such custody and who has been pri-
- 4 marily responsible for exercising parental rights and re-
- 5 sponsibilities with regard to such child.

## §48A-1A-25. Secretary.

- 1 "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of
- 2 health and human resources.

## §48A-1A-26. Shared physical custody.

- 1 "Shared physical custody" means an arrangement
- 2 under which each parent keeps a child or children over-
- 3 night for more than thirty percent of the year and under

- 4 which both parents contribute to the expenses of the child
- 5 or children in addition to the payment of child support.

#### §48A-1A-27. Source of income.

- 1 "Source of income" means an employer or successor
- 2 employer or any other person who owes or will owe in-
- 3 come to an obligor.

#### §48A-1A-28. Split physical custody.

- 1 "Split physical custody" means a situation where there
- 2 is more than one child and where each parent has physical
- 3 custody of at least one child.

#### §48A-1A-29. Support.

- 1 "Support" means the payment of money including 2 interest:
- 3 (A) For a child or spouse, ordered by a court of com-
- 4 petent jurisdiction, whether the payment is ordered in an 5 emergency, temporary, permanent or modified order,
- 5 emergency, temporary, permanent or modified order,
- 6 decree or judgment of such court, and the amount of 7 unpaid support shall bear simple interest from the date it
- 8 accrued, at a rate of ten dollars upon one hundred dollars
- 9 per annum, and proportionately for a greater or lesser
- 10 sum, or for a longer or shorter time;
- (B) To third parties on behalf of a child or spouse,
- 12 including, but not limited to, payments to medical, dental
- 13 or educational providers, payments to insurers for health
- 14 and hospitalization insurance, payments of residential rent
- 15 or mortgage payments, payments on an automobile or
- 16 payments for day care; and/or
- 17 (C) For a mother, ordered by a court of competent
- 18 jurisdiction, for the necessary expenses incurred by or for
- 19 the mother in connection with her confinement or of other
- 20 expenses in connection with the pregnancy of the mother.

## §48A-1A-30. Support order.

- 1 "Support order" means any order of a court of compe-
- 2 tent jurisdiction for the payment of support, whether or
- 3 not for a sum certain.

## §48A-1A-31. Unreimbursed health care expenses.

- 1 "Unreimbursed medical expenses" means the child's
- 2 portion of health insurance premiums and extraordinary
- 3 medical expenses.

#### §48A-1A-32. Work-related child care costs.

- 1 "Work-related child care costs" shall mean the cost of
- 2 child care the parent incurs due to employment or the
- 3 search for employment.

#### ARTICLE 1B. GUIDELINES FOR CHILD SUPPORT AWARDS.

- §48A-1B-1. General provisions.
- §48A-1B-2. Calculation of child support order.
- §48A-1B-3. Basic child support obligation.
- §48A-1B-4. Child health care.
- §48A-1B-5. Work-related child care costs; deduction of tax credit.
- §48A-1B-6. Computation of child support order in sole custody cases.
- §48A-1B-7. Shared physical custody adjustment.
- §48A-1B-8. Split physical custody adjustment.
- §48A-1B-9. Adjustment for obligator's socal security benefits sent directly to the child.
- §48A-1B-10. Application.
- §48A-1B-11. Modification.
- §48A-1B-12. Tax exemption for child due support.
- §48A-1B-13. Indebtedness.
- §48A-1B-14. Disregard of formula.
- §48A-1B-15. Present income as monthly amounts.

## §48A-1B-1. General provisions.

- 1 (a) This section establishes guidelines for child sup-
- port award amounts so as to ensure greater uniformity by
   those persons who make child support recommendations
- 4 and enter child support orders and to increase predictabili-
- 5 ty for parents, children and other persons who are directly
- 6 affected by child support orders. There shall be a rebutta-
- 7 ble presumption, in any proceeding before a family law
- 8 master or circuit court judge for the award of child sup-
- 9 port, that the amount of the award which would result
- 10 from the application of these guidelines is the correct
- 11 amount of child support to be awarded.
- 12 (b) The Legislature recognizes that children have a 13 right to share in their natural parents' level of living. Ex-

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- 14 penditures in families are not made in accordance with 15 subsistence level standards, but are made in proportion to 16 household income, and as parental incomes increase or 17 decrease, the actual dollar expenditures for children also 18 increase or decrease correspondingly. In order to ensure 19 that children properly share in their parents' resources, 20 regardless of family structure, the guidelines are structured 2.1 so as to provide that after a consideration of respective 22 parental incomes, that child support will be related, to the 23 extent practicable, to the level of living that children would 24 enjoy if they were living in a household with both parents 25 present.
  - (c) The guidelines promulgated under the provisions of this section take into consideration the financial contributions of both parents. The Legislature recognizes that expenditures in households are made in aggregate form and that total family income is pooled to determine the level at which the family can live. The guidelines consider the financial contributions of both parents in relationship to total income, so as to establish and equitably apportion the child support obligation.
- 35 (d) The provisions of this article which would create a 36 new method of calculating child support obligations based 37 on an income shares model shall not become operative 38 until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 39 ninety-seven. The child support guidelines in effect on 40 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 41 ninety-six, as promulgated by legislative rule, shall contin-42 ue in effect, notwithstanding the repeal of section seven-43 teen, article two of this chapter during the regular session 44 of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. 45 To the extent that any definition set forth in article one-a 46 of this chapter is inconsistent with the manner of calculat-47 ing a support obligation under the legislative rule estab-48 lishing child support guidelines that is in effect on the first 49 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, 50 such definition shall have no application until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven. 51

## §48A-1B-2. Calculation of child support order.

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- (a) Both parents' adjusted gross income, as defined in 1 section two, article one-a of this chapter, is used to deter-2 mine the amount of child support. Unreimbursed child 3 health care expenses and work-related child care expenses are added to the basic child support obligation to deter-5 mine the total child support obligation. The child support order is determined by dividing the total child support 7 obligation between the parents in proportion to their in-8 9 come
- 10 (b) The calculation of the support order amount re-11 quires the use of one of two worksheets which must be 12 completed for each case. Worksheet A is used for a sole 13 physical custody arrangement. Worksheet B is used for a 14 shared physical custody arrangement.

#### §48A-1B-3. Basic child support obligation.

1 (a) The basic child support obligation is determined 2 from the following table of monthly basic child support 3 obligations:

# MONTHLY BASIC CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS

6 7 8 9 10	Combined Adjusted Gross Monthly Income	One Child	Two Children	Three Children	Four Children	Five Children	Six Children
11	650	50	50	50	50	50	50
12	700	71	72	73	74	75	75
13	750	101	103	104	105	106	107
14	800	135	136	138	139	141	142
15	850	168	170	172	174	176	178
16	900	184	204	206	209	211	213
17	950	193	238	240	243	246	248
18	1,000	201	272	275	278	281	284
19	1,050	210	306	309	312	316	319

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20	1,100	218	329	343	347	351	354
21	1,150	227	342	377	381	385	390
22	1,200	235	355	411	416	420	425
23	1,250	243	368	436	450	455	459
24	1,300	252	381	451	484	489	494
25	1,350	261	393	465	514	524	529
26	1,400	270	405	479	529	558	564
27	1,450	279	417	493	545	590	599
28	1,500	289	429	507	560	607	634
29	1,550	298	441	521	576	624	668
30	1,600	307	453	535	591	641	686
31	1,650	316	465	549	607	658	704
32	1,700	325	477	563	623	675	722
33	1,750	334	489	578	638	692	740
34	1,800	344	501	592	654	709	758
35	1,850	353	513	606	669	726	776
36	1,900	361	525	620	685	742	794
37	1,950	370	537	634	701	759	812
38	2,000	378	549	648	716	776	831
39	2,050	386	561	662	732	793	849
40	2,100	395	573	676	747	810	867
41	2,150	403	585	690	763	827	885
42	2,200	411	597	704	778	844	903
43	2,250	420	609	718	794	860	921
44	2,300	428	621	732	809	877	939
45	2,350	436	633	746	825	894	957
46	2,400	445	645	760	840	911	975

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47	2,450	453	657	774	856	927	992		
48	2,500	460	668	787	869	942	1,008		
49	2,550	467	677	798	882	956	1,023		
50	2,600	474	687	809	894	969	1,037		
51	2,650	480	696	820	906	982	1,051		
52	2,700	487	706	831	918	995	1,065		
53	2,750	494	715	842	930	1,008	1,079		
54	2,800	500	725	853	942	1,022	1,093		
55	2,850	507	734	864	955	1,035	1,107		
56	2,900	514	744	875	967	1,048	1,122		
57	2,950	520	753	886	979	1,061	1,136		
58	3,000	527	763	897	991	1,074	1,150		
59	3,050	534	772	908	1,003	1,088	1,164		
60	3,100	540	782	919	1,016	1,101	1,178		
61	3,150	546	790	929	1,026	1,113	1,191		
62	3,200	551	797	937	1,036	1,123	1,201		
63	3,250	556	804	946	1,045	1,133	1,212		
64	3,300	560	811	954	1,054	1,143	1,223		
65	3,350	565	818	963	1,064	1,153	1,234		
66	3,400	570	825	971	1,073	1,163	1,245		
67	3,450	575	832	980	1,083	1,174	1,256		
68	3,500	579	839	988	1,092	1,184	1,267		
69	3,550	584	846	997	1,101	1,194	1,277		
70	3,600	589	853	1,005	1,111	1,204	1,288		
71	3,650	594	860	1,014	1,120	1,214	1,299		
72	3,700	598	867	1,022	1,129	1,224	1,310		
73	3,750	603	874	1,030	1,138	1,234	1,320		

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74	3,800	608	881	1,038	1,148	1,244	1,331
75	3,850	612	887	1,046	1,156	1,253	1,341
76	3,900	616	893	1,052	1,163	1,260	1,348
77	3,950	620	898	1,058	1,169	1,267	1,356
78	4,000	624	904	1,064	1,176	1,275	1,364
79	4,050	628	909	1,070	1,183	1,282	1,372
80	4,100	632	915	1,076	1,190	1,289	1,380
81	4,150	636	920	1,083	1,196	1,297	1,387
82	4,200	640	926	1,089	1,203	1,304	1,395
83	4,250	644	931	1,095	1,210	1,311	1,403
84	4,300	648	937	1,101	1,217	1,319	1,411
85	4,350	652	942	1,107	1,223	1,326	1,419
86	4,400	657	948	1,113	1,230	1,333	1,427
87	4,450	661	953	1,119	1,237	1,341	1,434
88	4,500	665	959	1,125	1,244	1,348	1,442
89	4,550	669	964	1,131	1,250	1,355	1,450
90	4,600	671	969	1,136	1,255	1,361	1,456
91	4,650	674	972	1,141	1,260	1,366	1,462
92	4,700	677	976	1,145	1,265	1,372	1,468
93	4,750	679	980	1,150	1,270	1,377	1,473
94	4,800	682	984	1,154	1,275	1,382	1,479
95	4,850	684	987	1,158	1,280	1,387	1,484
96	4,900	687	991	1,163	1,285	1,392	1,490
97	4,950	689	995	1,167	1,289	1,398	1,495

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Ch. 110]		D	ОМЕСТІС	RELATION	843		
101	5,150	700	1,010	1,185	1,309	1,419	1,518
102	5,200	703	1,014	1,189	1,314	1,424	1,524
103	5,250	704	1,015	1,191	1,317	1,427	1,527
104	5,300	709	1,023	1,200	1,326	1,437	1,538
105	5,350	714	1,030	1,208	1,335	1,447	1,549
106	5,400	719	1,037	1,216	1,344	1,457	1,559
107	5,450	725	1,045	1,225	1,353	1,467	1,570
108	5,500	730	1,052	1,233	1,363	1,477	1,580
109	5,550	735	1,059	1,241	1,372	1,487	1,591
110	5,600	740	1,066	1,250	1,381	1,497	1,602
111	5,650	745	1,074	1,258	1,390	1,507	1,612
112	5,700	750	1,081	1,266	1,399	1,517	1,623
113	5,750	756	1,088	1,275	1,409	1,527	1,634
114	5,800	761	1,096	1,283	1,418	1,537	1,644
115	5,850	766	1,103	1,291	1,427	1,547	1,655
116	5,900	771	1,110	1,299	1,436	1,557	1,666
117	5,950	776	1,117	1,308	1,445	1,567	1,676
118	6,000	781	1,124	1,315	1,454	1,576	1,686
119	6,050	785	1,130	1,322	1,461	1,584	1,695
120	6,100	789	1,135	1,329	1,469	1,592	1,703
121	6,150	793	1,141	1,336	1,476	1,600	1,712
122	6,200	797	1,147	1,343	1,484	1,609	1,721
123	6,250	801	1,153	1,350	1,491	1,617	1,730
124	6,300	805	1,158	1,356	1,499	1,625	1,738
125	6,350	809	1,164	1,363	1,507	1,633	1,747
126	6,400	813	1,170	1,370	1,514	1,641	1,756
127	6,450	817	1,176	1,377	1,522	1,649	1,765

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844		Domestic Relations					
128	6,500	821	1,182	1,384	1,529	1,658	1,773
129	6,550	825	1,187	1,391	1,537	1,666	1,782
130	6,600	829	1,193	1,397	1,544	1,674	1,791
131	6,650	833	1,199	1,404	1,552	1,682	1,800
132	6,700	837	1,205	1,411	1,559	1,690	1,809
133	6,750	841	1,211	1,418	1,567	1,699	1,817
134	6,800	845	1,216	1,425	1,575	1,707	1,826
135	6,850	849	1,222	1,432	1,582	1,715	1,835
136	6,900	853	1,228	1,438	1,590	1,723	1,844
137	6,950	857	1,234	1,445	1,597	1,731	1,852
138	7,000	861	1,240	1,452	1,605	1,740	1,861
139	7,050	865	1,246	1,460	1,613	1,748	1,871
140	7,100	870	1,253	1,467	1,621	1,757	1,881
141	7,150	874	1,259	1,475	1,630	1,766	1,890
142	7,200	879	1,266	1,482	1,638	1,776	1,900
143	7,250	883	1,272	1,490	1,646	1,785	1,910
144	7,300	888	1,279	1,497	1,655	1,794	1,919
145	7,350	893	1,285	1,505	1,663	1,803	1,929
146	7,400	897	1,292	1,513	1,671	1,812	1,939
147	7,450	902	1,298	1,520	1,680	1,821	1,949
148	7,500	906	1,305	1,528	1,688	1,830	1,958
149	7,550	911	1,311	1,535	1,697	1,839	1,968
150	7,600	915	1,318	1,543	1,705	1,848	1,978
151	7,650	920	1,324	1,550	1,713	1,857	1,987
152	7,700	925	1,331	1,558	1,722	1,866	1,997
153	7,750	929	1,337	1,566	1,730	1,875	2,007
154	7,800	934	1,344	1,573	1,738	1,884	2,017

Ch. 1	10]	D	оместіс		845		
155	7,850	938	1,350	1,581	1,747	1,894	2,026
156	7,900	943	1,357	1,588	1,755	1,903	2,036
157	7,950	947	1,363	1,596	1,763	1,912	2,046
158	8,000	952	1,370	1,603	1,772	1,921	2,055
159	8,050	956	1,376	1,611	1,780	1,930	2,065
160	8,100	961	1,383	1,619	1,789	1,939	2,075
161	8,150	966	1,389	1,626	1,797	1,948	2,084
162	8,200	970	1,396	1,634	1,805	1,957	2,094
163	8,250	975	1,402	1,641	1,814	1,966	2,104
164	8,300	979	1,409	1,649	1,822	1,975	2,114
165	8,350	984	1,415	1,656	1,830	1,984	2,123
166	8,400	988	1,422	1,664	1,839	1,993	2,133
167	8,450	992	1,428	1,671	1,846	2,002	2,142
168	8,500	996	1,433	1,678	1,854	2,010	2,151
169	8,550	1,000	1,439	1,685	1,862	2,018	2,160
170	8,600	1,004	1,445	1,692	1,869	2,027	2,168
171	8,650	1,008	1,451	1,699	1,877	2,035	2,177
172	8,700	1,012	1,457	1,706	1,885	2,043	2,186
173	8,750	1,016	1,463	1,713	1,893	2,052	2,195
174	8,800	1,020	1,469	1,720	1,900	2,060	2,204
175	8,850	1,024	1,475	1,727	1,908	2,069	2,213
176	8,900	1,028	1,480	1,734	1,916	2,077	2,222
177	8,950	1,032	1,486	1,741	1,923	2,085	2,231
178	9,000	1,036	1,492	1,748	1,931	2,094	2,240
179	9,050	1,040	1,498	1,755	1,939	2,102	2,249
180	9,100	1,044	1,504	1,762	1,946	2,110	2,258
181	9,150	1,048	1,510	1,769	1,954	2,119	2,267

846	DOMESTIC RELATIONS						ch. 110
182	9,200	1,053	1,516	1,776	1,962	2,127	2,276
183	9,250	1,057	1,522	1,783	1,970	2,135	2,285
184	9,300	1,061	1,528	1,790	1,977	2,144	2,294
185	9,350	1,065	1,533	1,797	1,985	2,152	2,302
186	9,400	1,069	1,539	1,804	1,993	2,160	2,311
187	9,450	1,073	1,545	1,811	2,000	2,169	2,320
188	9,500	1,077	1,551	1,817	2,008	2,177	2,329
189	9,550	1,081	1,557	1,824	2,016	2,185	2,338
190	9,600	1,085	1,563	1,831	2,023	2,194	2,347
191	9,650	1,089	1,569	1,838	2,031	2,202	2,356
192	9,700	1,093	1,575	1,845	2,039	2,210	2,365
193	9,750	1,097	1,581	1,853	2,047	2,219	2,375
194	9,800	1,101	1,586	1,859	2,054	2,227	2,383
195	9,850	1,104	1,591	1,865	2,061	2,234	2,391
196	9,900	1,108	1,596	1,872	2,068	2,242	2,399
197	9,950	1,111	1,601	1,878	2,075	2,249	2,407
198	10,000	1,115	1,607	1,884	2,082	2,257	2,415
199	10,050	1,118	1,612	1,890	2,089	2,264	2,423
200	10,100	1,122	1,617	1,897	2,096	2,272	2,431
201	10,150	1,126	1,622	1,903	2,103	2,279	2,439
202	10,200	1,129	1,627	1,909	2,110	2,287	2,447
203	10,250	1,133	1,632	1,915	2,116	2,294	2,455
204	10,300	1,136	1,638	1,922	2,123	2,302	2,463
205	10,350	1,140	1,643	1,928	2,130	2,309	2,471
206	10,400	1,143	1,648	1,934	2,137	2,316	2,478
207	10,450	1,146	1,652	1,939	2,143	2,323	2,486

208 10,500 1,149 1,657 1,945 2,149 2,330 2,493

209	10,550	1,153	1,662	1,951	2,156	2,337	2,500
210	10,600	1,156	1,667	1,957	2,162	2,344	2,508
211	10,650	1,159	1,672	1,962	2,168	2,351	2,515
212	10,700	1,162	1,676	1,968	2,175	2,357	2,522
213	10,750	1,166	1,681	1,974	2,181	2,364	2,530
214	10,800	1,169	1,686	1,980	2,188	2,371	2,537
215	10,850	1,172	1,691	1,985	2,194	2,378	2,545
216	10,900	1,175	1,695	1,991	2,200	2,385	2,552
217	10,950	1,178	1,700	1,997	2,207	2,392	2,559
218	11,000	1,182	1,705	2,003	2,213	2,399	2,567
219	11,050	1,185	1,710	2,008	2,219	2,406	2,574
220	11,100	1,188	1,714	2,014	2,226	2,412	2,581
221	11,150	1,191	1,719	2,020	2,232	2,419	2,589
222	11,200	1,195	1,724	2,026	2,238	2,426	2,596
223	11,250	1,198	1,729	2,032	2,245	2,434	2,604
224	11,300	1,202	1,736	2,039	2,254	2,443	2,614
225	11,350	1,206	1,742	2,047	2,262	2,452	2,624
226	11,400	1,210	1,748	2,055	2,270	2,461	2,633
227	11,450	1,214	1,754	2,062	2,279	2,470	2,643
228	11,500	1,219	1,760	2,070	2,287	2,479	2,653
229	11,550	1,223	1,767	2,077	2,295	2,488	2,662
230	11,600	1,227	1,773	2,085	2,304	2,497	2,672
231	11,650	1,231	1,779	2,092	2,312	2,506	2,682
232	11,700	1,235	1,785	2,100	2,320	2,516	2,691
233	11,750	1,239	1,791	2,107	2,329	2,525	2,701
234	11,800	1,243	1,798	2,115	2,337	2,534	2,711
235	11,850	1,248	1,804	2,123	2,345	2,543	2,720

848		[C	ch. 110				
236	11,900	1,252	1,810	2,130	2,354	2,552	2,730
237	11,950	1,256	1,816	2,138	2,362	2,561	2,740
238	12,000	1,260	1,822	2,145	2,370	2,570	2,750
239	12,050	1,264	1,829	2,153	2,379	2,579	2,759
240	12,100	1,268	1,835	2,160	2,387	2,588	2,769
241	12,150	1,272	1,841	2,168	2,395	2,597	2,779
242	12,200	1,277	1,847	2,175	2,404	2,606	2,788
243	12,250	1,281	1,853	2,183	2,412	2,615	2,798
244	12,300	1,285	1,860	2,191	2,421	2,624	2,808
245	12,350	1,289	1,866	2,198	2,429	2,633	2,817
246	12,400	1,293	1,872	2,206	2,437	2,642	2,827
247	12,450	1,297	1,878	2,213	2,446	2,651	2,837
248	12,500	1,301	1,884	2,221	2,454	2,660	2,846
249	12,550	1,306	1,891	2,228	2,462	2,669	2,856
250	12,600	1,310	1,897	2,236	2,471	2,678	2,866
251	12,650	1,314	1,903	2,243	2,479	2,687	2,875
252	12,700	1,318	1,909	2,251	2,487	2,697	2,885
253	12,750	1,322	1,916	2,258	2,495	2,705	2,894
254	12,800	1,325	1,920	2,263	2,501	2,711	2,901
255	12,850	1,328	1,924	2,268	2,507	2,717	2,907
256	12,900	1,331	1,928	2,273	2,512	2,723	2,913
257	12,950	1,334	1,933	2,278	2,518	2,729	2,920
258	13,000	1,337	1,937	2,283	2,523	2,735	2,926
259	13,050	1,340	1,941	2,288	2,529	2,741	2,933
260	13,100	1,343	1,945	2,293	2,534	2,747	2,939
261	13,150	1,346	1,950	2,298	2,540	2,753	2,945
262	13,200	1,349	1,954	2,303	2,545	2,759	2,952

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263	13,250	1,352	1,958	2,308	2,551	2,765	2,958
264	13,300	1,355	1,963	2,313	2,556	2,771	2,964
265	13,350	1,358	1,967	2,318	2,562	2,777	2,971
266	13,400	1,361	1,971	2,323	2,567	2,783	2,977
267	13,450	1,364	1,975	2,328	2,573	2,789	2,984
268	13,500	1,367	1,980	2,333	2,578	2,794	2,990
269	13,550	1,370	1,984	2,338	2,584	2,800	2,996
270	13,600	1,373	1,988	2,343	2,589	2,806	3,003
271	13,650	1,376	1,993	2,348	2,595	2,812	3,009
272	13,700	1,379	1,997	2,353	2,600	2,818	3,016
273	13,750	1,382	2,001	2,358	2,606	2,824	3,022
274	13,800	1,385	2,005	2,363	2,611	2,830	3,028
275	13,850	1,388	2,010	2,368	2,617	2,836	3,035
276	13,900	1,391	2,014	2,373	2,622	2,842	3,041
277	13,950	1,394	2,018	2,378	2,628	2,848	3,048
278	14,000	1,397	2,023	2,383	2,633	2,854	3,054
279	14,050	1,400	2,027	2,388	2,639	2,860	3,060
280	14,100	1,403	2,031	2,393	2,644	2,866	3,067
281	14,150	1,406	2,035	2,398	2,650	2,872	3,073
282	14,200	1,409	2,040	2,403	2,655	2,878	3,080
283	14,250	1,412	2,044	2,408	2,661	2,884	3,086
284	14,300	1,415	2,048	2,413	2,666	2,890	3,092
285	14,350	1,418	2,052	2,418	2,672	2,896	3,099
286	14,400	1,421	2,057	2,423	2,677	2,902	3,105
287	14,450	1,424	2,061	2,428	2,683	2,908	3,112
288	14,500	1,427	2,065	2,433	2,689	2,914	3,118
289	14,550	1,430	2,070	2,438	2,694	2,920	3,124

850		D	OMESTIC	RELATIO	NS	[C	ch. 110
290	14,600	1,433	2,074	2,443	2,700	2,926	3,131
291	14,650	1,436	2,078	2,448	2,705	2,932	3,137
292	14,700	1,439	2,082	2,453	2,711	2,938	3,144
293	14,750	1,442	2,087	2,458	2,716	2,944	3,150
294	14,800	1,445	2,091	2,463	2,722	2,950	3,156
295	14,850	1,448	2,095	2,468	2,727	2,956	3,163
296	14,900	1,451	2,100	2,473	2,733	2,962	3,169
297	14,950	1,454	2,104	2,478	2,738	2,968	3,176

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299 (b) This subsection provides for incomes below table. 300 If combined adjusted gross income is below six hundred fifty dollars per month, which is the lowest amount of 301 302 income considered in the table of monthly basic child 303 support obligations set forth in subsection (a) of this sec-304 tion, the basic child support obligation shall be set at fifty dollars per month or a discretionary amount determined 305 306 by the court or master based on the resources and living 307 expenses of the obligor and the number of children due 308 The amount shall not deny the obligor the 309 means for self-support at a minimum subsistence level, yet 310 a specific amount of child support should always be or-311 dered, no matter how minimal, to establish the principle of 312 that parent's obligation to provide monetary support to 313 the child or children.

2,483 2,744 2,974 3,182

314 (c) This subsection provides for incomes above table. 315 If combined adjusted gross income is above fifteen thou-316 sand dollars per month, which is the highest amount of 317 income considered in the table of monthly basic child 318 support obligations set forth in subsection (a) of this sec-319 tion, the basic child support obligation shall not be less 320 than it would be based on a combined adjusted gross in-321 come of fifteen thousand dollars. The court or master may also compute the basic child support obligation for 322 323 combined adjusted gross incomes above fifteen thousand 324 dollars by the following:

- 325 (1) One child \$1,457 + 0.088 x combined adjust-326 ed gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per 327 month;
- 328 (2) Two children \$2,108 + 0.129 x combined adjusted gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per month;
- 331 (3) Three children \$2,483 + 0.153 x combined adjusted gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per month:
- 334 (4) Four children \$2,744 + 0.169 x combined 335 adjusted gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per 336 month;
- 337 (5) Five children \$2,974 + 0.183 x combined 338 adjusted gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per 339 month; and
- 340 (6) Six children \$3,182 + 0.196 x combined ad-341 justed gross income above fifteen thousand dollars per 342 month.
- 343 (d) When the amount of a support obligation exceeds 344 two thousand dollars per month per child, the court or master may order a portion of the excess over two thou-345 346 sand dollars per month to be invested or placed in trust for 347 the benefit of the child or children. The court or master may place terms and conditions on the access to the mon-348 evs as are in the best interests of the child or children: 349 350 Provided. That the court or master shall order that all funds so invested or held in trust shall be paid over and 351 delivered to the child or children at their majority or 352 353 emancipation.

### §48A-1B-4. Child health care.

- 1 (a) A child support order shall also provide for the 2 child's current and future medical needs by providing 3 relief in accordance with the provisions of section 4 fifteen-a, article two, chapter forty-eight of this code.
- 5 (b) The payment of a premium to provide health 6 insurance coverage on behalf of the children subject to the 7 order shall be added to the basic child support obligation

- 8 and shall be divided between the parents in proportion to 9 their adjusted gross income. The amount to be added to 10 the basic child support obligation shall be the actual 11 amount of the total insurance premium that is attributable 12 to the number of children due support. If this amount is 13 not available or cannot be verified, the total cost of the 14 premium should be divided by the total number of per-15 sons covered by the policy. The cost per person derived 16 from this calculation shall be multiplied by the number of children who are the subject of the order and who are 17 18 covered under the policy.
- 19 (c) After the total child support obligation is calculat-20 ed and divided between the parents in proportion to their 21 adjusted gross income, the amount of the health insurance 22 premium added to the basic child support obligation shall 23 be deducted from the support obligor's share of the total 24 child support obligation if the support obligor is actually 25 paying the premium.
- 26 (d) Extraordinary medical expenses shall be added to 27 the basic child support obligation and shall be divided 28 between the parents in proportion to their adjusted gross 29 income.

## §48A-1B-5. Work-related child care costs; deduction of tax credit.

- 1 (a) The amount of the federal tax credit for child care
  2 expenses that can be realized by the custodial parent
  3 should be deducted from work-related child care costs,
  4 except that no such deduction shall be made for custodial
  5 parents with monthly gross incomes below the following
  6 amounts:
- 7 (1) One child \$1,150;
- 8 (2) Two children \$1,550;
- 9 (3) Three children \$1,750;
- 10 (4) Four children \$1,950;
- 11 (5) Five children \$2,150; and
- 12 (6) Six children \$2,350.

- 13 (b) Work related child care costs net of any adjustment
- 14 for the child care tax credit shall be added to the basic
- 15 child support obligation and shall be divided between the
- 16 parents in proportion to their adjusted gross income.

### §48A-1B-6. Computation of child support order in sole custody cases.

- 1 (a) For sole custody cases, the total child support obli-2 gation consists of the basic child support obligation plus
- the child's share of any unreimbursed health care expens-
- es, work-related child care expenses and any other ex-
- 5 traordinary expenses agreed to by the parents or ordered
- by the court or master less any extraordinary credits
- 7 agreed to by the parents or ordered by the court or mas-
- 8 ter.
- 9 (b) In a sole custody case, the total basic child support 10 obligation is divided between the parents in proportion to
- 11 their income. From this amount is subtracted the obli-
- 12 gor's direct expenditures of any items which were added
- 13 to the basic child support obligation to arrive at the total
- 14 child support obligation.
- 15 (c) Child support for sole custody cases shall be calcu-
- 16 lated using the following worksheet:

WORKSHEET A: SOLE PHYS	ICAL CUSTODY	CASE NO
COURT:	COUNTY:	
WEST VIRGINIA	_	
In re the Marriage of:		Petitioner
and	Responde	nt

Children Date Birt		Children		Date of Birth
A MONTH V CROSS DICOME		Mother	Father	Combined
MONTHLY GROSS INCOME     a. Minus preexisting child support     payment	-		-	
b. Minus maintenance paid	7-		-	
c. Minus responsibility for other children			-	

2. MONTHLY ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME	\$	\$	S
3. PERCENTAGE SHARE OF IN-	%	%	
COME (Each parent's income from line		1	100%
2 divided by Combined Income)			
4. BASIC OBLIGATION (Amount			s
from Schedule)			-
(Apply line 2 Combined to Child Support	'		i
Schedule.)	j		1
5. ADJUSTMENTS (Expenses paid			
directly by each parent)			1
a. Work-Related Child Care Costs	s	s	I '
(Actual costs minus Federal Tax Credit.)	ا ۱		1
b. Extraordinary Health Care Expens-	s	\$	†- <del></del> -
es (Uninsured only) and Children's	*		
Portion of Health Insurance Premium		ļ	1
Costs.			
c. Extraordinary Expenses (Agreed to	s	s	<del>                                     </del>
by parents or by order of the court or	"	•	1
master.)			
d. Minus Extraordinary Adjustments.	s	s	<del> </del>
e. Total Adjustments (For each col-	\$	\$	<u> </u>
umn, add 5a, 5b, and 5c. Subtract line	ا	3	] 3
umn, add 5a, 5b, and 5c. Subtract line 5d. Add two totals for Combined	l i		1
amount.)	į	1	
	<del>                                     </del>		s
6. TOTAL SUPPORT OBLIGATION			,
(Add line 4 and line 5e Combined.)	•	-	<del> </del>
7. EACH PARENT'S SHARE OF THE	\$	\$	
TOTAL CHILD SUPPORT OBLIGA-		ļ	
TION (Line 3 x line 6 for each parent.)	•	<del></del>	<del></del>
8. NONCUSTODIAL PARENT	\$	\$	
ADJUSTMENT (Enter noncustodial			
parent's line 5e.)	<del></del>	ļ <u>.</u>	<del> </del>
9. RECOMMENDED CHILD SUP-	\$	S	
PORT ORDER	1	ļ	
(Subtract line 8 from line 7 for the	Ī	ļ	
noncustodial parent only. Leave custodi-	[	l	
al parent column blank.)			<u> </u>
Comments, calculations, or rebuttals to sch	edule or adjustme	nts if noncustodi	ial parent
directly pays extraordinary expenses.	<u>-</u>		
1			
PREPARED BY:			Date:
1			

1 (d) In a case where the actual or attributed income of 2 a party, if factored into the computation of child support 3 would result in the obligation of the other party being 4 increased rather than decreased because of a self-support 5 reserve built into the calculations, then such actual or attributed income shall not be considered.

### §48A-1B-7. Shared physical custody adjustment.

- (a) Child support for cases with shared physical custody shall be calculated using the Worksheet B. The following method should be used only for shared physical custody as defined in section twenty-six, article one-a of this chapter: That is, cases where each parent has the child for more than one hundred nine days per year (thirty percent). In addition, a shared physical custody adjustment shall only be made if the sum of the obligee gross adjusted monthly income and the child support order award is above two and one-half times the U.S. poverty guideline for the parent with the highest level of physical custody (if custody is not equally shared) and the number of children for whom support is being determined.
- (b) The basic child support obligation shall be multiplied by 1.5 to arrive at a shared custody basic child support obligation. The shared custody basic child support obligation is apportioned to each parent according to his or her income. In turn, a child support obligation is computed for each parent by multiplying that parent's portion of the shared custody child support obligation by the percentage of time the child spends with the other parent. The respective child support obligations are then offset, with the parent owing more child support paying the difference between the two amounts.
- (c) Final adjustments are made by adding the obligor's share of the child's share of any unreimbursed health care expenses, work-related child care expenses and any other extraordinary expenses agreed to by the parents or ordered by the court or master less any credits to the obligor for the obligor's direct expenditures on the child's unreimbursed health care expenses, and extraordinary credits agreed to by the parents or ordered by the court or master.

34	(d)	Child suppo	rt for	shared	physical	custody	cases
35	shall be	calculated us	ing th	e follow	ing work	sheet:	

WORKSHEET B: SHARED PHYSICAL CUSTODY CASE NO										
COURT	COURT:,									
WEST VIRGINIA										
In re the Marriage of:Petitioner andRespondent										
and		-	Kespona	ent						
Children	Date of Birt	h	Ch	ildren	Date of Birth					
<u> </u>	<del> </del>									
	<del> </del>									
		-			<del></del>					
-		┰	Mother	Father	Combined					
I. MONTHLY GROSS INCO	OME	s	Mother	S	Combined					
a. Minus preexisting child sup		+*		-						
and maintenance paid	port payment	1								
b. Minus responsibility for oth	ner children	-		-	<del>                                     </del>					
2. MONTHLY ADJUSTED		S		\$	s					
INCOME										
3. PERCENTAGE SHARE		1	%	%						
(Each parent's income from I	ine 2 divided				100%					
by Combined Income.)	_	<u> </u>								
4. BASIC OBLIGATION (A	Amount from				\$					
Schedule) (Apply line 2 Combined to Ch	ild Cunnor									
Schedule.)	na Support									
5. SHARED CUSTODY BA	ASIC OBLI-	†		-	s					
GATION (line 4 x 1.50)		1			1 *					
6. EACH PARENT'S SHAI	RE (Line 5 x	\$		\$						
each parent's line 3)		<u>L</u>								
7. OVERNIGHT WITH EA	CH PARENT				365					
(must total 365)		↓								
8. PERCENTAGE WITH E		1 %	•	%	100%					
ENT (Line 7 divided by 365)  9. AMOUNT RETAINED (	Ti ( li	s		\$						
8 for each parent)	Line o x line	1,		) <b>3</b>	Į.					
10. EACH PARENT'S OBL	IGATION	s		<u> </u>						
(subtract line 9 from line 6)	ioniion	"		1 "						
II. AMOUNT TRANSFERR	RED (subtract	†								
smaller amount on line 10 fro										
amount on line 10). Parent w		\$		S						
amount on line 10 pays other	parent the									
difference.		↓_								
12. ADJUSTMENTS (Expen	ises paid	1			1					
directly by each parent)  a. Work-Related Child Care	Conta (Ashi-1	s		s						
costs minus Federal Tax Cred		13		*	-					
COSIS IIIII III I COCIAI TAX CICO		ь.		<u> </u>	<del> </del>					

b. Extraordinary Health Care Expenses     (Uninsured only) and Children's Portion of     Health Insurance Premium Costs.	s	s	
c. Extraordinary Expenses (Agreed to by parents or by order of the court or master.)	s	\$	
d. Minus Extraordinary Adjustments e. Total Adjustments (For each column, add 12a, 12b, and 12c. Subtract line 12d. Add two totals for Combined amount.)	\$	s	s
13. EACH PARENT'S SHARE OF THE TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS (Line 3 x line 12e for each parent)	s	s	
14. ADJUSTMENTS PAID IN EXCESS OF SHARE (Line 12e minus line 13. If negative number, enter zero.)	s	s	
15. EACH PARENT'S ADJUSTED SUPPORT OBLIGATION (Line 11 minus line 14)	s	s	
I6. RECOMMENDED CHILD SUPPORT ORDER (Subtract lesser amount from greater amount in line 15 and enter result under greater amount.)	s	s	
Comments, calculations, or rebuttals to schedule or adjustments if noncustodial parent directly pays extraordinary expenses.			
PREPARED BY:		"	Date:

## §48A-1B-8. Split physical custody adjustment.

In cases with split physical custody, the court or master shall use Worksheet A (Sole-Parenting) as set forth in subsection (c), section six of this article to calculate a separate child support order for each parent based on the number of children in that parent's custody. Instead of transferring the calculated orders between parents, the two orders are offset. The difference of the two orders is the child support order to be paid by the parent with the higher sole-parenting order.

# §48A-1B-9. Adjustment for obligor's social security benefits sent directly to the child.

1 If a proportion of the support obligor's social security 2 benefit is paid directly to the custodian of his or her de-3 pendents who are the subject of the child support order, 4 the following adjustment shall be made. The total amount 5 of the social security benefit which includes the amounts paid to the support obligor and the obligee shall be count-7 ed as gross income to the support obligor. In turn, the 8 child support order will be calculated as described in section six of this article. To arrive at the final child support 9 10 amount, however, the amount of the social security benefits sent directly to the child's household will be subtract-11 ed from the child support order. If the child support 12 13 order amount results in a negative amount it shall be set at 14 zero.

### §48A-1B-10. Application.

1 The guidelines in child support awards apply as a 2 rebuttable presumption to all child support orders established or modified in West Virginia. The guidelines must be applied to all actions in which child support is being determined including temporary orders, interstate 5 (URESA and UIFSA), domestic violence, foster care, divorce, nondissolution, public assistance, nonpublic assistance and support decrees arising despite nonmarriage of 8 the parties. The guidelines must be used by the court or 9 10 master as the basis for reviewing adequacy of child support levels in noncontested cases as well as contested hear-11 12 ings.

### §48A-1B-11. Modification.

The provisions of a child support order may be modified if there is a substantial and continuing change of circumstances. If application of the guideline would result in a new order that is more than fifteen percent different, then the circumstances are considered to be a substantial and continuing change.

## §48A-1B-12. Tax exemption for child due support.

Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, the court shall allocate the right to claim dependent children for income tax purposes to the custodial parent except in

- 4 cases of shared custody. In shared custody cases, these
- 5 rights shall be allocated between the parties in proportion
- 6 to their adjusted gross incomes for child support calcula-
- 7 tions. In a situation where allocation would be of no tax
- 8 benefit to a party, the court or master need make no allo-
- 9 cation to that party.

### §48A-1B-13. Indebtedness.

- The term "indebtedness" means any legal or contractual obligation incurred as follows:
- 3 (1) For the necessary support of a child with regard to 4 food, clothing, shelter and medical care; or
- 5 (2) For the purpose of acquisitions or additions to or 6 additions intended to add to the value of marital property 7 of the parties as defined in section one, article two, chapter 8 forty-eight of this code.
- The court or master may disregard any debt which is incurred with the obvious intent of decreasing child support payments.

### §48A-1B-14. Disregard of formula.

- (a) If the court or master finds that the guidelines are inappropriate in a specific case, the court or master may 2 either disregard the guidelines or adjust the 4 guidelines-based award to accommodate the needs of the child or children or the circumstances of the parent or parents. In either case, the reason for the deviation and the amount of the calculated guidelines award must be 7 stated on the record (preferably in writing on the 8 worksheet or in the order). Such findings clarify the basis 9 10 of the order if appealed or modified in the future.
- 11 (b) These guidelines do not take into account the 12 economic impact of the following factors and can be pos-13 sible reasons for deviation:
- 14 (1) Special needs of the child or support obligor;
- 15 (2) Educational expenses for the child or the parent 16 (i.e. those incurred for private, parochial, or trade schools, 17 other secondary schools, or post-secondary education

- 18 where there is tuition or costs beyond state and local tax
- 19 contributions);
- 20 (3) Families with more than six children;
- 21 (4) Long distance visitation costs; or
- 22 (5) The child resides with third party.

### §48A-1B-15. Present income as monthly amounts.

- 1 To the extent practicable, all information relating to
- 2 income shall be presented to the court or master based on
- 3 monthly amounts. For example, when a party is paid
- 4 wages weekly, the pay should be multiplied by fifty-two
- 5 and divided by twelve to arrive at a correct monthly
- 6 amount. If the court or master deems appropriate, such
- 7 information may be presented in such other forms as the
- 8 court or master directs.

#### ARTICLE 4. PROCEEDINGS BEFORE A MASTER.

- §48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; removal.
- §48A-4-4. Assignment of family law masters by geographical regions.
- §48A-4-20. Circuit court review of master's recommended order.
- §48A-4-23. Family law masters fund.

# §48A-4-1. Appointment of family law masters; term of office; vacancy; removal.

- 1 (a) The family law masters holding office on the ef-
- 2 fective date of this section by virtue of appointments made
- 3 under the prior enactments of this article shall continue
- 4 their service for a term of office ending on the thirtieth
- 5 day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.
- 6 Before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 7 ninety-eight, the governor shall appoint family law masters
- 8 in such numbers and to serve from geographical regions
- 9 of the state as provided for under the provisions of section
- 10 four of this article, with terms commencing on the first
- 11 day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight, and
- 12 on a like date in every fourth year thereafter, and ending
- 13 on the thirtieth day of June, two thousand two, and on a
- 14 like date in every fourth year thereafter. Upon the expira-
- 15 tion of his or her term, a family law master may continue

- 16 to perform the duties of the office until the governor
- 17 makes the appointment, or for sixty days after the date of
- 18 the expiration of the master's term, whichever is earlier. If
- 19 a vacancy occurs in the office of family law master, the
- 20 governor shall, within thirty days after such vacancy oc-
- 21 curs, fill the vacancy by appointment for the unexpired
- 22 term: Provided, That if the remaining portion of the un-
- 23 expired term to be filled is less than one year, the gover-
- 24 nor may, in his or her discretion, simultaneously appoint
- 25 an individual to the unexpired term and to the next suc-
- 26 ceeding full four-year term.
- 27 (b) An individual may be reappointed to succeeding 28 terms as a family law master to serve in the same or a dif-
- 29 ferent region of the state.
- 30 (c) Removal of a master during the term for which he 31 or she is appointed shall be as follows:
- 32 (1) Upon a recommendation by the judicial hearing
- 33 board created pursuant to the rules of procedure for the
- 34 handling of complaints against justices, judges, magistrates
- 35 and family law masters, if the supreme court of appeals
- shall find that a family law master has violated the judicial code of ethics or that the master, because of advancing
- 38 years and attendant physical or mental incapacity, should
- 39 not continue to serve, the supreme court of appeals may,
- 40 in lieu of or in addition to any disposition authorized by
- 41 such rules, remove the family law master from office; and
- 42 (2) The supreme court of appeals may remove a mas-
- 43 ter when conduct of the family law master evidences in-
- 44 competence, unsatisfactory performance, misconduct,
- 45 neglect of duty or physical or mental disability.

# §48A-4-4. Assignment of family law masters by geographical regions.

- 1 (a) On and after the first day of July, one thousand 2 nine hundred ninety-four, there shall be a total of
- 2 nine hundred ninety-four, there shall be a total of 3 twenty-six family law masters, not more than fourteen of
- 4 whom shall be full-time masters, to serve throughout the
- 5 state. During the year immediately preceding the appoint-
- 6 ment of law masters as provided for in section one of this

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7 article, the supreme court of appeals shall apportion the 8 state into geographical regions which may 9 single-master regions or multi-master regions, or a combi-10 nation of both. County boundaries shall be strictly ob-11 served and no county may be divided among two or more 12 regions. Otherwise, in making such apportionment, the 13 supreme court of appeals shall construct regions which 14 provide, as nearly as is practicable, for the caseload of 15 each master to be equal to that of other masters. Mathe-16 matical exactness as to caseload is not required and devia-17 tions from an absolute standard may be based upon con-18 cerns, other than caseload, including, but not limited to, 19 deviations dictated by the following considerations:

- (1) Judicial circuits;
- 21 (2) Geographical features which affect the time and 22 expense of travel:
- 23 (3) Traditional patterns of practice by members of the 24 bar: and
- 25 (4) Population variances between regions.
- (b) In the region that includes Kanawha County, of 27 the masters appointed, not less than two shall be part-time masters.
  - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, for the time period extending from the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, until the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight, there shall temporarily be a total of twenty-seven family law masters, not more than fourteen of whom shall be full-time masters, to serve throughout the state, and the additional part-time position of family law master created by this subsection shall be assigned to the region that includes Marshall County.
  - (d) Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the chief justice of the supreme court of appeals from temporarily assigning a family law master from one geographical region to another geographical region, as caseload, disqualification, recusal, vacation or illness may dictate.

- 44 (e) The administrative office of the supreme court 45 shall promulgate any procedural rule necessary to delin-
- 46 eate the duties of the part-time and full-time law masters
- 47 consistent with this article.

## §48A-4-20. Circuit court review of master's recommended order.

- 1 (a) The circuit court shall proceed to a review of the recommended order of the master when:
- 3 (1) No petition has been filed within the time allowed, 4 or the parties have expressly waived the right to file a 5 petition;
- 6 (2) A petition and an answer in opposition have been 7 filed, or the time for filing an answer in opposition has 8 expired, or the parties have expressly waived the right to 9 file an answer in opposition, as the case may be.
- 10 (b) To the extent necessary for decision and when 11 presented, the circuit court shall decide all relevant ques-12 tions of law, interpret constitutional and statutory provi-13 sions and determine the appropriateness of the terms of 14 the recommended order of the master.
- 15 (c) The circuit court shall examine the recommended 16 order of the master, along with the findings and conclu-17 sions of the master, and may enter the recommended order, may recommit the case, with instructions, for further 18 19 hearing before the master or may, in its discretion, enter an order upon different terms, as the ends of justice may 20 21 require. Conclusions of law of the family law master shall 22 be subject to review by the circuit court. The circuit court shall not follow the recommendation, findings and conclu-23 sions of a master found to be: 24
- 25 (1) Arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion or otherwise not in conformance with the law;
- 27 (2) Contrary to constitutional right, power, privilege or 28 immunity;
- 29 (3) In excess of statutory jurisdiction, authority or 30 limitations or short of statutory right;

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- 31 (4) Without observance of procedure required by law;
- 32 (5) Unsupported by substantial evidence; or
- 33 (6) Unwarranted by the facts.
  - (d) In making its determinations under this section, the circuit court shall review the whole record or those parts of it cited by a party. If the circuit court finds that a master's recommended order is deficient as to matters which might be affected by evidence not considered or inadequately developed in the master's recommended order, the court may recommit the recommended order to the master, with instructions indicating the court's opinion, or the circuit court may proceed to take such evidence without recommitting the matter.
- (e) The order of the circuit court entered pursuant to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section shall be entered not later than ten days after the time for filing pleadings or briefs has expired or after the filing of a notice or notices waiving the right to file such pleading or brief.
- 50 (f) If a case is recommitted by the circuit court, the master shall retry the matter within twenty days.
- 52 (g) At the time a case is recommitted, the circuit court 53 shall enter appropriate temporary orders awarding custo-54 dy, visitation, child support, spousal support or such other 55 temporary relief as the circumstances of the parties may 56 require.

## §48A-4-23. Family law masters fund.

The office and the clerks of the circuit courts shall, on 2 or before the tenth day of each month, transmit all fees and costs received for the services of the office under this 4 chapter to the state treasurer for deposit in the state trea-5 sury to the credit of a special revenue fund to be known as the "family law masters fund", which is hereby created. 6 All moneys collected and received under this chapter and 7 paid into the state treasury and credited to the "family law 8 masters fund" shall be used by the administrative office of 9 the supreme court of appeals solely for paying the costs 10 associated with the duties imposed upon the family law 11

- 12 masters under the provisions of this chapter which require
- 13 activities by the masters which are not subject to being
- 14 matched with federal funds or subject to reimbursement
- 15 by the federal government. Such moneys shall not be
- 16 treated by the auditor and treasurer as part of the general
- 17 revenue of the state.

# CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

### ARTICLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.

- §59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.
- §59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees in divorce and other civil actions and fees for services in criminal cases.

### \*§59-1-11. Fees to be charged by clerk of circuit court.

- 1 (a) The clerk of a circuit court shall charge and collect for services rendered as such clerk the following fees,
- 3 and such fees shall be paid in advance by the parties for
- and such rees shall be paid in advance by the parties to 4 whom such services are to be rendered:
- 5 For instituting any civil action under the rules of civil
- 6 procedure, any statutory summary proceeding, any ex-
- traordinary remedy, the docketing of civil appeals, or any other action, cause, suit or proceeding, seventy-five dol-
- 9 lars: *Provided*, That the fee for instituting an action for
- 10 divorce shall be one hundred five dollars.
- 11 (b) In addition to the foregoing fees, the following 12 fees shall likewise be charged and collected:
- 13 (1) For preparing an abstract of judgment, five dol-
- 14 lars;15 (2) For any transcript, copy or paper made by the
- 16 clerk for use in any other court or otherwise to go out of
- 17 the office, for each page, fifty cents;
- 18 (3) For action on suggestion, ten dollars;
- 19 (4) For issuing an execution, ten dollars;
- 20 (5) For issuing or renewing a suggestee execution, 21 including copies, postage, registered or certified mail fees
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  \*Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 19 (Chapter 157), which passed prior to this act.

- and the fee provided by section four, article five-a, chapter thirty-eight of this code, three dollars;
- 24 (6) For vacation or modification of a suggestee exe-25 cution, one dollar;
- 26 (7) For docketing and issuing an execution on a tran-27 script of judgment from magistrate's court, three dollars;
- 28 (8) For arranging the papers in a certified question, 29 writ of error, appeal or removal to any other court, five 30 dollars:
- 31 (9) For postage and express and for sending or re-32 ceiving decrees, orders or records, by mail or express, 33 three times the amount of the postage or express charges;
- 34 (10) For each subpoena, on the part of either plaintiff 35 or defendant, to be paid by the party requesting the same, 36 fifty cents;
- 37 (11) For additional service (plaintiff or appellant) 38 where any case remains on the docket longer than three 39 years, for each additional year or part year, twenty dollars.
- 40 (c) The clerk shall tax the following fees for services 41 in any criminal case against any defendant convicted in 42 such court:
- 43 (1) In the case of any misdemeanor, fifty-five dollars;
- 44 (2) In the case of any felony, sixty-five dollars.
- (d) No such clerk shall be required to handle or accept for disbursement any fees, cost or amounts, of any other officer or party not payable into the county treasury, except it be on order of the court or in compliance with the provisions of law governing such fees, costs or accounts.

## §59-1-28a. Disposition of filing fees in divorce and other civil actions and fees for services in criminal cases.

(a) Except for those payments to be made from amounts equaling filing fees received for the institution of divorce actions as prescribed in subsection (b) of this section, for each civil action instituted under the rules of

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- 5 civil procedure, any statutory summary proceeding, any
  6 extraordinary remedy, the docketing of civil appeals, or
  7 any other action, cause, suit or proceeding in the circuit
  8 court, the clerk of the court shall, at the end of each
  9 month, pay into the funds or accounts described in this
  10 subsection an amount equal to the amount set forth in this
  11 subsection of every filing fee received for instituting such
  12 action as follows:
- 13 (1) Into the regional jail and correctional facility de-14 velopment fund in the state treasury established pursuant 15 to the provisions of section ten, article twenty, chapter 16 thirty-one of this code, the amount of sixty dollars;
  - (2) Into the court security fund in the state treasury established pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen, article three, chapter fifty-one of this code, the amount of five dollars.
  - (b) For each divorce action instituted in the circuit court, the clerk of the court shall, at the end of each month, pay into the funds or accounts in this subsection an amount equal to the amount set forth in this subsection of every filing fee received for instituting such divorce action as follows:
  - (1) Into the regional jail and correctional facility development fund in the state treasury established pursuant to the provisions of section ten, article twenty, chapter thirty-one of this code, the amount of ten dollars;
  - (2) Into the special revenue account of the state treasury, established pursuant to section twenty-four, article one, chapter forty-eight of this code, an amount of thirty dollars;
    - (3) Into the family law masters fund in the state treasury, established pursuant to section twenty-three, article four, chapter forty-eight-a of this code, an amount of fifty dollars; and
- 39 (4) Into the court security fund in the state treasury, 40 established pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen,

and imprisoned.

- article three, chapter fifty-one of this code, the amount of 41 42 five dollars
- 43 (c) The clerk of each circuit court shall, at the end of 44 each month, pay into the regional jail and prison develop-
- 45 ment fund in the state treasury an amount equal to forty
- dollars of every fee for service received in any criminal 46
- case against any defendant convicted in such court and 47
- 48 shall pay an amount equal to five dollars of every such fee
- 49 into the court security fund in the state treasury estab-
- 50 lished pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen, arti-
- cle three, chapter fifty-one of this code. 51

### CHAPTER 61. CRIMES AND THEIR PUNISHMENT.

### ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.

### §61-5-29. Failure to meet an obligation to provide support to a minor; penalties.

1 (1) A person who: (a) Persistently fails to provide 2 support which he or she can reasonably provide and which he or she knows he or she has a duty to provide to a mi-4 nor; or (b) is subject to court order to pay any amount for the support of a minor child and is delinquent in meeting 5 the full obligation established by the order and has been 6 delinquent for a period of at least six months' duration, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail 10

for not more than one year, or both fined and imprisoned.

(2) A person who persistently fails to provide support 12 which he or she can reasonably provide and which he or 13 she knows he or she has a duty to provide to a minor by 14 virtue of a court or administrative order and the failure 1.5 results in: (a) An arrearage of not less than eight thousand 16 dollars; or (b) twelve consecutive months without payment 17 18 of support, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction 19 thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not 20 less than one year nor more than three years, or both fined 21 22

## **CHAPTER 111**

(S. B. 590—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect July 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two-a, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend section eleven, article two, chapter eighteen of said code; to amend and reenact section one, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections eighteen, twenty-two and thirty-nine, article five of said chapter; to amend article seven-a of said chapter by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-six-n and twenty-six-o; to amend and reenact section ten, article nine-a of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-five: to amend and reenact section two, article seventeen of said chapter; to amend and reenact section thirteen. article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code; to amend and reenact sections two, three, eight, eight-a, eight-b, eight-g, fifteen and sixteen, article four of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-h; and to amend and reenact section eight, article five of said chapter, all relating to public education; compensation and allowances for appointive state officers: sabbatical leaves for teachers and certain aides; compensation of state superintendent of schools; kindergarten programs; specialized health procedures; establishment of summer school programs; supplemental benefits for certain teachers; foundation allowance to improve instructional programs; state allowance for state teacher of the year salary; admission of students to schools for the deaf and blind; recommended guidelines for full-day and half-day cooks; state minimum salary schedule for teachers; the principals' index; employment term and class titles of service personnel; service personnel minimum monthly salaries; seniority rights for school service personnel; determination of seniority for service personnel: limitation on number of school service personnel positions to be held by an employee; employment of service

personnel substitutes; extracurricular assignments; authority of certain aides to exercise control over pupils.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two-a, article seven, chapter six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted: that section eleven, article two. chapter eighteen of said code be amended and reenacted; that section one, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections eighteen, twenty-two and thirty-nine, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted: that article seven-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections twenty-six-n and twenty-six-o; that section ten, article nine-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-five; that section two, article seventeen of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section thirteen, article two, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three, eight, eight-a, eight-b, eight-g, fifteen and sixteen, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-h; that section eight, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

- 6. General Provisions Respecting Officers.
- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.

### **CHAPTER 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS** RESPECTING OFFICERS.

### ARTICLE 7. COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES.

- §6-7-2a. Terms of certain appointive state officers; appointment; qualifications; powers and salaries of such officers.
  - (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code 1 to the contrary enacted prior to the first day of January,
  - one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, each of the fol-

  - lowing appointive state officers named in this subsection
  - shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice

and consent of the Senate. Each of such appointive state 7 officers shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor 8 for the term for which the governor was elected and until 9 the respective state officers' successors have been appointed and qualified. Each of such appointive state officers 10 11 shall hereafter be subject to the existing qualifications for 12 holding each such respective office and each shall have 13 and is hereby granted all of the powers and authority and 14 shall perform all of the functions and services heretofore 15 vested in and performed by virtue of existing law respect-16 ing each such office.

Beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the annual salary of each such named appointive state officer shall be as follows:

20 Administrator, division of highways, sixty-five thou-21 sand dollars; administrator, division of health, fifty-seven 22 thousand two hundred dollars; administrator, division of 23 human services, forty-seven thousand eight hundred dol-24 lars; administrator, state tax division, forty-nine thousand 25 nine hundred dollars; administrator, division of energy, sixty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of cor-26 27 rections, fifty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division 28 of natural resources, sixty-five thousand dollars; adminis-29 trator, division of public safety, sixty thousand dollars; administrator, lottery division, sixty thousand dollars: 30 31 director, public employees insurance agency, fifty-five thousand dollars: administrator, division of banking, 32 fifty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of in-33 34 surance, fifty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of culture and history, fifty thousand dollars; administra-35 36 tor, alcohol beverage control commission, sixty thousand 37 dollars; administrator, division of motor vehicles, fifty-five thousand dollars: director, division of personnel, fifty 38 39 thousand dollars; adjutant general, fifty thousand dollars; chairman, health care cost review authority, fifty-five thou-40 sand dollars; members, health care cost review authority, 41 fifty-one thousand two hundred dollars; director, human 42 rights commission, forty thousand dollars; administrator, 43 44 division of labor, fifty-five thousand dollars; administrator, division of veterans affairs, forty thousand dollars; admin-45 istrator, division of emergency services, forty thousand 46

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dollars; members, board of parole, forty thousand dollars; members, employment security review board, seventeen thousand dollars; members, workers' compensation appeal board, seventeen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, each of the aforesaid officers shall continue to receive the annual salaries they were receiving as of the last day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

56 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code 57 to the contrary enacted prior to the first day of January, 58 one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, each of the state 59 officers named in this subsection shall continue to be appointed in the manner prescribed in this code, and, prior 60 61 to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 62 ninety-four, each of the state officers named in this sub-63 section shall continue to receive the annual salaries they 64 were receiving as of the last day of December, one thou-65 sand nine hundred ninety-three, and shall thereafter be 66 paid an annual salary as follows: Administrator, division of risk and insurance management, fifty thousand dollars; 67 68 director, division of rehabilitation services, fifty-five thou-69 sand dollars; executive director, educational broadcasting 70 authority, fifty-five thousand dollars; secretary, library 71 commission, forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars; 72 director, geologic and economic survey, forty-seven thou-73 sand five hundred dollars; executive director, water devel-74 opment authority, fifty-four thousand two hundred dollars: executive director, public defender services, fifty-five 75 thousand dollars; director, commission on aging, forty 76 77 thousand dollars; commissioner, oil and gas conservation 78 commission, forty thousand dollars; director, farm man-79 agement commission, thirty-two thousand five hundred 80 dollars; director, railroad maintenance authority, fifty thousand dollars; executive secretary, women's commis-81 sion, thirty thousand one hundred dollars; director, re-82 gional jail authority, fifty-five thousand dollars; director, 83 hospital finance authority, twenty-five thousand eight 84 85 hundred dollars.

86 (c) No increase in the salary of any appointive state 87 officer pursuant to this section shall be paid until and unless such appointive state officer shall have first filed 88 with the state auditor and the legislative auditor a sworn 89 statement, on a form to be prescribed by the attorney 90 general, certifying that his or her spending unit is in com-91 pliance with any general law providing for a salary in-92 crease for his or her employees. The attorney general 93 shall prepare and distribute such form to the affected 94 95 spending units: Provided, That no decrease in salary shall 96 be effective for any current appointive state officer appointed prior to the first day of January, one thousand 97 nine hundred eighty-nine: Provided, however, That such 98 decreases shall take effect at such time as any appointive 99 100 office is vacated: Provided further. That the increase provided for the state superintendent of schools enacted dur-101 ing the regular session, one thousand nine hundred 102 ninety-four, should not become effective until the first day 103 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven. 104

### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### Article

- 2. State Board of Education.
- 3. State Superintendent of Schools.
- 5. County Board of Education.
- 7A. State Teachers Retirement System.
- 9A. Public School Support.
- 17. West Virginia Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

## §18-2-11. Sabbatical leaves for teachers and certain aides.

- (a) The state board shall by the first day of December. 1 one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, establish by 2 policy a sabbatical leave program. Such program partici-3 pation shall be considered optional for each county board. 4 Individuals employed as professional educators, as defined 5 in section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of this code. 6 and aides shall be eligible for the sabbatical leave pro-7 gram: Provided, That such aides have a cumulative grade point of three and two tenths on a possible four point scale 9 pursuant to successful completion of at least sixty-four 10 semester hours of course work at an approved institution

12 of higher education. Such policy shall establish the educational objectives, peer selection criteria and other guide-13 lines the board deems necessary. The sabbatical leave 14 15 policy shall provide that not less than ninety-five percent 16 of sabbatical leaves granted shall be for classroom teachers 17 and such policy shall not provide for the granting of sab-18 batical leave to any employee who has fewer than ten 19 years of West Virginia public school service, nor shall compensation during such leave be more than one half of 20 the employee's regular salary. While on sabbatical leave 21 the employee shall be deemed to be a full-time employee 22 23 for purposes of years of experience and participation in the teachers retirement system and the public employee 24 insurance program. Any employee receiving a sabbatical 25 leave shall be required to return to employment by the 26 board which granted the leave for a period of at least one 27 year or repay the compensation and benefits received 28 during that time and have deducted the retirement credit 29 30 and years of service credit accrued during sabbatical leave: Provided, however. That sabbatical leaves for teachers and 31 32 certain aides shall be optional by the respective boards.

33 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, if the state teacher of the year either works 34 35 with programs approved by the state department or attends school at a college or university to further his or her edu-36 cation, the teacher shall receive a sabbatical from his or 37 her position for up to one year in which the teacher has 38 been selected as state teacher of the year: Provided, That 39 if the state teacher of the year chooses to take a sabbatical, 40 then the state department shall provide the county from 41 where the teacher is taking the sabbatical with an allow-42 ance equal to the state average contractual salary for 43 44 teachers.

### ARTICLE 3. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

# §18-3-1. Appointment; qualifications; compensation; traveling expenses; office and residence.

There shall be appointed by the state board a state superintendent of schools. He shall be a person of good moral character, of recognized ability as a school administration of the state of the state

4 trator, holding at least a master's degree in educational

- 5 administration, and shall have had not less than five years
- 6 of experience in public school work. He shall receive an
- 7 annual salary set by the state board, to be paid monthly:
- 8 Provided, That the annual salary may not exceed one
- 9 hundred thousand dollars. The state superintendent shall
- 10 also receive necessary traveling expenses incident to the
- 11 performance of his duties, the same to be paid out of the
- 12 general school fund upon warrants of the state auditor.
- 13 The superintendent shall have his office at the state capital.

### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-5-18. Kindergarten programs.

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- §18-5-22. Medical and dental inspection; school nurses; specialized health procedures; establishment of council of school nurses.
- §18-5-39. Establishment of summer school programs; tuition.

### §18-5-18. Kindergarten programs.

April of that same year.

- 1 County boards shall provide by the school year one 2 thousand nine hundred eighty-three—eighty-four, and 3 continue thereafter, kindergarten programs for all children 4 who shall have attained the age of five prior to the first 5 day of September of the school year in which the pupil 6 enters such kindergarten program and may establish kin-7 dergarten programs designed for children below the age of five: Provided. That beginning with the school year 8 one thousand nine hundred ninety-six-ninety-seven, 9 such programs shall be full-day everyday: Provided, how-10 11 ever. That nothing contained herein shall prevent the state 12 superintendent from granting an extension to those counties currently with building or renovation projects that will 13 provide adequate space or counties having at least two 14 percent net enrollment increase over the previous five 15 years. The county board must apply with the supporting 16 data to meet the criteria for which they are eligible on or 17 before the twenty-fifth day of March for the following 18 school year. The state superintendent shall grant or deny 19
- Persons employed as kindergarten teachers, as distinguished from paraprofessional personnel, shall be required to hold a certificate valid for teaching at the as-

the requested waiver on or before the fifteenth day of

25 signed level as prescribed by regulations established by 26 the state board. The state board shall establish and pre-27 scribe guidelines and criteria setting forth the minimum 28 requirements for all paraprofessional personnel employed 29 in kindergarten programs established pursuant to the pro-30 visions of this section and no such paraprofessional per-31 sonnel shall be employed in any kindergarten program 32 unless he meets such minimum requirements.

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The state board with the advice of the state superintendent of free schools shall establish and prescribe guidelines and criteria relating to the establishment, operation and successful completion of kindergarten programs in accordance with the other provisions of this section. Guidelines and criteria so established and prescribed are also intended to serve for the establishment and operation of nonpublic kindergarten programs and shall be used for the evaluation and approval of such programs, provided application for such evaluation and approval is made in writing to the state board by proper authorities in control of such programs. The state superintendent of free schools at intervals not to exceed two years shall publish a list of nonpublic kindergarten programs that have been approved in accordance with the provisions of this section and a list of Montessori kindergartens established and operated in accordance with usual and customary practices for the use of the Montessori method. Teachers who have training or experience in the use of the Montessori method of instruction for kindergartens shall be deemed to be approved to teach in such kindergartens using the Montessori method without additional certification.

Pursuant to such guidelines and criteria, and only pursuant to such guidelines and criteria, the county boards may establish programs taking kindergarten to the homes of the children involved, using educational television, paraprofessional personnel in addition to and to supplement regularly certified teachers, mobile or permanent classrooms and other means developed to best carry kindergarten to the child in its home and enlist the aid and involvement of its parent or parents in presenting the program to the child; or may develop programs of a more formal kindergarten type, in existing school buildings, or

66 both, as such county board may determine, taking into 67 consideration the cost, the terrain, the existing available 68 facilities, the distances each child may be required to trav-69 el, the time each child may be required to be away from 70 home, the child's health, the involvement of parents and 71 such other factors as each county board may find perti-72 nent. Such determinations by any county board shall be 73 final and conclusive

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Funds for implementing the kindergarten programs during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and thereafter, shall be allocated to counties from a special appropriation to the state department from the general revenue fund: *Provided*, That except for expenditures from the general revenue funds for regional kindergarten demonstration centers, in no event shall any state money from the general fund be expended under the provisions of this section unless federal funds are available for the purposes of this section.

Allocations to counties will be made on the basis of approved kindergarten programs. The state board shall establish criteria and standards necessary to guide counties in developing approvable kindergarten programs and shall determine funding levels of said programs on local operating costs.

An additional appropriation shall be made to the state department from the general revenue fund to establish and operate during the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, regional kindergarten demonstration centers in educational regions three, four, five, six and seven, and thereafter in regions one through seven. Said funds shall be allocated to said regions for establishing and operating regional demonstration centers in accordance with criteria and standards established by the state board. Said regional centers shall be established to provide exemplary and innovative kindergarten programs, to provide laboratory experiences for preservice and in-service education for professional personnel and staff development programs for training paraprofessional personnel, to establish organizational and administrative machinery designed to promote cooperation between and among all agencies involved in the education and development of young children and to promote cooperation between counties in providing high cost supervisory, developmental, research and evaluative services not currently available to individual counties.

### §18-5-22. Medical and dental inspection; school nurses; specialized health procedures; establishment of council of school nurses.

County boards shall provide proper medical and dental inspections for all pupils attending the schools of their county and shall further have the authority to take any other action necessary to protect the pupils from infectious diseases, including the authority to require from all school personnel employed in their county, certificates of good health and of physical fitness.

8 Each county board shall employ full time at least one 9 school nurse for every one thousand five hundred kinder-10 garten through seventh grade pupils in net enrollment or major fraction thereof: Provided, That each county shall 11 employ full time at least one school nurse: Provided, 12 13 however, That a county board may contract with a public 14 health department for services considered equivalent to those required by this section in accordance with a plan to 15 be approved by the state board: Provided further, That 16 17 the state board shall promulgate rules requiring the employment of school nurses in excess of the number re-18 19 quired by this section to ensure adequate provision of 20 services to severely handicapped pupils.

Any person employed as a school nurse shall be a registered professional nurse properly licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses in accordance with article seven, chapter thirty of this code.

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Specialized health procedures that require the skill, knowledge and judgment of a licensed health professional, shall be performed only by school nurses, other licensed school health care providers as provided for in this section, or school employees who have been trained and retrained every two years who are subject to the supervision and

32 approval by school nurses. After assessing the health 33 status of the individual student, a school nurse, in collabo-34 ration with the student's physician, parents and in some 35 instances an individualized education program team, may 36 delegate certain health care procedures to a school em-37 ployee who shall be trained pursuant to this section, con-38 sidered competent, have consultation with, and be moni-39 tored or supervised by the school nurse: Provided. That nothing herein shall prohibit any school employee from 40 41 providing specialized health procedures or any other pru-42 dent action to aid any person who is in acute physical 43 distress or requires emergency assistance. For the purpos-44 es of this section "specialized health procedures" means, 45 but is not limited to, catheterization, suctioning of trache-46 ostomy, naso-gastric tube feeding or gastrostomy tube 47 feeding. "School employee" means "teachers", as defined 48 in section one, article one of this chapter and "aides", as 49 defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of 50 this code.

51 Any school employee who elects, or is required by this section, to undergo training or retraining to provide, 52 53 in the manner specified in this section, the specialized 54 health care procedures for those students for which the 55 selection has been approved by both the principal and the 56 county board, shall receive additional pay of at least one 57 pay grade higher than the highest pay grade for which the employee is paid: Provided, That any training required in 58 59 this section may be considered in lieu of required in-service training of the school employee and a school 60 employee may not be required to elect to undergo the 61 training or retraining: Provided, however, That com-62 mencing with the first day of July, one thousand nine 63 64 hundred eighty-nine, any newly employed school employee in the field of special education shall be required 65 66 to undergo the training and retraining as provided for in this section: Provided further, That if an employee who 67 holds a class title of an aide is employed in a school and 68 such aide has received the training, pursuant to this sec-69 tion, then an employee in the field of special education 70 shall not be required to perform the specialized health 71 72 care procedures.

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Each county school nurse, as designated and defined by this section, shall perform a needs assessment. These nurses shall meet on the basis of the area served by their regional educational service agency, prepare recommendations and elect a representative to serve on the council of school nurses established under this section.

79 There shall be established a council of school nurses 80 which shall be convened by the state board of education. 81 This council shall prepare a procedural manual and shall 82 provide recommendations regarding a training course to the director of the state division of health who shall con-83 84 sult with the state department of education. The state 85 division of health then has the authority to promulgate 86 rules to implement the training and to create standards 87 used by those school nurses and school employees performing specialized health procedures. The council shall 88 89 meet every two years to review the certification and train-90 ing program regarding school employees.

The state board of education shall work in conjunction with county boards to provide training and retraining every two years as recommended by the council of school nurses and implemented by the state division of health.

## §18-5-39. Establishment of summer school programs; tuition.

Inasmuch as the present county school facilities for the most part lie dormant and unused during the summer months, and inasmuch as there are many students who are in need of remedial instruction and others who desire accelerated instruction, it is the purpose of this section to provide for the establishment of a summer school program, which is to be separate and apart from the full school term as established by each county.

The board of any county has the authority to establish 9 a summer school program utilizing the public school 10 facilities and to charge tuition for students who attend the 11 summer school. The tuition may not exceed in any case 12 the actual cost of operation of the summer school pro-13 gram: Provided, That any deserving pupil whose parents, 14 in the judgment of the board, are unable to pay the tuition, 15 may attend the summer school program at a reduced 16

charge or without charge. The county board shall have the authority to determine the term and curriculum of the summer schools based upon the particular needs of the individual county. The curriculum may include, but is not limited to, remedial instruction, accelerated instruction and the teaching of manual arts. The term of the summer school program may not be established in such a manner as to interfere with the regular school term.

The county boards may employ any certified teacher as teachers for this summer school program. Certified teachers employed by the county board to teach in the summer school program shall be paid an amount to be determined by the county board and shall enter into a contract of employment in such form as is prescribed by the county board: *Provided*, That teachers who teach summer courses of instruction which are offered for credit and which are taught during the regular school year shall be paid at the same daily rate they would receive if paid in accordance with the then current minimum monthly salary in effect for teachers in that county.

Any funds accruing from the tuitions shall be credited to and expended within the existing framework of the general current expense fund of the county board.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to the contrary, the board shall fill professional positions established pursuant to the provisions of this section on the basis of certification and length of time the professional has been employed in the county's summer school program. In the event that no employee who has been previously employed in the summer school program holds a valid certification or licensure, a board shall fill the position as a classroom teaching position in accordance with section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the code to the contrary, the county board is authorized to employ school service personnel to perform any related duties outside the regular school term as defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code. An employee who was employed in any service personnel job or posi57 tion during the previous summer shall have the option of retaining the job or position if the job or position exists 58 59 during any succeeding summer. If the employee is un-60 available or if the position is newly created, the position 61 shall be filled pursuant to section eight-b, article four, 62 chapter eighteen-a of this code. When any summer em-63 ployee who is employed in a summer position is granted a 64 leave of absence for the summer months, the board shall 65 give regular employment status to the employee for that 66 summer position which shall be filled under the procedure 67 set forth in section eight-b, article four, chapter eighteen-a 68 of this code. The summer employee on leave of absence 69 shall have the option of returning to that summer position 70 if the position exists the succeeding summer or whenever 71 the position is reestablished if it were abolished. The sala-72 ry of a summer employee shall be in accordance with the 73 salary schedule of persons regularly employed in the same 74 position in the county where employed and persons em-75 ployed in those positions are entitled to all rights, privileg-76 es and benefits provided in sections five-b, eight, eight-a, 77 ten and fourteen, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this 78 code: Provided, That those persons are not entitled to a 79 minimum employment term of two hundred days for their 80 summer position.

If a county board reduces in force the number of employees to be employed in a particular summer program or classification from the number employed in that position in previous summers, the reductions in force and priority in reemployment to that summer position shall be based upon the length of service time in the particular summer program or classification.

For the purpose of this section, summer employment for service personnel includes, but is not limited to, filling jobs and positions as defined in section eight, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code and especially established for and which are to be predominantly performed during the summer months to meet the needs of a county board.

#### ARTICLE 7A. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

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§18-7A-26n. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired on or after July 1, 1984, but prior to July 1, 1986.

§18-7A-260. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1986.

## §18-7A-26n. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired on or after July 1, 1984, but prior to July 1, 1986.

- 1 As an additional supplement to other retirement allow-
- ances provided, each annuitant who retired on or after the
- first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, 3
- 4 and before the first day of July, one thousand nine hun-
- dred eighty-six, shall receive a monthly amount equal to
- two dollars multiplied by his or her total service credit.

## §18-7A-260. Supplemental benefits for certain teachers who retired prior to July 1, 1986.

- 1 As an additional supplement to other retirement allow-
- 2 ances provided, each annuitant who retired before the first
- day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-six, and
- who is receiving a monthly pension of three hundred 4
- 5 dollars or less, shall receive a monthly total amount equal
- to one dollar multiplied by his or her total service credit.

#### ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

- §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.
- §18-9A-25. State allowance for state teacher of the year salary.

## §18-9A-10. Foundation allowance to improve instructional programs.

- (a) For the school year beginning on the first day of 1
- July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and thereaf-
- ter, the sum of the allocations shall be in an amount at 3 least equal to the amount appropriated by the Legislature, 4
- in addition to funds which accrue from balances in the
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- general school fund, or from appropriations for such 6
- 7 purposes:
- (1) One hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be allo-8 9 cated to each county;
- (2) Distribution to the counties of the remainder of 10
- these funds shall be made proportional to the average of 11
- each county's average daily attendance for the preceding 12

13 year and the county's second month net enrollment. 14 Moneys allocated by provision of this section shall be 15 used to improve instructional programs according to a 16 plan for instructional improvement which the affected 17 county board shall file with the state board by the first day 18 of August of each year, to be approved by the state board 19 by the first day of September of that year if such plan 20 substantially complies with standards to be adopted by the 21 state board: Provided, That notwithstanding any other 22 provision of this code to the contrary, moneys allocated 23 by provision of this section may also be used in the imple-24 mentation and maintenance of the uniform integrated 25 regional computer information system; and

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(3) Up to twenty-five percent of this allocation may be used to employ professional educators and/or service personnel in counties after all applicable provisions of sections four and five of this article have been fully utilized: Provided, That for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, only, up to an additional twenty-five percent of this allocation may be used to employ classroom teachers, as defined in section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of this code, and/or service personnel in counties after all applicable provisions of sections four and five of this article have been fully utilized: Provided, however, That service personnel employed with the additional twenty-five percent for the school year beginning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, only, may not include directors, coordinators or supervisors.

Prior to the use of any funds from this section for personnel costs, the county board must receive authorization from the state superintendent of schools. The state superintendent shall require the district board to demonstrate: (1) The need for the allocation; (2) efficiency and fiscal responsibility in staffing; and (3) sharing of services with adjoining counties and the regional educational service agency for that county in the use of the total local district board budget. District boards shall make application for available funds for the next fiscal year by the first day of May of each year. On or before the first day of June, the state superintendent shall review all applications

54 and notify applying district boards of the distribution of 55 the allocation: Provided, That for the school year begin-56 ning on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 57 ninety-three, only, the state superintendent shall review all 58 applications and notify applying district boards of the 59 distribution of the allocation on or before the first day of 60 July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three. funds shall be distributed during the fiscal year as appro-61 62 priate. The state superintendent shall require the county 63 board to demonstrate the need for an allocation for per-64 sonnel based upon the county's inability to meet the re-65 quirements of state law or state board policy: Provided, 66 however. That the funds available for personnel under this 67 section may not be used to increase the total number of 68 professional noninstructional personnel in the central 69 office beyond four. Such instructional improvement plan shall be made available for distribution to the public at the 70 71 office of each affected county board.

72 (b) Commencing with the school year beginning on 73 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 74 ninety-three, an amount not less than the amount required 75 to meet debt service requirements on any revenue bonds 76 issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine 77 hundred ninety-four, and the debt service requirements on 78 any revenue bonds issued for the purpose of refunding 79 revenue bonds issued prior to the first day of January, one 80 thousand nine hundred ninety-four, shall be paid into the school building capital improvements fund created by 81 section six, article nine-d of this chapter, and shall be used 82 83 solely for the purposes of said article. The school building capital improvements fund shall not be utilized to 84 85 meet the debt services requirement on any revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds for which moneys contained 86 within the school building debt service fund have been 87 pledged for repayment pursuant to said section. 88

# §18-9A-25. State allowance for state teacher of the year salary.

To provide for the support of a sabbatical for the state teacher of the year, there shall be appropriated for that purpose from the general revenue fund an amount equal

- 4 to the state average contractual salary for teachers for the
- 5 year in which the teacher is selected as state teacher of the
- 6 vear.

### ARTICLE 17. WEST VIRGINIA SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.

## §18-17-2. Admission and record of applicants; special programs and services.

1 Deaf and/or blind youth residents in the state, between the ages of five and twenty-three, inclusive, shall be en-2 rolled in the schools on application to the superintendent, until the schools are filled. Applicants shall be admitted by the superintendent on the basis of need and degree of impairment as determined by the schools' admissions committee. It shall be the duty of the superintendent to keep a careful record of the names of all applicants with 9 the dates of their admission and discharge, their ages, 10 post-office addresses, the names of their parents or guardians, and the degree, cause and circumstances of their 11 deafness or blindness. 12

13 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the school from providing special education programs 14 including, but not limited to, classes, parent education, 15 home teaching or visiting teacher services for deaf and 16 17 blind children from birth. The schools may also enter 18 into contractual arrangements with counties to provide 19 evaluation, short-term instruction and other educational 20 services, including direct instruction.

21 Any deaf or blind youth who is not a resident of the state of West Virginia may apply to the state board for 22 admission to the school. The state board may approve 23 such admission: Provided, That such youth shall be re-24 25

quired to pay all related costs of attending the school.

#### CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

#### Article

- 2. School Personnel.
- 4. Salaries, Wages and Other Benefits.
- 5. Authority; Rights; Responsibility.

#### ARTICLE 2. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

## §18A-2-13. Recommended guidelines for full-day and half-day cooks.

The following guidelines are optional guidelines that county boards may use when scheduling full-day and half-day cooks:

4	Number of	Number of	Average Number of
5	Meals	Cooks	Meals Served Per
6			Cook's Hours Worked
7	1-90	1	12.00
8	91-135	1.5	12.00
9	136-180	2	12.00
10	181-225	2.5	12.00
11	226-270	3	12.00
12	271-315	3.5	12.00
13	316-360	4	12.00
14	361-405	4.5	12.00
15	406-450	5	12.00
16	451-495	5.5	12.00
17	496-540	6	12.00
18	541-585	6.5	12.00
19	586-630	7	12.00
20	631-675	7.5	12.00
21	676-720	8	12.00
22	721-765	8.5	12.00
23	766-810	9	12.00
24	811-855	9.5	12.00
25	856-900	10	12.00

- A meal prepared for a school lunch shall be estab-
- 27 lished as a whole meal. Other meals shall be equal to three
- 28 fourths of a school lunch meal.

## ARTICLE 4. SALARIES, WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

- §18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.
- §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for principals and assistant principals.
- §18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.
- §18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.
- §18A-4-8b. Seniority rights for school service personnel.
- §18A-4-8g. Determination of seniority for service personnel.
- §18A-4-8h. Limitation on number of school service personnel positions to be held by an employee.
- §18A-4-15. Empoyment of service personnel substitutes.
- §18A-4-16. Extracurricular assignments.

### §18A-4-2. State minimum salaries for teachers.

- 1 (a) Each teacher shall receive the amount prescribed in
- 2 the "state minimum salary schedule" as set forth in this
- 3 section, specific additional amounts prescribed in this
- 4 section or article, and any county supplement in effect in a
- 5 county pursuant to section five-a of this article during the
- 6 contract year.

#### 7 STATE MINIMUM SALARY SCHEDULE

8	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
9	Years	4th	3rd	2nd		A.B.	
10	Exp.	Class	Class	Class	A.B.	+15	M.A.
11	0	17,816	18,453	18,708	19,918	20,653	22,361
12	1	18,097	18,734	18,989	20,383	21,118	22,826
13	2	18,378	19,016	19,271	20,848	21,583	23,291
14	3	18,660	19,297	19,552	21,313	22,048	23,756
15	4	19,177	19,814	20,070	22,014	22,749	24,457
16	5	19,458	20,096	20,351	22,479	23,214	24,922
17	6	19,740	20,377	20,632	22,944	23,679	25,387
18	7		20,658	20,914	23,409	24,144	25,852

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19	8	20,940	21,195	23,874	24,609	26,317
20	9	20,5 10	21,476	24,339	25,074	26,782
21	10		21,757	24,805	25,540	27,248
22	11		,	25,270	26,005	27,713
23	12			25,735	26,470	28,178
24	13			26,200	26,935	28,643
25	14					29,108
26	15					29,573
27	16					30,038
28	17					
29	18					
30	19					
31	(1)	(8)	(9)	(10	0)	(11)
32	Years	M.A.	M.A.	M.	A.	Doc-
33	Exp.	+15	+30	+4	5	torate
34	0	23,096	23,831	24,5	66 2	25,566
35	1	23,561	24,296	25,0	31 2	26,031
36	2	24,026	24,761	25,4	96 2	26,496
37	3	24,491	25,226	25,9	61 2	26,961
38	4	25,192	25,927	26,6	62 2	27,662
39	5	25,657	26,392	27,1	27	28,127
40	6	26,122	26,857	27,5		28,592
41	7	26,587	27,322	28,0		29,057
42	8	27,052	27,787	28,5		29,522
43	9	27,517	28,252	28,9		29,987
44	10	27,983	28,718	29,4		30,453
45	11	28,448	29,183	29,9		30,918
46	12	28,913	29,648	30,3	883	31,383
47	13	29,378	30,113	30,8		31,848
48	14	29,843	30,578	,		32,313
49	15	30,308	31,043	31,7		32,778
50	16	30,773	31,508	32,2	243	33,243

51 17 31,973 32,708 33 52 18 32,438 33,173 34 53 19 32,903 33,638 34 54 (b) Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of ing experience. The payments: (i) Shall be in addit any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum schedule"; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly installed and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.  §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for cipals and assistant principals.  1 In addition to any salary increments for principal assistant principals, in effect on the first day of Jaman and Inaddition to the county schedule feffect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as present by this section commencing on the first day of July	teach- tion to salary						
52 18 32,438 33,173 34 53 19 32,903 33,638 34 54 (b) Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of ing experience. The payments: (i) Shall be in addit any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum schedule"; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly installing and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.  §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for cipals and assistant principals.  1 In addition to any salary increments for principal assistant principals, in effect on the first day of Jail one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and paid local funds, and in addition to the county schedule effect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as present this section commencing on the first day of Juli	1,173 1,638 to each teach- tion to salary						
53 19 32,903 33,638 34 54 (b) Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of ing experience. The payments: (i) Shall be in addit 57 any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum schedule"; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly installing and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.  §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for cipals and assistant principals.  1 In addition to any salary increments for principal assistant principals, in effect on the first day of Jail one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and paid local funds, and in addition to the county schedule of pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as present by this section commencing on the first day of Julient states.	1,638 o each teach- tion to salary						
54 (b) Six hundred dollars shall be paid annually to classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of ing experience. The payments: (i) Shall be in addit 57 any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum 58 schedule"; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly install 59 and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state min 50 salaries for teachers.  §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for cipals and assistant principals.  1 In addition to any salary increments for principal 2 assistant principals, in effect on the first day of Jai 3 one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and paid 4 local funds, and in addition to the county schedule 5 effect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as pres 5 by this section commencing on the first day of Juli	o each teach- tion to salary						
classroom teacher who has at least twenty years of ing experience. The payments: (i) Shall be in addit any amounts prescribed in the "state minimum schedule"; (ii) shall be paid in equal monthly installing and (iii) shall be considered a part of the state minimum salaries for teachers.  §18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for cipals and assistant principals.  In addition to any salary increments for principal assistant principals, in effect on the first day of James and Incal funds, and in addition to the county schedules of fect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as present and each assistant principal's salary increment as present as present and each assistant principal's salary increment as present	teach- tion to salary						
cipals and assistant principals.  In addition to any salary increments for principal assistant principals, in effect on the first day of Jamone thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and paid local funds, and in addition to the county schedule effect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as pres by this section commencing on the first day of July	ments;						
assistant principals, in effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and paid local funds, and in addition to the county schedule of fect for teachers, the county board shall pay each pal, a principal's salary increment and each assistant cipal an assistant principal's salary increment as presult by this section commencing on the first day of July	§18A-4-3. State minimum annual salary increments for principals and assistant principals.						
9 thousand nine hundred ninety-six, from state funds 10 priated for the salary increments.	nuary, from ule in princi- it prin- scribed y, one						
State funds for this purpose shall be paid with West Virginia public school support plan in according with article nine-a, chapter eighteen of this code.							
The salary increment in this section for each principal shall be determined by multiplying the basic salated teachers in accordance with the classification of certion and of training of the principal as prescribed article, by the appropriate percentage rate prescribed this section according to the number of teachers vised.	ary for rtifica- in this bed in						
21 STATE MINIMUM SALARY INCREMENT 22 RATES FOR PRINCIPALS	ſ						
No. of Teachers							

Rates

Supervised

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25		
26	1-7	6.0%
27	8-14	6.5%
28	15-24	7.0%
29	25-38	7.5%
30	39-57	8.0%

58 and up

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The salary increment in this section for each assistant principal shall be determined in the same manner as that for principals, utilizing the number of teachers supervised by the principal under whose direction the assistant principal works, except that the percentage rate shall be fifty percent of the rate prescribed for the principal.

8.5%

Salaries for employment beyond the minimum employment term shall be at the same daily rate as the salaries for the minimum employment terms.

For the purpose of determining the number of teachers supervised by a principal, the county board shall use data for the second school month of the prior school term and the number of teachers shall be interpreted to mean the total number of professional educators assigned to each school on a full-time equivalency basis: *Provided*, That if there is a change in circumstances because of consolidation or catastrophe, the county board shall determine what is a reasonable number of supervised teachers in order to establish the appropriate increment percentage rate.

No county may reduce local funds allocated for salary increments for principals and assistant principals in effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and used in supplementing the state minimum salaries as provided for in this article, unless forced to do so by defeat of a special levy, or a loss in assessed values or events over which it has no control and for which the county board has received approval from the state board prior to making the reduction.

- Nothing in this section prevents a county board from
- 62 providing, in a uniform manner, salary increments greater
- 63 than those required by this section.

## §18A-4-8. Employment term and class titles of service personnel; definitions.

1 The purpose of this section is to establish an employ-

2 ment term and class titles for service personnel. The em-

- 3 ployment term for service personnel may be no less than
- 4 ten months. A month is defined as twenty employment
- 5 days: Provided, That the county board may contract with
- 6 all or part of these service personnel for a longer term.
- 7 The beginning and closing dates of the ten-month em-
- 8 ployment term may not exceed forty-three weeks.
- 9 Service personnel employed on a yearly or 10 twelve-month basis may be employed by calendar months.
- 11 Whenever there is a change in job assignment during the
- 12 school year, the minimum pay scale and any county sup-
- 13 plement are applicable.
- Service personnel employed in the same classification for more than the two hundred-day minimum employment term shall be paid for additional employment at a
- daily rate of not less than the daily rate paid for the two
- 18 hundred-day minimum employment term.
- No service employee, without his or her agreement, may be required to report for work more than five days per week and no part of any working day may be accu-
- 22 mulated by the employer for future work assignments,
- 23 unless the employee agrees thereto.
- Should an employee whose regular work week is scheduled from Monday through Friday agree to perform
- 26 any work assignments on a Saturday or Sunday, the em-
- ployee shall be paid for at least one half day of work for each day he or she reports for work, and if the employee
- 29 works more than three and one-half hours on any Satur-
- 29 Works more than three and one-half hours on any Satur-
- 30 day or Sunday, he or she shall be paid for at least a full
- 31 day of work for each day.
- 32 Custodians, aides, maintenance, office and school
- 33 lunch employees required to work a daily work schedule

that is interrupted, that is, who do not work a continuous period in one day, shall be paid additional compensation equal to at least one eighth of their total salary as provided by their state minimum salary and any county pay supplement, and payable entirely from county funds: *Provided*, That when engaged in duties of transporting students exclusively, aides shall not be regarded as working an interrupted schedule.

 Upon the change in classification or upon meeting the requirements of an advanced classification of or by any employee, the employee's salary shall be made to comply with the requirements of this article, and to any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article, based upon the employee's advanced classification and allowable years of employment.

An employee's contract as provided in section five, article two of this chapter shall state the appropriate monthly salary the employee is to be paid, based on the class title as provided in this article and any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article.

The column heads of the state minimum pay scale and class titles, set forth in section eight-a of this article, are defined as follows:

"Pay grade" means the monthly salary applicable to class titles of service personnel.

"Years of employment" means the number of years which an employee classified as service personnel has been employed by a board in any position prior to or subsequent to the effective date of this section and including service in the armed forces of the United States, if the employee were employed at the time of his or her induction. For the purpose of section eight-a of this article, years of employment shall be limited to the number of years shown and allowed under the state minimum pay scale as set forth in section eight-a of this article.

"Class title" means the name of the position or job held by service personnel.

"Accountant I" means personnel employed to maintain payroll records and reports and perform one or more operations relating to a phase of the total payroll.

"Accountant II" means personnel employed to maintain accounting records and to be responsible for the accounting process associated with billing, budgets, purchasing and related operations.

"Accountant III" means personnel who are employed in the county board office to manage and supervise accounts payable and/or payroll procedures.

"Aide I" means those personnel selected and trained for teacher-aide classifications such as monitor aide, clerical aide, classroom aide or general aide.

"Aide II" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who have completed a training program approved by the state board, or who hold a high school diploma or have received a general educational development certificate. Only personnel classified in an Aide II class title may be employed as an aide in any special education program.

"Aide III" means those personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate, and have completed six semester hours of college credit at an institution of higher education or are employed as an aide in a special education program and have one year's experience as an aide in special education.

"Aide IV" means personnel referred to in the "Aide I" classification who hold a high school diploma or a general educational development certificate and who have completed eighteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or who have completed fifteen hours of state board-approved college credit at a regionally accredited institution of higher education and successfully completed an in-service training program determined by the state board to be the equivalent of three hours of college credit.

"Audiovisual technician" means personnel employed to perform minor maintenance on audiovisual equipment, films, supplies and the filling of requests for equipment.

"Auditor" means personnel employed to examine and verify accounts of individual schools and to assist schools and school personnel in maintaining complete and accurate records of their accounts.

"Autism mentor" means personnel who work with 116 117 autistic students and who meet standards and experience to 118 be determined by the state board: Provided. That the state 119 board shall determine these standards and experience on 120 or before the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two: Provided, however, That if any employee has 121 122 held or holds an aide title and becomes employed as an 123 autism mentor, the employee shall hold a multiclassifica-124 tion status that includes aide and autism mentor titles, in 125 accordance with section eight-b of this article.

"Braille or sign language specialist" means personnel 126 127 employed to provide braille and/or sign language assistance to students: Provided, That if any employee has 128 129 held or holds an aide title and becomes employed as a 130 braille or sign language specialist, the employee shall hold a multiclassification status that includes aide and braille or 131 132 sign language specialist title, in accordance with section 133 eight-b of this article.

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140 141 "Bus operator" means personnel employed to operate school buses and other school transportation vehicles as provided by the state board.

"Buyer" means personnel employed to review and write specifications, negotiate purchase bids and recommend purchase agreements for materials and services that meet predetermined specifications at the lowest available costs.

"Cabinetmaker" means personnel employed to construct cabinets, tables, bookcases and other furniture.

"Cafeteria manager" means personnel employed to direct the operation of a food services program in a school, including assigning duties to employees, approv-

ing requisitions for supplies and repairs, keeping inventives, inspecting areas to maintain high standards of sanitation, preparing financial reports and keeping records per tinent to food services of a school.  "Carpenter I" means personnel classified as a carper ter's helper.  "Carpenter II" means personnel classified as a journer man carpenter.  "Chief mechanic" means personnel employed to responsible for directing activities which ensure that st dent transportation or other board-owned vehicles a properly and safely maintained.  "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform clerical tasks.  "Clerk II" means personnel employed to perform clerical tasks.  "Clerk II" means personnel employed to perform clerical tasks.	
"Carpenter II" means personnel classified as a journer man carpenter.  "Chief mechanic" means personnel employed to responsible for directing activities which ensure that st dent transportation or other board-owned vehicles a properly and safely maintained.  "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform cleration call tasks.	maintain high standards of sanita- l reports and keeping records per-
man carpenter.  "Chief mechanic" means personnel employed to responsible for directing activities which ensure that st dent transportation or other board-owned vehicles a properly and safely maintained.  "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform cleration call tasks.	s personnel classified as a carpen-
responsible for directing activities which ensure that st dent transportation or other board-owned vehicles a properly and safely maintained.  "Clerk I" means personnel employed to perform cler cal tasks.	s personnel classified as a journey-
160 cal tasks.	g activities which ensure that stu- other board-owned vehicles are
161 "Clerk II" means personnel employed to perfor	rsonnel employed to perform cleri-
general clerical tasks, prepare reports and tabulations a operate office machines.	prepare reports and tabulations and
"Computer operator" means qualified personnel en ployed to operate computers.	• •
166 "Cook I" means personnel employed as a cook's held 167 er.	rsonnel employed as a cook's help-
"Cook II" means personnel employed to interpret menus, to prepare and serve meals in a food service prepare and shall include personnel who has been employed as a "Cook I" for a period of four years, the personnel have not been elevated to this classification within that period of time.	serve meals in a food service pro- shall include personnel who have look I" for a period of four years, if been elevated to this classification

"Cook III" means personnel employed to prepare and 174 serve meals, make reports, prepare requisitions for sup-175 plies, order equipment and repairs for a food service pro-176 gram of a school system.

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"Crew leader" means personnel employed to organize 178 the work for a crew of maintenance employees to carry 179 out assigned projects. 180

"Custodian I" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse.

"Custodian II" means personnel employed as a watchman or groundsman.

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"Custodian III" means personnel employed to keep buildings clean and free of refuse, to operate the heating or cooling systems and to make minor repairs.

"Custodian IV" means personnel employed as head custodians. In addition to providing services as defined in "Custodian III", their duties may include supervising other custodian personnel.

"Director or coordinator of services" means personnel who are assigned to direct a department or division. Nothing herein may prohibit professional personnel or professional educators as defined in section one, article one of this chapter, from holding this class title, but professional personnel may not be defined or classified as service personnel unless the professional personnel held a service personnel title under this section prior to holding class title of "director or coordinator of services": Provided, That funding for professional personnel in positions classified as directors or coordinators of services who were assigned prior to the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, may not be required to be redirected from service personnel categories as a result of this provision until the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. Thereafter, directors or coordinators of service positions shall be classified as either a professional personnel or service personnel position for state aid formula funding purposes and funding for directors or coordinators of service positions shall be based upon the employment status of the director or coordinator either as a professional personnel or service personnel.

"Draftsman" means personnel employed to plan, design and produce detailed architectural/engineering drawings.

- "Electrician I" means personnel employed as an apprentice electrician helper or who holds an electrician helper license issued by the state fire marshal.
- "Electrician II" means personnel employed as an electrician journeyman or who holds a journeyman electrician license issued by the state fire marshal.
- 223 "Electronic technician I" means personnel employed at 224 the apprentice level to repair and maintain electronic 225 equipment.
- 226 "Electronic technician II" means personnel employed 227 at the journeyman level to repair and maintain electronic 228 equipment.
- 229 "Executive secretary" means personnel employed as 230 the county school superintendent's secretary or as a secre-231 tary who is assigned to a position characterized by signifi-232 cant administrative duties.

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- "Food services supervisor" means qualified personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators in section one, article one of this chapter, employed to manage and supervise a county school system's food service program. The duties would include preparing in-service training programs for cooks and food service employees, instructing personnel in the areas of quantity cooking with economy and efficiency and keeping aggregate records and reports.
- "Foremen" means skilled persons employed for supervision of personnel who work in the areas of repair and maintenance of school property and equipment.
- "General maintenance" means personnel employed as helpers to skilled maintenance employees and to perform minor repairs to equipment and buildings of a county school system.
- "Glazier" means personnel employed to replace glass or other materials in windows and doors and to do minor carpentry tasks.
- "Graphic artist" means personnel employed to prepare graphic illustrations.

254	"Groundsmen" means personnel employed to perform
255	duties that relate to the appearance, repair and general care
	of school grounds in a county school system. Additional
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258	plant and routine cleaning duties in buildings.

- 259 "Handyman" means personnel employed to perform 260 routine manual tasks in any operation of the county 261 school system.
- "Heating and air conditioning mechanic I" means personnel employed at the apprentice level to install, repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical equipment.
- "Heating and air conditioning mechanic II" means personnel employed at the journeyman level to install, repair and maintain heating and air conditioning plants and related electrical equipment.
- "Heavy equipment operator" means personnel employed to operate heavy equipment.
- 272 "Inventory supervisor" means personnel who are em-273 ployed to supervise or maintain operations in the receipt, 274 storage, inventory and issuance of materials and supplies.
- "Key punch operator" means qualified personnel employed to operate key punch machines or verifying machines.
- 278 "Locksmith" means personnel employed to repair and maintain locks and safes.
- "Lubrication man" means personnel employed to lubricate and service gasoline or diesel-powered equipment of a county school system.
- "Machinist" means personnel employed to perform machinist tasks which include the ability to operate a lathe, planer, shaper, threading machine and wheel press. Such personnel should also have ability to work from blueprints and drawings.

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288 "Mail clerk" means personnel employed to receive, 289 sort, dispatch, deliver or otherwise handle letters, parcels 290 and other mail.

"Maintenance clerk" means personnel employed to maintain and control a stocking facility to keep adequate tools and supplies on hand for daily withdrawal for all school maintenance crafts.

"Mason" means personnel employed to perform tasks connected with brick and block laying and carpentry tasks related to such laying.

"Mechanic" means personnel employed who can independently perform skilled duties in the maintenance and repair of automobiles, school buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment to use in a county school system.

"Mechanic assistant" means personnel employed as a mechanic apprentice and helper.

"Multiclassification" means personnel employed to perform tasks that involve the combination of two or more class titles in this section. In such instances the minimum salary scale shall be the higher pay grade of the class titles involved.

"Office equipment repairman I" means personnel employed as an office equipment repairman apprentice or helper.

"Office equipment repairman II" means personnel responsible for servicing and repairing all office machines and equipment. Personnel shall be responsible for parts being purchased necessary for the proper operation of a program of continuous maintenance and repair.

"Painter" means personnel employed to perform duties of painting, finishing and decorating of wood, metal and concrete surfaces of buildings, other structures, equipment, machinery and furnishings of a county school system.

"Paraprofessional" means a person certified pursuant to section two-a, article three of this chapter to perform duties in a support capacity including, but not limited to, facilitating in the instruction and direct or indirect supervi-

325	sion of pupils under the direction of a principal, a teacher
326	or another designated professional educator: Provided,
327	That no person employed on the effective date of this
328	section in the position of an aide may be reduced in force
329	or transferred to create a vacancy for the employment of a
330	paraprofessional: Provided, however, That if any employ-
331	ee has held or holds an aide title and becomes employed
332	as a paraprofessional, the employee shall hold a
333	multiclassification status that includes aide and paraprofes-
334	sional titles in accordance with section eight-b of this arti-
335	cle: Provided further, That once an employee who holds
336	an aide title becomes certified as a paraprofessional and is
337	required to perform duties that may not be performed by
338	an aide without paraprofessional certification, he or she
339	shall receive the paraprofessional title pay grade.

- "Plumber I" means personnel employed as an apprentice plumber and helper.
- "Plumber II" means personnel employed as a journeyman plumber.

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- "Printing operator" means personnel employed to operate duplication equipment, and as required, to cut, collate, staple, bind and shelve materials.
- "Printing supervisor" means personnel employed to supervise the operation of a print shop.
- "Programmer" means personnel employed to design and prepare programs for computer operation.
  - "Roofing/sheet metal mechanic" means personnel employed to install, repair, fabricate and maintain roofs, gutters, flashing and duct work for heating and ventilation.
  - "Sanitation plant operator" means personnel employed to operate and maintain a water or sewage treatment plant to ensure the safety of the plant's effluent for human consumption or environmental protection.
  - "School bus supervisor" means qualified personnel employed to assist in selecting school bus operators and routing and scheduling of school buses, operate a bus when needed, relay instructions to bus operators, plan

emergency routing of buses and promoting good relationships with parents, pupils, bus operators and other employees.

"Secretary I" means personnel employed to transcribe from notes or mechanical equipment, receive callers, perform clerical tasks, prepare reports and operate office machines.

"Secretary II" means personnel employed in any elementary, secondary, kindergarten, nursery, special education, vocational or any other school as a secretary. The duties may include performing general clerical tasks, transcribing from notes or stenotype or mechanical equipment or a sound-producing machine, preparing reports, receiving callers and referring them to proper persons, operating office machines, keeping records and handling routine correspondence. There is nothing implied herein that would prevent the employees from holding or being elevated to a higher classification.

"Secretary III" means personnel assigned to the county board office administrators in charge of various instructional, maintenance, transportation, food services, operations and health departments, federal programs or departments with particular responsibilities of purchasing and financial control or any personnel who have served in a position which meets the definition of "Secretary III" or "Secretary III" herein for eight years.

"Supervisor of maintenance" means skilled personnel not defined as professional personnel or professional educators as in section one, article one of this chapter. The responsibilities would include directing the upkeep of buildings and shops, issuing instructions to subordinates relating to cleaning, repairs and maintenance of all structures and mechanical and electrical equipment of a board.

"Supervisor of transportation" means qualified personnel employed to direct school transportation activities, properly and safely, and to supervise the maintenance and repair of vehicles, buses and other mechanical and mobile equipment used by the county school system.

"Switchboard operator-receptionist" means personnel employed to refer incoming calls, to assume contact with the public, to direct and to give instructions as necessary, to operate switchboard equipment and to provide clerical assistance.

"Truck driver" means personnel employed to operate light or heavy duty gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles.

"Warehouse clerk" means personnel employed to be responsible for receiving, storing, packing and shipping goods.

"Watchman" means personnel employed to protect school property against damage or theft. Additional assignments may include operation of a small heating plant and routine cleaning duties.

"Welder" means personnel employed to provide acetylene or electric welding services for a school system.

In addition to the compensation provided for in section eight-a of this article, for service personnel, each service employee is, notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, entitled to all service personnel employee rights, privileges and benefits provided under this or any other chapter of this code without regard to the employee's hours of employment or the methods or sources of compensation.

Service personnel whose years of employment exceed the number of years shown and provided for under the state minimum pay scale set forth in section eight-a of this article may not be paid less than the amount shown for the maximum years of employment shown and provided for in the classification in which he or she is employed.

The county boards shall review each service personnel employee job classification annually and shall reclassify all service employees as required by the job classifications. The state superintendent of schools is hereby authorized to withhold state funds appropriated pursuant to this article for salaries for service personnel who are improperly classified by the county boards. Further, the state superintendent shall order county boards to correct immediately

2 Years of

any improper classification matter and with the assistance of the attorney general shall take any legal action necessary against any county board to enforce the order.

No service employee, without his or her written consent, may be reclassified by class title, nor may a service employee, without his or her written consent, be relegated to any condition of employment which would result in a reduction of his or her salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits earned during the current fiscal year or which would result in a reduction of his or her salary, rate of pay, compensation or benefits for which he or she would qualify by continuing in the same job position and classification held during that fiscal year and subsequent years.

Any board failing to comply with the provisions of this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus, and is liable to any party prevailing against the board for court costs and the prevailing party's reasonable attorney fee, as determined and established by the court.

Notwithstanding any provisions in this code to the contrary, service personnel who hold a continuing contract in a specific job classification and who are physically unable to perform the job's duties as confirmed by a physician chosen by the employee shall be given priority status over any employee not holding a continuing contract in filling other service personnel job vacancies if qualified as provided in section eight-e of this article.

## §18A-4-8a. Service personnel minimum monthly salaries.

## 1 STATE MINIMUM PAY SCALE PAY GRADE

3	Emp	loy-						
4	me	nt	Α	В	C	D	E	F
5	0	1,04	0.00	1,060.00	1,100.00	1,150.00	1,200.00	1,260.00
6	1	1,06	6.00	1,086.00	1,126.00	1,176.00	1,226.00	1,286.00
7	2	1,09	2.00	1,112.00	1,152.00	1,202.00	1,252.00	1,312.00

8	3	1,118.00	1,138.00	1,178.00	1,228.00	1,278.00	1,338.00
9	4	1,144.00	1,164.00	1,204.00	1,254.00	1,304.00	1,364.00
10	5	1,170.00	1,190.00	1,230.00	1,280.00	1,330.00	1,390.00
11	6	1,196.00	1,216.00	1,256.00	1,306.00	1,356.00	1,416.00
12	7	1,222.00	1,242.00	1,282.00	1,332.00	1,382.00	1,442.00
13	8	1,248.00	1,268.00	1,308.00	1,358.00	1,408.00	1,468.00
14	9	1,274.00	1,294.00	1,334.00	1,384.00	1,434.00	1,494.00
15	10	1,300.00	1,320.00	1,360.00	1,410.00	1,460.00	1,520.00
16	11	1,326.00	1,346.00	1,386.00	1,436.00	1,486.00	1,546.00
17	12	1,352.00	1,372.00	1,412.00	1,462.00	1,512.00	1,572.00
18	13	1,378.00	1,398.00	1,438.00	1,488.00	1,538.00	1,598.00
19	14	1,404.00	1,424.00	1,464.00	1,514.00	1,564.00	1,624.00
20	15	1,430.00	1,450.00	1,490.00	1,540.00	1,590.00	1,650.00
21	16	1,456.00	1,476.00	1,516.00	1,566.00	1,616.00	1,676.00
22	17	1,482.00	1,502.00	1,542.00	1,592.00	1,642.00	1,702.00
23	18	1,508.00	1,528.00	1,568.00	1,618.00	1,668.00	1,728.00
24	19	1,534.00	1,554.00	1,594.00	1,644.00	1,694.00	1,754.00
25	20	1,560.00	1,580.00	1,620.00	1,670.00	1,720.00	1,780.00
26	21	1,586.00	1,606.00	1,646.00	1,696.00	1,746.00	1,806.00
27	22	1,612.00	1,632.00	1,672.00	1,722.00	1,772.00	1,832.00
28	23	1,638.00	1,658.00	1,698.00	1,748.00	1,798.00	1,858.00
29	24	1,664.00	1,684.00	1,724.00	1,774.00	1,824.00	1,884.00
30	25	1,690.00	1,710.00	1,750.00	1,800.00	1,850.00	1,910.00
31	26	1,716.00	1,736.00	1,776.00	1,826.00	1,876.00	1,936.00
32	27	1,742.00	1,762.00	1,802.00	1,852.00	1,902.00	1,962.00

906		F	EDUCATION	i		[Ch. 111
33 28	1,768.00	1,788.00	1,828.00	1,878.00	1,928.00	1,988.00
34 29	1,794.00	1,814.00	1,854.00	1,904.00	1,954.00	2,014.00
35 30	1,820.00	1,840.00	1,880.00	1,930.00	1,980.00	2,040.00
36		Years	of			
3.7		Emplo	y-			
38		men	t	G		н
39		0	1,3	290.00		1,360.00
40		1	1,3	316.00		1,386.00
41		2	1,3	342.00		1,412.00
42		3	1,3	368.00		1,438.00
43		4	1,3	394.00		1,464.00
44		5	1,4	420.00		1,490.00
45		6	1,4	446.00		1,516.00
46		7	1,4	472.00		1,542.00
47		8	1,4	498.00		1,568.00
48		9	1,5	524.00		1,594.00
49		10	1,	550.00		1,620.00
50		11	1,5	576.00		1,646.00
51		12	1,0	502.00		1,672.00
52		13	1,6	528.00		1,698.00
53		14	1,0	554.00		1,724.00
54		15	1,6	680.00		1,750.00
55		16	1,7	706.00		1,776.00
56		17	1,7	732.00		1,802.00
57		18	1,7	758.00		1,828.00
58		19	1,3	784.00		1,854.00

Ch.	[11]	EDUCAT	TION	907
59		20	1,810.00	1,880.00
60		21	1,836.00	1,906.00
61		22	1,862.00	1,932.00
62		23	1,888.00	1,958.00
63		24	1,914.00	1,984.00
64		25	1,940.00	2,010.00
65		26	1,966.00	2,036.00
66		27	1,992.00	2,062.00
67		28	2,018.00	2,088.00
68		29	2,044.00	2,114.00
69		30	2,070.00	2,140.00
70	CLASS TITLE		PAY	GRADE
71	Accountant I			D
72	Accountant II			E
73	Accountant III			F
74	Aide I			A
75	Aide II			В
76	Aide III			C
77	Aide IV			D
78	Audiovisual Techn	ician		C
79	Auditor			G
80	Autism Mentor .			E
81	Braille or Sign Lan	iguage Spe	ecialist	E
82	Bus Operator	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	D
83	-		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
84			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
85	Cafeteria Manager		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	D

908	EDUCATION	[Ch. 111
86	Carpenter I	E
87	Carpenter II	F
88	Chief Mechanic	G
89	Clerk I	В
90	Clerk II	C
91	Computer Operator	E
92	Cook I	A
93	Cook II	В
94	Cook III	C
95	Crew Leader	F
96	Custodian I	A
97	Custodian II	В
98	Custodian III	C
99	Custodian IV	D
100	Director or Coordinator of Services	н
101	Draftsman	D
102	Electrician I	F
103	Electrician II	G
104	Electronic Technician I	F
105	Electronic Technician II	G
106	Executive Secretary	G
107	Food Services Supervisor	
108	Foreman	
109	General Maintenance	
110	Glazier	
111	Graphic Artist	
112	Groundsman	B

Ch. 1	11] Education	909
113	Handyman	В
114	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic I	E
115	Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanic II .	G
116	Heavy Equipment Operator	E
117	Inventory Supervisor	D
118	Key Punch Operator	В
119	Locksmith	G
120	Lubrication Man	C
121	Machinist	F
122	Mail Clerk	D
123	Maintenance Clerk	C
124	Mason	G
125	Mechanic	F
126	Mechanic Assistant	E
127	Office Equipment Repairman I	F
128	Office Equipment Repairman II	$\ldots \ldots G$
129	Painter	E
130	Paraprofessional	F
131	Plumber I	E
132	Plumber II	G
133	Printing Operator	В
134	Printing Supervisor	D
135	Programmer	H
136	Roofing/Sheet Metal Mechanic	F
137	Sanitation Plant Operator	F
138	School Bus Supervisor	E
139	Secretary I	D

910	EDUCATION	[Ch. 111
140	Secretary II	E
141	Secretary III	F
142	Supervisor of Maintenance	н
143	Supervisor of Transportation	н
144	Switchboard Operator-Receptionist	D
145	Truck Driver	D
146	Warehouse Clerk	C
147	Watchman	В
148	Welder	F
149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157	(1) The minimum monthly pay for each ployee whose employment is for a period of three and one-half hours a day shall be amounts indicated in the "state minimum p grade" and the minimum monthly pay for employee whose employment is for a period one-half hours or less a day shall be at least amount indicated in the "state minimum p grade" set forth in this section.	of more than at least the ay scale pay each service of three and one-half the
158 159 160	(2) An additional ten dollars per month si to the minimum monthly pay of each servi who holds a high school diploma or its equiv	ice employee
161 162 163 164 165	(3) An additional ten dollars per month added to the minimum monthly pay of each ployee who holds twelve college hours or credit obtained in a trade or vocational school by the state board.	service em- comparable
166 167 168 169 170	(4) When any part of a school service em shift of work is performed between the o'clock p.m. and five o'clock a.m. the followemployee shall be paid no less than an addit lars per month and one half of the pay shall local funds.	hours of six wing day, the ional ten dol-

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- 172 (5) Any service employee required to work on any legal school holiday shall be paid at a rate one and one-half times the employee's usual hourly rate.
- 175 (6) Any full-time service personnel required to work 176 in excess of their normal working day during any week 177 which contains a school holiday for which they are paid 178 shall be paid for the additional hours or fraction of the 179 additional hours at a rate of one and one-half times their 180 usual hourly rate and paid entirely from county board 181 funds.
  - (7) No service employee may have his or her daily work schedule changed during the school year without the employee's written consent, and the employee's required daily work hours may not be changed to prevent the payment of time and one-half wages or the employment of another employee.
- 188 (8) The minimum hourly rate of pay for extra duty assignments as defined in section eight-b of this article 189 190 shall be no less than one seventh of the employee's daily 191 total salary for each hour the employee is involved in performing the assignment and paid entirely from local 192 funds: Provided, That an alternative minimum hourly rate 193 of pay for performing extra duty assignments within a 194 particular category of employment may be utilized if the 195 alternate hourly rate of pay is approved both by the coun-196 ty board and by the affirmative vote of a two-thirds major-197 198 ity of the regular full-time employees within that classification category of employment within that county: Pro-199 vided, however. That the vote shall be by secret ballot if so 200 requested by a service personnel employee within that 201 classification category within that county. The salary for 202 any fraction of an hour the employee is involved in per-203 forming the assignment shall be prorated accordingly. 204 When performing extra duty assignments, employees who 205 are regularly employed on a one-half day salary basis 206 shall receive the same hourly extra duty assignment pay 207 computed as though the employee were employed on a 208 209 full-day salary basis.
  - (9) The minimum pay for any service personnel employees engaged in the removal of asbestos material or

212 related duties required for asbestos removal shall be their 213 regular total daily rate of pay and no less than an addi-214 tional three dollars per hour or no less than five dollars 215 per hour for service personnel supervising asbestos remov-216 al responsibilities for each hour these employees are in-217 volved in asbestos related duties. Related duties required 218 for asbestos removal include, but are not limited to, travel, 219 preparation of the work site, removal of asbestos decon-220 tamination of the work site, placing and removal of equip-221 ment and removal of structures from the site. 222 member of an asbestos crew is engaged in asbestos related 223 duties outside of the employee's regular employment 224 county, the daily rate of pay shall be no less than the mini-225 mum amount as established in the employee's regular 226 employment county for asbestos removal and an addition-227 al thirty dollars per each day the employee is engaged in 228 asbestos removal and related duties. The additional pay 229 for asbestos removal and related duties shall be payable 230 entirely from county funds. Before service personnel 231 employees may be utilized in the removal of asbestos 232 material or related duties, they shall have completed a 233 federal Environmental Protection Act approved training 234 program and be licensed. The employer shall provide all 235 necessary protective equipment and maintain all records 236 required by the Environmental Protection Act.

237 (10) For the purpose of qualifying for additional pay 238 as provided in section eight, article five of this chapter, an 239 aide shall be considered to be exercising the authority of a supervisory aide and control over pupils if the aide is 240 241 required to supervise, control, direct, monitor, escort or 242 render service to a child or children when not under the direct supervision of certificated professional personnel 243 within the classroom, library, hallway, lunchroom, gymna-244 sium, school building, school grounds or wherever super-245 vision is required. For purposes of this section, "under the 246 direct supervision of certificated professional personnel" 247 means that certificated professional personnel is present, 248 249 with and accompanying the aide.

§18A-4-8b. Seniority rights for school service personnel.

A county board shall make decisions affecting promotions and the filling of any service personnel positions of employment or jobs occurring throughout the school year that are to be performed by service personnel as provided in section eight of this article, on the basis of seniority, qualifications and evaluation of past service.

Qualifications shall mean that the applicant holds a classification title in his category of employment as provided in this section and must be given first opportunity for promotion and filling vacancies. Other employees then must be considered and shall qualify by meeting the definition of the job title as defined in section eight of this article, that relates to the promotion or vacancy. If requested by the employee, the board must show valid cause why an employee with the most seniority is not promoted or employed in the position for which he or she applies. Applicants shall be considered in the following order:

- (1) Regularly employed service personnel;
- 19 (2) Service personnel whose employment has been 20 discontinued in accordance with this section;
- 21 (3) Professional personnel who held temporary service 22 personnel jobs or positions prior to the ninth day of June, 23 one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, and who apply 24 only for such temporary jobs or positions;
- 25 (4) Substitute service personnel; and
- 26 (5) New service personnel.

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The county board may not prohibit a service employee from retaining or continuing his employment in any positions or jobs held prior to the effective date of this section and thereafter.

A promotion shall be defined as any change in his employment that the employee deems to improve his working circumstance within his classification category of employment and shall include a transfer to another classification category or place of employment if the position is not filled by an employee who holds a title within that classification category of employment. Each class title

38 listed in section eight of this article shall be considered a 39 separate classification category of employment for service 40 personnel, except for those class titles having Roman nu-41 meral designations, which shall be considered a single 42 classification of employment. The cafeteria manager class 43 title shall be included in the same classification category as 44 cooks. The executive secretary class title shall be included 45 in the same classification category as secretaries. Parapro-46 fessional, autism mentor and braille or sign language spe-47 cialist class titles shall be included in the same classifica-48 tion category as aides.

For purposes of determining seniority under this section an employee's seniority begins on the date that he or she enters into his assigned duties.

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52 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter 53 to the contrary, decisions affecting service personnel with 54 respect to extra-duty assignments shall be made in the 55 following manner: An employee with the greatest length 56 of service time in a particular category of employment 57 shall be given priority in accepting extra duty assignments, 58 followed by other fellow employees on a rotating basis according to the length of their service time until all such 59 60 employees have had an opportunity to perform similar 61 assignments. The cycle then shall be repeated: *Provided*, 62 That an alternative procedure for making extra-duty as-63 signments within a particular classification category of 64 employment may be utilized if the alternative procedure is 65 approved both by the county board and by an affirmative 66 vote of two thirds of the employees within that classifica-67 tion category of employment. For the purpose of this section, "extra-duty assignments" are defined as irregular 68 69 jobs that occur periodically or occasionally such as, but 70 not limited to, field trips, athletic events, proms, banquets 71 and band festival trips.

Boards shall be required to post and date notices of all job vacancies of established existing or newly created positions in conspicuous working places for all school service employees to observe for at least five working days. The notice of the job vacancies shall include the job description, the period of employment, the amount of pay

and any benefits and other information that is helpful to the employees to understand the particulars of the job. After the five day minimum posting period all vacancies shall be filled within twenty working days from the posting date notice of any job vacancies of established existing or newly created positions.

All decisions by county boards concerning reduction in work force of service personnel shall be made on the basis of seniority, as provided in this section.

The seniority of any service personnel shall be determined on the basis of the length of time the employee has been employed by the county board within a particular job classification. For the purpose of establishing seniority for a preferred recall list as provided in this section, when an employee has been employed in one or more classifications, the seniority accrued in each previous classification shall be retained by the employee.

If a county board is required to reduce the number of employees within a particular job classification, the employee with the least amount of seniority within that classification or grades of classification shall be properly released and employed in a different grade of that classification if there is a job vacancy: *Provided*, That if there is no job vacancy for employment within the classification or grades of classification, he or she shall be employed in any other job classification which he or she previously held with the county board if there is a vacancy and shall retain any seniority accrued in the job classification or grade of classification.

If two or more employees accumulate identical seniority, the priority shall be determined by a random selection system established by the employees and approved by the county board.

All employees whose seniority with the county board is insufficient to allow their retention by the county board during a reduction in work force shall be placed upon a preferred recall list and shall be recalled to employment by the county board on the basis of seniority.

Employees placed upon the preferred list shall be recalled to any position openings by the county board within the classification(s), where they had previously been employed, or to any lateral position for which the employee is qualified or to a lateral area for which an employee has certification and/or licensure.

Employees on the preferred recall list shall not forfeit their right to recall by the county board if compelling reasons require an employee to refuse an offer of reemployment by the county board.

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The county board shall notify all employees on the preferred recall list of all position openings that from time to time exist. The notice shall be sent by certified mail to the last known address of the employee; it is the duty of each such employee to notify the county board of any change in the address of the employee.

No position openings may be filled by the county board, whether temporary or permanent, until all employees on the preferred recall list have been properly notified of existing vacancies and have been given an opportunity to accept reemployment.

137 Any board failing to comply with the provisions of 138 this article may be compelled to do so by mandamus and 139 is liable to any party prevailing against the board for court 140 costs and the prevailing party's reasonable attorney fee, as 141 determined and established by the court. Further, em-142 ployees denied promotion or employment in violation of 143 this section shall be awarded the job, pay and any applica-144 ble benefits retroactively to the date of the violation and 145 shall be paid entirely from local funds. Further, the board 146 is liable to any party prevailing against the board for any 147 court reporter costs including copies of transcripts.

## §18A-4-8g. Determination of seniority for service personnel.

1 The seniority for service personnel shall be deter-2 mined in the following manner:

3 Seniority accumulation for a regular school service 4 employee begins on the date the employee enters upon 5 regular employment duties pursuant to a contract as pro-

6 vided in section five, article two of this chapter and contin-7 ues until the employee's employment as a regular employ-8 ee is severed with the county board. Seniority shall not 9 cease to accumulate when an employee is absent without 10 pay as authorized by the county board or the absence is 11 due to illness or other reasons over which the employee 12 has no control as authorized by the county board. Senior-13 ity accumulation for a substitute employee shall begin 14 upon the date the employee enters upon the duties of a 15 substitute as provided in section fifteen of this article, after 16 executing with the board a contract of employment as 17 provided in section five, article two of this chapter. The 18 seniority of a substitute employee, once established, shall 19 continue until such employee enters into the duties of a 20 regular employment contract as provided in section five, 21 article two of this chapter or employment as a substitute 22 with the county board is severed. Seniority of a regular or 23 substitute employee shall continue to accumulate except 24 during the time when an employee is willfully absent from 25 employment duties because of a concerted work stoppage or strike or is suspended without pay. 26

For all purposes including the filling of vacancies and reduction in force, seniority shall be accumulated within particular classification categories of employment as those classification categories are referred to in section eighter of this article: *Provided*, That when implementing a reduction in force, an employee with the least seniority within a particular classification category shall be properly released and placed on the preferred recall list. The particular classification title held by an employee within the classification category shall not be taken into consideration when implementing a reduction in force.

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On or before the first day of September and the fifteenth day of January of each school year, county boards shall post at each county school or working station the current seniority list or lists of each school service classification. Each list shall contain the name of each regularly employed school service personnel employed in each classification and the date that each employee began performing his or her assigned duties in each classification. Current seniority lists of substitute school service person-

47 nel shall be available to employees upon request at the 48 county board office.

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The seniority of an employee who transfers out of a class title or classification category of employment and subsequently returns to that class title or classification category of employment shall be calculated as follows:

53 The county board shall establish the number of calen-54 dar days between the date the employee left the class title 55 or category of employment in question and the date of 56 return to the class title or classification category of em-57 ployment. This number of days shall be added to the 58 employee's initial seniority date to establish a new begin-59 ning seniority date within the class title or classification 60 category. The employee shall then be considered as hav-61 ing held uninterrupted service within the class title or clas-62 sification category from the newly established seniority 63 date. The seniority of an employee who has had a break 64 in the accumulation of seniority as a result of being will-65 fully absent from employment duties because of a con-66 certed work stoppage or strike shall be calculated in the 67 same manner.

A substitute school service employee shall acquire 69 regular employment status and seniority if said employee receives a position pursuant to subsections (2) and (5), section fifteen of this article: Provided. That a substitute employee who accumulates regular employee seniority while holding a position acquired pursuant to said subsections shall simultaneously accumulate substitute seniority. County boards shall not be prohibited from providing any benefits of regular employment for substitute employees, but the benefits shall not include regular employee status and seniority.

If two or more employees accumulate identical seniority, the priority shall be determined by a random selection system established by the employees and approved by the county board.

A board shall conduct the random selection within thirty days upon the employees establishing an identical seniority date. All employees with an identical seniority

86 date within the same class title or classification category 87 shall participate in the random selection. As long as the 88 affected employees hold identical seniority within the 89 same classification category, the initial random selection 90 conducted by the board shall be permanent for the dura-91 tion of the employment within the same classification 92 category of the employees by the board. This random 93 selection priority shall apply to the filling of vacancies and 94 to the reduction in force of school service personnel: 95 Provided, That if another employee or employees subse-96 quently acquire seniority identical to the employees in-97 volved in the original random selection, a second random 98 selection shall be held within thirty days to determine the 99 seniority ranking of the new employee or employees with-100 in the group. The priority between the employees who 101 participated in the original random selection shall remain 102 the same. The second random selection will be performed 103 by placing numbered pieces of paper equal to the number 104 of employees with identical seniority in a container. The 105 employees who were not involved in the original random 106 selection will draw a number from the container which will 107 determine their seniority within the group as a whole. 108 This process will be repeated if additional employees sub-109 sequently acquire identical seniority. The same process 110 will be utilized if additional employees are subsequently 111 discovered to have the same seniority as the original group 112 of employees but who did not participate in the original 113 random selection through oversight or mistake.

Service personnel who are employed in a classification category of employment at the time when a vacancy is posted in the same classification category of employment shall be given first opportunity to fill the vacancy.

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Seniority acquired as a substitute and as a regular employee shall be calculated separately and shall not be combined for any purpose. Seniority acquired within different classification categories shall be calculated separately: *Provided*, That when a school service employee makes application for a position outside of the classification category currently held, if the vacancy is not filled by an applicant within the classification category of the vacancy, the applicant shall combine all regular employment

seniority acquired for the purposes of bidding on the position.

129 School service personnel who hold multi-classification 130 titles shall accrue seniority in each classification category 131 of employment which said employee holds and shall be 132 considered an employee of each classification category 133 contained within his or her multi-classification title. 134 Multi-classified employees shall be subject to reduction in 135 force in any category of employment contained within 136 their multi-classification title based upon the seniority 137 accumulated within said category of employment: Provid-138 ed, That if a multi-classified employee is reduced in force 139 in one classification category, said employee shall retain 140 employment in any of the other classification categories 141 that he holds within his multi-classification title. In such a 142 case, the county board shall delete the appropriate classifi-143 cation title or classification category from the contract of the multi-classified employee. 144

When applying to fill a vacancy outside the classification categories held by the multi-classified employee, seniority acquired simultaneously in different classification categories shall be calculated as if accrued in one classification category only.

The seniority conferred in this section applies retroactively to all affected school service personnel, but the rights incidental thereto shall commence as of the effective date of this section.

# §18A-4-8h. Limitation on number of school service personnel positions to be held by an employee.

1 Upon the effective date of this section, no school ser-2 vice personnel shall be permitted to become employed in more than one regular full-day position, nor more than 3 4 two one-half day positions at the same time: That nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit a 5 6 school service personnel from holding an extracurricular assignment or assignments, as provided in section sixteen 7 of this article, or summer positions, as provided in section 8 thirty-nine, article five, chapter eighteen of this code, nor 9 from performing extra-duty assignments, as provided in 10

section eight-b of this article, in addition to his or her regular position.

### §18A-4-15. Employment of service personnel substitutes.

The county board shall employ and the county superintendent, subject to the approval of the county board, shall assign substitute service personnel on the basis of seniority to perform any of the following duties:

- 5 (1) To fill the temporary absence of another service employee;
- 7 (2) To fill the position of a regular service employee 8 on leave of absence: *Provided*, That if such leave of ab-9 sence is to extend beyond thirty days, the board, within 10 twenty working days from the commencement of the leave 11 of absence, shall give regular employee status to a person 12 hired to fill such position. The person employed on a 13 regular basis shall be selected under the procedure set 14 forth in section eight-b of this article. The substitute shall 15 hold such position and regular employee status only until 16 the regular employee shall be returned to such position 17 and the substitute shall have and shall be accorded all 18 rights, privileges and benefits pertaining to such position: 19 Provided, however, That if a regular or substitute employ-20 ee fills a vacancy that is related to a leave of absence in 21 any manner as provided herein, upon termination of the 22 leave of absence said employee shall be returned to his or 23 her original position;
- 24 (3) To perform the service of a service employee who 25 is authorized to be absent from duties without loss of pay;
- 26 (4) To temporarily fill a vacancy in a permanent posi-27 tion caused by severance of employment by the resignation, transfer, retirement, permanent disability, dismissal 28 29 pursuant to section eight, article two of this chapter, or death of the regular service employee who had been as-30 signed to fill such position: Provided, That within twenty 31 32 working days from the commencement of the vacancy, the board shall fill such vacancy under the procedures set out 33 34 in section eight-b of this article and section five, article two 35 of this chapter and such person hired to fill the vacancy shall have and shall be accorded all rights, privileges and 36 benefits pertaining to such position; 37

 (5) To fill the vacancy created by a regular employee's suspension: *Provided*, That if the suspension is for more than thirty working days the substitute service employee shall be assigned to fill the vacancy on a regular basis and shall have and be accorded all rights, privileges and benefits pertaining to such position until such termination by the county board becomes final. If the suspended employee is not returned to his job, the board shall fill the vacancy under the procedures set out in section eight-b of this article and section five, article two of this chapter; and

(6) To temporarily fill a vacancy in a newly created position prior to employment of a service personnel on a regular basis under the procedure set forth in section eight-b of this article.

Substitutes shall be assigned in the following manner: A substitute with the greatest length of service time, that is, from the date he began his assigned duties as a substitute in that particular category of employment, shall be given priority in accepting the assignment throughout the period of the regular employee's absence or until the vacancy is filled on a regular basis under the procedures set out in section eight-b of this article. All substitutes shall be employed on a rotating basis according to the length of their service time until each substitute has had an opportunity to perform similar assignments: Provided, That if there are regular service employees employed in the same building or working station as the absent employee and who are employed in the same classification category of employment, such regular employees shall be first offered the opportunity to fill the position of the absent employee on a rotating and seniority basis with the substitute then filling the regular employee's position. A regular employee assigned to fill the position of an absent employee shall be given the opportunity to hold that position throughout such absence.

The salary of a substitute service employee shall be based upon his years of employment as defined in section eight of this article and as provided in the state minimum pay scale set forth in section eight-a of this article and shall be in accordance with the salary schedule of persons regularly employed in the same position in the county in which he is employed.

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Before any substitute service employee enters upon his or her duties, he shall execute with the county board a written contract as provided in section five, article two of this chapter.

84 To establish a uniform system of providing a fair and 85 equitable opportunity for substitutes to enter upon their 86 duties for the first time, the following method shall be 87 used: The initial order of assigning newly employed sub-88 stitutes shall be determined by a random selection system 89 established by the affected substitute employees and ap-90 proved by the county board. This initial priority order 91 shall be in effect only until the substitute service personnel 92 have entered upon their duties for the first time.

Substitute service employees who have worked thirty days for a school system shall have all rights pertaining to suspension, dismissal and contract renewal as is granted to regular service personnel in sections six, seven, eight and eight-a, article two of this chapter.

### §18A-4-16. Extracurricular assignments.

- 1 (1) The assignment of teachers and service personnel 2 to extracurricular assignments shall be made only by mu-3 tual agreement of the employee and the superintendent, or designated representative, subject to board approval. Ex-4 5 tracurricular duties shall mean, but not be limited to, any activities that occur at times other than regularly scheduled 6 7 working hours, which include the instructing, coaching, 8 chaperoning, escorting, providing support services or 9 caring for the needs of students, and which occur on a 10 regularly scheduled basis: Provided, That all school service personnel assignments shall be considered extracur-11 12 ricular assignments, except such assignments as are considered either regular positions, as provided by section 13 eight of this article, or extra-duty assignments, as provided 14 15 by section eight-b of this article.
  - (2) The employee and the superintendent, or a designated representative, subject to board approval, shall mutually agree upon the maximum number of hours of extracurricular assignment in each school year for each extracurricular assignment.

- 21 (3) The terms and conditions of the agreement be-22 tween the employee and the board shall be in writing and 23 signed by both parties.
- 24 (4) An employee's contract of employment shall be 25 separate from the extracurricular assignment agreement 26 provided for in this section and shall not be conditioned 27 upon the employee's acceptance or continuance of any 28 extracurricular assignment proposed by the superinten-29 dent, a designated representative, or the board.
- 30 (5) The board shall fill extracurricular school service 31 personnel assignments and vacancies in accordance with 32 section eight-b of this article: Provided, That an alterna-33 tive procedure for making extracurricular school service 34 personnel assignments within a particular classification 35 category of employment may be utilized if the alternative 36 procedure is approved both by the county board and by 37 an affirmative vote of two thirds of the employees within 38 that classification category of employment.

#### ARTICLE 5. AUTHORITY; RIGHTS; RESPONSIBILITY.

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# §18A-5-8. Authority of certain aides to exercise control over pupils; compensation; transfers.

1 (a) Within the limitations provided herein, any aide 2 who agrees to do so shall stand in the place of the parent 3 or guardian and shall exercise such authority and control 4 over pupils as is required of a teacher as defined and pro-5 vided in section one of this article. The principal shall 6 designate aides in the school who agree to exercise that 7 authority on the basis of seniority as an aide and shall 8 enumerate the instances in which the authority shall be 9 exercised by an aide when requested by the principal, 10 assistant principal or professional employee to whom the 11 aide is assigned: Provided, That the authority does not 12 extend to suspending or expelling any pupil, participating 13 in the administration of corporal punishment or perform-14 ing instructional duties as a teacher or substitute teacher.

An aide designated by the principal under this subsection shall receive a salary not less than one pay grade above the highest pay grade held by the employee under section eight-a, article four of this chapter, and any county salary schedule in excess of the minimum requirements of this article.

- (b) An aide may not be required by the operation of this section to perform noninstructional duties for an amount of time which exceeds that required under the aide's contract of employment or that required of other aides in the same school, unless the assignment of such duties is mutually agreed upon by the aide and the county superintendent, or the superintendent's designated repre-sentative, subject to board approval. The terms and condi-tions of the agreement shall be in writing, signed by both parties, and may include additional benefits. The agree-ment shall be uniform as to aides assigned similar duties for similar amounts of time within the same school. Aides shall have the option of agreeing to supervise students and of renewing related assignments annually: Provided, That should an aide elect not to renew the previous agreement to supervise students, the minimum salary of the aide shall revert to the pay grade specified in section eight-a, article four of this chapter for the classification title held by the aide and any county salary schedule in excess of the mini-mum requirements of this article.
  - (c) For the purposes of this section, aide shall mean and include any aide class title as defined in section eight, article four of this chapter, regardless of numeric classification.
  - (d) An aide may transfer to another position of employment one time only during any one half of a school term, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon by the aide and the county superintendent, or the superintendent's designee, subject to board approval: *Provided*, That during the first year of employment as an aide, an aide may not transfer to another position of employment during the first one-half school term of employment, unless mutually agreed upon by the aide and county superintendent, subject to board approval.
  - (e) Regular service personnel employed in a category of employment other than aide who seek employment as an aide shall hold a high school diploma or shall have received a general educational development certificate and shall have the opportunity to receive appropriate training pursuant to subsection (10), section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code and section two, article twenty of said chapter.

## CHAPTER 112

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 300—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, and Boley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections one and four, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section six, article two of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections four, five and seven, article two-e of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; to amend and reenact section four, article five-a of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of said code; to amend article three of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-c; to amend and reenact section one, article three-a of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-b; and to amend article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-e, all relating to creating jobs through education; defining "career clusters" and "work-based learning"; requiring the state board to report progress toward meeting educational goals; replacing certificates of proficiency with an electronic portfolio system; including information on statewide school report cards; establishing school accreditation and education standards; providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools; utilizing technology in middle schools, junior high schools and high schools; stating comprehensive goals for jobs through education; increasing academic expectations and career development for all students; assessing student performance by grade level; focusing on basic skills in kindergarten through fourth grade; developing a rigorous curriculum; exploring career options; implementing an individualized student transition plan; choosing career majors; reporting by state school-to-work steering committee; increasing the ability of all students to meet higher academic expectations and become independent learners; establishing partnerships; creating guidelines for

work-based learning; creating work-based opportunities in rural areas; creating guidelines for certification on the electronic portfolio of student skills, competencies and readiness for employment; addressing staff development; requiring a state board rule; establishing criteria for selecting schools of excellence; defining "principals academy" and "center for professional development"; requiring training through the principals academy; creating the "Principals Standards Advisory Council"; creating the "Principals Academy" within the center for professional development and adding penalties for failure to comply; requiring public education and higher education collaboration for the preparation of students for college and other post-secondary education; and requiring the higher education governing boards to promulgate a joint rule.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections one and four, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section six, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections four, five and seven, article two-e of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight; that section four, article five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; that article three of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-c; that section one, article three-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-b; and that article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-e, all to read as follows:

### Chapter

- 18. Education.
- 18A. School Personnel.
- 18B. Higher Education.

#### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### Article

1. Definitions; Limitations of Chapter; Goals for Education.

- 2. State Board of Education.
- 2E. High Quality Education Programs.
- 5A. Local School Involvement.

# ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS; LIMITATIONS OF CHAPTER; GOALS FOR EDUCATION.

- §18-1-1. Definitions.
- §18-1-4. Education improvement plan.

#### \*§18-1-1. Definitions.

- The following words used in this chapter and in any proceedings pursuant thereto shall, unless the context
- 3 clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as
- 4 follows:

- 5 (a) "School" means the pupils and teacher or teachers 6 assembled in one or more buildings, organized as a unit;
  - (b) "District" means county school district;
- 8 (c) "State board" means the West Virginia board of 9 education;
- (d) "Board" means the county board of education;
- 11 (e) "State superintendent" means the state superinten-12 dent of free schools;
- 13 (f) "Superintendent" means the county superintendent 14 of schools;
- 15 (g) "Teacher" means teacher, supervisor, principal,
- superintendent, public school librarian; registered professional nurse, licensed by the West Virginia board of exam-
- 18 iners for registered professional nurses and employed by a
- 18 iners for registered professional nurses and employed by a 19 county board of education, who has a baccalaureate de-
- 20 gree; or any other person regularly employed for instruc-
- 21 tional purposes in a public school in this state;
- 22 (h) "Service personnel" means all nonteaching school 23 employees not included in the above definition of "teach-24 er":
- 25 (i) "Regular full-time employee" means any person
- 26 employed by a county board of education who has a reg-

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4065 (Chapter 113), which passed subsequent to this act.

- 27 ular position or job throughout his employment term, 28 without regard to hours or method of pay;
- 29 (j) "Career clusters" means broad groupings of related 30 occupations; and
- 31 (k) "Work-based learning" means a structured activity
  32 that correlates with and is mutually supportive of the
  33 school-based learning of the student and includes specific
  34 objectives to be learned by the student as a result of the
  35 activity.

### §18-1-4. Education improvement plan.

- (a) The governor, the Legislature, the state board and 1 2 the people of West Virginia agree that the education of 3 their children is of utmost importance to the future well-being of the state and that the purpose of enacting 4 education laws and providing funding to support a system 5 of free schools is to assure that all of our children have every opportunity to secure an education which is thor-7 ough and is provided in an efficient manner. The gover-8 nor, the Legislature, the state board and the people of West 9 Virginia further agree that improvements are needed in 10 11 the education system of West Virginia if these objectives 12 are to be met.
- 13 (b) Therefore, the governor, the Legislature, the state 14 board and the people of West Virginia have established 15 goals for themselves which are measurable and achievable 16 through the combined efforts of the government, the 17 school system and the people through an increased focus 18 on the needs of children. These goals are:
- (1) All children entering the first grade will be readyfor the first grade;
- 21 (2) All students will have equal education opportunity;
- 22 (3) Student performance on national measures of 23 student performance will equal or exceed national averag-24 es and the performance of students falling in the lowest 25 quartile will improve by fifty percent;
- (4) Ninety percent of ninth graders will graduate fromhigh school;

- 28 (5) High school graduates will be fully prepared for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment. The number of high school graduates entering post-secondary education will increase by fifty percent; and
  - (6) All working age adults will be functionally literate.

The intent of the governor, the Legislature and the state board is to pursue the accomplishment of these goals through strategies which focus on: (i) Early childhood development; (ii) improving the quality of teaching; (iii) technology and learning; (iv) helping at-risk students; (v) work force preparation; and (vi) restructuring and accountability in the education system.

41 (c) The state board shall report progress toward meet-42 ing and achieving the goals, as set forth in subsection (b) 43 of this section, to the governor and the Legislature at the 44 beginning of the legislative session in each of the next 45 four years, beginning in the year one thousand nine hun-46 dred ninety-seven, and shall include in such report how 47 the legislative priorities of the board address attainment of 48 the goals.

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

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# \*§18-2-6. Classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diploma.

1 The state board shall make rules for the accreditation, 2 classification and standardization of all schools in the state, except institutions of higher education, and shall deter-3 mine the minimum standards for the granting of diplomas 4 and certificates of proficiency by those schools. Not later 6 than the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-ninety-one, certificates of proficiency including specific information regarding the graduate's skills, compe-8 tence and readiness for employment or honors and ad-9 vanced education shall be granted, along with the diploma, 10 11 to every eligible high school graduate.

No institution of less than collegiate or university status may grant any diploma or certificate of proficiency

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4065 (Chapter 113), which passed subsequent to this act.

- on any basis of work or merit below the minimum standards prescribed by the state board.
- No charter or other instrument containing the right to issue diplomas or certificates of proficiency shall be granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution or other associations or organizations of less than collegiate or university status within the state until the condition of granting or issuing such diplomas or other certificates of proficiency has first been approved in writing by the state
- 23 board.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, the requirement for granting certificates of proficiency shall be replaced by the requirement that
- 27 information be provided on an electronic portfolio system
- 28 established by the state board pursuant to section eight,
- 29 article two-e of this chapter and issued to every high
- 30 school graduate by the appropriate county board: Provid-
- 31 ed, That the requirements for granting certificates of pro-
- 32 ficiency shall be continued until such time as the electron-
- 33 ic portfolio system has been made available to the county
- 34 boards.

#### ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

- §18-2E-4. Better schools accountability; school, school district and statewide school report cards.
- §18-2E-5. School accreditation; standards compliance board; approval status; intervention to correct impairments.
- §18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.
- §18-2E-8. Creating jobs through education.

# \*§18-2E-4. Better schools accountability; school, school district and statewide school report cards.

- trict and statewide school report cards.

  (a) For the purpose of providing information to the
- 2 parents of public school children and the general public
- 3 on the quality of education in the public schools which is
- 4 uniform and comparable between schools within and
- 5 among the various school districts, the state board shall
- 6 prepare forms for school, school district and statewide
- 7 school report cards and shall promulgate rules concerning

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 104 (Chapter 114), which passed priort to this act.

the collection and reporting of data and the preparation, printing and distribution of report cards under this section. The forms shall provide for brief, concise reporting in nontechnical language of required information. Any technical or explanatory material a county board wishes to include shall be contained in a separate appendix available to the general public upon request.

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- (b) The school report cards shall include information as shall be prescribed by lawfully promulgated rule by the state board to give the parents of students at the school and the general public an indication of the quality of education at the school and other programs supportive of community needs, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (1) Indicators of student performance at the school in comparison with the county, state, regional and national student performance, as applicable, including student performance by grade level in the various subjects measured pursuant to a uniform statewide assessment program adopted by the state board; school attendance rates; the percent of students not promoted to next grade; and the graduation rate;
- (2) Indicators of school performance in comparison with the aggregate of all other schools in the county and the state, as applicable, including average class size; percent of enrollments in courses in high school mathematics, science, English and social science; amount of time per day devoted to mathematics, science, English and social science at middle, junior high and high school grade levels; percentage distribution of students by career cluster as indicated on the individualized student transition plan; pupil-teacher ratio; number of exceptions to pupil-teacher ratio requested by the county board and the number of exceptions granted; the number of split-grade classrooms; pupil-administrator ratio; operating expenditure per pupil; county expenditure by fund in graphic display; and the average degree classification and years of experience of the administrators and teachers at the school;
- (3) The names of the members of the local school improvement council, created pursuant to section two, article five-a of this chapter; and

49 (4) The name or names of the business partner or 50 partners of the school.

 In addition, every county board shall annually determine the number of administrators, classroom teachers and service personnel employed that exceeds the number allowed by the public school support plan and determine the amount of salary supplements that would be available per state authorized employee if all expenditures for the excess employees were converted to annual salaries for state authorized administrators, classroom teachers and service personnel within their county. The information shall be published annually in each school report card of each such county.

- (c) The school district report card shall include the data for each school for each separately listed applicable indicator and the aggregate of the data for all schools, as applicable, in the county for each indicator. The statewide school report card shall include the data for each county for each separately listed indicator and the aggregate for all counties for each indicator.
- (d) The report cards shall be prepared using actual local school, county, state, regional and national data indicating the present performance of the school and shall also include the state norms and the upcoming year's targets for the school and the county board.

The state board shall provide technical assistance to each county board in preparing the school and school district report cards.

Each county board shall prepare report cards in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this section. The school district report cards shall be presented at a regular school board meeting subject to applicable notice requirements and shall be made available to a newspaper of general circulation serving the district. The school report cards shall be mailed directly to the parent or parents of any child enrolled in that school. In addition, each county board shall submit the completed report cards to the state board which shall make copies available to any person requesting them.

The report cards shall be completed and disseminated prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and in each year thereafter, and shall be based upon information for the current school year, or for the most recent school year for which the information is available, in which case the year shall be clearly footnoted.

- (e) In addition to the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, the school district report card shall list: (1) The names of the members of the county board, the dates upon which their terms expire and whether they have attended an orientation program for new members approved by the state board and conducted by the West Virginia school board association or other approved organizations, and other school board member training programs; and (2) the names of the county school superintendent and every assistant and associate superintendent and any training programs related to their area of school administration which they have attended. The information shall also be reported by district in the statewide school report card.
- 108 (f) The state board shall develop and implement a 109 separate report card for nontraditional public schools 110 pursuant to the appropriate provisions of this section to 111 the extent practicable.

# §18-2E-5. School accreditation; standards compliance board; approval status; intervention to correct impairments.

(a) The purpose of this section is to provide assurances that a thorough and efficient system of education is being provided for all West Virginia public school students on an equal education opportunity basis and that the high quality standards are being met. A system for the review of school district education plans, performance-based accreditation and periodic, random, unannounced on-site effectiveness reviews of district education systems, includ-ing individual schools within the districts, shall provide assurances that the high quality standards established in this section are being met. 

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12 13 14 15 16	(b) On or before the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the state board shall, in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establish and adopt high quality education standards in the following areas:
17	(1) Curriculum;
18	(2) Workplace readiness skills;
19	(3) Finance;
20	(4) Transportation;
21	(5) Special Education;
22	(6) Facilities;
23	(7) Administrative practices;
24 25	(8) Training of county board members and administrators;
26	(9) Personnel qualifications;
27	(10) Professional development and evaluation;
28	(11) Student and school performance;
29 30	(12) A code of conduct for students and employees; and
31 32	(13) Any other such areas as determined by the state board.

33 The standards shall assure that all graduates are prepared for gainful employment or for continuing 34 post-secondary education and training and that schools 35 36 and school districts are making progress in achieving the 37 education goals of the state. Each school district shall 38 submit an annual improvement plan designed around locally identified needs showing how the education pro-39 gram of each school in the district will meet or exceed the 40 41 high quality standards.

A performance-based accreditation system shall be the only statewide system used for accrediting or classifying the public schools in West Virginia. The state board shall establish a schedule and shall review each school within a

- district and each county board for accreditation based on information submitted to the board under the performance-based accreditation system as set forth in subsection (c) of this section.
- 50 (c) On or before the first day of September, one thou-51 sand nine hundred ninety-six, the state board shall, in 52 accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter 53 twenty-nine-a of this code, establish by rule a system 54 which measures the quality of education and preparation 55 of students at each school based on measures of student 56 and school performance, including, but not limited to, the 57 following:
- 58 (1) The acquisition of student proficiencies as indicat-59 ed by student performance by grade level measured, 60 where possible, by a uniform statewide assessment pro-61 gram;
- 62 (2) School attendance rates;
- 63 (3) Student dropout rate;
- 64 (4) Percent of students promoted to next grade;
- 65 (5) Graduation rate;
- 66 (6) Average class size;
- 67 (7) Pupil-teacher ratio and number of exceptions to ratio requested by county boards and number granted;
- 69 (8) Number of split-grade classrooms;
- 70 (9) Percentage of graduates who enrolled in college; 71 the percentage of graduates who enrolled in other post-secondary education; and the percentage of gradu-72 ates who become fully employed within one year of high 73 school graduation all as reported by the graduates on the 74 assessment form attached to their individualized student 75 transition plan, pursuant to section eight of this article and 76 77 the percentage of graduates reporting;
- 78 (10) Pupil-administrator ratio;
- 79 (11) Parent involvement;

- 80 (12) Parent, teacher and student satisfaction;
- 81 (13) Operating expenditures per pupil;
- 82 (14) Percentage of graduates who attain the minimum
  83 level of performance in the basic skills recognized by the
  84 state board as laying the foundation for further learning
  85 and skill development for success in college, other
  86 post-secondary education and gainful employment and
  87 the grade level distribution in which the minimum level of
  88 performance was met; and
  - (15) Percentage of graduates who received additional certification of their skills, competence and readiness for college, other post-secondary education or employment above the minimum foundation level of basic skills.
- The state board annually shall review the information submitted for each school and shall issue to every school:

  (i) Full accreditation status; or (ii) probationary accreditation status.
  - Full accreditation status shall be given to a school when the school's performance on the above indicators is at a level which would be expected when all of the high quality education standards are being met. Probationary accreditation status shall be given to a school when the measure of the school's performance is below such level.

Whenever a school is given probationary accreditation status, the county board shall implement an improvement plan which is designed to increase the performance of the school to a full accreditation status level within one year.

(d) The state board shall establish and adopt standards of performance to identify seriously impaired schools and the state board may declare a school seriously impaired whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state board. Whenever the state board determines that the quality of education in a school is seriously impaired, the state superintendent, with approval of the state board, shall appoint a team of three improvement consultants to make recommendations within sixty days of appointment for correction of the impairment. Upon approval of the recommendations by the state board, the recommenda-

tions shall be made to the county board. If progress in correcting the impairment is not made within six months of receipt of the recommendations, the state superinten-dent shall provide consultation and assistance to the coun-ty board to: (1) Improve personnel management; (2) establish more efficient financial management practices; (3) improve instructional programs and rules; or (4) make such other improvements as may be necessary to correct the impairment. If the impairment is not corrected within one year of receipt of the recommendations, the district shall be given probationary approval status nonapproval status.

- (e) Whenever a school is given probationary status or is determined to be seriously impaired and fails to improve its status within one year, any student attending such school may transfer once to the nearest fully accredited school, subject to approval of the fully accredited school and at the expense of the school from which the student transferred.
- 137 (f) The state board shall issue one of the following 138 accreditation levels to each county board: (1) Full ap-139 proval; (2) conditional approval; (3) probationary approv-140 al; or (4) nonapproval.

Full approval shall be given to a county board whose education system meets or exceeds all of the high quality standards adopted by the state board and whose schools have all been given full accreditation status. Full approval shall be for a period not to exceed four years.

Conditional approval shall be given to a county board whose education system meets at least ninety-five percent of the high quality standards adopted by the state board and in which at least ninety percent of the schools have been given full accreditation status provided no school is seriously impaired. Conditional approval shall be for a period not to exceed one year: *Provided*, That for counties that have fewer than ten schools, the state board may grant conditional approval without regard to the ninety percent based on the total quality of the county education program.

Probationary approval shall be given to a county board whose education system has met less than ninety-five percent of the high quality standards, or which has eleven percent or more schools in the district given probationary status or serious impairment. Probationary approval is a warning that the county board must make specified improvements. If the number of schools in the district given probationary status is not reduced to a number that would allow full accreditation to be granted in the following year, the county board shall be automatically given nonapproval. In addition, nonapproval shall be given to a county board which fails to submit an annual program plan or fails to demonstrate a reasonable effort to meet the high quality standards. The state board shall establish and adopt standards to identify school districts in which the program may be nonapproved or the state board may issue nonapproval status whenever extraordinary circumstances exist as defined by the state board.

- (g) Whenever nonapproval status is given to a county, the state board shall declare a state of emergency in the district and may intervene in the operation of the district to: (1) Limit the authority of the county superintendent and county board as to the expenditure of funds, the employment and dismissal of personnel, the establishment and operation of the school calendar, the establishment of instructional programs and rules and such other areas as may be designated by the state board by rule; (2) take such direct action as may be necessary to correct the impairment; and (3) declare that the office of the county superintendent is vacant.
- (h) To assist the state board in determinations of the accreditation status of schools and the approval status of school districts under this section, the state board shall from time to time appoint an education standards compliance review team to make unannounced on-site reviews of the education programs in any school or school district in the state to assess compliance of the school or district with the high quality standards adopted by the state board, including, but not limited to, facilities, administrative procedures, transportation, food services and the audit of all

matters relating to school finance, budgeting and administration.

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The teams shall be composed of not more than ten persons, not more than half of whom may be members of or currently employed by the state board, who possess the necessary knowledge, skills and experience to make an accurate assessment of such education programs. The education standards compliance team shall report the findings of its on-site reviews to the state board for inclusion in the determination of a school's or district's accreditation or approval status as applicable. The state board shall encourage the sharing of information to improve school effectiveness among the districts.

The state board shall make accreditation information available to the Legislature, the governor, the general public and to any individuals who request such information.

213 (i) The state board shall fully implement the accredita-214 tion system established under this article for all schools on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 215 216 ninety-one, and may pilot test the system prior to that date. The state board shall adopt rules in accordance with 217 218 the provisions of article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of 219 this code necessary to implement the provisions of this 220 article.

# §18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.

1 (a) The Legislature finds that teachers must be provid-2 ed the support, assistance and teaching tools necessary to 3 meet individual student instructional needs on a daily basis 4 in a classroom of students who differ in learning styles, learning rates and in motivation to learn. The Legislature 5 further finds that attaining a solid foundation in the basic 6 skills of reading, composition and arithmetic is essential 7 8 for advancement in higher education, occupational and avocational pursuits and that computers are an effective 9 10 tool for the teacher in corrective, remedial and enrichment activities. Therefore, the state board shall develop a plan 11 which specifies the resources to be used to provide services 12 to students in the earliest grade level and moving upward 13

as resources become available based on a plan developed
 by each individual school team.

This plan must provide for standardization of computer hardware and software, and for technology upgrade and replacement, for the purposes of achieving economies of scale, facilitating teacher training, permitting the comparison of achievement of students in schools and counties utilizing the hardware and software, and facilitating the repair of equipment and ensuring appropriate utilization of the hardware and software purchased for remediation and basic skills development.

The state board shall determine the computer hardware and software specifications after input from practicing teachers at the appropriate grade levels and with the assistance of education computer experts and the curriculum technology resource center.

Computer hardware and software shall be purchased either directly or through a lease-purchase arrangement pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter five-a of this code in the amount equal to anticipated revenues being appropriated: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to require any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

The state board shall develop and provide through the state curriculum technology resource center a program to ensure adequate teacher training, continuous teacher support and updates.

To the extent practicable, such technology shall be utilized to enhance student access to learning tools and resources outside of the normal school day, such as: Before and after school; in the evenings, on weekends and during vacations; and for student use for homework, remedial work, independent learning and career planning and adult basic education.

(b) The Legislature finds that the continued implementation of computer utilization under this section for high quality basic skills development and remediation in the middle schools, junior high schools and high schools

- 52 is necessary to meet the goal that high school graduates
- 53 will be prepared fully for college, other post-secondary
- 54 education or gainful employment. Further, such imple-55 mentation should provide a technology infrastructure at
- 55 mentation should provide a technology infrastructure at 56 the middle schools, junior high schools and high schools
- 57 that has multiple applications in enabling students to
- 58 achieve at higher academic levels. The technology infra-
- 59 structure should facilitate student development in the fol-
- 60 lowing areas:

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- 61 (1) Attaining basic computer skills such as word pro-62 cessing, spreadsheets, data bases, internet usage, telecom-63 munications and graphic presentations;
- 64 (2) Learning critical thinking and decision-making 65 skills:
- 66 (3) Applying academic knowledge in real life situa-67 tions through simulated workplace programs;
- 68 (4) Understanding the modern workplace environ-69 ment, particularly in remote areas of the state, by bringing 70 the workplace to the school;
  - (5) Making informed career decisions based upon information on labor markets and the skills required for success in various occupations;
- 74 (6) Gaining access to labor markets and job place-75 ment;
  - (7) Obtaining information and assistance about college and other post-secondary education opportunities and financial aid; and
- 79 (8) Other uses for acquiring the necessary skills and 80 information to make a smooth transition from high school 81 to college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment.

Therefore, the state board shall extend the plan as set forth in subsection (a) of this section, and consistent with the terms and conditions in said subsection, to address the findings of this subsection regarding the continued implementation of computer hardware and software, and techni88 cal planning support in the middle schools, junior high schools and high schools of the state.

### §18-2E-8. Creating jobs through education.

(a) Findings and intent. — The Legislature finds that 2 the governor, the Legislature, the state board and the peo-3 ple of West Virginia established goals for education 4 through an education summit and series of town meetings 5 in the summer of the year one thousand nine hundred 6 ninety, and that these goals were codified in section four, 7 article one of this chapter during the third extraordinary 8 session of the Legislature of that year. Among these goals 9 is the goal that high school graduates will be prepared 10 fully for college, other post-secondary education or gain-11 ful employment and that the number of high school grad-12 uates entering post-secondary education will increase by 13 fifty percent. The Legislature finds that this goal reflects a 14 fundamental belief that the result of a thorough and efficient system of free schools is that the youth of the state 15 16 exit the system equipped with the skills, competencies and 17 attributes necessary to succeed, to continue learning throughout their lifetimes and to attain economic 18 19 self-sufficiency.

20 The Legislature further finds that the full preparation of youth as indicated in these findings cannot be accom-21 plished by the school system alone, but requires the full 22 and active partnership with parents and people from busi-23 ness, labor, higher education, economic development and 24 other organizations and entities in the community that 25 have an interest in providing quality education. Therefore, 26 the intent of this section is to establish a policy framework 27 and strategy for the state board in fulfilling its responsibil-28 ity for the general supervision of free schools in order to 29 encourage and utilize actively involved partnerships in the 30 formulation of rules and practices to achieve the goal that 31 32 high school graduates will be prepared fully for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment. 33 particularly in the delivery of programs that provide 34 work-based learning opportunities for students within the 35 school or at the workplace. The Legislature recognizes 36 that many skilled jobs require education beyond the high 37

school level, that the goals of West Virginia include in-creased post-secondary attendance and that the goals for post-secondary education as set forth in section one-a. article one, chapter eighteen-b of this code include an increased focus within higher education on relevancy. responsiveness to business, industry, labor and community needs, and on the current and future work force needs of the state. Therefore, it is further the intent of this section to enhance the linkages between secondary post-secondary education.

(b) Comprehensive goals for jobs through education.
 The Legislature hereby establishes the following goals to be accomplished by the year two thousand one for all students in all schools:

- (1) The elimination of student grouping or tracking systems that result in high school students completing a general curriculum that does not prepare them fully for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment;
- (2) The replacement of the general curriculum, as stated in subdivision (1) of this subsection, with a system of career clusters and education majors that increases the academic expectations for all students, includes a system of career information and guidance and incorporates structured work-based learning;
- (3) The requirement that every student, in consultation with his or her parents and school advisor, establish an individualized student transition plan covering grades nine through twelve and the first year beyond graduation from high school;
- (4) The active involvement of partners at the state, regional and local levels in assuring the full preparation of graduates for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment;
- (5) The creation of a process through which qualified graduates will receive a portable credential that is recognized and valued by employers as an indicator of the

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- 75 skills, competence and readiness for employment of the 76 graduates: and
- 77 (6) The implementation of continuous program as-78 sessment, program improvement and staff development.
  - (c) Increased academic expectations and career development for all students. — The Legislature finds that there is a need to establish higher academic expectations and a system of career development for all students that contains the following elements:
  - (1) Assessment. The implementation of an assessment program that measures student performance by grade level and assesses student attainment of the basic academic foundation skills:
  - (2) Focus on basic skills in kindergarten through fourth grade. — The strengthening and refocusing of kindergarten through fourth grade in order to assure that all students perform at grade level at the completion of the fourth grade by concentrating on teaching the basics of reading, writing, mathematics and computer skills;
    - (3) Development of rigorous curriculum. The development and implementation of a rigorous and relevant curriculum of basic academic requirements that lays a foundation for further learning and skill development. The proficiencies of the students shall be assessed at the end of the eighth grade and all students should attain the basic academic requirement levels by no later than the end of the tenth grade:
    - (4) Career exploration in grades five through eight. The exploration by students in the fifth through eighth grades of their interests and abilities in career clusters through accessing information about occupational skills and labor markets:
- (5) Creation and initial implementation of individual student transition plan for grades nine and ten. — The 108 109 creation, by the end of the eighth grade, of the first two years of an individualized student transition plan that 110 builds upon career awareness and exploration activities in the earlier grades and enables the student in consultation

- with his or her parents and school advisor to select a broad career cluster for further exploration in grades nine and ten;
- 116 (6) Choosing career majors for grades eleven through 117 post-secondary. — The creation of the second part of the 118 individualized student transition plan by the end of the 119 tenth grade. The second part of the individualized student 120 transition plan shall establish a career major for the final 121 years of high school and the first year after high school 122 that will prepare the student for college, other 123 post-secondary education or gainful employment;
- 124 (7) Implementation of career majors. The fulfill-125 ment of the secondary education component of the career 126 major in grades eleven and twelve, including the successful 127 completion of the necessary curriculum and participation 128 in work-based learning experiences; and
- 129 (8) Completion of individualized student transition 130 plan and assessment. — The completion of the individual-131 ized student transition plan in the first year following 132 graduation from high school by attending college, other 133 post-secondary education or securing gainful employ-134 ment. The state board shall provide an assessment form to 135 be completed by the student and returned to the high 136 school upon the completion of the individualized student 137 transition plan. The form shall provide for the student to 138 report his or her success in completing the plan and the 139 strengths and weaknesses of his or her education prepara-140 tion.
- 141 (d) Report of recommendations on comprehensive 142 career development. — To assist in the establishment of a 143 comprehensive career development system, the state 144 school-to-work steering committee shall report to the state 145 board and the legislative oversight commission on educa-146 tion accountability by the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the recommendations 147 of the career guidance committee established pursuant to 148 149 the state school-to-work implementation plan.
- 150 (e) Guidelines for increasing the ability of all students 151 to meet higher academic expectations and become

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- 152 self-motivated learners. — Practices that increase the aca-153 demic expectations for all students and help them to suc-154 ceed in achieving those higher expectations include, but 155
  - are not limited to:
- 156 (1) Utilizing instructional methods that require the 157 student to be a worker who is actively engaged in the 158 learning process;
- 159 (2) Utilizing methodologies that require students to 160 apply academic knowledge in practical situations and 161 problem solving;
- 162 (3) Utilizing computers and other technologies to 163 provide opportunities for creative instruction, both indi-164 vidually and in groups in all subjects:
- 165 (4) Providing structured opportunities for students to 166 participate in credit and noncredit learning activities out-167 side the school that are integrated with and are an extension of the school-based program of study for the student 168 169 through such activities as field trips, job shadowing, com-170 munity service, entrepreneurship development, mentoring, 171 internships, apprenticeships, school-based enterprises in 172 partnership with the private sector and other cooperative learning experiences connected to student education ma-173 174 iors and school-based instructional programs;
  - (5) Integrating and interrelating academic and technical content throughout the curriculum and ensuring numerous opportunities for cross-disciplinary learning to emphasize the importance of reading, writing, speaking, listening and viewing; and
- 180 (6) Encouraging teachers to plan and work together 181 and exercise their professional judgment in the classroom.
- (f) Establishing partnerships. As soon as practica-182 183 ble following the effective date of this section, the gover-184 nor shall appoint or designate a "Jobs Through Education 185 Employer Panel", to assure the high quality preparation of 186 our youth for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment. The jobs through education em-187 188 ployer panel shall advise and assist the state board, the higher education governing boards and institutions, other 189

190 post-secondary education training programs and agencies 191 and employers in assuring that graduates are prepared 192 fully for further education and training or gainful em-193 ployment and shall perform other functions as set forth in 194 this section. In providing such advice and assistance and 195 in the performance of such other functions, the jobs 196 through employer panel shall solicit input from the coun-197 ty steering committees.

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As soon as practicable, following the effective date of this section, county boards shall appoint a county steering committee that includes parents and people from business, labor, higher education, economic development, local school improvement councils, faculty senates and other organizations and entities in the community as valuable partners in developing and implementing a system within the county that meets the intent of this section and adheres to the rules of the state board. The membership of the county steering committee and participation in the community and technical college district consortia committee, as created by section three-a, article three, chapter eighteen-b of this code, shall be coordinated to the extent that it is practical.

212 (g) Guidelines for work-based learning. 213 Work-based learning is a structured activity that correlates 214 with and is mutually supportive of school-based learning 215 for the student, and includes specific objectives to be mas-216 tered by the student as a result of the activity. It is central 217 to the education preparation process to develop within the 218 student an awareness of the work environment and how 219 the skills the student is acquiring will be applied in that 220 environment. Broadly defined, work-based learning op-221 portunities are activities that assist students to gain an 222 awareness of the workplace, develop an appreciation of the 223 relevancy of academic subject matter to workplace performance and gain valuable work experience and skills while 224 225 exploring their occupational interests and abilities. Incorporating work-based learning as a central part of the edu-226 cation process and also as a final step in the formal educa-227 228 tion process includes, but is not limited to:

- 230 (1) Providing students in the early grades with activi-230 ties such as field trips, career-oriented speakers in the 231 classroom, courses such as junior achievement which are 232 taught by volunteers in the classroom, job shadowing and 233 other such activities to increase student awareness of the 234 workplace; and
  - (2) Providing students in the later grades, including college and other post-secondary education, with activities such as structured community service, apprenticeships, internships, clinical experiences, cooperative education and other work-site placements, school-based enterprises, workplace simulations and entrepreneurial development, that provide students with more specific work experience in an occupational area associated with their education major.

To the extent possible, student work-based learning, and particularly workplace learning, should be jointly assessed by a school-based educator or advisor and a work-based mentor who possesses the skills set forth in the work-based learning objectives of the student, and who has been trained in mentoring and assessing student performance.

- (h) Special consideration for providing work-based learning in counties with few opportunities for employment. Providing work-based learning opportunities for all students in counties with few employers will be particularly difficult. While the following additional examples of ways to increase opportunities for work-based learning are applicable for all counties, they are most important in counties with few employers. Additional examples include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Computer software that simulates workplace situa-tions and problem solving;
- 262 (2) Interactive and other technology to bring an expo-263 sure to the workplace into the classroom;
- 264 (3) Community service;

265 (4) Partnerships with city, state and county govern-266 ment for work-based placements;

- 267 (5) Volunteer programs, such as junior achievement 268 and other programs that utilize volunteers trained to deliv-269 er work-related instruction;
- 270 (6) Assumption of recordkeeping and other measures 271 by the schools, or through the use of community-based 272 organizations or other intermediaries, that make it easier 273 for small businesses to participate in accepting students for 274 workplace learning;
- 275 (7) Rural entrepreneurship through action learning 276 programs;
- 277 (8) School-based enterprises;

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- 278 (9) Projects through 4-H, scouts, junior ROTC and other school and nonschool student and civic organizations;
- 281 (10) Multiple partnerships with existing employers, such as hospitals that have multiple departments;
  - (11) Agricultural education, FFA projects and supervised work experience programs; and
- 285 (12) Programs at vocational-technical education cen-286 ters.
  - The state board shall make recommendations to the Legislature by the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, on any further actions that may be appropriate to assist counties with few employers in providing work-based learning opportunities for all students.
  - (i) Electronic portfolio of student accomplishments and preparation. For the purpose of better documenting the preparation of high school graduates for college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment, the state board shall develop an electronic portfolio which will be a permanent record for every student. The electronic portfolio shall be issued by the appropriate county board and shall include the accomplishments of the student during his or her education preparation. Upon request, students shall receive the contents of the electronic portfolio in written or computer readable form. The elec-

tronic portfolio shall be subject to the same confidentiality and disclosure laws and rules as any other student records. The electronic portfolio shall include, but not be limited to:

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- (1) Documentation of attendance, grades, accomplishments, education plans, education major interests, curriculum, special activities, honors and advanced education and other items appropriate for inclusion in the portfolio as determined by state board rule to present the accomplishments and achievements of the student;
  - (2) A separate area for the student to enter presentations, examples and other information on his or her special areas of interest and advanced achievement;
- (3) Certification of student attainment of the minimum level of proficiency in the basic skills that lays the foundation for further learning and skill development for success in college, other post-secondary education or gainful employment; and
- (4) Certification of the skills, competence and readiness for college, other post-secondary education or employment, as indicated by: (i) College entrance tests; (ii) specialized assessments that measure the attainment of necessary skills and competencies required in the workplace; (iii) the attainment of industry recognized credentials, licensure or certification; (iv) the completion of nationally accredited technical education programs; (v) performance in specialized learning experiences such as paid and unpaid structured work-based learning in the private or public sectors, including, but not limited to, registered youth apprenticeships, internships, cooperative education, community service, entrepreneurship development and school-based enterprises in partnership with the private sector; and (vi) other indicators relevant to the student's skills, competence and readiness for college. other post-secondary education or gainful employment.
- (j) Guidelines for certification on the electronic portfolio of student skills, competencies and readiness for employment. — The certification of student skills, competencies and readiness for a particular industry or occupation

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382 383 to be included on the electronic portfolio, including certification offered by an institution of higher education or other iob training programs, shall require the approval of an appropriate entity designated by the jobs through education employer panel. Local education agencies, institutions of higher education and other job training programs desiring to issue such certification to meet local labor market or community needs and circumstances may apply to the panel for such approval. To the extent possible, such certification shall provide the student with a proficiency credential that is widely recognized and accepted within an industry or occupational area as a reliable indicator of the ability of the student. The jobs through education employer panel shall consult other established skill standards for use in certifying proficiency in skills, competencies and readiness within specific industries and occupations. The intent of these provisions is to provide a formal mechanism for the ongoing alignment of the certification of student skills, competencies and readiness with current minimum requirements for success in the industry or occupational area for which the student is preparing, including requirements which will be met through additional education in college or other post-secondary education.

(k) Staff development. — Meeting the intent and objectives of this section will require a continued focus on staff development to increase the ability of teachers and administrators to employ various methodologies for strengthening the rigor, content and relevance of the learning process and help all students achieve at higher Teachers and administrators must know about workplace requirements to help students internalize the relationship between learning in school and success in the careers they envision for themselves in adult life. The use of student assessment and program evaluation information continually to check and improve the curriculum, instruction, school climate and school organization and management, is critical to maintaining high quality instruction that is relevant to changing workplace requirements. Staff development opportunities shall include, but not be limited to:

384 (1) Designation by the state board of exemplary coun-385 ties and schools that have implemented comprehensive 386 school-to-work systems as model demonstration sites to be 387 visited and observed;

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- (2) Collaboration and utilization of the resources of the state department of education, institutions of higher education, the center for professional development and county staff development councils for both in-service and preservice preparation programs;
  - (3) Teacher and business exchange programs that enable teachers to gain exposure and experience in the workplace and business persons to gain exposure and experience in the schools;
  - (4) Structured programs or institutes that take educators into the workplace to observe the work environment and skills necessary to perform work tasks; and
  - (5) Staff development activities which include joint participation by public school, college and other post-secondary faculty where appropriate.
- 403 (1) Study committee for staff development credits. — There is hereby created a study committee to make rec-404 405 ommendations on the feasibility of, and the possible pro-406 cess for, crediting staff development activities toward ful-407 filling the requirement for renewal of certificates, pursuant to section three, article three, chapter eighteen-a of this 408 409 code, and the progression through the state minimum 410 salary schedule, pursuant to section two, article four of said chapter. The committee shall consist of the chancel-411 lor of the university of West Virginia board of trustees, or 412 a designee; the state superintendent, or a designee, who 413 shall serve as chair of the committee; a member of the 414 415 state board, to be selected by the state board; a representative of West Virginia university to be selected by the presi-416 417 dent of the university; a representative of Marshall univer-418 sity, to be selected by the president of the university; a representative of the West Virginia graduate college, to be 419 selected by the president of the college; four classroom 420 teachers to be appointed by the governor within thirty 421 days of the effective date of this section; and the director 422 of the center for professional development or a designee. 423 Such committee shall report its recommendations to the 424

- legislative oversight commission on education accountability by the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.
- 428 (m) State board rule. — On or before the first day of 429 November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the 430 state board, with advice from the jobs through education 431 employer panel, and in consultation with the higher edu-432 cation governing boards, shall adopt a rule in accordance 433 with the provisions of article three-b, chapter 434 twenty-nine-a of this code for the implementation of this 435 section. The rule shall allow flexibility for local variation 436 to meet local circumstances and shall establish a five-year 437 plan for phased implementation. The proposed rule de-438 veloped pursuant to this section shall contain a financial 439 impact statement as well as a job impact statement.
- 440 (n) Any study groups or committees created by the 441 state board to assist in development of policies or rules for 442 the implementation of this section shall contain significant 443 representation by classroom teachers as defined by section 444 one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of this code. Further, 445 the state board shall include in its annual budget request 446 sufficient funds to implement programs, policies or rules 447 adapted to meet the goals set out in this section: Provided, 448 That nothing in this section shall be construed to require 449 any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

#### ARTICLE 5A. LOCAL SCHOOL INVOLVEMENT.

# §18-5A-4. State board to establish criteria for selecting schools of excellence; annual school of excellence awards.

The state board of education shall promulgate rules, in 1 2 accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter 3 twenty-nine-a of this code, outlining criteria for the identification of schools of excellence. Such criteria shall in-5 clude, but not be limited to, improvement in student achievement in comparison to state and national norms, 6 7 improvement in reducing drop-out rates, improvement in 8 standardized test scores, implementation of advanced or innovative programs, implementation of the goals and 9 purposes of jobs through education as provided in section 10

- 11 eight, article two-e of this chapter, improvement in parent
- 12 and community involvement, improvement in parent,
- 13 teacher and student satisfaction, improvement in student
- 14 attendance and other factors which promote excellence in
- 15 education. Such rules shall be promulgated by the first
- 16 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.
- 17 Such rules may not prohibit any school from applying for
- 18 consideration as a school of excellence.
- Each year, the state board shall select one high school, one middle or junior high school and one elementary
- 21 school within each regional educational service agency
- 22 district, and one vocational school selected on a statewide
- 23 basis to be awarded school of excellence status.
- 24 The rules promulgated by the state board shall outline
- 25 appropriate methods of recognizing and honoring the
- 26 students, teachers and other employees and parents or
- 27 members of the school community who have contributed
- 28 to excellence in education at the school.

## CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

#### Article

- 1. General Provisions.
- 3. Training, Certification, Licening, Professional Development.
- 3A. Center for Professional Development.

#### ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

#### §18A-1-1. Definitions.

- 1 The definitions contained in section one, article one,
- 2 chapter eighteen shall be applicable to this chapter. In
- 3 addition, the following words used in this chapter and in
- 4 any proceedings pursuant thereto shall, unless the context
- 5 clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (a) "School personnel" means all personnel employed
- 8 by a county board of education whether employed on a
- 9 regular full-time basis, an hourly basis or otherwise.
- 10 School personnel shall be comprised of two categories:
- 11 Professional personnel and service personnel.

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- (b) "Professional personnel" means persons who meet the certification and/or licensing requirements of the state, and shall include the professional educator and other professional employees.
- (c) "Professional educator" shall be synonymous with and shall have the same meaning as "teacher" as defined in section one, article one, chapter eighteen of this code. Professional educators shall be classified as:
- 20 (1) "Classroom teacher" The professional educator 21 who has direct instructional or counseling relationship 22 with pupils, spending the majority of his time in this ca-23 pacity.
  - (2) "Principal" The professional educator who as agent of the board has responsibility for the supervision, management and control of a school or schools within the guidelines established by said board. The major area of such responsibility shall be the general supervision of all the schools and all school activities involving pupils, teachers and other school personnel.
  - (3) "Supervisor" The professional educator who, whether by this or other appropriate title, is responsible for working primarily in the field with professional and/or other personnel in instructional and other school improvement.
  - (4) "Central office administrator" The superintendent, associate superintendent, assistant superintendent and other professional educators, whether by these or other appropriate titles, who are charged with the administering and supervising of the whole or some assigned part of the total program of the county-wide school system.
- 42 (d) "Other professional employee" means that person from another profession who is properly licensed and is 43 employed to serve the public schools and shall include a 44 45 registered professional nurse, licensed by the West Virgin-46 ia board of examiners for registered professional nurses and employed by a county board of education, who has 47 completed either a two-year (sixty-four semester hours) or 48 a three-year (ninety-six semester hours) nursing program. 49

- 50 (e) "Service personnel" means those who serve the 51 school or schools as a whole, in a nonprofessional capaci-52 ty, including such areas as secretarial, custodial, mainte-53 nance, transportation, school lunch and as aides.
- 54 (f) "Principals academy" or "academy" means the 55 academy created pursuant to section two-b, article three-a 56 of this chapter.
- 57 (g) "Center for professional development" means the 58 center created pursuant to section one, article three-a of 59 this chapter.

# ARTICLE 3. TRAINING, CERTIFICATION, LICENSING, PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

## §18A-3-2c. Training through the principals academy.

- 1 (a) Principal training required. After the first day
  2 of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, and
  3 subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section,
  4 every principal shall complete a training program through
  5 the principals academy at least once every four years.
- 6 (b) Admission to academy. The academy and the persons attending such academy shall adhere to the following guidelines for admission to the academy:
- 10 time in a West Virginia school after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall complete training through the academy: *Provided*, That if training through the academy is scheduled to begin within ninety days from the date of assignment, such person may complete the next scheduled training through the academy;

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(2) All principals of schools which are designated by the state board as being on probationary status or as being seriously impaired, in accordance with section five, article two-e, chapter eighteen of this code, shall complete the next regularly scheduled training through the academy following the date of such designation: *Provided*, That if training through the academy is scheduled to begin within thirty days from the date of such designation, such princi-

pal may complete the next scheduled training through theacademy;

- (3) All principals who are subject to an improvement plan, in accordance with section twelve, article two of this chapter, shall complete the next regularly scheduled training through the academy: *Provided*, That if training through the academy is scheduled to begin within thirty days from the date the principal is first subject to the improvement plan, then such principal may complete the next scheduled training through the academy;
- (4) All principals who transfer to a school with a significantly different grade configuration shall complete the next regularly scheduled training through the academy: *Provided*, That if training through the academy is scheduled to begin within ninety days from the date such principal is transferred, then such principal may complete the next scheduled training through the academy; and
- (5) All persons serving as school principals who are not described in subdivisions (1) through (4) of this subsection shall complete training through the academy at least once every four years from and after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven.
- (c) Academy and attendance subject to funding. -The requirement that principals attend the academy shall be subject to the availability of funds for the principals academy from legislative appropriation or from other sources. If such funds are insufficient to provide for the total cost of admission to the academy for those required to complete training, then the academy shall admit the persons described in subdivisions (1) through (5), subsection (b) of this section according to the priority in which the subdivisions appear in said subsection. If such funds are insufficient to provide for the admission of all the persons described in one or more of subdivisions (1) through (5), subsection (b) of this section, the academy is authorized to determine which persons described within the said subdivision or subdivisions shall be admitted and which shall not be admitted: Provided, That the principals academy shall make every effort to ensure that all principals attend once every four years from and after the first

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64 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven: 65 Provided, however, That nothing in this section shall be 66 construed to require any specific level of funding by the 67 Legislature.

- (d) Principals standards advisory council. To assist the state board in the performance of the duties described in subsection (e) of this section, there is hereby created a "Principals Standards Advisory Council", which shall consist of nine persons, as follows: The executive director, or designee, of the center for professional development, who shall serve as the ex-officio chair; three principals, one from an elementary school, one from a middle school or a junior high school, and one from a high school, and one county school superintendent, nominated by the state board and appointed by the governor; two representatives from higher education who teach in principal preparation programs, nominated by the chancellor of the state university system and appointed by the governor; and two citizen representatives who are knowledgeable on issues addressed in this section, appointed by the governor. Of the initial appointments, three of the members appointed shall serve for a term of three years, three members shall serve for a term of two years, and two members shall serve for a term of one year. All successive appointments shall be for a term of three years. Members of the council who are public employees shall be granted release time from their employment for attending meetings of the council. Members may be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties by the center for professional development.
- (e) Establishment of standards. On or before the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the state board shall approve and promulgate rules regarding the minimum qualities, proficiencies and skills that will be required of principals after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven. The state board shall promulgate such rules after consultation with the principals standards advisory council created in subsection (d) of this section. The rule developed by the state board shall address at least the following:

- (1) Staff relations, including, but not limited to, the development and use of skills necessary to make a positive use of faculty senates, to manage faculty and staff with courtesy and mutual respect, coach and motivate employees and to build consensus as a means of management;
- (2) School community leadership qualities, including, but not limited to, the ability to organize and leverage community initiative, communicate effectively, work effectively with local school improvement councils, manage change, resolve conflict and reflect the highest personal values;
- (3) Educational proficiencies, including, but not limited to, knowledge of curriculum, instructional techniques, student learning styles, student assessment criteria, school personnel performance, evaluation skills and family issues; and
- (4) Administrative skills, including, but not limited to, organizational, fiscal, public policy and total quality management skills and techniques.
- (f) Waivers. Any person desiring to be relieved of the requirements of all or any part of this section may apply in writing to the state board for a waiver. Upon a showing of reasonable cause why relief should be granted, the state board may grant a waiver, upon such terms and conditions as the state board shall determine proper, as to all or any part of this section.
- (g) Failure to comply. Any person who fails or refuses to complete training through the academy, as required by the provisions of this section, and who fails to obtain a waiver, as described in subsection (f) of this section, shall be ineligible to be employed as, or serve in the capacity of, a principal.
- (h) Tracking of requirement. On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, the state board shall establish a system to track the progress of each person required to complete training through the academy and shall regularly advise such persons of their progress.

142 (i) Payment of reasonable and necessary expenses and 143 stipends. — The center for professional development may 144 reimburse persons attending the academy for reasonable 145 and necessary expenses. Additionally, any person whose 146 attendance occurs outside his or her employment term, as 147 defined in section fifteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code, may be entitled to a stipend to be determined by 148 149 and paid by the center for professional development: 150 Provided. That nothing in this section shall be construed

#### ARTICLE 3A. CENTER FOR PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

to require any specific level of funding by the Legislature.

§18A-3A-1. Center for professional development continued; intent; advisory council.

§18A-3A-2b. The principals academy.

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# §18A-3A-1. Center for professional development continued; intent; advisory council.

- 1 (a) Teaching is a profession that directly correlates to 2 the social and economic well-being of a society and its 3 citizens. Superior teaching is essential to a well educated 4 and productive populace. The intent of this article is to 5 recognize the value of professional involvement by experienced educators in building and maintaining a superior teaching force and to establish avenues for applying such 8 involvement.
- 9 In furtherance of this intent, the center for professional development is continued and reestablished. The gen-10 eral mission of the center is to study matters relating to the 11 12 quality of teaching and management in the schools of West Virginia and to promote the implementation of pro-13 grams and practices to assure the highest quality in teach-14 ing and management. The center shall also perform such 15 duties as are assigned to it by law. 16
- The center shall consist of nine persons as members:
  The secretary of education and the arts, ex officio; the
  state superintendent of schools, ex officio; one member of
  the state board of education, elected by the state board;
  two experienced educators, of whom one shall be a working classroom teacher, appointed by the governor by and
  with the advice and consent of the Senate; and four citi-

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24 zens of the state who are knowledgeable in matters rele-25 vant to the issues addressed by the center appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-27 ate. No two appointees shall be residents within the same region. The state superintendent of schools shall convene 29 the first meeting of the center to elect a chair, vice chair and secretary.

The election and appointment of members shall be made as soon as possible after the effective date of this section. Of the initial appointed members, three shall be appointed for two-year terms and four shall be appointed for four-year terms. All successive appointments shall be for four-year terms.

The center for professional development shall meet at least quarterly and the appointed members shall be reimbursed for reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such purposes upon submission of an itemized statement therefor.

The center may employ and fix the compensation of an executive director and such other persons as may be necessary to carry out the mission and duties of the center. When practical, personnel employed by state higher education agencies and state, regional and county public education agencies shall be made available to the center to assist in the operation of projects of limited duration.

The center shall contract with existing agencies or agencies created after the effective date of this section or others to provide training programs in the most efficient manner. Existing programs currently based in agencies of the state shall be continued in the agency of their origin unless the center establishes a compelling need to transfer or cancel the existing program. The center shall recommend to the governor the transfer of funds to the providing agency, if needed, to provide programs approved by the center.

(b) To assist the center for professional development in the performance of its duties related to teacher educa-

63 tion and professional development, there is continued an 64 advisory council on professional development which shall 65 consist of eleven persons as follows: An employee of the center who shall chair the advisory council; two shall be 66 67 professors or associate or assistant professors of teacher 68 education, one from a public institution and one from a 69 private institution of higher education in this state offering 70 programs leading to certification to teach in the public 71 schools of this state; two county school superintendents, 72 one of whom shall be from a district with a student enroll-73 ment above the statewide average and one of whom shall 74 be from a district with a student enrollment below such 75 average; two school principals, one of whom shall be from 76 a school including elementary grade levels and one of 77 whom shall be from a school including secondary grade 78 levels; and four professional instructional personnel, two 79 of whom shall be from a school including elementary 80 grade levels and two of whom shall be from a school in-81 cluding secondary grade levels. To the extent possible, 82 the principals and instructional personnel shall be appoint-83 ed from the members of county staff development councils. Except for the employee of the center, the members 84 85 shall be appointed jointly by the secretary of education and the arts and the state superintendent for two-year 86 87 terms which overlap so that one member from each of the 88 classes shall be appointed in each successive year, except 89 that two members from the professional instructional per-90 sonnel class shall be appointed in each successive year. 91 No two members of the council shall be from the same college or university or school district. Members of the 92 93 council shall be granted release time from their employ-94 ment for attending meetings of the council.

Pursuant to the provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code, the center for professional development and advisory council shall continue to exist until the first day of July, two thousand one.

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(c) On or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, the center for professional development shall develop and communicate to the state board a curriculum for the principals academy. The curriculum shall be based upon the minimum qualities,

- proficiencies and skills necessary for principals and recommended by the state board, pursuant to the terms of
- section two-c, article three of this chapter.
- (d) In accordance with section two-c, article three of this chapter, the center shall be responsible for paying reasonable and necessary expenses and any stipends for persons attending the principals academy: *Provided*, That nothing in this section shall be construed to require any
- 112 specific level of funding by the Legislature.

# §18A-3A-2b. The principals academy.

- There is hereby established within the center for professional development the "Principals Academy". Training through the principals academy shall include at least the
- 4 following:
- 5 (a) Training designed to build within principals the 6 minimum qualities, proficiencies and skills that will be 7 required of all principals pursuant to the rules of the state 8 board;
- 9 (b) Intensive summer training institutes; and
- 10 (c) Specialized training and professional development 11 programs for all principals, with special programs for the
- 12 following principals:
- 13 (1) Newly appointed principals;
- 14 (2) Principals of schools designated by the state board
- 15 as on probation or as seriously impaired;
- 16 (3) Principals subject to improvement plans; and
- 17 (4) Principals of schools with significantly different
- 18 grade level configurations.

## CHAPTER 18B. HIGHER EDUCATION.

#### ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

§18B-1-1e. Public education and higher education collaboration for the preparation of students for college and other post-secondary education.

- 1 (a) Purpose. The purpose of this section is as follows:
  - (1) To assist students in the planning and preparation for success in college and other post-secondary education if their education major interests require such formal education after high school;
  - (2) To establish the minimum expected level of knowledge, skill and competency a student must possess to be prepared fully for college and other post-secondary education at state institutions of higher education;
  - (3) To implement a method for communicating the minimum level of knowledge, skill and competency to students, parents, educators and counselors in the public schools, and admissions officers, advisors and faculty in the higher education institutions; and
  - (4) To assure that the teacher preparation programs in state institutions of higher education prepare educators to, at a minimum, deliver instruction necessary to prepare students fully for college and other post-secondary education or gainful employment consistent with the provisions of section eight, article two-e, chapter eighteen of this code.
  - (b) Joint rule. On or before the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the higher education governing boards shall promulgate a joint rule to achieve the purposes of subsection (a) of this section. In the development of such rule, the governing boards shall consult with the state board and the jobs through education employer panel, established pursuant to section eight, article two-e, chapter eighteen of this code, and shall collaborate with the state board in the establishment of compatible practices within their separate systems.
  - (c) Assessment of student readiness. To provide continuous assessment and program improvement in the preparation of high school students for success in college or other post-secondary education, the higher education governing boards shall communicate to the state board and the legislative oversight commission on education

39 accountability by the first day of December in each year. 40 beginning in December, one thousand nine hundred 41 ninety-seven, or as soon thereafter as the establishment of an electronic portfolio system permits, the number of 42 graduates from the public schools in the state by high 43 44 schools who were accepted in the last calendar year for 45 enrollment at each of the state institutions of higher edu-46 cation within one year of graduation, whose electronic portfolio indicated readiness for college or other 47 48 post-secondary education, and whose knowledge, skill and 49 competency were below the minimum expected levels for 50 full preparation as defined by the governing boards. The 51 governing boards also shall report the areas in which the 52 knowledge, skill and competency of the students were 53 below the minimum expected level. The state board shall provide information to each of the high schools of the 54 state for graduates from the high school. 55

# **CHAPTER 113**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4065—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section six, article two of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six-a and thirteen-h; to amend and reenact section nine-teen, article five of said chapter; to amend article nine-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; to amend and reenact section one-a, article five, chapter eighteen-a of said code; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-b, all relating to definitions of "career clusters", "work-based learning", "school-age juveniles" and "stu-

dent with a disability"; the state board of education's rulemaking authority for the accreditation, classification and standardization of the state's schools; the establishment of an electronic portfolio system; the sale of soft drinks in high schools and allocation of profits; the state board of education's policy-making authority for the approval of alternative education programs for disruptive students; the state board of education's and the department of health and human resources' responsibility for the provision of educational services for school-age juveniles who have been placed in residential facilities; the county boards of education's authority to expand school activities or to use school property for public meetings or other purposes; the state board of education's authority to distribute money to county boards of education to provide for alternative education programs; students' expulsion or suspension from the school or school bus, the notification procedures for certain pupil transfers; alternative procedures for expulsion hearings by county boards: and authority to employ hearing examiners.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section six, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, designated sections six-a and thirteen-h; that section nineteen, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that article nine-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; that section one-a, article five, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-b, all to read as follows:

# Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

#### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### Article

- 1. Defiitions; Limitations of Chapter; Goals for Education.
- 2. State Board of Education.

- 5. County Board of Education.
- 9A. Public School Support.

# ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS; LIMITATIONS OF CHAPTER; GOALS FOR EDUCATION.

#### \*§18-1-1. Definitions.

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- The following words used in this chapter and in any proceedings pursuant thereto shall, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as follows:
- 5 (a) "School" means the pupils and teacher or teachers 6 assembled in one or more buildings, organized as a unit;
  - (b) "District" means county school district;
- 8 (c) "State board" means the West Virginia board of education;
  - (d) "Board" means the county board of education;
- 11 (e) "State superintendent" means the state superinten-12 dent of free schools;
- 13 (f) "Superintendent" means the county superintendent 14 of schools:
- 15 (g) "Teacher" means teacher, supervisor, principal, superintendent, public school librarian; registered professional nurse, licensed by the West Virginia board of examiners for registered professional nurses and employed by a county board of education, who has a baccalaureate degree; or any other person regularly employed for instructional purposes in a public school in this state;
- 22 (h) "Service personnel" means all nonteaching school 23 employees not included in the above definition of "teach-24 er";
- 25 (i) "Regular full-time employee" means any person 26 employed by a county board of education who has a reg-27 ular position or job throughout his employment term, 28 without regard to hours or method of pay;
- 29 (j) "Career clusters" means broad groupings of related 30 occupations;

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 300 (Chapter 112), which passed prior to this act.

- 31 (k) "Work-based learning" means a structured activity
  32 that correlates with and is mutually supportive of the
  33 school-based learning of the student and includes specific
  34 objectives to be learned by the student as a result of the
  35 activity:
- 36 (1) "School-age juveniles" means any individual who is 37 entitled to attend or who, if not placed in a residential 38 facility, would be entitled to attend public schools, in ac-39 cordance with: (1) Section five, article two of this chapter; 40 (2) sections fifteen and eighteen, article five of this chap-41 ter; or (3) section one, article twenty of this chapter; and
- 42 (m) "Student with a disability" means an exceptional 43 child, other than gifted, pursuant to section one, article 44 twenty of this chapter.

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

- §18-2-6. Classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diploma; establishment of alternative education programs.
- §18-2-6a. Sale of soft drinks.
- §18-2-13h. Provision of educational services for school-age juveniles placed in residential facilities for custody and treatment.

# \*§18-2-6. Classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diploma; establishment of alternative education programs.

The state board shall make rules for the accreditation. 1 2 classification and standardization of all schools in the state, 3 except institutions of higher education, and shall deter-4 mine the minimum standards for the granting of diplomas 5 and certificates of proficiency by those schools. Not later than the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety-6 ninety-one, certificates of proficiency including specific 7 information regarding the graduate's skills, competence 8 and readiness for employment or honors and advanced 9 education shall be granted, along with the diploma, to 10 every eligible high school graduate. 11

No institution of less than collegiate or university status may grant any diploma or certificate of proficiency on any basis of work or merit below the minimum stan-

Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 300 (Chapter 112), which passed prior to this act.

15 dards prescribed by the state board.

 No charter or other instrument containing the right to issue diplomas or certificates of proficiency shall be granted by the state of West Virginia to any institution or other associations or organizations of less than collegiate or university status within the state until the condition of granting or issuing such diplomas or other certificates of proficiency has first been approved in writing by the state board.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, the requirement for granting certificates of proficiency shall be replaced by the requirement that information be provided on an electronic portfolio system established by the state board pursuant to section eight, article two-e of this chapter and issued to every high school graduate by the appropriate county board: *Provided*, That the requirements for granting certificates of proficiency shall be continued until such time as the electronic portfolio system has been made available to the county boards.

The state board also may establish policies and procedures for the approval of alternative education programs for disruptive students who are at risk of not succeeding in the traditional school structure. These policies and procedures may provide for the waiver of other policies of the state board, the establishment and delivery of a nontraditional curriculum, establishment of licensure requirements for alternative education program teachers, and the establishment of performance measures for school accreditation.

# §18-2-6a. Sale of soft drinks.

In order to generate funding for necessary programs and supplies, county boards may permit the sale of soft drinks in county high schools except during breakfast and lunch periods. The sale of such soft drinks shall be in compliance with the rules of the national school lunch program and the school breakfast program of the state board and the nutrition service of the United States depart-ment of agriculture, which became effective on the seven-teenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-

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- 10 five: Provided, That, if under such rules, the sale of soft
- 11 drinks shall become prohibited, such rules shall not pro-
- 12 hibit the sale of soft drinks in high schools in the state of
- 13 West Virginia. Seventy-five percent of the profits from
- 14 the sale of soft drinks shall be allocated by a majority vote
- 15 of the faculty senate of each school and twenty-five per-
- cent of the profits from the sale of soft drinks shall be 16
- allocated to the purchase of necessary supplies by the 17
- 18 principal of the school.

## §18-2-13h. Provision of educational services for school-age juveniles placed in residential facilities for custody and treatment.

- 1 (a) The state board of education and the department
- 2 of health and human resources are authorized to provide
- 3 for adequate and appropriate education opportunities for 4
- school-age juveniles placed in the following residential
- 5 facilities as a result of proceedings commenced under the
- 6 provisions of chapters twenty-seven and forty-nine of this
- 7 code: Davis-Stuart, Inc., located in Lewisburg, West Vir-
- ginia; the Elkins Mountain School, located in Elkins, West 8
- Virginia; the Abraxas Foundation of West Virginia, locat-9
- ed in Waverly, West Virginia; and the Barboursville 10
- School, located in Barboursville, West Virginia. 11
- (b) Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the 12 13 state board shall have the following authority: (1) To provide education programs and services for school-age juve-14 niles on the grounds of residential facilities, pursuant to 15 agreements with the department of health and human 16 17 resources and the licensed child-care agencies of such
- department; (2) to hire classroom teachers and other 18
- 19 school personnel necessary to provide adequate and appropriate education opportunities to these juveniles; and
- 20 (3) to provide education services for school-age juveniles 21
- 22 in residential facilities on a twelve-month basis.
  - (c) The department of health and human resources shall cooperate with the state board and the state superintendent in the establishment and maintenance of education programs authorized under this section. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the department of health and human resources shall provide, or cause to be provided,

- 29 adequate space and facilities for such education programs.
- 30 The state board shall not be required to construct, improve
- 31 or maintain any building, other improvement to real estate
- 32 or fixtures attached thereto at any residential facility for
- 33 the purpose of establishing and maintaining an education
- 34 program.
- 35 (d) The state board of education and the department
- 36 of health and human resources are authorized to enter into
- 37 agreements to provide adequate and appropriate education
- 38 opportunities for school-age juveniles who are placed in
- 39 residential facilities other than the facilities identified in
- 40 this section.

### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

## §18-5-19. Night schools and other school extension activities; use of school property for public meetings, etc.

County boards shall have authority to establish and 1 maintain evening classes or night schools, continuation or 2

3 part-time day schools, alternative schools, and vocational 4

schools, wherever practicable to do so, and shall admit thereto adult persons and all other persons, including

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- persons of foreign birth. County boards may admit 6 7 school-age children and youth to these classes or schools
- 8 under the circumstances prescribed by a state board of
- 9 education policy governing alternative education pro-
- 10 grams. County boards shall have authority to use school
- 11 funds for the financial support of such schools and to use
- 12 the schoolhouses and their equipment for such purposes.
- 13 Any such classes of schools shall be conducted in accor-
- 14 dance with the rules of the state board.

15 County boards shall have authority to provide for the

16 free, comfortable and convenient use of any school prop-

- 17 erty to promote and facilitate frequent meetings and asso-
- 18 ciations of the people for discussion, study, recreation and
- 19 other community activities, and may secure, assemble and
- house material for use in the study of farm, home and 20
- community problems, and may provide facilities for the 21
- dissemination of information useful on the farm, in the 22
- home or in the community. 23

#### ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

# §18-9A-21. Funding for alternative education programs.

1 For the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one 2 thousand nine hundred ninety-six, an appropriation may 3 be made to the state department to be distributed to coun-4 ty boards for the operation of alternative education pro-5 grams established in accordance with policies and proce-6 dures adopted by the state board under section six, article 7 two of this chapter: Provided, That nothing in this section 8 shall be construed to require any specific level of funding by the Legislature: Provided, however, That ninety percent 9 10 of any appropriation which may be made for the purposes 11 set forth in this section shall be distributed to county 12 boards on the basis of net enrollment and ten percent of 13 this appropriation shall be distributed on a competitive 14 basis to county boards for the operation of pilot or innovative alternative education programs. Each county board 15 16 shall apply to the state superintendent for receipt of its 17 share of the distribution in the manner set forth by the state superintendent which is consistent with the policies 18 and procedures adopted by the state board for the estab-19 lishment and maintenance of alternative education pro-20 21 grams.

#### CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

#### ARTICLE 5. AUTHORITY; RIGHTS; RESPONSIBILITY.

- §18A-5-1a. Possessing deadly weapons on premises of educational facilities; possessing a controlled substance on premises of educational facilities; assaults and batteries committed by pupils upon teachers or other school personnel; temporary suspension, hearing; procedure, notice and formal hearing; extended suspension; sale of narcotic; expulsion; exception.
- §18A-5-1b. Alternative procedures for expulsion hearings by county boards.
- §18A-5-1a. Possessing deadly weapons on premises of educational facilities; possessing a controlled substance on premises of educational facilities; assaults and batteries committed by pupils upon teachers or other school personnel; temporary suspension, hearing; procedure, notice and formal hearing; extended suspension; sale of narcotic; expulsion; exception.

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(a) A principal shall suspend a pupil from school or from transportation to or from the school on any school bus if the pupil, in the determination of the principal, after an informal hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, has: (i) Violated the provisions of subsection (b), section fifteen, article two, chapter sixty-one of this code; (ii) violated the provisions of subsection (b), section eleven-a, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code; or (iii) sold a narcotic drug, as defined in section one hundred one, article one, chapter sixty-a of this code, on the premises of an educational facility, at a school-sponsored 12 function or on a school bus. If a student has been sus-13 pended pursuant to this subsection, the principal shall, 14 within twenty-four hours, request that the county superin-15 tendent recommend to the county board that the student 16 be expelled. Upon such a request by a principal, the coun-17 ty superintendent shall recommend to the county board 18 that the student be expelled. Upon such recommendation, 19 the county board shall conduct a hearing in accordance 20 with subsections (e) and (f) of this section to determine if 21 the student committed the alleged violation. If the county 22 board of education finds that the student did commit the 23 alleged violation, the county board of education shall 24 expel the student.

(b) A principal shall suspend a pupil from school, or from transportation to or from the school on any school bus, if the pupil, in the determination of the principal after an informal hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, has: (i) Committed an act or engaged in conduct that would constitute a felony under the laws of this state if committed by an adult; or (ii) unlawfully possessed on the premises of an educational facility or at a school-sponsored function a controlled substance governed by the Uniform Controlled Substances Act as described in chapter sixty-a of this code. If a student has been suspended pursuant to this subsection, the principal may request that the superintendent recommend to the county board that the student be expelled. Upon such recommendation by the county superintendent, the county board may hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of this section to determine if the student com42 mitted the alleged violation. If the county board finds that 43 the student did commit the alleged violation, the county 44 board may expel the student.

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- (c) A principal may suspend a pupil from school, or transportation to or from the school on any school bus, if the pupil, in the determination of the principal after an informal hearing pursuant to subsection (d) of this section: (i) Threatened to injure, or in any manner injured, a pupil, teacher, administrator or other school personnel: (ii) willfully disobeyed a teacher; (iii) possessed alcohol in an educational facility, on school grounds, a school bus or at any school-sponsored function; (iv) used profane language directed at a school employee or pupil; (v) intentionally defaced any school property; (vi) participated in any physical altercation with another person while under the authority of school personnel; or (vii) habitually violated school rules or policies. If a student has been suspended pursuant to this subsection, the principal may request that the superintendent recommend to the county board that the student be expelled. Upon such recommendation by the county superintendent, the county board may hold a hearing in accordance with the provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of this section to determine if the student committed the alleged violation. If the county board finds that the student did commit the alleged violation, the county board may expel the student.
- (d) The actions of any pupil which may be grounds for his or her suspension or expulsion under the provisions of this section shall be reported immediately to the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled. If the principal determines that the alleged actions of the pupil would be grounds for suspension, he or she shall conduct an informal hearing for the pupil immediately after the alleged actions have occurred. The hearing shall be held before the pupil is suspended unless the principal believes that the continued presence of the pupil in the school poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, in which case the pupil shall be suspended immediately and a hearing held as soon as practicable after the suspension.

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The pupil and his or her parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s), as the case may be, shall be given telephonic notice, if possible, of this informal hearing, which notice shall briefly state the grounds for suspension.

At the commencement of the informal hearing, the principal shall inquire of the pupil as to whether he or she admits or denies the charges. If the pupil does not admit the charges, he or she shall be given an explanation of the evidence possessed by the principal and an opportunity to present his or her version of the occurrence. At the conclusion of the hearing or upon the failure of the noticed student to appear, the principal may suspend the pupil for a maximum of ten school days, including the time prior to the hearing, if any, for which the pupil has been excluded from school.

The principal shall report any suspension the same day it has been decided upon, in writing, to the parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s) of the pupil by certified mail, return receipt requested: *Provided*, That certified mail is not required if one or both of the parents, guardians, or custodians of the pupil are present at the time the suspension is decided upon, or if any one of them acknowledges receipt of the report by signing and dating a copy of the report. The suspension also shall be reported to the county superintendent and to the faculty senate of the school at the next meeting after the suspension.

- (e) Prior to a hearing before the county board, the county board shall cause a written notice, which states the charges and the recommended disposition, to be served upon the pupil and his or her parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s), as the case may be. Such notice shall set forth a date and time at which such hearing shall be held, which date shall be within the ten-day period of suspension imposed by the principal.
- (f) The county board shall hold the scheduled hearing to determine if the pupil should be reinstated or should, or under the provisions of this section, must be expelled from school. At this hearing the pupil may be represented by counsel, may call his or her own witnesses to verify his or her version of the incident and may con-

123 front and cross-examine witnesses supporting the charge 124 against him or her. The hearing shall be recorded by me-125 chanical means, unless recorded by a certified court re-126 porter. The hearing may be postponed for good cause 127 shown by the pupil but he or she shall remain under suspension until after the hearing. The state board may adopt 128 129 other supplementary rules of procedure to be followed in 130 these hearings. At the conclusion of the hearing the coun-131 ty board either shall order the pupil reinstated immediate-132 ly or at the end of his or her initial suspension or shall 133 suspend the pupil for a further designated number of days 134 or shall expel the pupil from the public schools of such 135 county.

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- (g) Pupils may be expelled pursuant to the provisions of this section for a period not to exceed one school year. except that if a pupil is determined to have violated the provisions of subsection (a) of this section the pupil shall be expelled for a period of not less than twelve consecutive months: Provided. That the county superintendent may lessen the mandatory period of twelve consecutive months for the expulsion of the pupil if the circumstances of the pupil's case demonstrably warrant. Upon the reduction of the period of expulsion, the county superintendent shall prepare a written statement setting forth the circumstances of the pupil's case which warrant the reduction of the period of expulsion. The county superintendent shall submit the statement to the county board, the principal, the faculty senate and the local school improvement council for the school from which the pupil was expelled.
- (h) Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this section, if a pupil has been classified as a student with a disability, prior to performing the actions giving rise to this section, special consideration shall be given to such pupil as hereinafter provided:
- (1) Regardless of whether or not the misconduct is the proximate result of the disability of a student, a student with a disability may be suspended immediately for up to ten consecutive days for each occurrence of misconduct or when it is necessary for the protection of the student, the protection of school personnel, or the protection of

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- 164 (2) If the misconduct is found to be the proximate 165 result of the disability of the student, then, subject to the 166 provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the student 167 may not be suspended or expelled for more than ten consecutive days for each occurrence of misconduct or for 168 169 each occurrence when it is necessary for the protection of 170 the student, the protection of school personnel, or the 171 protection of other students:
  - (3) A student with a disability who has committed a violation involving the possession of a firearm, as defined in section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code, on the school premises or at a school-sponsored function may be placed in an alternative educational setting by the individualized education program committee, as described in section one, article twenty, chapter eighteen of this code, for a period of not more than forty-five calendar days. During this time, if a parent, guardian, or custodian requests a due process hearing to contest placement of the student, the student shall remain in the alternative education setting during the pendency of any proceeding, unless the parents and the county board agree otherwise. At the conclusion of the proceeding, if it is determined that the student with a disability committed a violation involving the possession of a firearm and the violation is not the proximate result of the disability of the student, the student with a disability shall be expelled from school for the period set forth in the applicable provisions of this section: Provided, That special education and related services must be provided during this additional period of expulsion;
    - (4) If the behavior giving rise to the violation or activity is not the proximate result of the disability of the student, a student with a disability who has committed a violation involving the possession of a deadly weapon, as defined in section two, article seven, chapter sixty-one of this code, other than a firearm, or who has committed a violation or has engaged in any other activity for which suspension or expulsion is a punishment under the provisions of this article, shall be suspended or expelled from school in the manner described in this section. In addition, special

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240 241 education and related services must be provided during the period of a suspension or expulsion exceeding ten days; and

- 206 (5) If the student with a disability has been suspended, 207 and it is determined that the misconduct is the proximate 208 result of the disability of the student, it is recommended 209 that school officials determine whether the student is re-210 ceiving appropriate instructional and related services in the 211 current placement. In addition, the violations may be ad-212 dressed through strategies, including, but not limited to, 213 the following: (i) Conflict management and behavior management strategies which are not inconsistent with the 214 215 individualized education program of the student; (ii) stu-216 dent and teacher training initiatives which are not inconsis-217 tent with the individualized education program of the 218 student; (iii) an initiation by professional educators, at any 219 time, of a change in the placement of the student through 220 an individualized education program meeting to be held 221 within twenty-one days, subject to the applicable proce-222 dural safeguards; and (iv) an initiation of a court order to 223 remove the student from school, if there is belief that maintaining the student in the current educational place-224 225 ment is substantially likely to cause injury to the student 226 or others.
- 227 (i) In all hearings under this section, facts shall be 228 found by a preponderance of the evidence.
  - (j) For purposes of this section, nothing herein shall be construed to be in conflict with the federal provisions of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of 1990 (PL 101-476).
  - (k) If a pupil transfers to another school in West Virginia, the principal of the school from which the pupil transfers shall provide a written record of any disciplinary action taken against the pupil to the principal of the school to which the pupil transfers.
  - (1) Principals may exercise any other authority and perform any other duties to discipline pupils consistent with state and federal law, including policies of the state board of education.

## §18A-5-1b. Alternative procedures for expulsion hearings by county boards.

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The county boards may employ a hearing examiner 2 to conduct the expulsion hearings required by this article. The hearing examiner shall be an attorney, duly licensed 4 to practice law in the state of West Virginia and shall not be employed by the state or county boards for any other reason.

7 The hearing examiner shall conduct hearings in com-8 pliance with the guidelines of section one-a of this article. All hearings shall be recorded by mechanical means, un-9 10 less recorded by a certified court reporter. The hearing 11 examiner shall issue a decision and written findings of fact 12 and conclusions of law within five days of the conclusion of the hearing. Hearings by a hearing examiner shall have 13 14 the same force and effect as a decision made by a county board. Upon the written request of a parent, guardian, or 15 16 custodian of the student, or the county superintendent, the 17 county board shall review the decision of the hearing 18 examiner. Within ten calendar days from the date of the 19 request of the review, the county board shall enter an or-20 der affirming, reversing, or modifying the decision of the 21 hearing examiner. A county board may, in its own discre-22 tion, hold a hearing to determine any issues in question.

The authority of the county superintendent shall be 23 24 the same as contained in section one-a of this article.

# CHAPTER 114

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 104—By Senators Miller, Wagner, Bowman, Bailey, Boley, Buckalew, Kimble, Minear, Plymale, Deem, Schoonover, Blatnik and Love)

[Passed February 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section three, article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a; and to amend and reenact sections two and four of said article, all relating to eliminating the statewide testing of educational

progress program (WV-STEP); creating a new section requiring the state board of education to recommend an assessment program and report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability; creating an advisory council for the purpose of consulting with the state board and state superintendent regarding the recommendation of the assessment program; providing an option for teachers to administer the WV-STEP test in the 1995-96 school year; and renaming section two of said article to retain the requirement of the national assessment of educational progress program testing.

# Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article two-e, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be repealed; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section one-a; and that sections two and four of said article be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

- §18-2E-1a. Recommendation of assessment program; advisory council established.
- §18-2E-2. National assessment of educational progress program testing.
- §18-2E-4. Better schools accountability; school, school district and state-wide school report cards.

# §18-2E-1a. Recommendation of assessment program; advisory council established.

- 1 (a) In order to further the purposes of this article, the state board shall recommend to the legislative oversight 2 commission on education accountability an assessment 4 program for the measurement of the educational progress of public school students in attaining a high quality edu-5 6 cation. A model of such program shall be presented to the legislative oversight commission on education ac-7 countability on or before the first day of November, one 8 thousand nine hundred ninety-six. 9
- 10 (b) An advisory council is hereby established for the 11 purpose of consulting with and advising the state superin-12 tendent of schools and the state board of education re-13 garding the establishment of the assessment program men-14 tioned in subsection (a) of this section. Members of the

- 15 council shall be appointed by the state superintendent and
- shall include the following: Two county superintendents,
- 17 two school principals, three classroom teachers, and two
- 18 members of the public at large who are also members of
- 19 local school improvement councils. Upon recommenda-
- 20 tion of the assessment program to the legislative oversight
- 21 commission on education accountability by the state
- 22 board, the advisory council shall be terminated.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent any teacher from administering the statewide testing of educational progress program (WV-STEP) during the school year of one thousand nine hundred ninety-five—ninety-six: *Provided*, That the cost of duplicating the test and all other related expenses shall be borne by the state board of education.

# §18-2E-2. National assessment of educational progress program testing.

Beginning in the school year one thousand nine hundred ninety—ninety-one, and continuing thereafter, national assessment of educational progress program tests shall be administered in academic areas at the various grades designated by the national assessment of educational progress officials to provide comparisons of West Virginia students to a national sample.

# \*§18-2E-4. Better schools accountability; school, school district and statewide school report cards.

(a) For the purpose of providing information to the 1 parents of public school children and the general public on the quality of education in the public schools which is 4 uniform and comparable between schools within and 5 among the various school districts, the state board shall 6 prepare forms for school, school district and statewide 7 school report cards and shall promulgate rules concerning the collection and reporting of data and the preparation, 8 printing and distribution of report cards under this sec-9 tion. The forms shall provide for brief, concise reporting 10 in nontechnical language of required information. Any 11 technical or explanatory material a county board wishes to 12 13 include shall be contained in a separate appendix available to the general public upon request.

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by S. B. 300 (Chapter 112), which passed subsequent to this act.

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- 15 (b) The school report cards shall include:
  - (1) The following indicators of student performance at the school in comparison with the county, state, regional and national student performance, as applicable: School attendance rates; the percent of students not promoted to next grade; the graduation rate; and student mobility (turnover shown as a percent of transfers out and a percent of transfers in); and
  - (2) The following indicators of school performance in comparison with the aggregate of all other schools in the county and the state, as applicable: Average class size: percent of enrollments in courses in high school mathematics, science, English and social science; amount of time per day devoted to mathematics, science, English and social science at middle, junior high and high school grade levels; percent of enrollments in college preparatory, general education and vocational education programs: pupil-teacher ratio; number of exceptions to pupil-teacher ratio requested by the county board and the number of exceptions granted; the number of split-grade classrooms; pupil-administrator ratio; operating expenditure per pupil; county expenditure by fund in graphic display; and the average degree classification and years of experience of the administrators and teachers at the school:
  - (3) Every county board of education shall annually determine the number of administrators, classroom teachers and service personnel employed that exceeds the number allowed by the public school support plan and determine the amount of salary supplements that would be available per state authorized employee if all expenditures for the excess employees were converted to annual salaries for state authorized administrators, classroom teachers and service personnel within their county. The information shall be published annually in each school report card of each such county.
  - (c) The school district report card shall include the data for each school for each separately listed applicable indicator and the aggregate of the data for all schools, as applicable, in the county for each indicator. The statewide school report card shall include the data for each county

for each separately listed indicator and the aggregate for
 all counties for each indicator.

(d) The report cards shall be prepared using actual local school, county, state, regional and national data indicating the present performance of the school and shall also include the state norms and the upcoming year's targets for the school and the county board.

The state board shall provide technical assistance to each county board in preparing the school and school district report cards.

Each school district board shall prepare report cards in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this section. The school district report cards shall be presented at a regular school board meeting subject to applicable notice requirements and shall be made available to a newspaper of general circulation serving the district. The school report cards shall be mailed directly to the parent or parents of any child enrolled in that school. In addition, each county board shall submit the completed report cards to the state board which shall make copies available to any person requesting them.

The report cards shall be completed and disseminated prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, and in each year thereafter, and shall be based upon information for the current school year, or for the most recent school year for which the information is available, in which case the year shall be clearly footnoted.

(e) In addition to the requirements of subsection (c) of this section, the school district report card shall list: (1) The names of the members of the district school board, the dates upon which their terms expire and whether they have attended an orientation program for new members approved by the state board and conducted by the West Virginia school board association or other approved organizations, and other school board member training programs; and (2) the names of the district school superintendent and every assistant and associate superintendent and any training programs related to their area of school administration which they have attended. The information

- 94 shall also be reported by district in the statewide school95 report card.
- 96 (f) The state board shall develop and implement a 97 separate report card for nontraditional public schools 98 pursuant to the appropriate provisions of this section to 99 the extent practicable.



# **CHAPTER 115**

(H. B. 4663—By Delegates Kiss, Browning, Compton, Doyle, Mezzatesta, Border and Miller)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article nine-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen: to amend and reenact sections three, six and fifteen, article nine-d of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all relating to the authority of county boards of education generally; allowance for county transfers; powers of the school building authority; savings from issuance of refunding bonds: school building capital improvements fund in the state treasury; school construction fund in state treasury; school building debt service fund in the state treasury; school improvement fund in the state treasury; collections to be paid into special funds; authority to pledge such collections as security for refunding revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis; and distribution of money by the school building authority.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, be amended and reenacted; that article nine-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fourteen; that sections three, six and fifteen, article nine-d of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section four-a, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 5. County Board of Education.
- 9A. Public School Support.
- 9D. School Building Authority.

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

## §18-5-13. Authority of boards generally.

The boards, subject to the provisions of this chapter and the rules of the state board, has authority:

- 3 (1) To control and manage all of the schools and 4 school interests for all school activities and upon all school 5 property, whether owned or leased by the county, includ-6 ing the authority to require that records be kept of all 7 receipts and disbursements of all funds collected or re-8 ceived by any principal, teacher, student or other person in 9 connection with the schools and school interests, any programs, activities or other endeavors of any nature operated 10 11 or carried on by or in the name of the school, or any organization or body directly connected with the school, to 12 13 audit the records and to conserve the funds, which shall be 14 considered quasi-public moneys, including securing surety bonds by expenditure of board moneys; 15
- 16 (2) To establish schools, from preschool through high 17 school, inclusive of vocational schools; and to establish 18 schools and programs, or both, for post high school in-19 struction, subject to approval of the state board of educa-20 tion;
- 21 (3) To close any school which is unnecessary and to 22 assign the pupils of the school to other schools: *Provided*, 23 That the closing shall be officially acted upon and teach-24 ers and service personnel involved notified on or before 25 the first Monday in April, in the same manner as provided 26 in section four of this article, except in an emergency,

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- subject to the approval of the state superintendent, or under subdivision (5) of this section;
- 29 (4) To consolidate schools;
- 30 (5) To close any elementary school whose average daily attendance falls below twenty pupils for two months in succession and send the pupils to other schools in the district or to schools in adjoining districts. If the teachers in the closed school are not transferred or reassigned to other schools, they shall receive one month's salary;
  - (6) (a) To provide at public expense adequate means of transportation, including transportation across county lines, for all children of school age who live more than two miles distance from school by the nearest available road; to provide at public expense and according to such rules as the board may establish, adequate means of transportation for school children participating in board-approved curricular and extracurricular activities; and to provide in addition thereto at public expense, by rules and within the available revenues, transportation for those within two miles distance; to provide in addition thereto, at no cost to the board and according to rules established by the board, transportation for participants in projects operated, financed, sponsored or approved by the commission on aging: Provided, That all costs and expenses incident in any way to transportation for projects connected with the commission on aging shall be borne by the commission, or the local or county chapter of the commission: Provided, however. That in all cases the school buses owned by the board of education shall be driven or operated only by drivers regularly employed by the board of education: Provided further. That the county board may provide. under rules established by the state board, for the certification of professional employees as drivers of board-owned vehicles with a seating capacity of less than ten passengers used for the transportation of pupils for school-sponsored activities other than transporting students between school and home: And provided further, That the use of the vehicles shall be limited to one for each school-sponsored activity: And provided further, That buses shall be used for extracurricular activities as provided in this section only

- when the insurance provided for by this section is in effect;
- (b) To enter into agreements with one another to provide, on a cooperative basis, adequate means of transportation across county lines for children of school age subject to the conditions and restrictions of subdivisions (6) and (8) of this section;

- (7) (a) To lease school buses operated only by drivers regularly employed by the board to public and private nonprofit organizations or private corporations to transport school-age children to and from camps or educational activities in accordance with rules established by the board. All costs and expenses incurred by or incidental to the transportation of the children shall be borne by the lessee;
- (b) To contract with any college or university or officially recognized campus organizations to provide transportation for college or university students, faculty or staff to and from the college or university: *Provided*, That only college and/or university students, faculty and staff are being transported. The contract shall include consideration and compensation for bus operators, repairs and other costs of service, insurance and any rules concerning student behavior;
- (8) To provide at public expense for insurance against the negligence of the drivers of school buses, trucks or other vehicles operated by the board; and if the transportation of pupils is contracted, then the contract for the transportation shall provide that the contractor shall carry insurance against negligence in an amount specified by the board;
- (9) To provide solely from county funds for all regular full-time employees of the board all or any part of the cost of a group plan or plans of insurance coverage not provided or available under the West Virginia public employees insurance act;
- 103 (10) To employ teacher aides, to provide in-service training for teacher aides, the training to be in accordance

- with rules of the state board and, in the case of service personnel assuming duties as teacher aides in exceptional children programs, to provide a four-clock-hour program of training prior to the assignment which shall, in accordance with rules of the state board, consist of training in areas specifically related to the education of exceptional children:
- (11) To establish and conduct a self-supporting dormitory for the accommodation of the pupils attending a high school or participating in a post high school program and of persons employed to teach in the high school or post high school program;
- 117 (12) To employ legal counsel;

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- 118 (13) To provide appropriate uniforms for school ser-119 vice personnel;
- 120 (14) To provide at public expense and under rules as 121 established by any county board of education for the 122 payment of traveling expenses incurred by any person 123 invited to appear to be interviewed concerning possible 124 employment by the county board of education;
- 125 (15) To allow or disallow their designated employees 126 to use publicly provided carriage to travel from their resi-127 dences to their workplace and return: *Provided*, That the 128 usage is subject to the supervision of the board and is 129 directly connected with and required by the nature and in 130 the performance of the employee's duties and responsibili-131 ties;
- 132 (16) To provide, at public expense, adequate public 133 liability insurance, including professional liability insur-134 ance for board employees;
  - (17) To enter into agreements with one another to provide, on a cooperative basis, improvements to the instructional needs of each county. The cooperative agreements may be used to employ specialists in a field of academic study or support functions or services, for the academic study. The agreements are subject to approval by the state board of education;

- 142 (18) To provide information about vocational or high-143 er education opportunities to students with handicapping 144 conditions. The board shall provide in writing to the stu-145 dents and their parents or guardians information relating 146 to programs of vocational education and to programs 147 available at state funded institutions of higher education. 148 The information may include sources of available fund-149 ing, including grants, mentorships and loans for students 150 who wish to attend classes at institutions of higher educa-151 tion: and
- 152 (19) To enter into agreements with one another, with 153 the approval of the state board, for the transfer and receipt 154 of any and all funds determined to be fair when students 155 are permitted or required to attend school in a county 156 other than the county of their residence.
- "Quasi-public funds" as used in this section means any money received by any principal, teacher, student or other person for the benefit of the school system as a result of curricular or noncurricular activities.
- The board of each county shall expend under rules it establishes for each child an amount not to exceed the proportion of all school funds of the district that each child would be entitled to receive if all the funds were distributed equally among all the children of school age in the district upon a per capita basis.

#### ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

## §18-9A-14. Allowance for county transfers.

In order to encourage county boards to utilize fully their facilities and to provide county boards with fiscal 2 flexibility, county boards that agree to transfer students to 3 another county pursuant to an agreement approved by the 4 state board after the effective date of this article, pursuant to subsection (19), section thirteen, article five, chapter eighteen of this code, shall forward in the year in which 7 the transfers occur to the receiving county the amount agreed upon in the agreement, not to exceed the per pupil allocation in the state aid formula. Subject to appropria-10 tions by the Legislature, funds equal to the agreed upon 11 amount will be provided to the county which transfers 12

- 13 students as an allowance for facility efficiency in the year
- 14 in which the transfers occur. Subject to appropriations by
- 15 the Legislature, for the first year after the transfers occur,
- 16 the county board shall receive one-half the amount pro-
- 17 vided for in the agreement. Subject to appropriations by
- 18 the Legislature, for the second year after the transfers
- 19 occur, the county board shall receive one-fourth the
- 20 amount provided for in the agreement. If professional or
- 21 service personnel obtain full-time employment pursuant to
- 22 the terms of section eight-i, article four, chapter eighteen-a
- 23 of this code, then the state board shall deduct an appropri-
- 24 ate amount from the funds to be received pursuant to this
- 25 section.

#### ARTICLE 9D. SCHOOL BUILDING AUTHORITY.

- §18-9D-3. Powers of authority.
- §18-9D-4a. Savings from issuance of refunding bonds.
- §18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; school construction fund in state treasury; school building debt service fund in state treasury; school improvement fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special funds; authority to pledge such collections as security for refunding revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.
- §18-9D-15. Legislative intent; distribution of money.

## §18-9D-3. Powers of authority.

- 1 The school building authority has the power:
- 2 (1) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded;
- 3 (2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- 4 (3) To contract to acquire and to acquire, in the name of the authority by purchase, lease-purchase not to exceed
- 6 a term of twenty-five years, or otherwise, real property or
- 7 rights or easements necessary or convenient for its corpo-
- 8 rate purposes and to exercise the power of eminent do-
- 9 main to accomplish those purposes;
- 10 (4) To acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal 11 property for its corporate purposes;
- 12 (5) To make bylaws for the management and rule of 13 its affairs;

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(6) To appoint, contract with and employ attorneys, bond counsel, accountants, construction and financial experts, underwriters, financial advisers, trustees, managers, officers and such other employees and agents as may be necessary in the judgment of the authority and to fix their compensation: Provided. That contracts entered into by the school building authority in connection with the issuance of bonds under this article to provide professional and technical services, including, without limitation, accounting, actuarial, underwriting, consulting, trustee, bond counsel, legal services and contracts relating to the purchase or sale of bonds are subject to the provisions of 2.5 article three, chapter five-a of this code: Provided, howev-26 er, That notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, any authority of the attorney general of this state relating 28 29 to the review of contracts and other documents to effectuate the issuance of bonds under this article shall be exclu-30 sively limited to the form of the contract and document: 31 32 Provided further, That the attorney general of this state 33 shall complete all reviews of contracts and documents 34 relating to the issuance of bonds under this article within ten calendar days of receipt of the contract and document 35 36 for review:

- (7) To make contracts and to execute all instruments necessary or convenient to effectuate the intent of and to exercise the powers granted to it by this article;
- (8) To renegotiate all contracts entered into by it whenever, due to a change in situation, it appears to the authority that its interests will be best served;
- (9) To acquire by purchase, eminent domain or otherwise all real property or interests in the property necessary or convenient to accomplish the purposes of this article;
- (10) To require proper maintenance and insurance of 46 any project authorized under this section;
- (11) To charge rent for the use of all or any part of a 48 project or buildings at any time financed, constructed, 49 acquired or improved, in whole or in part, with the reve-50 51 nues of the authority;

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- 52 (12) To assist any county board of education that 53 chooses to acquire land, buildings and capital improve-54 ments to existing school buildings and property for use as 55 public school facilities, by lease from a private or public 56 lessor for a term not to exceed twenty-five years with an 57 option to purchase pursuant to an investment contract with 58 the lessor on such terms and conditions as may be deter-59 mined to be in the best interests of the authority, the state 60 board of education and the county board of education, 61 consistent with the purposes of this article, by transferring 62 funds to the state board of education as provided in sub-63 section (d), section fifteen of this article for the use of the 64 county board of education:
  - (13) To accept and expend any gift, grant, contribution, bequest or endowment of money to, or for the benefit of, the authority, from the state of West Virginia or any other source for any or all of the purposes specified in this article or for any one or more of such purposes as may be specified in connection with the gift, grant, contribution, bequest or endowment;
  - (14) To enter on any lands and premises for the purpose of making surveys, soundings and examinations;
  - (15) To contract for architectural, engineering or other professional services considered necessary or economical by the authority to provide consultative or other services to the authority or to any regional educational service agency or county board requesting professional services offered by the authority, to evaluate any facilities plan or any project encompassed in the plan, to inspect existing facilities or any project that has received or may receive funding from the authority, or to perform any other service considered by the authority to be necessary or economical. Assistance to the region or district may include the development of preapproved systems, plans, designs, models or documents; advice or oversight on any plan or project; or any other service that may be efficiently provided to regional educational service agencies or county boards by the authority;
- 90 (16) To provide funds on an emergency basis to re-91 pair or replace property damaged by fire, flood, wind,

- 92 storm, earthquake or other natural occurrence, the funds 93 to be made available in accordance with guidelines of the 94 school building authority;
- 95 (17) To transfer moneys to custodial accounts main-96 tained by the school building authority with a state finan-97 cial institution from the school construction fund and the 98 school improvement fund created in the state treasury 99 pursuant to the provisions of section six of this article, as 100 necessary to the performance of any contracts executed 101 by the school building authority in accordance with the 102 provisions of this article;
- 103 (18) To enter into agreements with county boards and persons, firms or corporations to facilitate the develop-104 105 ment of county board projects and county board facilities plans. The county board participating in an agreement 106 shall pay at least twenty-five percent of the cost of the 107 108 agreement. Nothing in this section shall be construed to 109 supersede, limit or impair the authority of county boards to develop and prepare their projects or plans; and 110
- 111 (19) To do all things necessary or convenient to carry 112 out the powers given in this article.

## §18-9D-4a. Savings from issuance of refunding bonds.

- Any aggregate savings resulting from the issuance of refunding bonds pursuant to section four of this article shall be retained by the school building authority. Any savings shall be utilized solely for the construction and maintenance of schools and may not be used to fund administrative costs of the authority.
- §18-9D-6. School building capital improvements fund in state treasury; school construction fund in state treasury; school building debt service fund in state treasury; school improvement fund in state treasury; collections to be paid into special funds; authority to pledge such collections as security for refunding revenue bonds; authority to finance projects on a cash basis.
  - 1 (a) There is continued in the state treasury a school 2 building capital improvements fund to be expended by 3 the authority as provided in this article. The school build-

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ing capital improvements fund shall be an interest bearing account with interest credited to and deposited in the 6 school building capital improvements fund and expended in accordance with the provisions of this article.

8 The school building authority has authority to pledge 9 all or such part of the revenues paid into the school build-10 ing capital improvements fund as may be needed to meet 11 the requirements of any revenue bond issue or issues au-12 thorized by this article prior to the twentieth day of July. 13 one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, or revenue 14 bonds issued to refund revenue bonds issued prior to that 15 date, including the payment of principal of, interest and 16 redemption premium, if any, on the revenue bonds and 17 the establishing and maintaining of a reserve fund or 18 funds for the payment of the principal of, interest and 19 redemption premium, if any, on the revenue bond issue or 20 issues when other moneys pledged may be insufficient for 21 the payment of the principal, interest and redemption 22 premium, including such additional protective pledge of 23 revenues as the authority in its discretion has provided by 24 resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in any 25 trust agreement made in connection with the bond issue. 26 The authority may further provide in the resolution and 27 in the trust agreement for such priorities on the revenues 28 paid into the school building capital improvements fund 29 as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights 30 of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the 31 provisions of this article.

Any balance remaining in the school building capital improvements fund after the authority has issued bonds authorized by this article, and after the requirements of all funds including reserve funds established in connection with the bonds issued prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, pursuant to this article have been satisfied, may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds issued under this article which by their terms are then redeemable, or for the purchase of the bonds at the market price, but not exceeding the price, if any, at which the bonds are in the same year redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall immediately be canceled and shall not again be issued.

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The school building authority, in its discretion, may use the moneys in the school building capital improvements fund to finance the cost of projects on a cash basis. Any pledge of moneys in the fund for revenue bonds issued prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, is a prior and superior charge on the fund over the use of any of the moneys in the fund to pay for the cost of any project on a cash basis: *Provided*, That any expenditures from the fund, other than for the retirement of revenue bonds, may only be made by the authority in accordance with the provisions of this article.

(b) There is hereby continued in the state treasury a special revenue fund named the school building debt service fund into which shall be deposited on and after the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the amounts specified in section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code. All amounts deposited in the fund shall be pledged to the repayment of the principal, interest and redemption premium, if any, on any revenue bonds or refunding revenue bonds authorized by this article: Provided, That deposited moneys may not be pledged to the repayment of any revenue bonds issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, or with respect to revenue bonds issued for the purpose of refunding revenue bonds issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four. The authority may further provide in the resolution and in the trust agreement for priorities on the revenues paid into the school building debt service fund as may be necessary for the protection of the prior rights of the holders of bonds issued at different times under the provisions of this article. On or prior to the first day of May of each year, commencing the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the authority shall certify to the state lottery director the principal and interest and coverage ratio requirements for the following fiscal year on any revenue bonds issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, and for which moneys deposited in the school

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building debt service fund have been pledged, or will be pledged, for repayment pursuant to this section.

After the authority has issued bonds authorized by this article, and after the requirements of all funds have been satisfied, including coverage and reserve funds established in connection with the bonds issued pursuant to this article, any balance remaining in the school building debt service fund may be used for the redemption of any of the outstanding bonds issued under this article which, by their terms, are then redeemable or for the purchase of the outstanding bonds at the market price, but not to exceed the price, if any, at which the bonds are redeemable, and all bonds redeemed or purchased shall be immediately canceled and shall not again be issued.

(c) There is hereby continued in the state treasury a special revenue fund named the school construction fund into which shall be deposited on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the amounts specified in section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, together with any moneys appropriated thereto by the Legislature. Expenditures from the school construction fund shall be for the purposes set forth in this article, including lease-purchase payments under agreements made pursuant to subsection (e), section fifteen of this article and section nine, article five of this chapter and are authorized from collections in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of this code and from other revenues annually appropriated by the Legislature from lottery revenues as authorized by section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, pursuant to the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this code. Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for purposes set forth in this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of the Legislature. The school construction fund shall be an interest bearing account, with the interest credited to and deposited in the school construction fund and expended in accordance with the provisions of this article. Deposits to and expenditures from the school con-

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125 struction fund are subject to the provisions of subsection 126 (i), section fifteen of this article.

- (d) There is hereby continued in the state treasury a special revenue fund named the school major improvement fund into which shall be deposited on and after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the amounts specified in section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code, together with any moneys appropriated to the fund by the Legislature. Expenditures 134 from the school major improvement fund shall be for the 135 purposes set forth in this article and are authorized from 136 collections in accordance with the provisions of article 137 three, chapter twelve of this code and from other revenues 138 annually appropriated by the Legislature from lottery 139 revenues as authorized by section eighteen, article 140 twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, pursuant to the provisions set forth in article two, chapter five-a of this 141 142 code. Amounts collected which are found from time to time to exceed the funds needed for purposes set forth in 143 144 this article may be transferred to other accounts or funds 145 and redesignated for other purposes by appropriation of 146 the Legislature. The school major improvement fund shall 147 be an interest bearing account, with interest being credited to and deposited in the school major improvement fund and expended in accordance with the provisions of this article.
  - (e) The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia has held that the issuance of additional revenue bonds authorized under the school building authority act, as enacted in this article prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, constituted an indebtedness of the state in violation of section 4, article X of the constitution of West Virginia, but that revenue bonds issued under this article prior to the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three, are not invalid. The Legislature further finds and declares that the financial capacity of a county to construct, lease and improve school facilities depends upon the county's bonding capacity (local property wealth), voter willingness to pass bond issues and the county's ability to reallocate other available county funds

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instead of criteria related to educational needs or upon the ability of the school building authority created in this article to issue bonds that comply with the holding of the West Virginia supreme court of appeals or otherwise assist counties with the financing of facilities construction and improvement. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that this section, as well as section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, have been reenacted during the first extraordinary session of the West Virginia Legislature in the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, in an attempt to comply with the holding of the supreme court of appeals of West Virginia.

The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that it intends, through the reenactment of this section and section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, to dedicate a source of state revenues to special revenue funds for the purposes of paying the debt service on bonds and refunding bonds issued subsequent to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, the proceeds of which will be utilized for the construction and improvement of school building facilities. The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that it intends, through the reenactment of this section and section thirty, article fifteen, chapter eleven of this code and section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, to appropriate revenues to two special revenue funds for the purposes of construction and improvement of school building facilities. Furthermore, the Legislature intends to encourage county boards of education to maintain existing levels of county funding for construction, improvement and maintenance of school building facilities and to generate additional county funds for such purposes through bonds and special levies whenever possible. The Legislature further encourages the school building authority, the state board of education and county boards of education to propose uniform project specifications for comparable projects whenever possible to meet county needs at the lowest possible cost.

The Legislature hereby further finds and declares that it intends, through the reenactment of this section and section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter twenty-nine of this code, to comply with the provisions of sections 4 and 6, article X; and section 1, article XII of the constitution of West Virginia.

## §18-9D-15. Legislative intent; distribution of money.

- 1 (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to empower the 2 school building authority to facilitate and provide state 3 funds for the construction and major improvement of 4 school facilities so as to meet the educational needs of the 5 people of this state in an efficient and economical manner. 6 The authority shall make funding determinations in accor-7 dance with the provisions of this article and shall assess 8 existing school facilities and each facility's school major 9 improvement plan in relation to the needs of the individu-10 al student, the general school population, the communities 11 served by the facilities and facility needs statewide.
- 12 (b) An amount that is no more than three percent of 13 the sum of moneys that are determined by the authority to 14 be available for distribution during the then current fiscal 15 year from: (1) Moneys paid into the school building capi-16 tal improvements fund pursuant to section ten, article 17 nine-a of this chapter; (2) the issuance of revenue bonds 18 for which moneys in the school building debt service fund 19 are pledged as security; (3) moneys paid into the school 20 construction fund pursuant to section six of this article; 21 and (4) any other moneys received by the authority, ex-22 cept moneys paid into the school major improvement 23 fund pursuant to section six of this article, may be allocat-24 ed and may be expended by the authority for projects that service the educational community statewide or, upon 25 application by the state board, for educational programs 26 that are under the jurisdiction of the state board. In addi-27 tion, upon application by the state board or the adminis-28 trative council of an area vocational educational center 29 established pursuant to article two-b of this chapter, the 30 authority may allocate and expend under this section 31 moneys for school major improvement projects proposed 32 by the state board or an administrative council for school 33 facilities under the direct supervision of the state board or 34 an administrative council, respectively: Provided, That the 35 authority may not expend any moneys for a school major 36

37 improvement project proposed by the state board or the 38 administrative council of an area vocational educational 39 center unless the state board or an administrative council 40 has submitted a ten-year school major improvement plan. 41 to be updated annually, pursuant to section sixteen of this 42 article: Provided, however. That the authority shall, before 43 allocating any moneys to the state board or the adminis-44 trative council of an area vocational educational center for 45 a school improvement project, consider all other funding 46 sources available for the project.

- 47 (c) An amount that is no more than two percent of the 48 moneys that are determined by the authority to be avail-49 able for distribution during the current fiscal year from: 50 (1) Moneys paid into the school building capital improve-51 ments fund pursuant to section ten, article nine-a of this 52 chapter; (2) the issuance of revenue bonds for which mon-53 eys in the school building debt service fund are pledged as 54 security; (3) moneys paid into the school construction 55 fund pursuant to section six of this article; and (4) any 56 other moneys received by the authority, except moneys 57 deposited into the school major improvement fund, shall 58 be set aside by the authority as an emergency fund to be 59 distributed in accordance with the guidelines adopted by 60 the school building authority.
- 61 (d) The remaining moneys determined by the authori-62 ty to be available for distribution during the then current 63 fiscal year from: (1) Moneys paid into the school building capital improvements fund pursuant to section ten, article 64 65 nine-a of this chapter; (2) the issuance of revenue bonds for which moneys in the school building debt service fund 66 67 are pledged as security; (3) moneys paid into the school 68 construction fund pursuant to section six of this article; 69 and (4) any other moneys received by the authority, ex-70 cept moneys deposited into the school major improvement 71 fund, shall be allocated and expended on the basis of need 72 and efficient use of resources, the basis to be determined 73 by the authority in accordance with the provisions of sec-74 tion sixteen of this article.
  - (e) If a county board of education proposes to finance a project that is approved pursuant to section sixteen of

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77 this article through a lease with an option to purchase 78 leased premises upon the expiration of the total lease peri-79 od pursuant to an investment contract, the authority may ጸበ allocate no moneys to the county board in connection 81 with the project: Provided. That the authority may trans-82 fer moneys to the state board of education, which, with the 83 authority, shall lend the amount transferred to the county 84 board to be used only for a one-time payment due at the 85 beginning of the lease term, made for the purpose of re-86 ducing annual lease payments under the investment con-87 tract, subject to the following conditions:

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- (1) The loan shall be secured in the manner required by the authority, in consultation with the state board, and shall be repaid in a period and bear interest at a rate as determined by the state board and the authority and shall have such terms and conditions as are required by the authority, all of which shall be set forth in a loan agreement among the authority, the state board of education and the county board;
- 96 (2) The loan agreement shall provide for the state 97 board and the authority to defer the payment of principal 98 and interest upon any loan made to the county board 99 during the term of the investment contract, and annual 100 renewals of the investment contract, among the state board. 101 the authority, such county board and a lessor: Provided, 102 That in the event a county board of education, which has 103 received a loan from the state building authority for a 104 one-time payment at the beginning of the lease term, does 105 not renew the subject lease annually until performance of 106 the investment contract in its entirety is completed: Provided, however, That if a county board renews the lease 107 108 annually through the performance of the investment con-109 tract in its entirety, the county board shall exercise its option to purchase the leased premises: Provided further, 110 That the failure of the county board to make a scheduled 111 payment pursuant to the investment contract shall consti-112 113 tute an event of default under the loan agreement: And 114 provided further, That upon a default by a county board, the principal of the loan, together with all unpaid interest 115 accrued to the date of the default, shall at the option of the 116 authority, in consultation with the state board, become due 117

and payable immediately or subject to renegotiation among the state board, the authority and the county board: And provided further. That if the loan becomes due and pavable immediately, the authority, in consultation with the state board, shall use all means available under the loan agreement and law to collect the outstanding princi-pal balance of the loan, together with all unpaid interest accrued to the date of payment of the outstanding princi-pal balance; and

(3) The loan agreement shall provide for the state board and the authority to forgive all principal and interest of the loan upon the county board purchasing the leased premises pursuant to the investment contract and performance of the investment contract in its entirety.

To encourage county boards to proceed promptly with facilities planning and to prepare for the expenditure of any state moneys derived from the sources described in this subsection, any county board failing to expend money within three years of the allocation to the county board shall forfeit the allocation and thereafter shall be ineligible for further allocations pursuant to this subsection until the county board is ready to expend funds in accordance with an approved facilities plan: *Provided*, That the authority may authorize an extension beyond the three-year forfeiture period not to exceed an additional two years. Any amount forfeited shall be added to the total funds available in the school construction fund of the authority for future allocation and distribution.

(f) The remaining moneys that are determined by the authority to be available for distribution during the then current fiscal year from moneys paid into the school major improvement fund pursuant to section six of this article shall be allocated and distributed on the basis of need and efficient use of resources, the basis to be determined by the authority in accordance with the provisions of section sixteen of this article: *Provided*, That the moneys may not be distributed to any county board that does not have an approved school major improvement plan or to any county board that is not prepared to commence expenditures of the funds during the fiscal year in which the mon-

158 evs are distributed: Provided. however. That any moneys allocated to a county board and not distributed to that 159 160 county board shall be deposited in an account to the credit 161 of that county board, the principal amount to remain to 162 the credit of and available to the county board for a peri-163 od of two years. Any moneys which are unexpended after 164 a two-year period shall be redistributed on the basis of 165 need from the school major improvement fund in that 166 fiscal year.

- 167 (g) No local matching funds may be required under 168 the provisions of this section. However, the responsibilities 169 of the county boards of education to maintain school facilities shall not be negated by the provisions of this 170 171 article, and therefore, to be eligible to receive an allocation 172 of school major improvement funds from the authority, a 173 county board must have expended in the previous fiscal 174 year an amount of county moneys equal to or exceeding 175 the lowest average amount of money included in 176 county board's maintenance budget over any three of the 177 previous five years and must have budgeted an amount 178 equal to or greater than the average in the current fiscal 179 year: Provided, That the state board of education shall 180 promulgate rules relating to county boards' maintenance 181 budgets, including items which shall be included in the 182 budgets.
- 183 (h) Any county board may use moneys provided by 184 the authority under this article in conjunction with local 185 funds derived from bonding, special levy or other sources. Distribution to a county board, or to the state board or the 186 187 administrative council of an area vocational educational 188 center pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, may be in 189 a lump sum or in accordance with a schedule of payments adopted by the authority pursuant to such guidelines as it 190 191 shall adopt.
- 192 (i) Funds in the school construction fund shall first be 193 transferred and expended as follows:

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Any funds deposited in the school construction fund shall be expended first in accordance with an appropriation by the Legislature. To the extent that funds are available in the school construction fund in excess of that

195 amount appropriated in any fiscal year, the excess funds 196 may be expended in accordance with the provisions of this 197 Any projects which the authority identified and 198 announced for funding on or before the first day of Au-199 gust, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, or identified 2.00 and announced for funding on or before the thirty-first 201 day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five. 202 shall be funded by the authority in an amount which is not 203 less than the amount specified when the project was identi-204 fied and announced

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(j) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage county boards to explore and consider arrangements with other counties that may facilitate the highest and best use of all available funds, which may result in improved transportation arrangements for students, or which otherwise may create efficiencies for county boards and the students. In order to address the intent of the Legislature contained in this subsection, the authority shall grant such preference to those projects which involve multi-county arrangements as the authority shall determine reasonable and proper.

## CHAPTER 116

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4064—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-d, relating to limiting the liability of boards of education generally.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen-d, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

# §18-5-19d. Conditional immunity from liability for community activities; liability insurance; authority of state board of risk and insurance management.

- 1 (a)(1) If the requirements of this subsection are met, 2 the board of education is not liable under any theory of 3 vicarious or imputed liability for the acts or omissions of:
- 4 (A) Any person, organization or association using 5 school property for a community activity described in 6 section nineteen of this article:
- 7 (B) Any member, employee or agent of such person, 8 organization or association; or
- 9 (C) Any person attending or participating in the com-10 munity activity other than an employee of the board while 11 acting within the scope of employment.
- 12 (2) The limitation of liability extended the board of 13 education pursuant to this subsection does not apply un-14 less:
- 15 (A) The person, organization or association using 16 school property for a community activity has in effect, at the time of the act or omission described in subdivision 17 18 (1) of this subsection, a contract of insurance which pro-19 vides general comprehensive liability coverage of any 20 claim, demand, action, suit or judgment by reason of al-21 leged negligence or other acts resulting in bodily injury or property damage to any person arising out of the use of 22 23 school property for a community activity described in subdivision (1) of this subsection; 24
- 25 (B) The contract of insurance provides for the pay-26 ment of any attorney fees, court costs and other litigation 27 expenses incurred by the board in connection with any 28 claim, demand, action, suit or judgment arising from such 29 alleged negligence or other act; and
- 30 (C) The insurance coverage is in the amounts speci-31 fied in the provisions of section five-a, article twelve, chap-32 ter twenty-nine of this code.
- 33 (3)(A) The insurance described in subdivision (2) of

this subsection may be obtained privately or may be obtained pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision. If requested by any person, organization or association seeking such insurance coverage, the state board of risk and insurance management is authorized to provide such insurance and to enter into any necessary contract of insurance to further the intent of this subdivision.

- (B) Where provided by the state board of risk and insurance management, the cost of the insurance, as determined by the such board, shall be paid by the person, organization or association and may include administrative expenses. All funds received by such board shall be deposited with the West Virginia board of investments for investment purposes.
- (C) The state board of risk and insurance management is hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate and effect settlement of any and all claims covered by the insurance provided by such board pursuant to this subdivision to the extent the board is authorized and empowered to negotiate and effect settlement of claims described in section five, article twelve, chapter twenty-nine of this code.
- (4) As used in this subsection, "organization" or "association" means a bona fide, not for profit, tax-exempt, benevolent, educational, philanthropic, humane, patriotic, civic, eleemosynary, incorporated or unincorporated association or organization or a rescue unit or other similar volunteer community service organization or association, but does not include any nonprofit association or organization, whether incorporated or not, which is organized primarily for the purposes of influencing legislation or advocating or opposing the nomination, election or defeat of any candidate, or the passage or defeat of any issue, thing or item to be voted upon.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall affect the rights, duties, defenses, immunities or causes of action under other statutes or the common law of this state which may be applicable to boards of education.

## CHAPTER 117

(S. B. 584—By Senators Jackson, Blatnik, Plymale, Boley, Minear, Wagner, Dugan, White, Bailey, Oliverio, Schoonover, Helmick, Miller and Grubb)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; and to amend and reenact section seventeen, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code, all relating to personnel employed by the division of rehabilitation services.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article ten-a, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a; and that section seventeen, article four, chapter eighteen-a of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

## Chapter

18. Education.

18A. School Personnel.

#### CHAPTER 18. EDUCATION.

#### ARTICLE 10A. VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION.

#### §18-10A-2a. Rehabilitation teachers.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code to
- 2 the contrary, beginning the first day of July, one thousand
- 3 nine hundred ninety-six, rehabilitation teachers shall be
- 4 paid at the equivalent rate of pay of teachers, pursuant to
- 5 section two, article four of this chapter: Provided, That
- 6 rehabilitation teachers shall be paid outside the public
- 7 school support plan, defined in section one, article nine-a
- 8 of this chapter, and shall receive the equivalent of the
- 9 salary supplement paid to teachers employed by the coun-
- 10 ty board within the county where the facility of the divi-
- 11 sion is located, pursuant to section five-a, article four of
- 12 this chapter: *Provided*, however, That any person who
- 13 received an increase in salary, pursuant to section seven-

- 14 teen, article four, chapter eighteen-a of this code, prior to
- 15 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 16 ninety-six, shall continue to receive the increased salary
- 17 level.
- For purposes of this section, the following words shall be construed as follows:
- 20 (a) "Rehabilitation teacher" means any person employed by the division and who meets the certification 21 22 requirements of section two-a, article three, chapter 23 eighteen-a of this code, or who has been certified to teach 24 by a state or nationally recognized organization, as ap-25 proved by the office of the secretary of education and the 26 arts. Such teachers shall maintain current certification in 27 their teaching areas in order to remain employed. Such 28 persons also shall teach only in the areas in which they are 29 certified: Provided, That teachers who were employed on 30 or before the first day of April, one thousand nine hun-31 dred ninety-five, shall be exempt from the following re-32 quirements: (1) Certification pursuant to section two-a, 33 article three, chapter eighteen-a of this code; (2) mainte-34 nance of current certification in their teaching areas in 35 order to remain employed; and (3) teaching only in the 36 areas in which they are certified.
- 37 (b) "Equivalent rate of pay" means an annualized rate 38 based on a two hundred forty-day teaching schedule and 39 includes pay for vacation and legal state holidays.

#### CHAPTER 18A. SCHOOL PERSONNEL.

#### ARTICLE 4. SALARIES. WAGES AND OTHER BENEFITS.

## §18A-4-17. Health and other facility employee salaries.

- 1 (a) The minimum salary scale for professional person-2 nel and service personnel employed by the state depart-3 ment of education to provide education and support ser-
- 4 vices to residents of state department of health and human
- 5 resources facilities, corrections facilities providing services
- 6 to juvenile and youthful offenders and in the West Virgin-
- 7 ia schools for the deaf and the blind shall be the same as
- 8 set forth in sections two, three and eight-a of this article.
- 9 Additionally, such personnel shall receive the equivalent
- 10 of salary supplements paid to professional and service
- 11 personnel employed by the county board of education in

12 the county wherein each facility is located, as set forth in 13 sections five-a and five-b of this article. Professional per-14 sonnel and service personnel in these facilities who earn 15 advanced classification of training after the effective date 16 of this section shall be paid such advanced salary from the 17 date such classification of training is earned. Such profes-18 sional personnel shall be required to be certified, licensed 19 or trained, and/or shall meet other eligibility classifications 20 as may be required by the provisions of this chapter and 21 by state board regulations for comparable instructional 22 personnel who are employed by county boards of educa-23 tion, and shall be paid at the equivalent rate of pay of 24 teachers as set forth in section two of this article, but out-25 side the public support plan, plus the equivalent of the 26 salary supplement paid to teachers employed by the coun-27 ty board of education in the county wherein each facility 28 is located, as set forth in section five-a of this article.

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- (b) Professional personnel employed by the department to provide educational service to residents in state department of health and human resources facilities, corrections facilities providing services to juvenile and youthful offenders or in the West Virginia schools for the deaf and the blind shall be afforded all the rights, privileges and benefits established for such professional personnel under this article: Provided, That such benefits shall apply only within the facility at which employed: *Provided*, however, That benefits shall exclude salaries unless explicitly provided for under this or other sections of this article: Provided further, That seniority for such professional personnel shall be determined on the basis of the length of time that the employee has been professionally employed at the facility, regardless of which state agency was the actual employer.
- (c) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to mean that professional personnel and service personnel employed by the department of education to provide educational and support services to residents in state department of health and human resources facilities, corrections facilities providing services to juvenile and youthful offenders and the West Virginia schools for the deaf and the blind are other than state employees.

## **CHAPTER 118**

(S. B. 42—By Senators Craigo, Ross, Sharpe, Walker, Plymale, Oliverio, Kimble, Love and Schoonover)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article twenty-five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to authorizing county boards of education, the teachers retirement board, the West Virginia board of education and the department of education and the arts to allow its employees to participate in certain tax deferred investments; specifying the terms of the investment and the amount of the reduction; and providing that the transaction of making an investment imposes no liability or responsibility on the state agencies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article twenty-five, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 25. TAX DEFERRED INVESTMENTS FOR TEACHERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES.

## §18-25-1. Authority to make tax deferred investments for teachers and other employees.

- 1 A county board of education, the teachers retirement
- 2 board, the West Virginia board of education and the de-
- 3 partment of education and the arts and their agencies may
- 4 provide by written agreement between the department, any
- 5 such board or agency and any teacher or other employee
- 6 to reduce the cash salary payable to the teacher or other
- 7 employee, and, in consideration thereof, to pay an amount
- 8 equal to the amount of the reduction as premiums on an
- 9 annuity contract or investments into a custodial account or
- 10 other investment owned by the teacher or other employee.
- 11 The annuity contract, custodial account or other invest-
- 12 ment shall be in such form and upon such terms as will
- 13 qualify the payments thereon for tax deferment under the

14 United States Internal Revenue Code. The amount of the 15 reduction may not exceed the amount excludable from income under Section 403(b) of the United States Internal 16 Revenue Code, and amendments and successor provisions 17 18 thereto, and shall be considered a part of the teachers or employees salary for all purposes other than federal and

19 20 state income tax.

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The transaction of making the tax deferred investment for a teacher or other employee by a board of education, the teachers retirement board, the West Virginia board of education and the department of education and the arts and their agencies imposes no liability nor responsibility whatsoever on the boards, department or members thereof 26 except to show that the payments have been remitted for 27 the purposes for which deducted.

## CHAPTER 119

(S. B. 591—Originating in the Committee on Finance)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to repeal section thirteen, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to repeal section one, article fifteen of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one-c, one-d, two and eight-a, article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; to amend article two of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; to amend and reenact sections one, two and three-a, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article four of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two, three and four, article six of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section one, article eight of said chapter, all relating to higher education generally; repealing obsolete language; strategic plans submitted by institutions of higher education; changing the submission dates for strategic plans and the requirements for approval of such plans; contents of

statewide report cards; changing the submission dates for statewide report cards required to be submitted by institutions of higher education; allocating funds appropriated to the higher education efficiency fund; transferring West Virginia Institute of Technology to the board of trustees; reconstituting the Board of Directors and providing for the election of a chairman; establishing institutional control accounts; community and technical college education; terms of office and election of the chairman of advisory councils of faculty; terms of office and election of the chairman of advisory councils of students; terms of office and election of the chairman of advisory councils of classified employees; establishing a coordinate affiliation between Marshall university and West Virginia graduate college; promulgation of legislative rules; updating language concerning the vice chancellor of health sciences; and defining institutions.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirteen, article two, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be repealed; that section one, article fifteen of said chapter be repealed; that sections one-c, one-d, two and eight-a, article one, chapter eighteen-b of said code be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-b; that article two of said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nine; that sections one, two and three-a, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two, three and four, article six of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section one, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted. all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 1. Governance.
- 2. University of West Virginia Board of Trustees.
- 3. Board of Directors of the State College System.
- 4. General Administration.
- 6. Advisory Councils of Faculty.
- 8. Higher Education Full-Time Faculty Salaries.

#### ARTICLE 1. GOVERNANCE.

- §18B-1-1c. Strategically focusing resources to maximize opportunity; institution plans; resource allocation exceptions.
- §18B-1-1d. Increasing flexibility and capacity for change.
- §18B-1-2. Definitions.
- §18B-1-8a. Higher education accountability; institutional and statewide report cards.
- §18B-1-8b. Coordinate affiliation between Marshall university and West Virginia graduate college.

# §18B-1-1c. Strategically focusing resources to maximize opportunity; institution plans; resource allocation exceptions.

(a) Purpose of strategic plans. — To achieve the goals 1 for post-secondary education as set forth in section one-a 2 of this article, each of the following state institutions of 3 4 higher education shall prepare a strategic plan of change 5 to refocus its mission and leadership, and restructure its existing resources and programs: Bluefield state college; Concord college; Glenville state college; Fairmont state 7 college; Marshall university; West Virginia northern com-8 munity college; Potomac state college of West Virginia 9 university; Shepherd college; southern West Virginia com-10 munity college; West Liberty state college; the West Vir-11 ginia graduate college; West Virginia university institute of 12 technology; West Virginia university at Parkersburg; West 13 Virginia school of osteopathic medicine; West Virginia 14 state college; West Virginia university; and all branch 15 campuses of these institutions of higher education. The 16 plans shall specifically state how the institution will, over a 17 five-year period, refocus its mission and leadership and 18 restructure its existing resources and programs to achieve 19 the goals for post-secondary education including, but not 20 limited to, the following: (1) Increase average faculty 21 salaries at the institution, not including health sciences, to a 22 level at least equal to ninety-five percent of the average 23 faculty salaries at peer institutions in the southern regional 24 education board region: Provided, That West Virginia 25 university, excluding West Virginia university at Parkers-26 burg, Potomac state college of West Virginia university 27 and West Virginia university institute of technology shall 28 state specifically how it will increase average faculty sala-29 ries at that institution, not including health sciences, to a 30

31 level at least equal to ninety percent of the average faculty 32 salaries at peer institutions in the southern regional educa-33 tion board region; (2) achieve full funding of the uniform 34 employee classification system and salary policy for clas-35 sified employees adopted by the respective governing 36 boards pursuant to section four, article nine of this chap-37 ter; (3) eliminate duplicative programs and services, acting 38 alone or in conjunction with another institution, and elimi-39 nate under-utilized or unnecessary programs; (4) may 40 combine administrative functions among other institu-41 tions; and (5) use admission and exit standards for stu-42 dents, incentives and staff development for assuring quali-43 ty teaching and learning and the critical assessment of 44 programs to meet the goals. The plan shall also state the 45 manner in which any pay increases will be funded, the 46 sources of any funds used for pay increases, and the sav-47 ings and costs associated with achieving any other goals 48 specified in the plan and how the funds are to be redirect-49 The faculty senate, classified staff council and the 50 student government association shall be consulted prior to 51 the submission of the plan and their recommendations 52 included in the president's report to the board. Beginning 53 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 54 ninety-six, the budgets of state institutions of higher education shall reflect movement to the salary targets for 55 56 faculty and classified staff as set forth in this section and 57 any other goals specified in their strategic plan for 58 change.

(b) Submission of strategic plans. — The president or administrative head of each state institution of higher education shall submit the plan for the institution to its respective governing board on or before the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, and every year thereafter, through and including the fiscal year two thousand—two thousand one: Provided, That community and technical college education shall not be required to be segregated in the plan until the first day of November, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

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69 (c) Approval of strategic plans by the governing 70 boards. — The governing boards shall approve or disapprove the plans within sixty days of receipt of the plans

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and notify the institution president or administrative head of its decision. Approval or disapproval of the plan of 74 each institution shall be decided by a vote of the appropriate governing board and shall be made part of its minute record: Provided, That if the plan submitted by the institution includes retirement and separation incentives pursuant to section one-d of this article, that portion of the plan shall be submitted by the governing board to the legislative joint standing committee on pensions and retirement, and the time required for review by the committee shall not be included in the sixty days.

(d) Approval of original strategic plans by the secretary of education and the arts. — Once the appropriate governing board approves the original plan, for the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, it shall submit the plan to the secretary of education and the arts, as established in section two, article one, chapter five-f of this code, and hereby known as the "secretary" for purposes of this section, for approval or disapproval. The secretary shall approve or disapprove the plan and notify the appropriate governing board of the decision within thirty calendar days. Upon such approval the institution shall receive its share of the funds from the "higher education efficiency fund", pursuant to subsection (j) of this section. If an original plan from any institution is disapproved by the secretary, the secretary shall notify the appropriate governing board and shall return the plan to the institution for revision and resubmission to the appropriate governing board. When an institution resubmits its original strategic plan to the appropriate governing board, the board shall vote to approve or disapprove the plan pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Once the original plan has been approved by the appropriate governing board, the governing board shall resubmit the plan to the secretary for approval or disapproval. The secretary shall notify the appropriate governing board within twenty calendar days of his or her action. Upon such approval the institution shall receive its share of the funds from the "higher education efficiency fund", pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.

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(e) Disapproval of strategic plans by the governing boards. — If disapproved, the governing board shall return the plan to the institution president or administrative head stating its reasons for disapproval. The institution president or administrative head may modify and resubmit a plan which was disapproved at any time and the governing board shall vote, in accordance with subsection (c) of this section, to approve or disapprove the resubmitted plan within thirty calendar days and notify the institution president or administrative head. If the plan has not been approved by the appropriate governing board on or before the first day of February following the November submission date, the board is authorized to develop a plan for the institution. The president or administrative head of every state institution of higher education with an approved plan shall update the plan on an annual basis to reflect performance during the preceding year and make any necessary modifications. The updated plan shall be submitted on the first day of November in each of the subsequent years through and including the fiscal year two thousand—two thousand one, and the governing board shall follow the same procedures for approval or disapproval as provided in this section for the original plan. Upon the approval of a plan or plan update which includes the elimination of a program, the institution president or administrative head immediately shall notify affected students, faculty and staff.

(f) Exceptions under the resource allocation model and policies. — Any state institution of higher education with an approved plan may apply to its governing board for an exception under the resource allocation model and policies to retain funding for student enrollments that decline due to planned program reductions or elimination under the strategic plan. The number of student enrollments subject to the exception shall be based on the average full-time equivalent enrollments over the five preceding years in the program. The allocation exception shall become effective in the next ensuing allocation cycle following approval by the governing board and notification of affected faculty, students and staff of the program reduction or elimination, and shall remain effective for the

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number of years normally required for students to com-154 plete the full program from beginning enrollment to grad-155 uation, subject to annual review by the governing board of 156 the actual decline in program enrollments. Notwithstand-157 ing any other provision of this section, any program sus-158 pended or discontinued by action of the governing board 159 on or after the first day of September, one thousand nine 160 hundred ninety-four, and prior to the eleventh day of 161 March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, which is 162 being eliminated pursuant to that action, is eligible for an 163 exception under the resource allocation model and poli-164 cies pursuant to this section for the fiscal year one thou-165 sand nine hundred ninety-six.

- (g) Any state institution of higher education with an approved plan may apply to its governing board for an exception under the resource allocation model and policies to retain funding for student enrollments that decline due to the planned reductions for the purpose of enhancing the quality of a particular program. The number of student enrollments subject to the exception shall be based on the average full-time equivalent enrollments over the preceding five years in the program. Money allocated to the institution as a result of this exception shall be used to enhance the quality of that particular program. The allocation exception shall become effective in the next ensuing allocation cycle following approval by the governing board and notification of affected faculty, students and staff of the program reduction and shall remain in effect subject to biennial review by the governing board of the actual decline in program enrollments and enhancements in quality of the program.
- (h) The application for an exception under this subsection shall be submitted to the appropriate governing board by the institution president or administrative head and state how the funds will be redirected to achieve the purposes of the institution's approved plan including, but not limited to, salary increases to attract and retain quality faculty and staff, expand and improve the quality of existing programs, and make additional investments in technology and increased access. The governing board shall approve or disapprove the application within sixty days of

194 receipt and if disapproved, shall return the application to 195 the institution president or administrative head stating the 196 reasons for disapproval. The institution president or ad-197 ministrative head may modify and resubmit an application which was disapproved at any time and the governing 198 199 board shall approve or disapprove the resubmitted appli-200 cation within sixty days and notify the institution president 201 or administrative head as provided in this subsection for 202 the original plan.

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- (i) An exception to the resource allocation model and policies granted under this section and any differential approved for an institution by its governing board to reflect the high costs of a program within the institution's mission shall be removed from the institutions base budget and, to the extent included therein, from the indicated level of state support for the purposes of subsection (d), section two, article five of this chapter, and any governing board rule to the contrary is hereby specifically modified.
- (i) Higher education efficiency fund. It is the expressed intent of the Legislature, subject to the availability of funds and appropriations therefor, to increase state appropriated funds for state institutions of higher education in each of the five fiscal years, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, through and including, fiscal year two thousand—two thousand one, at a rate of at least three and twenty-five one-hundredths percent per year to assist the institutions in achieving their strategic plan of change, subject to demonstrated effort by the institutions as determined by the Legislature to refocus and restructure their missions, leadership, resources and programs to meet the plans in accordance with this section. In any fiscal year in which the state appropriated funds are less than the expressed intent, the governing boards may adjust the targets set forth in the strategic plans for change by a like proportion: Provided, That the target shall not be adjusted for those institutions which have lost funds as a result of failure to secure approval, pursuant to this section, or failure to comply with their approved strategic plans. Beginning with legislative appropriations under this subsection for the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-six —ninety-seven, the Legislature shall appropriate the funds.

- if any, to a separate account known as the "higher education efficiency fund" in the state budget. Funds from the higher education efficiency fund shall be allocated in the following manner:
- 239 (1) For the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred 240 ninety-six—ninety-seven, appropriations to the fund shall 241 be allocated only to institutions with approved plans, pur-242 suant to this section; and

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- (2) For the fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven—ninety-eight, and every year through and including the fiscal year two thousand—two thousand one, appropriations to the fund shall be allocated only to institutions with approved plans, pursuant to this section, which are in compliance with their strategic plan for change as approved by the appropriate governing board. The allocations shall be made in accordance with the resource allocation model and policies in the following manner:
- (i) Any institution with a plan approved by the appropriate governing board by the first day of July of each fiscal year is entitled to its full annual share of the moneys appropriated to the higher education efficiency fund;
- (ii) Any institution which fails to secure approval by the appropriate governing board by the first day of July, but secures the approval before the first day of October, is entitled to the remaining three quarters of its annual share of the moneys appropriated to the higher education efficiency fund;
- (iii) Any institution which fails to secure approval by the appropriate governing board by the first day of July, but secures approval before the first day of January, is entitled to the remaining one half of its annual share of the moneys appropriated to the higher education efficiency fund; and
- 268 (iv) Any institution which fails to secure approval by 269 the appropriate governing board by the first day of July, 270 but secures approval before the first day of April, is enti-271 tled to the remaining one quarter of its annual share of the

- 273 moneys appropriated to the higher education efficiency 274 fund.
- 275 The quarterly share of the higher education efficien-276 cy fund of an institution which is not so allocated, by the
- beginning of each quarter, shall be allocated immediately 277
- 278 to the higher education grant program, pursuant to article 279 five, chapter eighteen-c of this code, or if such program is
- fully funded, for expenditure among all institutions for 280
- 281 scholarships and student grant programs.

### §18B-1-1d. Increasing flexibility and capacity for change.

- 1 (a) Retirement and separation incentives. — Notwith-2 standing any other provisions of this code to the contrary, each state institution of higher education may include in 3 their strategic plans, pursuant to section one-c of this arti-4 5 cle, policies that offer various incentives for voluntary, 6 early or phased retirement of employees, or voluntary 7 separation from employment, when necessary to implement programmatic changes effectively pursuant to the 8 findings, directives, goals and objectives of this article: 9 10 Provided. That such incentives for voluntary, early or phased retirement of employees, or voluntary separation 11 from employment must be submitted by the governing 12 board to the legislative joint committee on pensions and 13 14 retirement and approved before such policies are adopted as part of the institution's strategic plan. The policies may 15 include the following provisions:
- (1) Payment of a lump sum to an employee to resign 17 18 or retire:
- (2) Continuation of full salary to an employee for a 19 predetermined period of time prior to the employee's 20 resignation or retirement and a reduction in the employ-21 ee's hours of employment during the predetermined peri-22 23 od of time;
- (3) Continuation of insurance coverage pursuant to 24 the provisions of article sixteen, chapter five of this code 25 for a predetermined period; 26

- 27 (4) Continuation of full employer contributions to an 28 employee's retirement plan during a phased retirement 29 period; and
- 30 (5) That an employee retiring pursuant to an early or 31 phased retirement plan may begin collecting an annuity 32 from the employee's retirement plan prior to the statutori-33 ly designated retirement date without terminating their 34 service with the institution.

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No incentive provided for in this section shall be granted except in furtherance of programmatic changes undertaken pursuant to the findings, directives, goals and objectives set forth in this article.

No incentive proposed by an institution pursuant to this section shall become a part of the institution's approved strategic plan or be implemented without approval of the legislative joint committee on pensions and retirement.

Any costs associated with any incentive adopted or implemented in accordance with this section shall be borne entirely by the institutions and no incentive shall be granted that imposes costs on the retirement systems of the state or the public employees insurance agency unless those costs are paid entirely by the institutions.

The Legislature further finds and declares that there is a compelling state interest in restricting the availability and application of these incentives to individual employees determined by the institutions to be in furtherance of the aims of this section and nothing herein shall be interpreted as granting a right or entitlement of any such incentive to any individual or group of individuals. Any employee granted incentives shall be ineligible for reemployment by the institutions during or after the negotiated period of their incentive concludes including contract employment in excess of five thousand dollars per fiscal year.

The West Virginia network for educational telecomputing may utilize the incentives contained in any policy approved by the legislative joint committee on pensions and retirement pursuant to this section.

(b) Pilot flexibility initiative. — The board of directors 65 66 is directed to submit a plan for a pilot flexibility initiative 67 to the legislative oversight commission on education ac-68 countability on or before the first day of October, one 69 thousand nine hundred ninety-five. The plan shall in-70 clude at least the following: (1) A system whereby the 71 state institutions of higher education in the state college 72 system may apply to the board of directors for a waiver of 73 board policies and rules; (2) a detailed application for 74 institutions seeking to participate in the pilot flexibility 75 initiative which shall set forth at a minimum: (i) A state-76 ment of the specific goals and objectives that the institu-77 tion proposes to accomplish if the application is approved; 78 (ii) the specific board policies and rules which the institu-79 tion seeks to have waived for all or a portion of the waiver period; and (iii) proposed rules and policies under which 80 81 the institution would operate during the period of waiver; 82 (3) the process by which the board of directors will review 83 the application; (4) the person or body who shall have the final authority to approve the application of not more than 84 two institutions; (5) the time period for which the waiver 85 will be granted; (6) the specific board policies and rules 86 which the institution may request to have waived; (7) the 87 process by which the rules and policies of the institutions 88 participating in the pilot flexibility initiative may modify 89 its rules and policies; and (8) the person or body to whom 90 91 the institutions shall be reporting during the period of 92 waiver.

93 (c) It is the intent of this Legislature to review the pilot 94 flexibility plan and after such review to establish a pilot 95 flexibility initiative in the legislative session of one thou-96 sand nine hundred ninety-six.

### §18B-1-2. Definitions.

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The following words when used in this chapter and chapter eighteen-c of this code shall have the meaning hereinafter ascribed to them unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

5 (a) "Governing board" or "board" means the university 6 of West Virginia board of trustees or the board of direc-7 tors of the state college system, whichever is applicable

- 8 within the context of the institution or institutions referred 9 to in this chapter or in other provisions of law:
- 10 (b) "Governing boards" or "boards" means both the 11 board of trustees and the board of directors;

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- 12 (c) "Freestanding community colleges" means southern West Virginia community and technical college and 14 West Virginia northern community and technical college, which shall not be operated as branches or off-campus 16 locations of any other state institution of higher education;
  - (d) "Community college" or "community colleges" means community and technical college or colleges as those terms are defined in this section;
    - (e) "Community and technical college", in the singular or plural, means the freestanding community and technical colleges, community and technical education programs of regional campuses of West Virginia university, and divisions of state institutions of higher education which have a defined community and technical college district and offer community and technical college education in accordance with the provisions of section three-a, article three of this chapter;
    - (f) "Community and technical college education" means the programs, faculty, administration and funding associated with the mission of community and technical colleges as provided in section three-a, article three of this chapter, and also shall include post-secondary vocational education programs in the state as those terms are defined in this section. Community and technical college education shall be delivered through a system which includes eleven community and technical college districts assigned to state institutions of higher education under the jurisdiction of the board of directors and the board of trustees, respectively;
  - (g) "Directors" or "board of directors" means the board of directors of the state college system created pursuant to article three of this chapter or the members thereof:

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- (h) "Higher educational institution" means any institution as defined by Sections 401(f), (g) and (h) of the federal Higher Education Facilities Act of 1963, as amended;
- 48 (i) "Post-secondary vocational education programs"
  49 means any college-level course or program beyond the
  50 high school level provided through an institution of high51 er education which results in or may result in the awarding
  52 of a two-year associate degree, under the jurisdiction of
  53 the board of directors;
- 54 (j) "Rule" or "rules" means a regulation, standard, 55 policy or interpretation of general application and future 56 effect;
- 57 (k) "Senior administrator" means the person hired by 58 the governing boards in accordance with section one, 59 article four of this chapter, with such powers and duties as 60 may be provided for in section two of said article;
  - (l) "State college" means Bluefield state college, Concord college, Fairmont state college, Glenville state college, Shepherd college, West Liberty state college, or West Virginia state college;
- 65 (m) "State college system" means the state colleges and 66 community and technical colleges, and also shall include 67 post-secondary vocational education programs in the state 68 as those terms are defined in this section;
  - (n) "State college system community and technical colleges" means the freestanding community and technical colleges and community and technical colleges operated on the campuses of state colleges under the jurisdiction of the board of directors of the state college system and all of their associated branches, centers and off-campus locations;
- 76 (o) "State institution of higher education" means any 77 university, college or community and technical college in 78 the state university system or the state college system as 79 those terms are defined in this section;

80 (p) "Trustees" and "board of trustees" means the uni-81 versity of West Virginia board of trustees created pursuant 82 to article two of this chapter or the members thereof;

- (q) "University", "university of West Virginia" and "state university system" means the multi-campus, integrated university of the state, consisting of West Virginia university, including West Virginia university at Parkersburg, Potomac state college of West Virginia university, West Virginia university institute of technology and the West Virginia university school of medicine; Marshall university, including the Marshall university school of medicine and the Marshall university community and technical college; the West Virginia graduate college; and the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine;
- (r) "University system community and technical colleges" means Marshall university community and technical college, community and technical education programs at West Virginia university at Parkersburg, community and technical education programs at Potomac state college of West Virginia university and West Virginia university institute of technology community and technical college under the jurisdiction of the university of West Virginia board of trustees and all their associated branches, centers and off-campus locations; and
- (s) "Regional campus" means West Virginia university at Parkersburg, Potomac state college of West Virginia university, and West Virginia University institute of technology. The chief executive officer of a regional campus shall be known as "campus president", shall serve at the will and pleasure of the president of West Virginia university, and shall report to the president of West Virginia university or his or her designee in the method specified by West Virginia university. The board of advisors for West Virginia university established pursuant to section one, article six of this chapter shall serve as the advisory board for West Virginia university and its regional campuses. The advisory boards previously appointed for each regional campus shall be known as "Boards of Visitors" and shall provide guidance to the regional campus presi-

dents. Each regional campus shall adopt separate strategic plans required by section one-c of this article.

# 18B-1-8a. Higher education accountability; institutional and statewide report cards.

- 1 (a) The governing boards are directed to make infor-2 mation available to parents, students, faculty, staff, state 3 policymakers and the general public on the quality and 4 performance of public higher education. This informa-5 tion shall be consistent and comparable between and 6 among the state institutions of higher education and, if applicable, comparable with information from peer institu-7 tions in the region and the nation. 8
- 9 (b) On or before the first day of November, one thou-10 sand nine hundred ninety-five, the governing boards are 11 directed to adopt a rule pursuant to the provisions of article three-a, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, providing 12 13 for the collection, analysis and dissemination of data and 14 information on the performance of the state institutions of 15 higher education, including health sciences education, in 16 relation to the findings, directives, goals and objectives set 17 forth in sections one-a and one-b of this article and in 18 comparison to their peers in the region and the nation. In developing the rule, the governing boards shall consult 19 20 with the governor, the legislative oversight commission on education accountability and the state department of edu-21 22 cation regarding the relevant areas of data and informa-23 tion considered necessary for inclusion in a higher educa-24 tion report card. Upon approval of the rule by the legisla-25 tive oversight commission on education accountability, 26 and the effective date of the rule, the provisions of subsec-27 tion (c) of this section are null and void: The legislative rules shall provide the legislative oversight commission on 28 education accountability with full and accurate informa-29 tion while minimizing the institutional burden of 30 recordkeeping and reporting. The legislative rules shall 31 include uniform definitions for the various indicators of 32 33 student and institutional performance and guidelines for the collection and reporting of data and the preparation, 34 printing and distribution of report cards under this sec-35 36 tion. The report card forms shall provide for brief, con-

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cise reporting in nontechnical language of required information. Any technical or explanatory material which an institution or governing board wishes to include shall be contained in a separate appendix available to the general public upon request.

- (c) The president or chief executive officer of each public college, university or community college shall prepare and submit annually all requested data to the appropriate governing board at the time as the governing board may establish. The governing boards shall prepare institutional report cards for institutions under their jurisdiction and systemwide report cards which shall include the information required in the following subdivisions:
- (1) For all undergraduate students and for all institutions having undergraduate programs, the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of incoming freshmen and transfer students on the American college test (ACT) or scholastic aptitude test (SAT); percentage of incoming freshmen enrolled in developmental classes; student performance as measured by grade point average and/or appropriate testing measures; the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or regulation for the student body as a whole and separately for students at the institution who received athletically-related student aid categorized by sex and athletic program; the rate at which individuals who complete or graduate from the program of an institution pass applicable licensure or certification examinations required for employment in a particular vocation, trade or professional field; student mobility (transfers in, transfers out and withdrawals); number and percentage of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; and number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee waivers categorized by whether the waiver is for athletic participation or is an academic waiver and by whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this state.
  - (2) For professional schools, defined for the purposes of this section as academic programs leading to professions in which licensing is normally required and for which an undergraduate degree is a general prerequisite,

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the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of beginning students and 79 transfer students on standardized entrance examinations; number and percentage of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee waivers categorized by whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this state; the number of degrees granted; the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or regulation for the student body as a whole; the rate at which individuals who complete or graduate from the program of an institution pass applicable licensure or certification examinations required for employment in the particular professional field; the total number of students in each program, including the percentage of those students who are state residents, the percentage of students who are nonresidents of the state, the percentage of students who are women and the percentage of students who are minorities as the term is defined by federal law; and the ratio of expenditures per pupil directly attributable to students enrolled in the professional school as compared to expenditures per pupil calculated as to students enrolled in the institution as a whole.

(3) For graduate schools, defined for the purposes of this section as academic programs leading to advanced degrees (masters or doctorates of philosophy in fields for which bachelor's degree programs are available) and for which an undergraduate degree is a general prerequisite, the institution shall report the following as available and applicable: Average scores of beginning students and transfer students on standardized entrance examinations; number and percentage of student body receiving tuition fee waivers; number, percentage and dollar value of tuition fee waivers categorized by whether the recipient is a resident or nonresident of this state; the number of degrees granted; the graduation or completion rate as may be defined by federal law or regulation for the student body as a whole; the rate at which individuals who complete or graduate from the program of an institution pass applicable licensure or certification examinations required for employment; and the total number of students in each program, including the percentage of those students who

are state residents, the percentage of students who are nonresidents of the state, the percentage of students who are women and the percentage of students who are minorities as the term is defined by federal law.

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- (4) In addition to any and all information required by subdivision (2) of this subsection, each health sciences school shall assist the vice chancellor for health sciences in providing information for the institutional and statewide report cards, which shall include reports on the following:
- (A) Information on graduates, including, but not limited to, placement of interns and residents, retention rates in the state, retention rates in underserved areas as determined by the division of health, the percentage practicing in primary care in this state to be defined as family medicine, internal medicine, pediatrics and obstetrics/gynecology, and other information pertinent to health sciences education as it relates to health care delivery in this state such as recruitment programs to attract health care providers to West Virginia: reasons obtained from graduate surveys as to why health care graduates are leaving West Virginia; programs developed to direct graduates into primary care practices and specialty shortage areas in this state; and ways in which the health sciences schools intend to assist in meeting the projected health care needs of this state, including specialty and subspecialty health care professional needs and where those needs are expected to arise, as those needs are defined by the division of health or such other state agency as the division of health may consider appropriate;
- (B) Contractual and financial arrangements between the health sciences schools and such nonprofit and for-profit entities receiving moneys from the health sciences schools that the board of trustees determines have a significant impact on the provision of health sciences education in this state. The report shall state the entity, the amount of funds paid to the entity and what the payment is for;
- (C) The roles and missions of the health sciences schools and evaluation of each school's performance in accordance with outcome measures developed to evaluate

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- the attainment of the roles, missions and programs developed for each school;
- 160 (D) The annual audit of the expenditures of each health sciences school and any audit received by the board from the nonprofit and for-profit entities determined by the board of trustees to have a significant affiliation to any health sciences school:
- 165 (E) Findings regarding management and operation of 166 the health sciences schools, the findings to be based on the 167 annual audits and to include proposals for and barriers to 168 improving efficiency and generating cost savings in health 169 sciences education;
- 170 (F) The quality of health sciences education, includ-171 ing, but not limited to, a review of any accrediting agen-172 cy's report on health sciences education at any 173 state-funded health sciences school;
- 174 (G) The clinical health care services and programs 175 offered or delivered by the health sciences schools, includ-176 ing, but not limited to, programs which use existing state 177 facilities for the purposes of clinical rotations;
- 178 (H) Matters relating to the funding and budgeting of 179 health sciences education in this state, including, but not 180 limited to, ways in which the budget effectuates the roles 181 and missions of the health sciences schools;
- (I) The financing of health sciences education subsequent to an annual, comprehensive review thereof. The report shall include anticipated capital costs, projected operating expenses and future growth and recommendations on the allocation of any state or other tax dedicated to the funding of health sciences education; and
  - (J) Such other administrative, budgetary, financial, educational and other concerns as the board of trustees may consider necessary or helpful in providing information about the health sciences schools pursuant to this subsection.
- 193 (5) For all public institutions of higher education in 194 the state, the following indicators of institutional perfor-

mance in comparison with the aggregate of all other institutions in the state, region and nation as applicable and to the extent comparison data are available: Student-faculty ratio by school; student-administrator ratio; faculty turnover by school; educational and general expenditure per full-time equivalent (FTE) student; expenditure by fund in graphic display; the academic rank and years of experience of the faculty and administrators at the institution; percentage minorities comprise of faculty and major administrative staff; percentage women comprise of faculty and major administrative staff; percentage of classes taught by adjunct or part-time faculty; statistics concerning the occurrence on campus during the most recent school year and during the preceding school years for which data are available of criminal offenses reported to campus security authorities or local police; and statistics concerning the number of arrests for crimes occurring on campus during the most recent school year and during the preceding school years for which data are available.

The statewide report card shall include the data for each institution for each separately listed applicable indicator and the aggregate of the data for all institutions under the jurisdiction of the board of trustees of the university of West Virginia and for all institutions under the jurisdiction of the board of directors of the state college system for each indicator.

The statewide report cards shall be prepared using actual institutional, state, regional and national data as applicable and available indicating the present performance of the individual institutions and the state systems of higher education and shall also include goals and trends for the institutions and the higher education systems. Each governing board as part of its assessment of the individual institutions under its jurisdiction shall include the number and gross dollar amount of grants received for academic research for each institution and a succinct review of research projects including a brief description of each project and the numbers of faculty, graduate and undergraduate students involved in each project. In assessing progress toward meeting goals and in developing trend information, the governing boards shall re-

view report card data in relation to previously adopted board goals, five-year plans, regional and national higher education trends and the resource allocation model.

 (d) The higher education central office staff under the direction of the senior administrator shall provide technical assistance to each institution and governing board in data collection and reporting and is responsible for assembling the statewide report card from information submitted by each governing board.

Each governing board shall prepare report card information in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this section and rules promulgated under this section. The statewide report card shall be presented at a regular board meeting of the appropriate governing board subject to applicable notice requirements.

The statewide report cards shall be completed and disseminated with copies to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, and each year thereafter. Statewide report cards shall be based upon information for the current school year or for the most recent school year for which the information is available, in which case such year shall be clearly footnoted.

The governing boards shall make copies of both the institutional and statewide report cards available to any individual requesting them.

# §18B-1-8b. Coordinate affiliation between Marshall university and West Virginia graduate college.

There is hereby established a coordinate affiliation between Marshall university and the West Virginia gradu-ate college to insure a jointly planned and operated pro-gram of graduate education in the Charleston-Huntington region of West Virginia. The two institutions, while main-taining their individual identities, missions, faculty, curric-ula and budgets, shall share facilities as appropriate, devel-op integrated information technology systems, operate joint programs where efficient and practicable, develop joint electronic administrative and library systems, and 

- engage in joint appointment of faculty and administrators 11
- as feasible and where cost effective. 12

#### ARTICLE 2. UNIVERSITY OF WEST VIRGINIA BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

### §18B-2-9. West Virginia University institute of technology.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, the authority to establish, maintain and 2 operate West Virginia institute of technology is hereby transferred to the board of trustees effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. West Virginia institute of technology shall henceforth be known as West Virginia university institute of technology and shall 7 be operated as a regional campus of West Virginia university under the same procedures, policies, rules and practic-9 es utilized by West Virginia university and the board of 10 trustees in operating West Virginia university at 11 Parkersburg and Potomac state college of West Virginia 12 13 university.
- 14 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary and notwithstanding the resource alloca-15 tion policy of the board of trustees, in allocating funds to 16 the institutions under its jurisdiction, the board of trustees, 17 18 through the first day of July, two thousand one, shall ensure that each institution receives no less than the amount 19 of funds that each institution would have received if West 20 Virginia institute of technology had not been transferred 21 22 to the jurisdiction of the trustees.
- (c) Title to all property previously transferred to or 23 vested in the board of directors for the exclusive use or 24 benefit of West Virginia institute of technology is hereby transferred to the board of trustees. Each valid agreement, 26 obligation or claim entered into or incurred by the board 27 of directors on behalf of West Virginia institute of tech-28 nology is hereby transferred to the board of trustees.

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(d) Revenues of West Virginia institute of technology 30 previously pledged to pay off the indebtedness of revenue 31 bonds issued by the board of directors shall continue to be 32 paid to the board of directors until the existing debt is 33

fully paid. An annual payment of three hundred seventy-three thousand eighty-nine dollars for each of the years remaining on the present system bond issue of the board of directors shall constitute the debt of West Virgin-ia university institute of technology to the board of direc-tors under this subsection. If the board of directors ap-proves, the board of trustees or West Virginia university institute of technology may discharge this indebtedness through alternative payment plans or methods, including prepayment discounted appropriately.

- (e) To compensate the other state college institutions for the amount that would have been reallocated under the resource allocation policy of the board of directors if West Virginia institute of technology had remained under the jurisdiction of the board of directors, West Virginia university institute of technology shall transfer two hundred eighty-four thousand five-hundred twenty-five dollars to the board of directors for each of the fiscal years one thousand nine hundred ninety-six—ninety-seven, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven—ninety-eight, and one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight—ninety-nine.
- (f) West Virginia university institute of technology shall retain the same or a lower type of southern regional education board classification as an institution until at least the first day of July, two thousand.
- (g) Until at least the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, West Virginia university institute of technology shall retain the same promotion and tenure process in place prior to the transfer effectuated by this section.
- (h) For the purposes of meeting the requirements of section one, article seven of this chapter, West Virginia university institute of technology, West Virginia university at Parkersburg, and Potomac state college of West Virginia university shall be considered separate institutions of higher education.
- 70 (i) Any new moneys appropriated to or received by 71 West Virginia university institute of technology shall be

- 72 allocated to West Virginia university institute of technolo-73 gy under the policies of the board of trustees.
- 74 It is the intent of the Legislature in implementing the merger of West Virginia university and West Virginia 75
- 76 institute of technology that new graduate programs of-
- 77 fered by West Virginia university at the West Virginia
- university institute of technology will not duplicate exist-78
- 79 ing graduate programs currently offered by Marshall
- university and the West Virginia graduate college. Before 80
- any graduate programs are offered by West Virginia uni-81
- 82 versity at the West Virginia university institute of technolo-
- 83 gy, they must be approved by the board of trustees.

#### ARTICLE 3. BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STATE COLLEGE SYSTEM.

- §18B-3-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment; oath of office; removal from office.
- §18B-3-2. Meetings and compensation.

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§18B-3-3a. Community and technical college education; establishment; state level governance; formation of districts; college level administration and governance; programs; district consortia; implementation process; and implementation team.

### §18B-3-1. Composition of board; terms and qualifications of members; vacancies; eligibility for reappointment: oath of office: removal from office.

2 shall consist of sixteen persons, of whom one shall be the chancellor of the university of West Virginia board of 3 trustees, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one 4 shall be the state superintendent of schools, ex officio, who 5 shall not be entitled to vote; one shall be the chair of the 6

(a) The board of directors of the state college system

- 7 joint commission for vocational-technical-occupational
- education, ex officio, who shall not be entitled to vote; one
- shall be the chairman of the advisory council of students, 9
- ex officio, who shall be entitled to vote; one shall be the 10
- chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio, 11
- who shall be entitled to vote; and one shall be the chair-12
- man of the advisory council of classified employees, ex 13
- officio, who shall be entitled to vote. The other ten direc-14
- tors shall be citizens of the state, appointed by the gover-15

16 nor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. On 17 or after the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hun-18 dred ninety-six, the board shall be reconstituted and all 19 terms of members appointed by the governor prior to the 20 tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred 21 ninety-six, shall expire upon the appointment by the gov-22 ernor of all the directors required to be appointed by this 23 section. The governor shall make appointments required 24 by this section no later than the fifteenth day of March. 25 one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

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Each of the directors appointed to the board by the governor shall represent the public interest and shall be especially qualified in the field of higher education by virtue of the person's knowledge, learning, experience or interest in the field. The relative enrollments of baccalaureate and community and technical students in the state college system shall be considered by the governor when making such appointments and the governor shall use his or her best efforts to achieve a balance among the members who reflect the various interests, goals and concerns reflected by the relative enrollments.

37 Except for the ex officio directors, no person shall be 38 eligible for appointment to membership on the board of 39 directors who is an officer, employee or member of an 40 advisory board of any state college or university, an offi-41 cer or member of any political party executive committee, the holder of any other public office or public employ-42 43 ment under the government of this state or any of its polit-44 ical subdivisions, or an appointee or employee of the 45 board of trustees or board of directors: Provided. That if 46 there are no ethical restrictions under state or federal law, a federal employee may serve as a member of the board of 47 48 directors. Of the ten directors appointed by the governor from the public at large, not more than five thereof shall 49 belong to the same political party and at least three direc-50 51 tors of the board shall be appointed from each congressio-52 nal district.

Except as provided in this section, no other person may be appointed to the board.

(b) The governor shall appoint ten directors as soon after the tenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, as is practicable, and the original terms of all directors shall commence on that date. The terms of the directors appointed by the governor shall be for overlapping terms of six years, except, of the original appointments, three shall be appointed to terms of two years, three shall be appointed to terms of four years and four shall be appointed to terms of six years. Each subsequent appointment which is not for the purpose of filling a vacancy in an unexpired term shall be appointed to a term of six years.

The governor shall appoint a director to fill any vacancy among the ten directors appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which director appointed to fill such vacancy shall serve for the unexpired term of the vacating director. The governor shall fill the vacancy within sixty days of the occurrence of the vacancy.

All directors appointed by the governor shall be eligible for reappointment: *Provided*, That a person who serves as a director or trustee during all or any part of two consecutive terms beginning after the first day of March, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, shall be ineligible to serve as a director for a period of three years immediately following the second of the two consecutive terms.

The chairman of the advisory council of students, ex officio; the chairman of the advisory council of faculty, ex officio; and the chairman of the advisory council of classified employees, ex officio, shall serve the terms for which they were elected by their respective advisory councils. These members shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

(c) Before exercising any authority or performing any duties as a director, each director shall qualify as such by taking and subscribing to the oath of office prescribed by section five, article IV of the constitution of West Virginia, and the certificate thereof shall be filed with the secretary of state.

93 (d) No director appointed by the governor shall be 94 removed from office by the governor except for official 95 misconduct, incompetence, neglect of duty or gross im-96 morality, and then only in the manner prescribed by law 97 for the removal by the governor of the state elective offi-98 cers.

#### §18B-3-2. Meetings and compensation.

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- 1 (a) The board of directors shall hold at least ten meet-2 ings in every fiscal year, including an annual meeting each 3 June: Provided, That a meeting for the purpose of select-4 ing the first chairman shall be held during March, one 5 thousand nine hundred ninety-six. Except for the annual meeting, which may be held at a location anywhere in the 7 state, the meetings shall be held on different campuses of institutions in the state college system on a rotating basis or at the central office. The directors may set aside time at 10 these meetings held at the campuses to afford administrators, faculty, students and classified staff at these institu-11 12 tions an opportunity to discuss issues affecting these groups. The directors shall hold at least one meeting each 13 14 year with the advisory council of faculty, the advisory council of students and the advisory council of classified 15 16 employees, each of these bodies to be met with separately. Except as otherwise provided in this section, meetings shall 17 be held on such dates and at such places as the directors 18 may prescribe. In addition to the statutorily required 19 meetings, the directors may meet at such other times as 20 may be necessary, such meetings to be held upon its own 21 resolution or at the written request of at least five appoint-22 23 ed directors.
  - Of the thirteen voting members of the board of directors, seven shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum shall be necessary to pass upon matters before the directors.
  - (b) The directors shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incident to the performance of such duties, upon presentation of an itemized sworn statement thereof. The foregoing reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses shall be paid from appropriations made by the Legislature to the directors.

- §18B-3-3a. Community and technical college education; establishment; state level governance; formation of districts; college level administration and governance; programs; district consortia; implementation process; and implementation team.
  - 1 (a) General. — The purpose of this section is to estab-2 lish community and technical college education that is 3 well articulated with the public schools and four-year 4 colleges; that makes maximum use of shared facilities, 5 faculty, staff, equipment and other resources; that encour-6 ages traditional and nontraditional students and adult 7 learners to pursue a life-time of learning; that serves as an 8 instrument of economic development; and that has the independence and flexibility to respond quickly to chang-9 ing needs. The respective governing boards shall provide 10 11 for community and technical college education at state institutions of higher education under their jurisdiction to 12 13 have the administrative, programmatic and budgetary control necessary to allow maximum flexibility and re-14 15 sponsiveness to district and community needs consistent 16 with the goal of sharing facilities, faculty, staff, equipment 17 and other resources within and among the districts, the 18 other systems of public and higher education and other 19 education and training programs.
    - (b) State level governance. The board of directors and the board of trustees shall jointly employ a vice chancellor for community and technical college education. The vice chancellor for community and technical college education shall report directly to and provide assistance to the board of directors and the board of trustees on matters related to community and technical college education and shall serve at their will and pleasure. The vice chancellor for community and technical college education shall advise, assist and consult regularly with the administrative heads, institutional boards of advisors, and district consortia committees of each state institution of higher education involved in community and technical college education.

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In appointing members to the institutional boards of advisors within the state college system pursuant to section one, article six of this chapter, the board of directors shall

- 36 consider the relative distribution of baccalaureate and
- 37 community and technical college enrollments of the re-
- 38 spective institutions and shall make up to three of such
- 39 appointments from the membership of district consortia
- 40 committee on the basis of such proportional enrollments.
- 41 All appointments shall be reflective of the economic, in-42 dustrial, educational, community and employment charac-
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- teristics of the institution's region and be geographically
- 44 dispersed to the extent practical.
- 45 (c) Formation of community and technical college 46 districts. — The eleven community and technical college districts shall be comprised of contiguous areas of the state 47 which have similar economic, industrial, educational, com-48 munity and employment characteristics to facilitate spe-49 50 cialization in mission and programming. For the purposes 51 of initial implementation and organization, the districts 52 shall be comprised as follows:
- 53 (1) Ohio, Brooke, Hancock, Marshall, Tyler and 54 Wetzel counties;
- 55 (2) Wood, Jackson, Pleasants, Ritchie, Roane, Tyler and 56 Wirt counties:
- 57 (3) Kanawha, Putnam and Clay counties;
- 58 (4) Cabell, Mason, Putnam and Wayne counties;
- 59 (5) Fayette, Clay, Kanawha, Raleigh and Nicholas 60 counties:
- (6) Logan, Boone, Lincoln, McDowell, Mingo, Raleigh 61 and Wyoming counties: 62
- 63 (7) Mercer, Greenbrier, McDowell, Monroe, 64 Pocahontas, Raleigh and Summers counties;
- 65 (8) Gilmer, Barbour, Braxton, Calhoun, Clay, Lewis, Nicholas, Upshur and Webster counties; 66
- (9) Marion, Doddridge, Harrison, Monongalia, 67 Preston, Randolph, Taylor, Barbour and Tucker counties; 68
- (10) Jefferson, Berkeley, Grant, Hardy and Morgan 69 70 counties; and

71 (11) Mineral, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy and Pendleton counties.

It is the intent of the Legislature that counties which are listed in more than one district shall be served by the associated community and technical colleges as a cooperative service area, or shall be divided as the board of directors determines. The boundaries of the eleven districts may be modified from time to time by the board of directors upon request of the affected community and technical colleges to better serve the needs within the districts. Such modifications are not required to follow county boundaries.

Subject to any restrictions imposed by the board of directors, the district boundaries shall not be employed to restrict other state institutions of higher education from offering programs of strength to meet underserved needs, consistent with the objective of not duplicating efforts as determined by the governing boards: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall be construed to prevent state institutions of higher education from offering courses at off-campus centers or locations now operating or established in the future which are not duplicative. Distance learning technology, resource networking and other cooperative and collaborative efforts shall be used to the maximum extent prudent and practical to avoid unnecessary duplication of program development and delivery.

The main campus of the community and technical college shall be identified under the name of the community and technical college for the district and the district shall be known as the "community and technical college district". In addition, the name of all branches, centers and programs shall reflect the name of the district.

(d) Allocation of resources and budgets. — All funds for community and technical college education shall be proposed by the governing boards for their respective institutions and appropriated by the Legislature in an institutional control account under the jurisdiction of the board of directors for those institutions governed by the board of directors for their respective institutions and a separate institutional control account under the jurisdic-

111 tion of the board of trustees for those institutions gov-112 erned by the board of trustees. The board of directors 113 and the board of trustees shall establish by joint legislative 114 rule a formula for the allocation of such funds to control 115 accounts of individual university system and state college 116 system community and technical colleges, which rule shall 117 include uniform guidelines for the allocation and report-118 ing of student enrollments, costs, reimbursements and 119 revenues for community and technical colleges located on 120 the campus of another state institution of higher educa-121 tion.

122 (e) College level administration and governance. — 123 The administrative head of a state college system commu-124 nity and technical college shall be the president, in the 125 case of the freestanding community and technical colleg-126 es, and the provost of the community and technical col-127 lege in the case of all other state college system communi-128 ty and technical colleges. Such provost shall be employed 129 by the president of the state institution of higher education 130 upon which the main campus of the community and tech-131 nical college is located and the provost shall serve at the 132 will and pleasure of the president. The administrative 133 head shall be responsible for coordination and other ad-134 ministrative arrangements with the host institution and 135 other duties assigned pursuant to this section. Nothing in 136 this section shall prohibit a current employee in communi-137 ty and technical education from being employed as a 138 The administrative and business offices and functions of community and technical colleges, except 139 140 freestanding, shall be consolidated with those of the host institution to the extent practical. To enhance program 141 142 flexibility and mobility, to enhance program coordination and delivery in the public schools and to take advantage 143 of the expertise and experience of persons in business and 144 industry, community and technical colleges shall make 145 146 extensive use of combined courses with four-year colleges and universities, employ by contract or other arrange-147 ments college and university faculty to teach community 148 and technical college courses, employ qualified public 149 school teachers as adjunct professors and employ quali-150

- fied business, industry and labor persons as adjunct professors in technical areas.
- 153 (f) Community and technical college programs.—
  154 The mission of each community and technical college
  155 shall include the following programs which may be of156 fered on or off campus, at the work site, in the public
  157 schools and at other locations at times that are convenient
  158 for the intended population:

- (1) Career and technical education certificate, associate of applied science and selected associate of science degree programs for students seeking immediate employment, individual entrepreneurship skills; occupational development, skill enhancement and career mobility;
- (2) Transfer education associate of arts and associate of science degree programs for students whose educational goal is to transfer into a baccalaureate degree program;
- (3) Developmental/remedial education courses, tutorials, skills development labs and other services for students who need to improve their skills in mathematics, English, reading, study skills, computers and other basic skill areas;
- 171 (4) Work force training and retraining contract educa-172 tion with business and industry to train or retrain employ-173 ees;
  - (5) Continuing development assistance and education credit and noncredit courses for professional and self-development, certification and licensure and literacy training; and
  - (6) Community service workshops, lectures, seminars, clinics, concerts, theatrical performances and other noncredit activities to meet the cultural, civic and personal interests and needs of the community.

All administrative, programmatic and budgetary control over community and technical education within the district shall be vested in the administrative head and the institutional board of advisors of state college system community and technical colleges, subject to rules adopted by the board of directors. The administrative head and insti-

188 tutional board of advisors shall be responsible for the 189 regular review, revision, elimination and establishment of 190 programs within the district to assure that the needs of the 191 district for community and technical college programs are 192 met. It is the intent of the Legislature that the program 193 review and approval process for community and technical 194 education be separate and distinct from baccalaureate 195 The administrative head and institutional 196 board of advisors shall seek assistance from and utilize a 197 district consortia committee in fulfilling this responsibility.

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- (g) District consortia committee. The administrative head of each university system and state college system community and technical college shall form a district consortia committee which shall include representatives distributed geographically to the extent practical of the major community college branches, vocational-technical centers, comprehensive high schools, four-year colleges and universities, community service or cultural organizations, economic development organizations, business, industry, labor, elected public officials and employment and training programs and offices within the district. The consortia committee shall be chaired by the administrative head or his or her designee and shall advise and assist the administrative head with the following:
- (1) Completing a comprehensive assessment of the 212 213 district to determine what education and training programs 214 are necessary to meet the short and long-term work force 215 development needs of the district;
  - (2) Coordinating efforts with regional labor market information systems that identify the ongoing needs of business and industry, both current and projected, and provide information to assist in an informed program of planning and decisionmaking;
- (3) Planning and development of a unified effort to meet the documented work force development needs of the district through individual and cooperative programs, shared facilities, faculty, staff, equipment and other re-224 sources and the development and use of distance learning and other educational technologies;

- 227 (4) Increasing the integration of secondary and 228 post-secondary curriculum and programs that are targeted 229 to meet regional labor market needs, including the plan-230 ning and implementation of a comprehensive school-to-231 work transition system that helps students focus on career 232 objectives, builds upon current programs such as high 233 schools that work, tech prep associate degree programs, 234 registered apprenticeships and rural entrepreneurship 235 through action learning and addresses the needs of at-risk 236 students and school dropouts;
  - (5) Planning and implementation of integrated professional development activities for secondary and post-secondary faculty, staff and administrators and other consortia partners throughout the district;

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- 241 (6) Ensuring that program graduates have attained the 242 competencies required for successful employment 243 through the involvement of business, industry and labor in 244 establishing student credentialing:
  - (7) Performance assessment of student knowledge and skills which may be gained from multiple sources so that students gain credit toward program completion and advance more rapidly without repeating coursework in which they already possess competency:
- (8) Establishing one-stop-shop career centers with 251 integrated employment and training and labor market information systems that enable job seekers to assess their 253 skills, identify and secure needed education training and secure employment and employers to locate available workers;
  - (9) Increasing the integration of adult literacy, adult basic education, federal job opportunities and basic skills, and community and technical college programs and services to expedite the transition of adults from welfare to gainful employment; and
- (10) Establish a single point of contact for employers 261 and potential employers to access education and training 262 263 programs throughout the district.

- (h) Implementation process. The implementation of community and technical college education as set forth in this article shall be accomplished over a three-year period.

  Major program elements shall be accomplished within the following time frames:
- 269 (1) One thousand nine hundred ninety-five—270 ninety-six:
- 271 (i) Form necessary governance structures and make necessary appointments;
- 273 (ii) Form consortia committees and complete a survey 274 of the educational and training needs of the community 275 college district;
- (iii) Establish the information necessary to separately budget the community and technical college education for fiscal year one thousand nine hundred ninety-six—ninety-seven, including the rules required pursuant to subsection (d) of this section;
- (iv) Establish an ongoing method of providing funding for appropriate staff from the public schools and the community and technical colleges for personnel and other costs related to shared facility projects, including recommendations for any necessary legislative enactments; and
- (v) Make recommendations to the governor and Legislature as may be necessary.
- 288 (2) One thousand nine hundred ninety-six—289 ninety-seven:
- 290 (i) Begin separate budgeting; and
- 291 (ii) Begin full operations of the community and tech-292 nical colleges as provided in this article.
- 293 (3) One thousand nine hundred ninety-seven—294 ninety-eight:
- 295 (i) Review and evaluation.
- 296 (i) Implementation team. There is hereby estab-297 lished an implementation team to monitor and oversee 298 implementation of the community and technical college

299 education in accordance with the provisions of this article. 300 The implementation team shall report to the governor and 301 the legislative oversight commission on education ac-302 countability no later than the first day of December, in the 303 years one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, one thou-304 sand nine hundred ninety-six and one thousand nine hun-305 dred ninety-seven, on the status of such implementation 306 and any further needs for legislative enactment. The im-307 plementation oversight team shall be composed of the 308 secretary of education and the arts, one representative of public education, one representative of community and 309 technical colleges, one representative of four-year colleg-310 311 es, one representative of the private sector, one representative of employment and training programs, one represen-312 313 tative of vocational-technical-occupational education, four 314 members of the Senate and four members of the House of 315 Delegates, all appointed by the governor. The secretary of 316 education and the arts shall be responsible for staffing the 317 implementation oversight team utilizing existing person-318 nel, equipment and offices of the affected agencies.

#### ARTICLE 4. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

# §18B-4-1. Officers of governing boards; employment of chancellors and senior administrator; offices.

- 1 (a) At its annual meeting in June of each year, each 2 governing board shall elect from its members appointed by the governor a president and such other officers as it may consider necessary or desirable: Provided, That the 4 initial annual meeting shall be held during July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine. The president and such 7 other officers shall be elected for a one-year term commencing on the first day of July following the annual 8 meeting and ending on the thirtieth day of June of the 9 following year. The president of the board shall serve no 10 more than two consecutive terms. 11
- 12 (b) Each governing board shall employ a chancellor 13 who shall serve at the will and pleasure of the employing 14 board and shall assist the governing board in the perfor-15 mance of its duties and responsibilities. No chancellor 16 may hold or retain any other administrative position with-17 in the system of higher education while employed as

18 chancellor. Each chancellor is responsible for carrying 19 out the directives of the governing board by which he or 20 she is employed and shall work with the board in develop-21 ing policy options. For the purpose of developing or 22 evaluating policy options, the chancellors may request the 23 assistance of the presidents and other administrative heads 24 of the institutions under their jurisdiction and their staffs. 25 The respective chancellors shall jointly agree to and shall 26 hire one senior administrator who shall serve at their will 27 and pleasure in accordance with section two of this article.

(c) The vice chancellor for health sciences shall coordinate the West Virginia university school of medicine, the Marshall university school of medicine and the West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine.

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- (d) Suitable offices for the senior administrator andother staff shall be provided in Charleston.
- 34 (e) The governing boards shall jointly employ a vice 35 chancellor for instructional technology to establish a plan 36 and funding recommendations for development and im-37 plementation of a multifaceted instructional technology 38 strategy that includes, but is not limited to, a goal that every full-time freshman student beginning in the fall 39 40 semester, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and thereafter, and as many other students and faculty as pos-41 42 sible will own or lease a computer, and alternatively that computers be available for part-time students through 43 44 on-site labs; the integration of computer usage into all course work; the involvement of faculty in the develop-45 46 ment and use of technology-based instruction and instruc-47 tional courseware for community and technical colleges, colleges and universities; and the expansion of distance 48 learning and technology networks throughout the higher 49 50 education systems to enhance teaching and learning, promote access to quality educational offerings with mini-51 mum duplication of effort, increase the delivery of in-52 struction to nontraditional students, provide services to 53 business and industry, and increase the management capa-54 bilities of the higher education system. The vice chancel-55 lor shall submit the plan to the Legislature on or before 56

- 57 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred nine-58 ty-six.
- 59 The vice chancellor for instructional technology shall supervise the administration, oversight, coordination and 60 61 implementation of the plan, or portions of the plan, sub-62 ject to the availability of funds and the direction of the 63 governing boards. In addition, the vice chancellor shall 64 review all technology related matters within the depart-65 ment of education and the arts and suggest appropriate integration and compatibility of the technology systems 66 within the department and the institutions governed by the 67
- 69 (f) The governing boards shall jointly employ a vice 70 chancellor for community and technical education pursu-71 ant to the provisions of section three-a, article three of this 72 chapter.

#### ARTICLE 6. ADVISORY COUNCILS OF FACULTY.

§18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.

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board.

- §18B-6-3. Advisory councils of students.
- §18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

## §18B-6-2. Advisory councils of faculty.

- Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of faculty.
- During the month of April of each even-numbered 4 5 year, each president or other administrative head of a state institution of higher education, including Potomac state 6 college of West Virginia university, West Virginia universi-7 ty at Parkersburg, and West Virginia university institute of 8 technology, at the direction of the councils and in accor-9 dance with procedures established by the councils, shall 10 convene a meeting or otherwise institute a balloting pro-11 cess to elect one faculty to serve on the appropriate gov-12 erning board's advisory council of faculty, which shall
- erning board's advisory council of faculty, which shall consist of one faculty, so elected, from each such institu-
- 15 tion under the appropriate governing board. Terms of the
- 16 members of each council shall be for two years and shall
- 17 begin on the first day of July of each even-numbered year

and members of each advisory council shall be eligible to succeed themselves.

20 The advisory councils of faculty shall meet at least 21 once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be 22 during the month of July, at which meeting each council 23 shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office 24 a voting member of the appropriate governing board: 25 Provided. That the chair shall serve no more than two 26 consecutive terms. No member may vote by proxy at such 27 election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for 28 such election, a member authorized by the council shall 29 select the chairman by lot from the names of those per-30 sons tied. Immediately following the election of a chair-31 man, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by 32 this section for the election of a chairman, a member of 33 that council to preside over meetings of the council in the 34 chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the posi-35 tion, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill 36 the unexpired term within thirty days following such va-37 cancy. In electing the chairman of the advisory council 38 for the board of trustees, West Virginia university and its 39 regional campuses shall have a total of two votes, which 40 shall be cast for one individual, and the elected representa-41 tives from Marshall university, the West Virginia graduate 42 college, and West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine 43 shall have one vote per school.

Each advisory council of faculty, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the faculty members may have an interest.

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Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of faculty, and each advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any faculty member of a state institution of higher education

- 58 represented on the council. Such minutes shall be for-
- 59 warded to the advisory council of faculty serving the other
- 60 governing board.

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## §18B-6-3. Advisory councils of students.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of students.

4 The student government organization at each state 5 institution of higher education shall elect a student, who may be the elected head or president of such organization, 6 to serve on the appropriate governing board's advisory 7 8 council of students, which are hereby created, consisting of the elected representatives of each institution under the 9 10 appropriate governing board: Provided, That the student 11 government organization at each institution in the univer-12 sity system, including Potomac state college of West Vir-13 ginia university, West Virginia university at Parkersburg, and West Virginia university institute of technology, shall 14 15 elect one student per three thousand students enrolled at 16 each institution with a minimum of one representative 17 from each institution. The student government of each institution shall determine how its representatives shall be 18 19 elected. Terms of the members of such council shall be 20 for one year and shall begin on the first day of May of 21 each year, and members of the advisory councils shall be 22 eligible to succeed themselves.

Each institution shall have only one vote in all matters. The advisory councils of students shall meet at least once each quarter, and shall meet during each month of June, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who prior to such elections must be entitled to vote in the state of West Virginia. By virtue of the office, the chairman shall be a voting member of the appropriate governing board. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman, a member of that council to pre-

37 side over meetings of the council in the chairman's ab-38 sence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the coun-39 cil shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unex-40 pired term within thirty days following such vacancy. In 41 electing the chairman of the advisory council for the board of trustees, West Virginia university and its regional 42 43 campuses shall have a total of two votes, which shall be cast for one individual, and the elected representatives 44 from Marshall university, the West Virginia graduate col-45 lege, and West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine 46 47 shall have one vote per school.

Each advisory council of students, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the students may have an interest.

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Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.

57 Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services to its advisory council of students, and each advisory 58 council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its meetings, 59 which minutes shall be available, upon request, to any 60 student of a state institution of higher education represent-61 ed on the council. Such minutes shall be forwarded to the 62 advisory council of students serving the other governing 63 64 board.

## §18B-6-4. Advisory councils of classified employees.

Effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, each governing board shall be assisted by an advisory council of classified employees.

During the month of April of each even-numbered year, each president or other administrative head of a state institution of higher education, including Potomac state college of West Virginia university, West Virginia university at Parkersburg and West Virginia university institute of technology, at the direction of the councils and in ac-

10 cordance with procedures established by the councils, shall 11 convene a meeting or otherwise institute a balloting process to elect one classified employee to serve on the ap-12 13 propriate governing board's advisory council of classified 14 employees, which shall consist of one classified employee, so elected, from each such institution under the appropri-15 16 ate governing board. Terms of the members of such 17 councils shall be for two years and shall begin on the first 18 day of July of each even-numbered year, and members of 19 the advisory councils shall be eligible to succeed them-20 selves. For the purpose of this section the term "institution 21 of higher education" includes the facilities and staff super-22 vised by the senior administrator employed by the govern-23 ing boards, who shall be deemed a part of the state college system, and the West Virginia network for telecomputing, 24 25 who shall be deemed a part of the state university system.

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Each advisory council of classified employees shall meet at least once each quarter. One of the quarterly meetings shall be during the month of July, at which meeting each council shall elect a chairman, who shall be by virtue of the office a voting member of the appropriate governing board: Provided, That the chair shall serve no more than two consecutive terms: Provided, however, That the board of directors' advisory council for classified employees' chairman shall not be a member of the staff supervised by the central administrative official. No member may vote by proxy at such election. In the event of a tie in the last vote taken for such election, a member authorized by the council shall select the chairman by lot from the names of those persons tied. Immediately following the election of a chairman, each council shall elect, in the manner prescribed by this section for the election of a chairman, a member of the council to preside over meetings of the council in the chairman's absence. Should the chairman vacate the position, the council shall meet and elect a new chairman to fill the unexpired term within thirty days following such vacancy. In electing the chair of the advisory council for the board of trustees, West Virginia university and its regional campuses shall have a total of two votes, which shall be cast for one individual, and the elected representatives from Marshall university,

- the West Virginia graduate college, the West Virginia network for telecomputing and West Virginia school of os-
- 53 teopathic medicine shall have one vote per school.
- Each advisory council of classified employees, through its chairman and in any other appropriate manner, shall consult and advise its governing board in matters of higher education in which the classified employees may have an interest.
- Members of each advisory council shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from funds allocated to the state institution of higher education served.
- 64 Each governing board shall furnish secretarial services 65 to its advisory council of classified employees, and each 66 advisory council shall cause to be prepared minutes of its 67 meetings, which minutes shall be available, upon request, 68 to any classified employee of a state institution of higher 69 education represented on the council. Such minutes shall 70 be forwarded to the advisory council of classified employ-71 ees serving the other governing board.

# ARTICLE 8. HIGHER EDUCATION FULL-TIME FACULTY SALARIES.

#### §18B-8-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- (a) "Schedule" or "salary schedule" means the grid of
   minimum salary figures listed in section two of this article;
- 4 (b) "Academic rank" means the position held by a
  5 faculty member as determined by the president, consistent
  6 with policy established by the governing board, and in7 cludes the positions of professor, associate professor, assis8 tant professor and instructor; all other ranks are excluded
  9 from the provisions of this article;
- 10 (c) "Years of experience" means the actual number of
  11 years a person has been a full-time faculty member at an
  12 institution of higher education within this state. Employ13 ment for nine months shall equal one year of experience,
  14 but no faculty member may accrue more than one year of
  15 experience during any given academic year. Employment

for less than full time, or less than nine months during any fiscal year, shall be prorated. In accordance with rules established by the governing boards, a faculty member may be granted additional years of experience for actual years of work or teaching experience at institutions other than institutions of higher education within this state;

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- (d) "Doctoral institutions" means West Virginia university and Marshall university at Huntington. Doctoral programs at Marshall university shall be selective and nonduplicative of West Virginia university unless an exception is recommended by both institutions and approved by the board of trustees. "Master's II institutions" means West Virginia school of osteopathic medicine and the West Virginia graduate college; "baccalaureate and two-year institutions" means Bluefield state college, Concord college. Fairmont state college. Glenville state college, Shepherd college, West Liberty state college, West Virginia university institute of technology, West Virginia state college, West Virginia university at Parkersburg, Southern West Virginia community college, West Virginia northern community college and Potomac state college of West Virginia university and such other institutions as are designated community colleges by the board of directors;
- (e) "Salary" means the total nine-month or ten-month salary paid from state funds to a full-time faculty member, or if other than nine or ten months, adjusted to a nine-month base salary;
- (f) "Full-time faculty" means any faculty member designated as such by the president, consistent with approved policy of the appropriate governing board, and those persons with faculty rank who have research or administrative responsibilities;
- (g) "Fiscal year" means twelve calendar months and begins on the first day of July and ends on the thirtieth day of June; and
- (h) "Merit increases and salary adjustments" means the amount of additional salary increase allowed on a merit basis or to rectify salary inequities or accommodate competitive market conditions, in accordance with policy established by the appropriate governing board.

## CHAPTER 120

(H. B. 4529-By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Browning, Beach, Gallagher, Prezioso and Wallace)

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, relating to creating the science and technology advisory council; stating the legislative purpose; establishing membership of the council; establishing the powers and duties; payment of expenses; compensation of director; creating publicprivate partnerships; and establishing funding of the council.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter eighteen-b of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article eighteen, to read as follows:

#### HIGHER EDUCATION - INDUSTRY PARTNER-ARTICLE 18. SHIPS.

- §18B-18-1. Legislative purpose.
- §18B-18-2. Science and technology advisory council; members, appointment and expenses; appointment, duties and compensation of
- §18B-18-3. Powers and duties of science and technology council.
- §18B-18-4. Public-private partnerships; funding.

## §18B-18-1. Legislative purpose.

- The Legislature hereby finds that a pressing need 1
- exists for a strategy based upon science and technology
- which promotes a scientifically literate citizenry, encour-
- ages the creation of higher-paying jobs and enhances the 4
- growth of West Virginia's gross state product. To that end, the state recognizes the need for collaborative research
- and development efforts among institutions of higher
- education, industry, government and private organizations

which will advance the state's scientific and technological development. The Legislature further finds that focused research and technical assistance efforts related to West Virginia industry will speed such development, improve technology transfer, assist companies in becoming growth leaders and link basic research and technological development to economic advancement

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The Legislature therefore declares that creation of a science and technology advisory council will be advantageous to the state by working to move West Virginia into a strong competitive position in science and technology. The council shall provide policy advice to the Legislature and to the governor on scientific and technology subjects and issues and provide policy advice to the council for community and economic development on science and technology issues that will serve to foster economic growth. The council shall also develop a state science and technology strategic plan for submission to the Legislature and the governor.

# §18B-18-2. Science and technology advisory council; members, appointment and expenses; appointment, duties and compensation of director.

- (a) There is hereby created a science and technology advisory council, which is a body corporate and politic, constituting a public corporation and government instrumentality. The council shall consist of eleven members who have professional, labor or managerial knowledge in science and technology development and operations and shall represent an equitable balance between academic and nonacademic persons as follows:
- (1) Five members to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, with not more than three belonging to the same political party, also three of whom shall be from different congressional districts of the state, and, as near as may be, provide a broad state geographical distribution of members of the council;
- 15 (2) One member to be appointed by the governor, 16 with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list of 17 two persons recommended by the speaker of the House of 18 Delegates;

- 19 (3) One member to be appointed by the governor, 20 with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list of 21 two persons recommended by the president of the Senate;
  - (4) Two members to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list of four persons recommended by the chancellor of the university of West Virginia system:
  - (5) One member to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list of two persons recommended by the chancellor of the state college system of West Virginia; and
  - (6) One member to be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, from a list of two persons recommended by the council for community and economic development.
  - (b) Not later than the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the governor shall appoint the eleven members of the council for staggered terms. The terms of the council members first taking office on or after the effective date of this legislation shall expire as designated by the governor at the time of their appointment, three at the end of the first year, four at the end of the second year, and four at the end of the third year. As the original appointments expire, each subsequent appointment shall be for a full three-year term. Any member whose term has expired shall serve until a successor has been duly appointed and qualified. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve only for the unexpired term. A member is eligible for only one successive reappointment. In cases of any vacancy in the office of a member, such vacancy shall be filled by the governor in the same manner as the original appointment was made.
  - (c) Members of the council are not entitled to compensation for services performed as members, but are entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. A majority of serving members constitutes a quorum for the purpose of conducting business. The governor shall designate a chair, who is not a public official, for a term to run concurrently with the term of office of the member designated. The council shall conduct all meet-

ings in accordance with the open meeting law pursuant to article nine-a, chapter six of this code.

- (d) The council shall prepare and publish an annual report of its activities and accomplishments and submit it to the governor and to the legislative joint committee on government and finance on or before the fifteenth day of December of each year.
- (e) Each year, the council shall submit to the governor a list of science and technology projects recommended for funding. Such projects shall serve to fulfill the policies established by the science and technology strategic plan. The recommendation shall itemize the funds requested and shall identify any expenditures that will be matched by federal funds, or matched by foundation, corporate or by other funds.
- (f) The chair of the council also shall serve as the executive director of the council for his or her term of office. He or she shall hold a graduate degree and have professional experience in fields involving science and technology research or development. The expenses of the executive director shall be paid from funds provided by foundation grants, in-kind contributions, or other funds obtained pursuant to subsection (b), section four of this article. The executive director shall provide or obtain scientific and technical information to support the administrative work of the council, and to that end may contract with the university system, a nonprofit organization, or other state agency for research and administrative support.
- (g) The executive director of the council shall be available to the governor, the speaker of the House of Delegates, and the president of the Senate, to analyze and comment upon proposed legislation and rules which relate to or materially affect state scientific and technical issues.

# §18B-18-3. Powers and duties of science and technology council.

1 (a) The council shall consult with the higher education 2 governing boards and with state business leaders in the 3 exercise of its powers and duties, which shall include, but 4 not be limited to, the following: (1) Preparation of a com-5 prehensive strategic plan and recommendation of pro-

grams in furtherance thereof that will support and foster 7 state science and technology research; (2) cooperation 8 with appropriate state agencies to retain and enlarge exist-9 ing state industries through technology expansion; and (3) 10 formulation of plans to establish science and technology research centers at state universities and colleges. 11 12 council may seek public and private research grants and 13 contracts, matching funds and procurement arrangements 14 from the state and federal government, private industry 15 and other agencies, in furtherance of its mission and pro-16 grams. An initial comprehensive strategic plan that will 17 support and foster economic growth in science and tech-18 nology research and development in the state shall be 19 developed and provided to the governor and the Legisla-20 ture no later than the first day of July, one thousand nine 21 hundred ninety-seven, and shall include, but not be limited 22 to, the following:

(1) A science and technology policy;

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- (2) The identification of strengths and weaknesses in the basic science resources and research capabilities in the state;
  - (3) The identification of methods that will coordinate and engender collaborative research efforts between research entities throughout the state, whether public or private;
- 31 (4) The designation of areas for potential scientific 32 and technological development, including those related to 33 and having a direct impact upon the economic develop-34 ment of the state:
  - (5) Recommendations on how to improve and strengthen the partnership between the private sector, institutions of higher education and government;
  - (6) Recommendations on how to improve the infrastructure for research and research training;
- 40 (7) Recommendations on a system to transfer technol-41 ogy to the private sector in the state;
- 42 (8) Recommendations on legislative changes required 43 to improve the overall science and technology environ-44 ment in the state; and

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(9) Other recommendations on science and technology policy and programs as appropriate.

The strategic plan may be updated and refiled on or before the first day of July of each year; an annual work plan shall be submitted each year beginning the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-eight.

- (b) In developing its strategic plan, the science and technology council shall utilize its resources as well as the technical support available to it through the university of West Virginia system, the state college system of West Virginia, the West Virginia development office, the West Virginia experimental program to stimulate competitive research (EPSCoR), federal and state agencies, and other appropriate organizations that have an interest in fostering science and technology research and development in West Virginia.
- (c) The council shall undertake to keep abreast of state and national scientific and technological developments and work to establish, foster, and successfully conclude university, college, and other scientific research projects or clusters.
- 66 (d) To reduce and avoid duplication of research work 67 and expenditures, the council shall, as a part of its strategic 68 plan, formulate methods that will coordinate and generate 69 collaborative efforts between research entities throughout 70 West Virginia, whether public or private, and foster syner-71 gistic relationships among them. Cooperating agencies 72 may contract with the council, as hereinafter provided, so 73 as to participate in science and technology projects, jointly 74 or through the programs of the council with other participating institutions, government units, and private business 75 76 firms.

# §18B-18-4. Public-private partnerships; funding.

1 (a) In furtherance of its mission, the science and tech2 nology council is authorized to enter into contracts or
3 joint venture agreements with federal and state agencies;
4 with nonprofit corporations organized pursuant to the
5 corporate laws of this state or other jurisdictions that are
6 qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
7 Code; and with other organizations that conduct research,
8 make grants, improve educational programs, and work for

- the scientific, educational or economic development of
- 10 this state. All contracts and joint venture agreements must
- 11 be approved by a majority vote of the council. The coun-
- 12 cil may also enter into such contractual agreements for
- consideration or recompense to it even though such enti-13
- 14 ties are funded from sources other than the state. Mem-
- 15 bers of the council are not prohibited from sitting on the
- 16 boards of directors of any contracting private nonprofit
- corporation, foundation, or firm: Provided, That mem-17
- bers of the council shall not be exempt from any of the 18
- 19 provisions of chapter six-b of this code.
- 20 (b) The council is authorized to receive and accept gifts or grants from private foundations, corporations, 21
- 22 individuals, devises and bequests or from other lawful
- sources. Such funds shall be paid into a special account in 23
- the state treasury for the use and benefit of the science and 24
- technology advisory council. 25



# **CHAPTER 121**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2341—By Delegates Smirl, Kiss, Hutchins, Amores, Leggett and Pino)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-a, relating generally to emergency services; authorizing paid leave for not more than fifteen work days for a state employee who is a certified disaster service volunteer of the American Red Cross; requiring American Red Cross to request leave; requiring approval by supervisors; and providing that no loss of pay or benefits will result from leave.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section fifteen-a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 5. EMERGENCY SERVICES.

### §15-5-15a. Paid leave for disaster service volunteers.

Any state employee who is a certified disaster service 1 2 volunteer of the American Red Cross may be granted 3 leave from his or her state employment with pay, for not 4 more than fifteen work days in each year, to participate in 5 specialized disaster relief services for the American Red 6 Cross. Leave shall be granted under this section upon the request of the American Red Cross for the services of that 7 8 employee and only upon the approval of that employee's 9 immediate supervisor. Leave shall be granted without loss 10 of pay, annual leave, sick leave, earned overtime compensation, seniority or compensatory time. The state shall 11 12 compensate an employee granted leave under this section 13 at the employee's regular rate of pay for those regular 14 work hours during which the employee is absent from his 15 or her state employment. Any supervisor granting leave 16 to an employee for purposes of participating in special-17 ized disaster relief shall make a report to the governor 18 which includes the name of the employee and the cost of 19 salary and benefits of that employee during the period of the leave. The governor shall keep a record of the total 20 21 cost of the salary and benefits of employees who have 22 been granted leave and in no event shall the total cost for 23 all state agencies exceed one hundred thousand dollars: 24 Provided. That upon approval of the governor and repayment of the cost to the employing agency, from the civil 25 contingent fund, leave may be granted in an excess of a 26 total cost of one hundred thousand dollars if a state of 27 emergency has been proclaimed pursuant to section six of 28 29 this article.

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# CHAPTER 122

(H. B. 4567—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate Ashley)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March 8, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-two, article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to interstate civil defense and disaster compact; adoption by the state of West Virginia of the emergency management assistance compact so as to provide for mutual assistance between the states in managing emergencies or disasters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-two, article five, chapter fifteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5. EMERGENCY SERVICES.

# §15-5-22. Emergency Management Assistance Compact.

The "Emergency Management Assistance Compact" is hereby approved, ratified, adopted, enacted into law and entered into by the state of West Virginia with all other jurisdictions legally joining therein in accordance with its terms, in a form substantially as follows:

6 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE 7 COMPACT

### ARTICLE I - PURPOSE AND AUTHORITIES

This compact is made and entered into by and between the participating member states which enact this compact, hereinafter called party states. For the purposes of this agreement, the term "states" is taken to mean the several states, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and all United States territorial possessions.

The purpose of this compact is to provide for mutual assistance between the states entering into this compact in managing any emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the governor of the affected state(s), whether arising from natural disaster, technological hazard, man-made disaster, civil emergency aspects of resources shortages, community disorders, insurgency or enemy attack.

23 This compact shall also provide for mutual 24 cooperation in emergency-related exercises, testing or other training activities using equipment and personnel 25 26 simulating performance of any aspect of the giving and 27 receiving of aid by party states or subdivisions of party 28 states during emergencies, such actions occurring outside actual declared emergency periods. Mutual assistance in 29 30 this compact may include the use of the states' National 31 Guard forces, either in accordance with the National 32 Guard Mutual Assistance Compact or by mutual 33 agreement between states.

#### ARTICLE II - GENERAL IMPLEMENTATION

35 Each party state entering into this compact recognizes many emergencies transcend political jurisdictional 36 37 boundaries and that intergovernmental coordination is 38 essential in managing these and other emergencies under 39 this compact. Each state further recognizes that there will 40 be emergencies which require immediate access and 41 present procedures to apply outside resources to make a 42 prompt and effective response to such an emergency. This is because few, if any, individual states have all the 43 resources they may need in all types of emergencies or the 44 capability of delivering resources to areas where 45 46 emergencies exist.

47 The prompt, full, and effective utilization of resources of the participating states, including any resources on 48 hand or available from the federal government or any 49 50 other source, that are essential to the safety, care and welfare of the people in the event of any emergency or 51 disaster declared by a party state, shall be the underlying 52 principle on which all articles of this compact shall be 53 54 understood.

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On behalf of the governor of each state participating in the compact, the legally designated state official who is assigned responsibility for emergency management will be responsible for formulation of the appropriate interstate mutual aid plans and procedures necessary to implement this compact.

### ARTICLE III - PARTY STATE RESPONSIBILITIES

- (a) It shall be the responsibility of each party state to formulate procedural plans and programs for interstate cooperation in the performance of the responsibilities listed in this article. In formulating such plans, and in carrying them out, the party states, insofar as practical, shall:
- (1) Review individual state hazards analyses and, to the extent reasonably possible, determine all those potential emergencies the party states might jointly suffer, whether due to natural disaster, technological hazard, man-made disaster, emergency aspects of resource shortages, civil disorders, insurgency or enemy attack.
- 74 (2) Review party states' individual emergency plans 75 and develop a plan which will determine the mechanism 76 for the interstate management and provision of assistance 77 concerning any potential emergency.
  - (3) Develop interstate procedures to fill any identified gaps and to resolve any identified inconsistencies or overlaps in existing or developed plans.
- 81 (4) Assist in warning communities adjacent to or 82 crossing the state boundaries.
- 83 (5) Protect and assure uninterrupted delivery of 84 services, medicines, water, food, energy and fuel, search 85 and rescue and critical lifeline equipment, services and 86 resources, both human and material.
- 87 (6) Inventory and set procedures for the interstate 88 loan and delivery of human and material resources, 89 together with procedures for reimbursement or for-90 giveness.
- 91 (7) Provide, to the extent authorized by law, for

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- 92 temporary suspension of any statutes or ordinances that 93 restrict the implementation of the above responsibilities.
  - (b) The authorized representative of a party state may request assistance of another party state by contacting the authorized representative of that state. The provisions of this agreement shall only apply to requests for assistance made by and to authorized representatives. Requests may be verbal or in writing. If verbal, the request shall be confirmed in writing within thirty days of the verbal request. Requests shall provide the following information:
  - (1) A description of the emergency service function for which assistance is needed, such as but not limited to fire services, law enforcement, emergency medical, transportation, communications, public works and engineering, building inspection, planning and information assistance, mass care, resource support, health and medical services and search and rescue.
- 109 (2) The amount and type of personnel, equipment, 110 materials and supplies needed and a reasonable estimate of 111 the length of time they will be needed.
- (3) The specific place and time for staging of the 113 assisting party's response and a point of contact at that 114 location.
  - (c) There shall be frequent consultation between state officials who have assigned emergency management responsibilities and other appropriate representatives of the party states with affected jurisdictions and the United States government, with free exchange of information, plans and resource records relating to emergency capabilities.

### ARTICLE IV - LIMITATIONS

Any party state requested to render mutual aid or conduct exercises and training for mutual aid shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by this compact in accordance with the terms hereof: Provided. That it is understood that the state rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such state.

Each party state shall afford to the emergency forces of any party state, while operating within its state limits under the terms and conditions of this compact, the same powers (except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving state), duties, rights and privileges as are afforded forces of the state in which they are performing emergency services. Emergency forces will continue under the command and control of their regular leaders. but the organizational units will come under the operational control of the emergency services authorities of the state receiving assistance. These conditions may be activated, as needed, only subsequent to a declaration of a state of emergency or disaster by the governor of the party state that is to receive assistance or commencement of exercises or training for mutual aid and shall continue so long as the exercises or training for mutual aid are in progress, the state of emergency or disaster remains in effect or loaned resources remain in the receiving state(s), whichever is longer.

### ARTICLE V - LICENSES AND PERMITS

Whenever any person holds a license, certificate or other permit issued by any state party to the compact evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical or other skills, and when such assistance is requested by the receiving party state, such person shall be deemed licensed, certified, or permitted by the state requesting assistance to render aid involving such skill to meet a declared emergency or disaster, subject to such limitations and conditions as the governor of the requesting state may prescribe by executive order or otherwise.

### ARTICLE VI - LIABILITY

Officers or employees of a party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be considered agents of the requesting state for tort liability and immunity purposes; and no party state or its officers or employees rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any

equipment or supplies in connection therewith. Good faith in this article shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence or recklessness.

### 173 ARTICLE VII - SUPPLEMENTARY AGREEMENTS

Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two or more states may differ from that among the states that are party hereto, this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing herein contained shall preclude any state from entering into supplementary agreements with another state or affect any other agreements already in force between states. Supplementary agreements may comprehend, but shall not be limited to, provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility, reconnaissance, welfare, transportation and communications personnel, and equipment and supplies.

### ARTICLE VIII - COMPENSATION

Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency forces of that state and representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid pursuant to this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within their own state.

### ARTICLE IX - REIMBURSEMENT

Any party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment and the provision of any service in answering a request for aid and for the costs incurred in connection with such requests: *Provided*, That any aiding party state may assume, in whole or in part, such loss, damage, expense or other cost, or may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party state without charge or cost: *Provided*, *however*, That any two or more party states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a dif-

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ferent allocation of costs among those states. Article VIII expenses shall not be reimbursable under this provision.

### ARTICLE X - EVACUATION

Plans for the orderly evacuation and interstate reception of portions of the civilian population as the result of any emergency or disaster of sufficient proportions to so warrant, shall be worked out and maintained between the party states and the emergency management/services directors of the various jurisdictions where any type of incident requiring evacuations might occur. Such plans shall be put into effect by request of the state from which evacuees come and shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees, the number of evacuees to be received in different areas, the manner in which food, clothing, housing and medical care will be provided, the registration of the evacuees, the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or friends, and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials, supplies and all other relevant Such plans shall provide that the party state receiving evacuees and the party state from which the evacuees come shall mutually agree as to reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for such evacuees, for expenditures for transportation, food, clothing, medicines and medical care, and like items. Such expenditures shall be reimbursed as agreed by the party state from which the evacuees come. After the termination of the emergency or disaster, the party state from which the evacuees come shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support of repatriation of such evacuees.

### ARTICLE XI - IMPLEMENTATION

- (a) This compact shall become operative immediately upon its enactment into law by any two states; thereafter, this compact shall become effective as to any other state upon its enactment by such state.
- (b) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until thirty days after the

governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal to the governors of all other party states. Such action shall not relieve the withdrawing state from obligations assumed hereunder prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

(c) Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall, at the time of their approval, be deposited with each of the party states and with the federal emergency management agency and other appropriate agencies of the United States government.

### **ARTICLE XII - VALIDITY**

This compact shall be construed to effectuate the purposes stated in Article I hereof. If any provision of this compact is declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the constitutionality of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

#### ARTICLE XIII - ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

Nothing in this compact shall authorize or permit the use of military force by the National Guard of a state at any place outside that state in any emergency for which the President is authorized by law to call into federal service the militia, or for any purpose for which the use of the Army or the Air Force would in the absence of express statutory authorization be prohibited under Section 1385 of Title 18. United States Code.

### ARTICLE XIV - REPORTING TO LEGISLATURE

The director of the office of emergency services shall, on or before the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, provide to the joint committee on government and finance copies of all mutual aid plans and procedures promulgated, developed or entered into after the effective date of this section. The director shall annually thereafter provide the joint committee on government and finance with copies of all new or amended mutual aid plans and procedures on or before the first day of January of each year.

# CHAPTER 123

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4171—By Delegates Beach and Fleischauer)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten, relating to prohibiting persons or organizations from using "911" in their name; directing the public service commission to promulgate legislative rules regarding the acceptable use of "911"; and creating criminal penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter twenty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section ten. to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. LOCAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM.

# §24-6-10. Prohibition against using "911" in company name.

No person or organization of any kind may use "911" or such other numbers which are similar and calculated to 3 deceive the public as representing "911" services in their name unless the person or organization is authorized to 4 provide emergency telephone services for firefighting, law 5 6 enforcement and medical personnel. The public service commission shall propose rules for legislative promulga-7 tion in accordance with article three, chapter twenty-nine-a 8 of this code regarding the acceptable use of "911" and 9 shall have the authority to authorize any organization or 10 person to use "911" for the purposes of promoting the 11 education of the public regarding the "911" service. This 12 section may not be construed as affecting motor vehicle 13 license plate numbers issued by the division of motor 14 vehicles, or race cars that use a "911" logo, when the num-15 ber is not used for purposes of deceiving the public that 16 the operator or owner operates "911" services. Any person 17 or organization convicted of a violation of this section 18 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of 19 not more than five hundred dollars per occurrence.

# CHAPTER 124

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4213—By Delegate Kiss)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen, article one, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to laboratory certification; expanding the aggregate amount which can be received annually in the environmental laboratory certification fund; requiring out-of-state laboratories performance testing and payment of certification fees; and allowing the division of environmental protection to expend any interest accumulated in the environmental laboratory certification fund.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen, article one, chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

- §22-1-15. Laboratory certification; rules; fees; revocation and suspension; environmental laboratory certification fund: programs affected; and appeals.
  - (a) The director shall promulgate rules to require the 1 certification of laboratories conducting waste and
  - wastewater tests and analyses to be used for purposes of
  - demonstrating compliance under the covered statutory
  - programs, including reasonable annual certification fees 5
  - based upon the type or classification of tests or analyses
  - being conducted by laboratories not to exceed an annual 7
  - program aggregate of three hundred thousand dollars, to 8
  - be assessed against laboratory owners or operators in an
  - amount necessary to cover the actual costs of administra-
- 10 tion of this program and the processing of certification 11
- applications, to be deposited in the state environmental 12
- laboratory certification fund created pursuant to this sec-13
- tion. By the first day of July of each year, the director 14

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shall provide to the secretary a written report reflecting funds collected, how the funds were expended, and an assessment of the adequacy of the funding to administer the program.

- (b) After the effective date of the rules promulgated pursuant to this section, waste and wastewater tests and analyses conducted in laboratories that are not certified for the parameters or toxicity being tested or analyses shall not be accepted by the division, except as otherwise provided, as being in compliance with the requirements, rules or orders of the division issued under authority of one or more of the covered statutory programs: Provided, That field tests and remote monitoring or testing equipment which is conducted or located away from any laboratory shall not be considered a laboratory for purposes of assessing the fee, but shall be subject to such quality assurance and quality control standards as may be established by the director in rules promulgated pursuant to this sec-The director shall provide by rule for the granting of certification for laboratories located outside of West Virginia pursuant to this section if the laboratories provide written documentation that approval has been received under requirements in their state and determined by the director to be equivalent to the West Virginia laboratory certification program. The reciprocal certification shall be granted only for testing methods and parameters for which the laboratory holds a valid authorization in the other state and only for laboratories in states which allow reciprocity with respect to laboratories located in this state.
- (c) Application shall be made to the director for approval or certification by laboratories on forms and in a manner prescribed by the director.
- (d) Certification shall be renewed on an annual basis. The existing certification remains in effect until the director notifies the applicant for renewal that renewal of certification has been granted or denied.
- (e) Certification shall be granted for those tests or parameters for which the laboratory demonstrates adequate performance on performance evaluation tests based on the criteria established in rules by the director. The

- 55 director shall, by rule, establish criteria governing what 56 shall be considered in any decision to deny or issue a 57 certification.
  - (f) Failure to comply with the requirements of the applicable analytical methods and procedures or standards specified in the rules of the director is grounds for revocation or suspension of certification for the affected test procedures or parameters.
  - (g) No person subject to the covered statutory programs shall be allowed to use data or test results from waste and wastewater tests and analyses conducted at laboratories lacking certification for purposes of demonstrating compliance under the covered statutory programs: *Provided*, That any person whose data or test results are invalidated because that person had relied upon a laboratory which loses its certification, shall be granted thirty days after notice of the invalidated test results by the director during which data or test results may be repeated or reanalyzed by a certified laboratory for purposes of demonstrating compliance under the covered statutory programs.
  - (h) A special revenue fund designated the "environmental laboratory certification fund" shall be continued in the state treasury on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four. The net proceeds of all fees collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the environmental laboratory certification fund. Upon line item appropriation by the Legislature, the director shall expend the proceeds, including the interest thereon, of the environmental laboratory certification fund solely for the administration of the requirements of this section.
  - (i) For purposes of this section, "covered statutory program" means one of the regulatory programs developed under statutory authority of one of the following acts of the Legislature: Water Pollution Control Act, article eleven of this chapter; Hazardous Waste Management Act, article eighteen of this chapter; Hazardous Waste Emergency Response Fund Act, article nineteen of this chapter; Underground Storage Tank Act, article seventeen of this chapter; the Solid Waste Management Act, article

- 95 fifteen of this chapter; or the Groundwater Protection Act,96 article twelve of this chapter.
- (j) Any person adversely affected by an order or action by the director pursuant to this section, or aggrieved by the failure or refusal of the director to act within a reasonable time, or by the action of the director in granting or denying a certification or renewal of a certification may appeal to the environmental quality board pursuant to article one, chapter twenty-two-b of this code.
- (k) The provisions of this section apply only to tests and analyses of waste or wastewater subject to regulation by the division of environmental protection. The provisions of this section do not apply to tests or analyses of potable or drinking water.

# **CHAPTER 125**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 415—By Senators Ross and Helmick)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-a, relating generally to creating the West Virginia limited liability for persons responding to oil discharges act; providing definitions; and providing limited immunity from liability for removal costs and damages for those persons responding to oil discharges or the threat of oil discharges.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter twenty-two of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-two-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22A. WEST VIRGINIA LIMITED LIABILITY FOR PERSONS RESPONDING TO OIL DISCHARGES ACT.

- §22-22A-1. Short title.
- §22-22A-2. Definitions.
- §22-22A-3. Exemption from liability.

### §22-22A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Limited
- 2 Liability for Persons Responding to Oil Discharges Act".

### §22-22A-2. Definitions.

- 1 For the purposes of this article:
- 2 (a) "Damages" means damages of any kind for which
- 3 liability may exist under the laws of this state resulting
- 4 from, arising out of, or related to the discharge or threat-
- 5 ened discharge of oil:
- 6 (b) "Discharge" means any emission (other than natu-
- 7 ral seepage), intentional or unintentional, and includes, but
- 8 is not limited to, spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emit-
- 9 ting, emptying or dumping;
- 10 (c) "Federal on-scene coordinator" means the federal
- 11 official designated by the lead agency or predesignated by
- 12 the United States environmental protection agency or the
- 13 United States coast guard to coordinate and direct re-
- 14 sponses under the national contingency plan (NCP);
- 15 (d) "National contingency plan" means the national
- 16 contingency plan prepared and published under Section
- 17 311(d) of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33
- 18 U.S.C. §1321(d), as amended by the Oil Pollution Act of
- 19 1990, Public Law No. 101-380, 104 Stat. 484 (1990) as in
- 20 effect as of the effective date of this article:
- (e) "Oil" means oil of any kind or in any form, includ-
- 22 ing, but not limited to, petroleum, fuel oil, sludge, oil re-
- 23 fuse and oil mixed with wastes other than dredged spoil;
- 24 (f) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partner-
- 25 ship, association, state, municipality, commission or politi-
- 26 cal subdivision of a state or any interstate body;
- 27 (g) "Remove" or "removal" means containment and

- 28 removal of oil or a hazardous substance from water and
- 29 shorelines or the taking of other actions as may be neces-
- 30 sary to minimize or mitigate damage to the public health
- 31 or welfare, including, but not limited to, fish, shellfish,
- 32 wildlife and public and private property, shorelines and
- 33 beaches;
- 34 (h) "Removal costs" means the costs of removal that
- 35 are incurred after a discharge of oil has occurred or, in
- 36 any case in which there is a substantial threat of a dis-
- 37 charge of oil, the costs to prevent, minimize or mitigate oil
- 38 pollution from such an incident; and
- 39 (i) "Responsible party" means a responsible party as
- 40 defined under §1001 of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990.
- 41 Public Law No. 101-380, 104 Stat. 484 (1990).

### §22-22A-3. Exemption from liability.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code
- 2 to the contrary, a person engaged in removal activities is
- 3 not liable for removal costs or damages which result from
- 4 acts or omissions in the course of rendering care, assis-
- 5 tance or advice consistent with the national contingency
- 6 plan or as otherwise directed by the federal on-scene coor-
- 7 dinator or by the state official charged with responsibility
- 8 for oil discharge responses.
- 9 (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply:
- 10 (1) To a responsible party;
- 11 (2) With respect to personal injury or wrongful death;
- 12 or
- (3) If the person is grossly negligent or engages inwillful misconduct.
- 15 (c) A responsible party is liable for any removal costs
- 16 and damages that another person is relieved of under the
- 17 provisions of subsection (a) of this section.
- 18 (d) Nothing in this section affects the liability of a
- 19 responsible party for oil spill response under state law.

# CHAPTER 126

(S. B. 347—By Senators Wooton, Anderson, Bowman, Buckalew, Dittmar, Grubb, Miller, Ross, Schoonover, Wagner, White and Yoder)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty-one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section twenty-six, article three-a of said chapter, all relating to the order in which debts of a decedent are to be paid and relieving the decedent's estate and surviving spouse of the obligation to pay the decedent's funeral expenses if payment of those funeral expenses is provided for by an irrevocable pre-need funeral contract or trust.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty-one, article two, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-six, article three-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2. Proof and Allowance of Claims Against Estates of Decedents.
- 3A. Optional Procedure for Proof and Allowance of Claims Against Estates of Decedents; County Option.
- ARTICLE 2. PROOF AND ALLOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS.

### §44-2-21. Order in which debts of decedent are to be paid.

- 1 (a) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient
- 2 to pay all claims against the estate in full, the personal
- 3 representative shall make payment in the following order:
- 4 (1) Costs and expenses of administration;
- 5 (2) Reasonable funeral expenses;
- 6 (3) Debts and taxes with preference under federal law;

- (4) Unpaid child support which is due and owing at 8 the time of the decedent's death;
- 9 (5) Debts and taxes with preference under other laws 10 of the state of West Virginia;
- 11 (6) Reasonable and necessary medical and hospital 12 expenses of the last illness of the decedent, including com-
- 13 pensation for persons attending the decedent during his or
- 14 her last illness; and
- 15 (7) All other claims.
- 16 (b) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient
- 17 to pay all claims within a class, those claims within that 18 class shall be paid on a pro-rata basis. No preference shall
- 19
- be given in the payment of any claim over any other claim 20
- of the same class, and a claim due and payable shall not be
- 21 entitled to a preference over claims not due.
- 22 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of
- 23 this section, if the payment of all funeral expenses of the
- 24 decedent is provided for by an irrevocable pre-need fu-
- 25 neral contract or trust, neither the decedent's estate nor the
- decedent's surviving spouse shall have any obligation for 26
- 27 the payment of such funeral expenses.

#### OPTIONAL PROCEDURE FOR PROOF AND AL-ARTICLE 3A. LOWANCE OF CLAIMS AGAINST ESTATES OF DECEDENTS; COUNTY OPTION.

# §44-3A-26. Order in which debts of decedent are to be paid.

- (a) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient 1
- 2 to pay all claims against the estate in full, the personal
- representative shall make payment in the following order: 3
- (1) Costs and expenses of administration; 4
- 5 (2) Reasonable funeral expenses;
- 6 (3) Debts and taxes with preference under federal law;
- (4) Unpaid child support which is due and owing at 7 the time of the decedent's death: 8

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- 9 (5) Debts and taxes with preference under other laws 10 of the state of West Virginia;
- 11 (6) Reasonable and necessary medical and hospital 12 expenses of the last illness of the decedent, including com-13 pensation for persons attending the decedent during his or 14 her last illness; and
- 15 (7) All other claims.
  - (b) If the applicable assets of the estate are insufficient to pay all claims within a class, those claims within that class shall be paid on a pro-rata basis. No preference shall be given in the payment of any claim over any other claim of the same class, and a claim due and payable shall not be entitled to a preference over claims not due.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, if the payment of all funeral expenses of the decedent is provided for by an irrevocable pre-need funeral contract or trust, neither the decedent's estate nor the decedent's surviving spouse shall have any obligation for the payment of such funeral expenses.

# **CHAPTER 127**

(S. B. 294—By Senators Grubb, Anderson, Bowman, Deem and Schoonover)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said chapter by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-c, all relating to enacting the uniform prudent investor act; establishing standards of care for investment and management decisions of trustees who invest and manage trust assets; duties of trustee; standard of review; duties of trustee upon delegation of functions; language authorizing investments or strategy permitted by act; application of act to ex-

isting trusts; application and construction; short title; severability; and effective date.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said chapter be further amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article six-c, all to read as follows:

#### Article

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- 6. Investments by Fiduciaries.
- 6C. Uniform Prudent Investor Act.

### ARTICLE 6. INVESTMENTS BY FIDUCIARIES.

the probable safety of their capital:

### §44-6-2. In what securities fiduciaries may invest trust funds.

Any executor, administrator, guardian, curator, com-2 mittee, trustee or other fiduciary whose duty it may be to 3 loan or invest money entrusted to him as such, may, with-4 out any order of any court, invest the same or any part thereof in any of the following securities, and without 5 liability for any loss resulting from investments therein: 6 7 Provided, That, except as otherwise provided in article sixc of this chapter, such fiduciary shall exercise the judg-8 ment and care under the circumstances then prevailing 9 10 which men of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not in regard 11 12 to speculation, but in regard to the permanent disposition 13 of their funds, considering the probable income as well as

(a) In bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations of the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is distinctly pledged to provide for the payment of the principal and interest thereof, including, but not by way of limitation, bonds or debentures issued under the "Farm Credit Act Amendments of 1986" (12 U. S. C. §2001 et. seq.), as amended, debentures issued by the federal national mortgage association, securities issued by the federal home loan bank system; and in bonds, interest-bearing notes and obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by the "International Bank for Reconstruction

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- and Development" or by the "Inter-American Development Bank" or by the "Asian Development Bank" or by the "African Development Bank";
- (b) In bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligationsof this state;
- 31 (c) In bonds of any state of the United States which 32 has not within ten years previous to the making of such 33 investment defaulted in the payment of any part of either 34 principal or interest on any of its bonds issued by authori-35 ty of the Legislature of such state;
  - (d) In the bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations of any county, district, school district or independent school district, municipality or any other political division of this state that have been issued pursuant to the authority of any law of this state, since the ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seventeen;
- 42 (e) In bonds and negotiable notes secured by first 43 mortgage or first trust deed upon improved real estate 44 where the amount secured by such mortgage or trust deed 45 shall not at the time of making the same exceed eighty 46 percent of the assessed value, or sixty-six and two-thirds 47 percent of the appraised value as determined by wholly 48 disinterested and independent appraisers, whichever value 49 shall be the higher, of the real estate covered by such 50 mortgage or trust deed, and when such mortgage or trust 51 deed is accompanied by a satisfactory abstract of title, 52 certificate of title or title insurance policy, showing good 53 title in the mortgagor when making such mortgage or trust 54 deed, and by a fire insurance policy in an old line compa-55 ny with loss, if any, payable to the mortgagee or trustee as his interest may appear: Provided, That the rate of interest 56 57 upon the above enumerated securities in this subdivision, 58 in which such investments may be made, shall not be less 59 than three and one-half percent per annum nor greater than the maximum rate of interest which such bonds or 60 negotiable notes may bear under applicable law: Provid-61 ed, however, That the provisions herein establishing a 62 minimum rate of interest shall not apply to investments in 63 force as of the effective date of this section; 64

- (f) In savings accounts and time deposits of bank or trust companies to the extent that such deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, or by any other similar federal instrumentality that may be hereafter created, provided there shall be such an instrumentality in existence and available for the purpose, or by bonds of solvent surety companies: Provided, That the rate of in-terest upon such savings accounts or time deposits shall not be less than the rate paid other depositors in such bank or trust company:
  - (g) In shares of state building and loan associations, or federal savings and loan associations, to the extent that such shares are insured by the federal savings and loan insurance corporation, or by any other similar federal instrumentality that may be hereafter created: *Provided*, That there shall be such an instrumentality in existence and available for the purpose, or by bonds of solvent surety companies: *Provided*, *however*, That the dividend rate upon such shares shall not be less than the rate paid to other shareholders in such associations; and
  - (h) In other securities of corporations organized and existing under the laws of the United States, or of the District of Columbia or any state of the United States, including, but not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures, notes, equipment trust obligations or other evidences of indebtedness and shares of common and preferred stocks of such corporations and securities of any open end or closed end management type investment company or investment trust registered under the "Federal Investment Company Act" of one thousand nine hundred forty, as from time to time amended, which men of prudence, discretion and intelligence acquire or retain for their own account, provided, and upon conditions, however, that:
  - (1) No investment shall be made pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision which, at the time such investment shall be made, will cause the aggregate market value thereof to exceed fifty percent of the aggregate market value at that time of all of the property of the fund held by such fiduciary. Notwithstanding the aforesaid percentage limitation the cash proceeds of the sale of securities received

or purchased by a fiduciary and made eligible by this subdivision may be reinvested in any securities of the type described in this subdivision:

- (2) No bonds, debentures, notes, equipment trust obligations or other evidence of indebtedness of such corporations shall be purchased under authority of this subdivision unless such obligations, if other than issues of a common carrier subject to the provisions of section twenty-a of the "Interstate Commerce Act", as amended, shall be obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by corporations which have any securities currently registered with the securities and exchange commission; and
- (3) No common or preferred stocks, other than bank and insurance company stocks, shall be purchased under authority of this subdivision unless currently fully listed and registered upon an exchange registered with the secu-rities and exchange commission as a national securities exchange. No sale or other liquidation of any investment shall be required solely because of any change in the relative market value of those investments made eligible by this subdivision and those made eligible by the preced-ing subdivisions of this section. In determining the aggre-gate market value of the property of a fund and the per-centage of a fund to be invested under the provisions of this subdivision, a fiduciary may rely upon published market quotations as to those investments for which such quotations are available, and upon such valuations of other investments as in the fiduciary's best judgment seem fair and reasonable according to available information.

Trust funds received by executors, administrators, guardians, curators, committees, trustees and other fiduciaries may be kept invested in the securities originally received by them, or if the trust funds originally received were stock or securities of a bank, in shares of stock or other securities (and securities received as distributions in respect thereof) of a holding company subject to the federal Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, received upon conversion of, or in exchange for, shares of stock or other securities of such bank; unless otherwise ordered by a court having jurisdiction of the matter, as

- 145 hereinafter provided, or unless the instrument under which
- 146 the trust was created shall direct that a change of invest-
- 147 ment be made, and any such fiduciary shall not be liable
- 148 for any loss that may occur by depreciation of such secu-
- 149 rities.
- 150 This section shall not apply where the instrument cre-
- ating the trust, or the last will and testament of any testator
- 152 or any court having jurisdiction of the matter, specially
- 153 directs in what securities the trust funds shall be invested,
- and every such court is hereby given power specially to
- 155 direct by order or orders, from time to time, additional
- 156 securities in which trust funds may be invested, and any
- 157 investment thereof made in accordance with any such
- 158 special direction shall be legal, and no executor, adminis-
- 159 trator, guardian, curator, committee, trustee or other fidu-
- 160 ciary shall be held for any loss resulting in any such case.

### ARTICLE 6C. UNIFORM PRUDENT INVESTOR ACT.

- §44-6C-1. Prudent investor rule.
- §44-6C-2. Standard of care; portfolio strategy; risk and return objectives.
- §44-6C-3. Diversification.
- §44-6C-4. Duties at inception of trusteeship.
- §44-6C-5. Loyalty.
- §44-6C-6. Impartiality.
- §44-6C-7. Investment costs.
- §44-6C-8. Reviewing compliance.
- §44-6C-9. Delegation of investment and management functions.
- §44-6C-10. Language invoking standard of article.
- §44-6C-11. Application to existing trusts.
- §44-6C-12. Uniformity of application and construction.
- §44-6C-13. Short title.
- §44-6C-14. Severability.
- §44-6C-15. Effective date.

### §44-6C-1. Prudent investor rule.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section two,
- 2 article six of this chapter, and except as otherwise provided
- 3 in subsection (b) of this section, a trustee who invests and
- 4 manages trust assets owes a duty to the beneficiaries of the
- 5 trust to comply with the prudent investor rule set forth in
- 6 this article.

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7 (b) The prudent investor rule, a default rule, may be 8 expanded, restricted, eliminated or otherwise altered by the 9 provisions of a trust. A trustee is not liable to a beneficia-10 ry to the extent that the trustee acted in reasonable reliance on the provisions of the trust.

# §44-6C-2. Standard of care; portfolio strategy; risk and return objectives.

- 1 (a) A trustee shall invest and manage trust assets as a 2 prudent investor would, by considering the purposes, 3 terms, distribution requirements and other circumstances 4 of the trust. In satisfying this standard, the trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill and caution.
  - (b) A trustee's investment and management decisions respecting individual assets must be evaluated not in isolation but in the context of the trust portfolio as a whole and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the trust.
- 11 (c) Among circumstances that a trustee shall consider 12 in investing and managing trust assets are such of the 13 following as are relevant to the trust or its beneficiaries:
- 14 (1) General economic conditions;
- 15 (2) The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- 16 (3) The expected tax consequences of investment decisions or strategies;
- 18 (4) The role that each investment or course of action 19 plays within the overall trust portfolio, which may include 20 financial assets, interests in closely held enterprises, tangi-21 ble and intangible personal property and real property;
- 22 (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of capital;
- 24 (6) Other resources of the beneficiaries;
- 25 (7) Needs for liquidity, regularity of income and pres-26 ervation or appreciation of capital; and

- 27 (8) An asset's special relationship or special value, if 28 any, to the purposes of the trust or to one or more of the 29 beneficiaries
- 30 (d) A trustee shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the investment and management of trust assets.
- 33 (e) A trustee may invest in any kind of property or 34 type of investment consistent with the standards of this 35 article.
- 36 (f) A trustee who has special skills or expertise, or is 37 named trustee in reliance upon the trustee's representation 38 that the trustee has special skills or expertise, has a duty to 39 use those special skills or expertise.

### §44-6C-3. Diversification.

- 1 A trustee shall diversify the investments of the trust 2 unless the trustee reasonably determines that, because of
- 3 special circumstances, the purposes of the trust are better
- 4 served without diversifying.

# §44-6C-4. Duties at inception of trusteeship.

- 1 Within a reasonable time after accepting a trusteeship
- 2 or receiving trust assets, a trustee shall review the trust
- 3 assets and make and implement decisions concerning the
- 4 retention and disposition of assets, in order to bring the
- 5 trust portfolio into compliance with the purposes, terms,
- 6 distribution requirements and other circumstances of the
- 7 trust, and with the requirements of this article.

# §44-6C-5. Loyalty.

A trustee shall invest and manage the trust assets solely in the interest of the beneficiaries.

# §44-6C-6. Impartiality.

- 1 If a trust has two or more beneficiaries, the trustee
- 2 shall act impartially in investing and managing the trust
- assets, taking into account any differing interests of the
- 4 beneficiaries.

# §44-6C-7. Investment costs.

- In investing and managing trust assets, a trustee may
- 2 only incur costs that are appropriate and reasonable in
- 3 relation to the assets, the purposes of the trust and the
  - skills of the trustee.

# §44-6C-8. Reviewing compliance.

- 1 Compliance with the prudent investor rule is deter-
- 2 mined in light of the facts and circumstances existing at
- 3 the time of a trustee's decision or action and not by hind-
- 4 sight.

# §44-6C-9. Delegation of investment and management functions.

- 1 (a) A trustee may delegate investment and manage-
- 2 ment functions that a prudent trustee of comparable skills
- 3 could properly delegate under the circumstances. The
- 4 trustee shall exercise reasonable care, skill and caution in:
- 5 (1) Selecting an agent;
- 6 (2) Establishing the scope and terms of the delegation,
- 7 consistent with the purposes and terms of the trust; and
- 8 (3) Periodically reviewing the agent's actions in order
- 9 to monitor the agent's performance and compliance with
- 10 the terms of the delegation.
- 11 (b) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes
- 12 a duty to the trust to exercise reasonable care to comply
- 13 with the terms of the delegation.
- 14 (c) A trustee who complies with the requirements of
- 15 subsection (a) of this section is not liable to the beneficia-
- 16 ries or to the trust for the decisions or actions of the agent
- 17 to whom the function was delegated.
- 18 (d) By accepting the delegation of a trust function
- 19 from the trustee of a trust that is subject to the law of this
- 20 state, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of
- 21 this state.

# §44-6C-10. Language invoking standard of article.

- 1 The following terms or comparable language in the-
- 2 provisions of a trust, unless otherwise limited or modified,

- authorizes any investment or strategy permitted under this
- 4 article: "investments permissible by law for investment of
- 5 trust funds", "legal investments", "authorized investments",
- 6 "using the judgment and care under the circumstances
- 7 then prevailing that persons of prudence, discretion, and
- 8 intelligence exercise in the management of their own af-
- 9 fairs, not in regard to speculation but in regard to the
- 10 permanent disposition of their funds, considering the
- 11 probable income as well as the probable safety of their
- 12 capital", "prudent man rule", "prudent trustee rule", "pru-
- 13 dent person rule" and "prudent investor rule".

# §44-6C-11. Application to existing trusts.

- 1 This article applies to trusts existing on and created
- 2 after its effective date. As applied to trusts existing on its
- 3 effective date, this article governs only decisions or actions
- 4 occurring after that date.

# §44-6C-12. Uniformity of application and construction.

- 1 This article shall be applied and construed to effectu-
- 2 ate its general purpose to make uniform the law with re-
- 3 spect to the subject of this article among the states enact-
- 4 ing it.

# §44-6C-13. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "West Virginia Uni-
- 2 form Prudent Investor Act".

# §44-6C-14. Severability.

- 1 If any provision of this article or its application to any
- 2 person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does
- 3 not affect other provisions or applications of this article
- 4 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or
- 5 application, and to this end the provisions of this article
- 6 are severable.

# §44-6C-15. Effective date.

- 1 This article takes effect on the first day of July, one
- 2 thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

# CHAPTER 128

(S. B. 274—By Senators Wooton, Anderson, Bowman, Buckalew, Deem, Dittmar, Grubb, Miller, Ross, Scott, Wagner, Wiedebusch and Yoder)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, relating to clarifying the duties of the trustee of an irrevocable life insurance trust.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article six, chapter forty-four of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section two-a, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 6. INVESTMENTS BY FIDUCIARIES.

### §44-6-2a. Duties of the trustee of an irrevocable life insurance trust.

- (a) Unless otherwise directed by the terms of the trust 1
- instrument, the duties of a trustee of an irrevocable life 2
- insurance trust with respect to acquiring or retaining a 3
- contract of insurance upon the life of the settlor, or the
- lives of the settlor and the settlor's spouse, do not include a
- duty: (i) To determine whether any such contract is or 6
- remains a proper investment; (ii) to exercise policy op-7
- tions available under any such contract in the event the
- policy lapses or is terminated due to failure to pay premi-
- ums; or (iii) to diversify any such contract. A trustee is 10
- not liable to the beneficiaries of the trust or to any other 11
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- party for any loss arising from the absence of those duties
- upon the trustee. 13
- (b) The trustee of a trust described under subsection (a) 14
- of this section which was established prior to the effective 15
- date of this section, shall notify the settlor in writing that, 16
- unless the settlor provides written notice to the contrary to 17
- the trustee within sixty days of the trustee's notice, the 18

- 19 provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall apply to
- 20 the trust. Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply if,
- 21 within sixty days of the trustee's notice, the settlor notifies
- 22 the trustee that subsection (a) does not apply.

# **CHAPTER 129**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4100—By Delegates Love, Pettit and Thomas)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight-b, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section fourteen, article four, chapter twelve of said code, all relating to volunteer fire companies; authorizing expenditure of state funds or grants for certain filing fees required by the legislative auditor's office and for certain insurance premiums; requiring deposit of filing fees in special revenue account; and authorizing expenditures from said account for payment of costs associated with conducting audits.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight-b, article fifteen, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that section fourteen, article four, chapter twelve of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

# Chapter

- 8. Municipal Corporations.
- 12. Public Moneys and Securities.

CHAPTER 8. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

ARTICLE 15. FIRE FIGHTING; FIRE COMPANIES AND DEPARTMENTS; CIVIL SERVICE FOR PAID FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

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# §8-15-8b. Authorized expenditures of revenues from the municipal pensions and protection fund and the fire protection fund.

Revenues allocated to volunteer and part volunteer fire companies and departments may be expended only for the items listed in subdivisions (a) through (j) of this section. Such expenditures may be made for the following:

- 6 (a) Personal protective equipment, including protective 7 head gear, bunker coats, pants, boots, combination of 8 bunker pants and boots, coats and gloves;
- 9 (b) Equipment for compliance with the national fire 10 protection standard or automotive fire apparatus, 11 NFPA-1901;
- 12 (c) Compliance with insurance service office 13 recommendations relating to fire departments;
  - (d) Rescue equipment, communications equipment and ambulance equipment: *Provided*, That no moneys received from the municipal pensions and protection fund or the fire protection fund may be used for equipment for personal vehicles owned or operated by volunteer fire company or department members;
- 20 (e) Capital improvements reasonably required for 21 effective and efficient fire protection service and 22 maintenance thereof;
- 23 (f) Retirement of debts;
- 24 (g) Payment of utility bills;
- 25 (h) Payment of the cost of immunizations, including any laboratory work incident thereto, for firefighters 26 against hepatitis-b and other blood borne pathogens: 27 Provided. That the vaccine shall be purchased through the 28 state immunization program or from the lowest cost 29 vendor available: Provided, however, That volunteer and 30 part volunteer fire companies and departments shall seek 31 to obtain no cost administration of the vaccinations 32 through local boards of health: Provided further, That in 33 the event any volunteer or part volunteer fire company or 34

- 35 department is unable to obtain no cost administration of
- 36 the vaccinations through a local board of health, the
- 37 company or department shall seek to obtain the lowest
- 38 cost available for the administration of the vaccinations
- 39 from a licensed health care provider;
- 40 (i) Any filing fee required to be paid to the legislative
- auditor's office under section fourteen, article four. 41 42 chapter twelve of this code relating to sworn statements of
- annual expenditures submitted by volunteer or part 43
- volunteer fire companies or departments that receive state 44
- funds or grants; and 45
- 46 (j) Property/casualty insurance premiums for pro-
- tection and indemnification against loss or damage or 47
- 48 liability.

### CHAPTER 12. PUBLIC MONEYS AND SECURITIES.

#### ARTICLE 4. ACCOUNTS, REPORTS AND GENERAL PRO-VISIONS.

# §12-4-14. Audits of corporations, associations or other organizations which receive state funds or grants.

- Any corporation, association or other organization in 1
- West Virginia, whether nonprofit or for profit, which 2
- receives state funds or grants in the amount of fifteen 3
- thousand dollars or more shall file an audit of the 4
- disbursement of funds with the legislative auditor's office.
- The audit shall be filed within two years of the 6
- 7 disbursement of funds or grants by the grantee and shall
- be made by an independent certified public accountant at 8
- the cost of the corporation, association or other 9
- organization and must show that the funds or grants were 10
- spent for the purposes intended when the grant was made. 11
- 12 Audits of state funds or grants under fifteen thousand
- dollars may be authorized by the joint committee on 13
- government and finance to be conducted by the legislative 14
- auditor's office, at no cost to the grantee: Provided, That 15 volunteer fire departments will satisfy the audit require-
- 16 ments of this section by submitting a sworn statement of 17
- annual expenditures to the legislative auditor's office, 18
- along with a filing fee of seventy-five dollars, on or before 19

20 the fourteenth day of February of each year, if such volunteer fire department elects not to be audited. The 2.1 sworn statement of expenditures must be signed by the 22 23 chief or director of the volunteer fire department, and 24 shall be made under oath and acknowledged before a notary public. The office of the legislative auditor may 25 26 assign an employee or employees to perform audits per the direction of the legislative auditor of the disbursement 27 of funds or grants to volunteer fire departments. Filing 28 fees paid by volunteer fire departments pursuant to this 29 30 section shall be paid into a special revenue account created in the state treasury known as the "Special Legislative 31 Audit Fund". Expenditures from the fund are authorized 32 to be made by the legislative auditor's office solely for the 33 purposes of payment of costs associated with the audits 34 conducted pursuant to this section. Any person who files 35 a fraudulent sworn statement of expenditures under this 36 section is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 37 shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more 38 39 than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned in the state penitentiary for a period of time not less than one year 40 nor more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned. 41



(H. B. 4798—By Delegates Douglas, Ashley and Pino)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections seven and eight, article one, chapter forty-four-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to transfer of venue following appointment and appointment of new guardian or conservator; appointment of adult protective services; and requirement that adult protective services accept the appointment in limited circumstances.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections seven and eight, article one, chapter fortyfour-a of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- §44A-1-7. Transfer of venue following appointment.
- §44A-1-8. Persons and entities qualified to serve as guardian or conservator.

### §44A-1-7. Transfer of venue following appointment.

- 1 Following the appointment of a full or limited guard-2 ian or conservator or committee, the court with jurisdiction
- over the proceeding may, upon petition, order the transfer
- of iurisdiction to another circuit court in this state or to an 4
- appropriate tribunal in another state if it appears to the 5
- 6 court that the interests of the protected person will be best
- served by such transfer. Upon the transfer, the court shall
- appoint a new guardian or conservator in the county as-
- suming jurisdiction and shall discharge the original ap-9
- 10 pointee.

### §44A-1-8. Persons and entities qualified to serve as guardian or conservator.

- (a) Any adult individual may be appointed to serve as 1 a guardian, a conservator, or both, upon determination by
- the court that the individual is capable of providing an
- active and suitable program of guardianship or conserva-4
- torship for the protected person: Provided, That such
- individual is not employed by or affiliated with any public
- agency, entity or facility which is providing substantial
- services or financial assistance to the protected person.
- 9 (b) Any nonprofit corporation chartered in this state 10 and licensed as set forth in subsection (c) of this section or
- a public agency that is not a provider of health care servic-11
- es to the protected person may be appointed to serve as a 12
- 13 guardian, a conservator, or both: Provided, That such
- entity is capable of providing an active and suitable pro-14
- gram of guardianship or conservatorship for the protected 15
- person and is not otherwise providing substantial services 16
- or financial assistance to the protected person. 17

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- 18 (c) A nonprofit corporation chartered in this state may be appointed to serve as a guardian or conservator or as a 19 20 limited or temporary guardian or conservator for a pro-21 tected person if it is licensed to do so by the secretary of 22 health and human resources. The secretary shall propose 23 legislative rules, for promulgation in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, for the 24 25 licensure of such nonprofit corporations and shall provide 26 for the review of such licenses. The rules shall, at a mini-27 mum, establish standards to assure that any corporation 28 licensed for such guardianship or conservatorship:
- 29 (1) Has sufficient fiscal and administrative resources to 30 perform the fiduciary duties and make the reports and 31 accountings required by this chapter;
- (2) Will respect and maintain the dignity and privacyof the protected person;
- (3) Will protect and advocate the legal human rights ofthe protected person;
- 36 (4) Will assure that the protected person is receiving 37 appropriate educational, vocational, residential and medi-38 cal services in the setting least restrictive of the individual's 39 personal liberty;
- 40 (5) Will encourage the protected person to participate 41 to the maximum extent of his or her abilities in all deci-42 sions affecting him or her and to act in his or her own 43 behalf on all matters in which he or she is able to do so;
- 44 (6) Does not provide educational, vocational, residen-45 tial or medical services to the protected person; and
  - (7) Has written provisions in effect for the distribution of assets and for the appointment of temporary guardians and conservators for any protected persons it serves in the event the corporation ceases to be licensed by the department of health and human resources or otherwise becomes unable to serve as guardian.
- (d) A duly licensed nonprofit corporation that has
   been appointed to serve as a guardian or as a conservator

- 54 pursuant to the provisions of this article is entitled to com-55 pensation in accordance with the provisions of section 56 thirteen of this article.
  - (e) Except as provided in section thirteen of this article, no guardian or conservator nor any officer, agent, director, servant or employee of any such guardian or conservator shall do business with or in any way profit, either directly or indirectly, from the estate or income of any protected person for whom services are being performed by such guardian or conservator.
  - (f) Any bank or trust company authorized to exercise trust powers or to engage in trust business in this state may be appointed as a conservator if the court determines it is capable of providing suitable conservatorship for the protected person.
  - (g) The department of adult protective services or a department designated by the secretary of health and human resources may be appointed to serve as a guardian, a conservator, or both, for individuals under its care or to whom it is providing services or financial assistance, but such appointment may only be made if there is no other individual, nonprofit corporation, bank or trust company, or other public agency that is equally or better qualified and willing to serve: *Provided*, That when venue is transferred pursuant to the provisions of this article and any sheriff was initially appointed as guardian or conservator or committee for the person, the department may not refuse to accept that appointment.
  - (h) The sheriff of the county in which a court has assumed jurisdiction may be appointed as a guardian, a conservator, or both.
  - (i) Other than a bank or trust company authorized to exercise trust powers or to engage in trust business in this state, a person who has an interest as a creditor of a protected person shall not be eligible for appointment as either a guardian or conservator of the protected person.

### CHAPTER 131

(S. B. 416—By Senators Tomblin, Mr. President, Helmick and Jackson)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article twenty-three, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, relating to the authority of certain hospitals to enter into joint and cooperative undertakings; authorizing certain hospitals to cooperate with both public and private agencies; authorizing the expenditure of public funds, allocation of personnel and contribution of certain property for purposes of joint and cooperative undertakings; and imposing limitations with respect to joint and cooperative undertakings by hospitals.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article twenty-three, chapter eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 23. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS — CONTRACTING AND JOINT ENTERPRISES.

# §8-23-3a. Joint and cooperative undertakings by certain hospitals.

- 1 Any county or municipal hospital or hospital created
- 2 by special act of the Legislature may enter into a joint or
- 3 cooperative undertaking pursuant to this article and may
- 4 further enter into joint or cooperative undertakings with
- 5 private agencies or corporations in accordance with this
- 6 section. The expenditure of public funds, allocation of
- 7 personnel and provision of services for joint and coopera-
- 8 tive undertakings are authorized. The undertaking may
- 9 include the creation of a separate entity to carry out the
- 10 purpose of the undertaking and, if appropriate in connec-
- 11 tion with the undertaking, may include provision for the
- 12 ownership or control of all or a portion of the separate

entity by the hospital. The contribution of funds derived 13 14 from the operation of a hospital, and real or personal 15 property acquired in connection with the operation of the hospital, may be contributed to the joint undertaking or 16 17 separate entity, if the hospital owns or controls all or a 18 portion of the separate entity or joint undertaking. 19 joint and cooperative undertakings are subject to the fol-20 lowing limitations:

(1) All joint and cooperative undertakings entered into by a hospital are subject to the provisions of article two-d, chapter sixteen of this code;

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- (2) For any joint and cooperative undertaking entered into by a hospital, which undertaking involves the expenditure of public funds and includes the creation of a separate entity to carry out the purpose of the undertaking, the separate entity created is subject to the provisions of article nine-a, chapter six and articles five-b and five-g, chapter sixteen of this code;
- (3) For any joint and cooperative undertaking entered into by a hospital, which undertaking involves the expenditure of public funds and includes the creation of a separate entity to carry out the purpose of the undertaking, the separate entity created is subject to the same charity care obligation as the hospital;
- (4) The board of the hospital must find by resolution that the purposes of the joint and cooperative undertaking further the same public purpose and are in keeping with the mission and vision for which the hospital was created;
- 41 (5) Appropriate action by resolution of the governing 42 board of the hospital is necessary before any agreement 43 for a joint or cooperative undertaking may take effect. 44 For any joint and cooperative undertaking which involves 45 the contribution of real property acquired in connection 46 with the operation of the hospital, appropriate action by 47 ordinance, resolution or otherwise pursuant to the law of the governing body of the municipality, in the case of a 48 49 municipal hospital; by ordinance, resolution or otherwise 50 pursuant to the law of the county commission in the case 51 of a county hospital; or appropriate action by ordinance.

52 resolution or otherwise pursuant to the law of both the 53 municipality where the hospital is located and the county 54 commission of the county where the hospital is located, in the case of a hospital created by special act of the 55 56 Legislature and involving the contribution of public funds of both counties and municipalities, shall be necessary 57 58 before any agreement for a joint or cooperative 59 undertaking may take effect. An agreement entered into 60 by a hospital pursuant to this section shall contain 61 substantially the same provisions as set forth in section 62 three of this article. No agreement made pursuant to the 63 provisions of this section shall relieve any hospital of any 64 obligation or responsibility imposed upon it by law. 65 except to the extent that actual and timely performance 66 thereof by a joint board or other legal or administrative entity created by an agreement made hereunder may be 67 68 offered in satisfaction of the obligation or responsibility; 69 and

(6) No agreement for a joint and cooperative undertaking entered into pursuant to this article may contain any provision intended to or having the effect of reducing reimbursements to local or community-based emergency services or ambulance providers, or reducing the extent to which services are provided by local or community-based emergency services or ambulance providers in the geographic area served by a provider.

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### **CHAPTER 132**

(H. B. 4137—By Delegates Compton, Rowe, Petersen, Leach, Burke, Hutchins and Wallace)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three and five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to amend and reenact section two, article five-f of said chapter, relating to certificate of need standards generally; clarifying certificate of need standards for hospice agencies and home health facilities; allowing conversion of certain beds at hospi-

tals; and allowing rate and regulatory relief to be granted by the state agency.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three and five, article two-d, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and to amend and reenact section two, article five-f of said chapter, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 2D. Certificate of Need.
- 5F. Health Care Financial Disclosure.

#### ARTICLE 2D. CERTIFICATE OF NEED.

- §16-2D-2. Definitions.
- §16-2D-3. Certificate of need; new institutional health services defined.
- §16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state agency.

### §16-2D-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless otherwise indicated by
- 2 the context:
- 3 (a) "Affected person" means:
- 4 (1) The applicant;
- 5 (2) An agency or organization representing consum-6 ers;
- 7 (3) Any individual residing within the geographic area served or to be served by the applicant;
- 9 (4) Any individual who regularly uses the health care 10 facilities within that geographic area;
- 11 (5) The health care facilities which provide services 12 similar to the services of the facility under review and 13 which will be significantly affected by the proposed pro-
- 14 ject;
- 15 (6) The health care facilities which, prior to receipt by
- 16 the state agency of the proposal being reviewed, have
- 17 formally indicated an intention to provide similar services
- 18 in the future:

- 19 (7) Third-party payors who reimburse health care 20 facilities similar to those proposed for services;
- (8) Any agency which establishes rates for health care
   facilities similar to those proposed; or
  - (9) Organizations representing health care providers.
- 24 (b) "Ambulatory health care facility" means a facility 25 which is free-standing and not physically attached to a 26 health care facility and which provides health care to noninstitutionalized and nonhomebound persons on an 27 28 outpatient basis. This definition does not include the pri-29 vate office practice of any one or more health profession-30 als licensed to practice in this state pursuant to the provi-31 sions of chapter thirty of this code: Provided, That such exemption from review of private office practice shall not 32 33 be construed to include such practices where major medi-34 cal equipment otherwise subject to review under the provi-35 sions of this article is acquired, offered or developed: 36 Provided, however, That such exemption from review of 37 private office practice shall not be construed to include 38 certain health services otherwise subject to review under 39 the provisions of subdivision (1), subsection (a), section 40 four of this article.
- (c) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a facility 41 42 which is free-standing and not physically attached to a 43 health care facility and which provides surgical treatment to patients not requiring hospitalization. This definition 44 does not include the private office practice of any one or 45 46 more health professionals licensed to practice surgery in this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter thirty of 47 this code: Provided, That such exemption from review of 48 private office practice shall not be construed to include 49 such practices where major medical equipment otherwise 50 subject to review under the provisions of this article is 51 acquired, offered or developed: Provided, however, That 52 such exemption from review of private office practice 53 shall not be construed to include certain health services 54 otherwise subject to review under the provisions of subdi-55 vision (1), subsection (a), section four of this article. 56

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- (d) "Applicant" means: (1) The governing body or the person proposing a new institutional health service who is, or will be, the health care facility licensee wherein the new institutional health service is proposed to be located; and (2) in the case of a proposed new institutional health service not to be located in a licensed health care facility, the governing body or the person proposing to provide such new institutional health service. Incorporators or promoters who will not constitute the governing body or persons responsible for the new institutional health service may not be an applicant.
- (e) "Bed capacity" means the number of beds for which a license is issued to a health care facility, or, if a facility is unlicensed, the number of adult and pediatric beds permanently staffed and maintained for immediate use by inpatients in patient rooms or wards.
  - (f) "Capital expenditure" means an expenditure:
  - (1) Made by or on behalf of a health care facility; and
- (2) (A) Which (i) under generally accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and maintenance, or (ii) is made to obtain either by lease or comparable arrangement any facility or part thereof or any equipment for a facility or part; and (B) which (i) exceeds the expenditure minimum, or (ii) is a substantial change to the bed capacity of the facility with respect to which the expenditure is made, or (iii) is a substantial change to the services of such facility. For purposes of subparagraph (i), paragraph (B), subdivision (2) of this definition, the cost of any studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities, including staff effort and consulting and other services, essential to the acquisition, improvement, expansion, or replacement of any plant or equipment with respect to which an expenditure described in paragraph (B), subdivision (2) of this definition is made shall be included in determining if such expenditure exceeds the expenditure minimum. Donations of equipment or facilities to a health care facility which if acquired directly by such facility would be subject to review shall be considered capital expenditures, and a transfer of equipment or facilities for

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less than fair market value shall be considered a capital expenditure for purposes of such subdivisions if a transfer of the equipment or facilities at fair market value would be subject to review. A series of expenditures, each less than the expenditure minimum, which when taken together are in excess of the expenditure minimum, may be determined by the state agency to be a single capital expenditure subject to review. In making its determination, the state agency shall consider: Whether the expenditures are for components of a system which is required to accomplish a single purpose; whether the expenditures are to be made over a two-year period and are directed towards the accomplishment of a single goal within the health care facility's long-range plan; or whether the expenditures are to be made within a two-year period within a single department such that they will constitute a significant modernization of the department.

- (g) "Expenditure minimum" means seven hundred fifty thousand dollars per fiscal year.
- 116 (h) "Health," used as a term, includes physical and 117 mental health.
  - (i) "Health care facility" is defined as including hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, kidney disease treatment centers, including free-standing hemodialysis units, intermediate care facilities, ambulatory health care facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, home health agencies, hospice agencies, rehabilitation facilities and health maintenance organizations; community mental health and mental retardation facilities, whether under public or private ownership, or as a profit or nonprofit organization and whether or not licensed or required to be licensed in whole or in part by the state. For purposes of this definition, "community mental health and mental retardation facility" means a private facility which provides such comprehensive services and continuity of care as emergency, outpatient, partial hospitalization, inpatient and consultation and education for individuals with mental illness, mental retardation or drug or alcohol addiction.
  - (j) "Health care provider" means a person, partnership, corporation, facility or institution licensed or certified or

- authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this state to an individual during that individual's medical care, treatment or confinement.
- (k) "Health maintenance organization" means a public or private organization, organized under the laws of this state, which:
- 143 (1) Is a qualified health maintenance organization 144 under Section 1310(d) of the Public Health Service Act, as 145 amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 300e-9(d); 146 or
- (2) (A) Provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled participants health care services, including substantially the following basic health care services: Usual physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, X ray, emergency and preventive services and out-of-area coverage; and

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- (B) Is compensated except for copayments for the provision of the basic health care services listed in paragraph (A), subdivision (2), subsection (k) of this definition to enrolled participants on a predetermined periodic rate basis without regard to the date the health care services are provided and which is fixed without regard to the frequency, extent or kind of health service actually provided; and
- (C) Provides physicians' services primarily (i) directly through physicians who are either employees or partners of such organization, or (ii) through arrangements with individual physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a group practice or individual practice basis.
- (1) "Health services" means clinically related preventive, diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative services, including alcohol, drug abuse and mental health services.
- (m) "Home health agency" is an organization primarily engaged in providing professional nursing services either directly or through contract arrangements and at least one of the following services: Home health aide services, other therapeutic services, physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy, nutritional services or medical social services to persons in their place of residence on a part-time or intermittent basis.

- (n) "Hospice agency" means a private or public agency or organization licensed in West Virginia for the administration or provision of hospice care services to terminally ill persons in such persons' temporary or permanent residences by using an interdisciplinary team, including, at a minimum, persons qualified to perform nursing, social work services, the general practice of medicine or osteopathy and pastoral or spiritual counseling.
- (o) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment, and care of injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons. This term also includes psychiatric and tuberculosis hospitals.
- (p) "Intermediate care facility" means an institution which provides, on a regular basis, health-related care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of care and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is designed to provide, but who, because of their mental or physical condition, require health-related care and services above the level of room and board.
- (q) "Long-range plan" means a document formally adopted by the legally constituted governing body of an existing health care facility or by a person proposing a new institutional health service. Each long-range plan shall consist of the information required by the state agency in regulations adopted pursuant to section eight of this article.
- (r) "Major medical equipment" means a single unit of medical equipment or a single system of components with related functions which is used for the provision of medical and other health services and which costs in excess of three hundred thousand dollars, except that such term does not include medical equipment acquired by or on behalf of a clinical laboratory to provide clinical laboratory services if the clinical laboratory is independent of a physician's office and a hospital and it has been determined under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act to meet the requirements of paragraphs ten and eleven of

215 Section 1861(s) of such act. Title 42 United States Code 216 Sections 1395x (10) and (11). In determining whether 217 medical equipment costs more than three hundred thousand dollars, the cost of studies, surveys, designs, plans, 218 219 working drawings, specifications and other activities essen-220 tial to the acquisition of such equipment shall be included. 221 If the equipment is acquired for less than fair market val-222 ue, the term "cost" includes the fair market value.

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- (s) "Medically underserved population" means the population of an urban or rural area designated by the state agency as an area with a shortage of personal health services or a population having a shortage of such services, after taking into account unusual local conditions which are a barrier to accessibility or availability of such services. Such designation shall be in regulations adopted by the state agency pursuant to section eight of this article, and the population so designated may include the state's medically underserved population designated by the federal secretary of health and human services under Section 330(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, Title 42 United States Code Section 254(b)(3).
- 236 (t) "New institutional health service" means such ser-237 vice as described in section three of this article.
  - (u) "Offer", when used in connection with health services, means that the health care facility or health maintenance organization holds itself out as capable of providing, or as having the means for the provision of, specified health services.
  - (v) "Person" means an individual, trust, estate, partnership, committee, corporation, association and other organizations such as joint-stock companies and insurance companies, a state or a political subdivision or instrumentality thereof or any legal entity recognized by the state.
- (w) "Physician" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathy legally authorized to practice by the state.
- 250 (x) "Proposed new institutional health service" means 251 such service as described in section three of this article.

- (y) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution which primarily provides to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, specialized services for the diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation of mentally ill and emotionally disturbed persons.
- (z) "Rehabilitation facility" means an inpatient facility which is operated for the primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated program of medical and other services which are provided under competent professional supervision.
- (aa) "Review agency" means an agency of the state, designated by the governor as the agency for the review of state agency decisions.
- (bb) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for patients who require medical or nursing care, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.
- (cc) "State agency" means the health care cost review authority created, established and continued pursuant to article twenty-nine-b of this chapter.
- (dd) "State health plan" means the document approved by the governor after preparation by the former statewide health coordinating council, or that document as approved by the governor after amendment by the health care planning council or its successor agency.
- (ee) "Health care planning council" means the body established by section five-a of this article to participate in the preparation and amendment of the state health plan and to advise the state agency.
- (ff) "Substantial change to the bed capacity" of a health care facility means any change, with which a capital expenditure is associated, that increases or decreases the bed capacity, or relocates beds from one physical facility or site to another, but does not include a change by which a health care facility reassigns existing beds as swing beds between acute care and long-term care categories: *Provid*-

290 ed, That a decrease in bed capacity in response to federal rural health initiatives shall be excluded from this definition.

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(gg) "Substantial change to the health services" of a health care facility means the addition of a health service which is offered by or on behalf of the health care facility and which was not offered by or on behalf of the facility within the twelve-month period before the month in which the service is first offered, or the termination of a health service which was offered by or on behalf of the facility: *Provided*, That "substantial change to the health services" does not include the providing of ambulance service, wellness centers or programs, adult day care or respite care by acute care facilities.

(hh) "To develop", when used in connection with health services, means to undertake those activities which upon their completion will result in the offer of a new institutional health service or the incurring of a financial obligation, in relation to the offering of such a service.

## §16-2D-3. Certificate of need; new institutional health services defined.

- 1 (a) Except as provided in section four of this article, any new institutional health service may not be acquired, 3 offered or developed within this state except upon applica-4 tion for and receipt of a certificate of need as provided by this article. Whenever a new institutional health service for 5 which a certificate of need is required by this article is proposed for a health care facility for which, pursuant to 8 section four of this article, no certificate of need is or was required, a certificate of need shall be issued before the new institutional health service is offered or developed. 10 No person may knowingly charge or bill for any health 11 services associated with any new institutional health service 12 that is knowingly acquired, offered or developed in viola-13 tion of this article, and any bill made in violation of this 14 section is legally unenforceable. 1.5
- 16 (b) For purposes of this article, a proposed "new institutional health service" includes:

- 18 (1) The construction, development, acquisition or other establishment of a new health care facility or health 19 20 maintenance organization;
- 21 (2) The partial or total closure of a health care facility or health maintenance organization with which a capital 22 23 expenditure is associated;

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- (3) Any obligation for a capital expenditure incurred by or on behalf of a health care facility, except as exempted in section four of this article, or health maintenance organization in excess of the expenditure minimum or any obligation for a capital expenditure incurred by any person to acquire a health care facility. An obligation for a capital expenditure is considered to be incurred by or on behalf of a health care facility:
- 32 (A) When a contract, enforceable under state law, is 33 entered into by or on behalf of the health care facility for 34 the construction, acquisition, lease or financing of a capital 35 asset:
- 36 (B) When the governing board of the health care 37 facility takes formal action to commit its own funds for a 38 construction project undertaken by the health care facility 39 as its own contractor; or
- 40 (C) In the case of donated property, on the date on 41 which the gift is completed under state law;
- 42 (4) A substantial change to the bed capacity of a health care facility with which a capital expenditure is 43 44 associated:
- (5) The addition of health services which are offered 45 by or on behalf of a health care facility or health mainte-46 47 nance organization and which were not offered on a regular basis by or on behalf of the health care facility or 48 49 health maintenance organization within the twelve-month 50 period prior to the time the services would be offered;
- (6) The addition of ventilator services for any nursing facility bed by any health care facility or health mainte-52 nance organization;

- 54 (7) The deletion of one or more health services, previously offered on a regular basis by or on behalf of a health care facility or health maintenance organization which is associated with a capital expenditure;
- 58 (8) A substantial change to the bed capacity or health 59 services offered by or on behalf of a health care facility, 60 whether or not the change is associated with a proposed 61 capital expenditure, if the change is associated with a pre-62 vious capital expenditure for which a certificate of need 63 was issued and if the change will occur within two years 64 after the date the activity which was associated with the 65 previously approved capital expenditure was undertaken;
- 66 (9) The acquisition of major medical equipment;
- 67 (10) A substantial change in an approved new institu-68 tional health service for which a certificate of need is in 69 effect. For purposes of this subsection, "substantial 70 change" shall be defined by the state agency in regulations 71 adopted pursuant to section eight of this article; or
- 72 (11) An expansion of the service area for hospice or 73 home health service, regardless of the time period in which 74 the expansion is contemplated or made.

### §16-2D-5. Powers and duties of state agency.

- 1 (a) The state agency is hereby empowered to adminis-2 ter the certificate of need program as provided by this 3 article.
- 4 (b) The state agency shall be responsible for coordinating and developing the health planning research efforts of the state and for amending and modifying the state health plan which includes the certificate of need standards.
- 9 (c) The state agency may seek advice and assistance of other persons, organizations and other state agencies in the performance of the state agency's responsibilities under this article.
- 13 (d) For health services for which competition appro-14 priately allocates supply consistent with the state health 15 plan, the state agency shall, in the performance of its func-

tions under this article, give priority, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access, to actions which would strengthen the effect of competition on the supply of such services.

- (e) For health services for which competition does not or will not appropriately allocate supply consistent with the state health plan, the state agency shall, in the exercise of its functions under this article, take actions, where appropriate to advance the purposes of quality assurance, cost effectiveness and access and the other purposes of this article, to allocate the supply of such services.
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of section seven of this article, the state agency may charge a fee for the filing of any application, the filing of any notice in lieu of an application, the filing of any exemption determination request or the filing of any request for a declaratory ruling. The fees charged may vary according to the type of matter involved, the type of health service or facility involved or the amount of capital expenditure involved. The state agency shall implement this subsection by filing procedural rules pursuant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. The fees charged shall be deposited into a special fund known as the certificate of need program fund to be expended for the purposes of this article.
- (g) No hospital, nursing home or other health care facility shall add any intermediate care or skilled nursing beds to its current licensed bed complement. This prohibition also applies to the conversion of acute care or other types of beds to intermediate care or skilled nursing beds: Provided, That hospitals eligible under the provisions of section four-a and subsection (i), section five of this article may convert acute care beds to skilled nursing beds in accordance with the provisions of these sections, upon approval by the state agency. Furthermore, no certificate of need shall be granted for the construction or addition of any intermediate care or skilled nursing beds except in the case of facilities designed to replace existing beds in unsafe existing facilities. A health care facility in receipt of a certificate of need for the construction or addition of intermediate care or skilled nursing beds which was ap-

proved prior to the effective date of this section must incur an obligation for a capital expenditure within twelve months of the date of issuance of the certificate of need. No extensions shall be granted beyond the twelve-month period: Provided, however, That a maximum of sixty beds may be approved, as a demonstration project, by the state agency for a unit to provide nursing services to patients with alzheimer's disease if: (1) The unit is located in an existing facility which was formerly owned and operated by the state of West Virginia and is presently owned by a county of the state of West Virginia; (2) the facility has provided health care services, including personal care services, within one year prior to the effective date of this section; (3) the facility demonstrates that awarding the certificate of need and operating the facility will be cost effective for the state; and (4) that any applicable lease, lease-purchase or contract for operating the facility was awarded through a process of competitive bidding consis-tent with state purchasing practices and procedures: Pro-vided further. That an application for said demonstration project shall be filed with the state agency on or before the twenty-first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-three.

(h) No additional intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded (ICF/MR) beds shall be granted a certificate of need, except that prohibition does not apply to ICF/MR beds approved under the Kanawha County circuit court order of the third day of August, one thousand nine hundred eighty-nine, civil action number MISC-81-585 issued in the case of E. H. v. Matin, 168 W.V. 248, 284 S.E.2d 232 (1981).

(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g), section five of this article and, further notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), section three of this article, an existing acute care hospital may apply to the health care cost review authority for a certificate of need to convert acute care beds to skilled nursing beds: *Provided*, That the proposed skilled nursing beds are medicare certified only: *Provided*, however, That any hospital which converts acute care beds to medicare certified only skilled nursing beds is prohibited from billing for any medicaid reimbursement

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for any beds so converted. In converting beds, the hospital must convert a minimum of one acute care bed into one medicare certified only skilled nursing bed. The health care cost review authority may require a hospital to convert up to and including three acute care beds for each medicare certified only skilled nursing bed: Provided further. That a hospital designated or provisionally designated nated by the state agency as a rural primary care hospital may convert up to thirty beds to a distinct-part nursing facility, including skilled nursing beds and intermediate care beds, on a one-for-one basis if said rural primary care hospital is located in a county without a certified free-standing nursing facility and the hospital may bill for 110 medicaid reimbursement for the converted beds: And provided further, that if the hospital rejects the designation 112 as a rural primary care hospital then the hospital may not 113 bill for medicaid reimbursement. The health care cost 114 review authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which require that:

- (1) All acute care beds converted shall be permanently deleted from the hospital's acute care bed complement and the hospital may not thereafter add, by conversion or otherwise, acute care beds to its bed complement without satisfying the requirements of subsection (d), section three of this article for which purposes such an addition, whether by conversion or otherwise, shall be considered a substantial change to the bed capacity of the hospital notwithstanding the definition of that term found in subsection (ee), section two of this article.
- (2) The hospital shall meet all federal and state licensing certification and operational requirements applicable to nursing homes including a requirement that all skilled care beds created under this subsection shall be located in distinct-part, long-term care units.
- (3) The hospital must demonstrate a need for the pro-131 132 ject.
  - (4) The hospital must use existing space for the medicare certified only skilled nursing beds. Under no circumstances shall the hospital construct, lease or acquire additional space for purposes of this section.

- 137 (5) The hospital must notify the acute care patient, 138 prior to discharge, of facilities with skilled nursing beds 139 which are located in or near the patient's county of resi-140 dence.
- Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.
- 145 (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of 146 this section, a retirement life care center with no skilled 147 nursing beds may apply to the health care cost review 148 authority for a certificate of need for up to sixty skilled 149 nursing beds provided the proposed skilled beds are medi-150 care certified only. On a statewide basis, a maximum of 151 one hundred eighty skilled beds which are medicare certified only may be developed pursuant to this subsection. 152 The state health plan shall not be applicable to projects 153 submitted under this subsection. The health care cost re-154 view authority shall adopt rules to implement this subsec-155 156 tion which shall include:
- 157 (1) A requirement that the one hundred eighty beds 158 are to be distributed on a statewide basis;
- 159 (2) There shall be a minimum of twenty beds and a maximum of sixty beds in each approved unit;
- 161 (3) The unit developed by the retirement life care center shall meet all federal and state licensing certification and operational requirements applicable to nursing homes:
- 165 (4) The retirement center must demonstrate a need for 166 the project;
- 167 (5) The retirement center must offer personal care, 168 home health services and other lower levels of care to its 169 residents; and
- 170 (6) The retirement center must demonstrate both short 171 and long-term financial feasibility.

Nothing in this subsection shall negatively affect the rights of inspection and certification which are otherwise required by federal law or regulations or by this code of duly adopted regulations of an authorized state entity.

- (k) The provisions of this article are severable and if any provision, section or part thereby shall be held invalid, unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other remaining provisions contained herein.
- (1) The state agency is hereby empowered to order a moratorium upon the processing of an application or applications for the development of a new institutional health service filed pursuant to section three of this article, when criteria and guidelines for evaluating the need for such new institutional health service have not yet been adopted or are obsolete. Such moratorium shall be declared by a written order which shall detail the circumstances requiring the moratorium. Upon the adoption of criteria for evaluating the need for the new institutional health service affected by the moratorium, or one hundred eighty days from the declaration of a moratorium, whichever is less, the moratorium shall be declared to be over and affected applications shall be processed pursuant to section six of this article.
- (m) The state agency shall coordinate the collection of information needed to allow the state agency to develop recommended modifications to certificate of need standards as required in this article. When the state agency proposes amendments or modifications to the certificate of need standards, they shall file with the secretary of state, for publication in the state register, a notice of proposed action, including the text of all proposed amendments and modifications, and a date, time and place for receipt of general public comment. To comply with the public comment requirement of this section, the state agency may hold a public hearing or schedule a public comment period for the receipt of written statements or documents.

- 210 All proposed amendments and modifications to the 211 certificate of need standards, with a record of the public 212 hearing or written statements and documents received 213 pursuant to a public comment period, shall be presented to 214 the governor. Within thirty days of receiving said pro-215 posed amendments or modifications, the governor shall 216 either approve or disapprove all or part of said amendments and modifications, and, for any portion of amend-217 218 ments or modifications not approved, shall specify the 219 reason or reasons for nonapproval. Any portions of the 220 amendments or modifications not approved by the gover-221 nor may be revised and resubmitted.
- 222 (n) The state agency may exempt from or expedite 223 rate review, certificate of need, and annual assessment 224 requirements and issue grants and loans to financially 225 vulnerable health care facilities located in underserved 226 areas that the state agency and the office of community 227 and rural health services determine are collaborating with other providers in the service area to provide cost effective 228 229 health care services.

### ARTICLE 5F. HEALTH CARE FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.

### §16-5F-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (1) "Annual report" means an annual financial report for the covered facility's or related organization's fiscal year prepared by an accountant or the covered facility's or related organization's auditor.
- 6 (2) "Board" means the West Virginia health care cost7 review authority.
- (3) "Covered facility" means any hospital, skilled nurs-8 ing facility, kidney disease treatment center, including a 9 free-standing hemodialysis unit; intermediate care facility; 10 ambulatory health care facility; ambulatory surgical facili-11 ty; home health agency; hospice agency; rehabilitation 12 facility; health maintenance organization; or community 13 mental health or mental retardation facility, whether under 14 public or private ownership or as a profit or nonprofit 15

16 organization and whether or not licensed or required to be 17 licensed in whole or in part by the state: Provided, That nonprofit, community-based primary care centers provid-18 ing primary care services without regard to ability to pay 19 20 which provide the board with a year-end audited financial statement prepared in accordance with generally accepted 21 22 auditing standards and with governmental auditing stan-23 dards issued by the comptroller general of the United States shall be deemed to have complied with the disclo-24 25 sure requirements of this section.

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- (4) "Related organization" means an organization, whether publicly owned, nonprofit, tax-exempt or for profit, related to a covered facility through common membership, governing bodies, trustees, officers, stock ownership, family members, partners or limited partners, including, but not limited to, subsidiaries, foundations, related corporations and joint ventures. For the purposes of this subdivision "family members" shall mean brothers and sisters whether by the whole or half blood, spouse, ancestors and lineal descendants.
- (5) "Rates" means all rates, fees or charges imposed by any covered facility for health care services.
- 38 (6) "Records" includes accounts, books, charts, con-39 tracts, documents, files, maps, papers, profiles, reports, 40 annual and otherwise, schedules and any other fiscal data, 41 however recorded or stored.

### **CHAPTER 133**

(Com. Sub. for S. B . 262-By Senator Tomblin, Mr. President)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact article four-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all relating to establishing emergency medical services agencies; defining new terms and amending certain definitions; deleting references to the director; placing the office of emergency medical services within the bureau of public health; amending the composition of the advisory council, defining the length of members terms, terminating the existing council and appointing a new council on a date certain, staggering terms of newly appointed members; authorizing licensure of emergency medical services agencies, authorizing promulgation of legislative rules to determine licensure fees; deleting obsolete references to past-time requirements; establishing criminal penalties for violations of licensure; authorizing legislative rules for determining the services that may be provided by each class of personnel; and creating criminal penalties for obstructing, interfering with or causing bodily injury and specifying criminal penalties.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article four-c, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six-a, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 4C. EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT.

§16-4C-1.	Short title.
§16-4C-2.	Purposes of article.
§16-4C-3.	Definitions.

§16-4C-4. Office of emergency medical services created; staffing.

§16-4C-5. Emergency medical services advisory council; duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses;

continuation.

§16-4C-6. Powers and duties of commissioner. §16-4C-6a. Emergency medical services agency licensure.

§16-4C-7. Vehicles, aircraft and persons aboard them exempted from requirements of article.

§16-4C-8. Standards for emergency medical service personnel.

§16-4C-9. Suspension or revocation of certificate or temporary certificate or license.

§16-4C-10. Notice of refusal, suspension or revocation of certificate or license; appeals to commissioner; judicial review.

§16-4C-11. Liability for cost of emergency medical service.

§16-4C-12. Violations; criminal penalties.

§16-4C-13. Actions to enjoin violations; injunctive relief.

- §16-4C-14. Services that may be performed by emergency medical service personnel.
- §16-4C-15. Powers of emergency medical service attendants, emergency medical technicians-basic and emergency medical technicians-paramedic during emergency communications failures and disasters.
- §16-4C-16. Limitation of liability; mandatory errors and omissions insurance.
- §16-4C-17. Limitation of liability for failure to obtain consent.
- §16-4C-18. Authority of emergency medical service personnel in charge of emergency medical services.
- §16-4C-19. Obstructing emergency medical service personnel; criminal penalties.
- §16-4C-20. Service reciprocity agreements for mutual aid.
- §16-4C-21. Restriction for provision of emergency medical services by out-of-state emergency medical service personnel or providers of emergency medical services.
- §16-4C-22. Transportation of unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients.
- §16-4C-23. Authority of the commissioner to make rules.

### §16-4C-1. Short title.

This article shall be known as the "Emergency Medical 2 Services Act of 1996".

### §16-4C-2. Purposes of article.

- 1 The Legislature finds and declares: (1) That the safe and efficient operation of life-saving and life-preserving 2 emergency medical service to meet the needs of citizens of 4 this state is a matter of general public interest and concern; (2) to ensure the provision of adequate emergency medi-6 cal services within this state for the protection of the public health, safety and welfare, it is imperative that minimum 7 standards for emergency medical service personnel be 9 established and enforced by the state; (3) that emergency 10 medical service personnel should meet minimum training standards promulgated by the commissioner; (4) that it is 11 the public policy of this state to enact legislation to carry 12 out these purposes and comply with minimum standards 13
- for emergency medical service personnel as specified 14
- herein; (5) that any patient who receives emergency medi-15
- cal service and who is unable to consent thereto should be 16
- liable for the reasonable cost of such service; and (6) that 17

- 18 it is the public policy of this state to encourage emergency
- 19 medical service providers to do those things necessary to
- 20 carry out the powers conferred in this article unless other-
- 21 wise forbidden by law.

### §16-4C-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly re-2 quires a different meaning:
- 3 (a) "Ambulance" means any privately or publicly-4 owned vehicle or aircraft which is designed, constructed or modified; equipped or maintained; and operated for the 6 transportation of patients:
- 7 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the 8 bureau of public health:
- 9 (c) "Council" means the emergency medical service 10 advisory council created pursuant to section five of this 11 article:
- 12 (d) "Emergency medical services" means all services which are set forth in Public Law 93-154 "The Emergency 13 14 Medical Services Act of 1973" and those included in and 15 made a part of the emergency medical services plan of the 16 department of health and human resources inclusive of, 17 but not limited to, responding to the medical needs of an 18 individual to prevent the loss of life or aggravation of 19 illness or injury;
- 20 (e) "Emergency medical service agency" means any agency licensed under section six-a of this article to pro-22 vide emergency medical services;
- (f) "Emergency medical service attendant" means a 23 person certified by the commissioner pursuant to the pro-24 25 visions of section eight of this article to render the services 26 authorized pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen 27 of this article:
- (g) "Emergency medical service personnel" means any 28 person certified by the commissioner to provide emergen-29 cy medical services authorized in section eight of this 30 31 article and includes, but is not limited to, emergency medi-

- cal service attendant, emergency medical technician-basic
   and emergency medical technician-paramedic;
- 34 (h) "Emergency medical service provider" means any 35 authority, person, corporation, partnership or other entity, 36 public or private, which owns or operates a licensed emer-37 gency medical services agency providing emergency med-38 ical service in this state:

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- (i) "Emergency medical technician-basic" means a person certified by the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of section eight of this article to render the services authorized pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen of this article;
- (j) "Emergency medical technician-paramedic" means a person certified by the commissioner pursuant to the provisions of section eight of this article to render services as authorized pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen of this article;
- (k) "Governing body" has the meanings ascribed to it as applied to a municipality in subdivision (1), subsection (b), section two, article one, chapter eight of this code;
- (1) "Line officer" means the emergency medical service personnel, present at the scene of an accident, injury or illness, who has taken the responsibility for patient care;
- (m) "Medical command" means the issuing of orders by a physician from a medical facility to emergency medical service personnel for the purpose of providing appropriate patient care;
- 59 (n) "Municipality" has the meaning ascribed to it in 60 subdivision (1), subsection (a), section two, article one, 61 chapter eight of this code;
- 62 (o) "Patient" means any person who is a recipient of 63 the services provided by emergency medical services;
  - (p) "Service reciprocity" means the provision of emergency medical services to citizens of this state by emergency medical service personnel certified to render those services by a neighboring state; and

68 (q) "Small emergency medical service provider" means 69 any emergency medical service provider which is made up 70 of less than twenty emergency medical service personnel.

# §16-4C-4. Office of emergency medical services created; staffing.

There is hereby created within state government under the commissioner of the bureau of public health an office to be known as the office of emergency medical services.

The commissioner may employ any technical, clerical, stenographic and other personnel as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article. The personnel may be paid from funds appropriated therefor or from other funds as may be made available for carrying out the purposes of this article.

The office of emergency medical services as created by former section four, article four-d of this chapter, shall continue in existence as the office of emergency medical services established by this section.

# §16-4C-5. Emergency medical services advisory council; duties, composition, appointment, meetings, compensation and expenses; continuation.

The emergency medical services advisory council, 1 heretofore created and established by former section seven 2 of this article, shall be continued for the purpose of devel-3 oping, with the commissioner, standards for emergency 4 5 medical service personnel and for the purpose of providing advice to the office of emergency medical services and 6 the commissioner with respect to reviewing and making 7 recommendations for and providing assistance to the es-8 tablishment and maintenance of adequate emergency 9 10 medical services for all portions of this state.

The council shall have the duty to advise the commissioner in all matters pertaining to his or her duties and functions in relation to carrying out the purposes of this article.

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The council shall be composed of fifteen members appointed by the governor by and with the advice and

17 consent of the Senate. The mountain state emergency 18 medical services association shall submit to the governor a 19 list of six names of representatives from their association 20 and a list of three names shall be submitted to the gover-21 nor of representatives of their respective organizations by 22 the county commissioners' association of West Virginia, 23 the West Virginia state firemen's association, the West Vir-24 ginia hospital association, the West Virginia chapter of the 25 American college of emergency physicians, the West Vir-26 ginia emergency medical services administrators associa-27 tion, the West Virginia emergency medical services coali-28 tion, the ambulance association of West Virginia, the coun-29 ty commissioner's association and the state department of 30 education. The governor shall appoint from the respective 31 lists submitted, two persons who represent the mountain 32 state emergency medical services association, one of whom 33 shall be a paramedic and one of whom shall be an emer-34 gency medical technician-basic, and one person from the 35 county commissioners' association of West Virginia, the 36 West Virginia state firemen's association, the West Virginia 37 hospital association, the West Virginia chapter of the 38 American college of emergency physicians, the West Virginia emergency medical services administrators associa-39 40 tion, the West Virginia emergency medical services coali-41 tion, the ambulance association of West Virginia and the 42 state department of education. In addition the governor 43 shall appoint one person to represent emergency medical 44 service providers operating within the state, one person to represent small emergency medical service providers oper-45 46 ating within this state and three persons to represent the general public. Not more than six of the members may be 47 appointed from any one congressional district. 48

The current advisory council members' terms shall end on the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, and, pursuant to the provisions of this section, the governor shall appoint an advisory council on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. Of those first appointed, one-third shall serve for one year, one-third shall serve for two years and one-third shall serve for three years. Each subsequent term is to be for

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- 57 three years and no member may serve more than four consecutive terms.
- The council shall choose its own chairman and meet at the call of the commissioner at least twice a year.
- The members of the council may be reimbursed for any and all reasonable and necessary expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties.

64 The Legislature hereby finds and declares that the 65 emergency medical services advisory council should be 66 continued and reestablished. Accordingly, notwithstand-67 ing the provisions of article ten, chapter four of this code, 68 the emergency medical services advisory council shall 69 continue to exist until the first day of July, one thousand 70 nine hundred ninety-seven, to allow for monitoring of 71 compliance with recommendations contained in the preliminary performance review through the joint committee 72 73 on government operations.

### §16-4C-6. Powers and duties of commissioner.

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- The commissioner shall have the following powers and duties:
  - (a) In accordance with chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, to propose rules regarding the age, training, retraining, testing, certification and recertification of emergency medical service personnel: *Provided*, That the commissioner may not propose any rule required by the provisions of this article until it has been submitted for review to the emergency medical services advisory council and this council has had at least thirty days to review such proposed rule. The council may take no action unless a quorum is present;
    - (b) To apply for, receive and expend advances, grants, contributions and other forms of assistance from the state or federal government or from any private or public agencies or foundations to carry out the provisions of this article;
- 18 (c) To design, develop and annually review a statewide 19 emergency medical services implementation plan. The

- plan shall recommend aid and assistance and all other acts necessary to carry out the purposes of this article:
- 22 (1) To encourage local participation by area, county 23 and community officials and regional emergency medical 24 services boards of directors; and
- 25 (2) To develop a system for monitoring and evaluat-26 ing emergency medical services programs throughout the 27 state;

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- (d) To provide professional and technical assistance and to make information available to regional emergency medical services boards of directors and other potential applicants or program sponsors of emergency medical services for purposes of developing and maintaining a statewide system of services;
- (e) To assist local government agencies, regional emergency medical services boards of directors and other public or private entities in obtaining federal, state or other available funds and services;
  - (f) To cooperate and work with federal, state and local governmental agencies, private organizations and other entities as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this article;
- (g) To acquire in the name of the state by grant, purchase, gift, devise or any other methods appropriate real and personal property as may be reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of this article;
- (h) To make grants and allocations of funds and property so acquired or which may have been appropriated to the agency to other agencies of state and local government as may be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this article;
- (i) To expend and distribute by grant or bailment funds and property to all state and local agencies for the purpose of performing the duties and responsibilities of the agency all funds which it may have so acquired or which may have been appropriated by the Legislature of this state;

- 57 (j) To develop a program to inform the public con-58 cerning emergency medical services;
- 59 (k) To review and disseminate information regarding 60 federal grant assistance relating to emergency medical 61 services;
- 62 (l) To prepare and submit to the governor and Legis-63 lature recommendations for legislation in the area of 64 emergency medical services;

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- (m) To review, make recommendations for and assist in all projects and programs that provide for emergency medical services whether or not the projects or programs are funded through the office of emergency medical services. A review and approval shall be required for all emergency medical services projects, programs or services for which application is made to receive state or federal funds for their operation after the effective date of this act; and
- 74 (n) To take all necessary and appropriate action to 75 encourage and foster the cooperation of all emergency 76 medical service providers and facilities within this state.

77 Nothing in this article may be construed to allow the 78 commissioner to dissolve, invalidate or eliminate any exist-79 ing emergency medical service program or ambulance providers in service at the time of adoption of the amend-80 81 ment to this article in the regular session of the Legislature 82 in the year one thousand nine hundred eighty-four, or to deny them fair access to federal and state funding, medical 83 84 facilities and training programs.

### §16-4C-6a. Emergency medical services agency licensure.

Any person who proposes to establish or maintain an emergency medical services agency shall file an application with the commissioner. The application is to include the identity of the applicant, any parent or affiliated entity, the proposed level of service and the number of emergency medical service response vehicles of the agency or proposed agency. The commissioner may require that additional information be included on each application.

9 Upon receipt and review of the application the com-10 missioner shall issue a license if he or she finds that the 11 applicant meets the requirements and quality standards, to 12 be established by the commissioner, for an emergency medical services agency license, and if the applicant has 13 14 certified under penalty of perjury that he or she is current with all lawful obligations owed the state of West Virginia, 15 16 excluding obligations owed in the current quarter, includ-17 ing, but not limited to, payment of taxes and workers' compensation premiums: Provided, That the certification 18 19 set forth in this paragraph shall be required for the origi-20 nal application and subsequent renewal thereof.

21 Upon review and consultation with the advisory coun-22 cil the commissioner may, pursuant to the provisions of 23 article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, establish 24 reasonable fee schedules for application and licensure.

### §16-4C-7. Vehicles, aircraft and persons aboard them exempted from requirements of article.

1 The following vehicles and aircraft are exempted from 2 the provisions of this article and rules promulgated pursu-3 ant to it and persons aboard them are not required to com-4 ply with the provisions of section eight of this article:

(a) Privately-owned vehicles and aircraft not ordinarily used in the business or service of transporting patients;

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- (b) Vehicles and aircraft used as ambulances in case of a catastrophe or emergency when the ambulances normally staffed by certified emergency medical service personnel based in the locality of the catastrophe or emergency are insufficient to render the service required;
- (c) Ambulances based outside this state, except that emergency medical service personnel aboard any such ambulance receiving a patient within this state for transportation to a location within this state shall comply with the provisions of this article and the rules promulgated pursuant to it except in the event of a catastrophe or emergency when the ambulances normally staffed by certified emergency medical service personnel based in the locality 19

- of the catastrophe or emergency are insufficient to render 21 the services required:
- 2.2 (d) Ambulances owned by or operated under the direct control of a governmental agency of the United 23 24 States: and
- 25 (e) Vehicles and aircraft designed primarily for rescue 26 operations which do not ordinarily transport patients.

### §16-4C-8. Standards for emergency medical service personnel.

- 1 (a) Every ambulance operated by an emergency medi-2 cal service agency shall carry at least two personnel. At least one person shall be certified in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or first aid and the person in the 4 patient-compartment shall be minimally certified as an emergency medical technician-basic.
- 7 (b) As a minimum the training for each class of emer-8 gency medical service personnel shall include:
- 9 (1) Emergency medical service attendant: Shall have earned and possess valid certificates from the department 10 11 or by authorities recognized and approved by the com-12 missioner:
- 13 (2) Emergency medical technician-basic: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as an 14 emergency medical technician-basic as established by the 15 commissioner or authorities recognized and approved by 16 17 the commissioner; and
- (3) Emergency medical technician-paramedic: Shall have successfully completed the course for certification as 19 an emergency medical technician-paramedic established by the commissioner or authorities recognized and approved by the commissioner.

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- 23 The foregoing may not be considered to limit the power of the commissioner to prescribe training, certifica-24 25 tion and recertification standards.
- 26 (c) Any person desiring emergency medical service personnel certification shall apply to the commissioner 27

using forms and procedures prescribed by the commis-sioner. Upon receipt of the application, the commissioner shall determine whether the applicant meets the certification requirements and may examine the applicant, if nec-essary to make that determination. If it is determined that the applicant meets all of the requirements, the commis-sioner shall issue an appropriate emergency medical service personnel certificate which shall be valid for a period as determined by the commissioner.

 State and county continuing education and recertification programs for all levels of emergency medical service providers shall be available to emergency medical service providers at a convenient site within one hundred miles of the provider's primary place of operation at sites determined by the regional emergency medical services offices. The continuing education program shall be provided at a cost specified in a fee schedule to be promulgated by legislative rule in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code by the department of health to all nonprofit emergency medical service personnel.

(d) The commissioner may issue a temporary emergency medical service personnel certificate to an applicant, with or without examination of the applicant, when he or she finds that issuance to be in the public interest. Unless suspended or revoked, a temporary certificate shall be valid initially for a period not exceeding one hundred twenty days and may not be renewed unless the commissioner finds the renewal to be in the public interest. The expiration date of a temporary certificate shall be extended until the holder is afforded at least one opportunity to take an emergency medical service personnel training course within the general area where he or she serves as an emergency medical service personnel, but the expiration date may not be extended for any longer period of time or for any other reason.

# §16-4C-9. Suspension or revocation of certificate or temporary certificate or license.

(a) The commissioner may at any time upon his or her
 own motion, and shall, upon the verified written complaint

- 3 of any person, cause an investigation to be conducted to 4 determine whether there are any grounds for the suspen-5 sion or revocation of a certificate, temporary certificate or
- 6 license issued under the provisions of this article.
- 7 (b) The commissioner shall suspend or revoke any 8 certificate, temporary certificate or license when he or she 9 finds the holder thereof has:
- 10 (1) Obtained a certificate, temporary certificate or 11 license by means of fraud or deceit; or
- 12 (2) Been grossly incompetent, and/or grossly negligent 13 as defined by the commissioner in accordance with rules 14 or by prevailing standards of emergency medical services 15 care; or
- 16 (3) Failed or refused to comply with the provisions of 17 this article or any reasonable rule promulgated by the 18 commissioner hereunder or any order or final decision of 19 the commissioner.
- 20 (c) The commissioner shall suspend or revoke any 21 certificate or temporary certificate if he or she finds the 22 existence of any grounds which would justify the denial of 23 an application for the certificate, temporary permit or 24 license if application were then being made for it.

### §16-4C-10. Notice of refusal, suspension or revocation of certificate or license; appeals to commissioner; judicial review.

1 An application for an original, renewal or temporary 2 emergency medical service personnel certificate or emergency medical services agency license, shall be acted upon 3 4 by the commissioner and the certificate delivered or 5 mailed, or a copy of any order of the commissioner denying any such application delivered or mailed to the appli-6 7 cant, within fifteen days after the date upon which the application including test scores, if applicable, was re-8 9 ceived by the commissioner.

Whenever the commissioner refuses to issue an emergency medical service personnel certificate or a temporary emergency medical service personnel certificate or emer-

13 gency medical services agency license, or suspends or 14 revokes an emergency medical service personnel certifi-15 cate, or a temporary emergency medical service personnel 16 certificate, he or she shall make and enter an order to that 17 effect, which shall specify the reasons for the denial, sus-18 pension or revocation, and shall cause a copy of the order 19 to be served in person or by certified mail, return receipt 20 requested, on the applicant or certificate or license holder, 21 as the case may be.

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Whenever a certificate or license is suspended or revoked, the commissioner shall in the order of suspension or revocation direct the holder thereof to return his or her certificate to the commissioner. It shall be the duty of the certificate or license holder to comply with any such order following expiration of the period provided for an appeal to the commissioner.

29 Any applicant or certificate or license holder, adversely 30 affected by an order made and entered by the commis-31 sioner may appeal to the commissioner for an order vacating or modifying the order or for such order as the com-32 missioner should have entered. The person so appealing 33 34 shall be known as the appellant. An appeal shall be perfected by filing a notice of appeal with the commissioner 35 36 within ten days after the date upon which the appellant 37 received the copy of the order. The notice of appeal shall be in a form and contain the information prescribed by 38 39 the commissioner, but in all cases shall contain a description of any order appealed from and the grounds for the 40 41 appeal. The filing of the notice of appeal shall operate to stay or suspend execution of any order which is the sub-42 ject matter of the appeal. All of the pertinent provisions 43 of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code apply to 44 and govern the hearing on appeal and the administrative 45 procedures in connection with and following the hearing, 46 with like effect as if the provisions of said article were set 47 48 forth in extenso herein.

The commissioner shall set a hearing date which shall be not less than ten days after he or she received the notice of appeal unless there is a postponement or continuance. The commissioner may postpone or continue any hearing on his or her own motion, or for good cause shown upon the application of the appellant. The appellant shall be given notice of the hearing in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested. Any such hearing shall be held in Charleston, Kanawha County, West Virginia, unless another place is specified by the commissioner.

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After the hearing and consideration of all of the testimony, evidence and record in the case, the commissioner shall make and enter an order affirming, modifying or vacating his or her initial order or shall make and enter any new order. The order shall be accompanied by findings of fact and conclusions of law as specified in section three, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, and a copy of the order and accompanying findings and conclusions shall be served upon the appellant, in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The order of the commissioner shall be final unless vacated or modified upon judicial review thereof.

71 Any appellant adversely affected by a final order made 72 and entered by the commissioner is entitled to judicial 73 review thereof. All of the pertinent provisions of section 74 four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code shall 75 apply to and govern the review with like effect as if the 76 provisions of said section were set forth in extenso herein. 77 The judgment of the circuit court shall be final unless 78 reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme 79 court of appeals in accordance with the provisions of section one, article six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. 80

### §16-4C-11. Liability for cost of emergency medical service.

Any patient who receives an emergency medical service and who is unable to give his or her consent to or contract for the service, whether or not he or she has agreed or consented to liability for the service, shall be liable in implied contract to the entity providing the emergency medical service for the cost thereof.

Any person who receives an emergency medical service upon his or her request for the service shall be liable for the cost thereof.

### §16-4C-12. Violations; criminal penalties.

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Any person who violates any condition of licensure or 1 2 operates an ambulance with an insufficient number of 3 emergency medical service personnel aboard when not 4 lawfully permitted to do so, or who represents himself or 5 herself as a certified emergency medical service personnel 6 knowing the representation to be untrue, is guilty of a 7 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined 8 not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars.

### §16-4C-13. Actions to enjoin violations; injunctive relief.

1 Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any 2 person has been or is violating or is about to violate any 3 provision of this article or any final order of the commis-4 sioner, the commissioner may apply in the name of the state, to the circuit court of the county in which the viola-5 tion or any part thereof has occurred, is occurring or is 6 about to occur, for an injunction against the person and any other persons who have been, are or are about to be, 8 involved in, or in any way participating in, any practices, 9 10 acts or omissions, so in violation, enjoining the person or 11 persons from any such violation. The application may be 12 made and prosecuted to conclusion whether or not any 13 such violation has resulted or shall result in prosecution or conviction under the provisions of section twelve of this 14 15 article.

Upon application by the commissioner, the circuit courts of this state may by mandatory or prohibitory injunction compel compliance with the provisions of this article and all final orders of the commissioner.

The circuit court may issue a temporary injunction in any case pending a decision on the merits of any application filed.

The judgment of the circuit court upon any application permitted by the provisions of this section shall be final unless reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the supreme court of appeals. Any such appeal shall be sought in the manner and within the time provided by law for appeals from circuit courts in other civil cases.

## §16-4C-14. Services that may be performed by emergency medical service personnel.

- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergen-
- 2 cy medical service personnel, by each class, may provide
- 3 the services as determined by the commissioner by legisla-
- 4 tive rule pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter
- 5 twenty-nine-a of this code.

# §16-4C-15. Powers of emergency medical service attendants, emergency medical technicians-basic and emergency medical technicians-paramedic during emergency communications failures and disasters.

- 1 (a) In the event of a communications failure between 2 the certified emergency medical services agency person-3 nel, as defined in section three of this article, and the phy-4 sician during an emergency situation, the certified person-5 nel is authorized to deliver the services as authorized in 6 section fourteen of this article.
- 7 (b) In the event of a disaster or other occurrence which 8 renders the communication system ineffective for purposes of adequate individual direction between the physician 9 and the certified emergency medical services agency per-10 sonnel, the personnel may perform the services as autho-11 rized pursuant to the provisions of section fourteen and 12 may release immediate control of the patient to any other 13 emergency medical service personnel in order to provide 14 immediate services to other patients affected by the disas-15 16 ter or other occurrence.
- 17 (c) In the event that services are provided under sub18 section (a) or (b) of this section, the emergency medical
  19 services personnel shall, within five days, provide a report
  20 to the commissioner, on the forms prescribed by him or
  21 her, of the services performed, the identity of the patient
  22 and the circumstances justifying the provision of the ser23 vices. The commissioner may require any other informa24 tion deemed necessary.

## §16-4C-16. Limitation of liability; mandatory errors and omissions insurance.

1 (1) Every person, corporation, ambulance service, 2 emergency medical service provider, emergency ambu-

lance authority, emergency ambulance service or other person which employs emergency medical service person-4 5 nel with or without wages for ambulance service or pro-6 vides ambulance service in any manner, shall obtain a 7 policy of insurance insuring the person or entity and ev-8 ery employee, agent or servant thereof, against loss from the liability imposed by law for damages arising from any 9 10 error or omission in the provision of emergency medical 11 services as enumerated by this article, in an amount no less 12 than one million dollars per incident: Provided, That each 13 emergency medical services agency having less than this 14 amount on the first day of January, one thousand nine 1.5 hundred ninety-six, shall obtain the policy of insurance 16 required in this section in the amount of one million dol-17 lars on or before the first day of March, one thousand 18 nine hundred ninety-seven. New applicants shall obtain 19 the insurance required in this section in the amount of one 20 million dollars.

- 21 (2) No emergency medical service personnel or emergency medical service provider may be liable for civil damages or injuries in excess of the amounts for which the person or entity is actually insured, unless the damages or injuries are intentionally or maliciously inflicted.
  - (3) Every person or entity required to obtain a policy of insurance as contemplated by this section, shall furnish to the commissioner on or before the first day of January of each calendar year proof of the existence of the policy of insurance required by this section.

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31 (4) In the event that any person or entity fails to secure 32 a policy of insurance before the person or entity under-33 takes the provision of emergency medical services or 34 emergency medical service agency, whichever occurs last, 35 and keeps the policy of insurance in force thereafter, that 36 person or entity is not entitled to the limited immunity 37 created by subsection (2) of this section: Provided, That any physician, who gives instructions to emergency medi-38 39 cal service personnel without being compensated therefor, 40 or who treats any patient transported in an ambulance or treats any patient prior to the transport, without being 41 compensated therefor, is entitled to the limited immunity 42 provided in subsection (2) of this section. 43

1 No emergency medical service personnel may be sub-2 ject to civil liability, based solely upon failure to obtain 3 consent in rendering emergency medical services to any 4 individual regardless of age where the patient is unable to 5 give his or her consent for any reason, including minority, 6 and where there is no other person reasonably available 7 who is legally authorized to consent to the providing of 8 such care or who is legally authorized to refuse to consent 9 to the providing of such care.

Nothing in this article may be construed to require medical treatment or transportation for any adult in contravention of his or her stated objection thereto upon religious grounds or pursuant to any living will or do not resuscitate orders: *Provided*, That the emergency medical service provider is actually aware of the living will or do not resuscitate order.

## §16-4C-18. Authority of emergency medical service personnel in charge of emergency medical services.

1 When any department, agency or entity which provides 2 emergency medical services under the authority of this 3 article is responding to, operating at or returning from an emergency medical service, any emergency medical ser-4 vice personnel serving in the capacity of an emergency 5 6 medical service line officer in charge, shall control and 7 direct the providing of emergency medical services. The emergency medical service personnel serving in the capac-8 9 ity of an emergency medical service line officer shall 10 determine whether a patient shall be transported from the 11 emergency scene, determine what care shall be rendered 12 prior to the transport, determine the appropriate facility to 13 which the patient shall be transported, and otherwise fully direct and control the providing of emergency medical 14 services and patient care under the direction of medical 15 16 command.

Nothing included in this section may be construed to restrict or interfere with the authority of a fire officer in charge to supervise or direct those fire department personnel under his or her command or to restrict any person from entering a hazardous area for which the fire officer has assumed the responsibility.

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## §16-4C-19. Obstructing or causing bodily injury to emergency medical service personnel; criminal penalties.

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- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally obstruct or interfere with any emergency medical service agency personnel engaged in the act of delivering or administering emergency medical services. Any person violating the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county or regional jail for a period not more than one year, or both fined and confined.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully 10 11 cause bodily injury to any person designated to be an 12 emergency medical personnel engaged in the act of deliv-13 ering or administering emergency medical services. Any 14 person violating the provisions of this subsection is guilty 15 of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be con-16 fined in the penitentiary not less than one nor more than 17 ten years or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or 18 both fined and confined.
- 19 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-20 vent law-enforcement officials from controlling traffic and 21 otherwise maintaining order at the scene of an accident, 22 injury or illness where an emergency medical service 23 agency is rendering services.

### §16-4C-20. Service reciprocity agreements for mutual aid.

1 Any persons or entities providing lawful emergency 2 medical services under the provisions of this article are 3 hereby authorized in their discretion to enter into and renew service reciprocity agreements, for any period as 4 they may deem advisable, with the appropriate emergency medical service providers, county, municipal or other 7 governmental units or in counties contiguous to the state of West Virginia, in the state of Ohio, the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the state of Maryland, the commonwealth 10 of Virginia or the commonwealth of Kentucky, in order to establish and carry into effect a plan to provide mutual aid 11 across state lines, through the furnishing of properly certi-12 fied personnel and equipment for the provision of emer-13 gency medical services in this state and the counties con-14 tiguous to this state upon written approval by the commis-15 sioner. 16

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17 No person or entity may enter into any such agree-18 ment unless the agreement provides that each of the par-19 ties to the agreement shall waive any and all claims against the other parties thereto, which may arise out of their activities outside of their respective jurisdictions under the agreement and shall indemnify and save harmless the other parties to the agreement from all claims by third parties for property damages or personal injuries which may arise out of the activities of the other parties to the agreement outside their respective jurisdictions under the agreement.

The commissioner is hereby authorized to enter into service reciprocity agreements with appropriate officials in other states for the purpose of providing emergency medical services to the citizens of this state by emergency medical service personnel properly certified in their respective state or states. A formal agreement between the commissioner and an authorized official of another state shall be in effect prior to the service being provided. Individual certification of other state emergency medical service personnel is not required for purposes of providing services to West Virginia citizens following the creation of the agreement by the responsible officials.

### §16-4C-21. Restriction for provision of emergency medical services by out-of-state emergency medical service personnel or providers of emergency medical services.

The commissioner may issue an order on his or her 1 own motion upon written request of any emergency medical service provider or county commission in this state, to restrict an out-of-state provider of emergency medical 5 services or an out-of-state emergency medical service 6 personnel to a particular geographic area of the state of West Virginia or prohibit the provider or personnel from 8 providing emergency medical services within the borders 9 of this state when in the opinion of the commissioner the 10 services are not required or do not meet the standards set 11 forth herein or those established by rules as authorized by 12 this article.

### §16-4C-22. Transportation of unconscious or otherwise uncommunicative patients.

- 1 (a) Emergency medical service personnel shall 2 transport critically ill or injured, unconscious or otherwise 3 uncommunicative patients to the medical facility 4 designated by the medical command physician.
- 5 (b) No person may have the right to direct emergency 6 medical service personnel to transport a patient to a 7 specific medical facility unless the person is the legal 8 guardian, parent of a minor or has power of attorney for 9 the critically injured or ill patient.

### §16-4C-23. Authority of the commissioner to make rules.

- 1 The commissioner shall promulgate rules pursuant to
- 2 the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of 3 this code to carry out the purposes of this article.

## CHAPTER 134

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4103—By Delegates Douglas, Compton and Gallagher)

[Passed February 26, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section five, article five-i, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to legislative rules for hospice services; transferring the authority to promulgate rules for hospice services from the state board of health to the secretary of the department of health and human resources; and eliminating specific rule requirements regarding substituted consent for hospice services.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section five, article five-i, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 51. HOSPICE LICENSURE ACT.

§16-5I-5. Secretary of health and human resources to establish rules.

- The secretary of the department of health and human resources shall promulgate rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the licensure of hospice programs to ensure adequate care, treatment, health, safety, welfare and comfort of hospice patients. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to:
- 7 (a) The qualifications and supervision of licensed and 8 nonlicensed personnel;
- 9 (b) The provision and coordination of inpatient care 10 and in-home treatment services, including the development of a written plan of care;
- 12 (c) The management, operation, staffing and equip-13 ping of the hospice program;
- 14 (d) The clinical and business records kept by the 15 hospice;
- (e) The procedures for the review of utilization andquality of patient care; and
- 18 (f) Such other requirements as the secretary 19 determines to be appropriate.

### **CHAPTER 135**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4198—By Delegates Douglas, Compton, J. Martin, Fleischauer and Petersen)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-m, relating to public health; creating the "Osteoporosis Prevention Education Act"; providing a short title; providing for the establishment of an osteoporosis prevention and

treatment education program and the components thereof; requiring the bureau of public health to establish strategies to promote and maintain an osteoporosis prevention education program; establishing an interagency council on osteoporosis; appointing representatives; and establishing the duties of the council.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article five-m, to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 5M. OSTEOPOROSIS PREVENTION EDUCATION ACT.

- §16-5M-1. Short title.
- §16-5M-2. Responsibilities of bureau of public health.
- §16-5M-3. Interagency council on osteoporosis.

### §16-5M-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be known and cited as the "West
- 2 Virginia Osteoporosis Prevention Education Act."

### §16-5M-2. Responsibilities of bureau of public health.

- 1 (a) The bureau of public health shall establish
- 2 strategies to promote and maintain an osteoporosis 3 prevention education program in order to raise public
- A assessment to adverte consumers and to adverte and train
- 4 awareness, to educate consumers and to educate and train
- 5 health professionals, teachers and human service providers,
- 6 to include the following components:
- 7 (1) The bureau shall develop strategies for raising
- 8 public awareness of the causes and nature of osteoporosis,
- 9 personal risk factors, the value of prevention and early detection and options for diagnosing and treating the
- 10 detection and options for diagnosing and treating the 11 disease that include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 12 (A) Community forums;
- 13 (B) Health information and risk factor assessment at 14 public events;
- 15 (C) Targeting at-risk populations;

- 16 (D) Providing reliable information to policymakers; 17 and
- 18 (E) Distributing information through county health 19 departments, schools, area agencies on aging, employer 20 wellness programs, physicians, hospitals, health maintenance organizations, women's groups, nonprofit organiza-22 tions, community-based organizations and departmental
- 23 offices:
- 24 (2) The bureau shall develop strategies for educating consumers about risk factors, diet and exercise, diagnostic procedures and their indications for use, risks and benefits of drug therapies currently approved by the United States food and drug administration, environmental safety and injury prevention and the availability of self-help diagnostic, treatment and rehabilitation services;
- 31 (3) The bureau may develop strategies for educating 32 physicians and health professionals and training commu-33 nity service providers on the most up-to-date, accurate 34 scientific and medical information on osteoporosis pre-35 vention, diagnosis and treatment, therapeutic decisionmaking, including guidelines for detecting and treating 36 the disease in special populations, risks and benefits of 37 38 medications and research advances;
- 39 (4) The bureau may conduct a needs assessment to 40 identify:
- 41 (A) Research being conducted within the state;
- 42 (B) Available up-to-date technical assistance and 43 educational materials and programs nationwide;
- 44 (C) The level of public and professional awareness 45 about osteoporosis;
- 46 (D) The needs of osteoporosis patients, their families and caregivers;
- 48 (E) The needs of health care providers, including 49 physicians, nurses, managed care organizations and other 50 health care providers;

- 51 (F) The services available to the osteoporosis patient;
- 52 (G) The existence of osteoporosis treatment pro-53 grams;
- 54 (H) The existence of osteoporosis support groups;
- 55 (I) The existence of rehabilitation services; and

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- 56 (J) The number and location of bone density testing 57 equipment; and
  - (5) The bureau may replicate and use successful osteoporosis programs and enter into contracts and purchase materials or services from organizations with appropriate expertise and knowledge of osteoporosis.
- 62 (b) Based on the needs assessment conducted pursuant 63 to this section, the bureau may develop and maintain a 64 resource guide to include osteoporosis related services. 65 This guide shall include a description of diagnostic testing 66 procedures, appropriate indications for their use, drug therapies currently approved by the United States food 67 68 and drug administration, and a cautionary statement about 69 the current status of osteoporosis research, prevention and 70 treatment. The statement shall also indicate that the bureau 71 does not license, certify, or in any way approve 72 osteoporosis programs or centers in the state.
- 73 (c) The bureau may promulgate rules in accordance 74 with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a 75 of this code necessary to implement the provisions of this 76 article.
- (d) Nothing in this article may be construed or 77 78 interpreted to mean that osteoporosis treatment or osteoporosis education are required to be provided by the 79 bureau or the council created in section three of this 80 article. Nothing contained in this article may be construed 81 to mandate funding for osteoporosis education or any of 82 the programs contained in this article or to require any 83 appropriation by the Legislature. 84

- 1 (a) There is hereby established the interagency council
  2 on osteoporosis. The director of public health shall chair
  3 the council. The council shall have representatives from
  4 appropriate state departments and agencies including, but
  5 not limited to, the entities with responsibility for aging,
  6 health care reform implementation, education, public
  7 welfare and women's programs.
- 8 (b) The council shall:
- 9 (1) Coordinate osteoporosis programs conducted by 10 or through the bureau of public health;
- 12 (2) Establish a mechanism for sharing information on osteoporosis among all officials and employees involved in carrying out osteoporosis-related programs;
- 14 (3) Review and coordinate the most promising areas 15 of education, prevention and treatment concerning 16 osteoporosis;
- 17 (4) Assist the bureau of public health and other offices 18 in developing and coordinating plans for education and 19 health promotion on osteoporosis;
- 20 (5) Establish mechanisms to use the results of research concerning osteoporosis in the development of relevant policies and programs; and
- 23 (6) Prepare a report that describes educational 24 initiatives on osteoporosis and transmit the report to the 25 Legislature and the governor and make the report 26 available to the public.
  - (c) The council shall establish and coordinate the advisory panel on osteoporosis which will provide nongovernmental input regarding the program. Membership shall include, but is not limited to, persons with osteoporosis, public health educators, osteoporosis experts, providers of osteoporosis health care, persons knowledgeable in health promotion and education and representatives of national osteoporosis organizations or their state
- 35 and regional affiliates.

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### CHAPTER 136

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4072—By Delegates Compton, Gallagher and Douglas)

[Passed March 5, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article seven, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight, relating to the sale of items at flea markets or swap meets; setting forth legislative findings; defining terms; requiring transient vendors who sell babyfood, medical devices or nonprescription drugs at flea markets or swap meets to keep and maintain records of the source of such items; requiring the production of records; providing for confiscation of babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices for which there is no required record; providing for criminal penalties; setting forth exceptions to applicability of the section; and authorizing the promulgation of rules.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article seven, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight, to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 7. PURE FOOD AND DRUGS.

- §16-7-8. Resale of certain food, drug, and medical devices prohibited; definitions; source documentation required; confiscation of food, drugs or medical devices; penalty and exceptions; rules.
  - (a) The Legislature finds that food manufactured and 1 packaged for sale for consumption by a child under the 2 age of two and nonprescription drugs sold by transient 3 vendors at places such as flea markets and swap meets, 4 where the sources of the food and nonprescription drugs 5 are unknown, may be adulterated and thus constitute a hazard to the public's health and welfare. It further finds that these foods, nonprescription drugs or medical devices are likely to have been stolen. The Legislature determines 9 that it is the policy of this state to prohibit the sale of these 10

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- foods, nonprescription drugs and medical devices if the transient vendor cannot provide and document the sources of the merchandise.
- (b) For the purposes of this section:
- 15 (1) The term "babyfood" or "food" means any food 16 manufactured and packaged for sale for consumption by 17 a child under the age of two;
- 18 (2) The term "nonprescription drugs" does not include natural or herbal nonprescription drugs;
- 20 (3) The term "medical device" means any apparatus or 21 tool which is defined by federal law as a medical device 22 and which has been specified by the secretary of the 23 department of health and human resources through 24 legislative rules as a device which may be marketed or sold 25 by transient vendors.
- 26 (c) Any transient vendor who sells babyfood, 27 nonprescription drugs or medical devices at any flea 28 market or swap meet in this state shall keep and make available records of the sources of such babyfood, 29 30 nonprescription drugs or medical devices offered for sale 31 or sold. The records may be receipts or invoices from the 32 persons who sold the babyfood, nonprescription drugs or 33 medical devices to the transient vendor or any other documentation that establishes the sources of the 34 35 babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices. The 36 transient vendor shall keep those records with the 37 babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices being offered for sale so long as such goods are in his 38 39 possession and shall maintain those records for a period of two years after the babyfood, nonprescription drugs or 40 41 medical devices are sold.
  - (d) Upon the request of a law-enforcement agent or a representative of the state department of health, a transient vendor shall produce records of the sources of babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices offered for sale or sold. If the transient vendor fails to immediately produce the requested records for goods offered for sale, the law-enforcement agent or representative for the state department of health may confiscate the babyfood,

- 50 nonprescription drugs or medical devices then in posses-
- 51 sion of the vendor. If the transient vendor fails to produce
- 52 the requested records for goods previously sold within a
- 53 reasonable time, the law-enforcement agent or representa-
- 54 tive for the state department of health may confiscate any
- 55 babyfood, nonprescription drugs or medical devices then
- 56 in the possession of the vendor.
- 57 (e) Any person who violates the provisions of this section
- 58 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
- 59 shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars for each
- 60 babyfood item, nonprescription drug or medical device
- 61 offered for sale or sold.
- 62 (f) The provisions of this section do not apply to a mer-
- 63 chant who is licensed by the state department of tax and
- 64 revenue; who sells food or nonprescription drugs or medi-
- 65 cal devices by sample, catalog or brochure for future de-
- 66 livery; or who sells at a residential premises pursuant to an
- 67 invitation issued by the owner or legal occupant of the
- 68 premises.
- 69 (g) The secretary of the department of health and human
- 70 resources shall promulgate rules in accordance with the
- 71 provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding
- 72 the designation and authorized sale of medical devices
- 73 sold by transient vendors pursuant to this subdivision.

### **CHAPTER 137**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 2261—By Delegate Prunty)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-seven-a, relating to public health; establishing a ban on the construction of nuclear power plants; legislative findings and purposes; a limited ban on construction of nuclear power plants;

application to the public service commission for construction or initiation.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article twenty-seven-a, to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 27A. BAN ON CONSTRUCTION OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

§16-27A-1. Legislative findings and purposes.

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§16-27A-2 Limited ban on construction of nuclear power plants; application to the public service commission for construction or initiation.

### §16-27A-1. Legislative findings and purposes.

1 The Legislature finds and declares that the use of 2 nuclear fuels and nuclear power poses an undue hazard to 3 the health, safety and welfare of the people of the state of 4 West Virginia, especially until there is an effective method to safely and permanently dispose of the radioactive wastes generated thereby. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature and the purpose of this article to ban the con-8 struction of any nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or 9 nuclear electric power generating plant until such time as 10 the proponents of any such facility can adequately dem-11 onstrate that a functional and effective national facility, which safely, successfully and permanently disposes of 12 radioactive wastes, has been developed; that the construc-13 14 tion of any nuclear facility in this state will be economically feasible for West Virginia rate payers; and that such 15 facility shall comply with all applicable environmental 16 protection laws, rules and requirements. For the purposes 17 18 of this article, "nuclear power" means energy produced in any nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or nuclear elec-19

tric power generating plant capable of a thermal output

greater than one megawatt but shall not include electricity

carried over interstate transmission lines.

## §16-27A-2. Limited ban on construction of nuclear power plants; application to the public service commission for construction or initiation.

- 1 (a) No nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or nuclear 2 electric power generating plant may be constructed or 3 initiated until the public service commission has approved 4 the application for the same in accordance with the provi-5 sions of chapter twenty-four, article two of this code.
- 6 (b) Any person or organization seeking to construct
  7 or initiate any nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or
  8 nuclear electric power generating plant in this state shall,
  9 prior to any construction or initiation, submit to the public
  10 service commission an application for approval, together
  11 with the documentation required by this section.
- 12 (c) An application for the construction or initiation of 13 any nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or nuclear elec-14 tric power generating plant shall not be considered for 15 approval unless it contains documented reports or certifi-16 cation that:
- 17 (1) A functional and effective national facility which safely, successfully and permanently disposes of any and 18 19 all radioactive wastes associated with operating any such nuclear power plant, nuclear factory or nuclear electric 20 21 power generating plant has been developed and that such 22 facility has been proven safe, functional and effective by a 23 minimum of twenty-four months' operation or experience; 24 and
- 25 (2) The construction of any nuclear facility in this 26 state will be economically feasible for West Virginia rate 27 payers; and
- 28 (3) The proposed nuclear facility shall comply with 29 all applicable environmental protection laws, rules and 30 requirements.

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### **CHAPTER 138**

(S. B. 137—By Senators Wagner and Bailey)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section twenty, article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to hospital rate setting; requiring approvals and expedited reviews for certain hospitals filing rate applications sixty days in advance of the hospital's fiscal year; and requiring retroactive application of the rates if not timely set.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section twenty, article twenty-nine-b, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 29B. HEALTH CARE COST REVIEW AUTHORITY.

### §16-29B-20. Rate determination.

- 1 (a) Upon commencement of review activities, no rates 2 may be approved by the board nor payment be made for 3 services provided by hospitals under the jurisdiction of the 4 board by any purchaser or third-party payor to or on 5 behalf of any purchaser or class of purchasers unless:
  - (1) The costs of the hospital's services are reasonably related to the services provided and the rates are reasonably related to the costs;
- 9 (2) The rates are equitably established among all purchasers or classes of purchasers within a hospital without 10 discrimination unless federal or state statutes or rules and 11 12 regulations conflict with this requirement. On and after the effective date of this section, a summary of every pro-13 posed contract for the payment of patient care services 14 between a purchaser or third-party payor and a hospital 15 shall be filed by the hospital with its rate application for 16 review by the board. No contract for the payment of 17 18 patient care services between a purchaser or third-party

payor and a hospital which establishes discounts to the purchaser or third-party payor shall take effect until it is approved by the board. The board shall approve or deny the proposed contract within the overall rate review period established in section twenty-one of this article. No discount shall be approved by the board which constitutes an amount below the actual cost to the hospital.

The hospital shall demonstrate to the board that the cost of any discount contained in the contract will not be shifted to any other purchaser or third-party payor. The hospital shall further demonstrate that the discount will not result in a decrease in its proportion of medicare, medicaid or uncompensated care patients. In addition, the hospital shall demonstrate to the board that the discount is based upon criteria which constitutes a quantifiable economic benefit to the hospital. All information submitted to the board shall be certified by the hospital administrator as to its accuracy and truthfulness;

- (3) The rates of payment for medicaid are reasonable and adequate to meet the costs which must be incurred by efficiently and economically operated hospitals subject to the provisions of this article. The rates shall take into account the situation of hospitals which serve disproportionate numbers of low income patients and assure that individuals eligible for medicaid have reasonable access, taking into account geographic location and reasonable travel time, to inpatient hospital services of adequate quality;
- (4) The rates are equitable in comparison to prevailing rates for similar services in similar hospitals as determined by the board; and
- (5) In no event shall a hospital's receipt of emergency disaster funds from the federal government be included in the hospital's gross revenues for either rate-setting or assessment purposes.
- (b) In the interest of promoting efficient and appropriate utilization of hospital services, the board shall review and make findings on the appropriateness of projected gross revenues for a hospital as the revenues relate to

- 58 charges for services and anticipated incidence of service.
  59 The board shall further render a decision as to the amount
  60 of net revenue over expenditures that is appropriate for
  61 the effective operation of the hospital.
  - (c) When applying the criteria set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the board shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the following: The economic factors in the hospital's area; the hospital's efforts to share services; the hospital's efforts to employ less costly alternatives for delivering substantially similar services or producing substantially similar or better results in terms of the health status of those served; the efficiency of the hospital as to cost and delivery of health care; the quality of care; occupancy level; a fair return on invested capital, not otherwise compensated for; whether the hospital is operated for profit or not for profit; costs of education; and income from any investments and assets not associated with patient care, including, but not limited to, parking garages, residences, office buildings, and income from related organizations and restricted funds whether or not associated with patient care.
  - (d) Wages, salaries and benefits paid to or on behalf of nonsupervisory employees of hospitals subject to this article are not subject to review unless the board first determines that the wages, salaries and benefits may be unreasonably or uncustomarily high or low. This exemption does not apply to accounting and reporting requirements contained in this article, nor to any that may be established by the board. The term "nonsupervisory personnel", for the purposes of this section, means, but is not limited to, employees of hospitals subject to the provisions of this article who are paid on an hourly basis.
  - (e) Reimbursement of capital and operating costs for new services and capital projects subject to article two-d of this chapter shall not be allowed by the board if the costs were incurred subsequent to the eighth day of July, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, unless they were exempt from review or approved: (i) By the state health planning and development agency prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred eighty-four; or (ii) there-

98 after, pursuant to the provisions of article two-d of this chapter.

- (f) The board shall consult with relevant licensing agencies and may require them to provide written findings with regard to their statutory functions and information obtained by them in the pursuit of those functions. Any licensing agency empowered to suggest or mandate changes in buildings or operations of hospitals shall give notice to the board together with any findings.
- (g) A hospital shall file a complete rate application with the board on an annual basis a minimum of sixty days prior to the beginning of its fiscal year. If the appli-cation is filed and determined to be complete by the board sixty days prior to the beginning of the hospital's fiscal year, and no hearing is requested on the application, the board shall set the rates in advance of the year during which they apply and shall not adjust the rates for costs actually incurred: Provided, That if the board does not establish rates by the beginning of the hospital's fiscal year, and a hearing has not been requested, the board shall establish rates retroactively to the beginning of the hospital's fiscal year: Provided, however, That if the board does not establish rates by the beginning of the hospital's fiscal year, and a hearing has been requested, the board may establish rates retroactively to the beginning of the fiscal year. This subsection shall not apply to the procedure set forth in subsection (c), section twenty-one of this article.
  - (h) All determinations, orders and decisions of the board with respect to rates and revenues shall be prospective in nature, except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, when rates are not timely set.
  - (i) No hospital may charge for services at rates in excess of those established in accordance with the requirements of and procedures set forth in this article.
  - (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the board shall approve all requests for rate increases by hospitals which are licensed for one hundred beds or less and which are not located in a standard metropolitan statistical area where the rate of increase is equal to or less

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than the lowest rate of inflation as established by a recognized inflation index for either the national or regional 139 hospital industry. The board may, by rule, impose report-140 ing requirements to ensure that a hospital does not exceed the rate of increases permitted in this section.

(k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the board shall develop an expedited review process applicable to all hospitals licensed for more than one hundred beds or that are located in a standard metropolitan statistical area for rate increase requests which may be based upon a recognized inflation index for the national or regional hospital industry.

### **CHAPTER 139**

(Com. Sub. for H. B. 4181—By Delegates Mezzatesta, Michael, Ryan, J. Martin, Burke, Douglas and Leach)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section two, article thirty-three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve, all relating to creating the breast and cervical cancer diagnostic and treatment fund; defining terms; setting forth the composition of the fund; providing for the appropriation of moneys; providing that nothing in the article will require an appropriation by the Legislature; providing for the administration of the fund; setting forth the advisory committee duties; requiring the committee to study the possibility of establishing a similar fund for patients in need of diagnostic and treatment services for prostate and colon cancer; setting forth the manner of establishing covered services; authorizing the promulgation of rules; establishing financial and medical eligibility; providing an application process; and providing for disbursement of funds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section two, article thirty-three, chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto six new sections, designated sections seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven and twelve, all to read as follows:

## ARTICLE 33. BREAST AND CERVICAL CANCER PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT.

- §16-33-2. Definitions.
- §16-33-7. Establishment of breast and cervical cancer diagnostic and treatment fund.
- §16-33-8. Responsibilities of advisory committee; establishment of covered services, limitation of services and procedures; authorization for payment; promulgation of rules; annual reports.
- §16-33-9. Financial eligibility.
- §16-33-10. Medical eligibility.
- §16-33-11. Application forms and process.
- §16-33-12. Reimbursement process.

### §16-33-2. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article:
- 2 (a) "Advisory committee" means the medical advisory
  3 committee to the breast and cervical cancer detection and
  4 education program coalition established pursuant to the
  5 provisions of section five of this article.
- 6 (b) "Approved organization" means an organization approved by the director to provide medical services under section four of this article.
- 9 (c) "Bureau" means the state bureau of public health 10 established pursuant to the provisions of article one of this 11 chapter.
- 12 (d) "Department" means the department of health and human resources.
- 14 (e) "Director" means the director of the division of 15 health.
- (f) "Unserved or underserved populations" means
   persons having inadequate access and financial resources

- 18 to obtain breast and cervical cancer screening and detec-
- 19 tion services, including persons who lack health insurance
- 20 or whose health insurance coverage does not cover these
- 21 services.

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- 22 (g) "Fund" means the breast and cervical cancer diag-23 nostic and treatment fund.
- 24 (h) "Qualified applicant" means a person who meets 25 the financial and medical eligibility guidelines of this 26 article.
- 27 (i) "Provider" means a physician, hospital or medical provider currently licensed, operating or practicing in this state.

## §16-33-7. Establishment of breast and cervical cancer diagnostic and treatment fund.

- 1 (a) There is hereby established the breast and cervical cancer diagnostic and treatment fund which shall provide financial assistance for the medical care of indigent patients for diagnostic and treatment services for breast and cervical cancer.
  - (b) The fund may be comprised of moneys appropriated to the fund by the Legislature, allocated to the fund by the federal government and all other sums designated for deposit in the fund from any source, public or private.
- 10 (c) The fund shall be administered by the office of maternal and child health within the bureau of public 11 health. The bureau shall file an annual report with the 12 joint committee on government and finance describing the 13 operation and status of the fund, acts, policies, practices or 14 1.5 procedures of the bureau in implementing the provisions of this article, and the bureau's recommendations as to 16 changes in law or policy which it deems necessary or ap-17 18 propriate.
- 19 (d) Nothing in this article may be construed or inter-20 preted to mean that covered diagnostic and treatment 21 services are required to be provided by the bureau or the 22 department. Nothing in this article shall be construed to 23 mandate funding for the breast and cervical diagnostic

and treatment fund or to require any appropriation by the Legislature to the fund.

# §16-33-8. Responsibilities of advisory committee; establishment of covered services, limitation of services and procedures; authorization for payment; promulgation of rules; annual reports.

- 1 (a) The advisory committee shall establish procedures 2 and requirements regarding participation in the fund, 3 including, but not limited to, the following:
- 4 (1) Establishing a list of covered services approved for payment through the fund, including (A) diagnostic and treatment services for breast or cervical cancer or a condition suggestive of cancer, and (B) ancillary diagnostic studies which may be authorized only when it is determined by the bureau to be directly related to the confirmation of a diagnosis of cancer or is necessary for treatment planning;
  - (2) Establishing procedures for emergency admissions or immediate patient entry into the health care system upon a determination that covered services are necessary so as to ensure prompt testing, diagnosis or treatment of breast or cervical cancer.

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- (3) Setting a limitation on days of service covered by the fund, and authorizing that the number of days for reimbursement be based on the medical condition of the patient and the procedure to be performed;
- (4) Reviewing requests and providing authorization for payment of diagnostic or treatment services covered by the fund;
- (5) Promulgating rules, in conjunction with the bureau, in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding the administration of the fund; and
- 28 (6) Submitting annual reports to the state bureau of public health regarding the operation and progress of the 30 fund, the number of patients treated through the fund, and other statistical data as may be required by the bureau.

- 32 (b) The advisory committee shall study the possibility 33
- of and the cost associated with establishing a fund to pro-34
- vided financial assistance to qualified applicants for diag-35
- nostic and treatment services for prostate and colon can-
- 36 cer. The committee shall provide a report to the joint
- 37 committee on government and finance on or before the
- 38 first day of January, one thousand nine hundred
- 39 ninety-seven.

### §16-33-9. Financial eligibility.

- To be eligible for services under the fund, a patient's 1 2
- income must be at or below two hundred percent of the federal poverty level in accordance with the prevailing 3
- national poverty income guidelines and be medically
- 5 eligible for participation pursuant to the provisions of
- section ten of this article. No patient who is covered by
- 7 medical insurance, medicaid or medicare may be finan-
- cially eligible for participation in the fund.

### §16-33-10. Medical eligibility.

- 1 (a) In addition to the requirements contained in sec-
- tion nine of this article, in order to be eligible for services
- 3 under the fund, a patient shall have a condition strongly
- 4 suspicious of cancer which requires diagnostic services to
- confirm the preliminary diagnosis to be medically eligible
- 6 for diagnostic authorization. The bureau may authorize
- 7 only those services determined by the advisory committee
- 8 to be medically necessary to confirm a preliminary diag-
- 9 nosis.
- 10 (b) A positive pathology report is required before 11 treatment services may be authorized by the fund.

### §16-33-11. Application forms and process.

- 1 (a) The bureau shall develop authorization request 2 forms and make the forms available to the provider upon 3 request.
- 4 (b) An application for inpatient diagnostic services 5 shall be accompanied by a written, signed statement from the attending physician which includes the medical basis 6 7 for requested inpatient services and explains why the ser-
- 8 vices may not be performed on an outpatient basis.

### §16-33-12. Reimbursement process.

- 1 (a) The fund is the payor of last resort. Payment for 2 procedures shall be made at the prevailing rate established 3 by medicare.
- 4 (b) A claim for authorized services rendered shall be processed in accordance with rules promulgated by the bureau.

## **CHAPTER 140**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 529—Senators Wooton, Bailey, Walker and Macnaughtan)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two and five, article five-a, chapter twenty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, all relating to standard and emergency commitment proceedings for persons with communicable tuberculosis; authorizing the bureau of public health or its designee to make application for involuntary commitment in emergency situations; setting forth the procedures for involuntary commitment of persons suffering from tuberculosis; requiring information related to persons' uncooperative behavior; authorizing magistrate to accept application in certain circumstances; permitting immediate detention for specified period of time; permitting postponement of hearing for specified period of time; requiring immediate commitment upon finding of probable cause that the person is likely to cause serious harm to him or herself or others; and eliminating or updating obsolete references.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two and five, article five-a, chapter twenty-six of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven, all to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 5A. TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL.

- §26-5A-2. Forms for committing patients; other records.
- §26-5A-5. Procedure when patient is health menace to others.
- §26-5A-7. Procedures for immediate involuntary commitment.

### §26-5A-2. Forms for committing patients; other records.

- The state bureau of public health or its designee is
- 2 authorized to prepare, prescribe and have printed forms to 3 be used in committing patients to any state tuberculosis
- institution.

### §26-5A-5. Procedure when patient is health menace to others.

- 1 (a) If any practicing physician, public health officer,
- 2 or chief medical officer having under observation or care
- 3 any person who is suffering from tuberculosis in a com-
- municable stage is of the opinion that the environmental
- 5 conditions of that person are not suitable for proper isola-
- tion or control by any type of local quarantine as pre-
- 7 scribed by the state bureau of public health of the depart-
- ment of health and human resources or an authorized 8
- 9 designee thereof, and that the person is unable or unwill-
- 10 ing to conduct himself or herself and to live in such a
- manner as not to expose members of his or her family or 11
- household or other persons with whom he or she may be 12
- 13 associated to danger of infection, he or she shall report the
- facts to the bureau of public health or its designee which 14
- shall forthwith investigate or have investigated the circum-15
- 16 stances alleged.
- (b) If the bureau of public health or its designee finds 17
- that any person's physical condition is a health menace to 18 19
- others, the bureau of public health or its designee shall petition the circuit court of the county in which the person 20
- resides, or the judge thereof in vacation, alleging that the 21
- 22 person is afflicted with communicable tuberculosis and
- 23 that the person's physical condition is a health menace to
- others, and requesting an order of the court committing 24
- the person to one of the state institutions for the treatment 25 of tuberculosis: Provided, That if the bureau of public 26
- health or its designee determines than an emergency situa-27
- tion exists which warrants the immediate detention and 28

- commitment of a person suffering from tuberculosis, an application for immediate involuntary commitment may be filed pursuant to section seven of this article.
- 32 (c) Upon receiving the petition, the court shall fix a
  33 date for hearing thereof and notice of the petition and the
  34 time and place for hearing shall be served personally, at
  35 least seven days before the hearing, upon the person who
  36 is afflicted with tuberculosis and alleged to be dangerous
  37 to the health of others

- (d) If, upon hearing, it appears that the complaint of the bureau of public health or its designee is well founded, that the person is afflicted with communicable tuberculosis, and that the person is a source of danger to others, the court shall commit the individual to an institution maintained for the care and treatment of persons afflicted with tuberculosis. The person shall be deemed to be committed until discharged in the manner authorized in this section.
- (e) The chief medical officer of the institution to which any person afflicted with tuberculosis has been committed may discharge that person when, in his or her judgment, the person may be discharged without danger to the health or life of others. The chief medical officer shall report immediately to the bureau of public health or its designee each discharge of a person afflicted with tu-berculosis.
  - (f) Every person committed under the provisions of this section shall observe all the rules of the institution. Any patient so committed may, by direction of the chief medical officer of the institution, be placed apart from the others and restrained from leaving the institution so long as he or she continues to be afflicted with tuberculosis and remains a health menace.
  - (g) Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit any person committed to any institution under the provisions of this section from applying to the supreme court of appeals for a review of the evidence on which the commitment was made. Nothing in this section may be construed or operate to empower or authorize the bureau

- 68 of public health, the department of health and human 69
- resources or an authorized designee thereof or the chief 70 medical officer of the institution, or their representatives,
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- to restrict in any manner the individual's right to select any 72
- method of tuberculosis treatment offered by the institu-
- 73 tion

### §26-5A-7. Procedures for immediate involuntary commitment.

- 1 (a) An application for immediate involuntary commit-2 ment of a person suffering from tuberculosis may be filed 3 by the commissioner of the bureau of public health, or his 4 or her designee, in the circuit court of the county in which 5 the person resides. The application shall be filed under oath, and shall present information and facts which estab-7 lish that the person suffering from tuberculosis in a communicable stage has been uncooperative or irresponsible Q with regard to quarantine or safety measures, presents a 10 health menace to others, and is in need of immediate hos-11 pitalization until his or her communicable tuberculosis 12 becomes noninfectious.
- (b) Upon receipt of the application, the circuit court 13 may thereupon enter an order for the individual named in 14 the action to be detained and taken into custody for the 15 purpose of holding a probable cause hearing. The order 16 shall specify that the hearing be held forthwith and shall 17 appoint counsel for the individual: Provided. That in the 18 event immediate detention is believed to be necessary for 19 the protection of the individual or others at a time when 20 no circuit court judge is available for immediate presenta-21 tion of the application, a magistrate may accept the appli-22 cation and, upon a finding that immediate detention is 23 necessary pending presentation of the application to the 24 circuit court, may order the individual to be temporarily 25 committed until the earliest reasonable time that the appli-26 cation can be presented to the circuit court, which tempo-27 rary period of detention shall not exceed twenty-four 28 hours, except as provided for in subsection (c) of this 29 30 section.
- (c) A probable cause hearing shall be held before a 31 magistrate or circuit judge of the county of which the 32

- individual is a resident or where he or she was found. If requested by the individual or his or her counsel, the hearing may be postponed for a period not to exceed forty-eight hours.
- 37 (d) The individual shall be present at the probable 38 cause hearing and shall have the right to present evidence, 39 confront all witnesses and other evidence against him or 40 her, and to examine testimony offered, including testimony by the bureau of public health or its designees.
- 42 (e) At the conclusion of the hearing the magistrate or 43 circuit court shall find and enter an order stating whether 44 there is probable cause to believe that the individual is 45 likely to cause serious harm to himself, herself or others as 46 a result of his or her disease and actions. If probable 47 cause is found, the individual shall be immediately com-48 mitted to an institution maintained for the care and treat-49 ment of persons afflicted with tuberculosis. The person 50 shall remain so committed until discharged in the manner 51 authorized pursuant to section five of this article.
  - (f) The bureau of public health shall promulgate rules pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code necessary to implement the provisions of this article, including, but not limited to, rules relating to the transport and temporary involuntary commitment of patients.

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## CHAPTER 141

(S. B. 98-By Senators Love, Miller and Buckalew)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, relating to authorizing the highways commissioner to establish cost principles for engineering and design contracts; and providing for legislative rule.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two-a, chapter seventeen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-two, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2A. WEST VIRGINIA COMMISSIONER OF HIGH-WAYS.

## §17-2A-22. Administration of engineering and design related service contracts.

1 In order to promote engineering and design quality 2 and to ensure maximum competition by professional

3 companies of all sizes providing engineering and design

4 services, the commissioner of highways may establish cost

5 principles for determining the reasonableness and

6 allowability of various costs. These cost principles will

7 govern the overhead ceilings, salary limits, expense reim-

8 bursement and any other cost the commissioner may

9 deem necessary to regulate. The commissioner of high-

10 ways shall propose a legislative rule pursuant to article

11 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code regarding stan-

12 dard cost principles for determining the reasonableness

13 and allowability of various costs. The legislative rule may

14 include provisions for deviations from the standard cost

15 principles in special situations and circumstances.

### **CHAPTER 142**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 62—By Senators Whitlow, Scott, Yoder, Bowman, Chafin, Wagner, Blatnik, Boley, Minear, Ross, Love, Tomblin, Mr. President, Sharpe, Craigo, Jackson, Plymale, Bailey, Dittmar, Manchin, Buckalew, Deem, Kimble, Anderson, Oliverio, Dugan and Walker)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section three, article nine, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to homestead exemptions; providing that homesteads are exempt from attachment for debts for hospital or medical expenses incurred

from a catastrophic illness or injury; providing for exceptions; defining the term "catastrophic illness or injury" for purposes of section; and requiring the commission to promulgate legislative rules to establish procedures to effectuate such exemption.

### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section three, article nine, chapter thirty-eight of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

### ARTICLE 9. HOMESTEAD EXEMPTIONS.

### §38-9-3. Debts enforceable against homestead.

- 1 (a) As of the effective date of this article, a homestead 2 shall be exempt up to the value of five thousand dollars from all debts and liabilities, except debts incurred for the 4 purchase money thereof, or for the erection of permanent 5 improvements thereon, and claims for taxes or county or 6 district or municipal levies due thereon. The exemption herein granted by operation of law shall not render the 7 homestead exempt from liens and all other debts and 8 9 liabilities contracted and incurred prior to the effective date of this article: Provided, That with respect to a home-10 stead exemption up to one thousand dollars perfected by 11 12 execution and recordation of a written instrument as required under the former provisions of this article, such 13 exemption shall for all purposes continue to be governed 14 1.5 by such former provisions of this article.
- 16 (b) In addition to the exemption provided in subsection (a) of this section and subject to the provisions of 17 section eleven-c, article five, chapter nine of this code, 18 effective the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 19 ninety-six, a homestead shall be exempt up to the value of 20 seven thousand five hundred dollars from all debts and 21 22 liabilities for hospital or medical expenses incurred from a catastrophic illness or injury. For purposes of this section, 23 "catastrophic illness or injury" means a medically verified 24 illness or injury for which any insurance or other applica-25 ble benefits have been exhausted, and which incapacitates 26 and creates a financial hardship upon the debtor, his or 27

- 28 her spouse or sibling or dependent of the debtor, who uses
- 29 the homestead as a principal home at the time the debt was
- 30 incurred. The exemption provided by this section shall
- 31 expire upon the date of the death of the debtor, the death
- 32 of the debtor's spouse or the death of a disabled depen-
- 33 dent of the debtor who uses the homestead as a principal
- 34 home, whichever is the later.
- The exemption provided pursuant to this subsection by operation of law shall not render the homestead exempt from liens and all other debts and liabilities contract-
- 38 ed and incurred prior to the first day of July, one thou-
- 39 sand nine hundred ninety-six.
- The tax commissioner shall propose for promulgation legislative rules, not inconsistent with this section, in accor-
- 42 dance with the provisions of article three, chapter
- 43 twenty-nine-a of this code, to establish the procedures for
- 44 exempting homesteads from debts and liabilities incurred
- 45 from a catastrophic illness or injury.

# CHAPTER 143

(S. B. 473-By Senator Walker)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections two, three, seven and twenty-two, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, all relating to the administration of the West Virginia public employees insurance agency; definitions; salary of director; chief financial officer; providing that for plans which include maternity benefits that these plans not deny payment for specified minimum time periods where deemed medically necessary by the attending physician; optional life and accidental death insurance; and employer contributions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections two, three, seven and twenty-two, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine

hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSUR-ANCE ACT.

- §5-16-2. Definitions.
- **§5-16-3**. Public employees insurance agency continued; appointment, qualification, compensation and duties of director of agency; employees; civil service coverage; director vested after specified date with powers of public employees insurance board; expiration of agency.
- Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance §5-16-7. plan, group major medical insurance plan, group prescription drug plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan; rules for administration of plans; mandated benefits; what plans may provide; optional plans; separate rating for claims experience purposes.
- §5-16-22. Permissive participation; exemptions.

#### §5-16-2. Definitions.

- 1 The following words and phrases as used in this article, 2 unless a different meaning is clearly indicated by the con-3 text, have the following meanings:
- 4 (1) "Advisory board" means the public employees insurance agency advisory board created by this article. 5
- 6 (2) "Agency" means the public employees insurance 7 agency created by this article.
- (3) "Director" means the director of the public em-8 9 ployees insurance agency, created by this article.
- (4) "Employee" means any person, including elected 10 officers, who works regularly full time in the service of the 11 12 state of West Virginia and, for the purpose of this article only, the term "employee" also means any person, includ-13 ing elected officers, who works regularly full time in the 14 service of a county board of education; a county, city or 15 town in the state; any separate corporation or instrumen-16 tality established by one or more counties, cities or towns, 17 as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality 18
- supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any 19
- public corporation charged by law with the performance 20

of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is co-21 22 extensive with one or more counties, cities or towns; any comprehensive community mental health center or com-23 prehensive mental retardation facility established, operated 24 25 or licensed by the secretary of health and human resourc-26 es pursuant to section one, article two-a, chapter 27 twenty-seven of this code, and which is supported in part by state, county or municipal funds; any person who 28 29 works regularly full time in the service of the university of 30 West Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors 31 of the state college system; and any person who works 32 regularly full time in the service of a combined 33 city-county health department created pursuant to article two, chapter sixteen of this code. On and after the first 34 day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, 35 36 and upon election by a county board of education to allow elected board members to participate in the public 37 employees insurance program pursuant to this article, any 38 person elected to a county board of education shall be 39 40 deemed to be an "employee" during the term of office of 41 the elected member: Provided, That the elected member 42 shall pay the entire cost of the premium if he or she elects 43 to be covered under this act. Any matters of doubt as to who is an employee within the meaning of this article shall 44 45 be decided by the director.

(5) "Employer" means the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions or spending units; a county board of education; a county, city or town in the state; any separate corporation or instrumentality established by one or more counties, cities or towns, as permitted by law; any corporation or instrumentality supported in most part by counties, cities or towns; any public corporation charged by law with the performance of a governmental function and whose jurisdiction is coextensive with one or more counties, cities or towns; any comprehensive community mental health center or comprehensive mental retardation facility established, operated or licensed by the secretary of health and human resources pursuant to section one, article two-a, chapter twenty-seven of this code, and which is supported in part by state, county or municipal funds; and a combined

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- city-county health department created pursuant to article
   two, chapter sixteen of this code. Any matters of doubt as
   to who is an "employer" within the meaning of this article
- to who is an "employer" within the meaning of this article shall be decided by the director. The term "employer"
- does not include within its meaning the national guard.
- 67 (6) "Finance board" means the public employees insurance agency finance board created by this article.
- 69 (7) "Plan" means the medical indemnity plan or a 70 managed care plan option offered by the agency.
- 71 (8) "Retired employee" means an employee of the 72 state who retired after the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-one, and an employee of 73 the university of West Virginia board of trustees or the 74 75 board of directors of the state college system or a county 76 board of education who retires on or after the twenty-first 77 day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-two, and 78 all additional eligible employees who retire on or after the effective date of this article and meet the minimum eligi-79 bility requirements for their respective state retirement 80 81 system: Provided, That for the purposes of this article, the 82 employees who are not covered by a state retirement system shall, in the case of education employees, meet the 83 minimum eligibility requirements of the state teachers 84 85 retirement system, and in all other cases, meet the minimum eligibility requirements of the public employees 86 retirement system. 87
- §5-16-3. Public employees insurance agency continued; appointment, qualification, compensation and duties of director of agency; employees; civil service coverage; director vested after specified date with powers of public employees insurance board; expiration of agency.

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(a) The public employees insurance agency is continued, and consists of the director, the finance board, the advisory board and any employees who may be authorized by law. The director shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. He or she shall serve at the will and pleasure of the governor, unless earlier removed from office for cause as provided

by law. The director shall have at least three years experi-8 9 ence in health insurance administration prior to appoint-10 ment as director. The director shall receive an annual salary established by the governor not to exceed sixty-five 11 12 thousand dollars and actual expenses incurred in the per-13 formance of official business. The director shall employ 14 such administrative, technical and clerical employees as 15 are required for the proper administration of the insurance programs provided for in this article. The director shall 16 17 perform such duties as are required of him or her under 18 the provisions of this article and is the chief administrative 19 officer of the public employees insurance agency.

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- (b) All positions in the agency, except for the director, his or her personal secretary and the chief financial officer shall be included in the classified service of the civil service system pursuant to article six, chapter twenty-nine of this code. Any person required to be included in the classified service by the provisions of this subsection who was employed in any of the positions included in this subsection on or after the effective date of this article shall not be required to take and pass qualifying or competitive examinations upon or as a condition to being added to the classified service: Provided, That no person required to be included in the classified service by the provisions of this subsection who was employed in any of the positions included in this subsection as of the effective date of this section shall be thereafter severed, removed or terminated in his or her employment prior to his or her entry into the classified service except for cause as if the person had been in the classified service when severed, removed or terminated.
- (c) The director is responsible for the administration and management of the public employees insurance agency as provided for in this article and in connection with his or her responsibility shall have the power and authority to make all rules necessary to effectuate the provisions of this article. Nothing in section four or five of this article shall limit the director's ability to manage on a day-to-day basis the group insurance plans required or authorized by this article, including, but not limited to, administrative contracting, studies, analyses and audits, eligibility determina-

49 tions, utilization management provisions and incentives, 50 provider negotiations, provider contracting and payment, 51 designation of covered and noncovered services, offering 52 of additional coverage options or cost containment incen-53 tives, pursuit of coordination of benefits and subrogation, 54 or any other actions which would serve to implement the 55 plan or plans designed by the finance board.

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- (d) The public employees insurance agency shall terminate in the manner provided in article ten, chapter four of this code, on the first day of July, two thousand one, unless extended by legislation enacted before the termination date: Provided, That the public employees insurance agency advisory board, created in section six of this article, shall terminate in the manner provided in article ten, chapter four of this code on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.
- §5-16-7. Authorization to establish group hospital and surgical insurance plan, group major medical insurance plan, group prescription drug plan and group life and accidental death insurance plan; rules for administration of plans; mandated benefits; what plans may provide; optional plans; separate rating for claims experience purposes.
  - (a) The agency shall establish a group hospital and surgical insurance plan or plans, a group prescription drug insurance plan or plans, a group major medical insurance plan or plans and a group life and accidental death insurance plan or plans for those employees herein made eligible, and to establish and promulgate rules for the administration of such plans, subject to the limitations contained in this article. Those plans shall include:
  - (1) Coverages and benefits for X-ray and laboratory services in connection with mammograms and pap smears 10 when performed for cancer screening or diagnostic servic-11 es; (2) Annual checkups for prostate cancer in men age 12 fifty and over;
  - (3) For plans that include maternity benefits, coverage 14 for inpatient care in a duly licensed health care facility for 15 a mother and her newly born infant for the length of time 16

which the attending physician deems medically necessary for the mother or her newly born child: *Provided*, That no such plan may deny payment for a mother or her new born child prior to forty-eight hours following a vaginal delivery, or prior to ninety-six hours following a caesarean section delivery, if the attending physician deems discharge medically inappropriate; and

- (4) For plans which provide coverages for post-delivery care to a mother and her newly born child in the home, coverage for inpatient care following childbirth as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection if such inpatient care is determined to be medically necessary by the attending physician. Those plans may also include, among other things, medicines, medical equipment, prosthetic appliances, and such other inpatient and outpatient services and expenses deemed appropriate and desirable by the agency.
- (b) The agency shall make available to each eligible employee, at full cost to the employee, the opportunity to purchase optional group life and accidental death insurance as established under the rules of the agency. In addition, each employee is entitled to have his or her spouse and dependents, as defined by the rules of the agency, included in the optional coverage, at full cost to the employee, for each eligible dependent; and with full authorization to the agency to make the optional coverage available and provide an opportunity of purchase to each employee.
- (c) The finance board may cause to be separately rated for claims experience purposes: (1) All employees of the state of West Virginia; (2) all teaching and professional employees of the university of West Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors of the state college system and county boards of education; (3) all nonteaching employees of the university of West Virginia board of trustees or the board of directors of the state college system and county boards of education; or (4) any other categorization which would ensure the stability of the overall program.

 The provisions of this article are not mandatory upon any employee or employer who is not an employee of or is not the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions or spending units or a county board of education, and nothing contained in this article shall be construed so as to compel any employee or employer to enroll in or subscribe to any insurance plan authorized by the provisions of this article.

Those employees enrolled in the insurance program authorized under the provisions of article two-b, chapter twenty-one-a of this code shall not be required to enroll in or subscribe to an insurance plan or plans authorized by the provisions of this article, and the employees of any department which has an existing insurance program for its employees to which the government of the United States contributes any part or all of the premium or cost of the premium may be exempted from the provisions of this article. Any employee or employer exempted under the provisions of this paragraph may enroll in any insurance program authorized by the provisions of this article at any time, to the same extent as any other qualified employee or employer, but employee or employer shall not remain enrolled in both programs. The provisions of articles fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, chapter thirty-three of this code, relating to group life insurance, accident and sickness insurance, and group accident and sickness insurance, are not applicable to the provisions of this article whenever the provisions of articles fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, chapter thirty-three of this code are in conflict with or contrary to any provision set forth in this article or to any plan or plans established by the public employees insurance agency.

Employers, other than the state of West Virginia, its boards, agencies, commissions, departments, institutions, spending units or a county board of education are exempt from participating in the insurance program provided for by the provisions of this article unless participation by the employer has been approved by a majority vote of the employer's governing body. It is the duty of the clerk or secretary of the governing body of an employer who by majority vote becomes a participant in the insurance program to notify the director not later than ten days after the vote.

Any employer, whether the employer participates in 44 the public employees insurance agency insurance pro-45 46 gram as a group or not, which has retired employees, their dependents or surviving dependents of deceased retired 47 48 employees who participate in the public employees insur-49 ance agency insurance program as authorized by this 50 article, shall pay to the agency the same contribution to-51 ward the cost of coverage for its retired employees, their dependents or surviving dependents of deceased retired 52 employees as the state of West Virginia, its boards, agen-53 54 cies, commissions, departments, institutions, spending units 55 or a county board of education pay for their retired employees, their dependents and surviving dependents of 56 deceased retired employees, as determined by the finance 57 58 board: Provided. That after the thirtieth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, an employer is only 59 required to pay a contribution toward the cost of coverage 60 for its retired employees, their dependents or the surviving 61 dependents of deceased retired employees who elect cov-62 erage when the retired employee participated in the plan 63 as an active employee of the employer for at least five 64 years. Each employer is hereby authorized and required 65 to budget for and make such payments as are required by 66 this section. 67

# CHAPTER 144

(S. B. 465-By Senator Walker)

[Passed March 7, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eight, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend article one, chapter thirty-three of said code by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; to amend article sixteen of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-i; to amend article twenty-four of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-e; to amend article twenty-five of said chapter by adding there-

to a new section, designated section eight-d; and to amend article twenty-five-a of said chapter by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-d, all relating to the West Virginia public employees insurance agency and other cooperative or private third-party payors of health services; defining emergency services for purposes of coverage within policies issued for accidents and sickness; requiring emergency services coverage to be included in policies issued for groups under the West Virginia public employees insurance agency; hospital, medical and dental corporations; health care corporations; and health maintenance organizations.

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eight, article sixteen, chapter five of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that article one, chapter thirty-three of said code be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section twenty-one; that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section three-i; that article twenty-four of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section seven-e; that article twenty-five of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-d; and that article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section eight-d, all to read as follows:

# Chapter

- 5. General Powers and Authority of the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General; Board of Public Works, Miscellaneous Agencies, Commissions, Offices, Programs, Etc.
- 33. Insurance.
- CHAPTER 5. GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNOR, SECRETARY OF STATE AND ATTORNEY GENERAL; BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS; MISCELLANEOUS AGENCIES, COMMISSIONS, OFFICES, PROGRAMS, ETC.
- ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.
- §5-16-8. Conditions of insurance program.

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The insurance plans herein provided for shall be de-2 signed by the public employees insurance agency:

- (1) To provide a reasonable relationship between the hospital, surgical, medical and prescription drug benefits to be included and the expected reasonable and customary hospital, surgical, medical and prescription drug expenses as established by the director to be incurred by the affected employee, his or her spouse and his or her dependents. The establishment of reasonable and customary expenses by the public employees insurance agency pursuant to the preceding sentence is not subject to the state administrative procedures act in chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- (2) To include reasonable controls which may include deductible and coinsurance provisions applicable to some or all of the benefits, and shall include other provisions, including, but not limited to, copayments, preadmission certification, case management programs and preferred provider arrangements.
- 19 (3) To prevent unnecessary utilization of the various 20 hospital, surgical, medical and prescription drug services 21 available.
- 22 (4) To provide reasonable assurance of stability in 23 future years for the plans.
  - (5) To provide major medical insurance for said employees.
  - (6) To provide certain group life and accidental death insurance for the employees covered under this article.
  - (7) To include provisions for the coordination of benefits payable by the terms of such plans with the benefits to which such employee, or his or her spouse or his or her dependents may be entitled by the provisions of any other group hospital, surgical, medical, major medical, or prescription drug insurance or any combination thereof.
- 34 (8) To provide a cash incentive plan for employees, 35 spouses and dependents by the thirty-first day of Decem-36 ber, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, to increase utilization of, and to encourage the use of, lower cost alter-37 native health care facilities, health care providers and ge-38 neric drugs. Such plan shall be reviewed annually by the 39 40 director and the advisory board.

- (9) To provide "wellness" programs and activities which will include, but not be limited to, benefit plan in-centives to discourage tobacco, alcohol and chemical abuse and an educational program to encourage proper diet and exercise. In establishing "wellness" programs, the division of vocational rehabilitation shall cooperate with the public employees insurance agency in establishing statewide wellness programs and with such division of vocational rehabilitation to contact county boards of edu-cation for the use of facilities, equipment or any service related to such purpose, at the request of the director, under the authority hereby granted to contract therefor. Boards of education shall be limited to charging only the cost of janitorial service and increased utilities for the use of the gymnasium and related equipment. The cost of the exercise program shall be paid by county boards of edu-cation, the public employees insurance agency, or partici-pating employees, their spouses or dependents. All exer-cise programs shall be made available to all employees, their spouses or dependents and shall not be limited to employees of county boards of education.
  - (10) To provide a program, to be administered by the director, for a patient audit plan with reimbursement up to a maximum of one thousand dollars annually, to employees for discovery of health care provider or hospital overcharges when the affected employee brings such overcharge to the attention of the plan. The hospital or health care provider shall certify to the director that it has provided, prior to or simultaneously with the submission of the statement of charges for payments, an itemized statement of the charges to the employee participant for which payment is requested of the plan.

- (11) To require that all employers give written notice to each covered employee prior to institution of any changes in benefits to employees, and to include appropriate penalty for any employer not providing the required information to any employee.
- (12) To provide coverage for emergency services under offered plans. For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency services" means services provided in or by a hospital emergency facility or the private office of a dentist to evaluate and treat a medical condition manifesting

- itself by the sudden, and at the time, unexpected onset of
- symptoms that require immediate medical attention and 84
- that failure to provide medical attention would result in 8.5
- 86 serious impairment to bodily function, serious dysfunction
- 87 to any bodily organ or part, or would place the person's
- 88 health in jeopardy.

#### CHAPTER 33. INSURANCE.

#### Article

- Definitions.
- 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.
- Hospital, Medical and Dental Corporations.
- 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS.

### §33-1-21. Emergency services.

- Emergency services are those services provided in or
- 2 by a hospital emergency facility or the private office of a
- dentist to evaluate and treat a medical condition manifest-
- ing itself by the sudden, and at the time, unexpected onset
- of symptoms that require immediate medical attention and
- that failure to provide medical attention would result in
- serious impairment to bodily function, serious dysfunction
- 8 to any bodily organ or part, or would place the person's
- health in jeopardy.

#### ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

# §33-16-3i. Coverage of emergency services.

- Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-
- sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article ap-2
- 3 plies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on and after
- the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- ninety-six, provide as benefits to all subscribers and members coverage for emergency services. A policy, provi-
- sion, contract, plan or agreement may apply to emergency
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- services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limitations as apply to other covered services: Provided, That 9
- preauthorization or precertification shall not be required. 10

#### HOSPITAL, MEDICAL AND DENTAL CORPORA-ARTICLE 24. TIONS.

# §33-24-7e. Coverage of emergency services.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-
- 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article ap-
- 3 plies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on and after
- 4 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
- 5 ninety-six, provide as benefits to all subscribers and mem-
- 6 bers coverage for emergency services. A policy, provi-
- 7 sion, contract, plan or agreement may apply to emergency
- 8 services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limi-
- 9 tations as apply to other covered services: Provided, That
- 10 preauthorization or precertification shall not be required.

#### ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

## §33-25-8d. Coverage of emergency services.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-
  - 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article ap-
  - 3 plies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on and after
  - 4 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
  - 5 ninety-six, provide as benefits to all subscribers and mem-
  - 6 bers coverage for emergency services. A policy, provi-
  - 7 sion, contract, plan or agreement may apply to emergency
  - 8 services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limi-
  - 9 tations as apply to other covered services: Provided, That
- 10 preauthorization or precertification shall not be required.

# ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT. §33-25A-8d. Coverage of emergency services.

- 1 Notwithstanding any provision of any policy, provi-
  - 2 sion, contract, plan or agreement to which this article ap-
  - 3 plies, any entity regulated by this article shall, on and after
  - 4 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred
  - 5 ninety-six, provide as benefits to all subscribers and mem-
  - 6 bers coverage for emergency services. A policy, provi-
  - 7 sion, contract, plan or agreement may apply to emergency
  - 8 services the same deductibles, coinsurance and other limi-
- 9 tations as apply to other covered services: Provided, That
- 10 preauthorization or precertification shall not be required.

# CHAPTER 145

(H. B. 4387—By Delegates Galfagher, Adkins, Cann, Tillis, Douglas, Thompson and Greear)

[Passed February 15, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section fifteen-b, article four, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to insurance; insurance commissioner; reinsurance agreements; and reduction of liability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section fifteen-b, article four, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 4. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

# §33-4-15b. Reinsurance agreements; reduction of liability; requirements.

- 1 (a) This section applies to all domestic life insurers,
- 2 domestic accident and sickness insurers, and domestic
- 3 property and casualty insurers with respect to their acci-
- 4 dent and sickness business. This section also applies to all
- 5 other licensed life insurers, accident and sickness insurers,
- 6 and property and casualty insurers with respect to their
- 7 accident and sickness business who are not subject to a
- 8 substantially similar law or regulation in their domiciliary
- 9 state. This section does not apply to assumption reinsur-
- 10 ance, yearly renewable term reinsurance, or certain non-
- 11 proportional reinsurance such as stop loss or catastrophic
- 12 reinsurance.

- (b) An insurer subject to this section shall not, for reinsurance ceded, reduce any liability or establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the commissioner if, by the terms of the reinsurance agreement, in substance or effect, any of the following conditions exist:
- (1) The primary effect of the reinsurance agreement is to transfer deficiency reserves or excess interest reserves to the books of the reinsurer for a "risk charge" and the agreement does not provide for significant participation by the reinsurer in one or more of the following risks: Mortality, morbidity, investment or surrender benefit;
  - (2) The reserve credit taken by the ceding insurer is not in compliance with this chapter, including actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the commissioner;
  - (3) The reserve credit taken by the ceding insurer is greater than the underlying reserve of the ceding company supporting the policy obligation transferred under the reinsurance agreement;
  - (4) The ceding insurer is required to reimburse the reinsurer for negative experience under the reinsurance agreement: *Provided*, That neither offsetting experience refunds against current and prior years' losses nor payment by the ceding insurer of an amount equal to current and prior years' losses upon voluntary termination of in-force reinsurance by that ceding insurer shall be considered such a reimbursement to the reinsurer for negative experience;
  - (5) The ceding insurer can be deprived of surplus at the reinsurer's option or automatically upon the occurrence of some event, such as the insolvency of the ceding insurer: *Provided*, That termination of the reinsurance agreement by the reinsurer for nonpayment of reinsurance premiums shall not be considered to be such a deprivation of surplus;
    - (6) The ceding insurer shall, at specific points in time

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- scheduled in the agreement, terminate or automatically recapture all or part of the reinsurance ceded;
- 50 (7) No cash payment is due from the reinsurer, 51 throughout the lifetime of the reinsurance agreement, with 52 all settlements prior to the termination date of the agree-53 ment made only in a "reinsurance account," and no funds 54 in such account are available for the payment of benefits;
- 55 (8) The reinsurance agreement involves the possible 56 payment by the ceding insurer to the reinsurer of amounts 57 other than from income reasonably expected from the 58 reinsured policies; or
- 59 (9) Any other conditions specified by rules promul-60 gated by the commissioner pursuant to chapter 61 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 62 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b)
  63 of this section, an insurer subject to this article may, with
  64 the prior approval of the commissioner, take such reserve
  65 credit as the commissioner may deem consistent with this
  66 chapter, including actuarial interpretations or standards
  67 adopted by the commissioner.
- (d) A reinsurance agreement or amendment to any agreement shall not be used to reduce any liability or to establish any asset in any financial statement filed with the commissioner, unless the agreement, amendment or a letter of intent has been duly executed by both parties no later than the "as of date" of the financial statement.
  - (e) In the case of a letter of intent, a reinsurance agreement or an amendment to a reinsurance agreement shall be executed within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding ninety days from the execution date of the letter of intent, in order for credit to be granted for the reinsurance ceded.
- 80 (f) Life insurers subject to this section may continue 81 to reduce liabilities or establish assets in financial state-

ments filed with the commissioner for reinsurance ceded under types of reinsurance agreements described in subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That:

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- (1) The agreements were executed and in force prior to the effective date of this section;
- (2) No new business is ceded under the agreements after the effective date of this section;
- (3) The reduction of the liability or the asset established for the reinsurance ceded is reduced to zero by the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-four, or such later date approved by the commissioner as a result of an application made by the ceding insurer prior to the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-two;
- (4) The reduction of the liability or the establishment of the asset is otherwise permissible under all other applicable provisions of this chapter, including actuarial interpretations or standards adopted by the commissioner; and
- (5) The commissioner is notified, within ninety days after the effective date of this section, of the existence of such reinsurance agreements and all corresponding credits taken in the ceding insurer's annual statement for the year one thousand nine hundred ninety-one.
- (g) Accident and sickness insurers and property and casualty insurers subject to this section shall be in compliance with the requirements of this section, with respect to their accident and sickness business, pursuant to such terms and conditions as are contained in the legislative rule to be promulgated by the commissioner.
- 111 (h) The commissioner shall promulgate a rule pursu-112 ant to chapter twenty-nine-a of this code for the imple-113 mentation and administration of this section on or before 114 the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 115 ninety-six.

# CHAPTER 146

(S. B. 303—By Senators Manchin, Helmick, Craigo, Dittmar, Sharpe, Wagner, Wooton, Kimble, Scott, Blatnik, Chafin, Wiedebusch and Yoder)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect October 1, 1996. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section ten, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to standard provisions in insurance policies.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section ten, article six, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 6. THE INSURANCE POLICY.

### §33-6-10. Standard provisions.

- 1 (a) Insurance contracts shall contain such standard
  2 provisions as are required by the applicable provisions of
  3 this chapter pertaining to contracts of particular kinds of
  4 insurance. The commissioner may waive the required use
  5 of a particular standard provision in a particular insurance
  6 policy form, if he finds such provision unnecessary for the
  7 protection of the insured and inconsistent with the purpos8 es of the policy, and the policy is otherwise approved by
  9 him
- (b) No policy shall contain any provision inconsistent 10 with or contradictory to any standard provision used or 11 required to be used, but the commissioner may approve 12 any substitute provision which is, in his opinion, not less 13 favorable in any particular to the insured or beneficiary 14 than the standard provisions or optional standard provi-15 sions, otherwise required. This section shall not apply to 16 17 the standard fire insurance policy.

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(c) On or after the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six, the insurer shall provide to all prospective purchasers of individual life insurance policies with a face value of twenty-five thousand dollars or less a notice upon a form prescribed by the commissioner to such prospective policyholder that the total premiums paid by the purchaser at some point in the future may exceed the death benefit. For purposes of calculating whether or at what point premiums paid by the policyholder will exceed the death benefit, the insurer shall use the annual premium for the life insurance death benefit. All other costs, including, but not limited to, costs for benefits 30 provided pursuant to a policy rider, and costs associated with the exercise of any option permitted by the policy, 31 32 shall be excluded from the calculation. This notice shall be provided at the time of delivery of the policy. This 33 subsection does not apply to mass market life insurance 34 products as defined in section thirty-five of this article, to 35 life insurance policies used exclusively to fund preneed 36 burial contracts under article fourteen, chapter forty-seven 37 of this code or to life insurance policies for which the total 38 39 premiums paid by the purchaser will not at any time exceed the death benefit. 40

# **CHAPTER 147**

(H. B. 4388-By Delegates Gallagher, Azinger, Hunt, Kominar, Hall, Nesbitt and Clements)

[Passed February 14, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend article eleven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, relating to replacement of life insurance.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article eleven, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-a, to read as follows:

## §33-11-5a. Replacement of life insurance.

1 (a) As used in this section:

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- 2 (1) "Replacement" means any transaction in which new 3 life insurance is to be purchased and by reason of such 4 transaction existing life insurance has been or is to be:
- 5 (A) Lapsed, forfeited, surrendered or otherwise termi-6 nated;
- 7 (B) Converted to reduced paid-up insurance, contin-8 ued as extended term insurance or otherwise reduced in 9 value by the use of nonforfeiture benefits or other policy 10 values;
- 11 (C) Amended so as to effect either a reduction in ben-12 efits or in the term for which coverage would otherwise 13 remain in force or for which benefits would be paid;
- (D) Reissued with any reduction in cash value; or
- 15 (E) Pledged as collateral or subjected to borrowing, 16 whether in a single loan or under a schedule of borrowing 17 over a period of time for amounts in the aggregate ex-18 ceeding twenty-five percent (25%) of the loan value set 19 forth in the policy;
- 20 (2) "Existing insurer" means the insurance company 21 whose existing life insurance policy is or will be terminat-22 ed or otherwise affected in a replacement transaction;
  - (3) "Replacing insurer" means the insurance company, including the same insurer or an insurer in the same group of affiliated insurers, that issues new life insurance in a replacement transaction; and
- 27 (4) "Existing life insurance" means any life insurance
  28 in force including life insurance under a binding or con29 ditional receipt or a life insurance policy that is within an
  30 unconditional refund period, but excluding life insurance

- 31 obtained through the exercise of a dividend option.
- 32 (b) No replacing insurer shall issue any life insurance 33 in a replacement transaction to replace existing life insur-34 ance unless the replacing insurer shall agree in writing 35 with the insured that:
- 36 (1) The new life insurance issued by the replacing 37 insurer will not be contestable by it in the event of such 38 insured's death to any greater extent than the existing life 39 insurance would have been contestable by the existing insurer had such replacement not taken place provided, 40 however, that this paragraph shall not apply to that amount 41 42 of insurance written and issued which exceeds the amount 43 of the existing life insurance; and
- 44 (2) The new life insurance issued by the replacing 45 insurer may be voluntarily surrendered by the insured at 46 any time within thirty (30) days after its delivery to the 47 insured in exchange for a full refund of premiums paid 48 by the replacing insurer to the insured.
- (c) Unless otherwise specifically included, subsection(b) of this section shall not apply to:
- 51 (1) Annuities;

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- 52 (2) Individual credit life insurance;
- 53 (3) Group life insurance, group credit life insurance 54 and life insurance policies issued in connection with a 55 pension, profit-sharing or other benefit plan qualifying 56 for tax deductibility of premiums, provided, however, that 57 as to any plan described in this subsection, full and com-58 plete disclosure of all material facts shall be given to the 59 administrator of any plan to be replaced;
  - (4) Variable life insurance under which the death benefits and cash values vary in accordance with unit values of investments held in a separate account;
  - (5) An application to the existing insurer that issued the existing life insurance and a contractual policy change or conversion privilege or a privilege of policy change granted by the insurer is being exercised;

- 67 (6) Existing life insurance that is a nonconvertible 68 term life insurance policy which will expire in five (5) 69 years or less and cannot be renewed; or
- 70 (7) Proposed life insurance that is to replace life insur-71 ance under a binding or conditional receipt issued by the 72 same company.
- 73 (d) For purposes of inducing or attempting to induce 74 a policyholder to lapse, forfeit, borrow against, surrender, 75 retain, exchange, modify, convert, or otherwise alter or 76 dispose of any insurance policy or coverage, no person 77 shall:
- 78 (1) Prepare, make or issue, or cause to be prepared, 79 made or issued, any written or oral misrepresentation of a 80 material fact regarding the terms, conditions or benefits of 81 either existing insurance coverage or proposed replace-82 ment insurance coverage; or
- 83 (2) Omit information concerning a material fact re-84 garding the terms, conditions or benefits of either existing 85 insurance coverage or proposed replacement insurance 86 coverage.

# **CHAPTER 148**

(Com. Sub. for S. B. 312—By Senators Macnaughtan, Bowman, Blatnik, Grubb, Ross. Anderson, Scott, Wagner, Plymale, Sharpe and Manchin)

[Passed March 9, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-c; that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; to amend and reenact section four, article twenty-four of said chapter; to amend and reenact section six, article twenty-five of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter, all relating to requiring insurance companies to cover the complete treatment and man-

agement of diabetes for their insureds to the same extent that they provide coverage for the complete treatment of other diseases; and relating generally to health maintenance organizations

## Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article fifteen-c; that article sixteen of said chapter be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section sixteen; that section four, article twenty-four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section six, article twenty-five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section twenty-four, article twenty-five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### Article

- 15C. Diabetes Insurance.
  - 16. Group Accident and Sickness Insurance.
  - 24. Hospital Service Corporations, Medical Service Corporations, Dental Service Corporations and Health Service Corporations.
  - 25. Health Care Corporations.
- 25A. Health Maintenance Organization Act.

#### ARTICLE 15C. DIABETES INSURANCE.

## §33-15C-1. Insurance for diabetics.

- (a) Except as provided in section six, article fifteen of 2
  - this chapter, any policy which provides major medical or
- similar comprehensive-type medical coverage shall in-3
- clude coverage for the following equipment and supplies 4
- for the treatment and/or management of diabetes for both 5
- insulin dependent and noninsulin dependent persons with 6
- diabetes and those with gestational diabetes, if medically 7
- necessary and prescribed by a licensed physician: Blood 8
- glucose monitors, monitor supplies, insulin, injection aids, 9
- syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents 10
- for controlling blood sugar, orthotics and any additional 11 items as promulgated by rule, pursuant to the provisions
- 12 of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, by the insurance
- 13
- commissioner, with the advice of the commissioner of the 14
- bureau of public health. 15

(b) All policies affected by the provisions of this secalso include coverage for diabetes self-management education to ensure that persons with diabetes are educated as to the proper self-management and treatment of their diabetes, including information on proper diets. Coverage for self-management education and education relating to diet and prescribed by a licensed physician shall be limited to: (1) Visits medically necessary upon the diagnosis of diabetes; (2) visits under circumstances whereby a physician identifies or diagnoses a significant change in the patient's symptoms or conditions that necessitates changes in a patient's self-management; and (3) where a new medication or therapeutic process relating to the person's treatment and/or management of diabetes has been identified as medically necessary by a licensed physician: Provided. That coverage for reeducation or refresher education shall be limited to one hundred dollars annually.

- (c) The education may be provided by the physician as part of an office visit for diabetes diagnosis or treatment, or by a licensed pharmacist for instructing and monitoring a patient regarding the proper use of covered equipment, supplies and medications prescribed by a licensed physician, or by a certified diabetes educator certified by a national diabetes educator certification program, or registered dietitian registered by a nationally recognized professional association of dietitians upon the referral of a physician: *Provided*, That such national diabetes education certification program or nationally recognized professional association of dieticians has been certified to the commissioner of insurance by the commissioner of the bureau of public health.
- (d) Any deductible or coinsurance billed for any service as provided in this section shall apply on an equal basis with all other coverages provided by the insurer but not included in this section.

ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE. §33-16-16. Insurance for diabetics.

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- (a) Except as provided in section six, article fifteen of this chapter, any policy which provides major medical or similar comprehensive-type medical coverage shall include coverage for the following equipment and supplies for the treatment and/or management of diabetes for both insulin dependent and noninsulin dependent persons with diabetes and those with gestational diabetes, if medically necessary and prescribed by a licensed physician: Blood glucose monitors, monitor supplies, insulin, injection aids, syringes, insulin infusion devices, pharmacological agents for controlling blood sugar, orthotics and any additional items as promulgated by rule, pursuant to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, by the insurance commissioner, with the advice of the commissioner of the bureau of public health.
- 16 (b) All policies affected by the provisions of this sec-17 shall also include coverage for diabetes 18 self-management education to ensure that persons with 19 diabetes are educated as to the proper self-management 20 and treatment of their diabetes, including information on 21 proper diets. Coverage for self-management education 22 and education relating to diet and prescribed by a licensed 23 physician shall be limited to: (1) Visits medically neces-24 sary upon the diagnosis of diabetes; (2) visits under cir-25 cumstances whereby a physician identifies or diagnoses a 26 significant change in the patient's symptoms or conditions 27 that necessitates changes in a patient's self-management; 28 and (3) where a new medication or therapeutic process 29 relating to the person's treatment and/or management of 30 diabetes has been identified as medically necessary by a licensed physician: Provided, That coverage for reeducation or refresher education shall be limited to one hundred dollars annually.
  - (c) The education may be provided by the physician as part of an office visit for diabetes diagnosis or treatment, or by a certified diabetes educator certified by a national diabetes educator certification program, or registered dietitian registered by a nationally recognized professional association of dietitians upon the referral of a physician: Provided, That such national diabetes education certification program or nationally recognized pro-

- 42 fessional association of dieticians has been certified to the
- commissioner of insurance by the commissioner of the bureau of public health.
- 45 (d) Any deductible or coinsurance billed for any ser-
- vice as provided in this section shall apply on an equal basis with all other coverages provided by the insurer but
- 48 not included in this section.

# ARTICLE 24. HOSPITAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS, DENTAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND HEALTH SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

# §33-24-4. Exemptions; applicability of insurance laws.

1 Every corporation defined in section two of this article 2 is hereby declared to be a scientific, nonprofit institution 3 and exempt from the payment of all property and other 4 taxes. Every corporation, to the same extent the provi-5 sions are applicable to insurers transacting similar kinds of insurance and not inconsistent with the provisions of this 7 article, shall be governed by and be subject to the provi-8 sions as hereinbelow indicated, of the following articles of this chapter: Article two (insurance commissioner), except that, under section nine of said article, examinations shall 10 be conducted at least once every four years; article four 11 12 (general provisions), except that section sixteen of said 13 article shall not be applicable thereto; section thirty-four, 14 article six (fee for form and rate filing); article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio); article seven (assets and liabilities); 15 article eleven (unfair trade practices); article twelve 16 17 (agents, brokers and solicitors), except that the agent's license fee shall be five dollars; section fourteen, article 18 19 fifteen (individual accident and sickness insurance); sec-20 tion sixteen, article fifteen (coverage of children); section eighteen, article fifteen (equal treatment of state agency); 21 section nineteen, article fifteen (coordination of benefits 22 with medicaid); article fifteen-a (long-term care insur-23 ance); article fifteen-c (diabetes insurance); section three, 24 article sixteen (required policy provisions); section three-a, 25 article sixteen (mental illness); section three-c, article six-26 teen (group accident and sickness insurance); section 27 three-d, article sixteen (medicare supplement insurance); 28

29 section three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporoman-30 dibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder); section eleven, article sixteen (coverage of children); sec-31 32 tion thirteen, article sixteen (equal treatment of state agency); section fourteen, article sixteen (coordination of ben-33 34 efits with medicaid); section sixteen, article sixteen (diabe-35 tes insurance); article sixteen-a (group health insurance 36 conversion); article sixteen-c (small employer group poli-37 cies); article sixteen-d (marketing and rate practices for 38 small employers); article twenty-six-a (West Virginia life 39 and health insurance guaranty association act), after the first day of October, one thousand nine hundred 40 41 ninety-one; article twenty-seven (insurance holding com-42 pany systems); article twenty-eight (individual accident 43 and sickness insurance minimum standards); article thirtythree (annual audited financial report); article thirty-four 44 (administrative supervision); article thirty-four-a (stan-45 46 dards and commissioner's authority for companies 47 deemed to be in hazardous financial condition); article 48 thirty-five (criminal sanctions for failure to report impair-49 ment); and article thirty-seven (managing general agents); 50 and no other provision of this chapter may apply to these 51 corporations unless specifically made applicable by the provisions of this article. If, however, the corporation is 52 converted into a corporation organized for a pecuniary 53 54 profit or if it transacts business without having obtained a license as required by section five of this article, it shall 55 56 thereupon forfeit its right to these exemptions.

#### ARTICLE 25. HEALTH CARE CORPORATIONS.

# §33-25-6. Supervision and regulation by insurance commissioner; exemption from insurance laws.

Corporations organized under this article are subject 1 to supervision and regulation of the insurance commis-2 sioner. The corporations organized under this article, to 3 the same extent these provisions are applicable to insurers 4 transacting similar kinds of insurance and not inconsistent 5 with the provisions of this article, shall be governed by and 6 be subject to the provisions as hereinbelow indicated of 7 the following articles of this chapter: Article four (general 8 provisions), except that section sixteen of said article shall

10 not be applicable thereto; article six-c (guaranteed loss 11 ratio); article seven (assets and liabilities); article eight 12 (investments); article ten (rehabilitation and liquidation); 13 section fourteen, article fifteen (individual accident and 14 sickness insurance); section sixteen, article fifteen (cover-15 age of children); section eighteen, article fifteen (equal 16 treatment of state agency); section nineteen, article fifteen (coordination of benefits with medicaid); article fifteen-c 17 18 (diabetes insurance); section three, article sixteen (required 19 policy provisions); section eleven, article sixteen (coverage 20 of children); section thirteen, article sixteen (equal treat-21 ment of state agency); section fourteen, article sixteen 22 (coordination of benefits with medicaid); section sixteen. 23 article sixteen (diabetes insurance); article sixteen-a 24 (group health insurance conversion); article sixteen-c 25 (small employer group policies); article sixteen-d (market-26 ing and rate practices for small employers); article 27 twenty-six-a (West Virginia life and health insurance guar-28 anty association act); article twenty-seven (insurance hold-29 ing company systems); article thirty-three (annual audited 30 financial report); article thirty-four-a (standards and com-31 missioner's authority for companies deemed to be in hazardous financial condition); article thirty-five (criminal 32 33 sanctions for failure to report impairment); and article 34 thirty-seven (managing general agents); and no other provision of this chapter may apply to these corporations 35 unless specifically made applicable by the provisions of 36 37 this article.

# ARTICLE 25A. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION ACT. \*\$33-25A-24. Statutory construction and relationship to other laws.

1 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this article, provisions of the insurance laws and provisions of hospital or medical service corporation laws are not applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article. The provisions of this article shall not apply to an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance laws or the hospital or medical service corporation

<sup>\*</sup>Clerk's Note: This section was also amended by H. B. 4511 (Chapter 151), which passed subsequent to this act.

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laws of this state except with respect to its health maintenance corporation activities authorized and regulated pursuant to this article. The provisions of this article shall not apply to an entity properly licensed by a reciprocal state to provide health care services to employer groups, where residents of West Virginia are members of an employer group, and the employer group contract is entered into in the reciprocal state. For purposes of this subsection, a "reciprocal state" means a state which physically borders West Virginia and which has subscriber or enrolled hold harmless requirements substantially similar to those set out in section seven-a of this article.

- (b) Factually accurate advertising or solicitation regarding the range of services provided, the premiums and copayments charged, the sites of services and hours of operation, and any other quantifiable, nonprofessional aspects of its operation by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representative shall not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by health professions: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed as authorizing any solicitation or advertising which identifies or refers to any individual provider or makes any qualitative judgment concerning any provider.
- (c) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this article shall not be considered to be practicing medicine and is exempt from the provision of chapter thirty of this code, relating to the practice of medicine.
- (d) The provisions of section fifteen, article four (general provisions); section seventeen, article six (noncomplying forms); article six-c (guaranteed loss ratio); article seven (assets and liabilities); article eight (investments); article nine (administration of deposits); article twelve (agents, brokers, solicitors and excess line); section fourteen, article fifteen (individual accident and sickness insurance); section sixteen, article fifteen (coverage of children); section eighteen, article fifteen (equal treatment of state agency); section nineteen, article fifteen (coordination of benefits with medicaid); article fifteen-b (uniform health care administration act); article fifteen-c (diabetes insurance); section three, article sixteen (required policy provisions); section three-f, article sixteen (treatment of temporomandibular joint disorder and craniomandibular disorder); section eleven, article sixteen (coverage of chil-

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- (e) Any long-term care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state by a health maintenance organization shall comply with the provisions of article fifteen-a of this chapter.
- (f) A health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this article shall be exempt from paying municipal business and occupation taxes on gross income it receives from its enrollees, or from their employers or others on their behalf, for health care items or services provided directly or indirectly by the health maintenance organization. This exemption applies to all taxable years through the thirty-first day of December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six. The commissioner and the tax department shall conduct a study of the appropriateness of imposition of the municipal business and occupation tax or other tax on health maintenance organizations, and shall report to the regular session of the Legislature, one thousand nine hundred ninety-seven, on their findings, conclusions and recommendations, together with drafts of any legislation necessary to effectuate their recommendations.

# CHAPTER 149

(H. B. 4112—By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegates Smirl, Johnson, Leach, Hubbard and Jenkins)

[Passed February 15, 1996; in effect ninety days from passage. Approved by the Governor.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to farmers' mutual fire insurance companies; and abolishing the requirement that the domestic mutual insurer be the surviving entity resulting from a merger between a farmers' mutual insurance company and a domestic mutual insurer.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section eighteen, article twenty-two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANIES.

# §33-22-18. Mergers and consolidations.

- 1 (a) A farmers' mutual fire insurance company may 2 not merge or consolidate with any stock insurer.
- 3 (b) A farmers' mutual fire insurance company may 4 merge or consolidate with another farmers' mutual fire
- 5 insurance company or merge with a domestic mutual
- 6 insurer in the manner provided in section twenty-eight,
- 7 article five of this chapter for the merger or consolidation
- 8 of other types of domestic mutual insurers.

